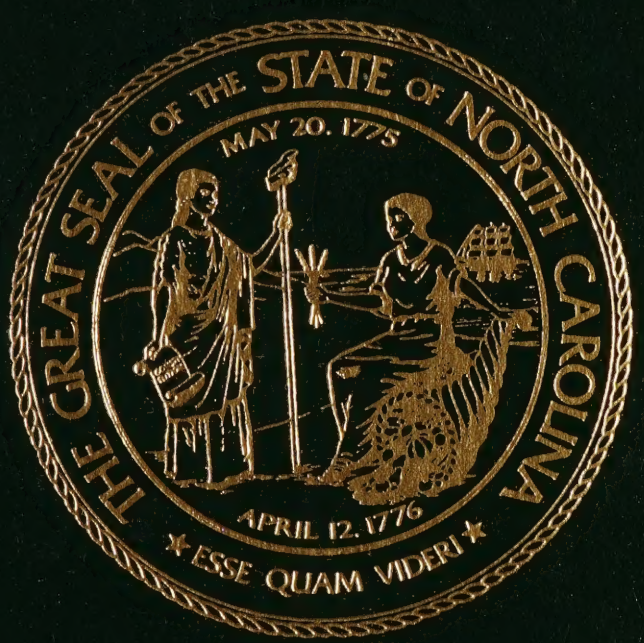
GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA

ANNOTATED



1999 EDITION



Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2023 with funding from
State Library of North Carolina

https://archive.org/details/generalstatuteso00nort_58

State Library of North Carolina
Raleigh

GENERAL STATUTES OF NORTH CAROLINA

ANNOTATED

Volume 19

NC Constitution
US Constitution
Tables

CONTAINING GENERAL LAWS OF NORTH CAROLINA
ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Prepared under the Supervision of
THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
by
The Editorial Staff of the Publishers
under the Direction of
B. KAY, B. PINCUS, K. S. MAWYER, K. J. KENNEDY, V. H. SPENCER
AND B. J. VEST-STINNIE

LEXIS Publishing™

LEXIS®-NEXIS® • MARTINDALE-HUBBELL®
MATTHEW BENDER® • MICHIE™ • SHEPARD'S®

© 1999 Matthew Bender & Company, Inc.
All Rights Reserved.

LEXIS, NEXIS and Martindale-Hubbell are registered trademarks and LEXIS Publishing and MICHIE are trademarks of Reed Elsevier Properties Inc., used under license. SHEPARD'S is a registered trademark of SHEPARD'S Company. Matthew Bender is a registered trademark of Matthew Bender Properties, Inc.

P.O. Box 7587, Charlottesville, VA 22906-7587



4667310

ISBN 0-327-10650-6

www.lexis.com

Customer Service: 1-800-446-3410

Preface

This Volume contains the general laws of a permanent nature enacted by the General Assembly through the 1999 Regular Session, which are within the Constitution of North Carolina and the Constitution of the United States, and brings to date the annotations included therein. It also contains a table of the general laws enacted by the General Assembly through the 1999 Session, a Table of Comparable Sections for the Consolidated Statutes to the General Statutes and a Table of Comparable Sections for the 1868 Constitution to the 1970 Constitution.

A majority of the Session Laws are made effective upon becoming law, but a few provide for stated effective dates. If the Session Law makes no provision for an effective date, the law becomes effective under G.S. 120-20 "from and after 30 days after the adjournment of the session" in which passed.

A ready reference index is included in the back of this volume. This index is intended to give the user a quick reference to larger bodies of statutes within this volume only. For detailed research on any subject, both within this volume and the General Statutes as a whole, see the General Index to the General Statutes.

Beginning with formal opinions issued by the North Carolina Attorney General on July 1, 1969, selected opinions which construe a specific statute are cited in the annotations to that statute. For a copy of an opinion or of its headnotes, write the Attorney General, P.O. Box 629, Raleigh, N.C. 27602.

This recompiled volume has been prepared and published under the supervision of the Department of Justice of the State of North Carolina. The members of the North Carolina Bar are requested to communicate any suggestions they may have for improving the General Statutes to the Department, or to LEXIS Publishing, Charlottesville, Virginia.

MICHAEL F. EASLEY
Attorney General

Scope of Volume

Statutes:

Permanent portions of the General Laws enacted by the General Assembly through the 1999 Regular Session affecting the Constitution of North Carolina and the Constitution of the United States of the General Statutes.

Annotations:

Sources of the annotations to the General Statutes appearing in this volume are:

South Eastern Reporter 2nd Series through Volume 515, p. 141.
Federal Reporter 3rd Series through Volume 175, p. 1003.
Federal Supplement 2nd Series through Volume 43, p. 268.
Federal Rules Decisions through Volume 185, p. 372.
Bankruptcy Reports through Volume 233, p. 591.
Supreme Court Reporter through Volume 119, p. 2068.
North Carolina Law Review through Volume 77, no. 4.
Wake Forest Law Review through Volume 34, no. 2.
Campbell Law Review through Volume 21, no. 2.
Duke Law Journal through Volume 48, no. 3.
North Carolina Central Law Journal through Volume 22, p. 100.
Opinions of the Attorney General.

State Library of North Carolina
Raleigh

User's Guide

In order to assist both the legal profession and the layperson in obtaining the maximum benefit from the North Carolina General Statutes, a User's Guide has been included in Volume 1. This guide contains comments and information on the many features found within the General Statutes intended to increase the usefulness of this set of laws to the user. See Volume 1 for the complete User's Guide.

Abbreviations

(The abbreviations below are those found in the General Statutes which refer to prior codes.)

P.R. ..... Potter's Revisal (1821, 1827)
R.S. ..... Revised Statutes (1837)
R.C. ..... Revised Code (1854)
C.C.P. ..... Code of Civil Procedure (1868)
Code ..... Code (1883)
Rev. ..... Revisal of 1905
C.S. ..... Consolidated Statutes (1919, 1924)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Raleigh, North Carolina

December 1, 1999

I, Michael F. Easley, Attorney General of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing 1999 Replacement Code to the General Statutes of North Carolina was prepared and published by LEXIS Publishing under the supervision of the Department of Justice of the State of North Carolina.

MICHAEL F. EASLEY

Attorney General of North Carolina

Constitution of North Carolina

Article I.

Declaration of Rights.

Sec.
1. The equality and rights of persons.
2. Sovereignty of the people.
3. Internal government of the State.
4. Secession prohibited.
5. Allegiance to the United States.
6. Separation of powers.
7. Suspending laws.
8. Representation and taxation.
9. Frequent elections.
10. Free elections.
11. Property qualifications.
12. Right of assembly and petition.
13. Religious liberty.
14. Freedom of speech and press.
15. Education.
16. Ex post facto laws.
17. Slavery and involuntary servitude.
18. Courts shall be open.
19. Law of the land; equal protection of the laws.
20. General warrants.
21. Inquiry into restraints on liberty.
22. Modes of prosecution.
23. Rights of accused.
24. Right of jury trial in criminal cases.
25. Right of jury trial in civil cases.
26. Jury service.
27. Bail, fines, and punishments.
28. Imprisonment for debt.
29. Treason against the State.
30. Militia and the right to bear arms.
31. Quartering of soldiers.
32. Exclusive emoluments.
33. Hereditary emoluments and honors.
34. Perpetuities and monopolies.
35. Recurrence to fundamental principles.
36. Other rights of the people.
37. Rights of victims of crime.

Article II.

Legislative.

1. Legislative power.
2. Number of Senators.
3. Senate districts; apportionment of Senators.
4. Number of Representatives.
5. Representative districts; apportionment of Representatives.
6. Qualifications for Senator.
7. Qualifications for Representative.
8. Elections.
9. Term of office.
10. Vacancies.
11. Sessions.

Sec.
12. Oath of members.
13. President of the Senate.
14. Other officers of the Senate.
15. Officers of the House of Representatives.
16. Compensation and allowances.
17. Journals.
18. Protests.
19. Record votes.
20. Powers of the General Assembly.
21. Style of the acts.
22. Action on bills.
23. Revenue bills.
24. Limitations on local, private, and special legislation.

Article III.

Executive.

1. Executive power.
2. Governor and Lieutenant Governor: election, term, and qualifications.
3. Succession to office of Governor.
4. Oath of office for Governor.
5. Duties of Governor.
6. Duties of the Lieutenant Governor.
7. Other elective officers.
8. Council of State.
9. Compensation and allowances.
10. Seal of State.
11. Administrative departments.

Article IV.

Judicial.

1. Judicial power.
2. General Court of Justice.
3. Judicial powers of administrative agencies.
4. Court for the Trial of Impeachments.
5. Appellate division.
6. Supreme Court.
7. Court of Appeals.
8. Retirement of Justices and Judges.
9. Superior Courts.
10. District Courts.
11. Assignment of Judges.
12. Jurisdiction of the General Court of Justice.
13. Forms of action; rules of procedure.
14. Waiver of jury trial.
15. Administration.
16. Terms of office and election of Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court

Sec.
of Appeals, and Judges of the Superior Court.
17. Removal of Judges, Magistrates and Clerks.
18. District Attorney and prosecutorial districts.
19. Vacancies.
20. Revenues and expenses of the judicial department.
21. Fees, salaries, and emoluments.
22. Qualification of Justices and Judges.

Article V.

Finance.

1. No capitation tax to be levied.
2. State and local taxation.
3. Limitations upon the increase of State debt.
4. Limitations upon the increase of local government debt.
5. Acts levying taxes to state objects.
6. Inviolability of sinking funds and retirement funds.
7. Drawing public money.
8. Health care facilities.
9. Capital projects for industry.
10. Joint ownership of generation and transmission facilities.
11. Capital projects for agriculture.
12. Higher education facilities.
13. Seaport and airport facilities.
14. [Not in effect.]

Article VI.

Suffrage and Eligibility to Office.

1. Who may vote.
2. Qualifications of voter.
3. Registration.
4. Qualification for registration.
5. Elections by people and General Assembly.
6. Eligibility to elective office.
7. Oath.
8. Disqualifications for office.
9. Dual office holding.
10. Continuation in office.

Article VII.

Local Government.

1. General Assembly to provide for local government.
2. Sheriffs.
3. Merged or consolidated counties.

Article VIII.

Corporations.

1. Corporate charters.
2. Corporations defined.

Article IX.

Education.

Sec.
1. Education encouraged.
2. Uniform system of schools.
3. School attendance.
4. State Board of Education.
5. Powers and duties of Board.
6. State school fund.
7. County school fund.
8. Higher education.
9. Benefits of public institutions of higher education.
10. Escheats.

Article X.

Homesteads and Exemptions.

1. Personal property exemptions.
2. Homestead exemptions.
3. Mechanics' and laborers' liens.
4. Property of married women secured to them.
5. Insurance.

Article XI.

Punishments, Corrections, and Charities.

1. Punishments.
2. Death punishment.
3. Charitable and correctional institutions and agencies.
4. Welfare policy; board of public welfare.

Article XII.

Military Forces.

1. Governor is Commander in Chief.

Article XIII.

Conventions; Constitutional Amendment and Revision.

1. Convention of the People.
2. Power to revise or amend Constitution reserved to people.
3. Revision or amendment by Convention of the People.
4. Revision or amendment by legislative initiation.

Article XIV.

Miscellaneous.

1. Seat of government.
2. State boundaries.
3. General laws defined.
4. Continuity of laws; protection of officeholders.
5. (Effective until certification of approval of constitutional amendment) Conservation of natural resources.
5. (Effective upon certification of approval of

constitutional amendment) Conservation of natural resources.

History. — Session Laws 1969, c. 1258, proposed a complete editorial revision of the Constitution of North Carolina, to be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the 1970 general election. The revised Constitution was adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 3, 1970, to take effect July 1, 1971. In addition to the new Constitution, six other constitutional amendments were submitted to the voters at the 1970 general election, to be voted on independently, and five of these were adopted. The effect of these amendments is indicated in notes under the sections affected.

Editor's Note. — Where appropriate, annotations construing various sections of the Constitution of 1868 have been placed under corresponding sections of the Constitution of 1970.

PREAMBLE

We, the people of the State of North Carolina, grateful to Almighty God, the Sovereign Ruler of Nations, for the preservation of the American Union and the existence of our civil, political and religious liberties, and acknowledging our dependence upon Him for the continuance of those blessings to us and our posterity, do, for the more certain security thereof and for the better government of this State, ordain and establish this Constitution.

History. — The provisions of the Preamble are similar to those of the Preamble, Const. 1868.

ARTICLE I

DECLARATION OF RIGHTS

That the great, general, and essential principles of liberty and free government may be recognized and established, and that the relations of this State to the Union and government of the United States and those of the people of this State to the rest of the American people may be defined and affirmed, we do declare that:

Section 1. The equality and rights of persons.

We hold it to be self-evident that all persons are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, the enjoyment of the fruits of their own labor, and the pursuit of happiness.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 1, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on the continuous revision of the Constitution, see 36 N.C.L. Rev. 297 (1958).

For case law survey as to constitutional law, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 855 (1967).

For comment on the public purpose doctrine, see 3 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 37 (1967).

For note on the use of state constitutional law to void occupational licensing statutes which unreasonably restrict freedom of occupational choice, see 13 Wake Forest L. Rev. 507 (1977).

For survey of 1980 constitutional law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1116 (1981).

For essay, "'Fundamental Principles' in North Carolina Constitutional History," see 69 N.C.L. Rev. 1357 (1991).

For article, "Rediscovering State Constitutions," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1741 (1992).

For article, "North Carolina Constitutional History," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1759 (1992).

For note, "The Cause of Action for Damages Under North Carolina's Constitution: Corum v. University of North Carolina," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1899 (1992).

For essay, "Liberty, the 'Law of the Land,' and Abortion in North Carolina," see 71 N.C.L. Rev. 1839 (1993).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Occupations and Business.
III. Health and Public Safety.
IV. Judicial Process.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 1, Const. 1868.*

"Person". — A human fetus is not a "person" within the protection guaranteed by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Stam v. State, 302 N.C. 357, 275 S.E.2d 439 (1981).

"Liberty". — The term "liberty," as used in this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, does not consist simply of the right to be free from arbitrary physical restraint or servitude, but is deemed to embrace the right of man to be free in the enjoyment of the faculties with which he has been endowed by his Creator, subject only to such restraints as are necessary for the common welfare. It includes the right of the citizen to be free to use his faculties in all lawful ways; to live and work where he will; to earn his livelihood by any lawful calling; to pursue any livelihood or vocation, and for that purpose to enter into all contracts which may be proper, necessary and essential to his carrying out these purposes to a successful conclusion. State v. Ballance, 229 N.C. 764, 51 S.E.2d 731 (1949).

"Liberty" Qualified by Common-Law Doctrines. — It is a recognized principle that a personal liberty is a constitutional right, and any act of Assembly which violates this right is not the law of the land and would be void by N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. However, the meaning of general expressions such as "liberty" is qualified by the doctrines of the common law, which as modified to suit our institutions have been held a part of the law of this State. London v. Headen, 76 N.C. 72 (1877).

The policy power may be exercised in the form of State legislation where otherwise the effect may be to invade rights granted by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV only when such legislation bears a real and substantial relationship to the public health, safety, morals or some other phase of the public welfare. State v. Anderson, 275 N.C. 168, 166 S.E.2d 49 (1969).

This section does not preclude the legislature from making classifications and distinctions in the application of laws provided they are reasonable and just and not arbitrary. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Penalty for Refusing to Accept Office. — It is a doctrine of the common law that every citizen, in peace as well as in war, owes his services to the State when they are demanded, and a thus legislative enactment prescribing a penalty of $25.00 against any person who is duly elected or appointed town constable and who refuses to qualify is not violative of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 which is a protective provision of the personal liberty referred to in this section. London v. Headen, 76 N.C. 72 (1877).

Local bond issue of town of Lake Lure held not to violate this section. Keeter v. Town of Lake Lure, 264 N.C. 252, 141 S.E.2d 634 (1965).

Challenge to School Financing. — Action for declaratory and injunctive relief brought by minors who were, or would be in the future, enrolled in public schools in the county, and their parents or legal guardians, alleging that the present statutory system of financing public schools in this state resulted in inequities in educational programs and facilities between the public schools within that county, which had a relatively low tax base from which to draw funds, and those in other counties with relatively high tax bases, and that the operation of five separate school systems in that county prohibited effective use of facilities and staff and promoted inequitable use of state and local funds, thus depriving them of equal opportunity to a free public school education in violation of this section, N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 15 and 19, and Art. IX, § 2(1), failed to allege facts entitling them to relief or conferring jurisdiction on the courts of this State. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432.

Provisions Held Unconstitutional. — For case holding subdivision a 2 of former § 153-9 (58) unconstitutional since, because of the possible retroactive application of the grandfather rights provided for, it invaded the personal and property rights guaranteed and protected by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19, 32 and 34, see Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

For case holding amendment to § 93A-2(a) enacted by Session Laws 1975, c. 108, unconstitutional as repugnant to this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, see North Carolina Real Estate Licensing Bd. v. Aikens, 31 N.C. App. 8, 228 S.E.2d 493 (1976).

A county ordinance subjecting businesses which provide male or female "companionship" to various licensing requirements was held to lack any rational, real and substantial relation

to any valid objective of the county and thus to offend this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 83 N.C. App. 345, 350 S.E.2d 365 (1986).

An ordinance enacted to regulate the business of providing male and female companionship was overbroad and not rationally related to a substantial government purpose and violated the State Constitution. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 320 N.C. 776, 360 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

Applied in Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979); State v. Barrett, 58 N.C. App. 515, 293 S.E.2d 896 (1982); State v. Willis, 61 N.C. App. 23, 300 S.E.2d 420 (1983); Davis v. Town of Southern Pines, 116 N.C. App. 663, 449 S.E.2d 240 (1994), cert. denied, 339 N.C. 737, 454 S.E.2d 648 (1995).

Quoted in In re Certificate of Need for Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Cited in In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); North Carolina State Bd. of Registration v. IBM Corp., 31 N.C. App. 599, 230 S.E.2d 552 (1976); In re Ordinance of Annexation No. 1977-4, 296 N.C. 1, 249 S.E.2d 698 (1978); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980); DiDonato v. Wortman, 80 N.C. App. 117, 341 S.E.2d 58 (1986); Johnson v. Ruark Obstetrics & Gynecology Assocs., 89 N.C. App. 154, 365 S.E.2d 909 (1988); Woodard v. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement Sys., 108 N.C. App. 378, 424 S.E.2d 431 (1993); Petersen v. Rowe, 337 N.C. 397, 445 S.E.2d 901 (1994); Glen ex rel. Glen v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Sch. Bd. of Educ., 903 F. Supp. 918 (W.D.N.C. 1995).

II. OCCUPATIONS AND BUSINESS.

Pursuit of Occupation — In General. — While the legislature, in the exercise of the State police power, may protect the public against incapacity, fraud and oppression by establishing standards of personal fitness and requiring the examination and licensing of those desiring to engage in the learned professions and occupations requiring scientific or technical knowledge or skill, or which involve a trust relationship with the public, it may not impose such restrictions upon those wishing to engage in the ordinary trades or occupations which are harmless in themselves, since the right to choose and pursue a means of livelihood is a property right and a personal liberty guaranteed by the Constitution, which right may be interfered with only when necessary to the protection of the public safety or welfare. State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

This section guarantees the right to pursue ordinary and simple occupations free from governmental regulation. North Carolina Real Estate Licensing Bd. v. Aikens, 31 N.C. App. 8, 228 S.E.2d 493 (1976).

Same — Barbering. — Statute making certain war veterans eligible for license to practice barbering without being examined does not violate this section. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Same — Optometry. — A portion of § 90-115, relating to the practice of optometry, was held violative of this section. Palmer v. Smith, 229 N.C. 612, 51 S.E.2d 8 (1948).

Same — Photography. — Statute providing for the licensing and supervision of photographers held violative of this section. State v. Ballance, 229 N.C. 764, 51 S.E.2d 731 (1949).

Same — Restaurant Business. — The constitutional right to earn a livelihood by engaging in the restaurant business is not infringed by statutes controlling alcoholic beverages. D & W, Inc. v. City of Charlotte, 268 N.C. 577, 151 S.E.2d 241 (1966).

Same — Tile Contracting. — Former § 87-28 et seq., requiring a license for any person, firm or corporation undertaking to lay, set or install ceramic tile, marble or terrazzo floors or walls, violated this section. Roller v. Allen, 245 N.C. 516, 96 S.E.2d 851 (1957).

Provision Not Applicable to Private Action for Termination of Employment. — This provision did not give former employee a remedy against former employer for termination of his employment, because the provision exists chiefly to protect the individual from the State, and employee did not seek redress for any governmental action. Teleflex Info. Sys. v. Arnold, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 85 (1999).

A business involved in the buying and selling of military property has features which distinguish it from other types of retail sales in a way which justifies its regulation. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

Article 1, Chapter 127B, regulating businesses dealing in military goods, is constitutional under the due process and equal protection provisions of the State and federal Constitutions. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

The classification created by § 127B-1 is not so arbitrary or unreasonable as to be violative of the equal protection requirement. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

The provisions of § 127B-1 are not unreasonably burdensome within the meaning of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Poor

Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

Terminable at Will Employee Had No Legitimate Claim of Entitlement Under Due Process Clause. — Where there was nothing in the record which suggested that plaintiff had a contract for a definite term, her contract of employment was terminable at the will of either party, irrespective of the quality of performance, and plaintiff had no property interest in employment and no legitimate claim of entitlement under the due process clause. Peele v. Provident Mut. Life Ins. Co., 90 N.C. App. 447, 368 S.E.2d 892, appeal dismissed, 323 N.C. 366, 373 S.E.2d 547 (1988).

The classification created by § 127B-1 is not so arbitrary or unreasonable as to be violative of the equal protection requirement. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

The provisions of § 127B-1 are not unreasonably burdensome within the meaning of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

This section creates a right to conduct a lawful business or to earn a livelihood that is "fundamental" for purposes of state constitutional analysis. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 83 N.C. App. 345, 350 S.E.2d 365 (1986).

But this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 permit the State, through the exercise of its police power, to regulate economic enterprises, provided the regulation is rationally related to a proper governmental purpose. This is the test used in determining the validity of state regulation of business under both N.C. Const., Art. I, § 1 and Art. I, § 19. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

Statute Making Insurance Carrier of Assigned Risk Policy Absolutely Liable. — Subdivision (f)(1) of § 20-279.21, when applied to an assigned risk insurance policy issued in compliance with the plan set forth in former § 20-279.34 and regulations pursuant thereto, does not deprive an insurance company of its property without due process of law and otherwise than by the law of the land in contravention of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, this section, and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Jones v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 270 N.C. 454, 155 S.E.2d 118 (1967).

III. HEALTH AND PUBLIC SAFETY.

Compulsory vaccination is a valid exercise of governmental police power for the public welfare, health and safety. But in an exceptional case, where vaccination would be dangerous, then the legislature cannot validly compel a person to submit to such protective measure, since this would be in violation of the rights recognized by this section as preexisting and inherent in the individual. State v. Hay, 126 N.C. 999, 35 S.E. 459 (1900).

Statute Requiring Motorcycle Operator to Wear Protective Helmet. — Statutory requirement that the operator of a motorcycle on a public highway wear a protective helmet is constitutional as a valid exercise of the police power, since the statute bears a real and substantial relationship to public safety. State v. Anderson, 275 N.C. 168, 166 S.E.2d 49 (1969).

Restrictions on Funding Medically Necessary Abortions for Indigent Women. — The action of the General Assembly in placing severe restrictions on the funding of medically necessary abortions for indigent women is valid and does not violate Article I, Section 1; Article 1, Section 19; or Article XI, Section 4 of the Constitution of North Carolina. Rosie J. v. North Carolina Dep't of Human Resources, 347 N.C. 247, 491 S.E.2d 535 (1997).

IV. JUDICIAL PROCESS.

Default Judgment Restraining Pastor from Appearing at Church. — A judgment by default final restraining defendant, whom a majority of the members of a church had voted not to employ as its pastor after the year 1959, from appearing at the church after the year 1959 and from acting or attempting to act as its pastor at a religious service or at any other church meeting so long as he was not its pastor violated no rights guaranteed to defendant by N.C. Const., Art. I. Collins v. Simms, 254 N.C. 148, 118 S.E.2d 402 (1961); Collins v. Simms, 257 N.C. 1, 125 S.E.2d 298 (1962).

Requiring Insurance Company to Pay Default Judgment Obtained against Insured Under Assigned Risk Policy. — An insurance company which has been required to issue an assigned risk policy in accordance with former § 20-279.34 is not denied due process in violation of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or in violation of this section and of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 by being required to pay an injured third party damages established by a default judgment obtained against its insured, even though the insurer had no notice of the accident or the action against its insured, nothing else appearing and there being no question of collusion between insured and the injured third party. Jones v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 270 N.C. 454, 155 S.E.2d 118 (1967).

Discovery Methods. — Section 1A-1, Rule 26(b) is not unconstitutional on the grounds that it deprives property without due process of law, authorizes an unreasonable search and seizure, denies equal protection of the laws, or impairs the right to contract. Marks v. Thompson, 282 N.C. 174, 192 S.E.2d 311 (1972).

Inability to Hear Court's Colloquy with

Prospective Juror. — A capital murder defendant's right to be present was not violated by the court reporter's inability to hear a portion of the colloquy between the trial judge and a prospective juror, where both defendant and his counsel were present in the courtroom and the defendant made no showing that they were not able to hear the prospective juror. State v. White, 349 N.C. 535, 508 S.E.2d 253 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2376, 144 L. Ed. 2d 779 (1999).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Moratorium on Granting of Permits for Hazardous Waste Facilities. — The Governor does not have the authority to issue a moratorium on the granting of permits for hazardous waste facilities in this State. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Tom Karnoski, Hazardous Waste Treatment Commission (now the Hazardous Waste Management Commission), 55 N.C.A.G. 73 (1986).

Sec. 2. Sovereignty of the people.

All political power is vested in and derived from the people; all government of right originates from the people, is founded upon their will only, and is instituted solely for the good of the whole.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 2, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "A Powerless Judiciary? The North Carolina Courts' Perceptions of Review of Administrative Action," see 12 N.C. Cent. L.J. 21 (1980).

For survey of 1982 law on Criminal Procedure, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1090 (1983).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 2, Const. 1868.*

All power which is not limited by the Constitution inheres in the people. Painter v. Wake County Bd. of Educ., 288 N.C. 165, 217 S.E.2d 650 (1975).

Elections. — In construing the provisions of the North Carolina Constitution in regard to elections, it should be kept in mind that this is a government of the people in which the will of the people — the majority — legally expressed, must govern, and that these provisions should be liberally construed, that tend to promote a fair election, or expression of this popular will. State ex rel. Quinn v. Lattimore, 120 N.C. 426, 26 S.E. 638 (1897).

Acts Enacted by General Assembly. — It is axiomatic that since all political power is derived from the people and all government originates from them, the sovereign power of the people, expressed through their chosen representatives in the General Assembly, is supreme, and a law enacted by them may not be set aside by the courts unless it contravenes some prohibition or mandate of the Constitution by which the people of the State have elected to be limited and restrained, or unless it violates some provision of the granted powers of federal government contained in the Constitution of the United States. State v. Warren, 211 N.C. 75, 189 S.E. 108 (1937).

An act of the General Assembly is legal when the Constitution contains no prohibition against it. Painter v. Wake County Bd. of Educ., 288 N.C. 165, 217 S.E.2d 650 (1975).

Exchange of Land by Board of Education. — There is nothing in the Constitution which prohibits the board of education from exchanging land which it owns for other land for school purposes. Painter v. Wake County Bd. of Educ., 288 N.C. 165, 217 S.E.2d 650 (1975).

Constitutionality of 1970 Ballot. — Defendant's defense to real estate tax liability (based on alleged defects in 1970 ballot which, defendant asserted, rendered the 1970 amendments violative of due process) was barred by laches where defendant waited 18 years before inquiring into the effect of the 1970 ballot and where he participated in the ballot. Franklin County v. Burdick, 103 N.C. App. 496, 405 S.E.2d 783 (1991).

Cited in Bradshaw v. Administrative Office of Courts, 320 N.C. 137, 357 S.E.2d 370 (1987).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Moratorium on Granting of Permits for Hazardous Waste Facilities. — The Governor does not have the authority to issue a moratorium on the granting of permits for hazardous waste facilities in this State. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Tom Karnoski, Hazardous Waste Treatment Commission (now the Hazardous Waste Management Commission), 55 N.C.A.G. 73 (1986).

Sec. 3. Internal government of the State.

The people of this State have the inherent, sole, and exclusive right of regulating the internal government and police thereof, and of altering or abolishing their Constitution and form of government whenever it may be necessary to their safety and happiness; but every such right shall be exercised in pursuance of law and consistently with the Constitution of the United States.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 3, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For survey of 1982 law on criminal procedure, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1090 (1983).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— The cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 3, Const. 1868.*

The Constitution of the United States takes precedence over the Constitution of North Carolina. Constantian v. Anson County, 244 N.C. 221, 93 S.E.2d 163 (1956).

Choice of Law. — It is the duty of the Supreme Court of this State to follow the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States upon questions involved in interstate commerce where Congress has assumed control of the matter relating thereto. But in intrastate cases, the decisions of the Supreme Court of this State are binding and will be followed in the United States Supreme Court, even though they appear "absurd and illogical." Norris v. Western Union Tel. Co., 174 N.C. 92, 93 S.E. 465 (1917).

Regulation of Criminal Practice. — The legislature has the power to shape the criminal procedure of this State to provide remedies required by the exigencies of the present time. State v. Lewis, 142 N.C. 626, 55 S.E. 600 (1906).

Sec. 4. Secession prohibited.

This State shall ever remain a member of the American Union; the people thereof are part of the American Nation; there is no right on the part of this State to secede; and all attempts, from whatever source or upon whatever pretext, to dissolve this Union or to sever this Nation, shall be resisted with the whole power of the State.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 4, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Employment Sec. Comm'n v. Peace, 128 N.C. App. 1, 493 S.E.2d 466 (1997), aff'd, 349 N.C. 315, 507 S.E.2d 272 (1998).

Sec. 5. Allegiance to the United States.

Every citizen of this State owes paramount allegiance to the Constitution and government of the United States, and no law or ordinance of the State in contravention or subversion thereof can have any binding force.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 5, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— The cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 5, Const. 1868.*

The Constitution of the United States takes precedence over the Constitution of North Carolina. Constantian v. Anson County, 244 N.C. 221, 93 S.E.2d 163 (1956).

Delegation of authority to counties to construct water and sewer systems does not violate this section. Ramsey v. Rollins, 246 N.C. 647, 100 S.E.2d 55 (1957).

Sec. 6. Separation of powers.

The legislative, executive, and supreme judicial powers of the State government shall be forever separate and distinct from each other.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 8, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on judicial review and separation of powers, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 467 (1967).

For case law survey as to separation of powers, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 891 (1967).

For note analyzing possible constitutional barriers to judicial abrogation of contractual governmental immunity, see 12 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1082 (1976).

For survey of 1979 constitutional law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1326 (1980).

For comment on sectarian education and the state, see 1980 Duke L.J. 801.

For article, "A Powerless Judiciary? The North Carolina Courts' Perceptions of Review of Administrative Action," see 12 N.C. Cent. L.J. 21 (1980).

For survey of 1981 constitutional law, see 60 N.C.L. Rev. 1272 (1982).

For article discussing limitations on ad hoc adjudicatory rulemaking by an administrative agency, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 67 (1982).

For survey of 1982 law relating to constitutional law, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1052 (1983).

For discussion of separation of powers in North Carolina, see 62 N.C.L. Rev. 1 (1983).

For article on the "Battle Among the Branches: The Two Hundred Year War," see 65 N.C.L. Rev. 901 (1987).

For note on the separation of powers and the power to appoint, see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 1109 (1988).

For note, "The Forty-Two Hundred Dollar Question: 'May State Agencies Have Discretion in Setting Civil Penalties Under the North Carolina Constitution?'," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 1035 (1990).

For comment, "Legal Analysis of the Constitutionality of the Water Supply Watershed Protection Act of 1989 and the Hyde Bill," see 29 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1279 (1994).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Delegation of Legislative Power.

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 8, Const. 1868.*

Principle Stated. — This section embodies succinctly the judgment of the people of North Carolina in regard to the principle of the separation of powers. Long v. Watts, 183 N.C. 99, 110 S.E. 765, 22 A.L.R. 277 (1922).

The principle of separation of powers was clearly in the minds of the framers of the Constitution; and the people of North Carolina, by specifically including a separation of powers provision in the original Constitution adopted in 1776, and readopting the provision in 1868 and 1970, are firmly and explicitly committed to the principle. In re Powers, 295 S.E.2d 589 (N.C. 1982).

Functions Separate. — Each of the coordinate departments has its appropriate functions, and one cannot control the action of the other in the sphere of its constitutional power and duty. State v. Holden, 64 N.C. 829 (1870); Person v. Board of State Tax Comm'rs, 184 N.C. 499, 115 S.E. 336 (1922).

Classification of Departments Is Not Exact. — Although the State is firmly committed to the doctrine of separation of powers, the classification cannot be very exact, and there are many officers whose duties cannot be exclusively arranged under the duties of either of the judicial, legislative or executive heads. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

The independence of the Supreme Court only, and not of the entire judicial department, is provided for by this section. But there is nothing which gives the Supreme Court supervisory control over the legislature. Walser ex rel. Wilson v. Jordan, 124 N.C. 683, 33 S.E. 139 (1899).

Court Practice Regulated by Judiciary. — Under the Constitution, as the supreme judicial power is independent of the other departments, the legislature cannot prescribe rules of practice for the Supreme Court; nevertheless, the courts have copied, almost verbatim, the provisions of the Code. Herndon v. Imperial Fire Ins. Co., 111 N.C. 384, 16 S.E. 465 (1892); Bird v. Gilliam, 125 N.C. 76, 34 S.E. 196 (1899).

Where there is conflict between the rules of practice prescribed by the legislature and the rules made by the Supreme Court, the rules made by the court will be observed. Cooper v. Board of Comm'rs, 184 N.C. 615, 113 S.E. 569 (1922).

The Supreme Court has the sole right to prescribe rules of practice and procedure therein. Lee v. Baird, 146 N.C. 361, 59 S.E. 876 (1907); State v. Furmage, 250 N.C. 616, 109 S.E.2d 563 (1959).

The rules prescribed by the Supreme Court to regulate its own procedure, including the rule as to dismissing an appeal thereto if not docketed, or a recordari prayed for in apt time, will be strictly enforced. Being under the exclusive authority therein given to the Supreme Court by this section, a statute in conflict therewith will not be observed. State v. Ward, 184 N.C. 618, 113 S.E. 775 (1922).

Legislative Change of Court Jurisdiction. — The principle that when the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless it is authorized to do so by the Constitution is grounded on the separation of powers provisions found in many American Constitutions, including the Constitution of this State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

When the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined, the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless it is authorized to do so by the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The General Assembly is without authority to expand the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court beyond the limits set in the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The General Assembly has no authority to provide for appeal from decisions of administrative agencies to the Supreme Court without prior appeal to and review by a lower court. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Supreme Court has no original jurisdiction over claims against the State, and the General Assembly has no authority to confer such jurisdiction upon it. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Judicial power cannot be exercised in aid of an unfinished and inoperative act, so left upon the final adjournment, any more than in obstructing legislative action. State ex rel. Scarborough v. Robinson, 81 N.C. 409 (1879).

Court's Proper Exercise of Jurisdiction. — There is no violation of the Separation of Powers Clause when a court issues an order within its inherent power to do what is reasonably necessary within the scope of its constitutional and statutory jurisdiction. In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991).

There was no violation of the Separation of Powers Clause when the district court, exercising its exclusive, original jurisdiction, issued the order for a juvenile sex offender's commitment and the order denying the juvenile's conditional release as requested by Division of Youth Services, both of which included dispositional directives regarding the juvenile's needs for specialized sexual offender treatment. In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991).

The propriety of ordering sales of lands upon petition of the owner is purely a judicial duty, and any private act of the General Assembly attempting to regulate the same is void under this section. Miller v. Alexander, 122 N.C. 718, 30 S.E. 125 (1898).

Judicial Function in Criminal Cases. — The function of the court in regard to the punishment of crimes is to determine the guilt or innocence of the accused, and if that determination is one of guilt, then to pronounce the punishment or penalty prescribed by law. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

Manner and Mitigation of Punishment Are Legislative Functions. — The manner of executing a sentence and the mitigation of punishment are determined by the legislative

department, and what the legislature has determined in that regard must be put in force and effect by administrative officers. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

Legislature May Establish Parole System. — In the division of governmental authority, the legislature has exclusive power to determine the penological system of the State. It alone can prescribe the punishment for crime. It may therefore establish a parole system. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

The granting, withholding or frustration of the parole power is not and has never been a responsibility of the judicial branch of government. State v. Snowden, 26 N.C. App. 45, 215 S.E.2d 157, cert. denied, 288 N.C. 251, 217 S.E.2d 675 (1975).

And Administration of Parole System May be Delegated. — The granting of parole and the supervision of parolees are purely administrative functions, and accordingly may be entrusted by the legislature to nonjudicial agencies. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

The sentencing process may not be expressly employed to thwart the parole process, the responsibility for which is vested in another branch of government. State v. Snowden, 26 N.C. App. 45, 215 S.E.2d 157, cert. denied, 288 N.C. 251, 217 S.E.2d 675 (1975).

Removal of Officeholder. — It is competent for the legislature in creating an office, other than purely judicial, to reserve to itself the right to remove, or to the Governor to suspend, the incumbent of the office. State ex rel. Caldwell v. Wilson, 121 N.C. 425, 121 N.C. 480, 28 S.E. 554, 28 S.E. 554 (1897).

Issuance of a warrant, whether considered a judicial act, a quasi-judicial act, a judicial function, or a ministerial act, does not require or involve the exercise of supreme judicial power within the meaning of this section. State v. Furmage, 250 N.C. 616, 109 S.E.2d 563 (1959).

A solicitor has no authority to administer an oath or to issue a warrant, absent authorization by the General Assembly. State v. Furmage, 250 N.C. 616, 109 S.E.2d 563 (1959).

Public-local law authorizing solicitor of recorder's court to issue warrants is not violative of this section. State v. Furmage, 250 N.C. 616, 109 S.E.2d 563 (1959).

Creation of Board with Quasi-Judicial and Administrative Functions. — The creation by the legislature of a board or municipal corporation and the conferring upon such board or municipal corporation of quasi-judicial and administrative functions does not violate this provision. Cox v. City of Kinston, 217 N.C. 391, 8 S.E.2d 252 (1940).

This section requires the North Carolina Department of Human Resources (NCDHR) to acquiesce in statutory interpretations made by North Carolina's appellate courts to the extent that they conflict with the NCDHR's interpretations. Thomas v. North Carolina Dep't of Human Resources, 124 N.C. App. 698, 478 S.E.2d 816 (1996), aff'd, 346 N.C. 268, 485 S.E.2d 295 (1997).

The North Carolina Department of Human Resources and other administrative agencies of the State must give full effect to the statutory constructions of the Court of Appeals both as to the named litigants and as to all persons similarly situated. Thomas v. North Carolina Dep't of Human Resources, 124 N.C. App. 698, 478 S.E.2d 816 (1996), aff'd, 346 N.C. 268, 485 S.E.2d 295 (1997).

Appointment of Director of Office of Administrative Hearings. — It is not a violation of the separation of powers provision of the Constitution for the General Assembly to provide that the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall appoint the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings. State ex rel. Martin v. Melott, 320 N.C. 518, 359 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

The order of the Supreme Court establishing the Client Security Fund and requiring annual payments by attorneys to the Fund was an essential corollary to the court's function, was required for the proper administration of justice, and did not violate the Constitution. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

Power of County to Apply Formula for Ascertaining Taxable Property. — Where county ascertained the amount of personal property of defendant nonresident corporation having a "business situs" in this State and liable for taxation as solvent credits by the county by ascertaining the total assets of the defendant and the percentage of such assets found in the county, and allowing the same percent of its total liabilities to be deducted therefrom, defendant, who complained that county had made its own rule in ascertaining the solvent credits in the county subject to taxation in violation of this section, but failed to list its solvent credits for taxation as required by law, was not prejudiced by the assessment of its personal property for taxation as determined by the county. County of Mecklenburg v. Sterchi Bros. Stores, 210 N.C. 79, 185 S.E. 454 (1936).

Applied in State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Nantahala Power & Light Co., 65 N.C. App. 198, 309 S.E.2d 473 (1983); State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989); News & Observer Publishing Co. v. Poole, 330 N.C. 465, 412 S.E.2d 7 (1992); State ex rel. Wallace v. Bone, 304 N.C. 591, 286 S.E.2d 79 (1982).

Quoted in Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); State v. Camp, 286 N.C. 148, 209 S.E.2d

754 (1974); In re Greene, 297 N.C. 305, 255 S.E.2d 142 (1979).

Cited in Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971); State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Auto. Rate Admin. Office, 30 N.C. App. 427, 227 S.E.2d 603 (1976); State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Auto. Rate Admin. Office, 292 N.C. 1, 231 S.E.2d 867 (1977); In re Ordinance of Annexation No. 1977-4, 296 N.C. 1, 249 S.E.2d 698 (1978); Reed v. Byrd, 41 N.C. App. 625, 255 S.E.2d 606 (1979); State v. Small, 301 N.C. 407, 272 S.E.2d 128 (1980); State v. Rogers, 52 N.C. App. 676, 279 S.E.2d 881 (1981); Granville County Bd. of Comm'rs v. North Carolina Hazardous Waste Mgt. Comm'n, 329 N.C. 615, 407 S.E.2d 785 (1991); State v. Allen, 346 N.C. 731, 488 S.E.2d 188 (1997).

II. DELEGATION OF LEGISLATIVE POWER.

In General. — The legislature may not abdicate its power to make laws nor delegate its supreme legislative power to any other coordinate branch or to any agency which it may create. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970); Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970); Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The effect of this section and N.C. Const., Art. II, § 1 is to elucidate the circumstances in which delegation of legislative powers is permissible. Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979), aff'd, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980).

Delegation to Municipalities. — Ordinary restrictions with respect to the delegation of power to an agency of the State, which exercises no function of government, do not apply to cities, towns or counties. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

Delegation to Administrative Bodies. — As to some specific subject matter, the legislature may delegate a limited portion of its legislative power to an administrative agency if it prescribes the standards under which the agency is to exercise the delegated powers. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

A modern legislature must be able to delegate, in proper instances, a limited portion of its legislative powers to administrative bodies which are equipped to adapt legislation to complex conditions involving numerous details with which the legislature cannot deal directly. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The principle that the General Assembly may not delegate its power to any other department or body, is not absolute. Since legislation must often be adapted to complex conditions involving numerous details with which the legislature cannot deal directly, the constitutional prohibition against delegating legislative authority does not deny to the legislature the necessary flexibility of enabling it to lay down policies and establish standards, while leaving to designated governmental agencies and administrative boards the determination of facts to which the policy as declared by the legislature shall apply. A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979).

Necessity for Adequate Standards When Delegating Power. — As to some specific subject matter, the legislature may delegate a limited portion of its legislative power to an administrative agency if it prescribes the standards under which the agency is to exercise the delegated powers. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

The constitutional inhibition against delegating legislative authority does not preclude the legislature from transferring adjudicative and rule-making powers to administrative bodies, provided such transfers are accompanied by adequate guiding standards to govern the exercise of the delegated powers. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

When there is an obvious need for expertise in the achievement of legislative goals, the General Assembly is not required to lay down a detailed agenda covering every conceivable problem which might arise in the implementation of the legislation. It is enough if general policies and standards have been articulated which are sufficient to provide direction to an administrative body possessing the expertise to adapt the legislative goals to varying circumstances. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The test of constitutional delegation of legislative power is whether the delegation is accompanied by adequate guiding standards; if so, the delegation will be upheld. In re Broad & Gales Creek Community Ass'n, 300 N.C. 267, 266 S.E.2d 645 (1980).

The General Assembly must prescribe the standard for an administrative board with sufficient definiteness so that the board is bound by legislative policy and cannot, under the name of finding facts, actually set policy. Farlow v. North Carolina State Bd. of Chiropractic Exmrs., 76 N.C. App. 202, 332 S.E.2d 696, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 664, 336 S.E.2d 621 (1985).

Purpose of Adequate Guiding Standards Test. — The purpose of the adequate guiding standards test is to reconcile the legislative need to delegate authority with the constitutional mandate that the legislature retain in its own hands the supreme legislative power. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978). See also, In re Broad & Gales Creek Community Ass'n, 300 N.C. 267, 266 S.E.2d 645 (1980).

Application of Test. — The key to an intelligent application of the adequate guiding standards test is an understanding that, while delegations of power to administrative agencies are necessary, such transfers of power should be closely monitored to insure that the decision making by the agency is not arbitrary and unreasoned and that the agency is not asked to make important policy choices which might just as easily be made by the elected representatives in the legislature. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Specificity of Legislative Goals. — Goals and policies set forth by legislature for an agency to apply in exercising its powers need be only as specific as the circumstances permit. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978); In re Broad & Gales Creek Community Ass'n, 300 N.C. 267, 266 S.E.2d 645 (1980).

Procedural Safeguards. — In determining whether a particular delegation of authority is supported by adequate guiding standards, it is permissible to consider whether the authority vested in the agency is subject to procedural safeguards. A key purpose of the adequate guiding standards test is to insure that the decision making by the agency is not arbitrary and unreasoned. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978). See also, In re Broad & Gales Creek Community Ass'n, 300 N.C. 267, 266 S.E.2d 645 (1980).

Procedural safeguards tend to encourage adherence to legislative standards by the agency to which power has been delegated. The presence or absence of procedural safeguards is relevant to the broader question of whether a delegation of authority is accompanied by adequate guiding standards. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Delegation of Power Upheld. — Creation of the Mattamuskeet Drainage District by the legislature is not violative of the Constitution. O'Neal v. Mann, 193 N.C. 153, 136 S.E. 379 (1927).

Statute authorizing the Industrial Commission to award compensation for bodily disfigurement is not unconstitutional as a void delegation of legislative power in contravention of this section. Baxter v. W.H. Arthur Co., 216 N.C. 276, 4 S.E.2d 621 (1939).

The North Carolina Turnpike Authority Act, former G.S. §§ 136-89.59 to 136-89.77, did not violate this section. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Chapter 1177 of Session Laws 1967 (§ 116-209.1 et seq.), which authorizes the State Education Assistance Authority to issue revenue bonds and to use the proceeds therefrom for the making of loans to "residents of this State to enable them to obtain an education in an eligible institution" as set forth in § 116-209.2, when supplemented by federal legislation, provides sufficient legislative standards whereby the Authority can determine to which students the loans should be made, since it is implicit in c. 1177 that all loans made from the bond proceeds shall be made in compliance with the standards of federal legislation which supplement the loan program of the Authority. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Former § 148-62, insofar as it granted discretionary power to the Board of Paroles (now the Parole Commission), did not constitute an assignment of judicial power in contravention of N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 1 and this section. Jernigan v. State, 10 N.C. App. 562, 179 S.E.2d 788, aff'd, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

Petitioner's contention that the legislature had provided no standards to guide the Board of Paroles (now the Parole Commission) in determining whether a parole violator should serve his original sentence concurrently with his new sentence or at the completion of it and that this failure nullified the purported grant of authority under former § 148-62 could not be sustained. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

In delegating to the town commissioners the discretionary right to decide whether to enlarge the corporate limits as specified in a special act, Session Laws 1971, c. 801, the General Assembly did not delegate legislative authority in violation of N.C. Const., Art. II, § 1, or this section. In authorizing the annexation, the General Assembly determined that the annexation was suitable and proper. Except for approval by the town's board of commissioners, the act was complete in every respect at the time of its ratification. The only discretion given the commissioners was to decide whether or not to annex the territory specified in the act. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

The Coastal Area Management Act of 1974 (§ 113A-100 et seq.) properly delegates authority to the Coastal Resources Commission to develop, adopt and amend State guidelines for the coastal area. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The delegation of authority to the North Carolina Department of Transportation and the Board of Transportation to plan and construct an interstate highway did not constitute an unlawful delegation of legislative authority to an administrative body which was unrestrained by legislative standards or sufficient procedural safeguards or political accountability in violation of this section and N.C. Const., Art. II, § 1. Orange County Sensible Hwys. & Protected Env'ts, Inc. v. North Carolina Dep't of Transp., 46 N.C. App. 350, 265 S.E.2d 890 (1980).

Section 113-229(e)(2), which permits the review commission to deny an application for a permit to dredge or fill in estuarine waters upon finding "that there will be significant adverse effect on the value and enjoyment of the property of riparian owners," does not constitute an unlawful delegation of legislative power in violation of this section, as adequate statutory guidelines and procedural safeguards have been provided. In re Broad & Gales Creek Community Ass'n, 300 N.C. 267, 266 S.E.2d 645 (1980).

The proscription of "unethical conduct" in § 90-154 is a sufficiently definite standard so that the Board of Chiropractic Examiners may set policies within it without exercising a legislative function. Farlow v. North Carolina State Bd. of Chiropractic Exmrs., 76 N.C. App. 202, 332 S.E.2d 696, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 664, 336 S.E.2d 621 (1985).

This section does not unconstitutionally delegate legislative power, where the statute authorizes the Board of Law Examiners to make rules governing admission to the bar to "promote the welfare of the State and the profession," and a person who was not allowed to take the bar exam because her law school was not ABA accredited contended that the Board was not given adequate standards to guide its actions. Bring v. North Carolina State Bar, 348 N.C. 655, 501 S.E.2d 907 (1998).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Delay of Rules by Review Commission. — An act vesting in the Administrative Rules Review Commission (ARRC), a commission appointed by the General Assembly, the power to delay indefinitely the effective date of duly adopted agency rules which it deems in excess of statutory authority would likely be held to violate this section by vesting the ARRC with judicial powers reserved to the court and with supreme legislative powers reserved to the General Assembly. See opinion of Attorney General to Henson P. Barnes, President Pro Tempore, Senate, 60 N.C.A.G. 70 (1991).

Sec. 7. Suspending laws.

All power of suspending laws or the execution of laws by any authority, without the consent of the representatives of the people, is injurious to their rights and shall not be exercised.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 9, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Cited in State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Sec. 8. Representation and taxation.

The people of this State shall not be taxed or made subject to the payment of any impost or duty without the consent of themselves or their representatives in the General Assembly, freely given.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 23, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on taxation and revenue bonds to finance low-income housing, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 830 (1971).

CASE NOTES

Drainage district assessments are not taxes. Northampton County Drainage Dist. Number One v. Bailey, 326 N.C. 742, 392 S.E.2d 352 (1990).

The order of the Supreme Court establishing the Client Security Fund and requiring annual payments by attorneys to the Fund was an essential corollary to the court's function, was required for the proper administration of justice, and did not violate the Constitution. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

Applied in Moore v. Swinson, 58 N.C. App. 714, 294 S.E.2d 381 (1982).

Cited in In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 289 N.C. 456, 223 S.E.2d 323 (1976); Biltmore Co. v. Hawthorne, 32 N.C. App. 733, 233 S.E.2d 606 (1977); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Sec. 9. Frequent elections.

For redress of grievances and for amending and strengthening the laws, elections shall be often held.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 28, Const. 1868.

Sec. 10. Free elections.

All elections shall be free.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 10, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *The case cited below was decided under former Art. I, § 10, Const. 1868.*

Elector May Not Be Required to Take Oath Violating This Section. — Membership in a party and the right to participate in its primary may not be denied an elector because he refuses to take an oath to vote in a manner which violates this constitutional provision. Clark v. Meyland, 261 N.C. 140, 134 S.E.2d 168 (1964).

Ballot Access Restriction. — The ten percent (10%) numerical signature requirement contained in § 163-122(a)(3) is an unconstitutional ballot access restriction for unaffiliated candidates in violation of the U.S. Const., Amend. I and XIV and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and this section. Obie v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 762 F. Supp. 119 (E.D.N.C. 1991).

Sec. 11. Property qualifications.

As political rights and privileges are not dependent upon or modified by property, no property qualification shall affect the right to vote or hold office.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 22, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Texfi Indus., Inc. v. City of Fayetteville, 44 N.C. App. 268, 261 S.E.2d 21 (1979).

Cited in State v. Davis, 282 N.C. 107, 191 S.E.2d 664 (1972).

Sec. 12. Right of assembly and petition.

The people have a right to assemble together to consult for their common good, to instruct their representatives, and to apply to the General Assembly for redress of grievances; but secret political societies are dangerous to the liberties of a free people and shall not be tolerated.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 25, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

CASE NOTES

City Parade Ordinance Held Constitutional. — Where a city's parade ordinance was codified under the general heading of traffic, its language was directed to the time, place and manner of parades, and it neither imposed restraint upon speech concerning political matters or matters of public concern nor contained any inkling of discrimination against defendant, who was arrested for participating in a parade without a permit, the ordinance was constitutionally valid. State v. Frinks, 284 N.C. 472, 201 S.E.2d 858 (1974).

Stated in State v. Neville, 108 N.C. App. 330, 423 S.E.2d 496 (1992).

Cited in City of Winston-Salem v. Chauffeurs Local Union 391, 470 F. Supp. 442 (M.D.N.C. 1979); Babb v. Harnett County Bd. of Educ., 118 N.C. App. 291, 454 S.E.2d 833 (1995).

Sec. 13. Religious liberty.

All persons have a natural and inalienable right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own consciences, and no human authority shall, in any case whatever, control or interfere with the rights of conscience.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 26, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — For case law survey as to freedom of religion, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 862 (1967).

For comment, "The State and Sectarian Education: Regulation to Deregulation," see 1980 Duke L.J. 801.

For note on state regulation of public solicitation for religious purposes, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 996 (1980).

For note, "Delconte v. State: Some Thoughts on Home Education," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1302 (1986).

For article, "The Concept of Religion in State Constitutions," see 8 Campbell L. Rev. 437 (1986).

For note, "Balancing the Welfare of Children with the Rights of Parents: Peterson v. Rogers and the Role of Religion in Custody Disputes," see 73 N.C.L. Rev. 1271 (1995).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 26, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.*

Section 105-278.6A, (formerly 105-275(32)(v) is unconstitutional as violative of the prohibition against the establishment of religion as found in both this section and the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution because it distinguishes between homes that are religiously affiliated and those that perform essentially the same functions but lack any religious affiliation. In re Springmoor, Inc., 125 N.C. App. 184, 479 S.E.2d 795 (1997), aff'd, 348 N.C. 1, 498 S.E.2d 177 (1998).

Standing. — Non-profit corporation which ran a retirement community for the aged, sick, and infirm, and which sought a personal property tax exemption on certain items owned by it and used in the operation of the home, had standing to challenge the constitutionality of § 105-278.6A, (formerly § 105-275(32)). In re Springmoor, Inc., 125 N.C. App. 184, 479 S.E.2d 795 (1997), aff'd, 348 N.C. 1, 498 S.E.2d 177 (1998).

Secular Neutrality Mandated. — Construed together, this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and U.S. Const., Amend. I may be said to coalesce into a singular guarantee of freedom of religious profession and worship, as well as an equally firmly established separation

of church and state. The legislature oversteps the bounds of this separation when it enacts a regulatory scheme which, whether in purpose, substantive effect, or administrative procedure, tends to "control or interfere" with religious affairs, or to "discriminate" along religious lines, or to constitute a law "respecting" the establishment of religion. Stated simply, the constitutional mandate is one of secular neutrality toward religion. Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980).

This Section Protects Freedom to Exercise One's Religion. — The term "rights of conscience," as used in this section, must be construed in relation to the right to worship God according to the dictates of one's own conscience. Consequently, the freedom protected by this provision is no more extensive than the freedom to exercise one's religion, which is protected by U.S. Const., Amend. I. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

But It Does Not Protect One's Sense of Ethics. — This constitutional provision does not provide immunity for every act which one's conscience permits him to do, or even for every act which one's conscience classifies as required by ethics, nor shield the defendant from a command by the State that he do an act merely because he believes it morally or ethically wrong. It is the right to exercise one's religion, or lack of it, which is protected, not one's sense of ethics. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

Protection Not Limited to Clergymen and Organized Religious Groups. — The freedoms protected by this constitutional provision are not limited to clergymen. Indeed, they are not limited to members of an organized religious body, and consequently are not contingent upon proof that others share the views of the individual who asserts his own constitutional right to the freedom to exercise his religion or "right of conscience." In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

Unorthodox Religious Beliefs Are Protected. — This constitutional provision extends its protection to the unorthodox, unusual and unreasonable belief as truly as to the belief shared by many. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

But freedom to exercise one's religious beliefs is not absolute. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

And use of drugs may be prohibited notwithstanding the user's asserted belief that such use is required by Divine Law. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

Religious Freedom Is Impaired by Governmental Compulsion of That Which Religious Belief Forbids. — The free exercise of religion is impaired not only by the governmental prohibition of that which one's religious belief demands, but also by governmental compulsion of that which one's religious belief forbids. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

And Government May Not Force One to Act Contrary to Religious Belief in Absence of "Compelling State Interest". — The liberty secured by U.S. Const., Amend. I and by this section is so basic and fundamental that one may not be compelled by governmental action to do that which is contrary to his religious belief in the absence of a "compelling State interest in the regulation of a subject within the State's constitutional power to regulate." In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

Effective operation of courts of justice is a "compelling State interest." In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

And It Overrides Belief of Witness Who Refuses to Testify for Religious Reasons. — The "compelling interest" of the State in the rendering of a just judgment in accordance with its law overrides the incidental infringement upon the religious belief of a witness that for him to testify is wrong. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

The State has a compelling interest that a person called as a witness should be sworn and should testify in the administration of justice between the State and one charged with a serious offense, and therefore a minister called as a witness in such prosecution may be held in contempt of court upon his refusal to be sworn as a witness, notwithstanding his assertion that his refusal is a matter of religious conscience. In re Williams, 269 N.C. 68, 152 S.E.2d 317, cert. denied, 388 U.S. 918, 87 S. Ct. 2137, 18 L. Ed. 2d 1362 (1967).

Counsel may not attack credibility of a witness because of the witness's religious beliefs or rights of conscience. State v. James, 322 N.C. 320, 367 S.E.2d 669 (1988).

Prosecutor's argument as to defendant's credibility held not to violate this section or § 8C-1, Rules 603 or 610, despite an indirect reference to defendant's affirmation as a witness. State v. James, 322 N.C. 320, 367 S.E.2d 669 (1988).

The legal tribunals of the State have no

jurisdiction over purely ecclesiastical questions and controversies, for there is a constitutional guarantee of freedom of religious profession and worship, as well as an equally firmly established separation of church and State, but the courts do have jurisdiction as to civil, contract and property rights which are involved in, or arise from, a church controversy. Reid v. Johnston, 241 N.C. 201, 85 S.E.2d 114 (1954); Atkins v. Walker, 19 N.C. App. 119, 198 S.E.2d 101, aff'd, 284 N.C. 306, 200 S.E.2d 641 (1973); African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church v. Union Chapel A.M.E. Zion Church, 64 N.C. App. 391, 308 S.E.2d 73 (1983), cert. denied, 310 N.C. 308, 312 S.E.2d 649 (1984).

How Civil Courts Must Decide Church Property Disputes. — Civil courts must decide church property disputes without inquiring into underlying controversies over religious doctrines and without in any way basing their decisions upon any determination made upon such an inquiry. Atkins v. Walker, 19 N.C. App. 119, 198 S.E.2d 101, aff'd, 284 N.C. 306, 200 S.E.2d 641 (1973).

In a child custody proceeding, the court cannot base its findings on the preferability of any particular faith or religious instruction. Dean v. Dean, 32 N.C. App. 482, 232 S.E.2d 470 (1977).

But the spiritual welfare of a child is a factor that may be considered by the trial court in making a custody determination. Dean v. Dean, 32 N.C. App. 482, 232 S.E.2d 470 (1977).

Biological Parents' Rights Outweighed Adoptive Parents' Rights. — Biological parents constitutionally-protected paramount right to custody, care, and control of their child, including control over his associations, outweighed adoptive parents' interests, including their right to freedom of religion; therefore, inquiry into plaintiffs' religious beliefs, if error, was harmless. Petersen v. Rowe, 337 N.C. 397, 445 S.E.2d 901 (1994).

A law requiring the observance of Sunday as a day of rest and relaxation does not cease to be a reasonable exercise of the police power of the State, merely because it is in harmony with the religious beliefs of most Christian denominations. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

The choice of Sunday by the legislature as a day of rest and relaxation does not render statute unconstitutional, as a law establishing a religion or interfering with freedom of worship, merely because other persons are required by their religious convictions to rest from their labors on a different day of the week, or because, having no religious convictions, they consider Sunday as an exceptionally promising day for business. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

The provisions of this section do not deprive the legislature of authority to prohibit by a statute, otherwise valid, the carrying on of and engaging in, on Sunday, any and all labor and the operation of industrial and commercial pursuits, except for works of necessity and acts which, themselves, are in exercise of the constitutional right to worship. Moreover, the legislature may delegate this power to municipalities. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

Ordinance prohibiting certain activities on Sunday held not in contravention of this section. State v. McGee, 237 N.C. 633, 75 S.E.2d 783, appeal dismissed, 346 U.S. 802, 74 S. Ct. 50, 98 L. Ed. 334, reh'g denied, 346 U.S. 918, 74 S. Ct. 272, 98 L. Ed. 413 (1953).

A municipal ordinance prohibiting the handling of venomous and poisonous reptiles in such a manner as to endanger the public health, safety and welfare would not be held invalid upon defendants' contention that the ordinance interfered with the exercise of their religious practices. State v. Massey, 229 N.C. 734, 51 S.E.2d 179, appeal dismissed, 336 U.S. 942, 69 S. Ct. 813, 93 L. Ed. 1099, reh'g denied, 336 U.S. 971, 69 S. Ct. 939, 93 L. Ed. 1121 (1949).

Injunction against Former Pastor. — Judgment by default final restraining defendant, whom a majority of the members of a church had voted not to employ as its pastor after the year 1959, from appearing at the church after the year 1959 and acting or attempting to act as its pastor at a religious service or at any other church meeting, so long as he was not its pastor, violated no rights guaranteed to him by N.C. Const., Art. I. Collins v. Simms, 254 N.C. 148, 118 S.E.2d 402 (1961). See also, Collins v. Simms, 257 N.C. 1, 125 S.E.2d 298 (1962).

Applied in Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979).

Cited in Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); Delconte v. State, 313 N.C. 384, 329 S.E.2d 636 (1985); Grace Baptist Church v. City of Oxford, 320 N.C. 439, 358 S.E.2d 372 (1987); State v. Artis, 325 N.C. 278, 384 S.E.2d 470 (1989); Hill v. Cox, 108 N.C. App. 454, 424 S.E.2d 201 (1993).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

An educational program in which clergymen are trained at the expense of the State in total health care counseling in order to offer free counseling services in their communities does not violate either U.S. Const., Amend. I or this section. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Patrick Guyton, Community Development Specialist, Department of Human Resources, 43 N.C.A.G. 189 (1973).

Sec. 14. Freedom of speech and press.

Freedom of speech and of the press are two of the great bulwarks of liberty and therefore shall never be restrained, but every person shall be held responsible for their abuse.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 20, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article analyzing the evolution of free speech rights under U.S. Const., Amend. I in North Carolina, see 4 Campbell L. Rev. 243 (1982).

For article, "Of Libel, Language, and Law: New York Times v. Sullivan at Twenty-Five," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 273 (1990).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Unprotected Speech.
III. Restrictions on Excercise of Rights.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 20, Const. 1868.*

This section is viewed in the light of the doctrine of "qualified privilege." Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

The basis of the privilege is the public interest in the free expression and communication of ideas. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

This section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 do not require that a statewide standard be judicially incorporated into § 14-190.1 in order to render the statute facially valid. State v. Mayes, 323 N.C. 159, 371 S.E.2d 476 (1988), cert. denied, 488 U.S. 1009, 109 S. Ct. 792, 102 L. Ed. 2d 784 (1989).

A citizen may assert a direct claim for abridgement of her state constitutional free speech rights under the state constitution only absent an adequate state remedy. Evans v. Cowan, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 170 (1999).

Previous Federal Claim Does Not Render State Claim Res Judicata. — Claims asserted in the State Court on the basis of this section of the North Carolina Constitution were not identical to the claims asserted by the plaintiff in the Federal Court on the basis of freedom of speech and press under the United States Constitution and dismissal of the state claims on the basis of res judicata was error. Evans v. Cowan, 122 N.C. App. 181, 468 S.E.2d 575 (1996), cert. denied, 343 N.C. 510, 471 S.E.2d 634, aff'd, 345 N.C. 177, 477 S.E.2d 926 (1996).

The words "shall never be restrained" are a direct personal guarantee of each citizen's right of freedom of speech. Corum v. University of N.C. ex rel. Bd. of Governors, 330 N.C. 761, 413 S.E.2d 276, reh'g denied, 331 N.C. 558, 418 S.E.2d 664, cert. denied, 506 U.S. 985, 113 S. Ct. 493, 121 L. Ed. 2d 431 (1992).

Applied in Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979); State v. Barrett, 58 N.C. App. 515, 293 S.E.2d 896 (1982); Kaplan v. Prolife Action League, 111 N.C. App. 1, 431 S.E.2d 828 (1993).

Cited in Sparrow v. Goodman, 376 F. Supp. 1268 (W.D.N.C. 1974); Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980); State v. Johnson, 304 N.C. 680, 285 S.E.2d 792 (1982); Renwick v. News & Observer Publishing Co., 63 N.C. App. 200, 304 S.E.2d 593 (1983); Cinema I Video, Inc. v. Thornburg, 83 N.C. App. 544, 351 S.E.2d 305 (1986); State v. Anderson, 322 N.C. 22, 366 S.E.2d 459 (1988); Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989); Corum v. University of N.C., 97 N.C. App. 527, 389 S.E.2d 596

(1990); Lenzer v. Flaherty, 106 N.C. App. 496, 418 S.E.2d 276 (1992); Shell v. Wall, 808 F. Supp. 481 (W.D.N.C. 1992); Babb v. Harnett County Bd. of Educ., 118 N.C. App. 291, 454 S.E.2d 833 (1995); North Carolina Council of Churches v. State, 120 N.C. App. 84, 461 S.E.2d 354 (1995); Harter v. Vernon, 953 F. Supp. 685 (M.D.N.C. 1996), aff'd, 101 F.3d 334 (4th Cir. 1996), cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1120, 117 S. Ct. 2511, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1014 (1997); Carter v. Good, 951 F. Supp. 1235 (W.D.N.C. 1996); Caudill v. Dellinger, 129 N.C. App. 649, 501 S.E.2d 99 (1998), review denied, 349 N.C. 353, — S.E.2d — (1998), aff'd, 350 N.C. 89, 511 S.E.2d 304 (1999).

II. UNPROTECTED SPEECH.

Racial Slur Is Unprotected Speech. — The use of the word "nigger" by district attorney squarely fell within the category of unprotected speech defined by the Supreme Court. In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997).

Use of "Fighting Words" Not Protected. — District attorney's abusive verbal attack on African-American man which gave rise to the inquiry removing him from office was not protected speech under the First Amendment. Instead, when taken in context, his repeated references to victim as a "nigger" presented a classic case of the use of "fighting words" tending to incite an immediate breach of the peace which are not protected by either the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of North Carolina. In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997).

Section 163-274(7), prohibiting anonymous, derogatory charges against candidates for primary or general elections, does not violate the free speech guarantees of the U.S. Const., Amend. I, or this section. State v. Petersilie, 334 N.C. 169, 432 S.E.2d 832 (1993).

Commercial Speech Subject to Reasonable Time, Place and Manner Restrictions. — While it is true that commercial speech is protected under U.S. Const., Amend. I and under this section, it is nonetheless true that commercial speech, like other varieties of speech, is subject to reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions. County of Cumberland v. Eastern Fed. Corp., 48 N.C. App. 518, 269 S.E.2d 672.

Balancing of Freedom of Speech and Press and Right to Fair Trial. — The framers of the federal and State Constitutions gave no priorities to the fundamental guarantees of freedom of speech and of the press and the guarantee that every criminal defendant shall receive a fair trial, but left to the courts the delicate task of balancing the defendant's constitutionally guaranteed right to a fair trial against the constitutional guarantees of freedom of speech and freedom of the press. State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981).

Burden of Justifying "Gag" Rule. — Even pervasive, adverse publicity does not inevitably lead to an unfair trial, and any prior restraint on expression comes to the courts with a heavy presumption against its constitutional validity; thus, one seeking to impose a "gag" rule carries a heavy burden of showing justification for the imposition of such a rule. State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981).

III. RESTRICTIONS ON EXCERCISE OF RIGHTS.

Right to Comment on Matters of Public Interest. — Everyone has a right to comment on matters of public interest and concern, provided he does so fairly and with an honest purpose. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Such Comments Not Libelous Unless Written Maliciously. — Such comments or criticisms are not libelous, however severe in their terms, unless they are written maliciously. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Recovery for Defamation Not Allowed Where Public Interest Outweighs State's Interest. — Where the public interest is sufficient to outweigh the interest of the State in protecting the individual or corporate plaintiff from damage to his or its reputation or social or business relationships, the law does not allow recovery of damages, actual or punitive, occasioned by a defamatory speech or publication. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

When Qualified Privilege Is Applicable. — Qualified privilege will apply to a statement made or article written in good faith, without actual malice (as defined by the law of North Carolina), touching upon a topic in which the speaker or publisher has an interest, or in respect to which he has a duty, public, personal, or private, either legal, judicial, political, moral, or social. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Whether a publication is privileged is a question of law to be determined by the court. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Qualified Privilege Not Extended to Sports Reporting. — The North Carolina courts have not, as of yet, extended the doctrine of qualified privilege to the field of sports reporting, nor is there any indication that they will do so in the future. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Broadcast of Execution. — Plaintiffs (prisoner and television show host) did not have a right under either the First or Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution or under this section to audiotape or videotape prisoner/plaintiff's scheduled execution. Under § 15-190 the execution was under the supervision and control of the warden and, as a matter of law, neither the Secretary of the North Carolina Department of Correction, nor the warden could be mandamused to permit the requested audiotaping or videotaping. Lawson v. Dixon, 336 N.C. 312, 446 S.E.2d 799 (1994).

Malice Necessary to Overcome Qualified Privilege Distinguished from "Actual Malice". — The malice necessary under North Carolina law to overcome the shield of qualified privilege should not be confused with the "actual malice" standard which has been developed from the freedom of the press decisions under U.S. Const., Amend. I. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

North Carolina equates actual malice with reckless or careless publication. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

Falsehood of Statement Not Sufficient to Establish Malice. — In cases of qualified privilege, the falsehood of the statement will not of itself be sufficient to establish malice, for there is a presumption that the publication was made bona fide. Johnston v. Time, Inc., 321 F. Supp. 837 (M.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part and vacated in part, 448 F.2d 378 (4th Cir. 1971).

County Sign Ordinance Upheld. — Provisions of a county sign ordinance did not infringe upon defendants' rights of free speech where the ordinance did not attempt to censor the content of signs or to impose any prior restraints on expressions of any kind. County of Cumberland v. Eastern Fed. Corp., 48 N.C. App. 518, 269 S.E.2d 672, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 527, 273 S.E.2d 453 (1980).

City Parade Ordinance Constitutional. — Where a city's parade ordinance was codified under the general heading of traffic, its language was directed to the time, place and manner of parades, and it neither imposed restraint upon speech concerning political matters or matters of public concern nor contained any inkling of discrimination against defendant, who was arrested for participating in a parade without a permit, the ordinance was constitutionally valid. State v. Frinks, 284 N.C. 472, 201 S.E.2d 858 (1974).

Accosting of customers in a private parking lot at a privately owned and operated mall to sign a petition, which was a type of solicitation prohibited by the owners of the mall, was not an exercise of free speech protected by U.S. Const., Amend. I or by N.C. Const., Art. I. State v. Felmet, 302 N.C. 173, 273 S.E.2d 708 (1981).

Editorial Comment. — Editor of a city paper who commented in a sarcastic manner concerning action of city council "with the verbal backing of the mayor" in voting for purchase of a lot by the city did not abuse privilege granted by this section. Yancey v. Gillespie, 242 N.C. 227, 87 S.E.2d 210 (1955).

A contract entered into upon the sale of a newspaper, providing that the seller would not, for a period of ten years, be connected with any newspaper in the State without obtaining the consent of the purchaser, was not void under this section. Cowan v. Fairbrother, 118 N.C. 406, 24 S.E. 212 (1896).

Employee's Right to Free Speech. — The test of whether speech that allegedly leads to the discharge of an employee involves a matter of public concern is whether the employee was speaking as a citizen about matters of public concern, or as an employee on matters of personal interest. Evans v. Cowan, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 170 (1999).

No Right to Recover Against Employer in Individual Capacity. — A public employee who suffers retaliation for his protected speech has a cause of action against his employer directly under this section, and even though sovereign immunity does not bar such a suit, the state constitution does not create a right to recovery against a public employer in his individual capacity. Myers v. Town of Landis, 957 F. Supp. 762 (M.D.N.C. 1996).

Establishing Claim of Retaliatory Discharge. — To properly advance a claim that an employee was discharged in retaliation for exercising her free speech rights under the State Constitution, the speech at issue first must involve a matter of public concern, and, second, such protected speech or activity must have been the motivating or "but for" cause for the employee's discharge. Evans v. Cowan, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 170 (1999).

Private Employment. — Plaintiff's refusal to remove a sticker of the Confederate flag from his tool box, which was carried out in private employment, was not constitutionally protected activity. Johnson v. Mayo Yarns, Inc., 126 N.C. App. 292, 484 S.E.2d 840 (1997), cert. denied, 346 N.C. 547, 488 S.E.2d 802 (1997).

Sec. 15. Education.

The people have a right to the privilege of education, and it is the duty of the State to guard and maintain that right.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 27, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on state regulation of private religious schools, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 405 (1980).

For article analyzing the evolution of first amendment speech rights in North Carolina, see 4 Campbell L. Rev. 243 (1982).

For note, "Delconte v. State: Some Thoughts on Home Education," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1302 (1986).

For article, "Constitutional Rights of Students, Their Families, and Teachers in the Public Schools," see 10 Campbell L. Rev. 353 (1988).

For article, "Of Libel, Language, and Law: New York Times v. Sullivan at Twenty-Five," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 273 (1990).

For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

For note on Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997), annotated under this section, see 76 N.C.L. Rev. 1481 (1998).

CASE NOTES

Mandate of Section. — The provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. IX, § 2(1), with the activating statutes, embody a mandate for the establishment of free public schools in North Carolina, the untrammeled privilege of education for all students, and the duty of the State to maintain and guard that right, while guaranteeing equal opportunities to all students. Webster v. Perry, 512 F.2d 612 (4th Cir. 1975).

Challenge to School Financing. — Action for declaratory and injunctive relief brought by minors who were or would be in the future enrolled in public schools in the county, and their parents or legal guardians, alleging that the present statutory system of financing public schools in this State resulted in inequities in educational programs and facilities between the public schools within that county, which had a relatively low tax base from which to draw funds, and those in other counties with relatively high tax bases, and that the operation of five separate school systems in that county prohibited effective use of facilities and staff and promoted inequitable use of State and local funds, thus depriving them of equal opportunity to a free public school education in violation of this section, N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 1 and 19, and Art. IX, § 2(1), failed to allege facts entitling them to relief or conferring jurisdiction on the courts of this State. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

Fee waiver policy adopted by city board of education was unconstitutional where it failed to establish mechanism by which the schools would affirmatively notify students and their parents of the availability of a waiver or reduction of the fee or by which the students or parents themselves might apply for a partial or complete exemption from the fee requirements, since the waiver policy did not fairly guarantee to low income and indigent students their right of equal access to the educational opportunities available at their schools and did not accord procedural due process to such students. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

No Right to Disseminate Pornography. — The right to an education does not involve the right to disseminate material which, but for its use in an educational context, would otherwise be deemed obscene. Any serious educational value of sexually-explicit materials must be derived, in turn, from some serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value. State v. Watson, 88 N.C. App. 624, 364 S.E.2d 683, cert. denied, 322 N.C. 485, 370 S.E.2d 235 (1988).

Discipline of Disabled Student Proper. — Plaintiffs, student's parents, offered no evidence to show a violation of any North Carolina statute or the North Carolina Constitution where student diagnosed with attention deficit hyperactivity disorder admitted that he had a gun clip with live bullets in school and he was subjected to external school suspension, his parents attended and participated in disciplinary proceedings, and he was assigned to management school which could accommodate his specialized needs. Glen ex rel. Glen v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Sch. Bd. of Educ., 903 F. Supp. 918 (W.D.N.C. 1995).

Sound Basic Education. — Article I, Section 15 and Article IX, Section 2 of the North Carolina Constitution combine to guarantee every child of this state an opportunity to receive a sound basic education in our public schools. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

For purposes of our Constitution, a sound basic education will provide the student with at

least: (1) sufficient ability to read, write, and speak English and a sufficient knowledge of fundamental math and physical science to enable the student to function in a complex and rapidly changing society; (2) sufficient fundamental knowledge of geography, history and basic economic and political systems to enable the student to make informed choices regarding personal issues or issues that affect the community, state, and nation; (3) sufficient academic and vocational skills to enable the student to successfully engage in post-secondary education or vocational training; (4) and sufficient academic and social skills to enable the student to compete on an equal basis with others in further formal education or gainful employment. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

Equal Funding Not Required. — Although the State Constitution requires that access to a sound basic education be provided equally in every school district, the equal opportunities clause of Article IX, Section 2(1) does not require substantially equal funding or educational advantages in all school districts. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

Quoted in Givens v. Poe, 346 F. Supp. 202 (W.D.N.C. 1972); Duro v. District Att'y, 712 F.2d 96 (4th Cir. 1983).

Cited in Poovey v. Edmisten, 526 F. Supp. 759 (E.D.N.C. 1981).

Sec. 16. Ex post facto laws.

Retrospective laws, punishing acts committed before the existence of such laws and by them only declared criminal, are oppressive, unjust, and incompatible with liberty, and therefore no ex post facto law shall be enacted. No law taxing retrospectively sales, purchases, or other acts previously done shall be enacted.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 32, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 32, Const. 1868.*

"Ex Post Facto Laws" Defined. — An ex post facto law is one which either makes that a crime which was not a crime when the offense was committed or which imposes a heavier sentence than that which was prescribed by law at that time. State v. Broadway, 157 N.C. 598, 72 S.E. 987 (1911).

Whenever a retrospective statute applies to crimes and penalties, it is an ex post facto law. State v. Bond, 49 N.C. 9 (1856); State v. Bell, 61 N.C. 76 (1867).

Section Applies Only to Criminal Statutes. — Constitutional prohibitions of ex post facto legislation apply only to criminal proceedings. Stanback v. Citizens Nat'l Bank, 197 N.C. 292, 148 S.E. 313 (1929); North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 52 N.C. App. 1, 277 S.E.2d 827 (1981), modified and aff'd, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982).

And to Legislative, Not Judicial Action. — There is no violation of the ex post facto clause in the Constitution of this State when a judicial decision is applied retroactively, because the clause applies to legislative and not judicial action. A party has no vested right in a decision of this State's Supreme Court. State v. Rivens, 299 N.C. 385, 261 S.E.2d 867 (1980); State v. Funderburk, 56 N.C. App. 119, 286 S.E.2d 884 (1982).

And Is Inapplicable to Attorney Disciplinary Proceedings. — The doctrine of ex post facto laws does not apply to attorney disciplinary proceedings. North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 52 N.C. App. 1, 277 S.E.2d 827 (1981), modified and aff'd, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982).

Judicial Abrogation of Common-Law Criminal Principles. — Whereas this decision holds that the year and a day rule as formerly utilized in murder prosecutions is no longer part of the common law of the state, to apply this decision abrogating the year and a day rule to permit defendant to be convicted of murder in the present case would, at the very least, permit his conviction upon less evidence than would have been required to convict him of that crime at the time the victim died and would, for that reason, violate the principles preventing the application of ex post facto laws. The judgment against defendant for second degree murder was vacated where defendant did not die within a year and a day of the acts in question; however, under the circumstances of this case, a conviction for involuntary manslaughter was appropriate. State v. Vance, 328 N.C. 613, 403 S.E.2d 495 (1991).

An increase in a criminal penalty by legislative action may not constitutionally

be applied retroactively. State v. Waddell, 282 N.C. 431, 194 S.E.2d 19 (1973).

Where the punishment at the time of the offense was death or life imprisonment in the discretion of the jury, a change by the legislature to death alone would be ex post facto as to offenses committed prior to the change. State v. Waddell, 282 N.C. 431, 194 S.E.2d 19 (1973).

Any legislation which increases the punishment for a crime between the time the offense was committed and the time a defendant is punished therefor is considered an invalid ex post facto law as applied to that defendant. State v. Wright, 302 N.C. 122, 273 S.E.2d 699 (1981).

Nor May an Increase by Judicial Action. — While the letter of the ex post facto clause is addressed to legislative action, the constitutional ban against the retroactive increase of punishment for a crime applies as well against judicial action having the same effect. State v. Waddell, 282 N.C. 431, 194 S.E.2d 19 (1973).

Timing of Acts and Result of Murder. — Depriving defendant of the defense of the "year and a day" rule based on the Supreme Court's prospective abrogation of that rule in State v. Vance, 328 N.C. 613, 403 S.E.2d 495 (1991) violated the prohibition against ex post facto laws where the murderous acts occurred prior to the abrogation and the victim's death occurred after the abrogation but more than a year and a day after the murderous acts. State v. Robinson, 335 N.C. 146, 436 S.E.2d 125 (1993).

A retrospective statute is not necessarily void. Tabor v. Ward, 83 N.C. 291 (1880).

Generally, the legislature may validate retrospectively any proceeding which might have been authorized in advance, even though its act may operate to divest a right of action existing in favor of an individual or subject him to a loss he would otherwise not have incurred. This general rule is subject, however, to some exceptions. Anderson v. Wilkins, 142 N.C. 154, 55 S.E. 272 (1906).

Although vested rights may not be affected by retroactive laws, contingent interests may be affected thereby; thus, where there is a voluntary trust estate with the limitation over upon a contingent determinable at some future time as to the persons who take thereunder, the power of revocation of the trust given by § 39-6 is not objectionable as falling within the constitutional inhibition. Stanback v. Citizens Nat'l Bank, 197 N.C. 292, 148 S.E. 313 (1929).

Amendment made in 1991 to §§ 122C-268.1(i) and 122C-276.1(c), which required respondent to bear the burden of proof to show that he was no longer dangerous or mentally ill and opened the hearing to the public, were procedural changes that did not violate substantive rights or protections though they could have disadvantaged respondent. Therefore, there was no violation of the Ex Post Facto Clause. In re Hayes, 111 N.C. App. 384, 432 S.E.2d 862, appeal dismissed, 335 N.C. 173, 436 S.E.2d 376 (1993).

Application Only to Tax Statutes Taxing Retrospectively. — This section applies only to tax statutes "taxing retrospectively sales, purchases, or other acts previously done." Chapter 1052 of Session Laws 1987 (Reg. Sess., 1988) is not a tax or revenue statute within the meaning of N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23. North Carolina E. Mun. Power v. Wake County, 100 N.C. App. 693, 398 S.E.2d 486 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

Unemployment Compensation Taxes. — Taxes levied for the year 1936 under the Unemployment Compensation Act, § 96-1 et seq., were void as violating this section. Unemployment Comp. Comm'n v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 215 N.C. 491, 2 S.E.2d 592 (1939).

Tax Not Retrospective. — Contention that as to appellant § 105-282.7 was a retrospective tax in violation of this section was without merit, where the statute was ratified in 1981 and did not become effective until January 1, 1982, and where appellant was not taxed under it for any period prior to its enactment. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Validation of proceedings for improvement of streets and sidewalks which were begun and which have been concluded without an initial petition is proper and such act cannot be successfully attacked because it is retroactive or retrospective. Holton v. Town of Mocksville, 189 N.C. 144, 126 S.E. 326 (1925); Unemployment Comp. Comm'n v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 215 N.C. 491, 2 S.E.2d 592 (1939).

As to prosecution for wilful failure to support illegitimate child born after the passage of the statute although the child was begotten before the effective date of the statute, see State v. Mansfield, 207 N.C. 233, 176 S.E. 761 (1934).

Use of Adjudication of Juvenile Delinquency Permitted. — Defendant's contention that use of an adjudication of juvenile delinquency as an aggravating factor in sentencing an adult defendant violates the ex post facto provisions of our state and federal constitutions was unfounded. State v. Taylor, 128 N.C. App. 394, 496 S.E.2d 811 (1998), review denied, — N.C. —, 505 S.E.2d 884 (1998), appeal dismissed, — N.C. —, 505 S.E.2d 884 (1998), aff'd, 349 N.C. 219, 504 S.E.2d 785 (1998).

Applied in In re Stedman, 305 N.C. 92, 286 S.E.2d 527 (1982); Smith v. American & Efird Mills, 305 N.C. 507, 290 S.E.2d 634 (1982).

Cited in State v. Kirkman, 293 N.C. 447, 238 S.E.2d 456 (1977).

Sec. 17. Slavery and involuntary servitude.

Slavery is forever prohibited. Involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the parties have been adjudged guilty, is forever prohibited.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 33, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Cited in State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972); State v. Davis, 282 N.C. 107, 191 S.E.2d 664 (1972); State v. Underwood, 283 N.C. 154, 195 S.E.2d 489 (1973); Williams v. Town of Grifton, 19 N.C. App. 462, 199 S.E.2d 288 (1973); Crowell v. Chapman, 306 N.C. 540, 293 S.E.2d 767 (1982).

Sec. 18. Courts shall be open.

All courts shall be open; every person for an injury done him in his lands, goods, person, or reputation shall have remedy by due course of law; and right and justice shall be administered without favor, denial, or delay.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 35, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on unborn child being a person within the meaning of this section, see 28 N.C.L. Rev. 245 (1950).

For note on criminal defendants' rights during sentencing, see 50 N.C.L. Rev. 925 (1977).

For survey of 1981 constitutional law, see 60 N.C.L. Rev. 1272 (1982).

For note, "Wilder v. Amatex Corp.: A First Step Toward Ameliorating the Effect of Statutes of Repose on Plaintiffs with Delayed Manifestation Diseases," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 416 (1986).

For note on the six year statutory bar to products liability actions, in light of Tetterton v. Long Manufacturing Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985), see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1157 (1986).

For article, "The American Medical Association vs. The American Tort System," see 8 Campbell L. Rev. 241 (1986).

For comment on tort reform, see 10 Campbell L. Rev. 439 (1988).

For article, "North Carolina Employment Law After Coman: Reaffirming Basic Rights in the Workplace," see 24 Wake Forest L. Rev. 905 (1989).

For note, "The North Carolina Supreme Court Engages in Stealthy Judicial Legislation: Doe v. Holt," see 71 N.C.L. Rev. 1227 (1993).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Access to the Courts.
III. Public Trials.
IV. Delay, Generally.
V. Speedy Criminal Trials.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 35, Const. 1868.*

Notice and an opportunity to be heard prior to depriving a person of his property are essential elements of due process of law which are guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and this section. State v. Cox, 90 N.C. App. 742, 370 S.E.2d 260 (1988).

Presumption That Proceedings Be Open. — The framers' use of the imperative word "shall" places constitutional limits on a court's discretion in exercising control of its proceedings and creates a strong presumption that court proceedings be open to the litigants and the public; however, there are some circumstances when a court may close proceedings and seal court records. Virmani v. Presbyterian Health Servs., 127 N.C. App. 629, 493 S.E.2d 310 (1997).

Waiver of Rights. — While every reasonable presumption will be indulged against a waiver of fundamental constitutional rights by a defendant in a criminal prosecution, a defendant may waive the benefit of constitutional

guarantees by express consent, by failure to assert them in apt time, or by conduct inconsistent with a purpose to insist upon them. State v. Hutchins, 303 N.C. 321, 279 S.E.2d 788 (1981).

There is no constitutional impediment to arbitration agreements. Miller v. Two State Constr. Co., 118 N.C. App. 412, 455 S.E.2d 678 (1995).

Waiver by Arbitration. — An agreement to arbitrate a dispute is not an unenforceable contract requiring waiver of a jury; thus, the trial court erred in concluding that because arbitration provision did not provide for trial of facts by a jury that it was unconscionable and unenforceable under § 22B-10, and in violation of N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 18 and 25. Miller v. Two State Constr. Co., 118 N.C. App. 412, 455 S.E.2d 678 (1995).

Indictment, Arraignment and Trial on Same Day. — Defendant's indictment, arraignment, and trial on the same day on a burglary charge was not such a flagrant violation of his due process rights that the court was required to dismiss the burglary indictment, since defendant, by not contesting indictments for armed robbery, larceny, and rape, conceded that he had been given sufficient time in which to prepare a defense on such charges; the burglary indictment arose out of the same series of events which led to the three other indictments; the offenses took place at such close proximity in time that any defense which counsel might have prepared to the charge of burglary could not have significantly differed from the defenses he prepared to the charges of larceny, armed robbery, and rape; and any proof of the nonexistence of the essential elements of burglary would necessarily be included in defendant's defense on the other charges in this case, because for each charge defendant would seek to disprove the State's evidence of the sequence of events leading up to the charge, which facts also supported the burglary indictment. State v. Revelle, 301 N.C. 153, 270 S.E.2d 476 (1980).

Foreclosure of Mortgages. — This section is not violated by §§ 45-21.34 and 45-21.35, regulating the sale of real property upon the foreclosure of mortgages or deeds of trust. Woltz v. Asheville Safe Deposit Co., 206 N.C. 239, 173 S.E. 587 (1934).

Section 45-21.36 is constitutional and valid, since it recognizes the obligation of the debtor to pay his debt and the right of the creditor to enforce payment by action in accordance with the terms of the agreement, but provides merely for judicial supervision of sales under power to the end that the price bid at the sale shall not be conclusive as to the value of the property, and that the creditor may not recover any deficiency after applying the purchase price to the notes without first accounting for the fair value of the property in accordance with well-settled principles of equity. Richmond Mtg. & Loan Corp. v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 210 N.C. 29, 185 S.E. 482 (1936), aff'd, 300 U.S. 124, 57 S. Ct. 338, 81 L. Ed. 552 (1937).

The establishment of a cartway involves the taking of private property by eminent domain, and land therefor may not be taken without giving the owner notice and an opportunity to be heard, with right of appeal according to the due course of the law. Waldroup v. Ferguson, 213 N.C. 198, 195 S.E. 615 (1938).

The rights of the appellee would be protected when the appellant failed to print the record as required, and his motion to reinstate the case, after dismissal, came too late. Cowan v. Layburn, 116 N.C. 526, 21 S.E. 175 (1895).

Offenses Against Judicial System. — A person who commits an act of embracery is liable in civil damages to one who is damaged thereby. Employers Ins. v. Hall, 49 N.C. App. 179, 270 S.E.2d 617 (1980), cert. denied, 301 N.C. 720, 276 S.E.2d 283 (1981).

Not Applicable to Undergraduate Court. — Undergraduate Court's powers are not derivative of the North Carolina judiciary system nor are they limited by the safeguards protecting a citizen in the state court system; thus, the undergraduate court could not be categorized as a "court" and the proceedings are not required to be open to the public. DTH Publishing Corp. v. University of N.C., 128 N.C. App. 534, 496 S.E.2d 8 (1998), review denied, 348 N.C. 496, 510 S.E.2d 382 (1998).

Use of Closed Circuit Television Held Adequate to Allow Defendant to Confront Child Victim. — Where, in prosecution for taking indecent liberties with a four-year-old child, during voir dire hearing as to victim's competency as a witness, defendant, although absent from the courtroom, was able to hear all testimony, interact freely with his attorney, and through his attorney confront the victim, thereby accomplishing effective cross-examination, the exclusion of defendant did not violate N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 18, 19 or 23, as the trial court's use of a closed circuit television and its act of providing defendant and his attorney adequate opportunity to communicate during the victim's testimony were sufficient to permit defendant to hear the evidence and to refute it. State v. Jones, 89 N.C. App. 584, 367 S.E.2d 139 (1988).

Prosecutor's Conflict of Interest. — A prosecutor may not be disqualified from prosecuting a criminal action in this State unless and until the trial court determines that an actual conflict of interests exists. In this context, an "actual conflict of interests" is demonstrated where a district attorney or a member of his or her staff has previously represented the defendant with regard to the charges to be prosecuted and, as a result of that former attorney-client relationship, the prosecution has obtained confidential information which

may be used to the defendant's detriment at trial. Any order of disqualification ordinarily should be directed only to individual prosecutors who have been exposed to such information. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

District Attorney's Abuse of Calendaring Authority Unconstitutional. — Where the district attorney placed a large number of cases on the printed trial calendar knowing that all of the cases would not be called, thereby providing defendants virtually no notice of which cases were actually going to be called for trial, a tactic often employed by the district attorney in an attempt to surprise criminal defense counsel, the allegations were sufficient to state a claim that the statutes which grant the district attorney calendaring authority were being applied in an unconstitutional manner in the Fourteenth Prosecutorial District. Simeon v. Hardin, 339 N.C. 358, 451 S.E.2d 858 (1994).

Jury Conversations. — Where the record established that the substance of a conversation between a juror and the court related to the juror's having "overheard something about the case," where the court excused the juror, and to insure that "no one should be suspicious" about his ability to be fair and impartial, this juror was removed from the case prior to deliberations, and where no other juror indicated that he or she had overheard anything about the case, the conversation between the court and the juror could not have influenced the verdict. State v. Harrington, 335 N.C. 105, 436 S.E.2d 235 (1993).

Applied in In re Edens, 290 N.C. 299, 226 S.E.2d 5 (1976); Petrou v. Hale, 43 N.C. App. 655, 260 S.E.2d 130 (1979); Dixon v. Peters, 63 N.C. App. 592, 306 S.E.2d 477 (1983); Pangburn v. Saad, 73 N.C. App. 336, 326 S.E.2d 365 (1985); Teleflex Info. Sys. v. Arnold, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 85 (1999).

Quoted in McLean v. Sale, 38 N.C. App. 520, 248 S.E.2d 372 (1978); Motor Inn Mgt., Inc. v. Irvin-Fuller Dev. Co., 46 N.C. App. 707, 266 S.E.2d 368 (1980); Strong v. Johnson, 53 N.C. App. 54, 280 S.E.2d 37 (1981).

Stated in State v. Carter, 322 N.C. 709, 370 S.E.2d 553 (1988).

Cited in State v. Seay, 44 N.C. App. 301, 260 S.E.2d 786 (1979); Walker v. Santos, 70 N.C. App. 623, 320 S.E.2d 407 (1984); DeSoto Trail, Inc. v. Covington Diesel, Inc., 77 N.C. App. 637, 335 S.E.2d 794 (1985); Gardner v. Asbestos Corp., 634 F. Supp. 609 (W.D.N.C. 1986); Atlantic Ins. & Realty Co. v. Davidson, 320 N.C. 159, 357 S.E.2d 668 (1987); Coman v. Thomas Mfg. Co., 325 N.C. 172, 381 S.E.2d 445 (1989); State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989); State v. Porter, 326 N.C. 489, 391 S.E.2d 144 (1990); Ragan v. County of Alamance, 98 N.C. App. 636, 391 S.E.2d 825 (1990); Harrison v. Edison Bros. Apparel Stores, 924 F.2d 530 (4th Cir. 1991); In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991); State v. McIntosh, 336 N.C. 517, 444 S.E.2d 438 (1994); Babb v. Harnett County Bd. of Educ., 118 N.C. App. 291, 454 S.E.2d 833 (1995); Glen ex rel. Glen v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Sch. Bd. of Educ., 903 F. Supp. 918 (W.D.N.C. 1995); State v. Chapman, 342 N.C. 330, 464 S.E.2d 661 (1995), cert. denied, 518 U.S. 1023, 116 S. Ct. 2560, 135 L. Ed. 2d 1077 (1996); State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997); Lake James Community Volunteer Fire Dep't, Inc. v. Burke County, 149 F.3d 277 (4th Cir. 1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 874, 142 L. Ed. 2d 775 (1999); State v. Bonnett, 348 N.C. 417, 502 S.E.2d 563 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 909, 142 L. Ed. 2d 907 (1999).

II. ACCESS TO THE COURTS.

This section guarantees access to the courts for redress of injuries. Bolick v. American Barmag Corp., 54 N.C. App. 589, 284 S.E.2d 188 (1981), aff'd, 306 N.C. 364, 293 S.E.2d 415 (1982).

This section guarantees to those who suffer injury to their persons, property or reputation, the right to seek redress therefor in the courts of this State; any law which attempts to deny that right runs afoul of this guarantee. Bolick v. American Barmag Corp., 54 N.C. App. 589, 284 S.E.2d 188 (1981), aff'd, 306 N.C. 364, 293 S.E.2d 415 (1982).

As to the scope and effect of this section, see also Pentuff v. Park, 194 N.C. 146, 138 S.E. 616, 53 A.L.R. 626 (1927).

Remedy Must Be Legally Cognizable. — The "remedy" constitutionally guaranteed "for an injury done" is qualified by the words "by due course of law." This means that the remedy constitutionally guaranteed must be one that is legally cognizable. The legislature has the power to define the circumstances under which a remedy is legally cognizable and those under which it is not. Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

Common Law Claims. — This section guarantees access to the courts to those who have claims, but it does not in all cases forbid the General Assembly from defining or abolishing claims which arise under the common law. Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 55 N.C. App. 686, 286 S.E.2d 876 (1982), judgment modified on other grounds, 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

Hindrance of Others' Rights Not Justified. — The salutary principle set forth in this section does not justify the use of the courts for the assertion of fanciful rights or complaints based upon imaginary wrongs to hinder or delay others in the enjoyment of rights founded upon the law and in accord with justice and fair dealing among men. Carson v. Fleming, 188 N.C. 600, 125 S.E. 259 (1924).

Statutes of Limitations. — Section 1-50 does not violate the "open courts" provision of the North Carolina Constitution. Tetterton v. Long Mfg. Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985).

Sections 1-50(5) (now 1-50(a)(5)) and 1-15(c) are not unconstitutional as being violative of the open courts provision of the North Carolina Constitution and the equal protection clauses of the State and federal Constitutions. Square D Co. v. C.J. Kern Contractors, 314 N.C. 423, 334 S.E.2d 63 (1985).

Section 1-75.12 Does Not Deny Litigants Access to North Carolina Courts. — Section 1-75.12, which gives the trial court the power to enter a stay pending final disposition of another similar action litigated in another court, does not deny litigants access to North Carolina courts in violation of this section, but merely postpones litigation here pending the resolution of the same matter in another sovereign court. Home Indem. Co. v. Hoechst-Celanese Corp., 99 N.C. App. 322, 393 S.E.2d 118 (1990).

Trial court's application of § 1-75.12 did not violate the "open courts" provision contained in this section. Lawyers Mut. Liab. Ins. Co. v. Nexsen Pruet Jacobs & Pollard, 112 N.C. App. 353, 435 S.E.2d 571 (1993).

Jurisdiction over Justiciable Matters of Civil Nature. — Except for areas specifically placing jurisdiction elsewhere (such as claims under the Workers' Compensation Act), the trial courts of North Carolina have subject matter jurisdiction over all justiciable matters of a civil nature. Harris v. Pembaur, 84 N.C. App. 666, 353 S.E.2d 673 (1987).

Contract dispute between the parties constituted a "justiciable matter" that was "cognizable" in North Carolina trial courts; therefore, the trial judge's determination that there was no subject matter jurisdiction was in error. Harris v. Pembaur, 84 N.C. App. 666, 353 S.E.2d 673 (1987).

Rights of Newspaper Included. — The open courts provision of the state constitution provides the public, including a newspaper, a constitutional right of access to the civil court proceedings regarding suspension of doctor's hospital privileges — including the videotapes, tapes, and transcripts of these proceedings — and to those portions of the court records sealed by the trial court in the orders on appeal. Virmani v. Presbyterian Health Servs., 127 N.C. App. 629, 493 S.E.2d 310 (1997).

III. PUBLIC TRIALS.

The public, and especially the parties, are entitled to see and hear what goes on in the court. That the courts are open is one of the sources of their greatest strength. In re Nowell, 293 N.C. 235, 237 S.E.2d 246 (1977).

A criminal defendant also has the right to a public trial, a right guaranteed by this section and U.S. Const., Amends. VI and XIV. The public, and especially the parties are entitled to see and hear what goes on in the courts. State v. Callahan, 102 N.C. App. 344, 401 S.E.2d 793 (1991).

In a court proceeding, all parties are entitled to be present at all stages so that they may hear the evidence and have an opportunity to refute it if they can. Raper v. Berrier, 246 N.C. 193, 97 S.E.2d 782 (1957); Cook v. Cook, 5 N.C. App. 652, 169 S.E.2d 29 (1969).

Judge's announcement of his ruling in open court could not reasonably be characterized as a hearing, much less one at which defendant's presence was required, where judge simply took a final step in the process of deciding whether to release any part of defendant's prison records to the prosecution and announced his decision from the bench. State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1002, 118 S. Ct. 573, 139 L. Ed. 2d 412 (1997).

The trial and disposition of criminal cases is the public's business and ought to be conducted in public in open court. In re Nowell, 293 N.C. 235, 237 S.E.2d 246 (1977).

In every criminal prosecution it is the right of the accused to be present throughout the trial, unless he waives the right. And in capital trials such rights cannot be waived by the prisoner. State v. Pope, 257 N.C. 326, 126 S.E.2d 126 (1963), commented on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 260.

Judge's Ex Parte Communications with Jury Before Verdict. — Where, during the course of the trial, the presiding trial judge engaged in an ex parte communication with the jury, and prior to reconvening court, the judge entered the jury room where the jurors had gathered and was alone with the jurors, this conduct on the part of the presiding judge violated the defendant's rights under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 and this section, and U.S. Const., Amends. VI and XIV. State v. Callahan, 102 N.C. App. 344, 401 S.E.2d 793 (1991).

Clearing Courtroom During Testimony of Child Rape Victim. — In a prosecution for first-degree rape of a child, the constitutional right of defendant to a public trial was not violated by the court's order, entered pursuant to § 15-166, that during the testimony of the seven-year-old victim the courtroom would be cleared of all persons except defendant, defendant's family, defense counsel, defense witnesses, the prosecutor, the State's witnesses, officers of the court, members of the jury and members of the victim's family. State v. Burney, 302 N.C. 529, 276 S.E.2d 693 (1981).

Questioning of Child in Custody Proceeding. — Without doubt the court may question a child in open court in a custody proceed-

ing, but it can do so privately only by consent of the parties. Cook v. Cook, 5 N.C. App. 652, 169 S.E.2d 29 (1969).

In a proceeding for the custody of a minor child, where the judge conferred with the minor in chambers in the absence of counsel and the parties, the judgment would be reversed and the cause sent back for rehearing upon objection duly entered by petitioner, the record failing to show consent or waiver of his constitutional right. Raper v. Berrier, 246 N.C. 193, 97 S.E.2d 782 (1957).

Civil Commitment Proceedings. — This section does not create a constitutional right on the part of the press and public to attend civil commitment proceedings. WSOC Television, Inc. v. State ex rel. Att'y Gen., 107 N.C. App. 448, 420 S.E.2d 682, cert. denied, 333 N.C. 168, 424 S.E.2d 905 (1992).

Exclusion of Former Attorney Not Warranted. — In a special proceeding initiated by plaintiffs for the partition of certain land held as a tenancy in common, plaintiffs' former attorney was not subject to being excluded from the courtroom merely because he filed a pleading adverse to plaintiffs' interest after they had terminated his services, especially in light of the fact that the record affirmatively disclosed that he did not represent anyone or take part in or affect the trial in any way. Ingram v. Craven, 68 N.C. App. 502, 315 S.E.2d 364 (1984).

Judge's Warning to Restrict Public Egress Was Proper. — Where trial judge informed those in the courtroom that he was concerned that the jury would be distracted by movement of spectators in and out of the room, and where he consequently warned them that if they wished to leave the courtroom, they should do so immediately, for they would not be allowed to do so after closing arguments began, barring an emergency, the order was not a denial of a public trial in violation of this section since the judge did not vacate the courtroom nor bar the courtroom door without due warning to those within and without, and since the judge was authorized under § 15A-1034(a) to impose reasonable limitations on access to the courtroom. State v. Clark, 324 N.C. 146, 377 S.E.2d 54 (1989).

IV. DELAY, GENERALLY.

The creation of inferior courts by the legislature has been useful in the administration of justice without "delay" in accordance with this section. Albertson v. Albertson, 207 N.C. 547, 178 S.E. 352 (1935).

A motion for a continuance is addressed to the discretion of the trial judge to be determined by him upon the facts in the exercise of his duty to administer right and justice without sale, denial, or delay. State v. Godwin, 216 N.C. 49, 3 S.E.2d 347 (1939).

Delay Caused by Irregular Pleading. — Under the provisions of this section an adversary party ought not to be delayed in the final adjudication of the controversy by the fact that the exceptions taken by the opposite party are so drawn as to take two chances, first of a favorable decision by the court, and then of a finding in his favor by the jury. Nor ought he to be delayed because the demand for a jury trial fails to point out the precise issue as to which testimony must be offered. Keystone Driller Co. v. Worth, 118 N.C. 746, 24 S.E. 517 (1896).

Disregarding Attempted Appeal from Nonappealable Order. — In order to promote the principle set forth in this section, courts may disregard an attempted appeal from a nonappealable interlocutory order and proceed with trial to avoid delay. Veazey v. City of Durham, 231 N.C. 357, 57 S.E.2d 377, reh'g denied, 232 N.C. 744, 59 S.E.2d 429 (1950).

The denial of a motion for judgment on the pleadings is not immediately appealable, since otherwise a litigant could delay the administration of justice in contravention of this section. Garrett v. Rose, 236 N.C. 299, 72 S.E.2d 843 (1952).

Delay Not Wilful. — There was no showing that the prosecution wilfully or through neglect or for improper purposes delayed defendant's trial where the delay was due largely to the operation of neutral factors and not to any malevolent intent on the part of the prosecution. State v. Webster, 337 N.C. 674, 447 S.E.2d 349 (1994).

Delay Not Found. — Plaintiff offered no evidence to support the claim that the dual role served by the Attorney General's Office both in representing defendant institution and being legal advisor to State Personnel Commission caused actual bias or unfair prejudice to plaintiff, nor that it created any delay in the disposition of her claims. Dorsey v. UNC-Wilmington, 122 N.C. App. 58, 468 S.E.2d 557 (1996).

V. SPEEDY CRIMINAL TRIALS.

Right to Speedy Trial. — Every person formally accused of crime is guaranteed a speedy and impartial trial by this section and U.S. Const., Amend. VI and XIV. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

Prisoners confined for unrelated crimes are entitled to the benefits of the constitutional guaranty of a speedy and impartial trial. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

The constitutional guarantee of a speedy trial does not outlaw good faith delays which are reasonably necessary for the State to prepare and present its case. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

Time Period Involved in Right to Speedy Trial. — The right to a speedy trial pertains to

the time period between the date of the occurrence of the alleged crime and the date when a defendant is "accused" of committing that crime, and an individual becomes "accused" of a crime for the purpose of calculating the length of this delay when he is either arrested or indicted. State v. Salem, 50 N.C. App. 419, 274 S.E.2d 501, cert. denied, 302 N.C. 401, 279 S.E.2d 355 (1981).

Unless some fixed time limit is prescribed by statute, speedy trial questions must be resolved on a case-by-case basis. While all relevant circumstances must be considered, four interrelated factors are of primary significance: (1) the length of delay, (2) the reason for the delay, (3) the extent to which defendant has asserted his right and (4) the extent to which defendant has been prejudiced. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978); State v. Bare, 77 N.C. App. 516, 335 S.E.2d 748 (1985), cert. denied, 315 N.C. 392, 338 S.E.2d 881 (1986).

Undue delay which is arbitrary and oppressive or the result of deliberate prosecution efforts to hamper the defense violates the constitutional right to a speedy trial. State v. Bare, 77 N.C. App. 516, 335 S.E.2d 748 (1985), cert. denied, 315 N.C. 392, 338 S.E.2d 881 (1986).

Defendant Causing Delay Not Denied Speedy Trial. — A criminal defendant who has caused or acquiesced in a delay will not be permitted to use it as a vehicle in which to escape justice. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

Right Must Be Asserted. — Failure to assert the right will make it difficult for a defendant to prove that he was denied a speedy trial. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

Defendant's failure to assert her speedy trial right sooner in the process did not foreclose her speedy trial claim, but it did weigh somewhat against her contention that she had been unconstitutionally denied a speedy trial. State v. Webster, 337 N.C. 674, 447 S.E.2d 349 (1994).

Burden on Defendant. — The length of a delay is not determinative of whether a violation has occurred; the issue must be resolved on the facts of each case, and the defendant has the burden of establishing that the delay was purposeful or oppressive or by reasonable effort could have been avoided by the State. State v. Bare, 77 N.C. App. 516, 335 S.E.2d 748 (1985), cert. denied, 315 N.C. 392, 338 S.E.2d 881 (1986).

Defendant's assertion of his speedy trial right is entitled to strong evidentiary weight in determining whether he is being deprived of such right. State v. Tindall, 294 N.C. 689, 242 S.E.2d 806 (1978).

Defendant was not deprived of his constitutional right to a speedy trial as guaranteed by this section, since delay of two and one-half years was not inordinate, State had a legitimate reason for its delay and defendant showed no prejudice resulting from the delay. State v. Avery, 95 N.C. App. 572, 383 S.E.2d 224 (1989), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 326 N.C. 51, 389 S.E.2d 96 (1990).

Defendant Denied Right to Speedy Trial. — Where defendant's case did not occur until nearly three years from the date of arrest for trafficking in cocaine by transporting cocaine, and during that time the case was placed on the trial calendar thirty-one times, but never called by the district attorney, and essential witness was no longer available at time of trial, defendant suffered substantial prejudice, and was denied his right to a speedy trial. State v. Chaplin, 122 N.C. App. 659, 471 S.E.2d 653 (1996).

Balancing the four factors enunciated in Barker v. Wingo, 407 U.S. 514, 92 S.Ct. 2182, 33 L.Ed.2d 101 (1972), defendant was not denied the right to a speedy trial and there was no reasonable probability that had counsel advanced a motion to dismiss based on denial of that right, the result of the proceeding would have been different. State v. Johnson, 124 N.C. App. 462, 478 S.E.2d 16 (1996).

Where there was some prejudice to defendant caused by the delay in her trial, the weight of it in the balancing process was diminished by the absence of any impairment to her defense against the criminal charge and the absence of substantial pretrial incarceration. State v. Webster, 337 N.C. 674, 447 S.E.2d 349 (1994).

Foreign Custody and Absence of Prejudice as Factors in Denying Speedy Trial Violation. — Defendant was not denied his right to a speedy trial by the delay between his indictment in November, 1977 and his trial in July, 1979, where he was either in federal custody or in custody in South Carolina except from February to September, 1978 and March to July, 1979, and the remaining time fell short of denying defendant his constitutional right to a speedy trial because there was no evidence that any of the delay for which this State was responsible prejudiced his case or his ability to present his defense. State v. Lynch, 300 N.C. 534, 268 S.E.2d 161 (1980).

Sec. 19. Law of the land; equal protection of the laws.

No person shall be taken, imprisoned, or disseized of his freehold, liberties, or privileges, or outlawed, or exiled, or in any manner deprived of his life,

liberty, or property, but by the law of the land. No person shall be denied the equal protection of the laws; nor shall any person be subjected to discrimination by the State because of race, color, religion, or national origin.

Cross References. — As to the rights of the defendant in a criminal prosecution, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23. For provision that no person shall be excluded from jury service on account of sex, race, color, religion or national origin, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 26.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 17, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on eminent domain in North Carolina, see 35 N.C.L. Rev. 296 (1957).

For note on right of confrontation at presentence investigation, see 41 N.C.L. Rev. 260 (1963).

For comment on the cul-de-sac doctrine, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 850 (1966).

For case law survey as to eminent domain, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 941, 1003 (1966).

For case law survey as to due process and double jeopardy, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 881 (1967).

For case law survey as to right to notice and hearing, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 883 (1967).

For case law survey as to property rights, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 887 (1967).

For comment on the public purpose doctrine, see 3 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 37 (1967).

For note on statutory requirement of safety helmets for motorcyclists, see 6 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 349 (1970).

For article surveying recent decisions by the North Carolina Supreme Court in the area of criminal procedure, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 262 (1971).

For note analyzing possible constitutional barriers to judicial abrogation of contractual governmental immunity, see 12 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1082 (1976).

For note on use of physical restraints on defendant during trial, see 13 Wake Forest L. Rev. 231 (1977).

For note on the use of state constitutional law to void occupational licensing statutes which unreasonably restrict freedom of occupational choice, see 13 Wake Forest L. Rev. 507 (1977).

For survey of 1979 administrative law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1185 (1980).

For note on state regulation of public solicitation for religious purposes, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 996 (1980).

For survey of 1980 law on civil procedure, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1047 (1981).

For survey of 1980 constitutional law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1097 (1981).

For survey of 1981 constitutional law, see 60 N.C.L. Rev. 1272 (1982).

For 1984 survey, "Double Jeopardy and Substantial Rights in North Carolina Appeals," see 63 N.C.L. Rev. 1061 (1985).

For note on the Declaratory Judgment Act and due process in expulsions from voluntary trade associations, in light of Harrison v. Gaston Bd. of Realtors, Inc., 311 N.C. 230, 316 S.E.2d 59 (1984), see 21 Wake Forest L. Rev. 121 (1985).

For note, "Wilder v. Amatex Corp.: A First Step Toward Ameliorating the Effect of Statutes of Repose on Plaintiffs with Delayed Manifestation Diseases," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 416 (1986).

For article, "The Battle to Preserve North Carolina's Estuarine Marshes: The 1985 Legislation, Private Claims to Estuarine Marshes, Denial of Permits to Fill, and the Public Trust," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 565 (1986).

For note on the six year statutory bar to products liability actions, in light of Tetterton v. Long Manufacturing Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985), see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1157 (1986).

For note on the retroactive application of section 39-13.6 under a vested rights analysis, see 65 N.C.L. Rev. 1195 (1987).

For note discussing the evolution of the law governing double jeopardy and multiple punishments in a single prosecution context, particularly with regard to larceny and breaking and entering, in light of State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986), see 65 N.C.L. Rev. 1267 (1987).

For note, "Does Double Jeopardy Include a Double Standard?," see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 1191 (1988).

For article, "In Defense of Aston Park: The Case for State Substantive Due Process Review of Health Care Regulation," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 253 (1990).

For article, "Ake Revisited: Expert Psychiatric Witnesses Remain Beyond Reach for the Indigent," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 763 (1990).

For note, "United States v. Halper: Remedial Justice and Double Jeopardy," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 979 (1990).

For essay, "Liberty, the 'Law of the Land,' and Abortion in North Carolina," see 71 N.C.L. Rev. 1839 (1993).

For a comment on the acquisition, abandonment, and preservation of rail corridors in North Carolina, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 1989 (1997).

For a survey of 1996 developments in the law regarding prisoner rights, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2428 (1997).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Due Process and the "Law of the Land".
III. Equal Protection.
IV. Rights of Defendants.
A. In General.
B. Composition of Juries.
C. Double Jeopardy.
D. Right to Counsel.
E. Time to Prepare Defense.
F. Witnesses.
G. Identification of Defendant.
H. Self-Incrimination.
I. Restraint of Defendant at Trial.
J. Punishment.
V. Juvenile Proceedings.
VI. Police Power.
VII. Taking of Private Property for Public Use.
A. In General.
B. Public Use.
C. Compensation.
D. Substitute Condemnation.
E. Illustrative Cases.
VIII. Taxation.
IX. Miscellaneous Rights.
X. Challenges to Statutes, etc., on Constitutional Grounds.
XI. Illustrative Cases.
A. Statutes, Proceedings, etc., Upheld.
B. Statutes, Proceedings, etc., Held Unconstitutional.
C. Sunday Closing Laws.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 17, Const. 1868.*

"Liberty". — The term "liberty," as used in this section, is as extensive as is the same term as used in U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of N. Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

Federal Decisions Do Not Control Interpretation by North Carolina Supreme Court. — Decisions by the federal courts as to the construction and effect of the due process clause of the United States Constitution are binding on the North Carolina Supreme Court; however, such decisions, although persuasive, do not control an interpretation by the North Carolina Supreme Court of this section. The North Carolina Supreme Court will therefore make an independent determination of the constitutional rights of the plaintiffs under this section. McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

Claims asserted in the State Court on the basis of the North Carolina Constitution were not identical to the claims asserted by the plaintiff in the Federal Court on the basis of freedom of speech and press under the United States Constitution and dismissal of the state claims on the basis of res judicata was error. Evans v. Cowan, 122 N.C. App. 181, 468 S.E.2d 575 (1996), cert. denied, 343 N.C. 510, 471 S.E.2d 634, aff'd, 345 N.C. 177, 477 S.E.2d 926 (1996).

N.C. Const., Art. I, § 14 and this section do not require that a statewide standard be judicially incorporated into § 14-190.1 in order to render the statute facially valid. State v. Mayes, 323 N.C. 159, 371 S.E.2d 476 (1988), cert. denied, 488 U.S. 1009, 109 S. Ct. 792, 102 L. Ed. 2d 784 (1989).

There is a presumption of honesty and integrity in those serving as adjudicators and a petitioner must demonstrate a risk of bias or prejudgment. In re Stuart, 59 N.C. App. 715, 297 S.E.2d 621 (1982).

When Legislature May Grant Special Exemption from Duty Imposed on Citizens Generally. — The limitation of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 32, like that of this section, does not apply to an exemption from a duty imposed upon citizens generally if the purpose of the exemption is the promotion of the general welfare, as distinguished from the benefit of the individual, and if there is reasonable basis for the legislature to conclude that the granting of the exemption would be in the public interest. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Contempt Proceedings. — A person denying his asserted violation of a restraining order in contempt proceedings has the right, under the provisions of this section, to confront and cross-examine the witnesses by whose testimony the asserted violation is to be established, but the right is waivable. Lowder v. All Star Mills, Inc., 45 N.C. App. 348, 263 S.E.2d 624 (1980), aff'd in part and rev'd in part, 301 N.C. 561, 273 S.E.2d 247 (1981).

Injunction Against Expenditure of Public Funds for Corporation Not Created for Public Purpose. — If an act creating a corporation is unconstitutional as violative of N.C. Const., Art. V, § 2 and this section and of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, § 1 and is void because the purpose for which the corporation was created is not a public purpose, then a taxpayer may maintain an action to restrain state officials from paying to the corporation and the corporation from using money appropriated out of the general fund. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

Requirement That Taxpayer Reduce His Carryover Losses Not Violative of This Section. — The requirement that the taxpayer reduce his North Carolina carryover losses by his non-North Carolina income did not result in a sophisticated scheme which belatedly taxed the non-North Carolina income and did not violate either the due process clause of the United States Constitution or the law of the land clause of this section. Aronov v. Secretary of Revenue, 323 N.C. 132, 371 S.E.2d 468, rehearing denied, 323 N.C. 480, 373 S.E.2d 860 (1988), cert. denied, 489 U.S. 1096, 109 S. Ct. 1568, 103 L. Ed. 2d 935 (1989).

A governmental agency is not precluded from competing with its franchisee, despite the fact that the value of the franchise is diminished or destroyed by such competition. Such competition does not result in a taking or injuring of the franchisee's property without due process of law. Stillings v. City of Winston-Salem, 311 N.C. 689, 319 S.E.2d 233 (1984).

Applied in Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971); In re Hawkins, 17 N.C. App. 378, 194 S.E.2d 540 (1973); State v. Alderman, 25 N.C. App. 14, 212 S.E.2d 205 (1975); State v. Branch, 288 N.C. 514, 220 S.E.2d 495 (1975); State v. Putman, 28 N.C. App. 70, 220 S.E.2d 176 (1975); State v. Robinson, 290 N.C. 56, 224 S.E.2d 174 (1976); Nantz v. Employment Sec. Comm'n, 290 N.C. 473, 226 S.E.2d 340 (1976); State v. Hunter, 290 N.C. 556, 227 S.E.2d 535 (1976); Poole v. Hanover Brook, Inc., 34 N.C. App. 550, 239 S.E.2d 479 (1977); Duggins v. North Carolina State Bd. of CPA Exmrs., 294 N.C. 120, 240 S.E.2d 406 (1978); State v. Gunther, 38 N.C. App. 279, 248 S.E.2d 97 (1978); State v. Williams, 295 N.C. 655, 249 S.E.2d 709 (1978); Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979); North Carolina Nat'l Bank v. Burnette, 297 N.C. 524, 256 S.E.2d 388 (1979); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); American Mfrs. Mut. Ins. Co. v. Ingram, 43 N.C. App. 621, 260 S.E.2d 120 (1979); Wall & Ochs, Inc. v. Hicks, 469 F. Supp. 873 (E.D.N.C. 1979); Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980); State v. Williams, 51 N.C. App. 613, 277 S.E.2d 546 (1981); State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981); State v. Maher, 54 N.C. App. 639, 284 S.E.2d 351 (1981); Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 55 N.C. App. 686, 286 S.E.2d 876 (1982); White v. Pate, 58 N.C. App. 402, 293 S.E.2d 601 (1982); State v. Barrett, 58 N.C. App. 515, 293 S.E.2d 896 (1982); Moore v. Swinson, 58 N.C. App. 714, 294 S.E.2d 381 (1982); State v. Deyton, 59 N.C. App. 326, 296 S.E.2d 497 (1982); White v. Pate, 308 N.C. 759, 304 S.E.2d 199 (1983); Duggins v. Town of Walnut Cove, 63 N.C. App. 684, 306 S.E.2d 186 (1983); In re Rogers, 63 N.C. App. 705, 306 S.E.2d 510 (1983); State v. McCleary, 65 N.C. App. 174, 308 S.E.2d 883 (1983); State v. Rogers, 68 N.C. App. 358, 315 S.E.2d 492 (1984); McDowell v. Estate of Anderson, 69 N.C. App. 725, 318 S.E.2d 258 (1984); State v. Rose, 312 N.C. 441, 323 S.E.2d 339 (1984); Pangburn v. Saad, 73 N.C. App. 336, 326 S.E.2d 365 (1985); State v. Raines, 319 N.C. 258, 354 S.E.2d 486 (1987); In re Murphy, 105 N.C. App. 651, 414 S.E.2d 396 (1992); State v. Bromfield, 332 N.C. 24, 418 S.E.2d 491 (1992); State v. Walker, 332 N.C. 520, 422 S.E.2d 716 (1992); Davis v. Town of Southern Pines, 116 N.C. App. 663, 449 S.E.2d 240 (1994), cert. denied, 339 N.C. 737, 454 S.E.2d 648 (1995); Eastern Appraisal Servs., Inc. v. State, 118 N.C. App. 692, 457 S.E.2d 312 (1995); State v. Miller, 344 N.C. 658, 477 S.E.2d 915 (1996); Thompson v. Farmer, 945 F. Supp. 109 (W.D.N.C. 1996); Myers v. Town of Landis, 957 F. Supp. 762 (M.D.N.C. 1996); State v. Hyatt, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 90 (1999).

Quoted in State v. Mathis, 293 N.C. 660, 239 S.E.2d 245 (1977); Pinehurst Airlines v. Resort Air Servs., Inc., 476 F. Supp. 543 (M.D.N.C. 1979).

Stated in State v. Misenheimer, 304 N.C. 108, 282 S.E.2d 791 (1981); Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981); State v. Wise, 64 N.C. App. 108, 306 S.E.2d 569 (1983); In re DeLancy, 67 N.C. App. 647, 313 S.E.2d 880 (1984); Ervin v. Speece, 72 N.C. App. 366, 324 S.E.2d 299 (1985); Knight v. City of Wilmington, 73 N.C. App. 254, 326 S.E.2d 376 (1985); Ratton v. Ratton, 73 N.C. App. 642, 327 S.E.2d 1 (1985); State v. James, 111 N.C. App. 785, 433 S.E.2d 755 (1993).

Cited in McKinney v. Board of Comm'rs, 278 N.C. 295, 179 S.E.2d 313 (1971); Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972); Kenan v. Board of Adjustment, 13 N.C. App. 688, 187 S.E.2d 496 (1972); In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); Taylor v. Tri-County Elec. Membership Corp., 17 N.C. App. 143, 193 S.E.2d 402 (1972); State v. Watkins, 283 N.C. 17, 194 S.E.2d 800 (1973); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); State v. Foster, 284 N.C. 259, 200 S.E.2d 782 (1973); Sparrow v. Goodman, 376 F. Supp. 1268 (W.D.N.C. 1974); State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975); State v. Woodson, 287 N.C. 578, 215 S.E.2d 607 (1975); In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E.2d 771 (1975); Britt v. Britt, 26 N.C. App. 132, 215 S.E.2d 172 (1975); Painter v. Wake County Bd. of Educ., 288 N.C. 165, 217 S.E.2d 650 (1975); State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Ingram, 288 N.C. 381, 218 S.E.2d 364 (1975); Institutional Food House, Inc. v. Coble, 289 N.C. 123, 221 S.E.2d 297 (1976); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 289 N.C. 456, 223 S.E.2d 323 (1976); State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Auto. Rate Admin. Office, 30 N.C. App. 427, 227 S.E.2d 603 (1976); State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Auto. Rate Admin. Office, 292 N.C. 1, 231 S.E.2d 867 (1977); State v. Terry, 30 N.C. App. 372, 226 S.E.2d 846 (1976); North Carolina State Bd. of Registration v. IBM Corp., 31 N.C. App. 599, 230 S.E.2d 552 (1976); Loughlin v. North Carolina State Bd. of Registration, 32 N.C. App. 351, 232 S.E.2d 219 (1977); Biltmore Co. v. Hawthorne, 32 N.C. App. 733, 233 S.E.2d 606 (1977); State v. Giles, 34 N.C. App. 112, 237 S.E.2d 305 (1977); North Carclina Auto. Rate Admin. Office v. Ingram, 35 N.C. App. 578, 242 S.E.2d 205 (1978); Spencer v. Spencer, 37 N.C. App. 481, 246 S.E.2d 805 (1978); In re Ordinance of Annexation No. 1977-4, 296 N.C. 1, 249 S.E.2d 698 (1978); Annas v. Davis, 40 N.C. App. 51, 252 S.E.2d 28 (1979); Garrison v. Miller, 40 N.C. App. 393, 252 S.E.2d 851 (1979); State v. Brown, 53 N.C. App. 82, 280 S.E.2d 31 (1981); Hester v. Martindale-Hubbell, Inc., 659 F.2d 433 (4th Cir. 1981); Crowell v. Chapman, 306 N.C. 540, 293 S.E.2d 767 (1982); Town of Atl. Beach v. Young, 307 N.C. 422, 298 S.E.2d 686 (1983); State v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 522, 300 S.E.2d 861 (1983); Murphy v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 597, 300 S.E.2d 871 (1983); House of Raeford Farms, Inc. v. Brooks, 63 N.C. App. 106, 304 S.E.2d 619 (1983); State v. Murray, 310 N.C. 541, 313 S.E.2d 523 (1984); Cabarrus County v. City of Charlotte, 71 N.C. App. 192, 321 S.E.2d 476 (1984); State ex rel. Banking Comm'n v. Citicorp Sav. Indus. Bank, 74 N.C. App. 474, 328 S.E.2d 895 (1985); State v. Avery, 315 N.C. 1, 337 S.E.2d 786 (1985); Town of Emerald Isle v. State, 78 N.C. App. 736, 338 S.E.2d 581 (1986); United Va. Bank v. Air-Lift Assocs., 79 N.C. App. 315, 339 S.E.2d 90 (1986); State v. Perry, 316 N.C. App. 87, 340 S.E.2d 450 (1986); Yates v. Jamison, 782 F.2d 1182 (4th Cir. 1986); DiDonato v. Wortman, 80 N.C. App. 117, 341 S.E.2d 58 (1986); State v. Kuplen, 316 N.C. 387, 343 S.E.2d 793 (1986); State v. Gilliam, 317 N.C. 293, 344 S.E.2d 783 (1986); Pritchard v. Elizabeth City, 81 N.C. App. 543, 344 S.E.2d 821 (1986); State v. Hurst, 82 N.C. App. 1, 346 S.E.2d 8 (1986); Cinema I Video, Inc. v. Thornburg, 83 N.C. App. 544, 351 S.E.2d 305 (1986); State v. Stokes, 319 N.C. 1, 352 S.E.2d 653 (1987); State v. Jones, 85 N.C. App. 56, 354 S.E.2d 251, cert. denied, 320 N.C. 173, 358 S.E.2d 61, cert. denied, 484 U.S. 969, 108 S. Ct. 465, 98 L. Ed. 2d 404 (1987); State v. Robbins, 319 N.C. 465, 356 S.E.2d 279 (1987); State v. Pakulski, 319 N.C. 562, 356 S.E.2d 319 (1987); State v. Carson, 320 N.C. 328, 357 S.E.2d 662 (1987); Atlantic Ins. & Realty Co. v. Davidson, 320 N.C. 159, 357 S.E.2d 668 (1987); Jackson v. Housing Auth., 321 N.C. 584, 364 S.E.2d 416 (1988); State v. Green, 321 N.C. 594, 365 S.E.2d 587 (1988); Johnson v. Ruark Obstetrics & Gynecology Assocs., 89 N.C. App. 154, 365 S.E.2d 909 (1988); Empire Distribs. of N.C., Inc. v. Schieffelin & Co., 677 F. Supp. 847 (W.D.N.C. 1988); State v. Anderson, 322 N.C. 22, 366 S.E.2d 459 (1988); State v. Agudelo, 89 N.C. App. 640, 366 S.E.2d 921 (1988); Hedrick v. Hedrick, 90 N.C. App. 151, 368 S.E.2d 14 (1988); Truesdale v. University of N.C., 91 N.C. App. 186, 371 S.E.2d 503 (1988); State v. Ghaffar, 93 N.C. App. 281, 377 S.E.2d 818 (1989); State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Thornburg, 324 N.C. 478, 380 S.E.2d 112 (1989); In re Moravian Home, Inc., 95 N.C. App. 324, 382 S.E.2d 772 (1989); State v. Artis, 325 N.C. 278, 384 S.E.2d 470 (1989); State v. Davis, 96 N.C. App. 545, 386 S.E.2d 743 (1989); State v. Jones, 97 N.C. App. 189, 388 S.E.2d 213 (1990); Harwood v. Johnson, 326 N.C. 231, 388 S.E.2d 439 (1990); Corum v. University of N.C., 97 N.C. App. 527, 389 S.E.2d 596 (1990); Dunn v. Pate, 98 N.C. App. 351, 390 S.E.2d 712 (1990); Ragan v. County of Alamance, 98 N.C. App. 636, 391 S.E.2d 825 (1990); State v. Smith, 99 N.C. App. 184, 392 S.E.2d 625 (1990); Hawkins v. Hawkins, 101 N.C. App. 529, 400 S.E.2d 472 (1991); Weston v. Carolina Medicorp, Inc., 102 N.C. App. 370, 402 S.E.2d 653 (1991); State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991); State v. Robinson, 330 N.C. 1, 409 S.E.2d 288 (1991); State v. Maye, 104 N.C. App. 437, 410 S.E.2d 8 (1991); Howell v. Town of Carolina Beach, 106 N.C. App. 410, 417 S.E.2d 277 (1992); Blackwelder v. City of Winston-Salem, 332 N.C. 319, 420 S.E.2d 432 (1992); State v. Cunningham, 108 N.C. App. 185, 423 S.E.2d 802 (1992); Woodard v. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement Sys., 108 N.C. App. 378, 424 S.E.2d 431 (1993); State v. Ainsworth, 109 N.C. App.

136, 426 S.E.2d 410 (1993); Dunn v. Pate, 334 N.C. 115, 431 S.E.2d 178 (1993); State v. Webster, 111 N.C. App. 72, 431 S.E.2d 808 (1993), aff'd, 337 N.C. 674, 447 S.E.2d 349 (1994); Alt v. Parker, 112 N.C. App. 307, 435 S.E.2d 773 (1993); State v. Baynes, 114 N.C. App. 165, 442 S.E.2d 529 (1994); State v. McIntosh, 336 N.C. 517, 444 S.E.2d 438 (1994); Petersen v. Rowe, 337 N.C. 397, 445 S.E.2d 901 (1994); State v. Ward, 338 N.C. 64, 449 S.E.2d 709 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1134, 115 S. Ct. 2014, 131 L. Ed. 2d 1012 (1995); State v. Williams, 339 N.C. 1, 452 S.E.2d 245 (1994), cert. denied, 516 U.S. 833, 116 S. Ct. 109, 133 L. Ed. 2d 61 (1995), overruled in part, State v. Warren, 347 N.C. 309, 492 S.E.2d 609 (1997); Babb v. Harnett County Bd. of Educ., 118 N.C. App. 291, 454 S.E.2d 833 (1995); State v. Miller, 339 N.C. 663, 455 S.E.2d 137, rehearing denied, 340 N.C. 118, 458 S.E.2d 183 (1995); State v. Burr, 341 N.C. 263, 461 S.E.2d 602 (1995); Walters v. Algernon Blair, 120 N.C. App. 398, 462 S.E.2d 232 (1995); State v. Clyburn, 120 N.C. App. 377, 462 S.E.2d 538 (1995); State v. Robinson, 342 N.C. 74, 463 S.E.2d 218 (1995); State v. Jaynes, 342 N.C. 249, 464 S.E.2d 448 (1995); State v. Chapman, 342 N.C. 330, 464 S.E.2d 661 (1995), cert. denied, 518 U.S. 1023, 116 S. Ct. 2560, 135 L. Ed. 2d 1077 (1996); Glen ex rel. Glen v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Sch. Bd. of Educ., 903 F. Supp. 918 (W.D.N.C. 1995); State v. Sanders, 122 N.C. App. 691, 471 S.E.2d 641 (1996); Freeman v. Bechtel, 936 F. Supp. 320 (M.D.N.C. 1996); Miracle v. North Carolina Local Gov't Employees Retirement Sys., 124 N.C. App. 285, 477 S.E.2d 204 (1996); State v. Bond, 345 N.C. 1, 478 S.E.2d 163 (1996), reh'g denied, 345 N.C. 355, 479 S.E.2d 210, cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1124, 117 S. Ct. 2521, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1022 (1997); Salas v. McGee, 125 N.C. App. 255, 480 S.E.2d 714 (1997); State v. Fletcher, 125 N.C. App. 505, 481 S.E.2d 418 (1997), cert. denied, 346 N.C. 285, 487 S.E.2d 560 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 957, 118 S. Ct. 383, 139 L. Ed. 2d 299 (1997); State v. Fernandez, 346 N.C. 1, 484 S.E.2d 350 (1997); State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997); State v. Cummings, 346 N.C. 291, 488 S.E.2d 550 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1092, 118 S. Ct. 886, 139 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1998); State v. Adams, 347 N.C. 48, 490 S.E.2d 220 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1096, 118 S. Ct. 892, 139 L. Ed. 2d 878 (1998); State v. Jones, 347 N.C. 193, 491 S.E.2d 641 (1997); Stephens v. City of Hendersonville, 128 N.C. App. 156, 493 S.E.2d 778 (1997); State v. Blackmon, 130 N.C. App. 692, 507 S.E.2d 42 (1998), review denied, 349 N.C. 531, — S.E.2d — (1998); State v. Green, 348 N.C. 588, 502 S.E.2d 819 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 883, 142 L. Ed. 2d 783 (1999); Caudill v. Dellinger, 129 N.C. App. 649, 501 S.E.2d 99 (1998), review denied, 349 N.C. 353, — S.E.2d — (1998), aff'd, 350 N.C. 89, 511 S.E.2d 304 (1999); Goodwin v. Furr, 25 F. Supp. 2d 713 (M.D.N.C. 1998); State v. Anderson, 350 N.C. 152, 513 S.E.2d 296 (1999).

II. DUE PROCESS AND THE "LAW OF THE LAND".

"Law of the Land." — The term "law of the land" means the general law; a law which hears before it condemns; which proceeds upon inquiry, and renders judgment only after trial. The meaning is that every citizen shall hold his life, liberty, property and immunities under the protection of the general rules which govern society. Everything which may pass under the form of an enactment is not, therefore, to be considered the "law of the land." State ex rel. Caldwell v. Wilson, 121 N.C. 425, 121 N.C. 480, 28 S.E. 554, 28 S.E. 554 (1897); Parish v. East Coast Cedar Co., 133 N.C. 478, 45 S.E. 768, 98 Am. St. R. 718 (1903); State v. Collins, 169 N.C. 323, 84 S.E. 1049 (1915).

The term "law of the land" means the general law, the law which hears before it condemns; which proceeds upon inquiry, and renders judgment only after trial. It means the regular course of the administration of justice through the courts of competent jurisdiction, after the manner of such courts. Procedure must be consistent with the fundamental principles of liberty and justice. State v. Chesson, 228 N.C. 259, 45 S.E.2d 563 (1947), writ dismissed, 334 U.S. 806, 68 S. Ct. 1185, 92 L. Ed. 1739 (1948). See also, Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950).

The "law of the land" clause itself means that such legislative acts as profess in themselves directly to punish persons, or to deprive the citizen of his property, without trial before the judicial tribunals, and a decision upon the matter of right, as determined by the laws under which it vested, according to the course, mode and usages of the common law as derived from our forefathers, are not effectually "laws of the land" for those purposes. Hoke v. Henderson, 15 N.C. 1 (1833); State v. Cutshall, 110 N.C. 538, 15 S.E. 261 (1892).

"Law of the land" clause of this section incorporates protections similar to those provided by the double jeopardy clause of the United States Constitution. State v. Ballenger, 123 N.C. App. 179, 472 S.E.2d 572 (1996), aff'd, 345 N.C. 626, 481 S.E.2d 84 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 817, 118 S. Ct. 68, 139 L. Ed. 2d 29 (1997).

The "law of the land" requires that the administration of justice be consistent with fundamental principles of liberty and justice. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

And Requires Notice and Opportunity to Be Heard. — Among other things, "the law of the land" or "due process of law" imports both notice and the opportunity to be heard before a

competent tribunal. Parker v. Stewart, 29 N.C. App. 747, 225 S.E.2d 632 (1976); Utica Mut. Ins. Co. v. Johnson, 41 N.C. App. 299, 254 S.E.2d 643 (1979).

The "law of the land" clause contained in this section mandates that a party be given notice and an opportunity to be heard before he or she can be deprived of a legal claim or defense. First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 83 N.C. App. 625, 351 S.E.2d 117 (1986).

Restraints Imposed on Police Power by "Law of the Land". — The "law of the land" imposes flexible restraints on the exercise of the State police power, which are satisfied if the act in question is not unreasonable, arbitrary or capricious and the means selected have a real and substantial relation to the objects sought to be attained. State v. Whitaker, 228 N.C. 352, 45 S.E.2d 860 (1947), aff'd, 335 U.S. 525, 69 S. Ct. 251, 93 L. Ed. 212 (1949).

The "law of the land" is equivalent to "due process of law." State v. Collins, 169 N.C. 323, 84 S.E. 1049 (1915); State v. Ballance, 229 N.C. 764, 51 S.E.2d 731 (1949). See National Sur. Corp. v. Sharpe, 232 N.C. 98, 59 S.E.2d 593 (1950); Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950); Sale v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 242 N.C. 612, 89 S.E.2d 290 (1955); State v. Perry, 248 N.C. 334, 103 S.E.2d 404 (1958); ET & WNC Transp. Co. v. Currie, 248 N.C. 560, 104 S.E.2d 403 (1958), aff'd, 359 U.S. 28, 79 S. Ct. 602, 3 L. Ed. 2d 625, rehearing denied, 359 U.S. 976, 79 S. Ct. 874, 3 L. Ed. 2d 843 (1959); State v. Parrish, 254 N.C. 301, 118 S.E.2d 786 (1961); State v. Hales, 256 N.C. 27, 122 S.E.2d 768 (1961); GI Surplus Store v. Hunter, 257 N.C. 206, 125 S.E.2d 764 (1962); Rice v. Rigsby, 259 N.C. 506, 131 S.E.2d 469 (1963); Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970); State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982); Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of N. Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974); Smith v. Keator, 285 N.C. 530, 206 S.E.2d 203, appeal dismissed, 419 U.S. 1043, 95 S. Ct. 613, 42 L. Ed. 2d 636 (1974); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976); State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976); A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979).

The term "law of the land," as used in this section, is synonymous with "due process of law" as that term is applied under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. In re Smith, 82 N.C. App. 107, 345 S.E.2d 423 (1986); State v. Smith, 90 N.C. App. 161, 368 S.E.2d 33 (1988), aff'd, 323 N.C. 703, 374 S.E.2d 866, cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1100, 109 S. Ct. 2453, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1007 (1989); McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

"Due process" has a dual significance, as it pertains to procedure and substantive law. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

In substantive law, due process may be characterized as a standard of reasonableness, and as such it is a limitation upon the exercise of the police power. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

The traditional substantive due process test has been that a statute must have a rational relation to a valid State objective. In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

Whether a statute violates the law of the land clause is a question of degree and reasonableness in relation to the public good likely to result from it. Lowe v. Tarble, 313 N.C. 460, 329 S.E.2d 648 (1985).

Federal Due Process Decisions Persuasive. — "Law of the land" is equivalent to the federal Fourteenth Amendment "due process of law," and federal court interpretations of the latter, though not binding, are highly persuasive in construing our own amendment. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988); State v. Smith, 90 N.C. App. 161, 368 S.E.2d 33 (1988), aff'd, 323 N.C. 703, 374 S.E.2d 866, cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1100, 109 S. Ct. 2453, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1007 (1989).

A decision of the Supreme Court of the United States construing the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, although persuasive, does not control an interpretation by the Supreme Court of this State of the "law of the land" clause in this section. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds, State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982); Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of N. Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

Although the "law of the land" clause in this section is synonymous with U.S. Const., Amend. XIV due process, federal court interpretations of due process, though highly persuasive, are not binding on North Carolina courts. Thus, an independent determination of defendant's constitutional rights under the law of the land provision must be made. Gaston Bd. of Realtors, Inc. v. Harrison, 64 N.C. App. 29, 306 S.E.2d 809 (1983), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 230, 316 S.E.2d 59 (1984).

"Law of the land" is synonymous with "due process of law" under the Fourteenth Amendment, and United States Supreme Court interpretations of the latter, though not binding, are highly persuasive in construing the former. Bentley v. North Carolina Ins. Guar. Ass'n, 107 N.C. App. 1, 418 S.E.2d 705 (1992); Evans v. Cowan, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 170 (1999).

The North Carolina Law of the Land Clause is generally considered the equivalent of the Due Process Clause and has been interpreted

as requiring that neither property nor liberty may be deprived but by the general law; although a decision of the United States Supreme Court construing the Due Process Clause is persuasive in interpreting a claim brought under the North Carolina Law of the Land Clause, it is not controlling. Lorbacher v. Housing Auth., 127 N.C. App. 663, 493 S.E.2d 74 (1997).

The North Carolina Supreme Court would employ a different method for deciding what procedural safeguards are due under the "law of the land" clause to a person deprived of a protected interest than the United States Supreme Court has proposed for deciding similar questions under the due process clause. Henry v. Edmisten, 315 N.C. 474, 340 S.E.2d 720 (1986).

Statute Must Serve Legitimate Purpose and Be Rationally Related Thereto. — For a statute to be within the limits set by the federal due process clause and the North Carolina "law of the land" provision, all that is required is that the statute serve a legitimate purpose of state government and be rationally related to the achievement of that purpose. Shipman v. North Carolina Private Protective Servs. Bd., 82 N.C. App. 441, 346 S.E.2d 295, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 318 N.C. 509, 349 S.E.2d 866 (1986).

County's Rejection of Low Bid Found Reasonable. — The county's reasons for rejecting the low bidder's bid to operate a county-owned landfill were reasonable to relation to the government's objective to protect the health and safety of its citizens, and thus, its rejection of the bid was not arbitrary or capricious. City-Wide Asphalt Paving, Inc. v. Alamance Co., — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 335 (1999).

A legitimate entitlement does not always rise to the level of "property" protected against "taking" by the due process clause of the State and federal Constitutions. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Right to military retirement pay is not a constitutionally protected "vested property right"; the right to retirement pay is a creature of federal statute, not private contract. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Reclassification of Retirement Pay as Marital Property. — Defendant's right to his retirement pay was "vested" such that it could be included as marital property under § 50-20(b), yet his right to this government benefit was never "so far perfected as to permit no statutory interference." Thus the legislature's reclassification of defendant's military retirement pay as marital property violated neither the Constitutional guarantees of due process nor the law of the land. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

A tenant in a publicly subsidized housing project is entitled to due process protection. Roanoke Chowan Regional Hous. Auth. v. Vaughan, 81 N.C. App. 354, 344 S.E.2d 578, cert. denied, 317 N.C. 706, 347 S.E.2d 439 (1986).

When the furtherance of a legitimate state interest requires the State to engage in prompt remedial action adverse to an individual interest protected by law, and the action proposed by the State is reasonably related to furthering the state's interest, the law of the land ordinarily requires no more than that before such action is undertaken, a judicial officer determine that there is probable cause to believe that the conditions which would justify the action exist. Henry v. Edmisten, 315 N.C. 474, 340 S.E.2d 720 (1986).

Right of Litigant to an Adequate and Fair Hearing. — The "law of the land" clause embodied in this section guarantees to the litigant in every kind of judicial proceeding the right to an adequate and fair hearing before he can be deprived of his claim or defense by judicial decree. And where the claim or defense turns upon a factual adjudication, the constitutional right of the litigant to an adequate and fair hearing requires that he be apprised of all the evidence received by the court and be given an opportunity to test, explain, or rebut it. In re Gupton, 238 N.C. 303, 77 S.E.2d 716 (1953).

And to Notice and Opportunity to Be Heard. — The essential elements of the "law of the land" are notice and opportunity to be heard or defend, before a competent tribunal, in an orderly proceeding adapted to the nature of the case, which is uniform and regular, and in accord with established rules which do not violate fundamental rights. Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950).

Under the "law of the land" clause of this section, a judgment cannot bind a person unless he is brought before the court in some way sanctioned by law and afforded an opportunity to be heard in defense of his right. Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950); State ex rel. Bowman v. Malloy, 264 N.C. 396, 141 S.E.2d 796 (1965).

Due process of law implies the right and opportunity to be heard and to prepare for hearing. In re Wilson, 257 N.C. 593, 126 S.E.2d 489 (1962).

Due process of law requires that no man shall be condemned in his person or property without due notice and an opportunity of being heard in his defense. State v. Covington, 258 N.C. 495, 128 S.E.2d 822 (1963).

The "law of the land" and "due process of law" provisions of the State and federal Constitutions require notice and an opportunity to be

heard before a citizen may be deprived of his property. McMillan v. Robeson County, 262 N.C. 413, 137 S.E.2d 105 (1964); City of Randleman v. Hinshaw, 267 N.C. 136, 147 S.E.2d 902 (1966). See also, Sutton v. Davenport, 258 N.C. 27, 128 S.E.2d 16 (1962).

As to procedure, due process means notice and an opportunity to be heard and to defend in an orderly proceeding adapted to the nature of the case before a competent and impartial tribunal having jurisdiction of the cause. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

The "law of the land" clause embodied in this section guarantees to the litigant in every kind of judicial proceeding the right to an adequate and fair hearing before he can be deprived of his claim or defense by judicial decree; where the claim or defense turns upon a factual adjudication, the constitutional right of the litigant to an adequate and fair hearing requires that he be apprised of all the evidence received by the court and given an opportunity to test, explain, or rebut it. Shepherd v. Shepherd, 273 N.C. 71, 159 S.E.2d 357 (1968).

In order that there be a valid adjudication of a party's rights, he must be given notice of the action and an opportunity to assert his defense, and he must be a party to such proceeding. In re Wilson, 13 N.C. App. 151, 185 S.E.2d 323 (1971).

Both the "law of the land" and due process of law import notice and an opportunity to be heard or defend in a regular proceeding before a competent tribunal. Smith v. Keator, 285 N.C. 530, 206 S.E.2d 203, appeal dismissed, 419 U.S. 1043, 95 S. Ct. 613, 42 L. Ed. 2d 636 (1974).

The defendant, who had defaulted on the original complaint which alleged that she was a resident of this State, was entitled to notice of the plaintiff's subsequent motion to declare that none of her property was exempt by virtue of non-residency and an opportunity to contest the factual allegations as to her non-residency; where she was given neither notice nor an opportunity to be heard, in violation of statutory and constitutional provisions, the order declaring that her property was not exempt was invalid, and she was entitled to relief therefrom pursuant to § 1A-1, Rule 60(b)(4). First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 83 N.C. App. 625, 351 S.E.2d 117 (1986).

The notice required by this constitutional provision is the notice inherent in the original process whereby the court acquires original jurisdiction, and not notice of the time when the jurisdiction vested in the court by the service of the original process will be exercised. Collins v. North Carolina State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 237 N.C. 277, 74 S.E.2d 709 (1953).

And to Notice and Opportunity to Be Heard. — The right of a defendant charged with a criminal offense to present to the jury his version of the facts is a fundamental element of due process of law, guaranteed by the federal and state constitutions. State v. Locklear, 349 N.C. 118, 505 S.E.2d 277 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 1475, 143 L. Ed. 2d 559 (1999).

Notice is not a prerequisite to determination of questions of a political nature, such as the necessity and expediency of a taking, but is only necessary prior to the determination of the issue of just compensation. City of Durham v. Manson, 21 N.C. App. 161, 204 S.E.2d 41, modified on other grounds, 285 N.C. 741, 208 S.E.2d 662 (1974).

The due process clause is not violated by failure to give the owner of property an opportunity to be heard as to the necessity and extent of appropriating his property to public use; but it is essential to due process that the mode of determining the compensation to be paid for the appropriation be such as to afford the owner an opportunity to be heard. City of Randleman v. Hinshaw, 267 N.C. 136, 147 S.E.2d 902 (1966).

Appraisal clause did not deprive plaintiff of his right to due process under the North Carolina Constitution. Bentley v. North Carolina Ins. Guar. Ass'n, 107 N.C. App. 1, 418 S.E.2d 705 (1992).

Court reporter's allegedly poor transcription of murder trial proceedings did not deny defendant due process where defendant failed to point to any significantly incoherent, inconsistent or senseless language in the transcript, where there was no indication of efforts to work with either the court reporter or the district attorney to attempt to correct them and where there was no suggestion that the transcript could not have been reconstructed if this were truly necessary for a proper understanding of the case on appeal. State v. Robinson, 327 N.C. 346, 395 S.E.2d 402 (1990).

The chemical analysis statute (§ 20-139.1) does not violate the Law of the Land Clause of Art. I, § 19 of the North Carolina Constitution. State v. Jones, 106 N.C. App. 214, 415 S.E.2d 774 (1992).

Commitment Proceedings. — An order for the commitment of a person to a mental hospital is essentially a judgment by which he is deprived of his liberty, and it is a cardinal principle of English jurisprudence that before any judgment can be pronounced against a person there must have been a trial of the issue upon which the judgment is given. In re Wilson, 257 N.C. 593, 126 S.E.2d 489 (1962).

Dismissal Proceedings. — Due process under the United States and North Carolina Constitutions requires that a permanent State employee who has been dismissed be provided with a statement in writing setting forth his rights of appeal before time limits for notice of

appeal commence to run. Luck v. Employment Sec. Comm'n, 50 N.C. App. 192, 272 S.E.2d 607 (1980).

Domestic Proceedings. — An adjudication affecting the marital status and finally determining personal and property obligations must be preceded by notice and an opportunity to be heard. McLean v. McLean, 233 N.C. 139, 63 S.E.2d 138 (1951).

License Revocation. — Where county commissioners attempted to commission sheriff as a special tribunal to conduct hearings on alleged violations of county ordinance, the provisions for revocation of licenses of massage parlors after a hearing before the sheriff did not afford the constitutionally required "opportunity to be heard or defend in a regular proceeding before a competent tribunal." Parker v. Stewart, 29 N.C. App. 747, 225 S.E.2d 632 (1976).

Rate Hearings. — The Utilities Commission must determine a petition for an increase in telephone rates on the basis of the facts existing at the time such increase is effective, and if a subsequent change in conditions warrants a new rate, such new rate must relate to the date of change and the parties must be accorded an opportunity to be heard with respect to the effect, if any, such change had on the rate structure; a denial of such opportunity would be a deprivation of due process. State ex rel. North Carolina Utils. Comm'n v. Western Carolina Tel. Co., 260 N.C. 369, 132 S.E.2d 873 (1963).

The origin of § 62-133 supports the inference that the legislature intended for the Utilities Commission to fix rates as low as may be reasonably consistent with the requirements of the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, those of this section, being the same in this respect. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Duke Power Co., 285 N.C. 377, 206 S.E.2d 269 (1974).

An order entered ex parte, allowing a utility to effectuate a fuel adjustment clause, did not, in view of the procedures available to contest such action, violate this section. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Edmisten, 291 N.C. 327, 230 S.E.2d 651 (1976).

Passage of Ordinance Mandating Connection to Sewer System. — The law of the land clause does not require notice and opportunity for hearing prior to the passage of an ordinance mandating connection to a sewer system adopted under the authority of § 153A-284; to require notice and opportunity for hearing to all individual property owners prior to the adoption of an ordinance mandating connection of improved properties pursuant to the enabling act would be burdensome, costly to local governments, and not consistent with procedures employed in the exercise of other police powers. McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

No Due Process Right of Entitlement in Terminable at Will Contract. — Where there was nothing in the record which suggested that plaintiff had a contract for a definite term, her contract of employment was terminable at the will of either party, irrespective of the quality of performance, and plaintiff had no property interest in employment and no legitimate claim of entitlement under the due process clause. Peele v. Provident Mut. Life Ins. Co., 90 N.C. App. 447, 368 S.E.2d 892, appeal dismissed, 323 N.C. 366, 373 S.E.2d 547 (1988).

City of Charlotte's grievance procedure was not adopted pursuant to an ordinance or expressly incorporated by the City Council into plaintiff's employment contract and the undisputed material facts show that plaintiff was nothing more than an "at-will" employee, and, therefore, he was not entitled to the procedural safeguards of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 prior to termination. Reid v. White, 703 F. Supp. 428 (W.D.N.C. 1988).

A nurse practitioner was an at-will employee who did not have a property interest in her position with a state university necessary to bring a claim for her discharge under this clause, despite having given up another opportunity based on promises that were not fulfilled. Evans v. Cowan, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 170 (1999).

Unilateral Expectation of Continued Employment Did Not Create Property Interest. — Plaintiff failed to raise genuine issue of material fact that he had more than a unilateral expectation of continued employment and such abstract desires are insufficient to create a property interest protected under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. Reid v. White, 703 F. Supp. 428 (W.D.N.C. 1988).

Due Process "Property" Interest in Continued Employment. — Statutory creation of personnel advisory board for sheriff's department to hear appeals of employee dismissal and disciplinary action, receive evidence, and make recommendations to sheriff gave right to dismissed employees to appeal to the board and gave employees due process "property" interest in continued employment. Penland v. Long, 922 F. Supp. 1085 (W.D.N.C. 1996), rev'd on other grounds, 102 F.3d 722 (4th Cir. 1996).

Personnel memoranda issued by a terminated police officer's employer did not grant him a recognizable property interest under this section, where the officer argued that he was terminated without having been afforded the procedures set forth in the city's personnel policies memoranda. Wuchte v. McNeil, 130 N.C. App. 738, 505 S.E.2d 142 (1998).

Plaintiff did not secure a property interest in continued employment either through the provisions of the Wilmington, NC Code or through assurances made by his supe-

riors, and the "law of the land" clause of this section was not violated by defendant's termination of plaintiff. Woods v. City of Wilmington, 125 N.C. App. 226, 480 S.E.2d 429 (1997).

Due Process "Liberty" Interest in Employees' Reputations. — A constitutional liberty interest was implicated and the right to procedural due process required when statements of sheriff suggested employees of jail were involved in assault on inmate, and employees were dismissed, which could falsely stigmatize employees, who had a statutory right to appeal dismissal to personnel advisory board for sheriff's department. Penland v. Long, 922 F. Supp. 1085 (W.D.N.C. 1996), rev'd on other grounds, 102 F.3d 722 (4th Cir. 1996).

Utilities Commission's order requiring that monies collected pursuant to a line loss and compressor fuel charge be included in the Industrial Sales Trucker (IST) did not amount to an impairment of contract in violation of U.S. Const., Art. I, § 10 nor an unlawful taking of property other than by the law of the land or without due process in violation of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. State ex rel. Utilities Comm'n v. North Carolina Natural Gas Corp., 323 N.C. 630, 375 S.E.2d 147 (1989).

Reasonable Exercise of State Police Power. — This section imposes flexible restraints on the exercise of state police power which are satisfied if the act in question is not unreasonable, arbitrary or capricious, and ... the means selected shall have a real and substantial relation to the object sought to be obtained. McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

Establishment and Operation of Sewer System. — The establishment and operation of a sewer system by the sewer district and the county is a valid exercise of the police power under this section. McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

Settlement Proceedings. — Discretion given trial court by subsection (j) of § 97-10.2 (statute giving trial court discretion as to how to distribute settlement proceeds from third-party tort-feasor's insurer between injured worker and workers' compensation carrier) does not violate United States Constitution or this section. Allen v. Rupard, 100 N.C. App. 490, 397 S.E.2d 330 (1990), appeal withdrawn, 328 N.C. 328, 404 S.E.2d 864 (1992).

Monies Collected To Be Included In Industrial Sales Trucker Was Not Unlawful Taking of Property. — The Utilities Commission's order requiring that monies collected pursuant to a line loss and compressor fuel charge be included in the Industrial Sales Trucker (IST) did not amount to an impairment of contract in violation of U.S. Const., Art. I, § 10 nor an unlawful taking of property other than by the law of the land or without due process in violation of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. North Carolina Natural Gas Corp., 323 N.C. 630, 375 S.E.2d 147 (1989).

Water and Sewer Line Connection Charges. — Section 153A-284 and the county mandating ordinances met the requirements of both the federal and State Constitutions in authorizing the imposition of connection charges and user/availability fees related to mandated connections. McNeill v. Harnett County, 327 N.C. 552, 398 S.E.2d 475 (1990).

County Denial of Access to Sewer Line for Improper Motives. — Where county denied access to sewer line based on improper motives, the denial of a benefit for an unrelated reason constituted a violation of due process principles. Browning-Ferris Indus. of S. Atl., Inc. v. Wake County, 905 F. Supp. 312 (E.D.N.C. 1995).

County ordinance regulating off-premises signs larger than 15 square feet held to meet the constitutional requirements of due process. Summey Outdoor Adv., Inc. v. County of Henderson, 96 N.C. App. 533, 386 S.E.2d 439 (1989).

A party moving for a new trial grounded upon misrepresentation by a juror during voir dire must show: (1) the juror concealed material information during voir dire; (2) the moving party exercised due diligence during voir dire to uncover the information; (3) and the juror demonstrated actual bias or bias implied as a matter of law that prejudiced the moving party. State v. Buckom, 126 N.C. App. 368, 485 S.E.2d 319 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 973, 118 S. Ct. 425, 139 L. Ed. 2d 326 (1998).

Denial of a party's right to exercise intelligent peremptory strikes, based solely upon juror misrepresentation during voir dire, is not guaranteed by Art. I, §§ 19 and 24 of the North Carolina Constitution. State v. Buckom, 126 N.C. App. 368, 485 S.E.2d 319 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 973, 118 S. Ct. 425, 139 L. Ed. 2d 326 (1998).

III. EQUAL PROTECTION.

Principle of Equal Protection Expressly Incorporated. — The principle of the equal protection of the law, made explicit in U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, has now been expressly incorporated in this section. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

Two-tiered Equal Protection Analysis. — Courts employ a two-tiered scheme of analysis when an equal protection claim is made. When a governmental act classifies persons in terms of their ability to exercise a fundamental right, or when a governmental classification distinguishes between persons in terms of any right, upon some "suspect" basis, the upper tier of equal protection analysis is employed. Calling for "strict scrutiny," this standard requires the

government to demonstrate that the classification is necessary to promote a compelling governmental interest. When an equal protection claim does not involve a "suspect class" or a fundamental right, the lower tier of equal protection analysis is employed. This mode of analysis merely requires that distinctions which are drawn by a challenged statute or action bear some rational relationship to a conceivable legitimate governmental interest. Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 303 N.C. 710, 283 S.E.2d 136 (1981).

Equal Protection Extends to Persons, Not Rights. — The equal protection clauses of the State and federal Constitutions prohibit denial of the equal protection of the laws to persons, not to rights. Edwards v. Edwards, 42 N.C. App. 301, 256 S.E.2d 728 (1979).

Who Are "Persons". — A human fetus is not a "person" within the protection guaranteed by N.C. Const., Art. I, § 1 and this section. Stam v. State, 302 N.C. 357, 275 S.E.2d 439 (1981).

The legislature may make classifications and distinctions in the application of laws provided they are reasonable and just and not arbitrary. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Legislative bodies may make classifications for the application of regulations, provided the classifications are practicable and apply equally to all persons within a class, since the constitutional mandate proscribing discrimination requires only that there be no inequality among those within a particular group or class. State v. Trantham, 230 N.C. 641, 55 S.E.2d 198 (1949).

Legislative bodies may distinguish, select, and classify objects of legislation. It suffices if the classification is practical. They may prescribe different regulations for different classes, and discrimination as between classes is not such as to invalidate the legislative enactment. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

A state may classify in a statute with reference to the evil to be prevented, and if the class discriminated against is or reasonably might be considered to define those from whom the evil mainly is to be feared, it properly may be picked out. The State may direct its law against what it deems the evil as it actually exists without covering the whole field of possible abuses. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

There is no constitutional requirement that a regulation, in other respects permissible, must reach every class to which it might be applied, that is, that the legislature must be held rigidly to the choice of regulating all or none. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

Neither the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV nor the similar language in this section takes from the State the power to classify persons or activities when there is reasonable basis for such classification and for the consequent difference in treatment under the law. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972); A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979); Responsible Citizens v. City of Asheville, 308 N.C. 255, 302 S.E.2d 204 (1983); Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

Equal protection clauses do not require perfection in respect of classifications. In borderline cases, the legislative determination is entitled to great weight. Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

In the area of economics and social welfare, a state does not violate the equal protection clause merely because the classifications made by its laws are imperfect. If the classification has some "reasonable basis," it does not offend the Constitution simply because the classification is not made with mathematical nicety or because in practice it results in some inequality. Glusman v. Trustees of Univ. of N.C., 281 N.C. 629, 190 S.E.2d 213 (1972), vacated on other grounds, 412 U.S. 947, 93 S. Ct. 2999, 37 L. Ed. 2d 999 (1973).

But legislation may not discriminate arbitrarily, either as between persons or groups of persons or as between activities which are prohibited and those which are permitted. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

To withstand an equal protection claim a statute's classification must be reasonable, not arbitrary, and must rest on some ground of difference having a fair and substantial relation to the object of the legislation, so that all persons similarly circumstanced shall be treated alike. North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973).

The traditional equal-protection test does not require the very best classification in the light of a legislative or regulatory purpose; however, it does require that such classification in relation to such purpose attain a minimum (undefined and undefinable) level of rationality. Glusman v. Trustees of Univ. of N.C., 281 N.C. 629, 190 S.E.2d 213 (1972), vacated on other grounds, 412 U.S. 947, 93 S. Ct. 2999, 37 L. Ed. 2d 999 (1973).

Legislative classifications will be upheld provided the classification is founded upon reasonable distinctions, affects all persons similarly situated or engaged in the same business without discrimination, and has some reasonable relation to the public peace, welfare and safety.

In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

This section requires that if a class is created there must be a reasonable basis for such classification and the consequent difference in treatment under the law. This means that the creation of the class must be reasonably related to the accomplishment of some purpose which the legislature has the power to reach. Durham Council of Blind v. Edmisten, 79 N.C. App. 156, 339 S.E.2d 84, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 316 N.C. 552, 344 S.E.2d 5 (1986).

Validity Depends upon Reasonable Relation to Accomplishment of Legitimate Objective. — The validity of a specific State statute or ordinance depends upon its reasonable relation to the accomplishment of the State's legitimate objective. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

When a special class of persons is singled out by the legislature for special treatment, there must be a reasonable relation between the classification and the object of the statute. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

The equal protection clauses of the United States Constitution and the Constitution of North Carolina require that in making classifications there be no discrimination, that is, that there be some reasonable relation between the class created and the legislative end to be obtained. Ledwell v. Berry, 39 N.C. App. 224, 249 S.E.2d 862 (1978), cert. denied, 296 N.C. 585, 254 S.E.2d 35 (1979).

Test Is Reasonableness in Relation to Purpose and Subject Matter. — The test required by this section is whether the difference in treatment made by the law has a reasonable basis in relation to the purpose and subject matter of the legislation. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972); Responsible Citizens v. City of Asheville, 308 N.C. 255, 302 S.E.2d 204 (1983).

The equal protection clauses of the United States and North Carolina Constitutions impose upon law-making bodies the requirement that any legislative classification be based on differences that are reasonably related to the purposes of the act in which it is found. State v. Greenwood, 280 N.C. 651, 187 S.E.2d 8 (1972); North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976); Brown v. Brannon, 399 F. Supp. 133 (M.D.N.C. 1975), aff'd, 535 F.2d 1249 (4th Cir. 1976).

In the area of economics and social welfare, a statute containing a legislative classification which is rationally related to a legitimate state objective does not violate this section or the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. The traditional equal-protection test does not require the very best classification in the light of a legislative or regulatory purpose, but does require that such classification in relation to such purpose attain a minimum (undefined and undefinable) level of rationality. State v. Stanley, 79 N.C. App. 379, 339 S.E.2d 668 (1986).

And the Legislature's Classification Will Be Presumed Valid. — Although the reasonableness of a particular classification is a question for the court, there is a presumption that the classification is valid, because such classifications are largely matters of legislative judgment. Therefore, a court may not substitute its judgment of what is reasonable for that of the legislative body, particularly when the reasonableness of a particular classification is fairly debatable. Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

Protection Against Unreasonable Discrimination Extends to Administration and Execution of Laws. — The constitutional protection in this section against unreasonable discrimination under color of law is not limited to the enactment of legislation. It extends also to the administration and the execution of laws valid on their face. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971); State v. Clark, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

The provisions of the "law of the land" clause of the Constitution of North Carolina and U.S. Const., Amend. XIV afford protection against discriminatory actions of officials in administering the law. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964).

And Discriminatory Administration Is a Denial of Equal Protection. — Even if a law itself is fair on its face and impartial in appearance, if it is applied and administered by public authority with an evil eye and an unequal hand, so as to make unjust and illegal discriminations between persons in similar circumstances, material to their rights, this denial of equal justice is still within the prohibition of the Constitution. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

Discriminatory administration of an ordinance is a denial of the equal protection of the law. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

But Mere Laxity in Enforcement Does Not Render Law Invalid. — Mere laxity, delay or inefficiency of the police department or of the prosecutor in the enforcement of a statute or ordinance which is otherwise valid does not destroy the law or render it invalid and unenforceable. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

Nor does selective enforcement have that effect if it has a reasonable relation to the

purpose of the legislation, such as making efficient use of police manpower by concentrating upon the major sources of the criminal activity. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

Unless There Is Intentional or Purposeful Discrimination. — Unlawful administration by state officers of a state statute which is fair on its face, resulting in its unequal application to those who are entitled to be treated alike, is not a denial of equal protection unless an element of intentional or purposeful discrimination is shown. Such discriminatory purpose is not presumed. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

As actions of public officials are presumed to be regular and done in good faith. State v. Clark, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

The good faith of the enforcing officers is presumed. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

And the burden is upon complainant to show intentional purposeful discrimination upon which he relies. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

The burden is on the challenger to show that actions as to him were unequal when compared to persons similarly situated. State v. Clark, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

Rejection of Low Bid Not Violative of Equal Protection. — The county's rejection of the low bid for operation of a county landfill did not violate the low bidder's equal protection rights, where the county had valid concerns about the low bidder's financial strength and his competence to operate the landfill, and the county's determination to choose a qualified operator was a legitimate government purpose. City-Wide Asphalt Paving, Inc. v. Alamance Co., — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 335 (1999).

It Is Not Sufficient to Show That Other Violators Have Not Been Prosecuted. — One who violates a law which is valid on its face does not bring himself within the protection of the discriminatory administration rule merely by showing that numerous other persons have also violated the law and have not been arrested and prosecuted therefor. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

The ownership distinctions of §§ 105-277.2(4)b and 105-277.2(5a) satisfy the equal protection requirements of the State and federal Constitutions. In re Consol. Appeals of Certain Timber Cos., 98 N.C. App. 412, 391 S.E.2d 503 (1990).

Test to Determine Blood Alcohol Content. — All individuals arrested for driving while impaired who are tested under the model 900 breathalyzer are given the same initial test to determine blood alcohol content. The regulations merely treat the same group of people in a different way depending on the results of the first test. This classification is not of the type that can be considered a denial of equal protection. State v. Garvick, 98 N.C. App. 556, 392 S.E.2d 115 (1990).

Person who is not included in class against which there has been a discrimination cannot take advantage of the discrimination by pleading that the proceeding constitutes a violation of the equal protection guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and by this section. Twin City Apts., Inc. v. Landrum, 45 N.C. App. 490, 263 S.E.2d 323 (1980).

Review of Annexation Where Violation of Fundamental Right Not Alleged. — In a case alleging that annexation under a local act was arbitrary and capricious in violation of the equal protection clause, but not contending that the annexation violated a fundamental right or created a suspect class, a less heightened, lower tier avenue of review was available. Piedmont Ford Truck Sales, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 90 N.C. App. 692, 370 S.E.2d 262 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 499, 380 S.E.2d 107 (1989).

The ban on the use or possession of tobacco products by students at school is a valid exercise of the authority delegated to the various boards of education by the legislature, and does not violate the guarantee of equal protection contained in U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and this section. Craig v. Buncombe County Bd. of Educ., 80 N.C. App. 683, 343 S.E.2d 222, appeal dismissed, 318 N.C. 281, 348 S.E.2d 138 (1986).

Landowners in Drainage District Deprived of Vote. — Where some landowners who lived in a drainage district could vote for the clerk who appointed the commissioners of the drainage district and some landowners could not, the defendant nonvoters had been deprived of a fundamental right; furthermore, plaintiff drainage district failed to show that the classification of voters in this case was necessary to promote a compelling governmental interest; therefore, defendants were deprived equal protection of the laws in violation of this section. Northampton County Drainage Dist. Number One v. Bailey, 326 N.C. 742, 392 S.E.2d 352 (1990).

Restrictions on Funding Medically Necessary Abortions for Indigent Women. — The action of the General Assembly in placing severe restrictions on the funding of medically necessary abortions for indigent women is valid and does not violate Article I, Section 1; Article 1, Section 19; or Article XI, Section 4 of the Constitution of North Carolina. Rosie J. v. North Carolina Dep't of Human Resources, 347 N.C. 247, 491 S.E.2d 535 (1997).

IV. RIGHTS OF DEFENDANTS.

A. In General.

Due process of law secures rights to a defendant. State v. Patton, 260 N.C. 359, 132

S.E.2d 891 (1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 956, 84 S. Ct. 977, 11 L. Ed. 2d 974 (1964).

But it does not preclude the rights of public justice. State v. Patton, 260 N.C. 359, 132 S.E.2d 891 (1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 956, 84 S. Ct. 977, 11 L. Ed. 2d 974 (1964).

The discretion of the trial judge given him over the trial of a cause is rarely interfered with, though his action may be set aside for such gross abuse as would invade the legal rights to the prejudice of the appealing party. State v. Sauls, 190 N.C. 810, 130 S.E. 848 (1925).

Judge Not Required to Aid in Presentation of Defense. — A trial judge is not required by either the federal or State Constitutions to aid a defendant on trial before him in the presentation of his defense. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

Criminal Statute or Ordinance Must Be Definite. — A criminal statute or ordinance must be sufficiently definite to inform citizens of common intelligence of the particular acts which are forbidden. State v. Sanders, 37 N.C. App. 53, 245 S.E.2d 397 (1978).

Discretion to Prosecute for Capital Offense. — Defendant's argument that he was denied due process because the district attorney has the absolute discretion to charge and prosecute an accused for a capital offense or to bring him to trial upon a lesser included offense has been considered and rejected in a number of cases. State v. Bush, 289 N.C. 159, 221 S.E.2d 333, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

The presumptions of unlawfulness and malice arising from an intentional assault with a deadly weapon proximately resulting in death are constitutional. State v. Lester, 289 N.C. 239, 221 S.E.2d 268 (1976).

Denial of post-indictment motions for probable cause hearing. — In a prosecution for first-degree murder and armed robbery, the denial of defendants' post-indictment motions for a probable cause hearing did not violate § 15A-606(a) or deprive defendants of equal protection and due process of law. State v. Oliver, 302 N.C. 28, 274 S.E.2d 183 (1981).

No Right to Same Judge for Pretrial and Trial. — There is no right to have the same judge hear all pretrial motions and other procedural matters as well as preside over the trial itself, whether the trial is complicated or straightforward. State v. McLaughlin, 323 N.C. 68, 372 S.E.2d 49 (1988), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 1463, 108 L. Ed. 2d 601 (1990), in light of State v. Peoples, 131 N.C. 784, 42 S.E. 814 (1902).

No Right to Inspect Files of State Bureau of Investigation. — Where there was no contention that anything in the files of the State Bureau of Investigation was admitted into evidence and the record showed that no member of the Bureau testified during the trial, defendants' contention that they were entitled to an inspection of the files of the Bureau in regard to its investigation of the case was untenable, and denial of their petition for such inspection did not violate any of their rights under this section, or under U.S. Const., Amends. V, VI, VII and XIV. State v. Goldberg, 261 N.C. 181, 134 S.E.2d 334, cert. denied, 377 U.S. 978, 84 S. Ct. 1884, 12 L. Ed. 2d 747 (1964).

Fact that evidence was obtained by police officers outside of their territorial jurisdiction while conducting an undercover investigation was not fundamentally unfair to defendant. State v. Afflerback, 46 N.C. App. 344, 264 S.E.2d 784 (1980).

Promise by Police Officer. — Police officer's promise not to prosecute the defendant as an habitual offender was just as capable of implicating the defendant's constitutional rights as a promise made by a prosecutor, once the right to counsel had attached or custodial interrogation begun, and the protections of due process necessarily arose. State v. Sturgill, 121 N.C. App. 629, 469 S.E.2d 557 (1996).

Destruction of Evidence. — Whether destruction of physical evidence by the State infringes upon accused's rights depends upon circumstances in each case. State v. Anderson, 57 N.C. App. 602, 292 S.E.2d 163, cert. denied, 306 N.C. 559, 294 S.E.2d 372 (1982).

Destruction of marijuana by State for lack of storage facilities, where State made random samples, photographs and a copy of the laboratory report available to defendants, did not violate defendants' rights of confrontation under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23, nor infringe defendants' due process rights under the federal and State Constitutions. State v. Anderson, 57 N.C. App. 602, 292 S.E.2d 163, cert. denied, 306 N.C. 559, 294 S.E.2d 372 (1982).

Although evidence seized from defendant's home was missing at the time of trial, defendant was not denied due process where there was no showing of bad faith or willful intent to destroy the evidence on the part of any law enforcement officer. State v. Hunt, 345 N.C. 720, 483 S.E.2d 417 (1997).

Inadvertent Destruction of Evidence. — Defendant's rights were not violated by inadvertent destruction of rape kit by police and there was no showing of bad faith on the part of the police where there was no reason for the police to believe the rape kit had any exculpatory value at the time of its destruction. State v. Banks, 125 N.C. App. 681, 482 S.E.2d 41 (1997), aff'd, 347 N.C. 390, 493 S.E.2d 58 (1997), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 118 S. Ct. 1817, 140 L. Ed. 2d 955 (1998).

The unsupported testimony of an accomplice is sufficient to support a convic-

tion if it satisfies a jury of defendant's guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Partlow, 272 N.C. 60, 157 S.E.2d 688 (1967).

The fact that the prosecuting attorney reads the charges or fairly summarizes them to the defendant before the jury is not a violation of defendant's right to due process and equal protection as required by the Constitutions of this State and the United States. State v. Carter, 30 N.C. App. 59, 226 S.E.2d 179, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 290 N.C. 664, 228 S.E.2d 455 (1976).

Jury's Consideration of Date Charged in Indictment. — In a prosecution for rape upon an indictment which alleged that the crime occurred on March 24, 1978, defendant was not denied a fair trial because of the court's failure to limit the jury's consideration to the specific date charged in the indictment, where a contextual reading of the record made it clear that the jury's consideration of the crime was restricted to defendant's actions on or about March 24, 1978, the record revealed nothing indicating that defendant was surprised or hampered by any attempt of the State to alter the date charged in the bill of indictment, and defendant squarely met the State's evidence concerning his actions on or about March 24, 1978. State v. Summitt, 301 N.C. 591, 273 S.E.2d 425, cert. denied, 451 U.S. 970, 101 S. Ct. 2048, 68 L. Ed. 2d 349 (1981).

Setting Aside of Judgment on Negotiated Plea Held Error. — Where negotiated plea had been adjudicated and sentence had been imposed, no valid reason had been offered by the State to set aside that plea and adjudication, and defendant could not again be tried for the charges which underlied the indictments without twice being placed in jeopardy, trial judge's setting aside of the judgment which had been entered on the negotiated plea agreement was error. State v. Johnson, 95 N.C. App. 757, 383 S.E.2d 692 (1989).

Transcript of District Court Proceedings. — Denial of a free transcript of district court proceedings to an indigent defendant does not violate any constitutional provisions. State v. Brooks, 287 N.C. 392, 215 S.E.2d 111 (1975).

State's de novo procedure does not require that a defendant purchase and provide the superior court with a transcript of the district court proceedings in order to secure full appellate review. State v. Brooks, 287 N.C. 392, 215 S.E.2d 111 (1975).

Transcript of Separate and Distinct Proceeding Against Different Defendants. — Denial of defendant's request for a transcript of a separate and distinct proceeding with a different jury and different defendants did not constitute a violation of defendant's due process and equal protection rights, because in the absence of compelling evidence of the need for a transcript of a separate proceeding to afford defendant adequate tools for his defense, and no alternative means of obtaining such information, the State should not be required to furnish such a transcript. State v. McCullough, 50 N.C. App. 184, 272 S.E.2d 613 (1980).

Acquittal of one coprincipal does not bar convictions of the other. State v. Taylor, 337 N.C. 597, 447 S.E.2d 360 (1994).

Plea of Guilty to Offense Which Defendant Not Formally Accused of Committing. — Sentencing of petitioner, who had been indicted for a violation of former § 14-26 (carnal knowledge of female virgins between 12 and 16 years of age), to imprisonment for a term of not less than 12 nor more than 15 years upon his plea of guilty to a violation of former § 14-22 (assault with intent to commit rape), when there was no formal and sufficient accusation against him for the offense to which he pleaded guilty, was a nullity, and violated petitioner's rights as guaranteed by this section and by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, and would be vacated in post-conviction proceedings. McClure v. State, 267 N.C. 212, 148 S.E.2d 15 (1966).

Acquittal on Basis of Insanity. — A verdict of not guilty due to insanity constitutes a full acquittal, and one thus acquitted is entitled to the same protection and constitutional rights as if he had been acquitted upon any other ground. In re Tew, 280 N.C. 612, 187 S.E.2d 13 (1972), holding the restoration to sanity procedure of former § 122-86 unconstitutional as violative of due process.

Statement of Defendant at Sentencing Hearing. — This section, while permitting a defendant to speak at sentencing hearing, does not require the trial court to personally address the defendant and ask him if he wishes to make a statement in his own behalf. State v. McRae, 70 N.C. App. 779, 320 S.E.2d 914 (1984), cert. denied, 313 N.C. 175, 326 S.E.2d 35 (1985).

Showing Required of Defendant Deprived of Right to Appeal. — When a defendant has been deprived of his right to a complete and effective appeal, he need not demonstrate that he was prejudiced or that he has arguable grounds for a successful appeal; thus, in determining whether the defendant's constitutional rights have been violated, the court should not examine the merits of the issues to be raised in a belated appeal. Galloway v. Stephenson, 510 F. Supp. 840 (M.D.N.C. 1981).

Remedy When Defendant Is Denied Right of Appeal. — When a petitioner has been unconstitutionally denied his appeal, the deficit may be fully rectified should the State grant a belated appeal, and nothing more will be necessary to correct the constitutional violation; however, should the State be unable to secure for petitioner a belated appeal, it could,

nevertheless, also correct the violation by vacating the conviction and granting petitioner another trial and appeal. Galloway v. Stephenson, 510 F. Supp. 840 (M.D.N.C. 1981).

Injunctive Relief Against Enforcement of Ordinance by Criminal Prosecution. — Nothing else appearing, the enforcement of an ordinance by the criminal prosecution of those who violate it will not be enjoined in a suit brought by an acknowledged violator, whose contention is that the ordinance is invalid or that it is administered or enforced in a discriminatory manner in violation of the equal protection of the laws. His right to present this defense at his trial on the criminal charge, or to maintain a civil action for damages, constitutes an adequate remedy at law. Where, however, a plaintiff's legitimate business is threatened with destruction, through an announced purpose of making repeated arrests of his employees or customers and charging them with the violation of an allegedly invalid law, a suit for injunctive relief is an appropriate procedure for testing the equal protection constitutionality of the law or of the contemplated enforcement program. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Davis, 277 N.C. 654, 178 S.E.2d 382 (1971).

The fact that a justice's compensation was fixed upon a fee basis, which he would receive only in the event of conviction, held not to result in depriving the defendant of trial under due process of law. In re Steele, 220 N.C. 685, 18 S.E.2d 132, cert. denied, 316 U.S. 686, 62 S. Ct. 1275, 86 L. Ed. 1758 (1942).

Judge's announcement of his ruling in open court could not reasonably be characterized as a hearing, much less one at which defendant's presence was required, where judge simply took a final step in the process of deciding whether to release any part of defendant's prison records to the prosecution and announced his decision from the bench. State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1002, 118 S. Ct. 573, 139 L. Ed. 2d 412 (1997).

A defendant cannot be separately convicted for both first degree kidnapping and the underlying sexual assault under § 14-39(b) without violating both the U.S. Constitution and this section. State v. White, 127 N.C. App. 565, 492 S.E.2d 48 (1997).

B. Composition of Juries.

Representation on juries in proportion to racial population is not required. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964); State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967); State v. Wright, 274 N.C. 380, 163 S.E.2d 897 (1968).

A defendant is not entitled to demand a proportionate number of his race on the jury which tries him nor on the venire from which petit jurors are drawn. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Petit juries must be drawn from a source fairly representative of the community; however, petit juries actually chosen need not mirror the community nor reflect the various distinctive groups in the population. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989), cert. denied, 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990).

A defendant has no right to be tried by a jury containing members of his own race or even to have representatives of his own race serve on the jury. State v. Noell, 284 N.C. 670, 202 S.E.2d 750 (1974), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 902, 96 S. Ct. 3203, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1205 (1976); State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222; 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976); State v. Foddrell, 291 N.C. 546, 231 S.E.2d 618 (1977).

In the absence of a contention that blacks were systematically and arbitrarily excluded from the jury pool, unless there is systematic and arbitrary exclusion, then a defendant has no right to be indicted or tried by a jury of his own race or even to have a representative of his race on the jury. State v. Pearson, 32 N.C. App. 213, 231 S.E.2d 279 (1977).

But Defendant Has Right to Jury from Which Members of His Race Not Systematically Excluded. — A citizen has no right to insist that he be indicted or tried by juries composed of persons of his own race, nor to have a person of his own race on the juries which indict and try him. But he has the right to be indicted and tried by juries from which persons of his race have not been systematically excluded. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964); State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

It is not the right of any individual to be tried or indicted by a jury of his own race, or to have a representative of any particular race on the jury. It is his right to be tried by a competent jury from which members of his race have not been unlawfully excluded. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

Defendant has the right to be tried by a jury from which members of his own race have not been systematically and arbitrarily excluded. State v. Noell, 284 N.C. 670, 202 S.E.2d 750 (1974), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 902, 96 S. Ct. 3203, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1205 (1976); State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222; 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976); State v. Pearson, 32 N.C. App. 213, 231 S.E.2d 279 (1977); State v. Foddrell, 291 N.C. 546, 231 S.E.2d 618 (1977).

Or His Conviction Will Be Invalid. — Conviction based on the indictment of a grand jury or the verdict of a petit jury from which members of defendant's race were excluded by reason of their race cannot stand. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

To establish a prima facie case of systematic racial exclusion, defendants are generally required to produce not only statistical evidence establishing that blacks were underrepresented on the jury, but also evidence that the selection procedure itself was not racially neutral, or that for a substantial period in the past relatively few blacks have served on the juries of the county notwithstanding a substantial black population therein, or both. State v. Foddrell, 291 N.C. 546, 231 S.E.2d 618 (1977).

Denial Does Not Overcome Prima Facie Discrimination. — The mere denial, by officials charged with the duty of listing and summoning jurors, of intentional, arbitrary or systematic discrimination on the ground of race is not sufficient to overcome a prima facie case of racial discrimination. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Selection of Grand Jury Foreman by Racially Neutral Standard. — A method of selecting a grand jury foreman that meets the racially neutral standard must ensure that all grand jurors are considered by the presiding judge for his selection and that his selection be made on a racially neutral basis. State v. Cofield, 324 N.C. 452, 379 S.E.2d 834 (1989).

Prima Facie Case of Racial Discrimination in Selection of Grand Jury Foreman. — A black defendant may make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the grand jury foreman's selection by showing either (1) that the selection procedure itself was not racially neutral, or (2) that for a substantial period in the past, relatively few blacks have served in the position of foreman even though a substantial number have been selected to serve as members of grand juries; the State may rebut such a prima facie case on remand by offering evidence that the process used in selecting the grand jury foreman was in fact racially neutral. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

Burden of Proof in Establishing Exclusion from Jury. — If the motion to quash alleges racial discrimination in the composition of the jury, the burden is upon the defendant to establish it, but once he establishes a prima facie case of racial discrimination, the burden of going forward with rebuttal evidence is upon the State. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972); State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

The burden is upon the defendant to establish racial discrimination in the composition of the jury. State v. Noell, 284 N.C. 670, 202 S.E.2d 750 (1974), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 902, 96 S. Ct. 3203, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1205 (1976).

Evidence Held Insufficient to Establish Prima Facie Discrimination. — Evidence that the black adult population of a county amounted to 20% of the total county population and that during the biennium beginning January 1970 approximately 10% of the petit jurors appearing for service in the court room were black was held insufficient to make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Testimony by jury commissioners that, in some instances, they could determine from the address shown on the raw jury list card that a named person lived in a predominantly black or predominantly white neighborhood did not show an opportunity for discrimination sufficient to make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Mere statement in defendant's brief that the systematic maneuverings of the prosecutor excluded people of defendant's race from the jury, unsupported by the record, failed to show that members of defendant's race were systematically or arbitrarily excluded from the jury panel. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

Defendant's mere showing that all blacks were challenged by the prosecuting attorney was not sufficient to establish a prima facie case of an arbitrary and systematic exclusion of blacks from the jury. State v. Noell, 284 N.C. 670, 202 S.E.2d 750 (1974), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 902, 96 S. Ct. 3203, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1205 (1976).

For case in which defendant failed to make out a prima facie case of arbitrary or systematic exclusion of blacks from the jury, see also State v. Shaw, 284 N.C. 366, 200 S.E.2d 585 (1973).

Defendant found guilty of murder and robbery failed to establish a prima facie case of racial discrimination, or a violation of this section, in the State's use of its peremptory challenges where the State's questions during voir dire focused on the prospective juror's feelings about capital punishment and the age of the juror, or his or her children, as compared with defendant's age; the venire persons were brought into the courtroom individually, so neither defendant nor the State knew how many black citizens were present in the venire or whether a black citizen would be examined next, and three of the first four jurors seated were black, both defendant and the victim were black, thus diminishing the likelihood that racial issues were inextricably bound up with the conduct of the trial. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989), cert. denied, 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990).

Preparation of Jury List. — A jury list is not discriminatory or unlawful because it is drawn from the tax list of the county. Nor is a

jury commission limited to the sources specifically designated by § 9-2. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

As to the making of a jury list from the tax list, see also State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967); State v. Wright, 274 N.C. 380, 163 S.E.2d 897 (1968); State v. Ray, 274 N.C. 556, 164 S.E.2d 457 (1968).

When Exclusion of Class of Persons from Jury Service Will Not Invalidate Indictment. — Even the complete exclusion, by State law, of a group or class of persons from eligibility for jury service will not make invalid an indictment by a grand jury, selected in accordance with such State law, so long as there is no reasonable basis for the conclusion that the ineligible group or class would bring to the deliberations of the jury a point of view not otherwise represented upon it, at least where the defendant is not a member of the excluded group. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Exclusion of Age Group from Jury List. — The absence from the jury list of the names of persons between the ages of 18 and 21 during the period from July, 1971, the effective date of the amendment of § 9-3 lowering the age requirement for jurors from 21 years to 18 years, and September, 1971, the date of defendants' trial, was not unreasonable and did not constitute systematic exclusion of this age group from jury service. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Exemption from Jury Duty. — So far as the requirements of the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV are concerned, it is sufficient, in order to sustain a State statutory exemption from jury duty, that there is reasonable ground for the legislature to believe that the public interest and general welfare will be better served by the grant of the exemption than by subjecting the members of the exempted class to the duty imposed upon other members of the community. And it is so held with reference to the provisions of this section. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

A defendant has no vested right to a particular juror. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

And May Not Select One Prejudiced in His Favor. — When no systematic exclusion is shown, defendant's right is only to reject a juror prejudiced against him; he has no right to select one prejudiced in his favor. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

State's Challenges to Jurors Opposed to Death Penalty Upheld. — Where it was perfectly clear from their answers that each of the prospective jurors, before hearing any of the evidence, had already made up his mind that he would not return a verdict pursuant to which the defendant might lawfully be executed whatever the evidence might be, the State's challenges for cause were properly sustained. State v. Westbrook, 279 N.C. 18, 181 S.E.2d 572 (1971), death sentence vacated, 408 U.S. 939, 92 S. Ct. 2873, 33 L. Ed. 2d 761 (1972).

The practice of "death qualifying" juries in capital cases violates neither the United States Constitution nor this section of the North Carolina Constitution. State v. Barts, 316 N.C. 666, 343 S.E.2d 828 (1986); State v. Johnson, 317 N.C. 343, 346 S.E.2d 596 (1986); State v. Smith, 320 N.C. 404, 358 S.E.2d 329 (1987).

It was not error under this section or N.C. Const., Art. I, § 24 for the prosecution to use its peremptory challenges to excuse veniremen who had qualms about the death penalty, but were not excludable pursuant to Witherspoon v. Illinois, 391 U.S. 510, 88 S. Ct. 1770, 20 L. Ed. 2d 776, rehearing denied, 393 U.S. 898, 89 S. Ct. 67, 21 L. Ed. 2d 186 (1968); State v. Allen, 323 N.C. 208, 372 S.E.2d 855 (1988), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 1463, 108 L. Ed. 2d 601 (1990), in light of McDowell v. Norfolk S.R.R., 186 N.C. 571, 120 S.E. 205, 42 A.L.R. 857 (1923), rehearing denied,.

The erroneous allowance of an improper challenge for cause does not entitle the adverse party to a new trial, so long as only those who are competent and qualified to serve are actually empaneled upon the jury which tried his case. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

Exclusion from Grand Jury on Grounds of Race — Denial of Due Process. — Arbitrary exclusion of citizens from service on grand juries on account of race is a denial of due process to members of the excluded race charged with indictable offenses. State v. Peoples, 131 N.C. 784, 42 S.E. 814 (1902); State v. Lowry, 263 N.C. 536, 139 S.E.2d 870, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 382 U.S. 22, 86 S. Ct. 227, 15 L. Ed. 2d 16 (1965); State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

The indictment of a defendant by a grand jury in a state court from which members of his race have been systematically excluded solely because of their race is a denial of his right to the "law of the land," protected by this section. State v. Perry, 248 N.C. 334, 103 S.E.2d 404 (1958); State v. Covington, 258 N.C. 495, 128 S.E.2d 822 (1963).

Same — Renders Indictment Invalid. — An indictment of a defendant by a grand jury from which persons of the defendant's race have been intentionally excluded solely because of their race is not a valid indictment. State v. Covington, 258 N.C. 495, 128 S.E.2d 822 (1963); State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967); State v. Wright, 274 N.C. 380, 163 S.E.2d 897 (1968).

The provisions of this section and N.C.

Const., Art. I, § 24 are to be so interpreted that systematic exclusion from the grand jury of persons, otherwise qualified, because of their race, requires, upon motion duly made, the quashing of an indictment returned against a member of that race by such grand jury, irrespective of the fact that all members of the grand jury were, themselves, qualified jurors. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Same — Test. — The test is not whether a member of defendant's race did or did not serve on the grand jury in question, nor is it whether there has been discrimination in the selection of other grand juries in the past. The determinative question is whether, in the selection of the grand jury which returned the indictment under attack, there was or was not systematic and arbitrary exclusion of qualified members of defendant's race, either in the composition of the jury box from which the grand jury was drawn or in the drawing therefrom of the grand jury in question. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

Same — Opportunity to Prove. — Whether or not the defendant can establish alleged racial discrimination in the drawing and selection of the grand jury, due process of law demands that he have his day in court on this matter, and such day he does not have, unless he has a reasonable opportunity and time to investigate and produce his evidence, if he has any. State v. Covington, 258 N.C. 495, 128 S.E.2d 822 (1963); State v. Inman, 260 N.C. 311, 132 S.E.2d 613 (1963).

One who is indicted for a criminal offense must have a fair opportunity to have it determined by adequate and timely procedure whether members of his race, legally qualified to serve as jurors, have been intentionally excluded on account of their race or color from the grand jury returning the indictment. State v. Wright, 274 N.C. 380, 163 S.E.2d 897 (1968).

Same — Burden of Proof. — The burden of proving discriminatory jury practices is upon defendant, but this does not relieve the prosecuting attorney of the duty of going forward with the evidence when the defendant has made out a prima facie case. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964).

The burden is upon the defendant to establish racial discrimination alleged in his motion to quash the indictment. However, once a prima facie case is made out, the burden shifts to the prosecution. State v. Ray, 274 N.C. 556, 164 S.E.2d 457 (1968).

Same — Prima Facie Showing. — Where, at a hearing upon a motion to quash the bill of indictment, there was a showing that a substantial percentage of the population of the county from which the grand jury that returned the bill was drawn was black, and that no blacks, or only a token number, had served on the grand juries of the county over a long period of time, such showing made out a prima facie case of systematic exclusion of blacks from service on the grand jury because of race. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964).

While neither a showing that, over a substantial period of time, in a county with a relatively large black population, only a few blacks had served on juries, nor a showing that the race of the persons whose names appeared on scrolls in the jury box was designated on such scrolls, was conclusive proof of arbitrary and systematic exclusion of blacks from the grand jury which indicted the defendant, such showing did constitute a prima facie showing of the discrimination forbidden by the law of this State, and cast upon the State the burden to go forward with evidence sufficient to overcome it. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

While it was not enough for the defendant to show that the names which went into the jury box were taken originally from a source which disclosed the race of the persons named in such source material, where the defendant also showed that throughout a substantial period of years, in which essentially the same procedures were used in compiling jury lists, there was repeatedly a marked discrepancy between the number of blacks drawn for grand jury service and the number of blacks whose names appeared on the source material, such circumstances made out a prima facie case of unconstitutional discrimination in the selection of the grand jury which indicted the defendant, and upon such showing, the burden fell to the State to go forward with competent evidence to rebut such prima facie case. State v. Wright, 274 N.C. 380, 163 S.E.2d 897 (1968).

Same — Overcoming Prima Facie Showing. — To overcome a prima facie case of systematic discrimination because of race, there must be a showing by competent evidence that the institution and management of the jury system of the county is not in fact discriminatory. And if there is contradictory and conflicting evidence, the trial judge must make findings as to all material facts. State v. Wilson, 262 N.C. 419, 137 S.E.2d 109 (1964).

Just as a showing that no blacks served on the particular grand jury which returned the bill of indictment does not make the bill of indictment invalid, so a showing that a black did serve on the particular grand jury, or that a token number of blacks had served on other grand juries, is not necessarily sufficient to rebut a prima facie case of unlawful discrimination. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

Same — Illustrative Cases. — Where the evidence disclosed that the names of blacks were printed in red and the names of whites were printed in black in preparing names for the jury box, and that in drawing the names

from the box the names of blacks were without exception rejected, the motion of defendant, who was black, to quash the indictment found by a grand jury so selected should have been allowed, since such systematic and arbitrary exclusion of blacks from the grand jury deprived him of his constitutional rights. State v. Speller, 229 N.C. 67, 47 S.E.2d 537 (1948).

Evidence held sufficient to support a finding that there was no racial discrimination in the selection of the grand jury. State v. Perry, 250 N.C. 119, 108 S.E.2d 447, cert. denied, 361 U.S. 833, 80 S. Ct. 83, 4 L. Ed. 2d 74 (1959).

Record held to contain abundant evidence to support the finding by the trial judge that, in the selection of the grand jury which indicted defendants, there was no arbitrary or systematic exclusion of blacks. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

Where defendant's evidence related to the racial composition of only one grand jury and one list of petit jurors, it did not show a course of conduct over a period of time resulting in an apparent systematic exclusion of blacks from the grand juries or list of petit jurors, and thus failed to establish a prima facie case of systematic exclusion of blacks from either the grand jury which indicted defendant or the petit jury which convicted him. State v. Newkirk, 14 N.C. App. 53, 187 S.E.2d 394, cert. denied, 281 N.C. 316, 188 S.E.2d 900 (1972).

Exclusion of Women from Grand Jury. — Where male defendant moved to quash indictment on the ground that it was returned by a grand jury composed entirely of men and that women had been unlawfully excluded therefrom, it was held that there had been no discrimination against the class or sex to which defendant belonged, and therefore that he could not raise the question of the qualification of women to serve as jurors or maintain that the proceeding constituted a violation of the equal protection guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and by this section. State v. Sims, 213 N.C. 590, 197 S.E. 176 (1938).

Exclusion Due to Bias Against Death Penalty. — Where prospective juror in a first-degree murder prosecution initially responded to both the prosecutor and the court that she did not have any moral or religious convictions against, and could vote for, the death penalty, but she subsequently responded, upon further questioning by the prosecutor, that she would vote against the death penalty without regard to the evidence and notwithstanding the facts or circumstances, and upon further questioning by the court, she was unable to affirmatively agree to follow the law and recommend a sentence based on the evidence and the law and that she would be trying to find ways she could vote against the death penalty and would be predisposed or biased in some respect, the trial court did not err in excusing prospective juror for cause. State v. Jennings, 333 N.C. 579, 430 S.E.2d 188 (1993), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 1028, 114 S. Ct. 644, 126 L. Ed. 2d 602 (1994).

Racial discrimination in the selection of a grand jury foreman from a panel of grand jurors selected in a nondiscriminatory manner violates this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 26. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

To Establish Prima Facie Case of Racial Discrimination in Selection of Grand Jury Foreman. — A black defendant may make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the grand jury foreman's selection by showing either (1) that the selection procedure itself was not racially neutral, or (2) that for a substantial period in the past, relatively few blacks have served in the position of foreman even though a substantial number have been selected to serve as members of grand juries; the State may rebut such a prima facie case on remand by offering evidence that the process used in selecting the grand jury foreman was in fact racially neutral. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

C. Double Jeopardy.

Section Prohibits Double Jeopardy. — Under this section, a person cannot be tried twice for the same offense. State v. Mansfield, 207 N.C. 233, 176 S.E. 761 (1934); State v. Crocker, 239 N.C. 446, 80 S.E.2d 243 (1954); State v. Birckhead, 256 N.C. 494, 124 S.E.2d 838 (1962).

Former jeopardy, being based on the fundamental legal principle that a person cannot be tried twice for the same offense, is a good plea. State v. Partlow, 272 N.C. 60, 157 S.E.2d 688 (1967).

As Part of the Law of the Land. — It is a fundamental and sacred principle of the common law, deeply imbedded in criminal jurisprudence, that no person can be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb for the same offense. While the principle is not stated in express terms in the North Carolina Constitution, it is regarded as an integral part of the "law of the land" within the meaning of this section. State v. Crocker, 239 N.C. 446, 80 S.E.2d 243 (1954); State v. Ballard, 280 N.C. 479, 186 S.E.2d 372 (1972); State v. Cameron, 283 N.C. 191, 195 S.E.2d 481 (1973); State v. Cannon, 38 N.C. App. 322, 248 S.E.2d 65 (1978).

The sacred principle of the common law that no person can twice be put in jeopardy of life or limb for the same offense has always been an integral part of the law of North Carolina; therefore, the decision in Benton v. Maryland, 395 U.S. 784, 89 S. Ct. 2056, 23 L. Ed. 2d 707 (1969), which made the double jeopardy provision of U.S. Const., Amend. V applicable to the several states through U.S. Const., Amend.

XIV, added nothing to the law of this State. State v. Battle, 279 N.C. 484, 183 S.E.2d 641 (1971).

Prohibition against double jeopardy has long been regarded as a part of the "law of the land" in North Carolina. State v. Urban, 31 N.C. App. 531, 230 S.E.2d 210 (1976).

The law of the land clause of the North Carolina Constitution, this section, has also been held to embrace the double jeopardy clause of U.S. Const., Amend. V. State v. Cooley, 47 N.C. App. 376, 268 S.E.2d 87, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 96, 273 S.E.2d 442 (1980).

Guaranteed by Both State and Federal Constitutions. — It is a fundamental principle of the common law, now guaranteed by the federal and State constitutions, that no person can be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb for the same offense. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971); State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977); State v. Partin, 48 N.C. App. 274, 269 S.E.2d 250, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 404, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

The common-law principle that no person can be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb for the same offense is now guaranteed by both the federal and State Constitutions. State v. Allen, 16 N.C. App. 159, 191 S.E.2d 403, appeal dismissed, 282 N.C. 305, 192 S.E.2d 193 (1972).

The constitutional prohibition against double jeopardy applies only to criminal cases. State v. Carlisle, 20 N.C. App. 358, 201 S.E.2d 704 (1973), aff'd, 285 N.C. 229, 204 S.E.2d 15 (1974).

Double Trials and Double Punishment Prohibited. — The constitutional principle of double jeopardy is designed to protect an accused from double punishment as well as double trials for the same offense. State v. Irick, 291 N.C. 480, 231 S.E.2d 833 (1977); State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980); State v. Partin, 48 N.C. App. 274, 269 S.E.2d 250, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 404, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

A defendant is placed in double jeopardy when he is tried twice or punished twice for the same crime. State v. Carlisle, 20 N.C. App. 358, 201 S.E.2d 704 (1973), aff'd, 285 N.C. 229, 204 S.E.2d 15 (1974).

Where multiple punishment is involved, the double jeopardy clause acts as a restraint on the prosecutor and the courts, not the legislature. State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986).

And Courts May Not Impose More Punishment Than Intended by Legislature. — The double jeopardy clauses of both the United States and North Carolina Constitutions prohibit a court from imposing more punishment than that intended by the legislature. State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986).

But Legislature May Authorize Cumulative Punishment. — Where the legislature specifically authorizes cumulative punishment under two statutes, regardless of whether those who statutes proscribe the "same" conduct, a court's task of statutory construction is at an end, and the prosecutor may seek and the trial court or jury may impose cumulative punishment under such statutes in a single trial. State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986).

Intent of Legislature Determines Punishment. — When a defendant is tried in a single trial for violations of two statutes that punish the same conduct, the amount of punishment allowable under the double jeopardy clause of the federal Constitution and the law of the land clause of our State Constitution is determined by the intent of the legislature. State v. Freeland, 316 N.C. 13, 340 S.E.2d 35 (1986).

Double jeopardy does not prohibit multiple punishments for the same offenses, where both are tried at the same time, and the Legislature clearly intended them to be punished separately. State v. Strohauer, 84 N.C. App. 68, 351 S.E.2d 823 (1987).

The general rule is that the defense of double jeopardy is not jurisdictional. State v. McKenzie, 292 N.C. 170, 232 S.E.2d 424 (1977); State v. Hunter, 48 N.C. App. 656, 270 S.E.2d 120 (1980).

Double jeopardy is a personal defense. State v. Hopkins, 279 N.C. 473, 183 S.E.2d 657 (1971); State v. McKenzie, 292 N.C. 170, 232 S.E.2d 424 (1977).

The burden is upon defendant to sustain his plea of double jeopardy. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

Generally the defense of double jeopardy is raised by a special plea upon which the defendant carries the burden. State v. McKenzie, 292 N.C. 170, 232 S.E.2d 424 (1977).

Abandonment of Plea of Double Jeopardy. — Where the defendant fails to plea double jeopardy and to offer supporting evidence thereon, he is deemed to have abandoned such plea. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

Dismissal on Jurisdiction Only. — Where the dismissal, upon defendant's motion, was based solely upon the trial court's ruling that it had no jurisdiction and was entirely unrelated to the sufficiency of evidence as to any element of the offense or to defendant's guilt or innocence, and since there was no acquittal or conviction, a retrial would not offend the constitutional protections afforded by the prohibitions against double jeopardy. State v. Priddy, 115 N.C. App. 547, 445 S.E.2d 610, cert. denied, 337 N.C. 805, 449 S.E.2d 751 (1994).

When Jeopardy Attaches. — Jeopardy at-

taches when a defendant in a criminal prosecution is placed on trial: (1) on a valid indictment or information, (2) before a court of competent jurisdiction, (3) after arraignment, (4) after plea, and (5) when a competent jury has been empaneled and sworn. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971); State v. Ballard, 280 N.C. 479, 186 S.E.2d 372 (1972); State v. Allen, 16 N.C. App. 159, 191 S.E.2d 403, appeal dismissed, 282 N.C. 305, 192 S.E.2d 193 (1972); State v. Chavis, 24 N.C. App. 148, 210 S.E.2d 555 (1974), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 434 (1975), cert. denied, 423 U.S. 1080, 96 S. Ct. 868, 47 L. Ed. 2d 91 (1976); State v. Carter, 289 N.C. 35, 220 S.E.2d 313 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976); State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977).

It is clearly established in this State that jeopardy cannot attach until a jury has been sworn and empaneled. State v. Chavis, 24 N.C. App. 148, 210 S.E.2d 555 (1974), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 434 (1975), cert. denied, 423 U.S. 1080, 96 S. Ct. 868, 47 L. Ed. 2d 91 (1976); State v. Carter, 289 N.C. 35, 220 S.E.2d 313 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

In a nonjury criminal trial, jeopardy attaches when the court begins to hear evidence or testimony. State v. Brunson, 327 N.C. 244, 393 S.E.2d 360 (1990).

Three Situations of Double Jeopardy Identified. — There are essentially three contexts in which the North Carolina Supreme Court has held that conviction and punishment of a defendant for more than one offense results in impermissible multiple punishment: (1) where a defendant is convicted and sentenced for both felony murder and the underlying felony; (2) where a defendant is convicted and sentenced for two offenses, one being a lesser included offense of the other; and (3) where a defendant is convicted and sentenced for two offenses each arising out of the same conduct, but to which the legislature has affixed two criminal labels, and prosecutorial abuse is evident. State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

A plea of former jeopardy must be grounded on the same offense, both in law and fact. State v. Partlow, 272 N.C. 60, 157 S.E.2d 688 (1967).

To support the plea of double jeopardy, it is of no consequence that the earlier prosecution grew out of the same transaction. It must have been the same offense both in fact and in law. State v. Wiggins, 21 N.C. App. 441, 204 S.E.2d 692, appeal dismissed, 285 N.C. 595, 206 S.E.2d 866 (1974); State v. Partin, 48 N.C. App. 274, 269 S.E.2d 250, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 404, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

Evidence Must Be Identical. — Double jeopardy does not occur when the evidence to support two or more offenses overlaps, but only when the evidence presented on more than one charge is identical. State v. Revelle, 301 N.C. 153, 270 S.E.2d 476 (1980).

Test for Double Jeopardy. — The double jeopardy test is whether the facts alleged in the second indictment, if given in evidence, would have sustained a conviction under the first indictment, or whether the same evidence would support a conviction in each case. State v. Ballard, 280 N.C. 479, 186 S.E.2d 372 (1972); State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

The test of former jeopardy is not whether respondent has been tried for the same act, but whether he has been put in jeopardy for the same offense. The offenses must be the same both in fact and in law. In re Drakeford, 32 N.C. App. 113, 230 S.E.2d 779 (1977).

The applicable double jeopardy test in an assault case is the "same evidence test," which asks two questions: First, whether the facts alleged in the second indictment, if given in evidence, would have sustained a conviction under the first indictment, the answer to which question is determined by an examination of the two indictments, and second, whether the same evidence would support a conviction in each case, which question looks at facts dehors the indictments. State v. Irick, 291 N.C. 480, 231 S.E.2d 833 (1977).

"Additional Facts" Test Explained. — The additional facts test of double jeopardy is as follows: A single act may be an offense against two statutes, and if each statute requires proof of an additional fact, which the other does not, an acquittal or conviction under either statute does not exempt the defendant from prosecution and punishment under the other. State v. Cannon, 38 N.C. App. 322, 248 S.E.2d 65 (1978).

If a single act constitutes an offense against two statutes and each statute requires proof of an additional fact which the other does not, the offenses are not the same in law and in fact and a defendant may be convicted and punished for both. State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980); State v. Partin, 48 N.C. App. 274, 269 S.E.2d 250, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 404, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

Application of Additional Facts Test. — The additional facts test is bilateral in its application. The two offenses may have one or more circumstances in common, but in order to constitute either of the offenses sufficiently for prosecution, some additional circumstance must be added. It is the added circumstance which makes each a separate and distinct of-

fense. State v. Cannon, 38 N.C. App. 322, 248 S.E.2d 65 (1978).

For case espousing a test that includes bad faith prosecutorial overreaching or harassment aimed at prejudicing defendant's chances for acquittal, whether in the current trial or a retrial, as a standard for prosecutorial misconduct to be applied in assessing double jeopardy claims under the Constitution of North Carolina, see State v. White, 85 N.C. App. 81, 354 S.E.2d 324 (1987), aff'd, 322 N.C. 506, 369 S.E.2d 813 (1988).

"Lesser Degree" Rule. — In determining whether jeopardy has attached, it is necessary to apply tests firmly established by the courts. The "lesser degree" rule states that where the second indictment is for a crime greater in degree than the first, and where both indictments arise out of the same act, an acquittal or conviction for the first is a bar to a prosecution for the second. State v. Cannon, 38 N.C. App. 322, 248 S.E.2d 65 (1978).

Fact that concurrent, identical sentences are imposed in each case makes duplication of conviction and punishment no less a violation of defendant's constitutional right not to be put in jeopardy twice for the same offense. State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

Plea of Double Jeopardy May Be Waived. — The constitutional right not to be placed in jeopardy twice for the same offense, like other constitutional rights, may be waived by a defendant. State v. Hopkins, 279 N.C. 473, 183 S.E.2d 657 (1971).

And Waiver May Be Implied. — A waiver of the constitutional right not to be placed in jeopardy twice for the same offense is usually implied from the action or inaction of a defendant when brought to trial in a subsequent proceeding. State v. Hopkins, 279 N.C. 473, 183 S.E.2d 657 (1971).

A plea of guilty constitutes a waiver of the plea of former jeopardy. State v. Hopkins, 279 N.C. 473, 183 S.E.2d 657 (1971).

As Does Appeal. — When a defendant seeks a new trial by appealing his conviction, he waives his protection against reprosecution. State v. Britt, 291 N.C. 528, 231 S.E.2d 644 (1977).

Plea of Former Jeopardy Deemed Waived When New Trial Awarded. — When, in either a post-conviction hearing or a habeas corpus proceeding, at the prisoner's request, the court vacates a judgment against him and directs a new trial, the prisoner waives his constitutional protection against double jeopardy, and he may be tried anew on the same indictment for the same offense. In such case, a plea of former jeopardy will avail him nothing. State v. Case, 268 N.C. 330, 150 S.E.2d 509 (1966).

But it is only where the accused himself brings about destruction of the first verdict that he can be retried for the same offense. Where the defendant seasonably abandoned his attempt to destroy the verdict which pronounced him guilty of murder in the second degree, a new trial could not lawfully be forced upon him after such abandonment. State v. Case, 268 N.C. 330, 150 S.E.2d 509 (1966).

An accused will be protected from subsequent prosecution for the same offense where a valid judgment is set aside by the court on its own motion or upon application of the prosecuting attorney, unless of course the accused acquiesces in the action. State v. Case, 268 N.C. 330, 150 S.E.2d 509 (1966).

And if a conviction is reversed for insufficiency of the evidence, double jeopardy precludes remanding the case for a new trial even if the State has evidence which it could offer at a new trial but did not offer at the trial from which the appeal was taken; however, there is no such impediment in ordering a new trial when the first trial was tainted by mere "trial error." State v. Silhan, 302 N.C. 223, 275 S.E.2d 450 (1981), overruled in part by State v. Sanderson, 346 N.C. 669, 488 S.E.2d 133, State v. Adams, 347 N.C. 48, 490 S.E.2d 220 (1997).

Order of mistrial generally will not support a plea of former jeopardy. State v. Booker, 306 N.C. 302, 293 S.E.2d 78 (1982).

Both federal decisions, applying U.S. Const., Amend. V, and State decisions, applying common law and State constitutional principles, have recognized that, in certain situations arising in criminal prosecutions, the court may order a mistrial before verdict and again place defendant on trial without violating the double jeopardy prohibition. State v. Preston, 9 N.C. App. 71, 175 S.E.2d 705 (1971).

An order of mistrial in a criminal case, entered when the jurors declare their inability to agree, must be left to the trial judge, in the exercise of his judicial discretion, and will not support a plea of former jeopardy. State v. Battle, 279 N.C. 484, 183 S.E.2d 641 (1971).

Test for determining under our State Constitution whether a case may be retried after the court grants a defendant's motion for a mistrial is as follows: If a defendant moves for a mistrial, he or she normally should be held to have waived the right not to be tried a second time for the same offense. Where the defendant makes such a motion because of prosecutorial misconduct, and the court grants the motion, retrial is not barred by this section unless the defendant shows that the prosecutor was motivated by the intent to provoke a mistrial instead of merely the intent to prejudice the defendant. State v. White, 322 N.C. 506, 369 S.E.2d 813 (1988).

Where It Is Ordered for Physical Necessity or Necessity of Doing Justice. — Even

where all the elements of jeopardy appear, a plea of former jeopardy will not prevail where an order of mistrial was properly entered for "physical necessity or the necessity of doing justice." State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

A subsequent trial of a defendant, following termination of earlier proceedings upon an order of mistrial, is not precluded by a plea of former jeopardy where the mistrial was granted, over defendant's objections, due to "a physical necessity or the necessity of doing justice." State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977).

"Physical necessity" is illustrated where a juror by a sudden attack of illness is wholly disqualified from proceeding with the trial, or where the prisoner becomes insane during the trial, or where a female defendant is taken in labor during the trial. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

"Necessity of doing justice" is not an expression connoting a vague generality, but one that relates to a limited subject, namely, the occurrence of some incident of a nature that would render impossible a fair and impartial trial under the law. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

"Necessity of doing justice" arises from the duty of the court to guard the administration of justice from fraudulent practices; as in the case of tampering with the jury, or keeping back the witnesses on the part of the prosecution. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

The test of "necessity of doing justice" does not exist solely for the benefit of a defendant. It is fundamental in our system of jurisprudence that each party to an action is entitled to a fair and impartial trial. State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977).

No Limit to Number of Mistrials. — There is no specific limit to the number of times a defendant may be retried after a mistrial has been properly declared. State v. Simpson, 303 N.C. 439, 279 S.E.2d 542 (1981).

The decision to grant a mistrial is a decision will within the trial judge's discretion when faced with the occurrence of some incident of a nature that would render impossible a fair and impartial trial under the law. State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977).

Duty of Judge Ordering Mistrial in Capital Cases. — In all cases, capital included, the court may discharge a jury and order a mistrial when it is necessary to attain the ends of justice. It is a matter resting in the sound discretion of the trial judge, but in capital cases he is required to find the facts fully and place them upon the record, so that upon a plea of former jeopardy, the action of the court may be reviewed. State v. Cutshall, 278 N.C. 334, 180 S.E.2d 745 (1971).

In capital cases the trial court must make findings of fact upon granting a mistrial and place them in the record, so that the court's action may be reviewed on appeal. State v. Shuler, 293 N.C. 34, 235 S.E.2d 226 (1977).

Double Jeopardy Shown in Capital Case. — Where the initial declaration of a mistrial during the defendant's first trial on the capital charge against her was not the result of manifest necessity, and therefore was error, and it could not be determined from the record whether the error in initially declaring a mistrial caused the jury to fail to reach agreement after the court had reinstated the jury, and thus deprived the defendant of a verdict, the trial court erred when it later denied the defendant's motion to dismiss the charge of murder in the first degree against her for the reason that she had formerly been placed in jeopardy for the same offense. State v. Lachat, 317 N.C. 73, 343 S.E.2d 872 (1986).

Defendant's failure to object to termination of her first trial for capital murder by a declaration of mistrial would not prevent her from receiving the relief to which she was otherwise entitled on grounds of former jeopardy, on appeal of her conviction at a second trial. State v. Lachat, 317 N.C. 73, 343 S.E.2d 872 (1986).

Conviction Under Federal Statute With Sanctions Under State Statute Held Not Double Jeopardy. — A conviction under a federal statute followed by disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a State statute for the same conduct does not violate the double jeopardy clause. In re Cobb, 102 N.C. App. 466, 402 S.E.2d 475, cert. denied, appeal dismissed, 329 N.C. 269, 407 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

Reinstatement of a guilty plea following correction of an error of law did not violate the principles of double jeopardy. State v. Oakley, 75 N.C. App. 99, 330 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

Prosecutorial Misconduct Intended to Provoke Motion for Mistrial. — Where the former trial is terminated by a mistrial granted at the request of, or with the consent of, the defendant, the general rule is that the double jeopardy clause does not bar retrial, even if the defendant's motion for mistrial is made as a result of prosecutorial error; however, where the prosecutorial misconduct giving rise to the defendant's motion for mistrial is intended to goad or provoke the defendant into moving for a mistrial, the defendant may invoke the protection of the double jeopardy clause to bar a retrial. State v. Major, 84 N.C. App. 421, 352 S.E.2d 862 (1987).

Double Jeopardy Not Shown. — Where each defendant was separately arraigned and pleaded to the bill of indictment, following which the cases were continued to the next

term of court, defendants were not twice put in jeopardy by a second arraignment when the cases were called for trial the following term. State v. Watson, 209 N.C. 229, 183 S.E. 286 (1936).

Defendant was not subjected to double jeopardy, and was subjected to only one trial, where his trial was temporarily interrupted based upon the unexpected inability of a scheduled witness to be present due to his physical condition. State v. Carter, 289 N.C. 35, 220 S.E.2d 313 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Double jeopardy did not result when defendant was tried and convicted of kidnapping for the purpose of facilitating flight following his participation in an armed robbery and of armed robbery, since the intent of the legislature in establishing the punishment for kidnapping was to impose an indivisible penalty for restraint and removal for specified purposes, no hypothetical part of which penalty represents a punishment for the felony which gave rise to the flight of defendant and his removal of the victim, and since the crimes of armed robbery and kidnapping involve vastly different social implications, and the legislature is clearly free to denounce each as a separately punishable offense. State v. Martin, 47 N.C. App. 223, 267 S.E.2d 35, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 238, 283 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

Conviction and sentence of defendant for assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill inflicting serious injury and assault with intent to commit rape did not subject him to double jeopardy, since the elements for the two crimes are not the same. State v. Herring, 50 N.C. App. 298, 273 S.E.2d 29 (1981).

Defendant's convictions of two violations of § 14-27.7, engaging in a sexual act and in intercourse with a person over whom his employer had custody, following his earlier acquittal of second degree rape under § 14-27.3 and committing a sex act on a person who was physically helpless under § 14-27.5 and vacation of his conviction of engaging in a sex act by force and against victim's will in violation of § 14-27.5 did not violate the double jeopardy clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. V and this section of the North Carolina Constitution, as the offenses that defendant was convicted of were not lesser included offenses of the crimes that he was earlier tried for. State v. Raines, 81 N.C. App. 299, 344 S.E.2d 138 (1986), aff'd, 319 N.C. 258, 354 S.E.2d 486 (1987).

Defendant who was convicted for robbing a bank in this State of $6,058.00 with a dangerous weapon in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2113(d) was not entitled to dismissal of an indictment in the Superior Court of Perquimans County for committing the same robbery with a dangerous weapon in violation of § 14-87 on double jeopardy grounds, as defendant was not being prosecuted for the "same offense" as he had been punished for in federal court. State v. Myers, 82 N.C. App. 299, 346 S.E.2d 273 (1986).

Convictions of statutory rape, taking indecent liberties with a child, and incest, all arising out of the same transaction, did not violate the defendant's rights against double jeopardy; the three are legally separate and distinct crimes, none of which is a lesser included offense of another. State v. Etheridge, 319 N.C. 34, 352 S.E.2d 673 (1987).

The crime against nature, taking indecent liberties with a child, and sexual offense in the second degree are legally separate and distinct crimes, and convictions for all three crimes arising out of the same transaction did not place the defendant in double jeopardy. State v. Etheridge, 319 N.C. 34, 352 S.E.2d 673 (1987).

Defendant held to have failed to establish his double jeopardy claim under the State Constitution based on prosecutorial misconduct resulting in his request for a mistrial, where it could not be said that the State's case was going so badly and the prejudice resulting from the prosecutor's conduct was so grave that the defendant's choice to continue or to abort the proceedings was rendered unmeaningful. State v. White, 85 N.C. App. 81, 354 S.E.2d 324 (1987), aff'd, 322 N.C. 506, 369 S.E.2d 813 (1988).

Trial court did not err by permitting State to try defendant for both burglary and first degree murder of victim; although the intended felony for the burglary was murder of the victim; since at least one essential element of each crime was not an element of the other, there was no merit in defendant's contentions that he was subjected to double jeopardy. State v. Parks, 324 N.C. 94, 376 S.E.2d 4 (1989).

Prosecution on two counts of discharging a firearm into occupied property did not violate federal and State prohibitions against double jeopardy even though 3606 and 3608 Jonquil Street were apartments located within the same building; the facts alleged in the second count of the indictment — that the building was located at 3608 Jonquil Street and was occupied by one set of victims, would not have sustained defendant's conviction for shooting into 3606 Jonquil while that residence was occupied by another set of victims. State v. Ray, 97 N.C. App. 621, 389 S.E.2d 422 (1990).

Defendant's two convictions and punishments for trafficking in cocaine by possession and felonious possession of cocaine, based on the same contraband, do not violate the principles of double jeopardy. State v. Pipkins, 337 N.C. 431, 446 S.E.2d 360 (1994).

Possession and Sale as Separate Offenses. — For cases holding that possession and sale of controlled substances are separate offenses, and that a defendant will not be subjected to double jeopardy when he is tried

for both, see State v. Cameron, 283 N.C. 191, 195 S.E.2d 481 (1973); State v. Patterson, 21 N.C. App. 443, 204 S.E.2d 709 (1974); State v. Aikens, 22 N.C. App. 310, 206 S.E.2d 348, aff'd, 286 N.C. 202, 209 S.E.2d 763 (1974); State v. Gleason, 24 N.C. App. 732, 212 S.E.2d 213 (1975); State v. Salem, 50 N.C. App. 419, 274 S.E.2d 501, cert. denied, 302 N.C. 401, 279 S.E.2d 355 (1981).

Defendant may be convicted for both conspiracy to commit robbery and the commission of the same robbery without being subject to double jeopardy. State v. Wiggins, 21 N.C. App. 441, 204 S.E.2d 692, appeal dismissed, 285 N.C. 595, 206 S.E.2d 866 (1974).

Convictions May Be Had for Breaking or Entering and Larceny. — The prohibitions in the United States and North Carolina Constitutions against placing a person twice in jeopardy do not prohibit, in a single trial, convictions and punishment for both breaking or entering and felony larceny based upon that breaking or entering. State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986).

Conviction and punishment for both felony breaking or entering and felonious larceny based upon the same breaking or entering in a single trial is not prohibited by the provisions of either the Constitution of the United States or the Constitution of North Carolina. State v. Edmondson, 316 N.C. 187, 340 S.E.2d 110 (1986).

Because the crimes of larceny and obtaining property by false pretenses are separate and distinguishable offenses, the issuance of a second indictment for false pretenses, after the dismissal of larceny charges at the close of the State's evidence, did not constitute double jeopardy. State v. Kelly, 75 N.C. App. 461, 331 S.E.2d 227, cert. denied, 315 N.C. 187, 339 S.E.2d 409 (1985).

Each Seized Item of Obscene Material a Separate Offense. — The trial court did not err by refusing to arrest judgment on defendant's two counts of disseminating obscenity, even though the films sold police were sold in the same transaction, since it was the clear intent of the legislature to treat the dissemination of each seized item of obscene material as a separate offense. State v. Von Wilds, 88 N.C. App. 69, 362 S.E.2d 605 (1987), cert. denied, 322 N.C. 329, 368 S.E.2d 873 (1988).

In this State a defendant may not be punished both for felony murder and for the underlying "predicate" felony, even in a single prosecution. Whether in other situations multiple punishments may be imposed when a defendant, in a single trial, is convicted of multiple offenses when some are fully, factually embraced within others is to be determined on the basis of legislative intent. State v. Gardner, 315 N.C. 444, 340 S.E.2d 701 (1986).

Plea of Former Jeopardy Upheld. — Where judgment of nonsuit on the ground of variance was entered in a defendant's trial upon an indictment charging armed robbery of a store in which the life of a named employee was endangered and in which money belonging to the store was taken from the named employee, and where defendant was subsequently prosecuted upon another armed robbery indictment for the same occurrence, which alleged that the lives of two other employees were endangered and that the money was taken from the two other employees, and where the evidence in both trials showed that the robbery was perpetrated by endangering and threatening all employees then present in the store, including those named in both indictments, but that the money was removed from the immediate presence of the two employees named in the second indictment, as the same evidence would have supported a conviction in both trials, defendant's plea of former jeopardy prior to his second trial should have been allowed. State v. Ballard, 280 N.C. 479, 186 S.E.2d 372 (1972).

Where the affray charge upon which juvenile was convicted had as an essential element the assault charge which had been dismissed for lack of evidence, respondent's acquittal on the assault charge barred further petitions based on that charge. In re Drakeford, 32 N.C. App. 113, 230 S.E.2d 779 (1977).

Arrest of Judgment Required. — Although prosecution of defendants for assault on a law enforcement officer with a firearm and for assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill did not violate the prohibition against double jeopardy, nor require the State to elect prosecution under a single statute, since each offense required proof of an element which did not exist in the other charge, arrest of judgment of their conviction of the lesser offense was required when they were convicted of both crimes, since assault and the use of a deadly weapon were necessarily included in the offense of assault on a law enforcement officer with a firearm, and defendants could not be punished twice for the same offense. State v. Partin, 48 N.C. App. 274, 269 S.E.2d 250, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 404, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

Final verdict is required before there can be an implied acquittal. Jury votes on included offenses may be the result of a temporary compromise in an effort to reach unanimity. A jury should not be precluded from reconsidering a previous vote on any issue, and the weight of final adjudication should not be given to any jury action that is not returned in a final verdict. State v. Booker, 306 N.C. 302, 293 S.E.2d 78 (1982).

Revocation of Driver's License Cannot Constitute Double Jeopardy. — Since the revocation of a driver's license is not a form of criminal punishment, it cannot constitute dou-

ble jeopardy. State v. Carlisle, 20 N.C. App. 358, 201 S.E.2d 704 (1973), aff'd, 285 N.C. 229, 204 S.E.2d 15 (1974).

The ten-day driver's license revocation under G.S. 20-16.5 did not constitute punishment as such; therefore, defendant's subsequent criminal conviction for DWI did not violate the double jeopardy clause. State v. Oliver, 343 N.C. 202, 470 S.E.2d 16 (1996).

Order Denying Motion Immediately Appealable. — A defendant's right not to be unconstitutionally subjected to multiple criminal trials for the same offense is a substantial right, a violation of which cannot be fully remedied by an appeal taken after the subsequent trial has already occurred because the mere fact of the subsequent trial is a violation of the protected right; therefore, where a motion for dismissal of criminal charges is based upon double jeopardy grounds, an order denying the motion is immediately appealable. State v. Major, 84 N.C. App. 421, 352 S.E.2d 862 (1987).

Expulsion from a school for violation of school policies is not punishment so as to invoke the protection of constitutional double jeopardy restrictions because important, if not essential, nonpunitive purposes are served by administrative suspension and expulsion. State v. Davis, 126 N.C. App. 415, 485 S.E.2d 329 (1997).

D. Right to Counsel.

Right to Counsel Dependent on Potential Confinement. — The strict distinctions formerly drawn between criminal and civil actions are no longer valid, and due process presumptively requires the appointment of legal counsel to represent an indigent defendant if his actual imprisonment, or comparable confinement, is a likely result in the proceeding at hand. Wake County ex rel. Carrington v. Townes, 306 N.C. 333, 293 S.E.2d 95 (1982), cert. denied, 459 U.S. 1113, 103 S. Ct. 745, 75 L. Ed. 2d 965 (1983).

Right to Counsel Guaranteed. — An accused's right to counsel in a criminal prosecution is guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. VI and is applicable to the states through U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 and this section. State v. Shores, 102 N.C. App. 473, 402 S.E.2d 162 (1991).

The guarantee of counsel only applies to "critical stages" of the prosecution, and what constitutes a critical stage is determined both from the nature of the proceedings and from the facts in each case. State v. Hall, 39 N.C. App. 728, 252 S.E.2d 100 (1979).

A probable cause hearing is a "critical stage" of the criminal process entitling an indigent person to appointed counsel if he desires such assistance. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

Administration of a gunshot residue test is not a critical stage of criminal proceedings to which the constitutional right to counsel attaches. Therefore, testimony that defendant refused to submit to the test until she talked to her attorney did not violate her constitutional rights. State v. Odom, 303 N.C. 163, 277 S.E.2d 352, cert. denied, 454 U.S. 1052, 102 S. Ct. 596, 70 L. Ed. 2d 587 (1981), rehearing denied, 454 U.S. 1165, 102 S. Ct. 1041, 71 L. Ed. 2d 322 (1982).

Right to Counsel Includes Reasonable Time for Preparation. — The constitutional right to assistance of counsel necessarily includes that counsel should have a reasonable time to prepare for trial. However, no set length of time for investigation, preparation and presentation is required, and whether defendant is denied due process must be determined upon the basis of the circumstances in each case. State v. Moore, 39 N.C. App. 643, 251 S.E.2d 647, appeal dismissed, 297 N.C. 178, 254 S.E.2d 39 (1979).

But Mere Failure to Grant a Continuance Is Not a Denial of Effective Assistance. — Unless counsel suggests the existence of material witnesses or information that would possibly lead to material evidence or material witnesses, the mere failure to grant a continuance in order for the defense to make an investigation would not, in and of itself, constitute a denial of effective assistance of counsel. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

Prevention of Adequate Preparation by Defendant. — The conduct of a defendant in failing either to retain counsel or to avail himself of his right, if any, to court appointed counsel, may make him solely responsible for any lack of trial preparation on the part of his counsel. State v. McDiarmid, 36 N.C. App. 230, 243 S.E.2d 398 (1978).

Assistance of Counsel Means Effective Assistance. — The right to counsel is not intended to be simply an empty formality, but is intended to guarantee effective assistance of counsel. State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978); State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Constitutional right to counsel has long been recognized as an entitlement to the effective assistance of counsel. State v. Vickers, 306 N.C. 90, 291 S.E.2d 599 (1982).

Test of effective assistance of counsel is whether the assistance given was within the range of competence demanded of attorneys in criminal cases. State v. Vickers, 306 N.C. 90, 291 S.E.2d 599 (1982); State v. Scober, 74 N.C. App. 469, 328 S.E.2d 590 (1985).

There are no set rules to determine whether a defendant has been deprived of effective assistance of counsel; rather, each case must be approached upon an ad hoc basis, viewing the

circumstances as a whole in order to determine this question. State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978).

Question of failure of counsel to render effective representation may be considered on direct appeal. State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978).

Trial Judge Better Able to Evaluate Effectiveness. — The trial judge, who actually sees the lawyer's behavior, is better able than an appellate court to evaluate the overall effectiveness of representation. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Physical Incapacity of Counsel. — The question of effective assistance of counsel involving the physical incapacity of counsel does not turn on the physical incapacity of counsel as such, since this may or may not deprive a defendant of effective representation. Rather, it is necessary to examine counsel's specific acts or omissions which the defendant alleges constitute a denial of effective assistance. The reviewing court must approach such questions ad hoc and in each case must view the circumstances as a whole. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Notwithstanding defense attorney's hearing disability, his efforts and the assistance of cocounsel were held to have provided defendant with effective legal representation throughout criminal proceedings. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

A defendant in a criminal proceeding, whether at trial or in pretrial proceedings, may waive his right to counsel if he does so freely and understandingly and with full knowledge of his right to be represented by counsel. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

Indigent Defendant May Waive Counsel. — The purpose of the statutory provision for appointment of counsel at public expense for indigent defendants is to put indigent defendants on an equality with affluent defendants in trials upon criminal charges. To deny or to restrict the right of the indigent to waive counsel and represent himself, while permitting the affluent defendant to exercise such right, would be beyond the power of the legislature, as such action would have no reasonable relation to the objective of equal opportunity. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972).

Indigency is obviously a sufficient basis for classification with reference to the right to court-appointed, publicly paid counsel, but it is not a reasonable basis for classification as to the right to represent one's self. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972).

For case upholding finding that defendant's counsel was not ineffective but if he was, the defendant did not show prejudice, see State v. Swann, 322 N.C. 666, 370 S.E.2d 533 (1988).

Defendant did not invoke his right to counsel; thus, the motion to suppress defendant's statement was properly denied. State v. Davis, 124 N.C. App. 93, 476 S.E.2d 453 (1996).

Illustrative Cases. — Defendant's contention that the district attorney's argument to the jury referring repeatedly to the fact that defense counsel was from another part of the State constituted prejudicial error and denied the defendant due process and the effective assistance of counsel would be overruled where defense counsel had opened the door with abusive comments attacking the credibility of two State witnesses and the honesty of two local law-enforcement officers. State v. McCall, 289 N.C. 512, 223 S.E.2d 303, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 912, 97 S. Ct. 301, 50 L. Ed. 2d 278 (1976).

In the absence of any showing that the withdrawal of a motion to consolidate for trial charges against two defendants in any way prejudiced defendant's case and denied him his right to effective counsel, there was no error in denial of his motion to continue. State v. Minshew, 33 N.C. App. 593, 235 S.E.2d 866 (1977).

In a prosecution for kidnapping and assaulting a policeman with a firearm, the trial court erred in denying defendant's motion for a continuance under circumstances in which the 17 days defendant's counsel had to prepare for trial was not a reasonable time to comply with defendant's constitutional right to assistance of counsel in his defense. State v. Moore, 39 N.C. App. 643, 251 S.E.2d 647, appeal dismissed, 297 N.C. 178, 254 S.E.2d 39 (1979).

Trial counsel's failure to move for exclusion of three State's witnesses from the courtroom until each one was called to testify was not evidence of ineffective assistance of counsel. State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981).

Where the record did not indicate any impermissibly suggestive pretrial identification procedures that would have tainted the witnesses' in-court identifications, defendant's counsel's failure to object or move for a voir dire examination was not indicative of ineffective representation. State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981).

Defense counsel's failure to move for dismissal on the grounds of insufficient evidence at the close of all the evidence did not prejudice the defendant and did not constitute ineffective representation, because the sufficiency of the evidence was reviewable on appeal without regard to whether a motion was made at trial. State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981).

The counsel's substandard performance was

prejudicial to the rape defendant where the defense's failure to produce any evidence to support the theories proffered at the outset of the trial, including consent of the victim and inability of the defendant to perform the alleged acts, formed the basis of one of the principal closing arguments made by the State in favor of conviction. State v. Moorman, 320 N.C. 387, 358 S.E.2d 502 (1987).

E. Time to Prepare Defense.

Defendant Is Entitled to Time and Opportunity to Investigate and Produce Evidence. — Due process requires that every defendant be allowed a reasonable time and opportunity to investigate and produce competent evidence, if he can, in defense of the crime with which he stands charged and to confront his accusers with other testimony. State v. Baldwin, 276 N.C. 690, 174 S.E.2d 526 (1970).

And to Prepare His Defense. — It is implicit in these constitutional guarantees that an accused and his counsel shall have a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present the defense of the accused. State v. Vick, 287 N.C. 37, 213 S.E.2d 335, cert. dismissed, 423 U.S. 918, 96 S. Ct. 228, 46 L. Ed. 2d 367 (1975).

Implicit in the constitutional right to effective counsel is that an accused and his counsel shall have a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present the defense. State v. Minshew, 33 N.C. App. 593, 235 S.E.2d 866 (1977).

But due process does not include the right to fish in psychiatric ponds for immaterial evidence. State v. Baldwin, 276 N.C. 690, 174 S.E.2d 526 (1970).

The question as to whether defendant has sufficient time to prepare his defense before trial is one addressed to the sound discretion of the trial judge, which will not be reviewed on appeal when it is not made to appear that his discretionary power has been abused by him. State v. Burnett, 184 N.C. 783, 115 S.E. 57 (1922).

No set length of time for investigation, preparation and presentation of defense is required, and whether defendant is denied due process must be determined upon the basis of the circumstances of each case. State v. Vick, 287 N.C. 37, 213 S.E.2d 335, cert. dismissed, 423 U.S. 918, 96 S. Ct. 228, 46 L. Ed. 2d 367 (1975); State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

Delay Forced by Defendant. — There was no constitutional violation where defendant clearly had ample time to confer with counsel, investigate, and present his defense. Defendant may not force a delay in proceedings by retaining counsel and refusing to agree to a fee arrangement. State v. Cuevas, 121 N.C. App. 553, 468 S.E.2d 425 (1996).

Defendant Offered Insufficient Evidence. — The circumstances surrounding the trial court's denial of the defendant's motion to continue did not demonstrate that it was unlikely that the defendant could have received effective assistance of counsel. The defendant failed to offer evidence tending to establish a violation of his constitutional right to a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present his defense for murder charge and did not show that he had inadequate time to confer with counsel or that counsel had inadequate time to prepare for trial. State v. Tunstall, 334 N.C. 320, 432 S.E.2d 331 (1993).

When Motion for Continuance Presents Question of Law. — Ordinarily, whether a cause shall be continued is a matter which rests in the sound discretion of the trial court and, in the absence of gross abuse, is not subject to review on appeal, but when the motion is based on a right guaranteed by the federal and State Constitutions, the question presented is one of law and not of discretion, and the decision of the court below is reviewable. State v. Farrell, 223 N.C. 321, 26 S.E.2d 322 (1943); State v. Lane, 258 N.C. 349, 128 S.E.2d 389 (1962).

When a motion for a continuance is based on a right guaranteed by the federal and State Constitutions, the question presented is one of law and not of discretion, and the decision of the trial court is reviewable on appeal. State v. Atkinson, 7 N.C. App. 355, 172 S.E.2d 249 (1970); State v. Brower, 289 N.C. 644, 224 S.E.2d 551 (1976).

Where a motion for continuance is based on a right guaranteed by the Constitution, the decision of the trial judge is reviewable as a question of law without a prior determination that there has been a gross abuse of discretion. State v. Harrill, 289 N.C. 186, 221 S.E.2d 325, death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Indictment, Arraignment and Trial on Same Day. — Defendant's indictment, arraignment, and trial on the same day on a burglary charge was not such a flagrant violation of his due process rights that the court was required to dismiss the indictment, since defendant, by not contesting additional indictments for armed robbery, larceny, and rape conceded that he had been given sufficient time in which to prepare a defense on these charges; the burglary indictment arose out of the same series of events which led to the three other indictments; the offenses took place at such a close proximity in time that any defense which counsel might have prepared to the charge of burglary could not have significantly differed from the defenses he did prepare to the charges of larceny, armed robbery, and rape, and any proof of the nonexistence of the essential elements of burglary would necessarily be included in defendant's defense on the other charges in this case,

because for each charge defendant would seek to disprove the State's evidence of the sequence of events leading up to the charge, which facts also supported the burglary indictment. State v. Revelle, 301 N.C. 153, 270 S.E.2d 476 (1980).

Illustrative Cases. — Findings in post-conviction proceeding, disclosing that petitioners, although jointly tried, were not allowed to communicate with one another prior to trial, and that there attempts to contact witnesses and friends were unsuccessful, did not support the lower court's conclusion of law that petitioners had not been denied any rights guaranteed to them by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 and by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. State v. Wheeler, 249 N.C. 187, 105 S.E.2d 615 (1958).

Where the trial court had determined from evidence of defendant's impaired mental capacity that the interests of justice required that defendant's case be continued in order that defendant could be granted the opportunity to seek compulsory attendance of witnesses and the effective assistance of counsel, the trial court's action in allowing the case to proceed to trial upon defendant's motion for a speedy trial and for leave to withdraw his prior motions for a continuance, where no evidence was introduced before the trial court indicating that defendant's impairments had subsided or no longer existed, constituted a denial of defendant's rights to due process of law and equal protection of the laws. State v. Brooks, 38 N.C. App. 445, 248 S.E.2d 369 (1978).

Where defendant made no credible demonstration that a continuance would have enabled him to secure his psychiatrist's attendance, the judge did not err, nor did he abuse his discretion, by refusing to grant a continuance, and even had the judge's denial of the motion been erroneous constitutionally, defendant failed to demonstrate prejudice. State v. Attmore, 92 N.C. App. 385, 374 S.E.2d 649 (1988), cert. denied, 324 N.C. 248, 377 S.E.2d 757 (1989).

F. Witnesses.

Section Preserves Right of Confrontation and Cross-Examination. — "The law of the land" guaranteed by this section of the Constitution, which is synonymous with "due process," preserves the right of confrontation and cross-examination to an accused in a criminal action. By cross-examination a witness may be questioned as to prior inconsistent statements or as to any act inconsistent with his testimony in order to impeach him or cast doubt upon his credibility. State v. Gaiten, 277 N.C. 236, 176 S.E.2d 778 (1970).

The "law of the land" guaranteed by this section is synonymous with "due process," and it preserves the right of confrontation and cross-examination to an accused party. State v. Phillips, 88 N.C. App. 526, 364 S.E.2d 196 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 325 N.C. 222, 381 S.E.2d 325 (1989).

The right to face one's accusers and witnesses with other testimony is guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. VI, which is made applicable to the states by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, and by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23. State v. Cradle, 281 N.C. 198, 188 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1047, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 499 (1972); State v. Brower, 289 N.C. 644, 224 S.E.2d 551 (1976); State v. Harris, 290 N.C. 681, 228 S.E.2d 437 (1976).

New Trial Is Not Barred by Death of Defendant's Witness. — To hold that when a defendant in a criminal action by his appeal has secured a new trial, he cannot be prosecuted promptly again, because by the death of a witness who would testify in his favor, if alive, at the time of the retrial, he would in such trial by such death and loss of evidence be denied the right of due process of law under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and to the rights of "the law of the land" provision of this section, would mean that some, if not many, cases could not be tried again. State v. Patton, 260 N.C. 359, 132 S.E.2d 891 (1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 956, 84 S. Ct. 977, 11 L. Ed. 2d 974 (1964).

When a defendant by his appeal obtains a new trial, the law does not require that the State in order to prosecute him again must guarantee that all his witnesses shall be alive and capable of testifying for him at the retrial, for to require that would be for the law to exact of the State impossibilities. State v. Patton, 260 N.C. 359, 132 S.E.2d 891 (1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 956, 84 S. Ct. 977, 11 L. Ed. 2d 974 (1964).

But Defendant Must Be Discharged If State's Essential Witnesses Are Dead. — If a defendant by his appeal secures a new trial, and if at the time of the new trial the State's essential witnesses are dead or incapable of testifying, the State has no other recourse than to discharge the defendant, no matter how guilty he may be. State v. Patton, 260 N.C. 359, 132 S.E.2d 891 (1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 956, 84 S. Ct. 977, 11 L. Ed. 2d 974 (1964).

Trial court's denial of defendant's motion for separate trial so prejudiced his defense as to amount to a denial of due process and his right to confrontation where defendant was precluded under the circumstances of the joint trial from introducing evidence of codefendant's out-of-court statement, which would have strengthened defendant's alibi defense. State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

Admissibility of Death Certificate. — Defendant's right to confrontation and his right to fundamental fairness in his criminal trial were violated by admission in evidence of hearsay and conclusory statement in victim's death cer-

tificate. State v. Watson, 281 N.C. 221, 188 S.E.2d 289, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1043, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1972).

Denial of Motion to Examine Written Pretrial Statements of State's Witnesses. — Denial of defense counsel's motion to examine State's witnesses' pretrial statements which had been reduced to writing violated defendant's due process rights. State v. Voncannon, 49 N.C. App. 637, 272 S.E.2d 153 (1980), rev'd on other grounds, 302 N.C. 619, 276 S.E.2d 370 (1981).

Defendant Failed to Show His Right to the Aid of a Pathologist. — Even though defendant's identity as the perpetrator of the crime charged was critical, and the state's case was built on circumstantial evidence, defendant had not demonstrated that a pathologist could have offered anything to his defense where the assistance of the pathologist sought by defendant would have been of little, if any, value to him, and defendant failed to satisfy his burden of showing either that the assistance of a pathologist would have materially aided him in the preparation of his defense or that the lack thereof deprived him of a fair trial. State v. Moseley, 338 N.C. 1, 449 S.E.2d 412 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1091, 115 S. Ct. 1815, 131 L. Ed. 2d 738 (1995).

Reliability of Informants. — A defendant is entitled to question police as to the reliability of an informer when the constitutional validity of his arrest is challenged. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

Disclosure of Informant's Identity. — The privilege against disclosure of an informant's identity is based on the public policy of the furtherance and protection of the public interest in effective law enforcement. However, the privilege must give way where the disclosure of the informer's identity, or of the contents of his communication, is relevant and helpful to the defense of the accused, or is essential to fair determination of a cause. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969); State v. Cameron, 283 N.C. 191, 195 S.E.2d 481 (1973).

Right of Cross-Examination — Generally. — One of the most jealously guarded rights in the administration of justice is that of cross-examining an adversary's witnesses. State v. Harrill, 289 N.C. 186, 221 S.E.2d 325, death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Same — Impeachment. — A witness, including a defendant in a criminal action, is subject to being impeached or discredited by cross-examination. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

In cross-examination a witness, including a defendant in a criminal case, may be asked all sorts of disparaging questions, and he may be particularly asked whether he has committed specified criminal acts or has been guilty of specified reprehensible or degrading conduct. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

A witness, including a defendant in a criminal case, cannot be impeached by cross-examination as to whether he has been arrested for, indicted for or accused of an unrelated criminal offense. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

Same — Burden of Proof. — Appellant has the burden of showing not only error but also prejudicial error on appeal of trial judge's refusal to allow cross-examination of a witness. State v. Harrill, 289 N.C. 186, 221 S.E.2d 325, death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Same — Illustrative Cases. — The right of the defendant in a criminal action to cross-examine expert witnesses who have testified against him is a material one, guaranteed by this section of the Constitution, and a denial thereof may not be held as merely a technicality and harmless; nor would this error be cured by the fact that defendant had an opportunity to cross-examine one of these witnesses in refutation of the correctness of the facts upon which his conclusion was based, especially when the other witness was regarded as the most important one. State v. Hightower, 187 N.C. 300, 121 S.E. 616 (1924).

The "law of the land" guaranteed by this section, synonymous with due process of law, guarantees to one charged with contempt of court by an asserted willful violation of a restraining order a right, when he denies the asserted violation, to confront and cross-examine witnesses by whose testimony the asserted violation is to be established. Harriet Cotton Mills v. Local 578, Textile Workers Union, 251 N.C. 218, 111 S.E.2d 457 (1959), cert. denied, 362 U.S. 941, 80 S. Ct. 806, 4 L. Ed. 2d 770 (1960).

Victim impact statements may be used at sentencing hearings, except in capital cases. State v. Phillips, 325 N.C. 222, 381 S.E.2d 325 (1989).

Use of Closed Circuit Television in Court Room Held Adequate to Provide Defendant Opportunity to Cross-examine Child Victim. — Where, in prosecution for taking indecent liberties with a four-year-old child, during voir dire hearing as to victim's competency as a witness, defendant, although absent from the courtroom, was able to hear all testimony, interact freely with his attorney, and through his attorney confront the victim, thereby accomplishing effective cross-examina-

tion, the exclusion of defendant did not violate this section or N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 18 or 23, as the trial court's use of a closed circuit television and its act of providing defendant and his attorney adequate opportunity to communicate during the victim's testimony were sufficient to permit defendant to hear the evidence and to refute it. State v. Jones, 89 N.C. App. 584, 367 S.E.2d 139 (1988).

Illustrative Cases. — Where defendant had the opportunity to cross-examine both witnesses in his murder trial, the confrontation clause was not violated as to the victim's grandmother's testimony concerning what she told the defendant and as to the letter written from the victim to the defendant, authenticated by two witnesses. State v. Quick, 323 N.C. 675, 375 S.E.2d 156 (1989).

G. Identification of Defendant.

The test under the due process clause as to pretrial identification procedure is whether the totality of the circumstances reveals that the pretrial procedures were so unnecessarily suggestive and conducive to an irreparable mistaken identification as to offend fundamental standards of decency, fairness and justice. State v. Artis, 31 N.C. App. 193, 228 S.E.2d 768, cert. denied, 291 N.C. 449, 230 S.E.2d 766 (1976); State v. Moses, 52 N.C. App. 412, 279 S.E.2d 59, cert. denied, 303 N.C. 318, 281 S.E.2d 390 (1981).

Factors to be considered in evaluating the likelihood of mistaken identification for due process pretrial identification purposes include (1) the opportunity of the witness to observe the defendant at the time of the crime, (2) the witness' degree of attention, (3) the accuracy of the witness' description of the defendant, (4) the level of certainty demonstrated by the witness, and (5) the length of time between the crime and the confrontation. State v. Moses, 52 N.C. App. 412, 279 S.E.2d 59, cert. denied, 303 N.C. 318, 281 S.E.2d 390 (1981).

Showups. — Although the practice of showing suspects singly for identification purposes has been recognized as suggestive and widely condemned, whether such a confrontation violates due process depends upon the totality of the circumstances. State v. Shore, 285 N.C. 328, 204 S.E.2d 682 (1974).

Requirements for In-Custody Confrontation for Identification Purposes. — An in-custody confrontation for identification purposes requires that: (1) the accused must be warned of his constitutional right to the presence of counsel during the confrontation; (2) when counsel is not knowingly waived and is not present, the testimony of witnesses that they identified the accused at the confrontation must be excluded; and (3) the in-court identification of the accused by a witness who participated in the pretrial out-of-court confrontation must likewise be excluded unless it is first determined on voir dire that the in-court identification is of independent origin and is thus not tainted by the illegal pretrial identification procedure. Failure to observe these requirements is a denial of due process. State v. Tann, 302 N.C. 89, 273 S.E.2d 720 (1981).

Convictions based on eyewitness identification at trial following a pretrial identification by photograph will be set aside on that ground only if the photographic identification procedure was so impermissibly suggestive as to give rise to a very substantial likelihood of irreparable misidentification. State v. Legette, 292 N.C. 44, 231 S.E.2d 896 (1977).

In-Court Identification Upheld. — When the trial court found and concluded that the in-court identification of defendant by witnesses was not tainted by any outside confrontation, but was based upon identification during the course of the alleged robbery, and this finding was supported by competent evidence, it alone rendered the in-court identification competent, even it if was conceded arguendo that the showup procedure was improper. State v. Shore, 285 N.C. 328, 204 S.E.2d 682 (1974).

Where nothing in the record indicated that the out-of-court photographic identification, which identified defendant as the perpetrator of the crime, was unlawful and impermissibly suggestive, the in-court identification was not tainted by the out-of-court identification. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

Finding Conclusive When Supported by Competent Evidence. — A finding that an in-court identification of defendant was not tainted or rendered incompetent as evidence by subsequent unconstitutional showup, when supported by competent evidence, was conclusive on appellate courts, both State and federal. State v. Odom, 18 N.C. App. 478, 197 S.E.2d 35 (1973).

Admissibility of Photograph. — Admission of photograph of a lineup including defendant was not violative of his rights under this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23, where the photograph was properly identified and entered into evidence for the purpose of illustrating the testimony of a witness, and although the defendant objected to the questions identifying the picture, he did not ask that its admission be restricted. State v. McKissick, 271 N.C. 500, 157 S.E.2d 112 (1967).

H. Self-Incrimination.

Inculpatory Statements. — Cases dealing with a defendant's inculpatory statements project two predominant concerns: (1) that the circumstances surrounding defendant's inter-

rogation do not render his statement inherently unreliable because it was involuntary; and (2) that overzealous officers be deterred from the use of unconstitutional and illegal practices in obtaining a statement from the accused. State v. Hudson, 281 N.C. 100, 187 S.E.2d 756 (1972), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

Voir Dire Hearing to Determine Voluntariness. — In this jurisdiction, when a purported confession of a defendant is offered into evidence and defendant objects, the trial judge, in the absence of the jury, hears evidence of both the State and the defendant upon the question of the voluntariness of defendant's statements. The general rule is that after such inquiry, when there is conflicting evidence offered at the voir dire hearing, the trial judge shall make findings of fact to show the basis of his ruling on the admissibility of the evidence offered. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

Every statement made by a person in custody as a result of an illegal arrest is not ipso facto involuntary and inadmissible, but the facts and circumstances surrounding such arrest and the in-custody statement should be considered in determining whether the statement is voluntary and admissible. Voluntariness remains as the test of admissibility. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

Exhibition of Defendant to Jury. — Defendant was not denied due process of law when he was compelled to exhibit himself to the jury for purpose of allowing police officer to identify certain physical characteristics on defendant's person, since such procedure did not offend the sense of justice implicit in the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and this section, but such procedure was simply a logical extension of the rule that witnesses may testify as to a defendant's physical condition or as to identifying marks on his body. State v. McNeil, 47 N.C. App. 30, 266 S.E.2d 824, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 102, 273 S.E.2d 306 (1980); 450 U.S. 915, 101 S. Ct. 1356, 67 L. Ed. 2d 339 (1981).

Exclusion of Second Confession After Improper First Confession. — Neither this section nor § 23 of N.C. Const., Art. I required the suppression of a defendant's second confession, made after proper warnings and the defendant's voluntary waiver of his constitutional rights, when that confession followed an earlier confession which had to be excluded under Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436, 86 S. Ct. 1602, 16 L. Ed. 2d 694 (1966). State v. Hicks, 333 N.C. 467, 428 S.E.2d 167 (1993).

Demonstration by Defendant. — This section was not violated by requiring defendant to stand before the jury and place orange stocking mask over his head and face in the way the victim had testified it was worn by the man who robbed and shot her. State v. Perry, 291 N.C. 284, 230 S.E.2d 141 (1976).

Impeachment Upheld. — The prosecutor's impeachment of defendant by cross-examining him about his failure to tell officers, while making an in-custody statement, that he was acting to protect himself from attack by deceased when he shot deceased did not violate defendant's rights under U.S. Const., Amend. V or Amend. XIV or this section or N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23. State v. Haith, 48 N.C. App. 319, 269 S.E.2d 205, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 403, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

I. Restraint of Defendant at Trial.

There is no ban, constitutional or otherwise, against physical restraint in the courtroom per se. What is forbidden by the due process and fair trial guarantees of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and this section of the North Carolina Constitution is physical restraint that improperly deprives a defendant of a fair trial. State v. Wright, 82 N.C. App. 450, 346 S.E.2d 510 (1986).

A defendant may be physically restrained during his trial when restraint is necessary to maintain order, prevent the defendant's escape, or protect the public. State v. Wright, 82 N.C. App. 450, 346 S.E.2d 510 (1986).

But a defendant is entitled to appear at trial free from bonds or shackles except in extraordinary instances. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

In the absence of a showing of necessity therefor, compelling the defendant to stand trial while shackled is inherently prejudicial in that it so infringes upon the presumption of innocence that it interferes with a fair and just decision of the question of guilt or innocence. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Burden of Showing Necessity for Shackles on State. — Because of the inherent prejudice engendered by the use of shackles, the rule since the earliest cases has been that the burden of showing necessity for such measures rests upon the State. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

The rule against shackling is subject to the exception that the trial judge, in the exercise of his sound discretion, may require the accused to be shackled when such action is necessary to prevent escape, to protect others in the courtroom or to maintain order during trial. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Judicial Discretion in Shackling Defendant. — The power to order a defendant to stand trial while handcuffed or shackled calls for a meaningful exercise of judicial discretion.

State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Reasons for Shackling to Be on Record. — When the trial judge, in jury cases, contemplates the necessity of employing unusual visible security measures such as shackles, he should state for the record, out of the presence of the jury, the particular reasons therefor and give counsel an opportunity to voice objections and persuade the court that such measures are unnecessary. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Jury Instruction when Defendant Is Shackled. — In any case where the trial judge, in the exercise of sound discretion, determines that the defendant must be handcuffed or shackled, it is of the essence that he instruct the jury in the clearest and most emphatic terms that it must give such restraint no consideration whatever in assessing the proofs and determining guilt. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Objection to Shackling Required for Appeal. — Defendant, while ordinarily constitutionally entitled to appear at his own trial free of shackles, must, when shackling is suggested, object to the proposed restraint, and absent reasonable excuse therefor, his failure to do so will ordinarily preclude the shackling from being an issue on appeal. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

Test on Appeal. — The propriety of physical restraints on an accused depends upon the particular facts of each case, and the test on appeal is whether, under all the circumstances, the trial court abused its discretion. State v. Tolley, 290 N.C. 349, 226 S.E.2d 353 (1976).

The trial court did not err in ordering that defendant be restrained in the courtroom by the use of shackles, where the evidence tended to show that defendant was charged with crimes of violence; he was 29 years old and apparently in good health; other serious charges were pending against him, including an appeal from a conviction the previous week for which he had received a 40 to 50 year prison sentence; only one deputy was available to serve as bailiff and provide security in the courtroom; and there was an outstanding warrant against him charging him with escape from another jurisdiction. State v. Billups, 301 N.C. 607, 272 S.E.2d 842 (1981).

J. Punishment.

Death Penalty. — The North Carolina Supreme Court reaffirmed its position that the North Carolina death penalty statute does not violate the U.S. Const., Amends. VIII and XIV and the N.C. Const., Art. I, § 27 and this section. State v. McHone, 334 N.C. 627, 435 S.E.2d 296 (1993), cert. denied, 511 U.S. 1046, 114 S. Ct. 1577, 128 L. Ed. 2d 220 (1994).

When punishment does not exceed the limits fixed by statute, it cannot be considered cruel and unusual punishment in a constitutional sense. State v. Jenkins, 292 N.C. 179, 232 S.E.2d 648 (1977).

Punishment when Person Is Without Knowledge of Facts Making Act Criminal — In General. — It is not a violation of due process to punish a person for certain crimes related to the public welfare or safety, even when the person is without knowledge of the facts making the act criminal, and this is particularly so when the controlling statute does not require the act to have been done knowingly or willfully. Watson Seafood & Poultry Co. v. George W. Thomas, Inc., 289 N.C. 7, 220 S.E.2d 536 (1975).

Same — For Petty Offenses Only. — The due process rule permitting punishment for certain crimes related to public welfare or safety, even when persons convicted of these crimes are without knowledge of the facts making the act criminal, is not to be extended beyond petty offenses involving light punishment nor to any crime involving moral delinquency. Watson Seafood & Poultry Co. v. George W. Thomas, Inc., 289 N.C. 7, 220 S.E.2d 536 (1975).

Same — Such as Violations of Motor Vehicle Laws. — The basis for the inclusion of violations of motor vehicle and traffic laws within the scope of the due process rule permitting punishment of persons for certain crimes related to public welfare or safety, even when such persons are without knowledge of the facts making an act criminal, is that (1) the requirement of proving intent or guilty knowledge would make it impossible to enforce such laws in view of the tremendous number of petty offenses growing out of the host of motor vehicles upon the roads, and (2) the punishments for such violations are usually a small fine. Watson Seafood & Poultry Co. v. George W. Thomas, Inc., 289 N.C. 7, 220 S.E.2d 536 (1975).

Imposition of Punishment in Excess of that Imposed by Inferior Court. — Upon appeal from an inferior court for a trial de novo in the superior court, the superior court may impose punishment in excess of that imposed in the inferior court, provided the punishment imposed does not exceed the statutory maximum. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969); State v. Harrell, 281 N.C. 111, 187 S.E.2d 789 (1972).

The fact that defendant received a greater sentence in the superior court than he received in the recorder's court did not constitute a violation of his constitutional or statutory rights. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

Imposition on defendant of two concurrent terms of life imprisonment for kidnap-

ping and first-degree rape did not violate defendant's equal protection rights on grounds that other persons involved in the same offenses received lesser punishments. State v. Squire, 302 N.C. 112, 273 S.E.2d 688 (1981).

Imposition of a 30-year sentence for a habitual felon who under the facts could have received a maximum sentence of life imprisonment under § 14-1.1 is within constitutional limits and does not constitute cruel and unusual punishment. State v. Aldridge, 76 N.C. App. 638, 334 S.E.2d 107 (1985).

General statistical studies of the operation of the death penalty showing that a person is more likely to be executed if the murder victim is white and the chance is more likely yet if the defendant is black, could not be used by defendant to show a violation of his rights under U.S. Const., Amends. VIII and XIV or under this section. State v. Green, 329 N.C. 686, 406 S.E.2d 852 (1991).

V. JUVENILE PROCEEDINGS.

Applicability of Double Jeopardy Provisions. — Juvenile proceedings in this State do more than merely determine the delinquency of the minor; they may result in severe curtailment of his freedom and, in some cases, in institutional commitment. Although distinctions between juvenile proceedings and criminal prosecutions do still exist, they are sufficiently similar in nature that the double jeopardy provisions of the United States and North Carolina Constitutions are applicable to them. Accordingly, jeopardy attaches to the initial petition once an adjudicatory hearing on the merits is held. In re Drakeford, 32 N.C. App. 113, 230 S.E.2d 779 (1977).

Right to Counsel. — In order to comply with due process in a juvenile delinquency proceeding, the right of the juvenile to be represented by an attorney must be considered and an attorney must be provided or there must be a proper waiver of his right. In re Walker, 14 N.C. App. 356, 188 S.E.2d 731, aff'd, 282 N.C. 28, 191 S.E.2d 702 (1972).

Transfer Hearing. — Where the district court held a preliminary hearing, determined whether there was probable cause to believe juveniles guilty, and transferred the case to the superior court, in substance, though not in form, the court complied with the requirements of this section. In re Bullard, 22 N.C. App. 245, 206 S.E.2d 305, appeal dismissed, 285 N.C. 758, 209 S.E.2d 279 (1974).

VI. POLICE POWER.

Dividing Line Between Police Power of State and Liberty of Individual. — The police power of the State extends to all the compelling needs of the public health, safety, morals and general welfare. Likewise, the liberty protected by the law of the land clause of the State Constitution extends to all fundamental rights of the individual. It is the function of the courts to establish the location of the dividing line between the two. State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Any exercise by the State of its police power is a deprivation of liberty. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

For What Purposes Police Power May Be Exercised. — The State possesses the police power in its capacity as a sovereign, and in the exercise thereof, the legislature may enact laws, within constitutional limits, to protect or promote the health, morals, order, safety and general welfare of society. In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

Effect of Changed Conditions. — In determining the validity of an exercise of the police power, changed conditions as they arise may bring the subject matter in question within the approved testing principle of reasonableness or may remove it therefrom. Southern Ry. v. City of Winston-Salem, 4 N.C. App. 11, 165 S.E.2d 751, aff'd, 275 N.C. 465, 168 S.E.2d 396 (1969).

Police Regulation Can Only Be Justified by Public Interest. — Police regulation of the use or enjoyment of property rights can only be justified by the presence of a public interest, and such property rights may be limited only to the extent necessary to subserve the public interest. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

The limit of the police power is the reasonable necessity for the action in order to protect the public. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

If a statute is to be sustained as a legitimate exercise of the police power, it must have a rational, real, or substantial relation to the public health, morals, order, or safety, or the general welfare. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973); North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973); In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

And Is a Question of Degree and of Reasonableness. — Whether a statute is a violation of the law of the land clause or is a valid exercise of the police power is a question of degree and of reasonableness in relation to the public good likely to result from it. North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973).

Test of Validity. — When the exercise of the police power is challenged on constitutional grounds, the validity of the police regulation

primarily depends on whether, under all the surrounding circumstances and particular facts of the case, the regulation is reasonably calculated to accomplish a purpose falling within the police power without burdening unduly the person or corporation affected. Southern Ry. v. City of Winston-Salem, 4 N.C. App. 11, 165 S.E.2d 751, aff'd, 275 N.C. 465, 168 S.E.2d 396 (1969).

This section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 1 permit the State, through the exercise of its police power, to regulate economic enterprises, provided the regulation is rationally related to a proper governmental purpose. This is the test used in determining the validity of state regulation of business under N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 1 and 19. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

Legislature may make the doing of an act a criminal offense. — As a matter of both State and federal constitutional law, legislatures may make the doing of an act a criminal offense even in the absence of criminal intent. State v. Smith, 90 N.C. App. 161, 368 S.E.2d 33 (1988), aff'd, 323 N.C. 703, 374 S.E.2d 866, cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1100, 109 S. Ct. 2453, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1007 (1989).

Zoning regulations must pass a two-pronged test in order to comply with substantive due process. First, the regulation must be designed to achieve objectives within the scope of the police power. Second, it must seek to achieve those objectives by reasonable means. Whether the means are reasonable depends on their promotion of the public good and their reasonably minimal interference with the property owner's right to use his property as he deems appropriate. Goodman Toyota, Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 63 N.C. App. 660, 306 S.E.2d 192 (1983), cert. denied, 310 N.C. 477, 312 S.E.2d 884 (1984).

The fact that a lot would be more valuable if devoted to a nonconforming use does not deprive the owner of property without due process of law when zoning regulations are uniform in their application to all within the respective districts, and when the differentiation of the uses of property within the respective districts is in accordance with a comprehensive plan in the interest of the health, safety, morals or general welfare of the entire community. Kinney v. Sutton, 230 N.C. 404, 53 S.E.2d 306 (1949).

The lawmaking authorities may not, under the guise of police power, impose restrictions which are unnecessary and unreasonable upon the use of private property. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

The police power does not include power arbitrarily to invade property rights. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Method of Implementation of Police Power. — Although the object of particular legislation may well be within the scope of the police power, the legislation may yet deprive individuals of due process of law if the means chosen to implement the legislative objective are unreasonable. A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979).

Limitations on Use of Private Property. — The police power of the State, which it may delegate to its municipal corporations, extends to the prohibition of a use of private property which may reasonably be deemed to threaten the public health, safety or morals or the general welfare, and when necessary to safeguard such public interest, it may be exercised, without payment of compensation to the owner, even though the property is thereby rendered substantially worthless. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982); Harrell v. City of Winston-Salem, 22 N.C. App. 386, 206 S.E.2d 802, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 757, 209 S.E.2d 281 (1974).

The "vested rights" doctrine has evolved as a constitutional limitation on the State's exercise of its police power to restrict an individual's use of private property by the enactment of zoning ordinances; the doctrine is rooted in the "due process of law" and the "law of the land" clauses of the federal and State Constitutions. Godfrey v. Zoning Bd. of Adjustment, 317 N.C. 51, 344 S.E.2d 272 (1986).

Pesticide Regulations. — Buffer zone regulations prohibiting the deposit of pesticides within an enumerated distance of certain structures and areas were rationally related to the legitimate legislative goal of protecting people and the environment from risks associated with pesticide use. Meads v. North Carolina Dep't of Agric., 349 N.C. 656, 509 S.E.2d 165 (1998).

Regulation of Property Based on Aesthetic Considerations Is Permitted. — Reasonable regulation of property based on aesthetic considerations may constitute a valid basis for the exercise of the police power, depending on the facts and circumstances of each case. Previous cases are overruled to the extent that they prohibited regulation based upon aesthetic considerations alone. State. v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Regulation based on aesthetic considerations may constitute a valid basis for the exercise of the police power depending on the facts and circumstances of each case. When other worthwhile objectives are also realized (for example, improvement of traffic safety and the protection of property values) the challenged regulation

will be deemed to be within the range of permissible purposes properly achieved through use of the police power. Goodman Toyota, Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 63 N.C. App. 660, 306 S.E.2d 192 (1983), cert. denied, 310 N.C. 477, 312 S.E.2d 884 (1984).

But Such Power Is Not Delegable by Localities to Subordinate Groups. — Local legislative bodies charged with the responsibility for and the exercise of the police power in the promulgation of property regulations based solely upon aesthetic considerations should not delegate such responsibility to subordinate groups or organizations which are not authorized by the General Assembly to exercise the police power. State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Test for Regulation of Property Based on Aesthetic Considerations. — The diminution in value of an individual's property should be balanced against the corresponding gain to the public from such regulation. Some of the factors which should be considered and weighed in applying such a balancing test include such private concerns such as whether the regulation results in confiscation of the most substantial part of the value of the property or deprives the property owner of the property's reasonable use, and such public concerns as the purpose of the regulation and the manner of achieving a permitted purpose. State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Aesthetic regulations may provide corollary benefits to the general community such as protection of property values, promotion of tourism, indirect protection of health and safety, preservation of the character and integrity of the community, and promotion of the comfort, happiness, and emotional stability of area residents. Such corollary community benefits would be factors to be considered in balancing the public interests in regulation against the individual property owner's interest in the use of his property free from regulation. The test focuses on the reasonableness of the regulation by determining whether the aesthetic purpose to which the regulation is reasonably related outweighs the burdens imposed on the private property owner by the regulation. State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

An ordinance is a reasonable use of the police power if the aesthetic purpose outweighs the burdens imposed on the private property owner. Goodman Toyota, Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 63 N.C. App. 660, 306 S.E.2d 192 (1983), cert. denied, 310 N.C. 477, 312 S.E.2d 884 (1984).

Exterior Appearance of Historic Structures. — The police power encompasses the right to control the exterior appearance of private property when the object of such control is the preservation of the State's legacy of historically significant structures. A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979).

Public necessity is the limit of the right to destroy property which is a menace to public safety or health, and the property cannot be destroyed if the conditions which make it a menace can be abated in any other recognized way. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Demolition of House for Nonconformity with City Housing Code. — An action by a municipality, pursuant to an ordinance adopted under the authority of former § 160-182, in ordering the demolition of a dwelling house without compensation to the owner thereof, and in charging the expense of demolition to the owner upon his failure to demolish the house himself, such action being based upon findings by the city building inspector that the house was unfit for human habitation and that the repairs necessary to bring the house into conformity with the housing code would cost 60% or more of the present value of the house, was violative of the Constitution of this State, where (1) the house could be repaired so as to comply with the housing code, and (2) the owner was not afforded a reasonable opportunity to repair the house. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Where it appears from the findings of a city housing commission that a house can be repaired so as to comply with the city's housing code, be suitable for human habitation and be no longer a threat to public health, safety, morals or general welfare, to require its destruction without giving the owner a reasonable opportunity thus to remove the existing threat to the public health, safety and welfare is arbitrary and unreasonable. Such power may not be delegated to or exercised by a municipal corporation of this State by reason of this section. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

A homeowner who is faced with a municipal housing inspector's order giving him no alternative but to demolish his home, which has been declared uninhabitable by the municipality, or to pay the expense of a demolition by the municipality, is not required to propose an alternative remedy for the condition of the house before asserting his constitutional right in the courts. Horton v. Gulledge, 277 N.C. 353, 177 S.E.2d 885 (1970), overruled on other grounds in State v. Jones, 305 N.C. 520, 290 S.E.2d 675 (1982).

Sign Ordinance. — An ordinance which limits the number of signs in a municipality

and prevents the use of temporary and windblown signs except under certain specified circumstances was held reasonable. Goodman Toyota, Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 63 N.C. App. 660, 306 S.E.2d 192 (1983), cert. denied, 310 N.C. 477, 312 S.E.2d 884 (1984).

VII. TAKING OF PRIVATE PROPERTY FOR PUBLIC USE.

A. In General.

Under this section no person may be deprived of his property except by his own consent or the law of the land. Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950).

This section provides that no person may be deprived of his property except by the law of the land, that is, except by due process of law. Parker v. Stewart, 29 N.C. App. 747, 225 S.E.2d 632 (1976).

Although the North Carolina Constitution does not contain an express provision prohibiting the taking of private property for public use without payment of just compensation, the Supreme Court has inferred such a provision as a fundamental right integral to the law of the land clause. Messer v. Town of Chapel Hill, 125 N.C. App. 57, 479 S.E.2d 221 (1996).

Conclusive Presumption of Statute Deprives Property Owner of Due Process. — The first sentence of subsection (b) of § 1-44.2 that provides that persons claiming contrary to the presumption of subsection (a) must bring a lawsuit within one year of the enactment of the statute or the abandonment of the easement, whichever occurs later, or lose their right to rebut the presumption, turns a rebuttable presumption into a conclusive presumption which effectively takes a defendants' property without affording notice, an opportunity to be heard and just compensation. McDonald's Corp. v. Dwyer, 338 N.C. 445, 450 S.E.2d 888 (1994).

Prohibitions Apply to All Three Branches of Government. — The constitutional prohibitions against the taking of private property without due process of law limit the powers of the executive and judicial branches as well as the legislative branch. In re Kenan, 261 N.C. 1, 134 S.E.2d 85 (1964).

Test to Determine Whether Taking Has Occurred. — The test to determine whether a taking of private property for public use has occurred involves as two-part analysis. An "ends-means" test is applied to decide whether that particular exercise of the police power was legitimate, by determining whether the ends sought, i.e., the object of the legislation, is within the scope of the power, and then whether the means chosen to regulate are reasonable. Finch v. City of Durham, 325 N.C. 352, 384 S.E.2d 8, rehearing denied, 325 N.C. 714, 388 S.E.2d 452 (1989).

The test for determining whether a taking has occurred in the context of a rezoning is whether the property as rezoned has a practical use and a reasonable value. Finch v. City of Durham, 325 N.C. 352, 384 S.E.2d 8, rehearing denied, 325 N.C. 714, 388 S.E.2d 452 (1989).

What Persons Are Protected by Limitation on Taking Property. — The constitutional limitation against taking of property of a citizen affords the same protection to a mentally ill person that it affords to a person of sound mind. In re Kenan, 261 N.C. 1, 134 S.E.2d 85 (1964).

Applicability to Interest and Principal. — The constitutional provision that no person shall be deprived of his property except by the law of the land applies to interest or earnings on funds in the same manner as it applies to principal. McMillan v. Robeson County, 262 N.C. 413, 137 S.E.2d 105 (1964).

Zoning restrictions on property may be so strict as to amount to a taking of that property. However, for there to be such a "taking," the restriction must deprive the owner of virtually all the beneficial uses of his land. Sherrill v. Town of Wrightsville Beach, 81 N.C. App. 369, 344 S.E.2d 357, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 318 N.C. 417, 349 S.E.2d 600 (1986).

Power of Eminent Domain Is Inherent in Sovereignty. — The power of eminent domain, that is, the right to take private property for public use, is inherent in sovereignty. This section requires payment of fair compensation for the property so taken. This is the only limitation imposed on sovereignty with respect to taking. Town of Morganton v. Hutton & Bourbonnais Co., 251 N.C. 531, 112 S.E.2d 111 (1960).

The power of eminent domain is one of the attributes of a sovereign state. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Hagins, 258 N.C. 220, 128 S.E.2d 391 (1962).

The right to take private property for public use exists independently of constitutional provisions. In fact, such provisions are limitations on the State's power to exercise the right. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Hagins, 258 N.C. 220, 128 S.E.2d 391 (1962).

The exercise of the power of eminent domain by a corporation authorized by its charter to generate and sell electricity and given the power of eminent domain to acquire the necessary rights-of-way and lands for its dams cannot be said to be an exercise of this power in a private capacity in contravention of this section. Whiting Mfg. Co. v. Carolina Aluminum Co., 207 N.C. 52, 175 S.E. 698 (1934).

Exercise of Eminent Domain by Park Commission. — The exercise of the power of eminent domain by the North Carolina National Park Commission under Public Laws

1927, c. 48, is not contrary to the "due process" clause of the State Constitution. Yarborough v. North Carolina Park Comm'n, 196 N.C. 284, 145 S.E. 563 (1928). See also, Suncrest Lumber Co. v. North Carolina Park Comm'n, 30 F.2d 121 (W.D.N.C. 1929), appeal dismissed, 280 U.S. 615, 50 S. Ct. 13, 74 L. Ed. 656 (1929).

Only those whose interests in the particular lands sought to be taken for the national park contemplated by Public Laws 1927, c. 48, § 27, may sue in equity for injunctive relief on the ground that their lands are about to be taken contrary to the provisions of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and of this section. Yarborough v. North Carolina Park Comm'n, 196 N.C. 284, 145 S.E. 563 (1928).

As to the exercise of eminent domain by county commission, see Hill v. Board of Comm'rs, 190 N.C. 123, 129 S.E. 154 (1925).

Maintenance of Nuisance Is a Taking. — A nuisance maintained by a governmental agency impairing private property is a taking in the constitutional sense. Midgett v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 241, 132 S.E.2d 599 (1963), overruled on other grounds in Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 308 N.C. 603, 304 S.E.2d 164 (1983).

Deprivation of Previously Available Property Rights. — A taking does not occur simply because government action deprives an owner of previously available property rights. Finch v. City of Durham, 325 N.C. 352, 384 S.E.2d 8, rehearing denied, 325 N.C. 714, 388 S.E.2d 452 (1989).

Riparian rights are vested property rights that cannot be taken for private purposes or taken for public purposes without compensating the owner, and they arise out of ownership of land bounded or traversed by navigable water. In re Mason ex rel. Huber, 78 N.C. App. 16, 337 S.E.2d 99 (1985), cert. denied, 315 N.C. 588, 341 S.E.2d 27 (1986).

Lease for shellfish cultivation issued under § 113-202 did not infringe upon riparian rights of landowner. In re Mason ex rel. Huber, 78 N.C. App. 16, 337 S.E.2d 99 (1985), cert. denied, 315 N.C. 588, 341 S.E.2d 27 (1986).

Entry Before Bringing Proceedings. — The statute, authorizing the State Highway Commission (now Department of Transportation) to enter upon and take possession of lands before bringing condemnation proceedings and before making compensation, is not an infraction of constitutional rights and does not deprive an owner of notice and opportunity to be heard. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Young, 200 N.C. 603, 158 S.E. 91 (1931).

B. Public Use.

Property May Be Taken Only for Public Use. — Private property may be taken by exercise of the power of eminent domain only where the taking is for a public use. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Farm Equip. Co., 281 N.C. 459, 189 S.E.2d 272 (1972).

To take property without the owner's consent for a nonpublic use, even if he is paid its full value, is a violation of this section and of the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. State Hwy. Comm'n v. Thornton, 271 N.C. 227, 156 S.E.2d 248 (1967), commented on in 46 N.C.L. Rev. 663 (1968); North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Asheville School, Inc., 5 N.C. App. 684, 169 S.E.2d 193 (1969), aff'd, 276 N.C. 556, 173 S.E.2d 909 (1970).

What is a "public use" justifying the exercise of the power of eminent domain cannot be stated with precision for all cases. Each case must be evaluated in the light of its peculiar circumstances and the then current opinion as to the proper function of government. State Hwy. Comm'n v. Thornton, 271 N.C. 227, 156 S.E.2d 248 (1967), commented on in 46 N.C.L. Rev. 663 (1968).

Public and Private Roads Distinguished. — Although a road may be called a public road by the governmental agency which builds it, if, in reality, it is by its very nature and location to be used only by one family or corporation, save for occasional incidental use by visitors, it is not a public road, and the property of another person cannot be taken for its construction under the power of eminent domain. State Hwy. Comm'n v. Thornton, 271 N.C. 227, 156 S.E.2d 248 (1967), commented on in 46 N.C.L. Rev. 663 (1968).

A road used by large numbers of people to reach their place of employment and by many others to reach the place at which they will transact business cannot be said to be a private road for the sole benefit of the proprietor whose plant is located at its terminus. State Hwy. Comm'n v. Thornton, 271 N.C. 227, 156 S.E.2d 248 (1967), commented on in 46 N.C.L. Rev. 663 (1968).

Economic benefits to the community, anticipated from the attraction to it of a large and wealthy prospective employer, are not determinative of whether property taken in order to accomplish that purpose is taken for a "public use." The home or other property of a poor man cannot be taken from him by eminent domain and turned over to the private use of a wealthy individual or corporation merely because the latter may be expected to spend more money in the community, even though he or it threatens to settle elsewhere if this is not done. This the Constitution forbids. State Hwy. Comm'n v. Thornton, 271 N.C. 227, 156 S.E.2d 248 (1967), commented on in 46 N.C.L. Rev. 663 (1968).

Property May Not Be Taken for Unlawful Purpose. — The land of a person may not be taken, without his consent, when the purpose, which would otherwise authorize the tak-

ing, cannot be accomplished as a matter of law. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967).

For a county to take land from the owners without their consent for a use incidental to a proposed airport, which airport the county may not lawfully construct and operate, would be a vain and utterly useless deprivation of the landowners' rights in their property, and such an arbitrary, capricious taking of their land would be a violation of this section. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967).

Limitation on Use of Property Taken. — A sanitary district acting under statute to acquire easements to construct and maintain sanitary sewer lines can use the property taken for only the limited purpose described in the petition, and any other use by it or anyone else would require additional compensation. North Asheboro-Central Falls San. Dist. v. Canoy, 252 N.C. 749, 114 S.E.2d 577 (1960).

C. Compensation.

Just Compensation Is Required When Private Property Is Taken. — Private property may not be taken even for a public use without compensation. McKinney v. Deneen, 231 N.C. 540, 58 S.E.2d 107 (1950).

The constitutional prohibitions against the taking of private property except by due process of law preclude the legislature from sanctioning the taking of a person's property except in satisfaction of a legal obligation or for a public purpose upon the payment of just compensation. In re Kenan, 261 N.C. 1, 134 S.E.2d 85 (1964).

The exercise of the power to condemn land for public use is always subject to the principle that there must be definite and adequate provisions made for reasonable compensation to the owner. City of Raleigh v. Mercer, 271 N.C. 114, 155 S.E.2d 551 (1967).

As Part of the Law of the Land. — The principle that when private property is taken for public use just compensation must be paid is deeply imbedded in constitutional law, and while the principle is not stated in express terms in the State Constitution, it is regarded as an integral part of "the law of the land." Eller v. Board of Educ., 242 N.C. 584, 89 S.E.2d 144 (1955); Sale v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 242 N.C. 612, 89 S.E.2d 290 (1955); Town of Morganton v. Hutton & Bourbonnais Co., 251 N.C. 531, 112 S.E.2d 111 (1960); Finch v. City of Durham, 325 N.C. 352, 384 S.E.2d 8, rehearing denied, Revco Southeast Drug Centers, Inc. v. North Carolina Bd. of Pharmacy, 21 N.C. App. 156, 204 S.E.2d 38 (1974).

The principle forbidding the taking of private property for public use without just compensation is so grounded in natural equity that it has never been denied to be a part of the law of North Carolina. Yancey v. North Carolina State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 222 N.C. 106, 22 S.E.2d 256 (1942).

North Carolina does not have an express constitutional provision against the taking of private property for public use without the payment of just compensation. However, North Carolina recognizes this fundamental right to just compensation as so grounded in natural law and justice that it is part of the fundamental law of the State, and imposes upon a governmental agency taking private property for public use a correlative duty to make just compensation to the owner of the property taken. This principle is considered in North Carolina as an integral part of "the law of the land" within the meaning of this section. DeBruhl v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 247 N.C. 671, 102 S.E.2d 229 (1958).

In the exercise of the power of eminent domain, private property may be taken only for a public purpose, or more properly speaking, a public use, upon payment of just compensation. This principle is so grounded in natural equity that it has never been denied to be an essential part of "the law of the land" within the meaning of this section. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Security Nat'l Bank, 252 N.C. 595, 114 S.E.2d 688 (1960).

North Carolina is the only state in the nation that does not have an express constitutional provision against the "taking" or "damaging" of private property for public use without compensation. Nevertheless, the principle is recognized as a fundamental right and is considered an integral part of the "law of the land" within the meaning of this section. Stillings v. City of Winston-Salem, 63 N.C. App. 618, 306 S.E.2d 489 (1983), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 689, 319 S.E.2d 233 (1984).

While N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 does not expressly prohibit taking property without compensation, this right is nevertheless considered a part of the "law of the land" under the amendment. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350, rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

And As Guaranteed by This Section. — This section guarantees payment of compensation by sovereign authority. Braswell v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 250 N.C. 508, 108 S.E.2d 912 (1959); Midgett v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 241, 132 S.E.2d 599 (1963), overruled on other grounds in Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 308 N.C. 603, 304 S.E.2d 164 (1983).

The private property of a citizen cannot be taken for a public use by the State or by a municipal corporation without the payment of just compensation. This legal requirement is guaranteed by this section. Carolina Beach Fishing Pier v. Town of Carolina Beach, 274 N.C. 362, 163 S.E.2d 363 (1968).

There is a fundamental right to just compensation, grounded in natural law and justice, that is part of the fundamental law of this State, which imposes upon a governmental agency taking private property for public use the duty to make just compensation to the owner of the property taken. This principle is considered in this section. Long v. City of Charlotte, 306 N.C. 187, 293 S.E.2d 101 (1982).

And by the Federal Constitution. — The requirement that just compensation be paid for land condemned for a public use is guaranteed both by the federal Constitution and this section. City of Raleigh v. Mercer, 271 N.C. 114, 155 S.E.2d 551 (1967).

North Carolina recognizes the fundamental right to just compensation as so grounded in natural law and justice that it is part of the fundamental law of this State, and imposes upon a governmental agency taking private property for public use a correlative duty to make just compensation to the owner of the property taken. This principle is considered in North Carolina as an integral part of the law of the land within the meaning of this section. The requirement that just compensation be paid for land taken for a public use is likewise guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Department of Transp. v. Harkey, 308 N.C. 148, 301 S.E.2d 64 (1983).

And This Requirement Is Self-Executing. — The constitutional prohibition against taking the private property of a citizen for public use without the payment of just compensation is self-executing and is not subject to impairment by legislation. Carolina Beach Fishing Pier v. Town of Carolina Beach, 274 N.C. 362, 163 S.E.2d 363 (1968).

The constitutional prohibition against taking or damaging private property for public use without just compensation is self-executing, and neither requires any law for its enforcement nor is susceptible of impairment by legislation. Midgett v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 241, 132 S.E.2d 599 (1963), overruled on other grounds in Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 308 N.C. 603, 304 S.E.2d 164 (1983).

While this State does not have an express constitutional provision against the "taking" or "damaging" of private property for public use without payment of just compensation, recovery is allowed for a taking on constitutional as well as on common law principles. Long v. City of Charlotte, 306 N.C. 187, 293 S.E.2d 101 (1982).

Thus a citizen may sue the State or one of its subdivisions, namely, a municipality, for taking his private property for a public purpose under the Constitution where no statute affords an adequate remedy. Carolina Beach Fishing Pier v. Town of Carolina Beach, 274 N.C. 362, 163 S.E.2d 363 (1968).

The prohibition against the taking of private property for a public use without just compensation is self-executing, and when no statute provides a procedure to recover compensation under the circumstances of the taking, the owner may maintain an action to obtain just compensation therefor. Guilford Realty & Ins. Co. v. Blythe Bros. Co., 260 N.C. 69, 131 S.E.2d 900 (1963).

Taking Property Without Compensation. — While N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 does not expressly prohibit taking property without compensation, this right is nevertheless considered a part of the "law of the land" under the amendment. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350, rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Governmental Immunity Not a Defense to Liability for Compensation. — If a "taking" has occurred, it is compensable, even though it results from a function which is governmental in nature. Governmental immunity is not a defense where there is a "taking" of private property for public use, whether that use is proprietary or governmental in nature. The test of liability is whether, notwithstanding its acts are governmental in nature and for a lawful public purpose, the municipality's acts amount to a partial taking of private property. If so, just compensation must be paid. Long v. City of Charlotte, 306 N.C. 187, 293 S.E.2d 101 (1982).

Rejection of Property After Taking. — To permit the Highway Commission (now Department of Transportation) to decide, subsequent to a taking, that it did not want the property it had taken, and for that reason to refuse to pay, would do violence to the provisions of this section. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. York Indus. Center, 263 N.C. 230, 139 S.E.2d 253 (1964).

Damages for Delay in Payment. — Petitioners, whose property had been taken for public use by an agency of the State government, and who had been physically dispossessed and ejected therefrom by a court order, were entitled to have the jury award them as compensation not only the fair market value of their property as of the date of the taking, but also some additional sum for the substantial delay in the payment of the fair market value of their property so taken, as an element of the just compensation guaranteed by this section. DeBruhl v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 247 N.C. 671, 102 S.E.2d 229 (1958).

When the taking of property by the State precedes the payment of compensation, the owner is entitled to additional compensation for the delay in payment. This section and U.S. Const., Amends. V and XIV require this additional payment as a part of just compensation. The additional sum awarded for delay in pay-

ment of the value for the property taken is not interest eo nomine, but interest is a fair means for measuring the amount to be arrived at of such additional sums. Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 317 N.C. 254, 345 S.E.2d 355 (1986), aff'd, 323 N.C. 697, 374 S.E.2d 866, cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1100, 109 S. Ct. 2453, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1007 (1989).

City May Compensate for Easements by Agreement to Furnish Fire Protection Outside City Limits. — A municipality has the authority to compensate landowners for a water and sewer line easement across a tract of land located outside the municipal limits by an agreement to furnish fire protection for any buildings located on such tract. Valevais v. City of New Bern, 10 N.C. App. 215, 178 S.E.2d 109 (1970).

Property owner's actual investment in property prior to rezoning is not determinative of practical use and reasonable value of the property after rezoning. Finch v. City of Durham, 325 N.C. 352, 384 S.E.2d 8, rehearing denied, 325 N.C. 714, 388 S.E.2d 452 (1989).

D. Substitute Condemnation.

Substitute condemnation is a transaction in which the State or an agency with the power of eminent domain, A, takes land under an agreement to compensate its owner, B, with land to be taken in condemnation proceedings from a third person, C, instead of with money. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Farm Equip. Co., 281 N.C. 459, 189 S.E.2d 272 (1972).

There is no denial of due process or other constitutional infirmity in substitute condemnations where the owner of the land first taken, with whom the ultimate condemnee's land is to be exchanged, also has the power of condemnation and could itself have condemned the land. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Farm Equip. Co., 281 N.C. 459, 189 S.E.2d 272 (1972).

Public Use and Necessity in Substitute Condemnation. — In controversies concerning substitute condemnation, the questions of public use and necessity are inseparable. Whether land has been taken for a public use in a substitute condemnation will depend on whether fairness requires that B, whose land has been taken for an undisputed public purpose, be compensated in land and whether there is a close factual connection between the taking of B's land and C's land, taken to compensate B. Whether it is necessary to exercise the power of eminent domain will turn on whether B can be fairly compensated only in land. Whether it is necessary to take C's property depends on whether there is a close factual connection between the two takings. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Farm Equip. Co., 281 N.C. 459, 189 S.E.2d 272 (1972).

Substitute condemnation is a valid exercise of a power of eminent domain only when the substitution of other property is the sole method by which the owner of land taken for public use can be justly compensated, and the practical problems resulting from the taking can be solved. It can only be justified when the property for which land is substituted accomplishes the public purpose for which it was taken, and the cost is not disproportionate to the benefit derived. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n v. Farm Equip. Co., 281 N.C. 459, 189 S.E.2d 272 (1972).

E. Illustrative Cases.

State Regulation of Public Streets and Beaches. — Session Laws 1983, Chapter 539 (former § 113A-134.10), which, inter alia, prohibited motor vehicle traffic over a vehicular access ramp and right-of-way constructed by a town to provide access to the beach did not constitute a taking in violation of this Article, since the State has paramount legislature authority to regulate the use and control of public streets and beaches. Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

PCB Disposal Facility. — Plaintiff landowners failed to demonstrate that they were entitled to recover based upon inverse condemnation on account of the State's location and operation of a PCB disposal facility, the buffer zone to which was adjacent to their land. Twitty v. State, 85 N.C. App. 42, 354 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 320 N.C. 177, 358 S.E.2d 69 (1987).

Five-year amortization provisions of county ordinance regulating off-premises signs of over 15 square feet were sufficient, and the ordinance did not constitute a taking of plaintiff's property without compensation. Summey Outdoor Adv., Inc. v. County of Henderson, 96 N.C. App. 533, 386 S.E.2d 439 (1989).

Denial of a project application for preliminary plat approval which would violate the valid condition of a previously approved and substantially undertaken proposal worked no taking of a three-acre area at issue. River Birch Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 326 N.C. 100, 388 S.E.2d 538 (1990).

A requirement of dedication of park space for subdivision approval does not necessarily constitute a taking. Where the subdivider creates the specific need for parks, it is not unreasonable to charge the subdivider with the burden of providing them. River Birch Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 326 N.C. 100, 388 S.E.2d 538 (1990).

Application of § 105-116 to Electric Cooperative. — Section 105-116 taxes billings for electrical service rendered by cooperatives in

the same manner as billings for service rendered by investor-owned utilities; therefore, application of that section to electric cooperative did not violate that entity's rights under this section or N.C. Const., Art. V, §§ 2 and 3. Four County Elec. Membership Corp. v. Powers, 96 N.C. App. 417, 386 S.E.2d 107 (1989), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 799, 393 S.E.2d 894 (1990), cert. denied, 498 U.S. 1040, 111 S. Ct. 711, 112 L. Ed. 2d 700 (1991).

Flow of Sewage onto Land. — Where sewage disposal device operated by school board was constructed and operated so as to cause sewage to flow or seep onto plaintiffs' land, and by reason of such continuous pollution and the noxious odors emanating continuously therefrom, plaintiffs' spring was rendered unfit for use and their dwelling was rendered unfit for habitation, there was a taking by the school board to the extent of the impairment in value of plaintiffs' land caused thereby. Eller v. Board of Educ., 242 N.C. 584, 89 S.E.2d 144 (1955).

Appropriation of Private Water Lines by City. — Appropriation by city of plaintiffs' property to its own use by exercising control and dominion over water lines laid by plaintiffs in territory subsequently included in the extended city limits imposed on the city a duty to pay the fair value of the property taken. Styers v. City of Gastonia, 252 N.C. 572, 114 S.E.2d 348 (1960).

Easements for Sewer Lines. — When a sanitary district, in the exercise of its power of eminent domain, took easements and rights-of-way for sewer lines over the lands of defendants, it became obligated by the North Carolina Constitution and by the statute under which it acted to pay to defendants just compensation for the damage done. North Asheboro-Central Falls San. Dist. v. Canoy, 252 N.C. 749, 114 S.E.2d 577 (1960).

Flooding of Land. — The right to have water flow in the direction provided by nature is a property right, and if such right of a landowner is materially interfered with so that his land is flooded by the manner in which a highway is constructed, it is a nuisance and a taking of property for public use for which compensation must be paid. Midgett v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 241, 132 S.E.2d 599 (1963), overruled on other grounds in Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 308 N.C. 603, 304 S.E.2d 164 (1983).

Substitution of Service Road for Direct Access. — Since the substitution of a service road for direct access theretofore enjoyed by an abutting property owner is an exercise of the police power, any diminution in the value of petitioners' property is damnum absque injuria. Moses v. State Hwy. Comm'n, 261 N.C. 316, 134 S.E.2d 664, cert. denied, 379 U.S. 930, 85 S. Ct. 327, 13 L. Ed. 2d 342 (1964).

Construction of Barricade Across Street. — Where the State has authorized the construction of a barricade across a street, thereby closing it to vehicular traffic in one direction, the owner of land abutting the street on the cul-de-sac thus created has not been deprived of his property without due process of law in violation of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or this section, though the value of his property has been impaired and the State has not compensated him for such loss of value. Wofford v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 263 N.C. 677, 140 S.E.2d 376, cert. denied, 382 U.S. 822, 86 S. Ct. 50, 15 L. Ed. 2d 67 (1965).

Taking of Land to Increase Highway Visibility. — If, in the interest of public safety at an intersection of highways, greater visibility is required than is afforded by removing obstructions from existing rights-of-way, land necessary to afford such increased view of approaches to the intersection may be taken by the appropriate public authorities under the power of eminent domain, with just compensation for the land so taken paid to the property owner; but the property may not be taken for such purpose, without compensation, under the guise of a regulation of the owner's business pursuant to the police power. State v. Vestal, 281 N.C. 517, 189 S.E.2d 152 (1972).

Restriction on Location of Fence. — An ordinance that a fence must be built substantially within the boundaries of a lot in which an automobile wrecking business is located is a taking of the lot owner's property for a public use without compensation. State v. Vestal, 281 N.C. 517, 189 S.E.2d 152 (1972).

Zoning Ordinance. — Zoning ordinance which required that owner of building material salvage yard remove his property within three years did not amount to a taking of his property for a public purpose without just compensation where he was notified on several occasions after the expiration of three-year period that he was in violation of the law, but made no effort to comply with the ordinance because he did not think it was fair. State v. Joyner, 286 N.C. 366, 211 S.E.2d 320, appeal dismissed, 422 U.S. 1002, 95 S. Ct. 2618, 45 L. Ed. 2d 666 (1975).

Removal of Sign. — In an inverse condemnation suit involving the tearing down of plaintiff's advertisement sign by defendant city, plaintiff's allegation that the sign was removed in the furtherance of the city's purposes, in that the sign was located on or interfered with the possession, control and use of defendant's easements, was sufficient to support the pleading requirement of alleging a taking for a public use or purpose. Schloss Outdoor Adv. Co. v. City of Charlotte, 50 N.C. App. 150, 272 S.E.2d 920 (1980).

Airplane Overflights. — For case discussing damages from airplane overflights, see

Long v. City of Charlotte, 306 N.C. 187, 293 S.E.2d 101 (1982).

The capture of supplier refunds for the purpose of funding the expansion fund did not constitute a taking without compensation in violation of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and the "law of the land" clause of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Carolina Util. Customers Ass'n, 336 N.C. 657, 446 S.E.2d 332 (1994).

Insurance Claim Files. — There was no compensable taking of plaintiff's property where, in order to facilitate the processing of claims made under policies issued by insolvent insurer, association requested the commissioner to obtain access to plaintiff's claim files. Eastern Appraisal Servs., Inc. v. State, 118 N.C. App. 692, 457 S.E.2d 312, appeal dismissed, cert. denied, 341 N.C. 648, 462 S.E.2d 509 (1995).

VIII. TAXATION.

Classifications for Tax Purposes — Generally. — The legislature may levy a sales tax or a tax on the business of selling tangible personal property, levied as a license or privilege tax, and classify trades, callings, and occupations for the imposition of a tax, and classify articles sold as the basis for computing the tax, exempting certain classes of articles and providing a graduated tax as to other classes of articles, or differentiate in the method of collecting the tax as to some of the classes, provided the levy applies equally and uniformly to all who fall within each particular classification, and provided the classifications are reasonable and based upon some real distinction. Leonard v. Maxwell, 216 N.C. 89, 3 S.E.2d 316, appeal dismissed, 308 U.S. 516, 60 S. Ct. 175, 84 L. Ed. 439 (1939). See also, Caldwell Land & Lumber Co. v. Smith, 146 N.C. 199, 59 S.E. 653 (1907).

Same — Sales Tax. — The North Carolina law imposes the sales tax on all retailers, as a class, and applies it alike in its exactions and exemptions to all persons belonging to the prescribed class. Piedmont Canteen Serv. v. Johnson, 256 N.C. 155, 123 S.E.2d 582 (1962); Fisher v. Jones, 15 N.C. App. 737, 190 S.E.2d 663 (1972).

Perfect equality in the collection of the sales tax by retailers from consumers is, as a practical matter, impossible as between almost any two or more retailers by reason of the differences in types of merchandise sold and selling methods. Piedmont Canteen Serv. v. Johnson, 256 N.C. 155, 123 S.E.2d 582 (1962); Fisher v. Jones, 15 N.C. App. 737, 190 S.E.2d 663 (1972).

Same — Exemptions. — Provisions of sales and use tax making a distinction between wholesale and retail merchants and exempting sales of ice, prescription medicines, fish and farm products when sold in the original or unmanufactured state, commercial fertilizer, agricultural lime and plaster, public school books, sales of used or repossessed articles, and sales to the government or governmental agencies, etc., were held to constitute classifications based upon reasonable and real distinctions. Leonard v. Maxwell, 216 N.C. 89, 3 S.E.2d 316, appeal dismissed, 308 U.S. 516, 60 S. Ct. 175, 84 L. Ed. 439 (1939).

A sales tax on retailers who sell merchandise through vending machines, including items sold for less than ten cents where it is impossible to recoup the tax from the purchaser, does not violate constitutional provisions relating to due process and equal protection. Fisher v. Jones, 15 N.C. App. 737, 190 S.E.2d 663 (1972).

Opportunity to Be Heard. — The constitutional provisions guaranteeing due process under this section and U.S. Const., Amend. XIV are mandatory and require an opportunity to be heard with respect to asserted tax liability. Kirkpatrick v. Currie, 250 N.C. 213, 108 S.E.2d 209 (1959).

Creation of Taxing District Without Hearing. — Former § 131-126.33 et seq., providing for the creation of a taxing district without providing for a hearing on the benefits to be conferred upon the property therein, did not violate this section. Williamson v. Snow, 239 N.C. 493, 80 S.E.2d 262 (1954).

Statute Providing for Service of Summons by Publication. — A statute conferring jurisdiction upon the superior courts of the counties over citizens and owners of taxable property within the county without requiring each such owner or citizen to be named as a party in the complaint or summons, and providing for service of summons by publication, did not violate this section. Castevens v. Stanly County, 211 N.C. 642, 191 S.E. 739 (1937).

Assessments Without Notice Are Void. — Street assessments made under charter provisions failing to provide notice and an opportunity to be heard to those assessed are void as violating due process of law, and may not be validated by curative acts of the legislature. City of Lexington v. Lopp, 210 N.C. 196, 185 S.E. 766 (1936).

When Courts Will Interfere with Tax Assessments. — It is only when the actions of the State Board of Assessment (Department of Revenue) are found to be arbitrary and capricious that courts will interfere with tax assessments because of asserted violations of the due process clause. Albemarle Elec. Membership Corp. v. Alexander, 282 N.C. 402, 192 S.E.2d 811 (1972).

Taxing of One District to Benefit Another. — It is a fundamental principle in the law of taxation that taxes may only be levied for

public purposes and for the benefit of the public on whom they are imposed. To lay these burdens upon one district for benefits appertaining solely to another is in clear violation of established principles of right and contrary to the express provision of this section, which forbids that any person shall be disseized of his freehold liberties and privileges or in any manner deprived of his life, liberty or property but by the law of the land. Commissioners of Johnston County v. Lacy, 174 N.C. 141, 93 S.E. 482 (1917); Hinton v. Lacy, 193 N.C. 496, 137 S.E. 669 (1927); Board of Comm'rs v. Hanchett Bond Co., 194 N.C. 137, 138 S.E. 614 (1927).

Free or reduced telephone service to municipalities constitutes a tax prohibited by law, and is discriminatory both as between towns which are similarly situated and as between those towns and individual rate payers living in towns or in the country. Hence, former § 160-281.2 was unconstitutional because it offended the due process provisions of both the State and federal Constitutions, because it was not a uniform tax, because it interfered with vested rights, and because it was an attempt to surrender the police power of the State. State ex rel. North Carolina Util. Comm'n v. City of Wilson, 252 N.C. 640, 114 S.E.2d 786 (1960).

Statute Held Valid. — The distinction between "homes for the aged, sick, or infirm" and individual residential property owners under § 105-275(32) (now 105-278.6A) is not unconstitutional under the equal protection clause. In re Barbour, 112 N.C. App. 368, 436 S.E.2d 169 (1993).

Tax Statute Held Invalid. — An act which permits the governing board of a town to list, value and revalue all property without providing for notice and hearing as to such valuations and without setting up precise standards for evaluation contravenes due process of law and is unconstitutional. Bowie v. Town of W. Jefferson, 231 N.C. 408, 57 S.E.2d 369 (1950).

Forfeiture of property and vesting of title in another for tax delinquency by mere legislative declaration is the taking of property without due process of law. Eason v. Spence, 232 N.C. 579, 61 S.E.2d 717 (1950).

Sale of Land for Taxes. — For a valid sale of land for taxes, the tax list and notice of sale must contain a sufficiently definite description of the land to allow the land to be identified, and to constitute notice to those persons whose interest is to be affected, and if the description is not so definite, a sale thereunder will be void as not complying with the statute, as taking property without giving notice, and as not affording those whose property is sold an opportunity to be heard. Bryson v. McCoy, 194 N.C. 91, 138 S.E. 420 (1927).

Employment Security Tax. — Imposition of employment security tax does not deprive an individual who operates three places of business, employing in the aggregate more than 8 employees, of property without due process of law or deny him of the equal protection of the laws. State ex rel. Unemployment Comp. Comm'n v. J.M. Willis Barber & Beauty Shop, 219 N.C. 709, 15 S.E.2d 4 (1941).

Municipal Tax to Finance Extended Water and Sewer Facilities Prior to Annexation. — A municipal corporation may issue bonds and levy taxes to pay principal and interest thereon and use the proceeds to finance the extension of water and sewer facilities into an area to be annexed at a fixed future date after the residents of the area to be annexed have approved the annexation and the citizens of the municipality have approved both the annexation and the issuance of bonds. Such bonds are for a public purpose, and the tax imposed within the municipality prior to annexation does not deprive the taxpayers of the city of property without due process of law. Thomasson v. Smith, 249 N.C. 84, 105 S.E.2d 416 (1958).

Determining Rate of Inheritance Tax by Value of Decedent's Estate Wherever Located. — The due process provisions of the federal and State Constitutions are not violated by use of the value of decedent's entire estate, wherever located, to determine the rate of inheritance tax to be applied to the transfer of property within this State. Rigby v. Clayton, 274 N.C. 465, 164 S.E.2d 7 (1968).

IX. MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Equal access to participation in the public school system. is a fundamental right, guaranteed by the State Constitution and protected by considerations of procedural due process. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

Action for declaratory and injunctive relief brought by minors who were, or would be in the future, enrolled in public schools in the county, and their parents or legal guardians, alleging that the present statutory system of financing public schools in this State resulted in inequities in educational programs and facilities between the public schools within that county, which had a relatively low tax base from which to draw funds, and those in other counties with relatively high tax bases, and that the operation of five separate school systems in that county prohibited effective use of facilities and staff and promoted inequitable use of state and local funds, thus depriving them of equal opportunity to a free public school education in violation of this section, N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 1 and 15, and Art. IX, § 2(1), failed to allege facts entitling them to relief or conferring jurisdiction on the courts of this State. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. 282, 357

S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

Eligibility for In-State Tuition. — A person's right to eligibility for in-state tuition is quite different from his basic constitutional right to travel freely from one state to another or his basic constitutional right to vote. Moreover, the regulations of the Board of Trustees of The University of North Carolina concerning eligibility for in-state tuition do not impede interstate travel. And since they do not relate to basic constitutional rights, such regulations are to be tested by the less stringent traditional equal protection standards, that test being whether the regulations have tended in general to assure that only North Carolina citizens get the benefit of in-state tuition, which the regulations have done. Glusman v. Trustees of Univ. of N.C., 281 N.C. 629, 190 S.E.2d 213 (1972), vacated on other grounds, 412 U.S. 947, 93 S. Ct. 2999, 37 L. Ed. 2d 999 (1973).

Reemployment of Teachers. — Those connected with school administration, including county boards of education and school principals, must act in good faith and not arbitrarily, capriciously or without just cause and must not be activated by selfish motives in deciding which teachers to reemploy for a school term. Wall v. Stanly County Bd. of Educ., 259 F. Supp. 238 (M.D.N.C. 1966), rev'd on other grounds, 378 F.2d 275 (4th Cir. 1967).

The right to work and to earn a livelihood is a property right that cannot be taken away except under the police power of the State in the paramount public interest for reasons of health, safety, morals, or public welfare. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Historically and fundamentally, the constitutional guaranties of individual liberty protect the individual in the selection and pursuit of the ordinary occupations against the unwarranted invocation of the police power. State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

This section guarantees the right to pursue ordinary and simple occupations free from governmental regulation. North Carolina Real Estate Licensing Bd. v. Aikens, 31 N.C. App. 8, 228 S.E.2d 493 (1976).

The right to work and earn a livelihood is a property right, considered fundamental under the North Carolina Constitution; consequently, regulation of otherwise lawful occupations and businesses must be based on some distinguishing feature in the business itself or in the manner in which it is ordinarily conducted, the natural and probable consequence of which, if unregulated, is to produce substantial injury to the public peace, health, or welfare. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 86 N.C. App. 137, 356 S.E.2d 828 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

Occupational Licenses — Generally. — A license to engage in an occupation is a property right. Parker v. Stewart, 29 N.C. App. 747, 225 S.E.2d 632 (1976).

Same — Attorneys. — As to the rights of attorneys who have been duly licensed to practice law, see Ex parte Schenck, 65 N.C. 353 (1871).

Same — Detectives. — The regulation of persons eligible to become licensed private detectives and commissioned special policemen is an exercise of authority in the interest of the general public, rather than a particular class. North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973).

Same — Revocation. — The government may not revoke an occupational license except by due process of law. Parker v. Stewart, 29 N.C. App. 747, 225 S.E.2d 632 (1976).

Same — Suspension. — The availability of prompt postsuspension review, along with a relatively brief suspension period, reduces the weight of the private interest in a suspended attorney's continued use of his or her law license pending the outcome of the postsuspension hearing. In re Lamm, 116 N.C. App. 382, 448 S.E.2d 125 (1994), aff'd, 341 N.C. 196, 458 S.E.2d 921 (1995).

The procedure contained in this rule, provides for independent judicial review by a superior court judge, who must determine if the affidavits and petition establish a sufficient showing to justify a suspension and this procedure satisfies the requirements for sufficient process under the Law of the Land Clause of the North Carolina Constitution. In re Lamm, 116 N.C. App. 382, 448 S.E.2d 125 (1994), aff'd, 341 N.C. 196, 458 S.E.2d 921 (1995).

A city ordinance which bestowed unbridled discretionary power upon the city council to grant or to refuse to grant a license to persons, associations or corporations to engage in the business of operating a restaurant, lunch counter, pressing club, moving picture show or market in the city violated the provisions of this section and U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Carolina Restaurants, Inc. v. City of Kinston, 32 N.C. App. 588, 233 S.E.2d 74 (1977).

The practice of law is a property right requiring due process of law before it may be impaired. North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 52 N.C. App. 1, 277 S.E.2d 827, modified and aff'd, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1981).

Right to Engage in Lawful Business — Generally. — When the State's exercise of its police power works to deny a person, association or corporation the right to engage in a business which is otherwise lawful, such deprivation of liberty requires a substantially greater likelihood of benefit to the public in order to enable it to survive an attack based

upon this section. North Carolina Ass'n of Licensed Detectives v. Morgan, 17 N.C. App. 701, 195 S.E.2d 357 (1973).

To deny a person, association or corporation the right to engage in a business which is otherwise lawful is a far greater restriction upon his or its liberty than to deny the right to charge in that business whatever prices the owner sees fit to charge for service. Consequently, such a deprivation of liberty requires a substantially greater likelihood of benefit to the public in order to enable it to survive an attack based upon this section. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Same — Not Absolute. — Freedom to contract and engage in a lawful business activity are rights guaranteed by the State and federal constitutions. However, these rights are not absolute, and limitations thereon imposed by the legislature are not violative of constitutional provisions so long as they are reasonable in light of the purposes to be accomplished. Louchheim, Eng & People, Inc. v. Carson, 35 N.C. App. 299, 241 S.E.2d 401 (1978).

Freedom to contract is both a liberty and a property right within the protection of the due process clauses of the federal Constitution and this section. See Morris v. Holshouser, 220 N.C. 293, 17 S.E.2d 115, 137 A.L.R. 733 (1941), discussing an employee's right to assign future wages.

Freedom of contract, unless contrary to public policy or prohibited by statute, is a fundamental right included in our constitutional guaranties. Muncie v. Travelers Ins. Co., 253 N.C. 74, 116 S.E.2d 474 (1960); Nationwide Mut. Ins. Co. v. Aetna Life & Cas. Co., 283 N.C. 87, 194 S.E.2d 834 (1973).

An employment contract is not a sufficient proprietary interest to require full-scale constitutional protection in the form of a pretermination hearing. Maines v. City of Greensboro, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

Enforcement of Insurance Contract. — Where a provision in an insurance policy is a valid one, the parties are entitled to have it enforced as written, and the Supreme Court cannot ignore any part of the contract. Muncie v. Travelers Ins. Co., 253 N.C. 74, 116 S.E.2d 474 (1960).

Sovereign immunity is not a defense to an action against the State for breach of a contract entered into by the State's authorized officers and agencies, since to deny the party who has performed his obligation under a contract the right to sue the State when it defaults is to take his property without compensation and thus to deny him due process. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Obligation of Contract May Not Be Impaired. — The obligation of a contract, within the meaning of the constitutional prohibition against impairment, includes all the means and assurances available for enforcement of the contract at the time of its execution. Bateman v. Sterrett, 201 N.C. 59, 159 S.E. 14 (1931).

This section prohibits enforcing any statute which would enable one person to evade or avoid the binding force of his contracts with another, whether executed or executory. Booth v. Hairston, 193 N.C. 278, 136 S.E. 879, 57 A.L.R. 1186 (1927), appeal dismissed, 195 N.C. 8, 141 S.E. 480 (1928), citing Lowe v. Harris, 112 N.C. 472, 17 S.E. 539, 22 L.R.A. 379 (1893).

The right to travel is a part of the liberty of which the citizen cannot be deprived without due process of law, but it can be restricted consistent with due process of law. State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Quarantine of Disaster Areas. — The constitutional protection of the freedom of travel does not mean that areas ravaged by flood, fire or pestilence cannot be quarantined when it can be demonstrated that unlimited travel to the area would directly and materially interfere with the safety and welfare of the area. State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Right to Traverse City Streets. — The right to travel upon the public streets of a city is a part of every individual's liberty, protected by the law of the land clause of the Constitution of North Carolina. State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Curfew Where Danger Is Clear and Present. — Where the danger is clear and present, the Constitutions of the United States and of North Carolina do not forbid city authorities to declare a state of emergency and to proclaim and enforce a temporary, night-to-night, city-wide curfew, with specified exceptions for emergency and necessary travel. State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Right to Jury Trial in Termination of Parental Rights. — There exists no constitutional right to trial by jury in proceedings to terminate parental rights. In re Clark, 303 N.C. 592, 281 S.E.2d 47 (1981).

The General Assembly may not diminish a vested interest by artificially increasing the class in which the estate has vested. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co. v. Andrews, 264 N.C. 531, 142 S.E.2d 182 (1965).

Public Office Is Not A Vested Property Right. — For case overruling line of cases which stood for the proposition that a public office was property in which the officeholder held a property interest, see Mial v. Ellington, 134 N.C. 131, 46 S.E. 961 (1903).

Vested Rights in Dedicated Property. — Where lots in a subdivision were sold with reference to a plat showing the street in question to be 99 feet in width, while at the time the charter was granted to a municipality embrac-

ing the lands, the only plat recorded was a revised one showing the street as 80 feet wide, the granting of the charter could not be construed as having the effect of limiting the width of the street to 80 feet so as to defeat the vested right of purchasers of lots with reference to the original plat to compel the owner to abide by its dedication of the street for the full width as shown by the plat. Home Real Estate Loan & Ins. Co. v. Town of Carolina Beach, 216 N.C. 778, 7 S.E.2d 13 (1940).

Abandonment of Part of Road. — The action of the governing body of a town in abandoning and permitting part of a road in a subdivision to be closed for the private use and benefit of the defendant property owners in the subdivision was in violation of the rights of other purchasers in the subdivision under this section and under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Town of Blowing Rock v. Gregorie, 243 N.C. 364, 90 S.E.2d 898 (1956).

Vested Rights in Pre-1983 Estates by the Entirety. — The claim of a vested property right may not rest upon state enforcement of common law which is unconstitutionally discriminatory. Thus, to the extent that defendant husband's claims to the exclusive right to the control and income of pre-1983 estates by the entirety were based solely upon common-law incidents of the tenancy, they would fail, as the right recognized by the common law could not be said to be a "vested property right." Perry v. Perry, 80 N.C. App. 169, 341 S.E.2d 53, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 170, 357 S.E.2d 925 (1987). See § 39-13.6.

Destruction or Diminishment of Contingent Property Interests. — Retrospective statutes destroying or diminishing contingent interests in property do not, per se, deprive the holder thereof of property without due process of law, in violation of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or this section, nor do they violate any other constitutional limitation upon legislative power. Peele v. Finch, 284 N.C. 375, 200 S.E.2d 635 (1973).

Statutes destroying or diminishing contingent interests in property do not, per se, deprive the holder thereof of property without due process of law or violate any other constitutional limitation upon legislative power. Crumpton v. Crumpton, 290 N.C. 651, 227 S.E.2d 587 (1976); Crumpton v. Mitchell, 303 N.C. 657, 281 S.E.2d 1 (1981).

Sale of Lands Subject to Contingent Interest. — A contingent remainderman in lands acquires his interest therein subject to the payment of testator's debts, and in that respect can acquire no vested interest therein, and a sale thereof in good faith and at a fair price by the executrix, for the payment of decedent's debts, as authorized by statute, when by proper proceedings the land could have been sold for the purpose, though the executrix has mistaken therein the authority given her under the will, could not be held as contrary to the provision of this section. Charlotte Consol. Constr. Co. v. Brockenbrough, 187 N.C. 65, 121 S.E. 7 (1924).

Where legal liability has been created, the legislature cannot take it away without violating this section. Lester Bros. v. Pope Realty & Ins. Co., 250 N.C. 565, 109 S.E.2d 263 (1959).

As to the prospective nature of additional liability imposed by amendatory act, see Bank of Pinehurst v. Derby, 218 N.C. 653, 12 S.E.2d 260 (1940).

The legislature may limit the time for assertion of a property right, provided it affords those vested with the right a reasonable time to assert the same after the enactment of the statute, since there is no vested right in procedure. Sheets v. Walsh, 217 N.C. 32, 6 S.E.2d 817 (1940).

Revival of Barred Claims. — A State statute purporting to revive a claim barred by the statute of limitations violates the due process clauses of the State and federal Constitutions, whether such claim affects vested property right or arises under contract. Valleytown Tp. v. Women's Catholic Order of Foresters, 115 F.2d 459 (4th Cir. 1940).

Right of Appeal. — For discussion of whether the right of appeal is essential to the "due process" clauses of the State or federal Constitutions, see Gunter v. Town of Sanford, 186 N.C. 452, 120 S.E. 41 (1923).

X. CHALLENGES TO STATUTES, ETC., ON CONSTITUTIONAL GROUNDS.

When Statute Will Be Declared Invalid. — It is only when a classification or distinction in a statute is arbitrary and unjustifiable upon any reasonable view that it becomes invidious and offensive to the Constitution, so that the court may undertake to exercise the extraordinary power it possesses to declare the statute void. The unconstitutionality must clearly appear before the court can so declare it. Vinson v. Chappell, 3 N.C. App. 348, 164 S.E.2d 631 (1968), aff'd, 275 N.C. 234, 166 S.E.2d 686 (1969); Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

The burden of establishing the unconstitutionality of a statute rests upon him who assails it, and courts may not declare a legislative discrimination invalid unless, viewed in the light of facts made known or generally assumed, it is of such a character as to preclude the assumption that the classification rests upon some rational basis within the knowledge and experience of the legislators. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

And reasonable doubt must be resolved

in favor of constitutionality of an act of the General Assembly, so that a statute will not be declared unconstitutional unless it is clearly so. Vinson v. Chappell, 3 N.C. App. 348, 164 S.E.2d 631 (1968), aff'd, 275 N.C. 234, 166 S.E.2d 686 (1969).

If a statute is susceptible of two interpretations, one constitutional and the other unconstitutional, the former will be adopted. Currituck County v. Willey, 46 N.C. App. 835, 266 S.E.2d 52, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 234, 283 S.E.2d 131 (1980).

But a statute so loosely and obscurely drawn as to be incapable of enforcement must be held void. In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

Separate Classifications. — Under the state and federal equal protection clauses, a state statute or regulation which has the effect of creating separate classifications preferring one group over another must be rationally related to legitimate state interest(s). Harris v. Flaherty, 90 N.C. App. 110, 367 S.E.2d 364 (1988).

Regulations Must Be Reasonable. — State economic regulatory classifications need bear only a rational relationship to a legitimate governmental objective in order to withstand an equal protection challenge. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Edmisten, 294 N.C. 598, 242 S.E.2d 862 (1978).

No Vested Right in Continuation of an Existing Law. — The fact that husband acquired property during marriage but prior to the effective date of the Equitable Distribution Act does not mean that he also acquired a vested right in the law governing the disposition of property upon divorce which was in effect either at the time the property was acquired or at the time of his marriage. There is no such thing as a vested right in the continuation of an existing law. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

A municipal ordinance is presumed to be valid, and the burden is upon the complaining party to show its invalidity or inapplicability. Moreover, a municipal ordinance promulgated in the exercise of the police power will not be declared unconstitutional unless it is clearly so, and every intendment will be made to sustain it. Currituck County v. Willey, 46 N.C. App. 835, 266 S.E.2d 52, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 234, 283 S.E.2d 131 (1980).

The party assailing the constitutionality of an ordinance must carry the burden of showing that the ordinance does not rest upon any reasonable basis, but is essentially arbitrary; and if any state of facts reasonably can be conceived that would sustain the ordinance, the existence of that state of facts at the time the ordinance was enacted must be assumed. Currituck County v. Willey, 46 N.C. App. 835, 266 S.E.2d 52, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 234, 283 S.E.2d 131 (1980).

An ordinance on its face must be fair and impartial and must not permit unwarranted discrimination. Maines v. City of Greensboro, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

An ordinance which vests unlimited or unregulated discretion in a municipal officer is void. Maines v. City of Greensboro, 300 N.C. 116, 265 S.E.2d 204 (1980).

XI. ILLUSTRATIVE CASES.

A. Statutes, Proceedings, etc., Upheld.

Alcoholic Beverage Control. — For case upholding legislation providing for revocation or suspension of a retail beer permit for violation of statutory provisions, see Boyd v. Allen, 246 N.C. 150, 97 S.E.2d 864 (1957).

The constitutional right to earn a livelihood by engaging in the restaurant business was not infringed by either the Turlington Act or the ABC Act. D & W, Inc. v. City of Charlotte, 268 N.C. 577, 151 S.E.2d 241, supplemental opinion, 268 N.C. 720, 152 S.E.2d 199 (1966).

Annexation. — It is not a denial of the equal protection of the law for a city to annex land without annexing other land similarly situated. Piedmont Ford Truck Sale, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 324 N.C. 499, 380 S.E.2d 107 (1989).

Attorney Disciplinary Proceedings. — Where the evidence supported findings by the Disciplinary Hearing Commission that defendant attorney, in representing a client charged with driving under the influence of alcohol, advised a potential State's witness that his client claimed that the potential witness was driving the car at the time in question, that defendant advised the potential witness either not to appear in court or to plead the Fifth Amendment (U.S. Const., Amend. V), and that defendant told the potential witness that his client would not testify against the witness if the witness would not testify against his client, the Commission's order of public censure was proper and did not violate defendant's right to due process and equal protection. North Carolina State Bar v. Graves, 50 N.C. App. 450, 274 S.E.2d 396 (1981).

Ballot Access Restriction. — The ten percent (10%) numerical signature requirement contained in § 163-122(a)(3) is an unconstitutional ballot access restriction for unaffiliated candidates in violation of the U.S Const., Amend. I and XIV and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 10 and this section. Obie v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 762 F. Supp. 119 (E.D.N.C. 1991).

Banking Institutions. — Former section 53-229, relating to the acquisition and control of certain nonbank banking institutions, did

not violate the commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution, nor the equal protection, exclusion emoluments and antimonopoly provisions of N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19, 32 and 34. Citicorp v. Currie, 75 N.C. App. 312, 330 S.E.2d 635, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 537, 314 N.C. 538, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16 (1985).

Section 53-229, relating to the acquisition and control of certain nonbank banking institutions, does not violate the commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution, nor the equal protection, exclusion emoluments and antimonopoly provisions of N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19, 32 and 34. Citicorp v. Currie, 75 N.C. App. 312, 330 S.E.2d 635, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 538, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16 (1985).

The Beer Franchise Law does not unreasonably interfere with the rights of suppliers to freely contract with wholesalers in violation of due process or this section. Mark IV Beverage, Inc. v. Molson Breweries USA, Inc., 129 N.C. App. 476, 500 S.E.2d 439 (1998), cert. denied, 349 N.C. 231, 515 S.E.2d 705 (1998), cert. denied, 349 N.C. 360, — S.E.2d — (1998).

Conditions for licenses to operate bingo games set out in §§ 14-309.7 and 14-309.8 are reasonably related to a legitimate interest that bingo games not be operated by full-time professionals for profit. Durham Council of Blind v. Edmisten, 79 N.C. App. 156, 339 S.E.2d 84, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 316 N.C. 552, 344 S.E.2d 5 (1986).

Bonds. — Local bond issue of town of Lake Lure held not to violate this section. Keeter v. Town of Lake Lure, 264 N.C. 252, 141 S.E.2d 634 (1965).

Session Laws of 1967, c. 1177, authorizing the State Education Assistance Authority to issue revenue bonds and to use the proceeds therefrom for making loans to residents of this State to enable them to obtain an education in an eligible institution, does not unconstitutionally authorize use of public funds in violation of this section. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

County Sign Ordinance. — Provision of county sign ordinance requiring nonconforming uses to be discontinued within three years from effective date of ordinance, thus giving the owner of a nonconforming sign a three-year period in which to amortize or depreciate the cost of the sign, is reasonable and does not provide for an unconstitutional taking of property. County of Cumberland v. Eastern Fed. Corp., 48 N.C. App. 518, 269 S.E.2d 672, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 527, 273 S.E.2d 453 (1980).

A county sign ordinance does not violate the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or this section merely because the county will not enforce the ordinance with respect to any person owning or operating a sign in certain municipalities within the county, since counties may not exercise zoning authority within a city which has enacted a zoning ordinance and counties may defer from zoning within cities. County of Cumberland v. Eastern Fed. Corp., 48 N.C. App. 518, 269 S.E.2d 672, cert. denied, 301 N.C. 527, 273 S.E.2d 453 (1980).

A city ordinance providing for conveyance of open space to an association of home owners living within the subdivision is reasonably related to the purpose of preserving urban open space so as to withstand a challenge under this section. River Birch Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 326 N.C. 100, 388 S.E.2d 538 (1990).

Criminal Statutes. — Section 14-72.1, relating to the concealment of merchandise in mercantile establishments, violates neither this section nor the due process clause of the federal Constitution. State v. Hales, 256 N.C. 27, 122 S.E.2d 768 (1961).

For case upholding § 14-353, prohibiting the influencing of agents and servants in violating their duties, see State v. Brewer, 258 N.C. 533, 129 S.E.2d 262, appeal dismissed, 375 U.S. 9, 84 S. Ct. 72, 11 L. Ed. 2d 40 (1963).

For case upholding validity of former § 14-273, prohibiting the disturbing of schools and scientific and temperance meetings, see State v. Wiggins, 272 N.C. 147, 158 S.E.2d 37 (1967), cert. denied, 390 U.S. 1028, 88 S. Ct. 1418, 20 L. Ed. 2d 285 (1968).

The statutory scheme of Chapter 14, Article 36A (§ 14-288.1, et seq.) is not unconstitutional in contravention of this section. State v. Dobbins, 9 N.C. App. 452, 176 S.E.2d 353 (1970), aff'd, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

A statute imposing criminal sanctions for the infliction of physical injury on children by their parents is not repugnant to this section. State v. Fredell, 283 N.C. 242, 195 S.E.2d 300 (1973).

For a discussion of the constitutionality of § 20-141.4(a2), relating to misdemeanor death by vehicle, see State v. Smith, 90 N.C. App. 161, 368 S.E.2d 33 (1988), aff'd, 323 N.C. 703, 374 S.E.2d 866, cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1100, 109 S. Ct. 2453, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1007 (1989).

Sanctions by Board of Dental Examiners. — The imposition of sanctions against a dentist for violating the provision of § 90-41(a)(13) against hiring dentists unlicensed in North Carolina did not violate this section or federal due process. Armstrong v. North Carolina State Bd. of Dental Exmrs., 129 N.C. App. 153, 499 S.E.2d 462 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 869, 142 L. Ed. 2d 770 (1999).

Divorce Provisions. — The amendment to § 50-6 abolishing the defense of recrimination in a divorce action based on a year's separation does not deprive a party who was married before the amendment of a vested property right under the due process clause of U.S.

Const., Amend. XIV or the "law of the land clause" of this section. Sawyer v. Sawyer, 54 N.C. App. 141, 282 S.E.2d 527 (1981).

Drug Testing. — Plaintiff's duties consisted of generally performing preventative maintenance and repairs on airport terminal air conditioning and ventilating and heating systems, but plaintiff also had security clearance to drive a motor vehicle 10 M.P.H. in a designated area on the apron of the flight area in order to get access to the systems located on the outside of the building. Plaintiff, if drug-impaired while operating a motor vehicle on the apron of the flight area, could increase the risk of harm to others. Accordingly, a drug testing policy implemented by defendants (employer) was constitutional. Boesche v. Raleigh-Durham Airport Auth., 111 N.C. App. 149, 432 S.E.2d 137, cert. granted, 334 N.C. 687, 436 S.E.2d 370 (1993).

Provisions of the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act. — Former sections 52A-29 and 52A-30 comport with the due process requirements of the federal and State Constitutions. Allsup v. Allsup, 323 N.C. 603, 374 S.E.2d 237 (1988).

Eviction Proceedings. — An eviction proceeding in a North Carolina state court pursuant to the North Carolina eviction statute will provide the tenant with all the process that is due. Roanoke Chowan Regional Hous. Auth. v. Vaughan, 81 N.C. App. 354, 344 S.E.2d 578, cert. denied, 317 N.C. 706, 347 S.E.2d 439 (1986).

Foreclosure. — The State may proceed directly or by authorization to others to sell lands for taxes upon proceedings to enforce a lien for the taxes thereon, and a publication of notice to all interested in the lands to appear and defend their rights is not a taking of property inhibited by this section. Orange County v. Jenkins, 200 N.C. 202, 156 S.E. 774 (1931).

This section is not violated by § 45-21.34, regulating the sale of real property upon the foreclosure of mortgages or deeds of trust. Woltz v. Asheville Safe Deposit Co., 206 N.C. 239, 173 S.E. 587 (1934).

Section 45-21.36 is constitutional and valid, since it recognizes the obligation of the debtor to pay his debt and the right of the creditor to enforce payment by action in accordance with the terms of the agreement, but provides merely for judicial supervision of sales under power to the end that the price bid at the sale shall not be conclusive as to the value of the property, and that the creditor may not recover any deficiency after applying the purchase price to the notes without first accounting for the fair value of the property in accordance with well-settled principles of equity. Richmond Mtg. & Loan Corp. v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 210 N.C. 29, 185 S.E. 482 (1936), aff'd, 300 U.S. 124, 57 S. Ct. 338, 81 L. Ed. 552 (1937).

The notice of foreclosure by sale as provided for in a deed of trust and as required under § 45-21.17 was held sufficient to meet the minimum due process requirements. Huggins v. Dement, 13 N.C. App. 673, 187 S.E.2d 412, appeal dismissed, 281 N.C. 314, 188 S.E.2d 898, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1071, 93 S. Ct. 677, 34 L. Ed. 2d 659 (1972).

The notice requirement of § 105-375 is not compelled by due process. And where due process was satisfied by notice to the listing taxpayer as provided by § 105-375, the county was not required to shoulder the intolerable burden of directly notifying the heirs of a listing taxpayer who died prior to issuance of execution. Henderson County v. Osteen, 28 N.C. App. 542, 221 S.E.2d 903 (1976), rev'd on other grounds, 292 N.C. 692, 235 S.E.2d 166 (1977).

Grade Crossing Improvements. — A state or its subdivisions, in the exercise of the police power, may validly allocate a portion, or under some circumstances even all, of the costs of grade crossing improvements to the railroads, provided the allocation of costs is fair and reasonable under all existing circumstances. Southern Ry. v. City of Winston-Salem, 4 N.C. App. 11, 165 S.E.2d 751, aff'd, 275 N.C. 465, 168 S.E.2d 396 (1969).

Institutional Costs. — The law makes no unconstitutional discrimination between classes when it charges all tubercular patients the same rate, but actually collects only from those who can pay. Graham v. Reserve Life Ins. Co., 274 N.C. 115, 161 S.E.2d 485 (1968).

Chapter 143, Article 7 (§ 143-117 et seq.) is not unconstitutional in contravention of this section. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 27 N.C. App. 479, 219 S.E.2d 660 (1975), aff'd, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

There is no constitutional impediment to the collection of the sums sought by the State pursuant to § 143-117 for the period of confinement following defendant's acquittal by reason of insanity. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

Insurance Provisions. — Requiring an insurance company to issue assigned risk motor vehicle liability policies as a condition of transacting liability insurance business in North Carolina does not constitute a denial of due process in violation of State and federal constitutional provisions. Jones v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 270 N.C. 454, 155 S.E.2d 118 (1967).

Interest. — Section 24-5 does not violate this section, the equal protection and due process clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or the exclusive emoluments clause contained in N.C. Const., Art. I, § 32. Lowe v. Tarble, 312 N.C. 467, 323 S.E.2d 19 (1984), rehearing granted, 313 N.C. 176, 326 S.E.2d 32, aff'd on rehearing, 313 N.C. 460, 329 S.E.2d 648 (1985).

Section 24-5 does not violate the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or

this section. Powe v. Odell, 312 N.C. 410, 322 S.E.2d 762 (1984).

Section 24-5, relating to the imposition of interest, does not violate N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19 and 32 and the equal protection and due process clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Harris v. Scotland Neck Rescue Squad, Inc., 75 N.C. App. 444, 331 S.E.2d 695, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 329, 333 S.E.2d 486 (1985).

Limitation Statutes. — Statute requiring action for malpractice in performance of professional services for a minor to be brought before minor attains age of 19 when three-year limitation expires before minor attains age of 19 did not violate the equal protection clauses of the North Carolina or United States Constitutions on grounds that a person has three years after reaching the age of 18 in which to bring other types of tort actions, since there is a substantial distinction between persons who have malpractice claims and those with other types of tort claims. Hohn v. State, 48 N.C. App. 624, 269 S.E.2d 307 (1980), cert. denied, 301 N.C. 720, 274 S.E.2d 229 (1981).

Sections 1-50(5) (now 1-50(a)(5)) and 1-15(c) are not unconstitutional as being violative of the open courts provision of the North Carolina Constitution and the equal protection clauses of the State and federal Constitutions. Square D Co. v. C.J. Kern Contractors, 314 N.C. 423, 334 S.E.2d 63 (1985).

Section 1-50 does not distinguish between manufacturers and retail sellers of products who are protected from liability beyond the six-year period of repose and does not violate the equal protection clauses or the State or federal Constitutions. Tetterton v. Long Mfg. Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985).

Section 24-5, relating to the imposition of interest, does not violate this section, the Equal Protection and Due Process Clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, or the exclusive emoluments clause contained in N.C. Const., Art. I, § 32. Lowe v. Tarble, 312 N.C. 467, 323 S.E.2d 19 (1984), rehearing granted, 313 N.C. 176, 326 S.E.2d 32, aff'd on rehearing, 313 N.C. 460, 329 S.E.2d 648 (1985).

Section 24-5 does not violate the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or this section. Powe v. Odell, 312 N.C. 410, 322 S.E.2d 762 (1984).

Section 24-5, relating to the imposition of interest, does not violate Art. I, §§ 19 and 32 of the North Carolina Constitution and the equal protection and due process clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Harris v. Scotland Neck Rescue Squad, Inc., 75 N.C. App. 444, 331 S.E.2d 695, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 329, 333 S.E.2d 486 (1985).

Article 1, Chapter 127B, regulating businesses dealing in military goods, is constitutional under the due process and equal protection provisions of the State and federal Constitutions. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

The provisions of § 127B-1 are not unreasonably burdensome within the meaning of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 1. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

The classification created by § 127B-1 is not so arbitrary or unreasonable as to be violative of the equal protection requirement. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 322 N.C. 61, 366 S.E.2d 697 (1988).

State's failure to take and to preserve an additional breath sample for independent testing by defendant or to produce the control and test ampules for defendant's breathalyzer examination did not violate state or federal due process. State v. Jones, 106 N.C. App. 214, 415 S.E.2d 774 (1992).

Motor Vehicle Provisions. — The statutory requirement that the operator of a motorcycle on a public highway wear a protective helmet is constitutional as a valid exercise of the police power, since the statute bears a real and substantial relationship to public safety. State v. Anderson, 275 N.C. 168, 166 S.E.2d 49 (1969).

Exemption of manufacturers and dealers of trailers of less than 4,000 pounds empty weight from the bonding requirement of § 20-288(e) did not deny plaintiff equal protection of the law, since the difference in treatment between trailers over 4,000 pounds and trailers less than 4,000 pounds has a reasonable basis in relation to the purpose of the statute. Butler v. Peters, 52 N.C. App. 357, 278 S.E.2d 283, appeal dismissed, 303 N.C. 543, 281 S.E.2d 391 (1981).

Nuisances. — Section 19-1 et seq., providing for the abatement of public nuisances by temporary order without bond, and the sale of the personalty and the closing of the property for one year upon the finding of the jury, is constitutional. State ex rel. Carpenter v. Boyles, 213 N.C. 432, 196 S.E. 850 (1938).

Obscenity. — Where, in an obscenity trial, the trial judge declined to judicially restrict or expand the term "community," permitting the jurors to apply the standards of the community from which they came in much the same manner as they would determine the propensities of a reasonable person in other areas of the law, neither § 14-190.1 nor the judge's instructions contravened the Constitution by failing to specify what is meant by "community." State v. Mayes, 86 N.C. App. 569, 359 S.E.2d 30 (1987), petition allowed as to additional issues, 321 N.C. 122, 361 S.E.2d 599 (1987), aff'd, 323 N.C. 159, 371 S.E.2d 476 (1988), cert. denied, 488 U.S. 1009, 109 S. Ct. 792, 102 L. Ed. 2d 784 (1989).

Occupational Licenses. — For case upholding act licensing hauling of lumber, see

State v. Bullock, 161 N.C. 223, 75 S.E. 942 (1912). See also, Dalton v. George C. Brown & Co., 159 N.C. 175, 75 S.E. 40, 42 L.R.A. (n.s.) 506 (1912); Southeastern Express Co. v. City of Charlotte, 186 N.C. 668, 120 S.E. 475 (1923).

Statute making certain war veterans eligible for license to practice barbering without standing an examination did not violate this section. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Ordinance which required escort bureaus to keep a record of transactions with clients or customers was vague and overbroad and violated this section; the sweep of the ordinance infringed on rights of association guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. I. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 94 N.C. App. 453, 380 S.E.2d 602 (1989).

Parental Liability. — Section 1-538.1, imposing liability on parents for malicious destruction of school property by their child, is within the police power of this State and is not violative of the provisions of this section or of U.S. Const., Amend. V. General Ins. Co. of Am. v. Faulkner, 259 N.C. 317, 130 S.E.2d 645 (1963).

A provision of a city ordinance requiring paved parking lots, challenged on due process and equal protection grounds, was held valid. Grace Baptist Church v. City of Oxford, 320 N.C. 439, 358 S.E.2d 372 (1987).

Parole Provisions. — Former § 148-62 did not deprive a defendant of liberty other than by the law of the land on grounds that it failed to provide adequate standards to guide the Board of Paroles in exercise of the discretionary power granted to it. Jernigan v. State, 10 N.C. App. 562, 179 S.E.2d 788, aff'd, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

Pretrial Discovery. — Section 1A-1, Rule 26(b) is not unconstitutional on the grounds that it deprives one of property without due process of law, authorizes an unreasonable search and seizure, denies equal protection of the laws, or impairs the right to contract. Marks v. Thompson, 282 N.C. 174, 192 S.E.2d 311 (1972).

Eligibility to Receive Child Care Benefits. — Division of Social Services' definition of "family" and the relevant eligibility criterion used in distinguishing among those eligible to receive child care benefits intended to foster a fair meeting out of state and federal funds to promote the objectives of the social services programs and as such are rationally related to the State's legitimate objectives. Harris v. Flaherty, 90 N.C. App. 110, 367 S.E.2d 364 (1988).

Rate Increases. — Exploration tracking rate increases were not in violation of equal protection by virtue of having been made without any attempt to determine which customers would benefit, since it was within the authority of the commission to determine that all gas ratepayers would benefit from increased supplies of natural gas, both through assured availability and improvement in the State's economy. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Edmisten, 294 N.C. 598, 242 S.E.2d 862 (1978).

Right to Work Laws. — Statutes declaring that the right to work shall not be dependent upon membership or nonmembership in a labor union and prohibiting certain agreements between employers and labor organizations do not violate this section. State v. Whitaker, 228 N.C. 352, 45 S.E.2d 860 (1947), aff'd, 335 U.S. 525, 69 S. Ct. 251, 93 L. Ed. 212 (1949).

Scholarships. — The provisions of former § 116-149 (b), defining those eligible for scholarships as children of veterans resident of North Carolina at the time of induction or a veteran's child who was born in North Carolina and had lived here continuously since birth were not unconstitutional as discriminating against children of disabled veterans who had moved their residence to this State after birth of the children. Ramsey v. North Carolina Veterans Comm'n, 261 N.C. 645, 135 S.E.2d 659 (1964).

Sterilization Provisions. — The sterilization of mentally ill or retarded persons under §§ 35-36 through 35-50, inclusive, is a valid and reasonable exercise of the police power. These sections provide a sufficient judicial standard, and are not unconstitutionally vague or arbitrary, and do not violate the equal protection clauses of the United States or North Carolina Constitutions. In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

Teachers. — It was not a denial of equal protection for the State to prescribe one procedure for the dismissal of a school teacher during the school year on the ground of immoral or disreputable conduct or failure to perform the teacher's contract, and to prescribe a different procedure for the termination of the employment at the end of the school year under former § 115-142. The vast difference in the consequences of these two actions, insofar as the future effect upon the teacher's professional standing and ability to obtain employment was concerned, was ample basis for classification within the limits of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and of this section. Still v. Lance, 279 N.C. 254, 182 S.E.2d 403 (1971).

A regulation of the State Board of Education which requires all teachers employed in the public school system of North Carolina to obtain a renewal of their teaching certificates every five years and prescribes for all teachers the same number of credits and the same methods for obtaining such credits does not deny equal protection of the law, notwithstanding the fact that the regulation does not apply to employees of the Board who are not engaged in teaching, whose duties are performed in the

Board's offices. Since the purpose of requiring a certificate to teach is to assure good quality of performance in the classroom, there is an obvious and reasonable basis for making the rule applicable to those who teach and omitting from its applicability those who do not. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

The Preambles to the Ethical Principles of Psychologists are unconstitutionally vague for purposes of being cited for specific violations under U.S. Const., Amends. V and XIV and under this section of the N.C. Const. White v. North Carolina State Bd. of Exmrs. of Practicing Psychologists, 97 N.C. App. 144, 388 S.E.2d 148, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 326 N.C. 601, 393 S.E.2d 891 (1990).

Ethical Principles of Psychologists. — Principles 1f, 2e, 3c, 3d, 5c, 7b, 8c, and 8d, are not unconstitutionally vague. White v. North Carolina State Bd. of Exmrs. of Practicing Psychologists, 97 N.C. App. 144, 388 S.E.2d 148, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 326 N.C. 601, 393 S.E.2d 891 (1990).

Tuition. — As to the constitutionality of a six-month nonattendance requirement to qualify for in-state tuition, see Glusman v. Trustees of Univ. of N.C., 281 N.C. 629, 190 S.E.2d 213 (1972), vacated on other grounds, 412 U.S. 947, 93 S. Ct. 2999, 37 L. Ed. 2d 999 (1973).

Visually Impaired. — Visually impaired plaintiff could not bring suit under this section, where § 168A-2 provides an adequate state remedy for the plaintiff's allegation that a judge discriminated against him by refusing to allow his companion dog to accompany him into the judge's courtroom. Stroud v. Harrison, 131 N.C. App. 480, 508 S.E.2d 527 (1998).

Water and Sewage. — The delegation of authority to counties to construct water and sewer systems does not violate this section. Ramsey v. Rollins, 246 N.C. 647, 100 S.E.2d 55 (1957).

A statute prohibiting a city from charging residents of adjacent sanitary districts for water at a higher rate than is charged residents of the city does not violate this section. Candler v. City of Asheville, 247 N.C. 398, 101 S.E.2d 470 (1958).

The expenditure of funds for the construction of water and sewerage facilities by a municipality, outside its corporate limits, if done pursuant to legislative authority, is for a public purpose and is not violative of this section. Thomasson v. Smith, 249 N.C. 84, 105 S.E.2d 416 (1958).

Water Supply Water Protection Act. — The Water Supply Water Protection Act (WSWPA) does not violate the Equal Protection Clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article I, Section 19 of the Constitution of North Carolina because it is not applied equally throughout the state as the 1993 amendment may be expunged for being unconstitutional, which leaves the WSWPA. Town of Spruce Pine v. Avery County, 346 N.C. 787, 488 S.E.2d 144 (1997).

Wills. — Section 30-3(b), which provides that a second or successive spouse who dissents from the will of his deceased spouse shall take only one half the amount provided for the surviving spouse if the testator has surviving him lineal descendants by a former marriage but there are no surviving lineal descendants by the second or successive marriage, is not arbitrarily discriminatory and capricious so as to be violative of the due process provisions of the federal and State Constitutions. Vinson v. Chappell, 275 N.C. 234, 166 S.E.2d 686 (1969).

Wrongful Death. — Former § 28-174(a)(4)b and c, allowing recovery for services rendered to decedent and for loss of society in a wrongful death action, were not unconstitutionally vague and therefore violative of this section. See Bowen v. Constructors Equip. Rental Co., 283 N.C. 395, 196 S.E.2d 789 (1973).

B. Statutes, Proceedings, etc., Held Unconstitutional.

A county ordinance subjecting businesses which provided male or female "companionship" to various licensing requirements was held to lack any rational, real and substantial relation to any valid objective of the county and thus to offend this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 1. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 83 N.C. App. 345, 350 S.E.2d 365 (1986), aff'd, 320 N.C. 776, 360 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

An ordinance enacted to regulate business providing male and female companionship was overbroad and not rationally related to a substantial government purpose and violated our State Constitution. Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 320 N.C. 776, 360 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

Criminal Provisions. — The provisions of former § 115-253 relating to approval by the State Board of Education of the instructional and sales methods and solicitors of nonresident business, trade or correspondence schools were clearly an unwarranted delegation of legislative power, and a conviction and punishment under the criminal provisions thereof violated "the law of the land" under this section. State v. Williams, 253 N.C. 337, 117 S.E.2d 444 (1960).

Section 14-72.2 violates the provisions of this section and of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV and accordingly, it is void. State v. Graham, 32 N.C. App. 601, 233 S.E.2d 615 (1977).

Chapter 269 of the 1975 North Carolina Session Laws, which prohibits the deliberate shining of an artificial light from a motor-

driven conveyance beyond the surface of a roadway or in any field, woodland or forest in an area frequented or inhabited by wild game animals during certain evening hours in specified counties, violates due process because it is so overbroad as to constitute arbitrary and unreasonable interference with innocent conduct and it lacks any rational, real or substantial relation to the public health, morals, order, safety or general welfare. State v. Stewart, 40 N.C. App. 693, 253 S.E.2d 638 (1979).

Fair Trade. — The "nonsigner" provision of former § 66-56 was unconstitutional, insofar as it purported to extend to one not a party thereto the effect of a fair trade contract, because it deprived the nonsigner of liberty, contrary to the law of the land, in violation of this section. Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

Deprivation of Property. — The first sentence of subsection (b) of § 1-44.2 is unconstitutional because it does not provide sufficient notice, an opportunity to be heard, and just compensation before divesting owner of a valuable property interest. The remaining portions of that section were not challenged and remain in full force and effect. McDonald's Corp. v. Dwyer, 338 N.C. 445, 450 S.E.2d 888 (1994).

Fee Waiver Policy. — Fee waiver policy adopted by city board of education was unconstitutional where it failed to establish a mechanism by which the schools would affirmatively notify students and their parents of the availability of a waiver or reduction of the fee or by which the students or parents themselves might apply for a partial or complete exemption from the fee requirements, since the waiver policy did not fairly guarantee to low income and indigent students their right of equal access to the educational opportunities available at their schools and did not accord procedural due process to such students. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

Insurance Provisions. — The State may not, consistent with the law of the land clause of this section or the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, require an insurance company to engage in the health care liability insurance business as a condition to its right to continue to carry on an entirely different business for which it is duly licensed by the State and in which it wants to be, and is, engaged. Hartford Accident & Indem. Co. v. Ingram, 290 N.C. 457, 226 S.E.2d 498 (1976).

Medical Facility Licensing. — For case holding former § 90-291, relating to the determination of need for medical care facilities, unconstitutional, see In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Military Property Sales Facilities. — If the State's primary purpose in Article 1 of Chapter 127B is to prevent the owners of military property sales businesses from illegally purchasing property which they believe may be stolen, that section cannot stand, as the State may not undertake by regulation to rid ordinary occupations and callings of the dishonest; likewise, if the State, by this regulatory statute, is seeking to enlist plaintiff's aid in enforcing already existing criminal laws, either by allowing the State to trace the property to its criminal source, or to deter its disposition, and, therefore, its theft, it is also unconstitutional, as those who buy and sell military surplus property may not be required to incur additional expense, or abandon that part of their business, to assist in enforcing criminal laws. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 86 N.C. App. 137, 356 S.E.2d 828 (1987).

Article 1 of Chapter 127B, concerning military property sales facilities, violates this section, as assuming arguendo that the State's police power extends to aiding the federal government in preventing theft from U.S. military bases, the statute is an unreasonable, and therefore unconstitutional, means of achieving that purpose. Poor Richard's, Inc. v. Stone, 86 N.C. App. 137, 356 S.E.2d 828 (1987).

Occupational Licenses. — For case holding a portion of § 90-115, relating to the practice of optometry, violative of this section, see Palmer v. Smith, 229 N.C. 612, 51 S.E.2d 8 (1948).

Statute providing for licensing and supervision of photographers held violative of this section. State v. Ballance, 229 N.C. 764, 51 S.E.2d 731 (1949).

Former § 87-28 et seq., requiring a license for any person, firm or corporation undertaking to lay, set or install ceramic tile, marble or terrazzo floors or walls, violated this section. Roller v. Allen, 245 N.C. 516, 96 S.E.2d 851 (1957).

Real Estate Brokers. — The amendment to § 93A-2(a) enacted by Session Laws 1975, c. 108, was unconstitutional as repugnant to this section. North Carolina Real Estate Licensing Bd. v. Aikens, 31 N.C. App. 8, 228 S.E.2d 493 (1976).

Receivership. — To permit an operating receiver to hazard the property rights of lienholders without their consent in a perilous private enterprise merely because the court may entertain the uncertain hope that some pecuniary advantage might thereby be obtained for the general creditors or some other third persons would transgress the basic concept enshrined in this section that no person may be deprived of his property except by his own consent or the law of the land. National Sur. Corp. v. Sharpe, 236 N.C. 35, 72 S.E.2d 109 (1952).

Street Improvements. — A municipal ordinance requiring a railway company to pay the

entire expense of rebuilding an overpass trestle to accommodate the opening of a new street was, under the facts, an unreasonable exercise of the police power, amounting to an invasion of the company's property rights in violation of the constitutional guarantee provided by this section. City of Winston-Salem v. Southern Ry., 248 N.C. 637, 105 S.E.2d 37 (1958).

Removal of state and local employees' tax exemption for retirement benefits constituted a taking of property without just compensation. Bailey v. State, 348 N.C. 130, 500 S.E.2d 54 (1998).

C. Sunday Closing Laws.

Generally. — This section does not deprive the legislature of authority to prohibit by a statute, otherwise valid, the carrying on of and engaging in, on Sunday, any and all labor and the operation of industrial and commercial pursuits, except for works of necessity and acts which, themselves, are in exercise of the constitutional right to worship. Moreover, the legislature may delegate this power to municipalities. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

Neither the State nor the federal Constitution requires that a statute or ordinance, enacted for establishing Sunday as a day of rest, be held invalid unless it prohibits every activity which could be brought within its scope. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

The legislative body has a wide discretion in determining which activities do and which do not interfere with the observance of Sunday as a day of general rest and relaxation sufficiently to justify the prohibition of those activities on that day, and the burden rests upon the person complaining to establish the absence of a reasonable basis for such determination. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

Where the objective of a municipal ordinance is the establishment of Sunday as a day of general rest and relaxation, the difference in treatment by the ordinance of two types of business must be supported by a reasonable basis for the conclusion that one, substantially more than the other, will interfere with such use and enjoyment of the day. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

The general rule is that the enactment of Sunday regulations is a legitimate exercise of the police power, and that the classification on which a Sunday law is based is within the discretion of the legislative branch of the government or within the discretion of the governing body of a municipality clothed with power to enact and enforce ordinances for the observance of Sunday, and will be upheld, provided the classification is founded upon reasonable distinctions, affects all persons similarly situated or engaged in the same business without discrimination, and has some reasonable relation to the public peace, welfare and safety. State v. Greenwood, 280 N.C. 651, 187 S.E.2d 8 (1972).

The validity of a Sunday closing statute or ordinance depends upon its reasonable relation to the accomplishment of the State's legitimate objective, which, in this instance, is the promotion of the public health, safety, morals, and welfare by the establishment of a day of rest and relaxation. Legislation for this purpose, like other legislation, may not discriminate arbitrarily either as between persons, or groups of persons, or as between activities which are prohibited and those which are permitted. State v. Greenwood, 280 N.C. 651, 187 S.E.2d 8 (1972).

In order for a Sunday closing ordinance to withstand an attack upon its constitutionality, it is not necessary that the legislative body prohibited everything which is detrimental to the public morals, health or safety; it is sufficient that there is reasonable basis for belief that the operation on the day of rest of excepted businesses is necessary or conducive to the enjoyment by the public of the designated day as a day of rest, and that the activities of the defendant are not. State v. Atlas, 283 N.C. 165, 195 S.E.2d 496 (1973).

Unconstitutional discrimination in a county ordinance requiring businesses generally to be closed on a specified day of the week, designated by the legislative body as a day of rest, but exempting from such requirement certain types of business, is not shown by the fact that the ordinance of some other county or municipality does not contain identical exemptions from its general closing requirement. State v. Atlas, 283 N.C. 165, 195 S.E.2d 496 (1973).

Illustrative Cases. — An ordinance prohibiting certain activities on Sunday held not in contravention of this section. State v. McGee, 237 N.C. 633, 75 S.E.2d 783, appeal dismissed, 346 U.S. 802, 74 S. Ct. 50, 98 L. Ed. 334 (1953), rehearing denied, 346 U.S. 918, 74 S. Ct. 272, 98 L. Ed. 413 (1954).

An ordinance prohibiting generally the operation of all businesses within a municipality on Sunday, but excepting certain businesses, was held not to violate this section. Clark's Charlotte, Inc. v. Hunter, 261 N.C. 222, 134 S.E.2d 364 (1964).

Ordinances prohibiting the exercise of all occupations generally on Sunday, "except those of necessity and charity," are constitutional, and exceptions are valid if they are reasonable and do not discriminate within a class between competitors similarly situated. Charles Stores

Co. v. Tucker, 263 N.C. 710, 140 S.E.2d 370 (1965).

The classification of night clubs into those "located within 300 yards of the property on which is located any public school or church building" and all others, for the purpose of closing the former from 2:00 A.M. until 12:00 midnight on Sunday, was both unreasonable and discriminatory. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

A Sunday observance ordinance which classified "sporting goods and toys" as prohibited items and live bait as permitted items could not be considered unreasonable, arbitrary or discriminatory. S.S. Kresge Co. v. Tomlinson, 275 N.C. 1, 165 S.E.2d 236 (1969).

A municipal ordinance which prohibited the sale on Sunday of mobile homes but which did not prohibit the sale of conventional homes would be held valid, since a classification based on the differences between the two types of selling (presence or absence of traffic, congestion, and noise) bore a reasonable relation to the purpose of the ordinance in establishing Sunday as a day of rest and relaxation. Raleigh Mobile Home Sales, Inc. v. Tomlinson, 276 N.C. 661, 174 S.E.2d 542 (1970).

A Sunday closing ordinance which singled out and banned the operation of billiard halls on Sunday but permitted other businesses which provided facilities for recreation, sports and amusements, which were potentially equally disruptive, violated the equal protection clauses of the North Carolina and United States Constitutions. State v. Greenwood, 280 N.C. 651, 187 S.E.2d 8 (1972).

Sec. 20. General warrants.

General warrants, whereby any officer or other person may be commanded to search suspected places without evidence of the act committed, or to seize any person or persons not named, whose offense is not particularly described and supported by evidence, are dangerous to liberty and shall not be granted.

Cross References. — As to searches and seizures, see § 15A-231. As to search warrants, see § 15A-241.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 15, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For discussion of statute enacted pursuant to this provision, see 15 N.C.L. Rev. 101 (1937).

As to limitations on investigating officers, see 15 N.C.L. Rev. 229 (1937).

For case law survey as to searches and seizures, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 931 (1967).

For survey of 1979 constitutional law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1326 (1980).

For note on warrantless aerial surveillance endorsed in California v. Ciraolo, 476 U.S. 207, 106 S. Ct. 1809, 90 L. Ed. 2d 210, rehearing denied, 478 U.S. 1014, 106 S. Ct. 3320, 92 L. Ed. 2d 728 (1986), see 9 Campbell L. Rev. 497 (1987).

For note, "North Carolina Adopts the Inevitable Discovery Exception to the Exclusionary Rule: — State v. Garner," see 15 Campbell L. Rev. 305 (1993).

For article, Hobgood, I-95 A/K/A The Drug Trafficker's Freeway, and Its Impact on State Constitutional Law, see 21 Campbell L. Rev. 237 (1999).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Warrantless Searches.
III. Search Warrants.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 15, Const. 1868.*

Search and Seizure Requirements Under U.S. Const., Amend. IV Compared. — Though the language in this section, providing in substance that any search or seizure must be "supported by evidence," is markedly different from that in the federal Constitution, there is no variance between the search and seizure law of North Carolina and the requirements of U.S. Const., Amend. IV as interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States. State v. Hendricks, 43 N.C. App. 245, 258 S.E.2d 872 (1979), cert. denied, 299 N.C. 123, 262 S.E.2d 6 (1980).

Pointing to the differences in language in the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution and this section of the North Carolina Constitution, the North Carolina Constitution is more protective of a person's privacy and requires a stricter standard in justifying a warrantless search. State v. Mills, 104 N.C. App. 724, 411 S.E.2d 193 (1991).

The language of this section differs markedly from the language of U.S. Const., Amend. IV.

Nevertheless, this section prohibits unreasonable searches and seizures. State v. Arrington, 311 N.C. 633, 319 S.E.2d 254 (1984).

This section does not require more particularity in subpoenas than does U.S. Const., Amend. IV as applied to the states through U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. In re Computer Technology Corp., 78 N.C. App. 402, 337 S.E.2d 165 (1985).

Standing to Object to Search. — Burglary defendant had no standing to object to the search of a car from which evidence was taken by the FBI where, although defendant had paid $3,500 of the $4,000 purchase price, the owner of the car dealership retained title and had given his consent to the search. State v. Mandina, 91 N.C. App. 686, 373 S.E.2d 155 (1988).

Defendant did not have standing to contend that the search and seizure of a briefcase and its contents violated his rights under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution and § 20 of the North Carolina Constitution, where the defendant presented no evidence that he asserted any ownership or possessory interest in the briefcase. State v. Cohen, 117 N.C. App. 265, 450 S.E.2d 503 (1994).

No Expectation of Privacy in Property Relinquished to Another. — When one voluntarily puts property under the control of another, he must be viewed as having relinquished any prior legitimate expectation of privacy with regard to that property, as it becomes subject to public exposure upon the whim of the other person. State v. Phillips, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 568 (1999).

An ex parte order from the superior court, directing officials of a certain corporation to make available certain records pertaining to its transactions with two other corporations and with the City of Charlotte, incident to an investigation into possible fraud and irregularities in the purchasing of parts, equipment and services by the city, was not an administrative search warrant to which the strictness of U.S. Const., Amend. IV, this section and § 15-27.2 would apply; and where such order was neither unreasonably broad nor indefinite, its issuance would be affirmed. In re Computer Technology Corp., 78 N.C. App. 402, 337 S.E.2d 165 (1985).

Guilty as Well as Innocent Protected. — The fundamental law protects a person from the search of his private dwelling without a warrant, which protection extends to all equally, the guilty as well as the innocent. State v. Mills, 246 N.C. 237, 98 S.E.2d 329 (1957).

The protection against illegal search extends to the justly, as well as to the unjustly, accused. State v. Hall, 264 N.C. 559, 142 S.E.2d 177 (1965), overruled on other grounds, State v. Worsley, 336 N.C. 268, 443 S.E.2d 68 (1994).

"Search" Defined. — A search ordinarily implies a quest by an officer of the law, a prying into hidden places for that which is concealed. State v. Raynor, 27 N.C. App. 538, 219 S.E.2d 657 (1975).

Fact of Search Must Be Established. — Before the legality of an alleged search may be questioned, it is necessary to first determine whether there has actually been a search. State v. Raynor, 27 N.C. App. 538, 219 S.E.2d 657 (1975).

Protection Extends Only to Unreasonable Searches. — Constitutional protection does not extend to all searches and seizures, but only to those which are unreasonable. State v. Turnbull, 16 N.C. App. 542, 192 S.E.2d 689 (1972); State v. Frederick, 31 N.C. App. 503, 230 S.E.2d 421 (1976).

The guarantees of this section protect against unreasonable searches and seizures. They are designed for the protection of the innocent. State v. Ellington, 284 N.C. 198, 200 S.E.2d 177 (1973).

Including Brief Investigatory Traffic Stops. The constitutional prohibition of unreasonable seizures of the person apply to brief investigatory traffic stops. State v. Schiffer, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 165 (1999).

Reasonble Suspicion for Investigatory Stop. — As a general rule, a stop made for investigatory purposes is reasonable, and therefore constitutional, when the investigating officer has a reasonable suspicion, supported by articulable facts, that the person seized may have engaged in or may be engaged in criminal activity. State v. Schiffer, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 165 (1999).

The level of suspicion required for an investigatory stop is lower than what is required for a seizure based on probable cause, which is a suspicion produced by such facts as indicate a fair probability that the person seized has engaged in or is engaged in criminal activity. State v. Schiffer, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 165 (1999).

Unreasonable Search Defined. — North Carolina has defined an unreasonable search as an examination or inspection without authority of law of one's premises or person with a view to the discovery of some evidence of guilt to be used in the prosecution of a criminal action. State v. Turnbull, 16 N.C. App. 542, 192 S.E.2d 689 (1972).

Except in certain cases, a search of private property without proper consent is "unreasonable" unless it has been authorized by a valid search warrant. State v. Frederick, 31 N.C. App. 503, 230 S.E.2d 421 (1976).

The reasonableness of the search is in the first instance a substantive determination to be made by the trial court from the facts and circumstances of the case in the light of the criteria laid down by U.S. Const., Amend. IV

and opinions which apply that amendment. State v. Turnbull, 16 N.C. App. 542, 192 S.E.2d 689 (1972).

An unlawful search does not become lawful by the discoveries which result from it. State v. Hall, 264 N.C. 559, 142 S.E.2d 177 (1965), overruled on other grounds, State v. Worsley, 336 N.C. 268, 443 S.E.2d 68 (1994).

And evidence which is obtained as a result of an unreasonable search and seizure may not be admitted in either the State or federal courts. State v. Frederick, 31 N.C. App. 503, 230 S.E.2d 421 (1976); State v. Small, 293 N.C. 646, 239 S.E.2d 429 (1977).

Confession After Confrontation with Articles Obtained by Illegal Search. — Where a confession is obtained from defendant after he has been confronted with stolen property recovered from his home in an unlawful search without a warrant, the court must find whether such confession was actually free and voluntary or whether it was triggered by the use of the articles obtained by the illegal search. State v. Hall, 264 N.C. 559, 142 S.E.2d 177 (1965), overruled on other grounds, State v. Worsley, 336 N.C. 268, 443 S.E.2d 68 (1994).

Stop and Frisk Procedure. — Action of law enforcement agents who entered lounge pursuant to a valid search warrant and frisked defendant for weapons was not unconstitutional, since the North Carolina Supreme Court has upheld the "stop and frisk" procedure, and since there is a specific grant of authority in § 15A-255. State v. Davis, 94 N.C. App. 358, 380 S.E.2d 378 (1989).

It is well within the law to conduct a frisk of a defendant for weapons when strictly limited to a determination of whether defendant was armed. State v. Harris, 95 N.C. App. 691, 384 S.E.2d 50 (1989), aff'd, 326 N.C. 588, 391 S.E.2d 187 (1990).

Duty of Trial Court. — The trial court has a duty to pass upon the validity of a search and the competency of evidence procured thereunder when properly made the subject of inquiry. State v. Thompson, 15 N.C. App. 416, 190 S.E.2d 355, cert. denied, 282 N.C. 307, 192 S.E.2d 197 (1972).

Judge Issuing Search Warrant May Review Its Validity. — There is no statutory or constitutional proscription in North Carolina against a judge's presiding at a hearing to review the validity of a search warrant issued by that judge. State v. Brown, 20 N.C. App. 413, 201 S.E.2d 527, appeal dismissed, 285 N.C. 87, 204 S.E.2d 21 (1974).

Waiver. — By a voluntary waiver and consent to search, free from coercion, duress or fraud, and not given merely to avoid resistance, a defendant relinquishes the protection of U.S. Const., Amend. IV, which prohibits unreasonable searches and seizures, and also relinquishes the protection given by this section against an unlawful search and seizure. State v. Little, 270 N.C. 234, 154 S.E.2d 61 (1967).

If one voluntarily permits or expressly invites and agrees to a search, being cognizant of his rights, such conduct amounts to a waiver of his constitutional protection. State v. Colson, 274 N.C. 295, 163 S.E.2d 376 (1968), cert. denied, 393 U.S. 1087, 89 S. Ct. 876, 21 L. Ed. 2d 780 (1969).

When the evidence is delivered to a police officer upon request and without compulsion or coercion, there is no search within the constitutional prohibition against unreasonable searches and seizures. State v. Raynor, 27 N.C. App. 538, 219 S.E.2d 657 (1975); State v. Small, 293 N.C. 646, 239 S.E.2d 429 (1977).

For case refusing to adopt a "good faith" exception to the exclusionary rule, see State v. Carter, 322 N.C. 709, 370 S.E.2d 553 (1988).

Violation Shown. — Where seizure was a violation of defendant's Fourth Amendment right against unreasonable searches and seizures, the evidence seized had to be suppressed. State v. Artis, 123 N.C. App. 114, 472 S.E.2d 169 (1996), review denied, 349 N.C. 364, — S.E.2d — (1998).

Applied in State v. Allison, 298 N.C. 135, 257 S.E.2d 417 (1979); State v. Warren, 59 N.C. App. 264, 296 S.E.2d 671 (1982); State v. Kornegay, 313 N.C. 1, 326 S.E.2d 881 (1985); State v. Bromfield, 332 N.C. 24, 418 S.E.2d 491 (1992).

Cited in State v. Godette, 188 N.C. 497, 125 S.E. 24 (1924); State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975); Brooks v. Taylor Tobacco Enters., Inc., 298 N.C. 759, 260 S.E.2d 419 (1979); Gooden v. Brooks, 39 N.C. App. 519, 251 S.E.2d 698 (1979); State v. Melvin, 86 N.C. App. 291, 357 S.E.2d 379 (1987); State v. Autry, 321 N.C. 392, 364 S.E.2d 341 (1988); State v. Davis, 96 N.C. App. 545, 386 S.E.2d 743 (1989); State v. Sanders, 327 N.C. 319, 395 S.E.2d 412 (1990); State v. Butler, 331 N.C. 227, 415 S.E.2d 719 (1992); State v. Farmer, 333 N.C. 172, 424 S.E.2d 120 (1993); Boesche v. Raleigh-Durham Airport Auth., 111 N.C. App. 149, 432 S.E.2d 137 (1993); State v. West, 119 N.C. App. 562, 459 S.E.2d 55 (1995); State v. Clyburn, 120 N.C. App. 377, 462 S.E.2d 538 (1995); State v. Chapman, 343 N.C. 495, 471 S.E.2d 354 (1996); State v. Scott, 343 N.C. 313, 471 S.E.2d 605 (1996); State v. Smith, 346 N.C. 794, 488 S.E.2d 210 (1997).

II. WARRANTLESS SEARCHES.

Plain View Doctrine. — This section does not prohibit a seizure without a warrant where there is no need of a search, and where the contraband subject matter is fully disclosed and open to the eye and hand. State v. Colson, 274 N.C. 295, 163 S.E.2d 376 (1968), cert.

denied, 393 U.S. 1087, 89 S. Ct. 876, 21 L. Ed. 2d 780 (1969).

The constitutional and statutory guarantee against unreasonable search and seizure does not prohibit seizure of evidence and its introduction into evidence on a subsequent prosecution where no search is required. State v. Simmons, 278 N.C. 468, 180 S.E.2d 97 (1971); State v. Raynor, 27 N.C. App. 538, 219 S.E.2d 657 (1975).

No search warrant is needed to seize items in plain view. State v. Thompson, 15 N.C. App. 416, 190 S.E.2d 355, cert. denied, 282 N.C. 307, 192 S.E.2d 197 (1972); State v. Small, 293 N.C. 646, 239 S.E.2d 429 (1977).

When police officers discover evidence of a crime in plain view, without the necessity of a search, they may seize the evidence without obtaining a search warrant. State v. Young, 21 N.C. App. 369, 204 S.E.2d 556, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 595, 206 S.E.2d 867 (1974).

When contraband material is in plain view no search is necessary, and the constitutional guarantee against unreasonable search and seizure does not prevent either the seizure of the contraband without a warrant or its introduction into evidence. State v. Walker, 25 N.C. App. 157, 212 S.E.2d 528, cert. denied, 287 N.C. 264, 214 S.E.2d 436; 423 U.S. 894, 96 S. Ct. 193, 46 L. Ed. 2d 126, modified and aff'd, 27 N.C. App. 295, 219 S.E.2d 76 (1975).

When Plain View Rule Applies — Generally. — The "plain view" rule does not apply unless the police have a right to be at the place where the evidence is discovered. State v. Young, 21 N.C. App. 369, 204 S.E.2d 556, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 595, 206 S.E.2d 867 (1974).

Evidence of crime falling in the plain view of an officer who has a right to be in a position to have that view is subject to seizure and may be introduced into evidence. State v. Mitchell, 300 N.C. 305, 266 S.E.2d 605 (1980), cert. denied, 449 U.S. 1085, 101 S. Ct. 873, 66 L. Ed. 2d 810 (1981).

Same — When Lawfully on Premises. — When police officers lawfully enter a person's premises and observe evidence of a crime in plain view, they may seize it without obtaining a search warrant. State v. Carr, 21 N.C. App. 470, 204 S.E.2d 892 (1974).

By being lawfully on the premises officers are entitled to seize such evidentiary objects connected with defendants as are in plain view. State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1975).

Same — While Conducting Lawful Search. — While conducting a lawful search, where officers found in plain view property identified as that reported missing, these items were lawfully seized. State v. Travatello, 24 N.C. App. 511, 211 S.E.2d 467 (1975).

Search of Automobiles and Conveyances. — Automobiles and other conveyances may be searched without a warrant under circumstances that would not justify the search of a house, and a police officer in the exercise of his duties may search an automobile or other conveyance without a search warrant when the existing facts and circumstances are sufficient to support a reasonable belief that the automobile or other conveyance carries contraband materials. State v. Simmons, 278 N.C. 468, 180 S.E.2d 97 (1971).

Where police officers are exercising proper precautionary measures, it is not error to complete the search of defendant's automobile at a scene more tranquil than that at which the arrest was made. State v. Hardy, 17 N.C. App. 169, 193 S.E.2d 459 (1972), cert. denied, 283 N.C. 107, 194 S.E.2d 635; 414 U.S. 999, 94 S. Ct. 352, 38 L. Ed. 2d 235 (1973).

Traffic Stop for Violation of Windshield Tinting Restrictions. — A deputy had reasonable suspicion to stop a car for violating windshield tinting restrictions, even though the tinting did not violate Florida law where the car was registered and despite the fact that the deputy misunderstood the applicable statutes, since the section did not except vehicles registered in other states, and the tinting did violate § 20-127. State v. Schiffer, — N.C. App. —, 510 S.E.2d 165 (1999).

Car Found in Plain View. — Car reasonably believed to be the fruit, instrumentality or evidence of a crime can be seized whenever found in plain view. State v. Mitchell, 300 N.C. 305, 266 S.E.2d 605 (1980), cert. denied, 449 U.S. 1085, 101 S. Ct. 873, 66 L. Ed. 2d 810 (1981).

Suspicion of Impairment Held Reasonable. — Despite lack of an observed and verifiable traffic code violation by suspect, his driving 20 miles per hour below the speed limit and weaving within his lane were actions sufficient to raise a suspicion of an impaired driver in a reasonable and experienced trooper's mind. State v. Jones, 96 N.C. App. 389, 386 S.E.2d 217 (1989), appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 366, 389 S.E.2d 809 (1990).

Blood Test on Unconscious Defendant. — In a prosecution for involuntary manslaughter and driving under the influence, the performance of a blood alcohol test on blood seized from an unconscious defendant pursuant to § 20-16.2(b) did not violate defendant's rights under the U.S. Constitution and this section, because of (1) the existence of probable cause to arrest; (2) the limited nature of the intrusion upon the person; and (3) the destructibility of the evidence. State v. Hollingsworth, 77 N.C. App. 36, 334 S.E.2d 463 (1985).

Limitations on Pat-Down Search. — Although a police officer was justified in conducting a limited pat-down of the defendant to determine whether the defendant was armed,

once the officer concluded that there was no weapon, he could not continue to search or question the defendant in order to ascertain whether a rolled up plastic bag was contraband. State v. Beveridge, 112 N.C. App. 688, 436 S.E.2d 912 (1993), cert. denied, 335 N.C. 560, 441 S.E.2d 105, aff'd per curiam, 336 N.C. 601, 444 S.E.2d 223 (1994).

Validity of Search Where Driver Not Charged with Offense. — Fact that driver was not charged thereafter with a DUI offense was not relevant to the trooper's initial suspicions; therefore, stop and search of car was valid. State v. Jones, 96 N.C. App. 389, 386 S.E.2d 217 (1989), appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 366, 389 S.E.2d 809 (1990).

Results Not Suppressed Though State Line Crossed. — Neither the federal nor State Constitutions required that evidence of patrolman's detection of alcohol on defendant's breath and the results of a breathalyzer test given him by a Surry County deputy sheriff be suppressed where the arresting officer did not know that defendant crossed the state line into Virginia before stopping his truck. State v. Gwyn, 103 N.C. App. 369, 406 S.E.2d 145, cert. denied, 330 N.C. 199, 410 S.E.2d 498 (1991).

No Legitimate Expectation of Privacy in Conversation with Confederate. — Pre-arrest warrantless recording of defendant's incriminating statements through witness did not violate defendant's right to be free of unreasonable search and seizure under this section, inasmuch as defendant had no legitimate expectation of privacy regarding a conversation he voluntarily maintained with a confederate, did not violate defendant's right under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23, to be free from compulsory self-incrimination because his participation in the conversation was wholly voluntary, albeit ill-advised, and did not violate defendant's right under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23, to counsel because the conversation in question occurred during the initial investigation of defendant prior to his arrest. State v. Levan, 326 N.C. 155, 388 S.E.2d 429 (1990).

Defendant did not have reasonable expectation of privacy within his jail cell and search during which a letter defendant had written to his brother, asking the brother to commit perjury at his trial, was seized was proper. State v. Martin, 322 N.C. 229, 367 S.E.2d 618 (1988).

Warrantless Search Upheld. — When officers saw liquid in containers generally used to contain and transport non-taxpaid liquor, under the circumstances then existing they had sufficient reasonable cause to believe that the jars contained non-taxpaid liquor to justify the seizure of the contraband without a search warrant. State v. Simmons, 278 N.C. 468, 180 S.E.2d 97 (1971).

It was not unreasonable for authorities to strip defendant and comb through his pubic without search warrant after arresting him for first degree sexual assault, kidnapping and sodomy. Arrest was supported by probable cause and evidence could easily have been concealed or destroyed. State v. Norman, 100 N.C. App. 660, 397 S.E.2d 647 (1990).

Where the search involved a motor vehicle in a public area, the only determination left for review was whether deputy had probable cause to search the van; the trial court found as facts that deputy was sufficiently experienced to make a reliable determination that what he smelled was illegal contraband (white liquor), defendant appeared to deputy to be very nervous, and defendant had placed cardboard over a burned-out window on the van after a tire had caught fire; therefore deputy had reasonable grounds to conclude that the van contained contraband, and that he did not need a warrant to search. State v. Corpening, 109 N.C. App. 586, 427 S.E.2d 892 (1993).

There was reasonable suspicion to justify officer's search of defendant based on a telephone tip and the officer's observations of defendant. In re Whitley, 122 N.C. App. 290, 468 S.E.2d 610 (1996).

Where the incriminating evidence seized was immediately apparent to the officer, the cocaine was properly seized and admitted into evidence. In re Whitley, 122 N.C. App. 290, 468 S.E.2d 610 (1996).

Warrantless Search Held Improper. — Warrantless search of defendant's automobile some 20 hours after officer, who knew defendant and was familiar with her vehicle, received information that the automobile contained several one-fourth ounce packages of marijuana was illegal, and the evidence seized would be suppressed. State v. Isleib, 80 N.C. App. 599, 343 S.E.2d 234, rev'd on other grounds, 319 N.C. 634, 356 S.E.2d 573 (1987).

Policeman's action in entering the back porch and looking through defendant's window was an unlawful search under the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution and Art. I, § 20 of the North Carolina Constitution; thus, the items seized in a subsequent search of the apartment were tainted by the unlawful search. State v. Wooding, 117 N.C. App. 109, 449 S.E.2d 760 (1994).

Voluntary Consent. — Where defendant gave trooper permission to search the entire contents of defendant's suitcase and did not retract or limit the consent, the trooper had defendant's consent to open package of cocaine contained therein, and the trial court did not err in allowing the contents of the package into evidence at trial. State v. Jones, 96 N.C. App. 389, 386 S.E.2d 217 (1989), appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 366, 389 S.E.2d 809 (1990).

In appeal from conviction for trafficking based upon drugs found in defendant's car after

trooper had stopped car on suspicion that the driver was impaired, fact that trooper's conversation with defendant about driver's identity resulted in defendant giving his voluntary consent to a search of the car did not support defendant's arguments that trooper exceeded the permissible scope of his investigation. State v. Jones, 96 N.C. App. 389, 386 S.E.2d 217 (1989), appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 366, 389 S.E.2d 809 (1990).

III. SEARCH WARRANTS.

What Warrants Are Prohibited. — The general warrants against which this constitutional provision speaks did not specify items to be searched for or persons to be arrested, nor were they supported by showings of probable cause that any particular crime had been committed. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

This section proscribes warrants that empower officials to search for evidence of a particular offense without specifically naming the person against whom the offense is charged, the particular place to be searched or the items to be seized. Brooks v. Taylor Tobacco Enters., Inc., 39 N.C. App. 529, 251 S.E.2d 656, rev'd on other grounds, 298 N.C. 759, 260 S.E.2d 419 (1979).

Judicial warrants, general in terms and unsupported by preliminary oath or sworn evidence and for conduct not committed in the immediate presence of the magistrate, are forbidden by the federal Constitution and by this section. Brewer v. Wynne, 163 N.C. 319, 79 S.E. 629, 1915B Ann. Cas. 319 (1913).

Totality of Circumstances Test Adopted. — For resolving questions arising under this section with regard to the sufficiency of probable cause to support the issuance of a search warrant, the Supreme Court of North Carolina adopts the totality of circumstances test of Illinois v. Gates, 462 U.S. 213, 103 S. Ct. 2317, 76 L. Ed. 2d 527 (1983) and Massachusetts v. Upton, 466 U.S. 727, 104 S. Ct. 2085, 80 L. Ed. 2d 721 (1984) and rejects the two-pronged test of Aguilar v. Texas, 378 U.S. 108, 84 S. Ct. 1509, 12 L. Ed. 2d 723 (1964) and Spinelli v. United States, 393 U.S. 410, 89 S. Ct. 584, 21 L. Ed. 2d 637 (1969). State v. Arrington, 311 N.C. 633, 319 S.E.2d 254 (1984).

Under the totality of circumstances test, the two prongs of *Aguilar* and *Spinelli* — veracity and basis of knowledge — are still relevant, but are not to be accorded independent status. The task of the issuing magistrate is simply to make a practical, common sense decision whether, given all the circumstances set forth in the affidavit before him, including the "veracity" and "basis of knowledge" of persons supplying hearsay information, there is a fair probability that contraband or evidence of a crime will be found in a particular place. And the duty of the reviewing court is simply to ensure that the magistrate had a substantial basis for concluding that probable cause existed. State v. Arrington, 311 N.C. 633, 319 S.E.2d 254 (1984).

The North Carolina Supreme Court has adopted the "totality of the circumstances" test to determine the sufficiency of probable cause to issue a warrant under this section. State v. Isleib, 80 N.C. App. 599, 343 S.E.2d 234 (1986), rev'd on other grounds, 319 N.C. 634, 356 S.E.2d 573 (1987).

Proper Warrant Required. — Ordinarily even the strong arm of the law may not invade one's dwelling except under authority of a proper search warrant. In re Walters, 229 N.C. 111, 47 S.E.2d 709 (1948); State v. Robbins, 275 N.C. 537, 169 S.E.2d 858 (1969).

An arrest without warrant, except as authorized by statute, is illegal. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

After-the-Fact Scrutiny of Affidavit Should Not Be De Novo Review. — After-the-fact scrutiny by courts of the sufficiency of an affidavit in support of a warrant should not take the form of de novo review. State v. Tuggle, 99 N.C. App. 164, 392 S.E.2d 654 (1990).

A warrant must sufficiently identify the person accused. Carson v. Doggett, 231 N.C. 629, 58 S.E.2d 609 (1950).

Particular Description of Things to Be Seized Required. — The requirement that warrants shall particularly describe the things to be seized is to prevent the seizure of one thing under a warrant describing another and to leave nothing to the discretion of the officer executing the warrant in determining what is to be taken. State v. Foye, 14 N.C. App. 200, 188 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

Description of Books. — The particularity requirement is to be accorded the most scrupulous exactitude when the things to be seized are books and the basis for the seizure is the ideas which they contain. When First Amendment rights are not involved, the specificity requirement is more flexible. State v. Foye, 14 N.C. App. 200, 188 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

Description of Narcotics. — The words "illegally held narcotic drugs" described the things to be seized with sufficient particularity to prevent the warrant from being a general search warrant within the prohibition of U.S. Const., Amend. IV and this section. State v. Shirley, 12 N.C. App. 440, 183 S.E.2d 880, cert. denied, 279 N.C. 729, 184 S.E.2d 885 (1971).

The description in the search warrant was particular enough to prevent the warrant from being a general search warrant within the prohibition of U.S. Const., Amend. IV and this section where the affidavit upon which it was based referred only to "narcotic drugs, the possession of which is a crime" and did not describe the things to be seized with more particularity.

State v. Foye, 14 N.C. App. 200, 188 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

Incorporation of Affidavit. — Where an affidavit complied with the provisions of the applicable statute and met the constitutional standard of reasonableness and probable cause requisite to the issuance of a search warrant, the search warrant, by reference to the affidavit, which was made a part of the warrant, described with reasonable certainty the premises to be searched, sufficiently indicated the basis for the finding of probable cause, and sufficiently described the contraband for which the search was to be conducted. State v. Murphy, 15 N.C. App. 420, 190 S.E.2d 361 (1972).

Production of Search Warrant. — Where a search is made under conditions requiring the issuance of a search warrant, and the State attempts, over objection, to justify the search and seizure by the possession of a valid search warrant, the State must produce the search warrant, or if it has been lost, must prove such fact and then introduce evidence to show its contents and regularity on its face, unless the production of the warrant is waived by the accused. State v. McMilliam, 243 N.C. 771, 92 S.E.2d 202 (1956).

Severable Provisions. — Provisions of warrant which authorized police to search both for drugs and for "stolen goods" were severable, and the police could constitutionally search for the listed drugs or items of the same class, but the warrant could not authorize a general exploratory search of defendant's home and inventory of its contents. State v. Connard, 81 N.C. App. 327, 344 S.E.2d 568 (1986), aff'd, 319 N.C. 392, 354 S.E.2d 238 (1987).

Withdrawal of a blood sample from a person is a search subject to protection by this section. State v. Carter, 322 N.C. 709, 370 S.E.2d 553 (1988).

Under the State Constitution, a search warrant must be issued before a blood sample can be obtained, unless probable cause and exigent circumstances exist that would justify a warrantless search. State v. Carter, 322 N.C. 709, 370 S.E.2d 553 (1988).

Blood Sample Taken Without Consent or Search Warrant Unconstitutional. — Where defendant was already in custody, obtaining a sample of his blood pursuant to a nontestimonial identification order under Article 14 of Chapter 15A (§ 15A-271, et seq.), absent his consent or a search warrant, violated his rights under this section to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures, and the evidence should have been suppressed. State v. Carter, 322 N.C. 709, 370 S.E.2d 553 (1988).

Cumulative Evidence Held to Support Determination. — Although no single piece of evidence in the affidavit was conclusive, nevertheless, the information from all three pieces was consistent, and their cumulative evidence supported the determination that there was a "fair probability that contraband or evidence of a crime" would be found at the defendant's residence. State v. Tuggle, 99 N.C. App. 164, 392 S.E.2d 654 (1990).

Affidavit Insufficient to Find Probable Cause. — Where the affidavit contained a mere naked assertion that the informant at some time saw a "room full of marijuana" growing in the defendant's house, and the officer affiant made no attempt to corroborate the informant's story, but merely verified that the defendant lived in the house in question, the affidavit did not contain sufficient information on which to find probable cause, nor could the evidence seized as a result of the search be admitted under the "good faith exception" to the exclusionary rule in view of the fact that the officer took no reasonable steps to comply with U.S. Const., Amend. IV. State v. Newcomb, 84 N.C. App. 92, 351 S.E.2d 565 (1987).

Sec. 21. Inquiry into restraints on liberty.

Every person restrained of his liberty is entitled to a remedy to inquire into the lawfulness thereof, and to remove the restraint if unlawful, and that remedy shall not be denied or delayed. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended.

Cross References. — As to habeas corpus, see § 17-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of the first sentence of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 18, Const. 1868, and the provisions of the second sentence of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 21, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article surveying recent decisions by the North Carolina Supreme Court in the area of criminal procedure, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 262 (1971).

CASE NOTES

For discussion of the writ of habeas corpus, see State v. Lewis, 274 N.C. 438, 164 S.E.2d 177 (1968), decided under Art. I, § 18, Const. 1868.

Statute Prescribing Inmate Grievance Procedures Upheld. — Former section 148-113, requiring an inmate to exhaust his administrative remedies before he is entitled to judicial review of a grievance or complaint within the jurisdiction of the Inmate Grievance Commission, did not conflict with constitutional and statutory provisions guaranteeing the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, since former § 148-113 only prescribed the method by which the inquiry into the lawfulness of an inmate's detention is to be conducted. Hoffman v. Edwards, 48 N.C. App. 559, 269 S.E.2d 311 (1980).

Restraint on Court's Power to Release Inmate Acquitted on Grounds of Insanity Not Valid. — The power of the court to discharge a person acquitted of crime because of insanity upon habeas corpus cannot be made to depend solely upon certification by the superintendents of the several State hospitals that he is sane and safe. Such a condition deprives the court of any exercise of judicial discretion and nullifies its power to release an inmate being illegally detained in a mental hospital. In re Tew, 280 N.C. 612, 187 S.E.2d 13 (1972).

Sec. 22. Modes of prosecution.

Except in misdemeanor cases initiated in the District Court Division, no person shall be put to answer any criminal charge but by indictment, presentment, or impeachment. But any person, when represented by counsel, may, under such regulations as the General Assembly shall prescribe, waive indictment in noncapital cases.

Cross References. — As to indictments and related instruments, see § 15A-641 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 12, Const. 1868, as amended in 1950.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on jurisdiction of courts-martial to try servicemen for civilian offenses, see 48 N.C.L. Rev. 380 (1970).

For note examining the development of constitutional protections against race and class discrimination in the selection of jurors, and policy considerations associated with extending these principles to foreman selection procedures, in light of State v. Cofield, 77 N.C. App. 699, 336 S.E.2d 439 (1985), see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1179 (1986).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 12, Const. 1868, before and after its amendment in 1950.*

For history of this section, see State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

The principles of this section are dear to every free man; they are his shield and buckler against wrong and oppression, and lie at the foundation of civil liberty. They are declared to be the rights of the citizens of North Carolina and ought to be vigilantly guarded. State v. Moss, 47 N.C. 66 (1854); State v. Snipes, 185 N.C. 743, 117 S.E. 500 (1923).

The purposes of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 are (1) to provide certainty so as to identify the offense, (2) to protect the accused from twice being put in jeopardy for the same offense, (3) to enable the accused to prepare for trial, and (4) to enable the court, on conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere, to pronounce sentence according to the rights of the case. State v. Stokes, 274 N.C. 409, 163 S.E.2d 770 (1968); State v. Foster, 10 N.C. App. 141, 177 S.E.2d 756 (1970).

"Indictment". — The word "indictment" means indictment by a grand jury as defined by the common law. State v. Mitchell, 202 N.C. 439, 163 S.E. 581 (1932).

The term "indictment" is used in this section to signify a written accusation of a crime drawn up by the public prosecuting attorney and submitted to the grand jury, and by them found and presented on oath or affirmation as a true bill. State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

"Presentment". — As to the meaning of the term "presentment," see State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

It is an essential of jurisdiction that a criminal offense should be sufficiently charged in a warrant or an indictment. State v. Stokes, 274 N.C. 409, 163 S.E.2d 770 (1968).

A valid indictment is a condition precedent to jurisdiction of the superior court to determine the guilt or innocence of a defendant

and to the authority of the court to render a valid judgment in the matter. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967); State v. Stokes, 274 N.C. 409, 163 S.E.2d 770 (1968); State v. Ray, 274 N.C. 556, 164 S.E.2d 457 (1968).

This section requires a bill of indictment, unless waived, for all criminal actions originating in the superior court, and a valid bill is necessary to vest the court with authority to determine the question of guilt or innocence. State v. Bissette, 250 N.C. 514, 108 S.E.2d 858 (1959).

A valid indictment is essential to the jurisdiction of the court in a criminal case. State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975); State v. Johnson, 77 N.C. App. 583, 335 S.E.2d 770 (1985).

In a criminal prosecution where no presentment or impeachment is involved and no waiver of indictment has been made, a valid bill of indictment is essential to the jurisdiction of the court to try defendant for a felony. State v. Simpson, 302 N.C. 613, 276 S.E.2d 361 (1981).

One charged with a capital felony may only be prosecuted on an indictment found by a grand jury. State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

When Indictments Are Not Required. — The constitutional requirement that criminal trials must be upon a bill of indictment is subject to two exceptions: (1) The legislature may provide means other than indictments by grand juries for the trial of petty misdemeanors; and (2) when represented by counsel, an accused may, in all except capital cases, waive indictment under rules prescribed by the legislature. State v. Stevens, 264 N.C. 364, 141 S.E.2d 521 (1965).

The provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 24, when read together, empower the legislature to provide means other than indictments by grand juries for the trial of petty misdemeanors, with the right of appeal. State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952); State v. Underwood, 244 N.C. 68, 92 S.E.2d 461 (1956).

Indictment on Appeal to Superior Court. — Until the legislature prescribes regulations governing waiver of an indictment in a case heard in superior court on an appeal from an inferior court, an accused in such a case may not waive indictment and be tried upon an information. State v. Harrington, 5 N.C. App. 622, 169 S.E.2d 32 (1969).

When Trial on Appeal in Superior Court May Be upon Original Accusation. — Where the General Assembly declares an offense below the grade of felony to be a petty misdemeanor and provides for prosecution of such offense in an inferior court upon accusation other than indictment, and confers upon such inferior court final jurisdiction of such prosecutions subject to the right of appeal to the superior court, the defendant on appeal from conviction in the inferior court may be tried in the superior court upon the original accusation without an indictment; but when there has been no trial in the inferior court, and the prosecution has merely been transferred to the superior court upon defendant's demand for jury trial, trial in the superior court upon the original warrant is a nullity, and a statute providing for such trial is unconstitutional. State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

A defendant convicted in a recorder's court having final jurisdiction of the offense charged could be tried in the superior court on appeal upon the original warrant without an indictment. State v. Doughtie, 238 N.C. 228, 77 S.E.2d 642 (1953).

The superior court has no jurisdiction to try an accused for a specific misdemeanor on the warrant of an inferior court unless he is first tried and convicted for such misdemeanor in the inferior court and appeals to the superior court from the sentence pronounced against him by the inferior court on his conviction for such misdemeanor. State v. Hall, 240 N.C. 109, 81 S.E.2d 189 (1954); State v. Morgan, 246 N.C. 596, 99 S.E.2d 764 (1957); State v. Cofield, 247 N.C. 185, 100 S.E.2d 355 (1957); State v. Guffey, 283 N.C. 94, 194 S.E.2d 827 (1973); State v. Caldwell, 21 N.C. App. 723, 205 S.E.2d 322 (1974).

Waiver of Indictment in Non-Capital Cases. — One charged with a noncapital felony or with a misdemeanor may be tried initially in the superior court only upon an indictment, except when he is represented by counsel he may be tried upon information signed by the prosecuting attorney when written waiver of indictment by defendant and his counsel appears on the face of the information. State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

A person charged with the commission of a misdemeanor cannot be tried initially in the superior court except upon an indictment found by a grand jury, unless he waives indictment in accordance with regulations prescribed by the legislature. State v. Norman, 237 N.C. 205, 74 S.E.2d 602 (1953).

By virtue of this section an accused in a criminal proceeding, when represented by counsel, may, in all except capital cases, waive indictment under rules prescribed by the legislature. State v. Harrington, 5 N.C. App. 622, 169 S.E.2d 32 (1969).

An indictment must clearly and positively identify the person charged with the commission of the offense; omission of the name of the defendant, or a sufficient description if his name is unknown, in the body of the indictment, is a fatal and incurable defect. State v. Simpson, 302 N.C. 613, 276 S.E.2d 361 (1981).

All Essential Elements of Offense Must Be Charged. — An indictment, whether at common law or under a statute, to be good must allege lucidly and accurately all the essential elements of the offense endeavored to be charged. State v. Stokes, 274 N.C. 409, 163 S.E.2d 770 (1968).

All of the essential elements of the offense must be alleged in an indictment charging a statutory offense. State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975); State v. Johnson, 77 N.C. App. 583, 335 S.E.2d 770 (1985).

An indictment is constitutionally sufficient if it apprises defendant of the charge against him with enough certainty to enable him to prepare his defense and to protect him from subsequent prosecution for the same offense. The indictment must also enable the court to know what judgment to pronounce in case of conviction. State v. Lowe, 295 N.C. 596, 247 S.E.2d 878 (1978).

If an indictment charges the offense in a plain, intelligible and explicit manner and contains averments sufficient to enable the court to proceed to judgment, and to bar a subsequent prosecution for the same offense, it is sufficient. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

Use of Statutory Language. — An indictment for a statutory offense is sufficient as a general rule when it charges the offense in the language of the statute. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

No Requirement to Instruct Indicting Grand Jury on Elements of Crime. — A court is not required to instruct the indicting grand jury on the elements of the crime in question. State v. Treadwell, 99 N.C. App. 769, 394 S.E.2d 245 (1990).

An indictment returned by a grand jury not legally constituted is not a valid indictment. State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967); State v. Ray, 274 N.C. 556, 164 S.E.2d 457 (1968).

Dismissal — Where Indictment Is Invalid. — When the indictment charging defendant with the commission of crime is invalid, defendant's motion to dismiss the action for want of jurisdiction should be allowed. State v. Beasley, 208 N.C. 318, 180 S.E. 598 (1935).

Same — Where Proceedings Are Invalid. — This section means action by the grand jury according to the practice at common law, and does not permit open hearings before the grand jury. Thus, where the court sent for the grand jury and permitted the solicitor to examine a State's witness in open court before the grand jury, after the grand jury had returned two identical bills of indictment against the defendant, submitted on successive days, "not a true bill," and thereafter the solicitor submitted another identical bill to the grand jury which was returned "a true bill," defendant's verified plea in abatement and motion to quash, made before pleading, should have been allowed, and upon appeal from the court's denial of the motion the judgment would be reversed, with leave to the solicitor to send another bill before a different grand jury, if so advised. State v. Ledford, 203 N.C. 724, 166 S.E. 917 (1932).

Where defendant was tried at a special term of criminal court upon an indictment returned by a grand jury drawn for the special term, but there was no order by the Governor that a grand jury be drawn for such term as provided by former § 7-78, defendant's motion in arrest of judgment, made for the first time in the Supreme Court upon appeal, would be allowed pursuant to this section. State v. Baxter, 208 N.C. 90, 179 S.E. 450 (1935). See also, State v. Boykin, 211 N.C. 407, 191 S.E. 18 (1937).

It is competent to send as many bills of indictment as may be necessary to the grand jury to get before them necessary witnesses and evidence from which they may decide the propriety of submitting the accused to trial. State v. Lewis, 226 N.C. 249, 37 S.E.2d 691 (1946); State v. Mercer, 249 N.C. 371, 106 S.E.2d 866 (1959).

Assault with Deadly Weapon. — A justice of the peace had no jurisdiction of an assault with a deadly weapon except to bind the defendant over, and by the provisions of this section, the superior court could proceed to trial only upon indictment duly found and returned. State v. Myrick, 202 N.C. 688, 163 S.E. 803 (1932). See also, State v. Clegg, 214 N.C. 675, 200 S.E. 371 (1939).

Kidnapping. — An indictment charging that defendant "unlawfully, did feloniously and forcibly kidnap" a person named was not defective for failure to charge additionally that the victim was forcibly carried away against her will. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

A preliminary hearing is not a constitutional requirement nor is it essential to the finding of an indictment. State v. Hairston, 280 N.C. 220, 185 S.E.2d 633, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 888, 93 S. Ct. 194, 34 L. Ed. 2d 145 (1972).

Applied in State v. Brown, 21 N.C. App. 87, 202 S.E.2d 798 (1974); State v. Tatum, 44 N.C. App. 77, 259 S.E.2d 774 (1979); State v. Effler, 309 N.C. 742, 309 S.E.2d 203 (1983).

Stated in State v. Midyette, 45 N.C. App. 87, 262 S.E.2d 353 (1980).

Cited in State v. Hyman, 164 N.C. 411, 79 S.E. 284 (1913); State v. Pulliam, 184 N.C. 681, 114 S.E. 394 (1922); State v. Sturdivant, 304 N.C. 293, 283 S.E.2d 719 (1981); State v. Carson, 320 N.C. 328, 357 S.E.2d 662 (1987); State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991); State ex rel. Thornburg v. Lot & Bldgs. at 800 Waughtown St., 107 N.C. App. 559, 421 S.E.2d 374 (1992); State v. Ward, 338 N.C. 64, 449 S.E.2d 709 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1134, 115 S. Ct. 2014, 131 L. Ed. 2d 1012 (1995); State v. Snyder, 343 N.C. 61, 468 S.E.2d

221 (1996); State v. Hall, 131 N.C. App. 427, 508 S.E.2d 8 (1998), aff'd, 350 N.C. 303, 513 S.E.2d 561 (1999).

Sec. 23. Rights of accused.

In all criminal prosecutions, every person charged with crime has the right to be informed of the accusation and to confront the accusers and witnesses with other testimony, and to have counsel for defense, and not be compelled to give self-incriminating evidence, or to pay costs, jail fees, or necessary witness fees of the defense, unless found guilty.

Cross References. — As to the rights of defendants in criminal cases, see also N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and the notes thereunder. As to modes of prosecution, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 22. As to the right of jury trial in criminal cases, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 24. As to representation of indigent defendants, see Chapter 7A, Articles 36 through 38A (§ 7A-450 et seq.). As to testimony of defendants in criminal actions, see § 8-54. As to witness testifying to any unlawful gaming done by himself or others, see § 8-55.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 11, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — As to the right of defendant to accompany the jury to the scene of the crime, see 12 N.C.L. Rev. 268 (1934).

For article discussing the limits to confrontation, see 15 N.C.L. Rev. 229 (1937).

For note as to compelling accused to speak so that witness may identify his voice, see 27 N.C.L. Rev. 262 (1949).

For comment on right of confrontation, see 28 N.C.L. Rev. 205 (1950).

For note on self-incrimination and the use of chemical tests to determine intoxication, see 30 N.C.L. Rev. 302 (1952).

For note on the right to counsel, see 32 N.C.L. Rev. 331 (1954).

For note on right of confrontation at presentence investigation, see 41 N.C.L. Rev. 260 (1963).

For note on self-incrimination and the possibility of subjecting witness to punitive damages, see 42 N.C.L. Rev. 918 (1964).

For comment on right to counsel, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 161 (1965).

For comment on the Sixth Amendment right of confrontation, as made obligatory in State prosecutions, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 173 (1965).

For case law survey as to coerced confessions, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 869 (1967).

For case law survey as to right to counsel, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 875 (1967).

For survey of 1980 law on civil procedure, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1043 (1981).

For note on the rape victim shield statute, see 3 Campbell L. Rev. 113 (1981).

For survey of 1982 law on evidence, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1126 (1983).

For 1984 survey, "When Is a Confession Coerced and When Is It Voluntary," see 63 N.C.L. Rev. 1214 (1985).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Right to Be Informed of Accusation.
III. Right of Confrontation.
A. In General.
B. Illustrative Cases.
IV. Right to Counsel.
A. In General.
B. When Right Applies.
C. Appointment of Counsel for Indigents.
V. Self-incrimination.
A. In General.
B. Confessions.
VI. Witness Fees, Costs, Etc.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 11, Const. 1868, before and after its amendment in 1946.*

Private Counsel May Assist Prosecuting Attorney. — The trial court has discretionary

power to allow private counsel to assist the prosecuting attorney in the trial of a case, it being the duty of the court to permit only such assistance as fairness and justice may require, and such power does not impinge on the provisions of this section. State v. Carden, 209 N.C. 404, 183 S.E. 898, cert. denied, 298 U.S. 682, 56 S. Ct. 960, 80 L. Ed. 1402 (1936).

Prejudicial Argument. — In a capital case, any argument made by the prosecuting attorney or by private prosecution appearing for the State which suggests to the jury that they can depend upon either judicial or executive review to correct any errors in their verdict and to share their responsibility for it is an abuse of privilege and is prejudicial to the defendant. State v. White, 286 N.C. 395, 211 S.E.2d 445 (1975).

Defendant's contention that district attorney's argument to the jury referring repeatedly to the fact that defense counsel was from another part of the State constituted prejudicial error and denied defendant due process and the effective assistance of counsel would be overruled where defense counsel had opened the door with abusive comments attacking the credibility of two State witnesses and the honesty of two local law-enforcement officers. State v. McCall, 289 N.C. 512, 223 S.E.2d 303, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 912, 97 S. Ct. 301, 50 L. Ed. 2d 278 (1976).

Informing Defendant of His Rights. — Defendant was not "in custody" for Miranda purposes as a reasonable person in defendant's position would have concluded he was free to terminate the interviews if he so chose. State v. Corbett, 339 N.C. 313, 451 S.E.2d 252 (1994).

When a motion to continue is based on a constitutional right, the trial court's ruling becomes a question of law and, upon appeal, it is subject to review by examination of the particular circumstances as presented by the record, and the denial of a motion to continue, regardless of its nature, is grounds for a new trial only upon a showing by defendant that the denial was erroneous and that his case was prejudiced as a result of the error. If the error amounts to a constitutional violation, as is here contended, there is prejudice requiring a new trial unless the State satisfies this court that the error is harmless beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Gardner, 322 N.C. 591, 369 S.E.2d 593 (1988).

Instruction Informing Jury of Death Sentence. — Denial of defendant's written request for an instruction that "should you [the jury] return a verdict of guilty to the alleged crime of rape, the death penalty will be imposed by this Court" did not deny him his constitutional right of due process as guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amends. V and XIV and by N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19 and 36 and this section, since the record revealed that each juror knew that the sentence of death would be imposed upon the return of a verdict of guilty. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

Error in conducting an informal meeting in chambers to discuss jury instructions, outside the presence of defendant, prior to the formal charge conference held in open court, was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Brogden, 329 N.C. 534, 407 S.E.2d 158 (1991).

Bench Conferences. — Where the trial court reconstructed the substance of the bench conferences with the prospective jurors for the record and, before ruling, gave the defendant an opportunity to be heard, these exchanges at the bench which constituted reversible error did not deprive the defendant of his constitutional right to be present at every state of the proceeding. State v. Ali, 329 N.C. 394, 407 S.E.2d 183 (1991).

Although trial court held private, unrecorded, sidebar conferences with a number of jury pool members, because these conferences took place prior to the commencement of defendant's trial, no error, constitutional or otherwise, was committed. State v. Rannels, 333 N.C. 644, 430 S.E.2d 254 (1993).

Judge's Contacts with Jurors. — The transcript lent support to contention that the trial judge did in fact go to the grand jury room to instruct the prospective jurors that they were at break; however, there was no prejudicial error based on this contact. State v. Gay, 334 N.C. 467, 434 S.E.2d 840 (1993).

Swearing of Prospective Jurors. — Defendant had no right to be present when prospective jurors were preliminarily sworn, oriented and qualified for jury service in general, without regard to any particular case or trial. State v. Workman, 344 N.C. 482, 476 S.E.2d 301 (1996).

The common law does not recognize a right of discovery in criminal cases. State v. Chavis, 24 N.C. App. 148, 210 S.E.2d 555 (1974), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 434 (1975), cert. denied, 423 U.S. 1080, 96 S. Ct. 868, 47 L. Ed. 2d 91 (1976).

Destruction of Evidence. — Destruction of marijuana by the State for lack of storage facilities, where the State made random samples, photographs and a copy of the laboratory report available to defendants, did not violate defendants' rights of confrontation under this section, nor infringe defendants' due process rights under the federal and State Constitutions. State v. Anderson, 57 N.C. App. 602, 292 S.E.2d 163, cert. denied, 306 N.C. 559, 294 S.E.2d 372 (1982).

One who is detained under a charge of driving under the influence has the same constitutional and statutory rights, including the rights given under this section, as any other

accused. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Denial of access to a witness to a breathalyzer test when the State's sole evidence of the offense of driving while impaired is the personal observations of the authorities would constitute a flagrant violation of defendant's constitutional right to obtain witnesses under this section as a matter of law and would require that the charges be dismissed. State v. Ferguson, 90 N.C. App. 513, 369 S.E.2d 378, cert. denied, 323 N.C. 367, 373 S.E.2d 551 (1988).

Nonsupport. — In a prosecution under § 49-2, a verdict upon the issues of paternity and nonsupport, if resolved in favor of the State, is sufficient to support a judgment against defendant without a general verdict by the jury of guilty. This does not contravene the provisions of this section and N.C. Const. Art. I, § 24, requiring trial and verdict by jury in criminal cases. State v. Ellis, 262 N.C. 446, 137 S.E.2d 840 (1964).

Rebuttal of Insanity Defense with Psychiatric Evidence. — A fair opportunity to rebut a defendant's insanity defense may include more than one psychiatric examination of the defendant. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

When a defendant relies on the insanity defense and introduces expert testimony on his mental status, the prosecution may introduce expert testimony derived from prior court-ordered psychiatric examinations for the purpose of rebutting that testimony without implicating U.S. Const., Amend. V or this section of the Constitution of North Carolina. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

Defendant's absence during the final two hours of jury deliberations, did not result in substantial and irreparable prejudice to her case and was harmless error with regard to denying her the constitutional right to be present at every stage of her trial. State v. Webster, 111 N.C. App. 72, 431 S.E.2d 808 (1993), aff'd, 337 N.C. 674, 447 S.E.2d 349 (1994), cert. denied, 335 N.C. 180, 438 S.E.2d 206 (1993).

Defendant's right to be present at every stage of the trial was not violated. State v. May, 334 N.C. 609, 434 S.E.2d 180 (1993), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 1198, 114 S. Ct. 1310, 127 L. Ed. 2d 661 (1994).

Trial judge's ex parte interrogations of two seated jurors, conferences with counsel in chambers, out of the presence of the defendant, and the judge's failure to reconstruct those actions in the defendant's presence violated the defendant's right to be present at every stage; however, because the court found that the error was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt, the defendant was not entitled to a new trial. State v. Williams, 343 N.C. 345, 471 S.E.2d 379 (1996), cert. denied, 519 U.S. 1061, 117 S. Ct. 695, 136 L. Ed. 2d 618 (1997).

Judge's announcement of his ruling in open court could not reasonably be characterized as a hearing, much less one at which defendant's presence was required where judge simply took a final step in the process of deciding whether to release any part of defendant's prison records to the prosecution and announced his decision from the bench. State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1002, 118 S. Ct. 573, 139 L. Ed. 2d 412 (1997).

Applied in State v. Williams, 18 N.C. App. 145, 196 S.E.2d 370 (1973); State v. Branch, 288 N.C. 514, 220 S.E.2d 495 (1975); State v. Hunter, 290 N.C. 556, 227 S.E.2d 535 (1976); State v. Legette, 292 N.C. 44, 231 S.E.2d 896 (1977); State v. Cronin, 299 N.C. 229, 262 S.E.2d 277 (1980); State v. Maher, 54 N.C. App. 639, 284 S.E.2d 351 (1981); Stone v. Martin, 56 N.C. App. 473, 289 S.E.2d 898 (1982); State v. Washington, 59 N.C. App. 490, 297 S.E.2d 170 (1982); State v. Roberts, 310 N.C. 428, 312 S.E.2d 477 (1984); State v. Colbert, 311 N.C. 283, 316 S.E.2d 79 (1984); State v. Matthews, 69 N.C. App. 526, 317 S.E.2d 62 (1984); State v. Hunt, 72 N.C. App. 59, 323 S.E.2d 490 (1984); State v. Richardson, 99 N.C. App. 496, 393 S.E.2d 333 (1990); State v. Eason, 328 N.C. 409, 402 S.E.2d 809 (1991); State v. Monroe, 330 N.C. 846, 412 S.E.2d 652 (1992); State v. Bromfield, 332 N.C. 24, 418 S.E.2d 491 (1992); State v. Crummy, 107 N.C. App. 305, 420 S.E.2d 448 (1992); State v. Cummings, 332 N.C. 487, 422 S.E.2d 692 (1992); State v. Harris, 111 N.C. App. 58, 431 S.E.2d 792 (1993); State v. Miller, 344 N.C. 658, 477 S.E.2d 915 (1996).

Stated in State v. Misenheimer, 304 N.C. 108, 282 S.E.2d 791 (1981); State v. Shelton, 53 N.C. App. 632, 281 S.E.2d 684 (1981); State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981); State v. Newman, 308 N.C. 231, 302 S.E.2d 174 (1983); State v. Wise, 64 N.C. App. 108, 306 S.E.2d 569 (1983); State v. James, 111 N.C. App. 785, 433 S.E.2d 755 (1993).

Cited in State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971); In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); State v. Hardy, 17

N.C. App. 169, 193 S.E.2d 459 (1972); State v. Lankford, 31 N.C. App. 13, 228 S.E.2d 641 (1976); In re Arthur, 291 N.C. 640, 231 S.E.2d 614 (1977); State v. Palmer, 293 N.C. 633, 239 S.E.2d 406 (1977); State v. Eatman, 34 N.C. App. 665, 239 S.E.2d 633 (1977); State v. Creech, 37 N.C. App. 261, 245 S.E.2d 817 (1978); State v. Brooks, 38 N.C. App. 445, 248 S.E.2d 369 (1978); State v. Evans, 40 N.C. App. 390, 253 S.E.2d 35 (1979); State v. Hunt, 297 N.C. 131, 254 S.E.2d 19 (1979); State v. Allen, 301 N.C. 489, 272 S.E.2d 116 (1980); State v. Sturdivant, 304 N.C. 293, 283 S.E.2d 719 (1981); State v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 522, 300 S.E.2d 861 (1983); State v. Abney, 79 N.C. App. 649, 339 S.E.2d 841 (1986); State v. Kuplen, 316 N.C. 387, 343 S.E.2d 793 (1986); State v. Johnson, 317 N.C. 343, 346 S.E.2d 596 (1986); State v. Worthington, 84 N.C. App. 150, 352 S.E.2d 695 (1987); State v. Kennedy, 320 N.C. 20, 357 S.E.2d 359 (1987); State v. Carson, 320 N.C. 328, 357 S.E.2d 662 (1987); State v. Kerley, 87 N.C. App. 240, 360 S.E.2d 464 (1987); State v. Jones, 322 N.C. 406, 368 S.E.2d 844 (1988); State v. Hope, 96 N.C. App. 498, 386 S.E.2d 224 (1989); State v. Seaberry, 97 N.C. App. 203, 388 S.E.2d 184 (1990); State v. Jones, 97 N.C. App. 189, 388 S.E.2d 213 (1990); State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991); State v. Cunningham, 108 N.C. App. 185, 423 S.E.2d 802 (1992); State v. Medlin, 333 N.C. 280, 426 S.E.2d 402 (1993); State v. Ainsworth, 109 N.C. App. 136, 426 S.E.2d 410 (1993); State v. Rogers, 109 N.C. App. 491, 428 S.E.2d 220 (1993); State v. Harris, 333 N.C. 544, 428 S.E.2d 823 (1993); State v. Minter, 111 N.C. App. 40, 432 S.E.2d 146 (1993); State v. Harrington, 335 N.C. 105, 436 S.E.2d 235 (1993); State v. Lee, 335 N.C. 244, 439 S.E.2d 547 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 891, 115 S. Ct. 239, 130 L. Ed. 2d 162 (1994); State v. McIntosh, 336 N.C. 517, 444 S.E.2d 438 (1994); State v. Fisher, 336 N.C. 684, 445 S.E.2d 866 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1098, 115 S. Ct. 768, 130 L. Ed. 2d 665 (1995); State v. Peterson, 337 N.C. 384, 446 S.E.2d 43 (1994); State v. Ward, 338 N.C. 64, 449 S.E.2d 709 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1134, 115 S. Ct. 2014, 131 L. Ed. 2d 1012 (1995); State v. Thompson, 118 N.C. App. 33, 454 S.E.2d 271 (1995); State v. Porter, 340 N.C. 320, 457 S.E.2d 716 (1995); State v. Hinson, 341 N.C. 66, 459 S.E.2d 261 (1995); State v. Burr, 341 N.C. 263, 461 S.E.2d 602 (1995); State v. Frye, 341 N.C. 470, 461 S.E.2d 664 (1995); State v. Robinson, 342 N.C. 74, 463 S.E.2d 218 (1995); State v. Jaynes, 342 N.C. 249, 464 S.E.2d 448 (1995); State v. Chapman, 342 N.C. 330, 464 S.E.2d 661 (1995), cert. denied, 518 U.S. 1023, 116 S. Ct. 2560, 135 L. Ed. 2d 1077 (1996); State v. Mundine, 122 N.C. App. 707, 471 S.E.2d 438 (1996); State v. Bond, 345 N.C. 1, 478 S.E.2d 163 (1996), reh'g denied, 345 N.C. 355, 479 S.E.2d 210, cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1124, 117 S. Ct. 2521, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1022 (1997); State v. Westbrooks, 345 N.C. 43, 478 S.E.2d 483 (1996); State v. Woods, 345 N.C. 294, 480 S.E.2d 647 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 875, 118 S. Ct. 194, 139 L. Ed. 2d 132 (1997); State v. Larry, 345 N.C. 497, 481 S.E.2d 907 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 917, 118 S. Ct. 304, 139 L. Ed. 2d 234 (1997); State v. Banks, 125 N.C. App. 681, 482 S.E.2d 41 (1997), aff'd, 347 N.C. 390, 493 S.E.2d 58 (1997), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 118 S. Ct. 1817, 140 L. Ed. 2d 955 (1998); State v. Hunt, 345 N.C. 720, 483 S.E.2d 417 (1997); State v. Rich, 346 N.C. 50, 484 S.E.2d 394 (1997); State v. Jackson, 126 N.C. App. 129, 484 S.E.2d 405 (1997), rev'd on other grounds, 348 N.C. 644, 503 S.E.2d 101 (1998); State v. Jones, 346 N.C. 704, 487 S.E.2d 714 (1997); State v. Cummings, 346 N.C. 291, 488 S.E.2d 550 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1092, 118 S. Ct. 886, 139 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1998); State v. Jones, 347 N.C. 193, 491 S.E.2d 641 (1997); State v. Clark, 128 N.C. App. 87, 493 S.E.2d 770 (1997), cert. denied, 348 N.C. 285, 501 S.E.2d 913 (1998); State v. White, 349 N.C. 535, 508 S.E.2d 253 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2376, 144 L. Ed. 2d 779 (1999); State v. Davis, 349 N.C. 1, 506 S.E.2d 455 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2053, 144 L. Ed. 2d 219 (1999); State v. Blackmon, 130 N.C. App. 692, 507 S.E.2d 42 (1998), review denied, 349 N.C. 531, — S.E.2d — (1998); State v. Wagoner, 131 N.C. App. 285, 506 S.E.2d 738 (1998); State v. Atkins, 349 N.C. 62, 505 S.E.2d 97 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2025, 143 L. Ed. 2d 1036 (1999); State v. Anderson, 350 N.C. 152, 513 S.E.2d 296 (1999).

II. RIGHT TO BE INFORMED OF ACCUSATION.

Purpose of the provision guaranteeing the right to be informed of the accusation is to enable the defendant to have a fair and reasonable opportunity to prepare his defense, to avail himself of his conviction or acquittal as a bar to subsequent prosecution for the same offense, and to enable the court, on conviction, to pronounce sentence according to law. State v. Hartley, 39 N.C. App. 70, 249 S.E.2d 453 (1978), cert. denied, 296 N.C. 738, 254 S.E.2d 179 (1979); State v. Effler, 309 N.C. 742, 309 S.E.2d 203 (1983); State v. Stills, 310 N.C. 410, 312 S.E.2d 443 (1984).

The purposes of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 22 are (1) to provide certainty so as to identify the offense, (2) to protect the accused from twice being put in jeopardy for the same offense, (3) to enable the accused to prepare for trial, and (4) to enable the court, on conviction or plea of guilty or nolo contendere, to pronounce sentence according to the rights of the case. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117

S.E.2d 849 (1961); State v. Foster, 10 N.C. App. 141, 177 S.E.2d 756 (1970); State v. Sutton, 14 N.C. App. 422, 188 S.E.2d 596 (1972).

Section Embodies Common-Law Rule. — This constitutional guaranty is, in essence, an embodiment of the common-law rule requiring the charge against the accused to be set out in the indictment or warrant with sufficient certainty to identify the offense with which he is sought to be charged, protect him from being twice put in jeopardy for the same offense, enable him to prepare for trial, and enable the court to proceed to judgment according to law in case of conviction. State v. Jenkins, 238 N.C. 396, 77 S.E.2d 796 (1953); State v. Nugent, 243 N.C. 100, 89 S.E.2d 781 (1955).

It is an essential of jurisdiction that a criminal offense shall be sufficiently charged in a warrant or an indictment. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961).

A valid indictment is essential to the jurisdiction of the court in a criminal case. State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975).

Indictment Must Allege All Essential Elements of Offense. — An indictment, whether at common law or under a statute, to be good must allege lucidly and accurately all the essential elements of the offense sought to be charged. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961); State v. Sutton, 14 N.C. App. 422, 188 S.E.2d 596 (1972).

An indictment charging a statutory offense must allege all of the essential elements of the offense. State v. Crabtree, 286 N.C. 541, 212 S.E.2d 103 (1975).

And Be Sufficient to Protect Defendant Against Subsequent Prosecution. — The allegations in a bill of indictment must particularize the crime charged and be sufficiently explicit to protect defendant against a subsequent prosecution for the same offense. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961).

But Special Form or Particular Words Are Not Required. — This section does not require that the accused be informed of the charge against him in any special form or particular words, except that it must be by presentment or indictment. State v. Gibson, 169 N.C. 318, 85 S.E. 7 (1915); State v. Carpenter, 173 N.C. 767, 92 S.E. 373 (1917).

An indictment that charges in a plain, intelligible and explicit manner the criminal offense the accused is put to answer affords the protection guaranteed by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 22. State v. Helms, 247 N.C. 740, 102 S.E.2d 241 (1958).

If an indictment charges the offense in a plain, intelligible and explicit manner and contains averments sufficient to enable the court to proceed to judgment, and to bar a subsequent prosecution for the same offense, it is sufficient. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

Sufficiency of Charging Offense in Words of Statute. — An indictment for a statutory offense is sufficient as a general rule when it charges the offense in the language of the statute. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

While it is a general rule prevailing in this State that an indictment for a statutory offense is sufficient if the offense be charged in the words of the statute, the rule is inapplicable where the words of the statute do not in themselves inform the defendant of the specific offense of which he is accused so as to enable him to prepare his defense or plead his conviction or acquittal as a bar to further prosecution for the same offense, as where the statute characterizes the offense in mere general or generic terms, or does not sufficiently define the crime or set forth all its essential elements. In such situation, the statutory words must be supplemented by other allegations which so plainly, intelligibly and explicitly set forth every essential element of the offense as to leave no doubt in the mind of the defendant and the court as to the offense intended to be charged. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961).

The time fixed in a bill of indictment usually is not an essential fact, and generally the State may prove that the crime was committed on another date; but when the State fixes the date in the indictment and the defendant presents evidence of an alibi relating to that date, time becomes of the essence, and the State may not, after the defendant has presented his alibi evidence and rested his case, introduce evidence tending to show the defendant's commission of the crime charged on another date. To permit a conviction on such evidence would violate rights guaranteed by this section. State v. Vincent, 35 N.C. App. 369, 241 S.E.2d 390 (1978).

Testing Sufficiency of Warrant or Indictment. — A motion to quash is a proper method of testing the sufficiency of a warrant or an indictment to charge a criminal offense. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961).

Form of Bill for Homicide. — This section and § 15A-924(a)(5) did not specifically repeal § 15-144, relating to essentials of a bill for homicide, nor did they repeal it by implication. State v. Avery, 315 N.C. 1, 337 S.E.2d 786 (1985), aff'd, 95 N.C. 572, 383 S.E.2d 224 (1989).

Statute which established a form for a bill of indictment for perjury and enacted in express terms that this form would be sufficient was sufficient to apprise the defendant with reasonable certainty of the nature of the crime of which he stood charged. State v. Harris, 145 N.C. 456, 59 S.E. 115 (1907).

Short-form murder indictment which did

not allege premeditation nor the elements of felony murder was held not defective. State v. Harris, 323 N.C. 112, 371 S.E.2d 689 (1988).

A warrant or indictment charging dissemination or possession of obscenity should at least so describe the alleged obscene matter or pictures as to render them capable of identification. State v. Barnes, 253 N.C. 711, 117 S.E.2d 849 (1961).

An indictment which failed to show the causal relation between alleged false pretense and deceit, would be held not to inform defendant of the crime charged against him. State v. Whedbee, 152 N.C. 770, 67 S.E. 60, 27 L.R.A. (n.s.) 363 (1910).

Indictment for Larceny and Receiving Stolen Goods. — Defendant had a constitutional right to have a bill of indictment for larceny and receiving stolen goods state the kind of property he was alleged to have taken or received, so that he could know precisely what he was called upon to meet, in order to have a fair and reasonable opportunity to prepare his defense, and so that, in the event of a conviction, the record might show with accuracy the exact offense of which he was convicted. The use of the embrasive word "meat" in the bill of indictment deprived the defendant of this substantial constitutional right. State v. Nugent, 243 N.C. 100, 89 S.E.2d 781 (1955).

In an indictment for larceny, the description "automobile parts . . . of one Furches Motor Company" sufficiently identified the property alleged to have been stolen, as the description identified the type of parts and the owner from whom they were taken. State v. Foster, 10 N.C. App. 141, 177 S.E.2d 756 (1970).

In a prosecution for larceny, the property alleged to have been taken should be described by the name usually applied to it in its condition at that time, and, if possible, the number, kind, quality, and other distinguishing features. State v. Hartley, 39 N.C. App. 70, 249 S.E.2d 453 (1978), cert. denied, 296 N.C. 738, 254 S.E.2d 179 (1979).

Where warrant which charged defendant with breaking and entering for the purpose of threatening to kill charged only a misdemeanor, and where defendant received his first notice that he was charged with breaking and entering with intent to commit larceny when the indictment was returned on the day of the trial, defendant was forced into a trial for which he was not allowed sufficient time to prepare his defense. State v. Smathers, 287 N.C. 226, 214 S.E.2d 112 (1975).

Kidnapping. — An indictment charging that defendant "unlawfully, did feloniously and forcibly kidnap" a person named was not defective or violative of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 22 or this section for failure to charge additionally that the victim was forcibly carried away against her will. State v. Norwood, 289 N.C. 424, 222 S.E.2d 253 (1976).

Charge to Jury Held to Violate Section. — A charge to the jury which virtually put the defendant upon trial for an additional offense to that named in the bill, namely, conspiring with others than those alleged, violated the provisions of this section that "in all criminal prosecutions every man has the right to be informed of the accusation against him." State v. Mickey, 207 N.C. 608, 178 S.E. 220 (1935).

Appeal to Superior Court. — The superior court has no jurisdiction to try an accused for a specific misdemeanor on the warrant of an inferior court unless he is first tried and convicted for such misdemeanor in the inferior court and appeals to the superior court from the sentence pronounced against him by the inferior court on his conviction for such misdemeanor. State v. Guffey, 283 N.C. 94, 194 S.E.2d 827 (1973).

III. RIGHT OF CONFRONTATION.

A. In General.

The word "confront" does not simply secure to the accused the privilege of examining witnesses in his behalf, but is an affirmance of the rule of the common law that in trials by jury the witness must be present before the jury and accused, so that he may be confronted; that is, put face to face. And this, of course, includes the right of cross-examination. State v. Moss, 47 N.C. 66 (1854); State v. Thomas, 64 N.C. 74 (1870); State v. Harris, 181 N.C. 600, 107 S.E. 466 (1921); State v. Maynard, 184 N.C. 653, 113 S.E. 682 (1922); State v. Snipes, 185 N.C. 743, 117 S.E. 500 (1923); State v. Dixon, 185 N.C. 727, 119 S.E. 170 (1923); State v. Hightower, 187 N.C. 300, 121 S.E. 616 (1924); State v. Hartsfield, 188 N.C. 357, 124 S.E. 629 (1924); State v. Breece, 206 N.C. 92, 173 S.E. 9 (1934).

The word "confront" secures to the accused the right to have his witnesses in court and to examine them in his behalf. It further secures to the accused a fair opportunity to prepare and present his defense, which right must be afforded him not only in form but in substance. State v. Hackney, 240 N.C. 230, 81 S.E.2d 778 (1954); State v. Graves, 251 N.C. 550, 112 S.E.2d 85 (1960).

The right of confrontation is an absolute right rather than a privilege, and it must be afforded an accused not only in form but in substance. State v. Watson, 281 N.C. 221, 188 S.E.2d 289, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1043, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1972).

The defendant is entitled to a full and fair cross-examination upon the subject of the witness' examination-in-chief, and this is an absolute right rather than a privilege. State v. Bumper, 275 N.C. 670, 170 S.E.2d 457 (1969).

But the right to compulsory process is not absolute, and a state may require that a

defendant requesting such process at state expense establish some colorable need for the person to be summoned, lest the right be abused by those who would make frivolous requests. State v. House, 295 N.C. 189, 244 S.E.2d 654 (1978).

Actual Presence Required. — The essential characteristic of defendant's constitutional right to presence is just that, his actual presence during trial. State v. Buchanan, 330 N.C. 202, 410 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

Under the N.C. State Constitution, defendant's actual presence is required throughout his trial, not just at particularly important junctures. State v. Buchanan, 330 N.C. 202, 410 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

Where an in-chambers conference occurred between the trial judge and counsel without defendant, defendant's constitutional right to be present at every stage of his capital trial was violated. State v. Meyer, 345 N.C. 619, 481 S.E.2d 649 (1997).

Where in-chambers discussion, which occurred outside of defendant's presence, was not included in the record, the court did not know the substance of the in-chambers conference held with the attorneys in defendant's absence; consequently, the court was unable to determine whether the error committed was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt and ordered a new sentencing proceeding. State v. Meyer, 345 N.C. 619, 481 S.E.2d 649 (1997).

Certain Violations of Right May Be Harmless. — Notwithstanding an accused's right to be present, at all stages of trial, certain violations of this right may be harmless if such appears from the record. State v. Buchanan, 330 N.C. 202, 410 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

Bench Conferences Not Violative of Right to Be Present. — A defendant's state constitutional right to be present at all stages of his capital trial is not violated when, with defendant present in the courtroom, the trial court conducts bench conferences, even though unrecorded, with counsel for both parties. State v. Buchanan, 330 N.C. 202, 410 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

A defendant's constitutional right to be present at all stages of his capital trial is not violated when the trial court conducts a bench conference among the lawyers in open court where defendant is present in the courtroom. State v. Robinson, 346 N.C. 586, 488 S.E.2d 174 (1997), cert. denied, — N.C. —, 502 S.E.2d 611 (1998).

Defendant's constitutional right to be present at all stages of his capital trial is not violated when, with defendant present in the courtroom, the trial court conducts bench conferences, even though unrecorded, with counsel for both parties. State v. Call, 349 N.C. 382, 508 S.E.2d 496 (1998).

Chambers Conference. — Although it was error to conduct a chambers conference with counsel for the state and counsel for defendant in the defendants absence, the error did not mandate automatic reversal. State v. Addison, 128 N.C. App. 741, 496 S.E.2d 412 (1998).

State carried the burden of demonstrating that error was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt where the court conducted a chambers conference with counsel for the state and counsel for defendant in the defendants absence. State v. Addison, 128 N.C. App. 741, 496 S.E.2d 412 (1998).

Right To Be Present Not Violated When Jurors Excused During Bench Conferences. — Defendant's right to be present during all stages of his trial pursuant to this section was not violated when the trial court excused jurors during bench conferences State v. Neal, 346 N.C. 608, 487 S.E.2d 734 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1125, 118 S. Ct. 1072, 140 L. Ed. 2d 131 (1998).

If, however, the subject matter of the conference implicates the defendant's confrontation rights, or is such that the defendant's presence would have a reasonably substantial relation to this opportunity to defend, the defendant would have a constitutional right to be present. State v. Buchanan, 330 N.C. 202, 410 S.E.2d 832 (1991).

Defendant's absence during certain conferences and discussions in his capital trial did not prejudice defendant in any way and was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt, where defendant's counsel was present, as was the court reporter, who recorded and transcribed the complete proceedings, the subjects of the conferences and discussions were either points of law, procedural matters, or administrative matters, none of which involved communication with the jury, and no witness gave testimony concerning defendant's guilt. State v. Robinson, 330 N.C. 1, 409 S.E.2d 288 (1991).

Right to Be Present at Every Stage. — This section is the sole source of the criminal defendant's nonwaivable state right to be present at every stage of his capital trial and of the corollary duty imposed on the trial court to insure his presence. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

The confrontation clause of the Constitution of North Carolina guarantees the right of the defendant to be present at every stage of the trial. This state constitutional protection afforded to the defendant imposes on the trial court the affirmative duty to insure the defen-

dant's presence at every stage of a capital trial. The defendant's right to be present at every stage of the trial ought to be kept forever sacred and inviolate. In fact, the defendant's right to be present at every stage of his capital trial is not waivable. State v. Moss, 332 N.C. 65, 418 S.E.2d 213 (1992).

Right Does Not Apply to Physical Evidence. — This section only pertains to witnesses, and does not create a constitutional right of confrontation to physical evidence. State v. Alston, 91 N.C. App. 707, 373 S.E.2d 306 (1988).

Right Includes Opportunity to Face Accusers and Witnesses with Other Testimony. — Defendants have a constitutional right of confrontation, which cannot lawfully be taken from them, and this includes the right of a fair opportunity to face the accusers and witnesses with other testimony. State v. Garner, 203 N.C. 361, 166 S.E. 180 (1932).

A defendant has the constitutional right, in a criminal prosecution, to confront his accusers with other testimony. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

The right to face one's accusers and witnesses with other testimony is guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. VI, which is made applicable to the states by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, and by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. State v. Cradle, 281 N.C. 198, 188 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1047, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 499 (1972); State v. Brower, 289 N.C. 644, 224 S.E.2d 551 (1976).

And the Right to Cross-Examine. — The right of a defendant to confront his accusers includes the right to cross-examine them on any subject touched on in their examination-in-chief, and a witness testifying to facts incriminating defendant on his examination-in-chief may not deprive defendant of his right to cross-examine him on the ground that answers to questions asked on cross-examination might tend to incriminate the witness. State v. Perry, 210 N.C. 796, 188 S.E. 639 (1936).

The right to confront affirms the common-law rule that in criminal trials by jury the witness must be present and subject to cross-examination under oath. State v. Bumper, 275 N.C. 670, 170 S.E.2d 457 (1969).

A party to either a civil or criminal proceeding may elicit from an opposing witness on cross-examination particular facts having a logical tendency to show that the witness is biased against him, hostile to his cause, or interested adversely to him in the outcome of the litigation. State v. White, 286 N.C. 395, 211 S.E.2d 445 (1975).

One of the most jealously guarded rights in the administration of justice is that of cross-examining an adversary's witnesses. State v. Carey, 288 N.C. 254, 218 S.E.2d 387 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3209, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1209 (1976); State v. Harrill, 289 N.C. 186, 221 S.E.2d 325, death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Absence During Part of Prosecution's Presentation. — Nothing in the record showed that defendant was prejudiced by his absence during part of the presentation of the prosecution's evidence in defendant's capital case where all proceedings took place in open court; everything that took place was reflected in the record, and the record showed that defense counsel were in court and participated throughout defendant's absence to protect his interest, the trial judge told counsel they could confer with defendant as to the possibility of his return at any time, and the trial judge undertook to perform his duty to assure defendant's presence. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

Right Not Violated When Court Conducted Bench Conferences with Counsel for Both Parties. — A defendant's state constitutional right to be present at all stages of his capital trial was not violated when the trial court conducted bench conferences with counsel for both parties while the defendant was present in the courtroom. State v. Upchurch, 332 N.C. 439, 421 S.E.2d 577 (1992).

Where the trial court conducted numerous bench conferences with counsel in which defendant did not participate, nothing in the record indicated that defendant was not present in the courtroom during their discussions, the trial court received no evidence during any of these bench conferences, and most of the discussion concerned mechanical aspects of the proceedings, including lunch breaks, presentation of proposed instruction by the trial court to counsel for their comments, and argument of technical motions or objections out of the jury's hearing; therefore, because defendant was represented by counsel during each of these conferences, nothing in the record demonstrates how defendant's presence would have served any useful purpose, nor does defendant demonstrate how the conferences impinged upon his opportunity to defend and failed to demonstrate any violation of his constitutional protections. State v. Bacon, 337 N.C. 66, 446 S.E.2d 542 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1159, 115 S. Ct. 1120, 130 L. Ed. 2d 1083 (1995).

Right Violated by Court's Private Bench Conferences With Jurors. — The fact that the jury recommended and the trial court en-

tered a sentence of life imprisonment did not change the capital nature of that trial or his status as a capital defendant in that trial. Therefore, the unwaiveable requirement of his presence applied at every stage of his trial and was violated by the trial court's private bench conferences with prospective jurors. State v. Johnston, 331 N.C. 680, 417 S.E.2d 228 (1992).

Jury selection is a stage of a capital trial at which the defendant must be present. The trial court erred by conducting bench conferences with prospective jurors out of the hearing of the defendant and his counsel. Therefore, the Supreme Court had to order a new trial. State v. Moss, 332 N.C. 65, 418 S.E.2d 213 (1992).

Exclusion of Defendant from In Camera Hearing with Juror. — Although it is clearly error for the trial court to communicate with a juror in chambers in the absence of defendant, counsel, or a court reporter, not every violation of a constitutional right is prejudicial. Where the record of an in camera hearing attended only by a juror, the trial judge, counsel, and a court reporter reflected the benign substance of the conversation, the juror's growing unease with her ability to impose the death penalty, and where after the hearing the juror was promptly and properly removed for cause, obviating the possibility that anything said to her privately by the trial court might infect the jury as a whole, this action was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Artis, 325 N.C. 278, 384 S.E.2d 470 (1989), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1023, 110 S. Ct. 1466, 108 L. Ed. 2d 604 (1990), in light of Calvert v. Peebles, 82 N.C. 334 (1880).

It was error for the trial court to exclude the defendants, their counsel, and the court reporter from its private conversations with prospective jurors prior to excusing those jurors. State v. Johnston, 331 N.C. 680, 417 S.E.2d 228 (1992).

Although it is error for the trial court to conduct a chambers conference with counsel for the state and counsel for defendant in defendant's absence, where defendant was present during the questioning of a juror and was fully apprised of the facts underlying the reasons for the juror's excusal, defendant had full opportunity to be heard and to lodge any objection he might have. State v. Daniels, 337 N.C. 243, 446 S.E.2d 298 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1135, 115 S. Ct. 953, 130 L. Ed. 2d 895 (1995).

Judge's Ex Parte Communications with Jury Before Verdict Rendered. — Where, during the course of the trial, the presiding trial judge engaged in an ex parte communication with the jury, and prior to reconvening court, the judge entered the jury room where the jurors had gathered and was alone with the jurors, this conduct on the part of the presiding judge violated the defendant's rights under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 and this section, and U.S. Const., Amends. VI and XIV. State v. Callahan, 102 N.C. App. 344, 401 S.E.2d 793 (1991).

Assuming arguendo that judge's chance meeting in the corridor with jurors during a recess at which time judge and jurors discussed, inter alia, cameras in the courtroom and selection of a foreman, did constitute a "stage" of a capital proceeding, the error, if any, was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt where there existed in the record a reconstruction of the ex parte conversations. State v. Hudson, 331 N.C. 122, 415 S.E.2d 732 (1992), cert. denied, 506 U.S. 1055, 113 S. Ct. 983, 122 L. Ed. 2d 136, rehearing denied, 507 U.S. 967, 113 S. Ct. 1404, 122 L. Ed. 2d 776 (1993).

Where the court found two prospective jurors were ineligible to serve due to their recent service as prospective jurors, and third prospective juror, who had arranged to be a pallbearer at a funeral, was deferred for a "manifestly unobjectionable" reason, the error of the judge in communicating ex parte with the prospective jurors was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. Adams, 335 N.C. 401, 439 S.E.2d 760 (1994).

Ex parte "communication" between judge and jury, wherein the trial judge routinely inquired about any problems individual jurors might have that he needed to know about, did not violate defendant's state and federal constitutional rights to be present during the proceedings against him, where the trial judge's statement indicated that no such problems were either expressed by the jurors or discussed with them by the trial judge. State v. Laws, 325 N.C. 81, 381 S.E.2d 609 (1989), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1022, 110 S. Ct. 1465, 108 L. Ed. 2d 603 (1990), in light of Hargrove v. Harris, 116 N.C. 418, 21 S.E. 916 (1895), death sentence aff'd,, cert. denied,, rehearing denied,.

Where there was a sufficient record of the substance of ex parte communications between the judge and both prosecutor and defense counsel and defendant had opportunity to challenge the ruling in open court when it was announced in his presence, defendant was not prejudiced by the communications. State v. Daniels, 337 N.C. 243, 446 S.E.2d 298 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1135, 115 S. Ct. 953, 130 L. Ed. 2d 895 (1995).

Private Discussion Between Judge and Jurors Who Had Been Dismissed. — Defendant's State and federal constitutional rights to be present at all stages of his trial were not violated when the trial court talked privately with jurors, since the transcript showed that the trial judge sent all those who still were prospective jurors home and indicated that he was going to talk only to those whom he had dismissed from jury service. State v. Laws, 325

N.C. 81, 381 S.E.2d 609 (1989), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1022, 110 S. Ct. 1465, 108 L. Ed. 2d 603 (1990), in light of Staton v. Webb, 137 N.C. 35, 49 S.E. 55 (1904), death sentence aff'd,, cert. denied,, rehearing denied,.

Bailiff's Communication with Prospective Jurors. — Where the bailiff was ordered to engage in unrecorded communications with prospective jurors and the trial jury, the actions of the clerk involved the clerk's administrative duties of calling the jury roll and explaining to the jurors what time they needed to arrive at court and did not relate to the consideration of defendant's guilt or innocence; therefore, no constitutional violation occurred. State v. Bacon, 337 N.C. 66, 446 S.E.2d 542 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1159, 115 S. Ct. 1120, 130 L. Ed. 2d 1083 (1995).

Scope of cross-examination rests in the discretion of the trial judge, and his rulings thereon will not be disturbed absent a showing of abuse of discretion. State v. Royal, 300 N.C. 515, 268 S.E.2d 517 (1980); State v. Moses, 52 N.C. App. 412, 279 S.E.2d 59, cert. denied, 303 N.C. 318, 281 S.E.2d 390 (1981).

And Trial Judge May Limit Cross-Examination for Purposes of Impeachment. — When cross-examination is made for the purpose of impeaching the credibility of a witness, the method and duration of the cross-examination for these purposes rest largely in the discretion of the trial court, and the trial court may properly exclude such cross-examination when it becomes merely repetitious or argumentative. State v. Bumper, 275 N.C. 670, 170 S.E.2d 457 (1969).

To convict the defendant under the theory of aiding and abetting, the state has the burden of proving, among other things, that the crimes alleged have in fact been committed. Although it is not required that the principal be convicted, the guilt of the principal must be established beyond a reasonable doubt. This burden cannot be carried by testimony concerning judgments rendered in other trials to which the defendant was not a party and not able to cross-examine witnesses. The admission of such evidence violates defendant's right to confrontation under the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of North Carolina. State v. Brown, 319 N.C. 361, 354 S.E.2d 225 (1987), overruling State v. Duncan, 28 N.C. 98 (1846) and State v. Chittem, 13 N.C. 49 (1830).

Undue Repetition, Argumentativeness and Peripheral Inquiry Should Be Banned. — While it is axiomatic that the cross-examiner ought to be allowed wide latitude, the trial judge has the responsibility to exercise his discretion in such a way that unduly repetitive and argumentative questioning, as well as inquiry into matters which are only peripherally relevant, are banned. State v. Royal, 300 N.C. 515, 268 S.E.2d 517 (1980).

Right to Prepare and Present Defense Guaranteed. — The constitutional right of a defendant in a criminal prosecution to confront his accusers and adverse witnesses with other testimony, as provided by this section, includes the right to a fair opportunity to prepare and present his defenses, which right must be accorded him not only in form, but in substance as well. State v. Whitfield, 206 N.C. 696, 175 S.E. 93, cert. denied, 293 U.S. 556, 55 S. Ct. 114, 79 L. Ed. 658 (1934); State v. Utley, 223 N.C. 39, 25 S.E.2d 195 (1943); State v. Gibson, 229 N.C. 497, 50 S.E.2d 520 (1949), discussed in 27 N.C.L. Rev. 544 (1949); State v. Speller, 230 N.C. 345, 53 S.E.2d 294 (1949); State v. Whisnant, 271 N.C. 736, 157 S.E.2d 545 (1967).

The right of confrontation carries with it not only the right to face one's accusers and witnesses with other testimony, but also the opportunity fairly to present one's defense. State v. Lane, 258 N.C. 349, 128 S.E.2d 389 (1962).

Due process requires that every defendant be allowed a reasonable time and opportunity to investigate and produce competent evidence, if he can, in defense of the crime with which he stands charged and to confront his accusers with other testimony. State v. Baldwin, 276 N.C. 690, 174 S.E.2d 526 (1970); State v. Thomas, 294 N.C. 105, 240 S.E.2d 426 (1978).

Every defendant is entitled under the Constitution to have a reasonable opportunity to prepare his defense. This includes the right to consult with his counsel and to have a fair and reasonable opportunity, in the light of all attendant circumstances, to investigate, to prepare, as well as to present his defense. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

It is implicit in the guarantees of assistance of counsel and confrontation of one's accusers and witnesses that an accused have a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present his defense. However, no set length of time for investigation, preparation and presentation is required, and whether defendant is denied due process must be determined upon the basis of the circumstances of each case. State v. Vick, 287 N.C. 37, 213 S.E.2d 335, cert. dismissed, 423 U.S. 918, 96 S. Ct. 228, 46 L. Ed. 2d 367 (1975); State v. Harris, 290 N.C. 681, 228 S.E.2d 437 (1976).

The right of a defendant charged with a criminal offense to present to the jury his version of the facts is a fundamental element of due process of law, guaranteed by the federal and state constitutions. State v. Locklear, 349 N.C. 118, 505 S.E.2d 277 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 1475, 143 L. Ed. 2d 559 (1999).

When Right Not Denied by Refusing Continuance. — The denial of a continuance

is not prejudicial error where the record fails to show that it would have enabled defendant and his counsel to obtain additional evidence or otherwise present a stronger defense. State v. Gibson, 229 N.C. 497, 50 S.E.2d 520 (1948).

When Motion for Continuance Presents Question of Law. — When a motion for a continuance in a criminal case is based on a right guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, the question presented is one of law and not of discretion, and the decision of the court below is reviewable. State v. Farrell, 223 N.C. 321, 26 S.E.2d 322 (1943); State v. Lane, 258 N.C. 349, 128 S.E.2d 389 (1962); State v. Atkinson, 7 N.C. App. 355, 172 S.E.2d 249 (1970).

A motion for continuance is addressed to the sound discretion of the trial judge and his ruling thereon is not subject to review on appeal, except in a case of manifest abuse; however, when the motion is based on a right guaranteed by the federal and State Constitutions, the question presented is one of law and the order of the court is reviewable. State v. Phillip, 261 N.C. 263, 134 S.E.2d 386, cert. denied, 377 U.S. 1003, 84 S. Ct. 1939, 12 L. Ed. 2d 1052, rehearing denied, 379 U.S. 874, 85 S. Ct. 28, 13 L. Ed. 2d 83 (1964); State v. Brower, 289 N.C. 644, 224 S.E.2d 551 (1976); State v. Harris, 290 N.C. 681, 228 S.E.2d 437 (1976); State v. Beeson, 292 N.C. 602, 234 S.E.2d 595 (1977).

While a motion for continuance is ordinarily addressed to the sound discretion of the trial court, and the trial court's ruling is not subject to review absent abuse of discretion, if the motion is based on the constitutional right of confrontation, in that the refusal of the motion denied defendant a reasonable time within which to prepare and present his defense, the decision of the trial court is reviewable as a question of law. State v. Abernathy, 295 N.C. 147, 244 S.E.2d 373 (1978); State v. Parton, 303 N.C. 55, 277 S.E.2d 410 (1981), overruled on other grounds, 314 N.C. 432, 333 S.E.2d 743 (1985).

Presence of Witnesses Required. — The right of confrontation confirms the common-law rule that, in criminal trials, the witnesses must be present and subject to cross-examination. State v. Watson, 281 N.C. 221, 188 S.E.2d 289, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1043, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1972).

But Not in All Cases. — The right guaranteed by this section does not mean that never under any circumstances shall a criminal charge be prosecuted except by the presence of living witnesses. State v. Dowdy, 145 N.C. 432, 58 S.E. 1002 (1907).

A good faith effort to obtain witness's presence must be shown to justify use of his prior testimony. State v. Biggerstaff, 16 N.C. App. 140, 191 S.E.2d 426 (1972).

Where Child Is Victim. — When considering admission of a child victim's statement to a social worker when the child is found to be incompetent as a witness, the confrontation clause and § 8C-1, Rule 803(24) require a case-by-case examination of the facts. State v. Deanes, 323 N.C. 508, 374 S.E.2d 249 (1988), cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1101, 109 S. Ct. 2455, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1009 (1989).

Introduction of Transcribed Testimony. — The constitutional right of confrontation is not denied an accused by the introduction at a subsequent trial of the transcribed testimony given at a former trial of the same action by a witness who has since died, become insane, left the State permanently or for an indefinite absence, become incapacitated to testify in court as a result of a permanent or indefinite illness, or absented himself by procurement of, or connivance with, the accused. The accuracy of the transcription must be attested and it must appear that the defendant had a reasonable opportunity to cross-examine the witness. State v. Prince, 270 N.C. 769, 154 S.E.2d 897 (1967); State v. Biggerstaff, 16 N.C. App. 140, 191 S.E.2d 426 (1972).

Duly Authenticated Copy of Record. — While this section gives to the accused the right to confront his accusers, such does not apply when the facts, from their very nature, can only be proved by a duly authenticated copy of a record. State v. Dowdy, 145 N.C. 432, 58 S.E. 1002 (1907).

Statements falling within an exception to the general prohibition against hearsay may be admitted into evidence without violating a defendant's right to confrontation, if the evidence is reliable. State v. Stager, 329 N.C. 278, 406 S.E.2d 876 (1991).

Where hearsay proffered by the prosecution comes within a firmly rooted exception to the hearsay rule, this constitutional provision was not violated, even though no particularized showing was made as to the necessity for using such hearsay or as to its reliability or trustworthiness. State v. Jackson, 348 N.C. 644, 503 S.E.2d 101 (1998).

Use of Hearsay in Criminal Trial. — A prosecutor is prohibited by U.S. Const., Amend. VI and this section from introducing any hearsay evidence in a criminal trial unless two requirements are met. The prosecution must show both the necessity for using the hearsay testimony and the inherent trustworthiness of the original declaration. State v. Gregory, 78 N.C. App. 565, 338 S.E.2d 110 (1985), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 316 N.C. 382, 342 S.E.2d 901 (1986).

There is a two-prong constitutional test for the admission of hearsay under the confrontation clause, i.e., necessity and trustworthiness. State v. Jackson, 126 N.C. App. 129, 484 S.E.2d 405 (1997), rev'd on other grounds, 348 N.C. 644, 503 S.E.2d 101 (1998).

The prosecution in a criminal trial must, as prerequisite to the introduction of hearsay evidence, show the necessity for using the hearsay testimony and establish the inherent trustworthiness of the original declaration. State v. Jackson, 126 N.C. App. 129, 484 S.E.2d 405 (1997), rev'd on other grounds, 348 N.C. 644, 503 S.E.2d 101 (1998).

In-Court Identification. — Where the evidence shows that witness had a good and sufficient opportunity to observe a defendant at the time the offense was being committed, and testifies that his in-court identification is based on his observation made at that time, the test of "clear and convincing evidence" is met. State v. Jackson, 24 N.C. App. 394, 210 S.E.2d 876, rev'd on other grounds, 287 N.C. 470, 215 S.E.2d 123 (1975).

If there is objection to an in-court identification by a witness who participated in an illegal lineup procedure, such evidence must be excluded unless it be determined on voir dire that the in-court identification is of independent origin and therefore not tainted by the illegal lineup. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

Out-of-Court Declarations of Codefendant. — Even when the right of confrontation is afforded to a defendant implicated in the out-of-court declarations of a codefendant, the prejudicial impact of testimony of the codefendant's declarations must be evaluated in the light of the competent evidence admitted against the nondeclarant defendant. The gap between the impact of evidence which is not admitted against but incriminates the nondeclarant and of competent evidence of minimal probative value admitted against him in a given case may be so great as to constitute a denial of due process. State v. Jones, 280 N.C. 322, 185 S.E.2d 858 (1972).

Admission of Codefendant's Confession Inculpating Accused. — An accused's constitutional right of cross-examination is violated at his joint trial with a codefendant who does not testify, when the court admits the codefendant's confession inculpating the accused, notwithstanding jury instructions that the confession must be disregarded in determining the accused's guilt or innocence. State v. Heard, 285 N.C. 167, 203 S.E.2d 826 (1974).

In joint trials of defendants it is necessary to exclude extrajudicial confessions unless all portions which implicate defendants other than the declarant can be deleted without prejudice either to the State or declarant, and if such deletion is not possible, the State must choose between relinquishing the confession or trying the defendants separately, assuming (1) that the confession is inadmissible as to the codefendant, and (2) that the declarant will not take the stand. State v. Heard, 285 N.C. 167, 203 S.E.2d 826 (1974).

The improper admission of evidence which violates the right of confrontation does not constitute prejudicial error unless there is a reasonable possibility that such evidence contributed to defendant's conviction. State v. Watson, 281 N.C. 221, 188 S.E.2d 289, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1043, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1972).

Prosecution's privilege to withhold the identity of an informant is founded upon public interest in effective law enforcement and its application turns on the facts of each particular case. State v. Ketchie, 286 N.C. 387, 211 S.E.2d 207 (1975).

Rights of Person Accused of Offense involving Intoxication. — When a person is taken into police custody for an offense of which intoxication is an essential element, time is of the essence, as intoxication does not last. Thus, if one accused of driving while intoxicated is to have witnesses for his defense, he must have access to his counsel, friends, relatives, or some disinterested person within a relatively short time after his arrest. The statute says he is entitled to communicate with them immediately, and this is true whether he is arrested at 2:00 a.m. or 2:00 p.m. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Magistrate correctly imposed pretrial release restriction requiring a sober responsible adult to take custody of the defendant pursuant to § 15A-534.2; there was no constitutional violation of defendant's constitutional right to obtain evidence on his own behalf. State v. Bumgarner, 97 N.C. App. 567, 389 S.E.2d 425, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 599, 393 S.E.2d 873 (1990).

A criminal defendant is entitled to offer evidence in defense at trial, either through her own testimony or through the testimony of other witnesses. State v. Hunt, 289 N.C. 403, 222 S.E.2d 234, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

Court May Not Forbid Defendant to Offer Detrimental Evidence. — The trial court is not authorized to forbid a defendant appearing in propria persona to offer evidence, otherwise competent, for the reason that, in the judgment of the court, however sound, such evidence would be detrimental to the defendant. The defendant, whether represented by counsel or appearing in propria persona, is entitled to use his own judgment as to the wisdom of introducing otherwise competent evidence. To deny him this right is to deny him his constitutional rights afforded both by U.S. Const., Amend. VI and this section. State v. House, 295 N.C. 189, 244 S.E.2d 654 (1978).

Burden of Showing Denial of Right. — The burden is on defendant to show a clear

denial of the right of confrontation. State v. Williams, 51 N.C. App. 613, 277 S.E.2d 546 (1981).

Appellant has the burden of showing not only error but also prejudicial error on appeal of trial judge's refusal to allow cross-examination of a witness. State v. Harrill, 289 N.C. 186, 221 S.E.2d 325, death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

Waiver of Right. — The accused has the right to insist upon the production of his accusers, but this is a right which may be and is waived by failure to assert it in proper time. The right must be insisted upon in express terms and a general objection to the evidence is not sufficient. State v. Mitchell, 119 N.C. 784, 25 S.E. 783 (1896).

Right of Confrontation Is Applicable to Contempt Proceedings. — The right of confrontation of the witnesses against an accused is applicable to contempt proceedings; thus, an adjudication of contempt against defendant based on the affidavit of the receiver of a corporation was invalid. Lowder v. All Star Mills, Inc., 301 N.C. 561, 273 S.E.2d 247 (1981).

Right of Confrontation Does Not Apply to Civil Actions. — The right accorded defendant in a criminal prosecution to confront the witnesses against him does not apply to civil actions. Chesson v. Kieckhefer Container Co., 223 N.C. 378, 26 S.E.2d 904 (1943).

Proper standard for reversal in reviewing violations under this section of defendant's right to be present at all stages of his capital trial is the rigorous standard prescribed for review of violations of defendant's right to be present at trial under the federal Constitution. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

The proper standard for reversal in reviewing violations of defendant's state constitutional right to be present at his capital trial is the "harmless beyond a reasonable doubt" standard, and not the standard apparently prescribed in § 15A-1443(a). State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

Waiver of Rights. — For a case in which a defendant was held to have waived his rights under this section through his insufficiently explained absence from trial, see State v. Richardson, 330 N.C. 174, 410 S.E.2d 61 (1991).

B. Illustrative Cases.

Depositions taken in the absence of a defendant could not be read against him. State v. Webb, 2 N.C. 103 (1794).

The taking of depositions in another state in the absence of the defendant was assumed by the court to be a "stage" of his capital trial. However, it was clear that all of the testimony of the witnesses during the taking of those depositions tended to support mitigating circumstances. The admission of those depositions into evidence during the capital sentencing proceeding, therefore, could not possibly have harmed the defendant. Accordingly, the State bore its burden of showing that any error as a result was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt. State v. McCollum, 334 N.C. 208, 433 S.E.2d 144 (1993), cert. denied, 512 U.S. 1254, 114 S. Ct. 2784, 129 L. Ed. 2d 895, reh'g denied, 512 U.S. 1278, 115 S. Ct. 26, 129 L. Ed. 2d 924 (1994).

Improper Materials Published to Jury. — The defendant's confrontation rights were violated in his murder prosecution, where the prosecutor's notes of an interview with an alleged accomplice as well as a typewritten list of statements attributed to the defendants by an accomplice were inadvertently included among exhibits published to the jury, and neither of the documents had been admitted into evidence and both contained inadmissible material. State v. Hines, 131 N.C. App. 457, 508 S.E.2d 310 (1998).

Business Records. — Entries in the course of business, made upon the books of a railroad company by one who was at the time an agent of the company, and was still living, but was absent from the State, were held not competent evidence of the facts therein set forth upon the trial of a third person for crime. State v. Thomas, 64 N.C. 74 (1870).

Voir Dire. — The questioning of jurors in defendant's absence erroneously deprived defendant of his right to be present at his trial, but the error was harmless where the court was satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that defendant's absence during the preliminary questioning of prospective jurors did not result in the rejection of any juror whom defendant was entitled to have on the panel or the seating of any juror whom defendant was entitled to reject either for cause or peremptorily. State v. Payne, 328 N.C. 377, 402 S.E.2d 582 (1991).

This section gives a criminal defendant the right to be present at every stage of her trial. State v. Callahan, 102 N.C. App. 344, 401 S.E.2d 793 (1991).

A capital murder defendant's constitutional right to be present at every stage of the pro-

ceedings was not violated by holding 10 bench conferences outside his presence, where the defendant was present in the courtroom and represented by counsel at each conference, and the only unrecorded conference occurred during voir dire of a prospective juror who was excused for cause because her views would prevent or substantially impair her performance as juror. State v. Bonnett, 348 N.C. 417, 502 S.E.2d 563 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 909, 142 L. Ed. 2d 907 (1999).

Trial court's action in excusing prospective jurors as a result of its private unrecorded bench conferences with them violated defendant's state constitutional right to be present at every stage of the trial and violated statutory requirements to make a true, complete and accurate record of the jury selection in a capital trial pursuant to § 15A-1241(a). State v. Smith, 326 N.C. 792, 392 S.E.2d 362 (1990).

Absence of Material Witness. — Defendants' right to confrontation was not denied by refusal of a motion to continue, on the ground of the absence of a material, expert, fingerprint witness, where the prosecuting attorney agreed that he would not offer evidence as to fingerprints. State v. Rising, 223 N.C. 747, 28 S.E.2d 221 (1943).

Trial court did not violate this section by denying a capital murder defendant's motions for a recess or continuance and for a mistrial after an eyewitness could not be located; defendant had the benefit of witness' tape-recorded statements to both the Sheriff's Department and his own counsel, and the evidence indicated the witness had gone into hiding for a long period under circumstances indicating no likelihood of locating him within a reasonable period of time. State v. Roper, 328 N.C. 337, 402 S.E.2d 600, cert. denied, 502 U.S. 902, 112 S. Ct. 280, 116 L. Ed. 2d 232 (1991).

Inability of Codefendants to Communicate. — Findings in post-conviction proceedings that petitioners, although jointly tried, were not allowed to communicate with one another prior to trial, and that their attempts to contact witnesses and friends were unsuccessful, did not support the lower court's conclusion of law that petitioners had not been denied any rights guaranteed to them by this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. State v. Wheeler, 249 N.C. 187, 105 S.E.2d 615 (1958).

Inspection of Files of State Bureau of Investigation. — Where there was no contention that anything in the files of the State Bureau of Investigation was admitted in evidence and the record showed that no member of the Bureau testified during the trial, defendants' contention that they were entitled to an inspection of the files of the Bureau in regard to its investigation of the case was untenable, and denial of their petition for such inspection did not violate any of their rights under this section or under U.S. Const., Amends. V, VI, VII and XIV. State v. Goldberg, 261 N.C. 181, 134 S.E.2d 334, cert. denied, 377 U.S. 978, 84 S. Ct. 1884, 12 L. Ed. 2d 747 (1964).

Withdrawal of Witness Before Cross-Examination. — Where, during the testimony of a witness, the prosecution asks for and receives permission to withdraw the witness to be recalled later, but closes its case without recalling the witness, defendant, if he wishes to assert his right to cross-examine the witness, must request the court to have the witness return to the stand, and when he fails to do so, he may not assert that he was deprived of his constitutional right of confrontation. State v. Gattison, 266 N.C. 669, 146 S.E.2d 825 (1966), overruled on other grounds, 312 N.C. 276, 322 S.E.2d 133 (1984).

Use of Closed-Circuit Television in Courtroom Held Adequate to Allow Defendant to Cross-Examine Child Victim. — Where, in prosecution for taking indecent liberties with a four-year-old child, during voir dire hearing as to victim's competency as a witness, defendant, although absent from the courtroom, was able to hear all testimony, interact freely with his attorney, and through his attorney confront the victim, thereby accomplishing effective cross-examination, the exclusion of defendant did not violate N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 18, 19 or 23, as the trial court's use of a closed-circuit television and its act of providing defendant and his attorney adequate opportunity to communicate during the victim's testimony were sufficient to permit defendant to hear the evidence and to refute it. State v. Jones, 89 N.C. App. 584, 367 S.E.2d 139 (1988).

State Fulfilled Confrontation Clause Requirement by Showing Good Faith Attempt. — Where a four-year-old child was unable to answer question put to her regarding sexual abuse due to fear, the judge's declaration that the child "is simply going to be unable to testify," amounted to an implicit declaration of unavailability; the State fulfilled the constitutional requirement of the confrontation clause by showing a good faith attempt to secure the witness for trial since the State produced the witness and attempted to elicit her testimony. State v. Chandler, 324 N.C. 172, 376 S.E.2d 728 (1989).

Admission of Prior Testimony. — Where a trial was terminated prior to verdict at the instance of defendant in order to obtain other counsel, the testimony of a witness at such trial, with full cross-examination taken in open court and properly attested, was properly admitted in evidence at the subsequent trial when it appeared that the witness was then on military duty outside the boundaries of the United States, and the admission of such testimony did

not violate defendant's right of confrontation. State v. Prince, 270 N.C. 769, 154 S.E.2d 897 (1967).

Record Showing Guilty Plea by Codefendant. — In a prosecution for aiding and abetting, admission of record showing that codefendants had pleaded guilty to the offense deprived defendant of her right of confrontation. State v. Jackson, 270 N.C. 773, 155 S.E.2d 236 (1967).

Where defendant changed his plea from guilty to not guilty and requested the court to allow him time to obtain witnesses from other states, it was error for the court to force him to trial on the succeeding day, since, under the facts of the case, defendant was not given time to prepare for trial. State v. Whisnant, 271 N.C. 736, 157 S.E.2d 545 (1967).

Deprivation of Right to Call for Evidence. — Where the effect of failure of the arresting officer and of the custodian of the arrested person to perform their respective duties was such as to deprive the person of the constitutional right to call for evidence in his favor, his subsequent conviction lacked the required due process of law and could not stand. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Extrajudicial statements made by defendants which implicated a codefendant were not inadmissible where each declarant took the stand and testified that the substance of the statements attributed to him was false. State v. Jones, 280 N.C. 322, 185 S.E.2d 858 (1972).

Death Certificate. — Defendant's right to confrontation and his right to fundamental fairness in a criminal trial guaranteed by due process were violated by the admission in evidence of the hearsay and conclusory statement in the victim's death certificate. State v. Watson, 281 N.C. 221, 188 S.E.2d 289, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1043, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1972).

Disclosure of Informant. — Disclosure of informant whose information led the police to defendant would not be relevant or helpful to defendant where there was ample independent evidence of his guilt. State v. McDougald, 18 N.C. App. 407, 197 S.E.2d 11, cert. denied, 283 N.C. 756, 198 S.E.2d 726 (1973).

Where defendant did not contend that informant participated in or witnessed alleged crime, he had no constitutional right to discover the name of the informant. State v. Ketchie, 286 N.C. 387, 211 S.E.2d 207 (1975).

Inspection of Witness' Statement. — Defendants' constitutionally protected rights of confrontation, due process, and equal protection were violated by the denial of their request to inspect what they contended was a written pretrial out-of-court statement by the State's witness. State v. Chavis, 24 N.C. App. 148, 210 S.E.2d 555 (1974), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 434 (1975), cert. denied, 423 U.S. 1080, 96 S. Ct. 868, 47 L. Ed. 2d 91 (1976).

Search Warrant and Affidavit. — It is error to allow a search warrant together with the affidavit to obtain the search warrant to be introduced into evidence, because the statements and allegations contained in the affidavit are hearsay statements which deprive the accused of his rights of confrontation and cross-examination. State v. Jackson, 24 N.C. App. 394, 210 S.E.2d 876, rev'd on other grounds, 287 N.C. 470, 215 S.E.2d 123 (1975).

Trial court's denial of defendant's motion for separate trial so prejudiced his defense as to amount to a denial of due process and his right to confrontation where defendant was precluded under the circumstances of the joint trial from introducing evidence of codefendant's out-of-court statement, which would have strengthened defendant's alibi defense. State v. Alford, 289 N.C. 372, 222 S.E.2d 222, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 46, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

New Trial Required Where In-Chambers Conference Held in Defendant's Absence. — Because in-chambers conference that took place with the attorneys in defendant's absence at conclusion of testimony by forensic psychiatry expert was not recorded, and the nature and content of the private discussion could not be gleaned from the record, the state failed to meet its burden of showing that holding in-chambers discussion in defendant's absence was harmless beyond a reasonable doubt, and a new trial was ordered. State v. Exum, 343 N.C. 291, 470 S.E.2d 333 (1996).

No Error in Quashing Subpoena where Defendant Never Showed Necessity for Compliance. — In an armed robbery prosecution, the trial court did not err in allowing the state's motion to quash the defendant's subpoena for "all the sawed-off shotguns confiscated by the Greensboro Police Department" since the date of the robbery, since defendant never stated why compliance with the subpoena was necessary to his defense, and the burden was on defendant not only to show error but also to show that the error complained of affected the result adversely to him. State v. Allen, 301 N.C. 489, 272 S.E.2d 116 (1980).

Trial court properly determined that in-court identifications were not tainted by a pretrial photographic procedure, where the court found upon supporting voir dire evidence that the witnesses had ample opportunity to observe defendant during the course of the robbery in question; the in-court identifications of defendant were of independent origin based solely on what the witnesses saw at the time of the robbery and did not result from any out-of-court confrontation, photograph, or pretrial identification procedure; and the pretrial pho-

tographic procedures were not so unnecessarily suggestive as to lead to irreparable mistaken identification. State v. Allen, 301 N.C. 489, 272 S.E.2d 116 (1980).

Violation of Confrontation Clause Was Not Shown. — Where defendant had the opportunity to cross-examine both witnesses in his murder trial the confrontation clause was not violated as to the victim's grandmother's testimony concerning what she told the defendant and as to the letter written from the victim to the defendant, authenticated by two witnesses. State v. Quick, 323 N.C. 675, 375 S.E.2d 156 (1989).

A capital murder defendant's confrontation rights were not prejudicially violated by his absence from an in-chambers conference, where the court allowed the defendant's request to record the trial in its entirety and discussed possible sequestration of certain witnesses, because these discussions did not relate in any material way to the pending charges. State v. Hayes, 130 N.C. App. 154, 502 S.E.2d 853 (1998), aff'd, 350 N.C. 79, 511 S.E.2d 302 (1999).

Hearsay testimony concerning statements made by a child to a licensed psychological associate during an evaluation interview by a medical center's child sexual abuse team did not violate the defendant's confrontation rights, where the child was found incompetent to testify, and the statements were found to be trustworthy in that they were made for the purpose of medical diagnosis or treatment, and there was no evidence that law enforcement officials were involved in the decision to evaluate the child. State v. Waddell, 130 N.C. App. 488, 504 S.E.2d 84 (1998).

Unavailable Witness. — Where the record demonstrated the necessity for using hearsay declarations (in this case, unavailability of the witness), and the inherent trustworthiness of the declarations, defendant's confrontation rights were not violated. State v. Deanes, 323 N.C. 508, 374 S.E.2d 249 (1988), cert. denied, 490 U.S. 1101, 109 S. Ct. 2455, 104 L. Ed. 2d 1009 (1989).

Subject Matter of Bench Conference. — No error where the court documented the subject matter of the bench conference, either at the time of the conference or later in the transcript, and the record demonstrated that none of these conferences implicated defendant's right to confrontation. State v. Harden, 344 N.C. 542, 476 S.E.2d 658 (1996).

Failure of the trial court to grant defendant's requested recess so that defendant could get a bench warrant for a defense witness did not violate defendant's Sixth Amendment right under the United States Constitution to have compulsory process to obtain witnesses and his right under the North Carolina Constitution to confront his accusers with witnesses and other testimony pursuant to this section. State v. Beck, 346 N.C. 750, 487 S.E.2d 751 (1997).

IV. RIGHT TO COUNSEL.

A. In General.

Right to Counsel Guaranteed. — An accused's right to counsel in a criminal prosecution is guaranteed by the U.S. Const., Amend. VI and is applicable to the states through U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and this section. State v. Shores, 102 N.C. App. 473, 402 S.E.2d 162 (1991).

A defendant has the constitutional right to be represented by counsel whom he has selected and employed. State v. Gibson, 229 N.C. 497, 50 S.E.2d 520 (1948); State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

Both the State and federal Constitutions secure to every man the right to be defended in all criminal prosecutions by counsel whom he selects and retains. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

This right is not intended to be an empty formality. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

But to Guarantee Effective Assistance. — The right to counsel is not intended to be simply an empty formality, but is intended to guarantee effective assistance of counsel. State v. Mathis, 293 N.C. 660, 239 S.E.2d 245 (1977); State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978); State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Constitutional right to counsel has long been recognized as an entitlement to the effective assistance of counsel. State v. Vickers, 306 N.C. 90, 291 S.E.2d 599 (1982).

But the right to counsel does not guarantee the best available counsel, errorless counsel, or satisfactory results for the accused. State v. Sneed, 284 N.C. 606, 201 S.E.2d 867 (1974); State v. Fuller, 27 N.C. App. 249, 218 S.E.2d 515 (1975); State v. Mathis, 293 N.C. 660, 239 S.E.2d 245 (1977).

And defendant's right to select his own counsel cannot be insisted upon in a manner that will obstruct an orderly procedure in courts of justice, and deprive such courts of the exercise of their inherent powers to control the same. State v. Poole, 305 N.C. 308, 289 S.E.2d 335 (1982).

The rights of communication go with the man into the jail, and reasonable opportunity to exercise them must be afforded by the restraining authorities. The denial of an opportunity to exercise a right is a denial of the right. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

And Are Not Limited to Receiving Pro-

fessional Advice from Attorney. — Under this section a defendant's communication and contacts with the outside world are not limited to receiving professional advice from his attorney. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

A defendant is entitled to consult with friends and relatives and to have them make observations of his person. The right to communicate with counsel and friends necessarily includes the right of access to them. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

The fact that a person is a defendant's lawyer, as well as his friend, does not impair his right to see the defendant at a critical time of the proceedings. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

The refusal of a jailer to permit the defendant's attorney to confer with him while he was in jail is a denial of a constitutional right. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Denial of Opportunity to Consult with Counsel, Family or Friends. — Where defendant was held in custody for nearly ten days without the opportunity to consult with counsel, or confer with his own family and friends, or have his interests protected, and was questioned during this entire period intermittently, denied sleep, and removed from one place to another, all the time being denied the opportunity to consult with counsel or friends, or appear before a committing magistrate, and other requirements such as being fully advised of his constitutional rights were not properly afforded defendant, his rights under this section were directly violated. Pugh v. North Carolina, 238 F. Supp. 721 (E.D.N.C. 1965).

It is the obligation of the attorney to serve as counselor and advocate to his client. State v. Luker, 65 N.C. App. 644, 310 S.E.2d 63 (1983), rev'd on other grounds, 65 N.C. App. 644, 316 S.E.2d 309 (1984).

Counsel Must Have Opportunity to Investigate, Prepare and Present Defense. — Since the law regards substance rather than form, the constitutional guaranty of the right of counsel contemplates not only that a person charged with crime shall have the privilege of engaging counsel, but also that he and his counsel shall have a reasonable opportunity in the light of all attendant circumstances to investigate, prepare and present his defense. State v. Hill, 9 N.C. App. 279, 176 S.E.2d 41 (1970), rev'd on other grounds, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971); State v. Alderman, 25 N.C. App. 14, 212 S.E.2d 205 (1972), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 433 (1975).

The right to the assistance of counsel includes the right of counsel to confer with witnesses, to consult with the accused and to prepare his defense. State v. Cradle, 281 N.C. 198, 188 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1047, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 499 (1972); State v. Miller, 288 N.C. 582, 220 S.E.2d 326 (1975).

Implicit in the constitutional right to effective counsel is that an accused and his counsel shall have a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present the defense. State v. Minshew, 33 N.C. App. 593, 235 S.E.2d 866 (1977).

Amount of Preparation Time. — Effective assistance of counsel, as guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. VI and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and this section, is denied unless counsel has adequate time to investigate, prepare and present his client's defense. Even so, no set time is guaranteed and whether a defendant is denied effective assistance of counsel must be determined upon the circumstances of each case. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978); State v. Moore, 39 N.C. App. 643, 251 S.E.2d 647, appeal dismissed, 297 N.C. 178, 254 S.E.2d 39 (1979); State v. Poole, 305 N.C. 308, 289 S.E.2d 335 (1982).

The circumstances surrounding the trial court's denial of the defendant's motion to continue did not demonstrate that it was unlikely that the defendant could have received effective assistance of counsel. The defendant failed to offer evidence tending to establish a violation of his constitutional right to a reasonable time to investigate, prepare and present his defense for murder charge and did not show that he had inadequate time to confer with counsel or that counsel had inadequate time to prepare for trial. State v. Tunstall, 334 N.C. 320, 432 S.E.2d 331 (1993).

Responsibility of Defendant for Lack of Preparation Time. — The conduct of a defendant in failing either to retain counsel or to avail himself of his right to court appointed counsel, if he is indigent, may make him solely responsible for any lack of trial preparation on the part of his counsel. State v. McDiarmid, 36 N.C. App. 230, 243 S.E.2d 398 (1978).

Where defendant was offered an opportunity to contact counsel, and he assured officers that he would seek his own counsel to assist him, and continued to assure the officers that he intended to employ private counsel, defendant's constitutional rights were not violated by eight days' delay in appointment of counsel. State v. Avery, 286 N.C. 459, 212 S.E.2d 142 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3209, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1209 (1976).

When Failure to Grant Continuance Is Denial of Effective Assistance. — Unless counsel suggests the existence of material witnesses or information that would possibly lead to material evidence or material witnesses, the mere failure to grant a continuance in order to make an investigation would not, in and of itself, constitute a denial of effective assistance

of counsel. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

In a prosecution for kidnapping and assaulting a policeman with a firearm, the trial court erred in denying defendant's motion for a continuance where the 17 days defendant's counsel had to prepare for trial was not a reasonable time under the circumstances. State v. Moore, 39 N.C. App. 643, 251 S.E.2d 647, appeal dismissed, 297 N.C. 178, 254 S.E.2d 39 (1979).

Where after the convening of the term the trial court ordered a special venire from another county to try defendant for rape, and counsel for defendant challenged the array on the ground that persons of defendant's race had been excluded from the jury list solely because of their race, but the court refused the request of counsel for time to investigate and secure evidence in support of such challenge to the array, although counsel obtained evidence from members of the special venire and bystanders of the courtroom tending to sustain the challenge, it was held that as it appeared that defendant was prejudiced by denial of reasonable opportunity to procure evidence in support of his challenge to the array, a new trial would be awarded for the denial of defendant's constitutional right to be properly represented by counsel. State v. Speller, 230 N.C. 345, 53 S.E.2d 294 (1949).

There are no set rules to determine whether a defendant has been deprived of effective assistance of counsel; rather each case must be approached upon an ad hoc basis, viewing circumstances as a whole in order to determine this question. State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978).

The question of inadequacy of representation cannot be determined solely upon the amount of time counsel spends with the accused or upon the intensiveness of his investigation. State v. Sneed, 284 N.C. 606, 201 S.E.2d 867 (1974).

Test of effective assistance of counsel is whether the assistance given was within the range of competence demanded of attorneys in criminal cases. State v. Vickers, 306 N.C. 90, 291 S.E.2d 599 (1982); State v. Scober, 74 N.C. App. 469, 328 S.E.2d 590 (1985).

The benchmark for judging any claim of ineffectiveness must be whether counsel's conduct so undermined the proper functioning of the adversarial process that the trial could not be relied on as having produced a just result. State v. Dockery, 78 N.C. App. 190, 336 S.E.2d 719 (1985).

Farce and Mockery of Justice Test. — The incompetency of counsel for the defendant in a criminal prosecution is not a constitutional denial of his right to effective counsel unless the attorney's representation is so lacking that the trial has become a farce and a mockery of justice. State v. Sneed, 284 N.C. 606, 201 S.E.2d 867 (1974); State v. Mathis, 293 N.C. 660, 239 S.E.2d 245 (1977); State v. McDiarmid, 36 N.C. App. 230, 243 S.E.2d 398 (1978); State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981).

Each case must be approached upon an ad hoc basis, viewing the circumstances as a whole, in order to determine whether an accused has been deprived of effective assistance of counsel. State v. Sneed, 284 N.C. 606, 201 S.E.2d 867 (1974); State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981).

Breach of Attorneys' Duty Does Not Automatically Require Reversal. — The duties of an attorney representing a criminal defendant include the duty of loyalty, a duty to advocate defendant's cause, and the duty to consult with defendant, investigate defendant's case and keep defendant informed. However, a breach of one of these duties does not automatically require reversal of defendant's conviction. Defendant must also demonstrate that the professionally unreasonable conduct of his counsel resulted in prejudice to defendant. State v. Dockery, 78 N.C. App. 190, 336 S.E.2d 719 (1985).

For case upholding finding of fact that defendant's counsel was not ineffective but that if he was, defendant did not show any prejudice, see State v. Swann, 322 N.C. 666, 370 S.E.2d 533 (1988).

Appointment on Day Before Trial. — It is not ipso facto a denial of effective assistance because counsel were notified of their appointment and on the same day learned that the cases would be called for trial the following day. State v. Alderman, 25 N.C. App. 14, 212 S.E.2d 205 (1972), appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 261, 214 S.E.2d 433 (1975).

Physical Incapacity. — The question of effective assistance of counsel involving the physical incapacity of counsel does not turn on the physical incapacity of counsel as such, since this may or may not deprive a defendant of effective representation. Rather, it is necessary to examine counsel's specific acts or omissions. The reviewing court must approach such questions ad hoc and in each case view the circumstances as a whole. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Notwithstanding the defense attorney's hearing disability, his efforts and the assistance of co-counsel provided defendant with effective legal representation throughout the criminal proceedings. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Denial of Continuance to Prepare Closing Argument. — Defendant's right to effective assistance of counsel was not denied when the trial court refused to continue the trial to

give the defendant's counsel the weekend to prepare a closing argument for the guilt-innocence determination phase of the trial; defense counsel's closing argument met an objective standard of reasonableness and was within the range of competence demanded of attorneys in capital cases. State v. Laws, 325 N.C. 81, 381 S.E.2d 609 (1989), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1022, 110 S. Ct. 1465, 108 L. Ed. 2d 603 (1990), in light of State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969), death sentence aff'd,, cert. denied,, rehearing denied,.

Admission of Testimony of Second Psychiatric Examination. — Defendant's right to effective assistance of counsel was not violated by admission of second treatment team's testimony as to information obtained during second court-ordered psychiatric examination, even though that admission was for the purpose of determining his capacity to proceed, as opposed to his sanity at the time of the crime; defendant had the opportunity to discuss with his lawyer whether or not to submit to the second court-ordered examination and to discuss its scope as well, and the absence of express language in the second order specifying defendant's examination to determine his mental state at the time of the offenses was not significant. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990), in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

The mere fact that defendant was convicted does not show that his counsel was either incompetent, neglectful or ineffective. State v. Mathis, 293 N.C. 660, 239 S.E.2d 245 (1977).

Burden on Defendant to Show Supportable Defense. — In bringing an ineffective assistance claim based on the failure to adequately present a defense, the central question is whether a supportable defense could have been developed. The burden of showing the probability that this defense existed is on the defendant. State v. Dockery, 78 N.C. App. 190, 336 S.E.2d 719 (1985).

Duty of Trial Court. — The trial judge, who actually sees the lawyer's behavior, is better able than an appellate court to evaluate the overall effectiveness of representation. State v. Richards, 294 N.C. 474, 242 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

The question of alleged failure of counsel to render effective representation can be considered on direct appeal. State v. Hensley, 294 N.C. 231, 240 S.E.2d 332 (1978).

Ineffective Representation Shown. — The counsel's substandard performance was prejudicial to the rape defendant, where the defense's failure to produce any evidence to support the theories proffered at the outset of the trial, including consent of the victim and inability of the defendant to perform the alleged acts, formed the basis of one of the principal closing arguments made by the State in favor of conviction. State v. Moorman, 320 N.C. 387, 358 S.E.2d 502 (1987).

Ineffective Representation Not Shown. — For cases in which ineffective representation of counsel was not shown, see State v. Minshew, 33 N.C. App. 593, 235 S.E.2d 866 (1977); State v. Roberts, 49 N.C. App. 52, 270 S.E.2d 559 (1980), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 726, 276 S.E.2d 286 (1981); State v. Jordan, 49 N.C. App. 561, 272 S.E.2d 405 (1980); State v. Attmore, 92 N.C. App. 385, 374 S.E.2d 649 (1988), cert. denied, State v. Danenberg, 151 N.C. 718, 66 S.E. 301, 26 L.R.A. (n.s.) 890 (1909).

Right to Represent Oneself. — A defendant's right to represent himself is guaranteed by the Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution; by this section of the North Carolina Constitution; and by § 15A-1242. State v. LeGrande, 346 N.C. 718, 487 S.E.2d 727 (1997).

Right to Counsel May Be Waived. — A defendant in a criminal proceeding, whether at trial or in pretrial proceedings, may waive his right to counsel if he does so freely and understandingly and with full knowledge. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978); State v. Hyatt, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 90 (1999).

But failure to ask for a lawyer does not constitute waiver of a defendant's right to counsel. State v. Biggs, 289 N.C. 522, 223 S.E.2d 371 (1976).

But Defendant Need Not Know the Source of the Right Before Waiving It. — The court disagreed with contention by the defendant that in order to waive his right to counsel a defendant must have explained to him his right to counsel under U.S. Const., Amend. VI and under this section. If a defendant is told he has a right to counsel, as the defendant was, he does not have to know the precise source of the right before waiving it. State v. Palmer, 334 N.C. 104, 431 S.E.2d 172 (1993).

What Record Must Show on Waiver. — The record must show, or there must be an allegation and evidence which show, that an accused was offered counsel but intelligently and understandingly rejected the offer. Anything less is not waiver. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

Duty of Court to Determine if Defendant Has Waived Right to Counsel. — The constitutional right of an accused to be represented by counsel invokes, of itself, the protection of

the trial court, which imposes the serious and weighty responsibility upon the trial judge of determining whether there is an intelligent and competent waiver of counsel by the accused. While an accused may waive the right to counsel, whether there is a proper waiver should be clearly determined by the trial court, and it would be fitting and appropriate for that determination to appear upon the record. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

When the voir dire evidence is conflicting and contradictory on the question of whether a defendant waived his right to counsel, it is incumbent upon the trial judge to weigh the credibility of the witnesses, resolve the crucial conflicts and make appropriate findings of fact. State v. Biggs, 289 N.C. 522, 223 S.E.2d 371 (1976).

Affirmative Showing of Waiver by State. — When the State seeks to offer in evidence a defendant's in-custody statements, made in response to police interrogation and in the absence of counsel, the State must affirmatively show not only that the defendant was fully informed of his rights but also that he knowingly and intelligently waived his right to counsel. State v. Biggs, 289 N.C. 522, 223 S.E.2d 371 (1976).

Withdrawal of Waiver of Counsel. — Once given, a waiver of counsel is good and sufficient until the proceedings are terminated or until the defendant makes known to the court that he desires to withdraw the waiver and have counsel assigned to him. State v. Hyatt, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 90 (1999).

A criminal defendant must move the court to withdraw his prior waiver of counsel. State v. Hyatt, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 90 (1999).

Motion or Request to Withdraw Waiver of Counsel Not Shown. — Criminal defendant's statements during trial that because he did not have an attorney he did not know how to question jurors or prepare an opening statement did not equate to a motion or request to withdraw his previous waiver of counsel. State v. Hyatt, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 90 (1999).

Appointment of Counsel for Limited Purpose of Furnishing Advice. — Defendant was not prejudiced in any respect by the appointment of counsel for the limited purpose of furnishing advice to him if so requested, even though defendant did waive counsel and conducted his own defense. State v. Harper, 21 N.C. App. 30, 202 S.E.2d 795, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 375, 205 S.E.2d 100 (1974).

Rule Requiring Objection to Evidence when Offered Applies to Unrepresented Defendant. — Unless necessary to obviate manifest injustice, the rule applicable to a represented defendant, that the admission of incompetent evidence alone is not ground for a new trial where there was no objection at the time the evidence was offered, applies equally to an unrepresented nonindigent defendant. State v. Jones, 280 N.C. 322, 185 S.E.2d 858 (1972).

B. When Right Applies.

A defendant is entitled to counsel at every critical stage of the proceedings against him. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Although a defendant is granted a general right to counsel to assist in his or her defense, that right does not attach to all events leading to trial. The right attaches only to "critical" stages of the proceedings, those proceedings where the presence of counsel is necessary to assure a meaningful defense. State v. Odom, 303 N.C. 163, 277 S.E.2d 352, cert. denied, 454 U.S. 1052, 102 S. Ct. 596, 70 L. Ed. 2d 587 (1981), rehearing denied, 454 U.S. 1165, 102 S. Ct. 1041, 71 L. Ed. 2d 322 (1982).

Determining When Proceeding Is a Critical Stage. — In deciding whether a particular proceeding constitutes a critical stage, courts must focus their inquiry on whether the presence of counsel is necessary to preserve the defendant's basic right to a fair trial as affected by his right to meaningfully cross-examine the witnesses against him and to have effective assistance of counsel at the trial itself. State v. Odom, 303 N.C. 163, 277 S.E.2d 352, cert. denied, 454 U.S. 1052, 102 S. Ct. 596, 70 L. Ed. 2d 587 (1981), rehearing denied, 454 U.S. 1165, 102 S. Ct. 1041, 71 L. Ed. 2d 322 (1982).

The guarantee of counsel only applies to "critical stages" of the prosecution, and what constitutes a critical stage is determined both from the nature of the proceedings and from the facts in each case. State v. Hall, 39 N.C. App. 728, 252 S.E.2d 100 (1979).

Administration of Gunshot Residue Test. — The administration of a gunshot residue test is not a critical stage of the criminal proceedings to which the constitutional right to counsel attaches. State v. Odom, 303 N.C. 163, 277 S.E.2d 352, cert. denied, 454 U.S. 1052, 102 S. Ct. 596, 70 L. Ed. 2d 587 (1981), rehearing denied, 454 U.S. 1165, 102 S. Ct. 1041, 71 L. Ed. 2d 322 (1982).

Pretrial Identification Proceedings. — A defendant has a constitutional right to presence of counsel during a pretrial identification only when adversary judicial criminal proceedings have been instituted against him prior to the confrontation. State v. Edwards, 49 N.C. App. 547, 272 S.E.2d 384 (1980).

Identification in One-Man Showup Conducted at Victim's Home. — The trial court properly admitted a burglary victim's in-court identification of defendant and evidence of the victim's identification of defendant in a one-man showup conducted at the victim's home

within an hour after the crime and at a time when defendant was without counsel and had not waived counsel since (1) defendant was not entitled to counsel at the one-man showup because he was not in custody, (2) there was no reasonable possibility that the one-man showup could have led to a mistaken identification or contributed to defendant's conviction, and (3) the in-court identification of defendant by the victim was independent in origin and was not influenced by the showup. State v. Tann, 302 N.C. 89, 273 S.E.2d 720 (1981).

Lineup. — Accused is constitutionally guaranteed counsel at an in-custody lineup identification. When counsel is not present at the lineup, testimony of witnesses that they identified the accused at the lineup is rendered inadmissible, and any in-court identification is also rendered inadmissible, unless the trial judge first determines on a voir dire hearing that the in-court identification is of independent origin and is untainted by the illegal lineup. State v. Ingram, 20 N.C. App. 35, 200 S.E.2d 417 (1973).

Unless presence of counsel at a lineup is understandingly waived by the accused, testimony concerning the lineup must be excluded in absence of counsel's attendance. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

Examination of Photographs. — Right to counsel's presence is not extended to out-of-court examinations of photographs which include a suspect, whether he is in custody or at liberty. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

An accused has no constitutional right to the presence of counsel when eyewitnesses are viewing photographs for purposes of identification, and this is true regardless of whether the suspect is at liberty or in custody at the time. State v. Miller, 288 N.C. 582, 220 S.E.2d 326 (1975).

Probable Cause Hearing. — A probable cause hearing is a "critical stage" of the criminal process entitling an indigent person to appointed counsel if he desires assistance of counsel. State v. Cobb, 295 N.C. 1, 243 S.E.2d 759 (1978).

Where defendant had waived his right to have assigned counsel at the preliminary hearing, but made a specific request for a lawyer prior to the selection of the jury at his trial in the superior court, he was entitled to be represented by counsel. State v. Haire, 19 N.C. App. 89, 198 S.E.2d 31 (1973).

Jury Instructions. — The trial court committed reversible error by administering admonitions to the jurors out of open court and in the absence of the defendant, counsel, or a court reporter. State v. Payne, 320 N.C. 138, 357 S.E.2d 612 (1987); State v. Boyd, 332 N.C. 101, 418 S.E.2d 471 (1992).

What Constitutes Critical Stage Where Offense Involves Intoxication. — A critical stage has been reached in a defendant's case when, immediately after officers have interrogated the defendant and conducted their test for sobriety, they charge him with the offense of driving while intoxicated. The denial of counsel at this point makes it impossible for a defendant to have disinterested witnesses observe his condition and to obtain a blood test by a doctor — the only means by which defendant might prove his innocence. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

A defendant's guilt or innocence of driving while intoxicated depends upon whether he is intoxicated at the time of his arrest. His condition then is the crucial and decisive fact to be proven. Permission to communicate with counsel and friends is of no avail if those who come to the jail in response to a prisoner's call are not permitted to see for themselves whether he is intoxicated. In this situation, the right of a defendant to communicate with counsel and friends implies, at the very least, the right to have them see him, observe and examine him, with reference to his alleged intoxication. State v. Hill, 277 N.C. 547, 178 S.E.2d 462 (1971).

Trial for Misdemeanors. — Defendant was not denied his constitutional right to counsel by failure of the trial court to appoint counsel to represent him in the consolidated trial of two misdemeanors, where neither offense was a serious offense, notwithstanding the fact that the maximum punishment for the two offenses could have been seven months. State v. Speights, 12 N.C. App. 32, 182 S.E.2d 204, aff'd, 280 N.C. 137, 185 S.E.2d 152 (1971).

Juvenile Proceedings. — In order to comply with due process in a juvenile delinquency proceeding, the right of the juvenile to be represented by an attorney must be considered and an attorney provided or there must be a proper waiver of this right. In re Walker, 14 N.C. App. 356, 188 S.E.2d 731, aff'd, 282 N.C. 28, 191 S.E.2d 702 (1972).

C. Appointment of Counsel for Indigents.

It is a cardinal principle of criminal law that an indigent defendant has the right under U.S. Const., Amend. VI to assistance of counsel for his defense. State v. Luker, 65 N.C. App. 532, 310 S.E.2d 63 (1983), rev'd on other grounds, 65 N.C. App. 644, 316 S.E.2d 309 (1984).

Prompt appointment of counsel in a capital case is mandatory and is required by this section. State v. Pearce, 266 N.C. 234, 145 S.E.2d 918 (1966).

Statute Making Appointment of Counsel

for Indigents Discretionary Held Unconstitutional. — Former § 15-4.1, insofar as it purported to leave to the discretion of the trial judge the appointment of counsel for indigent defendants charged with serious offenses, was unconstitutional. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

The trial judge must make an express finding as to defendant's indigency or lack of indigency. State v. Pickens, 20 N.C. App. 63, 200 S.E.2d 405 (1973).

Where defendant is charged with a serious crime, it is important for the trial judge to determine in the first instance the question of indigency and for the record to show whether lack of counsel results from indigency or choice. State v. Morris, 275 N.C. 50, 165 S.E.2d 245 (1969).

Defendant is entitled to a detailed investigation into his economic situation. State v. Pickens, 20 N.C. App. 63, 200 S.E.2d 405 (1973).

Absence of Standards. — The theory that right to counsel has been denied because of absence of definite standards for determining indigency has been rejected by the Court of Appeals. State v. Smith, 27 N.C. App. 379, 219 S.E.2d 277 (1975).

When Defendant Prejudiced by Insufficient Inquiry. — Although it was incumbent upon the trial court to make a more sufficient inquiry into defendant's financial status and to determine the question of his indigency, defendant was not prejudiced unless he could show that he did not voluntarily and intelligently waive counsel. State v. Pickens, 20 N.C. App. 63, 200 S.E.2d 405 (1973).

Denial of counsel without evidence to support a finding of nonindigency entitles defendant to a new trial. State v. Haire, 19 N.C. App. 89, 198 S.E.2d 31 (1973).

Indigent Defendant May Waive Right to Counsel. — The purpose of the statutory provision for appointment of counsel, at public expense, for indigent defendants is to put indigent defendants on an equality with affluent defendants in trials upon criminal charges. To deny, or to restrict the right of the indigent to waive counsel, i.e., to represent himself, while permitting the affluent defendant to exercise such right, has no reasonable relation to the objective of equal opportunity to prevail at the trial of the case. Such classification is beyond the power of the legislature. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972).

And May Represent Himself. — A defendant in a criminal proceeding has a right to handle his own case without interference by, or the assistance of, counsel forced upon him against his wishes. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972); State v. Smith, 24 N.C. App. 498, 211 S.E.2d 539 (1975), overruled on other grounds, State v. Barnes, 324 N.C. App. 539, 380 S.E.2d 118 (1989).

A defendant on the trial of a criminal case, including a coram nobis proceeding at which the defendant is present and witnesses are to be examined and cross-examined, has a right to conduct and manage his own case pro se. The right to act pro se is a right arising out of the federal Constitution and not the mere product of legislation or judicial decision. State v. Mems, 281 N.C. 658, 190 S.E.2d 164 (1972).

Defendant appearing pro se by his own choice does so at his peril and does not automatically become a ward of the court. State v. McDougald, 18 N.C. App. 407, 197 S.E.2d 11, cert. denied, 283 N.C. 756, 198 S.E.2d 726 (1973).

Condition of probation requiring the defendant to reimburse the State for costs of court-appointed counsel does not infringe upon defendant's constitutional right to counsel. State v. Foust, 13 N.C. App. 382, 185 S.E.2d 718 (1972), overruled on other grounds in State v. Young, 21 N.C. App. 316, 204 S.E.2d 185 (1974).

Facts Held Insufficient to Sustain Finding of Nonindigency. — The fact that the defendant was a painter capable of earning $60.00 per week when he was able to obtain work and that he had made little, if any, effort to secure counsel, either privately or by court appointment, was not sufficient to sustain a finding that he was not indigent at the time of trial and, therefore, not entitled to a court-appointed attorney when one was requested at the trial. State v. Haire, 19 N.C. App. 89, 198 S.E.2d 31 (1973).

V. SELF-INCRIMINATION.

A. In General.

Liberal Construction. — The Constitution ought to be liberally construed to preserve personal rights and protect the citizen against self-incriminating evidence. Smith v. Smith, 116 N.C. 386, 21 S.E. 196 (1895); State v. Medley, 178 N.C. 710, 100 S.E. 591 (1919).

The constitutional guaranties against self-incrimination should be liberally construed. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

Right to Remain Silent at All Times. — The right to remain silent does not arise when an arrestee is given his Miranda warnings. It is a right which he possesses at all times under U.S. Const., Amend. V and under this section. State v. Lane, 46 N.C. App. 501, 265 S.E.2d 493, aff'd, 301 N.C. 382, 271 S.E.2d 273 (1980).

The constitutional inhibition against self-incrimination is directed against compulsion, and not against voluntary admissions, confessions, or testimony freely given on the trial. Such statements, confessions, and testimony voluntarily given on a former trial are received against the accused as his admis-

sions. State v. Farrell, 223 N.C. 804, 28 S.E.2d 560 (1944); State v. Sheffield, 251 N.C. 309, 111 S.E.2d 195 (1959).

The privilege against self-incrimination is one against being compelled to testify. It furnishes no protection against the use of testimony which was voluntarily given. State v. Floyd, 246 N.C. 434, 98 S.E.2d 478 (1957).

A defendant has a right not to be compelled to be a witness against himself in any criminal case. State v. Wills, 293 N.C. 546, 240 S.E.2d 328 (1977).

Privilege Protects Against Only Real Dangers. — The privilege against self-incrimination protects against real dangers, not remote and speculative possibilities, and a witness may not arbitrarily refuse to testify without existence in fact of a real danger, it being for the court to determine whether that real danger exists. Johnson County Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. v. Grainger, 42 N.C. App. 337, 256 S.E.2d 500, cert. denied, 298 N.C. 304, 259 S.E.2d 300 (1979); Shaw v. Williamson, 75 N.C. App. 604, 331 S.E.2d 203, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 669, 335 S.E.2d 496 (1985).

Court Determines Applicability of Privilege. — The witness is not exonerated from answering merely because he declares that in so doing he would incriminate himself. His say-so does not of itself establish the hazard of incrimination. It is for the court to say whether his silence is justified and to require him to answer if it clearly appears to the court that he is mistaken. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

And Applicability Depends upon the Case. — If a witness, upon interposing his claim of immunity, were required to prove the hazard in the sense in which a claim is usually required to be established in court, he would be compelled to surrender the very protection which the privilege is designed to guarantee. To sustain the privilege, it need only be evidenced from the implications of the question, in the setting in which it is asked, that a responsive answer to the question or an explanation of why it cannot be answered might be dangerous because injurious disclosure could result. The trial judge in appraising the claim must be governed as much by his personal perception of the peculiarities of the case as by the facts actually in evidence. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

Questions Subjecting Defendant to Punitive Damages. — This provision protects defendants from being required to answer questions, on an order of examination, which will necessarily tend to subject them to a verdict or an award of punitive damages, and to an execution against the person, the effect of which would be to deprive them entirely of their homestead exemption and of any personal property exemption over fifty dollars. Allred v. Graves, 261 N.C. 31, 134 S.E.2d 186 (1964).

Guaranty Extends to Any Proceedings Sanctioned by Law. — The constitutional guaranties against self-incrimination are to be liberally construed and they apply not only to criminal prosecutions but to any proceedings sanctioned by law, including examinations before trial. Allred v. Graves, 261 N.C. 31, 134 S.E.2d 186 (1964).

The privilege against self-incrimination may be exercised by a witness in any proceeding. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination applies alike to civil and criminal proceedings, wherever the answer might tend to subject to criminal responsibility him who gives it. Johnson County Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. v. Grainger, 42 N.C. App. 337, 256 S.E.2d 500, cert. denied, 298 N.C. 304, 259 S.E.2d 300 (1979).

Civil Actions Involving Arrest, Imprisonment or Execution Against the Person. — The constitutional protection against self-incrimination extends to civil actions that subject one to arrest, imprisonment or execution against the person. Shaw v. Williamson, 75 N.C. App. 604, 331 S.E.2d 203, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 669, 335 S.E.2d 496 (1985).

Privilege Extends to Pleading Stage of Civil Action for Punitive Damages. — A defendant may plead his privilege against self-incrimination in a civil action where the plaintiff asks for punitive damages, and the privilege applies to protect a party from self-incrimination at the pleadings stage of an action. Therefore, in an action to recover compensatory and punitive damages for alienation of affections and criminal conversation, where defendant refused to answer the allegations of plaintiff's complaint claiming his constitutional privilege against self-incrimination, the trial court erred in deeming the allegations as admitted pursuant to § 1A-1, Rule 8(d). Byrd v. Hodges, 44 N.C. App. 509, 261 S.E.2d 269 (1980).

Refusal to Answer Interrogatories in Civil Action for Punitive Damages. — Fact that a plaintiff seeks punitive damages does not, ipso facto, entitle defendant to refuse, with impunity, to submit to requested discovery, where the responses, whether individually or collectively, would not necessarily tend to subject defendant to a punitive damages award. Stone v. Martin, 56 N.C. App. 473, 289 S.E.2d 898, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 306 N.C. 392, 294 S.E.2d 220 (1982).

In a wrongful death action, defendant faced no peril of being subject to execution against the person for not satisfying a judgment for punitive damages, as there was no allegation in the complaint that would support the required statutory findings for execution against the person. Therefore, there was no basis for defen-

dant declining to answer interrogatories on the grounds of self-incrimination. Shaw v. Williamson, 75 N.C. App. 604, 331 S.E.2d 203, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 669, 335 S.E.2d 496 (1985).

In a wrongful death action, defendant could not have incriminated himself criminally by answering certain interrogatories, because, based on the same incident referred to in the complaint, he was charged with death by vehicle and driving while intoxicated, pled guilty, and complied with the judgments entered on the convictions. Shaw v. Williamson, 75 N.C. App. 604, 331 S.E.2d 203, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 669, 335 S.E.2d 496 (1985).

Scope of Protection. — The fair interpretation of the clause that the defendant "shall not be compelled to give evidence against himself" seems to be to secure one who is or may be accused of crime from making any compulsory revelations which may be given in evidence against him on his trial for the offense. LaFontaine v. Southern Underwriters Ass'n, 83 N.C. 132 (1880).

Admissions Tending to Incriminate. — The protection against self-incrimination is not limited to admissions that would subject a witness to criminal prosecution; the privilege also extends to admissions that may only tend to incriminate. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

Links in Chain of Evidence. — The privilege afforded against self-incrimination extends not only to answers that would in themselves support a conviction under a criminal statute, but likewise embraces those which would furnish a link in the chain of evidence needed to prosecute the claimant for a crime. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971). See also, Smith v. Smith, 116 N.C. 386, 21 S.E. 196 (1895).

The protection afforded by the privilege against self-incrimination does not merely encompass evidence which may lead to criminal conviction, but includes information which would furnish a link in the chain of evidence that could lead to prosecution, as well as evidence which an individual reasonably believes could be used against him in a criminal prosecution. Johnson County Nat'l Bank & Trust Co. v. Grainger, 42 N.C. App. 337, 256 S.E.2d 500, cert. denied, 298 N.C. 304, 259 S.E.2d 300 (1979).

Silence in Face of Accusation of Guilt. — Defendant's silence in face of an accusation of guilt cannot be competent as an implied admission when the accusation is made during interrogation of defendant by officers of the law. To compel defendant to reply to an accusation under such circumstances on pain of having his silence considered against him would amount to an infringement of his constitutional right not to be compelled to incriminate himself. State v. Fuller, 270 N.C. 710, 155 S.E.2d 286 (1967).

Defendant's silence in the rightful exercise of his privilege against self-incrimination may not be considered an admission of the truth of incriminating statements made in defendant's presence by a prospective State's witness in response to an officer's questions. State v. Castor, 285 N.C. 286, 204 S.E.2d 848 (1974).

If police officers properly warn an accused of his constitutional rights, his silence may not be used against him. State v. McCall, 286 N.C. 472, 212 S.E.2d 132 (1975).

Where an arrestee is the focus of suspicion, has been held in custody for a significant period of time without being advised of his Miranda rights, is aware of his right to remain silent, and makes it clear that he is relying on his right to remain silent, his in-custody silence in the face of accusation and possible prosecution cannot be the subject of cross-examination. State v. Lane, 46 N.C. App. 501, 265 S.E.2d 493, aff'd, 301 N.C. 382, 271 S.E.2d 273 (1980).

Where police officers told defendant that anything he said, or did not say, in response to statements made by an eyewitness could be used for or against him, their warning violated the provision of this section, which requires that no person charged with crime shall be compelled to give self-incriminating evidence. State v. Fuller, 270 N.C. 710, 155 S.E.2d 286 (1967).

Necessity of Advising Defendant of Rights Where Significantly Deprived of Freedom. — When an officer told defendant that he would get a warrant for him and would leave an officer at defendant's home until the warrant could be procured, defendant was deprived of his freedom in a significant way; it was therefore necessary to advise him of his rights before his answer to the question as to how long he had been at his home could be introduced into evidence. State v. Hoyle, 325 N.C. 232, 382 S.E.2d 752 (1989).

As to admissibility of in-custody silence for purpose of impeachment, see State v. Williams, 288 N.C. 680, 220 S.E.2d 558 (1975).

Defendant's failure to testify may not be considered an admission of the truth of testimony which tends to incriminate him. State v. Castor, 285 N.C. 286, 204 S.E.2d 848 (1974); State v. McCall, 286 N.C. 472, 212 S.E.2d 132 (1975).

Adverse comments on defendant's failure to testify are impermissible. State v. McCall, 286 N.C. 472, 212 S.E.2d 132 (1975).

Defendant was entitled to a new trial because the trial court erroneously overruled his objection to the prosecution's closing comments about defendant's decision not to testify in trial for felonious breaking or entering. The error was prejudicial and required a new trial. State v. Reid, 334 N.C. 551, 434 S.E.2d 193 (1993).

But, trial court did not err in allowing police officer's comments on murder defendant's decision to exercise her constitutional right to remain silent upon her arrest; the comments were elicited by the defense counsel and defense counsel repeatedly asked officer to explain his answers and did not object to, or move to strike the comments. State v. Jennings, 333 N.C. 579, 430 S.E.2d 188 (1993), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 1028, 114 S. Ct. 644, 126 L. Ed. 2d 602 (1994).

And statements made by prosecutor regarding the demeanor of the defendant was not comparable to statements previously held to be improper comments on a defendant's failure to testify. State v. Bates, 343 N.C. 564, 473 S.E.2d 269 (1996), cert. denied, 519 U.S. 1131, 117 S. Ct. 992, 136 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1997).

Right to Remain Silent Not Violated. — Where the State did not ask detective whether defendant exercised his right to remain silent, he only testified that defendant was read his rights and indicated he understood those rights and no specific inquiry or argument was made about defendant's silence, defendant's exercise of his right to remain silent therefore was not used against him and his constitutional rights were not violated. State v. Carter, 335 N.C. 422, 440 S.E.2d 268 (1994).

Where the prosecutor was directly responding to argument made by defendant relating to a specific piece of evidence and the argument did not relate to whether defendant himself sought to testify, it simply constituted a misstatement regarding the parties' relative rights to introduce the statement, not a comment on defendant's failure to testify. State v. Ratliff, 341 N.C. 610, 461 S.E.2d 325 (1995).

Comment on Prior Silence After Defendant Takes Stand. — With or without a *Miranda* warning, a defendant's right to remain silent is guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. V, as well as by this section. Any comment upon the exercise of this right, nothing else appearing, is impermissible. However, when a defendant chooses to testify in his own behalf, his U.S. Const., Amend. V right to remain silent must give way to the State's right to seek to determine, by way of impeachment, whether his prior silence is inconsistent with his trial testimony. The test is whether, under the circumstances at the time of arrest, it would have been natural for defendant to have asserted the same defense asserted at trial. State v. McGinnis, 70 N.C. App. 421, 320 S.E.2d 297 (1984).

Argument on Failure to Tell Police of Defense. — District attorney's question and argument to the jury as to defendant's failure to tell the police of his defense were prejudicial errors; since there was no eyewitness to the shooting other than defendant, and since his defense depended on the jury's acceptance of his version of the event, the State failed to demonstrate beyond a reasonable doubt that it was harmless to attack the credibility of his version by improper evidence, which improper evidence was reinforced by jury argument. State v. Hoyle, 325 N.C. 232, 382 S.E.2d 752 (1989).

Truth or Falsity of Statements. — The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination bars the introduction of all statements falling within its scope, without regard for their truth or falsity. State v. Rogers, 233 N.C. 390, 64 S.E.2d 572 (1951), overruled on other grounds, State v. Silver, 286 N.C. 709, 213 S.E.2d 247 (1975).

Forced Production of Incriminating Documents. — The protection afforded to defendants in criminal action by this section is a matter of absolute right to them, and extends to the forced production of letters and other papers in their possession that may tend to incriminate them upon the trial. State v. Hollingsworth, 191 N.C. 595, 132 S.E. 667 (1926).

The introduction in evidence of incriminating papers taken from the defendant at the time of the arrest does not infringe the constitutional guarantee against self-incrimination, under this section, and when he takes the stand in his own behalf he waives his constitutional right against self-incrimination. State v. Shoup, 226 N.C. 69, 36 S.E.2d 697 (1946), distinguishing State v. Hollingsworth, 191 N.C. 595, 132 S.E. 667 (1926).

Although the constitutional privilege against self-incrimination applies to the production of papers, so that if the accused is compelled to produce them the privilege is violated, lawful seizure of such evidence (as, for example, pursuant to a valid search warrant) obviously differs from requiring the accused to produce it and does not violate the privilege. State v. Downing, 31 N.C. App. 743, 230 S.E.2d 581 (1976).

Inapplicability of Privilege to Physical Evidence. — The scope of the privilege against self-incrimination, in history and in principle, includes only the process of testifying by word of mouth or in writing, i.e., the process of disclosure by utterance. It has no application to such physical evidential circumstances as may exist on the accused's body or about his person. State v. Strickland, 276 N.C. 253, 173 S.E.2d 129 (1970).

The scope of the privilege against self-incrimination includes only the process of testifying by word of mouth or in writing. It has no application to such physical, evidential circumstances as may exist on the accused's body or about his person. State v. Rogers, 233 N.C. 390, 64 S.E.2d 572 (1951), overruled on other grounds, State v. Silver, 286 N.C. 709, 213 S.E.2d 247 (1975); State v. Paschal, 253 N.C. 795, 117 S.E.2d 749 (1961).

The constitutional guarantee that a defendant shall not be compelled to testify against himself, as provided by this section, does not preclude testimony by a witness as to marks on defendant's body tending to identify him as the perpetrator of the crime. State v. Riddle, 205 N.C. 591, 172 S.E. 400 (1934); State v. Floyd, 246 N.C. 434, 98 S.E.2d 478 (1957).

The admission of incriminating testimony of defendant's physical condition by witnesses who examined her without objection did not violate defendant's constitutional right not to be compelled to give evidence against herself, as provided in this section. State v. Eccles, 205 N.C. 825, 172 S.E. 415 (1934).

Upon trial of defendant for violating the prohibition law, the introduction into evidence of testimony of the officer making the arrest that he found a half-gallon jar of liquor on the person of the defendant was competent, and was not in violation of the constitutional provision that a defendant may not be compelled to give evidence against himself, the provision not applying to physical facts or conditions. State v. Hickey, 198 N.C. 45, 150 S.E. 615 (1929).

Identifying Physical Characteristics. — Handwriting samples, blood samples, fingerprints, clothing, hair, voice demonstrations, even the body itself, are identifying physical characteristics and are outside the protection of the privilege against self-incrimination. State v. Greene, 12 N.C. App. 687, 184 S.E.2d 523 (1971), appeal dismissed, 280 N.C. 303, 186 S.E.2d 177 (1972).

Distinguishing Marks. — Where witnesses for the State had testified as to a small scar near the culprit's left eye, a small mole on his left ear, and gold fillings in his teeth, upon return of the jury into the courtroom in disagreement as to defendant's identity as the culprit, the court did not commit prejudicial error in permitting a juror, with defendant's consent, to examine defendant's body for the distinguishing marks. State v. Floyd, 246 N.C. 434, 98 S.E.2d 478 (1957).

Chemical analyses of blood or breath are not within the protection of U.S. Const., Amends. V and XIV, or this section, as such chemical analyses are not evidence which is testimonial or communicative in nature. State v. White, 84 N.C. App. 111, 351 S.E.2d 828, cert. denied, 319 N.C. 227, 353 S.E.2d 404, appeal dismissed, 319 N.C. 409, 354 S.E.2d 887 (1987).

Blood and Urine Tests. — Where defendant pleaded insanity at the time of the homicide due to the continued use of liquor and opiates, and the record failed to show any compulsion on the part of the officers in obtaining specimens of defendant's blood and urine in order to ascertain the presence or absence of alcohol or morphine in his system, it was held that defendant's contention that the obtaining of the specimens compelled him to give evidence against himself, in violation of this section, was untenable. State v. Cash, 219 N.C. 818, 15 S.E.2d 277 (1941).

Expert testimony as to the results of a test of defendant's blood is admissible on the trial of a charge of driving a motor vehicle upon the public highways within the State while under the influence of intoxicating beverages. State v. Willard, 241 N.C. 259, 84 S.E.2d 899 (1954).

Admission of evidence of a defendant's refusal to submit to a chemical test designed to measure the alcoholic content of his blood does not violate his constitutional right against self-incrimination. State v. Strickland, 276 N.C. 253, 173 S.E.2d 129 (1970).

Examination of Clothing. — No constitutional rights were invaded when an officer required defendant, who was accused of rape, to surrender for examination and analysis the clothing worn by him at the time the crime was alleged to have been committed. State v. Gaskill, 256 N.C. 652, 124 S.E.2d 873 (1962); State v. Colson, 274 N.C. 295, 163 S.E.2d 376 (1968), cert. denied, 393 U.S. 1087, 89 S. Ct. 876, 21 L. Ed. 2d 780 (1969).

Evidence of Footprints. — The constitutional privilege against self-incrimination is not violated by the introduction of evidence of footprints to identify the accused, even where these are obtained by coercion. State v. Rogers, 233 N.C. 390, 64 S.E.2d 572 (1951), overruled on other grounds, State v. Silver, 286 N.C. 709, 213 S.E.2d 247 (1975).

Photographs. — The admission of the photograph of a lineup including the defendant was not violative of his rights under this section or N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, where the photograph was properly identified and entered into evidence for the purpose of illustrating the testimony of a witness, and, although the defendant objected to the questions identifying the picture, he did not ask that its admission be restricted. State v. McKissick, 271 N.C. 500, 157 S.E.2d 112 (1967).

Motion Pictures. — Motion pictures of an accused in a criminal action are not per se testimonial in nature, and, where they are properly used to illustrate competent and relevant testimony of a witness, their use does not violate accused's privilege against self-incrimination. State v. Strickland, 276 N.C. 253, 173 S.E.2d 129 (1970).

When a sound motion picture contains incriminating statements by the defendant made from his knowledge of the offense upon defendant's objection, the judge must conduct a voir dire to determine the admissibility of the in-custody statements or admissions contained in the sound picture. State v. Strickland, 276 N.C. 253, 173 S.E.2d 129 (1970).

Demonstration of Act of Killing. — Upon trial for murder in the first degree, where there

is other circumstantial evidence of the prisoner's guilt, it is not duress to require the prisoner to place himself in such position as to show that he could have fired the fatal shot from a window and killed the deceased, as this is not considered as making a person furnish evidence against himself, it being dependent upon physical facts and conditions and not upon confessions or statements of the prisoner. State v. Thompson, 161 N.C. 238, 76 S.E. 249 (1912).

Positioning of Defendant for Purpose of Identification. — Testimony that defendant was placed for identification in the relative position to a witness as the perpetrator was seen by her just before committing a criminal offense is not objectionable as forcing defendant to give evidence against himself in denial of his constitutional rights. State v. Neville, 175 N.C. 731, 95 S.E. 55 (1918).

Who Is Protected. — Immunity from self-incrimination extends not only to one who actually testifies as a witness, but also to the defendant in the trial, even if he declines to testify as a witness in his own behalf. State v. Hollingsworth, 191 N.C. 595, 132 S.E. 667 (1926).

The privilege against self-incrimination can be claimed only by the witness, and when it is claimed, it is guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. V, as well as by this section. State v. Smith, 13 N.C. App. 46, 184 S.E.2d 906 (1971).

A defendant who chooses to testify waives his privilege against compulsory self-incrimination with respect to the testimony he gives, and that waiver is no less effective or complete because the defendant may have been motivated to take the witness stand in the first place only by reason of the strength of the lawful evidence adduced against him. State v. Wills, 293 N.C. 546, 240 S.E.2d 328 (1977).

The defendant waives his constitutional privilege not to answer questions tending to incriminate himself when he voluntarily testifies in his own behalf. State v. Allen, 107 N.C. 805, 11 S.E. 1016 (1890).

Whenever the defendant in a criminal action voluntarily testifies in his own defense he assumes the position of a witness and subjects himself to all the disadvantages of that position. In doing so, he acknowledges the right of the prosecution to test his credibility and he waives his constitutional privilege not to answer questions which tend to incriminate him or to prove the specific offense with which he is charged. State v. O'Neal, 187 N.C. 22, 120 S.E. 817 (1924).

Defendant was tricked or cajoled into waiving his right to counsel and his privilege against self-incrimination, and his statements to a State Bureau of Investigation agent therefore were not voluntary, where the evidence tended to show that defendant and his attorney went to SBI headquarters in Raleigh for defendant to be given a polygraph examination; defendant and his attorney were told that the examination would consist of the polygraph test itself and an interrogation; they were also told that the attorney could not be present during the test phase but that he would be allowed to be present during the interrogation phase; contrary to this advice, defendant's attorney was left outside the examination room during the test and the interrogation; the attorney, who could neither see nor hear what was transpiring, thought the testing phase was still in progress, and defendant himself apparently assumed that his lawyer would be admitted to the room at the proper time. State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980).

Defendant Testifying May Be Cross-Examined on In-Custody Statements. — A trial court may properly allow the prosecuting attorney to cross-examine defendant with reference to in-custody statements for the purpose of impeaching defendant's trial testimony, notwithstanding the fact that defendant was not represented by counsel and had not waived the right to counsel when the statements were made. State v. Nobles, 14 N.C. App. 340, 188 S.E.2d 600, cert. denied, 281 N.C. 626, 190 S.E.2d 472 (1972).

Defendant's privilege against self-incrimination was not violated where State was permitted to show for purposes of impeachment that defendant had not voluntarily turned himself in to the police after defendant had already testified to the contrary. State v. Lester, 289 N.C. 239, 221 S.E.2d 268 (1976).

The prosecutor's impeachment of defendant by cross-examining him about his failure to tell officers, while making an in-custody statement, that he was acting to protect himself from attack when he shot deceased did not violate defendant's constitutional rights. State v. Haith, 48 N.C. App. 319, 269 S.E.2d 205, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 301 N.C. 403, 273 S.E.2d 449 (1980).

Questions About Prior Convictions on Cross-Examination. — Defendant's testimony on cross-examination about an additional conviction for assault with a firearm which he had failed to mention during his direct examination was relevant impeachment evidence; thus, it was not only proper but also prudent for the prosecutor to attempt to elicit further details about defendant's prior convictions. State v. Edwards, 49 N.C. App. 547, 272 S.E.2d 384 (1980).

Failure to Disclose Alibi Defense Prior to Trial Not an Inconsistent Prior Statement for Cross-Examination Purposes. — In a prosecution of defendant for possession and sale of heroin, where defendant was arrested and taken to a police station, indictments were read to him, and defendant inter-

rupted the reading to state that he had not sold heroin to the person named in the indictments, defendant's failure to disclose his alibi defense to the police officers then, or to some other person prior to trial, did not amount to an inconsistent statement in light of his in-court testimony relative to an alibi, and the district attorney's cross-examination of defendant concerning failure to disclose his alibi was sufficiently prejudicial to warrant a new trial. State v. Lane, 301 N.C. 382, 271 S.E.2d 273 (1980).

Accomplice Could Not Refuse to Answer on Cross-Examination After Incriminating Defendant. — An accomplice could not testify on direct examination to facts tending to incriminate defendant and at the same time refuse to answer questions on cross-examination relating to matters embraced in his examination-in-chief, and where he refused to answer relevant questions on cross-examination on the ground that his answers might tend to incriminate him, it was error for the court to refuse defendant's motion that his testimony-in-chief be stricken from the record, the refusal to answer the questions on cross-examination rendering the testimony-in-chief incompetent. State v. Perry, 210 N.C. 796, 188 S.E. 639 (1936).

Defendant who, prior to his own indictment, gave testimony at codefendant's continuance hearing, placing himself in the company of the prosecuting witness on the evening in question, was not denied his privilege against self-incrimination, even though he was not represented by counsel or informed of his right against compulsory self-incrimination, despite the fact that codefendant's attorney, who had sought his testimony, was acting with the full complicity of the State, as defendant was not compelled to speak to his detriment. State v. Flowers, 318 N.C. 208, 347 S.E.2d 773 (1986).

Pre-arrest warrantless recording of defendant's incriminating statements through witness did not violate defendant's right to be free of unreasonable search and seizure under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 20, inasmuch as defendant had no legitimate expectation of privacy regarding a conversation he voluntarily maintained with a confederate; the recording did not violate defendant's right under this section to be free from compulsory self-incrimination because his participation in the conversation was wholly voluntary, albeit ill-advised, and did not violate defendant's right under this section to counsel because the conversation in question occurred during the initial investigation of defendant prior to his arrest. State v. Levan, 326 N.C. 155, 388 S.E.2d 429 (1990).

Right Not Violated. — Defendant's alleged "Hobson's choice" between asserting her privilege against self-incrimination and her right to testify on her own behalf was illusory where trial court's denial of defendant's motion for a continuance in noncapital indictment for murder of stepson did not force defendant to choose between two constitutional rights but to make a purely tactical decision as to whether it would be more advantageous to testify in this trial, in her capital trial, in both trials, or not at all; defendant would have faced the same dilemma regardless of which case was tried first since any incriminating statements made at the first trial could later be used against her at the second trial. State v. White, 340 N.C. 264, 457 S.E.2d 841 (1995).

Affidavit on Motion to Suppress. — Section 15A-977(a) requires an affidavit for a motion to suppress, but requiring the affidavit does not amount to compelling defendant to be a witness against himself in a criminal case in violation of U.S. Const., Amend. V and this section. State v. Gibson, 32 N.C. App. 584, 233 S.E.2d 84 (1977).

B. Confessions.

When Confession Is Admissible. — An extrajudicial confession by an accused is admissible against him when it is voluntarily given and is not induced by threats or fear, and when the defendant has knowingly and intelligently waived his right to have counsel present at the time the confession is given. State v. Ferrell, 46 N.C. App. 52, 264 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

Inadmissibility of Involuntary Confessions or Incriminating Statements. — Although Miranda warnings are required only when defendant is being subjected to custodial interrogation and are not required during the investigatory stage when defendant is not in custody at the time he makes the statement, all involuntary confessions or incriminating statements, made in custody or out, are ordinarily inadmissible for any purpose. State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980).

Exclusion of Second Confession After Improper First Confession. — Neither section 19 nor this section of N.C. Const., Art. I required the suppression of a defendant's second confession, made after proper warnings and the defendant's voluntary waiver of his constitutional rights, when that confession followed an earlier confession which had to be excluded under Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436, 86 S. Ct. 1602, 16 L. Ed. 2d 694 (1966). State v. Hicks, 333 N.C. 467, 428 S.E.2d 167 (1993).

Plea of Guilty. — If a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is sustained, it must appear affirmatively that it was entered voluntarily and understandingly. State v. Ford, 281 N.C. 62, 187 S.E.2d 741 (1972).

Procedural safeguards effective to secure the privilege against self-incrimina-

tion are necessary whenever law-enforcement officers question a person who has been taken into custody or otherwise deprived of his liberty in any significant way. State v. Pruitt, 286 N.C. 442, 212 S.E.2d 92 (1975).

The ultimate test of the admissibility of a confession still remains whether the statement made by the accused was in fact voluntarily and understandingly made. State v. Pruitt, 286 N.C. 442, 212 S.E.2d 92 (1975); State v. Garnett, 24 N.C. App. 489, 211 S.E.2d 519, appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 262, 215 S.E.2d 622 (1975); State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980).

Every statement made by a person in custody as a result of an illegal arrest is not ipso facto involuntary and inadmissible, but the facts and circumstances surrounding such arrest and the in-custody statement should be considered in determining whether the statement is voluntary and admissible. Voluntariness remains as the test of admissibility. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

Admissibility depends upon whether the statement was freely and voluntarily made and whether the officers who elicited the statement employed appropriate procedural safeguards. State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980).

Question of voluntariness must be determined by the total circumstances of each particular case. State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980); State v. Leak, 90 N.C. App. 351, 368 S.E.2d 430 (1988).

If the totality of circumstances indicates that defendant was threatened, tricked, or cajoled into a waiver of his rights, his statements are rendered involuntary as a matter of law. State v. Stephens, 300 N.C. 321, 266 S.E.2d 588 (1980).

In determining whether a defendant's statement was in fact voluntarily and understandingly made, the court must consider the totality of the circumstances of the case and may not rely upon any one circumstance standing alone and in isolation. State v. Richardson, 70 N.C. App. 509, 320 S.E.2d 900 (1985), rev'd on other grounds, 316 N.C. 594, 342 S.E.2d 823 (1986).

Mental Condition as a Factor. — Though defendant's mental condition is a factor to be considered, that factor standing alone will not render an otherwise voluntary confession inadmissible. State v. Leak, 90 N.C. App. 351, 368 S.E.2d 430 (1988).

Where defendant contended that the four and one-half hour delay in taking him before a judicial official after service of warrants was a coercive factor which rendered his confession involuntary, but he did not show any causal connection between the confession and the delay, no constitutional provision required exclusion of his statement on this ground. State v. Leak, 90 N.C. App. 351, 368 S.E.2d 430 (1988).

A confession obtained by the slightest emotions of hope or fear ought to be rejected. State v. Richardson, 70 N.C. App. 509, 320 S.E.2d 900, rev'd on other grounds, 316 N.C. 594, 342 S.E.2d 823 (1986).

Effect of Miranda Warnings. — The fact that the technical procedural requirements of Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436, 86 S. Ct. 1602, 16 L. Ed. 2d 694, 10 A.L.R.3d 974 (1966) are demonstrated by the prosecution does not, standing alone, control the question of whether a confession was voluntarily and understandingly made, but the answer to this question must be found from a consideration of the entire record. State v. Pruitt, 286 N.C. 442, 212 S.E.2d 92 (1975).

Custodial admonitions to an accused by police officers to tell the truth, standing alone, do not render a confession inadmissible. State v. Pruitt, 286 N.C. 442, 212 S.E.2d 92 (1975).

Intoxication when Confession Is Made. — Where a defendant pleads drunkenness as a bar to the admissibility of his confession, unless defendant's intoxication amounts to mania — that is, unless he is so drunk as to be unconscious of the meaning of his words — his intoxication does not render inadmissible his confession of facts tending to incriminate him. The extent of his intoxication when the confession was made, however, is a relevant circumstance bearing upon its credibility, and is a question exclusively for the jury's determination. State v. McClure, 280 N.C. 288, 185 S.E.2d 693 (1972); State v. Williams, 289 N.C. 439, 222 S.E.2d 242, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 45, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

Intoxication Held Not to Preclude Conclusion of Voluntariness. — Where officers did not begin questioning defendant until some two hours after a blood alcohol test, and one officer explicitly testified that defendant appeared sober during the interview and spoke rationally and coherently, and the trial court specifically found that defendant was not under the influence of alcohol during the interview, the fact that defendant may have experienced some lingering, mild intoxication at the time of the confession did not preclude the conclusion that he confessed voluntarily. State v. McKoy, 323 N.C. 1, 372 S.E.2d 12 (1988), death sentence vacated and remanded on other grounds, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990).

Hearing on Voluntariness. — When a purported confession of a defendant is offered into evidence and defendant objects, the trial judge, in the absence of the jury, hears evidence of both the State and the defendant upon the question of the voluntariness of defendant's statements. The general rule is that after such inquiry, when there is conflicting evidence offered at the voir dire hearing, the trial judge

shall make findings of fact to show the bases of his ruling on the admissibility of the evidence offered. State v. Moore, 275 N.C. 141, 166 S.E.2d 53 (1969).

In-custody statements attributed to a defendant, when offered by the State and objected to by the defendant, are inadmissible for any purpose unless, after a voir dire hearing in the absence of the jury, the court, based upon sufficient evidence, makes factual findings that such statements were voluntarily and understandingly made by the defendant after he had been fully advised as to his constitutional rights. State v. Strickland, 276 N.C. 253, 173 S.E.2d 129 (1970).

When the State offers a confession in a criminal trial and defendant objects, the competency of the confession must be determined by the trial judge in a preliminary inquiry in the absence of the jury. State v. Garnett, 24 N.C. App. 489, 211 S.E.2d 519, appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 262, 215 S.E.2d 622 (1975).

When a defendant challenges the admissibility of an in-custody confession, the trial judge must conduct a voir dire hearing to determine whether the confession was voluntarily made and whether the requirements of Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436, 86 S. Ct. 1602, 16 L. Ed. 2d 694, 10 A.L.R.3d 974 (1966) have been met. State v. Biggs, 289 N.C. 522, 223 S.E.2d 371 (1976).

When Findings Unnecessary. — When there is no conflict in the evidence on voir dire, it is not error to admit a confession without making specific findings. State v. Biggs, 289 N.C. 522, 223 S.E.2d 371 (1976).

Effect of Trial Court's Findings. — Trial judge's findings as to the voluntariness of a confession, and any other facts which determine whether it meets the requirements for admissibility, are conclusive if they are supported by competent evidence in the record. State v. Garnett, 24 N.C. App. 489, 211 S.E.2d 519, appeal dismissed, 287 N.C. 262, 215 S.E.2d 622 (1975); State v. Ferrell, 46 N.C. App. 52, 264 S.E.2d 134 (1980); State v. Leak, 90 N.C. App. 351, 368 S.E.2d 430 (1988).

In determining whether an in-custody statement is voluntarily and understandingly made, the trial court's findings of fact are conclusive on appeal if supported by competent evidence. State v. Travatello, 24 N.C. App. 511, 211 S.E.2d 467 (1975).

Review on Appeal. — Whether the conduct and language of investigating officers amounted to such threats or promises as to render a subsequent confession involuntary is a question of law reviewable on appeal. State v. Pruitt, 286 N.C. 442, 212 S.E.2d 92 (1975).

Whether conduct on the part of interrogating officers constitutes a threat or induces fear and whether a purported waiver has been knowingly and intelligently given are questions of law reviewable on appeal. State v. Ferrell, 46 N.C. App. 52, 264 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

If the State offers a part of a confession, the accused may require the whole confession to be admitted into evidence. State v. Davis, 289 N.C. 500, 223 S.E.2d 296, death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 809, 97 S. Ct. 45, 50 L. Ed. 2d 69 (1976).

Inculpatory Statements of Codefendants. — Court did not err in allowing into evidence "sanitized" versions of purported statements by codefendants which were inculpatory of each other. State v. Ferrell, 46 N.C. App. 52, 264 S.E.2d 134 (1980).

Admission of Confessions Upheld. — When a defendant has been given all the warnings required by the State and federal rules of evidence, and he understands them, and freely and voluntarily waives the right to have right to counsel and freely and voluntarily makes a confession, then the admission of this confession in evidence at a jury trial does not violate defendant's right against self-incrimination. State v. Thompson, 285 N.C. 181, 203 S.E.2d 781, cert. denied, 419 U.S. 867, 95 S. Ct. 123, 42 L. Ed. 2d 104 (1974).

Where the trial court found that defendant was fully apprised of his rights to counsel and to remain silent, that he said he understood them, that he did not appear to be under the influence of drugs, and that he knew what he was doing, the trial court ruled correctly that his subsequent confession was admissible. State v. Travatello, 24 N.C. App. 511, 211 S.E.2d 467 (1975).

Although defendant contended that his lack of sleep and food and his heavy use of drugs and alcohol shortly before his periods of interrogation rendered any in-custody statement involuntary, where after an extensive voir dire hearing the trial court found that defendant was not interrogated on the evening of his arrest because he was drunk, defendant was not under the influence of intoxicating liquors or drugs and was furnished food and coffee when interrogated on the following day, defendant was read his rights before questioning began, and defendant signed a waiver of his rights, the in-custody statement was freely, understandingly and voluntarily made and was therefore properly admitted into evidence. State v. Carter, 289 N.C. 35, 220 S.E.2d 313 (1975), death sentence vacated, 429 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3212, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1211 (1976).

In a prosecution for armed robbery, the testimony of a witness employed as a dispatcher by the police department relating defendant's in-custody confession of guilt was admissible notwithstanding the dispatcher's failure to advise defendant of his constitutional rights, where the dispatcher questioned defendant while visiting a relative who shared defendant's cell, was not in any way acting as a police officer,

and was not, in fact, a police officer. State v. Johnson, 29 N.C. App. 141, 223 S.E.2d 400, cert. denied, 290 N.C. 310, 225 S.E.2d 831 (1976).

In a prosecution for driving under the influence, the trial court did not err in admitting defendant's confession made to a police officer where the court found that defendant was properly advised of his rights; he knowingly waived his rights; he pointed to or told the officer of the wreck and described the location where he had the wreck; and his answers to the questions were free, voluntary, and not coerced by the officer; and the fact that defendant was intoxicated at the time of his confession did not require its exclusion. State v. Spencer, 46 N.C. App. 507, 265 S.E.2d 451 (1980).

Confession made by 14 year old defendant in murder case held voluntary. State v. Bunnell, 340 N.C. 74, 455 S.E.2d 426 (1995).

VI. WITNESS FEES, COSTS, ETC.

Payment of Witness Fees. — This provision, exempting an acquitted defendant from payment of necessary witness fees of the defense, does not require that they shall be paid by the public; the section operates only to deprive the witnesses of their common-law right to look to defendant for payment. State v. Hicks, 124 N.C. 829, 32 S.E. 957 (1899).

Assistance of a Pathologist. — Even though defendant's identity as the perpetrator of the crime charged was critical, and the state's case was built on circumstantial evidence, defendant failed to satisfy his burden of showing either that the assistance of a pathologist would have materially aided him in the preparation of his defense or that the lack thereof deprived him of a fair trial. State v. Moseley, 338 N.C. 1, 449 S.E.2d 412 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1091, 115 S. Ct. 1815, 131 L. Ed. 2d 738 (1995).

Sec. 24. Right of jury trial in criminal cases.

No person shall be convicted of any crime but by the unanimous verdict of a jury in open court. The General Assembly may, however, provide for other means of trial for misdemeanors, with the right of appeal for trial de novo.

Cross References. — As to jurors, generally, see § 9-1 et seq. As to the rights of defendants in criminal cases to grand juries and trial juries from which persons have not been arbitrarily excluded on discriminatory grounds, see also N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and the notes thereunder. For provision prohibiting exclusion from jury service on discriminatory grounds, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 26.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 13, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — For case law survey as to indictment and trial by jury, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 878 (1967).

For note on jurisdiction of courts-martial to try servicemen for civilian offenses, see 48 N.C.L. Rev. 380 (1970).

For note on juries in the juvenile justice system, see 48 N.C.L. Rev. 666 (1970).

For note on right to jury trial in criminal contempt proceedings, see 6 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 356 (1970).

For comment on capital sentencing statute, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 765 (1980).

For survey of 1982 law on criminal procedure, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1090 (1983).

For article, "State v. McCarver: The Role of Jury Unanimity in Capital Sentencing," see 74 N.C.L. Rev. 2061 (1996).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Unanimous Verdict of Twelve.
III. Selection of Jurors.
IV. Petty Misdemeanors.

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 13, Const. 1868, before and after its amendment in 1946.*

The defendant has an absolute constitutional right to plead not guilty and be tried by a jury. He should not and could not be punished for exercising that right. State v. Langford, 319 N.C. 340, 354 S.E.2d 523 (1987).

Common-Law Principle. — It is a fundamental principle of the common law, declared in Magna Charta and incorporated in this section, that no person shall be convicted of any crime but by the unanimous verdict of a jury in open court. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

The essential attributes of trial by jury, as guaranteed by this section, are the number of jurors, their impartiality and a unanimous verdict. State v. Dalton, 206 N.C. 507, 174 S.E. 422 (1934).

Trial as to Each Essential Element. — Defendant is entitled as of right to a jury trial as to every essential element of the crime charged, including the question as to his identity. State v. Lewis, 274 N.C. 438, 164 S.E.2d 177 (1968); State v. Williams, 295 N.C. 655, 249 S.E.2d 709 (1978).

It is fundamental that one charged with a crime in this state is entitled, as a matter of right, under both the federal and State Constitutions, to a jury trial as to every essential element of the crime charged. However, the punishment imposed is generally not an element of the crime. State v. Field, 75 N.C. App. 647, 331 S.E.2d 221, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 315 N.C. 186, 337 S.E.2d 582 (1985).

The right to be tried by one's peers of the vicinage is subject to the ability to secure a fair trial; both defendant and the State are entitled to a fair trial, and a fair trial requires an impartial jury; where it appeared necessary to judge to remove the case to some neighboring county in order to secure a fair trial, such removal to a neighboring county did not violate the constitutional prohibition. State v. Chandler, 324 N.C. 172, 376 S.E.2d 728 (1989).

"Open Court" Not Applicable to Civil Proceedings. — This section is directed to an "open court" proceeding during a criminal conviction only, and it is not applicable to civil proceedings. WSOC Television, Inc. v. State ex rel. Att'y Gen., 107 N.C. App. 448, 420 S.E.2d 682, cert. denied, 333 N.C. 168, 424 S.E.2d 905 (1992).

Jury Trial May Not Be Waived After Plea of Not Guilty. — A defendant in a criminal prosecution for a felony or a misdemeanor may not waive his constitutional right to trial by jury in the superior court after entering a plea of "not guilty" without changing his plea, nor may the General Assembly permit him to do so by statute; and where the court, after a plea of "not guilty," finds the defendant guilty without a jury trial, the judgment will be stricken out and the cause remanded. State v. Hill, 209 N.C. 53, 182 S.E. 716 (1935). See also, State v. Muse, 219 N.C. 226, 13 S.E.2d 229 (1941).

A jury trial cannot be waived in a criminal action; hence, where the facts were agreed upon by the State and the accused and submitted to the judge for his decision, it was held that such a procedure was not warranted by the law. State v. Holt, 90 N.C. 749 (1884).

Where a defendant enters a plea of "not guilty" in the superior court, he may not thereafter, without being permitted to change his plea, waive his constitutional right of trial by jury. State v. Rogers, 162 N.C. 656, 78 S.E. 293, 46 L.R.A. (n.s.) 38, 1914A Ann. Cas. 867 (1913). See also, State v. Hartsfield, 188 N.C. 357, 124 S.E. 629 (1924).

Upon defendant's appeal from judgment and sentence by the court after defendant had entered a conditional plea of guilty, the case would be remanded in order that a jury may pass upon defendant's guilt or innocence in accordance with defendant's constitutional right. State v. Ellis, 210 N.C. 170, 185 S.E. 662 (1936).

In the superior court, on indictment originating therein, trials by jury in a criminal action cannot be waived by the accused. State v. Lewis, 274 N.C. 438, 164 S.E.2d 177 (1968).

It is rudimentary that a trial by jury in a criminal action cannot be waived by the accused in the superior court as long as his plea remains "not guilty." State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

When a defendant pleads not guilty in cases where a trial by jury is guaranteed by the organic law, he must be tried by a jury of twelve, and he cannot waive jury trial. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

The right to a jury trial is not only guaranteed by the Sixth Amendment to the United States Constitution, but under the North Carolina Constitution the right also can not be waived by a defendant who pleads not guilty. State v. Thompson, 118 N.C. App. 33, 454 S.E.2d 271 (1995).

Thoughtful and full deliberation in an effort to achieve unanimity has only a salutary effect on our judicial system: It tends to prevent arbitrary and capricious sentence recommendations. State v. McCarver, 341 N.C. 364, 462 S.E.2d 25 (1995), cert. denied, 517 U.S. 1110, 116 S. Ct. 1332, 134 L. Ed. 2d 482 (1996).

And this applies to misdemeanors as well as to the more serious offenses. State v. Pulliam, 184 N.C. 681, 114 S.E. 394 (1922).

But Plea of Guilty Renders Jury Unnecessary. — A defendant may plead guilty, or nolo contendere, or autrefois convict, and the impaneling of a jury is unnecessary. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

Conviction by Jury Necessary to Punishment. — It is fundamental that a defendant charged with crime, other than a petty misdemeanor, who pleads not guilty, may be punished only after conviction by a jury. State v. Ellis, 262 N.C. 446, 137 S.E.2d 840 (1964).

A criminal defendant may not be punished at sentencing for exercising his constitutional right to trial by jury. State v. Cannon, 326 N.C. 37, 387 S.E.2d 450 (1990).

Where it can reasonably be inferred from the language of the trial judge that the sentence was imposed at least in part because defendant did not agree to a plea offer by the State and insisted on a trial by jury, defendant's constitutional right to trial by jury has been abridged, and a new sentencing hearing must result. State v. Cannon, 326 N.C. 37, 387 S.E.2d 450 (1990).

A trial by a jury which is improperly constituted is so fundamentally flawed that the verdict cannot stand; thus, defendant was entitled to a new sentencing hearing where an alternate juror was substituted for a juror who was dismissed after participating in half a day of deliberations. State v. Bunning, 346 N.C. 253, 485 S.E.2d 290 (1997).

A party moving for a new trial grounded upon misrepresentation by a juror during voir dire must show: (1) the juror concealed material information during voir dire; (2) the moving party exercised due diligence during voir dire to uncover the information; (3) and the juror demonstrated actual bias or bias implied as a matter of law that prejudiced the moving party. State v. Buckom, 126 N.C. App. 368, 485 S.E.2d 319 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 973, 118 S. Ct. 425, 139 L. Ed. 2d 326 (1998).

Denial of a party's right to exercise intelligent peremptory strikes, based solely upon juror misrepresentation during voir dire, is not guaranteed by Art. I, §§ 19 and 24 of the North Carolina Constitution. State v. Buckom, 126 N.C. App. 368, 485 S.E.2d 319 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 973, 118 S. Ct. 425, 139 L. Ed. 2d 326 (1998).

Defendant's Sentence Need Not Be Based on Unanimous Recommendation. — Neither Art. I, § 24, nor any other provision of the North Carolina Constitution requires that a defendant's sentence be based upon a unanimous recommendation of a jury. State v. Baldwin, 330 N.C. 446, 412 S.E.2d 31 (1992).

Special Verdict in Trial for Nonsupport. — In a prosecution under § 49-2, a verdict upon the issues of paternity and nonsupport, if resolved in favor of the State, is sufficient to support a judgment against defendant without a general verdict by the jury of guilty. This does not contravene the provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 23 requiring trial and verdict by jury in criminal cases. State v. Ellis, 262 N.C. 446, 137 S.E.2d 840 (1964).

Jury Request to Review Testimony. — Both this section and § 15A-1233 require the trial court to summon all jurors into the courtroom before hearing and addressing a jury request to review testimony, and to exercise its discretion in denying or granting the request. Failure of the trial court to comply with these mandates entitles defendant to press these points on appeal, notwithstanding his failure to object at trial. State v. Ashe, 314 N.C. 28, 331 S.E.2d 652 (1985).

The trial judge's response to the jury's request to review certain testimony by sending a message to the jury through the bailiff, rather than by addressing the jury as a whole in open court, though erroneous, was not prejudicial to defendant. State v. McLaughlin, 320 N.C. 564, 359 S.E.2d 768 (1987).

Judge's Communication with Jury Via Written Notes. — Judge's communication with jury in the jury room via written notes violated the requirements of § 15A-1233(a); however, where the judge communicated with all jurors, his notes having been delivered to the jury as a whole, there was no violation of the North Carolina Constitution, and defendant failed to show other prejudice. State v. Colvin, 92 N.C. App. 152, 374 S.E.2d 126 (1988), cert. denied, 324 N.C. 249, 377 S.E.2d 758 (1989).

Conversation Between Court and Juror. — Where the record established that the substance of a conversation between a juror and the court related to the juror's having "overheard something about the case," where the court excused the juror, and to insure that "no one should be suspicious" about his ability to be fair and impartial, this juror was removed from the case prior to deliberations, and where no other juror indicated that he or she had overheard anything about the case, the conversation between the court and the juror could not have influenced the verdict. State v. Harrington, 335 N.C. 105, 436 S.E.2d 235 (1993).

Inquiry by Trial Judge as to Jury's Numerical Split. — In the absence of a federal or state constitutional basis requiring the adoption of a per se rule, the court will look to the "totality of the circumstances" in evaluating a trial judge's inquiry as to a jury's numerical split. State v. Yarborough, 64 N.C. App. 500, 307 S.E.2d 794 (1983).

The context of inquiry as to the jury's numerical split may show that the inquiry is coercive, but such an inquiry is not inherently coercive or violative of this section's guarantee of the right to a trial by jury. State v. Yarborough, 64 N.C. App. 500, 307 S.E.2d 794 (1983).

An inquiry into a jury's numerical division is often useful in timing recesses, in determining whether there has been any progress toward verdict, and in deciding whether to declare a mistrial because of a dead-locked jury. State v. Yarborough, 64 N.C. App. 500, 307 S.E.2d 794 (1983); State v. Fowler, 312 N.C. 304, 322 S.E.2d 389 (1984).

Inquiries into the division of the jury are not a per se violation of this section when the trial court makes it clear that it does not desire to know whether the majority is for conviction or acquittal. Such inquiries are not inherently

coercive, and without more do not violate the right to trial by jury guaranteed by the North Carolina Constitution. The appropriate standard is whether in the totality of the circumstances the inquiry is coercive. State v. Fowler, 312 N.C. 304, 322 S.E.2d 389 (1984).

Trial judge's questions about the numerical division of a jury do not constitute a per se violation of this section. Rather, the proper analysis is whether, in considering the totality of the circumstances, the inquiry was coercive. State v. Bussey, 321 N.C. 92, 361 S.E.2d 564 (1987).

The disjunctive phrasing of the jury instruction was not a fatal ambiguity which resulted in a nonunanimous jury verdict. State v. Oliver, 343 N.C. 202, 470 S.E.2d 16 (1996).

Polling of Jurors Was Proper. — Where each of the jurors individually was told the charges for which the jury had returned a guilty verdict and was asked whether this was their verdict and whether they still assented to the verdict there was no error in the manner in which the jury was polled. State v. Ramseur, 338 N.C. 502, 450 S.E.2d 467 (1994).

Judge's Warning to Restrict Public Egress Was Proper. — Where trial judge informed those in the courtroom that he was concerned that the jury would be distracted by the movement of spectators in and out of the room and where he consequently warned them that if they wished to leave the courtroom, they should do so immediately, for they would not be allowed to do so after closing arguments began, barring an emergency, the order was not a denial of a public trial in violation of this section since judge did not vacate the courtroom nor bar the courtroom door without due warning to those within and without, and since the judge was authorized under § 15A-1034(a) to impose reasonable limitations on access to the courtroom. State v. Clark, 324 N.C. 146, 377 S.E.2d 54 (1989).

Clearing Courtroom During Testimony of Child Rape Victim. — In a prosecution for first-degree rape of a child, the constitutional right of defendant to a public trial was not violated by the court's order that, during the testimony of the seven-year-old victim, the courtroom be cleared of all persons except defendant, defendant's family, defense counsel, defense witnesses, the prosecutor, the State's witnesses, officers of the court, members of the jury, and members of the victim's family. State v. Burney, 302 N.C. 529, 276 S.E.2d 693 (1981).

Juvenile Proceedings. — Constitutional guaranty of trial by jury has no application to a proceeding under the Juvenile Court Act. In re Burrus, 275 N.C. 517, 169 S.E.2d 879 (1969), aff'd sub nom. McKeiver v. Pennsylvania, 403 U.S. 528, 91 S. Ct. 1976, 29 L. Ed. 2d 647 (1970).

Absent a statute providing for a jury trial, it is almost universally held that in juvenile court delinquency proceedings the alleged delinquent has no right under the pertinent State or federal Constitutions to demand that the issue of his delinquency be determined by a jury. In re Burrus, 275 N.C. 517, 169 S.E.2d 879 (1969), aff'd sub nom. McKeiver v. Pennsylvania, 403 U.S. 528, 91 S. Ct. 1976, 29 L. Ed. 2d 647 (1970).

The bifurcated procedure that the legislature has established for impaired driving cases, with the jury determining whether § 20-138.1 has been violated and the judge determining the length of punishment required under § 20-179, is constitutional. State v. Field, 75 N.C. App. 647, 331 S.E.2d 221, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 315 N.C. 186, 337 S.E.2d 582 (1985).

Because the factors before the trial judge in determining sentencing are not elements of the offense, their consideration for purposes of sentencing is a function of the judge and is not susceptible to constitutional challenge based upon either the right to a jury trial under U.S. Const., Amend. VI or this section. State v. Denning, 316 N.C. 523, 342 S.E.2d 855 (1986), involving sentencing under § 20-179 for impaired driving.

Increase in Punishment Based on Aggravating Factor. — Trial judge's increasing of defendant's punishment under the Safe Roads Act of 1983 after a finding of a grossly aggravating factor, namely, that defendant had a prior conviction for a similar offense within seven years, did not in any way deprive defendant of his right to jury trial. State v. Denning, 76 N.C. App. 156, 332 S.E.2d 203 (1985), modified and aff'd, 316 N.C. 523, 342 S.E.2d 855 (1986).

Driver's License Revocation. — Since an action to revoke a driver's license is a civil action, jury trial is not necessary. State v. Carlisle, 20 N.C. App. 358, 201 S.E.2d 704 (1973), aff'd, 285 N.C. 229, 204 S.E.2d 15 (1974).

Disbarment Proceedings. — In disbarment proceedings, respondent's exception on the ground that the proceedings deprived him of his right to trial by jury was untenable when the matters in issue were determined by a jury upon his appeal to the superior court. In re West, 212 N.C. 189, 193 S.E. 134 (1937).

The North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act was held not to be unconstitutional as impairing the right of trial by jury guaranteed by this section. Hanks v. Southern Pub. Util. Co., 204 N.C. 155, 167 S.E. 560 (1933).

Subsection (c) of § 15A-928 does not violate the right to jury trial embodied in this section. State v. Smith, 291 N.C. 438, 230 S.E.2d 644 (1976).

Determination of Appropriate Sentence. — North Carolina courts have long adhered to

the principle forbidding a trial court from improperly considering the defendant's exercise of her rights under this provision of the Constitution as an influential factor in determining the appropriate sentence. State v. Pavone, 104 N.C. App. 442, 410 S.E.2d 1 (1991).

Applied in State v. Jarrette, 284 N.C. 625, 202 S.E.2d 721 (1974); State v. Parker, 29 N.C. App. 413, 224 S.E.2d 280 (1976); State v. Boone, 293 N.C. 702, 239 S.E.2d 459 (1977); State v. Coats, 301 N.C. 216, 270 S.E.2d 422 (1980); State v. Deyton, 59 N.C. App. 326, 296 S.E.2d 497 (1982); State v. McEntire, 71 N.C. App. 720, 323 S.E.2d 439 (1984); State v. Britt, 93 N.C. App. 126, 377 S.E.2d 79 (1989); State v. Patterson, 332 N.C. 409, 420 S.E.2d 98 (1992); State v. Honaker, 111 N.C. App. 216, 431 S.E.2d 869 (1993).

Quoted in Lofton v. Lofton, 26 N.C. App. 203, 215 S.E.2d 861 (1975); State v. Hall, 305 N.C. 77, 286 S.E.2d 552 (1982).

Stated in State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981); State v. Davis, 305 N.C. 400, 290 S.E.2d 574 (1982).

Cited in State v. Avery, 315 N.C. 1, 337 S.E.2d 786 (1985); State v. Gilliam, 317 N.C. 293, 344 S.E.2d 783 (1986); State v. Belton, 318 N.C. 141, 347 S.E.2d 755 (1986); State v. Davis, 86 N.C. App. 25, 356 S.E.2d 607 (1987); State v. Kennedy, 320 N.C. 20, 357 S.E.2d 359 (1987); State v. Mitchell, 321 N.C. 650, 365 S.E.2d 554 (1988); State v. Godwin, 95 N.C. App. 565, 383 S.E.2d 234 (1989); State v. Hope, 96 N.C. App. 498, 386 S.E.2d 224 (1989); Ragan v. County of Alamance, 98 N.C. App. 636, 391 S.E.2d 825 (1990); State v. Thomas, 329 N.C. 423, 407 S.E.2d 141 (1991), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 824, 118 S. Ct. 84, 139 L. Ed. 2d 41 (1997); In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991); State v. Robinson, 330 N.C. 1, 409 S.E.2d 288 (1991); State v. Lyons, 330 N.C. 298, 412 S.E.2d 308 (1991); State v. Ainsworth, 109 N.C. App. 136, 426 S.E.2d 410 (1993); State v. Harris, 333 N.C. 544, 428 S.E.2d 823 (1993); State v. Nelson, 341 N.C. 695, 462 S.E.2d 225 (1995); State v. Thomas, 344 N.C. 639, 477 S.E.2d 450 (1996), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 824, 118 S. Ct. 84, 139 L. Ed. 2d 41 (1997); State v. Bond, 345 N.C. 1, 478 S.E.2d 163 (1996), reh'g denied, 345 N.C. 355, 479 S.E.2d 210, cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1124, 117 S. Ct. 2521, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1022 (1997); State v. Larry, 345 N.C. 497, 481 S.E.2d 907 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 917, 118 S. Ct. 304, 139 L. Ed. 2d 234 (1997); State v. Cummings, 346 N.C. 291, 488 S.E.2d 550 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1092, 118 S. Ct. 886, 139 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1998); Green v. French, 143 F.3d 865 (4th Cir. 1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 844, 142 L. Ed. 2d 698 (1999).

II. UNANIMOUS VERDICT OF TWELVE.

Jury Must Have 12 Persons. — It is elementary that the jury provided by law for the trial of indictments is composed of 12 persons; a less number is not a jury. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

And No More. — If a defendant in a felony trial cannot consent to a trial by fewer than 12 jurors, it is clear that he cannot assent to deliberations by more than 12. State v. Rowe, 30 N.C. App. 115, 226 S.E.2d 231 (1976).

A verdict by 11 jurors is a nullity, despite defendant's failure to assign his conviction by 11 jurors as error. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

Unanimous Verdict of 12 Required. — A verdict of guilty rendered by a number of jurors less than 12 is unconstitutional. State v. Berry, 190 N.C. 363, 130 S.E. 12 (1925).

No person may be finally convicted of any crime except by the unanimous consent of 12 jurors who have been duly impaneled to try his case. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

It has never been doubted that the Constitution of this State requires a unanimous verdict for a valid conviction for any crime. State v. Williams, 286 N.C. 422, 212 S.E.2d 113 (1975).

To convict a defendant, the jurors must unanimously agree that the State has proven beyond a reasonable doubt each and every essential element of the crime charged. State v. Jordan, 305 N.C. 274, 287 S.E.2d 827 (1982); State v. McDougall, 308 N.C. 1, 301 S.E.2d 308, cert. denied, 464 U.S. 865, 104 S. Ct. 197, 78 L. Ed. 2d 173 (1983); 501 U.S. 1223, 111 S. Ct. 2840, 115 L. Ed. 2d 1009 (1991).

Verdict Unaffected by Subsequent Change of Mind. — If the jury is unanimous at the time the verdict is returned, the fact that some of them change their minds at any time thereafter is of no consequence; the verdict rendered remains valid and must be upheld. State v. Black, 328 N.C. 191, 400 S.E.2d 398 (1991).

Risk of Nonunanimous Verdict. — The risk of a nonunanimous verdict arises if the trial court instructs the jury that it may find the defendant guilty of the crime charged on either of two alternative grounds and each alternative ground constitutes a separate and distinct offense. State v. Petty, — N.C. App. —, 512 S.E.2d 428 (1999).

There is no risk of a nonunanimous verdict where the statute under which the defendant is charged criminalizes a single wrong that may be proved by evidence of the commission of any one of a number of acts, and the court instructs the jury disjunctively as to various alternative acts that will establish an element of the offense, because in such a case the particular act performed is immaterial. State v. Petty, — N.C. App. —, 512 S.E.2d 428 (1999).

Determination of Ambiguity As to Verdict Unanimity. — If a statute criminalizes two or more discrete and separate wrongs, and a jury instruction permitting conviction on either of two alternative grounds possibly could result in a nonunanimous verdict, the court must examine the verdict, the charge, the jury instructions, and the evidence to determine whether any ambiguity as to unanimity has been removed. State v. Petty, — N.C. App. —, 512 S.E.2d 428 (1999).

Submission of an issue to the jury in the disjunctive is reversible error if it renders the issue ambiguous and thereby prevents the jury from reaching a unanimous verdict. State v. Diaz, 317 N.C. 545, 346 S.E.2d 488 (1986).

A verdict of guilty following submission in the disjunctive of two or more possible crimes to the jury in a single issue is ambiguous and therefore fatally defective. State v. Diaz, 317 N.C. 545, 346 S.E.2d 488 (1986).

By instructing the jury that it could find defendant guilty of trafficking in marijuana if it found that defendant knowingly possessed or knowingly transported 10,000 pounds or more of marijuana, the trial judge submitted two possible crimes to the jury, as the jury could find defendant guilty if it found that he committed either or both of the crimes submitted to it. Thus, the jury's verdict of guilty was fatally defective because it was ambiguous, depriving defendant of his constitutional right to be convicted by a unanimous jury. State v. Diaz, 317 N.C. 545, 346 S.E.2d 488 (1986).

The trial court committed reversible error in instructing the jury that it could convict the defendant of first degree sex offense if it found that he forced the victim to perform either fellatio or anal intercourse, as defendant had a constitutional right to be convicted by the unanimous verdict of a jury in open court, and under this instruction there was no way to tell whether the defendant was convicted of second degree sexual offense because the jury unanimously agreed that the defendant engaged in fellatio, anal intercourse, both fellatio and anal intercourse, or whether some members of the jury found that he engaged in fellatio but not anal intercourse, and some found that he engaged in anal intercourse but not fellatio. State v. Callahan, 86 N.C. App. 88, 356 S.E.2d 403 (1987), aff'd, 93 N.C. App. 579, 378 S.E.2d 812 (1989).

A disjunctive jury instruction on a first-degree sexual offense did not risk a nonunanimous verdict by defining a sexual act as either cunnilingus or penetration, where the statutory definition of "sexual act" did not create disparate offenses, but merely enumerated alternative methods of showing the commission of a sexual act. State v. Petty, — N.C. App. —, 512 S.E.2d 428 (1999).

Instructions in a disjunctive form on the charge of maliciously assaulting in a secret manner were fatally ambiguous, thereby resulting in an uncertain verdict in violation of defendant's right to a unanimous verdict. State v. Lyons, 330 N.C. 298, 410 S.E.2d 906 (1991).

Unanimous Verdict of Single Offense. — Permitting the jury to consider the DWI defendant's driving both at the time of the accident as well as when he later returned to the accident scene in his truck did not result in him being convicted on less than a unanimous verdict, since this section proscribes a single offense, not crimes in the disjunctive, and even if all jurors did not agree as to the time and extent of the defendant's drunkenness, they unanimously found him guilty of the single offense of impaired driving. State v. McCaslin, — N.C. App. —, 511 S.E.2d 347 (1999).

Capital Cases. — Verdict of death in a capital case must be by unanimous vote of the 12 jurors. State v. Kirkley, 308 N.C. 196, 302 S.E.2d 144 (1983), overruled on other grounds, State v. Shank, 322 N.C. 243, 367 S.E.2d 639 (1988).

Trial judge correctly instructed jury that it could find immoral, improper, or indecent liberties with a child upon a finding that defendant either improperly touched his son or induced his son to touch him; the instruction did not permit conviction by less than a unanimous verdict. State v. Hartness, 326 N.C. 561, 391 S.E.2d 177 (1990).

Verdict Declared Unanimous Despite Initial Unresponsiveness. — Where the trial court, upon receiving an unresponsive answer to question concerning the unanimity of the verdict, repeated the question and received a responsive and affirmative answer, there was no ambiguity in the announcement of the verdict and defendant was convicted in the fashion provided for by the Constitution. State v. Coats, 46 N.C. App. 615, 265 S.E.2d 486, aff'd, 301 N.C. 216, 270 S.E.2d 422 (1980).

Right to Poll Jury. — When requested in apt time, both defendant and the prosecuting attorney for the State have a legal right to demand that the jury be polled. Davis v. State, 273 N.C. 533, 160 S.E.2d 697 (1968).

The defendant was entitled as a matter of right to know whether each juror assented to the verdict, announced by the juror who undertook to answer for the jury, and to that end he had the right to insist that a specific question be addressed to and answered by each juror in open court, as to whether he assented to said verdict. State v. Boger, 202 N.C. 702, 163 S.E. 877 (1932).

When requested in apt time, a party is enti-

tled to have the jury polled; that is, to have an inquiry directed to each juror in order to ascertain his assent to the announced verdict. When the jury is so polled and the verdict is challenged, the record must affirmatively establish that each juror assented to the verdict entered. State v. Dow, 246 N.C. 644, 99 S.E.2d 860 (1957).

The right to have the jury polled is surely one of the best safeguards for the protection of the accused, and as an incident to jury trials would seem to be a constitutional right, and its exercise only a mode, more satisfactory to the prisoner, of ascertaining the fact that it is the verdict of the whole jury. Davis v. State, 273 N.C. 533, 160 S.E.2d 697 (1968); State v. Ingland, 278 N.C. 42, 178 S.E.2d 577 (1971).

A defendant has a constitutional right, upon timely request, to have the jury polled as a corollary to his right to a unanimous verdict. State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976).

The right to a poll of the jury in criminal actions is firmly established by this section and by statute. State v. Black, 328 N.C. 191, 400 S.E.2d 398 (1991).

Polling of Jury Described. — The polling of the jury is a procedure whereby the jurors are asked individually the finding they have arrived at. The practice requires each juror to answer for himself, thus creating an individual response. Davis v. State, 273 N.C. 533, 160 S.E.2d 697 (1968).

A criminal defendant's right to have the jury polled is the right to have questions propounded to the jurors, individually, concerning whether each juror assented and still assents to the verdict tendered to the court. State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976).

The predominant purpose of the poll is to ascertain if the verdict as tendered by the jury is the unanimous verdict of a jury in open court, as prescribed by this section. Lipscomb v. Cox, 195 N.C. 502, 142 S.E. 779 (1928).

The object of the jury poll is to give each juror an opportunity, before the verdict is recorded, to declare in open court his assent to the verdict which the foreman has returned, and thus to enable the court and the parties to ascertain with certainty that a unanimous verdict has been in fact reached and that no juror has been coerced or induced to agree to a verdict to which he has not fully assented. Davis v. State, 273 N.C. 533, 160 S.E.2d 697 (1968); State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976); State v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 522, 300 S.E.2d 861 (1983).

By having the jury polled, a defendant can ascertain if there has been any misunderstanding of the requirement of unanimity by any juror. State v. Ingland, 278 N.C. 42, 178 S.E.2d 577 (1971).

The rationale behind requiring that any polling of the jury be before dispersal is to ensure that nothing extraneous to the jury's deliberations can cause any of the jurors to change their minds. State v. Black, 328 N.C. 191, 400 S.E.2d 398 (1991).

The purpose of polling the jury is to ensure that the jurors unanimously agree with and consent to the verdict at the time it is rendered. State v. Black, 328 N.C. 191, 400 S.E.2d 398 (1991).

Only two questions are necessary to elicit whether the juror assented in the jury room and still assents in open court to the jury verdict. The first is: "Was this your verdict?" The addition of the second question "Is this now your verdict?" relates to the same time period addressed in the third question, "Do you still agree and assent thereto?" The second and third questions refer to the present in-court state of mind of the juror and serve only to emphasize by repetition that the crucial assent is the juror's assent to the verdict when he returns to the courtroom. State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976).

Right of Juror to Dissent. — Any juror may dissent from a verdict to which he has agreed in the jury room at any time before it is received and entered up. State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976).

When the verdict has been received from the foreman and has been entered, it is the duty of the clerk to cause the jury to hearken to their verdict as the court has it recorded, and to read it to them and say: "So say you all?" At this time any juror may retract on the ground of conscientious scruples, mistake, fraud, or otherwise, and his dissent would then be effectual. Davis v. State, 273 N.C. 533, 160 S.E.2d 697 (1968).

Verdict Not Defective Where Juror Eventually Freely Assents. — A jury verdict is not defective if it appears that a juror eventually freely assented to the verdict. State v. Asbury, 291 N.C. 164, 229 S.E.2d 175 (1976).

A verdict is not defective if a juror understood that he or she has a right to dissent and eventually freely assented to the verdict. State v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 522, 300 S.E.2d 861 (1983).

Charge on Unanimity Not Required in Absence of Request. — In the absence of a request, a trial judge is not required to charge the jury that its verdict must be unanimous. State v. Ingland, 278 N.C. 42, 178 S.E.2d 577 (1971).

Omission of Charge Held Harmless. — Where the jury was polled and all the jurors assented to the verdict in open court, defendant was assured that all the jurors agreed with the verdict rendered, and the omission of the charge on unanimity was entirely harmless.

State v. Ingland, 278 N.C. 42, 178 S.E.2d 577 (1971).

Selection of Alternate Juror Not Unconstitutional. — Former § 9-21 (see now § 9-18) providing that the court may order the selection of an alternate juror in those cases which seem likely to be protracted, does not infringe upon this constitutional provision. State v. Dalton, 206 N.C. 507, 174 S.E. 422 (1934).

But presence of alternate in the jury room during deliberations violates this section and § 9-18 and constitutes reversible error per se. State v. Bindyke, 288 N.C. 608, 220 S.E.2d 521 (1975); State v. Rowe, 30 N.C. App. 115, 226 S.E.2d 231 (1976); State v. Turner, 48 N.C. App. 606, 269 S.E.2d 270 (1980).

III. SELECTION OF JURORS.

The right to trial by jury carries with it the right to be tried before a body selected in such a manner that competing and divergent interests and perspectives in the community are reflected rather than reproduced absolutely. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Juror May Still Serve If Juror Can Lay Aside Opinion. — Notwithstanding a juror's opinion as to how a case should be decided, a juror may still serve if the court determines that the juror can lay aside his impression or opinion and render a verdict based on the evidence presented in court. State v. Mebane, 106 N.C. App. 516, 418 S.E.2d 245, cert. denied, 332 N.C. 670, 424 S.E.2d 414 (1992).

Systematic Exclusion of Members of Defendant's Race from Grand Jury Requires Quashing of Indictment. — This section of the Constitution requires the sustaining of a motion to quash an indictment of a defendant who proves that the members of his race have been systematically excluded from the juries of the county in which he has been indicted. State v. Peoples, 131 N.C. 784, 42 S.E. 814 (1902).

The provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 are to be so interpreted and that systematic exclusion from the grand jury of persons, otherwise qualified, because of their race, requires, upon motion duly made, the quashing of an indictment returned against a member of that race by such grand jury, irrespective of the fact that all members of the grand jury were, themselves, qualified jurors. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

But Exclusion of Class of Persons from Jury Service Will Not Always Invalidate Indictment. — Even the complete exclusion, by State law, of a group or class of persons from eligibility for jury service will not make invalid an indictment by a grand jury, selected in accordance with such State law, so long as there is no reasonable basis for the conclusion that the ineligible group or class would bring to the deliberations of the jury a point of view not otherwise represented upon it, at least where the defendant is not a member of the excluded group. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Petit juries must be drawn from a source fairly representative of the community; however, petit juries actually chosen need not mirror the community nor reflect the various distinctive groups in the population. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989), cert. denied, 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990).

Statistics of Underrepresentation. — Statistics concerning one jury pool, standing alone, are insufficient to show that underrepresentation of the defendant's race is due to systematic exclusion of the group in the jury selection process. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Showing Disproportionate Racial Representation. — To establish a prima facie case of disproportionate representation of a defendant's race in a jury venire, a defendant must show: (1) that the group alleged to be excluded is a "distinctive" group in the community; (2) that the group representation in venires from which juries are selected is not fair and reasonable in relation to the number of such persons in the community; and (3) that this underrepresentation is due to systematic exclusion of the group in the jury-selection process. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Evidence of Racial Exclusion Held Insufficient. — Mere statement in defendant's brief that the systematic maneuverings of the prosecutor excluded persons of defendant's race from the jury, which was not supported by the record, failed to show that members of defendant's race were systematically or arbitrarily excluded from the jury panel. State v. Waddell, 289 N.C. 19, 220 S.E.2d 293 (1975), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 904, 96 S. Ct. 3211, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1210 (1976).

The defendant failed to make a prima facie case of racially motivated peremptory challenges, where the State was willing to accept 40% of the blacks tendered. State v. Abbott, 320 N.C. 475, 358 S.E.2d 365 (1987).

Defendant found guilty of murder and robbery failed to establish a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the State's use of its peremptory challenges where the State's questions during voir dire focused on the prospective juror's feelings about capital punishment and the age of the juror, or his or her children,

as compared with defendant's age; the venire persons were brought into the courtroom individually, so neither defendant nor the State knew how many black citizens were present in the venire or whether a black citizen would be examined next, and three of the first four jurors seated were black, as were both defendant and the victim, thus diminishing the likelihood that racial issues were inextricably bound up with the conduct of the trial. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989), cert. denied, 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990).

A small sample of 40 jurors from the master list of jurors of a county alone was insufficient to establish a systematic exclusion of blacks from the jury pool. State v. McNeill, 326 N.C. 712, 392 S.E.2d 78 (1990).

Use of a jury box containing only the names of property owners was not per se discriminatory and did not unfairly narrow the choice of jurors so as to impinge on defendant's statutory or constitutional rights. State v. Rogers, 275 N.C. 411, 168 S.E.2d 345 (1969), cert. denied, 396 U.S. 1024, 90 S. Ct. 599, 24 L. Ed. 2d 518 (1970).

Exclusion of Age Group from Jury List. — The absence from the jury list of the names of persons between the ages of 18 and 21 during the period from July, 1971, the effective date of the amendment of § 9-3 lowering the age requirement for jurors from 21 years to 18 years, and September, 1971, the date of defendants' trial, was not unreasonable and did not constitute systematic exclusion of this age group from jury service. State v. Cornell, 281 N.C. 20, 187 S.E.2d 768 (1972).

Failure of defendant in a criminal prosecution to exhaust his peremptory challenges does not affect his right to attack an illegally constituted jury. State v. Emery, 224 N.C. 581, 31 S.E.2d 858 (1944).

The erroneous allowance of an improper challenge for cause does not entitle the adverse party to a new trial, so long as only those who are competent and qualified to serve are actually empaneled upon the jury which tried his case. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

Challenge of Jurors for Opposition to Death Penalty. — In a first degree murder prosecution, the trial court properly sustained the State's challenge for cause to each juror who stated that in no event and under no circumstances could he render a verdict of guilty against any person, regardless of the evidence, if the punishment was death. State v. Miller, 276 N.C. 681, 174 S.E.2d 481 (1970), death penalty vacated, 408 U.S. 937, 92 S. Ct. 2863, 33 L. Ed. 2d 755 (1972).

As to exclusion of jurors who voiced objections to death penalty, see also, State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

Death qualification of jurors does not violate this Article. State v. Smith, 320 N.C. 404, 358 S.E.2d 329 (1987).

"Death qualifying" juries in capital cases violates neither the United States Constitution nor the North Carolina Constitution. State v. Strickland, 321 N.C. 31, 361 S.E.2d 882 (1987).

It was not error under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 or this section for the prosecution to use its peremptory challenges to excuse veniremen who had qualms about the death penalty but were not excludable pursuant to Witherspoon v. Illinois, 391 U.S. 510, 88 S. Ct. 1770, 20 L. Ed. 2d 776, rehearing denied, 393 U.S. 898, 89 S. Ct. 67, 61 L. Ed. 2d 186 (1968). State v. Allen, 323 N.C. 208, 372 S.E.2d 855 (1988), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 1463, 108 L. Ed. 2d 601 (1990), in light of People ex rel. Boyer v. Teague, 106 N.C. 576, 11 S.E. 665 (1890), rehearing denied,.

A defendant has no vested right to a particular juror. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

But Only to Reject Prejudiced Jurors. — When no systematic exclusion is shown, defendant's right is only to reject a juror prejudiced against him; he has no right to select one prejudiced in his favor. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

The presence on the jury of a judge who had earlier presided over the defendant's arraignment, granted the defendant time to file motions and initiate discovery, and set the case for trial, violated the defendant's right to trial by a jury of 12, a right which is inalienable in North Carolina, and denied him liberty without due process of law, and the fact that neither party challenged the judge's presence on the jury was irrelevant. Cox v. Turlington, 648 F. Supp. 1553 (E.D.N.C. 1986).

IV. PETTY MISDEMEANORS.

Purpose. — The purpose of conferring on the legislature power to provide means of trial other than by jury for petty misdemeanors is to avoid the inconvenience, expense and delay attendant upon indictment by the grand jury and the trial by the jury where the parties choose to waive it, in the ordinary course of criminal procedure. State v. Crook, 91 N.C. 536 (1884). See also, State v. Boykin, 211 N.C. 407, 191 S.E. 18 (1937).

Indictment by grand jury is dispensed with in the trial of petty misdemeanors under this section. State v. Lytle, 138 N.C. 738, 51 S.E. 66 (1905).

Legislature May Provide Other Means of Trial. — The provisions of this section empower the legislature to provide means other than petit juries for the trial of petty misdemeanors, with the right of appeal. State v.

Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952); State v. Underwood, 244 N.C. 68, 92 S.E.2d 461 (1956).

The legislature has power to designate the unlawful possession and transportation of intoxicants a petty misdemeanor and to provide means of trial for the offense other than by indictment and trial by jury. State v. Shine, 222 N.C. 237, 22 S.E.2d 447 (1942).

In Inferior Courts. — It is permissible under this section for the General Assembly to provide for the trial of petty misdemeanors in inferior courts with the right of appeal to the superior court. State v. Lytle, 138 N.C. 738, 51 S.E. 66 (1905); State v. Brittain, 143 N.C. 668, 57 S.E. 352 (1907); State v. Hyman, 164 N.C. 411, 79 S.E. 284 (1913); State v. Tate, 169 N.C. 373, 85 S.E. 383 (1915); State v. Pasley, 180 N.C. 695, 104 S.E. 533 (1920); State v. Camby, 209 N.C. 50, 182 S.E. 715 (1935).

With Jury Trial De Novo on Appeal. — The only exception to the rule that nothing can be a conviction but the verdict of a jury is the constitutional authority granted the General Assembly to provide for the initial trial of misdemeanors in inferior courts without a jury, with trial de novo by a jury upon appeal. State v. Hudson, 280 N.C. 74, 185 S.E.2d 189 (1971), cert. denied, 414 U.S. 1160, 94 S. Ct. 920, 39 L. Ed. 2d 112 (1974).

The constitutional right of a defendant charged with a misdemeanor to have a jury trial is not infringed by the fact that he has first to submit to trial without a jury in the district court and then appeal to superior court in order to obtain a jury trial. State v. Sherron, 4 N.C. App. 386, 166 S.E.2d 836 (1969).

Right to Jury Trial Is Preserved by Requirement of Trial De Novo on Appeal. — The right of a trial by jury in a criminal action is preserved to the accused by the statutory requirement of a trial de novo in the superior court on appeal from a court of subordinate jurisdiction, and conviction in the superior court cannot be had unless upon the verdict of the jury, in accordance with the provisions of this section of the Constitution. State v. Pulliam, 184 N.C. 681, 114 S.E. 394 (1922).

The constitutional guaranty of a jury trial is met by the right of appeal which is given from an inferior court, in all cases, to the superior court. State v. Lytle, 138 N.C. 738, 51 S.E. 66 (1905). See also, State v. Hyman, 164 N.C. 411, 79 S.E. 284 (1913).

And Thus Jury Trials May Be Abolished in Inferior Courts. — Where defendants have the right to appeal to the superior court and obtain a trial de novo before a petit jury, the General Assembly may abolish jury trials in an inferior court by a direct enactment to that effect without transgressing this section. State v. Norman, 237 N.C. 205, 74 S.E.2d 602 (1953).

Waiver of Right of Appeal. — A person on trial for a misdemeanor in an inferior court with right of appeal to the superior court may waive his constitutional right to a trial by jury by consenting to the judgment therein entered, or by not appealing therefrom, and the fact that afterwards he employs an attorney and moves for appeal within the time allowed by the applicable statute will not affect the fact that he had personally acquiesced in the judgment entered. State v. Lakey, 191 N.C. 571, 132 S.E. 570 (1926).

Where, in a prosecution in the recorder's court for wilful failure to support his illegitimate child, defendant complied with the terms of the suspended judgment by making two payments according to its terms, paying the costs of court, and executing a compliance bond pursuant to the terms of the judgment, he would be deemed to have knowingly and intelligently waived his statutory right to appeal to the superior court. State v. Cooke, 268 N.C. 201, 150 S.E.2d 226 (1966).

Appellate Court May Increase Punishment in Trial De Novo. — Upon appeal from an inferior court for a trial de novo in the superior court, the superior court may impose punishment in excess of that imposed in the inferior court provided the punishment imposed does not exceed the statutory maximum. State v. Harrell, 281 N.C. 111, 187 S.E.2d 789 (1972).

Transfer of Untried Misdemeanors. — For case holding that statutes purporting to authorize the transfer of untried misdemeanor cases from an inferior court to the superior court and the initial trial of such transferred cases in the superior court upon the warrant of the inferior court repugnant to the declaration inherent in the second sentence of this section, that a person charged with the commission of a misdemeanor cannot be put on trial in the superior court upon the warrant of an inferior court unless he has been tried upon such warrant in the inferior court and has appealed from that court to the superior court, see State v. Thomas, 236 N.C. 454, 73 S.E.2d 283 (1952).

Assault and battery is not a petty misdemeanor within the proviso to this section. State v. Stewart, 89 N.C. 563 (1883); Schick v. United States, 195 U.S. 65, 24 S. Ct. 826, 49 L. Ed. 99 (1904).

Sec. 25. Right of jury trial in civil cases.

In all controversies at law respecting property, the ancient mode of trial by jury is one of the best securities of the rights of the people, and shall remain sacred and inviolable.

Cross References. — As to jury trials and waiver of same in civil cases, see § 1A-1, Rules 38 and 39.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the first sentence of Art. I, § 19, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — As to less than unanimous jury verdicts in civil cases, see 27 N.C.L. Rev. 539 (1949).

For note on the power of the court to increase a jury award by additur, see 37 N.C.L. Rev. 169 (1959).

For case law survey as to indictment and trial by jury, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 878 (1967).

For note on directed verdicts in favor of the party with the burden of proof, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 607 (1980).

For survey of 1981 constitutional law, see 60 N.C.L. Rev. 1272 (1982).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Specific Proceedings.

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 19, Const. 1868, before and after its amendment in 1946.*

This Section Applicable to Actions Respecting Property Only. — Though this section contains no such qualifications, it has been construed to apply only to actions respecting property in which the right to a jury trial existed either at common law, or by statute before the 1868 Constitution became operative; for actions created since then, the right to a jury trial depends upon statutory authority. State ex rel. Rhodes v. Simpson, 91 N.C. App. 517, 372 S.E.2d 312 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 325 N.C. 514, 385 S.E.2d 329 (1989).

Section Compared to N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 13. — There is not a conflict between this section and N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 13, but Art. IV, § 13 is more comprehensive. Faircloth v. Beard, 320 N.C. 505, 358 S.E.2d 512 (1987).

This section and N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 13 must be read in conjunction with one another. N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 13 merely establishes the form and procedure for the trial of all civil actions, including the procedure of having issues of fact decided by a jury in what were formerly equity proceedings; to determine whether there exists a constitutional right to trial by jury of a particular cause of action, one looks to this section, which ensures that there is a right to trial by jury where the underlying cause of action existed at the time of adoption of the 1868 Constitution, regardless of whether the action was formerly a proceeding in equity. Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

"Jury". — The word "jury" is to be given the signification which it had when the Constitution was adopted, i.e., a body of 12 men in a court of justice duly selected and impaneled in the case to be tried. State v. Emery, 224 N.C. 581, 31 S.E.2d 858 (1944), decided prior to the 1946 amendment to Art. I, § 19, Const. 1868, which amendment provided that no person should be excluded from jury service on account of sex.

"Trial". — The word "trial" refers to a dispute and issue of fact, and the expression "trial by jury," as used in this section, does not necessarily signify that every legal controversy is to be determined by a jury. Board of County Comm'rs v. George, 182 N.C. 414, 109 S.E. 77 (1921).

Similarity to Art. I, § 19, Const. 1868. — The provisions of this section are similar to the provisions of the first sentence of Art. I, § 19 of the Constitution of 1868. In re Annexation Ordinance, 284 N.C. 442, 202 S.E.2d 143 (1974).

For examination of historical development of the right to trial by jury, see Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

The ancient mode of trial by jury has been preserved in the present Constitution. Chesson v. Kieckhefer Container Co., 223 N.C. 378, 26 S.E.2d 904 (1943).

History teaches that a jury can best settle factual controversies, and for that reason jury trials ought to remain sacred and inviolable. Mangum v. Yow, 263 N.C. 525, 139 S.E.2d 537 (1965).

Right to Jury Trial Is Guaranteed. — The Constitution of North Carolina guarantees to every litigant the sacred and inviolable right to demand a trial by jury of the issues of fact

arising in all controversies respecting property, and he cannot be deprived of this right except by his own consent. Scott Poultry Co. v. Bryan Oil Co., 272 N.C. 16, 157 S.E.2d 693 (1967); Mathias v. Brumsey, 27 N.C. App. 558, 219 S.E.2d 646 (1975), cert. denied, 289 N.C. 140, 220 S.E.2d 798 (1976).

This section guarantees to every person the "sacred and inviolable" right to demand a jury trial of issues of fact arising in all controversies at law respecting property. Sykes v. Belk, 278 N.C. 106, 179 S.E.2d 439 (1971).

This section has been construed to guarantee trial by jury in all civil actions where the parties have not waived the right. Cutts v. Casey, 278 N.C. 390, 180 S.E.2d 297 (1971).

But Only in Certain Cases. — This constitutional provision applies only to cases in which the prerogative existed at common law or by statute at the time the Constitution of 1868 was adopted. Chowan & S.R.R. v. Parker, 105 N.C. 246, 11 S.E. 328 (1890); Groves v. Ware, 182 N.C. 553, 109 S.E. 568 (1921); Belk's Dep't Store, Inc. v. Guilford County, 222 N.C. 441, 23 S.E.2d 897 (1943); Kaperonis v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 587, 133 S.E.2d 464 (1963); In re Estate of Wallace, 267 N.C. 204, 147 S.E.2d 922 (1966); In re Northwestern Bonding Co., 16 N.C. App. 272, 192 S.E.2d 33, appeal dismissed, 282 N.C. 426, 192 S.E.2d 837 (1972); In re Taylor, 25 N.C. App. 642, 215 S.E.2d 789 (1975); In re Foreclosure of Deed of Trust, 46 N.C. App. 654, 266 S.E.2d 686 (1980); North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982).

The right to a trial by jury as provided in this section applies only to cases in which the prerogative existed at common law or was procured by statute at the time the Constitution was adopted, and not to those in which the right and the remedy are thereafter created by statute. Thus, this section cannot be invoked to deprive a public official of the discretion with which he is clothed by legislative enactment. Groves v. Ware, 182 N.C. 553, 109 S.E. 568 (1921); McInnish v. Board of Educ., 187 N.C. 494, 122 S.E. 182 (1924).

The right to trial by jury as provided for by this section applies only to cases in which the prerogative existed at common law or was procured by statute at the time the Constitution was adopted. The right does not apply to cases in which a right and remedy were thereafter created by statute. State v. Morris, 103 N.C. App. 246, 405 S.E.2d 351 (1991).

The relevant date for determining the scope of the constitutional right to jury trial in civil cases is the date of adoption of the 1868 Constitution. North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982); State v. Morris, 103 N.C. App. 246, 405 S.E.2d 351 (1991).

Right Applies Only in Cases Involving Fact Issues. — This section does not confer the right to demand the intervention of a jury absolutely and unqualifiedly, but only in cases involving issues of fact. McQueen v. Peoples Nat'l Bank, 111 N.C. 509, 16 S.E. 270 (1892).

The constitutional right to trial by jury is not absolute; rather, it is premised upon a preliminary determination by the trial judge that there indeed exist genuine issues of fact and credibility which require submission to the jury. Therefore, the right to jury trial is not an impediment to directing a verdict for that party with the burden of proof where the credibility of the movant's evidence is manifest as a matter of law. North Carolina Nat'l Bank v. Burnette, 297 N.C. 524, 256 S.E.2d 388 (1979).

In Actions Where Legal Rights Are Involved. — The right to trial by jury applies exclusively to actions in which legal rights are involved. State ex rel. Utilities Comm'n v. Great S. Trucking Co., 223 N.C. 687, 28 S.E.2d 201 (1943) (concurring opinion).

The credibility of testimony is for the jury, not the court, and a genuine issue of fact must be tried by a jury unless this right is waived. Cutts v. Casey, 278 N.C. 390, 180 S.E.2d 297 (1971).

Summary judgment may not be granted in favor of the party having the burden of proof when his right to recover depends upon the credibility of his witnesses. Shearin v. National Indem. Co., 27 N.C. App. 88, 218 S.E.2d 207 (1975).

Jury Trial Not Required at Each Stage of Proceedings. — This section, guaranteeing the right of trial by jury in "controversies at law respecting property," includes equitable and legal elements involved in the determination of the issues made by the pleadings, but it is not required that a trial by jury be had at each stage of the proceedings when this right has elsewhere therein been properly safeguarded by statute. Board of County Comm'rs v. George, 182 N.C. 414, 109 S.E. 77 (1921).

Court May Not Determine Fact Issues. — Right to a jury trial is guaranteed by this section, and where the parties do not consent to trial by the court, the court may not determine, prior to the introduction of evidence, an issue of fact joined by the pleadings. Hershey Corp. v. Atlantic C.L.R.R., 207 N.C. 122, 176 S.E. 265 (1934).

It was error for the trial court to determine issues of fact raised by the pleadings in the absence of waiver of the constitutional and statutory right to a trial by jury, there being no question of reference. Sparks v. Sparks, 232 N.C. 492, 61 S.E.2d 356 (1950).

Where there was nothing in the record to indicate that petitioner and respondent had waived their constitutional and statutory right to have issue of fact joined on the pleadings tried by a jury, and there was no question of

reference, the judge had no authority to enter an order affirming the order of the assistant clerk of the superior court, which in effect was a determination by the judge of the issue of fact raised by the pleadings and a finding by him that money deposited in the office of the clerk of the superior court was funds belonging to decedent and an order that said money be distributed to the administrator c.t.a. of her last will and testament. In re Estate of Wallace, 267 N.C. 204, 147 S.E.2d 922 (1966).

Nor Enter Judgment Without Aid of Jury on Issues of Fact. — Where the parties to a civil action do not waive trial by jury nor consent that the judge find the facts, it is error for the judge to enter judgment without the aid of the jury on the controverted issues of fact raised by the pleadings. Icenhour v. Bowman, 233 N.C. 434, 64 S.E.2d 428 (1951).

When Judgment of Dismissal Offends Plaintiff's Right to Jury Trial. — Judgment of dismissal of plaintiff's action offends against plaintiff's constitutional right of jury trial where these factors come into focus: (1) The record discloses no stipulation by which jury trial was waived or consent was given for the court to find facts; (2) the plaintiff's evidence was sufficient to make out a prima facie case in accordance with the allegations of the complaint; (3) the defendant offered no evidence; (4) the plaintiff's evidence does not establish the truth of the defendant's affirmative defense. Ingle v. McCurry, 243 N.C. 65, 89 S.E.2d 745 (1955).

Where there is more than a scintilla of evidence to sustain the allegations of the complaint, the case must be submitted to the jury, its sufficiency to warrant a verdict for plaintiff being for the determination of the jury, subject only to the discretionary power of the trial court to set the verdict aside in proper cases, and a strict adherence to this rule is necessary to preserve the right of trial by jury guaranteed under this section. Fox v. Asheville Army Store, Inc., 215 N.C. 187, 1 S.E.2d 550 (1939).

Burden of Proof Between the Parties. — The rules of law as to the burden of proof between the parties to litigation respecting damages to property resulting from negligence is one of substantial right guaranteed by the federal Constitution, and more emphatically by this section of the State Constitution. McDowell v. Norfolk S.R.R., 186 N.C. 571, 120 S.E. 205, 42 A.L.R. 857 (1923).

Power of Court to Increase Jury Award by Additur. — While it may be suggested that the practice of additur deprives a defendant of his constitutional right to a jury trial, guaranteed by this section, the obvious answer is that the defendant may waive that right, which he does when he consents to pay the additur, since in this State the parties to a civil action have a right to waive a jury trial. Caudle v. Swanson, 248 N.C. 249, 103 S.E.2d 357 (1958).

Compulsory Reference. — Every litigant has the constitutional right of trial by jury unless he voluntarily waives it, and, in case of a compulsory reference made to facilitate the trial of a cause, he may renew his demand for a jury trial by excepting to the report of the referee and pointing out the findings so excepted to as a basis for issues. State ex rel. Wilson v. Featherstone, 120 N.C. 446, 27 S.E. 124 (1897).

A compulsory reference, under former § 1-189, did not deprive either party of his constitutional right to a trial by jury of the issues of fact arising on the pleadings, but such trial was only upon the written evidence taken before the referee. Resort Dev. Co. v. Phillips, 278 N.C. 69, 178 S.E.2d 813 (1971).

Although when a court orders a compulsory reference, a party preserves his right to trial by complying with the procedural steps outlined in § 1A-1, Rule 53, the party is entitled to trial by jury only if the evidence before the reference was sufficient to raise an issue of fact. Fauchette v. Zimmerman, 79 N.C. App. 265, 338 S.E.2d 804 (1986).

Admission of hearsay evidence does not violate the confrontation clause when declarant is unavailable to testify and his statement bears adequate indicia of reliability. Thus, in a trial for taking indecent liberties with a four-year-old child, admission of evidence admissible under established exception to the hearsay rule did not violate defendant's right of confrontation under this section. State v. Jones, 89 N.C. App. 584, 367 S.E.2d 139 (1988).

Polling Jury in Civil Actions. — Under this section, the losing party in a civil action may demand a polling of the jury upon the return of the verdict, as a matter of right. Culbreth v. Borden Mfg. Co., 189 N.C. 208, 126 S.E. 419 (1925).

Upon the coming in of the verdict in a civil action, either party to the action has the constitutional right to have the jury polled before accepting the verdict as a unanimous one. In re Will of Sugg, 194 N.C. 638, 140 S.E. 604 (1927).

Waiver of Right to Jury Trial Strictly Construed. — It is a general rule, since the right of trial by jury is highly favored, that waivers of the right are always strictly construed and are not to be lightly inferred or extended by implication, whether with respect to a civil or criminal case. Mathias v. Brumsey, 27 N.C. App. 558, 219 S.E.2d 646 (1975), cert. denied, 289 N.C. 140, 220 S.E.2d 798 (1976).

And Will Not Be Presumed. — There can be no presumption of a waiver of trial by jury where such a trial is provided for by law. Thus, in the absence of an express agreement or consent, a waiver of the right to a jury trial will

not be presumed or inferred. Indeed, every reasonable presumption should be made against waiver. Mathias v. Brumsey, 27 N.C. App. 558, 219 S.E.2d 646 (1975), cert. denied, 289 N.C. 140, 220 S.E.2d 798 (1976).

How Jury Trial May Be Waived. — A party may waive his right to jury trial by (1) failing to appear at the trial, (2) written consent filed with the clerk, (3) oral consent entered in the minutes of the court, (4) failing to demand a jury trial pursuant to § 1A-1, Rule 38(b). Sykes v. Belk, 278 N.C. 106, 179 S.E.2d 439 (1971).

There is no constitutional impediment to arbitration agreements. Miller v. Two State Constr. Co., 118 N.C. App. 412, 455 S.E.2d 678 (1995).

An agreement to arbitrate a dispute is not an unenforceable contract requiring waiver of a jury; thus, the trial court erred in concluding that because arbitration provision did not provide for trial of facts by a jury that it was unconscionable and unenforceable under § 22B-10, and in violation of N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 18 and 25. Miller v. Two State Constr. Co., 118 N.C. App. 412, 455 S.E.2d 678 (1995).

Applied in Brondum v. Cox, 30 N.C. App. 35, 226 S.E.2d 193 (1976); Brondum v. Cox, 292 N.C. 192, 232 S.E.2d 687 (1977); Huyck Corp. v. C.C. Mangum, Inc., 309 N.C. 788, 309 S.E.2d 183 (1983); Williams & Michael, P.A. v. Kennamer, 71 N.C. App. 215, 321 S.E.2d 514 (1984); Jackson v. Lundy Packing Co., 72 N.C. App. 337, 324 S.E.2d 290 (1985); Phillips v. Phillips, 73 N.C. App. 68, 326 S.E.2d 57 (1985); In re McCarroll, 313 N.C. 315, 327 S.E.2d 880 (1985).

Quoted in Williams v. Williams, 13 N.C. App. 468, 186 S.E.2d 210 (1972); Branch v. Branch, 282 N.C. 133, 191 S.E.2d 671 (1972).

Stated in Nash County Bd. of Educ. v. Biltmore Co., 464 F. Supp. 1027 (E.D.N.C. 1978).

Cited in Fogleman v. Fogleman, 41 N.C. App. 597, 255 S.E.2d 269 (1979); Dowat, Inc. v. Tiffany Corp., 83 N.C. App. 207, 349 S.E.2d 610 (1986); Ragan v. County of Alamance, 98 N.C. App. 636, 391 S.E.2d 825 (1990); In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

II. SPECIFIC PROCEEDINGS.

Party Charged with Maintaining Nuisance Has Right to Jury Trial. — A party charged with the maintenance of a public nuisance has a right to traverse the factual allegations of the complaint. If he does so, he cannot be deprived of his right to a jury trial on the issues raised by the pleadings. State ex rel. Bowman v. Malloy, 264 N.C. 396, 141 S.E.2d 796 (1965).

Damage Cases. — In an action for damages for negligently setting fire to plaintiff's woods by sparks from defendant's engine, it was held that this section guaranteed, as a "sacred and inviolable" right, that the plaintiff might have the case submitted to the jury. Williams v. Atlantic C.L.R.R., 140 N.C. 623, 53 S.E. 448 (1906).

Under Workers' Compensation Act, trial by jury is not a constitutional right. Hagler v. Mecklenburg Hwy. Comm'n, 200 N.C. 733, 158 S.E. 383 (1931).

Injunction Action Under CAMA and Dredge and Fill Act. — Trial court erred in granting defendant's demand for a jury trial in state-initiated proceeding seeking mandatory injunctive relief under Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) and the Dredge and Fill Act for the removal of fill material on defendant's property; an action such as this neither existed at common law nor by statute at the time of the adoption of the Constitution of 1868; therefore, this section did not apply. State ex rel. Rhodes v. Simpson, 325 N.C. 514, 385 S.E.2d 329 (1989).

Actions Under ERISA. — Preemptive effect of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. § 1001 et seq., does not abridge the right to a jury trial under this section in an action to recover benefits due under 29 U.S.C. § 1132(a)(1)(B). Overcash v. Blue Cross & Blue Shield, 94 N.C. App. 602, 381 S.E.2d 330 (1989).

The right to a jury trial under the law of this State does not conflict with any of the substantive provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act; therefore, State law would control and plaintiff was entitled to have factual controversy in his action for benefits due under an insurance contract submitted to a jury. Overcash v. Blue Cross & Blue Shield, 94 N.C. App. 602, 381 S.E.2d 330 (1989).

Eminent Domain Proceeding Is Not Controversy Concerning Property. — A proceeding to assess damages for the taking of land by eminent domain is not a controversy concerning property within the meaning of this section. Kaperonis v. North Carolina State Hwy. Comm'n, 260 N.C. 587, 133 S.E.2d 464 (1963).

Since Ownership Is Not in Issue in Eminent Domain. — This section is a constitutional guaranty of jury trial when the issue determinative of the rights of the litigants is: "Who owns the land, plaintiff or defendant?" This issue does not arise when the State, or its agency, exercises the power of eminent domain. The phrase "eminent domain" by definition admits condemnor did not own, but took or appropriated the property of another for a public purpose. Wescott v. State Hwy. Comm'n, 262 N.C. 522, 138 S.E.2d 133 (1964).

Provisions Establishing Conditions for Jury Trial in Small Claims Court. — The provisions of Session Laws 1951, c. 1057, set-

ting up the procedure for adjudicating small claims in the Superior Court of Forsyth County, to the effect that no jury trial shall be had in an action instituted pursuant thereto, unless a demand is made therefor in the manner set out in the act, and the costs advanced and the prosecution bond filed as required therein, were not unreasonable provisions and did not violate this section. Better Home Furn. Co. v. Baron, 243 N.C. 502, 91 S.E.2d 236 (1956).

Proceedings for Alimony, etc. — When in proceedings for alimony without divorce the pleadings raise the issues of the validity of marriage between the parties, or whether the husband had separated himself from the wife and failed to provide her suitable or reasonable sustenance, or whether the husband is a drunkard or spendthrift under former § 50-16, the right of trial by jury arises to the defendant, and the case should be transferred by the judge to the civil issue docket for the purpose. Crews v. Crews, 175 N.C. 168, 95 S.E. 149 (1918).

Provisions of former § 50-16, empowering the court to allow subsistence and counsel fees pendente lite to plaintiff in an action for alimony without divorce, did not violate this section. Peele v. Peele, 216 N.C. 298, 4 S.E.2d 616 (1939).

Proceedings to Terminate Parental Rights. — The North Carolina constitutional requirement of trial by jury is not applicable to a proceeding for termination of parental rights. In re Ferguson, 50 N.C. App. 681, 274 S.E.2d 879 (1981).

Equitable Distribution Action. — No right to bring an action for equitable distribution of marital property existed prior to the adoption of the equitable distribution statutes, §§ 50-20 and 50-21, and the language of the statutes themselves create no new right to trial by jury; therefore, there is no right to trial by jury for such an action under the Constitution of North Carolina. Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

Bifurcation of Claims. — Bifurcation of claims for equitable distribution of marital property and for imposition of a constructive trust on property titled to a third party, with a jury determining the facts surrounding the constructive trust claim, is necessary to protect the rights of a third party who demands, and is constitutionally guaranteed, a jury trial. Sharp v. Sharp, — N.C. App. —, 514 S.E.2d 312 (1999).

Appraisal. — Plaintiff's right under the North Carolina Constitution to trial by jury was not abridged by the appraisal clause. Bentley v. North Carolina Ins. Guar. Ass'n, 107 N.C. App. 1, 418 S.E.2d 705 (1992).

Notwithstanding this provision, the North Carolina Supreme Court has repeatedly approved appraisal as a means of settling the single issue of amount of loss sustained by an insured. Bentley v. North Carolina Ins. Guar. Ass'n, 107 N.C. App. 1, 418 S.E.2d 705 (1992).

Condemnation. — Where a matter was called for hearing pursuant to § 136-108 in a condemnation action with no jury, this hearing did not infringe upon the landowner's right to a jury trial as provided by the North Carolina and United States Constitutions. DOT v. Wolfe, 116 N.C. App. 655, 449 S.E.2d 11 (1994).

Attorney Disciplinary Proceedings. — This State has never had a statute which expressly conferred upon an attorney the right to a trial by jury in a judicial disciplinary or disbarment proceeding. Since no such right existed at common law, or by statute at the time the State Constitution was adopted, and is not now provided for by statute, an attorney's motion for a trial by jury is properly denied. In re Northwestern Bonding Co., 16 N.C. App. 272, 192 S.E.2d 33, appeal dismissed, 282 N.C. 426, 192 S.E.2d 837 (1972).

The legislature in 1969 had absolutely no intention of providing a constitutional right to jury trial for attorneys in disciplinary proceedings when it submitted this section to the people. North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982).

Shareholder's Derivative Actions. — Although a litigant's right to have a jury try issues of fact concerning the merits of the action initiated by the filing of a derivative suit complaint is guaranteed by the Constitution of North Carolina, the procedure required by former § 55-55(c) did not exist before the adoption of the Constitution of 1868, and therefore no State constitutional right exists to a trial by jury of factual issues that might arise during the course of the proceedings required under this section. Alford v. Shaw, 327 N.C. 526, 398 S.E.2d 445 (1990).

No Right to Jury Trial Under Coastal Area Management Act. — In an action brought by State seeking preliminary injunction to require removal of sign and compliance with Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA), sign company was not entitled to trial by jury since it had not asserted "right and remedy" existing when State Constitution was adopted and since CAMA did not provide statutory right to jury trial. State ex rel. Rhodes v. Givens, 101 N.C. App. 695, 400 S.E.2d 745 (1991).

Proceedings before the judge to remove a prosecuting attorney from office for willful misconduct or maladministration in office do not require an issue to be submitted to the jury, as such office is not a property right under the provisions of this section. State ex rel. Hyatt v. Hamme, 180 N.C. 684, 104 S.E. 174 (1920).

Revocation of Driver's License. — Since an action to revoke a driver's license is a civil action, jury trial is not necessary. State v. Carlisle, 20 N.C. App. 358, 201 S.E.2d 704

(1973), aff'd, 285 N.C. 229, 204 S.E.2d 15 (1974).

Section 18B-504 does not preserve the right to trial by jury. State v. Morris, 103 N.C. App. 246, 405 S.E.2d 351 (1991).

Neither § 90-112 nor § 90-112.1 creates a right to trial by jury. State v. Morris, 103 N.C. App. 246, 405 S.E.2d 351 (1991).

An action under § 90-112.1 is in the nature of an action for replevin and is in essence a civil action; as such, the right to a jury trial, if any, is governed by this section of the Constitution, and thus, defendant was not entitled to a trial by jury for her remission action. State v. Honaker, 111 N.C. App. 216, 431 S.E.2d 869 (1993).

Insanity Proceedings. — The right to trial by jury did not exist at common law in insanity proceedings and is thus not required under this section. In re Taylor, 25 N.C. App. 642, 215 S.E.2d 789 (1975).

Taxes. — The right to trial by jury guaranteed by this section does not apply to matters concerned with the administration of the tax laws and the machinery for the collection of taxes, unless the statute affords express authority for this method of determining questions of fact. State ex rel. Unemployment Comp. Comm'n v. J.M. Willis Barber & Beauty Shop, 219 N.C. 709, 15 S.E.2d 4 (1941).

This section does not require court review of the valuation of land for taxation, or determination of such value by a jury in a de novo hearing, and will not support resort to certiorari for that purpose. Belk's Dep't Store, Inc. v. Guilford County, 222 N.C. 441, 23 S.E.2d 897 (1943).

As to controversies between Board of Education and county commissioners, see Board of Educ. v. Board of Comm'rs, 182 N.C. 571, 109 S.E. 630 (1921), citing Board of Educ. v. Board of County Comm'rs, 174 N.C. 469, 93 S.E. 1001 (1917).

Sec. 26. Jury service.

No person shall be excluded from jury service on account of sex, race, color, religion, or national origin.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the second sentence of Art. I, § 19, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Race-Based Peremptories No Longer Permitted in Civil Trials: Jackson v. Housing Authority of High Point," see 67 N.C.L. Rev. 1262 (1989).

CASE NOTES

Intent of Section. — This section is intended to protect the integrity of the judicial system, not just the reliability of the conviction obtained in a particular case. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

This section does more than protect individuals from unequal treatment; the people of this State have declared in this provision that they will not tolerate the corruption of their juries by racism, sexism, and similar forms of irrational prejudice. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

The right to trial by jury carries with it the right to be tried before a body selected in such a manner that competing and divergent interests and perspectives in the community are reflected rather than reproduced absolutely. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Statistics of Underrepresentation. — Statistics concerning one jury pool, standing alone, are insufficient to show that underrepresentation of the defendant's race is due to systematic exclusion of the group in the jury selection process. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Prima Facie Showing of Intentional Discrimination. — As with race-based "Batson" claims, a party alleging gender discrimination must make a prima facie showing of intentional discrimination before the party exercising the preemptory challenge of a juror is required to explain the basis for the strike. State v. Gaines, 345 N.C. 647, 483 S.E.2d 396 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 900, 118 S. Ct. 248, 139 L. Ed. 2d 177 (1997).

To make out a prima facie case of discrimination, a defendant need only show that the relevant circumstances raise an inference that the prosecutor used peremptory challenges to remove potential jurors solely because of their race. State v. Quick, 341 N.C. 141, 462 S.E.2d 186 (1995).

Showing of Disproportionate Racial Representation. — To establish a prima facie case of disproportionate representation of a defendant's race in a jury venire, a defendant must show: (1) that the group alleged to be excluded is a "distinctive" group in the commu-

nity; (2) that the group representation in venires from which juries are selected is not fair and reasonable in relation to the number of such persons in the community; and (3) that this under representation is due to systematic exclusion of the group in the jury-selection process. State v. Bowman, 349 N.C. 459, 509 S.E.2d 428 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2403, 144 L. Ed. 2d 802 (1999).

Evidence to Show Pretextual Nature of Prosecutor's Explanation. — In North Carolina in a claim of racially discriminatory use of peremptory challenges, the defendant may put on additional evidence before the trial court's final ruling to prove that the prosecutor's explanations are pretextual. State v. Williams, 339 N.C. 1, 452 S.E.2d 245 (1994), cert. denied, 516 U.S. 833, 116 S. Ct. 109, 133 L. Ed. 2d 61 (1995), overruled in part, State v. Warren, 347 N.C. 309, 492 S.E.2d 609 (1997).

Disparate Treatment of Prospective Jurors Not Dispositive. — Although the prosecutor claimed to have struck one of the black jurors because of her family's involvement with crime, another because of inconsistent statements and a third because of the juror's views on the death penalty, but, according to defendant, the prosecutor passed two white jurors with criminal backgrounds, one white juror who made inconsistent statements and another who expressed reservations about imposing the death penalty, disparate treatment of prospective jurors was not necessarily dispositive on the issue of discriminatory intent. State v. Williams, 339 N.C. 1, 452 S.E.2d 245 (1994), cert. denied, 516 U.S. 833, 116 S. Ct. 109, 133 L. Ed. 2d 61 (1995), overruled in part, State v. Warren, 347 N.C. 309, 492 S.E.2d 609 (1997).

The spirit of this section requires that all grand jurors be considered for appointment as grand jury foreman. State v. Cofield, 324 N.C. 452, 379 S.E.2d 834 (1989).

Selection of Grand Jury Foreman Must Meet Racially Neutral Standard. — A method of selecting a grand jury foreman that meets the racially neutral standard must ensure that all grand jurors are considered by the presiding judge for his selection and that his selection be made on a racially neutral basis. State v. Cofield, 324 N.C. 452, 379 S.E.2d 834 (1989), holding, however, that this holding applies only to the case at hand and cases in which the indicting grand jury's foreman is selected after the certification date of the opinion of the case at hand.

Racial discrimination in the selection of a grand jury foreman from a panel of grand jurors selected in a nondiscriminatory manner violates this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

A black defendant may make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the grand jury foreman's selection by showing either (1) that the selection procedure itself was not racially neutral, or (2) that for a substantial period in the past, relatively few blacks have served in the position of foreman even though a substantial number have been selected to serve as members of grand juries. The State may rebut such a prima facie case on remand by offering evidence that the process used in selecting the grand jury foreman was in fact racially neutral. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

To Establish Prima Facie Case of Racial Discrimination in Selection of Grand Jury Foreman. — A black defendant may make out a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the grand jury foreman's selection by showing either (1) that the selection procedure itself was not racially neutral, or (2) that for a substantial period in the past, relatively few blacks have served in the position of foreman even though a substantial number have been selected to serve as members of grand juries. The State may rebut such a prima facie case on remand by offering evidence that the process used in selecting the grand jury foreman was in fact racially neutral. State v. Cofield, 320 N.C. 297, 357 S.E.2d 622 (1987).

Circumstances Collectively Showed Discrimination. — After a black woman was seated for examination during voir dire, the prosecutor asked the clerk if there was a white male out there; the prosecutor briefly questioned the woman and then peremptorily challenged her; the woman was excused and a white man was called for examination and later became the jury foreperson. Standing alone, the prosecutor's peremptory challenge of the black woman would not amount to a prima facie showing of purposeful discrimination. The prosecutor's question of the clerk prior to his examination of the black woman, however, is a relevant circumstance which, when combined with the prosecutor's subsequent peremptory challenge of the black woman, raises an inference of purposeful discrimination on the prosecutor's part thereby establishing a prima facie showing. State v. Hall, 104 N.C. App. 375, 410 S.E.2d 76 (1991).

Peremptory Challenge Test Based on Race Same as Federal Test. — The test to determine whether peremptory challenges were exercised in a racially discriminatory manner is the same under the North Carolina Constitution as it is under the United States Constitution. State v. Floyd, 343 N.C. 101, 468 S.E.2d 46 (1996), cert. denied, 519 U.S. 896, 117 S. Ct. 241, 136 L. Ed. 2d 170 (1996).

Racial Neutrality of Peremptory Strike. — Whether an explanation for a peremptory strike of a prospective juror being challenged as racially discriminatory is indeed neutral depends on whether, accepting the proffered rea-

son as true, the challenge constitutes purposeful discrimination as a matter of law. State v. White, 131 N.C. App. 734, 509 S.E.2d 462 (1998).

Peremptory Challenges Based on Race Proscribed. — This section proscribes peremptory challenges to jurors in civil cases as well as criminal cases on the basis of race. Jackson v. Housing Auth., 321 N.C. 584, 364 S.E.2d 416 (1988).

The State's explanation for using a peremptory strike, in response to a challenge that it was racially motivated, must be clear, reasonably specific, and related to the particular case to be tried, although it need not rise to the level justifying exercise of a challenge for cause. State v. White, 131 N.C. App. 734, 509 S.E.2d 462 (1998).

Race or Religion of Defendant Different from Excluded Juror. — Discrimination in selecting juries so strongly taints the judicial system that any proceeding in which it appears is fatally flawed; for this reason, the fact that the defendant's race or religion differs from the excluded person's is irrelevant. State v. Eason, 336 N.C. 730, 445 S.E.2d 917 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1096, 115 S. Ct. 764, 130 L. Ed. 2d 661 (1995).

Challenge Not Pretextual. — Defendant's proffered reasons for challenging a black juror were not pretextual where the juror had been convicted on six occasions of issuing worthless checks and was not forthright about her convictions upon questioning. State v. Peterson, 344 N.C. 172, 472 S.E.2d 730 (1996).

Peremptory Challenges Upheld. — In a capital case, peremptory challenges to 5 of 6 potential black jurors were upheld where the State met its burden of coming forward with neutral, nonracial explanations for each peremptory challenge. State v. Robinson, 330 N.C. 1, 409 S.E.2d 288 (1991).

No purposeful racial discrimination occurred in the peremptory challenges of black jurors where trial court's ruling was supported by the trial court's findings of fact, which were supported by the record. State v. Thomas, 329 N.C. 423, 407 S.E.2d 141 (1991), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 824, 118 S. Ct. 84, 139 L. Ed. 2d 41 (1997).

The defendant did not make a prima facie showing of racially motivated peremptory challenges where the State accepted seven of the 17 black veniremen tendered and the majority of the jury which tried the defendant was black. State v. Allen, 323 N.C. 208, 372 S.E.2d 855 (1988), sentence vacated and remanded for further consideration at 494 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 1463, 108 L. Ed. 2d 601 (1990), in light of 281 U.S. 700, 50 S. Ct. 353, 74 L. Ed. 1126 (1930), rehearing denied,.

Defendant, found guilty of murder and robbery, failed to establish a prima facie case of racial discrimination in the State's use of its peremptory challenges, where the State's questions during voir dire focused on the prospective juror's feelings about capital punishment and the age of the juror, or his or her children, as compared with defendant's age; the venire persons were brought into the courtroom individually, so neither defendant nor the State knew how many black citizens were present in the venire or whether a black citizen would be examined next; and three of the first four jurors seated were black, as were both defendant and the victim, thus diminishing the likelihood that racial issues were inextricably bound up with the conduct of the trial. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989), cert. denied, 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990).

Defendant failed to establish a prima facie case of purposeful discrimination in selection of the jury where the jury consisted of ten white jurors and two black jurors, the only peremptory challenge exercised by the prosecutor excused a black man from the jury, but the prosecutor also accepted the two women who were the other black members of the jury venire, he accepted one at the same time he challenged the black male juror, indicating that he was not attempting to strike all blacks, and he did not move to strike any jurors for cause, thus, accepting 66% of the black potential jurors. State v. Ross, 338 N.C. 280, 449 S.E.2d 556 (1994).

The prosecutor's peremptory excusal of two of four black jurors in a case involving sexual offenses against a white woman by a black man was not sufficient, standing alone, to establish a prima facie case of racial discrimination and require the prosecutor to come forward with race-neutral explanations. State v. Quick, 341 N.C. 141, 462 S.E.2d 186 (1995).

The prosecutor gave race neutral reasons for his peremptory strikes of black jurors in a capital murder case, where one was excused for his criminal record, body language, and lack of candor, and another because she was confused, she did not think that wife-beating was a serious crime, and she had a relative in jail. State v. White, 131 N.C. App. 734, 509 S.E.2d 462 (1998).

Even though the prosecutor's reasons for peremptory strikes of two black females were suspect, in that he initially identified them as two "black" females, the defense failed to object, and the stated reasons that the prospects were health care providers and close to defendant's age were adequate to support the strikes. State v. White, 131 N.C. App. 734, 509 S.E.2d 462 (1998).

Findings as to race neutrality and purposeful discrimination were supported by the record and the trial court properly overruled defendants' objections to the excusal of six prospective jurors. State v. Gaines, 345 N.C.

647, 483 S.E.2d 396 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 900, 118 S. Ct. 248, 139 L. Ed. 2d 177 (1997).

Opposition to Capital Punishment on Religious Grounds. — Where the record established beyond a doubt that juror was excused, not because of his choice of religion, but because of his inability to follow the law regarding his duties as a juror, the fact that the prospective juror's religion provided the basis for his views in opposition to the death penalty did not alter the propriety of excluding him for cause. State v. Davis, 325 N.C. 607, 386 S.E.2d 418 (1989); 496 U.S. 905, 110 S. Ct. 2587, 110 L. Ed. 2d 268 (1990); State v. Warren, 348 N.C. 80, 499 S.E.2d 431 (1998).

Where potential juror, who was a Jehovah's Witness, was stricken because of reservation about the death penalty and another prospective juror stated that he had no reservations which might impair his serving on the jury, and he was chosen to sit, there was sufficient support for the conclusion that potential juror removed from the jury because of her reservations about the death penalty, not because of her religious affiliation. State v. Eason, 336 N.C. 730, 445 S.E.2d 917 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1096, 115 S. Ct. 764, 130 L. Ed. 2d 661 (1995).

Violation of Defendant's Rights Was Not Shown. — Where, although the State did not outline a profile or criteria for selecting jurors, it was obvious from the record that it would strike jurors who had connections to the defendants or to a principal State's witness or whom it believed would be prejudicial against the State, the record did not reflect that the assistant district attorney made any comments indicating a purpose to discriminate, and there was no transcript of the jury's voir dire and there was incomplete information on the racial composition of the jury venire and the jury, the defendants did not show that the trial judge violated defendant's rights under either the federal or State constitutions by overruling their objections to the State's use of peremptory challenges. State v. Cannon, 92 N.C. App. 246, 374 S.E.2d 604 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 326 N.C. 37, 387 S.E.2d 450 (1989).

Appellate Review of Findings as to Intentional Racial Discrimination. — An appellate court will uphold the trial court's findings regarding intentional racial discrimination in jury selection unless the reviewing court is left with the definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed, based on the entire evidence. State v. White, 131 N.C. App. 734, 509 S.E.2d 462 (1998).

Applied in State v. Wiggins, 334 N.C. 18, 431 S.E.2d 755 (1993).

Stated in State v. Crandell, 322 N.C. 487, 369 S.E.2d 579 (1988); State v. Smith, 328 N.C. 99, 400 S.E.2d 712 (1991); State v. Glenn, 333 N.C. 296, 425 S.E.2d 688 (1993).

Cited in State v. Agudelo, 89 N.C. App. 640, 366 S.E.2d 921 (1988); State v. Payne, 327 N.C. 194, 394 S.E.2d 158 (1990); State v. Miller, 339 N.C. 663, 455 S.E.2d 137, rehearing denied, 340 N.C. 118, 458 S.E.2d 183 (1995); In re Browning, 124 N.C. App. 190, 476 S.E.2d 465 (1996); State v. Robinson, 346 N.C. 586, 488 S.E.2d 174 (1997), cert. denied, — N.C. —, 502 S.E.2d 611 (1998); State v. Cummings, 346 N.C. 291, 488 S.E.2d 550 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1092, 118 S. Ct. 886, 139 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1998); State v. Caporasso, 128 N.C. App. 236, 495 S.E.2d 157 (1998), appeal dismissed, 347 N.C. 674, 500 S.E.2d 91 (1998); State v. White, 349 N.C. 535, 508 S.E.2d 253 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2376, 144 L. Ed. 2d 779 (1999); State v. Bonnett, 348 N.C. 417, 502 S.E.2d 563 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 909, 142 L. Ed. 2d 907 (1999).

Sec. 27. Bail, fines, and punishments.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusual punishments inflicted.

Cross References. — For general provisions as to bail, see § 15A-531 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 14, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on punishment for crime in North Carolina, see 17 N.C.L. Rev. 205 (1939).

For case law survey as to cruel and unusual punishment, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 936 (1966); 45 N.C.L. Rev. 864 (1967).

For note on appellate review of legal but excessive sentences, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 1118 (1966).

For comment on bail in North Carolina, see 5 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 300 (1969).

For article surveying recent decisions by the North Carolina Supreme Court in the area of criminal procedure, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 262 (1971).

For article, "Sentencing Due Process: Evolving Constitutional Principles," see 18 Wake Forest L. Rev. 523 (1982).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Particular Statutes.
III. Illustrative Cases.

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 14, Const. 1868.*

Punishment Is Within Province of Legislature. — It is within the province of the General Assembly and not the judiciary to determine the extent of punishment which may be imposed on those convicted of crime. State v. Cradle, 281 N.C. 198, 188 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1047, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 499 (1972). See also, State v. Atkinson, 278 N.C. 168, 179 S.E.2d 410, rev'd, 403 U.S. 948, 91 S. Ct. 2292, 29 L. Ed. 2d 861 (1971); State v. Cross, 27 N.C. App. 335, 219 S.E.2d 274 (1975); State v. Legette, 292 N.C. 44, 231 S.E.2d 896 (1977); State v. Jenkins, 292 N.C. 179, 232 S.E.2d 648 (1977).

This section restricts the judiciary from imposing excessive punishments where the legislature has not prescribed a fixed maximum, and does not apply to the legislative power to impose the penalty for acts made an offense by them. State v. Blake, 157 N.C. 608, 72 S.E. 1080 (1911).

But May Affect Legislative Enactments in Exceptional Cases. — This section is an admonition to the judiciary in imposing sentence left to an extent within its discretion by the statutes; however, there is a decided intimation that in extraordinary and exceptional cases it may be held to affect legislative enactments as well. State v. Smith, 174 N.C. 804, 93 S.E. 910 (1917).

Discretion of Court in Sentencing. — Within the limits of the sentence permitted by the law, the character and extent of the punishment is committed to the sound discretion of the trial court, and may be reviewed only in case of manifest and gross abuse. State v. McKinney, 4 N.C. App. 107, 165 S.E.2d 689 (1969).

Punishment ought to be left to the judge who inflicts it under the circumstances of each case, and ought not to be interfered with, except when the abuse is palpable. State v. Driver, 78 N.C. 423 (1878); State v. Reid, 106 N.C. 714, 11 S.E. 315 (1890).

Where the question of punishment is left to the sound discretion of the court, the court is limited only by the prohibition against cruel or unusual punishment in this section. State v. Richardson, 221 N.C. 209, 19 S.E.2d 863 (1942).

What constitutes cruel and unusual punishment is a question of law for the court and is not subject to proof by expert opinion evidence. State v. Rogers, 275 N.C. 411, 168 S.E.2d 345 (1969), cert. denied, 396 U.S. 1024, 90 S. Ct. 599, 24 L. Ed. 2d 518 (1970).

Test as to Reasonableness of Punishment. — There are two things which have been looked upon as very good guides in determining the reasonableness of punishment: (1) what has formerly been expressly done in like cases, and (2) for the want of such particular discretion then to consider that which comes nearest to it. State v. Driver, 78 N.C. 423 (1878).

Punishment Within Limits Fixed by Statute Cannot Be Held Cruel or Unusual. — A punishment which is within the limits authorized by statute cannot be held cruel or unusual in the constitutional sense. State v. Stansbury, 230 N.C. 589, 55 S.E.2d 185 (1949); State v. Welch, 232 N.C. 77, 59 S.E.2d 199 (1950); State v. Davis, 267 N.C. 126, 147 S.E.2d 570 (1966); State v. Bruce, 268 N.C. 174, 150 S.E.2d 216 (1966); State v. Carter, 269 N.C. 697, 153 S.E.2d 388 (1967); State v. Greer, 270 N.C. 143, 153 S.E.2d 849 (1967); State v. LePard, 270 N.C. 157, 153 S.E.2d 875 (1967); State v. Hilton, 271 N.C. 456, 156 S.E.2d 833 (1967); State v. Robinson, 271 N.C. 448, 156 S.E.2d 854 (1967); State v. Hopper, 271 N.C. 464, 156 S.E.2d 857 (1967); State v. Lovelace, 271 N.C. 593, 157 S.E.2d 81 (1967); Mathis v. North Carolina, 266 F. Supp. 841 (M.D.N.C. 1967); State v. Mosteller, 3 N.C. App. 67, 164 S.E.2d 27 (1968); State v. McKinney, 4 N.C. App. 107, 165 S.E.2d 689 (1969); State v. Culp, 5 N.C. App. 625, 169 S.E.2d 10 (1969); State v. Powell, 6 N.C. App. 8, 169 S.E.2d 210 (1969); State v. Price, 8 N.C. App. 94, 173 S.E.2d 644 (1970); State v. Blake, 14 N.C. App. 367, 188 S.E.2d 607 (1972); State v. Harris, 27 N.C. App. 385, 219 S.E.2d 306 (1975).

Unless Punishment Provisions of Statute Itself Are Unconstitutional. — When punishment does not exceed the limits fixed by statute it cannot be classified as cruel and unusual in a constitutional sense, unless the punishment provisions of the statute itself are unconstitutional. State v. Rogers, 275 N.C. 411, 168 S.E.2d 345 (1969), cert. denied, 396 U.S. 1024, 90 S. Ct. 599, 24 L. Ed. 2d 518 (1970); State v. Atkinson, 278 N.C. 168, 179 S.E.2d 410, rev'd, 403 U.S. 948, 91 S. Ct. 2292, 29 L. Ed. 2d 861 (1971); State v. Cradle, 281 N.C. 198, 188 S.E.2d 296, cert. denied, 409 U.S. 1047, 93 S. Ct. 537, 34 L. Ed. 2d 499 (1972); State v. Sellars, 52 N.C. App. 380, 278 S.E.2d 907, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 304 N.C. 200, 285 S.E.2d 108 (1981).

The Department of Correction has a duty to provide adequate medical care to inmates in its custody, and that duty is of such great importance that the state cannot avoid liability by contracting with someone else to perform it. Medley v. North Carolina Dep't of Cor., 330 N.C. 837, 412 S.E.2d 654 (1992).

Consecutive Sentences. — Where there was a conviction of the violation of two separate criminal statutes, consolidated and tried as two counts under one bill of indictment, a sentence for each offense, the one to begin upon the expiration of the other term, confining the punishment as to each within that prescribed in the statute relating to it, could not be considered under the facts of the case as cruel and unusual within the inhibition of this section. State v. Malpass, 189 N.C. 349, 127 S.E. 248 (1925).

Sentences within the statutory limits that impose consecutive sentences do not constitute cruel and unusual punishment. State v. Handsome, 300 N.C. 313, 266 S.E.2d 670 (1980).

Imposition of two life sentences to run consecutively does not contravene the constitutional prohibition against cruel and unusual punishment. State v. Mosteller, 3 N.C. App. 67, 164 S.E.2d 27 (1968). See also, State v. Bruce, 268 N.C. 174, 150 S.E.2d 216 (1966).

Two Year Sentence. — When no time was fixed by the statute, an imprisonment for two years would not be held cruel and unusual. State v. Driver, 78 N.C. 423 (1878); State v. Miller, 94 N.C. 904 (1886); State v. Farrington, 141 N.C. 844, 53 S.E. 954 (1906); State v. Moschoures, 214 N.C. 321, 199 S.E. 92 (1938); State v. Crandall, 225 N.C. 148, 33 S.E.2d 861 (1945); State v. Lee, 247 N.C. 230, 100 S.E.2d 372 (1957).

Peremptory instruction on non-statutory mitigating circumstances which required the jury to find both that the circumstances existed and that the circumstances had mitigating value did not preclude the sentencer from considering relevant mitigating evidence in violation of the Constitution; the Constitution does not require that the sentencing jury "find" each circumstance which the court submits as potentially mitigating, but requires only that the sentencer be permitted to consider any relevant mitigating evidence. State v. Huff, 325 N.C. 1, 381 S.E.2d 635 (1989), vacated and remanded for further consideration at 497 U.S. 1021, 110 S. Ct. 3266, 111 L. Ed. 2d 777 (1990) in light of McKoy v. North Carolina, 494 U.S. 433, 110 S. Ct. 1227, 108 L. Ed. 2d 369 (1990), death sentence vacated, remanded for new capital sentencing proceeding, State v. Huff, 328 N.C. 532, 402 S.E.2d 577 (1991).

Scope of Evidence in Determining Punishment upon Plea of Guilty or Nolo Contendere. — In making a determination of what punishment should be imposed after a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, a court is not confined to evidence relating to the offense charged. It may look anywhere, within reasonable limits, for other facts calculated to enable it to act wisely in fixing punishment. Hence, it may inquire into such matters as the age, the character, the education, the environment, the habits, the mentality, the propensities, and the record of the person about to be sentenced. In so doing, the court is not bound by the rules of evidence which obtain in a trial where guilt or innocence is put in issue by a plea of not guilty. State v. McKinney, 4 N.C. App. 107, 165 S.E.2d 689 (1969).

Letter to Parole Commissioner and Instructions to Prosecuting Attorney Not Part of Sentence. — Defendant's contention that he was subjected to cruel and unusual punishment in that the trial court sentenced him to the maximum prison term permitted by statute for the offense of seduction of which he was convicted, and in addition dictated a letter to the parole commissioner in which he requested that no clemency be extended defendant, and also directed the prosecuting attorney to institute prosecution against defendant for failure to support his illegitimate child, was untenable, since the letter to the parole commissioner and the instructions to the prosecuting attorney were not parts of the sentence. State v. Brackett, 218 N.C. 369, 11 S.E.2d 146 (1940).

Criminal Trespass. — Although not expressly limited by statute, the extent of punishment for the crime of criminal trespass was limited by this section, proscribing cruel or unusual punishments, and decisions of the State court indicate that imprisonment for up to two years would not be an "unusual punishment." Klopfer v. North Carolina, 385 U.S. 916, 87 S. Ct. 226, 17 L. Ed. 2d 141 (1966).

Sterilization. — The contention that sterilization amounts to cruel and unusual punishment is without basis in law, since the cruel and unusual punishment clause of the Constitution refers to those persons convicted of a crime, and sterilization is not a criminal proceeding within the meaning of this section. In re Moore, 289 N.C. 95, 221 S.E.2d 307 (1976).

Applied in Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976); State v. Barrett, 58 N.C. App. 515, 293 S.E.2d 896 (1982); State v. Long, 58 N.C. App. 467, 294 S.E.2d 4 (1982); State v. Ford, 71 N.C. App. 748, 323 S.E.2d 358 (1984); State v. Moseley, 338 N.C. 1, 449 S.E.2d 412 (1994), cert. denied, 514 U.S. 1091, 115 S. Ct. 1815, 131 L. Ed. 2d 738 (1995).

Quoted in State v. O'Neal, 108 N.C. App. 661, 424 S.E.2d 680 (1993).

Cited in In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); State v. Foster, 284 N.C. 259, 200 S.E.2d 782 (1973); State v. Woodson, 287 N.C. 578, 215 S.E.2d 607 (1975); Bolding v.

Holshouser, 575 F.2d 461 (4th Cir. 1978); State v. Overton, 60 N.C. App. 1, 298 S.E.2d 695 (1982); Cinema I Video, Inc. v. Thornburg, 83 N.C. App. 544, 351 S.E.2d 305 (1986); State v. Robbins, 319 N.C. App. 465, 356 S.E.2d 279 (1987); State v. Green, 321 N.C. 594, 365 S.E.2d 587 (1988); State v. Degree, 322 N.C. 302, 367 S.E.2d 679 (1988); State v. Artis, 325 N.C. 278, 384 S.E.2d 470 (1989); Hawkins v. Hawkins, 101 N.C. App. 529, 400 S.E.2d 472 (1991); State v. Robinson, 330 N.C. 1, 409 S.E.2d 288 (1991); State v. Jennings, 333 N.C. 579, 430 S.E.2d 188 (1993); State v. Fisher, 336 N.C. 684, 445 S.E.2d 866 (1994), cert. denied, 513 U.S. 1098, 115 S. Ct. 768, 130 L. Ed. 2d 665 (1995); State v. Williams, 339 N.C. 1, 452 S.E.2d 245 (1994), cert. denied, 516 U.S. 833, 116 S. Ct. 109, 133 L. Ed. 2d 61 (1995), overruled in part, State v. Warren, 347 N.C. 309, 492 S.E.2d 609 (1997); State v. Robinson, 342 N.C. 74, 463 S.E.2d 218 (1995); State v. Best, 342 N.C. 502, 467 S.E.2d 45 (1996); State v. Bond, 345 N.C. 1, 478 S.E.2d 163 (1996), reh'g denied, 345 N.C. 355, 479 S.E.2d 210, cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1124, 117 S. Ct. 2521, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1022 (1997); State v. Cummings, 346 N.C. 291, 488 S.E.2d 550 (1997), cert. denied, 522 U.S. 1092, 118 S. Ct. 886, 139 L. Ed. 2d 873 (1998); State v. Bonnett, 348 N.C. 417, 502 S.E.2d 563 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 909, 142 L. Ed. 2d 907 (1999); State v. Atkins, 349 N.C. 62, 505 S.E.2d 97 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 2025, 143 L. Ed. 2d 1036 (1999).

II. PARTICULAR STATUTES.

Armed Robbery. — The punishment provisions concerning armed robbery are constitutionally valid. State v. Legette, 292 N.C. 44, 231 S.E.2d 896 (1977).

Death Penalty. — The State Supreme Court reaffirmed its position that the death penalty statute does not violate the Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19 and this section. State v. McHone, 334 N.C. 627, 435 S.E.2d 296 (1993), cert. denied, 511 U.S. 1046, 114 S. Ct. 1577, 128 L. Ed. 2d 220 (1994).

Sections 14-190.1, 14-190.13, 14-190.16 and 14-190.17 are constitutional as drawn; while potentially beyond constitutional bounds if improperly applied, these sections are not so substantially overbroad as to require constitutional invalidation on their face. Cinema I Video, Inc. v. Thornburg, 320 N.C. 485, 358 S.E.2d 383 (1987).

Prohibition. — Sentence prescribed by statute for violation of prohibition law was held not to be cruel or unusual within the meaning of this section. State v. Daniels, 197 N.C. 285, 148 S.E. 244 (1929).

III. ILLUSTRATIVE CASES.

Armed Robbery. — A sentence of 24 to 30 years for the offense of robbery with firearms did not exceed the maximum prescribed by statute and did not constitute cruel and unusual punishment. State v. LePard, 270 N.C. 157, 153 S.E.2d 875 (1967).

Breaking and Entering, etc. — Three sentences of 47 months each, to run concurrently, imposed on defendant's plea of nolo contendere to three felony counts charging felonious breaking and entering, larceny, and larceny of an automobile, being well within the statutory limits, could not be considered cruel and unusual punishment. State v. Carter, 269 N.C. 697, 153 S.E.2d 388 (1967).

A sentence of 25 years' imprisonment, imposed after a plea of guilty to 4 indictments charging felonious breaking and entering and larceny, did not exceed the statutory maximum and was not cruel and unusual punishment in the constitutional sense. State v. Greer, 270 N.C. 143, 153 S.E.2d 849 (1967).

Imposition of a sentence of imprisonment of 7 to 9 years upon plea of nolo contendere to the offenses of breaking and entering and larceny was not cruel or unusual punishment in a constitutional sense. State v. Robinson, 271 N.C. 448, 156 S.E.2d 854 (1967).

Concealed Weapons. — Punishment of 30 days confinement in jail for carrying concealed weapons would be upheld. State v. Woodlief, 172 N.C. 885, 90 S.E. 137 (1916). See also, State v. Mangum, 187 N.C. 477, 121 S.E. 765 (1924).

Escape. — A sentence of imprisonment for 12 months for felonious escape did not constitute cruel and unusual punishment, in violation of this section. State v. Dixon, 5 N.C. App. 514, 168 S.E.2d 418 (1969).

Kidnapping and Rape. — Imposition on defendant of two concurrent terms of life imprisonment for kidnapping and first-degree rape did not constitute cruel and unusual punishment since the sentences were authorized by statute. State v. Squire, 302 N.C. 112, 273 S.E.2d 688 (1981).

Letting Dogs Run at Large. — As to fine or imprisonment for owners of bird dogs who permit them to run at large during the closed season for quail, see State v. Blake, 157 N.C. 608, 72 S.E. 1080 (1911).

Imposition of two consecutive life sentences did not constitute cruel and unusual punishment in violation of the State Constitution, where the defendant was convicted of four first-degree burglaries, three first-degree rapes, and eight first-degree sexual offenses. The sentence imposed was authorized under the statutes, and the sentence was not disproportionate to the crimes committed. State v. Woodard, 102 N.C. App. 687, 404 S.E.2d 6 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 504, 407 S.E.2d 550 (1991).

Thirteen-year Old Sentenced to Life Imprisonment. — A life sentence imposed on a 13-year old was not excessive as cruel and

unusual punishment, where the sentence was imposed for a first-degree sexual offense, and the punishment was suitable both with regard to evolving community standards, the nature of the crime, as well as the defendant's reaction to the crime, the likelihood of his rehabilitation, and his home situation. State v. Green, 348 N.C. 588, 502 S.E.2d 819 (1998), cert. denied, — U.S. —, 119 S. Ct. 883, 142 L. Ed. 2d 783 (1999).

Mandatory Life Sentence. — Mandatory life sentence for first degree sexual offense does not constitute cruel and unusual punishment under the State or federal Constitution. Supreme Court of North Carolina has repeatedly rejected argument that a life sentence for first degree sexual offense is cruel and unusual punishment. State v. Norman, 100 N.C. App. 660, 397 S.E.2d 647 (1990).

Manslaughter. — Upon conviction of manslaughter, punishment for 9 years in the penitentiary would be upheld. State v. Lance, 149 N.C. 551, 63 S.E. 198 (1908).

Sentence of 12 to 20 years' imprisonment for involuntary manslaughter was within the discretionary limits fixed by statute, and while the punishment inflicted was substantial, the judgment pronounced did not come within the constitutional inhibition against "cruel or unusual punishments." State v. Smith, 238 N.C. 82, 76 S.E.2d 363 (1953). See also, State v. Brooks, 260 N.C. 186, 132 S.E.2d 354 (1963), in which the sentence imposed was for not less than 10 nor more than 20 years' imprisonment.

Possession of Housebreaking Implements. — A sentence of not less than 20 nor more than 30 years on a plea of guilty to the charge of unlawful possession of implements of housebreaking constituted cruel and unusual punishment within the meaning of this section. State v. Blackmon, 260 N.C. 352, 132 S.E.2d 880 (1963).

Referral of Bail Setting to Another Judicial Officer Not Wrongful Confinement. — Where the defendant was taken before a judicial officer for the setting of bail within a reasonable time, although the magistrate may have erred at that point by referring the defendant's case to another judicial officer for the setting of bail rather than setting reasonable bail himself, the error did not make the defendant's temporary further confinement an unreasonable seizure or "wrongful confinement" in any constitutional sense so as to necessitate suppression of his confession. State v. Simpson, 320 N.C. 313, 357 S.E.2d 332 (1987), cert. denied, 485 U.S. 963, 108 S. Ct. 1230, 99 L. Ed. 2d 430 (1988).

Robbery. — A sentence for robbery which was within the statutory maximum did not constitute the cruel and unusual punishment forbidden by this section. State v. Witherspoon, 271 N.C. 714, 157 S.E.2d 362 (1967).

Vagrancy. — The punishment for vagrancy could not exceed 30 days under the statute. In re Watson, 157 N.C. 340, 72 S.E. 1049 (1911).

Worthless Check. — A sentence to 18 months labor on the roads entered upon defendant's plea of guilty to a charge of drawing and uttering a worthless check was held not to be "cruel and unusual" in a constitutional sense. State v. White, 230 N.C. 513, 53 S.E.2d 436 (1949).

Sec. 28. Imprisonment for debt.

There shall be no imprisonment for debt in this State, except in cases of fraud.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 16, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on specific performance of separation agreements, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 867 (1980).

For survey of 1980 tort law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1239 (1981).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Fraud.

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 16, Const. 1868.*

Purpose. — The purpose of this section is to prevent use of the criminal process to enforce the payment of civil obligations, directly or indirectly. State v. Caudle, 276 N.C. 550, 173 S.E.2d 778 (1970).

Section Only Applicable to Actions Arising out of Contract. — This section, which prohibits imprisonment for debt, is only applicable to actions arising out of or founded upon contract. State v. Locklear, 21 N.C. App. 48, 203 S.E.2d 63 (1974).

And Not to Tort Actions. — This section has no application to actions for tort; it is confined to causes of action arising ex contractu. Long v. McLean, 88 N.C. 3 (1883). See also, Ledford v. Smith, 212 N.C. 447, 193 S.E. 722 (1937).

A fine or penalty imposed by a municipal ordinance is treated as a debt and, under this section of the Constitution, a person from whom it is attempted to be collected is exempt from arrest. State v. Earnhardt, 107 N.C. 789, 12 S.E. 426 (1890).

A judgment on a note is a debt and the defendant cannot be arrested therefor. Stewart v. Bryan, 121 N.C. 46, 28 S.E. 18 (1897).

Any judgment rendered for nonperformance is a debt and can only be enforced by a levy on the sale of defendant's property. Defendant cannot be imprisoned therefor. Wilson v. Wilson, 261 N.C. 40, 134 S.E.2d 240 (1964).

Costs of Prosecution Are Not Debt. — Costs of prosecution against a prosecutor (upon acquittal of the accused or nolle prosequi entered), or against the accused upon a verdict of guilty, or a fine imposed, do not constitute a debt within the meaning of this section of the Constitution, and hence the defendant may be imprisoned for nonpayment of the same. State v. Wallin, 89 N.C. 578 (1883).

Nor is the duty of maintaining an illegitimate child such a debt as is contemplated by this section. State v. Palin, 63 N.C. 472 (1869); State v. Beasley, 75 N.C. 211 (1876).

Taxes do not constitute a debt within the meaning of the Constitution. State v. Locklear, 21 N.C. App. 48, 203 S.E.2d 63 (1974).

Imprisonment for failure to pay a sum of money is prohibited except to enforce an appropriate judicial order which has been willfully disobeyed so as to constitute contempt of court. Stanley v. Stanley, 226 N.C. 129, 37 S.E.2d 118 (1946).

Punishment for Contempt. — Willful failure of a husband to comply with the court's order to pay his wife an amount for support is a contempt, and can be punished as such by imprisonment, and is not within the constitutional inhibition against imprisonment for debt. Wilson v. Wilson, 261 N.C. 40, 134 S.E.2d 240 (1964).

Specific Performance of Separation Agreement. — The remedy of specific performance of a separation agreement contemplating enforcement by civil contempt proceedings is not available in this State. Sainz v. Sainz, 36 N.C. App. 744, 245 S.E.2d 372 (1978).

The enforcement of support payments provided in an extra-judicial separation agreement is accomplished as in the case of any other civil contract, i.e., through an action for breach of the contract seeking a judgment for sums due. Such an action, sounding in contract, is not enforceable by execution in personam in the form of imprisonment for civil contempt for noncompliance, by reason of the constitutional prohibition against imprisonment for debt. Sainz v. Sainz, 36 N.C. App. 744, 245 S.E.2d 372 (1978).

Plaintiff was entitled to a decree of specific performance ordering defendant to comply with a separation agreement which had not been incorporated into a judicial decree because the available remedy at law for the enforcement of such agreement was inadequate. Moore v. Moore, 297 N.C. 14, 252 S.E.2d 735 (1979).

Payment of Restitution Is Valid Condition for Suspension of Sentence. — Subject to the prohibition contained in this section against imprisonment for debt, except in cases of fraud, payment of restitution by a criminal defendant to the victims of his crime may be a valid condition for suspension of sentence. State v. McIntyre, 33 N.C. App. 557, 235 S.E.2d 920 (1977).

Or for Acceptance of Plea Bargain. — Payment of restitution by a criminal defendant to the victims of his crime may be a valid condition for acceptance of a plea bargain. But when restitution is ordered as result of a plea bargain, it must be to a specific aggrieved party, and this party must be named in the judgment. State v. McIntyre, 33 N.C. App. 557, 235 S.E.2d 920 (1977).

But Not Suspension of Sentence on Condition that Defendant Pay Unrelated Civil Obligation. — To suspend a sentence of imprisonment for a criminal act, however just the sentence may be per se, on condition that the defendant pay obligations unrelated to such criminal act, however justly owing, is a use of the criminal process to enforce the payment of a civil obligation, and lends itself to the oppressive action which this section is designed to forbid. To sustain the suspension of sentence upon such a condition would invite misuse of the practice of suspending sentence. It would substitute for the humane consideration and the objective reformation, upon which the practice ought to rest, an entirely different purpose. State v. Caudle, 276 N.C. 550, 173 S.E.2d 778 (1970).

For an order of restitution to be valid it must be related to the criminal act for which defendant was convicted, or else the provision may run afoul of the constitutional provision prohibiting imprisonment for debt. State v. Froneberger, 81 N.C. App. 398, 344 S.E.2d 344 (1986).

Provisions in probationary judgments which require restitution are constitutionally permissible if they are related to the criminal act for which the defendant is convicted. State v. Bass, 53 N.C. App. 40, 280 S.E.2d 7 (1981).

Stated in Cobb v. Cobb, 54 N.C. App. 230, 282 S.E.2d 591 (1981).

Cited in Northwestern Bank v. Moretz, 56 N.C. App. 710, 289 S.E.2d 614 (1982); Alexander v. Johnson, 742 F.2d 117 (4th Cir. 1984).

II. FRAUD.

The words "except in cases of fraud" comprehend not only fraud in attempting to hinder, delay and defeat the collection of a debt by concealing property and other fraudulent devices, but embrace also fraud in making the contract, such as false representations, and fraud in incurring the liability; for instance, when an administrator commits a fraud by applying the funds of the estate to his own use, paying his own debts, and the like. Melvin v. Melvin, 72 N.C. 384 (1875).

No Imprisonment for Debt Absent Fraud. — This section clearly means that there shall at least be no imprisonment to enforce the payment of a debt under final process, unless it has been adjudged, upon an allegation duly made in the complaint and a corresponding issue found by a jury, that there has been fraud. Ledford v. Emerson, 143 N.C. 527, 55 S.E. 969, 10 L.R.A. (n.s.) 362 (1906); East Coast Fertilizer Co. v. Hardee, 211 N.C. 653, 191 S.E. 725 (1937).

Section Inapplicable to Contracts Involving Fraud. — This constitutional prohibition against imprisonment for debt has been held to apply to debt in the strict sense of an obligation arising out of contract, and hence would not apply to contracts involving fraud, including fraud in contracting the debt or incurring the obligation. Nunn v. Smith, 270 N.C. 374, 154 S.E.2d 497 (1967).

A party's activities in adding "payment in full" language to a check after it had been cashed by another party, and then attempting to use the check to defeat the other party's claim, constituted fraud within the intent of § 1-410(4) and within this section. Koury v. Meyer, 44 N.C. App. 392, 261 S.E.2d 217, cert. denied, 299 N.C. 736, 267 S.E.2d 662 (1980).

For case upholding the Worthless Check Law as a valid exercise by the State of its police powers, see State v. Yarboro, 194 N.C. 498, 140 S.E. 216 (1927).

Sec. 29. Treason against the State.

Treason against the State shall consist only of levying war against it or adhering to its enemies by giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court. No conviction of treason or attainder shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 37, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Sec. 30. Militia and the right to bear arms.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed; and, as standing armies in time of peace are dangerous to liberty, they shall not be maintained, and the military shall be kept under strict subordination to, and governed by, the civil power. Nothing herein shall justify the practice of carrying concealed weapons, or prevent the General Assembly from enacting penal statutes against that practice.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 24, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 24, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.*

This section guarantees the right to bear arms to the people in a collective sense, similar to the concept of a militia, and also to individuals. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

Purpose. — The purpose of the constitu-

tional guaranty of the right to bear arms is to secure a well-regulated militia. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

The purpose of the declaration that a well-regulated militia is necessary to the security of a free state was to insure the existence of a State militia as an alternative to a standing army. Such armies were regarded as peculiarly obnoxious in any free government. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

"Militia". — Militia is defined as the body of citizens in a state, enrolled for discipline as a military force, but not engaged in actual service except in emergencies, as distinguished from regular troops or a standing army. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

Law or Construction Destroying Right to Bear Arms Would Be Unconstitutional. — Any statute, or construction of a common-law rule, which would amount to a destruction of the right to bear arms would be unconstitutional. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

Individual Has Right to Possess Weapon. — The individual has the right, subject to reasonable regulation by the legislature, to possess a weapon in order to exercise his common-law right of self-defense. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

But Right Is Subject to Regulation. — The right of individuals to bear arms is not absolute, but is subject to regulation. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

The right to bear arms, which is protected and safeguarded by the federal and State Constitutions, is subject to the authority of the General Assembly, in the exercise of the police power, to regulate, but the regulation must be reasonable and not prohibitive, and must bear a fair relation to the preservation of the public peace and safety. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

For case stating that the last clause of this provision constitutes an exception to the first and indicates the extent to which the right of the people to bear arms can be restricted, that is, that the legislature can prohibit the carrying of concealed weapons, but no further, see State v. Kerner, 181 N.C. 574, 107 S.E. 222 (1921).

Right to Bear Arms and Carrying of Concealed Weapons Distinguished. — This provision of the Constitution plainly observes the distinction between the "right to keep and bear arms" and "the practice of carrying concealed weapons." The first, it is declared, shall not be infringed, while the latter may be prohibited. Even without this constitutional provision, the legislature may by law regulate the right to bear arms in a manner conducive to the public peace. State v. Speller, 86 N.C. 697 (1882), approved in State v. Reams, 121 N.C. 556, 27 S.E. 1004 (1897).

This section does not license self-appointed vigilantes, extremist groups, hoodlums, or any persons whomsoever to arm themselves for the purpose of intimidating the people and then, so long as they flaunt those weapons, to roam with impunity to the terror of the people. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

Common-Law Offense Not Abrogated. — The constitutional guaranty of the right to bear arms does not abrogate the common-law offense of going armed with unusual weapons to the terror of the people. State v. Dawson, 272 N.C. 535, 159 S.E.2d 1 (1968).

Cited in State v. Dobbins, 277 N.C. 484, 178 S.E.2d 449 (1971).

Sec. 31. Quartering of soldiers.

No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 36, Const. 1868.

Sec. 32. Exclusive emoluments.

No person or set of persons is entitled to exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges from the community but in consideration of public services.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1946.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on the six year statutory bar to products liability actions, in light of Tetterton v. Long Manufacturing Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985), see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1157 (1986).

For note, "Municipal Ownership of Cable Television Systems: Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 1295 (1990).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 7, Const. 1868, before and after its amendment in 1946.*

The purpose of this constitutional provision was not to prevent the community from exercising legislatively authorized powers to operate public enterprises, but to prevent the community from surrendering its power to another person or set of persons by grant of exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges unless they were granted in consideration of public services; it is not retention of powers, but alienation of powers, that is prohibited. Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989).

Fundamental Safeguards. — The wisdom and foresight of our ancestors is nowhere more clearly shown than in providing these fundamental safeguards against partial and class legislation, the insidious and ever-working foes of free and equal government. Simonton v. Lanier, 71 N.C. 498 (1874).

Counties Not Within Purview of Section. — Counties, as political subdivisions of the State, do not seem to be within the purview of this section, considering the vast number of local legislative acts, including ABC laws in contradiction to the general prohibition law, which are passed each session by the General Assembly. Mathis v. North Carolina, 266 F. Supp. 841 (M.D.N.C. 1967).

This section does not preclude the legislature from making classifications and distinctions in the application of laws, provided they are reasonable and just and not arbitrary. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

This provision does not forbid all classifications of persons with reference to the imposition of legal duties and obligations. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967); Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

Motivation of Legislation Determinative. — The constitutional limitation contained in this section has been frequently invoked by the Supreme Court to strike down legislation conferring special privileges not in consideration of public service; but where the motivation is for a public purpose and in the public interest, and does not confer exclusive privilege, legislation has been upheld. Brumley v. Baxter, 225 N.C. 691, 36 S.E.2d 281, 162 A.L.R. 930 (1945); State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

The limitation of this section, like that of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, does not apply to an exemption from a duty imposed upon citizens generally if the purpose of the exemption is the promotion of the general welfare, as distinguished from the benefit of the individual, and if there is reasonable basis for the legislature to conclude that the granting of the exemption would be in the public interest. State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967); Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 308 N.C. 419, 302 S.E.2d 868 (1983).

This section constitutes a specific constitutional prohibition against gifts of public money, and the legislature has no power to compel or even to authorize a municipal corporation to pay a gratuity to an individual to adjust a claim which the municipality is under no legal obligation to pay. Brown v. Board of Comm'rs, 223 N.C. 744, 28 S.E.2d 104 (1943).

Statutes Which Confer Benefits on a Particular Group of Persons. — A statute which confers an exemption that benefits a particular group of persons is not an exclusive emolument or privilege within the meaning of this section, if: (1) the exemption is intended to promote the general welfare rather than the benefit of the individual, and (2) there is a reasonable basis for the legislature to conclude the granting of the exemption serves the public interest. Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

Section 1-50(6) does not grant "exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges" to the persons it protects in violation of this section. Tetterton v. Long Mfg. Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985).

Section 62-2 does not confer an exclusive emolument or privilege by creating a private benefit only for those residents of unserved areas in violation of this section. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Carolina Util. Customers Ass'n, 336 N.C. 657, 446 S.E.2d 332 (1994).

Statutes of Limitations. — Section 1-50(6) (now § 1-50(a)(6)) does not grant "exclusive or separate emoluments or privileges" to the persons it protects in violation of this section. Tetterton v. Long Mfg. Co., 314 N.C. 44, 332 S.E.2d 67 (1985).

Validity of § 24-5. — The Legislature could reasonably have concluded that the classification scheme established by § 24-5 would best serve to further important and legitimate public purposes, including compensation of a plaintiff for the loss-of-use value of a damage award, the prevention of unjust enrichment to liability insurers who are required by law to maintain claim reserves on which interest is earned, and the promotion of settlement by these insurers, who unlike self-insurers, have as their primary business the insuring, investigation, defense and settlement of claims. The Legislature could

have reasonably concluded that the distinction between defendants with liability insurance and those without was a valid one, and that the public welfare would be best served by such a classification. Therefore, § 24-5 does not create a special emolument or privilege within the meaning of this section. Lowe v. Tarble, 312 N.C. 467, 323 S.E.2d 19 (1984), aff'd on rehearing, 313 N.C. 460, 329 S.E.2d 648 (1985).

Section 24-5 does not violate N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19 and 32 or the equal protection and due process clauses of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Harris v. Scotland Neck Rescue Squad, Inc., 75 N.C. App. 444, 331 S.E.2d 695, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 329, 333 S.E.2d 486 (1985).

Section 53-229, relating to the acquisition and control of certain nonbank banking institutions, does not violate the commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution, nor the equal protection, exclusion emoluments and antimonopoly provisions of N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19, 32 and 34. Citicorp v. Currie, 75 N.C. App. 312, 330 S.E.2d 635, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 537, 314 N.C. 538, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16 (1985).

The State cannot authorize a city to donate property, or to grant privileges to one class of citizens not enjoyed by all, except in consideration of public services. Brown v. Board of Comm'rs, 223 N.C. 744, 28 S.E.2d 104 (1943); Brumley v. Baxter, 225 N.C. 691, 36 S.E.2d 281, 162 A.L.R. 930 (1945).

City's refusal to grant cable television franchises to private applicants did not violate the exclusive emoluments and monopoly clauses of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 34, or the anti-monopoly and unfair trade practices of Chapter 75. Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989).

An expenditure by a municipality for special training of a police officer does not grant an exclusive emolument or privilege to the officer contrary to this section. Green v. Kitchin, 229 N.C. 450, 50 S.E.2d 545 (1948), discussed in 27 N.C.L. Rev. 500 (1949).

A pension paid a governmental employee for long and efficient service is not an emolument which, by this section, cannot be paid. To the contrary, it is a deferred portion of the compensation earned for services rendered. Great Am. Ins. Co. v. Johnson, 257 N.C. 367, 126 S.E.2d 92 (1962).

Benefits received by State employees under the Retirement Fund are deferred payments of salary for services rendered, and therefore such payments do not offend this section of the State Constitution. Bridges v. City of Charlotte, 221 N.C. 472, 20 S.E.2d 825 (1942).

Allowances to which a member of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is entitled upon retirement constitute compensation for public services previously rendered and do not violate this section. Harrill v. Teachers' & State Employees' Retirement Sys., 271 N.C. 357, 156 S.E.2d 702 (1967).

Severance Pay. — Where county manager worked one month after giving notice of his resignation and received all compensation due him under the terms of his employment with the county, severance pay would be compensation beyond that due for services rendered and, thus, constitutionally impermissible. Leete v. County of Warren, 341 N.C. 116, 462 S.E.2d 476 (1995).

Severance pay to county manager who voluntarily resigned violated North Carolina Constitution, Art. 1, § 32, because county manager was to be compensated for duties that were not performed, since the record reflected that the compensation was not for prior services rendered, and he was paid all benefits due him. Leete v. County of Warren, 341 N.C. 116, 459 S.E.2d 232 (1995).

Statute including deputy sheriffs within term "employee" as used in Workers' Compensation Act was consonant with the provisions of this section. Towe v. Yancey County, 224 N.C. 579, 31 S.E.2d 754 (1944).

Services in the armed forces during war are "public services" within the meaning of this section. Brumley v. Baxter, 225 N.C. 691, 36 S.E.2d 281, 162 A.L.R. 930 (1945); Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Statute making certain war veterans eligible for license to practice barbering without being examined did not violate this section. Motley v. State Bd. of Barber Exmrs., 228 N.C. 337, 45 S.E.2d 550, 175 A.L.R. 253 (1947).

Loans to Students. — Session Laws 1967, c. 1177, authorizing the State Education Assistance Authority to issue revenue bonds and to use the proceeds therefrom for making loans to "residents of this State to enable them to obtain an education in an eligible institution," does not unconstitutionally authorize use of public funds in violation of this section. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Collecting from Only Those Patients Who Can Pay. — The law makes no unconstitutional discrimination between classes when it charges all tubercular patients the same rate, but actually collects only from those who can pay. Graham v. Reserve Life Ins. Co., 274 N.C. 115, 161 S.E.2d 485 (1968).

Grant of Special Privilege to Named Person to Facilitate Public Transportation. — Though, as a rule, a grant of a special privilege, not conferred upon persons generally, to a particular man for his own peculiar benefit, naming him, may be unconstitutional, the leg-

islature unquestionably has the power, in order to provide for the public convenience or to facilitate transportation of persons and property, to confer on a designated person the right to build a bridge, or to establish a ferry, with the power to charge tolls for the use of such crossings, and, in addition, to exempt the servant who may be placed in charge from all public burdens. State v. Womble, 112 N.C. 862, 17 S.E. 491 (1893); State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Grant of a special charter to a railroad or other like corporation is not in conflict with this section of the Constitution, the charters of public service corporations coming directly within the exception contained in this provision. Reid v. Norfolk S.R.R., 162 N.C. 355, 78 S.E. 306 (1913).

As to grant of charters to municipal corporations, as agencies of the State, created for the benefit of the public, see Kornegay v. City of Goldsboro, 180 N.C. 441, 105 S.E. 187 (1920).

Contract to Relieve Railway of Expense of Removing Tracks. — Where the State Highway Commission agreed to appropriate a sum of money for the improvement of a city street upon condition that tracks and facilities of a street railway company be removed therefrom, and the railway company was operating under a franchise having 20 more years to run, which provided that the railway company should save the city harmless from any damage resulting from the construction of its tracks, and where the city entered into a contract with the railway company providing that in consideration of the abandonment of its franchise along said street the city would acquire for it an alternate right-of-way and would remove the tracks from the street, the court held that the promise by the city to remove the tracks did not constitute a special emolument not in consideration of public service. Boyce v. City of Gastonia, 227 N.C. 139, 41 S.E.2d 355 (1947).

A provision in the charter of a warehouse corporation to the effect that such corporation should not be liable for loss or damages not provided for in its warehouse receipt or contract attempted to confer exclusive privileges and was therefore unconstitutional under this section. A.H. Motley & Co. v. Southern Finishing & Whse. Co., 122 N.C. 347, 30 S.E. 3 (1898); A.H. Motley Co. v. Southern Finishing & Whse. Co., 124 N.C. 232, 32 S.E. 555 (1899).

A provision in a bank's charter allowing it to charge more than the legal rate of interest was void under this section of the Constitution where no public services were rendered in consideration of the grant. Simonton v. Lanier, 71 N.C. 498 (1874).

Private Act Incorporating Bank and Authorizing Summary Judgment on Note. — This provision of the State Constitution did not make invalid a provision in a private act incorporating the Bank of Newbern which authorized summary judgment and execution against one who defaulted in the payment of a note, as such privilege was not a gift, but the consideration for it was the public good, to be derived to the citizens at large from the establishment of the bank. President & Dirs. of Bank of Newbern v. Taylor, 6 N.C. 266 (1813); State v. Knight, 269 N.C. 100, 152 S.E.2d 179 (1967).

Public-Local Law as to Sale of Claims Against Closed Banks. — Public-local laws providing that depositors of certain closed banks might sell their claims for deposits to persons indebted to the banks at the date of their closing, and that the liquidation agents of such banks should accept such purchased claims at their face value in payment of the purchasers' debts to the banks, would be held unconstitutional and void, being in violation of this section. Edgerton v. Hood, 205 N.C. 816, 172 S.E. 481 (1934).

Exempting corporations chartered prior to a certain date from proscription against emptying into streams substances inimical to fish was held to violate this section. State v. Glidden Co., 228 N.C. 664, 46 S.E.2d 860 (1948).

A local public law which provided that the provisions of former § 44-14 should be read into private construction bonds was in contravention of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 31, the statute failing to operate uniformly and equally in giving special privilege to the residents of the particular county and imposing heavier burdens on certain sureties. J.O. Plott Co. v. H.K. Ferguson Co., 202 N.C. 446, 163 S.E. 688 (1932).

Law Burdening Business in One Portion of State and Not Others. — Any law which, purporting to operate on a particular class, places upon those engaged in business in a portion of the State a burden for a privilege which is exercised freely and without additional charge by those engaged in the business in other parts of the State is arbitrary in classification, because it discriminates within the class originally selected and extends to the latter a privilege and immunity not accorded to those who must, under the law, pay the additional exaction or quit the business. State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

Denying a nonprofit corporation the right to construct and operate its proposed hospital on its own property with its own funds with adequate staff and equipment was a grant to existing hospitals of exclusive privileges forbidden by this section. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Maintenance of Market House. — It is

within the power of a city or town to provide, by contract with its citizens, a market house, and to exclude, with certain reasonable exceptions, the sale of fish at other places, it appearing that, under the contract, the market house was to remain under the full control of the municipal authorities, and that reasonable accommodation had been provided for the vendors, with reasonable charges for the stalls. State v. Perry, 151 N.C. 661, 65 S.E. 915 (1909).

The State Constitution forbids the granting of an exclusive license. Durham v. North Carolina, 395 F.2d 58 (4th Cir. 1968).

And the holder of a nonexclusive franchise has no monopoly, and cannot complain of competition from a publicly created utility system. Phrased another way, the creation by a state of a competing public utility does not amount to a "taking" compensable under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Durham v. North Carolina, 395 F.2d 58 (4th Cir. 1968).

An act authorizing the grant of an exclusive franchise to operate a race track was held unconstitutional as being in violation of this section, notwithstanding a municipality receives a fraction of the gross receipts. State ex rel. Taylor v. Carolina Racing Ass'n, 241 N.C. 80, 84 S.E.2d 390 (1954), commented on in 33 N.C.L. Rev. 109 (1954).

The exclusive privilege granted to the holder of a franchise to operate a dog race track under a statute is not in consideration of public service within the meaning of this section, and the statute is unconstitutional. State v. Felton, 239 N.C. 575, 80 S.E.2d 625 (1954).

Regulation of Vehicles for Hire. — A municipal ordinance requiring all operators of passenger motor vehicles for hire within the city to deposit with the treasurer of the city policies of liability insurance in responsible companies authorized to do business in the State in a stipulated amount for each car operated, or cash or securities in the sum required, was in contravention of this section and of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 34, in that the ordinance failed to provide that the security required might be furnished by one or more solvent individual sureties. State v. Sasseen, 206 N.C. 644, 175 S.E. 142 (1934), commented on in 13 N.C.L. Rev. 222 (1935).

Regulation of Ambulance Service. — For case holding county ordinance regulating ambulance service unconstitutional, see Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

As to the unconstitutionality of former § 153-9(58) a 2 because of the possible retroactive application of the grandfather clause, see Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

Former § 153-9(58) a 6, granting to counties the power to set minimum limits of liability insurance coverage for ambulances, was not void as being in contravention of constitutional prohibitions against monopolies and exclusive emoluments, since the paragraph did not provide that liability insurance would be the exclusive method of indemnifying persons or property against loss due to negligent operation of the ambulance service. Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

Regulation as to Practice of Medicine. — An act prohibiting the practice of medicine without registration held not within the inhibition of this section merely because it contained a proviso to the effect that the act would not apply to midwives nor to nonresident consulting physicians, as this did not constitute an exclusive privilege within the meaning of the section. State v. Van Doran, 109 N.C. 864, 14 S.E. 32 (1891). See also, State v. Biggs, 133 N.C. 729, 46 S.E. 401 (1903).

Regulation as to Pilots. — The selection by a commission of persons qualified to act as pilots is not violative of this section. St. George v. Hardie, 147 N.C. 88, 60 S.E. 920 (1908).

Statute Providing for Tile Contractor's License. — Statute requiring a license for any person, firm or corporation undertaking to lay, set or install ceramic tile, marble or terrazzo floors or walls violated this section. Roller v. Allen, 245 N.C. 516, 96 S.E.2d 851 (1957).

Restrictions on vehicular traffic contained in Session Laws 1983, Chapter 539 were intended to promote the general welfare of the public and were reasonably based to further that intent. Thus, those restrictions do not violate this section. Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

Applied in Lamb v. Wedgewood S. Corp., 55 N.C. App. 686, 286 S.E.2d 876 (1982); White v. Pate, 308 N.C. 759, 304 S.E.2d 199 (1983); State v. McCleary, 65 N.C. App. 174, 308 S.E.2d 883 (1983); State v. Stanley, 79 N.C. App. 379, 339 S.E.2d 668 (1986); State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Quoted in Gwathmey v. State ex rel. Dep't of Env't, Health & Natural Resources, 342 N.C. 287, 464 S.E.2d 674 (1995).

Stated in In re DeLancy, 67 N.C. App. 647, 313 S.E.2d 880 (1984).

Cited in Loughlin v. North Carolina State Bd. of Registration, 32 N.C. App. 351, 232 S.E.2d 219 (1977); Wood v. City of Fayetteville, 43 N.C. App. 410, 259 S.E.2d 581 (1979); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); State ex rel. Banking Comm'n v. Citicorp Sav. Indus. Bank, 74 N.C. App. 474, 328 S.E.2d 895 (1985); Town of Emerald Isle v. State, 78 N.C. App. 736, 338 S.E.2d 581 (1986); Empire Distribs. of N.C., Inc. v. Schieffelin & Co., 677 F. Supp. 847 (W.D.N.C. 1988); Gwathmey v. State ex rel. Dep't of Env't, Health & Natural Resources, 342 N.C. 287, 464 S.E.2d 674 (1995).

Sec. 33. Hereditary emoluments and honors.

No hereditary emoluments, privileges, or honors shall be granted or conferred in this State.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 30, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on anti-trust and unfair trade practice law in North Carolina, with federal law compared, see 50 N.C.L. Rev. 199 (1972).

Sec. 34. Perpetuities and monopolies.

Perpetuities and monopolies are contrary to the genius of a free state and shall not be allowed.

Cross References. — For prohibition against exclusive emoluments other than in consideration of public services, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 32.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 31, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "A Proposal for a Simple and Socially Effective Rule Against Perpetuities," see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 545 (1988).

For article, "Does the Fee Tail Exist in North Carolina?," see 23 Wake Forest L. Rev. 767 (1988).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. I, § 31, Const. 1868.

The common-law rule against perpetuities is recognized and enforced in this State. The rule is not one of construction, but a positive mandate of law, to be obeyed irrespective of the question of intention. Its primary purpose is to restrict the permissible creation of future interests and prevent undue restraint upon or suspension of the right of alienation. Whenever the future interest takes effect or the right of alienation is suspended beyond the period stipulated in the rule, it is violative thereof. Mercer v. Mercer, 230 N.C. 101, 52 S.E.2d 229 (1949); Parker v. Parker, 252 N.C. 399, 113 S.E.2d 899 (1960).

The common-law rule against perpetuities has been long recognized and enforced in this jurisdiction, and its application has the continuing sanction of this section. North Carolina Nat'l Bank v. Norris, 21 N.C. App. 178, 203 S.E.2d 657 (1974).

Early Vesting of Estates Favored. — Where, by a correct interpretation of a will, it will reasonably be allowed, the law will favor the early vesting of estates against the interests of a contingent remainderman. Walker v. Trollinger, 192 N.C. 744, 135 S.E. 871 (1926).

The rule against perpetuities applies to private trusts. And when a private trust violates the rule, the court will not limit the duration of the trust, but will declare the whole trust invalid. Mercer v. Mercer, 230 N.C. 101, 52 S.E.2d 229 (1949).

Statute Failing to Provide for Successors to Office Did Not Create Perpetuity. — The General Assembly having failed to appoint or provide for the election of successors to the highway and sinking fund commissioners of Madison County, who were appointed for a four or six-year term by Public-Local Laws of 1931, c. 341, the General Assembly would be presumed to acquiesce in their continuance in office, and the General Assembly having power to terminate, change or continue the appointments, it would not be held that it intended to create perpetuities or exclusive emoluments in violation of any of the provisions of this article; said commissioners thus would continue to hold office with power to discharge the duties thereof. Freeman v. Board of County Comm'rs, 217 N.C. 209, 7 S.E.2d 354 (1940).

The State Constitution forbids the granting of an exclusive license. Durham v. North Carolina, 395 F.2d 58 (4th Cir. 1968).

And the holder of a nonexclusive franchise has no monopoly, and cannot complain of competition from a publicly created utility system. Phrased another way, the creation by a state of a competing public utility does not amount to a "taking" compensable under U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Durham v. North Carolina, 395 F.2d 58 (4th Cir. 1968).

The distinctive characteristics of a monopoly are (1) control of so large a portion of the market of a certain commodity that (2) competition is stifled, (3) freedom of commerce is restricted and (4) the monopolist controls prices. American Motors Sales Corp. v. Peters, 311 N.C. 311, 317 S.E.2d 351 (1984).

An act authorizing the grant of an exclu-

sive franchise to operate a race track was held unconstitutional as being in violation of this section. State ex rel. Taylor v. Carolina Racing Ass'n, 241 N.C. 80, 84 S.E.2d 390 (1954).

An act which provided for the granting of an exclusive franchise to operate a dog race track was held unconstitutional in State v. Felton, 239 N.C. 575, 80 S.E.2d 625 (1954).

City's refusal to grant cable television franchises to private applicants did not violate the exclusive emoluments and monopoly clauses of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 32 and this section, or the antimonopoly and unfair trade practices of Chapter 75. Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989).

As to prohibitive regulations upon engaging in business, see State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

Statute Providing for Tile Contractor's License. — Statute requiring a license for any person, firm or corporation undertaking to lay, set or install ceramic tile, marble or terrazzo floors or walls violated this section. Roller v. Allen, 245 N.C. 516, 96 S.E.2d 851 (1957).

Statute Requiring Examination of Former Dentists Returning to State. — Statute providing that a licensed dentist who retired or removed from the State had to pass an examination upon returning to the State did not confer exclusive emoluments and privileges on continuously practicing dentists contrary to the provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 33. Allen v. Carr, 210 N.C. 513, 187 S.E. 809 (1936).

Statute Regulating Practice of Optometry. — A portion of § 90-115, relating to the practice of optometry, was held violative of this section. Palmer v. Smith, 229 N.C. 612, 51 S.E.2d 8 (1948).

Statute relating to licensing and supervision of photographers tended to create a monopoly in violation of this section. State v. Ballance, 229 N.C. 764, 51 S.E.2d 731 (1949).

Regulation of Ambulance Service. — For case holding county ordinance regulating ambulance service unconstitutional, see Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

Former § 153-9(58) a 6 was not void as being in contravention of constitutional prohibitions against monopolies and exclusive emoluments, since the paragraph did not provide that liability insurance would be the exclusive method of indemnifying persons or property against loss due to negligent operation of the ambulance service. Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

Because of the possible retroactive application of the grandfather rights provided for, former § 153-9(58) a 2 was unconstitutional, since it invaded the personal and property rights guaranteed and protected by the Constitution. Whaley v. Lenoir County, 5 N.C. App. 319, 168 S.E.2d 411 (1969).

As to selection of persons qualified to act as pilots by a commission, see St. George v. Hardie, 147 N.C. 88, 60 S.E. 920 (1908).

As to ordinance granting the exclusive privilege to construct and maintain waterworks within the corporate limits of a town, see Elizabeth City Water & Power Co. v. City of Elizabeth City, 188 N.C. 278, 124 S.E. 611 (1924).

As to stipulations in partial restraint of trade, see Tobacco Growers Coop. Ass'n v. Jones, 185 N.C. 265, 117 S.E. 174, 33 A.L.R. 231 (1923).

As to the regulation of cleaning and pressing plants, see State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

Denying a nonprofit corporation the right to construct and operate its proposed hospital on its own property with its own funds with adequate staff and equipment establishes a monopoly in the existing hospitals contrary to the provisions of this section. In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973).

Plaintiff's Monopolistic Conduct No Defense to Defendant's Unfair Competition. — Even if plaintiff's conduct in protecting its property was a monopolistic practice, it was not a defense to an action for injunctive relief and compensatory damages brought by plaintiffs against defendants for alleged unfair competition where defendants' conduct had been determined to be unfair competition. United Artists Records, Inc. v. Eastern Tape Corp., 19 N.C. App. 207, 198 S.E.2d 452 (1973), cert. denied, 284 N.C. 255, 200 S.E.2d 653 (1974).

Automobile Dealer Franchise. — The State can require that if an automobile manufacturer gives a franchise to a dealer to sell automobiles, that the manufacturer include in the terms of the franchise agreement the right that the dealer have an exclusive franchise in a certain trade area so long as the dealer abides by the terms of the franchise agreement. American Motors Sales Corp. v. Peters, 58 N.C. App. 684, 294 S.E.2d 764 (1982), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 311, 317 S.E.2d 351 (1984).

Grant of franchise to automobile dealer is not an agreement between competitors not to compete, but a contract between a manufacturer and a dealer. The State has enacted legislation which gives automobile dealers some protection after they have made investments and taken other action, relying on contracts they have made, and the State has the power to do this. American Motors Sales Corp. v. Peters, 58 N.C. App. 684, 294 S.E.2d 764 (1982), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 311, 317 S.E.2d 351 (1984).

Under § 20-305(5), an automobile manufacturer may give a dealer the exclusive right to

sell its automobiles in a trade area without violating this section. For the General Assembly to require the manufacturer to do what it could bargain to do if it desired to execute a contract is not the granting of a monopoly. American Motors Sales Corp. v. Peters, 58 N.C. App. 684, 294 S.E.2d 764 (1982), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 311, 317 S.E.2d 351 (1984).

Section 20-305(5) is not unconstitutional on its face as allowing monopolies. American Motors Sales Corp. v. Peters, 58 N.C. App. 684, 294 S.E.2d 764 (1982), rev'd on other grounds, 311 N.C. 311, 317 S.E.2d 351 (1984).

Section 53-229, relating to the acquisition and control of certain nonbank banking institutions, does not violate the commerce clause of the U.S. Constitution, nor the equal protection, exclusion emoluments and antimonopoly provisions of the State Constitution. Citicorp v. Currie, 75 N.C. App. 312, 330 S.E.2d 635, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 537, 314 N.C. 538, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16, 335 S.E.2d 15, 335 S.E.2d 16 (1985).

Stated in In re DeLancy, 67 N.C. App. 647, 313 S.E.2d 880 (1984).

Cited in Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971); North Carolina State Bd. of Registration v. IBM Corp., 31 N.C. App. 599, 230 S.E.2d 552 (1976); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); State ex rel. Banking Comm'n v. Citicorp Sav. Indus. Bank, 74 N.C. App. 474, 328 S.E.2d 895 (1985); Coastal Neuro-Psychiatric Assocs. v. Onslow Mem. Hosp., 795 F.2d 340 (4th Cir. 1986); Jetstream Aero Servs., Inc. v. New Hanover County, 672 F. Supp. 879 (E.D.N.C. 1987); Empire Distribs. of N.C., Inc. v. Schieffelin & Co., 677 F. Supp. 847 (W.D.N.C. 1988); Nursing Registry, Inc. v. Eastern N.C. Regional Emergency Medical Servs. Consortium, Inc., 959 F. Supp. 298 (E.D.N.C. 1997).

Sec. 35. Recurrence to fundamental principles.

A frequent recurrence to fundamental principles is absolutely necessary to preserve the blessings of liberty.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 29, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For an essay, "On the Significance of Constitutional Spirit," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1803 (1992).

CASE NOTES

Liberal Construction. — The Constitution must be construed in the light of its history, and must be liberally construed in aid of progress, but a liberal construction is especially required in interpreting those provisions safeguarding individual liberty. State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940), decided under Art. I, § 29, Const. 1868.

For application of Art. I, § 29, Const. 1868, see State v. Hardy, 189 N.C. 799, 128 S.E. 152 (1925).

Quoted in Treants Enters., Inc. v. Onslow County, 83 N.C. App. 345, 350 S.E.2d 365 (1986); Corum v. University of N.C. ex rel. Bd. of Governors, 330 N.C. 761, 413 S.E.2d 276, reh'g denied, 331 N.C. 558, 418 S.E.2d 664, cert. denied, 506 U.S. 985, 113 S. Ct. 493, 121 L. Ed. 2d 431 (1992).

Cited in Still v. Lance, 279 N.C. 254, 182 S.E.2d 403 (1971); In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); Pruitt v. Williams, 288 N.C. 368, 218 S.E.2d 348 (1975); State v. Avery, 315 N.C. 1, 337 S.E.2d 786 (1985); Corum v. University of N.C., 97 N.C. App. 527, 389 S.E.2d 596 (1990); Boesche v. Raleigh-Durham Airport Auth., 111 N.C. App. 149, 432 S.E.2d 137 (1993).

Sec. 36. Other rights of the people.

The enumeration of rights in this Article shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 38, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

CASE NOTES

Instruction Informing Jury of Death Penalty. — Denial of defendant's written request for an instruction that "should you [the jury] return a verdict of guilty to the alleged crime of rape, the death penalty will be imposed by this Court" did not deny him his constitutional right of due process as guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amends. V and XIV and by N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 19, 23 and this section, since the record revealed that each juror knew that the sentence of death would be imposed upon the return of a verdict of guilty. State v. Bernard, 288 N.C. 321, 218 S.E.2d 327 (1975).

Cited in In re Reddy, 16 N.C. App. 520, 192 S.E.2d 621 (1972); Boesche v. Raleigh-Durham Airport Auth., 111 N.C. App. 149, 432 S.E.2d 137 (1993).

Sec. 37. Rights of victims of crime.

(1) *Basic rights.* Victims of crime, as prescribed by law, shall be entitled to the following basic rights:

(a) The right as prescribed by law to be informed of and to be present at court proceedings of the accused.

(b) The right to be heard at sentencing of the accused in a manner prescribed by law, and at other times as prescribed by law or deemed appropriate by the court.

(c) The right as prescribed by law to receive restitution.

(d) The right as prescribed by law to be given information about the crime, how the criminal justice system works, the rights of victims, and the availability of services for victims.

(e) The right as prescribed by law to receive information about the conviction or final disposition and sentence of the accused.

(f) The right as prescribed by law to receive notification of escape, release, proposed parole or pardon of the accused, or notice of a reprieve or commutation of the accused's sentence.

(g) The right as prescribed by law to present their views and concerns to the Governor or agency considering any action that could result in the release of the accused, prior to such action becoming effective.

(h) The right as prescribed by law to confer with the prosecution.

(2) *No money damages; other enforcement.* Nothing in this section shall be construed as creating a claim for money damages against the State, a county, a municipality, or any of the agencies, instrumentalities, or employees thereof. The General Assembly may provide for other remedies to ensure adequate enforcement of this section.

(3) *No ground for relief in criminal case.* The failure or inability of any person to provide a right or service provided under this section may not be used by a defendant in a criminal case, an inmate, or any other accused as a ground for relief in any trial, appeal, postconviction litigation, habeas corpus, civil action, or any similar criminal or civil proceeding. (1995, c. 438, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election held in November 1996, and was approved by the voters at that election. Session Laws 1995, c. 438, s. 3, made this section effective upon certification of approval by the State Board of Elections to the Secretary of State; certification was made on November 26, 1996.

ARTICLE II

LEGISLATIVE

Section 1. Legislative power.

The legislative power of the State shall be vested in the General Assembly, which shall consist of a Senate and a House of Representatives.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 1, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on delegation of legislative authority to individuals, see 31 N.C.L. Rev. 308 (1953).

For case law survey as to separation of powers, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 947 (1966).

For survey of 1979 constitutional law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1326 (1980).

For comment on sectarian education and the State, see 1980 Duke L.J. 801.

For survey of 1982 law relating to constitutional law, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 1052 (1983).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. II, § 1, Const. 1868.

All legislative power in this State rests in the General Assembly under this section, except as authorized by the Constitution, as in cases of municipal corporations. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Security Nat'l Bank, 252 N.C. 595, 114 S.E.2d 688 (1960).

Legislative power vests exclusively in the General Assembly, and except as authorized by the Constitution, as in case of municipal corporations, may not be delegated. State ex rel. Taylor v. Carolina Racing Ass'n, 241 N.C. 80, 84 S.E.2d 390 (1954); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

And the General Assembly Is Possessed of Full Legislative Powers. — Under the North Carolina Constitution, the General Assembly, so far as that instrument is concerned, is possessed of full legislative powers unless restrained by express constitutional provision or necessary implication therefrom. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

To Legislate for Protection of Health, Safety, Morals and General Welfare. — The General Assembly, exercising the police power of the State, may legislate for the protection of the public health, safety, morals and general welfare of the people. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970); In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

Questions of Public Policy Are for Legislative Determination. — Absent constitutional restraint, questions as to public policy are for legislative determination. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

The wisdom of an enactment is a legislative and not a judicial question. The General Assembly has the right to experiment with new modes of dealing with old evils, except as prevented by the Constitution. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

Only Legislature May Amend Statute. — Only the General Assembly may amend or rewrite a statute. Ramsey v. North Carolina Veterans Comm'n, 261 N.C. 645, 135 S.E.2d 659 (1964).

Legislature Cannot Restrict Power of Succeeding Legislature. — An act of the General Assembly is legal unless the Constitution contains a prohibition against it. However, one legislature cannot restrict or limit by statute the right of a succeeding legislature to exercise its constitutional power to legislate in its own way. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1971).

Distinction between Delegating Power to Make Law and Conferring Authority as to Its Execution. — There is a distinction generally recognized between a delegation of the power to make a law, which necessarily includes a discretion as to what it shall be, and the conferring of authority or discretion as to its execution. The first may not be done, whereas the latter, if adequate guiding standards are laid down, is permissible under certain circumstances. State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974).

Legislative function cannot be delegated. Cox v. City of Kinston, 217 N.C. 391, 8 S.E.2d 252 (1940).

To Any Other Branch, Department or Agency. — The legislature may not abdicate its power to make laws nor delegate its su-

preme legislative power to any other coordinate branch or to any agency which it may create. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965); State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

This section inhibits the General Assembly from delegating its legislative powers to any other department or body. Jackson v. Guilford County Bd. of Adjustment, 2 N.C. App. 408, 163 S.E.2d 265 (1968).

Not Even an Administrative Agency. — The legislature may not delegate its power to make laws even to an administrative agency of the government. Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

But the Legislature May Delegate Portion of Its Power Under Prescribed Standards. — As to some specific subject matter, the legislature may delegate a limited portion of its legislative power to an administrative agency if it prescribes the standards under which the agency is to exercise the delegated powers. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965); State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970); In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E.2d 771 (1975), appeal dismissed, 423 U.S. 976, 96 S. Ct. 389, 46 L. Ed. 2d 300 (1976).

A modern legislature must be able to delegate, in proper instances, a limited portion of its legislative powers to administrative bodies which are equipped to adapt legislation to complex conditions involving numerous details with which the legislature cannot deal directly. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Although It Cannot Delegate Absolute Discretion to Apply or Withhold Application of Law. — The legislature cannot vest in a subordinate agency the power to apply or withhold the application of the law in its absolute or unguided discretion. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974); State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974).

Section Elucidates when Delegation Is Permissible. — The effect of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 6 and this section is to elucidate the circumstances in which delegation of legislative powers is permissible. Heritage Village Church & Missionary Fellowship, Inc. v. State, 40 N.C. App. 429, 253 S.E.2d 473 (1979), aff'd, 299 N.C. 399, 263 S.E.2d 726 (1980).

Legislature Must Declare Policy, Fix Legal Principles and Provide Adequate Standards. — The legislative body must declare the policy of the law, fix legal principles which are to control in given cases, and provide adequate standards for the guidance of the administrative body or officer empowered to execute the law. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974); State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974); State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 27 N.C. App. 479, 219 S.E.2d 660 (1975), aff'd, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

Adequate Guiding Standards Are Required. — The constitutional inhibition against delegating legislative authority does not preclude the legislature from transferring adjudicative and rule-making powers to administrative bodies provided such transfers are accompanied by adequate guiding standards to govern the exercise of the delegated powers. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The people, in this section, have conferred their legislative power upon the General Assembly, which may not transfer it to another officer or agency without the establishment of such standards for guidance as to retain in its own hands the supreme legislative power. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

Purpose of Adequate Guiding Standards Test. — The purpose of the adequate guiding standards test is to reconcile the legislative need to delegate authority with the constitutional mandate that the legislature retain in its own hands the supreme legislative power. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Application of Adequate Guiding Standards Test. — The key to an intelligent application of the adequate guiding standards test is an understanding that, while delegations of power to administrative agencies are necessary, such transfers of power should be closely monitored to insure that the decision-making by the agency is not arbitrary and unreasoned and that the agency is not asked to make important policy choices which might just as easily be made by the elected representatives in the legislature. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of

Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Determining Adequacy of Standards by Existence of Procedural Safeguards. — In determining whether a particular delegation of authority is supported by adequate guiding standards, it is permissible to consider whether the authority vested in the agency is subject to procedural safeguards. A key purpose of the adequate guiding standards test is to insure that the decision-making by the agency is not arbitrary and unreasoned. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Procedural safeguards tend to encourage adherence to legislative standards by the agency to which power has been delegated. The presence or absence of procedural safeguards is relevant to the broader question of whether a delegation of authority is accompanied by adequate guiding standards. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Provision of Direction to Administrative Body with Expertise. — When there is an obvious need for expertise in the achievement of legislative goals, the General Assembly is not required to lay down a detailed agenda covering every conceivable problem which might arise in the implementation of the legislation. It is enough if general policies and standards have been articulated which are sufficient to provide direction to an administrative body possessing the expertise to adapt the legislative goals to varying circumstances. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Source of Standards. — In the search for adequate guiding standards, the primary sources of legislative guidance are declarations by the General Assembly of the legislative goals and policies which an agency is to apply when exercising its delegated powers. Such declarations need be only as specific as the circumstances permit. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Standards for Board Regulating Trade or Profession. — When the General Assembly delegates to administrative officers and agencies its own power to prescribe detailed administrative rules and regulations governing the right of individuals to engage in a trade or profession, the statute granting such authority must lay down or point to a standard for the guidance of the officer or agency in the exercise of his or its discretion. Otherwise, such statute will be deemed an unlawful delegation by the General Assembly of its own authority. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

In licensing those who desire to engage in professions or occupations such as may be proper subjects of such regulation, the legislature may confer upon executive officers or bodies the power of granting or refusing to license persons to enter such trades or professions only when it has prescribed a sufficient standard for their guidance. Revco Southeast Drug Centers, Inc. v. North Carolina Bd. of Pharmacy, 21 N.C. App. 156, 204 S.E.2d 38 (1974); In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E.2d 771 (1975), appeal dismissed, 423 U.S. 976, 96 S. Ct. 389, 46 L. Ed. 2d 300 (1976).

Standards Are Unnecessary When Power Is Delegated in the Constitution. — The principle that the General Assembly may not transfer its legislative power without the establishment of standards for guidance has no application to a direct delegation by the people, themselves, in the Constitution of this State, of any portion of their power, legislative or otherwise. In such case, the Supreme Court looks only to the Constitution to determine what power has been delegated. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

Administrative Details May Be Left to Agency. — If it were necessary for the Turnpike Authority to formulate specific plans as to the course of the turnpike through the various municipalities, and as to the manner and method of construction, and then seek legislative approval thereof, there would be no purpose in creating the Authority; the legislature might just as well act itself in the entire matter. The prohibition against abdication of legislative power in favor of an agency was never intended to extend to such administrative details. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Legislature May Delegate Power to Determine Facts. — The legislature cannot delegate its power to make a law; but it can make a law to delegate a power to determine some facts or state of facts upon which the law makes, or intends to make, its own action depend. State v. Curtis, 230 N.C. 169, 52 S.E.2d 364 (1949).

The legislature may not abdicate its power to make laws or delegate its supreme legislative power to any other department or body. However, it is not necessary for the legislature to ascertain the facts of, or to deal with, each case. The constitutional inhibition against delegating legislative authority does not deny to the legislature the necessary flexibility of enabling it to lay down policies and establish standards, while leaving to designated governmental agencies and administrative boards the determination of facts to which the policy as declared by the legislature shall apply. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953); Foster v. North Caro-

lina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974); A-S-P Assocs. v. City of Raleigh, 298 N.C. 207, 258 S.E.2d 444 (1979).

The General Assembly, for the purpose of carrying its enactment into effect, may delegate the power to find facts or to determine the existence or nonexistence of a factual situation or condition on which the operation of a law is made to depend or another agency of the government is to come into existence, provided adequate standards are set forth to guide the agency in so doing. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Security Nat'l Bank, 252 N.C. 595, 114 S.E.2d 688 (1960); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973); Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974); State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974).

The General Assembly, having itself declared the policy to be effectuated and having established the broad framework of law within which it is to be accomplished and standards for the guidance of the administrative agency, may delegate to such agency the authority to make determinations of fact upon which the application of a statute to particular situations will depend. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Delegation of Authority to Test Applicants to Bar. — There is no more appropriate delegation of authority than that of testing to determine a capability to practice law. The Board of Law Examiners is not required to make important policy choices, which might just as easily be made by the elected representatives in the legislature, but merely to compile and administer examinations. Form, grading and logistics only are left to the Board, which does no violence to constitutional principle. Bowens v. Board of Law Exmrs., 57 N.C. App. 78, 291 S.E.2d 170 (1982).

Delegation of Power to Private Corporations. — The legislature may not vest in a private corporation the authority to determine in its absolute or unguided discretion the price at which another, with whom it has no contractual relation, may sell to a willing buyer an article lawfully acquired and owned by him. Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

The "nonsigner" provision of former § 66-56, extending the force and effect of a "fair trade" contract to a seller not a party thereto, was unconstitutional, because it delegated legislative power to a private corporation, in violation of this section. Bulova Watch Co. v. Brand Distrib. of North Wilkesboro, Inc., 285 N.C. 467, 206 S.E.2d 141 (1974).

Delegation of Power to Voters of Municipality. — While an act, otherwise valid, may be enacted so as to take effect upon approval by a majority of the qualified voters of the affected locality, the General Assembly cannot constitutionally provide that the qualified voters in one governmental unit, e.g., a town, shall decide whether a statute shall be in force and effect elsewhere than in the territory comprising that particular governmental unit. State ex rel. Taylor v. Carolina Racing Ass'n, 241 N.C. 80, 84 S.E.2d 390 (1954).

An act, otherwise valid, may be enacted so as to take effect upon approval by a majority of the qualified voters of the affected locality. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Delegation of Power to Board of Bar Examiners. — This section does not unconstitutionally delegate legislative power, where the statute authorizes the Board of Law Examiners to make rules governing admission to the bar. Bring v. North Carolina State Bar, 348 N.C. 655, 501 S.E.2d 907 (1998).

Incorporation of Municipal Corporations. — Ordinarily no delegation of legislative functions is involved in general laws providing for the incorporation of municipal corporations, fixing the conditions on which they may be created, and leaving to some officer or official body the duty of determining whether such conditions exist. However if the statute requires or authorizes the court or other agency to pass upon questions of public policy involved, or to exercise any discretion as to whether the municipal corporation should be created, or to render any other assistance than the determination of facts, there is an attempted delegation of legislative power and the statute is invalid. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953).

Power May Be Delegated to Municipalities. — Ordinary restrictions with respect to the delegation of power to an agency of the State, which exercises no function of government, do not apply to cities, towns, or counties. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

And to Counties. — The general rule that legislative power, vested in the General Assembly, may not be delegated is subject to an exception permitting the delegation to municipal corporations and to counties of power to legislate concerning local problems. Porter v. Suburban San. Serv., Inc., 283 N.C. 479, 196 S.E.2d 760 (1973).

But the General Assembly cannot delegate to a city or county more extensive power than it possesses. In re Ellis, 277 N.C. 419, 178 S.E.2d 77 (1970).

Though the law-making power can unquestionably create a municipal corporation and

delegate legislative authority to it, it cannot clothe the creature with power to do what the Constitution prohibits the creator from doing. In re Ellis, 277 N.C. 419, 178 S.E.2d 77 (1970).

The power to zone is the power originally vested in the General Assembly to legislate with reference to the use which may be made of land and the structures which may be erected or located thereon. Keiger v. Winston-Salem Bd. of Adjustment, 278 N.C. 17, 178 S.E.2d 616 (1971).

Power to zone real property is vested in the General Assembly by this section. Chrismon v. Guilford County, 322 N.C. 611, 370 S.E.2d 579 (1988).

And Is Subject to Constitutional Limitations on Interference with Property Rights. — The power to zone rests originally in the General Assembly, but this power is subject to the constitutional limitation forbidding arbitrary and unduly discriminatory interference with the right of property owners. In re Ellis, 277 N.C. 419, 178 S.E.2d 77 (1970).

Power to Adopt Zoning Ordinance May Be Conferred. — The General Assembly, notwithstanding this section, may confer upon county boards of commissioners the power to adopt zoning ordinances otherwise valid. Jackson v. Guilford County Bd. of Adjustment, 275 N.C. 155, 166 S.E.2d 78 (1969).

But a Municipality May Not Delegate Power to Zone to Board of Adjustment. — The legislative body of a municipal corporation, in which the General Assembly has vested its power to zone, may not delegate the power to zone to the municipal board of adjustment. Keiger v. Winston-Salem Bd. of Adjustment, 278 N.C. 17, 178 S.E.2d 616 (1971).

Power to Legislate Concerning Local Problems. — The authority of the General Assembly to delegate to municipal corporations power to legislate concerning local problems, such as zoning, is an exception (established by custom in most, if not all, of the states) to the general rule that legislative powers, vested in the General Assembly by this section, may not be delegated by it. This exception to the doctrine of nondelegation is not limited to a delegation of such legislative authority to incorporated cities and towns, but extends, as to other types of local matters, to a like delegation to counties and other units established by the General Assembly for local government. Jackson v. Guilford County Bd. of Adjustment, 275 N.C. 155, 166 S.E.2d 78 (1969).

Enlargement of Municipal Boundaries. — There is no constitutional provision prohibiting the creation of a municipality by an act of the General Assembly. A fortiori, by a special act, it may constitutionally enlarge the boundaries of a town which it has created. It may also provide statutory procedures for extending the corporate limits of a municipality organized and existing under the laws of the State. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

The enlargement of municipal boundaries by the annexation of new territory, resulting in the extension of municipal corporate jurisdiction, is a legitimate subject of legislation. In the absence of constitutional restriction, the extent to which such legislation shall be enacted, both with respect to the terms and circumstances under which the annexation may be had, and the manner in which it may be made, rests entirely in the discretion of the legislature, and an act of annexation is valid which authorizes the annexation of territory without the consent of its inhabitants. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

In delegating to town commissioners the discretionary right to decide whether to enlarge corporate limits as specified in special act, Session Laws 1971, c. 801, the General Assembly did not delegate legislative authority in violation of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 6 or this section. Except for approval by the town's board of commissioners, the act was complete in every respect at the time of its ratification. The only discretion given the commissioners was to decide whether or not to annex the territory specified in the act. In authorizing the annexation, the General Assembly determined that the annexation was suitable and proper. Plemmer v. Matthewson, 281 N.C. 722, 190 S.E.2d 204 (1972).

Establishment or Abolition of County Court. — While the legislature may not delegate its power to make laws, it may delegate to local political subdivisions the power to find facts determinative of whether a particular law should become effective in the locality, and therefore it may delegate to county commissioners the power to establish a county court when necessary in the public interest, and, a fortiori it may also delegate to the county commissioners similar authority to abolish a county court established by the legislature. Efird v. Board of Comm'rs, 219 N.C. 96, 12 S.E.2d 889 (1941).

Issuance of Special Use Permit. — Where a municipal ordinance required the board of adjustment to issue a special use permit when it made certain affirmative findings specified in the ordinance, the board's determination of whether to issue a special use permit was not an unlawful exercise of legislative power. Kenan v. Board of Adjustment, 13 N.C. App. 688, 187 S.E.2d 496, cert. denied, 281 N.C. 314, 188 S.E.2d 897 (1972).

Licensing of Dry Cleaners. — Chapter 30 of the Public Laws of 1937, as amended by c. 337 of the Public Laws of 1939, providing for the licensing of those engaged in the business of dry cleaning by the commission set up in the

act, was an unconstitutional delegation of legislative authority, in that the act failed to set up standards or provide reasonable limitations to guide the administrative board in admitting or excluding persons from the business, but left such power in unlimited discretion of the administrative board. State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E.2d 854, 128 A.L.R. 658 (1940).

For case upholding the Urban Redevelopment Law, see Horton v. Redevelopment Comm'n, 259 N.C. 605, 131 S.E.2d 464 (1963).

For case upholding the former North Carolina Turnpike Authority Act, see North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Section 97-31, authorizing the Industrial Commission to award compensation for bodily disfigurement, is not void as a delegation of legislative authority. Baxter v. W.H. Arthur Co., 216 N.C. 276, 4 S.E.2d 621 (1939).

Session Laws 1967, c. 1177, authorizing the State Education Assistance Authority to issue revenue bonds and to use the proceeds therefrom for the making of loans to "residents of this State to enable them to obtain an education in an eligible institution," as set forth in § 116-209.2, when supplemented by federal legislation, provides sufficient legislative standards whereby the Authority can determine to which students the loans should be made, since it is implicit in c. 1177 that all loans made from the bond proceeds shall be made in compliance with the standards of federal legislation which supplement the loan program of the Authority. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

For case upholding the validity of the former Hospital Facilities Finance Act (former § 131-138 et seq.), see Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

For case holding that former § 90-57.1 was unconstitutional, see Revco Southeast Drug Centers, Inc. v. North Carolina Bd. of Pharmacy, 21 N.C. App. 156, 204 S.E.2d 38 (1974).

As to the adequacy of the legislative guidelines in § 90-88, see State v. Lisk, 21 N.C. App. 474, 204 S.E.2d 868, cert. denied, 285 N.C. 666, 207 S.E.2d 759 (1974).

The burden of proof provision of the Rules Governing Admission to the Practice of Law provides for the orderly determination of an applicant's moral character, so the provision is within the legitimate rule-making power constitutionally delegated to the Board of Law Examiners in § 84-24. In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E.2d 771 (1975), appeal dismissed, 423 U.S. 976, 96 S. Ct. 389, 46 L. Ed. 2d 300 (1976).

As to the constitutionality of Chapter 143, Article 7 (§ 143-117 et seq.), see State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 27 N.C. App. 479, 219 S.E.2d 660 (1975), aff'd, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

The Coastal Area Management Act of 1974 (§ 113A-100 et seq.) properly delegates authority to the Coastal Resources Commission to develop, adopt and amend State guidelines for the coastal area. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Discretion to Determine Whether Commissioners Should Be Elected or Appointed. — Discretion provided by § 156-81(a) and (i) to the clerks of superior court to determine whether drainage commissioners should be elected or appointed is an unconstitutional delegation of legislative powers. Northampton County Drainage Dist. Number One v. Bailey, 326 N.C. 742, 392 S.E.2d 352 (1990).

Exchange of Land by Board of Education. — There is nothing in the Constitution which prohibits a board of education from exchanging land which it owns for other land for school purposes. Painter v. Wake County Bd. of Educ., 288 N.C. 165, 217 S.E.2d 650 (1975).

Delegation of Authority to Plan and Construct Interstate Highway. — The delegation of authority to the North Carolina Department of Transportation and the Board of Transportation to plan and construct an interstate highway did not constitute an unlawful delegation of legislative authority to an administrative body, unrestrained by legislative standards or sufficient procedural safeguards or political accountability. Orange County Sensible Hwys. & Protected Env'ts, Inc. v. North Carolina Dep't of Transp., 46 N.C. App. 350, 265 S.E.2d 890 (1980).

Applied in In re Powers, 295 S.E.2d 589 (N.C. 1982); White v. Pate, 308 N.C. 759, 304 S.E.2d 199 (1983).

Quoted in In re Aston Park Hosp., 282 N.C. 542, 193 S.E.2d 729 (1973); Town of Mebane v. Iowa Mut. Ins. Co., 28 N.C. App. 27, 220 S.E.2d 623 (1975); In re Greene, 297 N.C. 305, 255 S.E.2d 142 (1979); State ex rel. Wallace v. Bone, 304 N.C. 591, 286 S.E.2d 79 (1982).

Cited in In re Ordinance of Annexation No. 1977-4, 296 N.C. 1, 249 S.E.2d 698 (1978); Reed v. Byrd, 41 N.C. App. 625, 255 S.E.2d 606 (1979); Wood v. City of Fayetteville, 43 N.C. App. 410, 259 S.E.2d 581 (1979); In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); Harts Book Stores, Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 53 N.C. App. 753, 281 S.E.2d 761 (1981); State v. Gravette, 327 N.C. 114, 393 S.E.2d 856 (1990); Bethania Town Lot Comm. v. City of Winston-Salem, 348 N.C. 664, 502 S.E.2d 360 (1998).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Delay of Rules by Review Commission. — An act vesting in the Administrative Rules Review Commission (ARRC), a commission appointed by the General Assembly, the power to delay indefinitely the effective date of duly adopted agency rules which it deems in excess of statutory authority would likely be held to violate this section by vesting the ARRC with judicial powers reserved to the court and with supreme legislative powers reserved to the General Assembly. See opinion of Attorney General to Henson P. Barnes, President Pro Tempore, Senate, — N.C.A.G. — (February 25, 1991).

Sec. 2. Number of Senators.

The Senate shall be composed of 50 Senators, biennially chosen by ballot.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 3, Const. 1868.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, s. 1, and defeated at the election held June 29, 1982, would have provided that Senators be chosen quadrennially.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 11, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have added "Except that there shall be no election in 1988, and elections shall be conducted in 1989 and biennially thereafter" at the end of the section.

Sec. 3. Senate districts; apportionment of Senators.

The Senators shall be elected from districts. The General Assembly, at the first regular session convening after the return of every decennial census of population taken by order of Congress, shall revise the senate districts and the apportionment of Senators among those districts, subject to the following requirements:

(1) Each Senator shall represent, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, the number of inhabitants that each Senator represents being determined for this purpose by dividing the population of the district that he represents by the number of Senators apportioned to that district;

(2) Each senate district shall at all times consist of contiguous territory;

(3) No county shall be divided in the formation of a senate district;

(4) When established, the senate districts and the apportionment of Senators shall remain unaltered until the return of another decennial census of population taken by order of Congress.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873 and in 1968.

Cross References. — As to apportionment of the Senate, see § 120-1.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Political Gerrymandering After Davis v. Bandemer," see 9 Campbell L. Rev. 207 (1987).

For article, "Racial Gerrymandering and the Voting Rights Act in North Carolina," see 9 Campbell L. Rev. 255 (1987).

CASE NOTES

Reapportionment is a political question and not a judicial one. Leonard v. Maxwell, 216 N.C. 89, 3 S.E.2d 316, appeal dismissed, 308 U.S. 516, 60 S. Ct. 175, 84 L. Ed. 439 (1939), decided under Art. II, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873.

For discussion of unconstitutional apportionment, see Drum v. Seawell, 249 F. Supp. 877 (M.D.N.C. 1965), aff'd, 383 U.S. 831, 86 S. Ct. 1237, 16 L. Ed. 2d 298 (1966), decided under Art. II, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873.

Cited in Cavanagh v. Brock, 577 F. Supp. 176 (E.D.N.C. 1983); State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Sec. 4. Number of Representatives.

The House of Representatives shall be composed of 120 Representatives, biennially chosen by ballot.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 5, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873, 1962 and 1968.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, s. 1, and defeated at the election held June 29, 1982, would have provided that Representatives be chosen quadrennially.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 11, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have added "Except that there shall be no election in 1988, and elections shall be conducted in 1989 and biennially thereafter" at the end of the section.

Sec. 5. Representative districts; apportionment of Representatives.

The Representatives shall be elected from districts. The General Assembly, at the first regular session convening after the return of every decennial census of population taken by order of Congress, shall revise the representative districts and the apportionment of Representatives among those districts, subject to the following requirements:

(1) Each Representative shall represent, as nearly as may be, an equal number of inhabitants, the number of inhabitants that each Representative represents being determined for this purpose by dividing the population of the district that he represents by the number of Representatives apportioned to that district;

(2) Each representative district shall at all times consist of contiguous territory;

(3) No county shall be divided in the formation of a representative district;

(4) When established, the representative districts and the apportionment of Representatives shall remain unaltered until the return of another decennial census of population taken by order of Congress.

Cross References. — As to House apportionment, see § 120-2.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1968.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Political Gerrymandering After Davis v. Bandemer," see 9 Campbell L. Rev. 207 (1987).

For article, "Racial Gerrymandering and the Voting Rights Act in North Carolina," see 9 Campbell L. Rev. 255 (1987).

CASE NOTES

Obligation of the State is to apportion as nearly equally as possible on a population based representation, and even minor deviations must be free from any taint of arbitrariness or discrimination. Drum v. Seawell, 249 F. Supp. 877 (M.D.N.C. 1965), aff'd, 383 U.S. 831, 86 S. Ct. 1237, 16 L. Ed. 2d 298 (1966), decided under Art. II, §§ 5 and 6 Const. 1868, as amended.

Statistical Tests Used in Evaluating State's Efforts at Equal Apportionment. — The Supreme Court, while rejecting a rigid application of a mathematical formula, has laid down two statistical tests in evaluating the State's "honest and good faith effort to construct districts as nearly of equal population as is practicable." First, the minimum controlling percentage, i.e., the percentage of the State's population which resides in the least populous districts which can elect a majority of each House; and second, the population variance ratio, i.e., the ratio between the most populous district and the least populous district of the State. Drum v. Seawell, 249 F. Supp. 877 (M.D.N.C. 1965), aff'd, 383 U.S. 831, 86 S. Ct. 1237, 16 L. Ed. 2d 298 (1966), decided under Art. II, §§ 5 and 6 Const. 1868, as amended.

Guide Lines to Assist Lower Courts in Implementing Constitutional Guarantees of Suffrage. — The equal protection clause requires substantially equal representation for all citizens in a state in each of the two houses

of a state bicameral legislature. This right may not be debased by weighing votes differently according to where a citizen happens to reside. Representation in state legislative bodies must be, as nearly as practicable, apportioned on districts of equal population, though mechanical exactness is not required. Political subdivisions may be recognized, but not at the cost of substantial equality among the several districts. Considerations of history, economic or other group interests or area alone do not justify substantial deviations from the equal population concept. Nor will the presence of large numbers of military and military related personnel justify the underrepresentation of an area. Discrimination against a class of individuals, merely because of the nature of their employment, without more being shown, is constitutionally impermissible. Drum v. Seawell, 249 F. Supp. 877 (M.D.N.C. 1965), aff'd, 383 U.S. 831, 86 S. Ct. 1237, 16 L. Ed. 2d 298 (1966), decided under Art. II, §§ 5 and 6 Const. 1868, as amended.

Cited in Cavanagh v. Brock, 577 F. Supp. 176 (E.D.N.C. 1983); State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Sec. 6. Qualifications for Senator.

Each Senator, at the time of his election, shall be not less than 25 years of age, shall be a qualified voter of the State, and shall have resided in the State as a citizen for two years and in the district for which he is chosen for one year immediately preceding his election.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 7, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Applied in Stanley v. Retirement & Health Benefits Div., 66 N.C. App. 122, 310 S.E.2d 637 (1984).

Sec. 7. Qualifications for Representative.

Each Representative, at the time of his election, shall be a qualified voter of the State, and shall have resided in the district for which he is chosen for one year immediately preceding his election.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 8, Const. 1868, as amended in 1968.

Sec. 8. Elections.

The election for members of the General Assembly shall be held for the respective districts in 1972 and every two years thereafter, at the places and on the day prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 27, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875 and in 1968.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, s. 1, and defeated at the election held June 29, 1982, would have provided that elections be held every four years.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 1, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by deleting "1972 and every two years thereafter" and substituting "1986, and in 1989 and every two years thereafter."

Sec. 9. Term of office.

The term of office of Senators and Representatives shall commence on the first day of January next after their election. (1981 (Reg. Sess., 1982), c. 1241, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 25, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

Editor's Note. — Session Laws 1981 (Reg. Sess., 1982), c. 1241, s. 3, made the amendment effective upon certification and applicable to members of the General Assembly elected in the 1982 general election, so that their terms began on January 1, 1983.

Sec. 10. Vacancies.

Every vacancy occurring in the membership of the General Assembly by reason of death, resignation, or other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 13, Const. 1868, as amended in 1952 and 1968.

Sec. 11. Sessions.

(1) *Regular sessions.* The General Assembly shall meet in regular session in 1973 and every two years thereafter on the day prescribed by law. Neither house shall proceed upon public business unless a majority of all of its members are actually present.

(2) *Extra sessions on legislative call.* The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall convene the General Assembly in extra session by their joint proclamation upon receipt by the President of the Senate of written requests therefor signed by three-fifths of all the members of the Senate and upon receipt by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of written requests therefor signed by three-fifths of all the members of the House of Representatives. (1969, c. 1270, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to the convening of the regular session of the Senate and House of Representatives, see § 120-11.1.

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873, by the Convention of 1875 and in 1956.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 12, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by substituting "1987, and in 1990 and every two years thereafter" for "1973 and every two years thereafter" in subsection (1).

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Newsome v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 105 N.C. App. 499, 415 S.E.2d 201 (1992).

Cited in North Carolina State Bar v. DuMont, 304 N.C. 627, 286 S.E.2d 89 (1982).

Sec. 12. Oath of members.

Each member of the General Assembly, before taking his seat, shall take an oath or affirmation that he will support the Constitution and laws of the United States and the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, and will faithfully discharge his duty as a member of the Senate or House of Representatives.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 24, Const. 1868.

Sec. 13. President of the Senate.

The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate and shall preside over the Senate, but shall have no vote unless the Senate is equally divided.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 19, Const. 1868.

Sec. 14. Other officers of the Senate.

(1) *President Pro Tempore — succession to presidency.* The Senate shall elect from its membership a President Pro Tempore, who shall become President of the Senate upon the failure of the Lieutenant Governor-elect to qualify, or upon succession by the Lieutenant Governor to the office of Governor, or upon the death, resignation, or removal from office of the President of the Senate, and who shall serve until the expiration of his term of office as Senator.

(2) *President Pro Tempore — temporary succession.* During the physical or mental incapacity of the President of the Senate to perform the duties of his office, or during the absence of the President of the Senate, the President Pro Tempore shall preside over the Senate.

(3) *Other officers.* The Senate shall elect its other officers.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 20, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Sec. 15. Officers of the House of Representatives.

The House of Representatives shall elect its Speaker and other officers.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 18, Const. 1868.

Sec. 16. Compensation and allowances.

The members and officers of the General Assembly shall receive for their services the compensation and allowances prescribed by law. An increase in the compensation or allowances of members shall become effective at the beginning of the next regular session of the General Assembly following the session at which it was enacted.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 28, Const. 1868, as added by the Convention of 1875 and amended in 1928, 1950, 1956 and 1968.

Sec. 17. Journals.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, which shall be printed and made public immediately after the adjournment of the General Assembly.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 16, Const. 1868.

Sec. 18. Protests.

Any member of either house may dissent from and protest against any act or resolve which he may think injurious to the public or to any individual, and have the reasons of his dissent entered on the journal.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 17, Const. 1868.

Sec. 19. Record votes.

Upon motion made in either house and seconded by one fifth of the members present, the yeas and nays upon any question shall be taken and entered upon the journal.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 26, Const. 1868.

Sec. 20. Powers of the General Assembly.

Each house shall be judge of the qualifications and elections of its own members, shall sit upon its own adjournment from day to day, and shall prepare bills to be enacted into laws. The two houses may jointly adjourn to any future day or other place. Either house may, of its own motion, adjourn for a period not in excess of three days.

History. — The provisions of the first two sentences of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 22, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Effect of Section. — This section withdraws from the consideration of the courts the question of title involved in a contest for a seat in the General Assembly. State ex rel. Alexander v. Pharr, 179 N.C. 699, 103 S.E. 8 (1920); State ex rel. Bouldin v. Davis, 197 N.C. 731, 150 S.E. 507 (1929), decided under Art. II, § 22, Const. 1868.

Budget Process. — The Constitution mandates a three-step process with respect to the State's budget: (1) N.C. Const., Art. III, § 5(3), directs that the "Governor shall prepare and recommend to the General Assembly a comprehensive budget . . . for the ensuing fiscal period"; (2) this Article vests in the General Assembly the power to enact a budget (one recommended by the Governor or one of its own making); and (3) after the General Assembly enacts a budget, N.C. Const., Art. III, § 5(3), then provides that the Governor shall administer the budget "as enacted by the General Assembly." In re Powers, 295 S.E.2d 589 (N.C. 1982).

Quoted in Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820 (1981).

Sec. 21. Style of the acts.

The style of the acts shall be: "The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:".

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 21, Const. 1868.

Sec. 22. Action on bills.

(1) *Bills subject to veto by Governor; override of veto.* Except as provided by subsections (2) through (6) of this section, all bills shall be read three times in

each house and shall be signed by the presiding officer of each house before being presented to the Governor. If the Governor approves, the Governor shall sign it and it shall become a law; but if not, the Governor shall return it with objections, together with a veto message stating the reasons for such objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, which shall enter the objections and veto message at large on its journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration three-fifths of the members of that house present and voting shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections and veto message, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by three-fifths of the members of that house present and voting, it shall become a law notwithstanding the objections of the Governor. In all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively.

(2) *Amendments to Constitution of North Carolina.* Every bill proposing a new or revised Constitution or an amendment or amendments to this Constitution or calling a convention of the people of this State, and containing no other matter, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of this State after it shall have been read three times in each house and signed by the presiding officers of both houses.

(3) *Amendments to Constitution of the United States.* Every bill approving an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, or applying for a convention to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and containing no other matter, shall be read three times in each house before it becomes law, and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both houses.

(4) *Joint resolutions.* Every joint resolution shall be read three times in each house before it becomes effective and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both houses.

(5) *Other exceptions.* Every bill:

(a) In which the General Assembly makes an appointment or appointments to public office and which contains no other matter;

(b) Revising the senate districts and the apportionment of Senators among those districts and containing no other matter;

(c) Revising the representative districts and the apportionment of Representatives among those districts and containing no other matter; or

(d) Revising the districts for the election of members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States and the apportionment of Representatives among those districts and containing no other matter,

shall be read three times in each house before it becomes law and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both houses.

(6) *Local bills.* Every bill that applies in fewer than 15 counties shall be read three times in each house before it becomes law and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both houses. The exemption from veto by the Governor provided in this subsection does not apply if the bill, at the time it is signed by the presiding officers:

(a) Would extend the application of a law signed by the presiding officers during that two year term of the General Assembly so that the law would apply in more than half the counties in the State, or

(b) Would enact a law identical in effect to another law or laws signed by the presiding officers during that two year term of the General Assembly that the result of those laws taken together would be a law applying in more than half the counties in the State.

Notwithstanding any other language in this subsection, the exemption from veto provided by this subsection does not apply to any bill to enact a general law classified by population or other criteria, or to any bill that contains an appropriation from the State treasury.

(7) *Time for action by Governor; reconvening of session.* If any bill shall not be returned by the Governor within 10 days after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the General Assembly shall have adjourned:

(a) For more than 30 days jointly as provided under Section 20 of Article II of this Constitution; or

(b) Sine die

in which case it shall become a law unless, within 30 days after such adjournment, it is returned by the Governor with objections and veto message to that house in which it shall have originated. When the General Assembly has adjourned sine die or for more than 30 days jointly as provided under Section 20 of Article II of this Constitution, the Governor shall reconvene that session as provided by Section 5(11) of Article III of this Constitution for reconsideration of the bill, and if the Governor does not reconvene the session, the bill shall become law on the fortieth day after such adjournment. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, if the Governor prior to reconvening the session receives written requests dated no earlier than 30 days after such adjournment, signed by a majority of the members of each house that a reconvened session to reconsider vetoed legislation is unnecessary, the Governor shall not reconvene the session for that purpose and any legislation vetoed in accordance with this section after adjournment shall not become law.

(8) *Return of bills after adjournment.* For purposes of return of bills not approved by the Governor, each house shall designate an officer to receive returned bills during its adjournment. (1995, c. 5, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 23, Const. 1868.

Editor's Note. — The amendments to this section by Session Laws 1995, c. 5, s. 1, were submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election held in November 1996, and approved by the voters at that election. Session Laws 1995, c. 5, s. 4, made this section effective January 1, 1997 upon certification; certification was made on November 26, 1996.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — The cases cited below were decided under former Art. II, § 23, Const. 1868.

The judicial power cannot be exercised in aid of an unfinished and inoperative act, so left upon the final adjournment, any more than in obstructing legislative action. State ex rel. Scarborough v. Robinson, 81 N.C. 409 (1879).

Necessity for Signatures of Presiding Officers. — The signatures of the presiding officers, by the Constitution, must be affixed to an act of legislation during the session of the General Assembly, and such signatures are necessary to its completeness and efficacy. State ex rel. Scarborough v. Robinson, 81 N.C. 409 (1879).

Where an office was created by an act which was not signed by the presiding officers until three days later, an election in the interim to fill such office was void. State ex rel. Cook v. Meares, 116 N.C. 582, 21 S.E. 973 (1895).

Absent the signature, journals are not competent to prove compliance with this section. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

Ratification Certificates Are Conclusive as to Compliance. — The ratification certificates signed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House are conclusive of the fact that the bill was read three times and was passed three times in each house of the General Assembly. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

When an act is certified to by the speakers as having been ratified, it is conclusive of the fact that it was read three several times in each house and ratified. Union Bank v. Commissioners of Oxford, 119 N.C. 214, 25 S.E. 966 (1896).

The signature is conclusive of passage according to this section. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

And the journals of the House and Senate are not competent to contradict the certificates of the presiding officers that a bill was duly read in each house three times and passed on each reading. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

The journals are not admissible to contradict such signature. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

Proof of Compliance with N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23. — The certificate is not sufficient to show that the bill was passed in compliance with N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

The usual certificate of ratification is conclusive only of the fact of ratification, but not of a compliance with N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23. Smathers v. Commissioners of Madison County, 125 N.C. 480, 34 S.E. 554 (1899); Commissioners of New Hanover County v. DeRosset, 129 N.C. 275, 40 S.E. 43 (1901).

The additional steps necessary to show the passage of revenue acts are not within the conclusive presumption arising from the certificates of the presiding officers. The journals are made the exclusive sources of such proof. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

With respect to the requirements in N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23, the House and Senate journals, and not the certificates of ratification signed by the presiding officers, are the sources of proof as to whether the bill was read on three several days in each house of the General Assembly and passed three several readings on three different days and that the yeas and nays on the second and third readings were entered on the journals. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

Sec. 23. Revenue bills.

No law shall be enacted to raise money on the credit of the State, or to pledge the faith of the State directly or indirectly for the payment of any debt, or to impose any tax upon the people of the State, or to allow the counties, cities, or towns to do so, unless the bill for the purpose shall have been read three several times in each house of the General Assembly and passed three several readings, which readings shall have been on three different days, and shall have been agreed to by each house respectively, and unless the yeas and nays on the second and third readings of the bill shall have been entered on the journal.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 14, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Journals and Certificates.
III. Substitutions and Amendments.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— The cases cited below were decided under former Art. II, § 14, Const. 1868.*

This section is mandatory. Union Bank v. Commissioners of Oxford, 119 N.C. 214, 25 S.E. 966 (1896); Commissioners of Stanly County v. Snuggs, 121 N.C. 394, 28 S.E. 539 (1897).

And must be strictly complied with. Smathers v. Commissioners of Madison County, 125 N.C. 480, 34 S.E. 554 (1899).

This section is not retroactive. Board of Comm'rs v. Travelers' Ins. Co., 128 F. 817 (4th Cir. 1904).

Effect of Section. — The adoption of this section annulled all special powers remaining unexecuted, and not granted in strict conformity with its requirements. Commissioners of Buncombe County v. Payne, 123 N.C. 432, 31 S.E. 711 (1898).

Article II, § 14 of the 1868 Constitution is substantially the same as this section. North Carolina E. Mun. Power v. Wake County, 100 N.C. App. 693, 398 S.E.2d 486 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

Act Is Void Unless Section Is Followed. — An act not passed with the formalities required by this section is void, and confers no authority upon a city to create a debt and issue the bonds therein provided for. City of Charlotte v. E.D. Shepard & Co., 122 N.C. 602, 29 S.E. 842 (1898); Glenn v. Wray, 126 N.C. 730, 36 S.E. 167 (1900); Cottrell v. Town of Lenoir, 173 N.C. 138, 91 S.E. 827 (1917).

Valid and Invalid Acts Not Construed Together. — An act passed according to the requirements of this section cannot be construed with an act not so passed. Pritchard v. Board of Comm'rs, 160 N.C. 476, 76 S.E. 488 (1912).

Burden of Proof. — Objecting parties have the burden of showing that acts had not been passed according to the requirements of this section. Slocomb v. City of Fayetteville, 125 N.C. 362, 34 S.E. 436 (1899).

A motion to reconsider violates the effi-

cacy of the original passage according to this section; for the act to be valid, the final result must comply with this section. Allen v. City of Raleigh, 181 N.C. 453, 107 S.E. 463 (1921).

Applicability of This Section to Statutes Imposing a Tax. — It is well established law in this State that when determining the constitutional validity of a statute, if the meaning is clear from reading the words of the Constitution, courts should not search for a meaning elsewhere. The language of this section is clear in that it applies to statutes enacted to impose a tax. North Carolina E. Mun. Power v. Wake County, 100 N.C. App. 693, 398 S.E.2d 486 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

Inapplicability to Session Laws 1987 (Reg. Sess., 1988), Chapter 1052. — There is no doubt that the effect of Chapter 1052 of Session Laws 1987 (Reg. Sess., 1988) imposed a greater tax burden on plaintiff for 1988. However, this section focuses on the purpose of the statute (to impose a tax) and not the result of the statute (an increased tax burden). Chapter 1052 of Session Laws 1987 (Reg. Sess., 1988) neither imposes a tax nor authorizes its imposition, and therefore, this section does not apply. North Carolina E. Mun. Power v. Wake County, 100 N.C. App. 693, 398 S.E.2d 486 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

If an act is not a revenue or tax act from the outset, it does not matter if the act is retroactive or prospective in its application. North Carolina E. Mun. Power v. Wake County, 100 N.C. App. 693, 398 S.E.2d 486 (1990), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

Applicability to Townships. — The restrictions are by necessary implication applicable to townships, as they are but constituent parts of the county organization. Wittkowsky v. Board of Comm'rs, 150 N.C. 90, 63 S.E. 275 (1908); Township Rd. Comm'n v. Board of Comm'rs, 178 N.C. 61, 100 S.E. 122 (1919).

Where a town charter is not passed in accordance with this section, such town cannot levy any tax under said charter, but it may levy taxes for necessary expense. Rodman-Heath Cotton Mills v. Town of Waxhaw, 130 N.C. 293, 41 S.E. 488 (1902).

Section Not Applicable to Necessary County Expense. — It is not necessary to enter the yeas and nays on an act to raise revenue for a necessary county expense. Black v. Commissioners of Buncombe County, 129 N.C. 121, 39 S.E. 818 (1901).

Issuing bonds for road purposes is a necessary expense to which the section does not apply. Leonard v. Board of Comm'rs, 185 N.C. 527, 117 S.E. 580 (1923). See Woodall v. Western Wake Hwy. Comm'n, 176 N.C. 377, 97 S.E. 226 (1918).

An act authorizing treasurer to deliver State bonds is not within this section. Battle v. Lacy, 150 N.C. 573, 64 S.E. 505 (1909).

Effect on Bonds of Failure to Comply with Section. — This section is mandatory, and, not having been complied with in the passage of certain laws authorizing certain counties to subscribe for stock in a railroad company and issue bonds in payment therefor, bonds issued by a city pursuant thereto were void. Burlingham v. City of New Bern, 213 F. 1014 (E.D.N.C. 1914).

A town may not pledge its faith or credit for the issuance of bonds for municipal purposes, unless under statutory authority is given in conformity with the requirements of this section, or unless for necessary expenses. Storm v. Town of Wrightsville Beach, 189 N.C. 679, 128 S.E. 17 (1925).

An act of the legislature authorizing a bond issue for public roads is valid if conforming to this section of the State Constitution, without submitting the proposition to a vote of the people. Hargrave v. Board of Comm'rs, 168 N.C. 626, 84 S.E. 1044 (1915).

Payment of interest does not preclude inquiry as to the validity of the bonds. Glenn v. Wray, 126 N.C. 730, 36 S.E. 167 (1900).

Township Not Estopped to Deny Invalidity of Bonds. — Where township bonds are invalid because issued without authority, the township is not estopped from asserting such fact by recitals in the bonds that they are issued in compliance with the Constitution and laws of the State. Debnam v. Chitty, 131 N.C. 657, 43 S.E. 3 (1902), overruled on other grounds, Board of Comm'rs v. Wachovia Loan & Trust Co., 143 N.C. 110, 55 S.E. 442 (1906).

Who May Enjoin Bond Issue. — It is competent for a taxpayer to file a complaint on behalf of himself and all other taxpayers in the State to enjoin the issue of State bonds under an unconstitutional act of Assembly. Galloway v. Jenkins, 63 N.C. 147 (1869).

Changing of County Tax Agencies. — The legislature has the power and authority to change the county tax agencies without further observing the requirements of this section. State ex rel. O'Neal v. Jennette, 190 N.C. 96, 129 S.E. 184 (1925).

Tolls and Taxes Distinguished. — Taxes are levied for the support of government, and their amount is regulated by its necessities. Tolls are compensation for the use of another's property or for improvements which have been made, and their amount is determined by the cost of the property or improvements. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Tolls are not taxes. A person uses a toll road at his option; if he does not use it, he pays no toll. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Turnpike Authority Bonds Not Debt within Meaning of Constitution. — The General Assembly has taken great care to make it crystal clear that the credit of neither the State nor any of its political subdivisions can be pledged to pay the Turnpike Authority's revenue bonds. This method of financing creates no debt within the meaning of the Constitution. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

A statute for the revaluation of property is not in its strict sense a revenue act within the meaning of this section. Hart v. Board of Comm'rs, 192 N.C. 161, 134 S.E. 403 (1926).

The filing fee required by the primary law is in no sense a tax within the meaning of this section. McLean v. Durham County Bd. of Elections, 222 N.C. 6, 21 S.E.2d 842 (1942).

A bailment surcharge imposed on each case of distilled spirits shipped from ABC warehouse to ABC stores is not a tax; the cost of liquor enforcement is a burden incident to the privilege of buying spirituous liquors in the state and such a surcharge is not unconstitutional as a tax imposed in violation of this section or of N.C. Const., Art. V, § 2. North Carolina Ass'n of ABC Bds. v. Hunt, 76 N.C. App. 290, 332 S.E.2d 693, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 667, 336 S.E.2d 400 (1985).

Acts Upheld. — Passage of Session Laws 1961, c. 783, amending § 105-228.5, was held to meet the requirements of this section. Great Am. Ins. Co. v. High, 264 N.C. 752, 142 S.E.2d 681 (1965).

Session Laws 1967, c. 967, was duly passed and is valid and binding. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

For case holding that the last paragraph of former § 153-152 was enacted in accordance with the requirements of this section, see Martin v. Board of Comm'rs, 208 N.C. 354, 180 S.E. 777 (1935).

II. JOURNALS AND CERTIFICATES.

What Journals Must Show. — The journal must show who voted for the bill, and that the requisite number of Senators and members did so, and no other source of evidence can be invoked; the certificate of the presiding officers that a bill has been read three times does not obviate the necessity of examining the journal. Burlingham v. City of New Bern, 213 F. 1014 (E.D.N.C. 1914).

Showing of Nays. — As this section requires that on the voting of a bill before the legislature the yeas and nays shall be entered on the journals, either the nays must be on the journal, or it must affirmatively appear that there were none. Commissioners of New Hanover County v. DeRosset, 129 N.C. 275, 40 S.E. 43 (1901).

Where the House journal showed that a certain law, authorizing the issuance of county bonds, was passed by the following vote: "Ayes 94, nays . . .; total . . .", such record sufficiently showed that there was no negative vote cast, under the presumption that the Clerk of the House charged with the recording of the vote performed his duty, and hence such record constituted a sufficient compliance with this section. Board of Comm'rs v. Tollman, 145 F. 753 (4th Cir. 1906).

A bill to authorize a county to pledge its faith and credit by issuing bonds for road purposes, duly ratified, was not invalid for failure to meet the requirements of this section, by reason of the failure to record on the journal on the second reading in one of the branches of the legislature the "no" vote, when it was made to appear from the entries of the names of those voting in the affirmative that a majority of the voters had so voted, the absence of the entries of the names of those voting in the negative showing that there were none. Leonard v. Board of Comm'rs, 185 N.C. 527, 117 S.E. 580 (1923), citing Board of Comm'rs v. Trust Co., 143 N.C. 110, 55 S.E. 442 (1906).

Journals Conclusive. — The journals of the General Assembly, when competent as evidence, import absolute verity, and cannot be explained or altered by parol evidence. Wilson v. Markley, 133 N.C. 616, 45 S.E. 1023 (1903).

The journals are the sole evidence as to whether the ayes and noes on a vote on a bill were entered on such journals. Commissioners of New Hanover County v. De Rosset, 129 N.C. 275, 40 S.E. 43 (1901); Allen v. City of Raleigh, 181 N.C. 453, 107 S.E. 463 (1921).

The journals are conclusive as against not only a printed statute published by authority of law, but also against a duly enrolled act. Union Bank v. Commissioners of Oxford, 119 N.C. 214, 25 S.E. 966 (1896); Commissioners of Stanly County v. Snuggs, 121 N.C. 394, 28 S.E. 539 (1897).

The Constitution requires that it should appear, not from the entries on the original bill, but from the journal, that the bill was properly read and the necessary entry of yeas and nays was made. If the journal should show that the bill was properly passed, no evidence will be received to contradict what is therein recorded. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

And Not the Certificates. — With respect to the requirements in this section, the House and Senate journals, and not the certificates of ratification signed by the presiding officers, are the sources of proof as to whether the bill was read on three several days in each house of the General Assembly and passed three several readings on three different days and that the yeas and nays on the second and third readings were entered on the journals. State ex rel. Dyer

v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

The additional steps necessary to show the passage of revenue acts are not within the conclusive presumption arising from the certificates of the presiding officers. The journals are made the exclusive sources of such proof. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

Effect of Certificates of Ratification. — The usual certificate of ratification is conclusive only of the fact of ratification, but not of a compliance with this section of the Constitution. Smathers v. Commissioners of Madison County, 125 N.C. 480, 34 S.E. 554 (1899).

The certificate of the speakers of each house of the legislature is conclusive evidence that a bill was read and passed three several readings in each house. Commissioners of New Hanover County v. DeRossett, 129 N.C. 275, 40 S.E. 43 (1901).

Correction of Journals. — A subsequent special session of the same legislature may correct its journals of the regular session so as to show in point of fact that a bill of this character was properly passed in accordance with these provisions. Commissioners of Richmond County v. Farmers Bank, 152 N.C. 387, 67 S.E. 969 (1910).

Where journal of the Senate affirmatively showed that first and second readings took place on the same day, the act was unconstitutional. Storm v. Town of Wrightsville Beach, 189 N.C. 679, 128 S.E. 17 (1925).

III. SUBSTITUTIONS AND AMENDMENTS.

When Amendment Will Affect Constitutionality. — An act passed in accordance with this section is not rendered invalid by an amendment not passed in accordance with the constitutional provision when the amendment does not affect the taxing or other financial features of the act, increase either the taxes, or impose any additional burden on the taxpayer. Wagstaff v. Central Hwy. Comm'n, 174 N.C. 377, 93 S.E. 908 (1917).

Passage of Material Amendments. — A material amendment made by one branch of the legislature to a bill passed by the other, allowing a county to pledge its credit in issuing bonds for the improvement of the highways therein, must be concurred in according to the requirements of this section. Glenn v. Wray, 126 N.C. 730, 36 S.E. 167 (1900); Claywell v. Board of Comm'rs, 173 N.C. 657, 92 S.E. 481 (1917). See also, Guire v. Board of Comm'rs, 177 N.C. 516, 99 S.E. 430 (1919), as to amendment by separate act.

Passage of Immaterial Amendments. — When an act has been passed in accordance with this section, an amendment which does not increase the amount of the bonds or the taxes to be levied or otherwise materially change the original bill may be adopted by the concurrence of both houses of the General Assembly. Board of Comm'rs v. F.M. Stafford & Co., 138 N.C. 453, 50 S.E. 862 (1905).

An amendment which does not increase the amount of the bonds or tax to be levied, or otherwise materially change the bill is immaterial. Gregg v. Board of Comm'rs, 162 N.C. 479, 78 S.E. 301 (1913).

It is only when a material amendment is affected that rereading is necessary. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

No Presumption of Materiality of Amendment. — Where the journal does not show the effect of the amendment, there is no presumption that it was material. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

Evidence of Materiality. — Slips of paper attached by a rubber band to the cover of the original bill when it was engrossed were not admissible in determining whether an amendment was material. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

Materiality a Judicial Question. — Whether an amendment is material and required to be passed in accordance with this section is a question of law for the court, under the facts, and is not controlled by an agreement between the parties. Wagstaff v. Central Hwy. Comm'n, 174 N.C. 377, 93 S.E. 908 (1917).

Validation by Later Act. — Where a statute, pledging the faith and credit of the State in issuing State bonds, has not been passed in accordance with the provisions of this section and is therefore invalid, its invalidity may be cured by a later statute passed as the Constitution requires, referring to the former statute, and supplying the omissions, and the bonds thereunder issued after the question has been submitted to and approved by the voters of the State, as the statute required, are valid. Hinton v. Lacy, 193 N.C. 496, 137 S.E. 669 (1927).

Change in Caption. — A slightly different caption retaining the number of the original bill was an immaterial amendment. Brown v. Road Comm'rs, 173 N.C. 598, 92 S.E. 502 (1917).

Substitution of Name of Commissioner. — An amendment in the second branch of the legislature substituting the name of a commissioner does not broaden the scope of the act or affect its financial feature, and the failure in the first branch to comply with this section will not alone affect its validity. Brown v. Road Comm'rs, 173 N.C. 598, 92 S.E. 502 (1917).

Curtailing Territory to Which Indebtedness Applied. — Where a bill was introduced in one branch of the legislature for the issuance of bonds, and amendments were made by the other branch, withdrawing certain of the more

wealthy and popular townships from the liability for the indebtedness to be created, except under condition requiring the approval of the voters, the amendment was a material one, requiring for the validity of the act that it be passed in accordance with the requirements of this section. Claywell v. Board of Comm'rs, 173 N.C. 657, 92 S.E. 481 (1917).

An act empowering special school districts of the State to issue bonds, which followed the requirements of this section except that upon its last reading, by amendment, it was made to apply only to one district in the State, the effect of the amendment being to exclude the other districts, and the act being regularly enacted as to the one district retained, was valid as to that district. Gregg v. Board of Comm'rs, 162 N.C. 479, 78 S.E. 301 (1913).

Substitution of Tax Bill. — Where a bill authorizing a levy of taxes for road purposes was read and referred to a committee, and the committee recommended a substitute, resulting in the tabling of the original bill and the passing of the substitute on two separate days in that branch of the legislature, and otherwise conforming to the requirements of this section, in both branches, the substitute would be regarded, in the contemplation of the Constitution, as an amendment to the original bill introduced, and the act could not successfully be questioned as not having passed on the several separate days required of a bill of this character. Edwards v. Nash County Bd. of Comm'rs, 183 N.C. 58, 110 S.E. 600 (1922).

Increase in Tax Rate. — When an act was passed by the legislature authorizing a graded school district to vote on the question of issuing school bonds in a certain amount, and amended at a subsequent session so as to authorize bonds to a larger amount and to run a longer time, both acts having been passed upon their several readings, with aye and no vote according to this section, an issue of bonds under a still later and similar act for a larger amount and upon a greater rate of taxation was invalid in toto when the later act was not likewise passed in accordance with this section. Russell v. Town of Troy, 159 N.C. 366, 74 S.E. 1021 (1912).

Increase in Interest Rate on Bonds. — An amendment to an act authorizing a county to issue bonds for road construction, which increases the rate of interest from 5% to 6%, involved material change in the former law. Guire v. Board of Comm'rs, 177 N.C. 516, 99 S.E. 430 (1919).

Where a municipal charter authorizing issuance of bonds was subsequently amended with regard thereto, but upon condition that the proposition be submitted to the voters, which was never done, and the legislature attempted to pass a still later law amending the former act but not in accordance with the requirements of this section, the later acts were of no effect, leaving the charter of the town as to these provisions open, under the terms of which the bonds could yet be issued. Cottrell v. Town of Lenoir, 173 N.C. 138, 91 S.E. 827 (1917).

Subsequent Act Requiring Referendum on Bond Issue. — Where the legislature passed an act authorizing a county to pledge its faith and credit in the issuance of bonds upon its several readings, upon its aye and no vote in accordance with this section, and by later ratification of an act requires the question to be submitted to the qualified voters, it was not necessary that the later ratified act also be passed in accordance with the constitutional requirement, and thus, in the absence of a proper election, the bond issue would be declared invalid. Graham County v. W.K. Terry & Co., 194 N.C. 22, 138 S.E. 443 (1927).

Where the legislature passed an act authorizing a county to issue bonds according to the provisions of this section, it was within its power to add a provision that the question be first submitted to the electorate of the county. Graham County v. W.K. Terry & Co., 194 N.C. 22, 138 S.E. 443 (1927).

An amendment which made a material change in the valid act it proposed to amend was unconstitutional, and the commissioners were without authority to levy the tax specified in the later act. Township Rd. Comm'n v. Board of Comm'rs, 178 N.C. 61, 100 S.E. 122 (1919), cert. denied, 329 N.C. 270, 407 S.E.2d 838 (1991).

Sec. 24. Limitations on local, private, and special legislation.

(1) *Prohibited subjects.* The General Assembly shall not enact any local, private, or special act or resolution:

(a) Relating to health, sanitation, and the abatement of nuisances;

(b) Changing the names of cities, towns, and townships;

(c) Authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, maintaining, or discontinuing of highways, streets, or alleys;

(d) Relating to ferries or bridges;

(e) Relating to non-navigable streams;

(f) Relating to cemeteries;

(g) Relating to the pay of jurors;

(h) Erecting new townships, or changing township lines, or establishing or changing the lines of school districts;

(i) Remitting fines, penalties, and forfeitures, or refunding moneys legally paid into the public treasury;

(j) Regulating labor, trade, mining, or manufacturing;

(k) Extending the time for the levy or collection of taxes or otherwise relieving any collector of taxes from the due performance of his official duties or his sureties from liability;

(*l*) Giving effect to informal wills and deeds;

(m) Granting a divorce or securing alimony in any individual case;

(n) Altering the name of any person, or legitimating any person not born in lawful wedlock, or restoring to the rights of citizenship any person convicted of a felony.

(2) *Repeals.* Nor shall the General Assembly enact any such local, private, or special act by the partial repeal of a general law; but the General Assembly may at any time repeal local, private, or special laws enacted by it.

(3) *Prohibited acts void.* Any local, private, or special act or resolution enacted in violation of the provisions of this Section shall be void.

(4) *General laws.* The General Assembly may enact general laws regulating the matters set out in this Section.

Cross References. — As to the organization and modification of school districts, see § 115C-65 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section, with the exception of subdivisions (m) and (n) of subsection (1), are similar to those of Art. II, § 29, Const. 1868, as added in 1916 and amended in 1962. The provisions of subdivision (m) of subsection (1) are similar to those of Art. II, § 10, Const. 1868, and the provisions of subdivision (n) of subsection (1) are similar to those of Art. II, § 11, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on constitutionality of local laws, see 36 N.C.L. Rev. 537 (1958).

For article discussing the history and present vitality of this section, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 340 (1967).

For article on antitrust and unfair trade practice law in North Carolina, with federal law compared, see 50 N.C.L. Rev. 199 (1972).

For survey of 1978 constitutional law, see 57 N.C.L. Rev. 958 (1979).

For article, "A History of Liquor-By-The-Drink Legislation in North Carolina," see 1 Campbell L. Rev. 61 (1979).

For survey of 1979 administrative law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1185 (1980).

As to comment discussing beach access legislation as unconstitutional local legislation, see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 159 (1985).

For article, "The Battle to Preserve North Carolina's Estuarine Marshes: The 1985 Legislation, Private Claims to Estuarine Marshes, Denial of Permits to Fill, and the Public Trust," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 565 (1986).

For note, "Town of Emerald Isle v. State of North Carolina: A New Test for Distinguishing Between General Laws and Local Legislation," see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 1096 (1988).

For comment, "Legal Analysis of the Constitutionality of the Water Supply Watershed Protection Act of 1989 and the Hyde Bill," see 29 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1279 (1994).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Health, Sanitation and Nuisances.
III. Names of Cities, Towns and Townships.
IV. Highways, Streets and Alleys.
V. Ferries and Bridges.
VI. Lines of School Districts.
VII. Regulation of Trade.
VIII. Levy or Collection of Taxes.
IX. Divorce and Alimony.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. II, § 10, Const. 1868, and under Art. II, § 29, Const. 1868, as amended.*

Purpose of Section. — This section is remedial in its nature and was intended not only to free the legislature of petty detail but also to require uniform and coordinated action under general laws in regard to the matters therein stipulated which are related to the welfare of the people of the whole State; and the application of the section should not be denied on any unsubstantial distinction which would defeat its purpose. Board of Health v. Board of Comm'rs, 220 N.C. 140, 16 S.E.2d 677 (1941).

In adopting this section, the people were motivated by the desire that the General Assembly should legislate for North Carolina in respect to the subjects specified as a single united commonwealth rather than as a conglomeration of innumerable discordant communities. To prevent this laudable desire from degenerating into a mere pious hope, they decreed in emphatic and express terms that any local, private, or special act or resolution passed in violation of the provisions of this section shall be void, no matter how praiseworthy or wise such local, private, or special act or resolution may be. Idol v. Street, 233 N.C. 730, 65 S.E.2d 313 (1951).

It was the purpose of this section to free the General Assembly from the enormous amount of petty detail which had been occupying its attention, to enable it to devote more time and attention to general legislation of statewide interest and concern, to strengthen local self-government by providing for the delegation of local matters by general laws to local authorities, and to require uniform and coordinated action under general laws on matters related to the welfare of the whole State. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965).

The purpose of this section was to relieve the General Assembly from the necessity of passing on laws relating to certain specified matters in which only a small territory or a few persons were concerned, and to thereby enable members of the General Assembly to devote their time and attention to the enactment of legislation important to the entire State. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967); Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

Effect of Section. — The modification wrought by this section is that now a local, private or special act, dealing with designated subjects, is void as violative of this section. State v. Chestnutt, 241 N.C. 401, 85 S.E.2d 297 (1955).

The constitutional prohibition against local acts simply commands that when legislating in certain specified fields, the General Assembly must make rational distinctions among units of local government which are reasonably related to the purpose of the legislation. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

An act is not invalid merely because it is local unless it violates some constitutional provision. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

This section does not forbid local acts passed in the exercise of delegated police power if they do not relate to the matters therein prohibited. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

Constitutionality of Statutes Supplementing General Laws. — Statutes which do not directly contravene this section, but supplement general laws and policy, or aid in administering or financing policy established by general law, are not unconstitutional, especially when the administrative unit is local in nature. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

Prospective Effect of Statute's Unconstitutionality. — Where defendants reasonably relied on invalid statute and acted in good faith in carrying out the mandate of the General Assembly, the trial court did not err by directing the effect of the statute's unconstitutionality to have only a prospective application. City of New Bern v. New Bern-Craven County Bd. of Educ., 113 N.C. App. 98, 437 S.E.2d 655 (1993), aff'd, 338 N.C. 430, 450 S.E.2d 735 (1994).

As to the scope of legislative power, see Webb v. Port Comm'n, 205 N.C. 663, 172 S.E. 377 (1934).

A statute is either "general" or "local"; there is no middle ground. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967); Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

The distinguishing factors between a valid general law and a prohibited local act are the related elements of reasonable classification and uniform application. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

What Are General Laws. — For a law to be general, it is only required that the objects of its operation be reasonably classified. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

Statutes relating to persons or things as a class are general laws. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

A law is general if it applies to and operates uniformly on all the members of any class of persons, places, or things requiring legislation peculiar to itself in matters covered by the law. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C.

650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

A general law defines a class which reasonably warrants special legislative attention and applies uniformly to everyone in the class. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

A law is general if any rational basis reasonably related to the objective of the legislation can be identified which justifies the separation of units of local government into included and excluded categories. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Classifications Within General Laws. — Classifications must be general within the limits of the subject matter. They must be reasonable, and the statute must affect all within the class uniformly. Classifications must not be arbitrary or capricious, but must be natural and intrinsic and based on substantial differences. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

Classification must be reasonable and germane to the law. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Classification must not be discriminatory, arbitrary or capricious. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Classification must be based on a reasonable and tangible distinction and operate the same on all parts of the State under the same conditions and circumstances. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Classification does not render a statute "local" if the classification is reasonable and based on rational difference of situation or condition. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967); Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

While substantial distinctions are essential in classification, the distinctions need not be scientific or exact. The legislature has wide discretion in making classifications. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Universality is immaterial so long as those affected are reasonably different from those excluded and, for the purpose of the statute, there is a logical basis for treating them in a different manner. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965).

There is no constitutional requirement that a regulation must reach every class to which it might be applied — that the legislature must be held rigidly to the choice of regulating all or none. It is enough that the present statute strikes at the evil where it is felt, and reaches the class of cases where it most frequently occurs. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

What Are Local Acts. — A local act is one operating only in a limited territory or specified locality. Idol v. Street, 233 N.C. 730, 65 S.E.2d 313 (1951); Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953); Board of Managers of James Walker Mem. Hosp. v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

When the persons or things subject to the law are not reasonably different from those excluded, the statute is local or special. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

The phrase "local law" means, primarily at least, a law that in fact, if not in form, is confined within territorial limits other than that of the whole State, or applies to any political subdivision or subdivisions of the State less than the whole, or to the property and persons of a limited portion of the State, or to a comparatively small portion of the State, or is directed to a specific locality or spot, as distinguished from a law which operates generally throughout the State. McIntyre v. Clarkson, 254 N.C. 510, 119 S.E.2d 888 (1961).

A law is local where, by force of an inherent limitation, it arbitrarily separates some places from others upon which, but for such limitation, it would operate, and where it embraces less than the entire class of places to which such legislation would be necessary or appropriate, having regard to the purpose for which the legislation was designed, and where classification does not rest on circumstances distinguishing the places included from those excluded. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

A local act is an act applying to fewer than all counties, in which the affected counties do not rationally differ from the excepted counties in relation to the purpose of the act. Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

A local act is one which unreasonably singles out a class for special legislative attention, or which, having made a reasonable classification, does not apply uniformly to all members of the designated class. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Determining Nature of Act. — Determina-

tion of whether a statute is a local one prohibited by this section should be largely left to the facts and circumstances of each particular case, giving significance to the rule that legislative acts are presumed to have been rightfully passed from proper motives, and that a classification of this kind, when made by them, should not be disturbed unless it is manifestly arbitrary and invalid. In re Harris, 183 N.C. 633, 112 S.E. 425 (1922).

In determining whether an enactment is a general law, legislative intent must be found from the language of the act, its legislative history, and the circumstances surrounding its adoption which throw light upon the evil sought to be remedied and the actual purpose to be accomplished. In re Indian Hills, 280 N.C. 659, 186 S.E.2d 909 (1972).

Courts Look Beyond Form of Statutes. — In determining whether a statute relating to matters enumerated in this section is a "local, private, or special" act inhibited by this section or a "general law" which the General Assembly has the power to pass, the courts will look beyond the form of the act and ascertain whether the statute, in fact, is generally and usually applicable throughout the area comprising the State. State v. Dixon, 215 N.C. 161, 1 S.E.2d 521 (1939); In re Indian Hills, 280 N.C. 659, 186 S.E.2d 909 (1972).

The mere fact that a statute applies only to certain units of local government does not by itself render the statute a prohibited local act. Only if the statutory classification is unreasonable or under-inclusive will the statute be voided as a prohibited local act. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The number of counties included or excluded is not necessarily determinative. Conceivably, a statute may be local if it excludes only one county. On the other hand, it may be general if it includes only one or a few counties. It is a matter of classification. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

A statute applicable to a single city, without reasonable distinction between such city and other cities or towns for the purpose of classification, is a local act. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Annexation Provisions. — Sections 160A-45 et seq. do not violate this section, which prohibits the General Assembly from enacting "any local, private, or special act or resolution" in regard to certain enumerated subjects. This constitutional provision does not apply to annexation proceedings by municipalities, since N.C. Const., Art. VII, § 1 authorizes the General Assembly "except as otherwise prohibited by this Constitution" to "give such powers and duties to counties, cities, and towns and other governmental subdivisions as it may deem advisable," and no other provision of the Constitution prohibits the General Assembly from enacting special legislation for the annexation of areas by municipalities. Campbell v. City of Greensboro, 70 N.C. App. 252, 319 S.E.2d 323, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 312 N.C. 492, 322 S.E.2d 553 (1984).

Act Reviving a Town Charter. — An Act purporting to revive a town, which local citizens attacked, arguing that the new town contained fewer acres than the "true" town, did not violate this provision, because the Act was not a prohibited local act. Bethania Town Lot Comm. v. City of Winston-Salem, 348 N.C. 664, 502 S.E.2d 360 (1998).

Corporate Boundaries. — Act which decreased the corporate boundaries of town was constitutional and plaintiffs were time-barred from asserting any further challenges. Bethania Town Lot Comm. v. City of Winston-Salem, 126 N.C. App. 783, 486 S.E.2d 729 (1997).

National Park. — The provision of Laws 1927, c. 48, for the acquisition of lands for a national park affects the interest of the people of the State, and though local as to location, was for a public use in contemplation of its acquisition by the State for the purpose outlined in the act. Yarborough v. North Carolina Park Comm'n, 196 N.C. 284, 145 S.E. 563 (1928).

Filing Fee in Primary Elections. — In no sense is the filing fee required of candidates in primary elections a local law as condemned by this section. McLean v. Durham County Bd. of Elections, 222 N.C. 6, 21 S.E.2d 842 (1942).

Session Laws 1965, c. 1051, was not violative of this section. Hobbs v. County of Moore, 267 N.C. 665, 149 S.E.2d 1 (1966).

Session Laws 1967, c. 506, a local act relating to municipal eminent domain procedures, did not involve any of the forbidden subjects listed in this section. City of Durham v. Manson, 21 N.C. App. 161, 204 S.E.2d 41, modified on other grounds, 285 N.C. 741, 208 S.E.2d 662 (1974).

General laws regulating the change of a person's name, and prescribing a procedure therefor, do not abrogate the common-law rule which allows a person to change his name without resort to legal procedure or repeal it by implication or otherwise; they merely affirm and are in aid of the common-law rule and provide an additional method of effecting a change of name and, more importantly, provide a method for recording the change. In re Mohlman, 26 N.C. App. 220, 216 S.E.2d 147 (1975).

The Coastal Area Management Act of 1974 (§ 113A-100 et seq.) is a general law which the General Assembly had power to

enact. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Applied in Floyd v. Lumberton City Bd. of Educ., 71 N.C. App. 670, 324 S.E.2d 18 (1984).

Quoted in Thompson v. Whitley, 344 F. Supp. 480 (E.D.N.C. 1972).

Cited in Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971); Variety Theatres, Inc. v. Cleveland County, 282 N.C. 272, 192 S.E.2d 290 (1972); Wood v. City of Fayetteville, 43 N.C. App. 410, 259 S.E.2d 581 (1979); Chem-Security Sys. v. Morrow, 61 N.C. App. 147, 300 S.E.2d 393 (1983); Clark v. Craven Regional Medical Auth., 326 N.C. 15, 387 S.E.2d 168 (1990).

II. HEALTH, SANITATION AND NUISANCES.

Consolidation of City and County Health Departments. — Session Laws 1945, c. 86, which attempted to authorize Forsyth County and Winston-Salem to consolidate their health departments and name a joint city-county board of health and appoint joint city-county health officers, and which expressly repealed to the extent of any conflict all laws in conflict therewith, was a local act relating to health, and was void for repugnancy to this section. Idol v. Street, 233 N.C. 730, 65 S.E.2d 313 (1951); Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

Local Health and Sanitation Acts. — Acts held to be "local," and related to "health" and "sanitation," were prohibited subjects of legislation and therefore unconstitutional. City of New Bern v. New Bern-Craven County Bd. of Educ., 113 N.C. App. 98, 437 S.E.2d 655 (1993), aff'd, 338 N.C. 430, 450 S.E.2d 735 (1994).

Creation and Naming of County Health Board. — Public-Local Laws of 1931, c. 322, which undertook to create and name the members of a county board of health for Madison County alone, which board was charged with the duty of inspecting county institutions and seeing that they were kept in a sanitary condition, and selecting a physician to vaccinate against disease, was a local act relating to health and sanitation prohibited by this section. Sams v. Board of County Comm'rs, 217 N.C. 284, 7 S.E.2d 540 (1940).

Authorization of Care of Indigent Sick and Afflicted Poor. — An act which authorized the city and county to make provisions for "the hospitalization, medical attention, and care of the indigent sick and afflicted poor" of the city and county alone was a local act relating to health, and void as in direct conflict with this section. Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

Erection of Hospital. — An act authorizing a certain county to erect a tuberculosis hospital, issue bonds therefor, and provide a tax for its maintenance, upon the approval of the voters, was both a special and local act and void under this section. Armstrong v. Board of Comm'rs, 185 N.C. 405, 117 S.E. 388 (1923).

Local Annexation Statute. — As § 160A-49.3 provides for solid waste collection to newly annexed areas of cities under the general law providing for annexation, and as the General Assembly made § 160A-49.3 applicable to the annexation of certain land to the City of Greensboro by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 818, s. 3, that act was not a local act in violation of this section, since it did not subject the annexed area to a different treatment than it would have faced if the city had annexed the area under the general annexation law, but assured that it would receive the same treatment. Piedmont Ford Truck Sales, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 324 N.C. 499, 380 S.E.2d 107 (1989).

Inspections pursuant to the State Building Code affect health and sanitation; thus acts that altered the legislative directive of § 160A-411, that the city shall determine who will perform the inspections under the Code, were local legislation that shifted responsibility for enforcement of laws affecting the health of the public, and were barred under this section of the Constitution. City of New Bern v. New Bern-Craven County Bd. of Educ., 338 N.C. 430, 450 S.E.2d 735 (1994).

Sewer and Water Service for School Children. — Session Laws 1951, c. 1075, was a local or special act. It related only to Randolph County, and in Randolph County affected only a single agency, the county board of education. It related to health and sanitation, since its sole purpose was to prescribe provisions with respect to sewer and water service for local school children in Randolph County. It purported to limit the power of the county board of education to provide for sanitation and healthful conditions in the schools by means of a sewerage system and an adequate water supply. These things being true, this statute was invalid under the mandatory terms of this section. Lamb v. Board of Educ., 235 N.C. 377, 70 S.E.2d 201 (1952).

Municipal Sewerage System. — Session Laws 1963, c. 1189, applicable solely to the town of Beaufort and providing that in the event the sewerage system of a municipality shall have been declared a source of unlawful pollution to adjacent streams or waterways the municipality should not be required to extend any sewerage outfalls into an area annexed by it, was a local act relating to health and sanitation within the meaning of this section and was unconstitutional and void. Gaskill v. Costlow, 270 N.C. 686, 155 S.E.2d 148 (1967);

Safrit v. Costlow, 270 N.C. 680, 155 S.E.2d 252 (1967).

Formation of Sewerage Districts. — A statute authorizing the formation of sanitary sewerage districts within countywide limits, the boundaries of these to be fixed by certain designated local authorities in a specified manner, and done without previous notice to the voters, was not a "local, private or special act relating to health, sanitation, etc." Reed v. Howerton Eng'g Co., 188 N.C. 39, 123 S.E. 479 (1924).

Creation of Sanitary District. — Private Laws 1927, c. 229, attempting to create a sanitary district within certain lines within a county for the construction and maintenance of sewer and water systems, with certain assessments or taxing powers for the purpose, was void, being in violation of the provisions of this section. Drysdale v. Prudden, 195 N.C. 722, 143 S.E. 530 (1928).

Creation of Drainage District. — A statute creating and designating the boundaries of a drainage district and providing taxation for its construction and maintenance was for a necessary purpose and did not fall within the purview of N.C. Const., Art. V, § 2, requiring its submission to the voters within the district, nor was it a local, private or special act relating to health or sanitation prohibited by this section. Town of Kenilworth v. Hyder, 197 N.C. 85, 147 S.E. 736 (1929).

Direction to Sheriff to Dispose of Cattle in a Particular Area. — Session Laws 1959, c. 782, which related solely to the segment of the outer banks in Carter County between Beaufort Inlet and Ocracoke Inlet, and purported to authorize and direct the sheriff of Carteret County, without judicial inquiry of any kind, to remove and dispose of all cattle, etc., in this particular area, was a local act relating to the abatement of a public nuisance, and was unconstitutional and void as violative of this section. Chadwick v. Salter, 254 N.C. 389, 119 S.E.2d 158 (1961).

III. NAMES OF CITIES, TOWNS AND TOWNSHIPS.

What Is Prohibited. — While this section forbids the General Assembly to pass any local, private or special act or resolution relating to changing the names of cities, towns or townships, it provides that the General Assembly shall have power to pass general laws regulating such matters. Hunsucker v. Winborne, 223 N.C. 650, 27 S.E.2d 817 (1943).

IV. HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND ALLEYS.

Scope of Prohibition. — This section applies only to a local act which authorizes the laying out, opening, altering, or discontinuing of a given particular and designated highway, street, or alley. State v. McBane, 276 N.C. 60, 170 S.E.2d 913 (1969).

Streets Within City Limits. — The unlimited power in the General Assembly to provide for the creation and extension of corporate limits of municipal corporations would seem to include the right to vest in such municipal corporations the authority to levy taxes to lay out and maintain highways and streets within such limits, since they are essential to the existence of such corporations, and such private act would not seem to contravene this section. Matthews v. Town of Blowing Rock, 207 N.C. 450, 177 S.E. 429 (1934).

Improvement of Streets and Alleys. — Local acts relating to the improvement of streets and alleys generally in a city or town, and authorizing the assessment of the cost thereof against the abutting property, do not conflict with this section, although unquestionably an act purporting to authorize the laying out of particular streets or highways, or to authorize the maintenance of a designated street or streets, or the discontinuance thereof, would be repugnant to this section. In re Resolutions Passed by City Council, 243 N.C. 494, 91 S.E.2d 171 (1956).

Subsequent Local Law Increasing Authority Granted to City Before Effective Date of Section. — Where a local statute giving a municipality power to improve its streets and assess abutting owners for a part of the cost was enacted prior to the effective date of this section, a subsequent local law which merely increased the jurisdiction and authority granted to the city in regard to such improvements did not violate the constitutional proscription. City of Goldsboro v. Atlantic C.L.R.R., 241 N.C. 216, 85 S.E.2d 125 (1954).

Maintenance of County Highways. — A public-local law applicable to the maintenance of the public highways of a county and authorizing taxation or issuance of bonds for this purpose, with certain specific supervision and control, is not such local or special act as falls within the inhibition of this section, where it does not affect the "laying out, opening, altering, maintaining or discontinuing" the then existing highways, etc. State v. Kelly, 186 N.C. 365, 119 S.E. 755 (1923).

County Subdivision Ordinances. — The statutory provisions of former §§ 153-266.3 and 153-266.4 as to what could and what had to be included in a county subdivision ordinance, did not constitute "authorizing the laying out, opening, altering, maintaining, or discontinuing of highways, streets, or alleys" within the meaning of this section. State v. McBane, 276 N.C. 60, 170 S.E.2d 913 (1969).

Board for Control of County Roads. — A statute that abolishes two boards of road commissioners in a county and gives to another board, created by the same act, entire control

and management of the public roads and bridges of the county, does not violate this section. Huneycutt v. Board of Rd. Comm'rs, 182 N.C. 319, 109 S.E. 4 (1921).

A public-local law authorizing county commissioners to take over a specified highway within the county, constituting one of the principal highways within the county, connecting two important State highways, transferring to the said commissioners the bridges of the various townships for their care and supervision, was not violative of this section. Hill v. Board of Comm'rs, 190 N.C. 123, 129 S.E. 154 (1925). See Thomson v. Harnett County, 209 N.C. 662, 184 S.E. 490 (1936).

Issuance of County Road Bonds. — An act of the legislature authorizing the issuance of county bonds for public roads is not in contravention of this section of the Constitution. Commissioners of Surry County v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 178 N.C. 170, 100 S.E. 421 (1919); Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

An act of the legislature authorizing the road commissioners of a county to issue bonds, upon the approval of its electors, to obtain moneys for the expenditure upon certain particularly designated objects in respect to its public roads, which does not contain any provision for the laying out, altering or discontinuing any road or highway, does not contravene this section. Road Comm'rs v. Bank of Ashe, 181 N.C. 347, 107 S.E. 245 (1921).

Distribution of Bond Proceeds. — An act of the legislature may prescribe a rule by which the proceeds of the sales of bonds which it authorizes a county to issue for road purposes shall be disbursed and distributed in order to effect the best results, when it is confined to the control and management of the funds, and leaves to the local authorities the power given them by this section over "the laying out, opening, or discontinuance of highways." Board of Comm'rs v. Pruden & Co., 178 N.C. 394, 100 S.E. 695 (1919).

Private Act Closing Certain Public Roads. — Where part of the land in a private development was added to the playground of a public school, and the General Assembly, by private act (Private Laws of 1933, c. 72), declared that certain roads dedicated in the registered plot of the development were no longer needed and that the roads should be closed and added to the playground space for the school, this act was void as being a private or special act inhibited by this section. Glenn v. Board of Educ., 210 N.C. 525, 185 S.E. 781 (1936).

Act Authorizing Construction of Toll Roads and Bridges in Five Counties Only. — An act which authorized the construction and operation of toll roads and toll bridges within only five counties of the State was repugnant to this section and was therefore void. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953).

State Law to Establish Access Facilities to Beaches Is a General Law. — Session Laws 1983, Chapter 539, the purpose of which is to establish pedestrian beach access facilities for general public use in the vicinity of Bogue Inlet, is a general law and not a local act. Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

Private Laws 1925, c. 216, was not a special statute relating to roads inhibited by this section, the act not relating to the laying out, opening, altering, or discontinuance of any particular and designated highway, street, or alley. Deese v. Town of Lumberton, 211 N.C. 31, 188 S.E. 857 (1936).

V. FERRIES AND BRIDGES.

Building Bridges Generally. — A legislative enactment relating to the building of bridges by a county over a nonnavigable stream or river does not necessarily come within the purview and control of this section. Mills v. Board of Comm'rs, 175 N.C. 215, 95 S.E. 481 (1918).

Direction that Bridge Be Built at Specified Place. — While authority given by statute to a county or other political agency of a state to issue bonds for highways in aid to their maintenance or construction is not direct, local, or special legislation as is prohibited by this section, it is otherwise where the statute directs the building of a bridge at a specified place across a stream between two counties, and as an incident permits the issuance of bonds or the levying of taxes for the purpose, pledging the faith and credit of the State. Day v. Commissioners of Yadkin County, 191 N.C. 780, 133 S.E. 164 (1926).

VI. LINES OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS.

Local Laws Establishing or Changing Lines of School Districts Prohibited. — Since the enforcement of this section, special acts of the legislature to establish or change the lines, etc., of a school district, and any proceedings under it, are null and void. Galloway v. Board of Educ., 184 N.C. 245, 114 S.E. 165 (1922).

Meaning of "School District". — A "school district" is an area within a county in which one or more public schools must be maintained. Hobbs v. County of Moore, 267 N.C. 665, 149 S.E.2d 1 (1966).

An "administrative unit" is not a "school district" within the meaning of this section. Hobbs v. County of Moore, 267 N.C. 665, 149 S.E.2d 1 (1966).

A statute which creates a public school district and allows a bond issue, upon the

approval of voters, for its equipment and maintenance, is a local or special act, prohibited by this section. Robinson v. Board of Comm'rs, 182 N.C. 590, 109 S.E. 855 (1921).

A statute which lays off or defines by boundary a certain territory as a graded school district within a county, and provides for an issue of bonds upon the approval of the voters therein, for the necessary buildings and maintenance, comes within the provision of this section. Board of Trustees v. Mutual Loan & Trust Co., 181 N.C. 306, 107 S.E. 130 (1921).

Bonds and Taxes Authorized in Void Act. — Where an act to create a public school district is unconstitutional, because it violates this section, the provision for bonds and taxation to carry out the purpose of the act is likewise void. Sechrist v. Board of Comm'rs, 181 N.C. 511, 107 S.E. 503 (1921).

An act for the purpose of ratifying a county ordinance providing for the issuance of bonds and levy of taxes for school purposes in a district established without authority is a local, private or special act prohibited by this section, and the issuance of such bonds and levy of such taxes will be permanently enjoined. Woosley v. Commissioners of Davidson County, 182 N.C. 429, 109 S.E. 368 (1921).

Allowing Existing School District to Submit Question of Bonds and Taxation to Voters. — A statute allowing an existing consolidated school district to submit the question of taxation and the issue of bonds for school purposes to the district is not prohibited by this section. Burney v. Commissioners of Bladen County, 184 N.C. 274, 114 S.E. 298 (1922).

As to increase of bonds by existing school district, see Roebuck v. Board of Trustees, 184 N.C. 144, 113 S.E. 676 (1922).

Incorporation of Existing School Districts. — Incorporating existing local school districts for all purposes relating to the issuance or payment of bonds upon the approval of the voters of a district is valid and is not in contravention of this section. Board of Trustees v. Mutual Loan & Trust Co., 181 N.C. 306, 107 S.E. 130 (1921); Paschal v. Johnson, 183 N.C. 129, 110 S.E. 841 (1922).

Setting Up Machinery Under Which County May Establish School Districts. — This section prohibits the legislature from passing any special, private or local act which ex proprio vigore undertakes to establish or change the boundaries of a school district, but this section does not proscribe the legislature from setting up machinery under which a county, as the administrative unit charged with making provisions for necessary capital outlay, may create school districts or special bond tax units within the county to accomplish this purpose. Therefore, Public-Local Laws of 1937, c. 279, which provided the machinery under which the county of Buncombe could establish school districts or special bond tax units in the county, was not in contravention of this section. Fletcher v. Collins, 218 N.C. 1, 9 S.E.2d 606 (1940); Hinson v. Board of Comm'rs, 218 N.C. 13, 9 S.E.2d 614 (1940).

Enabling Consolidation of County and City School Administrative Units Under General Laws. — A statute enabling the consolidation of county and city school administrative units under the general laws and the levy of certain taxes for the construction and operation of the schools of the consolidated unit does not violate this section, since it does not, in itself, undertake to establish or change the lines of a school district, but merely provides machinery for action by local units under the general law, and further provisions of the statute requiring that the merger and the levy of the taxes be approved by a vote does not alter this result. Peacock v. County of Scotland, 262 N.C. 199, 136 S.E.2d 612 (1964).

Extending Limits of City or Town in which Schools May Be Maintained. — While the boundaries of a "district" may be coterminous with those of a city or town, it does not follow that an act extending the limits of a city or town in which public schools may be maintained is necessarily a special act establishing or changing the lines of school districts in violation of the Constitution. Hailey v. City of Winston-Salem, 196 N.C. 17, 144 S.E. 377 (1928).

Recognizing School District in Changed City Limits. — A public-local act that enlarged the city limits and recognized therein the independent existence of a public school district within the former limits was not contrary to the provisions of this section, as an attempt to establish a school district, or to change the limits of those already established. Duffy v. City of Greensboro, 186 N.C. 470, 120 S.E. 53 (1923).

VII. REGULATION OF TRADE.

Meaning of "Trade". — A "trade" within the meaning of this section includes any employment or business embarked in for gain or profit. State v. Dixon, 215 N.C. 161, 1 S.E.2d 521 (1939); Orange Speedway, Inc. v. Clayton, 247 N.C. 528, 101 S.E.2d 406 (1958); State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

"Trade," as used in this section, refers to a business venture embarked in for gain or profit by a person or a business corporation. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

"Trade," within the meaning of this section, is a business venture for profit, and includes any employment or business embarked in for gain or profit. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965); Smith v.

County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

"Trade," as used in this section, refers to commerce engaged in by citizens of the State, and not a restricted activity conducted by the State itself. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967); Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

"Trade" refers to a business venture for profit. Nelson v. North Carolina State Bd. of Alcoholic Control, 26 N.C. App. 303, 216 S.E.2d 152, appeal dismissed, 288 N.C. 242, 217 S.E.2d 666 (1975).

Private profit is an inherent element of the concept of trade as used in subdivision (1)(j) of this section. Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

It was not contemplated under this section that the State would enter any trade or business venture for profit. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Dispensing of intoxicating liquors by the State is not a "trade" within the meaning of this section. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

The word "trade" was not intended by the drafters of this section to include the monstrous and demanding problem of intoxicating liquors. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Section Does Not Limit Power of State to Control Intoxicating Liquor. — This section is not intended to limit or fetter the police power of the State in any manner in its control of intoxicating liquor. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Had it been the intention of the General Assembly to include the ever-present and important question of intoxicating liquor among the prohibited subjects in this section, the term "intoxicating liquor" would have been included in the enumerated list. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

Option Election Covering ABC Stores. — Session Laws 1965, c. 650, authorizing a local option election in Reidsville to determine whether alcoholic beverage control stores may be operated in that city and providing for the establishment of a city board of alcoholic control if authority is granted, does not violate this section as the act of dispensing intoxicating liquor by the State is not a trade, but is a valid exercise of its police powers. Gardner v. City of Reidsville, 269 N.C. 581, 153 S.E.2d 139 (1967).

The retail sale of beer and wine is a "trade" within the meaning of the Constitution. Nelson v. North Carolina State Bd. of Alcoholic Control, 26 N.C. App. 303, 216 S.E.2d 152, appeal dismissed, 288 N.C. 242, 217 S.E.2d 666 (1975).

A local act that authorizes or prohibits the sale of beer and wine is a local act regulating or governing a trade and is void. Nelson v. North Carolina State Bd. of Alcoholic Control, 26 N.C. App. 303, 216 S.E.2d 152, appeal dismissed, 288 N.C. 242, 217 S.E.2d 666 (1975).

The purchase, sale and serving of alcoholic beverages by a licensed restaurateur constitutes "trade" within the meaning of subdivision (1)(j) of this section. Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

Statute which authorized an election in Mecklenburg County to determine whether mixed beverages would be sold by the drink in that county was held to be a local act regulating trade and therefore unconstitutional and void as violative of subdivision (1)(j) of this section. Smith v. County of Mecklenburg, 280 N.C. 497, 187 S.E.2d 67 (1972).

Session Laws 1945, c. 936, which purported to grant discretionary authority to the governing bodies of municipalities in Vance, Scotland and Moore Counties to refuse to issue a license for the sale of fortified and unfortified wines within the corporate limits of such municipalities, was a local act regulating trade in violation of subdivision (1)(j) of this section. Food Fair, Inc. v. City of Henderson, 17 N.C. App. 335, 194 S.E.2d 213 (1973).

Regulation of Professional Automobile and Motorcycle Racing. — A statute applicable to one county alone, which attempts to regulate professional automobile and motorcycle racing, rather than automobile and motorcycle racing in general, is void as a local act regulating labor or trade. Orange Speedway, Inc. v. Clayton, 247 N.C. 528, 101 S.E.2d 406 (1958), holding Session Laws 1957, c. 588, void.

A statute which provides for the operation of a dog racing track by the licensee of the Morehead City Racing Commission was a local and special act relating to trade, and was unconstitutional. State ex rel. Taylor v. Carolina Racing Ass'n, 241 N.C. 80, 84 S.E.2d 390 (1954).

Statute Authorizing County to Regulate Poolrooms, etc. — Session Laws 1953, c. 1071, § 1(3), as amended by Session Laws 1961, c. 943, § 1½(3), authorizing the Forsyth County board of commissioners to regulate public poolrooms, billiard parlors, dance halls, and clubs, was a local act regulating trade and, therefore, unconstitutional under this section. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

A statute providing for the licensing and regulation of real estate brokers and salesmen and imposing a license tax on those engaged in the trade in addition to the tax imposed by the Revenue Act for a statewide license was applicable to only a limited territory and specified localities and the act was

therefore a local act regulating trade in contravention of this section. State v. Dixon, 215 N.C. 161, 1 S.E.2d 521 (1939).

Statute including deputy sheriffs within term "employee" as used in the Workers' Compensation Act is consonant with the provisions of this section. Towne v. Yancey County, 224 N.C. 579, 31 S.E.2d 754 (1944).

Sunday Sale Laws as Regulation of Trade. — A statute proscribing the sale on Sunday of merchandise falling within certain classifications is a statute regulating trade under the purview of this section. Treasure City of Fayetteville, Inc. v. Clark, 261 N.C. 130, 134 S.E.2d 97 (1964).

An act which restricts or regulates the operation, engaging in or carrying on of business, or prohibits the sale of merchandise, on Sunday, regulates trade. High Point Surplus Co. v. Pleasants, 264 N.C. 650, 142 S.E.2d 697 (1965).

Sunday-Observance Ordinances, Generally. — When a county or a city attempts to pass, under a local grant of police power, a Sunday-observance ordinance whose only effect is to regulate trade, the legislation must yield to this section, whether the purported authority to pass it is specifically conferred in the act or not. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

When enacted by cities and towns under general laws, Sunday-observance ordinances which are reasonable and do not discriminate within a class of competitors similarly situate have been upheld as a valid exercise of delegated police power. All such ordinances, when they proscribe buying and selling, whether it be, say, tangible merchandise or a ticket to an amusement or a sporting event, regulate trade under the broad definition of trade which has been adopted by the Supreme Court. Since, however, these city ordinances are passed under general laws, with reference to them there is no conflict between the exercise of the police power and this section. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

If an ordinance prohibits all of a certain type of activity on Sunday, as, e.g., motor vehicle racing, which might or might not be commercial, its exercise of police power does not conflict with this section, for its regulation of trade is merely incidental or consequential. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

Session Laws of 1949, c. 177, which bans all motor vehicle races on Sunday in Wake County without regard to the commercial or noncommercial character of the activity, is not an act regulating labor or trade within the meaning of this section. Persons whose activities are commercial in character are in no better position than those who engage in the proscribed activity without reference to profit. State v. Chestnutt, 241 N.C. 401, 85 S.E.2d 297 (1955).

A statute which purported to authorize only 52 of the 100 counties to regulate and prohibit the sale of goods, wares, and merchandise on Sunday, was a local act regulating trade and thus a violation of this section. State v. Smith, 265 N.C. 173, 143 S.E.2d 293 (1965).

The 1963 amendment to § 14-346.2, proscribing the sale on Sunday of merchandise of specific classifications within the State, but exempting designated counties and parts of counties therefrom, with provision that the areas exempted are exempted upon the classification of such areas as resort or tourist areas, but which does not define "resort area" and which as a matter of common knowledge does not exempt all recognized tourist areas of the State or, by its classifications of goods, preclude the sale only of such merchandise as is inappropriate to the tourist trade, is held void as a local law in violation of this section. Treasure City of Fayetteville, Inc. v. Clark, 261 N.C. 130, 134 S.E.2d 97 (1964).

For case upholding former § 153-9(55), see Whitney Stores, Inc. v. Clark, 277 N.C. 322, 177 S.E.2d 418 (1970).

Section 160A-273, which permits municipalities to convey air rights over streets or other property, is not a special act and does not violate subdivision (1)(j). Cheape v. Town of Chapel Hill, 320 N.C. 549, 359 S.E.2d 792 (1987).

A local act which merely declared that the town had the capacity to engage in economic development projects, with or without private parties, did not "regulate" trade and therefore did not violate subdivision (1)(j). Cheape v. Town of Chapel Hill, 320 N.C. 549, 359 S.E.2d 792 (1987).

VIII. LEVY OR COLLECTION OF TAXES.

An act relating to establishment and collection of tax liens, which applies to only one county of the State, is void as a violation of this section. Town of Wake Forest v. Holding, 207 N.C. 808, 178 S.E. 594 (1935).

Session Laws 1961, c. 916, applicable only to Mecklenburg County, did not have the effect of extending the time for the assessment of taxes in Mecklenburg County, but merely gave the board of equalization and review of the county opportunity to act on appeals by property owners from the assessing authorities, and the statute did not vest the board with authority ex mero motu to increase valuations after the time limited by statute. Spiers v. Davenport, 263 N.C. 56, 138 S.E.2d 762 (1964).

IX. DIVORCE AND ALIMONY.

The only limitation on powers in enacting statutes relating to divorce is found in this section. Cooke v. Cooke, 164 N.C. 272, 80

S.E. 178 (1913); Long v. Long, 206 N.C. 706, 175 S.E. 85 (1934).

Jurisdiction over Divorce. — Under this section jurisdiction over the subject matter of divorce is given only by statute. Williams v. Williams, 13 N.C. App. 468, 186 S.E.2d 210 (1972).

ARTICLE III

EXECUTIVE

Section 1. Executive power.

The executive power of the State shall be vested in the Governor.

Cross References. — As to separation of powers, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 6.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the first clause of Art. III, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873 and 1944.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on the separation of powers and the power to appoint, see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 1109 (1988).

CASE NOTES

"Executive Power" Defined. — "Executive power" means the power of executing laws. The appointment of someone to execute the laws does not require the appointing party to execute the laws. State ex rel. Martin v. Melott, 320 N.C. 518, 359 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

The Governor has the duty to supervise the official conduct of all executive officers. Tice v. DOT, 67 N.C. App. 48, 312 S.E.2d 241 (1984).

The constitutional independence of executive offices, and their differing functions and duties, create clear potential for conflict between their respective holders. In the event of such conflict, power in the Attorney General to resolve, without their consent, controversies involving agencies or departments under the supervision of the Governor, could be abused by exercise in a manner effectively derogative of the Governor's constitutional duties to exercise executive power and to supervise the official conduct of all executive officers. The General Assembly, in the enactment of § 114-2(2), did not intend to create such potential. Tice v. DOT, 67 N.C. App. 48, 312 S.E.2d 241 (1984).

The duty of the attorney general to appear for the state in any court proceeding in which the state may be a party, as provided in § 114-2(1), does not violate this section. Martin v. Thornburg, 320 N.C. 533, 359 S.E.2d 472 (1987).

Quoted in State ex rel. Wallace v. Bone, 304 N.C. 591, 286 S.E.2d 79 (1982).

Sec. 2. Governor and Lieutenant Governor: election, term, and qualifications.

(1) *Election and term.* The Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State in 1972 and every four years thereafter, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected. Their term of office shall be four years and shall commence on the first day of January next after their election and continue until their successors are elected and qualified.

(2) *Qualifications.* No person shall be eligible for election to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor unless, at the time of his election, he shall have attained the age of 30 years and shall have been a citizen of the United States for five years and a resident of this State for two years immediately preceding his election. No person elected to the office of Governor or Lieutenant Governor shall be eligible for election to more than two consecutive terms of the same office. (1977, c. 363, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873 and 1944. The provisions of subsection (2) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Editor's Note. — Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 1010, repealed Session Laws 1985, c. 61, which had proposed to amend this section by rewriting the last sentence of subsection (2).

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, and defeated at the general election held in 1982, would have rewritten the first sentence of subsection (1) to provide that the Governor and Lieutenant Governor would be elected at the places and on the day prescribed by law.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, ss. 2, 3 and 9.1(1), and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by substituting "1988, and in 1993 and every four years thereafter" for "1972 and every four years thereafter" in the first sentence of subsection (1), by adding "except in 1988 at the same time and places as members of the United States House of Representatives are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1), and by adding "except that the term of office of those elected in 1988 shall be for five years" at the end of subsection (1).

CASE NOTES

The Governor has the duty to supervise the official conduct of all executive officers. Tice v. DOT, 67 N.C. App. 48, 312 S.E.2d 241 (1984).

The constitutional independence of executive offices, and their differing functions and duties, create clear potential for conflict between their respective holders. In the event of such conflict, power in the Attorney General to resolve, without their consent, controversies involving agencies or departments under the supervision of the Governor, could be abused by exercise in a manner effectively derogative of the Governor's constitutional duties to exercise executive power and to supervise the official conduct of all executive officers. The General Assembly, in the enactment of § 114-2(2), did not intend to create such potential. Tice v. DOT, 67 N.C. App. 48, 312 S.E.2d 241 (1984).

Sec. 3. Succession to office of Governor.

(1) *Succession as Governor.* The Lieutenant Governor-elect shall become Governor upon the failure of the Governor-elect to qualify. The Lieutenant Governor shall become Governor upon the death, resignation, or removal from office of the Governor. The further order of succession to the office of Governor shall be prescribed by law. A successor shall serve for the remainder of the term of the Governor whom he succeeds and until a new Governor is elected and qualified.

(2) *Succession as Acting Governor.* During the absence of the Governor from the State, or during the physical or mental incapacity of the Governor to perform the duties of his office, the Lieutenant Governor shall be Acting Governor. The further order of succession as Acting Governor shall be prescribed by law.

(3) *Physical incapacity.* The Governor may, by a written statement filed with the Attorney General, declare that he is physically incapable of performing the duties of his office, and may thereafter in the same manner declare that he is physically capable of performing the duties of his office.

(4) *Mental incapacity.* The mental incapacity of the Governor to perform the duties of his office shall be determined only by joint resolution adopted by a vote of two-thirds of all the members of each house of the General Assembly. Thereafter, the mental capacity of the Governor to perform the duties of his office shall be determined only by joint resolution adopted by a vote of a majority of all the members of each house of the General Assembly. In all cases, the General Assembly shall give the Governor such notice as it may deem proper and shall allow him an opportunity to be heard before a joint session of the General Assembly before it takes final action. When the General Assembly is not in session, the Council of State, a majority of its members concurring,

may convene it in extra session for the purpose of proceeding under this paragraph.

(5) *Impeachment.* Removal of the Governor from office for any other cause shall be by impeachment.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 12, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

CASE NOTES

The Constitution provides for the succession of the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor and does not authorize a vacancy in either office to be filled at an election for any portion of an unexpired term. Thomas v. State Bd. of Elections, 256 N.C. 401, 124 S.E.2d 164 (1962), decided under Art. III, § 12, Const. 1868.

Governor May Not Appoint Successor to Lieutenant Governor. — There is no constitutional provision which authorizes the Governor to appoint a successor to a deceased Lieutenant Governor to fill out a vacancy existing by reason of his death. Thomas v. State Bd. of Elections, 256 N.C. 401, 124 S.E.2d 164 (1962), decided under Art. III, § 12, Const. 1868.

Sec. 4. Oath of office for Governor.

The Governor, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall, before any Justice of the Supreme Court, take an oath or affirmation that he will support the Constitution and laws of the United States and of the State of North Carolina, and that he will faithfully perform the duties pertaining to the office of Governor.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 4, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Removing Local Elected Officials From Office in North Carolina," see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 547 (1980).

CASE NOTES

Cited in Smith v. State, 298 N.C. 115, 257 S.E.2d 399 (1979).

Sec. 5. Duties of Governor.

(1) *Residence.* The Governor shall reside at the seat of government of this State.

(2) *Information to General Assembly.* The Governor shall from time to time give the General Assembly information of the affairs of the State and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall deem expedient.

(3) *Budget.* The Governor shall prepare and recommend to the General Assembly a comprehensive budget of the anticipated revenue and proposed expenditures of the State for the ensuing fiscal period. The budget as enacted by the General Assembly shall be administered by the Governor.

The total expenditures of the State for the fiscal period covered by the budget shall not exceed the total of receipts during that fiscal period and the surplus remaining in the State Treasury at the beginning of the period. To insure that the State does not incur a deficit for any fiscal period, the Governor shall continually survey the collection of the revenue and shall effect the necessary economies in State expenditures, after first making adequate provision for the prompt payment of the principal of and interest on bonds and notes of the State according to their terms, whenever he determines that receipts during the fiscal period, when added to any surplus remaining in the State Treasury at

the beginning of the period, will not be sufficient to meet budgeted expenditures. This section shall not be construed to impair the power of the State to issue its bonds and notes within the limitations imposed in Article V of this Constitution, nor to impair the obligation of bonds and notes of the State now outstanding or issued hereafter.

(4) *Execution of laws.* The Governor shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

(5) *Commander in Chief.* The Governor shall be Commander in Chief of the military forces of the State except when they shall be called into the service of the United States.

(6) *Clemency.* The Governor may grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses (except in cases of impeachment), upon such conditions as he may think proper, subject to regulations prescribed by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. The terms reprieves, commutations, and pardons shall not include paroles.

(7) *Extra sessions.* The Governor may, on extraordinary occasions, by and with the advice of the Council of State, convene the General Assembly in extra session by his proclamation, stating therein the purpose or purposes for which they are thus convened.

(8) *Appointments.* The Governor shall nominate and by and with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators appoint all officers whose appointments are not otherwise provided for.

(9) *Information.* The Governor may at any time require information in writing from the head of any administrative department or agency upon any subject relating to the duties of his office.

(10) *Administrative reorganization.* The General Assembly shall prescribe the functions, powers, and duties of the administrative departments and agencies of the State and may alter them from time to time, but the Governor may make such changes in the allocation of offices and agencies and in the allocation of those functions, powers, and duties as he considers necessary for efficient administration. If those changes affect existing law, they shall be set forth in executive orders, which shall be submitted to the General Assembly not later than the sixtieth calendar day of its session, and shall become effective and shall have the force of law upon adjournment sine die of the session, unless specifically disapproved by resolution of either house of the General Assembly or specifically modified by joint resolution of both houses of the General Assembly.

(11) *Reconvened sessions.* The Governor shall, when required by Section 22 of Article II of this Constitution, reconvene a session of the General Assembly. At such reconvened session, the General Assembly may only consider such bills as were returned by the Governor to that reconvened session for reconsideration. Such reconvened session shall begin on a date set by the Governor, but no later than 40 days after the General Assembly adjourned:

(a) For more than 30 days jointly as provided under Section 20 of Article II of this Constitution; or

(b) *Sine die.* If the date of reconvening the session occurs after the expiration of the terms of office of the members of the General Assembly, then the members serving for the reconvened session shall be the members for the succeeding term. (1969, c. 932, s. 1; 1977, c. 690, s. 1; 1995, c. 5, s. 2.)

History. — The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 5, Const. 1868.

The provisions of subsections (4) and (9) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 7, Const. 1868.

The provisions of subsection (5) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 8, Const. 1868.

The provisions of subsection (6) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872 — 1873 and 1954.

The provisions of subsection (7) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 9, Const. 1868.

The provisions of subsection (8) of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 10, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

Editor's Note. — The amendments to this section by Session Laws 1995, c. 5, s. 2, were submitted to the qualified voters at the general election held in November, 1996, and were approved at that election. Session Laws 1995, c. 5, s. 4, made this section effective January 1, 1997 upon certification; certification was made on November 26, 1996.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on punishment for crime in North Carolina, see 17 N.C.L. Rev. 205 (1939).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — Many of the cases cited below were decided under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868.

Duty of Governor to Execute Laws. — The Governor, as the constituted head of the executive department, is charged with the duty of seeing that legislative acts are carried into effect. Winslow v. Morton, 118 N.C. 486, 24 S.E. 417 (1896).

An expenditure under subsection (3) occurs only when funds are disbursed. Boneno v. State, 54 N.C. App. 690, 284 S.E.2d 170 (1981).

The incurring of a contractual obligation does not constitute an expenditure within the meaning of subsection (3). Boneno v. State, 54 N.C. App. 690, 284 S.E.2d 170 (1981).

Budget Process. — The Constitution mandates a three-step process with respect to the State's budget: (1) this section directs that the "Governor shall prepare and recommend to the General Assembly a comprehensive budget . . . for the ensuing fiscal period"; (2) N.C. Const., Art. II, vests in the General Assembly the power to enact a budget (one recommended by the Governor or one of its own making); and (3) after the General Assembly enacts a budget, this section then provides that the Governor shall administer the budget "as enacted by the General Assembly." In re Powers, 295 S.E.2d 589 (N.C. 1982).

Pardons Exclusive Prerogative of Governor. — After a defendant has begun the service of his term, or at least when that takes place after the adjournment of the court, it is beyond the jurisdiction of the judge to alter the sentence or interfere with it in any way, as the power of pardon, parole or discharge during the term of imprisonment is by this section the exclusive prerogative of the Governor. State v. Lewis, 226 N.C. 249, 37 S.E.2d 691 (1946), decided before the 1954 amendment to Art. III, § 6, Const. 1868, which amendment terminated the Governor's power of parole.

Power of General Assembly to Pass Amnesty Act. — The power, granted by this section, to exercise clemency after conviction in some particular case and in favor of an individual especially charged with an offense is an executive act of a quasi-judicial kind, and does not conflict with or exclude the power of the General Assembly to pass an amnesty act in abolition or oblivion of the offense. State v. Bowman, 145 N.C. 452, 59 S.E. 74, 122 Am. St. R. 464 (1907).

The Governor does not possess the constitutional power to parole. State v. Allen, 346 N.C. 731, 488 S.E.2d 188 (1997).

Conditional Pardon. — The Governor may grant a pardon upon a condition precedent that the prisoner pay costs of trial, and upon condition subsequent, that he remain of good character, and be sober and industrious. In re Williams, 149 N.C. 436, 63 S.E. 108, 22 L.R.A. (n.s.) 238 (1908).

Pardon While Appeal Pending. — The term "conviction" in this section denotes a verdict of guilty rendered by a jury; therefore, when defendant, after verdict and judgment in the court below, appealed to the Supreme Court and, pending such appeal, was pardoned by the Governor, such pardon was authorized by this section and was valid. State v. Alexander, 76 N.C. 231 (1877); State v. Mathis, 109 N.C. 815, 13 S.E. 917 (1891).

Commutation of Sentence. — The exercise by the Governor of his judgment, resulting in the commutation of the sentence of one man convicted of murder or rape and the refusal to commute the sentence of another convicted of such crime, cannot be called "freakish" or "arbitrary" merely because another governor might, theoretically, have reached opposite conclusions. State v. Jarrette, 284 N.C. 625, 202 S.E.2d 721 (1974), death sentence vacated, 428 U.S. 903, 96 S. Ct. 3205, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1206 (1976).

Sentence Active in Part and Suspended in Part. — It is not within the power of a court to impose a sentence active in part and suspended in part. Where a single offense is involved, the sentence must be made active in full or suspended in full. A split sentence is in effect an anticipatory pardon or parole, violative of the provisions of the Constitution of North Carolina appertaining to pardons and paroles. In re Powell, 241 N.C. 288, 84 S.E.2d 906 (1954).

Power of Appointment. — The Governor has the power to appoint an officer of the State

with the advice and consent of a majority of the Senators, unless there is some other provision for the appointment. State ex rel. Martin v. Melott, 320 N.C. 518, 359 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

Power of Appointment Under Constitution of 1868 — In General. — Construing Art. III, § 10, Const. 1868, corresponding to subsection (8) of this section, which prior to 1875 authorized the Governor to appoint "all officers whose offices are established by this Constitution, which shall be created by law, and whose appointments are not otherwise provided for," and prohibited the General Assembly from appointing or electing such officers, along with cognate sections of the Constitution of 1868, in reference to vacancies, etc., prior to 1875, it was held in various decisions that the term, "unless otherwise provided for" meant unless otherwise provided for by the Constitution itself, and that, except in specified and restricted instances, the legislature had no power to appoint to office or to fill vacancies therein. State ex rel. Clark v. Stanley, 66 N.C. 59 (1872); People ex rel. Nichols v. McKee, 68 N.C. 429 (1873); People ex rel. Welker v. Bledsoe, 68 N.C. 457 (1873). And see Trustees of Univ. of N.C. v. McIver, 72 N.C. 76 (1875).

Article III, § 10, Const. 1868, as it then existed, and others of kindred nature, were altered by the Convention of 1875, which removed the express prohibition and the express grant of power to the Governor restricted to "all officers whose offices are established by this Constitution and whose offices are not otherwise provided for." And it became the accepted view that, in all offices created by statute, including the directorates of State institutions, the power of appointment, either original or to fill vacancies, was subject to legislative provision as expressed in a valid enactment. See State ex rel. Salisbury v. Croom, 167 N.C. 223, 83 S.E. 354 (1914); Cunningham v. Sprinkle, 124 N.C. 638, 33 S.E. 138 (1899); State ex rel. Cherry v. Burns, 124 N.C. 761, 33 S.E. 136 (1899).

Same — Filling Vacancy and Appointing for Regular Term Distinguished. — The Governor never nominates to the Senate to fill vacancies. He does that alone, in all cases. But where officers have to be appointed to fill a regular term, then he nominates to the Senate, unless it be an officer who is elected by the people, and then he never nominates to the Senate, but fills the vacancy or term by his own appointment (unless there is an officer holding over), until the people can elect. People ex rel. Battle v. McIver, 68 N.C. 467 (1873), decided under Art. III, § 10, Const. 1868, prior to the 1875 amendment.

Same — Appointment by Governor Limited to Constitutional Officers. — The inherent right of the Governor to appoint was restricted to constitutional offices and to where the Constitution of 1868 itself so provided. State ex rel. Salisbury v. Croom, 167 N.C. 223, 83 S.E. 354 (1914).

Same — Power of Legislature to Fill Statutory Offices. — The Convention of 1875 intended to alter the Constitution as interpreted in People ex rel. Nichols v. Mckee, 68 N.C. 429 (1873), and to confer upon the General Assembly the power to fill offices created by statute. State Prison v. Day, 124 N.C. 362, 32 S.E. 748 (1899), citing Ewart v. Jones, 116 N.C. 570, 21 S.E. 787 (1895). See also Osborne v. Town of Canton, 219 N.C. 139, 13 S.E.2d 265 (1941).

Same — Transfer of Duties of Office. — While the General Assembly has the power to abolish an office created by legislative authority, it cannot by mere transfer to others of the duties, connected with an institution, necessary and useful to the public, to be exercised by them, oust the incumbent from an office belonging to him under a contract with the State. State Prison v. Day, 124 N.C. 362, 32 S.E. 748 (1899).

Appointment by Chief Justice of Supreme Court. — It is not a violation of the separation of powers provision of the Constitution for the General Assembly to provide that the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall appoint the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings. State ex rel. Martin v. Melott, 320 N.C. App. 518, 359 S.E.2d 783 (1987).

Use of Pardoned Crime to Enhance or Sentence Improper. — The reasoning that an increased punishment for a current offense due to a prior pardoned conviction is not punishment for the prior pardoned offense is a legal fiction that conflicts with logic and the administrative duties of the governor; thus, trial court infringed upon the prerogatives of the governor by finding that defendant's prior conviction constituted an aggravating factor. State v. Clifton, 125 N.C. App. 471, 481 S.E.2d 393 (1997), cert. granted, 346 N.C. 182, 486 S.E.2d 200 (1997), discretionary review improvidently allowed, 347 N.C. 391, 493 S.E.2d 56 (1997).

Applied in State v. Lampkins, 286 N.C. 497, 212 S.E.2d 106 (1975).

Quoted in Wilson v. North Carolina, 438 F.2d 284 (4th Cir. 1971); In re Greene, 297 N.C. 305, 255 S.E.2d 142 (1979).

Cited in Jernigan v. State, 10 N.C. App. 562, 179 S.E.2d 788 (1971); State v. Vert, 39 N.C. App. 26, 249 S.E.2d 476 (1978).

Sec. 6. Duties of the Lieutenant Governor.

The Lieutenant Governor shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless the Senate is equally divided. He shall perform such additional duties as the General Assembly or the Governor may assign to him. He shall receive the compensation and allowances prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 11, Const. 1868, as amended in 1944.

Sec. 7. Other elective officers.

(1) *Officers.* A Secretary of State, an Auditor, a Treasurer, a Superintendent of Public Instruction, an Attorney General, a Commissioner of Agriculture, a Commissioner of Labor, and a Commissioner of Insurance shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State in 1972 and every four years thereafter, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected. Their term of office shall be four years and shall commence on the first day of January next after their election and continue until their successors are elected and qualified.

(2) *Duties.* Their respective duties shall be prescribed by law.

(3) *Vacancies.* If the office of any of these officers is vacated by death, resignation, or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Governor to appoint another to serve until his successor is elected and qualified. Every such vacancy shall be filled by election at the first election for members of the General Assembly that occurs more than 60 days after the vacancy has taken place, and the person chosen shall hold the office for the remainder of the unexpired term fixed in this Section. When a vacancy occurs in the office of any of the officers named in this Section and the term expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of the office.

(4) *Interim officers.* Upon the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of any one of these officers for any of the causes stated in the preceding paragraph, the Governor may appoint an interim officer to perform the duties of that office until a person is appointed or elected pursuant to this Section to fill the vacancy and is qualified.

(5) *Acting officers.* During the physical or mental incapacity of any one of these officers to perform the duties of his office, as determined pursuant to this Section, the duties of his office shall be performed by an acting officer who shall be appointed by the Governor.

(6) *Determination of incapacity.* The General Assembly shall by law prescribe with respect to those officers, other than the Governor, whose offices are created by this Article, procedures for determining the physical or mental incapacity of any officer to perform the duties of his office, and for determining whether an officer who has been temporarily incapacitated has sufficiently recovered his physical or mental capacity to perform the duties of his office. Removal of those officers from office for any other cause shall be by impeachment.

(7) *Special Qualifications for Attorney General.* Only persons duly authorized to practice law in the courts of this State shall be eligible for appointment or election as Attorney General. (1983, c. 298, s. 1; 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 920, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to vacancies in office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, see § 115C-18.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873 and 1944, and Art. III, § 13, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873, 1944, 1954 and 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, and defeated at the general election held in 1982, would have substituted "1980" for "1972" and "the Governor is" for "members of the General Assembly are" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1) of this section and "statewide general election" for "election for members of the General Assembly" in subsection (3) near the beginning of the second sentence and near the end of the third sentence.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, ss. 4, 5 and 9.1(1), and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by substituting "1988, and in 1993 and every four years thereafter" for "1972 and every four years thereafter" in the first sentence of subsection (1), by adding "except in 1988 at the same time and places as members of the United States House of Representatives are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1), and by adding "except that the term of office of those elected in 1988 shall be for five years" at the end of subsection (1).

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The Common Law Powers of the Attorney General of North Carolina," see 9 N.C. Cent. L.J. 1 (1977).

For article analyzing the scope of the North Carolina Insurance Commissioner's rate-making authority, see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 97 (1982).

For article, "Changes In the State's Law Firm: The Powers, Duties and Operations of the Office of the Attorney General," see 12 Campbell L. Rev. 343 (1990).

CASE NOTES

Duty of Attorney General. — The Attorney General of North Carolina is a constitutional officer, and he is required to take an oath which among other things binds him to "support, maintain and defend the Constitution of North Carolina not inconsistent with the Constitution of the United States ...." It is but a small step from the language of this oath to the proposition asserted by the Attorney General, that his duty includes the defense of statutes of this State against charges of unconstitutionality. Hendon v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 633 F. Supp. 454 (W.D.N.C. 1986).

Sole Discretion of Attorney General. — In passing § 114-11.6, the General Assembly made it clear that even upon a proper request and authorization by a district attorney, the Special Prosecution Division is to participate in criminal prosecutions only if the Attorney General, in his sole discretion as an independent constitutional officer, approves. Thus trial court exceeded its authority when it ordered that "the Attorney General's Office shall immediately assume the prosecution of" a capital case. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Commissioner of Insurance. — Although the office of Commissioner of Insurance is one created by this section, his power and authority emanate from the General Assembly and are limited by legislative prescription. The only power he has to fix rates is such power as the General Assembly has delegated to and vested in him. State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Rate Bureau, 61 N.C. App. 262, 300 S.E.2d 586, cert. denied, 308 N.C. 548, 304 S.E.2d 242 (1983).

The Governor has the duty to supervise the official conduct of all executive officers. Tice v. DOT, 67 N.C. App. 48, 312 S.E.2d 241 (1984).

Vacancies Filled by Appointment until Election. — In each of the offices named in this section in which a vacancy is required to be filled, the duty is imposed upon the Governor to appoint another to fill the office until a successor is elected and qualified. Thomas v. State Bd. of Elections, 256 N.C. 401, 124 S.E.2d 164 (1962), decided under former Art. III, § 13, Const. 1868, as amended.

No Election of Successor to Lieutenant Governor. — If it had been the intent of the framers of the Constitution to authorize or require the election of a successor to fill a vacancy in the office of Lieutenant Governor, as required with respect to the offices named in this section, then there is no sound reason why the framers of the Constitution did not include the office of Lieutenant Governor in this section. Thomas v. State Bd. of Elections, 256 N.C. 401, 124 S.E.2d 164 (1962), decided under former Art. III, § 13, Const. 1868, as amended.

Applied in State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Auto. Rate Admin. Office, 287 N.C. 192, 214 S.E.2d 98 (1975); Martin v. Thornburg, 320 N.C. 533, 359 S.E.2d 472 (1987).

Quoted in Nash County Bd. of Educ. v. Biltmore Co., 464 F. Supp. 1027 (E.D.N.C. 1978).

Cited in State ex rel. Comm'r of Ins. v. North Carolina Rate Bureau, 300 N.C. 381, 269 S.E.2d 547 (1980); North Carolina ex rel. Long

v. Alexander & Alexander Servs., Inc., 711 F. Supp. 257 (E.D.N.C. 1989).

Sec. 8. Council of State.

The Council of State shall consist of the officers whose offices are established by this Article.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 14, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872 — 1873 and 1944.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Delegation of Power to Attend Meetings. — Those members of the Council of State who have statutory authority to delegate duties may, in conformity with such statutes, attend and vote at meetings of Boards of which they are ex officio members through delegates or designated subordinates. The remaining members of the Council of State may make similar delegations or designations where, in the member's judgment, other duties necessitate his absence and the statute creating his ex officio membership does not express or clearly imply an intent of the General Assembly that the powers of such membership be exercised personally. See opinion of Attorney General to the honorable James E. Long, Commissioner of Insurance, 55 N.C.A.G. 116 (1986).

Sec. 9. Compensation and allowances.

The officers whose offices are established by this Article shall at stated periods receive the compensation and allowances prescribed by law, which shall not be diminished during the time for which they have been chosen.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 15, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Sec. 10. Seal of State.

There shall be a seal of the State, which shall be kept by the Governor and used by him as occasion may require, and shall be called "The Great Seal of the State of North Carolina". All grants and commissions shall be issued in the name and by the authority of the State of North Carolina, sealed with "The Great Seal of the State of North Carolina", and signed by the Governor.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. III, § 16, Const. 1868.

Sec. 11. Administrative departments.

Not later than July 1, 1975, all administrative departments, agencies, and offices of the State and their respective functions, powers, and duties shall be allocated by law among and within not more than 25 principal administrative departments so as to group them as far as practicable according to major purposes. Regulatory, quasi-judicial, and temporary agencies may, but need not, be allocated within a principal department. (1969, c. 932, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by amendment adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 3, 1970. The amendment was effective July 1, 1971.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

For definition of "administrative departments, agencies and offices of the state," see opinion of Attorney General to Senator John T. Henley, State Government Reorganization Study, 40 N.C.A.G. 738 (1970).

ARTICLE IV

JUDICIAL

Section 1. Judicial power.

The judicial power of the State shall, except as provided in Section 3 of this Article, be vested in a Court for the Trial of Impeachments and in a General Court of Justice. The General Assembly shall have no power to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction that rightfully pertains to it as a co-ordinate department of the government, nor shall it establish or authorize any courts other than as permitted by this Article.

Cross References. — As to the judicial department, see § 7A-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 1, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on court reform under the 1962 amendment to Art. IV of the Constitution of 1868, see 42 N.C.L. Rev. 858 (1964).

For note on judicial review and separation of powers, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 467 (1967).

For note analyzing possible constitutional barriers to judicial abrogation of contractual governmental immunity, see 12 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1082 (1976).

For survey of 1980 law on civil procedure, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1067 (1981).

CASE NOTES

Judicial Power Vested in General Court of Justice. — The primary purpose of the 1962 amendment, which rewrote Art. IV of the Constitution of 1868, was to establish "a unified judicial system." To accomplish this result, all judicial power, except that vested in a court for the trial of impeachments and in administrative agencies, is now vested by the Constitution in the General Court of Justice. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

The judicial power of this state is "vested in a Court for the Trial of Impeachments and a General Court of Justice," and the latter constitutes "a unified judicial system for purposes of jurisdiction, operation, and administration," and includes a Superior Court Division. In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

Limitation on Power of General Assembly to Establish Courts. — The last clause of the former section, providing that the General Assembly shall have no power to "establish or authorize any courts other than as permitted by this article," was entirely new with the 1962 amendment to Art. IV of the Constitution of 1868. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

The General Assembly shall have no power to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction that rightfully pertains to it as a co-ordinate department of the government. In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

Reconciliation with Need for Administrative Expertise. — A major purpose of N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 3, is to reconcile the retention of judicial power in the judicial branch required by this section, with the recognized need to utilize administrative expertise in implementing complicated regulatory schemes such as the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Limitation on Power of Legislature to Alter Judicial Result. — The doctrine of separation of powers precludes the legislature from enacting a statute which alters a result obtained by a final judicial decision before the date of the statute's enactment. Hogan v. Cone Mills Corp., 315 N.C. 127, 337 S.E.2d 477 (1985).

The inherent power of the Supreme Court has not been limited by the Constitution; on the contrary, the Constitution protects such power. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

The existence of inherent judicial power is not dependent upon legislative action; the General Assembly has recognized the existence of the inherent power of the court and cannot abridge that power. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

When the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined, the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless authorized to do so by the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The principle that when the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless authorized to do so by the Constitution is grounded on the separation of powers provisions found in many American Constitutions, including the Constitution of this State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976); Hogan v. Cone Mills Corp., 315 N.C. 127, 337 S.E.2d 477 (1985).

A legislative declaration may not be given effect so as to alter or amend a final exercise of the courts' rightful jurisdiction. Gardner v. Gardner, 300 N.C. 715, 268 S.E.2d 468 (1980).

The General Assembly has no authority to deprive the judicial department of any power or jurisdiction that rightfully pertains to it as a coordinate department of the government. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

The General Assembly is without authority to expand the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court beyond the limits set in the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Supreme Court has no original jurisdiction over claims against the State, and the General Assembly has no authority to confer such jurisdiction upon it. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Appeal to Supreme Court from Administrative Decisions. — The General Assembly has no authority to provide for appeal from decisions of administrative agencies to the Supreme Court without prior appeal to and review by a lower court within the General Court of Justice. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

General Assembly May Not Confer Judicial Power on Police Officer. — A police officer is neither an official of the General Court of Justice, nor an administrative agency within the meaning of Art. IV, § 3, Const. 1868; hence the General Assembly lacks constitutional authority to confer judicial power upon a police officer. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

Former § 160-20.1 and Session Laws 1963, c. 1093, purporting to confer judicial powers on police "desk officers" who were not officers of the General Court of Justice and who were not vested with judicial power on November 6, 1962, were unconstitutional and void. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

Thus Police Officer May Not Authorize Issuance of Warrant. — The General Assembly cannot confer upon a police officer judicial power sufficient to authorize the issuance of a valid warrant under any circumstances, even where the complainant is a private citizen and has no connection with any law-enforcement agency. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

Judicial Review of Acts of General Assembly. — The courts of this State have no inherent power to review acts of the General Assembly and to declare invalid those which the courts disapprove, or, upon their own initiative, find to be in conflict with the Constitution. Green v. Eure, 27 N.C. App. 605, 220 S.E.2d 102 (1975), cert. denied, 289 N.C. 297, 222 S.E.2d 696 (1976).

While plaintiffs could not obtain judicial review under § 150A-43 (now § 150B-43) of their claim that § 143B-350(f)(8), conferring on the State Board of Transportation the power and duty to approve all highway construction programs, unconstitutionally delegates legislative power to the board, since the claim involves no agency "decision", such claim could be heard pursuant to this section. Orange County Sensible Hwys. & Protected Env'ts, Inc. v. North Carolina Dep't of Transp., 46 N.C. App. 350, 265 S.E.2d 890 (1980).

Judicial Power to Require Officials to Act in Compliance with Duties. — The courts of this State have the power, pursuant to this section, to issue in personam orders requiring public officials to act in compliance with their ministerial or nondiscretionary public duties. Orange County Sensible Hwys. & Protected Env'ts, Inc. v. North Carolina Dep't of Transp., 46 N.C. App. 350, 265 S.E.2d 890 (1980).

In Personam Orders. — By virtue of their being "a co-ordinate department of the government," courts of this state are empowered "to issue in personam orders requiring public officials to act in compliance with their ... public duties." In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

Judicial Functions in Criminal Cases. — The functions of the court in regard to the punishment of crimes are to determine the

guilt or innocence of the accused, and, if that determination be one of guilt, then to pronounce the punishment or penalty prescribed by law. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

Grant of Discretionary Parole Power. — Former § 148-62, insofar as it granted discretionary power to the Board of Paroles (now the Parole Commission), was not an assignment of judicial power to the Board in contravention of this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 6. Jernigan v. State, 10 N.C. App. 562, 179 S.E.2d 788, aff'd, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

The granting of parole and the supervision of parolees are purely administrative functions, and accordingly may be entrusted by the legislature to nonjudicial agencies. Jernigan v. State, 279 N.C. 556, 184 S.E.2d 259 (1971).

The order of the Supreme Court establishing the Client Security Fund and requiring annual payments by attorneys to the fund was essential corollary to the court's function, was required for the proper administration of justice, and did not violate the Constitution. Beard v. North Carolina State Bar, 320 N.C. 126, 357 S.E.2d 694 (1987).

Assessment of Penalty Held Unconstitutional. — Where the DMV assessed a penalty for operating a vehicle on the highways with a gross weight in excess of that allowed under the license obtained pursuant to § 20-96, but not in excess of the maximum axle weight limits, and such penalty was not authorized by § 20-118, such penalty violated this section and N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 3, since there was no reasonable necessity for conferring absolute judicial discretion in the DMV. Young's Sheet Metal & Roofing, Inc. v. Wilkins, 77 N.C. App. 180, 334 S.E.2d 419 (1985), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 316 N.C. 202, 341 S.E.2d 574 (1986), decided prior to the 1985 amendment to § 20-96.

Undergraduate Court's powers are not derivative of the North Carolina judiciary system nor are they limited by the safeguards protecting a citizen in the state court system; thus, the undergraduate court could not be categorized as a "court" and the proceedings are not required to be open to the public. DTH Publishing Corp. v. University of N.C., 128 N.C. App. 534, 496 S.E.2d 8 (1998), review denied, 348 N.C. 496, 510 S.E.2d 382 (1998).

Applied in Gardner v. Gardner, 48 N.C. App. 38, 269 S.E.2d 630 (1980); Dixon v. Peters, 63 N.C. App. 592, 306 S.E.2d 477 (1983).

Quoted in Charlotte Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v. State ex rel. Lanier, 16 N.C. App. 381, 192 S.E.2d 57 (1972); In re Greene, 297 N.C. 305, 255 S.E.2d 142 (1979); State ex rel. Wallace v. Bone, 304 N.C. 591, 286 S.E.2d 79 (1982).

Stated in In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978).

Cited in Balcon, Inc. v. Sadler, 36 N.C. App. 322, 244 S.E.2d 164 (1978); In re Watts, 38 N.C. App. 90, 247 S.E.2d 427 (1978); In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989); In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997); Peace v. Employment Sec. Comm'n, 349 N.C. 315, 507 S.E.2d 272 (1998).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Delay of Rules by Review Commission. — An act vesting in the Administrative Rules Review Commission (ARRC), a commission appointed by the General Assembly, the power to delay indefinitely the effective date of duly adopted agency rules which it deems in excess of statutory authority would likely be held to violate this section by vesting the ARRC with judicial powers reserved to the court and with supreme legislative powers reserved to the General Assembly. See opinion of Attorney General to Henson P. Barnes, President Pro Tempore, Senate, 60 N.C.A.G. 70 (1991).

Sec. 2. General Court of Justice.

The General Court of Justice shall constitute a unified judicial system for purposes of jurisdiction, operation, and administration, and shall consist of an Appellate Division, a Superior Court Division, and a District Court Division.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 2, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Constitutional Rights of Students, Their Families, and Teachers in the Public Schools," see 10 Campbell L. Rev. 353 (1988).

CASE NOTES

Courts Constituting General Court of Justice. — The General Court of Justice consists exclusively of the courts constituting the appellate, superior court and district court divisions thereof. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

Police officer is not an official of the General Court of Justice. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

The superior court is a court of general jurisdiction and has jurisdiction in all actions for personal injuries caused by negligence, except where its jurisdiction is divested by statute. Morse v. Curtis, 276 N.C. 371, 172 S.E.2d 495 (1970), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962.

Applied in Gentry v. Uniform Judicial Retirement Sys., 378 F. Supp. 1 (M.D.N.C. 1974).

Cited in Balcon, Inc. v. Sadler, 36 N.C. App. 322, 244 S.E.2d 164 (1978); State v. Pennington, 327 N.C. 89, 393 S.E.2d 847 (1990); Ocean Hill Joint Venture v. North Carolina Dep't of Environment, Health & Natural Resources, 333 N.C. 318, 426 S.E.2d 274 (1993).

Sec. 3. Judicial powers of administrative agencies.

The General Assembly may vest in administrative agencies established pursuant to law such judicial powers as may be reasonably necessary as an incident to the accomplishment of the purposes for which the agencies were created. Appeals from administrative agencies shall be to the General Court of Justice.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 3, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Advisory Rulings by Administrative Agencies: Their Benefits and Dangers," see 2 Campbell L. Rev. 1 (1980).

CASE NOTES

Purpose. — A major purpose of this section is to reconcile the retention of judicial power in the judicial branch required by N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 1, with the recognized need to utilize administrative expertise in implementing complicated regulatory schemes such as the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

The application of this section requires three questions be answered: (1) For what purposes was the agency created?, (2) which peculiarly "judicial" power has the General Assembly attempted to vest in the agency?, and (3) is the Legislature's grant of such judicial power reasonably necessary as an incident to the accomplishment of the purposes for which the agency was created? In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Considerations Irrelevant to Determination of Whether Judicial Power Properly Conferred. — Considerations such as the maximum size of the civil penalty and the availability of alternative enforcement sanctions are irrelevant to the question of whether a civil penalty is a peculiarly "judicial" power reasonably necessary to the accomplishment of an agency's purposes; since the judiciary does not possess the power to enact specific civil penalties or other alternative enforcement sanctions, these legislative choices are not at issue in determining whether the Legislature has usurped a judicial power which may not be conferred under this section. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Limitation on Power of Legislature to Alter Judicial Result. — The doctrine of separation of powers precludes the legislature from enacting a statute which alters a result obtained by final judicial decision before the date of the statute's enactment. Hogan v. Cone Mills Corp., 315 N.C. 127, 337 S.E.2d 477 (1985).

Presumption of Propriety in Official Acts. — There is a rebuttable presumption that an administrative agency has properly performed its official duties; while arbitrary and capricious agency action is itself prohibited by

federal and state due process, any assertion of arbitrary agency action does not necessarily require the agency's action be reviewed for compliance with every other requirement under the State and federal Constitutions. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572 (1988), rev'd on other grounds, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

This section does not prohibit the legislature from conferring the power on administrative agencies to assess civil penalties. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Agencies Are Not Courts. — Administrative agencies referred to in this section ex vi termini are distinguished from courts. They are not constituent parts of the General Court of Justice. State ex rel. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. Old Fort Finishing Plant, 264 N.C. 416, 142 S.E.2d 8 (1965), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

A police officer is not an administrative agency within the meaning of this section. State v. Matthews, 270 N.C. 35, 153 S.E.2d 791 (1967), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Attempted grant to the Commissioner of Insurance of judicial power to impose a penalty upon an insurance agent for a violation of the insurance laws, varying in the Commissioner's discretion from a nominal sum to $25,000, violated this section, there being no reasonable necessity for conferring such judicial power upon the Commissioner. State ex rel. Lanier v. Vines, 274 N.C. 486, 164 S.E.2d 161 (1968), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Civil Penalty Power Was Necessary to Accomplish Agency's Purpose. — This section contemplates that discretionary judicial authority may be granted to an agency when reasonably necessary to accomplish the agency's purposes; civil penalty power was reasonably necessary to the purposes for which North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development (NRCD) (now the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources) was established. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

This section does not prohibit the legislature from conferring on administrative agencies the power to exercise discretion in determining civil penalties within an authorized range, provided that adequate guiding standards accompany that discretion. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Assessment of Civil Penalties Must Be Reasonably Necessary. — Administrative agencies are not constitutionally barred from assessing civil penalties. All administrative civil penalties are not per se in violation of the State Constitution, rather, the granting of the judicial power to assess a civil penalty must be "reasonably necessary" to the purposes for which the agency was created and with appropriate guidelines for the exercise of the discretion. North Carolina Private Protective Servs. Bd. v. Gray, Inc., 87 N.C. App. 143, 360 S.E.2d 135 (1987).

Assessment of Penalty Held Constitutional. — The authority of the Private Protective Services Board under subsection (c) of § 74C-17 to assess a civil penalty of up to two thousand dollars ($2,000) in lieu of revocation or suspension of a license is not an unconstitutional attempt to confer a judicial power on a state agency; the provision authorizing civil penalties is reasonably necessary to the Board in fulfilling its duties to require that those who hold themselves out as providing private protective services to citizens must meet high standards of training and professionalism. North Carolina Private Protective Servs. Bd. v. Gray, Inc., 87 N.C. App. 143, 360 S.E.2d 135 (1987).

This section did not prohibit the legislature from conferring on the North Carolina Department of Natural Resources and Community Development (NRCD) (now the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources) the power to exercise discretion in determining civil penalties within an authorized range; plenary guiding standards existed to check the exercise of NRCD discretion in its assessment of civil penalties in varying amounts, commensurate with the seriousness of the violations of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 324 N.C. 373, 379 S.E.2d 30 (1989).

Assessment of Penalty Held Unconstitutional. — Where the DMV assessed a penalty for operating a vehicle on the highways with a gross weight in excess of that allowed under the license obtained pursuant to § 20-96, but not in excess of the maximum axle weight limits, and such penalty was not authorized by § 20-118, such penalty violated N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 1 and this section since there was no reasonable necessity for conferring absolute judicial discretion in the DMV. Young's Sheet Metal & Roofing, Inc. v. Wilkins, 77 N.C. App. 180, 334 S.E.2d 419 (1985), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 316 N.C. 202, 341 S.E.2d 574 (1986), decided prior to the 1985 amendment to § 20-96.

The Department of Natural Resources and Community Development's (now the Depart-

ment of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources) assessment of a civil penalty under § 113A-64 arose from an unconstitutional transfer of judicial power under this section, which required the penalty be vacated. In re Appeal from Civil Penalty Assessed for Violations of Sedimentation Pollution Control Act, 92 N.C. App. 1, 373 S.E.2d 572, supersedeas allowed on reconsideration, 323 N.C. 625, 374 S.E.2d 873 (1988).

Undergraduate Court's powers are not derivative of the North Carolina judiciary system nor are they limited by the safeguards protecting a citizen in the state court system; thus, the undergraduate court could not be categorized as a "court" and the proceedings are not required to be open to the public. DTH Publishing Corp. v. University of N.C., 128 N.C. App. 534, 496 S.E.2d 8 (1998), review denied, 348 N.C. 496, 510 S.E.2d 382 (1998).

Applied in Charlotte Liberty Mut. Ins. Co. v. State ex rel. Lanier, 16 N.C. App. 381, 192 S.E.2d 57 (1972).

Stated in Ocean Hill Joint Venture v. North Carolina Dep't of Environment, Health & Natural Resources, 333 N.C. 318, 426 S.E.2d 274 (1993).

Cited in Mullins v. North Carolina Criminal Justice Educ. & Training Stds. Comm'n, 125 N.C. App. 339, 481 S.E.2d 297 (1997); Peace v. Employment Sec. Comm'n, 349 N.C. 315, 507 S.E.2d 272 (1998).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Delay of Rules by Review Commission. — An act vesting in the Administrative Rules Review Commission (ARRC), a commission appointed by the General Assembly, the power to delay indefinitely the effective date of duly adopted agency rules which it deems in excess of statutory authority would likely be held to violate this section by vesting the ARRC with judicial powers reserved to the court and with supreme legislative powers reserved to the General Assembly. See opinion of Attorney General to Henson P. Barnes, President Pro Tempore, Senate, 60 N.C.A.G. 70 (February 25, 1991).

Sec. 4. Court for the Trial of Impeachments.

The House of Representatives solely shall have the power of impeaching. The Court for the Trial of Impeachments shall be the Senate. When the Governor or Lieutenant Governor is impeached, the Chief Justice shall preside over the Court. A majority of the members shall be necessary to a quorum, and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the Senators present. Judgment upon conviction shall not extend beyond removal from and disqualification to hold office in this State, but the party shall be liable to indictment and punishment according to law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 4, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

CASE NOTES

Impeachment of District Attorneys Not Proper. — The statutory listing in § 123-5 is exclusive and does not allow for impeachment of district attorneys. In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997).

Stated in In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978).

Sec. 5. Appellate division.

The Appellate Division of the General Court of Justice shall consist of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals.

Cross References. — As to the Supreme Court, see § 7A-10 et seq. As to the Court of Appeals, see § 7A-16, et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 5, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962 and as amended in 1965.

Sec. 6. Supreme Court.

(1) *Membership.* The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and six Associate Justices, but the General Assembly may increase the number of Associate Justices to not more than eight. In the event the Chief Justice is unable, on account of absence or temporary incapacity, to perform any of the duties placed upon him, the senior Associate Justice available may discharge those duties.

(2) *Sessions of the Supreme Court.* The sessions of the Supreme Court shall be held in the City of Raleigh unless otherwise provided by the General Assembly.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 6, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Sec. 7. Court of Appeals.

The structure, organization, and composition of the Court of Appeals shall be determined by the General Assembly. The Court shall have not less than five members, and may be authorized to sit in divisions, or other than en banc. Sessions of the Court shall be held at such times and places as the General Assembly may prescribe.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 6A, Const. 1868, as added in 1966.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Why the North Carolina Court of Appeals Should Have a Procedure for Sitting En Banc," see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 1981 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Cited in In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991).

Sec. 8. Retirement of Justices and Judges.

The General Assembly shall provide by general law for the retirement of Justices and Judges of the General Court of Justice, and may provide for the temporary recall of any retired Justice or Judge to serve on the court or courts of the division from which he was retired. The General Assembly shall also prescribe maximum age limits for service as a Justice or Judge. (1971, c. 451, s. 1; 1981, c. 513, s. 1.)

History. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

Legal Periodicals. — For note entitled, "Gregory v. Ashcroft: The Plain Statement Rule and Judicial Supervision of Federal-State Relations," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1563 (1992).

CASE NOTES

Intent of Amendment. — The language employed in the amendment to this section is a clear indication of the people's intent to empower the legislature to interrupt judicial terms of office with an age limit on active service. Martin v. State, 330 N.C. 412, 410 S.E.2d 474 (1991).

Interpretation of "For Service." — The words, "for service," as used in the amendment to this section refers exclusively to the time during which an individual justice or judge is eligible to serve notwithstanding the length of his or her term of office. The words, "for service," as used in this section therefore, evince an intent to empower the legislature to render particular justices or judges ineligible for active

service because of age notwithstanding that time may remain in their terms of office. Martin v. State, 330 N.C. 412, 410 S.E.2d 474 (1991).

Denial of Compensation to Judge Removed from Office for Wrongdoing. — The General Assembly acted well within its constitutional authority under this section when it provided in § 7A-376 that a judge who is removed from office for cause other than mental or physical incapacity shall receive no retirement compensation. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Stated in In re City of Durham Annexation Ordinance Numbered 5991 for Area A, 69 N.C. App. 77, 316 S.E.2d 649 (1984).

Cited in Blackwelder v. State Dep't of Human Resources, 60 N.C. App. 331, 299 S.E.2d 777 (1983).

Sec. 9. Superior Courts.

(1) *Superior Court districts.* The General Assembly shall, from time to time, divide the State into a convenient number of Superior Court judicial districts and shall provide for the election of one or more Superior Court Judges for each district. Each regular Superior Court Judge shall reside in the district for which he is elected. The General Assembly may provide by general law for the selection or appointment of special or emergency Superior Court Judges not selected for a particular judicial district.

(2) *Open at all times; sessions for trial of cases.* The Superior Courts shall be open at all times for the transaction of all business except the trial of issues of fact requiring a jury. Regular trial sessions of the Superior Court shall be held at times fixed pursuant to a calendar of courts promulgated by the Supreme Court. At least two sessions for the trial of jury cases shall be held annually in each county.

(3) *Clerks.* A Clerk of the Superior Court for each county shall be elected for a term of four years by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected. If the office of Clerk of the Superior Court becomes vacant otherwise than by the expiration of the term, or if the people fail to elect, the senior regular resident Judge of the Superior Court serving the county shall appoint to fill the vacancy until an election can be regularly held.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 7, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, and defeated at the general election held in 1982, would have substituted "at the places and on the day prescribed by law" for "at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (3).

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 9, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except that those elected in 1986 and 1988 shall serve for a term of five years" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (3).

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 9.1(1), and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except in 1988 at the same time and place as members of the United States House of Representatives are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (3).

CASE NOTES

Election of Judges Not Mandated by Federal Constitution. — North Carolina could by Constitution provide for the appointment of all State judges without violating any provision of the federal Constitution. The election of superior court judges is not a necessary characteristic of a republican form of government and is not required by the Constitution of the United States. This is a political rather than a judicial question. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

Validity of Superior Court Election, Rotation, and Residency Provisions. — There can be no doubt as to the validity under the federal Constitution of the provisions of the North Carolina Constitution requiring the election of superior court judges by districts or

statewide as prescribed by the legislature, or that the State be divided into divisions and districts and judges rotate among the districts, or that they reside in their respective districts. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

A superior court judge is a hybrid official with both local and statewide functions and authority. The requirement that he reside in the district from which he is elected is a matter of convenience, making him available to hear emergency matters, and convenience is an essential factor in arranging an effective judicial system. He rotates among the districts of his division, and may be assigned beyond his division by the Chief Justice. Thus, there is a reasonable basis for election procedure requiring him to be nominated in the primary election and elected in the general election by statewide vote, and it serves and achieves a legitimate State purpose and is not arbitrary and capricious. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

The one man, one vote rule does not apply to the State judiciary, and therefore a mere showing of a disparity among the voters or in the population figures of the district would not be sufficient to strike down the election procedure for superior court judges. A showing of an arbitrary and capricious or invidious action or distinction between citizens and voters would be required. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

The issuance of a commission by the chief justice assigning a superior court judge to preside over a session of superior court does not endow the judge with jurisdiction, power, or authority to act as a superior court judge; the commission so issued merely manifests that such judge has been duly assigned pursuant to the Constitution to preside over such session of court. The judge's jurisdiction, power, and authority as a superior court judge flow from the Constitution of North Carolina and his appointment and commission by the Governor as a superior court judge. State v. Eley, 326 N.C. 759, 392 S.E.2d 394 (1990).

Applied in State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Quoted in Republican Party v. Hunt, 841 F. Supp. 722 (E.D.N.C.), aff'd sub nom. Republican Party v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 27 F.3d 563 (4th Cir. 1994).

Cited in Bradshaw v. Administrative Office of Courts, 320 N.C. 132, 357 S.E.2d 370 (1987); Republican Party v. Martin, 980 F.2d 943 (4th Cir. 1992), rehearing denied, 991 F.2d 1202 (4th Cir.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 828, 114 S. Ct. 93, 126 L. Ed. 2d 60 (1993); Capital Outdoor Adv., Inc. v. City of Raleigh, 109 N.C. App. 399, 427 S.E.2d 154 (1993).

Sec. 10. District Courts.

The General Assembly shall, from time to time, divide the State into a convenient number of local court districts and shall prescribe where the District Courts shall sit, but a District Court must sit in at least one place in each county. District Judges shall be elected for each district for a term of four years, in a manner prescribed by law. When more than one District Judge is authorized and elected for a district, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall designate one of the judges as Chief District Judge. Every District Judge shall reside in the district for which he is elected. For each county, the senior regular resident Judge of the Superior Court serving the county shall appoint for a term of two years, from nominations submitted by the Clerk of the Superior Court of the county, one or more Magistrates who shall be officers of the District Court. The number of District Judges and Magistrates shall, from time to time, be determined by the General Assembly. Vacancies in the office of District Judge shall be filled for the unexpired term in a manner prescribed by law. Vacancies in the office of Magistrate shall be filled for the unexpired term in the manner provided for original appointment to the office.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 8, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 8, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except that those elected in 1986 and 1988 shall serve for a term of five years" at the end of the second sentence.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on changing North Carolina's method of judicial selection, see 25 Wake Forest L. Rev. 253 (1990).

CASE NOTES

Preference May Be Given to Political Party of Vacating Judge. — The General Assembly may require that, in the interim appointment of a district court judge, preference must be given to a member of the same political party as the vacating judge. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Section 7A-142, which provides that candidates for a vacancy in the office of a district judge shall be members of the same political party as the vacating judge does not violate the Constitution of North Carolina. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Applied in State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Stated in Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971).

Cited in State v. Greer, 58 N.C. App. 703, 294 S.E.2d 745 (1982); Bradshaw v. Administrative Office of Courts, 320 N.C. 132, 357 S.E.2d 370 (1987); In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991); Republican Party v. Martin, 980 F.2d 943 (4th Cir. 1992), rehearing denied, 991 F.2d 1202 (4th Cir.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 828, 114 S. Ct. 93, 126 L. Ed. 2d 60 (1993).

Sec. 11. Assignment of Judges.

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, acting in accordance with rules of the Supreme Court, shall make assignments of Judges of the Superior Court and may transfer District Judges from one district to another for temporary or specialized duty. The principle of rotating Superior Court Judges among the various districts of a division is a salutary one and shall be observed. For this purpose the General Assembly may divide the State into a number of judicial divisions. Subject to the general supervision of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, assignment of District Judges within each local court district shall be made by the Chief District Judge.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 9, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

CASE NOTES

The issuance of a nunc pro tunc commission was unquestionably lawful and in full accord with the Constitution of North Carolina. State v. Eley, 326 N.C. 759, 392 S.E.2d 394 (1990).

The issuance of a commission by the Chief Justice assigning a superior court judge to preside over a session of superior court does not endow the judge with jurisdiction, power, or authority to act as a superior court judge; the commission so issued merely manifests that such judge has been duly assigned pursuant to the Constitution to preside over such session of court. The judge's jurisdiction, power, and authority as a superior court judge flow from the Constitution of North Carolina and his appointment and commission by the Governor as a superior court judge. State v. Eley, 326 N.C. 759, 392 S.E.2d 394 (1990).

Validity of Superior Court Election, Rotation, and Residency Provisions. — There can be no doubt as to the validity under the federal Constitution of the provisions of the North Carolina Constitution requiring the election of superior court judges by districts or statewide as prescribed by the legislature, or that the State be divided into divisions and districts and judges rotate among the districts, or that they reside in their respective districts. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

The system of rotating superior court judges does not deny a defendant due process of law on grounds that in a protracted trial more than one judge might rule on the many motions. State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981).

Judicial Notice of Assignment of Judges. — The Supreme Court would take judicial notice of the minute book showing the assignment of judges by the Chief Justice, and would take notice that the superior court judge holding the particular term of court in question had been assigned to hold said term. Staton v. Blanton, 259 N.C. 383, 130 S.E.2d 686 (1963), decided under former Art. IV, Const. 1868.

The commission to preside, issued by the Chief Justice, was sufficient and the assigned judge had proper jurisdiction when he signed both the equitable distribution judgment and the order dismissing defendant's ap-

peal. Lockert v. Lockert, 116 N.C. App. 73, 446 S.E.2d 606, cert. granted in part and denied in part, writ of supersedeas allowed, 338 N.C. 311, 450 S.E.2d 487 (1994).

As to statutes implementing corresponding provision of former Art. IV, Const. 1868, prior to its revision in 1962, see Baker v. Varser, 239 N.C. 180, 79 S.E.2d 757 (1954).

Quoted in Republican Party v. Hunt, 841 F. Supp. 722 (E.D.N.C.), aff'd sub nom. Republican Party v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 27 F.3d 563 (4th Cir. 1994).

Cited in Carr v. Great Lakes Carbon Corp., 49 N.C. App. 631, 272 S.E.2d 374 (1980); Republican Party v. Martin, 980 F.2d 943 (4th Cir. 1992), rehearing denied, 991 F.2d 1202 (4th Cir.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 828, 114 S. Ct. 93, 126 L. Ed. 2d 60 (1993); Vance Constr. Co. v. Duane White Land Corp., 127 N.C. App. 493, 490 S.E.2d 588 (1997).

Sec. 12. Jurisdiction of the General Court of Justice.

(1) *Supreme Court.* The Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction to review upon appeal any decision of the courts below, upon any matter of law or legal inference. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court over "issues of fact" and "questions of fact" shall be the same exercised by it prior to the adoption of this Article, and the Court may issue any remedial writs necessary to give it general supervision and control over the proceedings of the other courts. The Supreme Court also has jurisdiction to review, when authorized by law, direct appeals from a final order or decision of the North Carolina Utilities Commission.

(2) *Court of Appeals.* The Court of Appeals shall have such appellate jurisdiction as the General Assembly may prescribe.

(3) *Superior Court.* Except as otherwise provided by the General Assembly, the Superior Court shall have original general jurisdiction throughout the State. The Clerks of the Superior Court shall have such jurisdiction and powers as the General Assembly shall prescribe by general law uniformly applicable in every county of the State.

(4) *District Courts; Magistrates.* The General Assembly shall, by general law uniformly applicable in every local court district of the State, prescribe the jurisdiction and powers of the District Courts and Magistrates.

(5) *Waiver.* The General Assembly may by general law provide that the jurisdictional limits may be waived in civil cases.

(6) *Appeals.* The General Assembly shall by general law provide a proper system of appeals. Appeals from Magistrates shall be heard de novo, with the right of trial by jury as defined in this Constitution and the laws of this State. (1981, c. 803, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 10, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962 and as amended in 1965.

Legal Periodicals. — For survey of case law as to direct appeal to State Supreme Court from order or decision of Utilities Commission, see 44 N.C.L. Rev. 890 (1966).

For note analyzing possible constitutional barriers to judicial abrogation of contractual governmental immunity, see 12 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1082 (1976).

For survey of 1979 law on criminal procedure, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1404 (1980).

For article, "A Powerless Judiciary? The North Carolina Courts' Perceptions of Review of Administrative Action," see 12 N.C. Cent. L.J. 21 (1980).

For comment, "The Advisory Opinion in North Carolina: 1947 to 1991," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1853 (1992).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Supreme Court.
A. In General.
B. Claims Against State.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IV, § 10, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962 and as amended in 1965, and under corresponding provisions of former Art. IV prior to its 1962 revision.*

Meaning of Subsection (1). — Subsection (1) of this section, retaining the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court over "issues of fact" and "questions of fact" as it had existed prior to the 1971 revision, has no relation to the court's prior original jurisdiction over claims against the State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Subsection (6) of this section refers to a system of appeals from a lower court to a higher court within the General Court of Justice. State ex rel. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. Old Fort Finishing Plant, 264 N.C. 416, 142 S.E.2d 8 (1965).

When the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined, the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless authorized to do so by the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The principle that when the jurisdiction of a particular court is constitutionally defined the legislature cannot by statute restrict or enlarge that jurisdiction unless authorized to do so by the Constitution is grounded on the separation of powers provisions found in many American Constitutions, including the Constitution of this State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The superior court has original general jurisdiction throughout the State except as otherwise provided by the General Assembly. State v. Wall, 271 N.C. 675, 157 S.E.2d 363 (1967).

Jurisdiction of District Courts. — The General Assembly is authorized by general law to prescribe the jurisdiction and powers of district courts. State v. Wall, 271 N.C. 675, 157 S.E.2d 363 (1967).

The court of appeals has no jurisdiction to entertain a motion for summary judgment made for the first time on appeal. Britt v. Allen, 12 N.C. App. 399, 183 S.E.2d 303 (1971).

Jurisdiction over Civil and Criminal Appeals from District Court. — The constitutional and statutory structure of our General Court of Justice provides that, generally, appeals from the district court in civil causes go to the Court of Appeals, while appeals from the district court in criminal causes must go first to the superior court. State v. Killian, 25 N.C. App. 224, 212 S.E.2d 419 (1975).

Review of Judicial Disciplinary Proceedings. — Under this section and § 7A-32 the courts of the appellate division have power to review judicial disciplinary proceedings, whether the attorney or the State has prevailed in the trial court. In re Palmer, 296 N.C. 638, 252 S.E.2d 784 (1979).

The State may seek review by the appellate division of proceedings disciplining attorneys under the judicial method. However, the State may not appeal in such cases as a matter of right, but must seek appellate review by petition for writ of certiorari. In re Palmer, 296 N.C. 638, 252 S.E.2d 784 (1979).

Jurisdiction over Eastern Band of Cherokee in Civil Matters. — North Carolina has had civil jurisdiction over the Eastern Band of the Cherokee at least since the emigration west following the Treaty of New Echota, when the Indians remaining in North Carolina became subject to the laws of the State. The fact that these Indians have since been recognized as an Indian tribe and brought under federal supervision did not remove the existing jurisdiction of the State of North Carolina. Sasser v. Beck, 40 N.C. App. 668, 253 S.E.2d 577, cert. denied, 298 N.C. 300, 259 S.E.2d 915 (1979).

The courts of this State have jurisdiction over a member of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians in a tort claim by a non-Indian arising from an occurrence on land within the Qualla Boundary. Sasser v. Beck, 40 N.C. App. 668, 253 S.E.2d 577, cert. denied, 298 N.C. 300, 259 S.E.2d 915 (1979).

The subject matter jurisdiction of the clerks of the superior court can only be conferred by statute. In re Locklear, 314 N.C. 412, 334 S.E.2d 46 (1985).

Applied in City of Charlotte v. McNeely, 281 N.C. 684, 190 S.E.2d 179 (1972); Lawing v. Jaynes, 285 N.C. 418, 206 S.E.2d 162 (1974); In re Thomas, 290 N.C. 410, 226 S.E.2d 371 (1976); In re Greene, 297 N.C. 305, 255 S.E.2d 142 (1979); State v. Freeman, 319 N.C. 609, 356 S.E.2d 765 (1987); State v. Dudley, 319 N.C. 656, 356 S.E.2d 361 (1987); Crist v. Moffatt, 326 N.C. 326, 389 S.E.2d 41 (1990); Travco Hotels, Inc. v. Piedmont Natural Gas Co., 332 N.C. 288, 420 S.E.2d 426 (1992).

Quoted in Austin v. Austin, 12 N.C. App. 286, 183 S.E.2d 420 (1971); State v. McIntyre, 33 N.C. App. 557, 235 S.E.2d 920 (1977).

Stated in Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971); Bailey v. Gooding, 301 N.C. 205, 270 S.E.2d 431 (1980); In re Wharton, 305 N.C. 565, 290 S.E.2d 688 (1982).

Cited in State v. Harrell, 279 N.C. 464, 183 S.E.2d 638 (1971); Waters v. Qualified Personnel, Inc., 294 N.C. 200, 240 S.E.2d 338 (1978); Balcon, Inc. v. Sadler, 36 N.C. App. 322, 244 S.E.2d 164 (1978); Yale v. National Indem. Co., 602 F.2d 642 (4th Cir. 1979); In re Wharton, 54 N.C. App. 447, 283 S.E.2d 528 (1981); State ex rel. Edmisten v. Tucker, 312 N.C. 326, 323 S.E.2d 294 (1984); L. Harvey & Son Co. v. Harman, 76 N.C. App. 191, 333 S.E.2d 47

(1985); State v. Bolt, 81 N.C. App. 133, 344 S.E.2d 51 (1986); Lea Co. v. North Carolina Bd. of Transp., 317 N.C. 254, 345 S.E.2d 355 (1986); State v. Mitchell, 325 N.C. 539, 385 S.E.2d 324 (1989); In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991); In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991); Republican Party v. Martin, 980 F.2d 943 (4th Cir. 1992), rehearing denied, 991 F.2d 1202 (4th Cir.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 828, 114 S. Ct. 93, 126 L. Ed. 2d 60 (1993).

II. SUPREME COURT.

A. In General.

The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court is conferred and defined by the Constitution, not by the General Assembly. State ex rel. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. Old Fort Finishing Plant, 264 N.C. 416, 142 S.E.2d 8 (1965); Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

It Relates Solely to Appeals from Lower Courts. — The appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court relates solely to appeals from decisions of "the courts below." State ex rel. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. Old Fort Finishing Plant, 264 N.C. 416, 142 S.E.2d 8 (1965); Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Supreme Court is an appellate court. Its function, under the Constitution, is to review alleged errors and rulings of the trial court, and unless and until it is shown that a trial court ruled on a particular question, it is not given for the Supreme Court to make specific rulings thereon. Greene v. Spivey, 236 N.C. 435, 73 S.E.2d 488 (1952).

And Does Not Include Direct Appeals from Agencies. — Under this section, the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court is to review, on appeal, decisions "of the courts below." This does not include jurisdiction to review on direct appeal the decisions of administrative agencies. State ex rel. N.C. Utils. Comm'n v. Old Fort Finishing Plant, 264 N.C. 416, 142 S.E.2d 8 (1965); Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The General Assembly has no authority to provide for appeal from decisions of administrative agencies to the Supreme Court without prior appeal to and review by a lower court within the General Court of Justice. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Utilities Commission, being an administrative agency and not a part of the General Court of Justice, direct appeals from the Utilities Commission to the Supreme Court are not constitutionally permissible. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. VEPCO, 21 N.C. App. 45, 203 S.E.2d 418, rev'd on other grounds, 285 N.C. 398, 206 S.E.2d 283 (1974).

The Supreme Court is strictly an appellate court, its jurisdiction limited "to review upon appeal any decision of the court below upon any matter of law or legal inference." Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

And the General Assembly May Not Expand Its Appellate Jurisdiction. — The General Assembly is without authority to expand the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court beyond the limits set in the Constitution. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Supreme Court has supervisory jurisdiction over the lower courts, and will exercise this jurisdiction in order that the case may be tried on the correct theory below and unnecessary delay in the administration of justice be thereby prevented. Greene v. Charlotte Chem. Labs., Inc., 254 N.C. 680, 120 S.E.2d 82 (1961).

The Supreme Court has general supervisory authority over the orders, judgments, and decrees of the superior courts of the State; this is a prerogative which, in a proper case, when necessary to promote the expeditious administration of justice, the Supreme Court will not hesitate to exercise. Park Terrace, Inc. v. Phoenix Indem. Co., 243 N.C. 595, 91 S.E.2d 584 (1956); Brice v. Robertson House Moving, Wrecking & Salvage Co., 249 N.C. 74, 105 S.E.2d 439 (1958); In re Brownlee, 301 N.C. 532, 272 S.E.2d 861 (1981).

The Supreme Court will not hesitate to exercise its rarely used general supervisory authority when necessary to promote the expeditious administration of justice. State v. Stanley, 288 N.C. 19, 215 S.E.2d 589 (1975).

Issuance of Remedial Writs to Control Proceedings of Inferior Courts. — The Supreme Court is vested with authority to issue any remedial writ necessary to give it general supervision and control over the proceedings of inferior courts. State v. Cochran, 230 N.C. 523, 53 S.E.2d 663 (1949).

A judge of the superior court has no authority or jurisdiction to issue a writ of mandamus or prohibition to a district court judge. Those remedies are reserved by subdivision (1) of this section to the Supreme Court. In re Redwine, 312 N.C. 482, 322 S.E.2d 769 (1984).

What Matters Are Reviewable in Supreme Court — In General. — On appeal to the Supreme Court, only error as to the law or legal inferences are reviewable upon the record in the case. Merchants Nat'l Bank v. Howard, 188 N.C. 543, 125 S.E. 126 (1924); State v. Neill, 244 N.C. 252, 93 S.E.2d 155 (1956). See also, McKay v. Bullard, 219 N.C. 589, 14 S.E.2d 657 (1941).

The Supreme Court on appeal in a criminal action can review only matters of law or legal inference. State v. Brewer, 202 N.C. 187, 162 S.E. 363 (1932). See also, State v. Anderson, 208 N.C. 771, 182 S.E. 643 (1935).

This section empowers the Supreme Court to

review on appeal any decision of the courts below, upon any matter of law or legal inference; and this is to be presented in accordance with the mandatory rules of the Supreme Court. State v. Bittings, 206 N.C. 798, 175 S.E. 299 (1934). See also, State v. Jackson, 211 N.C. 202, 189 S.E. 510 (1937).

Under the provisions of this section, the Supreme Court, on appeal from an issue of devisavit vel non, involved in the trial of a caveat to a will, is confined to a consideration of assignments of error in matters of law and legal inference. In re Will of Brown, 194 N.C. 583, 140 S.E. 192 (1927).

The Supreme Court has authority to review the record on appeal and to grant a new trial or give other appropriate relief for an error of law committed by the trial court. State v. Lampkins, 286 N.C. 497, 212 S.E.2d 106 (1975), cert. denied, 428 U.S. 909, 96 S. Ct. 3220, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1216 (1976).

Same — Evidence and Credibility. — The competency, admissibility and sufficiency of the evidence in a criminal action is for the court, while the weight, effect and credibility is for the jury, and on appeal the Supreme Court can review only matters of law or legal inference. State v. Casey, 201 N.C. 185, 159 S.E. 337 (1931); Debnam v. Rouse, 201 N.C. 459, 160 S.E. 471 (1931); Carter v. Mullinax, 201 N.C. 783, 161 S.E. 486 (1931); Woody Bros. Bakery v. Greensboro Life Ins. Co., 201 N.C. 816, 161 S.E. 554 (1931); State v. Harrell, 203 N.C. 210, 165 S.E. 551 (1932); State v. Whiteside, 204 N.C. 710, 169 S.E. 711 (1933).

The Supreme Court must accept as conclusive the verdict of the jury, so far as the credibility of witnesses is concerned. State v. Lampkins, 286 N.C. 497, 212 S.E.2d 106 (1975), cert. denied, 428 U.S. 909, 96 S. Ct. 3220, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1216 (1976).

The Supreme Court has no authority to grant a new trial or other relief to a defendant convicted of a criminal offense in a trial free from an error of law on grounds that it disagrees with the jury concerning the credibility of a witness for the State. State v. Lampkins, 286 N.C. 497, 212 S.E.2d 106 (1975), cert. denied, 428 U.S. 909, 96 S. Ct. 3220, 49 L. Ed. 2d 1216 (1976).

The North Carolina Supreme Court is not a fact-finding body. State v. Lawson, 310 N.C. 632, 314 S.E.2d 493 (1984), cert. denied, 471 U.S. 1120, 105 S. Ct. 2368, 86 L. Ed. 2d 267 (1985).

When Issues of Fact May Be Reviewed. — The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court over issues of fact, under this section, will be assumed upon two conditions: (1) If the matter is of such an equitable nature as a court of equity under the former system took exclusive cognizance of; (2) If the proofs are written and documentary and in all respects the same as they were when the judge of the court below passed upon them. Worthy v. Shields, 90 N.C. 192 (1884). See also, Keener v. Finger, 70 N.C. 35 (1874).

For case defining "issues of fact," see Battle v. Mayo, 102 N.C. 413, 9 S.E. 384 (1889).

Prohibition of trial of "issues of fact" by the Supreme Court extends to issues of fact as heretofore understood, and does not hinder the Court from trying such questions of fact as may be involved in a consideration of the propriety of continuing or vacating an order for a provisional injunction. Heilig v. Stokes, 63 N.C. 612 (1869).

The Supreme Court cannot consider a paper which, unrelated to the trial, purports upon its face to have raised an issue of fact after the adjournment as to the recitals set forth in the commission given the presiding judge. State v. Graham, 194 N.C. 459, 140 S.E. 26 (1927).

"Findings" Contemplated Under § 15A-2000(d)(2) in Review of Death Sentences. — While § 15A-2000(d)(2) uses the word "finding" in prescribing the Supreme Court's review of death sentences, a "finding of fact," as that term is generally understood, is not contemplated. Rather, "a finding," as used in that section means a "determination" or a "conclusion." State v. Lawson, 310 N.C. 632, 314 S.E.2d 493 (1984).

Section 15A-2000(d)(2) requires the Supreme Court to determine, as a matter of law, whether (1) the record supports the jury's finding of any aggravating circumstance upon which the trial court based its sentence of death, (2) the sentence of death was imposed under the influence of passion, prejudice or any other arbitrary factor, or (3) the sentence of death is excessive or disproportionate to the penalty imposed in similar cases. The statute neither contemplates nor requires the court to make factual findings. State v. Lawson, 310 N.C. 632, 314 S.E.2d 493 (1984).

Section 15A-2000(d) is not unconstitutional as an impermissible expansion of the Supreme Court's jurisdiction. State v. Williams, 304 N.C. 394, 284 S.E.2d 437 (1981).

Determination of Sufficiency of Amended Complaint. — The Supreme Court, in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction, could determine the sufficiency of an amended complaint, including matters stricken therefrom in the lower court, as though a demurrer ore tenus to the amended complaint in its entirety had been lodged in the Supreme Court, and its ruling that a pleading, thus considered, was insufficient to state a cause of action necessarily included an affirmance of the order of the lower court sustaining the demurrer ore tenus to the amended complaint exclusive of the portions previously stricken out. Philbrook v. Chapel Hill Hous. Auth., 269 N.C. 598, 153 S.E.2d 153 (1967).

Determination of Matter Where Appeal Is Premature. — Where an order of the superior court is interlocutory, and an appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court is premature and is subject to dismissal, the Supreme Court in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction may nevertheless, in proper instances, determine the matter in order to obviate a wholly unnecessary and circuitous course of procedure. Edwards v. City of Raleigh, 240 N.C. 137, 81 S.E.2d 273 (1954); Kelly v. Piper, 243 N.C. 54, 89 S.E.2d 764 (1955).

Consideration of Questions Not Properly Presented. — Where the lower court holds the statute attacked by defendant to be unconstitutional, the Supreme Court, in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction over the inferior courts, may consider the constitutional questions, notwithstanding that defendant failed properly to present them in the lower court, but even so the Supreme Court will ordinarily consider only the specific constitutional questions discussed in the brief. Rice v. Rigsby, 259 N.C. 506, 131 S.E.2d 469 (1963).

In the exercise of the constitutional power vested in the Supreme Court to issue any remedial writs necessary to give it a general supervision and control over the proceedings of the inferior courts, the Court would overlook defendant's failure to designate the specific constitutional provisions that he contended 1955 Session Laws, c. 358, violated, and consider the question, even though the procedure prescribed by the rules of practice as necessary to present such question was not followed. Rice v. Rigsby, 259 N.C. 506, 131 S.E.2d 469 (1963).

Ordinarily, the Supreme Court will not consider questions not properly presented by objections duly made, exceptions duly entered, and assignments of error properly set out, though it may do so in exceptional circumstances in the exercise of its supervisory and controlling jurisdiction over the proceedings of the other courts vested in it by this section. State v. Hewett, 270 N.C. 348, 154 S.E.2d 476 (1967).

The Supreme Court, in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction, may decide questions on the merits, even though the procedure prescribed by the rules of practice as necessary to present such questions has not been followed. Eastern Steel Prods. Corp. v. Chestnutt, 252 N.C. 269, 113 S.E.2d 587 (1960).

Under unusual and exceptional circumstances the court will exercise power under this section to consider questions which are not properly presented according to the rules. State v. Stanley, 288 N.C. 19, 215 S.E.2d 589 (1975).

Correction of Error in Judgment In Rem Where Appeal Is Subject to Dismissal. — Even though an appeal may be subject to dismissal, if the proceeding is in rem and the judgment entered in the court below vitally affects the title to real property, the Supreme Court will take jurisdiction for the purpose of correcting an error in the judgment. This can be done in the exercise of its supervisory power. Ange v. Ange, 235 N.C. 506, 71 S.E.2d 19 (1952); Edwards v. Butler, 244 N.C. 205, 92 S.E.2d 922 (1956).

Review of Habeas Corpus Proceedings. — No appeal to the Supreme Court lies upon the refusal of the judge, having jurisdiction, to release the petitioner in habeas corpus proceedings, except in cases concerning the care and custody of children, the remedy being by application for the writ of certiorari which lies in the discretion of the appellate court. State v. Yates, 183 N.C. 753, 111 S.E. 337 (1922); State v. Hooker, 183 N.C. 763, 111 S.E. 351 (1922); In re Blake, 184 N.C. 278, 114 S.E. 294 (1922).

A decree in habeas corpus proceedings to determine the custody of a child as between its divorced parents is not appealable, the sole remedy being by certiorari to invoke the constitutional power of the Supreme Court to supervise and control proceedings of inferior courts. In re Ogden, 211 N.C. 100, 189 S.E. 119 (1937).

Although petitioner's purported appeal from a judgment rendered on return to a writ of habeas corpus would ordinarily have been dismissed, it would be treated as a petition for writ of certiorari by the Supreme Court in order that an important question presented by the record might be clarified. In re Renfrow, 247 N.C. 55, 100 S.E.2d 315 (1957).

Certiorari. — The Supreme Court has the power to issue any remedial writ necessary to give it general supervision and control over proceedings of the lower courts, and to this end would grant certiorari to review an order of the superior court ordering the State to pay attorney's fees for representation of an indigent defendant in the federal courts, which involved a question of public importance. State v. Davis, 270 N.C. 1, 153 S.E.2d 749, cert. denied, 389 U.S. 828, 88 S. Ct. 87, 19 L. Ed. 2d 84 (1967).

Where an application for writ of certiorari in the nature of a writ of error is made for the purpose of bringing up an appeal when the right of appeal is lost in the trial court by failure to file statement of case on appeal within the time allowed, applicant must negative laches and show merit. State v. Moore, 210 N.C. 686, 188 S.E. 421 (1936).

Writ of Error Coram Nobis. — There is no justification for a rule that would require a person who is not in prison to obtain permission from an appellate court in order to file a petition for a writ of error coram nobis to attack collaterally a final judgment of a trial court from which no appeal was taken. Dantzic v. State, 279 N.C. 212, 182 S.E.2d 563 (1971), overruling In re Taylor, 230 N.C. 566, 53 S.E.2d 857 (1949); State v. Daniels, 231 N.C. 509, 57 S.E.2d 653, cert. denied, 339 U.S. 954, 70 S. Ct.

837, 94 L. Ed. 1366 (1950), and State v. Green, 277 N.C. 188, 176 S.E.2d 756 (1970).

Remand for Further Consideration. — Where an order of the superior court made no ruling on exceptions to an order of the Public Utilities Commission, but remanded the cause to the Commission for a determination, after further proceedings, of the precise question it had theretofore considered and decided, without specifying the ground on which the court's order was based, the Supreme Court, under the circumstances, in the exercise of its power under this section to issue any remedial writs necessary to give it a general supervision and control over the proceedings of the inferior courts, would vacate the court's order and remand the cause to the superior court for consideration and decision of the questions raised by protestants' exceptions to the Commission's findings and order. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Maybelle Transp. Co., 252 N.C. 776, 114 S.E.2d 768 (1960).

Case in which the State had no right of appeal would be dismissed where the case was not one in which the alleged error appeared on the face of the record proper, which might have been corrected in the Supreme Court's supervisory power under this section, but was to review a ruling of the court entered on motion after trial, as well as an application for certiorari. State v. Todd, 224 N.C. 776, 32 S.E.2d 313 (1944).

Adherence to Theory of Trial in Lower Court. — The principle that an appeal will be determined in accordance with the theory of trial in the lower court is enforced by the Supreme Court because of its limited jurisdiction as an appellate court under this section. Apostle v. Acacia Mut. Life Ins. Co., 208 N.C. 95, 179 S.E. 444 (1935). See also, Ammons v. Fisher, 208 N.C. 712, 182 S.E. 479 (1935).

Enforcement of Opinion and Mandate. — When it comes to the attention of the Supreme Court that a lower court has failed to comply with the opinion of the Supreme Court, whether through insubordination, misinterpretation or inattention, the Supreme Court will, in the exercise of its supervisory jurisdiction, ex mero motu if necessary, enforce its opinion and mandate in accordance with the requirements of justice. Collins v. Simms, 257 N.C. 1, 125 S.E.2d 298 (1962).

B. Claims Against State.

The Constitution no longer gives the Supreme Court original jurisdiction over claims against the State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

And the General Assembly May Not Confer Such Jurisdiction. — The Supreme Court has no original jurisdiction over claims against the State, and the General Assembly has no authority to confer such jurisdiction upon it. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

The Supreme Court's jurisdiction over claims against the State is the same as over all other claims. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Trial Court Must Adjudicate Claims Against State. — The appropriate trial court of the General Court of Justice now has original jurisdiction to adjudicate claims against the State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Repeal and Unconstitutionality of § 7A-25. — Section 7A-25 was rendered null and void when the electorate approved revised N.C. Const., Art. IV, which deleted the provision granting the Supreme Court original jurisdiction of claims against the State. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

Even if the General Assembly did not intend to repeal § 7A-25, providing for original jurisdiction of claims against the State in the Supreme Court, by ratification of the 1971 revision of N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 7A-25 is unconstitutional. Smith v. State, 289 N.C. 303, 222 S.E.2d 412 (1976).

As to the original jurisdiction formerly conferred upon the Supreme Court over claims against the State, see Bledsoe v. State, 64 N.C. 392 (1870); Sinclair, Owens & Brown v. State, 69 N.C. 47 (1873); Clements v. State, 76 N.C. 199 (1877); Horne v. State, 82 N.C. 382 (1880); Bain v. State, 86 N.C. 49 (1882); Baltzer v. State, 104 N.C. 265, 10 S.E. 153 (1889); Burton v. Furman, 115 N.C. 166, 20 S.E. 443 (1894); Cowles v. State, 115 N.C. 173, 20 S.E. 384 (1894); Miller v. State, 134 N.C. 270, 46 S.E. 514 (1904); Carpenter v. Atlanta & C. Air Line Ry., 184 N.C. 400, 114 S.E. 693 (1922); Calkins Dredging Co. v. State, 191 N.C. 243, 131 S.E. 665 (1926); Lacy v. State, 195 N.C. 284, 141 S.E. 886 (1928); Rotan v. State, 195 N.C. 291, 141 S.E. 733 (1928); Warren v. State, 199 N.C. 211, 153 S.E. 864 (1930); Cohoon v. State, 201 N.C. 312, 160 S.E. 183 (1931); Dalton v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 223 N.C. 406, 27 S.E.2d 1 (1943); Sale v. State Hwy. & Pub. Works Comm'n, 242 N.C. 612, 89 S.E.2d 290 (1955).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Authority of Magistrate to Hear Summary Judgment Action Involving Residential Rental Property. — A magistrate does not have the authority to hear a summary ejectment action involving residential rental property in another county if the landlord and

the tenant so provide in the lease. See opinion of Attorney General to Hon. James E. Lanning, Chief District Court Judge, 26th Judicial District, 60 N.C.A.G. 26 (1990).

Sec. 13. Forms of action; rules of procedure.

(1) *Forms of Action.* There shall be in this State but one form of action for the enforcement or protection of private rights or the redress of private wrongs, which shall be denominated a civil action, and in which there shall be a right to have issues of fact tried before a jury. Every action prosecuted by the people of the State as a party against a person charged with a public offense, for the punishment thereof, shall be termed a criminal action.

(2) *Rules of Procedure.* The Supreme Court shall have exclusive authority to make rules of procedure and practice for the Appellate Division. The General Assembly may make rules of procedure and practice for the Superior Court and District Court Divisions, and the General Assembly may delegate this authority to the Supreme Court. No rule of procedure or practice shall abridge substantive rights or abrogate or limit the right of trial by jury. If the General Assembly should delegate to the Supreme Court the rule-making power, the General Assembly may, nevertheless, alter, amend, or repeal any rule of procedure or practice adopted by the Supreme Court for the Superior Court or District Court Divisions.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those to Art. IV, § 11, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The 1980 Amendments to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Proposals for North Carolina Practice," see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 915 (1980).

For article, "Why the North Carolina Court of Appeals Should Have a Procedure for Sitting En Banc," see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 1981 (1997).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Civil Actions.
III. Criminal Actions.
IV. Rules of Procedure.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IV, § 11, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962, and under corresponding provisions of former Art. IV prior to its 1962 revision.*

No procedure or practice of the courts, even those exercised pursuant to their inherent powers, may abridge a person's substantive rights. In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

Section Compared to N.C. Const., Art. I, § 25. — There is not a conflict between this section and N.C. Const., Art. I, § 25, but this section is more comprehensive. Faircloth v. Beard, 320 N.C. 505, 358 S.E.2d 512 (1987).

N.C. Const., Art. I, § 25 and this section must be read in conjunction with one another. This section merely establishes the form and procedure for the trial of all civil actions, including the procedure of having issues of fact decided by a jury in what were formerly equity proceedings; to determine whether there exists a constitutional right to trial by jury of a particular cause of action, one looks to N.C. Const., Art. I, § 25, which ensures that there is a right to trial by jury where the underlying cause of action existed at the time of adoption of the 1868 Constitution, regardless of whether the action was formerly a proceeding in equity. Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

Sovereign Immunity. — The concept of sovereign immunity cannot be waived by indirection or by procedural rule. Orange County v. Heath, 282 N.C. 292, 192 S.E.2d 308 (1972).

Subsection (2) of this section would require a direct and positive declaration of policy, rather than a minute procedural change in § 1A-1, Rule 65, to abolish governmental immunity. Orange County v. Heath, 282 N.C. 292, 192 S.E.2d 308 (1972).

A municipal corporation's governmental immunity against a claim for damages by a party wrongfully restrained or enjoined by the municipal corporation was not abrogated by the enactment of § 1A-1, Rule 65(c), providing that no security for payment of damages for wrong-

fully obtaining an injunction shall be required of the State or its political subdivisions, but that "damages may be awarded against such party in accord with this rule." Orange County v. Heath, 14 N.C. App. 44, 187 S.E.2d 345, aff'd, 282 N.C. 292, 192 S.E.2d 308 (1972).

Pretrial Discovery Does Not Infringe upon Rights. — Section 1A-1, Rule 26(b), authorizing the pretrial discovery of the existence and contents of insurance, does not subject a defendant's property to unreasonable search and seizure or authorize the taking of a defendant's property without due process of law. Marks v. Thompson, 14 N.C. App. 272, 188 S.E.2d 22, aff'd, 282 N.C. 174, 192 S.E.2d 311 (1972).

For examination of historical development of the right to trial by jury, see Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

Right to Request Jury Trial Under § 50-10. — Where the parties' last pleading was filed nearly six months prior to the 1971 amendment of § 50-10, the amendment did not nullify the right to request a jury trial "prior to the call of the action for trial" conferred by § 50-10 at the time defendant filed the last pleading. Branch v. Branch, 282 N.C. 133, 191 S.E.2d 671 (1972).

Applied in Superior Foods, Inc. v. Harris-Teeter Super Mkts., Inc., 288 N.C. 213, 217 S.E.2d 566 (1975); State v. Bennett, 59 N.C. App. 418, 297 S.E.2d 138 (1982).

Quoted in Simmons v. Textile Workers Union, 15 N.C. App. 220, 189 S.E.2d 556 (1972); Duke Power Co. v. Winebarger, 300 N.C. 57, 265 S.E.2d 227 (1980); State v. Evans, 46 N.C. App. 327, 264 S.E.2d 766 (1980); State v. Wise, 64 N.C. App. 108, 306 S.E.2d 569 (1983); State v. Rorie, 348 N.C. 266, 500 S.E.2d 77 (1998).

Stated in State v. Bennett, 308 N.C. 530, 302 S.E.2d 786 (1983).

Cited in In re Palmer, 296 N.C. 638, 252 S.E.2d 784 (1979); State v. Hudson, 331 N.C. 122, 415 S.E.2d 732 (1992); Shook v. County of Buncombe, 125 N.C. App. 284, 480 S.E.2d 706 (1997).

II. CIVIL ACTIONS.

This section abolished the distinction between actions at law and suits in equity, leaving such rights and remedies to be enforced in the one court, which theretofore had administered simply legal rights. Peebles v. Gay, 115 N.C. 38, 20 S.E. 173 (1894). See Reynolds v. Reynolds, 208 N.C. 578, 182 S.E. 341 (1935).

But Distinction between Principles Is Not Abolished. — Equity is now administered in the same courts as matters of law, but the distinction between equitable and legal principles has not been abolished. Waters v. Garris, 188 N.C. 305, 124 S.E. 334 (1924); Furst & Thomas v. Merritt, 190 N.C. 397, 130 S.E. 40 (1925); Page Trust Co. v. Godwin, 190 N.C. 512, 130 S.E. 323 (1925).

This section, abolishing the distinctions between actions at law and suits in equity, does not imply that the distinctions as between law and equity are abolished. Principles of law and principles and doctrines of equity, remain the same as they have ever been; the change wrought is in the method of administering them and, in some degree, the extent of the application of them. The abolition does not destroy equitable rights and remedies, nor does it merge legal and equitable rights. Scales v. Wachovia Bank & Trust Co., 195 N.C. 772, 143 S.E. 868 (1928).

Inapplicability of Equitable Principle to Contract Action. — This section, providing that legal and equitable remedies be administered in the same court, does not abolish the recognized distinction in the principles applicable to each; and as an action to enforce the provisions of a contract is one at law, the equity that time is not the essence of the contract has no application. Makuen v. Elder, 170 N.C. 510, 87 S.E. 334 (1915).

Superior Courts as Successors of Courts of Equity. — Under this section and former Art. IV, § 20, Const. 1868, the superior courts became the successors of the courts of equity, having their jurisdiction and exercising their equitable powers unless restrained by statute. In re Estate of Smith, 200 N.C. 272, 156 S.E. 494 (1931).

One Action to Determine Legal and Equitable Rights and Remedies. — Legal and equitable rights and remedies are now determined in one and the same action. Woodall v. North Carolina Joint Stock Land Bank, 201 N.C. 428, 160 S.E. 475 (1931).

Equitable Rights Only Enforceable by Civil Action. — Since the passage of this section the enforcement of an equitable right, as that of subrogation, can only be maintained by a civil action. Calvert v. Peebles, 82 N.C. 334 (1880).

Rights of Prior Lienor Not Affected. — This section does not affect the rights of a prior lienor by a registered chattel mortgage in favor of a judgment creditor who has sold the personal property by execution under a judgment subsequent to the mortgage lien, or give the creditor a right to levy his execution instead of pursuing the equitable remedy. Rowland Hdwe. & Supply Co. v. Lewis, 173 N.C. 290, 92 S.E. 13 (1917).

Right of Defendant to Know Nature of Demand. — The necessity for drawing pleadings in civil actions according to a prescribed or established precedent ceased when the form of suits was abolished by this section. But one who is brought into court to answer a demand for damages or for specific property has the same fundamental right to know the nature of

the demand sufficiently well to enable him, with the aid of competent counsel, to prepare his defense as he has to be informed of an accusation for which he might have to answer criminally. Conley v. Richmond & D.R.R., 109 N.C. 692, 14 S.E. 303 (1891).

Effect of Asking for Ancillary Remedy to Which Party Is Not Entitled. — There being but one form of action in civil cases, the fact that a plaintiff asks for one of the many remedies ancillary thereto, to which he is not entitled, does not affect the action itself, which will go on if he is entitled to any other of the remedies. Hargrove v. Harris, 116 N.C. 418, 21 S.E. 916 (1895).

Amendment of Pleadings by Direction of Court. — Where a good cause of action is stated for equitable relief, but is defective in form, the court may require the pleadings to be made definite and certain by amendment, the distinction between suits in equity and actions at law as to jurisdictional matters being abolished by this section. Green v. Harshaw, 187 N.C. 213, 121 S.E. 456 (1924).

Enforcement of Contracts. — The remedy for the enforcement of all kinds of contracts is now a civil action. Boles v. Caudle, 133 N.C. 528, 45 S.E. 835 (1903).

Action for Money Had and Received. — Under this section, an exception to a complaint that by its form it is for money had and received, and that the action cannot be maintained unless the money has been actually received, is untenable. Staton v. Webb, 137 N.C. 35, 49 S.E. 55 (1904).

Action for Claim and Delivery. — There is no such thing as an action for claim and delivery. Under this section there is but one form of action in civil cases. Hargrove v. Harris, 116 N.C. 418, 21 S.E. 916 (1895).

Mandamus. — There is now in this State but one form of action, and the writ of mandamus is but a process of the court in that action. August Belmont & Co. v. Reilly, 71 N.C. 260 (1874).

No Right to Jury Trial in Equitable Distribution Action. — No right to bring an action for equitable distribution of marital property existed prior to the adoption of the equitable distribution statutes, §§ 50-20 and 50-21, and the language of the statutes themselves create no new right to trial by jury; therefore, there is no right to trial by jury for such an action under the Constitution of North Carolina. Kiser v. Kiser, 325 N.C. 502, 385 S.E.2d 487 (1989).

Stockholders' Derivative Actions. — Although stockholders' derivative actions may be equitable actions, they are actions to protect private rights and to redress private wrongs; therefore they are civil actions under this section which guarantees that parties to such actions may have questions of fact tried by juries. Faircloth v. Beard, 320 N.C. 505, 358 S.E.2d 512 (1987).

III. CRIMINAL ACTIONS.

"Criminal Action" and "Indictment" Synonymous. — The terms "criminal action" and "indictment," as used in the Constitution and in the General Statutes, are synonymous. Therefore, it would be equally regular to entitle a case upon the records of the court either as "The People v. A.B. — Criminal Action," or "The State v. A.B. — Indictment." State v. Simons, 68 N.C. 378 (1873).

IV. RULES OF PROCEDURE.

Substantive Rights May Not Be Abridged by Rules. — Regardless of its "procedural" subject matter, no rule of procedure or practice may be applied to abridge substantive rights. Gardner v. Gardner, 300 N.C. 715, 268 S.E.2d 468 (1980).

The rules of the Court of Appeals are mandatory and not directory. State v. Black, 7 N.C. App. 324, 172 S.E.2d 217 (1970).

Authority of General Assembly over Rules in Trial Courts. — The General Assembly has the final word on rules of practice and procedure in the trial courts of the State. State v. Campbell, 14 N.C. App. 596, 188 S.E.2d 558 (1972).

The General Assembly was without authority to enact subdivision (d)(6) of § 15A-1446, which permits appellate review of a contention that defendant was convicted under a statute that violates the United States Constitution or the North Carolina Constitution even though no objection, exception or motion on such ground was made in the trial division, since the statute violates the provisions of subsection (2) of this section giving the Supreme Court the exclusive authority to make rules of practice and procedure for the appellate division. State v. Elam, 302 N.C. 157, 273 S.E.2d 661 (1981); State v. O'Neal, 77 N.C. App. 600, 335 S.E.2d 920 (1985).

Authority of Superior Courts Where Laws for Duties of District Attorneys Unconstitutional. — The superior court is empowered to review the constitutionality of the statutes which prescribe the duties of the district attorney and to fashion an appropriate remedy should such statutes violate the Constitution. Simeon v. Hardin, 339 N.C. 358, 451 S.E.2d 858 (1994).

Sec. 14. Waiver of jury trial.

In all issues of fact joined in any court, the parties in any civil case may waive the right to have the issues determined by a jury, in which case the finding of the judge upon the facts shall have the force and effect of a verdict by a jury.

Cross References. — As to right of jury trial in certain civil cases, see N.C. Const., Art. I, § 25. As to jury trial and waiver thereof, see § 1A-1, Rules 38 and 39. As to findings by the court, see § 1A-1, Rule 52. As to waiver of jury trial in cases tried by reference, see § 1A-1, Rule 53.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 12, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Toward a Codification of the Law of Evidence in North Carolina," see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 669 (1980).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IV, § 12, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1962, and under corresponding provisions of former Art. IV prior to its 1962 revision.*

The right to trial by jury in civil cases may be waived. Chesson v. Kieckhefer Container Co., 223 N.C. 378, 26 S.E.2d 904 (1943); Simmons v. Lee, 230 N.C. 216, 53 S.E.2d 79 (1949).

Manner of waiver of jury trial is controlled by statute. Holmes Elec. Co. v. Carolina Power & Light Co., 197 N.C. 766, 150 S.E. 621 (1929). See also, Green Sea Lumber Co. v. Pemberton, 188 N.C. 532, 125 S.E. 119 (1924).

Waiver by Agreement. — Where case on appeal recited that the parties agreed that the court might render judgment out of term and out of the district, and the judgment recited the same, appellant's contention that trial by the court had not been agreed upon could not be sustained, since trial by jury would be impossible under the agreement that judgment might be rendered out of term and out of the district. Odom v. Palmer, 209 N.C. 93, 182 S.E. 741 (1935).

Waiver by Consent to Pay Additur. — While it may be suggested that the practice of additur deprives a defendant of his constitutional right to a jury trial, the obvious answer is that the defendant can waive that right, which he does when he consents to pay the additur, since in this State the parties to a civil action have a right to waive a jury trial. Caudle v. Swanson, 248 N.C. 249, 103 S.E.2d 357 (1958).

Attachment Proceedings. — In attachment and other ancillary proceedings it is competent for the court to find the facts from the affidavits and other evidence; and a party consenting to this mode of trial cannot afterwards demand a jury trial. Pasour v. Linberger, 90 N.C. 159 (1884).

Special Proceeding to Establish Boundary Line. — As to defendant's waiver of jury trial by failure to tender pertinent issues, see Simmons v. Lee, 230 N.C. 216, 53 S.E.2d 79 (1949).

Party with Right to Traverse Allegations Cannot Be Deprived of Jury Trial. — A party charged with the maintenance of a public nuisance has a right to traverse the factual allegations of the complaint. If he does so, he cannot be deprived of his right to a jury trial on the issues raised by the pleadings. State ex rel. Bowman v. Malloy, 264 N.C. 396, 141 S.E.2d 796 (1965).

It was error for trial court to determine issues of fact raised by the pleadings in the absence of waiver of the constitutional and statutory right to a trial by jury, there being no question of reference. Sparks v. Sparks, 232 N.C. 492, 61 S.E.2d 356 (1950).

Trial judge's findings of fact based upon a misapprehension of applicable law will be set aside on the theory that the evidence should be considered in its true legal light. Security Ins. Group v. Parker, 289 N.C. 391, 222 S.E.2d 437 (1976).

Judge Had No Authority to Affirm Order of Assistant Clerk which Effectively Determined Issue of Fact. — Where there was nothing in the record to indicate that petitioner and respondent waived their constitutional and statutory rights to have the issue of fact joined on the pleadings tried by a jury, and there was no question of reference, the judge had no authority to enter an order affirming the order of the assistant clerk of the superior court, which in effect was a determination by the judge of the issue of fact raised by the pleadings and a finding by him that money deposited in the office of the clerk of the superior court was funds belonging to a decedent and an order that said money be distributed to the administrator c.t.a. of her last will and testament. In re Estate of Wallace, 267 N.C. 204, 147 S.E.2d 922 (1966).

Findings of Trial Court Are Conclusive. — Where a jury trial is waived, the findings by

the court upon conflicting evidence are conclusive under this section, and are not subject to review upon appeal. Barringer v. Wilmington Sav. & Trust Co., 207 N.C. 505, 177 S.E. 795 (1935).

When the right to a jury trial is waived, the facts found by the judge have the force and effect of a verdict by a jury. Upon appropriate assignments of error the Supreme Court may examine the evidence to ascertain if there is any to support the verdict of a jury. It may likewise, upon appropriate assignments, ascertain if the verdict is sufficient to support the judgment, but it cannot enlarge or diminish findings which constitute the verdict. Cauble v. Bell, 249 N.C. 722, 107 S.E.2d 557 (1959).

The Supreme Court has the right to review findings of fact made with respect to interlocutory orders denying or granting injunctive relief. However, where the judgment is a final determination of the rights of the parties, the mere fact that equitable (injunctive) relief is granted gives the Supreme Court no authority to modify findings determinative of issues of fact raised by the pleadings. Cauble v. Bell, 249 N.C. 722, 107 S.E.2d 557 (1959).

Applied in Williams v. Williams, 13 N.C. App. 468, 186 S.E.2d 210 (1972); Hinson v. Hinson, 17 N.C. App. 505, 195 S.E.2d 98 (1973); Superior Foods, Inc. v. Harris-Teeter Super Mkts., Inc., 288 N.C. 213, 217 S.E.2d 566 (1975); Whitaker v. Earnhardt, 26 N.C. App. 736, 217 S.E.2d 125 (1975).

Quoted in Branch v. Branch, 282 N.C. 133, 191 S.E.2d 671 (1972).

Sec. 15. Administration.

The General Assembly shall provide for an administrative office of the courts to carry out the provisions of this Article.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 13, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

CASE NOTES

Cited in In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991).

Sec. 16. Terms of office and election of Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and Judges of the Superior Court.

Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and regular Judges of the Superior Court shall be elected by the qualified voters and shall hold office for terms of eight years and until their successors are elected and qualified. Justices of the Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals shall be elected by the qualified voters of the State. Regular Judges of the Superior Court may be elected by the qualified voters of the State or by the voters of their respective districts, as the General Assembly may prescribe.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 14, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 6 and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except that those elected in 1982, 1984, 1986, and 1988 shall hold office for terms of nine years" at the end of the first sentence.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on changing North Carolina's method of judicial selection, see 25 Wake Forest L. Rev. 253 (1990).

For article, "Tuesday, February 11, 1868: The Day North Carolina Chose Direct Election of Judges," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1825 (1992).

CASE NOTES

The one man, one vote rule does not apply to the State judiciary, and therefore a mere showing of a disparity among the voters or in the population figures of the district would not be sufficient to strike down the election procedure for superior court judges. A showing of an arbitrary and capricious or invidious action or distinction between citizens and voters would be required. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

Election of Judges Not Required by Federal Constitution. — North Carolina could by her Constitution provide for the appointment of all State judges without violating any provision of the federal Constitution. The election of superior court judges is not a necessary characteristic of a republican form of government and is not required by the Constitution of the United States. This is a political rather than a judicial question. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

Election to Fill Unexpired Judicial Term of Office. — Section 163-9, insofar as it provides for elections of judges to fill only the unexpired portions of eight-year terms, is authorized by N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 19; therefore, it does not violate this section, providing that judges "shall be elected ... and shall hold office for terms of eight years." Brannon v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 331 N.C. 335, 416 S.E.2d 390 (1992).

Session Laws 1987, c. 509, which amended § 7A-41, did not deny certain citizens their "fundamental right" under this section to vote for judges at the expiration of their eight-year terms of office; the right to vote per se is not a fundamental right under North Carolina's Constitution; instead, once the right to vote is conferred, the equal right to vote is a fundamental right. State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

By enacting Session Laws 1987, c. 509, the legislature eliminated staggered terms within multi-seat judicial districts by creating a one-time interim or hiatus between certain terms of office; as the Constitution anticipates such "hold over" situations by providing that elected judges remain in office "until their successors are elected and qualified," the act was not unconstitutional. State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Validity of Superior Court Election, Rotation, and Residency Provisions. — There can be no doubt as to the validity under the federal Constitution of the provisions of the North Carolina Constitution requiring the election of superior court judges by districts or statewide as prescribed by the legislature, or that the State be divided into divisions and districts and judges rotate among the districts, or that they reside in their respective districts. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

A superior court judge is a hybrid official with both local and statewide functions and authority. The requirement that he reside in the district from which he is elected is a matter of convenience, making him available to hear emergency matters, and convenience is an essential factor in arranging an effective judicial system. He rotates among the districts of his division, and may be assigned beyond his division by the Chief Justice. Thus, there is a reasonable basis for the election procedure requiring him to be nominated in the primary election and elected in the general election by statewide vote, and it serves and achieves a legitimate State purpose and is not arbitrary and capricious. Holshouser v. Scott, 335 F. Supp. 928 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 409 U.S. 807, 93 S. Ct. 43, 34 L. Ed. 2d 68 (1972).

Quoted in Republican Party v. Hunt, 841 F. Supp. 722 (E.D.N.C.), aff'd sub nom. Republican Party v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 27 F.3d 563 (4th Cir. 1994).

Cited in Republican Party v. Martin, 980 F.2d 943 (4th Cir. 1992), rehearing denied, 991 F.2d 1202 (4th Cir.), cert. denied, 510 U.S. 828, 114 S. Ct. 93, 126 L. Ed. 2d 60 (1993).

Sec. 17. Removal of Judges, Magistrates and Clerks.

(1) *Removal of Judges by the General Assembly.* Any Justice or Judge of the General Court of Justice may be removed from office for mental or physical incapacity by joint resolution of two-thirds of all the members of each house of the General Assembly. Any Justice or Judge against whom the General Assembly may be about to proceed shall receive notice thereof, accompanied by a copy of the causes alleged for his removal, at least 20 days before the day on which either house of the General Assembly shall act thereon. Removal from office by the General Assembly for any other cause shall be by impeachment.

(2) *Additional method of removal of Judges.* The General Assembly shall prescribe a procedure, in addition to impeachment and address set forth in this section, for the removal of a Justice or Judge of the General Court of Justice for mental or physical incapacity interfering with the performance of his duties which is, or is likely to become, permanent, and for the censure and removal of a Justice or Judge of the General Court of Justice for wilful misconduct in office, wilful and persistent failure to perform his duties, habitual intemperance, conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude, or conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice that brings the judicial office into disrepute.

(3) *Removal of Magistrates.* The General Assembly shall provide by general law for the removal of Magistrates for misconduct or mental or physical incapacity.

(4) *Removal of Clerks.* Any Clerk of the Superior Court may be removed from office for misconduct or mental or physical incapacity by the senior regular resident Superior Court Judge serving the county. Any Clerk against whom proceedings are instituted shall receive written notice of the charges against him at least 10 days before the hearing upon the charges. Any Clerk so removed from office shall be entitled to an appeal as provided by law. (1971, c. 560, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 15, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The Discipline and Removal of Judges in North Carolina," see 4 Campbell L. Rev. 1 (1981).

CASE NOTES

Subsection (1) Provides Only for Removal from Office. — When a justice or judge is removed for incapacity, subsection (1) of this section imposes no sanction other than removal from office. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Purpose of Subsection (2). — The purpose of subsection (2) of this section is not so much to change the consequences of removal as it is to provide a "procedure in addition to impeachment and address" which will accomplish the goals which formerly could be accomplished only through the cumbersome and antiquated machinery of impeachment. It neither specifies a tribunal nor directs the creation of an authority for this purpose. It merely commands the legislature, in its discretion, to provide a new remedy as an adjunct to the cumbersome, ancient and impractical remedy of impeachment. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Recognizing the need for a method of removal better than impeachment or address, the General Assembly, following the lead of many of the states, submitted subsection (2) as a constitutional amendment authorizing an additional method of removal of judges. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

The mischief to be cured by subsection (2) of this section was the inefficiency of removal proceedings under the impeachment and address provisions of the Constitution, not the remedies. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Subsection (2) of this section must be read in connection with the impeachment provisions of this Article, which it was intended to supplement. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Conferral of Original Jurisdiction over Removal of Judges On Supreme Court. — Ratification of the amendment adding subsection (2) of this section carried with it an expression of the will of the people that the Constitution be amended so as to empower the legislature to confer upon the Supreme Court original jurisdiction over the censure and removal of judges. In re Martin, 295 N.C. 291, 245 S.E.2d 766 (1978).

While subsection (2) of this section, which is a positive mandate to the legislature to provide a procedure in addition to impeachment for the removal and censure of judges and justices, does not expressly authorize the legislature to confer original jurisdiction upon the Supreme Court over the censure and removal of judges, by clear implication it grants to the legislature authority to confer such jurisdiction upon the Supreme Court. In re Martin, 295 N.C. 291, 245 S.E.2d 766 (1978).

Disqualification for Causes Other than Disability Authorized. — Subsection (2) of this section authorizes the General Assembly to disqualify from holding further judicial office a justice or judge who has been removed for causes other than mental or physical disability. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Codes of judicial conduct may usefully be consulted to give meaning to the constitutional standards. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

When Conduct Is Prejudicial to Administration of Justice. — Whether the conduct of a judge may be characterized as prejudicial to the administration of justice and bringing the judicial office into disrepute depends not so much upon the judge's motives but more on the conduct itself, the results thereof and the impact such conduct might reasonably have upon knowledgeable observers. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

Personal Benefit Irrelevant. — Whether a judge receives any personal benefit from his conduct is wholly irrelevant to an inquiry into the conduct of a judicial officer. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

The fact that a judge received no personal benefit, financial or otherwise, from his conduct does not preclude his conduct from being prejudicial to the administration of justice and bringing the judicial office into disrepute. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

Disposition of cases for reasons other than an honest appraisal of the facts and the law, as disclosed by the evidence presented, will amount to conduct prejudicial to the proper administration of justice whenever and however it may be defined or whoever does the defining. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

Judge's execution judgments, allowing limited driving privileges under § 20-179 upon a mere ex parte request without making any effort or conducting any inquiry to ascertain whether the facts recited in the judgments were true and whether he was lawfully entitled to enter the judgments, and without giving the State an opportunity to be heard, when in truth the judgments were supported neither in fact nor in law and were beyond the judge's jurisdiction to enter, constituted a gross abuse of important provisions of the motor vehicle statutes and amounted to conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice that brings the judicial office into disrepute. In re Crutchfield, 289 N.C. 597, 223 S.E.2d 822 (1975).

Article 30 of Chapter 7A (§ 7A-375 et seq.) Is Constitutional. — In view of the constitutional mandate in subsection (2) of this section that the General Assembly shall prescribe a procedure for the censure and removal of judges in addition to impeachment and address as provided in subsection (1), respondent's contention that the General Assembly, in enacting Article 30 of Chapter 7A (§ 7A-375 et seq.), abrogated its legislative duties by unconstitutionally delegating them to the Judicial Standards Commission, a creature of the General Assembly, was without merit. In re Nowell, 293 N.C. 235, 237 S.E.2d 246 (1977).

Article 30 of Chapter 7A (§ 7A-375 et seq.) is not unconstitutional because enacted in advance of the ratification of this section, since the General Assembly has the power to enact a statute not authorized by the present Constitution where the statute is passed in anticipation of an amendment authorizing it or provides that it shall take effect upon the adoption of such an amendment. In re Nowell, 293 N.C. 235, 237 S.E.2d 246 (1977).

The Judicial Standards Commission Act, Chapter 7A, Article 30 (§ 7A-375 et seq.) is constitutional and, under that Article, the Supreme Court is vested with jurisdiction to act in a case involving the removal from office of a judge. In re Martin, 295 N.C. 291, 245 S.E.2d 766 (1978).

And Supreme Court Action Pursuant to such Authority Does Not Violate Constitution. — By accepting and acting upon the original jurisdiction authorized by the people under subsection (2) of this section and conferred by the legislature, the Supreme Court does not usurp power constitutionally reserved to another branch of government. Thus, the exercise of such jurisdiction does not violate the constitutional doctrine of separation of powers. In re Martin, 295 N.C. 291, 245 S.E.2d 766 (1978).

Grounds for suspension or removal of a magistrate are the same as for a judge of the General Court of Justice. In re Kiser, 126 N.C. App. 206, 484 S.E.2d 441 (1997).

Magistrate properly removed from office for engaging in willful misconduct in office and conduct prejudicial to the administration of justice that brings the judicial office into disrepute where he aided and abetted a minor in the possession of alcohol. In re Kiser, 126 N.C. App. 206, 484 S.E.2d 441 (1997).

Applied in In re Edens, 290 N.C. 299, 226 S.E.2d 5 (1976).

Quoted in In re Hardy, 294 N.C. 90, 240 S.E.2d 367 (1978); State v. Greer, 58 N.C. App. 703, 294 S.E.2d 745 (1982).

Cited in In re Stuhl, 292 N.C. 379, 233 S.E.2d 562 (1977); In re Doe, 329 N.C. 743, 407 S.E.2d 798 (1991).

Sec. 18. District Attorney and prosecutorial districts.

(1) *District Attorneys.* The General Assembly shall, from time to time, divide the State into a convenient number of prosecutorial districts, for each of which a District Attorney shall be chosen for a term of four years by the qualified voters thereof, at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected. Only persons duly authorized to practice law in the courts of this State shall be eligible for election or appointment as a District Attorney. The District Attorney shall advise the officers of justice in his district, be responsible for the prosecution on behalf of the State of all criminal actions in the Superior Courts of his district, perform such duties related to appeals therefrom as the Attorney General may require, and perform such other duties as the General Assembly may prescribe.

(2) *Prosecution in District Court Division.* Criminal actions in the District Court Division shall be prosecuted in such manner as the General Assembly may prescribe by general law uniformly applicable in every local court district of the State. (1973, c. 394, s. 1; 1983, c. 298, s. 2.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 16, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, and defeated at the general election held in 1982, would have substituted "at the places and on the day prescribed by law" for "at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1).

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 7, and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except that those elected in 1986 and 1988 shall serve for a term of five years" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1).

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, s. 9.1(1), and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by adding "except in 1988 at the same time and places as members of the United States House of Representatives are elected" at the end of the first sentence of subsection (1).

CASE NOTES

A solicitor (now district attorney) is the most responsible officer of the court and has been spoken of as its "right arm." He is a constitutional officer and his duties are presented by the Constitution. State v. McAfee, 189 N.C. 320, 127 S.E. 204 (1925); State v. Carden, 209 N.C. 404, 183 S.E. 898, cert. denied, 298 U.S. 682, 56 S. Ct. 960, 80 L. Ed. 1402 (1936), decided under Art. IV, § 23, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the article.

The clear mandate of this section is that the responsibility and authority to prosecute all criminal actions in the superior courts is vested solely in the several district attorneys of the State. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Delegation of Prosecutorial Function. — The elected district attorney may, in his or her discretion and where otherwise permitted by law, delegate the prosecutorial function to others. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Discretion of District Attorney. — While the district attorney has broad discretion to decide in a homicide case whether to try defendant for first-degree murder, second-degree murder, or manslaughter, he/she has no discretion whether to try defendant capitally or noncapitally for first-degree murder. State v. Rorie, 348 N.C. 266, 500 S.E.2d 77 (1998).

Public Nuisances. — The State, through the district attorney, has not only the authority, but also as an advocate of the State's interest in protecting society, an implied duty to bring public nuisance actions. Whitfield v. Gilchrist, 126 N.C. App. 241, 485 S.E.2d 61 (1997), rev'd on other grounds, 348 N.C. 39, 497 S.E.2d 412 (1998).

Authority of Trial Court Exceeded. — The trial court exceeded its authority and invaded the province of an independent constitutional officer when it ordered the district attorney to request that the Attorney General prosecute defendant in a capital case. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

The trial court exceeded its authority by ordering that in order to avoid the possibility or impression of any conflict of interest, the district attorney and his entire staff must withdraw from a capital case and have no further participation either directly or indirectly with regard to the case. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Construction with Other Statutes. — Section 7A-66 does not violate the Constitution of North Carolina; the superior court had jurisdiction to remove district attorney. In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997).

When § 114-11.6 is read in pari materia with this section, it is apparent that our Constitution and statutes give the district attorneys of the State the exclusive discretion and authority to determine whether to request, and thus permit, the prosecution of any individual case by the Special Prosecution Division. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Section 114-11.6 authorizes the several elected district attorneys of the State to permit the Special Prosecution Division of the Office of the Attorney General to prosecute individual criminal cases in their prosecutorial districts. State v. Camacho, 329 N.C. 589, 406 S.E.2d 868 (1991).

Standing to Challenge District Attorney's Participation. — Magistrate did not have standing to challenge involvement of the District Attorney in magistrate's removal proceeding, where, had trial court the inherent authority to appoint an independent counsel, magistrate could not show that a different result would have occurred. In re Ezzell, 113 N.C. App. 388, 438 S.E.2d 482 (1994).

Removal of District Attorneys. — Neither this section nor any other provision of the Constitution of North Carolina prohibits the General Assembly from enacting a statutory method for the removal of district attorneys from office, so long as district attorneys whose removal from office is sought are accorded due process of law. In re Spivey, 345 N.C. 404, 480 S.E.2d 693 (1997).

Employment of Private Counsel. — A district attorney's decision to employ private counsel to assist the district attorney in bringing a public nuisance action in the name of the State is similar to a district attorney's decision to permit a private attorney to assist in a criminal action; thus, the state constitution and this section, § 7A-61 and § 147-89 do not prohibit employing private counsel. Whitfield v. Gilchrist, 126 N.C. App. 241, 485 S.E.2d 61 (1997), rev'd on other grounds, 348 N.C. 39, 497 S.E.2d 412 (1998).

Exclusive Jurisdiction to Prosecute Criminal Actions. — The authority to prosecute criminal actions in North Carolina courts rests exclusively with the district attorneys of the State. In re 1990 Red Cherokee Jeep, 131 N.C. App. 108, 505 S.E.2d 588 (1998).

Forfeiture Proceedings. — Only district attorneys are to prosecute forfeiture proceedings. In re 1990 Red Cherokee Jeep, 131 N.C. App. 108, 505 S.E.2d 588 (1998).

Quoted in Simeon v. Hardin, 339 N.C. 358, 451 S.E.2d 858 (1994); State v. Summers, — N.C. App. —, 513 S.E.2d 575 (1999).

Cited in State v. Rogers, 68 N.C. App. 358, 315 S.E.2d 492 (1984); Caudill v. Dellinger, 129 N.C. App. 649, 501 S.E.2d 99 (1998), review denied, 349 N.C. 353, — S.E.2d — (1998), aff'd, 350 N.C. 89, 511 S.E.2d 304 (1999).

Sec. 19. Vacancies.

Unless otherwise provided in this Article, all vacancies occurring in the offices provided for by this Article shall be filled by appointment of the Governor, and the appointees shall hold their places until the next election for members of the General Assembly that is held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, when elections shall be held to fill the offices. When the unexpired term of any of the offices named in this Article of the Constitution in which a vacancy has occurred, and in which it is herein provided that the Governor shall fill the vacancy, expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint to fill that vacancy for the unexpired term of the office. If any person elected or appointed to any of these offices shall fail to qualify, the office shall be appointed to, held, and filled as provided in case of vacancies occurring therein. All incumbents of these offices shall hold until their successors are qualified. (1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 920, s. 2.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 17, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 504, and defeated at the general election held in 1982, would have substituted "statewide general election" for "election for members of the General Assembly" near the end of the first and second sentences and would have inserted "the" preceding "case of vacancies occurring therein" at the end of the third sentence.

CASE NOTES

Nonexclusive Provision. — This section does not exclusively govern the appointment of district court judges. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Concurrence of Senate Unnecessary in Filling Vacancies. — The general appointing power is given to the Governor with the concurrence of the Senate; the power to fill vacancies, not otherwise provided for, is given to the Governor alone, and that, whether the legislature is in session or not, and without calling the Senate. Nichols v. McKee, 68 N.C. 429 (1873), decided under former Art. IV, § 25, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Creation of Actual Vacancy by Resignation. — Where a district court judge resigned upon the discovery of his legal infirmity under § 7A-4.20, his resignation from office created an actual vacancy in that position. Hence, upon the resignation, there was no one legally entitled to hold office by virtue of an election, nor under § 128-7 was there an incumbent with the legal right to continue in office until a successor was elected or appointed. The judge, therefore, created a legal as well as an actual vacancy in office under this section. People ex rel. Duncan v. Beach, 294 N.C. 713, 242 S.E.2d 796 (1978).

Vacancy on Refusal to Accept Office. — Where a person was elected judge of the superior court, but declined to accept the office and never qualified, there was a vacancy within the meaning of this section, and the Governor had the power to fill such vacancy by appointing a successor. People ex rel. Cloud v. Wilson, 72 N.C. 155 (1875), decided under former Art. IV, § 25, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Preference May Be Given to Political Party of Vacating Judge. — The General Assembly may require that in the interim appointment of a district court judge preference must be given to a member of the same political party as the vacating judge. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Section 7A-142, which provides that candidates for a vacancy in the office of a district judge shall be members of the same political party as the vacating judge does not violate the Constitution of North Carolina. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Election to Fill Unexpired Judicial Term of Office. — Section 163-9, insofar as it provides for elections of judges to fill only the unexpired portions of eight-year terms, is authorized by this section; therefore, it does not violate N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 16, providing that judges "shall be elected ... and shall hold office for terms of eight years." Brannon v. North Carolina State Bd. of Elections, 331 N.C. 335, 416 S.E.2d 390 (1992).

Constables. — The provision in this section that "all incumbents of these offices shall hold until their successors are qualified" does not embrace the office of constable. State ex rel. King v. McLure, 84 N.C. 153 (1881), decided under former Art. IV, § 25, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Applied in State ex rel. Martin v. Preston, 325 N.C. 438, 385 S.E.2d 473 (1989).

Sec. 20. Revenues and expenses of the judicial department.

The General Assembly shall provide for the establishment of a schedule of court fees and costs which shall be uniform throughout the State within each division of the General Court of Justice. The operating expenses of the judicial department, other than compensation to process servers and other locally paid non-judicial officers, shall be paid from State funds.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 18, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Sec. 21. Fees, salaries, and emoluments.

The General Assembly shall prescribe and regulate the fees, salaries, and emoluments of all officers provided for in this Article, but the salaries of Judges shall not be diminished during their continuance in office. In no case shall the compensation of any Judge or Magistrate be dependent upon his decision or upon the collection of costs.

Cross References. — As to salaries, fees and allowances, see § 138-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 19, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — See 11 N.C.L. Rev. 256 (1933).

CASE NOTES

Prohibition of Salary Diminution Applies Only to Constitutional Courts. — The provision of this section that the salaries of judges shall not be diminished during their continuance in office applies only to judges of courts existing by virtue of the Constitution and not to those established by legislative enactment. Efird v. Board of Comm'rs, 219 N.C. 96, 12 S.E.2d 889 (1941), decided under Art. IV, § 18, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Duty of Supreme Court to Pass upon Right of Judge to Tax Exemption. — It is the duty of the Supreme Court to pass upon the rights of one of the judges of the State as a citizen thereof, when he, in a case properly presented, denies the constitutional right of the State or one of its designated agencies to tax his salary paid to him as one of its judges. Long v. Watts, 183 N.C. 99, 110 S.E. 765 (1922), decided under Art. IV, § 18, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Compensation for Holding Extra Term. — Additional compensation of $100.00 given to a superior court judge for services in holding a special term was a part of his salary. Buxton v. Commissioners of Rutherford, 82 N.C. 91 (1880), decided under Art. IV, § 18, Const. 1868, prior to the 1962 revision of the Article.

Sec. 22. Qualification of Justices and Judges.

Only persons duly authorized to practice law in the courts of this State shall be eligible for election or appointment as a Justice of the Supreme Court, Judge of the Court of Appeals, Judge of the Superior Court, or Judge of District Court. This section shall not apply to persons elected to or serving in such capacities on or before January 1, 1981. (1979, c. 638, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held November 4, 1980, and became effective January 1, 1981.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

A layman serving as a District Court Judge on and prior to January 1, 1981, may resign or not seek reelection and still be qualified as a candidate for judge in a subsequent election under this section. See opinion of Attorney General to Honorable Arnold O. Jones, District Court Judge, Eighth District, 50 N.C.A.G. 107 (1981).

CASE NOTES

Cited in Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

ARTICLE V

FINANCE

Revision of Article. — This Article was rewritten by amendment proposed by Session Laws 1969, c. 1200, s. 1, and adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 3, 1970. The amended article became effective July 1, 1973.

Section 1. No capitation tax to be levied.

No poll or capitation tax shall be levied by the General Assembly or by any county, city or town, or other taxing unit. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

CASE NOTES

Article V prohibits the judiciary from taking public moneys without statutory authorization. In re Alamance County Ct. Facilities, 329 N.C. 84, 405 S.E.2d 125 (1991).

Constitutionality of Chapter 143, Article 7. — Chapter 143, Article 7 (§ 143-117 et seq.), relating to the payment of costs by inmates of State institutions, is not unconstitutional in contravention of this section. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 27 N.C. App. 479, 219 S.E.2d 660 (1975), aff'd, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

Sec. 2. State and local taxation.

(1) *Power of taxation.* The power of taxation shall be exercised in a just and equitable manner, for public purposes only, and shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away.

(2) *Classification.* Only the General Assembly shall have the power to classify property for taxation, which power shall be exercised only on a State-wide basis and shall not be delegated. No class of property shall be taxed except by uniform rule, and every classification shall be made by general law uniformly applicable in every county, city and town, and other unit of local government.

(3) *Exemptions.* Property belonging to the State, counties, and municipal corporations shall be exempt from taxation. The General Assembly may exempt cemeteries and property held for educational, scientific, literary, cultural, charitable, or religious purposes, and, to a value not exceeding $300, any personal property. The General Assembly may exempt from taxation not exceeding $1,000 in value of property held and used as the place of residence of the owner. Every exemption shall be on a State-wide basis and shall be made by general law uniformly applicable in every county, city and town, and other unit of local government. No taxing authority other than the General Assembly may grant exemptions, and the General Assembly shall not delegate the powers accorded to it by this subsection.

(4) *Special tax areas.* Subject to the limitations imposed by Section 4, the General Assembly may enact general laws authorizing the governing body of any county, city, or town to define territorial areas and to levy taxes within those areas, in addition to those levied throughout the county, city, or town, in order to finance, provide, or maintain services, facilities, and functions in addition to or to a greater extent than those financed, provided, or maintained for the entire county, city, or town.

(5) *Purposes of property tax.* The General Assembly shall not authorize any county, city or town, special district, or other unit of local government to levy taxes on property, except for purposes authorized by general law uniformly applicable throughout the State, unless the tax is approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the unit who vote thereon.

(6) *Income tax.* The rate of tax on incomes shall not in any case exceed ten percent, and there shall be allowed personal exemptions and deductions so that only net incomes are taxed.

(7) *Contracts.* The General Assembly may enact laws whereby the State, any county, city or town, and any other public corporation may contract with and appropriate money to any person, association, or corporation for the accomplishment of public purposes only. (1969, c. 872, s. 1; c. 1200, s. 1.)

Cross References. — For provisions authorizing counties and cities to contract with and appropriate money to private entities in order to carry out any authorized public purpose, see §§ 153A-449 and 160A-20.1, respectively.

History. — The provisions of subsections (1), (2) and (6) of this section are similar to those of Art. V, § 3, Const. 1868, as last amended in 1962. The provisions of subsection (3) are similar to those of Art. V, § 5, Const. 1868, as last amended in 1962.

Editor's Note. — Pursuant to Session Laws 1969, c. 872, s. 7, and c. 1200, s. 7, subsection (6) of this section is set out as rewritten by the amendment proposed by Session Laws 1969, c. 872, s. 1 and adopted by vote of the people.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The Battle of Exemptions," see 19 N.C.L. Rev. 154 (1941).

For brief discussion of provisions of the Constitution of 1868 similar to subsections (1), (2) and (6) of this section, see 25 N.C.L. Rev. 504 (1947).

For article on property tax classification and exemption, see 37 N.C.L. Rev. 115 (1959).

For comment on the public purpose doctrine, see 3 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 37 (1967).

For article, "State Jurisdiction To Tax Tangible Personal Property," see 56 N.C.L. Rev. 807 (1978).

For survey of 1978 constitutional law, see 57 N.C.L. Rev. 958 (1979).

For article, "A Decade of Preservation and Preservation Law," see 11 N.C. Cent. L.J. 214 (1980).

For article on the need to reform North Carolina property tax law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 675 (1981).

For survey of 1980 tax law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1233 (1981).

For note on the rejection of the "public purpose" requirement for state tax exemption, see 17 Wake Forest L. Rev. 293 (1981).

For article, "All the News That's Fit to Tax: First Amendment Limitations on State and Local Taxation of the Press," see 21 Wake Forest L. Rev. 59 (1985).

For note on the North Carolina sales and use tax exemption for newspapers, in light of In re Village Publishing Corp., 312 N.C. 211, 322 S.E.2d 155 (1984), appeal dismissed, 472 U.S. 1001, 105 S. Ct. 2693, 86 L. Ed. 2d 710 (1985), see 21 Wake Forest L. Rev. 145 (1985).

For article on mail-order ministries under the § 170 charitable contribution deduction, see 11 Campbell L. Rev. 1 (1988).

For note, "Municipal Ownership of Cable Television Systems: Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton," see 68 N.C.L. Rev. 1295 (1990).

For note, "State v. Whittle Communications: Allowing Local School Boards To Turn On 'Channel One'," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1929 (1992).

For article, "The Creation of North Carolina's Limited Liability Corporation Act," see 32 Wake Forest L. Rev. 179 (1997).

CASE NOTES

I. General Consideration.
II. Power of Taxation.
III. Public Purposes.
A. In General.
B. Illustrative Cases.
IV. Classification.
A. In General.
B. Illustrative Cases.
V. Exemptions.
A. In General.
B. State, County and Municipal Property.
C. Exemption of Property by General Assembly.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATION.

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868, and under this section as it read before the revision of this Article by the amendment adopted Nov. 3, 1970, and effective July 1, 1973.*

Applicability of Limitations. — For case holding that limitations similar to those in subsections (1) to (3) of this section relate solely to the taxation of real and personal property, and are irrelevant in respect of the validity of a local sales and use tax act, see Sykes v. Clayton, 274 N.C. 398, 163 S.E.2d 775 (1968).

The equality and uniformity required by the State Constitution in property taxation does not apply to inheritance or succession taxation. Rigby v. Clayton, 274 N.C. 465, 164 S.E.2d 7 (1968). See also, In re Davis, 190 N.C. 358, 130 S.E. 22 (1925).

For case holding that the requirement of uniformity extends to license, franchise and other forms of taxation, see Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Taxes and Local Assessments for Public

Improvements Distinguished. — There is a distinction between local assessments for public improvements and taxes levied for purposes of general revenue. It is true that local assessments may be a species of tax, and that the authority to levy them is generally referred to the taxing power, but they are not taxes within the meaning of that term as generally understood in constitutional restrictions and exemptions. Southern Ry. v. City of Raleigh, 9 N.C. App. 305, 176 S.E.2d 21 (1970), aff'd, 277 N.C. 709, 178 S.E.2d 422 (1971).

Police Power More Extensive Than Legislative Authority to Expend Tax Money. — The power of the State to regulate privately owned institutions under its police power is more extensive than the authority of the legislature to expend tax money for the accomplishment of the same purpose. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Laches as Bar to Constitutional Challenge to 1970 Amendments. — Where more than 18 years elapsed between the 1970 ballot and the defendants' claim of unconstitutionality of the 1970 amendments and where taxpayer stated that he did not recognize the effects of the amendment until his taxes rose in 1985, he did not claim that he was precluded from ascertaining the import of the amendment or the constitutionality of its passage before 1985, or until January 8, 1989, when he filed his answer, a county was materially prejudiced by the defendants' delay because the passage of time prevented the county from presenting evidence supporting the fact that the ballot was understandable to voters. Franklin County v. Burdick, 103 N.C. App. 496, 405 S.E.2d 783 (1991).

While the mere passage of years does not in itself entitle the plaintiff to the bar of laches, an unreasonable length of time resulting in prejudice to the opposing party does so entitle the plaintiff. Franklin County v. Burdick, 103 N.C. App. 496, 405 S.E.2d 783 (1991).

A tax on indictments, civil suits, etc., is not a "tax" within the meaning of this section. State ex rel. Hewlett v. Nutt, 79 N.C. 263 (1878).

Drainage district assessments are not taxes. Northampton County Drainage Dist. Number One v. Bailey, 326 N.C. 742, 392 S.E.2d 352 (1990).

The North Carolina Sales and Use Tax Act does not violate the equal protection clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV or the principle of equitable taxation found in this section. In re Assessment of Additional N.C. & Orange County Use Taxes, 312 N.C. 211, 322 S.E.2d 155 (1984), appeal dismissed, 472 U.S. 1001, 105 S. Ct. 2693, 86 L. Ed. 2d 710 (1985).

A bailment surcharge imposed on each case of distilled spirits shipped from ABC warehouse to ABC stores is not a tax; the cost of liquor enforcement is a burden incident to the privilege of buying spirituous liquors in the State and such a surcharge is not unconstitutional as a tax imposed in violation of N.C. Const., Art. II, § 23 or of this section. North Carolina Ass'n of ABC Bds. v. Hunt, 76 N.C. App. 290, 332 S.E.2d 693, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 667, 336 S.E.2d 400 (1985).

Council Could Not Be Estopped From Terminating Unauthorized Payments Without Notice. — Where a town's resolution appropriating a certain percentage of its alcoholic beverage control revenue to county school board was outside the authority of the town council, the town council could not be estopped from terminating the unauthorized payments without notice. Watauga County Bd. of Educ. v. Town of Boone, 106 N.C. App. 270, 416 S.E.2d 411 (1992).

Applied in In re Forsyth County, 285 N.C. 64, 203 S.E.2d 51 (1974); Master Hatcheries, Inc. v. Coble, 21 N.C. App. 256, 204 S.E.2d 395 (1974); North Carolina ex rel. Horne v. Chafin, 62 N.C. App. 95, 302 S.E.2d 281 (1983); State v. Whittle Communications, 328 N.C. 456, 402 S.E.2d 556 (1991).

Quoted in In re Southview Presbyterian Church, 62 N.C. App. 45, 302 S.E.2d 298 (1983); In re City of Durham Annexation Ordinance Numbered 5991 for Area A, 69 N.C. App. 77, 316 S.E.2d 649 (1984).

Stated in In re North Carolina Forestry Found., Inc., 35 N.C. App. 414, 242 S.E.2d 492 (1978); W.R. Co. v. North Carolina Property Tax Comm'n, 48 N.C. App. 245, 269 S.E.2d 636 (1980); In re McElwee, 304 N.C. 68, 283 S.E.2d 115 (1981); Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981); Hed, Inc. v. Powers, 84 N.C. App. 292, 352 S.E.2d 265 (1987).

Cited in In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979); North Carolina Sav. & Loan League v. North Carolina Credit Union Comm'n, 302 N.C. 458, 276 S.E.2d 404 (1981); In re Chapel Hill Residential Retirement Center, Inc., 60 N.C. App. 294, 299 S.E.2d 782 (1983); Cheape v. Town of Chapel Hill, 320 N.C. 549, 359 S.E.2d 792 (1987); Barnhill San. Serv., Inc. v. Gaston County, 87 N.C. App. 532, 362 S.E.2d 161 (1987); In re Worley, 93 N.C. App. 191, 377 S.E.2d 270 (1989); In re Moravian Home, Inc., 95 N.C. App. 324, 382 S.E.2d 772 (1989); Thrash v. City of Asheville, 95 N.C. App. 457, 383 S.E.2d 657 (1989); Edward Valves, Inc. v. Wake County, 343 N.C. 426, 471 S.E.2d 342 (1996), cert. denied, 519 U.S. 1112, 117 S. Ct. 952, 136 L. Ed. 2d 839 (1997); In re Springmoor, Inc., 348 N.C. App. 1, 498 S.E.2d 177 (1998).

II. POWER OF TAXATION.

A sovereign state, as one of its inherent attributes, has the power of taxation, which must be exercised by its legislative branch. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

A county is not a sovereign and does not have inherent power to levy taxes. A county must derive its taxing power from the State Constitution or from the State's legislative enactments. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

A county board of elections does not have taxing power. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

The power to levy taxes is the exclusive province of the legislature, and the superior court has no jurisdiction of an action, the nature and purpose of which is to discover, to list and to assess for taxation, property which has escaped taxation. Henderson County v. Smyth, 216 N.C. 421, 5 S.E.2d 136 (1939).

This section of the Constitution vests exclusive authority in the legislature to levy taxes, which may not be interfered with by the courts. Person v. Board of State Tax Comm'rs, 184 N.C. 499, 115 S.E. 336 (1922).

Under this Article the power to levy taxes vests exclusively in the legislative branch of the government; and it is within the exclusive power of the General Assembly to provide the method and prescribe the procedure for discovery, listing and assessing property for taxation. DeLoatch v. Beamon, 252 N.C. 754, 114 S.E.2d 711 (1960).

Subsection (1) is a limitation upon the legislative power, separate and apart from the limitation contained in the law of the land clause in N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, and the due process clause of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Application of § 105-116 to Electric Cooperative Did Not Violate Rights. — Section 105-116 taxes billings for electrical service rendered by cooperatives in the same manner as billings for service rendered by investor-owned utilities; therefore, application of the section to an electric cooperative did not violate that entity's right under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, this section, or N.C. Const., Art. V, § 3. Four County Elec. Membership Corp. v. Powers, 96 N.C. App. 417, 386 S.E.2d 107 (1989), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 799, 393 S.E.2d 894 (1990), cert. denied, 498 U.S. 1040, 111 S. Ct. 711, 112 L. Ed. 2d 700 (1991).

III. PUBLIC PURPOSES.

A. In General.

Taxes may be levied only for public purposes. Palmer v. County of Haywood, 212 N.C. 284, 193 S.E. 668, 113 A.L.R. 1195 (1937); Ramsey v. Rollins, 246 N.C. 647, 100 S.E.2d 55 (1957).

There can be no lawful tax which is not levied for a public purpose. Nash v. Town of Tarboro, 227 N.C. 283, 42 S.E.2d 209 (1947).

The "public purpose" requirement acts as a limitation equally upon the power to tax and the power to appropriate and expend public funds. Hughey v. Cloninger, 37 N.C. App. 107, 245 S.E.2d 543 (1978), aff'd, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Meaning of "Public Purpose". — A tax or an appropriation is for a public purpose if it is for the support of the government, or for any of the recognized objects of the government. Green v. Kitchin, 229 N.C. 450, 50 S.E.2d 545 (1948), discussed in 27 N.C.L. Rev. 500; Jamison v. City of Charlotte, 239 N.C. 682, 80 S.E.2d 904 (1954); Morgan v. Town of Spindale, 254 N.C. 304, 118 S.E.2d 913 (1961).

The term "public purpose," when used in connection with the expenditure of municipal funds from the public treasury, refers to such public purpose within the frame of governmental and proprietary power given to the particular municipality, to be exercised for the benefit, welfare and protection of its inhabitants and others coming within the municipal care. It involves reasonable connection with the convenience and necessity of the particular municipality whose aid is extended in its promotion. Greensboro-High Point Airport Auth. v. Johnson, 226 N.C. 1, 36 S.E.2d 803 (1946); Nash v. Town of Tarboro, 227 N.C. 283, 42 S.E.2d 209 (1947).

For a comprehensive discussion of the term "public purpose," see Mitchell v. North Carolina Indus. Dev. Fin. Auth., 273 N.C. 137, 159 S.E.2d 745 (1968).

The term "public purposes" is employed in the same sense in the law of taxation and in the law of eminent domain. Thus, if the General Assembly may authorize a State agency to expend public money for the purpose of aiding in the construction of a hospital facility to be leased to and ultimately conveyed to a private agency, it may also authorize the acquisition of a site for such facility by exercise of the power of eminent domain. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Although Mitchell v. North Carolina Indus. Dev. Fin. Auth., 273 N.C. 137, 159 S.E. 2d 745 (1968), and its progeny remain pivotal in the development of the doctrine, they do not purport to establish a permanent test for determining the existence of a public purpose. Maready v. City of Winston-Salem, 342 N.C. 708, 467 S.E.2d 615 (1996).

Concept of "Public Purpose" Expands with Changing Conditions. — A slide-rule definition to determine the meaning of "public

purpose" for all time cannot be formulated; the concept expands with the population, economy, scientific knowledge, and changing conditions. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970); In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

For a use to be public its benefits must be in common and not for particular persons, interests, or estates; the ultimate net gain or advantage must be the public's, as contradistinguished from that of an individual or private entity. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970); In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

The power to appropriate money from the public treasury is no greater than the power to levy the tax which put the money in the treasury. Both powers are subject to the constitutional proscription that tax revenues may not be used for private individuals or corporations, no matter how benevolent. Mitchell v. North Carolina Indus. Dev. Fin. Auth., 273 N.C. 137, 159 S.E.2d 745 (1968); Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970); Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

But the fact that moneys are paid to an individual does not affect the character of the expenditure, since the object of the expenditure and not to whom it is paid determines whether it is for a public purpose. Green v. Kitchin, 229 N.C. 450, 50 S.E.2d 545 (1948), discussed in 27 N.C.L. Rev. 500 (1949).

When Direct Disbursement of Public Funds to Private Entity Is Permissible. — Under subsection (7) of this section, direct disbursement of public funds to private entities is a constitutionally permissible means of accomplishing a public purpose, provided there is statutory authority to make such appropriation. Hughey v. Cloninger, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Direct Assistance to Private School Is Not Permissible. — Direct assistance to private entities such as the Dyslexia School of North Carolina, Inc., distinguishable from direct disbursements to students for educational purposes, may not be the means used to effect a public purpose. Hughey v. Cloninger, 37 N.C. App. 107, 245 S.E.2d 543 (1978), aff'd, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Even though the Dyslexia School of North Carolina, Inc., a private nonprofit corporation, is engaged in a clearly benevolent activity, which would not be constitutionally prohibited if provided through the public schools of Gaston County, it remains a private entity. As such, it may not receive appropriations and expenditures from public funds of Gaston County in order to achieve the desirable and commendable end of assisting in the education of the dyslexic children of Gaston County. Hughey v. Cloninger, 37 N.C. App. 107, 245 S.E.2d 543 (1978), aff'd, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Legislature Initially Determines What Is Public Purpose. — The initial responsibility for determining what is and what is not a public purpose rests with the legislature, and its findings with reference thereto are entitled to great weight. In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

But Legislative Declarations Are Not Conclusive. — A legislative declaration which asserts in general terms that the statute under consideration is enacted for a public purpose, although entitled to great weight, is not conclusive. When the facts are determined, what is a public purpose is a question of law for the court. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

If an enactment is in fact for a private purpose, and therefore unconstitutional, it cannot be saved by legislative declarations to the contrary. When a constitutional question is properly presented, it is the duty of the court to ascertain and declare the intent of the framers of the Constitution, and to reject any legislative act which is in conflict therewith. In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

Duty of Supreme Court to Determine Constitutionality of Appropriation. — It is the duty and prerogative of the Supreme Court to determine whether an appropriation of tax funds is for a purpose forbidden by the Constitution of the State when that question is properly raised. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Taxpayer Action. — If an act creating a corporation is unconstitutional as violative of this section and of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, and U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, § 1, and is void because the purpose for which the corporation was created is not a public purpose, then a taxpayer may maintain an action to restrain state officials from paying to the corporation and the corporation from using money appropriated out of the General Fund. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

B. Illustrative Cases.

Cable Television System as Public Purpose. — The provisions of Chapter 160A, Article 16, Part 1, which authorize cities to finance, acquire, construct, own, and operate a cable television system do not violate the "public purpose" clause of this section. Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989).

The establishment, financing, construction, operation, and maintenance of a cable television system by a municipality as authorized by Chapter 160A, Article 16, Part 1 involved a reasonable connection with the convenience and necessity of the city and benefited the public generally, as opposed to special interests or persons, and thus constituted a "public purpose" within the meaning of subsection (1) of this section. Madison Cablevision, Inc. v. City of Morganton, 325 N.C. 634, 386 S.E.2d 200 (1989).

Creation of county authorities for financing pollution abatement and control facilities or industrial facilities for private industry by the issuance of tax-exempt revenue bonds under Chapter 159A (now Chapter 159C) was not for a public purpose, and Chapter 159A (now Chapter 159C), which purported to authorize such financing, violated subsection (1) of this section. Stanley v. Department of Conservation & Dev., 284 N.C. 15, 199 S.E.2d 641 (1973).

Education, Generally. — Both appropriations and expenditures of public funds for the education of the citizens of North Carolina are for a public purpose. Hughey v. Cloninger, 37 N.C. App. 107, 245 S.E.2d 543 (1978), aff'd, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Employees' Retirement Fund. — A tax imposed to raise moneys for the Employees' Retirement Fund was for a public purpose, as the act provided benefits to thousands of teachers and employees of this State without discrimination, and therefore the tax did not violate this section. Bridges v. City of Charlotte, 221 N.C. 472, 20 S.E.2d 825 (1942).

Hospital. — The construction, maintenance and operation of a public hospital by a county is a public purpose for which funds may be provided by taxation under this section. Trustees of Watts Hosp. v. Board of Comm'rs, 231 N.C. 604, 58 S.E.2d 696 (1950).

The expenditure of tax funds for the construction of a general county hospital is for a public purpose; and a county, when authorized by the General Assembly and with the approval of a majority of the voters, has as much right to issue its bonds to provide hospital facilities for those citizens who are able to pay for the services rendered to them as it does to provide such facilities for the sick and afflicted poor. Trustees of Rex Hosp. v. Board of Comm'rs, 239 N.C. 312, 79 S.E.2d 892 (1954).

The expenditure of tax funds for the construction of a hospital to be owned and operated by the State, a county, a city, a town or some other political subdivision of the State is an expenditure for a public purpose, but the expenditure of public funds raised by taxation to finance or facilitate the financing of the construction of a hospital facility to be privately operated, managed and controlled is not an expenditure for a public purpose and is thus prohibited by this section. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

The construction and operation of a privately owned hospital is not necessarily for a public purpose within the meaning of the constitutional limitation upon the use of tax funds, and the circumstance that the privately owned hospital is not operated for profit is not determinative. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Hotel. — The cost of constructing and maintaining a hotel is not a public purpose, within the meaning of this section. Nash v. Town of Tarboro, 227 N.C. 283, 42 S.E.2d 209 (1947).

Industrial Development Bonds. — The issuance of revenue bonds by the Industrial Development Financing Authority, pursuant to former Chapter 123A, in order to acquire sites and to construct and equip buildings and other facilities thereon for lease to private industry, such bonds to be retired by the rental payments, was not a public use or purpose for which State tax funds could be appropriated to enable the Authority to commence its operations. Mitchell v. North Carolina Indus. Dev. Fin. Auth., 273 N.C. 137, 159 S.E.2d 745 (1968).

Library. — The levying of taxes for public libraries by the State, counties and municipal corporations is for "a public purpose" under this section. Jamison v. City of Charlotte, 239 N.C. 682, 80 S.E.2d 904 (1954).

Municipal Airport. — Construction and maintenance of a municipal airport for a city of more than 10,000 inhabitants, engaged in many industries and pursuits, is for a public purpose within the meaning of this section, and no right guaranteed by U.S. Const., Amend. XIV will be injuriously affected thereby. Turner v. City of Reidsville, 224 N.C. 42, 29 S.E.2d 211 (1944); City of Reidsville v. Slade, 224 N.C. 48, 29 S.E.2d 215 (1944).

Police Training. — An expenditure by a municipality for special training of a police officer is for a public purpose. Green v. Kitchin, 229 N.C. 450, 50 S.E.2d 545 (1948), discussed in N.C.L Rev. 500 (1949).

Student Loans. — Session Laws 1967, c. 1177 (§ 116-209.1) which authorizes the State Education Assistance Authority to issue revenue bonds and to use the proceeds therefrom for making loans to residents of this State to enable them to obtain an education in an eligible institution does not unconstitutionally authorize use of public funds in violation of this section. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

IV. CLASSIFICATION.

A. In General.

The Constitution requires that the rule of uniformity be observed. State ex rel. Dyer

v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

The principles of equality and uniformity are indispensable to taxation, whether general or local. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Uniformity, in its legal and proper sense, is inseparably incident to the exercise of the power of taxation. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

A "tax" within the meaning of the constitutional prohibition against nonuniformity of taxation is a charge levied and collected as a contribution to the maintenance of the general government. It is imposed upon the citizens in common, at regularly recurring periods, for the purpose of providing a continuous revenue. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

Requirement of Uniformity Extends to License, Franchise and Other Forms of Taxation. — Repeated judicial interpretations extend the requirement of uniformity to license, franchise, and other forms of taxation. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Although it is not expressly provided that the tax on trades, etc., shall be uniform, yet a tax not uniform, as properly understood, would be so inconsistent with natural justice, and with the intent which is apparent in the Constitution that it may be admitted that the collection of such a tax would be restricted as unconstitutional. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

License taxes must bear equally and uniformly upon all persons engaged in the same class of business or occupation or exercising the same privileges. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Although the uniformity requirement is literally confined to taxes on property, it extends to license, franchise and other taxes. First Carolina Investors v. Lynch, 78 N.C. App. 583, 337 S.E.2d 691 (1985).

Compliance with Rule of Uniformity under This Section Satisfies U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. — A tax statute which meets the rule of uniformity required by the Constitution of this State likewise conforms to the requirements of U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Lenoir Fin. Co. v. Currie, 254 N.C. 129, 118 S.E.2d 543, appeal dismissed, 368 U.S. 289, 82 S. Ct. 375, 7 L. Ed. 2d 336 (1961).

The requirements of "uniformity," "equal protection," and "due process" are, for all practical purposes, the same under both the State and federal Constitutions. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

When Tax Is Uniform. — A tax is uniform when it is equal upon all persons belonging to the described class upon which it is imposed. Gatlin v. Town of Tarboro, 78 N.C. 119 (1878); State v. Danenberg, 151 N.C. 718, 66 S.E. 301, 26 L.R.A. (n.s.) 890 (1909); Leonard v. Maxwell, 216 N.C. 89, 3 S.E.2d 316, appeal dismissed, 308 U.S. 516, 60 S. Ct. 175, 84 L. Ed. 439 (1939).

Taxing is required to be by a uniform rule, that is, by one and the same unvarying standard. Uniformity in taxing implies equality in the burden of taxation, and this equality of burden cannot exist without uniformity in the mode of assessment, as well as in the rate of taxation. But this is not all. The uniformity must be coextensive with the territory to which it applies. If a State tax, it must be uniform all over the State. If a county or city tax, it must be uniform throughout the extent of the territory to which it is applicable. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Uniformity consists in putting the same tax upon all of the same class; that is, while the same tax must be enforced upon all innkeepers, upon all railroads, and so on throughout, a tax discriminating among persons of the same class, whereby some are required to pay more than others, would lack uniformity. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Equality within the class or for those of like station and condition is all that is required to meet the test of constitutionality under subsection (2) of this section. A tax on trades, etc., must be considered uniform when it is equal upon all persons belonging to the prescribed class upon which it is imposed. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Uniformity of taxation is accomplished when the tax is levied equally and uniformly on all subjects in the same class, and the right to classify imports a difference in the subjects of taxation. Smith v. State, 349 N.C. 332, 507 S.E.2d 28 (1998).

Uniformity with Reference to Locality and Classification. — With reference to locality, a tax is uniform when it operates with equal force and effect in every place where the subject of it is found, and with reference to classification, it is uniform when it operates without distinction or discrimination upon all persons composing the described class. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Under this section uniformity in taxation relates to equality in the burden of the State's taxpayers. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

This section does not prohibit reasonable flexibility and variety appropriate to reasonable schemes of State taxation. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

And Scientific Uniformity Is Not Required. — The State may impose different specific taxes upon different trades and professions and may vary the rate of excise upon

various products. It is not required to resort to close distinctions or to maintain a precise, scientific uniformity with reference to composition, use or value. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

The rule of uniformity is observed if the rate is uniform throughout each taxing authority's jurisdiction. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

Uniformity of taxation, as provided for by State Constitution, is required throughout the territorial limits of the taxing district. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Local taxation must be uniform upon the same class of subjects within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Rule of uniformity is not violated by double taxation from taxes levied by different authorities if each authority adheres to the uniformity rule in its levies. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

When property is within more than one taxing authority, each has the right to make its own levy. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

Tax on City Property and on County Property including Property in City. — The imposition of a tax on county property, including property within a city situated therein, to provide funds for county library purposes, and the imposition of a tax within the city to provide funds for municipal library purposes, does not violate this section, notwithstanding that a greater burden of taxation will be placed on the taxpayers of the municipality, nor does it constitute double taxation, since one tax will be imposed by the city for municipal purposes and the other by the county for county purposes. Further, double taxation is prohibited by neither the State nor federal Constitutions. Jamison v. City of Charlotte, 239 N.C. 682, 80 S.E.2d 904 (1954).

Creation of Tax Districts Not Precluded by Rule of Uniformity. — Sometimes it is deemed wise to create a tax district for special purposes, generally for public improvements, such as for highway taxes, bridge taxes, drainage taxes, or the like, and to fix the boundaries of such district so as to include two or more counties or towns or even to make the district wholly independent of such political boundaries. Taxing districts may be as numerous as the purposes for which taxes are levied. Equality and uniformity of taxation does not preclude the power of the State to create separate taxing districts, provided the taxes are equal and uniform within each taxing district. State ex rel. Dyer v. City of Leaksville, 275 N.C. 41, 165 S.E.2d 201 (1969).

Wide Latitude Accorded Taxing Authorities. — The power to classify subjects of taxation carries with it the discretion to select them, and a wide latitude is accorded taxing authorities, particularly in respect of occupational taxes, under the power conferred by this section. Charlotte Coca-Cola Bottling Co. v. Shaw, 232 N.C. 307, 59 S.E.2d 819 (1950); Lenoir Fin. Co. v. Currie, 254 N.C. 129, 118 S.E.2d 543, appeal dismissed, 368 U.S. 289, 82 S. Ct. 375, 7 L. Ed. 2d 336 (1961); Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Discretion in Classification. — The power to classify subjects of taxation carries with it the discretion to select them, and a wide latitude is accorded taxing authorities. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Reasonableness of Classification. — The power of the legislature to classify subjects for the purpose of taxation is flexible, and the reasonableness of any classification will generally be construed with reference to the facts of the particular case, the predominant limitation on the power to classify being that the classification must be reasonable and not arbitrary and must rest upon some substantial difference between the classes, and that the burden must be equal upon all in the same class. Southern Grain Provision Co. v. Maxwell, 199 N.C. 661, 155 S.E. 557 (1930).

The classification must not be arbitrary or unjust, but must be based on substantial and reasonable differences between the classes. Great Atl. & Pac. Tea Co. v. Doughton, 196 N.C. 145, 144 S.E. 701 (1928).

The classification of subjects for taxation must be based upon reasonable distinctions and must apply equally to all within each class defined. Snyder v. Maxwell, 217 N.C. 617, 9 S.E.2d 19 (1940). See also, C.D. Kenny Co. v. Town of Brevard, 217 N.C. 269, 7 S.E.2d 542 (1940), as to municipal taxes on trades and professions.

While the General Assembly may not establish a classification that is arbitrary or capricious, a classification is constitutional if it is founded upon a reasonable distinction or difference and bears a substantial relation to the object of the legislation. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

The only limitation upon the power of classification is that the classification be founded upon reasonable, and not arbitrary, distinctions. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

A classification will be upheld if it is reasonable and not arbitrary and rests upon some ground of difference having a fair and substan-

tial relation to the object of the legislation, so that all persons similarly circumstanced will be treated alike. First Carolina Investors v. Lynch, 78 N.C. App. 583, 337 S.E.2d 691 (1985).

On review, wide latitude is accorded the General Assembly; the only limitation on its power is that the classification must be founded upon reasonable, and not arbitrary, distinctions. State v. Rippy, 80 N.C. App. 232, 341 S.E.2d 98 (1986).

Courts to Determine Validity of Classifications. — The uniformity rule of this section requires the courts, when the validity of a tax statute is challenged on the ground of discrimination, to ascertain if in fact there is a difference in the classes taxed. First Carolina Investors v. Lynch, 78 N.C. App. 583, 337 S.E.2d 691 (1985).

Local Assessment Based on Benefits. — The constitutional provision that taxation shall be equal, uniform, and (under previous constitutions provisions) within certain limits does not apply to local assessments imposed upon owners of property, who in respect to such ownership are to derive a special benefit in the local improvements for which the tax is expended. Cain v. Commissioners of Davie County, 86 N.C. 8 (1882).

While assessments on lands abutting on improved streets are not required to be uniform with all other subjects of taxation, and in view of the particular benefits, such must be uniform as to all property owners within that class to meet the constitutional requirements. City of Gastonia v. Cloninger, 187 N.C. 765, 123 S.E. 76 (1924).

Property Is Taxable Without Regard to Ownership. — By virtue of the provisions of this section, all property, real and personal, in this State, is subject to taxation, in accordance with a uniform rule, under laws which the General Assembly is required by the Constitution to enact, without regard to its ownership, and without regard to the purposes for which specific property is held, unless it is exempted by or under the provisions of this section. Latta v. Jenkins, 200 N.C. 255, 156 S.E. 857 (1931); Salisbury Hosp. v. Rowan County, 205 N.C. 8, 169 S.E. 805 (1933).

The interest of a county in collecting tax revenues under former § 105-281 was not within the zone of interest intended to be protected by this section; accordingly, that county could not contend that the provisions of former § 105-281 violated principles of uniformity. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

Contention that § 105-282.7 was invalid because its effect was to tax only the appellant was without merit, as on its face § 105-282.7 uniformly operates without discrimination or distinction upon all persons composing the described class, and as even appellant's own evidence did not show that the law applied only to appellant, but merely established that no one knew whether the statute had been applied to other taxpayers during the one year it had been in effect. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Subsection (32) of § 105-275 does not discriminate against individual property owners who own their property for residential purposes in violation of the rule of uniformity in taxation established under this Article. In re Barbour, 112 N.C. App. 368, 436 S.E.2d 169 (1993).

B. Illustrative Cases.

Assessment of tax under § 105-114 against a business trust did not violate the uniformity requirement of this section on grounds that it was similar to a limited partnership, which is not subject to the franchise tax. First Carolina Investors v. Lynch, 78 N.C. App. 583, 337 S.E.2d 691 (1985).

Additional Sales Tax in Certain Counties. — The Constitution does not permit State to levy a tax which discriminates in favor of or against taxpayers in the same classification, and this prohibition extends throughout the State. Hence, the State may not levy a tax in 25 counties and exempt 75 counties. Nor may the State set up a valid scheme by which that precise result is accomplished. Thus, additional 1% sales and use tax authorized by the Local Option Sales and Use Tax Act, which was a State tax, not a county tax, was unconstitutional since it was not uniformly applied to all taxpayers of the same class in all counties of the State. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Levy imposed by the Local Option Sales and Use Tax Act was discriminatory in that it required one person to pay the tax involved and exempted his competitor in a county which voted against the tax. Both Nash and Edgecombe were exempt if either voted against the tax. Uniformity is required. No provision was made for partial uniformity, and for that reason the tax authorized under former § 105-164.45 was unconstitutional. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

The capture of supplier refunds for use in establishing an expansion fund does not constitute a tax that violates the requirements of N.C. Const., Art. V, § 2. State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Carolina Util. Customers Ass'n, 336 N.C. 657, 446 S.E.2d 332 (1994).

Contention that § 105-282.7 was invalid because its effect was to tax only the appellant was without merit, as on its face § 105-282.7 uniformly operates without discrimination or distinction upon all persons composing the described class, and as even

appellant's own evidence did not show that the law applied only to appellant, but merely established that no one knew whether the statute had been applied to other taxpayers during the one year it had been in effect. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Leasehold Interests in Government Owned Croplands and Forestlands. — Classifying for taxation under § 105-282.7 leasehold interests in government owned croplands and forestlands that are used in connection with a business conducted for profit seems eminently reasonable. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Subsections (1) and (2) of this section, which require that taxation be done in a just and equitable manner and that no class of property be taxed except by uniform rule and that every classification be made by general law, are no bar to taxing lessee and users in forest lands owned by the State, under § 105-282.7, "to the same extent as if the lessee or user owned the property," while other leasehold interests are taxed at true value. In re Champion Int'l Corp., 74 N.C. App. 639, 329 S.E.2d 691, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 314 N.C. 540, 335 S.E.2d 15 (1985).

Section 113-156.1, requiring managers of ocean fishing piers to obtain a license, satisfies the requirements of uniformity, equal protection and due process under both the State and federal Constitutions, as the opportunity to establish an exclusive zone around ocean piers, pursuant to § 113-185(a), and the cost to the State of enforcing this zone, distinguishes ocean piers from other piers and provides reasonable grounds for their separate license tax classification. State v. Rippy, 80 N.C. App. 232, 341 S.E.2d 98 (1986).

Annexation of Federal Air Force Base. — The annexation of a federal Air Force base by the City of Goldsboro did not create unconstitutional tax classes. In re Ordinance of Annexation No. 1977-4, 296 N.C. 1, 249 S.E.2d 698 (1978).

Payment of Costs by Inmates of State Institutions. — Chapter 143, Article 7 (§ 143-117 et seq.), relating to the payment of costs by the inmates of State institutions, is not unconstitutional in contravention of this section. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 27 N.C. App. 479, 219 S.E.2d 660 (1975), aff'd, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

The charges pursuant to § 143-117 are not made for the support of the government, nor are they related to or limited by the necessities of government. They represent the actual cost of the care, treatment and maintenance of a particular patient. It is not unequal or unjust taxation, nor taxation at all, to require a man to be supported out of his own estate. State ex rel. Dorothea Dix Hosp. v. Davis, 292 N.C. 147, 232 S.E.2d 698 (1977).

Provision for Collection of Taxes for Past Years. — A law to provide for the collection of taxes for past years does not violate the provisions of this section in regard to uniformity of taxation. North Carolina R.R. v. Commissioners of Alamance, 82 N.C. 259 (1880).

Requiring Railroads, etc., to Pay State Taxes Earlier. — Provisions requiring railroads and other like corporations to pay their State taxes within a shorter period than those to the counties is a uniform legislative classification applying equally to all within its terms and is not objectionable as discriminatory or as a denial of the equal protection of the laws prohibited by this section. Norfolk S.R.R. v. Lacy, 187 N.C. 615, 122 S.E. 763 (1924).

Tax Based on Volume of Business. — A tax levied quarterly by a town, under authority of an act of the General Assembly, upon all traders doing business in the town, of $1.00 for every $1,000.00 worth of goods sold during the preceding quarter, was uniform and constitutional. Gatlin v. Town of Tarboro, 78 N.C. 119 (1878).

Tax Based on Counties in Which a Firm Does Business. — An act taxing every meat packing house doing business in the State $100.00 for each county in which such business is carried on is valid. Lacy v. Armour Packing Co., 134 N.C. 567, 47 S.E. 53 (1904), aff'd, 200 U.S. 226, 26 S. Ct. 232, 50 L. Ed. 451 (1905).

Tax Based on Size of City in Which Business Located. — An act imposing an annual graduated license tax on the business of buying and selling fresh meats from offices, stores, vehicles, etc., in cities of 12,000, 8,000, and under 8,000 inhabitants, respectively, is not unconstitutional, as not being uniform and in not imposing a license if the business is carried on outside a city or town; it being uniform as to all within each class. State v. Carter, 129 N.C. 560, 40 S.E. 11 (1901).

Tax on Receipt of Proceeds of Life Insurance Policy. — Public Laws 1937, c. 127, § 11, could not be construed as imposing an excise tax upon the receipt of the proceeds of life insurance policies issued to the beneficiary who retained all rights and liabilities thereunder, in addition to imposing an inheritance tax on the proceeds of policies issued to the insured or in which he retained some incidents of ownership, since such excise tax would have to be computed in accordance with a graduated scale on the basis of the amount of insurance together with the value of the estate or the legacy or the distributive share, and thus would produce inequality in the levying of such excise tax in contravention of this section. Wachovia Bank &

Trust Co. v. Maxwell, 221 N.C. 528, 20 S.E.2d 840 (1942).

Taxing Cotton by Bale. — An act to provide improved marketing facilities for cotton, which enacts that on each bale of cotton ginned in North Carolina for two years, 25 cents shall be collected to specially guarantee the State warehouse system against loss, is not in derogation of this section. Bickett v. State Tax Comm'n, 177 N.C. 433, 99 S.E. 415 (1919).

Exemption of Farm Products. — The exception of farm products purchased from the producer from the return required to be made by merchants and other dealers as the basis for a license tax is not a discrimination against the products or citizens of other states; nor is it in violation of this section, which requires uniformity of taxation. State v. Stevenson, 109 N.C. 730, 14 S.E. 385 (1891); Ex parte Brown, 48 F. 435 (E.D.N.C. 1891).

Business of Hauling Timber. — An act requiring a license of anyone who carries on the business of hauling timber in a certain county, grading the license with reference to the number of horses driven to the wagon used, is not repugnant to this section. State v. Bullock, 161 N.C. 223, 75 S.E. 942 (1912).

Dealers in Different Kinds of Merchandise. — The requirement of this section that all taxes shall be uniform does not prohibit a municipality, which is empowered to tax persons engaged in merchantile business, from classifying dealers in a particular kind of merchandise separately from those whose business it is to sell other articles falling within the same generic terms. Rosenbaum v. City of Newbern, 118 N.C. 83, 24 S.E. 1 (1896).

Fireman's Pension Fund. — Session Laws 1957, c. 1420, creating the North Carolina Fireman's Pension Fund, violated this section for lack of uniformity, in that it exempted members of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association from adding the tax imposed by the act to their premiums and collecting it from purchasers of their insurance, as other companies selling similar insurance were required to do by the act. American Equitable Assurance Co. v. Gold, 249 N.C. 461, 106 S.E.2d 875 (1959); In re North Carolina Fire Ins. Rating Bureau, 249 N.C. 466, 106 S.E.2d 879 (1959).

Hotelkeepers. — A tax is uniform and consistent with this section when it is equal on all persons in the same class; and hence a tax imposed on hotelkeepers, which exempts from taxation those whose yearly receipts are less than $1,000.00, is not unconstitutional. Cobb v. Commissioners of Durham County, 122 N.C. 307, 30 S.E. 338 (1898).

Household Property. — Because there is some reasonable relationship between the value of a home and the value of the household property within, the percentage method is a reasonable one in accomplishing the object of determining the market value of household property, and thus there is no violation of subsection (2) of this section. In re Bosley, 29 N.C. App. 468, 224 S.E.2d 686, cert. denied, 290 N.C. 551, 226 S.E.2d 509 (1976).

Mechanical Vending Devices. — While the legislature may not classify mechanical vending machines in accordance with the kinds of merchandise sold by such machines in levying privilege taxes on their use, since the manner in which the article is sold is the same in all instances and the economic advantages in this method of sale may be regarded as the same, it may classify mechanical vending devices for the purpose of taxation and make a further classification or subclassification in accordance with the quantity or kind of commodities sold by such method, when such classifications are based upon real and reasonable distinctions. Snyder v. Maxwell, 217 N.C. 617, 9 S.E.2d 19 (1940).

Real Estate Brokers. — Public-Local Laws 1927, c. 241, requiring real estate brokers in certain designated counties to be licensed by a real estate commission on the basis of moral character and proficiency in the public interest, and requiring payment of a license fee in addition to the statewide license required, was unconstitutional, as it applied only to real estate brokers in the designated counties and was therefore discriminatory. State v. Warren, 211 N.C. 75, 189 S.E. 108 (1937).

Wholesale Grocers. — A special classification by statute of wholesale grocers operating a cold storage chamber of some character for the preservation of fresh meats, as distinguished from those who handled only canned meats not requiring refrigeration, was a reasonable classification imposing an equal burden upon all of the class, and was constitutional and valid. Southern Grain Provision Co. v. Maxwell, 199 N.C. 661, 155 S.E. 557 (1930).

V. EXEMPTIONS.

A. In General.

All property is subject to taxation unless exemption is authorized by the Constitution and laws of the State. Piedmont Mem. Hosp. v. Guilford County, 221 N.C. 308, 20 S.E.2d 332 (1942).

And Legislature May Not Grant Exemptions Beyond What Is Permitted in this Section. — The provisions of the revenue act exempting property from taxation must be considered in connection with this section, since the General Assembly has no power to exempt property from taxation beyond the permissive power granted it by this section. Sir Walter Lodge, No. 411 v. Swain, 217 N.C. 632, 9 S.E.2d 365 (1940).

Strict Construction of Exemptions. —

Statutes enacted by the General Assembly exempting specific property from taxation, because of the purposes for which such property is held and used, are and should be construed strictly, when there is room for construction against exemption and in favor of taxation. Salisbury Hosp. v. Rowan County, 205 N.C. 8, 169 S.E. 805 (1933); Piedmont Mem. Hosp. v. Guilford County, 218 N.C. 673, 12 S.E.2d 265 (1940); Harrison v. Guilford County, 218 N.C. 718, 12 S.E.2d 269 (1940).

Tax Exemption for State and Local Government Employees' Retirement Benefits. — The tax exemption for retirement benefits of state and local employees was a term or condition of retirement systems to which the employees had a contractual right and it did not constitute an unconstitutional contracting away of the state's sovereign power of taxation. Bailey v. State, 348 N.C. 130, 500 S.E.2d 54 (1998).

Legislature Must Observe Basic Principle of Equality. — The legislature, in exempting property from taxation, is required to observe the basic principle of equality, and exemptions allowed by it must be uniform within the class as required by this section. Sir Walter Lodge, No. 411 v. Swain, 217 N.C. 632, 9 S.E.2d 365 (1940).

Section Applies Only to Ad Valorem Taxes. — Any intent or attempt, on the part of the legislature, to grant an exemption from any tax or assessment on real property, pursuant to the provisions of this section, other than for ad valorem taxes, would be without constitutional authorization. Raleigh Cem. Ass'n v. City of Raleigh, 235 N.C. 509, 70 S.E.2d 506 (1952).

This section refers solely and directly to exemptions from ad valorem taxation of property otherwise subject thereto. Sykes v. Clayton, 274 N.C. 398, 163 S.E.2d 775 (1968).

The constitutional limitations set forth in this section relate solely to the taxation of real and personal property, tangible and intangible, according to the value thereof, and are irrelevant in respect of the validity of a local sales and use tax act. Sykes v. Clayton, 274 N.C. 398, 163 S.E.2d 775 (1968).

And Does Not Grant Exemption from Special or Local Assessments. — Property belonging to municipal corporations is not exempt from assessment for local improvements. Raleigh Cem. Ass'n v. City of Raleigh, 235 N.C. 509, 70 S.E.2d 506 (1952).

The general rule that exemption from taxation does not mean exemption from a special or local assessment applies with respect to cemetery property. Raleigh Cem. Ass'n v. City of Raleigh, 235 N.C. 509, 70 S.E.2d 506 (1952).

Assessments on public school property for special benefits thereto, caused by improvement of the street on which it abuts, are not embraced within the prohibition of this section exempting property belonging to the State or to municipal corporations from taxation. City of Raleigh v. Raleigh City Admin. Unit, 223 N.C. 316, 26 S.E.2d 591 (1943); Raleigh Cem. Ass'n v. City of Raleigh, 235 N.C. 509, 70 S.E.2d 506 (1952).

Local assessments against lands along the streets of a city for paving and improving the streets do not fall within the intent and meaning of this section. Town of Tarboro v. Forbes, 185 N.C. 59, 116 S.E. 81 (1923).

Former § 160-521, exempting railroad right-of-way property from assessment for local improvements, was not unconstitutional on grounds that it was not authorized by this section, since this section deals with the power of taxation and not with assessments for local improvements. Southern Ry. v. City of Raleigh, 9 N.C. App. 305, 176 S.E.2d 21 (1970), aff'd, 277 N.C. 709, 178 S.E.2d 422 (1971).

Excise taxes on municipal property are not prohibited. Stedman v. City of Winston-Salem, 204 N.C. 203, 167 S.E. 813 (1933).

Property in Hands of Trustee. — Where, in construing a devise of various property in a city, the courts decreed that the lands should be sold within a period of five years and that 55% of the proceeds should be distributed among several beneficiaries of the class exempted by this section, the property itself was not held by the beneficiaries designated, but by the trustee in trust for the purpose of sale and distribution of part of the proceeds of the sale to them, and the exemption only applied to the proceeds of the sale when received by the beneficiaries in accordance with the decree, and the lands in the hands of the trustee were subject to taxation. Latta v. Jenkins, 200 N.C. 255, 156 S.E. 857 (1931).

B. State, County and Municipal Property.

Provision Exempting Public Property Is Self-Executing. — The provision of this section that property belonging to or owned by the State or municipal corporations shall be exempt from taxation is self-executing and requires no legislation to make it effective. Salisbury Hosp. v. Rowan County, 205 N.C. 8, 169 S.E. 805 (1933). See also, Piedmont Mem. Hosp. v. Guilford County, 218 N.C. 673, 12 S.E.2d 265 (1940); Raleigh Cem. Ass'n v. City of Raleigh, 235 N.C. 509, 70 S.E.2d 506 (1952).

And Applies Regardless of Purpose for which Property Is Held. — Property owned by the State is exempt from ad valorem taxation by subsection (3) of this section solely by reason of State ownership. Thus, § 105-278.1, requiring property owned by the State to be held exclusively for a public purpose in order to be exempt from taxation, is unconstitutional. Therefore, the Towns of Chapel Hill and Carrboro and the County of Orange may not

assess ad valorem taxes against any property owned by the Univ. of North Carolina, an agency of the State, regardless of the purpose for which the property is held. In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980).

Subsection (3) of this section provides that property "belonging to the State, counties and municipal corporations shall be exempt from taxation." It places no requirement, other than ownership, upon property to entitle it to exemption. In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980).

The case of Redevelopment Comm'n v. Guilford County, 274 N.C. 585, 164 S.E.2d 476 (1968), was based on the premise that all of the Commission's property was held for public or governmental purposes; therefore, the opinion's review of prior cases interpreting the constitutional exemption for State and municipally owned property, and the court's conclusion that allowing the exemption only for property used for public or governmental purposes was correct, must be characterized as obiter dictum. In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980).

The holdings of cases misapplying the holding of Atlantic & N.C.R.R. v. Board of Comm'rs, 75 N.C. 474 (1876), as mandating a "public purpose" requirement for exemption of State-owned property under the North Carolina Constitution, namely, Board of Fin. Control v. County of Henderson, 208 N.C. 569, 181 S.E. 636 (1935); Town of Benson v. County of Johnston, 209 N.C. 751, 185 S.E. 6 (1936); Town of Warrenton v. Warren County, 215 N.C. 342, 2 S.E.2d 463 (1939); and City of Winston-Salem v. Forsyth County, 217 N.C. 704, 9 S.E.2d 381 (1940), must be considered not in keeping with the rationale expressed in this case and in opinions of the Court of Appeals. In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980).

When Exemption Attaches. — The quality of exemption attaches to property as soon as it is lawfully acquired and remains with such property so long as it is owned by the municipal corporation, without regard to the purpose for which it was acquired or was held. Town of Andrews v. Clay County, 200 N.C. 280, 156 S.E. 855 (1931).

Corporation, to Be Exempt, Must Be Subordinate Branch of State or Local Government. — In order to come within the constitutional orbit of tax exemption, a corporation must be an instrumentality, an agent, a department, or an arm of the State in the sense of being at least a subordinate branch of the State government or of a local subdivision thereof and subject to governmental visitation and control, so that ordinarily the interests and franchises pertaining to the corporation are either the exclusive property of the government itself or are under the exclusive control of some agency or political subdivision thereof. Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953).

Corporation Composed of Shareholders Is Not a Municipal Corporation. — A municipal corporation is one designed to create within a prescribed territory a local government of the people therein, as a part of that exercised by the State, with certain and defined restrictions, and this section, exempting municipal corporations from taxation, does not include within its meaning or intent a corporation composed of shareholders, which in its form and controlling features is a business enterprise upon which municipal powers have been incidentally conferred in promotion of its primary purpose. Southern Ass'y v. Palmer, 166 N.C. 75, 82 S.E. 18 (1895).

Drainage Districts Are Not Municipal Corporations. — Drainage districts are not regarded as municipal corporations within the purview of this section, and a legislative act exempting their bonds from taxation violates the uniform rule as to taxation required by this section. Drainage Comm'rs v. C.A. Webb & Co., 160 N.C. 594, 76 S.E. 552 (1912).

A redevelopment commission is a municipal corporation for the purpose of tax exemption. Redevelopment Comm'n v. Guilford County, 274 N.C. 585, 164 S.E.2d 476 (1968), criticized on other grounds in In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980).

Property owned by the Medical Care Commission, including hospital facilities leased to private nonprofit associations for operation, is property owned by the State within the meaning of this constitutional provision, making the exemption of such property from taxation mandatory. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Realty acquired for purposes of a rural housing authority is exempt from taxation under this section. Mallard v. Eastern Carolina Regional Hous. Auth., 221 N.C. 334, 20 S.E.2d 281 (1942).

C. Exemption of Property by General Assembly.

Provision as to Exemption of Property Used for Educational, etc., Purposes Is Not Self-Executing. — The provision of this section that the General Assembly may exempt from taxation property held for educational, scientific, literary, charitable or religious purposes is a grant of power and is not self-executing, and the power of the legislature to prescribe such exemptions is limited by the terms of the grant. Piedmont Mem. Hosp. v. Guilford County, 218 N.C. 673, 12 S.E.2d 265 (1940).

Under subsection (3) of this section, the legislature may exercise, to the full extent or in

part, the power to exempt from taxation property held for educational, scientific, literary, charitable or religious purposes, or may decline to exempt such property at all. The constitutional provision being in the disjunction, the legislature may exempt the property up to a certain value and tax all above it, and may also tax property held for one of the purposes named and exempt that held for others. Congregation of United Brethren v. Commissioners of Forsyth County, 115 N.C. 489, 20 S.E. 626 (1894). See also, Salisbury Hosp. v. Rowan County, 205 N.C. 8, 169 S.E. 805 (1933).

Nor Is Provision as to Property Used as Residence. — The third sentence of subsection (3) of this section is only permissive in terms and is not self-executing. The power of exemption, to the extent therein mentioned, is exercisable, in whole or in part, or not at all, as the General Assembly, in its wisdom, shall determine. Nash v. Board of Comm'rs, 211 N.C. 301, 190 S.E. 475 (1937).

Power of Legislature to Grant Such Exemptions Is Limited. — The power of the legislature to exempt from taxation property not owned by the State or its political subdivisions is limited and restricted by the scope of the constitutional grant of the permissive power of exemption. County of Rockingham v. Board of Trustees, 219 N.C. 342, 13 S.E.2d 618 (1941). See also, Trustees of Guilford College v. Guilford County, 219 N.C. 347, 13 S.E.2d 622 (1941).

The power to grant exemptions under authority of the second sentence in subsection (3) of this section, which may be exercised in whole, or in part, or not at all, as the General Assembly shall elect, is limited to property held for one or more of the purposes therein designated. County of Rockingham v. Board of Trustees, 219 N.C. 342, 13 S.E.2d 618 (1941). See also, Trustees of Guilford College v. Guilford County, 219 N.C. 347, 13 S.E.2d 622 (1941).

Use to Which Property Is Devoted Controls. — Under this section, it is the use to which the property is devoted and to the extent of the interest so dedicated which should control, rather than the title or other tenure by which it is held, and its provisions are broad and comprehensive enough to uphold the legislative exemption as to all property used exclusively for educational purposes. State ex rel. Corp. Comm'n v. Oxford Sem. Constr. Co., 160 N.C. 582, 76 S.E. 640 (1912).

The power granted to the legislature to exempt property from taxation is limited by the language of this section to property held for educational, scientific, charitable or religious purposes, the purpose for which the property is held and not the character of the corporation or association holding the property being the basis for the grant of permissive power to exempt; and thus, the legislature has no power to exempt property held by a religious or charitable corporation or organization for business or commercial purposes. Sir Walter Lodge, No. 411 v. Swain, 217 N.C. 632, 9 S.E.2d 365 (1940).

Weight of Fact that Institution Has Not Been Paying Taxes. — The fact that an educational incorporation had gone for a long period of time without paying taxes, unchallenged by both the legislative and executive department of the government, is deserving of great weight by the court in construing this section. State ex rel. Corp. Comm'n v. Oxford Sem. Constr. Co., 160 N.C. 582, 76 S.E. 640 (1912).

No Distinction Between Public and Private Institutions. — The provisions of this section make no distinction between public and private educational corporations, or between institutions which are in part conducted for the personal profit of the owner and those which are run on a salary basis, using any profits which may arise in the extension of the work. State ex rel. Corp. Comm'n v. Oxford Sem. Constr. Co., 160 N.C. 582, 76 S.E. 640 (1912).

Church Lot. — A lot purchased by the trustee of a church for the purpose of erecting a new church and Sunday school thereon, which pending the accumulation of sufficient funds to build the new church, was used exclusively for open air Sunday school and church meetings, was property held for religious purposes within the meaning of this section, and the legislature had the power to exempt such property from taxation. Harrison v. Guilford County, 218 N.C. 718, 12 S.E.2d 269 (1940).

Property owned by a church and rented by it for commercial purposes, and the rent used for religious purposes, is not exempt from taxation. Sparrow v. Beaufort County, 221 N.C. 222, 19 S.E.2d 861 (1942).

Business property owned by an educational institution and rented to private enterprises for offices and business purposes, the net profit derived therefrom being devoted exclusively to educational purposes, was not within the exemption granted by this section. County of Rockingham v. Board of Trustees, 219 N.C. 342, 13 S.E.2d 618 (1941). See also, Trustees of Guilford College v. Guilford County, 219 N.C. 347, 13 S.E.2d 622 (1941).

Property of North Carolina Housing Finance Agency. — Since Chapter 122A and the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency's activities pursuant thereto are for a public purpose, it is permissible for the General Assembly to exempt from taxation the property of the Agency and the obligations incurred by the Agency to effectuate such public purpose. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

Bonds. — While the enumerated properties under this section do not expressly include bonds issued by the State or any State agency,

whether revenue bonds or full faith and credit bonds, it is nevertheless generally considered that the legislature of a state has the power to exempt state and municipal bonds from taxation, since if such bonds are exempt from taxation the state or municipality will be able to issue them on more favorable terms and may then save more money than it would lose by being deprived of the right to tax them. A legislature may exempt such securities from taxation, even if the Constitution enumerates the subjects of exemption, and does not specifically name government securities, and even in the face of a constitutional declaration forbidding passage of laws exempting any property. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

A legislative provision exempting the property and bonds of a city from taxation is valid when the bonds are to be issued for a public purpose, and certainly the bonds are exempt from taxation if sold to and held by an agency of the United States government, or are held by a purchaser from such federal agency. Any doubt as to the validity of this provision under this section must be resolved in favor of its validity. Webb v. Port Comm'n, 205 N.C. 663, 172 S.E. 377 (1934).

Bonds issued by a municipality to provide schoolhouses and equipment were for a public purpose, and since the bonds, although the property of a private corporation, were issued for a necessary public purpose and purchased in reliance upon the statutory provision exempting them from taxation, they would stand upon the same footing as the school buildings erected with the proceeds of the bonds. County of Mecklenburg v. Piedmont Fire Ins. Co., 210 N.C. 171, 185 S.E. 654 (1936).

The provisions of Session Laws 1967, c. 1177 (§ 116-209.1 et seq.) that exempt student loan revenue bonds from taxation by the State or by any of its subdivisions do not contravene this section. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Since the tax-exempt feature makes possible the more favorable sale of revenue bonds and thereby contributes substantially to the accomplishment of the public purpose for which they are issued, the General Assembly may exempt such bonds from taxation by the State or any of its subdivisions. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Public Recreation Facilities. — The expenditure of public funds for the construction and maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities was for a "public purpose" within the meaning of Art. V, § 3, Const. 1868, for which public monies might be spent, and the mere fact that such facilities were to be constructed on property which might revert to the grantor at some indefinite future time would not affect the purpose for which the expenditures were made. See Opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Francis M. Coiner, Hendersonville City Attorney, 40 N.C.A.G. 494 (1969).

Appropriation for a water project which would provide a private industry with fire protection and a private water supplier and town with increased water service was for a public purpose in compliance with this section. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Steve B. Settlemeyer, City Attorney, 59 N.C.A.G. 12 (1989).

Local School Administrative Unit Levying Taxes at Local Level. — The legislature may by statute, consistently with the Constitution, provide that a local school administrative unit may levy taxes at the local level but such taxing authority must be conferred either by a general law, applicable statewide, or by local act subject to a vote of those persons affected. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. John B. Dunn, Superintendent, Edenton-Chowan Schools, 60 N.C.A.G. 17 (1990).

Sec. 3. Limitations upon the increase of State debt.

(1) *Authorized purposes; two-thirds limitation.* The General Assembly shall have no power to contract debts secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State, unless approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the State who vote thereon, except for the following purposes:

(a) to fund or refund a valid existing debt;

(b) to supply an unforeseen deficiency in the revenue;

(c) to borrow in anticipation of the collection of taxes due and payable within the current fiscal year to an amount not exceeding 50 per cent of such taxes;

(d) to suppress riots or insurrections, or to repel invasions;

(e) to meet emergencies immediately threatening the public health or safety, as conclusively determined in writing by the Governor;

(f) for any other lawful purpose, to the extent of two-thirds of the amount by which the State's outstanding indebtedness shall have been reduced during the next preceding biennium.

(2) *Gift or loan of credit regulated.* The General Assembly shall have no power to give or lend the credit of the State in aid of any person, association, or corporation, except a corporation in which the State has a controlling interest, unless the subject is submitted to a direct vote of the people of the State, and is approved by a majority of the qualified voters who vote thereon.

(3) *Definitions.* A debt is incurred within the meaning of this Section when the State borrows money. A pledge of the faith and credit within the meaning of this Section is a pledge of the taxing power. A loan of credit within the meaning of this Section occurs when the State exchanges its obligations with or in any way guarantees the debts of an individual, association, or private corporation.

(4) *Certain debts barred.* The General Assembly shall never assume or pay any debt or obligation, express or implied, incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States. Neither shall the General Assembly assume or pay any debt or bond incurred or issued by authority of the Convention of 1868, the special session of the General Assembly of 1868, or the General Assembly of 1868-69 and 1869-70, unless the subject is submitted to the people of the State and is approved by a majority of all the qualified voters at a referendum held for that sole purpose.

(5) *Outstanding debt.* Except as provided in subsection (4), nothing in this Section shall be construed to invalidate or impair the obligation of any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness outstanding or authorized for issue as of July 1, 1973. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to limitations upon the increase of local government debt, see N.C. Const., Art. V, § 4.

History. — The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section are similar to those of Art. V, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1924 and 1936, and the provisions of subsection (4) are similar to those of Art. I, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873 and 1880.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on taxation and revenue bonds to finance low-income housing, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 830 (1971).

For article on the need to reform North Carolina property tax law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 675 (1981).

CASE NOTES

I. In General.
II. Contracting of Debt.
III. Gifts and Loans of Credit.
IV. Debts Barred by Subsection (4).

I. IN GENERAL.

Editor's Note. — *Most of the cases cited below were decided under this section as it stood before the revision of this Article by amendment adopted Nov. 3, 1970, effective July 1, 1973, and under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868.*

Application of § 105-116 to Electric Cooperative Did Not Violate Rights. — Section 105-116 taxes billings for electrical service rendered by cooperatives in the same manner as billings for service rendered by investor-owned utilities; therefore, application of the section to an electric cooperative did not violate that an entity's right under N.C. Const., Art. I, § 19, this section or N.C. Const., Art. V, § 2. Four County Elec. Membership Corp. v. Powers, 96 N.C. App. 417, 386 S.E.2d 107 (1989), cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 326 N.C. 799, 393 S.E.2d 894 (1990), cert. denied, 498 U.S. 1040, 111 S. Ct. 711, 112 L. Ed. 2d 700 (1991).

II. CONTRACTING OF DEBT.

Power to Contract Debts Limited. — The language of this section is unambiguous; by its plain terms, the power of the State to contract debts in any biennium without submitting the matter to a vote of the people, except for those purposes specifically enumerated in the section, is definitely prescribed to two-thirds of the amount by which its outstanding indebtedness was decreased during the prior biennium. Hallyburton v. Board of Educ., 213 N.C. 9, 195 S.E. 21 (1938).

The Constitution gives to the people the power to decide whether or not to contract a debt by requiring their duly elected representatives to submit the question to them for their approval before the indebtedness is assumed. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967); Cole v. City of Asheville, 2 N.C. App. 652, 163 S.E.2d 628 (1968).

Inapplicability to Turnpike Revenue Bonds. — Since the Turnpike Authority's revenue bonds do not create a debt within the meaning of the Constitution, the limitations of this section are inapplicable. North Carolina Tpk. Auth. v. Pine Island, Inc., 265 N.C. 109, 143 S.E.2d 319 (1965).

Power to Enter into Long-Term Contracts Not Restricted. — The intent of the provision of this section which prohibits the General Assembly from contracting debt without voter approval is to restrict the State's power to borrow money, not its power to enter into long-term contracts. Boneno v. State, 54 N.C. App. 690, 284 S.E.2d 170 (1981).

The method of financing set forth in § 122A-6 does not create a debt within the meaning of the Constitution and therefore the limitations of this section are inapplicable. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

III. GIFTS AND LOANS OF CREDIT.

Subsection (2) Does Not Apply to State's School System. — Subsection (2) of this section is an inhibition on giving or lending the credit of the State to third persons, individual or corporate, and of the kind contemplated in the provision; it cannot be construed to affect the mandatory provisions of N.C. Const., Art. IX, as to the maintenance of a statewide school system by legislative enactment. Lacy v. Fidelity Bank, 183 N.C. 373, 111 S.E. 612 (1922).

Nor Does It Prohibit the Insuring of School Property. — A county board of education has the authority to insure school property in a mutual fire insurance company authorized to do business in this State, and to assume the contingent liability limited to the amount of the cash premium, and the execution of such policy does not lend the credit of the State to a private corporation under this section. Fuller v. Lockhart, 209 N.C. 61, 182 S.E. 733 (1935).

Authority to Establish Reserve or Contingency Fund Not Pledge of Faith and Credit. — The fact that such appropriations as the General Assembly may see fit to make may be used for the establishment of a reserve or contingency fund to be available for the payment of the principal of and the interest on any bonds or notes of a public corporation does not constitute a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision thereof for the payment of the principal of and the interest on any bonds or notes of the corporation. Martin v. North Carolina Hous. Corp., 277 N.C. 29, 175 S.E.2d 665 (1970).

When Issuance of Bonds Does not Constitute Lending or Giving of State Credit. — Where an act specifically provides that bonds or notes issued under it shall not be deemed to constitute a debt, liability or obligation of the State or of any political subdivision thereof, or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or of any such political subdivision, but that they "shall be payable solely from the revenues and other funds provided therefor," the issuance of such bonds does not constitute a giving or lending of the credit of the State, or of its agency, within the meaning of this section. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Issuance of Bonds to Finance Hospital. — Former § 131-138 et seq., authorizing the Medical Care Commission (now Department of Human Resources) to issue revenue bonds to finance the construction of hospital facilities to be leased and ultimately conveyed to a public or private nonprofit agency, did not authorize the contracting of a debt by the State, or its agency, or the lending of the faith and credit of the State, or its agency, in violation of this section. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Issuance of Bonds to Aid War Veterans. — A statute for the purpose of issuing bonds, passed by the legislature and approved by the vote of the people at an election duly had for the purpose, providing for an issuance and sale of State bonds for the purpose of lending the proceeds on mortgage to a certain amount of the value of the land to the veterans of the First World War to help them in providing homes for themselves, is the pledging of the credit of the State for a public purpose, and is a valid exercise of statutory authority. Hinton v. Lacy, 193 N.C. 496, 137 S.E. 669 (1927).

Issuance of Bonds to Pay for Stock. — A subscription for stock in a corporation and issuing bonds to pay for such stock is a gift of the credit of the State, within the meaning of this section. Galloway v. Jenkins, 63 N.C. 147 (1869).

Lease of Facility by Ports Authority to Private Corporation. — Lease of a facility by

the Ports Authority to a private corporation, under the terms of which lease the corporation would pay during a five year term all costs of operation of the facility and rentals sufficient to retire in full revenue bonds issued by the Port Authority, did not constitute a loan of the credit of the State or the agency. North Carolina State Ports Auth. v. First-Citizens Bank & Trust Co., 242 N.C. 416, 88 S.E.2d 109 (1955).

National Park Act. — The statute establishing the North Carolina National Park Commission (Laws 1927, c. 48), with the certain powers therein enumerated, is for the benefit of the public of the State and not that of some third person, and does not fall within the provisions of this section. Yarborough v. North Carolina Park Comm'n, 196 N.C. 284, 145 S.E. 563 (1928).

Vote of People Necessary to Aid New Railroad. — The General Assembly has no power to contract a debt, without a vote of the people, to aid in the construction of, or build a new railroad. University R.R. v. Holden, 63 N.C. 410 (1869).

IV. DEBTS BARRED BY SUBSECTION (4).

Proceedings Dismissed. — Proceedings to settle and adjudge the legal validity of claims against the State were dismissed in Baltzer v. State, 104 N.C. 265, 10 S.E. 153 (1889), for the reason that the General Assembly was expressly forbidden by constitutional provisions from which subsection (4) of this section was derived from paying the claim presented therein, the Supreme Court of North Carolina saying that "it would be idle, futile and ridiculous for this court to declare and adjudge the validity of a claim, against the State, and recommend to the General Assembly to provide for its payment, when the Constitution expressly forbids it to pay or provide for the payment of such a claim." Calkins Dredging Co. v. State, 191 N.C. 243, 131 S.E. 665 (1926).

Sec. 4. Limitations upon the increase of local government debt.

(1) *Regulation of borrowing and debt.* The General Assembly shall enact general laws relating to the borrowing of money secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and the contracting of other debts by counties, cities and towns, special districts, and other units, authorities, and agencies of local government.

(2) *Authorized purposes; two-thirds limitation.* The General Assembly shall have no power to authorize any county, city or town, special district, or other unit of local government to contract debts secured by a pledge of its faith and credit unless approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the unit who vote thereon, except for the following purposes:

(a) to fund or refund a valid existing debt;

(b) to supply an unforeseen deficiency in the revenue;

(c) to borrow in anticipation of the collection of taxes due and payable within the current fiscal year to an amount not exceeding 50 per cent of such taxes;

(d) to suppress riots or insurrections;

(e) to meet emergencies immediately threatening the public health or safety, as conclusively determined in writing by the Governor;

(f) for purposes authorized by general laws uniformly applicable throughout the State, to the extent of two-thirds of the amount by which the unit's outstanding indebtedness shall have been reduced during the next preceding fiscal year.

(3) *Gift or loan of credit regulated.* No county, city or town, special district, or other unit of local government shall give or lend its credit in aid of any person, association, or corporation, except for public purposes as authorized by general law, and unless approved by a majority of the qualified voters of the unit who vote thereon.

(4) *Certain debts barred.* No county, city or town, or other unit of local government shall assume or pay any debt or the interest thereon contracted directly or indirectly in aid or support of rebellion or insurrection against the United States.

(5) *Definitions.* A debt is incurred within the meaning of this Section when a county, city or town, special district, or other unit, authority, or agency of

local government borrows money. A pledge of faith and credit within the meaning of this Section is a pledge of the taxing power. A loan of credit within the meaning of this Section occurs when a county, city or town, special district, or other unit, authority, or agency of local government exchanges its obligations with or in any way guarantees the debts of an individual, association, or private corporation.

(6) *Outstanding debt.* Except as provided in subsection (4), nothing in this Section shall be construed to invalidate or impair the obligation of any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness outstanding or authorized for issue as of July 1, 1973. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to limitations upon the increase of State debt, see N.C. Const., Art. V, § 3.

History. — The provisions of subsection (2) of this section are similar to those of Art. V, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1924 and 1936. The provisions of subsection (3) are similar to those of Art. VII, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1948 and 1962. The provisions of subsection (4) are similar to those of Art. VII, § 9, Const. 1868, as amended in 1936 and 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on "Necessary Expenses," see 18 N.C.L. Rev. 93 (1940).

For note on "necessary expenses" of municipal corporations under this section, see 30 N.C.L. Rev. 313 (1952).

For note, "'Necessary Expense' Limitation — Four Recent Developments," see 43 N.C.L. Rev. 372 (1965).

For comment on Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967), cited in the note below, see 46 N.C.L. Rev. 188 (1967).

For note on taxation and revenue bonds to finance low-income housing, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 830 (1971).

CASE NOTES

I. Decisions under Current Section.
II. Decisions Prior to Amendment Effective July 1, 1973.

I. DECISIONS UNDER CURRENT SECTION.

The amendment effective July 1, 1973 is designed to narrow this section's restriction on the local government's contracting powers. The previously effective language was held to require submission to the voters of a wide variety of contract obligations. United States v. 30.60 Acres of Land, 535 F. Supp. 33 (E.D.N.C. 1981).

The amendment to this section effective July 1, 1973 specifically defined "debt" to mean the borrowing of money by the local government, thereby excluding most general contractual obligations from the requirement of submission to the voters. United States v. 30.60 Acres of Land, 535 F. Supp. 33 (E.D.N.C. 1981).

Sections 159-72 and 159-78, which allow municipalities to issue general obligation refunding bonds in an amount greater than the bonds to be refunded, without a vote of the people, do not violate this section. City of Concord v. All Owners of Taxable Property, 330 N.C. 429, 410 S.E.2d 482 (1991).

Refund of Valid Existing Debt. — Subdivision (2)(a) of this section provides that voter approval is not required if a municipality's purpose for contracting a debt is to refund a valid existing debt; there is no requirement that the refunding indebtedness be less than or equal to the outstanding indebtedness. City of Concord v. All Owners of Taxable Property, 330 N.C. 429, 410 S.E.2d 482 (1991).

Contract Granting Security Interest in Real Property Subject to Improvement. — Section 160A-20, which authorizes a local government unit to enter into a contract granting a security interest in real property subject to improvement, does not contravene this section. Wayne County Citizens v. Wayne County Bd. of Comm'rs, 328 N.C. 24, 399 S.E.2d 311 (1991).

Applied in In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

II. DECISIONS PRIOR TO AMENDMENT EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 1973.

Editor's Note. — *The cases cited below were decided under this section as it stood before the revision of this Article by the amendment adopted Nov. 3, 1970, effective July 1, 1973, or under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868.*

Effect of Subsection (2). — For case construing provisions from which subsection (2) of this section was derived as the dominant or controlling limitation upon the power of local units to contract debts or to issue bonds, see

Coe v. Surry County, 226 N.C. 125, 36 S.E.2d 910 (1946).

The limitation prescribed by provisions from which subsection (2) of this section was derived was in addition to other constitutional limitations relating to taxation prescribed by this section and N.C. Const., Art. V, § 6; thus, a county may not borrow money, even for a necessary expense, without submitting the question to a vote, when its outstanding indebtedness has not been reduced during the prior fiscal year, and a taxpayer is entitled to injunctive relief restraining the issuance of the proposed bonds. Hallyburton v. Board of Educ., 213 N.C. 9, 195 S.E. 21 (1938).

The language of provision from which subsection (2) of this section was derived was unambiguous; by its plain terms the power of any county or municipality to contract debts in any fiscal year, without submitting the matter to a vote of the people, except for those purposes specifically enumerated in the amendment, is definitely prescribed to two-thirds of the amount by which its outstanding indebtedness was decreased during the prior fiscal year. Hallyburton v. Board of Educ., 213 N.C. 9, 195 S.E. 21 (1938).

As to intent and effect of provisions from which subsection (3) of this section was derived, see Brodnax v. Groom, 64 N.C. 244 (1870); Paine v. Caldwell, 65 N.C. 488 (1871); Chester & L.N.G.R.R. v. Commissioners of Caldwell County, 72 N.C. 486 (1875); Horton v. Redevelopment Comm'n, 259 N.C. 605, 131 S.E.2d 464 (1963).

Necessary Expenses. — For cases construing and applying the former "necessary expense" limitation found in subsection (2) (now subsection (3)) of this section prior to its amendment effective July 1, 1973, and in corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868, see Wilson v. Board of Aldermen, 74 N.C. 748 (1876); Tucker v. City of Raleigh, 75 N.C. 267 (1876); Halcomb v. Commissioners of Haywood, 89 N.C. 346 (1883); Lynchburg & D.R.R. v. Board of Comm'rs, 109 N.C. 159, 13 S.E. 783 (1891); Herring v. Dixon, 122 N.C. 420, 29 S.E. 368 (1898); Garsed v. City of Greensboro, 126 N.C. 159, 35 S.E. 254 (1900); Brockenbrough v. Board of Water Comm'rs, 134 N.C. 1, 46 S.E. 28 (1903); Fawcett v. Town of Mt. Airy, 134 N.C. 125, 45 S.E. 1029 (1903); Greensboro v. Scott, 138 N.C. 181, 50 S.E. 589 (1905); Town of Hendersonville v. Jordan, 150 N.C. 35, 63 S.E. 167 (1908); Hightower v. City of Raleigh, 150 N.C. 569, 65 S.E. 279 (1909); Jones v. City of New Bern, 152 N.C. 64, 67 S.E. 173 (1910); Ellison v. Town of Williamston, 152 N.C. 147, 67 S.E. 255 (1910); Underwood v. Town of Asheboro, 152 N.C. 641, 68 S.E. 147 (1910); City of Kinston v. Security Trust Co., 169 N.C. 207, 85 S.E. 399 (1915); Keith v. Lockhart, 171 N.C. 451, 88 S.E. 640 (1916); Swindell v. Town of Belhaven, 173 N.C. 1, 91 S.E. 369 (1917); Woodall v. Western Wake Hwy. Comm'n, 176 N.C. 377, 97 S.E. 226 (1918); Davis v. Lenoir County, 178 N.C. 668, 101 S.E. 260 (1919); Emery v. Commissioners of Mecklenburg County, 181 N.C. 420, 107 S.E. 443 (1921); Brown v. Town of Hillsboro, 185 N.C. 368, 117 S.E. 41 (1923); Norfolk S.R.R. v. Reid, 187 N.C. 320, 121 S.E. 534 (1924); Reed v. Howerton Eng'g Co., 188 N.C. 39, 123 S.E. 479 (1924); Lassiter v. Board of Comm'rs, 188 N.C. 379, 124 S.E. 738 (1924); Storm v. Town of Wrightsville Beach, 189 N.C. 679, 128 S.E. 17 (1925); Hill v. Board of Comm'rs, 190 N.C. 123, 129 S.E. 154 (1925); Henderson v. City of Wilmington, 191 N.C. 269, 132 S.E. 25 (1926); Moore v. City of Greensboro, 191 N.C. 592, 132 S.E. 565 (1926); Ellis v. Greene, 191 N.C. 761, 133 S.E. 395 (1926); Board of Comm'rs v. Assell, Goetz & Moerlien, Inc., 194 N.C. 412, 140 S.E. 34 (1927), petition for rehearing dismissed, 195 N.C. 719, 143 S.E. 474 (1928); Drysdale v. Prudden, 195 N.C. 722, 143 S.E. 530 (1928); Barbour v. County of Wake, 197 N.C. 314, 148 S.E. 470 (1929); Burleson v. Board of Aldermen, 200 N.C. 30, 156 S.E. 241 (1930); Walker v. Town of Faison, 202 N.C. 694, 163 S.E. 875 (1932); Starmount Co. v. Ohio Sav. Bank & Trust Co., 55 F.2d 649 (4th Cir. 1932); Starmount Co. v. Town of Hamilton Lakes, 205 N.C. 514, 171 S.E. 909 (1933); Lamb v. City of Randleman, 206 N.C. 837, 175 S.E. 293 (1934); Wilson v. City of Charlotte, 206 N.C. 856, 175 S.E. 306 (1934); Martin v. Board of Comm'rs, 208 N.C. 354, 180 S.E. 777 (1935); Martin v. City of Raleigh, 208 N.C. 369, 180 S.E. 786 (1935); Board of Fin. Control v. County of Henderson, 208 N.C. 569, 181 S.E. 636, 101 A.L.R. 783 (1935), overruled on other grounds, In re Univ. of N.C., 300 N.C. 563, 268 S.E.2d 472 (1980); Newman v. Watkins, 208 N.C. 675, 182 S.E. 453 (1935); Burt v. Town of Biscoe, 209 N.C. 70, 183 S.E. 1 (1935); Thomson v. Harnett County, 209 N.C. 662, 184 S.E. 490 (1936); Atkins v. City of Durham, 210 N.C. 295, 186 S.E. 330 (1936); Morrow v. Durham, 210 N.C. 564, 187 S.E. 752 (1936); Goswick v. City of Durham, 211 N.C. 687, 191 S.E. 728 (1937), citing Hargrave v. Board of Comm'rs, 168 N.C. 626, 84 S.E. 1044 (1915); Palmer v. County of Haywood, 212 N.C. 284, 193 S.E. 668, 113 A.L.R. 1195 (1937); Williamson v. City of High Point, 213 N.C. 96, 195 S.E. 90 (1938); Nantahala Power & Light Co. v. County of Clay, 213 N.C. 698, 197 S.E. 603 (1938); Nash v. Town of Tarboro, 227 N.C. 283, 42 S.E.2d 209 (1947); Green v. Kitchin, 229 N.C. 450, 50 S.E.2d 545 (1948), discussed in 27 N.C.L. Rev. 500; Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953); Wilson v. City of High Point, 238 N.C. 14, 76 S.E.2d 546 (1953); City of Greensboro v. Smith, 241 N.C. 363, 85 S.E.2d 292 (1955); DeLoatch v. Beamon, 252

N.C. 754, 114 S.E.2d 711 (1960); Dennis v. City of Raleigh, 253 N.C. 400, 116 S.E.2d 923 (1960); Horton v. Redevelopment Comm'n, 259 N.C. 605, 131 S.E.2d 464 (1963); Horton v. Redevelopment Comm'n, 262 N.C. 306, 137 S.E.2d 115 (1964); Keeter v. Town of Lake Lure, 264 N.C. 252, 141 S.E.2d 634 (1965); Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967); Harrelson v. City of Fayetteville, 271 N.C. 87, 155 S.E.2d 749 (1967); Cole v. City of Asheville, 2 N.C. App. 652, 163 S.E.2d 628 (1968).

Schools. — For cases dealing with the operation and maintenance of schools under this section prior to its amendment effective July 1, 1973, and under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868, see Smith v. School Trustees, 141 N.C. 143, 53 S.E. 524 (1906); Hollowell v. Borden, 148 N.C. 255, 61 S.E. 638 (1908); Lacy v. Fidelity Bank, 183 N.C. 373, 111 S.E. 612 (1922); Lovelace v. Pratt, 187 N.C. 686, 122 S.E. 661 (1924); Tate v. Board of Educ., 192 N.C. 516, 135 S.E. 336 (1926); Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927); Hartsfield v. Craven County, 194 N.C. 358, 139 S.E. 698 (1927); Hall v. Commissioners of Duplin County, 194 N.C. 768, 140 S.E. 739 (1927); Owens v. Wake County, 195 N.C. 132, 141 S.E. 546 (1928); Hall v. Commissioners of Duplin, 195 N.C. 367, 142 S.E. 315 (1928); Hammond v. City of Charlotte, 206 N.C. 604, 175 S.E. 148 (1934); Fuller v. Lockhart, 209 N.C. 61, 182 S.E. 733 (1935); City of Greensboro v. Guilford County, 209 N.C. 655, 184 S.E. 473 (1936); Boney v. Board of Trustees, 229 N.C. 136, 48 S.E.2d 56 (1948); Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 1 N.C. App. 258, 161 S.E.2d 213, aff'd, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968); Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969); Yoder v. Board of Comm'rs, 7 N.C. App. 712, 173 S.E.2d 529 (1970).

As to application of what is now subsection (4) of this section, see Leak v. Commissioners of Richmond County, 64 N.C. 133 (1870); Poindexter v. Davis, 67 N.C. 112 (1872); Weith v. City of Wilmington, 68 N.C. 24 (1873); Logan v. Plummer, 70 N.C. 388 (1874); Davis v. Board of Comm'rs, 72 N.C. 441 (1875); Brickell v. Commissioners of Halifax, 81 N.C. 240 (1879); Wingate v. Parker, 136 N.C. 369, 48 S.E. 774 (1904); Jones v. Commissioners, 137 N.C. 579, 50 S.E. 291 (1905); Smith v. School Trustees, 141 N.C. 143, 53 S.E. 524 (1906); Southern Ry. v. Board of Comm'rs, 148 N.C. 220, 61 S.E. 690 (1908); Board of Trustees v. Webb, 155 N.C. 379, 71 S.E. 520 (1911).

The Constitution gives the people the power to decide whether or not to contract a debt by requiring their duly elected representatives to submit the question to them for their approval before the indebtedness is assumed. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967); Cole v. City of Asheville, 2 N.C. App. 652, 163 S.E.2d 628 (1968).

The constitutional provision imposing a limitation upon the power of the State, counties and municipalities to contract debts without a vote of the people does not deprive the county of any power to contract a debt. It merely declares who shall have the power of decision. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967); Cole v. City of Asheville, 2 N.C. App. 652, 163 S.E.2d 628 (1968).

The Constitution proceeds upon the theory that if it is, indeed, wise to contract an indebtedness for an unnecessary county or city expense, the people of the county or city will recognize this when the facts are presented to them and will approve the assumption of the obligation; and if they do not approve it, it ought not to be undertaken at their expense even though the county or city commissioners, and the courts as well, deem it wise to do so. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967); Cole v. City of Asheville, 2 N.C. App. 652, 163 S.E.2d 628 (1968).

The term "municipal corporation" should not be construed narrowly to include only cities, towns, counties and school districts, as the Constitution contemplates a broader construction of the term. In its broader sense, the term includes all public corporations exercising governmental functions within the constitutional limitations. Wells v. Housing Auth., 213 N.C. 744, 197 S.E. 693 (1938); Carolina-Virginia Coastal Hwy. v. Coastal Tpk. Auth., 237 N.C. 52, 74 S.E.2d 310 (1953).

The State is not a municipality within the meaning of the Constitution. It may perform the duties required of it by the Constitution, as well as exercise those powers not otherwise prohibited, without embarrassment by constitutional limitations expressly operating on municipalities alone. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 1 N.C. App. 258, 161 S.E.2d 213, aff'd, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Debt. — As to meaning of "debt" under provisions from which subsections (2) and (3) of this section were derived, see Williamson v. City of High Point, 213 N.C. 96, 195 S.E. 90 (1938). See also, McGuinn v. City of High Point, 219 N.C. 56, 13 S.E.2d 48 (1941).

When Bonds Are Not a "Debt". — Bonds of a city, issued for the purpose of acquiring revenue-producing property and which expressly provide that only the revenues produced by such property shall be used for or subject to demand for payment of such bonds, are not a "debt" of the city. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967).

Year Debt Contracted. — A debt is contracted during the fiscal year following that in which the debt was reduced, even though the certificate of the secretary of the local government commission required by § 159-18 was not

executed within that time. Board of Educ. v. State Bd. of Educ., 217 N.C. 90, 6 S.E.2d 833 (1940).

In determining the amount of debt contracted in any fiscal year within the provision of subsection (2) of this section, limiting the power of a taxing unit to contract debts to two-thirds the amount by which the taxing unit's outstanding debt was decreased during the prior fiscal year, the total amount of bonds issued during the fiscal year, by the taxing unit, whether with or without the approval of its voters, should be included, except bonds issued by it to fund or refund a valid existing debt, to supply a casual deficit, to suppress riots or insurrections, or to repel invasions, and except tax anticipation notes issued in an amount not exceeding 50% of the taxes for the fiscal year. Hallyburton v. Board of Educ., 213 N.C. 9, 195 S.E. 21 (1938).

Bonds in excess of two-thirds of amount by which taxing unit decreased its outstanding debt during prior fiscal year may be issued upon approval of a majority of those voting under subsection (2) of this section. Twining v. City of Wilmington, 214 N.C. 655, 200 S.E. 416 (1939).

When a proposed bond issue is in excess of two-thirds of the amount by which the issuing county reduced its outstanding indebtedness during the prior fiscal year, the question must be submitted to a vote and the issuance must be approved by a majority of the voters who shall vote thereon, regardless of the purpose of the bonds, unless the purpose is within the specific exceptions enumerated in subsection (2) of this section. Sessions v. Columbus County, 214 N.C. 634, 200 S.E. 418 (1939).

Bonds are outstanding within the meaning of subsection (2) of this section until actually paid and canceled or delivered to the county for cancellation. Coe v. Surry County, 226 N.C. 125, 36 S.E.2d 910 (1946).

Where county bonds were payable at a certain banking institution on the first day of a county fiscal year, and before the close of the next preceding fiscal year the county made available funds for payment thereof, the bonds were outstanding at the close of the latter year within the meaning of subsection (2) of this section. Coe v. Surry County, 226 N.C. 125, 36 S.E.2d 910 (1946).

Refunding Bonds. — A municipal corporation does not contract a "debt" when under statutory authority it issues bonds to refund bonds which at the date of the issuance of the refunding bonds are valid and enforceable obligations of the corporation. Bolich v. City of Winston-Salem, 202 N.C. 786, 164 S.E. 361 (1932).

Where a proposed county bond issue was to refund a valid existing debt of the county within the meaning of subsection (2) of this section, under the exception therein provided a vote was unnecessary, nor could the means for the repayment of the bonds be adversely affected by any constitutional change. Thompson v. Harnett County, 212 N.C. 214, 193 S.E. 158 (1937).

Where, during the prior fiscal year, defendant county began refunding operations, and during that year issued its refunding bonds, but did not retire the bonds refunded until the first day of the present fiscal year, and where plaintiff contended that since both the refunding bonds and the bonds refunded were outstanding during the prior fiscal year, that there had been an increase rather than a decrease in the county's outstanding indebtedness during the prior fiscal year, it was held that the failure of the county to complete its refunding operations during the prior fiscal year was immaterial, and that the refunding bonds should not be included in determining the amount by which the county had reduced its outstanding indebtedness during the prior fiscal year within the meaning of the constitutional limitation on an increase of debt by counties and municipalities. Royal v. Sampson County, 214 N.C. 259, 199 S.E. 15 (1938).

Bonds for Streets and Sewage. — A municipality may not issue bonds for street and sewage construction or extension without a vote when, during the fiscal year, such city has issued bonds with the approval of the voters in excess of the amount by which it had reduced its outstanding indebtedness during the prior fiscal year, the purpose of subsection (2) of this section being to limit the existing power of the governing authorities to issue bonds for necessary expenses so that the net indebtedness of the taxing unit should not be increased beyond the limits prescribed in the amendment, except with the approval of its voters. Gill v. City of Charlotte, 213 N.C. 160, 195 S.E. 368 (1938).

Bonds for Municipal Power Plant. — A contract of a municipality to construct a municipal electric power plant and to issue its bonds to pay for same, with provision that principal and interest of the bonds should be paid exclusively from the profits from the plant without resort to funds raised by taxation, does not create a "debt" of the municipality within the meaning of subsection (2) of this section, which prohibits the contracting of a debt by a municipality in any fiscal year in excess of two-thirds of the amount by which its debt was decreased during the prior fiscal year. Williamson v. City of High Point, 213 N.C. 96, 195 S.E. 90 (1938). See also, McGuinn v. City of High Point, 219 N.C. 56, 13 S.E.2d 48 (1941).

In an election for the issuance of county bonds for a new school building, a necessary expense, a favorable vote of the majority of those voting is sufficient to validate the bond resolution and authorize the issuance and sale

of the proposed bonds. Mason v. Moore County Bd., of Comm'rs, 229 N.C. 626, 51 S.E.2d 6 (1948).

Local bond issue of town of Lake Lure held not to violate this section. Keeter v. Town of Lake Lure, 264 N.C. 252, 141 S.E.2d 634 (1965).

Authority to Issue Bonds Implies Authority to Levy Taxes for Payment of Bonds. — The exercise by a municipal corporation of the power to pledge its credit is an incipient step in the exercise of the power of taxation, and authority given to a municipality to issue bonds necessarily involves the power to levy taxes for the payment of interest on said bonds and the payment of said bonds at maturity. Wilson v. City of High Point, 238 N.C. 14, 76 S.E.2d 546 (1953).

This section contemplates a contracting of an obligation to be paid at some future time. Davis v. Iredell County, 9 N.C. App. 381, 176 S.E.2d 361 (1970).

It does not apply where the funds to be applied are already on hand and the proposed expenditure will impose no further liability on the municipality, nor involve the imposition of further taxation upon it. Davis v. Iredell County, 9 N.C. App. 381, 176 S.E.2d 361 (1970).

Provision from which subsection (3) of this section was derived from had no application where the funds to be applied were already on hand and the proposed expenditure would impose no further liability on the municipality. Adams v. City of Durham, 189 N.C. 232, 126 S.E. 611 (1925).

The acquisition of land from surplus funds is not beyond the power of a city and it in no way offends the provisions of this section. Davis v. Iredell County, 9 N.C. App. 381, 176 S.E.2d 361 (1970).

The acquisition of the land for a municipal airport from surplus funds was not beyond the power of the city and it in no way offended this section. Goswick v. City of Durham, 211 N.C. 687, 191 S.E. 728 (1937).

Where appropriations were made by two cities and county to airport authority out of funds not derived from ad volorem taxes, and the funds were free from other specified purpose or legal commitment, no question of credit in violation of this section was involved. Greensboro-High Point Airport Auth. v. Johnson, 226 N.C. 1, 36 S.E.2d 803 (1946).

Agreement to Contribute Nontax Revenue for Airport. — Even though an agreement between a city and a county and the federal government might be construed to obligate the city and county to spend only nontax revenue for the maintenance and operation of an airport, county and city were without authority to incur such debt without the approval of the voters. Vance County v. Royster, 271 N.C. 53, 155 S.E.2d 790 (1967).

A contract between a county and one of its municipalities to contribute funds for the construction and operation of an airport, without submitting the question to a vote, was invalid, even if the contribution of funds for the construction of the airport was made from nontax revenue, where the contract was indivisible and the pledging of future operating funds was unlimited, and, even if limited to nontax revenue, would be unconstitutional. Yokley v. Clark, 262 N.C. 218, 136 S.E.2d 564 (1964).

Where a city sells land used for recreation purposes and turns the proceeds of the sale over to its park and recreation commission, the action is not a pledging of its faith and credit. Hall v. Redd, 196 N.C. 622, 146 S.E. 583 (1929).

Vote on Distinct Debts in One Ballot Box. — An issue of municipal bonds, when approved by the voters, under the authority of a statute passed according to the constitutional requirements, is not invalid because there were several distinct debts provided and voted for in one ballot box. Smith v. Town of Belhaven, 150 N.C. 156, 63 S.E. 610 (1909).

Only a single proposition may be placed on the ballot for submission to the voters in a bond election, since the submission of dual propositions would defeat the right of the voters to express their choice. Jamison v. City of Charlotte, 239 N.C. 682, 80 S.E.2d 904 (1954).

Submission of Question of Issuance of County Bonds and City Bonds. — In a bond election in a county and a city situate therein, the submission to the voters of the question of the issuance of county bonds in a stipulated sum and city bonds in a stipulated sum for the purpose of providing funds for erecting and equipping public libraries for the city and for the county, and the imposition of a tax within the city for the payment of the city bonds and a tax in the entire county, including the city, for the payment of the county, as a single question, is the submission of but a single proposition so related and united as to form a rounded whole and does not violate this section. Jamison v. City of Charlotte, 239 N.C. 682, 80 S.E.2d 904 (1954).

Endorsement of Township Bonds by County. — Where townships are permitted to call an election for the purpose of voting upon the issuance of township bonds for the roads of the township, the proceeds to be turned over to the sole management and control of the township commissioners, with further provision that the county endorse the bonds upon being satisfied of the validity of the issuance, the endorsement by the county of the township bonds is a loan of the credit of the county, without benefit to the other townships, and contrary to this section. Commissioners of

Bladen County v. Boring, 175 N.C. 105, 95 S.E. 43 (1918).

Act Not Limiting Amount of Bonds. — An exception to the constitutionality of an act submitting the question of a bond issue to the voters cannot be sustained on the ground that it does not limit the amount of the bonds that may be issued for the purposes therein authorized. Waters v. Board of Comm'rs, 186 N.C. 719, 120 S.E. 450 (1923).

Function Assumed by Municipality Must Be Public. — A municipal corporation cannot, even with express legislative sanction, embark on any private enterprise or assume any function which is not in a legal sense public. Brown v. Board of Comm'rs, 223 N.C. 744, 28 S.E.2d 104 (1943).

A municipal corporation cannot, even with express legislative sanction, engage in any private enterprise or assume any function which is not in a legal sense public in nature, the word "private" as used in opinions discussing the powers of a municipality being used to designate proprietary, as distinguished from governmental, functions. Keeter v. Town of Lake Lure, 264 N.C. 252, 141 S.E.2d 634 (1965).

Expansion of City's Power Lines with Surplus Profits. — Where an incorporated city under authority of statute furnishes through its own transmission lines electricity for its citizens for hire within a circumscribed territory adjoining its limits, and the expenses incident thereto are paid out of its surplus profits, the proposition is not one that requires the approval of the voters. Holmes v. City of Fayetteville, 197 N.C. 740, 150 S.E. 624 (1929), appeal dismissed, 281 U.S. 700, 50 S. Ct. 353, 74 L. Ed. 1126 (1930).

No Right Vested by Former Construction. — A public service corporation, which was granted a franchise and entered into a contract with a city when, under Art. VII, § 6, Const. 1868, as then construed, the city was without power to construct competing works, but which constitutional provision was subsequently construed to grant such power, had no standing, after its franchise and contract had expired by limitation, to invoke the rule that one acquiring rights under one construction of a state law may not be deprived of them by a subsequent different construction. Hill v. Elizabeth City, 298 F. 67 (4th Cir. 1924).

Provisions of former § 131-138 et seq., authorizing local governmental units to enter into lease agreements with the Medical Care Commission (now Department of Human Resources) and making obligations of any such governmental unit under a lease agreement payable not only from revenues derived from the leased facility but also from revenues derived from other hospital facilities owned by the lessee and related to the leased facility, were unconstitutional in that they authorized local government units to contract a debt without a vote of the people in excess of the amount specified in this section. Foster v. North Carolina Medical Care Comm'n, 283 N.C. 110, 195 S.E.2d 517 (1973).

Sec. 5. Acts levying taxes to state objects.

Every act of the General Assembly levying a tax shall state the special object to which it is to be applied, and it shall be applied to no other purpose. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

History. — This section is identical to Article V, § 8 of the Constitution of 1868. In 1873, Article V of the Constitution was amended and section 8 became section 7.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on taxation and revenue bonds to finance low-income housing, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 830 (1971).

For survey of 1980 constitutional law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1116 (1981).

For note on the rejection of the "public purpose" requirement for state tax exemption, see 17 Wake Forest L. Rev. 293 (1981).

CASE NOTES

Statute Authorizing County to Impose Tax. — Where a statute authorizes a county to impose a tax for necessary expenses, it is a delegation of the power to be exercised by the county as an agency for the State for the convenience of local administration, and the statute is not void in failing to state the special object to which it is to be applied, nor is the tax itself invalid if this constitutional requirement has been observed by the county authority in the imposition of the special tax. Norfolk S.R.R. v. Reid, 187 N.C. 320, 121 S.E. 534 (1924), decided under former Art. V, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1873.

Section Does Not Apply to Levy by Counties, Cities or Towns for General Purposes. — The provisions of this section do not extend to taxes levied by counties or incorporated cities or towns for general municipal purposes. Cabe v. Board of Aldermen, 185 N.C. 158, 116

S.E. 419 (1923), decided under former Art. V, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1873.

This section has no application to taxes levied by the county authorities for county purposes. Parker v. Board of Comm'rs, 104 N.C. 166, 10 S.E. 137 (1889), decided under former Art. V, § 7, Const. 1868 as amended in 1873.

Subsequent Act Changing Purpose of Levy First Authorized to Pay County Bonds. — Where an act authorized the levy and collection of a special tax for the payment of certain county bonds, and a later act directed that the special tax collected under the first act should be turned into the general county fund, the first act was in conflict with this section, which provides that every act of the General Assembly levying a tax shall state the special object to which it is to be applied. McCless v. Meekins, 117 N.C. 34, 23 S.E. 99 (1895), decided under former Art. V, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1873.

A law authorizing a bond issue for various purposes which does not declare what proportion of the proceeds of the bonds shall be applied to each specific purpose is not void. Such matter may properly rest within the sound discretion of the municipal authorities. Coggins v. City of Asheville, 278 N.C. 428, 180 S.E.2d 149 (1971).

Discretion of Municipal Corporation in Use of Bond Money. — With respect to the use of bond money, the court will not interfere with the exercise of discretionary powers of a municipal corporation unless its actions are so unreasonable and arbitrary as to amount to an abuse of discretion. Coggins v. City of Asheville, 278 N.C. 428, 180 S.E.2d 149 (1971).

Transfer of Funds from Bond Issue from One Project to Another. — While a municipality has a limited authority, under certain conditions, to transfer or allocate funds from one project to another included within the general purpose for which bonds are authorized, the transfer must be to a project included in the general purpose as stated in the bond resolution, and the funds may be diverted to the proposed purposes only in the event that the municipality finds in good faith that conditions have so changed since the bonds were authorized that proceeds therefrom are no longer needed for the original purpose. Coggins v. City of Asheville, 278 N.C. 428, 180 S.E.2d 149 (1971).

Immaterial or Temporary Changes in Use of Bond Proceeds. — While the law will not justify the use of the proceeds of a State or municipal bond issue for purposes other than those specified in the act authorizing the issue, it does not follow that immaterial or temporary changes consistent with the general purpose of the legislative act should be interpreted as unlawful diversions of public funds. Coggins v. City of Asheville, 278 N.C. 428, 180 S.E.2d 149 (1971).

As to Changes Necessary to Accomplish General Purpose of bond money, see Coggins v. City of Asheville, 278 N.C. 428, 180 S.E.2d 149 (1971).

Elective Abortions. — State funding of elective abortions does not violate this section of the Constitution. Stam v. State, 302 N.C. 357, 275 S.E.2d 439 (1981).

Section 113-156.1 does not violate this section, which provides that every act of the General Assembly levying a tax shall state the special object to which it is to be applied and that it shall be applied to no other purpose, as it is part of Subchapter IV of Chapter 113, the special purpose of which is the conservation of marine and estuarine and wildlife resources, and it is evident that the license tax is levied and applied for this purpose. State v. Rippy, 80 N.C. App. 232, 341 S.E.2d 98 (1986).

Applied in In re Denial of Approval to Issue Hous. Bonds, 307 N.C. 52, 296 S.E.2d 281 (1982).

Cited in In re Arcadia Dairy Farms, Inc., 43 N.C. App. 459, 259 S.E.2d 368 (1979).

Sec. 6. Inviolability of sinking funds and retirement funds.

(1) *Sinking funds.* The General Assembly shall not use or authorize to be used any part of the amount of any sinking fund for any purpose other than the retirement of the bonds for which the sinking fund has been created, except that these funds may be invested as authorized by law.

(2) *Retirement funds.* Neither the General Assembly nor any public officer, employee, or agency shall use or authorize to be used any part of the funds of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for any purpose other than retirement system benefits and purposes, administrative expenses, and refunds; except that retirement system funds may be invested as authorized by law, subject to the investment limitation that the funds of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement

System shall not be applied, diverted, loaned to, or used by the State, any State agency, State officer, public officer, or public employee. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 30, Const. 1868, as adopted in 1924, and the provisions of subsection (2) are similar to those of Art. II, § 31, Const. 1868, as adopted in 1950.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on taxation and revenue bonds to finance low-income housing, see 49 N.C.L. Rev. 830 (1971).

CASE NOTES

Sum Erroneously Placed in Sinking Fund. — While sinking funds provided for the retirement of municipal bonds may not be diverted from that purpose to other municipal requirements by a city, a sum erroneously placed on the books of the city in a sinking fund by a clerk without authorization, which sum was actually derived from profits from the municipal electric plant, does not fall within the constitutional or statutory inhibitions, and the city may by ordinance correct the error of the clerk and use the funds for other lawful municipal purposes. Mewborn v. City of Kinston, 199 N.C. 72, 154 S.E. 76 (1930), decided under former Art. II, § 30, Const. 1868.

Expenditure of Surplus Unencumbered Funds. — Although the General Assembly cannot authorize a diversion of a county's sinking funds which are necessary to pay outstanding sinking fund bonds, it can direct the expenditure of surplus unencumbered sinking funds, provided the expenditure is for a public purpose. Johnson v. Marrow, 228 N.C. 58, 44 S.E.2d 468 (1947), decided under former Art. II, § 30, Const. 1868.

Sec. 7. Drawing public money.

(1) *State treasury.* No money shall be drawn from the State treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law, and an accurate account of the receipts and expenditures of State funds shall be published annually.

(2) *Local treasury.* No money shall be drawn from the treasury of any county, city or town, or other unit of local government except by authority of law. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. XIV, § 3, Const. 1868. The provisions of subsection (2) are similar to those of Art. VII, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XIV, § 3, Const. 1868.*

Legislative Authority Required. — Subsection (1) of this section means that there must be legislative authority in order for money to be validly drawn from the treasury. In other words, the legislative power is supreme over the public purse. White v. Hill, 125 N.C. 194, 34 S.E. 432 (1899), citing Garner v. Worth, 122 N.C. 250, 29 S.E. 364 (1898).

Moneys paid into the hands of the State Treasurer by virtue of a State law become public funds for which the Treasurer is responsible, and may be disbursed only in accordance with legislative authority. Gardner v. Board of Trustees, 226 N.C. 465, 38 S.E.2d 314 (1946); State v. Davis, 270 N.C. 1, 153 S.E.2d 749, cert. denied, 389 U.S. 828, 88 S. Ct. 87, 19 L. Ed. 2d 84 (1967).

Subsection (1) of this section states in language which no man can misunderstand that the legislative power is supreme over the public purse. State v. Davis, 270 N.C. 1, 153 S.E.2d 749, cert. denied, 389 U.S. 828, 88 S. Ct. 87, 19 L. Ed. 2d 84 (1967).

Subsection (1) as Bar to Judicial Action. — Subsection (1) of this section effectually bars any judicial action to enforce collection of liabilities against the State, and the courts cannot direct the State Treasurer to pay such claims, however just and unquestioned, when there is no legislative appropriation to pay the same. Garner v. Worth, 122 N.C. 250, 29 S.E. 364 (1898).

When Mandamus Will Lie. — It is only when the legislative department has appropriated a certain fund to the payment of a liability incurred or to be incurred and the Auditor or Treasurer refuses to obey the legislative man-

date that the court can issue its mandamus to compel him to do so. Garner v. Worth, 122 N.C. 250, 29 S.E. 364 (1898).

An order to make retroactive payments under the federal aid to dependent families program looks directly to the payment of public funds out of the State treasury in violation of this section. Dawkins v. Craig, 483 F.2d 1191 (4th Cir. 1973), cert. denied, 415 U.S. 938, 94 S. Ct. 1454, 39 L. Ed. 2d 495 (1974).

The State Treasurer may refuse to pay a warrant of the Auditor if it appears that the law under which it is issued is unconstitutional or the claim is not within the terms of the statute under which it is brought. Martin v. Clark, 135 N.C. 178, 47 S.E. 397 (1904).

Receipt of Funds by General Assembly from State or Agencies. — The validity of any statute which provides that funds accruing to the State or any of its agencies "shall be received by the General Assembly" is questioned. Although the Constitution gives the General Assembly broad power to raise revenue and make appropriations, nothing in the Constitution authorizes the legislative branch actually to receive funds. In re Powers, 295 S.E.2d 589 (N.C. 1982).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

As to the expenditure of public funds for public recreational facilities, see opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Francis M. Coiner, Hendersonville City Attorney, 40 N.C.A.G. 494 (1969), under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868.

Sec. 8. Health care facilities.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly may enact general laws to authorize the State, counties, cities or towns, and other State and local governmental entities to issue revenue bonds to finance or refinance for any such governmental entity or any nonprofit private corporation, regardless of any church or religious relationship, the cost of acquiring, constructing, and financing health care facility projects to be operated to serve and benefit the public; provided, no cost incurred earlier than two years prior to the effective date of this section shall be refinanced. Such bonds shall be payable from the revenues, gross or net, of any such projects and any other health care facilities of any such governmental entity or nonprofit private corporation pledged therefor; shall not be secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit, or deemed to create an indebtedness requiring voter approval of any governmental entity; and may be secured by an agreement which may provide for the conveyance of title of, with or without consideration, any such project or facilities to the governmental entity or nonprofit private corporation. The power of eminent domain shall not be used pursuant hereto for nonprofit private corporations. (1975, c. 641, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held March 23, 1976.

Session Laws 1975, c. 641, s. 4, provided:

"Sec. 4. This act shall be deemed to provide an alternative method for the doing of the things authorized hereby, shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing, and this act shall not be construed as a limitation or restriction on the power of the General Assembly to enact laws authorizing governmental entities to issue revenue bonds for health care purposes."

Defeated Amendment Proposal. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws, 1973, c. 1222, and defeated at the general election held on Nov. 5, 1974, would have added a new § 8 to this Article, relating to bond issues to finance capital projects for industry.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Removing Local Elected Officials From Office in North Carolina," see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 547 (1980).

Sec. 9. Capital projects for industry.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, the General Assembly may enact general laws to authorize counties to create authorities to

issue revenue bonds to finance, but not to refinance, the cost of capital projects consisting of industrial, manufacturing and pollution control facilities for industry and pollution control facilities for public utilities, and to refund such bonds.

In no event shall such revenue bonds be secured by or payable from any public moneys whatsoever, but such revenue bonds shall be secured by and payable only from revenues or property derived from private parties. All such capital projects and all transactions therefor shall be subject to taxation to the extent such projects and transactions would be subject to taxation if no public body were involved therewith; provided, however, that the General Assembly may provide that the interest on such revenue bonds shall be exempt from income taxes within the State.

The power of eminent domain shall not be exercised to provide any property for any such capital project. (1975, c. 826, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held March 23, 1976.

Sec. 10. Joint ownership of generation and transmission facilities.

In addition to other powers conferred upon them by law, municipalities owning or operating facilities for the generation, transmission or distribution of electric power and energy and joint agencies formed by such municipalities for the purpose of owning or operating facilities for the generation and transmission of electric power and energy (each, respectively, "a unit of municipal government") may jointly or severally own, operate and maintain works, plants and facilities, within or without the State, for the generation and transmission of electric power and energy, or both, with any person, firm, association or corporation, public or private, engaged in the generation, transmission or distribution of electric power and energy for resale (each, respectively, "a co-owner") within this State or any state contiguous to this State, and may enter into and carry out agreements with respect to such jointly owned facilities. For the purpose of financing its share of the cost of any such jointly owned electric generation or transmission facilities, a unit of municipal government may issue its revenue bonds in the manner prescribed by the General Assembly, payable as to both principal and interest solely from and secured by a lien and charge on all or any part of the revenue derived, or to be derived, by such unit of municipal government from the ownership and operation of its electric facilities; provided, however, that no unit of municipal government shall be liable, either jointly or severally, for any acts, omissions or obligations of any co-owner, nor shall any money or property of any unit of municipal government be credited or otherwise applied to the account of any co-owner or be charged with any debt, lien or mortgage as a result of any debt or obligation of any co-owner. (1977, c. 528, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 8, 1977.

CASE NOTES

Cited in State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Carolina Util. Customers Ass'n, 314 N.C. 171, 333 S.E.2d 259 (1985); State ex rel. Utils. Comm'n v. Eddleman, 320 N.C. 344, 358 S.E.2d 339 (1987).

Sec. 11. Capital projects for agriculture.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Constitution the General Assembly may enact general laws to authorize the creation of an agency to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of capital projects consisting of agricultural facilities, and to refund such bonds.

In no event shall such revenue bonds be secured by or payable from any public moneys whatsoever, but such revenue bonds shall be secured by and payable only from revenues or property derived from private parties. All such capital projects and all transactions therefor shall be subject to taxation to the extent such projects and transactions would be subject to taxation if no public body were involved therewith; provided, however, that the General Assembly may provide that the interest on such revenue bonds shall be exempt from income taxes within the State.

The power of eminent domain shall not be exercised to provide any property for any such capital project. (1983, c. 765, s. 1.)

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held May 8, 1984.

Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 814, s. 1 and c. 933, s. 1 both added new sections to N.C. Const., Art. V. These amendments were adopted by vote of the people at the election held Nov. 4, 1986, and have been designated N.C. Const., Art. V, §§ 12 and 13 at the direction of the Revisor of Statutes.

Defeated Amendment Proposals. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 808, s. 1, as amended by Session Laws 1981, c. 987, s. 1, and defeated at the election held June 29, 1982, would have added a new § 11 to this Article, relating to seaport and airport facilities.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981, c. 887, s. 1, and defeated at the election held June 29, 1982, would have added a new § 11 to this Article, relating to higher education facilities.

An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1981 (Reg. Sess. 1982), c. 1247, s. 1, and defeated at the election held in 1982 would have added a new § 11 to this Article, relating to the definition of territorial areas in or near the central business district of a city or town and the borrowing of money to finance development projects therein.

Sec. 12. Higher education facilities.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Constitution, the General Assembly may enact general laws to authorize the State or any State entity to issue revenue bonds to finance and refinance the cost of acquiring, constructing, and financing higher education facilities to be operated to serve and benefit the public for any nonprofit private corporation, regardless of any church or religious relationship provided no cost incurred earlier than five years prior to the effective date of this section shall be refinanced. Such bonds shall be payable from any revenues or assets of any such nonprofit private corporation pledged therefor, shall not be secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State or such State entity or deemed to create an indebtedness requiring voter approval of the State or such entity, and, where the title to such facilities is vested in the State or any State entity, may be secured by an agreement which may provide for the conveyance of title to, with or without consideration, such facilities to the nonprofit private corporation. The power of eminent domain shall not be used pursuant hereto. (1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 814.)

Cross References. — For the Higher Educational Facilities Finance Act, see § 115E-1 et seq.

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held Nov. 4, 1986, and became effective November 25, 1986.

Sec. 13. Seaport and airport facilities.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, the General Assembly may enact general laws to grant to the State, counties, municipalities, and other State and local governmental entities all powers useful in connection with the development of new and existing seaports and airports, and to authorize such public bodies:

(a) To acquire, construct, own, own jointly with public and private parties, lease as lessee, mortgage, sell, lease as lessor, or otherwise dispose of lands and facilities and improvements, including undivided interests therein;

(b) To finance and refinance for public and private parties seaport and airport facilities and improvements which relate to, develop or further waterborne or airborne commerce and cargo and passenger traffic, including commercial, industrial, manufacturing, processing, mining, transportation, distribution, storage, marine, aviation and environmental facilities and improvements; and

(c) To secure any such financing or refinancing by all or any portion of their revenues, income or assets or other available monies associated with any of their seaport or airport facilities and with the facilities and improvements to be financed or refinanced, and by foreclosable liens on all or any part of their properties associated with any of their seaport or airport facilities and with the facilities and improvements to be financed or refinanced, but in no event to create a debt secured by a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or any other public body in the State. (1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 933, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to specific powers of municipalities, see § 63-53. For the North Carolina Global TransPark Authority Act, see § 63A-1 et seq.

Editor's Note. — This section was added by constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the election held Nov. 4, 1986, and became effective November 25, 1986.

As enacted and adopted, this section contained the designation "(1)," but no designation "(2)."

Sec. 14. Not in effect.

Defeated Amendment Proposal. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1993, c. 497, s. 1, and defeated at the election held November 2, 1993, would have added a new § 14 relating to the authority of any county, city or town to borrow money, without the need of voter approval, and issue financing bonds to be used to finance public activities associated with private economic development projects.

ARTICLE VI

SUFFRAGE AND ELIGIBILITY TO OFFICE

Section 1. Who may vote.

Every person born in the United States and every person who has been naturalized, 18 years of age, and possessing the qualifications set out in this Article, shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people of the State, except as herein otherwise provided. (1971, c. 201, s. 1; c. 1141, s. 1.)

Cross References. — As to voter qualifications, see N.C. Const., Art. VI, § 2. For statutory provisions as to qualifications of voters, see § 163-54 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VI, § 1, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1900 and as amended in 1946.

CASE NOTES

As to history of this Article, see Lassiter v. Northampton County Bd. of Elections, 248 N.C. 102, 102 S.E.2d 853 (1958), aff'd, 360 U.S. 45, 79 S. Ct. 985, 3 L. Ed. 2d 1072 (1959).

Eligibility of 18 Year Olds to Vote. — Eighteen-year olds are now sui juris, and if they possess the qualifications prescribed by law for all voters, are eligible to vote. Hall v. Wake County Bd. of Elections, 280 N.C. 600, 187 S.E.2d 52 (1972).

Sec. 2. Qualifications of voter.

(1) *Residence period for State elections.* Any person who has resided in the State of North Carolina for one year and in the precinct, ward, or other election district for 30 days next preceding an election, and possesses the other qualifications set out in this Article, shall be entitled to vote at any election held in this State. Removal from one precinct, ward, or other election district to another in this State shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in the precinct, ward, or other election district from which that person has removed until 30 days after the removal.

(2) *Residence period for presidential elections.* The General Assembly may reduce the time of residence for persons voting in presidential elections. A person made eligible by reason of a reduction in time of residence shall possess the other qualifications set out in this Article, shall only be entitled to vote for President and Vice President of the United States or for electors for President and Vice President, and shall not thereby become eligible to hold office in this State.

(3) *Disqualification of felon.* No person adjudged guilty of a felony against this State or the United States, or adjudged guilty of a felony in another state that also would be a felony if it had been committed in this State, shall be permitted to vote unless that person shall be first restored to the rights of citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VI, § 2, Const. 1868, as added in 1900 and amended in 1920, 1954 and 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment, "State Durational Residence Requirements as a Violation of the Equal Protection Clause," see 3 N.C. Cent. L.J. 233 (1972).

For survey of 1972 case law on student suffrage, see 51 N.C.L. Rev. 1060 (1973).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. VI, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended.*

One-Year Residency Requirement Invalid As Applied to Local Elections. — The one-year durational residency requirement, as it relates to the right to vote in local elections, is unconstitutional and invalid, as violative of the equal protection clause of the U.S. Const., Amend. XIV. Andrews v. Cody, 327 F. Supp. 793 (M.D.N.C. 1971), aff'd, 405 U.S. 1034, 92 S. Ct. 1306, 31 L. Ed. 2d 576 (1972).

Denial of right to vote to convicted felon is not cruel and unusual punishment. Fincher v. Scott, 352 F. Supp. 117 (M.D.N.C. 1972), aff'd, 411 U.S. 961, 93 S. Ct. 2151, 36 L. Ed. 2d 681 (1973).

U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, § 2, Expressly Allows Exclusion of Felons. — A State may constitutionally continue the "historic exclusion" of felons from the franchise without regard to whether such exclusion can pass muster under the equal protection clause, because U.S. Const., Amend. XIV, § 2, expressly allows the exclusion of felons from the franchise without reduction of representation. Fincher v. Scott, 352 F. Supp. 117 (M.D.N.C. 1972), aff'd, 411 U.S. 961, 93 S. Ct. 2151, 36 L. Ed. 2d 681 (1973).

Provisions in State statutes and constitu-

tions which deny convicted felons the right to vote and hold office do not violate the various rights guaranteed by the Constitution of the United States. Wilson v. Goodwyn, 522 F. Supp. 1214 (E.D.N.C. 1981).

"Residence" Defined. — Residence, as used in this section, is synonymous with domicile, denoting a permanent dwelling place to which the party, when absent, intends to return. State ex rel. Hannon v. Grizzard, 89 N.C. 115 (1883); State ex rel. Owens v. Chaplin, 228 N.C. 705, 47 S.E.2d 12, petition for rehearing denied, 229 N.C. 797, 48 S.E.2d 37 (1948); Baker v. Varser, 240 N.C. 260, 82 S.E.2d 90 (1954).

"Residence," within the purview of this provision, is synonymous with domicile, and as used in the North Carolina Constitution of 1970 continues to mean domicile. Hall v. Wake County Bd. of Elections, 280 N.C. 600, 187 S.E.2d 52 (1972).

Duration of Residence. — A person, in order to become a qualified elector in this State, must have come into the State a year before the election, or have been domiciled within it for 12 months after forming the purpose to remain, and the same intent must be concurrent with the actual occupation of a domicile in the county in order to entitle him to the rights of an elector within its limits. People ex rel. Boyer v. Teague, 106 N.C. 576, 11 S.E. 665 (1890).

Residence Must Be of Permanent Character. — In order to acquire a residence for the purpose of exercising the right to vote in a given locality, the "residence" must be of a permanent and not of a temporary character, corresponding with the word domicile. State ex rel. Gower v. Carter, 195 N.C. 697, 143 S.E. 513 (1928).

General Assembly Cannot Increase Length of Residence Requirement. — The General Assembly cannot in any way change the qualifications of voters in State, county, township, city or town elections; thus, an act which requires a longer residence in the county than this section requires is unconstitutional. People ex rel. Van Bokkelen v. Canaday, 73 N.C. 198 (1875).

Qualifications for Municipal Election. — The qualifications of voters in a municipal election are the same as in a general one. State ex rel. Gower v. Carter, 194 N.C. 293, 139 S.E. 604 (1927).

Cities and towns, like counties and townships, are parts and parcels of the State, organized for the convenience of local self-government; and the qualifications of voters are the same. People ex rel. Van Bokkelen v. Canaday, 73 N.C. 198 (1875).

Limitations on Voting Imposed by Municipality. — A provision in the charter of a municipality limiting the right of suffrage in municipal elections to owners of real property within the town is unconstitutional. Smith v. Town of Carolina Beach, 206 N.C. 834, 175 S.E. 313 (1934).

A provision in a town charter permitting nonresident freeholders to vote in all municipal elections is void because in conflict with this section. However, an election held under this provision is not void if it is shown that no persons not qualified under the Constitution actually participated in the election. Wrenn v. Town of Kure Beach, 235 N.C. 292, 69 S.E.2d 492 (1952).

This constitutional provision applies primarily to an incoming person, who is not permitted to exercise political rights until after he has been in the State and the voting precinct for the prescribed periods. State ex rel. Owens v. Chaplin, 228 N.C. 705, 47 S.E.2d 12, petition for rehearing denied, 229 N.C. 797, 48 S.E.2d 37 (1948).

And Not to a Citizen of this State Who Is Temporarily Absent. — This constitutional provision is not designed to disfranchise a citizen of the State when he leaves his home and goes into another state or into another county of this State for temporary purposes with the intention of retaining his home and of returning to it when the objects which call him away are attained. State ex rel. Owens v. Chaplin, 228 N.C. 705, 47 S.E.2d 12, petition for rehearing denied, 229 N.C. 797, 48 S.E.2d 37 (1948).

Where a voter was in the service of the federal government at Washington, D.C., but continued to pay poll tax and vote in Halifax County, and spent a part of each year at his home in Halifax, his constitutional residence remained unchanged in Halifax. Baker v. Varser, 240 N.C. 260, 82 S.E.2d 90 (1954).

Protracted Residence Abroad. — A protracted residence abroad of one engaged in business and with no home in this State is not consistent with the idea of residence here. State ex rel. Hannon v. Grizzard, 89 N.C. 115 (1883).

Residence Near Precinct Line. — When a voter resides on or so near the precinct line, or where the line is so uncertain, that it is doubtful in which precinct the voter lives, and the voter, honestly and in good faith, bona fide registers and votes in the precinct he, in good faith, alleges and believes he lives in, and has good reason to believe he is correct, and registers and votes in no other precinct, such vote is legal. People ex rel. Boyer v. Teague, 106 N.C. 576, 11 S.E. 665 (1890).

Failure to Administer Oath to Electors. — The mere failure of the registrars (now chief judges) to administer the oath to the electors, and allowing them to vote where not challenged, will not affect the result of the election held for the establishment of a special road district under valid legislative authority, when the electors so voting are qualified. Woodall v. Western Wake Hwy. Comm'n, 176 N.C. 377, 97 S.E. 226 (1918).

Vote by Convicted Criminal. — In a contested election case, conviction of an offense under a local law prescribing punishment in the State's prison renders void the vote of the one so convicted, whether the indictment charged or failed to charge that the alleged offense was "feloniously" committed. State ex rel. Robertson v. Jackson, 183 N.C. 695, 110 S.E. 593 (1922).

Vote of Escaped Prisoner. — If a person in jail for a misdemeanor (not infamous), and sentenced to imprisonment, escapes, and before he is recaptured his term or sentence expires, and he votes in his own precinct, in which he resided before he was sentenced, such vote is valid if the voter is otherwise qualified; but if the voter is a fugitive from justice, and is in hiding from one part of the county to another, and voted in the precinct he happened to be in, and not in the precinct of his residence when sentenced, such vote is illegal. People ex rel. Boyer v. Teague, 106 N.C. 576, 11 S.E. 665 (1890).

Stated in United States v. McLean, 904 F.2d 216 (4th Cir. 1990).

Cited in Farnsworth v. Jones, 114 N.C. App. 182, 441 S.E.2d 597 (1994).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Nolo Contendere Plea Brings No Forfeiture of Rights. — At least under the wording of N.C. Const., Art. VI, § 2, a plea of nolo contendere or "no contest" to a felony charge would not result in the forfeiture of any rights of citizenship, including the right to vote. See opinion of Attorney General to Ms. Bessie J. Cherry, Clerk of Court, Washington, North Carolina, 49 N.C.A.G. 134 (1980).

Sec. 3. Registration.

Every person offering to vote shall be at the time legally registered as a voter as herein prescribed and in the manner provided by law. The General Assembly shall enact general laws governing the registration of voters.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VI, § 3, Const. 1868, as the article was rewritten in 1900.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— The cases cited below were decided under former Art. VI, §§ 3 and 4, Const. 1868, as amended.*

Registration is essential to the exercise by a citizen, possessed of the of the other legal qualifications, of his right to vote, and when duly made, is prima facie evidence of the right. State ex rel. Hampton v. Waldrop, 104 N.C. 453, 10 S.E. 694 (1889).

And Entitles Elector to Vote. — The registration of an elector who is qualified to vote must be accepted as the act of a public officer, and entitles the elector to cast his vote. State ex rel. DeBerry v. Nicholson, 102 N.C. 465, 9 S.E. 545 (1889).

Literacy Requirement. — The provisions of a former § 163-28 which provided that a person presenting himself for registration had to, before he was registered, prove to the satisfaction of the registrar (now chief judge) his ability to read and write any section of the Constitution, was held valid, since authority was granted to the legislature by this section to enact general legislation to carry out the provisions of this Article. Allison v. Sharp, 209 N.C. 477, 184 S.E. 27 (1936). See also, N.C. Const., Art. VI, § 4, and notes thereunder.

Where the registration book of an election precinct was lost, and could not be replaced, but the registrar (now chief judge) procured a new book, in which he entered the names of such persons as he knew had theretofore been registered, and also the names of those who applied for registration subsequently, and it appeared that at the election following, no one voted whose name did not appear on the registration book, no one voted who was not entitled to vote, and no one who was entitled to vote was excluded, the election was valid. State ex rel. Hampton v. Waldrop, 104 N.C. 453, 10 S.E. 694 (1889).

An act authorizing a bond issue by a county was not objectionable as violating this section upon the ground that it empowered the county commissioners to order a new registration. Cox v. Commissioners of Pitt County, 146 N.C. 584, 60 S.E. 516 (1908).

Sec. 4. Qualification for registration.

Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the first sentence of Art. VI, § 4, Const. 1868, as added in 1900 and amended in 1920.

Defeated Amendment Proposal. — Session Laws 1969, c. 1004, s. 1, proposed to strike from this Article all of § 4, and to renumber §§ 5 through 10 as §§ 4 through 9. The amendment failed of adoption at the general election held Nov. 3, 1970.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — The cases cited below were decided under former Art. VI, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended.

The language of this section is mandatory. Allison v. Sharp, 209 N.C. 477, 184 S.E. 27 (1936).

Validity of Literacy Requirement. — Use of the literacy test as a prerequisite to registering to vote has the effect of denying or abridging the right to vote on account of race or color where it places an onerous burden on the black citizens for whom a county has maintained separate and inferior schools. Gaston County v. United States, 395 U.S. 285, 89 S. Ct. 1720, 23 L. Ed. 2d 309 (1969).

The provision of a former § 163-28 which required all persons applying for registration to be able to read and write any section of the Constitution as an educational qualification to the right to vote was held authorized by this Article, and, since it applied alike to all persons who presented themselves for registration to vote, it made no discrimination based on race, creed or color, and therefore did not conflict with U.S. Const., Amends. XIV, XV, or XVII. Lassiter v. Northampton County Bd. of Elections, 248 N.C. 102, 102 S.E.2d 853 (1958), aff'd, 360 U.S. 45, 79 S. Ct. 985, 3 L. Ed. 2d 1072 (1959).

Former § 163-28, requiring the registrar (now chief judge) to determine whether or not an individual was able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language, was a reasonable provision, as the registrar (now chief judge) was the logical person to carry out the provisions of the Constitution. Allison v. Sharp, 209 N.C. 477, 184 S.E. 27 (1936).

Sec. 5. Elections by people and General Assembly.

All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce. A contested election for any office established by Article III of this Constitution shall be determined by joint ballot of both houses of the General Assembly in the manner prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of the first sentence of this section are similar to those of Art. II, § 9, Const. 1868, and Art. VI, § 6, Const. 1868, as Art. VI was rewritten in 1900. The provisions of the second sentence of this section are similar to those of the second sentence of Art. III, § 3, Const. 1868, as amended in 1926.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — The cases cited below were decided under former Art. II, § 9, and former Art. VI, § 6, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900.

Secrecy of Ballot. — The provisions of this section imply that in elections by the people the ballot shall be a secret one. Withers v. Board of County Comm'rs, 196 N.C. 535, 146 S.E. 225 (1929).

It is not necessary to show undue influence or intimidation for the courts to declare an election void when the voters have been deprived of their right to a secret ballot. Withers v. Board of County Comm'rs, 196 N.C. 535, 146 S.E. 225 (1929).

A voter at an election does not waive his constitutional right to a secret ballot by not protesting, unless he has been made aware of his rights under the facts and circumstances of the balloting. Withers v. Board of County Comm'rs, 196 N.C. 535, 146 S.E. 225 (1929).

How Elector May Deposit Ballot. — The provisions of this section give the elector the choice to deposit his own ballot secretly, or to declare his choice openly when depositing it, or

to have the registrar (now chief judge) or one of the judges of election, deposit it for him. Jenkins v. State Bd. of Elections, 180 N.C. 169, 104 S.E. 346 (1920).

Presumption of Regularity of Legislative Election. — Where a certificate shows that there was a legislative election of an officer, nothing else appearing, the law presumes a quorum and that the election was regular. State ex rel. Cherry v. Burns, 124 N.C. 761, 33 S.E. 136 (1899).

Sec. 6. Eligibility to elective office.

Every qualified voter in North Carolina who is 21 years of age, except as in this Constitution disqualified, shall be eligible for election by the people to office. (1971, c. 201, s. 1; c. 1141, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the first clause of Art. VI, § 7, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1900.

Legal Periodicals. — For note, "Baker v. Martin and the Constitutionality of Partisan Qualifications for Appointment to District Courts," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1916 (1992).

CASE NOTES

Legislature Cannot Increase Qualifications. — The legislature cannot add to the constitutional disqualifications to hold office by requiring candidates for the position of recorder in a municipal court to be licensed attorneys at law. State ex rel. Spruill v. Bateman, 162 N.C. 588, 77 S.E. 768 (1913), decided under former Art. VI, § 7, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900.

The words "by the people" make it clear the section refers to the process of election. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Section Refers to Election to Office. — The history of this section supports the conclusion that it is meant to refer to an "election to office" situation rather than to appointment to an "elective office." Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Women as Public Officers. — A woman is qualified to act as a notary public since the adoption of U.S. Const., Amend. XIX, and also to pass upon the proper probate of a deed to lands and make a valid certificate for its registration, when thereto deputized by the clerk of the superior court. Preston v. Roberts, 183 N.C. 62, 110 S.E. 586 (1922), decided under former Art. VI, § 7, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900; for the former rule, see State ex rel. Attorney-General v. Knight, 169 N.C. 333, 85 S.E. 418 (1915).

Subsection (a) of this section imposes an unconstitutional additional qualification for election to office, contrary to the provisions of this section. Moore v. Knightdale Bd. of Elections, 331 N.C. 1, 413 S.E.2d 541 (1992).

Preference May Be Given to Political Party of Vacating Judge. — Section 7A-142, which provides that candidates for a vacancy in the office of a district judge shall be members of the same political party as the vacating judge, does not violate the Constitution of North Carolina. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Qualifications are for "elective office"; thus, a sheriff's deputy need not reside in the county in which he serves. See opinion of Attorney General to Sheriff John H. Stockard, 41 N.C.A.G. 754 (1972).

Sec. 7. Oath.

Before entering upon the duties of an office, a person elected or appointed to the office shall take and subscribe the following oath:

"I, _____, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and maintain the Constitution and laws of the United States, and the Constitution and laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as _____, so help me God."

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VI, § 7, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1900.

Sec. 8. Disqualifications for office.

The following persons shall be disqualified for office:

First, any person who shall deny the being of Almighty God.

Second, with respect to any office that is filled by election by the people, any person who is not qualified to vote in an election for that office.

Third, any person who has been adjudged guilty of treason or any other felony against this State or the United States, or any person who has been adjudged guilty of a felony in another state that also would be a felony if it had been committed in this State, or any person who has been adjudged guilty of corruption or malpractice in any office, or any person who has been removed by impeachment from any office, and who has not been restored to the rights of citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VI, § 8, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1900.

Legal Periodicals. — For essay, "Something There Is That Doesn't Love a Wall: Reflections on the History of North Carolina's Religious Test for Public Office," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1071 (1986).

CASE NOTES

"Adjudged" Defined. — The word "adjudged" means "to decide or rule upon as a judge or with judicial or quasi-judicial powers." In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

"Guilty" Defined. — The word "guilty" connotes evil, intentional wrongdoing and refers to conscious and culpable acts; it does not necessarily mean or require criminal conviction or the finding of a jury. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

The definitions of "adjudged" and "guilty" are broad enough to encompass an adjudication by the Supreme Court, pursuant to the provisions of § 7A-376, that a judge is guilty of willful misconduct in office. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Criminal Conviction Unnecessary for Disqualification. — Substitution in this section of the term "adjudged guilty" for the term "convicted" permits the General Assembly to prescribe proceedings in addition to criminal trials in which an adjudication of guilt will result in disqualification from office. Pursuant to that authorization, the legislature enacted § 7A-376, barring a judge from future judicial office when he has been removed by this court for willful misconduct in office. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Adjudication of "Willful Misconduct in Office" Equivalent to "Malpractice in Any Office" for Removal Purposes. — An adjudication of "willful misconduct in office" by the Supreme Court in a proceeding instituted by the Judicial Standards Commission in which the judge or justice involved has been accorded due process of law and his guilt established by "clear and convincing evidence" is equivalent to an adjudication of guilt of "malpractice in any office" as used in this section. Therefore, the legislature acted within its power when it made disqualification from judicial office a consequence of removal for willful misconduct under § 7A-376. In re Peoples, 296 N.C. 109, 250 S.E.2d 890 (1978), cert. denied, 442 U.S. 929, 99 S. Ct. 2859, 61 L. Ed. 2d 297 (1979).

Disqualification Not Part of Judgment. — Disqualification from office and loss of the right of suffrage, imposed by this section upon persons convicted of infamous offenses, constitute no part of the judgment of the court, but are mere consequences of such judgment. State v. Jones, 82 N.C. 685 (1880), decided under former Art. VI, § 8, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900.

Additional Disqualifications. — The wording of this section does not necessarily imply that additional disqualifications cannot be added by the General Assembly for those persons not elected by the people. Instead this section merely enumerates three disqualifications, one of which applies only to offices filled by election by the people. Baker v. Martin, 330 N.C. 331, 410 S.E.2d 887 (1991).

Removal of Prosecuting Attorney. — A prosecuting attorney is removable from office as a matter of law or legal inference upon findings of his willful misconduct or maladministration in office, supported by evidence. State ex rel. Hyatt v. Hamme, 180 N.C. 684, 104 S.E. 174 (1920), decided under former Art. VI, § 8, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900.

Appeal from Judgment that Prosecuting Attorney Be Removed. — An appeal from judgment of superior court judge that a prosecuting attorney be removed for "willful misconduct or maladministration in office," etc., is upon questions of law and legal inference, if justified by the findings of fact supported by evidence. State ex rel. Hyatt v. Hamme, 180 N.C. 684, 104 S.E. 174 (1920), decided under former Art. VI, § 8, Const. 1868, as rewritten in 1900.

Stated in United States v. McLean, 904 F.2d 216 (4th Cir. 1990).

Cited in Brooks v. Edwards, 396 F. Supp. 662 (W.D.N.C. 1974); Broughton v. North Carolina, 717 F.2d 147 (4th Cir. 1983).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Requirement That Applicant for Office Admit Existence of God Violates U.S. Const., Amend. I. — See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Clyde Smith, Deputy Secretary of State, 41 N.C.A.G. 727 (1972).

Nolo Contendere Plea Brings No Forfeiture of Rights. — At least under the wording of N.C. Const., Art. VI, § 2, a plea of nolo contendere or "no contest" to a felony charge would not result in the forfeiture of any rights of citizenship, including the right to vote. See opinion of Attorney General to Ms. Bessie J. Cherry, Clerk of Court, Washington, North Carolina, 49 N.C.A.G. 134 (1980).

Sec. 9. Dual office holding.

(1) *Prohibitions.* It is salutary that the responsibilities of self-government be widely shared among the citizens of the State and that the potential abuse of authority inherent in the holding of multiple offices by an individual be avoided. Therefore, no person who holds any office or place of trust or profit under the United States or any department thereof, or under any other state or government, shall be eligible to hold any office in this State that is filled by election by the people. No person shall hold concurrently any two offices in this State that are filled by election of the people. No person shall hold concurrently any two or more appointive offices or places of trust or profit, or any combination of elective and appointive offices or places of trust or profit, except as the General Assembly shall provide by general law.

(2) *Exceptions.* The provisions of this Section shall not prohibit any officer of the military forces of the State or of the United States not on active duty for an extensive period of time, any notary public, or any delegate to a Convention of the People from holding concurrently another office or place of trust or profit under this State or the United States or any department thereof.

Cross References. — As to action by Attorney General when a person unlawfully holds office, acts to forfeit his office, etc., see § 1-515.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1872-1873, 1944 and 1962.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended.*

Purpose. — The manifest intent of this section is to prevent double office holding, that is, that offices and places of public trust should not accumulate in any single person, and the superadded words of "places of trust or profit" were put in to avoid evasion in giving too technical a meaning to the preceding words. Doyle v. Aldermen of Raleigh, 89 N.C. 133 (1883), approved in Groves v. Barden, 169 N.C. 8, 84 S.E. 1042 (1915).

This section was never intended to discourage public officials from assuming military leadership in time of emergency. In re Yelton, 223 N.C. 845, 28 S.E.2d 567 (1944).

One Person May Not Hold Two Offices. — Under this section, which is intended and designed to prevent or inhibit double office holding, except in certain instances, it is not permissible for one person to hold two offices at

the same time. In re Yelton, 223 N.C. 845, 28 S.E.2d 567 (1944); In re Advisory Opinion, 226 N.C. 772, 39 S.E.2d 217 (1946).

Definition of Public Office. — An "office" is a public station or employment conferred by appointment of government; and the term embraces the idea of tenure, duration, emolument, and duties. In re Advisory Opinion, 226 N.C. 772, 39 S.E.2d 217 (1946).

Effect of Local Law. — Chapter 129 of the 1983 N.C. Laws, insofar as it provides for dual office holding in a local law, is unconstitutional. Ratcliff v. County of Buncombe, 663 F. Supp. 1003 (W.D.N.C. 1987).

Where the office which a judge proposed to accept carried with it some of the attributes of sovereignty, and perforce invested him with governmental authority, he would be holding an office or place of trust or profit under the United States, or a department thereof, within the meaning of this section. In re Advisory Opinion, 226 N.C. 772, 39 S.E.2d 217 (1946).

Acceptance of Second Office Vacates First Office. — Where one holding an "office or place of profit" accepts another such office or position in contravention of this section, the first is vacated eo instanti, and any further acts done by him in connection with the first office are without color, and cannot be de facto. Whitehead v. Pittman, 165 N.C. 89, 80 S.E. 976 (1914).

The acceptance of a second office which is forbidden or incompatible with the office already held operates ipso facto to vacate the first. In re Yelton, 223 N.C. 845, 28 S.E.2d 567 (1944); In re Advisory Opinion, 226 N.C. 772, 39 S.E.2d 217 (1946).

The acceptance of a second office by one holding a public office operates ipso facto to vacate the first. While the officer has a right to elect which he will retain, his election is deemed to have been made when he accepts and qualifies for the second. Thus, the acceptance of the second office is of itself a resignation of the first. State ex rel. Barnhill v. Thompson, 122 N.C. 493, 29 S.E. 720 (1898); Whitehead v. Pittman, 165 N.C. 89, 80 S.E. 976 (1914).

Where a man accepts an office under the State, he vacates another held under the same sovereignty. State v. Cook, 273 N.C. 377, 160 S.E.2d 49 (1968).

As of Date of Acceptance. — Where a vacancy in a public office occurs by virtue of the constitutional provision against double office holding, such vacancy occurs as of the date of the acceptance of the second office, unaffected by the fact that the person accepting the second office continues to discharge the duties of the office in good faith, since ignorance of the law excuses no man. State ex rel. Atkins v. Fortner, 236 N.C. 264, 72 S.E.2d 594 (1952).

Unless First Office Is a Federal Office. — The constitutional inhibition against double office holding is enforced in alternative ways, depending on whether the first office is a State or a federal office. Where one holding a first office under the State violates this section by accepting a second office under either the State or the United States without surrendering the first office, he automatically and instantly vacates the first office, and he does not thereafter act as either a de jure or a de facto officer in performing functions of the first office, because he has neither right nor color of right to it. Where one holding a first office under the United States violates the section by accepting a second office under the State without surrendering the first office, his attempt to qualify for the second office is absolutely void, and he does not act as either a de jure or a de facto officer in performing the functions of the second office, because he has neither right nor color of right to it. Edwards v. Board of Educ., 235 N.C. 345, 70 S.E.2d 170 (1952).

Where clerk of county recorder's court accepted the office of justice of the peace without surrendering the first office, he automatically and instantly vacated the first office, and he did not thereafter act as either a de jure or a de facto officer in performing functions of the first office, because he had neither right nor color of right to it. State v. Cook, 273 N.C. 377, 160 S.E.2d 49 (1968).

The jurisdiction of a judge of a municipal recorder's court to impose sentence could not be successfully attacked on the ground that at the time the recorder was appointed as such he was mayor of the municipality and that he therefore held two offices in contravention of this section, since even if it was granted that the statute permitting a mayor to be appointed recorder conferred upon the mayor when chosen recorder other than ex officio duties, the acceptance of the office of recorder would vacate the office of mayor, but would not affect the office of recorder. In re Barnes, 212 N.C. 735, 194 S.E. 499 (1938).

A statute providing that the incumbent of one public office should also fill another public office is unconstitutional as violating this section, and cannot be upheld as merely affording a choice between the offices so that the acceptance of the second office would ipso facto vacate the first, since incumbency in the first is essential to incumbency in the second. State ex rel. Brigman v. Baley, 213 N.C. 119, 195 S.E. 617 (1938).

But a statute which creates no new office and appoints no additional officer, but merely attaches new duties to offices already existing, to be performed by the incumbents therein, does not violate this section. State ex rel. Brigman v. Baley, 213 N.C. 119, 195 S.E. 617 (1938).

Public-Local Laws of 1931, c. 341, providing

that the chairmen of certain county boards of Madison County should elect a tax manager for the county, merely imposed additional duties ex officio upon the said chairmen, and did not provide that any one of them should hold two public offices in violation of this section. Freeman v. Board of County Comm'rs, 217 N.C. 209, 7 S.E.2d 354 (1940).

Delegation of Duties of City Manager. — A statute which places the affairs of a municipal corporation in the hands of a city council and a city manager and provides that in the event of a vacancy in the office of city manager, by sickness or otherwise, the council may delegate the duties of this office to one of its members, to be performed ex officio as mere auxiliary duties, with such compensation as the council may determine, but with no salary as a member of the council, did not contravene this section. State ex rel. Grimes v. Holmes, 207 N.C. 293, 176 S.E. 746 (1934).

Appointment of Naval Officer to Office of Zoning Commissioner. — A naval officer holds office under the United States government, and therefore under the provisions of this section he could not hold the office of zoning commissioner, and was neither a de facto nor a de jure commissioner. Vance S. Harrington & Co. v. Renner, 236 N.C. 321, 72 S.E.2d 838 (1952).

Quoted in Moore v. Knightdale Bd. of Elections, 331 N.C. 1, 413 S.E.2d 541 (1992).

Cited in Arnold v. Varnum, 34 N.C. App. 22, 237 S.E.2d 272 (1977); Ratcliff v. County of Buncombe, 759 F.2d 1183 (4th Cir. 1985).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Old Department of Mental Health. — A person could not serve at the same time as a member of the North Carolina Department of Mental Health (now Department of Human Resources) and as a member of a county board of commissioners, as this would have constituted double office holding under former Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. F.P. Bodenheimer, Jr., 40 N.C.A.G. 571 (1969).

North Carolina Zoological Authority. — Membership on the Board of Directors of the North Carolina Zoological Authority is a public office. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Cecil J. Spears, Member, Board of Town Commissioners of Enfield, 40 N.C.A.G. 589 (1969).

Regional Housing Authority. — A county commissioner may not serve as a commissioner of a regional housing authority created under § 157-36 without violating former Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868. The positions of county commissioner and commissioner of a regional housing authority are public offices, and therefore, one person may not hold both positions at the same time. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. E. Bruce Beasley, III, Mid-East Economic Development Commission, 40 N.C.A.G. 580 (1969).

Tax Lister. — The mayor of a town may not also serve as county tax lister without violating former Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868. The office of mayor is a public office, and the office of tax lister is also a public office, since the tax lister is appointed to a term of office and is required to take an oath of office, and his duties, imposed by statute, involve the exercise of a portion of the sovereign authority of the State. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Tom Hanson, Macon County Tax Supervisor, 40 N.C.A.G. 582 (1969).

Watershed Improvement Commission. — Members of a watershed improvement commission created pursuant to (see now § 139-4) exercise powers and authorities which involve the exercise of a portion of the sovereign authority of the State and thus would be considered public officers within the meaning of former Art. XIV, § 7, Const. 1868. Furthermore, a member of a school board and a member of a redevelopment commission are public officials. Thus, persons may not serve in either of these offices and as a member of the watershed improvement commission at the same time. See Opinion of Attorney General to Mr. William Clarence Kluttz, Rowan County Attorney, 40 N.C.A.G. 588 (1970).

Police Officer Holding Position as Elected Officer. — A person holding an appointive office as a police officer can concurrently hold a position as an elected officer in either State or local government, including as a school board member. See opinion of Attorney General to Captain Bobby Kilgore, Monroe Public Safety Department, 55 N.C.A.G. 34 (1985).

Service of County Commissioner or Board or Commission. — Under § 128-1.2, whenever a board of county commissioners appoints one of its own members to another board or commission, the county commissioner so appointed is considered to be serving on such board or commission as a part of his or her office as a county commissioner. See opinion of Attorney General to C. Preston Cornelius, Senior Resident, Superior Court Judge, 60 N.C.A.G. 50 (1990).

Sec. 10. Continuation in office.

In the absence of any contrary provision, all officers in this State, whether appointed or elected, shall hold their positions until other appointments are made or, if the offices are elective, until their successors are chosen and qualified.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XIV, § 5, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Moore v. Knightdale Bd. of Elections, 331 N.C. 1, 413 S.E.2d 541 (1992).

ARTICLE VII

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Section 1. General Assembly to provide for local government.

The General Assembly shall provide for the organization and government and the fixing of boundaries of counties, cities and towns, and other governmental subdivisions, and, except as otherwise prohibited by this Constitution, may give such powers and duties to counties, cities and towns, and other governmental subdivisions as it may deem advisable.

The General Assembly shall not incorporate as a city or town, nor shall it authorize to be incorporated as a city or town, any territory lying within one mile of the corporate limits of any other city or town having a population of 5,000 or more according to the most recent decennial census of population taken by order of Congress, or lying within three miles of the corporate limits of any other city or town having a population of 10,000 or more according to the most recent decennial census of population taken by order of Congress, or lying within four miles of the corporate limits of any other city or town having a population of 25,000 or more according to the most recent decennial census of population taken by order of Congress, or lying within five miles of the corporate limits of any other city or town having a population of 50,000 or more according to the most recent decennial census of population taken by order of Congress. Notwithstanding the foregoing limitations, the General Assembly may incorporate a city or town by an act adopted by vote of three-fifths of all the members of each house. (1971, c. 857, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of the first paragraph of this section are similar to those of Art. VIII, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended in 1916.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on local legislation in the General Assembly, discussing this section, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 340 (1967).

For note on the expansion of standing in North Carolina taxpayers' actions, see 15 Wake Forest L. Rev. 126 (1979).

For comment discussing North Carolina's unilateral annexation statutes, see 19 Wake Forest L. Rev. 215 (1983).

For 1984 survey, "Competitive Annexation Among Municipalities: North Carolina Adopts the Prior Jurisdiction Rule," see 63 N.C.L. Rev. 1260 (1985).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. VIII, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended.*

Counties, cities and towns are governmental agencies of the State, created by the legislature for administrative purposes, and the legislature retains control and supervision over both classes of municipal corporations, limited only by this section. Town of Saluda v. County of Polk, 207 N.C. 180, 176 S.E. 298 (1934).

Municipal corporations are instrumentalities of the State for the administration of local government. They are created by the General Assembly under the general authority conferred by this section. They have such powers as are expressly conferred by statute and those necessarily implied therefrom. Town of Grimesland v. City of Wash., 234 N.C. 117, 66 S.E.2d 794 (1951).

A municipal corporation, city or town, is an agency created by the State to assist in the civil government of a designated territory. Its charter is the legislative description of the power to be exercised. In re Indian Hills, 280 N.C. 659, 186 S.E.2d 909 (1972).

The counties of North Carolina were created by the General Assembly as governmental agencies of the State. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

This section gives the General Assembly the authority to provide for the organization and government of counties, including the granting of such powers and duties to the counties as it deems advisable. As an agent of the State, a county has no inherent power, but may exercise only those powers prescribed by statute and those necessarily implied by law. In re Easement of Right of Way, 90 N.C. App. 303, 368 S.E.2d 639 (1988).

And Derive their Powers Almost Solely from Legislative Enactment. — Municipal corporations derive their powers almost solely from legislative enactment under this section, and are subject to statutory restrictions and regulations of their taxing power. Purser v. Ledbetter, 227 N.C. 1, 40 S.E.2d 702 (1946).

Including Power to Tax. — A sovereign state, as one of its inherent attributes, has the power of taxation, which must be exercised by its legislative branch. The county is not a sovereign and hence does not have the inherent power to levy taxes. A county must derive its taxing power from the State Constitution or from the State's legislative enactments. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

The counties have no inherent taxing power. A county derives its power to tax from the legislature and cannot complain that the enabling legislation is lacking in breadth. In re Martin, 286 N.C. 66, 209 S.E.2d 766 (1974).

This section seems to give a general control to the legislature on the subject of municipal corporations, and the legislature may, under it, restrict the power of taxation by corporations as it may think proper, due regard being had to other parts of the Constitution. Pullen v. Board of Comm'rs, 68 N.C. 451 (1873).

And Control of Finances. — The legislature has plenary power to control the finances of the municipal corporations which it creates, and to direct how their revenues shall be applied. Hence it can direct that revenues derived from municipal enterprises shall be applied on outstanding bonds as well as upon bonds to be issued thereafter. George v. City of Asheville, 80 F.2d 50, 103 A.L.R. 568 (4th Cir. 1935).

Powers of Municipal Corporation. — A municipal corporation possesses, and may exercise, the following powers, and no others: (1) those granted in express words; (2) those necessarily or fairly implied; and (3) those essential to the declared objects and purposes of the corporation, not simply convenient, but indispensable. In re Indian Hills, 280 N.C. 659, 186 S.E.2d 909 (1972).

Doubt as to Power Resolved Against Corporation. — Any fair, reasonable doubt concerning the existence of power is resolved by the courts against a municipal corporation, and the power is denied. In re Indian Hills, 280 N.C. 659, 186 S.E.2d 909 (1972).

Authority of Cities, etc., May Be Enlarged, Abridged or Withdrawn. — The authority of cities and towns as instrumentalities for the administration of local government may be enlarged, abridged or withdrawn entirely at the will or pleasure of the legislature. Town of Murphy v. C.A. Webb & Co., 156 N.C. 402, 72 S.E. 460 (1911); Rhodes v. City of Asheville, 230 N.C. 134, 52 S.E.2d 371, petition for rehearing denied, 230 N.C. 759, 53 S.E.2d 313 (1949).

Alteration of Charter Not Forbidden. — This section does not forbid altering or amending charters of cities, towns and incorporated villages or conferring upon municipal corporations additional powers or restricting the powers theretofore vested in them. Holton v. Town of Mocksville, 189 N.C. 144, 126 S.E. 326 (1924). See also, Deese v. Town of Lumberton, 211 N.C. 31, 188 S.E. 857 (1936); Candler v. City of Asheville, 247 N.C. 398, 101 S.E.2d 470 (1958).

It is for the legislature to decide when it is necessary to pass a restrictive statute. State v. Irvin, 126 N.C. 989, 35 S.E. 430 (1900).

Restrictions on Bond Issue. — The legislature may restrict or limit the power of incorporated towns or cities to tax or contract debts

for purposes which fall within the class of necessary expenses, for they are but the State's instrumentalities for the administration of local government; and when this restriction is thus placed upon them, or it is required of them to submit the question of a bond issue to popular vote, and an issue of bonds is made without compliance therewith, the issue is invalid. Town of Murphy v. C.A. Webb & Co., 156 N.C. 402, 72 S.E. 460 (1911).

Restrictions on Levy of Tax. — A municipality may not levy a tax without submitting the question to the qualified voters where the legislature by statute requires the consent of such voters. Wadsworth v. City of Concord, 133 N.C. 587, 45 S.E. 948 (1903); Robinson v. City of Goldsboro, 135 N.C. 382, 47 S.E. 462 (1904); Ellison v. Town of Williamston, 152 N.C. 147, 67 S.E. 255 (1910).

Council Could Not Be Estopped From Terminating Unauthorized Payments Without Notice. — Where a town's resolution appropriating a certain percentage of its alcoholic beverage control revenue to county school board was outside the authority of the town council, the town council could not be estopped from terminating the unauthorized payments without notice. Watauga County Bd. of Educ. v. Town of Boone, 106 N.C. App. 270, 416 S.E.2d 411 (1992).

The fixing of boundaries of municipal corporations is a permissible legislative function. Jones v. Jeanette, 34 N.C. App. 526, 239 S.E.2d 293 (1977).

The setting up of a municipal corporation by the legislature at any place is left to legislative discretion. Starmount Co. v. Ohio Sav. Bank & Trust Co., 55 F.2d 649 (4th Cir. 1932).

Motives of Legislature in Incorporation of Political Subdivisions. — Ordinarily, the courts have no authority to inquire into the motives of the legislature in the incorporation of political subdivisions. Jones v. Jeanette, 34 N.C. App. 526, 239 S.E.2d 293 (1977).

Legislative Power to Amend Charter of Municipal Corporation. — When there is no constitutional limitation to the contrary, the legislature has full power to amend the charter of a municipal corporation at its pleasure, and the amendment takes effect without any acceptance on the part of the municipality. Bethania Town Lot Comm. v. City of Winston-Salem, 126 N.C. App. 783, 486 S.E.2d 729 (1997).

Annexation Is Within Legislature's Power. — Annexation by a municipal corporation is a political question which is within the power of the State legislature to regulate. Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 303 N.C. 710, 283 S.E.2d 136 (1981).

The enlargement of municipal boundaries by the annexation of new territory, and the consequent extension of corporate jurisdiction, including that of levying taxes, are legitimate subjects of legislation. In the absence of constitutional restriction, the extent to which such legislation shall be enacted, both with respect to the terms and circumstances under which the annexation may be had, and the manner in which it may be made, rests entirely in the discretion of the legislature. Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 303 N.C. 710, 283 S.E.2d 136 (1981).

But Its Power Is Not Unlimited. — The power of the legislature to expand the boundaries of cities, towns, or other local units, though great, is not unlimited. Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 303 N.C. 710, 283 S.E.2d 136 (1981).

Review of Local Annexation Act. — A local annexation act is not insulated from judicial review when it is an instrument for circumventing a constitutionally protected right. Abbott v. Town of Highlands, 52 N.C. App. 69, 277 S.E.2d 820, appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 303 N.C. 710, 283 S.E.2d 136 (1981).

Notice of Annexation. — Notice by publication of a public hearing pursuant to former § 160A-24 did not provide inadequate notice to the parties affected by the annexation in violation of their right to due process, since the General Assembly, under this section, may annex land without notice to anyone. Texfi Indus., Inc. v. City of Fayetteville, 44 N.C. App. 268, 261 S.E.2d 21 (1979), aff'd, 301 N.C. 1, 269 S.E.2d 142 (1980).

Annexation Provisions Not Invalid as Special Legislation. — Sections 160A-45 et seq. do not violate N.C. Const., Art. II, § 24, which prohibits the General Assembly from enacting "any local, private, or special act or resolution" in regard to certain enumerated subjects. This constitutional provision does not apply to annexation proceedings by municipalities, since this section authorizes the General Assembly "except as otherwise prohibited by this Constitution" to "give such powers and duties to counties, cities, and towns and other governmental subdivisions as it may deem advisable," and no other provision of the Constitution prohibits the General Assembly from enacting special legislation for the annexation of areas by municipalities. Campbell v. City of Greensboro, 70 N.C. App. 252, 319 S.E.2d 323, cert. denied and appeal dismissed, 312 N.C. 492, 322 S.E.2d 553 (1984).

Annexation of Land Without Annexing Similar Land. — It is not a denial of the equal protection of the law for a city to annex land without annexing other land similarly situated. Piedmont Ford Truck Sale, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 324 N.C. 499, 380 S.E.2d 107 (1989).

Section Does Not Prohibit Local or Special Acts. — This section contains no prohibition on the exercise of legislative power, and has in it no declaration that private, local, or special acts shall not be passed relating to the organization of cities and towns, and conferring particular powers, and this omission, when considered in connection with the history of amendments to the Constitution, is fatal to the claim that local or special acts may not be legally enacted, conferring special authority on municipal corporations. In re Annexation Ordinances, 253 N.C. 637, 117 S.E.2d 795 (1961).

Acts Determining Responsibility for Enforcement of Laws Affecting Health Unconstitutional. — Inspections pursuant to the State Building Code affect health and sanitation, thus acts that altered the legislative directive of § 160A-411 that the city shall determine who will perform the inspections under the Code were local legislation that shifted responsibility for enforcement of laws affecting the health of the public and were barred under Art. II, § 24 of the Constitution. City of New Bern v. New Bern-Craven County Bd. of Educ., 338 N.C. 430, 450 S.E.2d 735 (1994).

A school district is not within the purview of this section, it being not a city, town or incorporated village. Felmet v. Commissioners of Buncombe, 186 N.C. 251, 119 S.E. 353 (1923); Waters v. Board of Comm'rs, 186 N.C. 719, 120 S.E. 450 (1923).

A county board of elections does not have taxing power. Hajoca Corp. v. Clayton, 277 N.C. 560, 178 S.E.2d 481 (1971).

Quoted in In re City of Durham Annexation Ordinance Numbered 5991 for Area A, 69 N.C. App. 77, 316 S.E.2d 649 (1984).

Cited in State v. Jones, 41 N.C. App. 189, 254 S.E.2d 234 (1979); Piedmont Ford Truck Sales, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 90 N.C. App. 692, 370 S.E.2d 262 (1988).

Sec. 2. Sheriffs.

In each county a Sheriff shall be elected by the qualified voters thereof at the same time and places as members of the General Assembly are elected and shall hold his office for a period of four years, subject to removal for cause as provided by law.

Cross References. — As to sheriffs, see § 162-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VII, § 5, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Defeated Amendment Proposal. — An amendment proposed by Session Laws 1985, c. 768, ss. 9.1(2) and (10), and defeated at the primary election held on May 6, 1986, would have amended this section by inserting "except in 1988 at the same time and places as members of the United States House of Representatives are elected" following "General Assembly are enacted," and by adding "except that those elected in 1986 or 1988 shall serve for terms of five years" at the end of the section.

Legal Periodicals. — For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2281 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Sheriffs Not Entitled to Eleventh Amendment Immunity. — The Eleventh Amendment of the U.S. Constitution does not bar a suit against a sheriff in his official capacity, because state law treats sheriffs as local officials. Harter v. Vernon, 101 F.3d 334 (4th Cir. 1996), cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1120, 117 S. Ct. 2511, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1014 (1997).

A sheriff occupies a constitutional public office, and takes office, not by contract, but by commission subject to the power of the legislature to fix fees and compensation for which the Constitution does not provide. Borders v. Cline, 212 N.C. 472, 193 S.E. 826 (1937), decided under former Art. IV, § 24, Const. 1868, prior to amendment in 1962.

Sheriffs Are Local Officers. — In providing for the organization of local governments, the N.C. Constitution does not make sheriffs state rather than local officers; therefore, Industrial Commission did not have jurisdiction to hear claims of negligence against county sheriffs. Hull v. Oldham, 104 N.C. App. 29, 407 S.E.2d 611, cert. denied, 330 N.C. 441, 412 S.E.2d 72 (1991).

The sheriff of a county in North Carolina is a person subject to suit under 42 U.S.C. 1983. Carter v. Good, 951 F. Supp. 1235 (W.D.N.C. 1996).

Deputy Sheriffs. — While the office of sheriff is provided for by this section, the right of the sheriff to appoint deputies is a common-law right; deputies appointed by the sheriff are public officers, but their duties and authority relate only to ministerial duties imposed by law upon the sheriff, in the performance of which they act for the sheriff in his name and right. Gowens v. Alamance County, 3 S.E.2d 339

(1939), decided under former Art. IV, § 24, Const. 1868, prior to amendment in 1962.

Cited in Messick v. Catawba County, 110 N.C. App. 707, 431 S.E.2d 489 (1993); Durham Herald Co. v. County of Durham, 334 N.C. 677, 435 S.E.2d 317 (1993); Braswell v. Ellis, 950 F. Supp. 145 (E.D.N.C. 1995); Harter v. Vernon, 953 F. Supp. 685 (M.D.N.C. 1996), aff'd, 101 F.3d 334 (4th Cir. 1996), cert. denied, 521 U.S. 1120, 117 S. Ct. 2511, 138 L. Ed. 2d 1014 (1997).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Confiscated Drugs. — If federal authorities confiscate drug related property and thereafter return a part of it to local authorities for law enforcement purposes, the North Carolina Constitution and laws do not require these funds to go to the local school board as forfeited property and they may be used by local law enforcement. See opinion of the Attorney General to Mr. Aubrey S. Tomlinson, Jr., Attorney for Franklin County, 58 N.C.A.G. 51 (1988).

Sec. 3. Merged or consolidated counties.

Any unit of local government formed by the merger or consolidation of a county or counties and the cities and towns therein shall be deemed both a county and a city for the purposes of this Constitution, and may exercise any authority conferred by law on counties, or on cities and towns, or both, as the General Assembly may provide.

Editor's Note. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

ARTICLE VIII

CORPORATIONS

Section 1. Corporate charters.

No corporation shall be created, nor shall its charter be extended, altered, or amended by special act, except corporations for charitable, educational, penal, or reformatory purposes that are to be and remain under the patronage and control of the State; but the General Assembly shall provide by general laws for the chartering, organization, and powers of all corporations, and for the amending, extending, and forfeiture of all charters, except those above permitted by special act. All such general acts may be altered from time to time or repealed. The General Assembly may at any time by special act repeal the charter of any corporation.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VIII, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended in 1916.

Legal Periodicals. — See 12 N.C.L. Rev. 296 (1934).

For article on local legislation in the General Assembly, discussing this section, see 45 N.C.L. Rev. 340 (1967).

For a comment on the acquisition, abandonment, and preservation of rail corridors in North Carolina, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 1989 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. VIII, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended.*

Purpose of Section. — The purpose and effect of this section is to enable the State to control, modify or repeal corporate powers, thus avoiding the effect of the doctrine announced in Trustees of Dartmouth College v. Woodward, 17 U.S. (4 Wheat.) 518, 4 L. Ed. 629 (1819); Elizabeth City Water & Power Co. v. City of Eliza-

beth City, 188 N.C. 278, 124 S.E. 611 (1924). See also, Atlantic & N.C.R.R. v. Dortch, 124 N.C. 663, 33 S.E. 1014 (1899).

Effect of Section. — Except for purposes of absolute repeal, which is retained throughout as essential to the proper exercise and enforcement of the police powers of government, and except, also, in the instances expressly designated, this section withdraws from the General Assembly any and all power by special enactments to create, extend, alter, or amend the charter of all private business corporations, and all quasi-public corporations, such as railroads, incorporated turnpike or toll roads, bridge companies, and the like, and also those corporations which while having at times and to some extent powers appertaining to government are in fact and in truth business corporations for the purpose principally of promoting private interest. Watts v. Lenoir & Blowing Rock, Tpk. Co., 181 N.C. 129, 106 S.E. 497 (1921).

Only "Special Acts" are Prohibited. — This section only prohibits the enactment of a special act, and an act which relates to all municipal corporations of a county, including cities, towns, townships, and school districts, is not a special act within its meaning and intent. Kornegay v. City of Goldsboro, 180 N.C. 441, 105 S.E. 187 (1920).

And Prohibition of Special Acts Applies Only to Private Corporations. — The provisions of this section prohibiting the legislature from creating a corporation or extending, altering or amending its charter by special act has been held to apply only to private or business corporations; and where the legislature by special act amending the charter of a city authorizes it to purchase electricity and resell it to its inhabitants and those within a three-mile zone of the city, the power to sell to such individuals and corporations does not detract from the public service or destroy the public character of the municipality, and where the same power is given the city by general statute also, the exercise of the power thus conferred will not be enjoined. Holmes v. City of Fayetteville, 197 N.C. 740, 150 S.E. 624 (1929), appeal dismissed, 281 U.S. 700, 50 S. Ct. 353, 74 L. Ed. 1126 (1930).

The prohibition contained in this section refers only to private or business corporations, and does not refer to public or quasi-public corporations acting as governmental agencies. Mills v. Board of Comm'rs, 175 N.C. 215, 95 S.E. 481 (1918); Dickson v. Brewer, 180 N.C. 403, 104 S.E. 887 (1920). See Webb v. Port Comm'n, 205 N.C. 663, 172 S.E. 377 (1934); In re Annexation Ordinances, 253 N.C. 637, 117 S.E.2d 795 (1961).

Authority over Public Corporations, etc. — This Article and N.C. Const., Art. VII give the legislature complete authority to create, control, and dissolve cities, towns, and other public corporations or governmental agencies. State ex rel. East Lenoir San. Dist. v. City of Lenoir, 249 N.C. 96, 105 S.E.2d 411 (1958).

Legislature May Create Corporation for Public Purpose. — The legislative power as to State and political and administrative subdivisions thereof is restrained only by the limitations imposed by the State Constitution and the Constitution of the United States, and there is no constitutional limitation on the power of the General Assembly to create a corporation for a public purpose. Brumley v. Baxter, 225 N.C. 691, 36 S.E.2d 281, 162 A.L.R. 930 (1945).

Commission created as an agency of the State to provide port facilities for the commerce of the State in the public interest, and not for private gain, is a public corporation, and the legislature is not prohibited from creating such corporation by this section, nor is the act creating it a special act within the meaning of this section, and the commission may lawfully exercise all powers conferred upon it in order to perform its duties as prescribed by the act. Webb v. Port Comm'n, 205 N.C. 663, 172 S.E. 377 (1934).

Right of Alteration a Part of Every Charter. — The provisions of this section, affecting the organization of corporations, and specifically providing that all such laws may be altered from time to time or repealed, enters into every charter taken out or corporation formed thereunder, and any such corporation may not complain when a statutory repeal or amendment has been made, on the ground that it works a hardship on it or impairs the value of its property, unless vested rights have been acquired by it which have been impaired or destroyed by the repealing or amendatory act complained of. State v. Cantwell, 142 N.C. 604, 55 S.E. 820 (1906); Yadkin River Power Co. v. Whitney Co., 150 N.C. 31, 63 S.E. 188 (1908), appeal dismissed, 214 U.S. 503, 29 S. Ct. 702, 53 L. Ed. 1061 (1909); Elizabeth City Water & Power Co. v. City of Elizabeth City, 188 N.C. 278, 124 S.E. 611 (1924).

Power to Extinguish Corporations. — The General Assembly may, at its discretion, abolish municipal as well as other corporations, because they are all alike creatures of its will, and exist only at its pleasure. Ward v. Elizabeth City, 121 N.C. 1, 27 S.E. 993 (1897).

Effect of Dissolution. — Upon the dissolution or extinction of a corporation under this section for any cause, real property conveyed to it in fee does not revert to the original grantors or their heirs, and its personal property does not escheat to the State; and this is so whether or not the duration of the corporation was limited by its charter or general statute. Wilson v. Leary, 120 N.C. 90, 26 S.E. 630 (1897), overruling Fox v. Horah, 36 N.C. 358 (1841).

Where the legislature deprived board of

township trustees of its existence as a municipal corporation, the right to sue and be sued were likewise extinguished, and hence it could not thereafter be a party to a suit. Wallace v. Board of Trustees, 84 N.C. 164 (1881).

Quoted in Sides v. Cabarrus Mem. Hosp., 22 N.C. App. 117, 205 S.E.2d 784 (1974).

Cited in In re City of Durham Annexation Ordinance Numbered 5991 for Area A, 69 N.C. App. 77, 316 S.E.2d 649 (1984).

Sec. 2. Corporations defined.

The term "corporation" as used in this Section shall be construed to include all associations and joint-stock companies having any of the powers and privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships. All corporations shall have the right to sue and shall be subject to be sued in all courts, in like cases as natural persons.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. VIII, § 3, Const. 1868, as amended in 1916.

ARTICLE IX

EDUCATION

Section 1. Education encouraged.

Religion, morality, and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools, libraries, and the means of education shall forever be encouraged.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 1, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on the public purpose doctrine, see 3 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 37 (1967).

For comment, "The State and Sectarian Education: Regulation to Deregulation," see 1980 Duke L.J. 801.

For note, "Delconte v. State: Some Thoughts on Home Education," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1302 (1986).

For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IX, § 1, Const. 1868.

Education is a governmental function so fundamental in this state that our constitution contains a separate article entitled "Education." Rowan County Bd. of Educ. v. United States Gypsum Co., 332 N.C. 1, 418 S.E.2d 648 (1992).

This and the following sections are mandatory in their provisions. Fuller v. Lockhart, 209 N.C. 61, 182 S.E. 733 (1935); Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937). See also, Elliott v. State Bd. of Equalization, 203 N.C. 749, 166 S.E. 918 (1932).

The duty imposed on the State under this Article is mandatory. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Provision for Education Is for a Public Purpose. — The education of residents of the State is a recognized object of State government. Hence, provision therefor is for a public purpose. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Methods Are to Be Determined by General Assembly. — Subject to constitutional limitations, methods to facilitate and achieve the public purpose of providing for the education or training of residents of this State in institutions of higher education of post-secondary schools are for determination by the General Assembly. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Quoted in Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 318 F. Supp. 786 (W.D.N.C. 1970); Givens v. Poe, 346 F. Supp. 202 (W.D.N.C. 1972); Faulkner v. New Bern-Craven County Bd. of Educ., 311 N.C. 42, 316 S.E.2d 281 (1984).

Cited in Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981); Guilford County Bd. of Educ. v. Guilford County Bd. of Elections, 110 N.C. App. 506, 430 S.E.2d 681 (1993).

Sec. 2. Uniform system of schools.

(1) *General and uniform system: term.* The General Assembly shall provide by taxation and otherwise for a general and uniform system of free public schools, which shall be maintained at least nine months in every year, and wherein equal opportunities shall be provided for all students.

(2) *Local responsibility.* The General Assembly may assign to units of local government such responsibility for the financial support of the free public schools as it may deem appropriate. The governing boards of units of local government with financial responsibility for public education may use local revenues to add to or supplement any public school or post-secondary school program.

Cross References. — As to establishment of a uniform school system, see § 115C-1.

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875. Subsection (2) of this section corresponds to Art. IX, § 3, Const. 1868. That section, as amended in 1918, provided that each county should be divided into districts, in which one or more public schools should be maintained at least six months in every year, and made county commissioners liable to indictment for failure to comply with the section.

Legal Periodicals. — For survey of 1979 administrative law, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 1185 (1980).

For survey of 1980 constitutional law, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 1116 (1981).

For survey of 1981 constitutional law, see 60 N.C.L. Rev. 1272 (1982).

For note, "State v. Whittle Communications: Allowing Local School Boards to Turn on 'Channel One'," see 70 N.C.L. Rev. 1929 (1992).

For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

For note on Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997), annotated under this section, see 76 N.C.L. Rev. 1481 (1998).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IX, §§ 2 and 3, Const. 1868, before and after amendment.*

Public School System Established. — The Constitution establishes the public school system, and the General Assembly provides for it, by its own taxing power, and by the taxing power of the counties, and the State Board of Education, by the aid of school committees, manages it. It is to be a "system," it is to be "general," and it is to be "uniform." It is not to be subject to the caprices of localities, but every locality, yea, every child, is to have the same advantage and be subject to the same rules and regulations. Lane v. Stanly, 65 N.C. 153 (1871).

This section contemplates that the General Assembly shall provide a State system of public schools to the end that every child, without regard to the county in which such child resides, shall have an opportunity to attend a school in which standards set up by the State are maintained and wherein tuition shall be free of charge. Marshburn v. Brown, 210 N.C. 331, 186 S.E. 265 (1936); Constantian v. Anson County, 244 N.C. 221, 93 S.E.2d 163 (1956).

The provisions of this section and of N.C. Const., Art. I, § 15, with the activating statutes, embody mandates for the establishment of free public schools in North Carolina, the untrammeled privilege of education for all students, and the duty of the State to maintain and guard that right, while guaranteeing equal opportunities to all students. Webster v. Perry, 512 F.2d 612 (4th Cir. 1975).

Meaning of "Uniform". — The requirement of this section that the public school system shall be uniform by legislative authority relates to the uniformity of the "system," and not to the uniformity of the class or kind of the "schools"; thus qualifying the word "system," it is sufficiently complied with where, by statute or authorized regulation of the public school authorities, provision is made for establishment of schools of like kind throughout all sections of the State and available to all of the school

population of the territories contributing to their support. Board of Educ. v. Board of County Comm'rs, 174 N.C. 469, 93 S.E. 1001 (1917).

Intent. — By mandating equal opportunities for all students, the framers of the Constitution and the voters that adopted it were emphasizing that the days of "separate but equal" education in this State were over, and that the people of this State were committed to providing all students with equal access to full participation in public schools, regardless of race or other classification. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

Equal access to participation in the public school system is a fundamental right guaranteed by the State Constitution and protected by considerations of procedural due process. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

The fundamental right that is guaranteed by the Constitution is equal access to public schools; that is, every child has a fundamental right to receive an education in public schools. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

The right to education provided in the state constitution is a right to a sound basic education. An education that does not serve the purpose of preparing students to participate and compete in the society in which they live and work is devoid of substance and is constitutionally inadequate. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

Sound Basic Education. — Article I, Section 15 and Article IX, Section 2 of the North Carolina Constitution combine to guarantee every child of this state an opportunity to receive a sound basic education in our public schools. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

For purposes of our Constitution, a sound basic education will provide the student with at least: (1) sufficient ability to read, write, and speak English and a sufficient knowledge of fundamental math and physical science to enable the student to function in a complex and rapidly changing society; (2) sufficient fundamental knowledge of geography, history and basic economic and political systems to enable the student to make informed choices regarding personal issues or issues that affect the community, state, and nation; (3) sufficient academic and vocational skills to enable the student to successfully engage in post-secondary education or vocational training; (4) and sufficient academic and social skills to enable the student to compete on an equal basis with others in further formal education or gainful employment. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

Substantially Equal Funding Not Required. — Although the State Constitution requires that access to a sound basic education be provided equally in every school district, the equal opportunities clause of Article IX, Section 2(1) does not require substantially equal funding or educational advantages in all school districts. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

The equal opportunities clause of Article IX, Section 2(1) does not require substantially equal funding or educational advantages in all school districts. Banks v. County of Buncombe, 128 N.C. App. 214, 494 S.E.2d 791 (1998), aff'd, 348 N.C. 687, 500 S.E.2d 666 (1998).

Creation of Supplemental Funding Programs Allowed. — Because under subsection (1) of this Section the General Assembly has the duty of providing the children of every school district with access to a sound basic education, it has inherent power to do those things reasonably related such as creating a supplemental state funding program to provide additional funds to poor districts. Leandro v. State, 346 N.C. 336, 488 S.E.2d 249 (1997).

A student's right to an education may be constitutionally denied when it is outweighed by the school's interest in protecting other students, teachers, and school property, and in preventing the disruption of the educational system. In re Jackson, 84 N.C. App. 167, 352 S.E.2d 449 (1987).

As a general rule, a student may be constitutionally suspended or expelled for misconduct, whenever the conduct is of a type the school may legitimately prohibit, and procedural due process is provided. In re Jackson, 84 N.C. App. 167, 352 S.E.2d 449 (1987).

State Has Responsibility for Overseeing Public Schools. — Under the Constitution, the State is given responsibility for overseeing the public schools of this State in order to ensure that every student in the State receives the education to which he or she is entitled. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

This section is mandatory and may not be disregarded either by the legislature or by officials charged with the duty of administering the law. Blue v. Durham Pub. Sch. Dist., 95 F. Supp. 441 (M.D.N.C. 1951).

The provisions of this section and N.C. Const., Art. IX, § 1 of this Article are mandatory and require that the legislature provide by taxation and otherwise for a general and uniform system of public education, free of charge, to all of the children of the State and for the continuance of the school term in the various districts for at least six months (now nine months) in each and every year. Lacy v. Fidelity

Bank, 183 N.C. 373, 111 S.E. 612 (1922), aff'd, 264 U.S. 171, 44 S. Ct. 280, 60 L. Ed. 623 (1924). See also, Collie v. Commissioners of Franklin County, 145 N.C. 170, 59 S.E. 44 (1907); Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937).

It is the duty of the State to provide a general and uniform State system of public schools of at least six months (now nine months) in every year, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all the children of the State. It is a necessary expense, and a vote of the people is not required to make effective these and other constitutional provisions in relation to the public school system of the State. Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937). See also, Fuller v. Lockhart, 209 N.C. 61, 182 S.E. 733 (1935).

The operation of the public schools as required by this Article is a "necessary expense" not requiring a vote of the electorate under N.C. Const., Art. V, §§ 2 and 4. Yoder v. Board of Comm'rs, 7 N.C. App. 712, 173 S.E.2d 529 (1970).

But Statute May Provide Mode of Performance. — This section is mandatory, but the mode of performance is prescribed by statute. City of Hickory v. Catawba County, 206 N.C. 165, 173 S.E. 56 (1934).

As it is a legislative function to formulate the means of carrying out the provisions of this section. Wilkinson v. Board of Educ., 199 N.C. 669, 155 S.E. 562 (1930).

Establishment of School System Is Province of Legislature. — It is the province of the General Assembly, and not of the State Board of Education, to establish a uniform system of public schools. Board of Educ. v. State Bd. of Educ., 114 N.C. 313, 19 S.E. 277 (1894). See also, Bridges v. City of Charlotte, 221 N.C. 472, 20 S.E.2d 825 (1942).

The establishment and maintenance of a general and uniform system of public schools is upon and exclusively within the province of the General Assembly. Moore v. Board of Educ., 212 N.C. 499, 193 S.E. 732 (1937).

The establishment and operation of the public school system is under the control of the legislative branch of the government, subject only to pertinent constitutional provisions as to uniformity and length of term. Coggins v. Board of Educ., 223 N.C. 763, 28 S.E.2d 527 (1944).

Instructional Service and Facilities Within Constitutional Mandate. — The mandate of this Article carries with it not merely the bare necessity of instructional service, but all facilities reasonably necessary to accomplish this main purpose. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 1 N.C. App. 258, 161 S.E.2d 213, aff'd, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Maintenance of the public schools and the furnishing of those things which are reasonably essential to that end are within the mandatory provision of this Article. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 1 N.C. App. 258, 161 S.E.2d 213, aff'd, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Sites, Buildings and Equipment Necessary. — Sites, buildings, and equipment acquired, constructed, and used by a school district were deemed reasonably essential and necessary for the conduct and operation of the required school term at the time the said sites, buildings, and equipment were acquired and constructed. Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937).

Constitution Does Not Prohibit Charging Financially Able Persons for Supplies and Materials. — Requirement of administrative boards of certain school districts that those pupils or their parents who are financially able to do so furnish supplies and materials for the personal use of such students does not violate the mandate of subsection (1) of this section. Nor is there any constitutional impediment to the charging of modest, reasonable fees by individual school boards to support the purchase of supplementary supplies and materials for use by or on behalf of students. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

But fee waiver policy adopted by city board of education was unconstitutional where it failed to establish a mechanism by which the schools would affirmatively notify students and their parents of the availability of a waiver or reduction of the fee or by which the students or parents themselves might apply for a partial or complete exemption from the fee requirements, since the waiver policy did not fairly guarantee to low income and indigent students their right of equal access to the educational opportunities available at their schools and did not accord procedural due process to such students. Sneed v. Greensboro City Bd. of Educ., 299 N.C. 609, 264 S.E.2d 106 (1980).

No Maximum Limitation on School Term. — The mandatory provision of this section to the effect that one or more public schools shall be maintained at least six months (now nine months) in every year, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to children of the State, is not a limitation as to the length of the school term; it is the minimum required by the Constitution. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

This section, which requires a public school system of the State to have at least six-months (now nine-months) terms in each year, leaves it to the discretionary power of the legislature to fix terms in excess of that period. Frazier v. Board of Comm'rs, 194 N.C. 49, 138 S.E. 433 (1927).

Contract for Current Affairs Video Not Unconstitutional. — A local school board's

contract with the developer of a short current affairs video did not violate this section; students were not required to watch the program and therefore were not being made to pay for the contract with the time they spent watching it. State v. Whittle Communications, 328 N.C. 456, 402 S.E.2d 556 (1991).

Exit Tuition Fee for Transfer. — County Board of Education could not require the payment of an exit tuition fee as a condition to approving the transfer of a county resident student to a school system in a different county, as the exit tuition fee is not provided for by the constitution and statutes of this State. Streeter v. Greene County Bd. of Educ., 115 N.C. App. 452, 446 S.E.2d 107 (1994).

Maintenance of Day-Care Program in Elementary School. — A local school board permitting a day-care program for "latch key" children to be operated in an elementary school is not in violation of this section. Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 305 N.C. 300, 291 S.E.2d 150 (1982).

The legislature may constitutionally delegate to the school board the power or authority to maintain a day-care program. Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 305 N.C. 300, 291 S.E.2d 150 (1982).

Tuition paid by students enrolled in day-care program is not violative of this section where the tuition is for a supplemental program, not for the students' basic education. Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981), appeal dismissed and cert. denied, 305 N.C. 300, 291 S.E.2d 150 (1982).

The financing of the public school system of the State is in the discretion of the General Assembly by appropriate legislation, either by State appropriation or through the county acting as an administrative agency of the State. Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937).

Distribution of Funds. — All of the funds raised in the State for common school purposes should be distributed per capita among the beneficiaries and not be retained in the counties where they are raised. Board of Educ. v. State Bd. of Educ., 114 N.C. 313, 19 S.E. 277 (1894); Board of School Comm'rs v. Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 169 N.C. 196, 85 S.E. 138 (1915).

In the distribution of the funds raised for common school purposes, the General Assembly may not discriminate in favor or to the prejudice of either the white or black race. Hooker v. Town of Greenville, 130 N.C. 472, 42 S.E. 141 (1902).

Action for declaratory and injunctive relief brought by minors who were, or would be in the future, enrolled in public schools in the county, and their parents or legal guardians, alleging that the present statutory system of financing public schools in this State resulted in inequities in educational programs and facilities between the public schools within that county, which had a relatively low tax base from which to draw funds, and those in other counties with relatively high tax bases, and that the operation of five separate school systems in that county prohibited effective use of facilities and staff and promoted inequitable use of state and local funds, thus depriving them of equal opportunity to a free public school education in violation of subsection (1) of this section, and N.C. Const., Art. I, §§ 1, 15 and 19, failed to allege facts entitling them to relief or conferring jurisdiction on the courts of this State. Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432, appeal dismissed, 320 N.C. 790, 361 S.E.2d 71 (1987).

Counties May Be Directed to Provide Funds. — It is within the power of the General Assembly to authorize and direct the counties of the State as administrative units or governmental agencies to provide the necessary funds by taxation or otherwise. Harrell v. Board of Comm'rs, 206 N.C. 225, 173 S.E. 614 (1934).

For Programs Proposed by Board of Education. — The General Assembly has not delegated to board of county commissioners the power to initiate and fund their own programs for the public schools; rather, county commissioners are delegated the power to fund only those school-related programs proposed by the board of education. Hughey v. Cloninger, 297 N.C. 86, 253 S.E.2d 898 (1979).

Counties May Act as Agents of State. — The Constitution requires the General Assembly to provide for a general and uniform system of public instruction. In fulfilling this purpose, the General Assembly may act through the agency of the county. When the county acts as agent of the State in carrying out legislative enactments, its actions fall within the authority granted by this section. Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969).

A county is an administrative unit of the State in our statewide public school system, and a statute requiring a county to maintain at least a six-months (now nine-months) school term in each of its school districts and to provide the necessary funds therefor by taxation or otherwise is valid. Evans v. Mecklenburg County, 205 N.C. 560, 172 S.E. 323 (1934).

A county board of education has the constitutional obligation to correct educational disparities in school facilities be-

tween schools previously maintained for black students and schools previously maintained for white students, and to afford all students of all races in all schools equal educational opportunities. Coppedge v. Franklin County Bd. of Educ., 273 F. Supp. 289 (E.D.N.C. 1967), aff'd, 394 F.2d 410 (4th Cir. 1968).

Consolidation Upheld. — Act to consolidate existing school administrative units did not violate subdivision (1) of this section of the Constitution. Guilford County Bd. of Educ. v. Guilford County Bd. of Elections, 110 N.C. App. 506, 430 S.E.2d 681 (1993).

Minimum funding requirement of act to consolidate existing school administrative units did not violate subsection (2) of this section. Guilford County Bd. of Educ. v. Guilford County Bd. of Elections, 110 N.C. App. 506, 430 S.E.2d 681 (1993).

Levy of County Tax to Supplement Teachers' Salaries. — In levying an additional tax for the purpose of supplementing teachers' salaries pursuant to former § 115-80(a), the board of county commissioners acted as an agency of the State under a delegation of authority from the General Assembly to carry out the duty imposed upon it by this section to maintain a system of public schools, and there was no requirement that such levy be submitted to a vote of the people. Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 1 N.C. App. 258, 161 S.E.2d 213, aff'd, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Tax Levy for County School Capital Reserve Fund. — Former § 115-80.1, authorizing the county board of commissioners to levy an ad valorem tax for a county school capital reserve fund to be used for the purpose of anticipating school capital outlays, was a valid exercise of legislative authority; the creation of such fund did not require a vote of the people. Yoder v. Board of Comm'rs, 7 N.C. App. 712, 173 S.E.2d 529 (1970).

As to expenditure of funds by county for operation of a technical institute for adult vocational and general educational training, see Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969).

As to county's obligation in relation to tax limitation provisions of Art. V, § 1, Const. 1868, see Board of Educ. v. Board of Comm'rs, 111 N.C. 578, 16 S.E. 621 (1892); Board of Educ. v. Board of County Comm'rs, 174 N.C. 469, 93 S.E. 1001 (1917); Harris v. Board of Comm'rs, 274 N.C. 343, 163 S.E.2d 387 (1968).

Bond Issue for Student Loans. — Where bond proceeds are to be used solely to make loans to meritorious North Carolinians of slender means and to thereby minimize the number of qualified persons whose education or training is interrupted or abandoned for lack of funds, the bond proceeds are for a public purpose. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

It is expected that a student loan will inure to the private benefit of the person who obtains it. It is equally true that the education provided throughout the entire school system is intended to inure to the benefit of the individual who obtains it. However, the fact that the individual obtains a private benefit cannot be considered sufficient ground to defeat the execution of the paramount public purpose of encouraging education. State Educ. Assistance Auth. v. Bank of Statesville, 276 N.C. 576, 174 S.E.2d 551 (1970).

Exemption of school bonds from taxation is valid. County of Mecklenburg v. Piedmont Fire Ins. Co., 210 N.C. 171, 185 S.E. 654 (1936).

Assumption of Indebtedness of School District. — When necessary to maintain the term of public schools required by the Constitution, it is within the legislative authority in establishing its statewide system to assume an indebtedness of a school district therefor, including the cost of necessary buildings, and direct that it be provided for by the respective counties as administrative units of the public school system of the State. Lovelace v. Pratt, 187 N.C. 686, 122 S.E. 661 (1924).

As to mandamus to compel the assumption by a county of indebtedness incurred by school districts for the erection and equipment of school buildings necessary to the constitutional school term, see City of Hickory v. Catawba County, 206 N.C. 165, 173 S.E. 56 (1934).

As to mandamus to compel county commissioners to maintain schools, see County Bd. of Educ. v. Board of Comm'rs, 150 N.C. 116, 63 S.E. 724 (1909); City of Hickory v. Catawba County, 206 N.C. 165, 173 S.E. 56 (1934); Mebane Graded Sch. Dist. v. County of Alamance, 211 N.C. 213, 189 S.E. 873 (1937).

As to redistricting for school purposes, see Moore v. Board of Educ., 212 N.C. 499, 193 S.E. 732 (1937).

Entitlement of Students Expelled under Former § 115-147 to Reinstatement or Equivalent. — Under the North Carolina Constitution and the implementing statute, students expelled from school pursuant to the authority of former § 115-147 might be entitled to either reinstatement or to equivalent free educational opportunities in a more suitable environment. Webster v. Perry, 367 F. Supp. 666 (M.D.N.C. 1973), vacated on other grounds, 417 U.S. 963, 94 S. Ct. 3166, 41 L. Ed. 2d 1136 (1974), modified, 512 F.2d 612 (4th Cir. 1975).

Charlotte-Mecklenburg Schools Ordered to Desegregate. — See Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 318 F. Supp.

786 (W.D.N.C. 1970), aff'd in part, 402 U.S. 1, 91 S. Ct. 1267, 28 L. Ed. 2d 554 (1971).

Quoted in Givens v. Poe, 346 F. Supp. 202 (W.D.N.C. 1972); Wilson County Bd. of Educ. v. Wilson County Bd. of Comm'rs, 26 N.C. App. 114, 215 S.E.2d 412 (1975); Rowan County Bd. of Educ. v. United States Gypsum Co., 332 N.C. 1, 418 S.E.2d 648 (1992).

Cited in Moore v. Wykle, 107 N.C. App. 120, 419 S.E.2d 164.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

As to the rights of a student to attend the school system in which he, his parents or legal guardian are domiciled, and the duty and authority of local boards of education concerning the enrollment of students who are and are not domiciled in their school systems, see opinion of Attorney General to Mr. C. Wade Mobley, Superintendent, Rowan County Schools, 55 N.C.A.G. 61 (1985).

Sec. 3. School attendance.

The General Assembly shall provide that every child of appropriate age and of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the public schools, unless educated by other means.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 11, Const. 1868, as amended in 1942.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on state regulation of private religious schools, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 405 (1980).

For note, "Delconte v. State: Some Thoughts on Home Education," see 64 N.C.L. Rev. 1302 (1986).

For comment, "The Latest Home Education Challenge: The Relationship Between Home Schools and Public Schools," see 74 N.C.L. Rev. 1913 (1996).

CASE NOTES

Right to Education. — The Constitution of North Carolina treats education as the right of every child of "sufficient physical and mental ability." Givens v. Poe, 346 F. Supp. 202 (W.D.N.C. 1972).

"Educated by other means". — The North Carolina Constitution requires the General Assembly to permit children of this State to be "educated by other means" than in the public schools. Delconte v. State, 313 N.C. 384, 329 S.E.2d 636 (1985).

Sec. 4. State Board of Education.

(1) *Board.* The State Board of Education shall consist of the Lieutenant Governor, the Treasurer, and eleven members appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the General Assembly in joint session. The General Assembly shall divide the State into eight educational districts. Of the appointive members of the Board, one shall be appointed from each of the eight educational districts and three shall be appointed from the State at large. Appointments shall be for overlapping terms of eight years. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made by the Governor for the unexpired terms and shall not be subject to confirmation.

(2) *Superintendent of Public Instruction.* The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be the secretary and chief administrative officer of the State Board of Education.

Cross References. — As to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, see § 115C-18 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 8, Const. 1868, as amended in 1942 and 1944.

Legal Periodicals. — For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Duty to End Segregation in Schools. — The State Board of Education has an affirmative duty to exercise its authority to the end that school segregation be eliminated. Godwin v. Johnston County Bd. of Educ., 301 F. Supp. 1339 (E.D.N.C. 1969), decided under former Art. IX, § 8, Const. 1868, as amended.

The State's duty to effect a transition from the dual system of schools formerly imposed by the Constitution and laws of the State of North Carolina to a unitary nonracial school system falls not only upon the local school boards, but also upon the State Board of Education and the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Godwin v. Johnston County Bd. of Educ., 301 F. Supp. 1339 (E.D.N.C. 1969), decided under former Art. IX, § 8, Const. 1868, as amended.

Stated in Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971).

Cited in Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981).

Sec. 5. Powers and duties of Board.

The State Board of Education shall supervise and administer the free public school system and the educational funds provided for its support, except the funds mentioned in Section 7 of this Article, and shall make all needed rules and regulations in relation thereto, subject to laws enacted by the General Assembly.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 9, Const. 1868, as amended in 1942.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on state regulation of private religious schools, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 405 (1980).

For article, "The Pearl in the Oyster: The Public Trust Doctrine in North Carolina," see 12 Campbell L. Rev. 23 (1989).

For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

CASE NOTES

State May Regulate Private Schools. — The State has the power and authority to establish minimum standards for, and to regulate in a reasonable manner, private schools giving instruction to children of compulsory school age. This is necessarily true because such schools affect the public school system. In this connection it has authority, among other things, to inspect, supervise, and examine such schools and their teachers and pupils, and to require that all children of proper age attend some school, that teachers be of good moral character and patriotic disposition, that certain studies plainly essential to good citizenship be taught, and that nothing be taught that is manifestly inimical to the public welfare. State v. Williams, 253 N.C. 337, 117 S.E.2d 444 (1960), decided under former Art. IX, § 9, Const. 1868, as amended.

As Exercise of Police Power. — The constitutional authority of the State Board of Education to make regulations for and supervise and administer schools is confined to public schools and activities substantially affecting public schools and the public school system. It may have and exert only such authority in the supervision and control of private schools and their agents and representatives as is conferred by the General Assembly in the proper exercise of the police power of the State. State v. Williams, 253 N.C. 337, 117 S.E.2d 444 (1960), decided under former Art. IX, § 9, Const. 1868, as amended.

But Must Not Be Arbitrary. — While the legislature, under the police power, may regulate education in many respects in private schools, the exercise of such power of regulation must not be arbitrary, and must be limited to the preservation of the public safety, the public health, or the public morals. State v. Williams, 253 N.C. 337, 117 S.E.2d 444 (1960), decided under former Art. IX, § 9, Const. 1868, as amended.

Constitution of 1868 Authorized Regulations on Certification of Teachers. — Article IX, § 9, Const. 1868, was designed to make, and did make, the powers conferred upon the State Board of Education subject to limitation and revision by acts of the General Assembly. That Constitution, itself, conferred upon the State Board of Education the enumerated powers to regulate the salaries and qualifications of teachers and to make needful rules and regulations in relation to this and other aspects of the administration of the public school system. In the silence of the General Assembly, the authority of the State Board to promulgate and administer further regulations concerning the

certification of teachers in the public schools was limited only by other provisions in the Constitution itself. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

And Present Constitution Contains Similar Authorization. — Rules and regulations relating to the certification of teachers being needed for the effective supervision and administration of the public school system, there is no difference in substance between the powers of the State Board of Education authorizing regulations on this matter under Art. IX, § 9, Const. 1868, and this section. Guthrie v. Taylor, 279 N.C. 703, 185 S.E.2d 193 (1971), cert. denied, 406 U.S. 920, 92 S. Ct. 1774, 32 L. Ed. 2d 119 (1972).

State Board of Education does not have the power to credential speech pathologists pursuant to their regulatory authority over the qualifications of school employees; the Licensure Act for Speech and Language Pathologists and Audiologists (§ 90-292) alone governs the qualification of persons practicing speech pathology, no matter what the setting. North Carolina Bd. of Exmrs. for Speech & Language Pathologists & Audiologists v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 122 N.C. App. 15, 468 S.E.2d 826 (1996), aff'd, 345 N.C. 493, 480 S.E.2d 50 (1997).

Quoted in Givens v. Poe, 346 F. Supp. 202 (W.D.N.C. 1972).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Establishing Certified Employees' Salaries and Amount of Work. — N.C. Const., Art. IX, § 5 and §§ 115C-12(9), 115C-272(a), 115C-284(c), 115C-296 and 115C-315(d) give the State Board of Education the authority to establish salary schedules for all certified employees and to establish the amount of work required to earn those salaries. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. James O. Barber, Controller, State Board of Education, 55 N.C.A.G. 1 (1985).

Sec. 6. State school fund.

The proceeds of all lands that have been or hereafter may be granted by the United States to this State, and not otherwise appropriated by this State or the United States; all moneys, stocks, bonds, and other property belonging to the State for purposes of public education; the net proceeds of all sales of the swamp lands belonging to the State; and all other grants, gifts, and devises that have been or hereafter may be made to the State, and not otherwise appropriated by the State or by the terms of the grant, gift, or devise, shall be paid into the State Treasury and, together with so much of the revenue of the State as may be set apart for that purpose, shall be faithfully appropriated and used exclusively for establishing and maintaining a uniform system of free public schools.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 4, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

Legal Periodicals. — For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Rowan County Bd. of Educ. v. United States Gypsum Co., 87 N.C. App. 106, 359 S.E.2d 814 (1987); Rowan County Bd. of Educ. v. United States Gypsum Co., 332 N.C. 1, 418 S.E.2d 648 (1992).

Sec. 7. County school fund.

All moneys, stocks, bonds, and other property belonging to a county school fund, and the clear proceeds of all penalties and forfeitures and of all fines collected in the several counties for any breach of the penal laws of the State,

shall belong to and remain in the several counties, and shall be faithfully appropriated and used exclusively for maintaining free public schools.

Cross References. — As to allocation of revenues to local school administrative units, and definition of "clear proceeds," as referred to in this section, see § 115C-437.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 5, Const. 1868, as added by the Convention of 1875.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures: An Historical and Comparative Analysis," see 65 N.C.L. Rev. 49 (1986).

For a survey of 1996 developments in constitutional law, see 75 N.C.L. Rev. 2252 (1997).

For note on the Supreme Court's decision in Hudson v. United States, see 33 Wake Forest L. Rev. 439 (1998).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. IX, § 5, Const. 1868, as added by the Convention of 1875.*

This section was designed in its entirety to secure two wise ends, namely: (1) to set apart the property and revenue specified therein for the support of the public school system; and (2) to prevent diversion of public school property and revenue from their intended use to other purposes. Boney v. Board of Trustees, 229 N.C. 136, 48 S.E.2d 56 (1948); Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976); Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

The term "penal laws," as used in the context of this section, means laws that impose a monetary payment for their violation. The payment is punitive rather than remedial in nature and is intended to penalize the wrongdoer rather than to compensate a particular party. Mussallam v. Mussallam, 321 N.C. 504, 364 S.E.2d 364, rehearing denied, 321 N.C. 116, 367 S.E.2d 915 (1988).

Penalties, forfeitures and fines are to be used for the support of the public schools. McMillan v. Robeson County, 262 N.C. 413, 137 S.E.2d 105 (1964).

When Prescribed as Punishment for Public Wrongs. — Where fines and penalties are prescribed as a punishment for a violation of public wrongs, i.e., crimes, and such penalties or fines are to be recovered by public authority, the disposition of such recovered fines or penalties comes within the constitutional provision under consideration, and they may not be turned away from the prescribed constitutional course. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

This section appropriates all fines for violation of the criminal laws of the State for establishing and maintaining free public schools in the several counties, whether the fines are for violation of town ordinances made misdemeanors by statute or other criminal statutes. Board of Educ. v. Town of Henderson, 126 N.C. 689, 36 S.E. 158, modified on other grounds, 127 N.C. 8, 37 S.E. 72 (1900).

And Given by Law to State. — Under this section penalties and forfeitures belong to the State for free school purposes only when given by law to the State. State ex rel. Carter v. Wilmington & W.R.R., 126 N.C. 437, 36 S.E. 14 (1900).

Statute purporting to give fines to an individual or another governmental agency violates this section. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

As Would Judgment. — Judgment by a trial judge which seeks to direct payment of a fine anywhere other than to the counties for the use of the public schools is unconstitutional. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

Municipal Clerk Not Entitled to Fees from Fines. — By provision of this section, the clear proceeds of fines collected by the clerk of a municipal court belong to the county school fund, and the clerk is not entitled to retain a percentage thereof as his fees, regardless of the provisions of public-local laws relating to his compensation. County Bd. of Educ. v. City of High Point, 213 N.C. 636, 197 S.E. 191 (1938).

Moneys Voluntarily Paid for Violation of City Ordinances Belong to School Fund. — Moneys voluntarily paid by motorists to a city upon citations for violations of a city overtime parking ordinance constitute a penalty or fine collected for breach of a state penal law and should be used exclusively for maintaining free public schools in the county pursuant to this section, since violation of a city ordinance is also a violation of § 14-4 which makes the violation of a local ordinance a misdemeanor. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 301 N.C. 340, 271 S.E.2d 258 (1980).

Two Funds for Public Schools. — The provisions of this section relating to the clear proceeds from penalties, forfeitures and fines identify two distinct funds for the public schools. These are (1) the clear proceeds of all penalties and forfeitures in all cases, regardless of their nature, so long as they accrue to the

state, and (2) the clear proceeds of all fines collected for any breach of the criminal laws. Mussallam v. Mussallam, 321 N.C. 504, 364 S.E.2d 364, rehearing denied, 321 N.C. 116, 367 S.E.2d 915 (1988).

This section establishes two funds for public schools: (1) the clear proceeds of all penalties and forfeitures in all cases, regardless of their nature, so long as they accrue to the state; and (2) the clear proceeds of all fines collected for any breach of the criminal laws. United States v. Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Bd. of Educ., 902 F.2d 267 (4th Cir. 1990).

Bond Proceeds Held Payable to Board of Education. — In custody case in which wife sought to regain custody of child who had been removed outside the country, bond set by superior court judge was to ensure husband's appearance, as the punishment for his failure to so appear would be immediate forfeiture of the bond, and since the terms of the bond specifically made its proceeds payable to the state of North Carolina should it be forfeited, such bond was penal in nature and accrued to the Board of Education. Mussallam v. Mussallam, 321 N.C. 504, 364 S.E.2d 364, rehearing denied, 321 N.C. 116, 367 S.E.2d 915 (1988).

The 1985 amendment to § 115C-437, defining "clear proceeds," could only be effective as to monies collected because of traffic violations occurring on and after July 17, 1985. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

Disposition of Parking Fines. — In the situation of parking fines, the costs of collection often surpass the amounts collected, the intent of the municipality in passing these ordinances being the regulation of traffic rather than the production of revenue. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989).

While it is important that the needs of school children be met, and met generously, it is also important that a municipality feel free to enact ordinances imposing small fines for overtime parking violations without being economically penalized, if indeed the municipality realizes no revenue from enforcement of these ordinances. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989).

Although defining costs of collection is a legislative function, the North Carolina General Assembly has not seen fit to provide municipalities with a formula for determining "clear proceeds" of fines realized from traffic violations. Lacking guidance on the subject, the court would be compelled to resort to a less precise measure in order to allow municipalities to retain the costs of collecting overtime parking fines. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989).

The money penalty collected by a city from a motorist who violates its ordinance prohibiting overtime parking constitutes a penalty or fine collected for the breach of a state penal law, even if the motorist has not been convicted of violating § 14-4. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

The "clear proceeds" of a forfeiture are defined as the amount of the forfeit less the cost of collection, meaning thereby the citations and process against the bondsman usually in the practice. Hightower v. Thompson, 231 N.C. 491, 57 S.E.2d 763 (1950).

The term "clear proceeds," as used in this section, is synonymous with "net proceeds." Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989).

The words "clear proceeds" in this section have been construed to mean the total amount of the fine, penalty, or forfeiture, less only the cost of collection, which, for a bail bond, is the cost of citing and issuing process against the bondsman in the usual manner. In re Dunlap, 66 N.C. App. 152, 310 S.E.2d 415 (1984).

The costs of collection of a fine will be deducted to determine clear proceeds. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989).

Reasonable costs of collection constitutionally may be deducted from the gross proceeds of the fines collected by a city for overtime parking. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

Applicable Forfeitures. — This section applies only to forfeitures that result from a breach of North Carolina penal law and not to forfeitures initiated by a federal agency because of a violation of federal law. United States v. Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Bd. of Educ., 902 F.2d 267 (4th Cir. 1990).

A forfeiture initiated by federal authorities and arising from violations of federal law is not controlled by this section. United States v. Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Bd. of Educ., 902 F.2d 267 (4th Cir. 1990).

RICO Forfeitures. — Since the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO) provides that the proceeds from the sale of RICO forfeited property accrue to the State, such proceeds must therefore be paid to the public school fund pursuant to this section. State ex rel. Thornburg v. 532 "B" Street, 334 N.C. 290, 432 S.E.2d 684 (1993).

Forfeitures of § 90-112(d1) Compared. — The plain language of this section limits its application to forfeitures resulting from a "breach of the penal laws of the State" and § 90-112(d1) of the North Carolina Act refers only to forfeitures "pursuant to this section." United States v. Winston-Salem/Forsyth

County Bd. of Educ., 902 F.2d 267 (4th Cir. 1990).

The test for determining permissible deductions from gross moneys taken in is that the item, to be deductible, must bear a reasonable relation to the costs of collection of the fine. A determination of costs can be made by qualified accountants, which determination is no more complicated than other problems accountants are daily accustomed to resolving. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 66 N.C. App. 537, 311 S.E.2d 889 (1984), aff'd, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1989); Harrell v. Harriet & Henderson Yarns, 314 N.C. 566, 336 S.E.2d 47 (1985), decided prior to 1985 amendment to § 115C-437 defining "clear proceeds."

The costs of collection do not include the costs associated with enforcing the ordinance, but are limited to the administrative costs of collecting the funds. Cauble v. City of Asheville, 314 N.C. 598, 336 S.E.2d 59 (1985).

Moneys to be set aside for future enforcement of the law cannot be deducted from "fines" to arrive at "clear proceeds" of fines. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

Use of Penal Fines. — This section provides that the fines collected for any breach of the penal laws shall be used exclusively for the benefit of the public schools. Any judgment of a trial judge which seeks to direct payment of a fine anywhere other than to the counties for the use of the public schools is unconstitutional. Florence v. Hiatt, 101 N.C. App. 539, 400 S.E.2d 118 (1991).

What County Is Entitled to Proceeds. — Neither the Constitution nor any statute enacted by the General Assembly states which county is entitled to receive forfeitures in cases that are started in one county and removed to another. In re Dunlap, 66 N.C. App. 152, 310 S.E.2d 415 (1984).

A suit to compel a city to pay fines and penalties to the county board of education should be brought against the city or the board of aldermen, and not against the chief of police. Bearden v. Fullam, 129 N.C. 477, 40 S.E. 204 (1901).

A school is an institution consisting of a teacher and pupils, irrespective of age, gathered together for instruction in any branch of learning, the arts or the sciences. Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969).

A school is public when it is open and public to all in the locality. Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969).

A county technical institute which provides adult vocational and general educational training is a part of the public school system of the State, and the expenditure of funds by a county as authorized by former § 115-234 et seq. for maintenance of a building used by such technical institute does not violate this section. Benvenue Parent-Teacher Ass'n v. Nash County Bd. of Educ., 4 N.C. App. 617, 167 S.E.2d 538, appeal dismissed, 275 N.C. 675, 170 S.E.2d 473 (1969).

The maintenance of an athletic field and playground is a proper use of school funds, since physical training is a legitimate function of education. Boney v. Board of Trustees, 229 N.C. 136, 48 S.E.2d 56 (1948).

An agreement under which a graded school district, without monetary consideration, was to transfer in fee to a municipality a tract of school property, and the municipality was to construct thereon an athletic stadium and grant the graded schools of the district free and unlimited use of the stadium and grounds during the school term except when required for regularly scheduled games of a professional baseball association, did not constitute a diversion of school property in contravention of this section. Boney v. Board of Trustees, 229 N.C. 136, 48 S.E.2d 56 (1948).

Provision in separation agreement that plaintiff pay educational expenses for children is not violative of this section nor of the U.S. Const., Amend. XIV where such expenses are incurred in attendance at private school. Carpenter v. Carpenter, 25 N.C. App. 235, 212 S.E.2d 911, cert. denied, 287 N.C. 465, 215 S.E.2d 623 (1975).

Section 15A-544(h), permitting remission of the amounts adjudged forfeited on criminal appearance bonds, does not violate the constitutional provision that the proceeds of forfeitures are to remain in the several counties and be used in the public schools. State v. Locklear, 42 N.C. App. 486, 256 S.E.2d 830, appeal dismissed, 298 N.C. 302, 259 S.E.2d 303 (1979).

Federal Forfeiture Law Held Applicable. — Where city police seized cash from a drug dealer, the city police could share in the proceeds according to federal forfeiture law. Federal and state forfeiture laws did not conflict, as this section applies only to forfeitures resulting from a breach of the penal laws of North Carolina, and the cash in question was forfeited because it was used in violation of a federal law. United States v. Alston, 717 F. Supp. 378 (M.D.N.C. 1989), aff'd sub nom. United States v. Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Bd. of Educ., 902 F.2d 267 (4th Cir. 1990).

Applied in State v. Walker, 27 N.C. App. 295, 219 S.E.2d 76 (1975); In re Phillips, 66 N.C. App. 468, 311 S.E.2d 365 (1984).

Quoted in Britt v. North Carolina State Bd. of Educ., 86 N.C. App. 282, 357 S.E.2d 432 (1987).

Stated in Wilson County Bd. of Educ. v.

Wilson County Bd. of Comm'rs, 26 N.C. App. 114, 215 S.E.2d 412 (1975).

Cited in Roberson v. Dale, 464 F. Supp. 680 (M.D.N.C. 1979); Kiddie Korner Day Schools, Inc. v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Bd. of Educ., 55 N.C. App. 134, 285 S.E.2d 110 (1981); State ex rel. Thornburg v. Currency in Amount of $52,029.00, 324 N.C. 276, 378 S.E.2d 1 (1989).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Confiscated Drugs. — If federal authorities confiscate drug related property and thereafter return a part of it to local authorities for law enforcement purposes, the North Carolina Constitution and laws do not require these funds to go to the local school board as forfeited property and they may be used by local law enforcement. See opinion of the Attorney General to Mr. Aubrey S. Tomlinson, Jr., Attorney for Franklin County, 57 N.C.A.G. 51 (1988).

Counties do not have a sound legal basis for contesting the action of the United States Attorney in confiscating drug related property where all aspects of the investigation, search, arrest and seizure are handled by State law enforcement officials and all criminal charges are in State court. Where federal agents participate in the investigation, arrest or seizure the county has no legal standing. See opinion of the Attorney General to Mr. Aubrey S. Tomlinson, Jr., Attorney for Franklin County, 57 N.C.A.G. 51 (1988).

Sec. 8. Higher education.

The General Assembly shall maintain a public system of higher education, comprising The University of North Carolina and such other institutions of higher education as the General Assembly may deem wise. The General Assembly shall provide for the selection of trustees of The University of North Carolina and of the other institutions of higher education, in whom shall be vested all the privileges, rights, franchises, and endowments heretofore granted to or conferred upon the trustees of these institutions. The General Assembly may enact laws necessary and expedient for the maintenance and management of The University of North Carolina and the other public institutions of higher education.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 6, Const. 1868, as added in 1872 — 1873.

CASE NOTES

Rule-Making Power of Trustees of University. — Under the Constitution and statutes of this State, the management of The University of North Carolina is delegated to and invested in the board of trustees, and the board of trustees may make all necessary, proper and reasonable rules and regulations for the orderly management and government of The University of North Carolina and for the preservation of discipline of its students. In re Carter, 262 N.C. 360, 137 S.E.2d 150 (1964), decided under former Art. IX, § 6, Const. 1868.

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

TACIT Program Upheld. — The TACIT Program, offered by North Carolina State University's Department of Urban Affairs to units of local government to educate employees with respect to selecting appropriate computer equipment, does not violate the provisions of § 66-58. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. George E. Tatum, Register of Deeds, Cumberland County, 55 N.C.A.G. 101 (1986).

Sec. 9. Benefits of public institutions of higher education.

The General Assembly shall provide that the benefits of The University of North Carolina and other public institutions of higher education, as far as practicable, be extended to the people of the State free of expense.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 7, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment on state regulation of private religious schools, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 405 (1980).

CASE NOTES

Quoted in Gwathmey v. State ex rel. Dep't of Env't, Health & Natural Resources, 342 N.C. 287, 464 S.E.2d 674 (1995).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Local School Administrative Unit Levying Taxes at Local Level. — The legislature may by statute, consistently with the Constitution, provide that a local school administrative unit may levy taxes at the local level but such taxing authority must be conferred either by a general law, applicable statewide, or by local act subject to a vote of those persons affected. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. John B. Dunn, Superintendent, Edenton-Chowan Schools, 60 N.C.A.G. 17 (April 24, 1990).

TACIT Program Upheld. — The TACIT Program, offered by North Carolina State University's Department of Urban Affairs to units of local government to educate employees with respect to selecting appropriate computer equipment, does not violate the provisions of § 66-58. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. George E. Tatum, Register of Deeds, Cumberland County, 55 N.C.A.G. 101 (1986).

Sec. 10. Escheats.

(1) *Escheats prior to July 1, 1971.* All property that prior to July 1, 1971, accrued to the State from escheats, unclaimed dividends, or distributive shares of the estates of deceased persons shall be appropriated to the use of The University of North Carolina.

(2) *Escheats after June 30, 1971.* All property that, after June 30, 1971, shall accrue to the State from escheats, unclaimed dividends, or distributive shares of the estates of deceased persons shall be used to aid worthy and needy students who are residents of this State and are enrolled in public institutions of higher education in this State. The method, amount, and type of distribution shall be prescribed by law. (1969, c. 827, § 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IX, § 7, Const. 1868.

Editor's Note. — The amendment adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 3, 1970, effective July 1, 1971, designated the former provisions of this section as subsection (1) and made changes therein so as to restrict the subsection's application to escheats prior to July 1, 1971, and added subsection (2).

CASE NOTES

The right of succession by escheat to all property, when no wife or husband or parties are entitled to inherit or take under the statutes of descent and distribution, was conferred upon The University of North Carolina by this section, and extended by several statutes. Board of Educ. v. Johnston, 224 N.C. 86, 29 S.E.2d 126 (1944), decided under former Art. IX, § 7, Const. 1868.

ARTICLE X

HOMESTEADS AND EXEMPTIONS

Section 1. Personal property exemptions.

The personal property of any resident of this State, to a value fixed by the General Assembly but not less than $500, to be selected by the resident, is exempted from sale under execution or other final process of any court, issued for the collection of any debt.

Cross References. — As to exempt property, see § 1C-1601 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. X, § 1, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on the nonpurchase security agreement as a relinquishment of the personal property exemption, see 15 Wake Forest L. Rev. 708 (1979).

For note on enforcement of separation agreements by specific performance, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 117 (1980).

For article on North Carolina's new Exemption Act, see 17 Wake Forest L. Rev. 865 (1981).

For article analyzing North Carolina's exemptions law, see 18 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1025 (1982).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. X, § 1, Const. 1868.

Exemption Is a Constitutional Right. — The right to the personal property exemption exists not by virtue of the allotment, but by virtue of the Constitution, which confers it and attaches the protection to the debtor before the allotment or appraisal. Lockhart v. Bear, 117 N.C. 298, 23 S.E. 484 (1895). See also, Crow v. Morgan, 210 N.C. 153, 185 S.E. 668 (1936).

This section and N.C. Const., Art. X, § 2 are explicit in guaranteeing to every resident of the State his homestead and personal property exemption of the value fixed, "to be selected by the owner thereof." McKeithen v. Blue, 142 N.C. 360, 55 S.E. 285 (1906).

Section 1C-1601(c) and Section 1C-1603(e)(2) are Unconstitutional. — Section 1C-1601(c) and section 1C-1603(e)(2), as they attempt to limit the claiming of constitutional exemptions to 20 days after notice to designate is served, are unconstitutional. HFC v. Ellis, 107 N.C. App. 262, 419 S.E.2d 592 (1992), cert. granted, 333 N.C. 167, 424 S.E.2d 909 (1992).

As to liberal construction of this section, see Hyman v. Stern, 43 F.2d 666 (4th Cir. 1930).

Law Protects Owner Only for Loss of Exempt Property Under Final Process. — The law protects the owner not from destitution, but only from loss of exempt property due to sale under final process for the collection of any debt. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

The exemption provisions in the Constitution do not make special allowances for a resident's sole remaining assets. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

Debtor Entitled to Exemption at All Times. — The $500.00 personal property exemption prescribed by this section entitles a judgment debtor to the amount of the exemption at all times, and such sum may be set apart for the comfort and support of the judgment debtor as often as the judgment debtor may be pressed with execution. Commissioner of Banks ex rel. Goldsboro Sav. & Trust Co. v. Yelverton, 204 N.C. 441, 168 S.E. 505, commented on in 12 N.C.L. Rev. 65 (1934).

And From Time to Time. — The $500.00 personal property exemption guaranteed by this section must be allotted from time to time as often as the judgment debtor might be pressed with execution, the policy being to enable him not only to have the exemptions allotted to him once, but to keep them about him all the time, for the comfort and support of himself and his family. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Waller, 196 F. Supp. 780 (M.D.N.C. 1961), rev'd on other grounds, 301 F.2d 839 (4th Cir. 1962).

When any final process against the debtor's estate is to be enforced, that much of his estate must be allowed to remain with him as is not liable to sale. Gardner v. McConnaughey, 157 N.C. 481, 73 S.E. 125 (1911). See also, Campbell v. White, 95 N.C. 344 (1886).

But Exempt Funds on Hand May Not Exceed Constitutional Amount. — A judgment debtor may claim his exemption as against successive executions, but may not

have exempt funds in his possession at any one time in excess of his exemption. Stated another way, a judgment debtor is privileged to make successive claims for his exemption, but may not hold free from execution at any one time an amount in excess of his exemption. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Waller, 196 F. Supp. 780 (M.D.N.C. 1961), rev'd on other grounds, 301 F.2d 839 (4th Cir. 1962).

Neither this section nor § 1C-1601(a) confers any property exemptions on past residents of this State. Indeed, the constitutional and statutory provisions both contemplate the possibility that changes in the debtor's residency or other changing circumstances may warrant subsequent modification of the debtor's right to constitutional or statutory exemptions. First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 90 N.C. App. 85, 367 S.E.2d 367 (1988).

Residency. — Irrespective of defendant's resident status previously, the trial court correctly determined defendant's residency based upon the evidence at the 1987 hearing. First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 90 N.C. App. 85, 367 S.E.2d 367 (1988).

Where the only evidence supporting defendant's contention of residency was her statement that she "hoped" to return to this state as soon as her sister's estate in Ireland was settled, this general declaration did not of itself defeat the trial court's findings of nonresidency, in light of the other facts of the case, especially the undisputed evidence that defendant had moved to Ireland (her place of citizenship) at least one year previously, had no dwelling in this state, and offered no definite plan to return. First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 90 N.C. App. 85, 367 S.E.2d 367 (1988).

Time for Claiming Exemption. — Until there has been a levy on personal property, no occasion for application of the constitutional exemption arises. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Waller, 301 F.2d 839 (4th Cir. 1962).

The constitutional exemption can be claimed only at the moment of levy. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Waller, 323 F.2d 20 (4th Cir. 1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 963, 84 S. Ct. 1124, 11 L. Ed. 2d 981 (1964).

It is only when property is about to be subjected to the payment of a debt by final process that the last opportunity is left to the defendant to claim his exemption. At any time before this stage of the proceeding is reached, he may make his demand and become entitled to an allotment of the exemption. Chemical Co. v. Sloan, 136 N.C. 122, 48 S.E. 577 (1904).

The defendant may demand his exemption when a warrant of attachment is levied on his property and it is taken out of his possession, or he may wait until the final process is issued and the property is about to be appropriated by sale to the satisfaction of the same. Chemical Co. v. Sloan, 136 N.C. 122, 48 S.E. 577 (1904).

A debtor may legally demand his personal property exemption at any time and up to the last moment before the appropriation thereof by the court, and the order of court directing a payment of the money derived from the sale of such property is final process within the meaning of the Constitution, giving the creditor such right until execution or other final process. Befarrah v. Spell, 178 N.C. 231, 100 S.E. 321 (1919); Crow v. Morgan, 210 N.C. 153, 185 S.E. 668 (1936).

Debtor May Voluntarily Bargain Away Exemption Right. — In cases of foreclosure of mortgages or of taking possession of collateral after default, no right to possession of property otherwise exempt remains in the debtor, who has voluntarily bargained it away. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

Legislature Has Not Prevented Debtor from Transferring Interest in Property to Another. — The legislature has seen fit to surround the family home with certain protections against the demands of urgent creditors to put it beyond the reach of those financial misfortunes which even the most prudent and sagacious cannot always avoid. It has not seen fit to prevent a debtor from "selling" or otherwise transferring an interest in that property to another, thereby giving the other priority of right to possession of the collateral. The constitutional exemption operates against general creditors so as to allow the debtor to retain his most valued $500.00 of property in the face of their executions. It does not operate so as to hinder secured creditors from realizing on the terms of their bargain. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

Security Interest Has Replaced Chattel Mortgage as Protection of Creditor. — Before the enactment of the Uniform Commercial Code, a debtor could subject his personal property to a chattel mortgage, and if he did so, the property was liable for the mortgage debt first and the debtor's exemption was allotted only in the amount of the surplus. An Article 9 security interest by the terms of the Uniform Commercial Code replaces the chattel mortgage as a method of protecting the creditor. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

Debtor divested herself of right to possession of personal property by terms of consumer loan contract with her creditor whereby the creditor obtained a security interest in all of her personal property, including her household furnishings. When the debtor defaulted, the creditor had an immediate right to possess all articles in which she had given a security interest. However, this right must be

distinguished from any interest which a creditor might seek under an executory waiver of the right to exemption. It has long been held that a debtor cannot be bound by any agreement to waive his exemption in case of levy upon his property. Montford v. Grohman, 36 N.C. App. 733, 245 S.E.2d 219, appeal dismissed, 295 N.C. 551, 248 S.E.2d 727 (1978).

Forfeiture of Exemption. — A bankrupt who conceals assets exceeding in value his statutory exemption forfeits his right to such exemption. Hyman v. Stern, 43 F.2d 666 (4th Cir. 1930).

Exemption May Not Frustrate Laws Relating to Fraudulent Conveyances. — The constitutional exemption is not a sword for frustration of the laws relating to fraudulent conveyances. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Waller, 323 F.2d 20 (4th Cir. 1963), cert. denied, 376 U.S. 963, 84 S. Ct. 1124, 11 L. Ed. 2d 981 (1964).

Exemption Ceases at Death of Claimant. — The personal property exemption provided for by this section and the laws passed pursuant thereto exists only during the life of the homesteader, and after his death passes to his personal representative to be disposed of in due course of administration. Johnson v. Cross, 66 N.C. 167 (1872).

One who is a fugitive from justice, even though he has left his family here, who cannot be found in this State and whose whereabouts are unknown, and the object of whose absence is to avoid serving a criminal sentence imposed by the courts, is not a resident of the State within the meaning of this section, and is not entitled to his exemptions in the absence of evidence or findings on the question of his animus revertendi. Cromer v. Self, 149 N.C. 164, 62 S.E. 885, 128 Am. St. R. 658 (1908).

The husband's duty to protect and provide for his wife is more than a debt in the ordinary acceptation of the word, or within the contemplation of this section and N.C. Const., Art. X, § 2(1). Anderson v. Anderson, 183 N.C. 139, 110 S.E. 863 (1922).

A husband's obligation to support his wife during the existence of the marital relation is not a "debt" within the meaning of this section and N.C. Const., Art. X, § 2(1). Barber v. Barber, 217 N.C. 422, 8 S.E.2d 204 (1940), citing White v. White, 179 N.C. 592, 103 S.E. 216 (1920).

Counterclaim and Setoff. — A party may not demand that his claim be allowed him as his personal property exemption so as to defeat the adverse party's right of counterclaim or setoff prior to rendition of the final judgment on his claim, since to permit the party to asset the exemption before judgment would enable him to obtain judgment in instances in which, if a balance were struck, nothing would be due him. Edgerton v. Johnson, 218 N.C. 300, 10 S.E.2d 918 (1940). For note on this case, see 19 N.C.L. Rev 227 (1941).

Where plaintiff moved that the judgment rendered against him in this cause on defendant's counterclaim should be offset by a judgment subsequently obtained by plaintiff against defendant in a separate action, contending that defendant was insolvent, and defendant demanded that the judgment rendered in his favor upon the counterclaim in the cause be allowed to him as his personal property exemption, it was held that to allow offset would amount to "final process" within the meaning of this section, and defendant's demand that the judgment in his favor on the counterclaim be allowed him as his personal property exemption precluded plaintiff's right of offset. Edgerton v. Johnson, 218 N.C. 300, 10 S.E.2d 918 (1940). For note on this case, see 19 N.C.L. Rev. 227 (1941).

Cited in In re Mims, 49 Bankr. 283 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1985); First Union Nat'l Bank v. Rolfe, 83 N.C. App. 625, 351 S.E.2d 117 (1986).

Sec. 2. Homestead exemptions.

(1) *Exemption from sale; exceptions.* Every homestead and the dwellings and buildings used therewith, to a value fixed by the General Assembly but not less than $1,000, to be selected by the owner thereof, or in lieu thereof, at the option of the owner, any lot in a city or town with the dwellings and buildings used thereon, and to the same value, owned and occupied by a resident of the State, shall be exempt from sale under execution or other final process obtained on any debt. But no property shall be exempt from sale for taxes, or for payment of obligations contracted for its purchase.

(2) *Exemption for benefit of children.* The homestead, after the death of the owner thereof, shall be exempt from the payment of any debt during the minority of the owner's children, or any of them.

(3) *Exemption for benefit of surviving spouse.* If the owner of a homestead dies, leaving a surviving spouse but no minor children, the homestead shall be exempt from the debts of the owner, and the rents and profits thereof shall

inure to the benefit of the surviving spouse until he or she remarries, unless the surviving spouse is the owner of a separate homestead.

(4) *Conveyance of homestead.* Nothing contained in this Article shall operate to prevent the owner of a homestead from disposing of it by deed, but no deed made by a married owner of a homestead shall be valid without the signature and acknowledgement of his or her spouse. (1977, c. 80, ss. 1, 2.)

Cross References. — As to exempt property, see § 1C-1601 et seq. As to conveyances by husband and wife, see § 39-7 et seq.

History. — The provisions of subsection (1) of this section are similar to those of Art. X, § 2, Const. 1868. The provisions of subsection (2) are similar to those of Art X, § 3, Const. 1868. The provisions of subsection (3) are similar to those of Art. X, § 5, Const. 1868. The provisions of subsection (4) are similar to those of Art. X, § 8, Const. 1868, as amended in 1944.

Legal Periodicals. — For comment as to whether North Carolina really has a homestead exemption, see 2 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 53 (1966).

For note on the non-purchase security agreement as a relinquishment of the personal property exemption, see 15 Wake Forest L. Rev. 708 (1979).

For article on debtors' exemption rights under the Bankruptcy Reform Act, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 769 (1980).

For note on enforcement of separation agreements by specific performance, see 16 Wake Forest L. Rev. 117 (1980).

CASE NOTES

I. Homestead Exemption Generally.
II. Exemption for Benefit of Children.
III. Exemption for Benefit of Spouse.
IV. Conveyance of Homestead.

I. HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION GENERALLY.

Editor's Note. — *Many of the cases cited below were decided under corresponding provisions of the Constitution of 1868.*

The right to a homestead is guaranteed by the Constitution. Williams v. Johnson, 230 N.C. 338, 53 S.E.2d 277 (1949).

Homestead and Personal Property Exemptions Distinguished. — The homestead exemption is permanent unless there is a reallotment by reason of an increase in value. But the personal property exemption is to be reassigned whenever, at subsequent dates, executions are levied. The reason is that the realty is fixed and stable, whereas the articles of personal property may be increased or diminished in quantity between the levy of executions. Gardner v. McConnaughey, 157 N.C. 481, 73 S.E. 125 (1911).

Power to Increase Value of Homestead Exemption. — The Constitution expressly vests in the General Assembly, not in the courts, the exclusive power to increase the value of the homestead exemption. Seeman Printery, Inc. v. Schinhan, 34 N.C. App. 637, 239 S.E.2d 744 (1977), appeal dismissed, 294 N.C. 442, 241 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Comparison of former section with present subsection (1) of this section reveals that the major difference is that under the former the homestead could not exceed $1000 in value, while under the present Constitution the homestead shall be to a value fixed by the General Assembly but not less than $1000. Seeman Printery, Inc. v. Schinhan, 34 N.C. App. 637, 239 S.E.2d 744 (1977), appeal dismissed, 294 N.C. 442, 241 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Present Possessory Interest Necessary for Homestead Exemption Claim. — In this State, a homestead exemption may not be claimed in property in which the claimant has no present possessory interest at the time the claim is made. In re Hudson, 4 Bankr. 337 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1980).

Ownership Interest Required. — Under North Carolina law, an individual must have an ownership interest in residential property in order to claim a homestead exemption in the property. Hollar v. United States, 184 Bankr. 25 (Bankr. M.D.N.C.), aff'd, 188 Bankr. 539 (M.D.N.C. 1995), aff'd, 92 F.3d 1179 (4th Cir. 1996).

Extent of Exemption of Dwelling House. — The constitutional and statutory enactments relating to the homestead exemption cannot be so construed as to permit exemption of an entire usable dwelling house, regardless of its value. Seeman Printery, Inc. v. Schinham, 34 N.C. App. 637, 239 S.E.2d 744 (1977), appeal dismissed, 294 N.C. 442, 241 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Effect of Allotment Useless to Debtor which Impairs Value of Remaining Property. — Where the debtor requested that the allotment of his homestead begin at a point at

the front door of his dwelling, with the result that the entire area allotted was located in the hallway adjacent to the front door of the house, the fact that the allotment was useless to the debtor and impaired the value of the remaining property available for satisfaction of the creditor's judgment did not entitle the debtor to claim his exemption in the entire dwelling. Seeman Printery, Inc. v. Schinhan, 34 N.C. App. 637, 239 S.E.2d 744 (1977), appeal dismissed, 294 N.C. 442, 241 S.E.2d 844 (1978).

Residence of Debtor. — For case in which evidence was insufficient to support finding by the court that judgment debtor was resident and entitled to homestead, see S.D. Scott & Co. v. Jones, 230 N.C. 74, 52 S.E.2d 219 (1949).

Duration of Homestead. — The homestead as allowed lasts during the life of the owner thereof; and, after his death, it lasts during the minority of his children, or any one of them, and the widowhood of his widow (now spouse), unless she be the owner of a homestead in her own right. Williams v. Johnson, 230 N.C. 338, 53 S.E.2d 277 (1949).

Presumption of Continuance. — Once acquired, the homestead is presumed to continue. Williams v. Johnson, 230 N.C. 338, 53 S.E.2d 277 (1949).

The only way property may lose its homestead character, after the homestead has been allotted, is by death, abandonment or alienation. Williams v. Johnson, 230 N.C. 338, 53 S.E.2d 277 (1949).

Homestead interest in land is terminated by the owner's removal from the State. S.D. Scott & Co. v. Jones, 230 N.C. 74, 52 S.E.2d 219 (1949).

The right to the homestead exemption is not forfeited by a fraudulent conveyance, and a judgment was properly modified by order directing that defendant be allotted his homestead in the land, which should be exempt from sale by the commissioner. New Amsterdam Cas. Co. v. Dunn, 209 N.C. 736, 184 S.E. 488 (1936).

Exemption Allowed in Mortgaged Lands. — A debtor may have his homestead exemption allotted in lands owned by him but mortgaged to a third person, but in ascertaining the value thereof the mortgage debt should be disregarded, and the land appraised as though the debtor owned the unencumbered fee. Crow v. Morgan, 210 N.C. 153, 185 S.E. 668 (1936).

And in Vacant Lots. — Where the only real property owned by a judgment debtor consists of vacant lots, he may claim his homestead therein, since he may thereafter build an habitable structure thereon. Equitable Life Assurance Soc'y v. Russos, 210 N.C. 121, 185 S.E. 632 (1936).

Doctrine of estoppel cannot deny a bankrupt his right to a homestead in lands which were subject to his debts. In selecting the land for his homestead exemption, he is not restricted to the tract on which he lives. In re Hamrick, 56 F.2d 240 (W.D.N.C. 1932).

Waiver of Homestead Right. — The right to claim homestead may be lost by failure to assert it in apt time, by waiver, or by estoppel. Cameron v. McDonald, 216 N.C. 712, 6 S.E.2d 497 (1940).

Waiver Shown. — A written request by judgment debtors to the sheriff to sell lands under execution without the allotment of homestead, to the end that the property might bring the highest price possible, and joinder of the judgment debtors in the sheriff's deed to the purchaser, constituted an authorization and ratification of the act of the sheriff in making the execution sale without allotment of homestead and was a valid waiver by the judgment debtors of their homestead exemption in regard to that particular execution. North Carolina Joint Stock Land Bank v. Bland, 231 N.C. 26, 56 S.E.2d 30 (1949).

Where defendants made no objection to the sale of real property under execution without allotting the homestead until five months after the sale was completed, where the real property was sold to third parties in the meantime, and where the femme defendant was present at the sale and did not request the allotment of a homestead, these facts constituted a waiver by the defendants of their right to have the homestead allotted. North Carolina Nat'l Bank v. Sharpe, 49 N.C. App. 687, 272 S.E.2d 368 (1980), appeal dismissed, 302 N.C. 217, 276 S.E.2d 916 (1981).

Creditors Without Standing to Complain of Waiver. — Homestead is a right created for the benefit of the judgment debtor, and therefore other judgment creditors cannot complain of a waiver by the debtor of this right in designated realty as to a particular judgment. North Carolina Joint Stock Land Bank v. Bland, 231 N.C. 26, 56 S.E.2d 30 (1949).

Right May Be Sold or Assigned. — The homestead right or estate is salable or assignable, and the purchaser can hold the land to which it pertains to the exclusion of judgment creditors during its existence. Gardner v. Batts, 114 N.C. 496, 19 S.E. 794 (1894).

The owner of lands loses his right to a homestead therein allowed by this section upon his conveying the title to the same, by deed, though he may select a homestead thereafter in other of his lands. Duplin County v. Harrell, 195 N.C. 445, 142 S.E. 481 (1928).

Allotment Unnecessary. — The title to the homestead is vested in the owner by the Constitution of this State, and no allotment by the sheriff is necessary to vest the title thereto. The allotment by the sheriff is only for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is an excess of property over the homestead which is subject to

execution. Lambert v. Kinnery, 74 N.C. 348 (1876).

Land must be selected by the owner and allotted before it becomes exempt. It must also be both owned and occupied by the homesteader, and this at the time of issuance of the execution. Chadbourn Sash, Door & Blind Co. v. Parker, 153 N.C. 130, 69 S.E. 1 (1910).

Where a judgment debtor is present when his homestead in his land is laid off to him by the appraisers, and he designates the land he desires for the purpose, he may not successfully contend thereafter that other lands should have been included, it not being contended that the value of the homestead as allotted was less than $1,000.00. Citizens Bank v. Robinson, 201 N.C. 796, 161 S.E. 487 (1931).

Where a mortgage on land is foreclosed and the land brings at the foreclosure sale a sum more than sufficient to pay the mortgage debt, the surplus remaining to the constitutional limit of $1,000.00 is to be regarded as realty to which the homestead right attaches when the same has not been waived. Farris v. Hendricks, 196 N.C. 439, 146 S.E. 73 (1929).

A mortgagor of lands is entitled to his homestead exemption in his equity of redemption as against the liens of judgment creditors, and an injunction will lie against the sale of the property under execution when his homestead has not been allotted. Cheek v. Walden, 195 N.C. 752, 143 S.E. 465 (1928).

There is no lien for purchase money in North Carolina, and while the judgment debtor cannot claim homestead as against a judgment for purchase money, the lien of a mortgage executed to a third person has priority over the judgment lien, when the mortgage is executed prior to the rendition of the judgment and prior to an amendment putting the title to the property in issue. Jarrett v. Holland, 213 N.C. 428, 196 S.E. 314 (1938).

A duly docketed judgment is a lien on the lands of the judgment debtor, but is subject to the homestead interest in the lands as provided by this section. Farris v. Hendricks, 196 N.C. 439, 146 S.E. 73 (1929).

Cited in In re Mims, 49 Bankr. 283 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1985).

II. EXEMPTION FOR BENEFIT OF CHILDREN.

As to the unconditional right of exemption given to the children, see Spence v. Goodwin, 128 N.C. 273, 38 S.E. 859 (1901).

The debt referred to in subsection (2) of this section means the debt of the owner of the homestead, and not the debt of the infant children. Bruton v. McRae, 125 N.C. 206, 34 S.E. 397 (1899).

Only Minor Children Included. — Twenty-one year old heir is not entitled to homestead in the lands of his ancestor; his right thereto ceased as soon as he attained his majority. Saylor v. Powell, 90 N.C. 202 (1884).

Where Only One Child a Minor. — Where the owner of a homestead dies, leaving children, some of age and one a minor, the homestead estate vests alone in the minor child until his or her majority. Simpson v. Wallace, 83 N.C. 477 (1880).

Pecuniary Standing of Children Not Considered. — The right of a homestead is given to the minor children of an insolvent father, regardless of their pecuniary circumstances. Allen v. Shields, 72 N.C. 504 (1875); Spence v. Goodwin, 128 N.C. 273, 38 S.E. 859 (1901).

Right Not Waivable by Guardian Ad Litem. — A guardian ad litem cannot waive the homestead rights of infant heirs, especially when there is no consideration therefor, for such waiver would affect the substantial rights of the infants. Spence v. Goodwin, 128 N.C. 273, 38 S.E. 859 (1901).

Right Not to Be Sold for Assets. — In a proceeding to sell land for assets, the executor cannot sell the homestead interest of a minor child and devisee of the testator. Bruton v. McRae, 125 N.C. 206, 34 S.E. 397 (1899).

III. EXEMPTION FOR BENEFIT OF SPOUSE.

Ownership at Death Essential. — It is only when the husband (now spouse) is the owner of a homestead at the time of his death that the exemption from debts inures to surviving spouse's benefit. Thomas v. Bunch, 158 N.C. 175, 73 S.E. 899 (1912).

A widow (now surviving spouse) is not required to take action for the preservation of the right to a homestead in the lands of deceased husband (spouse) under the provisions of this section, and before the lands can be validly sold by the personal representatives to make assets for payment of the debts of the deceased the homestead must first be assigned. Fulp v. Brown, 153 N.C. 531, 69 S.E. 612 (1910).

For case holding that widow was not entitled to homestead where husband left adult children by another marriage, see Simmons v. Respass, 151 N.C. 5, 65 S.E. 516 (1909).

IV. CONVEYANCE OF HOMESTEAD.

Subsection (4) Applies After Allotment of Homestead. — Subsection (4) of this section applies only to a conveyance of the homestead after it has been laid off. Mayho v. Cotton, 69 N.C. 289 (1873), approved in Dalrymple v. Cole, 170 N.C. 102, 86 S.E. 988 (1915). See also, Hager v. Nixon, 69 N.C. 108 (1873).

The provisions of subsection (4) of this section do not become effective, and do not begin to

operate, until an allotment of the homestead is made to the husband (spouse). Dalrymple v. Cole, 170 N.C. 102, 86 S.E. 988 (1915).

Joinder of Spouse in Conveyance of Land. — Where there is a homestead right in land, the homesteader may alienate the same only with the joinder of the wife (spouse). Farris v. Hendricks, 196 N.C. 439, 146 S.E. 73 (1929).

A deed executed by the homesteader without the joinder of his wife (spouse) is invalid and passes no interest. Wittkowsky v. Gidney, 124 N.C. 437, 32 S.E. 731 (1899). See also, Lambert v. Kinnery, 74 N.C. 348 (1876).

For case discussing right of grantee upon nonjointure of wife (spouse), see Dalrymple v. Cole, 170 N.C. 102, 86 S.E. 988 (1915).

For case discussing instances in which the assent of the wife (spouse) was not necessary, see Hughes v. Hodges, 102 N.C. 236, 102 N.C. 262, 9 S.E. 437, 9 S.E. 437 (1889). See also, Dalrymple v. Cole, 156 N.C. 353, 72 S.E. 451 (1911); Simmons v. McCullin, 163 N.C. 409, 79 S.E. 625 (1913).

General power of alienation incident to ordinary ownership of real property exists as to all the residue or remaining interest in the lands over the homestead exemption, whether the exemption has or has not been allotted, this section of the Constitution applying alone to the homestead interest, and none other. Davenport v. Fleming, 154 N.C. 291, 70 S.E. 472 (1911).

For case holding jointure of wife (spouse) unnecessary in conveyance of estate in reversion, see Jenkins v. Bobbitt, 77 N.C. 385 (1877).

Land Acquired Prior to 1868. — Husband could convey land acquired before the Constitution of 1868 without the joinder of his wife and thereby bar wife of dower or homestead. Cawfield v. Owens, 129 N.C. 286, 40 S.E. 62 (1901).

For review of decisions prior and subsequent to enactment, in 1905, of former § 1-370, see Stokes v. Smith, 246 N.C. 694, 100 S.E.2d 85 (1957).

Sec. 3. Mechanics' and laborers' liens.

The General Assembly shall provide by proper legislation for giving to mechanics and laborers an adequate lien on the subject-matter of their labor. The provisions of Sections 1 and 2 of this Article shall not be so construed as to prevent a laborer's lien for work done and performed for the person claiming the exemption or a mechanic's lien for work done on the premises.

Cross References. — As to statutory liens and charges, see § 44A-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of the first sentence of this section are similar to those of Art. XIV, § 4, Const. 1868. The provisions of the second sentence of this section are similar to those of Art. X, § 4, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on "North Carolina Construction Law Survey II," see 22 Wake Forest L. Rev. 481 (1987).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XIV, § 4; Const. 1868, and former Art. X, § 4, Const. 1868.*

Definition of Terms. — A "laborer's lien" is solely for labor performed, while a "mechanic's lien" is broader and includes the "work done," i.e., the "building built" or superstructure put on the premises. Broyhill v. Gaither, 119 N.C. 443, 26 S.E. 31 (1896).

This section is a mandate directing the General Assembly to enact legislation to give mechanics and laborers a lien on the subject matter of their labor. American Bridge Div. v. Brinkley, 255 N.C. 162, 120 S.E.2d 529 (1961).

Liens on Public Construction Prohibited. — Public policy prohibits the acquisition of liens for labor or materials used or furnished in the construction of a public edifice or way. American Bridge Div., United States Steel Corp. v. Brinkley, 255 N.C. 162, 120 S.E.2d 529 (1961).

As to lien for materials furnished, see Cumming v. Bloodworth, 87 N.C. 83 (1882); Broyhill v. Gaither, 119 N.C. 443, 26 S.E. 31 (1896).

Lien on Property of Married Woman. — For all debts contracted for work and labor done, a lien is given upon the property of a married woman. Ball v. Paquin, 140 N.C. 83, 52 S.E. 410, 3 L.R.A. (n.s.) 307 (1905).

Quoted in Wilbur Smith & Assocs. v. South Mt. Properties, Inc., 29 N.C. App. 447, 224 S.E.2d 692 (1976).

Cited in Floyd S. Pike Elec. Contractor v. Goodwill Missionary Baptist Church, 25 N.C. App. 563, 214 S.E.2d 276 (1975).

Sec. 4. Property of married women secured to them.

The real and personal property of any female in this State acquired before marriage, and all property, real and personal, to which she may, after marriage, become in any manner entitled, shall be and remain the sole and separate estate and property of such female, and shall not be liable for any debts, obligations, or engagements of her husband, and may be devised and bequeathed and conveyed by her, subject to such regulations and limitations as the General Assembly may prescribe. Every married woman may exercise powers of attorney conferred upon her by her husband, including the power to execute and acknowledge deeds to property owned by herself and her husband or by her husband.

Cross References. — As to conveyances by husband and wife, see § 39-7 et seq. As to powers and liabilities of married persons, see § 52-1 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. X, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1956 and 1964.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on wife's conveyance of her realty by virtue of husband's power of attorney, see 31 N.C.L. Rev. 228 (1953).

For note on constitutionality of husband's right to dissent from wife's will, see 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

For comment as to whether North Carolina really has a homestead exemption, see 2 Wake Forest Intra. L. Rev. 53 (1966).

For comment on the constitutionality of the privy examination under § 52-6(a) (now repealed) and its relation to this section, see 12 Wake Forest L. Rev. 1007 (1977).

For comment on tenancy by the entirety in North Carolina, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 997 (1980).

For article analyzing North Carolina's tenancy by the entirety reform legislation of 1982, see 5 Campbell L. Rev. 1 (1982).

For comment on the tax effects of equitable distribution upon divorce, see 18 Wake Forest L. Rev. 555 (1982).

For comment discussing the status of the presumption of purchase money resulting trust for wives in light of Mims v. Mims, 305 N.C. 41, 286 S.E.2d 779 (1982), see 61 N.C.L. Rev. 576 (1983).

For article, "A Spouse's Right to Control Assets During Marriage: Is North Carolina Living in the Middle Ages?", see 18 Campbell L. Rev. 203.

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. *— Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. X, § 6, Const. 1868, before and after amendment.*

As to the history of this section, see Perry v. Stancil, 237 N.C. 442, 75 S.E.2d 512 (1953).

General Policy of Section. — This section is intended to emancipate married women and place them, so far as property rights are concerned, on a par with men and femmes sole. McLeod v. Williams, 122 N.C. 451, 30 S.E. 129 (1898).

There is no "beneficent provision of the Constitution" which throws additional shackles around women in the management of their separate property. This provision of the Constitution is in exactly the opposite direction, in accordance with the free spirit of the age and with the universal trend of legislation the world over. Its purpose is not to further assimilate married women to the condition of infants, but to make free women of them, to emancipate them from most of the restrictions formerly existing. Strouse v. Cohen, 113 N.C. 349, 18 S.E. 323 (1893).

The historical context of this Article makes clear that wives were simply accorded rights in their property similar to those rights husbands already enjoyed in their own property. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Purpose to Give Wives Same Rights as Husbands. — The historical context of this Article makes clear that wives were simply accorded rights in their property similar to those rights husbands already enjoyed in their own property. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Section Subject to Limitation Prescribed by General Assembly. — Whatever the remedial purpose of this section, it is by its own terms subject to limitations prescribed by the General Assembly, including any statutory classification and distribution of property under the Equitable Distribution Act. Under § 50-20(b) of that Act, military retirement pay is treated no differently, whether its recipient is male or female. Armstrong v. Armstrong, 85 N.C. App. 93, 354 S.E.2d 350 (1987), rev'd on other grounds, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988).

Common-Law Rule Changed. — The common-law rule giving to the husband the actual or potential ownership of the separate choses in action belonging to his wife by reducing them into possession is now changed by this section giving to the wife the sole ownership of her separate estate. Turlington v. Lucas, 186 N.C. 283, 119 S.E. 366 (1923).

By virtue of this section and other provisions, the relation which married women formerly sustained to their husbands has been materially modified. Unity of person in the strict common-law sense no longer exists, and many of the common-law disabilities have been removed. Not only may they contract with each other; a married woman may now sue her husband in contract or in tort. Etheredge v. Cochran, 196 N.C. 681, 146 S.E. 711 (1929); Dorsett v. Dorsett, 183 N.C. 354, 111 S.E. 541, 23 A.L.R. 15 (1922); Roberts v. Roberts, 185 N.C. 566, 118 S.E. 9, 29 A.L.R. 1479 (1923); Shirley v. Ayers, 201 N.C. 51, 158 S.E. 840 (1931).

This section completely abolished the general doctrine of the common law that as to property husband and wife are in legal contemplation but one person, and that the husband is that one, and made very material and far-reaching changes as to the rights respectively of husband and wife in respect to the wife's property, both real and personal, and enlarged the wife's power in respect to and control over her property. Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), commented on in 91 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

Purpose of 1964 Amendment. — The 1964 amendment to this section was enacted to abrogate the effect of the decision in Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962) and to make the rights of husbands and wives the same in each other's separate property. Fullam v. Brock, 271 N.C. 145, 155 S.E.2d 737 (1967).

Statutes allowing husband to dissent from wife's will violated section prior to 1964 amendment. Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), commented on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963); Fullam v. Brock, 271 N.C. 145, 155 S.E.2d 737 (1967).

And Wife Could Bar Husband's Curtesy by Devising Property. — By marriage, before the adoption of the Constitution of 1868, the husband acquired no vested rights in the lands of his wife before a child was born capable of inheriting; and when the first child of the marriage was born after the adoption of the Constitution of 1868, which gave a married woman the power, among other things, of disposing, by will, of her property acquired before marriage, she could accordingly dispose of it by will and deprive her husband of his interest therein as tenant by the curtesy. Richardson v. Richardson, 150 N.C. 549, 64 S.E. 510 (1909).

Under the Constitution of 1868 there was no curtesy after the death of the wife in property which she had devised. Tiddy v. Graves, 127 N.C. 502, 37 S.E. 513 (1900); Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), comment on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

The common-law estate of the husband as tenant by the curtesy initiate in the lands of his wife was abolished by Art. X, § 6, Const. 1868. Walker v. Long, 109 N.C. 510, 14 S.E. 299 (1890); Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), commented on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

But vested curtesy rights of husband at adoption of the Constitution of 1868 were not impaired. Richardson v. Richardson, 150 N.C. 549, 64 S.E. 510 (1909).

Amendment of 1964 Restored Husband's Right to Dissent. — The effect of the adoption by the voters of the 1964 amendment to this section was to restore, subject to the qualifications set forth in Session Laws 1963, c. 1209, the right of the husband to dissent from the will of his wife. Fullam v. Brock, 271 N.C. 145, 155 S.E.2d 737 (1967).

And Dissent Could Be Based on Anticipatory Legislation Prior to Amendment. — Where, at the time of his wife's death in 1965, the amendment to this section authorizing the legislature to empower a husband to dissent from his wife's will had been certified but the legislation reenacting §§ 30-1, 30-2, and 30-3 had not become effective, the husband had a right to dissent from his wife's will based on anticipatory provisions of Session Laws 1963, c. 1209, which directed the submission of the constitutional amendment, and which provided that the word "spouse" should apply to both husband and wife in certain statutes. Fullam v. Brock, 271 N.C. 145, 155 S.E.2d 737 (1967).

Legislative Control over Capacity to Make Will. — This section, conferring upon married women the right to make a will, etc., was designed chiefly to remove the common-law restriction on married women in this respect, and was not intended to free such right from every and all legislative regulation. Flanner v. Flanner, 160 N.C. 126, 75 S.E. 936 (1912).

Trust for sole use and benefit of married woman held passive, in view of this section. Pilkington v. West, 246 N.C. 575, 99 S.E.2d 798 (1957).

Devise of Equitable Separate Estate. — A married woman may devise her equitable separate estate, in the absence of contrary provisions in the instrument creating it, where the trustee is a passive trustee; and, whether the trust be passive or active, where the trust is to terminate with her life, and the estate to become absolute thereafter. Freeman v. Lide, 176 N.C. 434, 97 S.E. 402 (1918).

Provisions of Instrument Creating Es-

tate Still Control. — Married women have no greater estates, by operation of this section of the Constitution, than those conveyed by the terms of the deed under which they derive title; nor are the properties and incidents belonging to estates changed by that instrument. Long v. Barnes, 87 N.C. 329 (1882).

The Constitution imposes no limitation upon the right of a grantor or devisor to restrict or enlarge, by the terms of the instrument through which title passes, married woman's jus disponendi. Kirby v. Boyette, 118 N.C. 244, 24 S.E. 18 (1896).

Marriage Does Not Sever Unity of Title and Possession Under Joint Tenancy. — Where a deed of bargain and sale conveys a joint tenancy in the grantees with right of survivorship, the subsequent marriage of one of the grantees does not sever the unity of title and possession. Vettori v. Fay, 262 N.C. 481, 137 S.E.2d 810 (1964).

Estates by entireties are not changed or affected by this section. Moore v. Shore, 208 N.C. 446, 181 S.E. 275 (1935), citing Bank of Greenville v. Gornto, 161 N.C. 341, 77 S.E. 222 (1913).

Lien Against Land Held by Entireties. — Estates by entireties as between husband and wife still exist in North Carolina, but where there is a judgment upon a joint contract against husband and wife, a lien thereunder is created against lands held by them in entireties, and execution may be issued against them. Martin v. Lewis, 187 N.C. 473, 122 S.E. 180 (1924).

Conveyance, etc., of Land Held by Entireties. — The husband has the right, during coverture, to deal with the possession of land held by him and his wife by entireties without the consent of the wife, but neither may make a contract affecting title so as to defeat the right of the survivor in the whole estate without the consent of the other. Moore v. Shore, 208 N.C. 446, 181 S.E. 275 (1935).

Where lots are conveyed with restrictive covenants limiting buildings to residences, and one of such lots is owned by husband and wife by the entireties, husband may not convey or contract in respect to the negative easement of such lot over the other lots without the consent of his wife, since the wife has the right to such negative easement as a part of the estate if she should survive her husband. Moore v. Shore, 208 N.C. 446, 181 S.E. 275 (1935).

Conveyances Between Husband and Wife. — While a deed executed by husband to wife in 1841, even if a fee simple deed, would have been void in law, and sustainable in equity only upon meritorious consideration, it is otherwise as to such deed executed now, which is rendered valid under this section. McLamb v. McPhail, 126 N.C. 218, 35 S.E. 426 (1900).

As to former requirement of husband's written assent to wife's conveyance, see Jennings v. Hinton, 126 N.C. 48, 35 S.E. 187 (1900); Coffin v. Smith, 128 N.C. 252, 38 S.E. 864 (1901); Vann v. Edwards, 135 N.C. 661, 47 S.E. 784 (1904); Smith v. Bruton, 137 N.C. 79, 49 S.E. 64 (1904); Freeman v. Lide, 176 N.C. 434, 97 S.E. 402 (1918); Joiner v. Firemen's Ins. Co., 6 F. Supp. 103 (M.D.N.C. 1934); Martin v. Bundy, 212 N.C. 437, 193 S.E. 831 (1937); Nichols v. York, 219 N.C. 262, 13 S.E.2d 565 (1941); Buford v. Mochy, 224 N.C. 235, 29 S.E.2d 729 (1944); Perkins v. Isley, 224 N.C. 793, 32 S.E.2d 588 (1945); Merchants & Farmers Bank v. Sherrill, 231 N.C. 731, 58 S.E.2d 741 (1950); Perry v. Stancil, 237 N.C. 442, 75 S.E.2d 512 (1953); Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), commented on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

As to status of husband as freeholder where wife owned land and there were children, see Hodgin v. Southern R.R., 143 N.C. 93, 55 S.E. 413 (1906); State v. Avant, 202 N.C. 680, 163 S.E. 806 (1932).

Legislative Power to Declare Wife Free Trader. — There is no constitutional inhibition on the power of the legislature to declare where and how the wife may become a free trader, this section being intended to protect and not to disable her. Hall v. Walker, 118 N.C. 377, 24 S.E. 6 (1896); Dudley v. Staton, 257 N.C. 572, 126 S.E.2d 590 (1962), commented on in 41 N.C.L. Rev. 311 (1963).

Liability of Husband for Rents Paid Wife after Foreclosure. — Where lands belonging to the separate estate of a wife were foreclosed under a deed of trust thereon duly executed, and after such foreclosure the rents from the land were paid to the wife, the husband could not be held responsible for such rents by the person entitled thereto by virtue of the foreclosure, since under this section a wife is given sole ownership of her separate estate. In re Longley, 205 N.C. 488, 171 S.E. 788 (1933).

Liability of Wife as Surety to Husband. — This section, providing that the separate property of the wife shall not be liable for the debts of the husband, has no application to the obligation of the wife as surety of her husband, such obligation being regarded as a direct one between the creditor and herself. Royal v. Southerland, 168 N.C. 405, 84 S.E. 708 (1915).

Action for Tort to Spouse. — Husband cannot sue to recover his wife's earnings or damages for torts committed on her, and there is no reason why wife can sue for torts or injuries inflicted on her husband. The law has never authorized the wife to maintain such action for torts sustained by the husband. If the husband could maintain an action to recover damages for torts on his wife, she would be able to maintain an action on account of torts sustained by her husband. Such right of action, if it existed in favor of the husband, should exist in

favor of the wife. It should be in favor of both, or neither, but in view of the Constitution of 1868 and the statute on the subject, such action cannot be maintained by either on account of the injury to the other. Hipp v. E.L. Dupont de Nemours & Co., 182 N.C. 9, 108 S.E. 318 (1921).

Tort Action Against Spouse. — The right of a married woman to maintain an action against her husband to recover for negligent injury is not limited to residents of this State, but a nonresident wife may maintain an action here against her nonresident husband on a transitory cause of action which arises in this State, and she is entitled to any recovery as her separate property. Bogen v. Bogen, 219 N.C. 51, 12 S.E.2d 649 (1941).

Power to Contract. — Contention that when the Constitution gave married women separate estates in their property, it gave them by necessary implication an unrestricted dominion over the property, to bind it directly or indirectly, except when expressly forbidden, and an unrestricted right to contract, such as a feme sole or a man has, would be rejected on grounds that no such grant was implied, that the terms "sole and separate estate" had a known and definite meaning in the law when the Constitution was framed, and that it would be taken that they were used in that instrument in the sense which had been affixed to them by prior decisions of the court. Pippen v. Wesson, 74 N.C. 437 (1876). But see now § 52-2.

Stated in White v. White, 312 N.C. 770, 324 S.E.2d 829 (1985).

Cited in Spencer v. Spencer, 37 N.C. App. 481, 246 S.E.2d 805 (1978); Murphy v. Davis, 61 N.C. App. 597, 300 S.E.2d 871 (1983); Armstrong v. Armstrong, 322 N.C. 396, 368 S.E.2d 595 (1988); Dunn v. Pate, 334 N.C. 115, 431 S.E.2d 178 (1993).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

The requirement that an equitable distribution of property must follow a decree of absolute divorce is statutory and not constitutional. See Opinion of Attorney General to The Honorable Henson P. Barnes, North Carolina Senate, 57 N.C.A.G. 30 (1987).

Sec. 5. Insurance.

A person may insure his or her own life for the sole use and benefit of his or her spouse or children or both, and upon his or her death the proceeds from the insurance shall be paid to or for the benefit of the spouse or children or both, or to a guardian, free from all claims of the representatives or creditors of the insured or his or her estate. Any insurance policy which insures the life of a person for the sole use and benefit of that person's spouse or children or both shall not be subject to the claims of creditors of the insured during his or her lifetime, whether or not the policy reserves to the insured during his or her lifetime any or all rights provided for by the policy and whether or not the policy proceeds are payable to the estate of the insured in the event the beneficiary or beneficiaries predecease the insured. (1977, c. 115, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. X, § 7, Const. 1868, as amended in 1932.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on debtors' exemption rights under the Bankruptcy Reform Act, see 58 N.C.L. Rev. 769 (1980).

For article on the rights of individuals to control the distributional consequences of divorce by private contract and on the interests of the State in preserving its role as a third party to marriage and divorce, see 59 N.C.L. Rev. 819 (1981).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Most of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. X, § 7, Const. 1868, before and after amendment.*

Purpose. — The purpose of this section is to enable the husband (spouse) to make valuable provision for his wife (spouse) and children after his death, above, beyond and unaffected by his estate, personal and real, and the conditions of the same remaining at the time of his death. Burwell v. Snow, 107 N.C. 82, 11 S.E. 1090 (1890).

Certain Insurance Proceeds Not Part of Insured's Estate. — Where a life insurance policy is issued to an individual in the name and for the benefit of the wife (spouse) and children, it does not upon his death become a

part of his estate. Burton v. Farinholt, 86 N.C. 260 (1882).

Under this section the proceeds from insurance policy payable to the wife (spouse) and children are not a part of the insured's estate so that they may be claimed by an heir or next of kin. Burwell v. Snow, 107 N.C. 82, 11 S.E. 1090 (1890).

Wives (spouses) and children of bankrupts are protected from claims of the bankrupt's creditors, both during his life and at his death, if life insurance policies are for their sole benefit. In re Wolfe, 249 F. Supp. 784 (M.D.N.C. 1966), commented on in 45 N.C.L. Rev. 696 (1967).

Protection Is Personal to Survivors. — This section clearly looks to provision for the wife (spouse) and children so that they may not be left destitute by the death of an insolvent husband and father (spouse and parent) and is personal to them when they survive. Hooker v. Sugg, 102 N.C. 115, 8 S.E. 919 (1889).

Treatment of Insurance Proceeds When Received by Beneficiary. — Upon filing a bankruptcy petition, a debtor can claim as exempt the value of life insurance policy. There is no provision, however, that extends the protection of the life insurance exemption to the beneficiary of the policy once the proceeds are in the beneficiary's hands. The proceeds are treated like any other asset of the beneficiary and are available to his creditors, except to the extent that an exemption or other protection is available to the beneficiary in his own right under applicable law. The result is no different where the beneficiary is the codebtor of the insured in a joint bankruptcy case. Butler v. Sharik, 41 Bankr. 388 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1984).

Applied in First Nat'l Bank v. Dixon, 38 N.C. App. 430, 248 S.E.2d 416 (1978).

Cited in In re Ragan, 64 Bankr. 384 (Bankr. E.D.N.C. 1986); HFC v. Ellis, 107 N.C. App. 262, 419 S.E.2d 592 (1992), cert. granted, 333 N.C. 167, 424 S.E.2d 909 (1992).

ARTICLE XI

PUNISHMENTS, CORRECTIONS, AND CHARITIES

Section 1. Punishments.

The following punishments only shall be known to the laws of this State: death, imprisonment, fines, suspension of a jail or prison term with or without conditions, restitution, community service, restraints on liberty, work programs, removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under this State. (1995, c. 429, s. 2.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of the first sentence of Art. XI, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

Editor's Note. — The amendments to this section by Session Laws 1995, c. 429, s. 3, were submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election in November 1996 and were approved by the voters at that election. Session Laws 1995, c. 429, s. 4, provided that the amendments were effective upon certification by the State Board of Elections to the Secretary of State; certification was made on November 26, 1996.

Legal Periodicals. — For article on punishment for crime in North Carolina, see 17 N.C.L. Rev. 205 (1939).

For article, "Sentencing Due Process: Evolving Constitutional Principles," see 18 Wake Forest L. Rev. 523 (1982).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XI, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended.*

The courts may impose only such punishments as are authorized by this section. State v. Cole, 241 N.C. 576, 86 S.E.2d 203 (1955).

Section Limits Remedial Creativity. — This provision, in effect since 1868, was intended to stop the use of degrading punishments theretofore inflicted, but as a necessary consequence it also limited the creativity of trial judges in fashioning remedies for crime. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

Conditional Suspension of Punishment. — As a consequence of the desire for more diverse responses to criminal behavior, the practice developed to suspend a constitutionally designated punishment with the consent of defendant upon his performance of conditions. And so long as these conditions are otherwise

constitutional, related to the purposes of punishment, and otherwise reasonable they need not be limited to the type of punishment prescribed by this provision. Shore v. Edmisten, 290 N.C. 628, 227 S.E.2d 553 (1976).

The Constitution forbids both ignominious burial and forfeiture of estates as punishment for crime. State v. Willis, 255 N.C. 473, 121 S.E.2d 854 (1961).

Fines as Constitutional Punishment. — Fines are a pecuniary punishment extracted by the State. They are a permitted form of punishment under the state constitution. Florence v. Hiatt, 101 N.C. App. 539, 400 S.E.2d 118 (1991).

Suicide may not be punished in North Carolina. State v. Willis, 255 N.C. 473, 121 S.E.2d 854 (1961).

But the criminal character of the act of suicide is not changed. State v. Willis, 255 N.C. 473, 121 S.E.2d 854 (1961).

The Constitution and statutes have repealed and abrogated the common law as to suicide only as to punishment and possibly the quality of the offense. State v. Willis, 255 N.C. 473, 121 S.E.2d 854 (1961).

An attempt to commit suicide is an indictable misdemeanor in this State. State v. Willis, 255 N.C. 473, 121 S.E.2d 854 (1961).

Authority to Establish Prison System. — Under the provisions of this Article, the General Assembly has plenary authority to provide for a State prison system. Pharr v. Garibaldi, 252 N.C. 803, 115 S.E.2d 18 (1960).

This section has no direct application to the discipline required in jails and penitentiaries, for if so it would prevent solitary confinement, restriction of rations, and other reasonable punishments that are in customary use in prisons and penitentiaries. State v. Nipper, 166 N.C. 272, 81 S.E. 164 (1914).

But officers are civilly and criminally liable for abuse or oppression of the adopted regulations under which convicts are kept. State v. Young, 138 N.C. 571, 50 S.E. 213 (1905).

Regulations Governing Prisoners Must Be Reasonable. — Whether prisoners are worked on the public road or kept in jail, the regulations under which they must live must be reasonable. State v. Young, 138 N.C. 571, 50 S.E. 213 (1905).

Right and Duty of Prosecuting Attorney to Seek Death Penalty. — Where the grand jury, after investigation according to law, indicted defendant for murder in the first degree, and prosecuting attorney, after investigation, determined, on behalf of the State, that defendant should be tried for this offense, and that the death penalty should be sought, these determinations having been made on behalf of the State, it was the right and duty of the prosecuting attorney, vigorously, but fairly and in accordance with law, both in the presentation of evidence and in his argument, to seek that result. State v. Westbrook, 279 N.C. 18, 181 S.E.2d 572 (1971), death sentence vacated, 408 U.S. 939, 92 S. Ct. 2873, 33 L. Ed. 2d 761 (1972).

The term "life imprisonment without parole" falls within the meaning of the constitutional term "imprisonment," so the sentence was authorized by the Constitution. State v. Allen, 346 N.C. 731, 488 S.E.2d 188 (1997).

Quoted in Henry v. Edmisten, 315 N.C. 474, 340 S.E.2d 720 (1986).

Cited in State v. Jarrette, 284 N.C. 625, 202 S.E.2d 721 (1974).

Sec. 2. Death punishment.

The object of punishments being not only to satisfy justice, but also to reform the offender and thus prevent crime, murder, arson, burglary, and rape, and these only, may be punishable with death, if the General Assembly shall so enact.

Cross References. — As to punishment for murder, see § 14-17. As to punishment for rape, see §§ 14-27.2 and 14-27.3. As to punishment for burglary, see § 14-52. As to punishment for arson, see § 14-58. As to burning of buildings other than dwelling houses, see § 14-59 et seq.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XI, § 2, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For symposium address on the death penalty in North Carolina, see 8 Campbell L. Rev. 1 (1985).

For article, "Prosecutorial Abuse of Peremptory Challenges in Death Penalty Litigation: Some Constitutional and Ethical Considerations," see 8 Campbell L. Rev. 71 (1985).

For note, "Arbitrariness and the Death Penalty in an International Context", see 45 Duke L.J. 611 (1995).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XI, § 2, Const. 1868.*

Discretion of Legislature. — The punishment to be inflicted for any crime is left entirely to the General Assembly, which may in its discretion affix lesser punishments, even for the four crimes mentioned in this section. State v. Lytle, 138 N.C. 738, 51 S.E. 66 (1905).

Imposition of the death penalty upon a conviction of murder is expressly authorized by this section. State v. Atkinson, 275 N.C. 288, 167 S.E.2d 241 (1969), judgment rev'd insofar as it imposed the death sentence, 403 U.S. 948, 91 S. Ct. 2283, 29 L. Ed. 2d 859 (1971).

For case holding that imposition of death penalty upon conviction of rape is not unconstitutional per se, see State v. Yoes, 271 N.C. 616, 157 S.E.2d 386 (1967).

For discussion of former statute prescribing punishment of death for burning millhouse, see State v. King, 69 N.C. 419 (1873).

Applied in State v. Jones, 290 N.C. 292, 225 S.E.2d 549 (1976).

Cited in State v. Jarrette, 284 N.C. 625, 202 S.E.2d 721 (1974).

Sec. 3. Charitable and correctional institutions and agencies.

Such charitable, benevolent, penal, and correctional institutions and agencies as the needs of humanity and the public good may require shall be established and operated by the State under such organization and in such manner as the General Assembly may prescribe.

History. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

CASE NOTES

Obligation of County to Pay for Health Care of Indigent Sick. — A county does not have an obligation, under this section and N.C. Const., Art. XI, § 4, to pay for hospital care for its indigent residents. In the absence of a delegation by the State to the counties of the obligation to pay the costs of medical care of the indigent sick, such obligation is that of the State. Craven County Hosp. Corp. v. Lenoir County, 75 N.C. App. 453, 331 S.E.2d 690, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 663, 336 S.E.2d 620 (1985).

Sec. 4. Welfare policy; board of public welfare.

Beneficent provision for the poor, the unfortunate, and the orphan is one of the first duties of a civilized and a Christian state. Therefore the General Assembly shall provide for and define the duties of a board of public welfare.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XI, § 7, Const. 1868.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The Obligation of North Carolina Municipalities and Hospital Authorities to Provide Uncompensated Hospital Care to the Medically Indigent," see 20 Wake Forest L. Rev. 317 (1984).

CASE NOTES

Editor's Note. — *Some of the cases cited below were decided under former Art. XI, § 7, Const. 1868.*

Duty of State to Furnish Medical Care to Indigent Sick, etc. — The obligation to pay the cost of medical care of the indigent sick and afflicted poor rests, under this section, upon the State. Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

Delegation of Duty to Counties, etc. — In accordance with the express constitutional declaration of this section, the care of the indigent sick and afflicted poor is a proper function of the State government, and the General Assembly may by statute require the counties, as administrative agencies of the State, to perform

this function, at least within their territorial limits. Martin v. Board of Comm'rs, 208 N.C. 354, 180 S.E. 777 (1935).

The General Assembly may by statute delegate a portion of its sovereignty to the governing body of any town or city or county, separately or jointly, who, when they deem it for the best interest of the town or city or county, may contract with hospitals for the medical treatment and hospitalization of the sick and afflicted poor of the town or city or county within their territorial limits. Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

Obligation of County to Pay for Health Care of Indigent Sick. — A county does not have an obligation, under N.C. Const., Art. XI, § 3 and this section, to pay for hospital care to its indigent residents. In the absence of a delegation by the State to the counties of the obligation to pay the costs of medical care of the indigent sick, such obligation is that of the State. Craven County Hosp. Corp. v. Lenoir County, 75 N.C. App. 453, 331 S.E.2d 690, cert. denied, 314 N.C. 663, 336 S.E.2d 620 (1985).

Restrictions on Funding Medically Necessary Abortions for Indigent Women. — The action of the General Assembly in placing severe restrictions on the funding of medically necessary abortions for indigent women is valid and does not violate Article I, Section 1; Article 1, Section 19; or Article XI, Section 4 of the Constitution of North Carolina. Rosie J. v. North Carolina Dep't of Human Resources, 347 N.C. 247, 491 S.E.2d 535 (1997).

There is no contractual duty on the part of the State to care for and maintain the mentally ill, the State hospitals being charitable institutions of the State, maintained voluntarily. State ex rel. State Hosp. v. Security Nat'l Bank, 207 N.C. 697, 178 S.E. 487, cert. denied, 295 U.S. 761, 55 S. Ct. 921, 79 L. Ed. 1704 (1935).

County Home. — The building of a county home is for a class of citizens without a place of residence, beneficent provision for whom is recommended by this section; therefore, a county may pledge its faith and credit and issue valid bonds for that purpose, without the approval of its voters. Board of Comm'rs v. Sidney Spitzer & Co., 173 N.C. 147, 91 S.E. 707 (1917).

Under this section a county may build a county home for the poor without the approval of the voters. Board of Managers v. City of Wilmington, 237 N.C. 179, 74 S.E.2d 749 (1953).

Quoted in Vaughn v. Durham County Dep't of Social Servs., 34 N.C. App. 416, 240 S.E.2d 456 (1977).

Cited in Casey v. Wake County, 45 N.C. App. 522, 263 S.E.2d 360 (1980).

ARTICLE XII

MILITARY FORCES

Section 1. Governor is Commander in Chief.

The Governor shall be Commander in Chief of the military forces of the State and may call out those forces to execute the law, suppress riots and insurrections, and repel invasion.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XII, § 3, Const. 1868.

CASE NOTES

Governor May Call Out Militia. — In the absence of legislation, the Governor, as commander-in-chief, has the power to call out the militia, and the State guard being made a part of the militia, he has the power to call them out. This constitutional power may be regulated by legislation providing what shall amount to sufficient evidence of the existence of the causes mentioned in this section. Worth v. Commissioners of Craven County, 118 N.C. 112, 24 S.E. 778 (1896), decided under former Art. XII, § 3, Const. 1868.

The legislature has no authority to restrict the power of the Governor to call out the militia. Worth v. Commissioners of Craven County, 118 N.C. 112, 24 S.E. 778 (1896), decided under former Art. XII, § 3, Const. 1868.

Officers in the militia are liable to be called out to suppress riots or insurrection, "and to repel invasion." In re Yelton, 223 N.C. 845, 28 S.E.2d 567 (1944), decided under former Art. XII, § 3, Const. 1868.

ARTICLE XIII

CONVENTIONS; CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND REVISION

Section 1. Convention of the People.

No Convention of the People of this State shall ever be called unless by the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of each house of the General Assembly, and unless the proposition "Convention or No Convention" is first submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the time and in the manner prescribed by the General Assembly. If a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition are in favor of a Convention, it shall assemble on the day prescribed by the General Assembly. The General Assembly shall, in the act submitting the convention proposition, propose limitations upon the authority of the Convention; and if a majority of the votes cast upon the proposition are in favor of a Convention, those limitations shall become binding upon the Convention. Delegates to the Convention shall be elected by the qualified voters at the time and in the manner prescribed in the act of submission. The Convention shall consist of a number of delegates equal to the membership of the House of Representatives of the General Assembly that submits the convention proposition and the delegates shall be apportioned as is the House of Representatives. A Convention shall adopt no ordinance not necessary to the purpose for which the Convention has been called.

History. — The provisions of the first two sentences of this section are similar to those of Art. XIII, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

Legal Periodicals. — For discussion as to whether this section applies to the calling of a Convention to consider a proposed federal amendment, see 11 N.C.L. Rev. 242 (1933).

CASE NOTES

General Assembly may call a Convention to consider a proposed amendment to the United States Constitution, either under this section or in the exercise of its plenary powers. See Opinions of Justices, 204 N.C. 806, 172 S.E. 474 (1933), decided under former Art. XIII, § 1, Const. 1868, as amended.

Sec. 2. Power to revise or amend Constitution reserved to people.

The people of this State reserve the power to amend this Constitution and to adopt a new or revised Constitution. This power may be exercised by either of the methods set out hereinafter in this Article, but in no other way.

History. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

Legal Periodicals. — For note on rejection of the "public purpose" requirement for State tax exemption, see 17 Wake Forest L. Rev. 293 (1981).

Sec. 3. Revision or amendment by Convention of the People.

A Convention of the People of this State may be called pursuant to Section 1 of this Article to propose a new or revised Constitution or to propose

amendments to this Constitution. Every new or revised Constitution and every constitutional amendment adopted by a Convention shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Convention. If a majority of the votes cast thereon are in favor of ratification of the new or revised Constitution or the constitutional amendment or amendments, it or they shall become effective January first next after ratification by the qualified voters unless a different effective date is prescribed by the Convention.

History. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

Sec. 4. Revision or amendment by legislative initiation.

A proposal of a new or revised Constitution or an amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be initiated by the General Assembly, but only if three-fifths of all the members of each house shall adopt an act submitting the proposal to the qualified voters of the State for their ratification or rejection. The proposal shall be submitted at the time and in the manner prescribed by the General Assembly. If a majority of the votes cast thereon are in favor of the proposed new or revised Constitution or constitutional amendment or amendments, it or they shall become effective January first next after ratification by the voters unless a different effective date is prescribed in the act submitting the proposal or proposals to the qualified voters.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XIII, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended by the Convention of 1875.

CASE NOTES

Requirements for Constitutional Amendment. — While to amend the Constitution of the State it is necessary for the voters to approve the proposed amendment to be submitted to them, it is likewise necessary to the validity of the election that the legislature enact the proposition to amend into a statute by a three-fifths vote of each branch. Reade v. City of Durham, 173 N.C. 668, 92 S.E. 712 (1917), decided under former Art. XIII, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended. See also, Freeman v. Cook, 217 N.C. 63, 6 S.E.2d 894 (1940), decided under former Art. XIII, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended.

Date of Election. — The General Assembly, at a special session in July, 1956, could provide for the holding prior to November, 1956, of a statewide election for the ratification or rejection of constitutional amendments. See Advisory Opinion in re General Election, 244 N.C. 748, 93 S.E.2d 853 (1956), decided under former Art. XIII, § 2, Const. 1868, as amended.

ARTICLE XIV

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Seat of government.

The permanent seat of government of this State shall be at the City of Raleigh.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. XIV, § 6, Const. 1868, as amended in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "Out of Focus: The Fuzzy Line Between Regulatory 'Takings' and Valid Zoning-Related 'Exactions' in North Carolina and Federal Jurisprudence," see 16 Campbell L. Rev. 333 (1994).

Sec. 2. State boundaries.

The limits and boundaries of the State shall be and remain as they now are.

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. I, § 34, Const. 1868.

Sec. 3. General laws defined.

Whenever the General Assembly is directed or authorized by this Constitution to enact general laws, or general laws uniformly applicable throughout the State, or general laws uniformly applicable in every county, city and town, and other unit of local government, or in every local court district, no special or local act shall be enacted concerning the subject matter directed or authorized to be accomplished by general or uniformly applicable laws, and every amendment or repeal of any law relating to such subject matter shall also be general and uniform in its effect throughout the State. General laws may be enacted for classes defined by population or other criteria. General laws uniformly applicable throughout the State shall be made applicable without classification or exception in every unit of local government of like kind, such as every county, or every city and town, but need not be made applicable in every unit of local government in the State. General laws uniformly applicable in every county, city and town, and other unit of local government, or in every local court district, shall be made applicable without classification or exception in every unit of local government, or in every local court district, as the case may be. The General Assembly may at any time repeal any special, local, or private act. (1969, c. 1200, s. 1.)

History. — The provisions of this section are similar to those of Art. IV, § 20, Const. 1868, as that article was rewritten in 1962.

Legal Periodicals. — For note, "Town of Emerald Isle v. State of North Carolina: A New Test for Distinguishing Between General Laws and Local Legislation," see 66 N.C.L. Rev. 1096 (1988).

CASE NOTES

What Is a General Law. — A general law defines a class which reasonably warrants special legislative attention and applies uniformly to everyone in the class. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

A law is general if any rational basis reasonably related to the objective of the legislation can be identified which justifies the separation of units of local government into included and excluded categories. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

What Is a Local Act. — A local act unreasonably singles out a class for special legislative attention or, having made a reasonable classification, does not apply uniformly to all members of the designated class. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The constitutional prohibition against local acts simply commands that when legislating in certain specified fields the General Assembly must make rational distinctions among units of local government which are reasonably related to the purpose of the legislation. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Distinguishing Between General and Local Acts. — The distinguishing factors between a valid general law and a prohibited local act are the related elements of reasonable classification and uniform application. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

The mere fact that a statute applies only to certain units of local government does not by itself render the statute a prohibited local act. Only if the statutory classification is unreasonable or under-inclusive will the statute be voided as a prohibited local act. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Classification does not render a statute "local" if the classification is reasonable and based on rational difference of situation and condition. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of

Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Regulation Need Not Reach Every Conceivable Class. — There is no constitutional requirement that a regulation, in other respects permissible, must reach every class to which it might be applied, i.e., that the legislature must be held rigidly to the choice of regulating all or none. It is enough that the present statute strikes at the evil where it is felt, and reaches the class of cases where it most frequently occurs. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

While substantial distinctions are essential in classification, the distinctions need not be scientific or exact. The legislature has wide discretion in making classifications. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Coastal Area Management Act Upheld. — The Coastal Area Management Act of 1974 (§ 113A-100 et seq.) is a general law which the General Assembly had power to enact. Adams v. North Carolina Dep't of Natural & Economic Resources, 295 N.C. 683, 249 S.E.2d 402 (1978).

Act Reviving a Town Charter. — An Act purporting to revive a town did not violate this provision because the constitution did not direct the General Assembly to create municipalities by general laws. Bethania Town Lot Comm. v. City of Winston-Salem, 348 N.C. 664, 502 S.E.2d 360 (1998).

Dual Office Holding in Local Law Prohibited. — Chapter 129 of Session Laws 1983, insofar as it provides for dual office holding in a local law, is unconstitutional. Ratcliff v. County of Buncombe, 663 F. Supp. 1003 (W.D.N.C. 1987).

The purpose of Session Laws 1983, Chapter 539 was to establish pedestrian beach access facilities for general public use in the vicinity of Bogue Inlet, and it was a general law, not a local act. Town of Emerald Isle ex rel. Smith v. State, 320 N.C. 640, 360 S.E.2d 756 (1987).

Applied in Chem-Security Sys. v. Morrow, 61 N.C. App. 147, 300 S.E.2d 393 (1983); In re City of Durham Annexation Ordinance Numbered 5991 for Area A, 69 N.C. App. 77, 316 S.E.2d 649 (1984); Floyd v. Lumberton City Bd. of Educ., 71 N.C. App. 670, 324 S.E.2d 18 (1984).

Cited in Town of Emerald Isle v. State, 78 N.C. App. 736, 338 S.E.2d 581 (1986); Piedmont Ford Truck Sales, Inc. v. City of Greensboro, 90 N.C. App. 692, 370 S.E.2d 262 (1988); Clark v. Craven Regional Medical Auth., 326 N.C. 15, 387 S.E.2d 168 (1990).

Sec. 4. Continuity of laws; protection of officeholders.

The laws of North Carolina not in conflict with this Constitution shall continue in force until lawfully altered. Except as otherwise specifically provided, the adoption of this Constitution shall not have the effect of vacating any office or term of office now filled or held by virtue of any election or appointment made under the prior Constitution of North Carolina and the laws of the State enacted pursuant thereto.

History. — This section is new with the Constitution of 1970.

Sec. 5. (Effective until certification of approval of constitutional amendment) Conservation of natural resources.

It shall be the policy of this State to conserve and protect its lands and waters for the benefit of all its citizenry, and to this end it shall be a proper function of the State of North Carolina and its political subdivisions to acquire and preserve park, recreational, and scenic areas, to control and limit the pollution of our air and water, to control excessive noise, and in every other appropriate way to preserve as a part of the common heritage of this State its forests, wetlands, estuaries, beaches, historical sites, openlands, and places of beauty.

To accomplish the aforementioned public purposes, the State and its counties, cities and towns, and other units of local government may acquire by purchase or gift properties or interests in properties which shall, upon their special dedication to and acceptance by resolution adopted by a vote of

Art. XIV, § 5 is set out twice. See notes.

three-fifths of the members of each house of the General Assembly for those public purposes, constitute part of the "State Nature and Historic Preserve," and which shall not be used for other purposes except as authorized by law enacted by a vote of three-fifths of the members of each house of the General Assembly. The General Assembly shall prescribe by general law the conditions and procedures under which such properties or interests therein shall be dedicated for the aforementioned public purposes. (1971, c. 630, s. 1.)

Section Set Out Twice. — The section above is effective until certification of approval of the constitutional amendment proposed by Session Laws 1999, c. 268, s. 3. For this section as amended effective upon such certification, see the following section, also numbered Art. XIV, § 5.

Cross References. — As to the Coastal Reserve Program, see § 113A-129.2.

Editor's Note. — This section was added by the constitutional amendment adopted by vote of the people at the general election held Nov. 7, 1972.

Session Laws 1971, c. 630, s. 4, made the section effective July 1, 1973.

Legal Periodicals. — For article, "The Pearl in the Oyster: The Public Trust Doctrine in North Carolina," see 12 Campbell L. Rev. 23 (1989).

For a note on environmental protection provisions in state constitutions, see 46 Duke L.J. 1169 (1997).

CASE NOTES

Stated in State ex rel. Rohrer v. Credle, 322 N.C. 522, 369 S.E.2d 825 (1988).

Cited in Smith Chapel Baptist Church v. City of Durham, 348 N.C. 632, 502 S.E.2d 364 (1998).

OPINIONS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL

Three-Fifths Vote Not Necessary for Flowage Easement. — Dedication of Umstead State Park to the State Nature and Historic Preserve as authorized by this section does not require a vote of three-fifths of the members of each House of the General Assembly before a flowage easement may be granted to Wake County for flood control purposes. See opinion of Attorney General to Mr. Charles L. Holliday, State Building Division, 55 N.C.A.G. 105 (1986).

Sec. 5. (Effective upon certification of approval of constitutional amendment) Conservation of natural resources.

It shall be the policy of this State to conserve and protect its lands and waters for the benefit of all its citizenry, and to this end it shall be a proper function of the State of North Carolina and its political subdivisions to acquire and preserve park, recreational, and scenic areas, to control and limit the pollution of our air and water, to control excessive noise, and in every other appropriate way to preserve as a part of the common heritage of this State its forests, wetlands, estuaries, beaches, historical sites, openlands, and places of beauty.

To accomplish the aforementioned public purposes, the State and its counties, cities and towns, and other units of local government may acquire by purchase or gift properties or interests in properties which shall, upon their special dedication to and acceptance by a law enacted by a vote of three-fifths of the members of each house of the General Assembly for those public purposes, constitute part of the "State Nature and Historic Preserve," and which shall not be used for other purposes except as authorized by law enacted by a vote of three-fifths of the members of each house of the General Assembly.

Art. XIV, § 5 is set out twice. See notes.

The General Assembly shall prescribe by general law the conditions and procedures under which such properties or interests therein shall be dedicated for the aforementioned public purposes. (1971, c. 630, s. 1; 1999-268, s. 3.)

Section Set Out Twice. — The section above is effective upon certification of approval of the constitutional amendment proposed by Session Laws 1999, c. 268, s. 3. For the version of this section in effect until such certification, see the preceding section, also numbered Art. XIV, § 5.

Editor's Note. — Session Laws 1999-268, s. 4, provides that the amendment set out in Section 3 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the next election at which another amendment to the Constitution is submitted to the voters, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be:

[ ] FOR [ ] AGAINST

Constitutional amendment making a technical correction to allow dedication and acceptance of property into the State Nature and Historic Preserve by the General Assembly by enactment of a bill rather than a joint resolution.

Session Laws 1999-268, s. 5, provides that if a majority of the votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendment set out in Section 3 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the amendment to the Secretary of State. The amendment becomes effective upon this certification. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the permanent records of that office.

Effect of Amendments. — Session Laws 1999-268, s. 3, effective July 9, 1999, contingent upon passage by the qualified voters of the State at the next election, substituted "a law enacted" for "resolution adopted" in the second paragraph.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

PREAMBLE

We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I

§ **1.** All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

§ **2.** [1.] The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

[2.] No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of the state in which he shall be chosen.

[3.] Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to chuse three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

[4.] When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

[5.] The house of representatives shall chuse their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Editor's Note. — The first sentence of Art. I, § 2, cl. 3, is amended by Amendment XIV, § 2 and Amendment XVI.

§ **3.** [1.] The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

[2.] Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The

seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

[3.] No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

[4.] The vice president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

[5.] The senate shall chuse their other officers, and also a president pro tempore, in the absence of the vice president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

[6.] The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

[7.] Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

Editor's Note. — Art. I, § 3, cl. 1, is superseded by Amendment XVII.

§ **4.** [1.] The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of chusing senators.

[2.] The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Cross References. — As to when Congress shall assemble, see Amendment XX, § 2.

§ **5.** [1.] Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

[2.] Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

[3.] Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

[4.] Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

§ **6.** [1.] The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

[2.] No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time, and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

§ **7.** [1.] All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

[2.] Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States. If he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sunday excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

[3.] Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

§ **8.** The congress shall have power [1.] To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

[2.] To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

[3.] To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes;

[4.] To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

[5.] To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

[6.] To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

[7.] To establish post offices and post roads;

[8.] To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

[9.] To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;

[10.] To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations;

[11.] To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

[12.] To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

[13.] To provide and maintain a navy;

[14.] To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

[15.] To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

[16.] To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress;

[17.] To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by session of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings; — and

[18.] To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

§ **9.** [1.] The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

[2.] The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

[3.] No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

[4.] No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

[5.] No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

[6.] No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another: nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

[7.] No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

[8.] No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States: And no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

§ **10.** [1.] No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts, pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

[2.] No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for

executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress.

[3.] No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II

§ **1.** [1.] The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:

[2.] Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[3.] The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately chuse by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner chuse the president. But in chusing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall chuse from them by ballot the vice president.

[4.] The congress may determine the time of chusing the electors and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

[5.] No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

[6.] In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

[7.] The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

[8.] Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation: — "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

Editor's Note. — Art. II, § 1, cl. 3, is superseded by Amendment XII.

§ **2.** [1.] The president shall be the commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

[2.] He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

[3.] The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

§ **3.** He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

§ **4.** The president, vice president and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III

§ **1.** The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

§ **2.** [1.] The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties

made, or which shall be made, under their authority; — to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; — to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; — to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; — to controversies between two or more states; — between a state and citizens of another state; — between citizens of different states; — between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

[2.] In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

[3.] The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

Cross References. — As to suits against a state by citizens of another state or citizens or subjects of a foreign state, see Amendment XI.

§ **3.** [1.] Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

[2.] The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE IV

§ **1.** Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

§ **2.** [1.] The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

[2.] A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

[3.] No person held to service or labour in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labour, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labour may be due.

§ **3.** [1.] New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

[2.] The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

§ 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress: Provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI

[1.] All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution as under the confederation.

[2.] This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

[3.] The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in Convention by the Unanimous Consent of the States present the Seventeenth Day of September in the Year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and Eighty-seven and of the Independence of the United States of America the Twelfth. In Witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

Go. WASHINGTON

Presidt. and deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.
John Langdon and Nicholas Gilman.

Massachusetts.
Nathaniel Gorham and Rufus King.

Connecticut.
Wm. Saml. Johnson and Roger Sherman.

New York.
Alexander Hamilton.

New Jersey.
Wil: Livingston, David Brearley, Wm. Patterson and Jona: Dayton.

Pennsylvania.
B. Franklin, Robt. Morris, Thos. Fitzsimmons, James Wilson, Thomas Mifflin, Geo. Clymer, Jared Ingersoll and Gouv Morris.

Delaware.
Geo. Read, John Dickenson, Jaco: Broom, Gunning Bedford Jun, and Richard Bassett.

Maryland.
James McHenry, Danl. Carroll and Dan: of St. Thos. Jenifer.

Virginia.
John Blair—James Madison, Jr.

North Carolina.
Wm. Blount, Hu Williamson and Richd. Dobbs Spaight.

South Carolina.
Charles Pinckney, J. Rutledge, Charles Cotesworth Pinckney and Pierce Butler.

Georgia.
William Few and Abr. Baldwin.
Attest: William Jackson, Secretary.

The states ratified the constitution in the following order:

Delaware	December 7, 1787
Pennsylvania	December 12, 1787
New Jersey	December 18, 1787
Georgia	January 2, 1788
Connecticut	January 9, 1788
Massachusetts	February 6, 1788
Maryland	April 26, 1788
South Carolina	May 23, 1788
New Hampshire	June 21, 1788
Virginia	June 26, 1788
New York	July 26, 1788
North Carolina	November 21, 1789
Rhode Island	May 29, 1790

AMENDMENTS

Articles in addition to, and amendment of, the constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

Editor's Note. — The first ten amendments were proposed by Congress on September 25, 1789, and became effective on December 15, 1791.

Amendment I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

Amendment II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

Amendment III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

Amendment IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

Amendment V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

Amendment VI.

In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

Amendment VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise reexamined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

Amendment VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

Amendment IX.

The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

Amendment X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states, respectively, or to the people.

Amendment XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

Amendment XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; — the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates and the votes shall then be counted; — the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president. The person having the greatest

number of votes as vice president shall be the vice president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the senate shall choose the vice president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice president of the United States.

Amendment XIII.

§ **1**. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

§ **2**. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Amendment XIV.

§ **1**. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

§ **2**. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

§ **3**. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each house remove such disability.

§ **4**. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

§ **5**. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Amendment XV.

§ 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

§ 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Amendment XVI.

The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the several states, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

Amendment XVII.

The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislatures.

When vacancies happen in the representation of any state in the senate, the executive authority of such state shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: Provided, that the legislature of any state may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the constitution.

Amendment XVIII.

§ 1. After one year from the ratification of this article, the manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof, for beverage purposes, is hereby prohibited.

§ 2. The congress and the several states shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

§ 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the constitution by the legislatures of the several states, as provided in the constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

Amendment XIX.

§ 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex.

§ 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Amendment XX.

§ 1. The terms of the president and vice president shall end at noon on the 20th day of January, and the terms of senators and representatives at noon on the 3d day of January, of the years in which such terms would have ended if

this article had not been ratified; and the terms of their successors shall then begin.

§ 2. The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall begin at noon on the 3d day of January, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

§ 3. If, at the time fixed for the beginning of the term of the president, the president elect shall have died, the vice president elect shall become president. If a president shall not have been chosen before the time fixed for the beginning of his term, or if the president elect shall have failed to qualify, then the vice president elect shall act as president until a president shall have qualified; and the congress may by law provide for the case wherein neither a president elect nor a vice president elect shall have qualified, declaring who shall then act as president, or the manner in which one who is to act shall be selected, and such person shall act accordingly until a president or vice president shall have qualified.

§ 4. The congress may by law provide for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the house of representatives may choose a president whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them, and for the case of the death of any of the persons from whom the senate may choose a vice president whenever the right of choice shall have devolved upon them.

§ 5. Sections 1 and 2 shall take effect on the 15th day of October following the ratification of this article.

§ 6. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XX was declared in a proclamation of the Secretary of State, dated February 6, 1933, to have been ratified by 39 of the 48 states.

Amendment XXI.

§ 1. The eighteenth article of amendment to the constitution of the United States is hereby repealed.

§ 2. The transportation or importation into any state, territory, or possession of the United States for delivery or use therein of intoxicating liquors, in violation of the laws thereof, is hereby prohibited.

§ 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the constitution by conventions in the several states, as provided in the constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXI was declared in a proclamation of the Acting Secretary of State, dated December 5, 1933, to have been ratified by 36 of the 48 states.

By his proclamation of December 5, 1933, the President proclaimed that Amendment XVIII was repealed on December 5, 1933.

Amendment XXII.

§ 1. No person shall be elected to the office of the president more than twice, and no person who has held the office of president, or acted as president, for more than two years of a term to which some other person was elected president shall be elected to the office of the president more than once. But this

article shall not apply to any person holding the office of president when this article was proposed by the Congress, and shall not prevent any person who may be holding the office of president, or acting as president, during the term within which this article becomes operative from holding the office of president or acting as president during the remainder of such term.

§ 2. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the constitution by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States within seven years from the date of its submission to the States by the congress.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXII was certified by the Administrator of General Services on March 1, 1951, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

Amendment XXIII.

§ 1. The District constituting the seat of Government of the United States shall appoint in such manner as the Congress may direct:

A number of electors of President and Vice President equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives in Congress to which the District would be entitled if it were a State, but in no event more than the least populous State; they shall be in addition to those appointed by the States, but they shall be considered, for the purpose of the election of President and Vice President, to be electors appointed by a State; and they shall meet in the District and perform such duties as provided by the twelfth article of amendment.

§ 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXIII was certified by the Administrator of General Services on April 3, 1961, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

Amendment XXIV.

§ 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote in any primary or other election for President or Vice President, for electors for President or Vice President, or for Senator or Representative in Congress, shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or any State by reason of failure to pay any poll tax or other tax.

§ 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXIV was certified by the Administrator of General Services on February 4, 1964, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

Amendment XXV.

§ 1. In case of the removal of the President from office or of his death or resignation, the Vice President shall become President.

§ 2. Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of the Vice President, the President shall nominate a Vice President who shall take office upon confirmation by a majority vote of both Houses of Congress.

§ 3. Whenever the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that he is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, and until he transmits to them a written declaration to the contrary, such powers and duties shall be discharged by the Vice President as Acting President.

§ 4. Whenever the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive departments or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall immediately assume the powers and duties of the office as Acting President.

Thereafter, when the President transmits to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives his written declaration that no inability exists, he shall resume the powers and duties of his office unless the Vice President and a majority of either the principal officers of the executive department or of such other body as Congress may by law provide, transmit within four days to the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives their written declaration that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office. Thereupon Congress shall decide the issue, assembling within forty-eight hours for that purpose if not in session. If the Congress, within twenty-one days after receipt of the latter written declaration, or, if Congress is not in session, within twenty-one days after Congress is required to assemble, determines by two-thirds vote of both Houses that the President is unable to discharge the powers and duties of his office, the Vice President shall continue to discharge the same as Acting President; otherwise, the President shall resume the powers and duties of his office.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXV was certified by the Administrator of General Services on February 23, 1967, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

Amendment XXVI.

§ 1. The right of citizens of the United States, who are eighteen years of age or older, to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of age.

§ 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXVI was certified by the Administrator of General Services on July 5, 1971, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

Amendment XXVII.

No law, varying the compensation for the services of the Senators and Representatives, shall take effect, until an election of Representatives shall have intervened.

Editor's Note. — Amendment XXVII was certified by the Administrator of General Services on May 18, 1992, to have been ratified by three-fourths of the whole number of states and to have become valid as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

TABLE OF COMPARABLE SECTIONS: 1868 CONSTITUTION TO 1970 CONSTITUTION

1868		1970	
Art.	Sec.	Art.	Sec.
Preamble		Preamble	
I	1.	I	1
I	2.	I	2
I	3.	I	3
I	4.	I	4
I	5.	I	5
I	6.	V	3(3)
I	7.	I	32
I	8.	I	6
I	9.	I	7
I	10.	I	10
I	11.	I	23
I	12.	I	22
I	13.	I	24
I	14.	I	27
I	15.	I	20
I	16.	I	28
I	17.	I	19
I	18.	I	21
I	19.	I	25, 26
I	20.	I	14
I	21.	I	21
I	22.	I	11
I	23.	I	8
I	24.	I	30
I	25.	I	12
I	26.	I	13
I	27.	I	15
I	28.	I	9
I	29.	I	35
I	30.	I	33
I	31.	I	34
I	32.	I	16
I	33.	I	17
I	34.	XIV	2
I	35.	I	18
I	36.	I	31
I	37.	I	29
I	38.	I	36
II	1.	II	1
II	2.	II	11
II	3.	II	2
II	4.	II	3
II	5.	II	4
II	6.	II	5
II	7.	II	6
II	8.	II	7
II	9.	VI	5
II	10.	II	24(1)(m)
II	11.	II	24(1)(n)
II	12.		Omitted
II	13.	II	10
II	14.	II	23
II	15.		Omitted
II	16.	II	17
II	17.	II	18
II	18.	II	15
II	19.	II	13
II	20.	II	14
II	21.	II	21
II	22.	II	20
II	23.	II	22
II	24.	II	12
II	25.	II	9
II	26.	II	19
II	27.	II	8
II	28.	II	16
II	29.	II	24
II	30.	V	6(1)
II	31.	V	6(2)
III	1.	III	1, 2(1), 7
III	2.	III	2(2)
III	3.	VI	5
III	4.	III	4
III	5.	III	5(1), 5(2)
III	6.	III	5(6)
III	7.	III	5(9), 5(4)
III	8.	III	5(5)
III	9.	III	5(7)
III	10.	III	5(8)
III	11.	III	6
III	12.	III	3
III	13.	III	7(2), 7(3), 7(4)
III	14.	III	8
III	15.	III	9
III	16.	III	10
III	17.		Omitted
III	18.		Omitted
IV	1.	IV	1
IV	2.	IV	2
IV	3.	IV	3
IV	4.	IV	4
IV	5.	IV	5
IV	6.	IV	6
IV	6A.	IV	7
IV	7.	IV	9
IV	8.	IV	10
IV	9.	IV	11
IV	10.	IV	12
IV	11.	IV	13
IV	12.	IV	14
IV	13.	IV	15

1868		1970	
Art.	Sec.	Art.	Sec.
IV	14.	IV	16
IV	15.	IV	17
IV	16.	IV	18
IV	17.	IV	19
IV	18.	IV	20
IV	19.	IV	21
IV	20.	XIV	3
IV	21.		Omitted
V	1.	V	1(1)
V	2.	V	1(2)
V	3.	V	2(1), 2(2), 2(6)
V	4.	V	3, 4
V	5.	V	2(3)
V	6.	V	2(4)
V	7.	V	5
VI	1.	VI	1
VI	2.	VI	2(1), 2(2), 2(3)
VI	3.	VI	3
VI	4.	VI	4
VI	5.		Omitted
VI	6.	VI	5
VI	7.	VI	6, 7
VI	8.	VI	8
VI	9.		Omitted
VII	1.		Omitted
VII	2.		Omitted
VII	3.		Omitted
VII	4.		Omitted
VII	5.	VII	2
VII	6.	V	2(5), 4(2)
VII	7.	V	7(2)
VII	8.		Omitted
VII	9.	V	4(3)
VII	10.		Omitted
VIII	1.	VIII	1
VIII	2.		Omitted
VIII	3.	VIII	2
VIII	4.	VII	1
IX	1.	IX	1
IX	2.	IX	2(1)
IX	3.	IX	2(2)
IX	4.	IX	6
IX	5.	IX	7
IX	6.	IX	8
IX	7.	IX	9, 10
IX	8.	IX	4
IX	9.	IX	5
IX	10.		Omitted
IX	11.	IX	3
IX	12.		Omitted
X	1.	X	1
X	2.	X	2(1)
X	3.	X	2(2)
X	4.	X	3
X	5.	X	2(3)
X	6.	X	4
X	7.	X	5
X	8.	X	2(4)
XI	1.	XI	1
XI	2.	XI	2
XI	3.		Omitted
XI	4.		Omitted
XI	5.		Omitted
XI	6.		Omitted
XI	7.	XI	4
XI	8.		Omitted
XI	9.		Omitted
XI	10.		Omitted
XI	11.		Omitted
XII	1.		Omitted
XII	2.		Omitted
XII	3.	XII	1
XII	4.		Omitted
XIII	1.	XIII	1
XIII	2.	XIII	4
XIV	1.		Omitted
XIV	2.		Omitted
XIV	3.	V	7(1)
XIV	4.	X	3
XIV	5.	VI	10
XIV	6.	XIV	1
XIV	7.	VI	9
XIV	8.		Omitted

TABLE OF COMPARABLE SECTIONS: REVISAL OF 1905 AND PELL'S REVISAL TO CONSOLIDATED STATUTES

The numbers preceding the dots refer to sections in the Revisal of 1905 and lettered sections in Pell's Revisal of 1908; the numbers following the dots give the corresponding sections in the Consolidated Statutes. This table is reprinted here as it was compiled for use with the Consolidated Statutes. See also, Table of Comparable Sections: Consolidated Statutes to General Statutes, where sections transferred from the Consolidated Statutes to the General Statutes of North Carolina are shown.

1	3	43	49
2	4	44	50
3	6	45	52
4	7	46	53
5	8	47	54
6	9	48	55
7	10	49	56
8	11	50	57
9	12	51	58
10	13	52	59
11	14	53	60
12	15	54	61
13	16	55	62
14	22	56	63
15	23	57	64
16	1	58	65
17	2	59	160
18	17	60	161
19	18	61	67
20	20	62	66
21	21	63	68
22	24		70
23	25	64	69
24	26	65	71
25	27	66	72
26	28	67	73
27	29	68	74
28	34	69	87
29	39	70	76
30	40	71	92
31	42	72	77
32	43	73	78
33	41	74	80
34	44	76	81
35	32	77	79
36	5	78	82
37	30	79	83
38	31	80	85
39	45	81	84
40	46	82	90
41	47	83	91
42	48	84	89

85 171
86 88
87 93
88 94
89 96
90 97
91 98
92 99
93 100
94 101
95 102
96 95
97 103
98 104
99 105
100 106
101 107
102 108
103 109
104 110
105 111
106 112
107 113
108 114
109 115
110 116
111 117
112 118
113 119
114 120
115 121
116 122
117 123
118 124
119 125
120 126
121 127
122 128
123 129
124 130
125 131
126 132
127 133
128 134
129 135
130 136
131 136
132 137
133 138
134 139
135 139
136 140
137 140
138 141
139 142
140 143
141 144
142 145
143 146
144 147
145 148
146 149
147 150
148 151
149 157
150 152
151 153
154
152 158
153 5785
154 155
155 156
156 159
157 162
158 163
159 170
160 164
161 165
162 166
163 167
164 168
165 169
166 172
167 173
168 181
169 177
170 178
171 180
172 181
173 179
174 182
175 183
176 184
177 185
186
178 187
179 188
180 189
181 190
182 192
183 193
207 194
208 196
209 197
210 198
211 204
205
211a 206
211b 207
212 206
212a 208
212b 209
210
212c 211
212d 212
212e 213
212f 214
212g 215
213 200
214 201
215 202
216 203
217 5000
218 5001

219 5002
220 4999
221 5003
222 216
223 217
224 218
225 219
226 219
227 219
228 220
228a 223
229 224
230 235
231 226
232 226
233 227
233a 228
234 236
235 237
236 238
237 237
238 241
239 243
240 244
241 244
242 245
242a 246
243 247
244 247
245 248
247 250
248 250
249 252
250 253
251 254
252 265
253 266
254 267
255 268
269
256 271
257 270
258 272
259 273
260 274
261 275
262 276
263 277
264 278
265 346
266 347
267 348
268 349
269 350
270 351
271 352
272 338
273 339
274 341
275 342
343
276 344
277 345
278 325
279 324
280 353
281 354
282 355
283 356
284 357
285 358
286 359
287 7653
288 7680
289 7681
290 1425
291 7026
292 7288
293 6265
295 340
927
929
953
296 928
297 1388
298 3930
3941
299 1016
300 1017
301 3545
302 973
303 1384
304 7548
305 8084
306 8069
307 6986
308 326
327
309 328
310 329
311 333
312 334
313 335
314 336
315 337
316 330
317 331
318 332
319 33
320 19
321 2192
322 2192
323 2162
324 2165
325 361
326 362
363
327 365
328 366
367
329 368
330 369
331 370
332 371

333 372
334 373
335 374
336 375
337 376
338 377
339 378
340 379
341 380
342 381
343 382
344 383
345 384
346 391
347 392
348 393
349 394
350 395
351 396
352 397
353 398
354 399
355 400
356 401
357 402
358 403
359 404
360 405
361 406
362 407
363 408
364 409
365 410
366 411
367 412
368 413
369 414
370 415
371 416
372 417
373 418
374 419
375 420
376 421
377 422
378 423
379 424
380 425
381 427
382 428
383 429
384 430
385 431
386 432
387 433
388 434
389 435
390 436
391 437
392 438
393 439
394 440
395 441
396 442
397 443
398 444
399 445
400 446
401 447
402 447
403 448
404 449
405 450
406 451
407 453
408 454
409 455
410 456
411 457
412 458
413 459
414 460
415 461
416 462
417 462
418 462
419 463
420 464
421 465
422 466
423 467
424 468
469
425 470
426 471
427 472
428 474
429 475
430 476
431 476
432 477
433 479
437 480
438 481
439 482
440 483
441 484
442 486
443 485
444 487
445 488
446 489
447 490
448 491
449 492
450 493
451 494
452 494
453 495
454 496
455 497
456 498
457 498
458 499

459 499
460 500
461 503
462 502
463 504
464 501
465 505
466 505
467 506
468 506
469 507
470 508
471 508
472 510
473 509
474 511
475 512
476 516
477 517
478 518
479 519
480 520
481 521
482 522
483 523
484 524
485 525
486 526
487 527
488 528
489 529
490 530
491 531
492 532
493 533
494 534
495 535
496 537
497 538
498 539
499 540
500 541
501 542
502 542
503 543
504 544
505 545
506 546
507 547
508 548
509 549
510 550
511 551
512 536
547
513 600
514 913
515 552
516 552
517 553
518 572
519 573
520 574
521 575
522 576
523 577
524 578
525 579
526 554
527 556
528 557
529 558
530 559
531 560
532 561
533 562
534 563
535 564
536 566
537 566
538 565
539 567
540 568
541 569
542 570
543 571
544 580
545 581
546 582
547 583
548 584
549 584
550 585
551 587
552 586
553 588
554 589
590
591
555 592
556 595
557 596
558 597
559 598
560 599
561 601
562 622
563 602
603
564 605
565 606
566 607
567 608
568 608
569 609
570 610
571 611
572 612
573 613
574 614
575 615
576 616
577 617
578 619

579 620
580 623
581 624
582 625
583 629
584 630
585 632
586 633
587 638
588 634
639
589 640
590 641
591 642
643
644
592 645
593 646
594 647
595 631
646
596 648
597 649
598 650
599 651
600 652
601 653
602 655
603 656
604 657
605 658
606 662
607 660
608 661
609 660
610 633
611 633
612 635
613 636
614 637
615 663
616 664
617 665
618 666
619 667
620 668
621 654
622 670
622 671
623 669
624 672
625 673
626 674
627 675
628 676
629 677
630 678
631 679
632 677
633 680
634 682
635 681
636 683
637 684
638 684
639 685
640 686
641 687
642 689
643 690
644 691
645 692
646 693
647 694
648 695
649 696
650 697
651 698
652 699
653 700
654 700
655 701
656 702
657 703
658 703
659 704
660 710
661 705
662 705
663 706
664 707
665 708
666 709
667 711
668 712
669 713
670 715
671 714
672 716
673 717
674 718
675 719
676 715
677 720
678 721
679 722
680 723
681 724
682 725
683 726
684 727
685 728
686 729
687 730
688 731
689 731
690 750
691 732
733
692 734
693 735
694 736
695 737
696 738

697 745
698 739
699 740
700 741
701 742
702 743
703 744
704 745
705 746
706 747
707 748
708 749
709 751
710 752
711 753
712 753
713 754
714 755
715 756
716 757
717 758
718 759
719 760
720 761
722 762
723 763
724 764
725 765
726 767
727 768
728 769
729 769
730 770
731 771
732 772
733 773
734 774
735 775
736 776
737 777
738 778
739 779
740 781
741 780
742 782
743 783
744 784
745 785
746 786
747 787
748 788
749 789
750 790
751 791
752 792
753 793
754 794
755 795
756 796
757 797
758 798
759 799
760 800
761 801
762 802
763 803
764 804
765 805
766 806
767 807
768 808
769 809
770 810
771 811
772 812
773 813
774 814
775 815
776 816
777 817
778 818
779 819
780 820
781 821
782 822
783 823
784 824
785 825
786 826
787 827
788 828
789 829
790 830
791 831
792 832
793 833
834
794 835
795 836
796 837
797 837
798 838
799 839
800 840
801 841
802 842
803 626
804 627
805 628
806 843
807 844
808 845
809 846
810 847
811 848
812 849
813 850
814 851
815 852
816 853
817 854
818 855
819 856
820 857

821 858
822 866
823 867
824 868
825 894
826 869
827 870
828 871
829 872
830 873
831 874
832 875
833 876
834 877
835 878
836 879
837 880
838 881
839 882
840 882
841 883
842 884
843 885
844 885
845 887
846 859
847 860
848 861
849 862
850 863
851 864
852 865
853 888
854 889
855 890
856 891
857 892
858 893
859 895
860 896
861 897
862 897
863 898
864 899
865 900
866 901
902
867 902
868 904
869 903
870 905
871 906
872 907
873 908
874 909
875 910
876 911
877 912
878 914
879 914
880 915
881 916
882 917
884 919
885 920
886 921
887 922
888 923
889 925
890 926
891 930
892 931
893 931
894 932
895 931
896 933
897 934
898 935
899 936
900 937
901 938
902 939
903 940
904 941
905 942
906 943
907 943
908 944
909 945
910 946
911 948
912 949
913 950
914 951
915 952
916 954
917 955
918 956
919 957
920 958
921 959
922 960
923 961
924 962
925 969
926 963
967
927 963
967
928 964
929 965
930 966
931 968
932 970
933 971
934 972
935 974
936 975
937 976
938 977
939 978
979
980
940 981

941 982
942 983
943 984
944 985
945 986
946 991
947 2342
948 992
949 993
949a 3353
950 995
951 995
952 997
953 998
954 999
955 1000
956 1001
957 1002
958 1003
959 1004
960 1005
961 1006
962 1007
963 1008
964 1009
964a 1013
965 1010
966 1011
967 1609
968 1610
969 1613
970 1615
971 1616
972 1617
973 1619
974 987
975 989
976 988
978 990
979 3308
980 3309
981 3310
982 3311
983 3312
984 3313
985 3314
986 3315
987 3317
988 3319
989 3293
990 3294
991 3295
992 3296
993 3297
994 3298
995 3299
996 3302
997 3305
998 3304
999 3305
1000 3306
1001 3322
1002 3323
1003 3324
1004 3325
1005 3326
1006 3327
1007 3328
1008 3321
1008a 3337
1009 3339
1010 3322
3329
1011 3342
1012 3334
1013 3357
1014 3361
1015 3343
1015a 3344
1016 3348
1017 3336
3349
1018 3350
1019 3359
1020 3340
1021 3340
1022 3358
1023 3358
1024 3365
1026 3338
1027 3356
1028 3352
1029 3341
1030 3336
1031 2578
1032 2579
1033 2582
1034 2584
1035 2581
1036 994
1037 2583
1038 2580
1039 2575
1040 2576
1041 2577
1042 2585
1043 2588
1044 2589
1045 996
1046 2594
1047 1014
1048 1015
1049 1018
1050 1019
1051 1020
1052 1021
1053 1022
1054 1023
1055 1024
1056 1025
1057 1026
1058 1027
1059 1028
1060 1029

1061	1030
1062	1031
1063	1032
1064	1060
1065	1061
1066	1035
1067	1090
1068	1092
1069	1093
1070	1094
1071	1095
1072	1096
1073	1059
1074	1097
1075	1098
1076	1099
1077	1100
1079	1101
1080	1102
1081	1103
1082	1083
1083	1083
1084	1083
1085	1083
1086	1105
1087	1106
1088	1107
1089	1108
1090	1109
1091	1110
1092	1111
1093	1112
1094	1053
1095	1054
1096	1035
	1066
1096a	1035
1097	1040
	1041
	1042
	1043
	1044
1098	1051
1099	1066
1100	1057
	1056
1101	1058
1102	1058
1103	1058
1104	1068
1105	1069
	1070
1106	1071
1107	1072
1108	1073
1109	1074
1110	1075
1111	1076
1112	1077
1113	1062
1114	1064
1115	1063
1116	1104
1117	1065
1118	1034
1119	1036
	7881
1120	7882
1121	7893
1122	7885
1123	7885
1124	7883
1125	7889
1125a	7889
1126	7889
1127	7884
1128	1126
1129	1128
1130	1138
1131	1140
1133	1141
1134	1129
1136	1113
	1135
1137	1114
1138	1121
1139	1115
1140	1116
1141	1117
1142	1118
1143	1119
1144	1120
1145	1127
1146	1127
1147	1144
1148	1144
1149	1145
1150	1145
1151	1145
1152	1148
1153	1149
1154	1151
1155	1152
1156	1153
1157	1154
1158	1155
1159	1156
	1157
1160	1147
1161	1158
1162	1160
1163	1151
1164	1161
1165	1162
1166	1162
1167	1163
1168	1164
1169	1165
1170	1165
1171	1165
1172	1159
1173	1166
1174	1130
1175	1131

1176 1133
1177 1184
1178 1131
1179 1168
1172
1180 1170
1171
1181 1170
1182 1175
1183 1173
1184 1173
1185 1174
1186 1174
1187 1174
1188 1176
1189 1177
1190 1169
1191 1178
1192 1179
1193 1180
1194 1181
1195 1182
1196 1185
1197 1143
1198 1187
1199 1192
1200 1193
1201 1194
1199
1202 1194
1203 1195
1204 1195
1205 1196
1206 1197
1207 1198
1208 1199
1209 1191
1210 1191
1211 1200
1212 1201
1213 1202
1214 1203
1215 1203
1216 1204
1217 1206
1218 1207
1219 1208
1220 1216
1221 1217
1222 1113
1209
1223 1208
1224 1210
1225 1210
1226 1215
1227 1211
1228 1212
1229 1212
1230 1213
1231 1209
1232 1214
1233 1218
1234 1219
1235 3421
1236 1220
1237 1220
1238 1221
1239 1222
1240 1222
1241 1223
1224
1242 1136
1243 1137
1244 1150
1245 1167
1246 1188
1247 1113
1248 1134
1249 1225
1250 1226
1251 1227
1252 1228
1253 1229
1254 1230
1255 1231
1256 1232
1257 1233
1258 1235
1259 1236
1260 1237
1261 1238
1262 1239
1263 1240
1264 1241
1265 1247
1266 1242
1267 1243
1268 1244
1269 1245
1270 1246
1271 1248
1272 1249
1273 1250
1274 1251
1275 1252
1276 1253
1277 1254
1278 1255
1279 1256
1280 1257
1281 1258
1282 1258
1283 1259
1260
1279
1284 1261
1285 1262
1263
1286 1264
1287 1265
1288 1266
1289 1281
1282
1290 1283

1291	1267
1292	1268
1293	1269
1294	1270
1295	1271
1296	1280
1297	1272
1298	1273
1299	1274
1300	1275
1301	1277
1302	1278
1303	1284
1304	1285
1305	1286
1306	1287
1307	1288
1308	1289
1309	1290
1310	1291
1311	1292
	1293
1312	1293
1314	1294
1316	1295
1317	1296
1318	1297
1320	1297
1321	1297
1322	1299
1323	1300
1324	1309
1325	1310
1326	1311
1327	1335
1328	1336
1329	1338
1330	1339
1331	1340
1332	1341
1333	1342
1334	1343
1335	1317
1336	1318
1336a	7207
	7212
1337	1319
1338	1320
1339	1321
1340	1344
1341	1345
1342	1349
1343	1346
1343a	7208
1343b	7210
1343e	7211
1344	1348
1345	1350
1346	1347
1347	1351
1348	1352
1349	1353
1350	1354
1351	1355
1352	1356
1353	1357
1354	1358
1355	1359
1356	1361
1357	1362
1358	1363
1359	1364
1360	1365
1361	1367
1362	1368
1363	1369
1364	1370
1365	1371
1366	1372
1367	1373
1368	1374
1369	1375
1370	1376
1371	1377
1372	1378
1373	1379
1374	1380
1375	1381
	1382
1376	1322
1377	1323
1378	1324
1379	1325
1380	1326
1381	1327
1382	1329
1383	1329
1384	1330
1385	1331
1386	1332
1387	1333
1388	1334
1389	1312
1390	1313
1391	1314
1392	1315
1393	1316
1394	1387
1396	1390
	1391
1397	1392
1398	1393
1399	1394
1400	1395
1401	1396
1402	1397
1403	1398
1404	1399
1405	1400
1406	1401
1407	1402
1408	1462
1409	1463
1409	1464

1410	1465	1472	1500
1411	1467	1473	1500
1412	1469	1474	1500
1413	1470	1475	1500
1414	1471	1476	1500
1415	1472	1477	1500
1416	1482	1478	1500
1417	1484	1479	1517
1418	1485		1518
1419	1473		1519
1420	1474	1480	1520
1421	1475	1481	1521
1422	1476	1482	1522
1423	1477	1483	1523
1424	1478	1484	1524
1425	1479	1485	1525
1426	1480	1486	1525
1427	1481	1487	1526
1428	1504	1488	1527
1429	1505	1489	1528
1430	1505	1490	1529
1431	1502	1491	1530
1432	1506	1492	1531
1433	1507	1493	1532
1434	1508	1494	1533
1435	1509	1495	1534
1436	1510	1495a	1519
1437	1511	1496	1535
1438	1513	1497	1433
1439	1514	1498	1434
1440	1503	1499	1435
1441	1512	1500	1436
1442	1515	1501	1438
1443	1516	1502	1439
1444	1486	1503	1440
1445	1487	1504	364
1446	1488	1505	1764
1447	1489	1506	1443
1448	1494	1507	1444
1449	1491	1508	1445
1450	1492	1509	1446
1451	1493	1510	1448
1452	1495	1511	1447
1453	1496		1449
1454	1497	1512	1450
1455	1498		1451
1456	1499	1513	1452
1457	1500	1514	1453
1458	1500	1515	1454
1459	1500	1516	1455
1460	1500	1517	1456
1461	1500	1518	1457
1462	1500	1519	1458
1463	1500	1520	604
1464	1500	1524	621
1465	1500	1525	448
1466	1500	1526	659
1467	1500	1527	1459
1468	1500	1528	1460
1469	1500	1529	921
1470	1483	1530	478
1471	1500	1531	478

1532	1403
1533	1405
1534	1407
1535	1408
1536	1406
	1408
1537	1409
1538	1410
1539	1411
1540	631
1541	1421
1542	1412
1543	1418
1544	1413
1545	1414
1546	1419
1547	1415
1548	1416
1549	1417
1550	1420
1551	1422
1552	1423
1553	1424
1554	1426
1555	1427
1555a	3887
1556	1654
1557	1655
1558	1656
1559	1657
1560	1658
1561	1659
1562	1660
1563	1661
1564	1662
1565	1665
1566	1666
1567	1667
1568	1668
1569	1663
1570	1664
1571	1695
1572	1697
1573	1698
1574	1700
1575	1701
1576	1702
1577	1703
1578	1734
1579	1735
1580	1736
1581	1737
1582	1738
1583	1739
1584	1740
1585	2349
1586	2349
1587	1741
1588	1742
1589	1743
1590	1744
1591	1745
1592	1747
1593	1747
1593	1748
1594	1749
1595	1750
1596	1751
1597	1754
1598	1763
1599	1765
1600	1761
1601	1762
1602	1766
1603	1773
1604	1782
1605	1783
1606	1767
1607	1774
1608	1775
1609	1776
1610	1755
1611	1778
1612	1768
1613	1756
1614	4157
1614a	1770
1614b	1769
1614c	1772
1615	1771
1616	1779
1617	1780
1618	1781
1619	1777
1620	1797
1621	1798
1622	1786
1623	1787
1624	1788
1625	1789
1626	1790
1627	1791
1628	1792
1629	1792
1630	1793
1631	1795
1632	1796
1633	1794
1634	1799
	1802
1635	1799
	1802
1636	1801
	1802
1637	4435
1638	4571
1639	1803
1640	1804
1641	1805
1642	1806
1643	1807
1644	1808
1645	1821
1646	1813

1647	1820
1648	1819
1649	1816
1650	1817
1651	1818
1652	1809
	1810
	1812
1653	1814
1654	1815
1655	1822
1656	1823
1657	1824
1658	1825
1659	1826
1660	1827
1661	1828
1662	1829
1663	1830
1664	1832
1665	1834
1666	1836
1667	1837
1668	1838
1669	1839
1670	1833
1671	1835
1672	1842
1673	1843
1674	1844
1675	1845
1676	1846
1677	1847
1678	1848
1679	1850
1680	1851
1681	1841
1682	1855
1683	1858
1684	1859
1685	1860
1686	1861
1686a	3517
1687	2142
1688	2143
1689	2144
1690	2145
1691	2146
1692	7554
1693	7540
1694	7541
1695	7542
1696	7543
1697	1964
1698	1963
1699	7545
1700	7546
1701	7553
1702	7552
1703	7547
1704	7548
1705	7550
1706	7751
1707	7555
1708	7556
1709	7557
1710	7559
1711	7561
1712	7560
1713	7562
1714	7563
1715	7564
1716	7566
1717	7565
1718	7567
1719	7568
1720	1385
1721	7569
1722	7570
1723	7572
1724	7573
1725	7571
1726	7574
1727	7581
1728	7577
1729	7578
	7579
1730	7580
1731	7558
1732	7576
1733	7575
1734	7567
	7578
1735	7578
1736	7585
1737	7586
1738	7587
1739	7588
1740	7589
1741	7590
1742	7590
1743	7591
1744	7592
1745	7591
1746	7591
1747	7593
1748	7594
1749	7595
1750	7596
1751	7597
1752	7598
1753	7599
1754	7600
1755	7601
1756	7602
1757	7603
1758	2191
1759	2191
1760	2194
1761	2193
1762	2151
1763	2151
1764	2151
1765	2152

1766	2150	1828	2212
1767	2155	1829	2213
1768	2155	1830	2215
1769	2155	1831	2216
1770	2153	1832	2217
1771	2154	1833	2214
1772	2156	1834	2218
1773	2157	1835	2219
1774	2158	1836	2220
1775	2159	1837	2221
1776	2160	1838	2222
1777	2161	1839	2223
1778	2162	1840	2224
1779	2163	1841	2225
1780	2164	1842	2226
1781	2165	1843	2231
1782	2165	1844	2232
1783	2166	1845	2233
1784	2167	1846	2234
1785	2168	1847	2235
1786	2169	1848	2236
1787	2170	1849	2237
1788	2171	1850	2238
1789	2172	1851	2239
1790	2174	1852	2240
1791	2175	1853	2241
1792	4018	1854	2242
1793	4019	1855	2243
1794	2176	1856	2243
1795	2177	1857	2244
1796	2178	1858	2245
1797	2179	1859	2246
1798	2180	1860	2247
1799	2181	1861	2248
1800	2182	1862	2087
1801	2182	1863	2089
1802	2183	1864	2088
1803	2184	1865	2097
1804	2185	1866	2104
1805	2186	1867	2090
1806	2187	1868	2091
1807	2188		2096
1808	2189	1869	2096
1809	2190	1870	2096
1810	2197	1871	2094
1811	2198	1872	2092
1812	2199	1873	2095
1813	2200	1874	2093
1814	2201	1875	2101
1815	2202	1876	2103
1816	2195	1877	2139
1817	2196	1878	2139
1818	2196	1879	2139
1819	2203	1880	2139
1820	2204	1881	2109
1821	2205	1882	2114
1822	2206	1883	2111
1823	2207	1884	2116
1824	2208	1885	2117
1825	2209	1886	2118
1826	2210	1887	2119
1827	2211	1888	2120

1889	2121	1950	2305
1890	2285	1951	2306
1891	2286	1952	2307
1892	2284		2998
1893	2287	1953	2308
1894	2289	1954	2309
1895	2290	1955	2311
1896	2291	1956	2310
1897	2292	1957	2312
1898	2293	1958	2313
1899	2295	1959	2314
1900	2296		2315
1901	2297	1960	2316
1902	2298	1961	2317
1903	2299	1962	2318
1904	2300	1963	2319
1905	2301	1964	2331
1906	2302	1965	2332
1907	2303	1966	2324
1908	2304	1967	2321
1909	2249	1968	2322
1910	2250	1969	2333
1911	2251	1970	2335
1912	2252	1971	2336
1913	2254	1972	2337
1914	2253	1973	2338
1915	1632	1974	2339
1916	1633	1975	2340
1917	1634	1976	2320
1918	1635	1977	2323
1918a	1631	1978	2327
1919	1636	1979	2328
1920	1637	1980	2329
1921	1638	1981	2330
1922	1639	1982	2341
1923	1640	1983	2343
1924	1641	1984	2355
1925	1642	1985	2350
1926	1643	1986	2345
1927	1644	1987	2346
1928	1645	1988	2347
1929	1646	1989	2349
1930	1621	1990	2348
1931	1622	1991	2351
1932	1623	1992	2353
1933	1624	1993	2356
1934	1625	1994	2357
1935	1647	1995	2358
1936	1648	1996	2359
1937	1649	1997	2360
1938	1650	1998	2361
1939	1012	1999	2363
1940	1651	2000	2364
1941	1652	2001	2365
1942	1653		2366
1943	1626	2002	2367
1944	1627	2003	2368
1945	1628	2004	2369
1946	1628	2005	2370
1947	1628	2006	2371
1948	1629	2007	2372
1949	1630	2008	2373

2009 2374
2010 2375
2011 2376
2012 2429
2013 2430
2014 2431
2015 2432
2016 2433
2434
2017 2435
2018 2444
2019 2437
2020 2438
2021 2439
2440
2022 2441
2023 2442
2024 2467
2025 2468
2026 2469
2027 2474
2028 2470
2029 2477
2030 2478
2031 2475
2032 2476
2033 2479
2034 2472
2035 2471
2036 2473
2037 2461
2038 2462
2039 2463
2040 2446
2041 2447
2042 2448
2043 2449
2044 2450
2045 2451
2046 2452
2047 2453
2048 2454
2049 2455
2050 2457
2051 2458
2052 2480
2053 2481
2054 2488
2489
2055 2490
2056 2491
2057 2492
2060 3408
2080 3369
2081 2493
2081a 2493
2082 2494
2083 2495
2084 2496
2085 2497
2086 2498
2087 2499
2088 2500
2089 2502
2090 2503
2091 2504
2092 2505
2093 2506
2094 2507
2095 2508
2096 2509
2097 2510
2098 2511
2099 2512
2100 2514
2101 2517
2102 2519
2103 2520
2104 2521
2105 2518
2106 2517
2107 2515
2108 2516
2109 2522
2110 2523
2111 2524
2112 2525
2113 2526
2114 2527
2115 2528
2116 2529
2117 2530
2118 3292
2119 2531
2120 2532
2121 2533
2122 2535
2123 2536
2124 2537
2125 2538
2126 2539
2127 2540
2128 2541
2129 2542
2130 2543
2131 2544
2132 2545
2133 2546
2134 2547
2135 2548
2136 2549
2137 2550
2138 2551
2139 2552
2140 2553
2141 2555
2142 2556
2143 2557
2144 2557
2145 2558
2146 2970
2147 2971
2972
2975

2148	2973	2209	3041
2149	2974	2210	3042
	2975	2211	3043
2150	2974	2212	3044
2151	2982	2213	3045
2152	2983	2214	3046
2153	2984	2215	3047
2154	2986	2216	3048
2155	2987	2217	3049
2156	2985	2218	3050
2157	2988	2219	3051
2158	2989	2220	3052
2159	2990	2221	3053
2160	2991	2222	3054
2161	2992	2223	3055
2162	2993	2224	3056
2163	2994	2225	3057
2164	2995	2226	3058
2165	2996	2227	3059
2166	2997	2228	3060
2167	2999	2229	3061
2168	3000	2230	3062
2169	3001	2231	3063
2170	3002	2232	3064
2171	3003	2233	3065
2172	3004	2234	3066
2173	3005	2235	3067
2174	3006	2236	3068
2175	3007	2237	3069
2176	3008	2238	3070
2177	3009	2239	3071
2178	3010	2240	3072
2179	3011	2241	3073
2180	3012	2242	3074
2181	3013	2243	3075
2182	3014	2244	3076
2183	3015	2245	3077
2184	3016	2246	3078
2185	3017	2247	3079
2186	3018	2248	3080
2187	3019	2249	3081
2188	3020	2250	3082
2189	3021	2251	3083
2190	3022	2252	3084
2191	3023	2253	3085
2192	3024	2254	3086
2193	3025	2255	3087
2194	3026	2256	3088
2195	3027	2257	3089
2196	3028	2258	3090
2197	3029	2259	3091
2198	3030	2260	3092
2199	3031	2261	3093
2200	3032	2262	3094
2201	3033	2263	3095
2202	3034	2264	3096
2203	3035	2265	3097
2204	3036	2266	3098
2205	3037	2267	3099
2206	3038	2268	3100
2207	3039	2269	3101
2208	3040	2270	3102

2271	3103
2272	3104
2273	3105
2274	3106
2275	3107
2276	3108
2277	3109
2278	3110
2279	3111
2280	3112
2281	3113
2282	3114
2283	3115
2284	3116
2285	3117
2286	3118
2287	3119
2288	3120
2289	3121
2290	3122
2291	3123
2292	3124
2293	3125
2294	3126
2295	3127
2296	3128
2297	3129
2298	3130
2299	3131
2300	3132
2301	3133
2302	3134
2303	3135
2304	3136
2305	3137
2306	3138
2307	3139
2309	3141
2310	3142
2311	3143
2312	3144
2313	3145
2314	3146
2315	3147
2316	3148
2317	3149
2318	3150
2319	3151
2320	3152
2321	3153
2322	3154
2323	3155
2324	3156
2325	3157
2326	3158
2327	3159
2328	3160
2329	3161
2330	3162
2331	3163
2332	3164
2333	3165
2334	3166
2335	3167
2336	3168
2337	3169
2338	3170
2339	3171
2340	2976
2341	2998
2342	2977
2343	2978
2344	2979
2345	2981
2346	2983
	2986
2347	3172
2348	3173
2349	3174
2350	3175
2351	3176
2351a	3178
2352	3179
2353	3188
2354	3189
2355	3190
2356	3191
2357	3193
2358	3194
2359	3195
2360	3199
2361	1386
	3197
2362	3196
2363	3198
2364	3200
2365	3201
2366	3202
2367	3203
2368	3204
	3205
2369	1957
2370	1958
2371	1902
2380	1919
2381	7657
2383	1920
	1947
2384	1940
2385	1926
2386	1934
2387	1936
2388	1938
2389	1937
2390	1933
2391	1925
	1926
	1927
	1952
2392	1943
2394	1941
2395	1935
2396	1921
2397	1926

2399	1924
2400	1939
2401	1945
2402	1946
2408	1915
2409	1913
	1914
2411	1917
2412	1918
2413	1925
2415	1928
	1929
2416	1931
2417	1922
	1923
2418	1921
2420	1942
2421	1932
2423	1948
	1951
2424	1986
2425	2061
2426	1952
2427	2012
2428	2011
2429	2013
2430	2049
2431	2050
2432	2051
2433	1988
2434	2037
2435	2036
2436	2040
2437	2042
2438	1967
2439	1981
2440	1979
2441	2014
2442	2071
2443	2003
2444	1969
2445	2017
2446	1980
2447	2076
2448	1978
2449	2076
2450	1977
2451	1984
2452	2067
2453	2010
2454	2008
2455	2020
2457	1974
2459	1887
	1891
2460	1964
2462	1975
2463	1976
2464	1976
2465	1972
2466	1897
	1898
2467	1965
2468	1997
2469	2001
2470	2000
	2022
2471	1993
2472	2023
2474	2009
2476	2044
2478	1971
2481	2033
2483	1998
2484	2053
2485	3213
2486	3214
2487	3215
	3219
2488	3216
2489	3217
2490	3218
2491	3222
	3225
2492	3220
2493	3229
2494	3228
	3230
2495	3231
2496	3223
2497	3224
2498	3221
2499	3246
2500	3247
2501	3248
	3249
	3250
2502	3251
2503	3252
2504	3253
2505	3254
	3256
2506	3227
2507	3237
2508	3234
2509	3235
2510	3236
2511	3225
2512	3233
	3241
2513	3242
	3243
2514	3240
2515	3244
2516	3245
2517	3226
2518	3238
2519	3255
	3256
2520	3257
2521	3258
2522	3259
2523	3260
2524	3261

2525 3262
2526 3263
2527 3264
2528 3265
2529 3266
2530 3267
2531 3268
2532 3269
2533 3270
2534 3271
2535 3272
2536 3273
2537 3274
2538 3275
2539 3276
2540 3279
2541 3280
2542 3281
2543 3282
2544 3283
2545 3284
3287
2546 3285
2547 3286
2548 3420
2549 3421
2550 3422
2551 3423
2552 3428
3462
2553 3429
2554 3424
2555 3425
2556 3426
2557 3427
2558 3431
2559 3432
2560 3433
2561 3434
2562 3435
2563 3458
2564 3456
2565 3463
2566 3412
2567 3444
3445
3461
2568 3448
2569 3449
2570 3451
2571 3452
2572 3453
2573 3455
2574 3459
2575 1706
1707
3444
2575a 1708
2576 1712
2577 1713
2578 1714
2579 1715
2580 1716
2581 1717
2582 1718
2583 1719
2584 1720
2585 1721
2586 1722
2587 1723
2588 1724
2589 1725
2590 1726
2591 1727
2592 1728
2593 1729
2594 1730
2595 1731
2596 1732
2597 1733
2598 3413
2599 3471
2600 3472
2601 3454
2602 3473
2603 3474
2604 3414
2604a 3483
2605 3484
2606 3484
2607 3485
2608 3486
2609 3487
2610 3488
2611 3475
2612 3476
2613 3480
2614 3481
2615 3541
2616 3542
2617 3446
2619 3494
2620 3495
2621 3496
2622 3497
2622a 3536
2622b 3537
2622c 3539
2622d 3540
2622e 3536
2622f 3538
2623 3510
2624 3523
2625 3504
2626 3504
2626a 4457
2627 3503
2628 3509
2629 3507
2629a 3511
2630 3513
2631 3515
2632 3516
2633 3518

2635 3525
2636 3526
2637 3532
2638 3533
2639 3534
2640 3447
2641 3521
2642 3514
2643 3514
2644 3514
2645 3482
2646 3465
2646a 5091
2647 3415
2648 3430
2649 3550
2650 3543
2651 3546
2652 3544
2653 3548
2654 3549
2655 3551
2656 3552
2657 3554
2658 3553
2659 3555
2660 3556
2661 3557
2662 3558
2663 3559
2664 3560
2665 3561
2666 3562
2667 3563
2668 3564
2669 3566
2670 3568
3569
2671 3568
3569
2672 3570
2673 3571
2674 3572
2674a 6536
2675 385
2676 386
2677 387
2678 388
2679 389
2680 390
2681 3750
2682 3779
2683 3761
2684 3762
2685 3763
2686 3836
2687 3838
2688 3838
2689 3838
2690 3764
2691 3820
2692 3765
2693 3766
2694 3837
2695 3785
2696 3771
2697 3790
3795
2698 3798
2699 3799
2700 3797
2701 3800
2702 3802
2703 3796
2704 3803
2705 3801
2706 3819
2707 3821
2708 3822
2709 3823
3824
2710 3825
2711 3786
2712 3752
2713 3755
2714 3754
2715 3753
2716 3757
2717 3758
2718 3809
2719 3817
2720 3810
2721 3808
2722 3781
2723 3783
2725 3806
2726 3807
2727 3792
2728 3818
2729 3852
2730 3853
2731 3854
2732 3855
2733 3866
2734 3856
2735 3848
2735a 3850
2735b 3850
2736 3858
2737 3859
2738 3860
2739 3868
2740 3857
2741 3863
2742 3864
2743 3865
2744 3867
2745 3869
2746 3870
2747 3871
2748 3876
2749 3872
2750 3877
2753 3873

2754	3875
2755	252
2756	3874
2757	6120
2758	6540
2759	3879
2760	5922
2761	3878
2762	3881
2763	3882
2764	3883
2765	3884
2766	3885
2767	3890
2768	3891
2769	3886
2770	3888
2771	3889
2771a	3887
2772	3847
2773	3903
	3904
2774	947
2775	3905
2776	3906
	3907
2777	3908
	3909
2778	3910
2779	3916
2780	3914
2781	3915
2782	3911
2783	3913
2784	3917
2785	3918
2786	3912
2787	3922
2788	3923
2789	1233
2790	3894
2791	3895
2792	3896
2793	3897
2794	3898
2795	3899
2796	3924
2797	3902
2797a	3900
	3901
2798	3892
2799	3919
2800	3178
2801	3920
2802	3921
2803	3893
2804	3849
2805	3851
2806	3880
2807	5005
2808	3925
2809	3926
2810	3927
2811	3928
	3929
2812	3931
2813	3932
2814	3933
2815	3934
2816	3935
2817	3936
2818	3937
2819	3938
2820	3939
2821	3940
2822	4394
2823	3943
2824	3944
2825	3945
2826	3942
2828	3946
2829	3947
2830	3948
2831	3949
2832	3950
2833	3951
2834	3952
2835	3953
2836	3955
2837	3958
2838	3959
2839	2980
	3960
2840	3961
2841	3962
2842	3963
2843	3964
2844	3965
2845	3966
2846	3967
2847	3969
2848	3968
2849	7972
2850	7973
2851	7974
2852	7994
2853	7977
2854	7976
2855	7979
2856	7991
2857	7980
2858	7981
2859	7982
2860	7983
2861	7984
2862	7985
2863	7986
2864	7987
2865	7989
2866	7990
2867	7992
2868	7993
2869	7998
2870	7996

2871	7999
2872	8000
2873	8001
2874	8001
2875	8002
2876	7869
2877	7869
2878	7870
2879	8003
2880	8004
2881	8005
2882	7996
2883	8009
2884	8006
2885	8007
2886	8008
2887	8010
2888	8012
2889	8013
2890	8014
2891	8015
2892	8017
2893	8018
2894	8019
2895	8020
2896	8021
2897	8022
2898	8023
2899	8024
2900	8025
2901	8026
2902	8027
2903	8028
2904	8029
2905	8030
2906	8031
2907	8032
2908	8033
2909	8034
2910	8035
2911	8036
2912	8037
2913	8038
2914	8039
2915	2622
2916	2623
2917	2624
	2626
2918	2625
2919	2626
2920	2628
2921	2629
2922	2627
2923	2673
2924	2677
2924a	2679
2925	2630
2926	2641
2927	2642
2928	2674
2929	2676
2930	2675
2931	2631
2932	2632
2933	2633
2934	2634
2935	2635
2936	2637
2937	2636
2938	2638
2939	2639
2940	2640
2941	2646
2942	2647
2943	2648
2944	2649
2945	2650
2946	2651
2947	2652
2948	2653
2949	2654
2950	2655
2951	2656
2952	2657
2953	2658
2954	2662
2955	2659
2956	2660
2957	2668
2958	2661
2959	2663
2960	2664
2961	2665
2962	2666
2963	2667
2964	2669
2965	2670
2966	2671
2967	2672
2968	2678
2969	2680
2970	2681
2971	2683
2972	2684
2973	2686
2974	2691
2975	2692
2976	2682
2977	2693
2978	2688
2979	2689
2980	2690
2981	2738
	2739
2982	2741
2983	2744
2984	2745
2985	2746
2986	2748
2987	2749
2988	2750
2989	2751
2990	2752
2991	2753

2992	2754
2993	2755
2994	2756
2995	2757
2996	2758
2997	2759
2998	2760
2999	2761
3000	2762
3001	2763
3002	2764
3003	2765
3004	2766
3005	2767
3006	2768
3007	2769
3008	2770
3009	2771
3010	2773
3011	2776
3012	3971
3013	3972
3014	3973
3015	3974
3016	3975
3017	3976
3018	3977
3019	3978
3020	3979
3021	3980
3022	3981
3023	3985
3024	3986
3025	3987
3026	3988
3027	3989
3027a	3994
3027b	3995
3027c	3996
	3997
3027d	3998
3027e	3999
3027f	4000
3027g	4001
3027h	4002
3027i	4003
3028	4017
3029	5118
3030	5119
3031	5120
3032	4045
	4046
	5121
3033	4081
3034	4063
3035	5122
3036	4073
3037	4073
3038	4073
3039	4074
3040	4074
3041	4075
3042	5124
3043	5125
3044	5126
3045	7121
3046	7121
3049	7123
3050	7122
3051	7125
3052	7127
3053	7126
3057	7056
	7057
	7058
	7059
3058	7116
3060	7119
3061	7523
3062	7522
3063	8061
3064	8063
3065	8062
3066	8060
3067	8064
3068	8065
3069	8066
3070	8067
3071	8068
3072	8069
	8070
	8073
3073	8071
	8073
3074	8072
	8073
3075	8074
3076	8076
	8077
3077	8078
3078	8079
3079	8080
3080	4096
3081	4097
3082	4098
3083	4099
3084	4100
3085	4101
3086	4102
3087	4104
3088	4105
3089	4106
3090	4107
3091	4108
3092	4109
3093	4110
3094	4111
3095	4112
3096	4113
3097	4114
3098	4115
3099	4116
3100	4117
3101	4118

3102	4119	3162	4528
3103	4120	3163	4529
3104	4121	3164	4530
3105	4122	3165	4531
3106	4123	3166	4532
3107	4124	3167	4533
3108	4125	3168	4540
3109	4126	3169	4534
3110	4127	3170	4535
3111	4128	3171	4536
3112	4129	3172	4537
3113	4131	3173	4539
3114	4132	3174	4538
3115	4133	3175	4541
3116	4134	3176	4542
3117	4135	3177	4543
3118	4136	3178	4544
3119	4137	3179	4545
3120	4138	3180	4546
3121	4160	3181	4547
3122	4139	3182	4548
3123	4140	3183	4549
3124	4141	3184	4550
3125	4142	3185	4551
3126	4143	3186	4552
3127	4144	3187	4553
3128	4146	3188	4554
3129	4147	3189	4556
3130	4148	3190	4557
3131	4149	3191	4558
3132	4152	3192	4559
3133	4153	3193	4560
3134	4154	3194	4561
3134a	4155	3195	4562
3135	4158	3196	4563
3136	4159	3197	4564
3137	4161	3198	4565
3138	4162	3199	4566
3139	4163	3200	4570
3140	5164	3201	4571
3141	4165	3202	4567
3142	4166	3203	4568
3143	4167	3204	4569
3144	4168	3205	4572
3145	4169	3206	4573
3146	4170	3207	4577
3146a	51	3208	4579
3147	4512	3209	4574
3148	4513	3210	4575
3149	4514	3211	4576
3150	4515	3212	4578
3151	4517	3213	4581
3152	4518	3214	4582
3153	4519	3215	4583
3154	4520	3216	4584
3155	4521	3217	4585
3156	4522	3218	4586
3157	4523	3219	4587
3158	4524	3220	4588
3159	4525	3221	4589
3160	4526	3222	4590
3161	4527	3223	4591

3224	4592	3282	4655
3225	4593	3283	4656
3226	4594	3284	4185
3227	4595	3285	4185
3228	4580	3286	4186
3229	4596	3287	4175
3230	4597	3288	4189
3231	4598		5974
3232	4599	3289	4177
3233	4600	3290	4176
3234	4601	3291	4171
3235	4602	3292	4172
3236	4603	3293	4173
3237	4604	3294	4688
3238	4605	3295	4487
3239	4606	3296	4489
3240	4607	3297	4490
3241	4608	3298	4488
3242	4611	3299	4483
3243	4612	3300	4484
3244	4613	3301	4485
3245	4614	3302	4486
3246	4615	3303	1670
3247	4615	3304	1671
3248	4616	3305	1672
3248a	3411	3306	3954
3249	4617	3307	4279
3250	4618	3308	4280
3251	4619	3309	1852
3252	4620	3310	1853
3253	4621	3311	1854
3253a	6683	3312	1863
3254	4623	3313	4334
3255	4625	3314	4494
3255a	4610	3315	4493
3256	4626	3316	4265
3257	4627	3317	4495
3258	4628	3318	4496
3259	4629	3319	1849
3260	4630	3321	1856
3261	4631	3322	1857
3262	4632	3323	4356
3263	4633	3324	4387
3264	4634	3325	4401
3265	4635	3326	4402
3266	4637	3327	5199
3267	4638	3328	5202
3268	4639	3329	5191
3269	4640	3330	4233
3270	4641	3331	4232
3271	4642	3332	4234
3272	4644	3333	4235
3272a	4636	3334	4236
3273	4645	3335	4238
3274	4647	3336	4246
3275	4648	3337	4241
3276	4649	3338	4242
3277	4650	3339	4313
3278	4651	3340	4245
3279	4652	3341	4244
3280	4653	3342	4248
3281	4654	3343	4247

3344 4239
3345 4240
3346 4309
3347 4311
3348 4209
3349 4336
3350 4343
3351 4337
3352 4338
3353 4353
3353a 4347
3354 4339
3355 4447
3356 4448
3357 4450
3358 4223
3359 4224
3360 4225
3361 4342
3365 4469
3366 4480
3367 4481
3368 4444
3369 4340
3370 4341
3371 2501
3372 2499
3373 191
3374 4470
3375 5278
3376 5282
3377 5291
3378 5382
3379 5290
3380 6925
3381 2554
3382 5283
3382a 7378
7379
3383 7371
3384 4185
3385 4185
3386 4186
3387 4185
3388 4189
5974
3389 4188
3390 4190
3391 4193
3392 4191
3393 4194
3394 4192
3395 4186
3396 4185
3397 4195
3398 4196
3399 4185
3400 4197
3401 4186
3402 4198
3403 4272
3404 4273
3405 4275
3406 4268
3407 4269
3408 4270
3409 4271
3410 4276
3411 1862
3412 1840
3413 1831
3414 1973
3415 1973
3416 1996
3417 1968
3418 2078
3419 4293
3420 4299
3421 4298
3422 4181
3423 4182
3424 4296
3425 4295
3426 4297
3427 4294
3428 4291
3428a 4446
3429 4289
3430 4421
3431 4281
3432 4277
3433 4278
3434 4282
3434a 4284
3435 4287
3436 4288
3437 4178
3438 4179
3439 4180
3442 4465
3444 4752
3445 4766
3446 7072
3447 4766
3448 7151
7155
3449 7155
3450 7234
3451 7241
3452 4765
3453 7066
3454 7159
3455 7164
3456 7128
3457 7124
3458 7526
3459 2122
3460 2134
3462 2125
3463 2136
3464 2105
3465 2141
3466 2102
3467 2126

3468	2133
3469	2098
3470	2108
3471	2107
3472	2130
3473	2137
3474	2138
3475	2139
3476	2139
3477	2135
3478	2140
3479	2124
3480	2127
3481	2128
3482	6309
3483	6426
3484	6305
3485	6306
3486	6304
3487	4369
	6307
3488	6308
3489	4274
3490	6310
3491	6432
3492	6293
3493	4368
	6281
3494	6286
3495	6423
3496	6352
3497	6463
3498	4254
3499	4253
3500	4249
3501	4263
3502	4258
	4510
3503	4257
3504	4264
3505	4260
3506	4251
3507	4250
3508	4255
3509	4261
3510	4256
3511	4259
3512	4451
3513	4452
3517	4508
3518a	3410
3522	4453
3524	4456
3525	4456
3526	3371
	3400
3527a	3370
3528	4454
3533	3398
	3399
	3407
3534	3371
3536	6881
3537	6882
3538	6894
3539	6895
3540	6885
3541	6883
3542	6884
3543	4304
3544	4333
3545	6998
3546	6999
3547	6966
3548	8095
3549	6964
3550	6984
3551	6983
3552	6965
3553	6982
3554	6963
3555	4471
3556	4472
3557	4473
3558	4474
3559	7377
3560	6981
3561	7376
3562	8097
3563	8098
3564	8099
3565	4383
3566	5013
3567	6790
3568	4372
3569	4373
3570	4374
3571	4382
3572	4388
3573	1301
3574	1319
3575	4389
3576	4385
3577	4393
3578	4399
3579	4398
3580	5072
3581	2227
3582	2229
3583	2230
3584	749
3585	750
3586	750
3587	3942
3588	1234
3589	1469
3590	1302
3591	6187
3592	4384
3593	5165
3594	7768
3595	6545
3596	4409
3597	2228

3598 4395
3599 3567
3600 3561
3601 886
3602 2340
3603 1354
3604 4396
3605 4386
3606 7691
3607 2742
3608 2747
3609 2685
3610 2743
3611 4366
3612 4367
3613 2456
3614 1651
3615 4364
3616 4365
3617 1617
3618 4226
3619 4227
3620 4215
3621 4213
3622 4216
3623 4228
3624 4207
3625 4208
3626 4211
3627 4210
3628 4411
3629 4203
3630 4222
3631 4200
3632 4201
3633 4202
3634 4221
3635 4229
3636 4212
3637 4204
3638 4205
3639 4206
3640 4230
3641 198
3642 6632
6647
3643 6648
3644 6782
3645 6622
3646 6623
3647 6624
3647a 6683
3648 6665
3649 6668
3650 6669
3651 6653
3652 6664
3653 6662
3654 6670
3655 6671
3656 6738
3657 4404
3658 4403
3659 4405
3660 4408
3660a 7220
3661 4407
3662 4406
3663 2443
3664 2362
3665 2362
3666 4323
3667 4325
3668 4335
4958
3669 4952
3670 4300
3671 4324
3672 4322
3673 4317
3674 4319
3675 3528
3676 4331
3677 4301
3678 4315
3679 2534
3680 4320
3681 4321
3682 2354
3683 4314
3684 8075
3685 4316
3686 2352
3687 4306
3688 4305
3689 1620
3689a 6537
3690 1205
3691 1091
3692 4381
3693 6552
3694 6171
3695 6164
3696 4380
3697 4375
3698 4376
3699 4377
3700 4378
3701 4379
3702 4174
3703 4416
3704 4413
3705 4355
3706 4415
3707 4412
3708 4410
3709 4503
3710 4504
3711 4183
3712 4184
3712a 4509
3713 4900
3714 4510
3715 4430

3716 4431
3717 4432
3718 4433
3719 4434
3720 4435
3721 4435
3722 4436
3723 4437
3724 4688
4897
3725 4427
3726 4428
3727 4429
3728 4499
3729 4442
3730 4479
3731 4348
3731a 4349
3732 5166
3733 4458
3734 4511
3735 4461
3736 4462
3737 4463
3738 4464
3740 4459
3740a 4659
3740b 4660
3741 7582
3742 4303
3743 8081
3744 7604
3745 7045
3746 4302
3747 3476
3748 3508
3749 3416
3749a 3484
3750 3419
3751 3418
3752 3505
3752a 3511
3752b 3512
3753 3454
3754 4417
3755 4418
3756 3478
3757 3504
3757a 4457
3757b 4350
3757c 3536
3757d 3537
3758 4420
3759 4332
3760 4400
3761 3506
3761a 3491
3761b 3492
3762 3520
3763 4419
3764 4466
3765 4266
3765a 4237
3766 4267
3767 3413
3768 3519
3769 4422
3770 3756
3771 4318
3772 3796
3773 3796
3774 3804
3775 3797
3776 4354
3777 3794
3778 3793
3779 3811
3780 3805
3781 3787
3782 3782
3783 3784
3784 3789
3785 3760
3786 8005
3788 4397
3790 8016
3791 2457
3792 7885
3794 4423
3795 4443
3796 4426
3797 6909
3798 2772
3799 2775
3800 3541
3801 3542
3802 2774
3803 5099
3804 4438
3805 4439
3806a 6683
3806b 6683
3807 4731
3808 4734
3809 4468
3811 5097
3812 5083
3813 4467
3814 4709
3815 5086
3816 5085
3817 4425
3818 4696
3819 4699
3820 4703
3821 4691
4768
3822 4703
3822a 4900
3823 2147
3824 2147
3825 2148
3826 2149
3827 4736

3828	5088	3876	4948
3829a	5091	3877	5170
3830	5089	3878	5171
3831	5123	3879	5172
3832	4440	3880	5173
3832a	4012	3881	5169
3832b	4013	3882	5174
3832c	4013	3883	5175
3832d	4013	3884	5180
3832e	4013	3885	5181
3832f	4014	3886	5179
3832g	4015	3887	5176
3832h	4016	3888	5178
3833	4390	3889	5177
3834	5719	3890	5182
3835	4391	3891	5183
3836	5746	3892	5184
3836c	5766	3893	5185
3836d	5770	3894	5187
3838	4414	3895	5188
3839	5456	3896	5189
3840	5419	3897	5190
3841	1970	3898	5192
3842	3956	3899	5193
3844	3480	3900	5194
3845	4330	3901	5199
3846	4498	3902	5195
3847	4326	3903	5196
3848	4497	3904	5197
3849	4329	3905	5200
3849a	4328	3906	5198
3850	3983	3907	5201
3851	3984	3908	5203
3852	3982	3909	7309
3852a	3996		7310
3852b	3998	3910	7311
3852c	3999	3911	7312
3852d	4000	3913	5004
3852e	4001	3914	5005
	4003		5006
3853	3991	3915	5006
3854	3990	3916	5007
3855	3992	3917	5008
3856	3993	3918	5009
3857	7124	3919	5010
3858	7125	3920	5011
3859	7123	3922	4033
3860	7127	3923	4034
3863	4936	3924	4035
3864	4937	3925	6932
3865	4938	3926	6933
3866	4939	3928	6934
3867	4940	3930	4666
3868	4941	3931	4667
3869	4941	3932	4668
	4942	3933	4672
3870	4943	3934	4673
3871	4944	3935	4669
3872	4949	3936	4670
3873	4945	3937	4671
3874	4946	3937a	4674
3875	4947	3938	4675

3939 4676
3940 4677
3941 4684
3942 4686
3943 4687
3944 4688
3945 4690
3946 4692
3947 4693
3948 4694
3949 4695
3950 4696
3951 4697
3952 4699
3953 4700
3954 4701
3955 4702
3956 4703
3957 4704
4705
3958 4706
3959 4707
3960 4708
3961 4713
3961a 4714
3970a 4759
3971 4761
3972 4764
3973 4750
3974 4765
3975 4753
4754
4755
4756
4757
3976 4750
3977 4761
3977a 4762
3977b 4767
3980 4897
3981 4898
3982 4899
3982a 4926
4927
4929
4930
3982b 4928
3982c 4929
3983 5261
3984 5262
3985 5263
3985a 5264
3986 5265
3987 5266
3988 5267
3989 5268
3990 5269
3991 5270
3992 5271
3993 5272
3994 5273
3995 5274
3996 5295
3997 5296
3998 5297
3999 5298
4000 5299
4001 5300
4001a 5310
5311
4002 5302
4003 5303
4004 5304
4005 5305
4006 5306
4007 5307
4008 5301
4009 5308
4010 5309
4011 5290
4012 5291
4013 5292
4014 5293
4015 5294
4016 5275
4017 5276
4018 5277
4025 5279
4026 5280
4027 5281
4028 5260
4029 5383
4030 5384
4031 5386
4032 5387
4033 5385
4034 5388
5390
4035 5389
4036 7605
4037 7606
4038 7607
4039 7608
4040 7609
4041 7610
4042 7611
4043 7612
4044 7613
4045 7614
4046 7623
4047 7617
4048 7618
4049 7621
4050 7622
4051 7619
4052 7620
4053 5671
4054 5673
4055 5674
4056 5675
4057 5691
4058 5692

4059 5692
4060 5698
4061 5700
4062 5701
5702
4063 5693
4064 5694
4065 5695
5696
4066 5697
4067 5699
4068 5703
4069 5704
4070 5705
4071 5706
4072 5707
4073 5708
5709
4074 5710
4075 5711
4076 5712
4077 5713
4078 4714
4079 5715
4080 5716
4081 5717
4082 5718
4083 5720
4084 5721
4085 5537
4086 5538
4087 5541
4088 5427
5459
4089 5391
5392
4090 5392
4091 5392
4092 5392
4093 5480
4108 5497
4109 5498
4110 5499
4111 5500
4113 5511
5512
5513
5514
5515
5516
5517
5518
4114 5519
5520
5521
5522
4115 5526
5527
5528
5529

4115 5530
5531
5532
5533
5534
5535
5536
4118 5501
4119 5402
5404
5409
4120 5406
4121 5402
5416
5417
4122 5412
4123 5412
4124 5415
5670
4125 5412
5417
5420
4126 5414
4127 5412
5418
5420
5421
4128 5418
4129 5469
5470
5471
5472
5473
5474
5475
5476
4130 5416
5423
4131 5416
4132 5422
4133 5410
4134 5411
4135 5424
5425
5428
5430
5433
4136 5429
4137 5431
4138 5426
4139 5424
5437
5438
4140 5435
4141 5432
5434
5436
5441
4142 5439
4143 5442

4143	5443
4144	5440
4145	5457
	5458
	5460
	5461
	5462
	5464
4146	5463
4147	5464
4148	5468
	5740
	5741
	5742
	5743
	5744
	5745
4149	5466
	5467
4150	5466
4151	5610
	5611
	5612
	5613
	5614
	5615
	5616
	5617
4152	5444
	5445
	5447
4153	5446
4154	5448
4155	5450
4156	5450
4157	5449
4158	5448
	5451
	5452
4159	5454
4160	5453
4161	5661
	5664
4163	5645
	5665
	5668
4164	5540
	5667
	5669
4165	5667
4166	5666
4167l	5863
4167m	5863
4167n	5864
	5867
4167p	5865
4167q	5866
	5871
4167r	5863
4167s	5868
4167v	5552
4167w	5553
4167x	5554
4167y	5555
4168	5546
	5547
	6257
4169	5548
	5549
4170	5550
4171	5551
4172	5618
	5619
4173	5620
4174	5621
4175	5622
4176	5623
4177	5624
4178	5626
	5628
4179	5627
4180	5850
4181	5851
4182	5852
	5853
4185	5854
4187	5872
4188	5873
4189	5874
4190	5875
4190a	5769
	5770
	5771
	5772
4191	5876
4192	5877
4193	5878
4194	5879
4195	5880
4196	5881
	5882
4197	5883
4198	5884
4199	5885
4201	5886
4202	5888
4203	5889
4204	5892
4205	5893
4206	5890
	5891
4206a	5765
	5766
	5767
4217a	5823
4221	5826
4222	5827
4223	5828
4224	5829
4225	5830
4226	5831
4227	5832
4229	5855
4230	5856
4231	5857
4232	5858
4233	5859
4234	5861
4236	5843
4237	5845
4239	5848
4241	5847
4248	5842
4251	5833
4252	5834
4253	5835
4255	5836
4256	5837
4257	5838
4259	5781

4260	5782	4327	5951
4261	5782	4328	5952
4262	5783	4329	5953
4263	5788	4330	5954
4264	5796	4331	5955
4265	5797	4332	5956
4266	5798	4333	5957
4267	5795	4334	5958
4268	5789	4335	5959
4269	5792	4336	5969
4270	5790	4337	5970
4271	5791	4338	5971
4272	5791	4339	5972
4273	5794	4340	5973
4274	5799	4341	5975
4275	5800	4342	5976
4276	5793	4343	5979
4277	5801	4344	5980
4278	5802	4345	5981
4279	5803	4346	5982
4280	5804	4347	5983
4281	5805	4348	5984
4282	5784	4349	5985
4283	5785	4350	5986
4284	5786	4351	5987
4285	5787	4352	5988
4287	6785	4353	5989
4288	6786	4354	5990
4289	6787	4355	5991
4290	6788	4356	5992
4291	6789	4357	5993
4291a	1710	4358	5994
4291b	1710	4359	5995
4291c	1710	4360	5996
4292	5913	4361	5997
4293	5914	4362	5998
4294	5915	4363	5999
4295	5916	4364	6000
4296	1383	4366	6004
	5917	4367	6005
4297	5918	4368	6006
4298	5919	4369	6007
4299	5920	4370	6008
4300	5921	4371	6009
4301	5922	4372	6010
4302	5923	4373	6011
4303	5924	4374	6012
4304	5925	4375	6013
4305	5926	4376	5977
4306	5927	4377	6015
4307	5928	4378	5943
4308	5929	4379	5944
4309	5930	4380	5945
4310	5931	4381	5978
4311	5932	4382	6016
4312	5933	4383	6017
4313	5934	4384	6777
4314	5935	4385	6778
4315	5936	4386	6779
4316	5937	4387	6780
4317	5938	4388	6781
4318	5939	4389	6783
4319	5940	4390	6784
4320	5941	4391	6056
4321	5942	4392	6057
4322	5946	4393	6058
4323	5947	4394	6059
4324	5948	4395	6060
4325	5949	4396	6061
4326	5950	4397	6062

4397a	6063
4397b	6064
4397c	6065
4397d	6066
4397e	6067
4397f	6068
	6069
4397g	6070
4397h	6071
4397j	6072
4397k	6073
4398	6087
4399	6088
4400	6089
4401	6090
4402	6091
4403	6092
4404	6093
4405	6094
4406	6095
4407	6096
4408	6097
4409	6098
4410	6099
4412	6100
4413	6101
4414	6102
4415	6103
4416	6104
4417	6105
4418	6106
4419	6107
4420	6113
4421	6112
4422	6108
4423	6109
4424	6110
4425	6111
4426	6114
4427	6115
4428	6116
4429	6117
4430	6118
4431	6119
4432	6121
4433	6122
4435	7048
4436	7049
4437	7050
4437a	7170
	7171
4438	7051
4439	7052
4440	7053
4441	7054
4442	7055
4444	7064
	7065
	7067
4445	7069
4446	7067
4450	7071
4451	7163
4454	7076
4455	7075
4456	7157
4458	7251
4459	7158
	7161
4461	7074
4462	7073
4463	6626
4464	6628
4465	6629
4466	6630
4467	6632
	6633
4468	6631
	6634
	6637
4469	6636
4470	6631
4470a	6639
4470b	6677
4471	6650
4472	6651
4473	6652
4474	6653
4475	6654
4476	6655
4477	6656
4477a	6683
4478	6657
4479	6658
4480	6658
4481	6659
4482	6660
4483	6661
4484	6662
4485	6663
4486	6664
4487	6667
4488	6665
4489	6671
4490	6666
4490a	6672
4491	6605
4492	6606
4493	6607
4494	6608
4495	6609
4496	6610
4497	6611
4498	6613
4498a	6617
4499	6615
4500	6620
4501	6619
4502	6622
4503	6618
4503a	6677
4504	6623
4505	6621
4505a	6700
4505b	6709
4505c	6701
4505d	6702
4505e	6701
4505f	6701
4505g	6701
4505h	6702
4505j	6707
4505k	6705
4505i	6706
4506	7159
4507	7160
4509	7077
4510	7237
4511	7241
4512	7232

4513	7242	4580	6198
4514	7243	4581	6198
4515	7244	4582	6204
4516	7245	4583	6205
4517	7240	4584	6210
4518	7246	4585	6211
4519	7247	4586	6197
4520	7248	4587	6187
4521	7249	4588	6188
4522	7231	4589	6196
4523	7233	4590	6207
4524	7234	4591	6208
4525	7235	4592	6218
4526	7227	4593	6209
4527	7228	4594	6212
4528	7230	4595	6213
4529	7229	4596	6214
4530	7223	4597	6215
4531	7224	4598	6216
4532	7225	4599	6217
4533	7226	4600	6219
4534	7236	4601	6220
4536	7239	4602	6221
4537	7238	4603	6222
4538	7250	4604	6223
4539	6141	4605	6224
4540	6142	4606	6225
4541	6142	4607	6226
4541a	6144	4608	6227
4541b	6145	4609	2286
4541c	6146	4610	6228
4542	6151	4611	6229
4543	6152	4612	6230
4544	6153	4613	6231
4545	6154	4614	6232
4546	6206	4615	6233
4547	6156	4616	6234
4548	6165		6235
4549	6158	4617	6236
4550	6161	4618	6237
4551	6162	4619	6238
4552	6167	4620	6239
4553	6166	4621	6240
4554	6168	4622	6243
4555	6202	4623	6244
4556	6203	4624	6245
4557	6170	4625	6245
4558	6169	4626	6246
4559	6164	4627	6247
4560	6172	4628	6248
4561	6173	4629	6252
4562	6174	4630	6249
4563	6175	4631	6250
4564	6176	4632	6252
4565	6177	4633	6253
4566	6178	4634	6255
4567	6179	4635	6256
4568	6180	4636	5092
4569	6181	4637	5068
4570	6182	4638	5069
4571	6183	4655	5070
4572	6185	4657	5074
4573	6186	4658	5070
4574	6189		5074
4575	6190	4659	5076
4576	6191	4660	5077
4577	6192	4661	5093
4578	6193	4662	5078
4579	6194	4663	5079
4580	6195	4664	5080

4665 5080
4666 5094
4667 5081
4668 5095
4669 5068
4671 5071
4672 5073
4673 5075
4674 5096
4675 5096
4676 5096
4677 6260
4678 6261
4679 6262
4680 6263
6264
4681 6264
4682 6266
4683 6271
4684 6272
4685 6267
4686 6268
4687 6273
4688 6273
4689 6269
4690 6270
4691 6274
4692 6275
4693 6276
4694 6277
4695 6278
4696 6284
4697 6286
4698 6280
4699 6282
4700 6283
4701 6295
4702 6296
4703 6297
4704 6294
4705 6297
4706 6298
4707 6301
4708 6279
4709 6313
4710 6314
4711 6315
4712 6316
4713 6361
4714 6317
4715 6318
4716 6319
4717 6320
4718 6321
4719 6322
4720 6323
4721 6324
4722 6325
4723 6326
4724 6330
4725 6331
4726 6327
4727 6328
4728 6329
4729 6332
4730 6333
4731 6334
4732 6335
4733 6336
4734 6337
4735 6338
4736 6339
4737 6340
4738 4371
6546
6547
4739 6348
6349
4740 6350
4741 6351
4742 6353
4743 6354
4744 6355
4745 6395
6396
6397
4746 6410
4747 6411
4748 6412
4749 6413
4750 6414
4751 6415
4752 6416
4754 6417
4755 6418
4756 6419
4757 6420
4758 6434
4759 6436
4760 6437
4761 6438
4762 6439
4763 6424
4764 6428
4765 6429
4766 6430
4767 6431
4768 6432
4769 6425
6426
4770 6422
4771 6464
4772 6464
4773 6455
4773a 6312
4773b 6457
4774 6456
4775 6458
4776 6466
4777 6461
4778 6462
4779 6460
4780 6467
4781 6468
4782 6469
4783 6470
4784 6471
4785 6472
4786 6473
4787 6474
4788 6475
4789 6476
4790 6356
4791 6357
4792 6360
4793 6362
4794 6491
4795 6492
4796 6493
4797 6494

4798 6495
4799 6376
4800 6377
4801 6378
4802 6379
4803 340
6380
4804 6381
4805 6363
4806 6287
4807 6288
4808 6289
4809 6290
4810 6302
4811 6292
4812 6293
4813 6303
4813a 4199
4814 6304
4815 2738
2740
4816 2739
4817 2740
4818 6074
4819 6075
4820 6076
4821 6077
4822 6421
4823 6078
4824 6079
4825 6449
4826 6451
4827 6450
6451
4828 6452
4829 6453
4830 6454
4831 6311
4832 6433
4833 6439
4834 4371
4835 6538
4836 6539
4837 6541
4838 6544
4839 6542
6546
4840 6545
4841 6545
4843 6548
4844 6549
4845 6550
4846 6551
4856 6864
4930 6896
4931 6897
4932 6898
4933 6899
4934 6900
4935 6901
4936 6902
4937 6903
4938 6904
4939 6905
4940 6906
4941 6907
4942 6908
4943 6910
4944 6911
4945 6912
4946 6913
4947 6914
4948 6915
4949 6916
4950 6917
4951 6918
4952 6919
4953 6920
4954 6921
4955 6922
4956 6923
4957 6924
4957a 6943
4957b 6944
4957c 6945
4957d 6946
4957e 6947
4957f 6948
4957g 6949
4957h 6950
4957j 6951
4957k 6952
4957l 6953
4957m 6954
4957n 6955
4957o 6956
4957p 6957
4957r 6958
4957s 6959
4958 6960
4959 6961
4960 6962
4961 6978
4962 6979
4963 6980
4964 6967
4965 6968
4966 6969
4967 6970
4968 6971
4969 6974
4970 6975
4971 6976
4972 6977
4973 6987
4974 6988
4975 6989
4976 6990
4978 6991
4979 6992
4980 6993
4981 6994
4982 6996
4983 6997
4984 5141
4985 5143
4986 5142
4987 5144
4988 5145
4989 5146
4990 5147
4991 5148
4992 5149
4993 5150
4994 5151
4995 5152
4996 5153
4997 5154
4998 5155
4999 5156

5000 5151
5001 5158
5002 5159
5002a 5158
5160
5003 5162
5004 5163
5005 5168
5005a 5167
5006 7025
5007 7028
5008 7027
5009 7040
5010 7031
5011 7034
5012 7036
5013 7039
5014 7041
5015 7044
5015a 7047
5016 7043
5017 7029
5018 7030
5019 7404
5020 7401
5021 7403
5022 7410
5023 7402
5024 7409
5025 7405
5026 7406
5027 7407
5028 7408
5029 7411
5030 7412
5031 7417
5032 7414
5033 7413
5034 7423
5035 7415
5036 7416
5037 7418
5038 7419
5039 7421
5040 7422
5041 7424
5042 7425
5043 7426
5044 7427
5045 7420
5068 6573
5069 6574
5070 6575
5071 6576
5072 6577
5073 6578
5074 6579
5075 6580
5076 6581
5077 6582
5078 6583
5079 6584
5080 6585
5081 6587
5082 6586
5083 6588
5084 1428
6589
5085 6590
5086 6591
5087 6592
5088 6593
5089 6594
5090 6595
5091 6596
5092 7287
5093 7296
5094 7289
5095 7290
5096 7292
5097 7295
5098 7297
5099 7298
5100 7299
5101 7300
5102 7301
5103 7303
5105 7307
5106 7767
5107 7768
5108 7771
5109 7769
5110 7770
5111 7772
7774
7776
5112 7787
5113 7783
5115 7784
5116 7782
5117 7785
5118 7788
5120 7780
5121 7789
5122 7781
5123 7790
5124 7791
5125 7791
5127 7795
5128 7793
5129 7794
5132 7796
5133 7797
5134 7798
5135 7800
5136 7803
5137 7804
5138 7805
5139 7807
5140 7808
7809
7810
5141 7811
5143 7813
5144 7814
5145 7815
5146 7816
5147 7817
5148 7818
5149 7819
5150 7820
5151 7820
5152 7821
5153 7822
5154 7823
5155 7824
5156 7826
5157 7827
5158 7828
5159 7829

5160 7830
5161 7831
5162 7832
5163 7833
5165 7835
5175 7844
5176 7846
7847
5177 7848
5178 7849
5180 7852
5183 7854
5184 7855
5185 7856
5186 7857
5187 7858
5188 7859
5189 7860
5190 7861
5191 7862
5192 7863
5194 7875
5195 7876
5196 7869
5197 7877
5198 7879
5200 7865
5201 7902
8004
5202 7894
5203 7904
5204 7905
5205 7906
5206 7897
5207 7883
5208 7895
5209 7898
7937
5210 7899
5211 7907
5212 7897
5213 7928
5214 7927
5215 7903
5217 7909
5218 7910
5219 7913
5220 7915
5221 7916
5222 7917
5223 7901
5224 7929
5225 7911
5226 7912
5227 7914
5228 7918
5229 7908
5230 7919
5231 7926
5232 7924
5233 7923
5234 7936
5235 7938
5236 7939
5237 7940
5238 7930
7991
5239 7931
5240 7932
5241 7994

5241 7995
5242 7996
5243 7873
5244 8040
5245 8042
5246 8043
5247 8044
5248 8045
5249 8048
5250 8049
5251 8050
5252 8046
5253 8051
5254 7988
5254a 7872
5255 7933
5256 7934
5257 7935
5258 7871
5259 7900
5260 7920
5261 8047
5262 8052
5263 7975
5264 7993
5265 7998
5266 7978
5267 7948
5268 7921
5269 7922
5270 7941
5271 7943
5272 7944
5273 7945
5274 7946
5275 7947
5276 7949
5277 7950
5278 7951
5279 7952
5280 7953
5281 7954
5282 7955
5283 7956
5284 7957
5285 7958
5286 7959
5287 7960
5288 7961
5288a 7968
5289 7969
5290 7962
5291 7964
5292 7965
5293 7966
5294 7967
5295 7970
5296 7989
5297 7363
5298 7364
5299 7365
5300 7366
5301 7367
5302 7368
5303 7369
5304 7370
5305 7372
5306 7373
5307 7374
5308 7375

5309 5127
5310 5128
5311 5129
5312 5130
5313 5131
5315 7396
5316 7397
5317 7398
5318 7399
5319 7400
5320 7536
5321 7535
5321b 7537
5321c 7538
5321d 7539
5322a 7517
7520
5322b 7521
5322c 7518
5323 7624
5324 7625
5325 7626
5326 7627
5327 7635
5328 7636
5329 7637
5330 7638
5331 7639
5332 7640
5333 7641
5334 7642
5335 7643
5336 7644
5337 7645
5338 7647
5339 7646
5340 7648
5341 7649
5342 7650
5343 7651
5344 7652
5345 7654
5346 7655
5347 7656
5348 7658
5350 7660
5351 7661
5352 7662
5353 7663
5354 7664
5355 7665
5356 7666
5357 7667
5358 7668
5359 7669
5360 7670
5361 7671
5362 7672
5363 7673
5364 7674
5365 7675
5366 7676
5367 7677
5368 7678
5369 7679
5370 7682
5371 7684
5372 7530
7683
5373 7628
5373 7686
5374 7687
5375 7688
5376 7689
5377 7690
5378 7692
5379 7693
5380 7694
5381 7696
5382 7697
5383 7698
5384 7699
5385 7700
5386 7701
5387 7702
5388 7703
5389 7704
5390 7706
5390a 7209
7212
5391 7707
5392 7705
5393 7708
5394 7709
5395 7710
5396 7711
5397 7717
5398 7718
5399 7719
5400 7720
5401 7721
5402 7722
7725
5403 7725
5404 7747
5405 7735
5406 7748
5407 7742
5408 7745
5409 7746
5410 7758
5411 7759
5412 7760
5413 7761
5414 7764
5415 7765
5416 7766
5416a 7313
5416b 7314
5416c 7316
5416d 7318
5416e 7320
5416f 7322
5416g 7323
5416h 7327
5416j 7324
5416k 7326
5416l 7325
5416m 7317
5416n 7319
5416o 7321
5416p 7328
5426 8053
5426a 8059
5426b 8059
5427 8054
5428 8055
5429 8056
5430 8057
5431 6754

5432	6755	5442	8086
5433	6756	5443	8087
5434	6757	5444	8088
5435	6758	5445	8089
5436	6759	5446	8090
5437	6760	5447	8091
5438	6761	5448	8092
5438a	6677	5449	8093
5439	8082	5450	8090
5440	8083	5451	8095
5441	8085	5452	8096

TABLE OF COMPARABLE SECTIONS: CONSOLIDATED STATUTES TO GENERAL STATUTES

The numbers preceding the dots refer to sections in the Consolidated Statutes and in Michie's Codes; the numbers following the dots give the corresponding section in the General Statutes of North Carolina. The letters L.M. following the dots indicate that the section is not codified but has been made a local modification citation under the number following the above letters. This table reflects sections of the General Statutes as originally enacted. See also Table of Deleted Sections, set out in this volume.

1	28-1	45	28-47
2	28-2	46	28-48
3	28-3	47	28-49
4	28-4	48	28-50
5	28-5	49	28-51
6	28-6	50	28-52
7	28-7	51	28-53
8	28-8	52	28-54
9	28-9	53	28-55
10	28-10	54	28-56
11	28-11	55	28-57
12	28-12	56	28-58
13	28-13	57	28-59
14	28-14	58	28-60
15	28-15	59	28-61
16	28-16	60	28-62
17	28-17	61	28-63
18	28-18	62	28-64
19	28-19	63	28-65
20	28-20	64	28-66
21	28-21	65	28-67
22	28-22	65(a)	28-68
23	28-23	65(b)	28-69
24	28-25	65(c)	28-70
25	28-26	65(d)	28-71
26	28-27	65(e)	28-72
27	28-28	66	28-73
28	28-29	67	28-74
29	28-30	68	28-75
30	28-31	69	28-76
31	28-32	70	28-77
32	28-33	71	28-78
33	28-34	72	28-79
34	28-35	73	28-80
35	28-36	74	28-81
36	28-37	75	28-82
37	28-38	76	28-83
38	28-39	77	28-84
39	28-40	78	28-85
39(a)	28-41	79	28-86
40	28-42	80	28-87
41	28-43	81	28-88
42	28-44	82	28-89
43	28-45	83	28-90
44	28-46	84	28-91

85 28-92
86 28-93
87 28-94
88 28-95
89 28-96
90 28-97
91 28-98
92 28-99
92(a) 28-100
92(b) 28-101
92(c) 28-102
92(d) 28-103
92(e) 28-103
92(f) 28-103
92(g) 28-104
93 28-105
94 28-106
95 28-107
96 28-108
97 28-109
98 28-110
99 28-111
100 28-112
101 28-113
102 28-114
103 28-115
104 28-116
105 28-117
106 28-118
107 28-119
108 28-120
109 28-121
110 28-122
111 28-123
112 28-124
113 28-125
114 28-126
115 28-127
116 28-128
117 28-129
118 28-130
119 28-131
120 28-132
121 28-133
122 28-134
123 28-135
124 28-136
125 28-137
126 28-138
127 28-139
128 28-140
129 28-141
130 28-142
131 28-143
132 28-144
133 28-145
134 28-146
135 28-147
136 28-148
137 28-149
138 28-150
139 28-151
140 28-152
141 28-153
142 28-154
143 28-155
144 28-156
145 28-157
146 28-158
147 28-159
148 28-160
149 28-161
150 28-162
150(1) 28-163
151 28-164
152 28-165
153 28-166
154 28-167
155 28-168
156 28-169
157 28-170
158 28-171
159 28-172
160 28-173
161 28-174
162 28-175
164 28-176
165 28-177
166 28-178
167 28-179
168 28-180
169 28-181
170 28-182
171 28-183
172 28-184
173 28-185
174 28-186
175 28-187
176 28-188
176(a) 28-189
176(b) 28-190
177 28-191
178 28-192
191(1) 48-1
191(2) 48-2
191(3) 48-3
191(4) 48-4
191(5) 48-5
191(6) 48-6
191(7) 48-7
191(8) 48-8
191(9) 48-9
191(10) 48-10
191(11) 48-11
191(12) 48-12
191(13) 48-13
191(14) 48-14
191(a) 63-1
191(b) 63-2
191(c) 63-3
191(d) 63-4
191(e) 63-5
191(f) 63-6
191(g) 63-7

191(h) 63-8
191(i) 63-9
191(j) 63-10
191(k) 63-11
191(l) 63-12
191(m) 63-13
191(n) 63-14
191(o) 63-15
191(p) 63-16
191(q) 63-17
191(r) 63-18
191(t) 63-20
191(u) 63-21
191(v) 63-22
191(w) 63-23
191(x) 63-24
191(y) 63-25
191(z) 63-26
191(aa) 63-27
191(bb) 63-28
191(cc) 63-29
191(dd) 63-30
191(ee) 63-31
191(ff) 63-32
191(gg) 63-33
191(hh) 63-34
191(ii) 63-35
191(jj) 63-36
191(kk) 63-37
192 64-1
193 64-2
193(1) 94-1
193(2) 94-2
193(3) 94-3
193(4) 94-4
193(5) 94-5
193(6) 94-6
193(7) 94-7
193(8) 94-8
193(9) 94-9
193(10) 94-10
193(11) 94-11
197 84-1
198 84-2
199 84-3
199(a) 84-4
199(b) 84-5
199(c) 84-6
199(d) 84-7
199(e) 84-8
199(f) 84-9
199(g) 84-10
200 84-11
201 84-12
202 84-13
203 84-14
215(1) 84-15
215(2) 84-16
215(3) 84-17
215(4) 84-18
215(5) 84-19
215(6) 84-20
215(7) 84-21
215(8) 84-22
215(9) 84-23
215(10) 84-24
215(10)a 84-25
215(10)b 84-26
215(10)c 84-27
215(11) 84-28
215(12) 84-29
215(13) 84-30
215(14) 84-31
215(15) 84-32
215(16) 84-33
215(17) 84-34
215(18) 84-35
215(19) 84-36
215(20) 84-37
216(a) 53-1
217(a) 53-2
217(b) 53-3
217(c) 53-4
217(d) 53-5
217(e) 53-6
217(f) 53-7
217(g) 53-8
217(h) 53-9
217(i) 53-10
217(j) 53-11
217(k) 53-12
217(l) 53-13
217(m) 53-14
217(n) 53-15
217(o) 53-16
217(p) 53-17
218(a) 53-18
218(b) 53-19
218(c) 53-20
218(c)1 53-21
218(e) 53-22
218(f) 53-23
218(f)1 53-24
218(g) 53-25
218(h) 53-26
218(i) 53-27
218(j) 53-28
218(k) 53-29
218(l) 53-30
218(m) 53-31
218(n) 53-32
218(o) 53-33
218(p) 53-34
218(p)1 53-36
218(q) 53-37
218(t) 53-38
219(a)1 53-39
219(c) 53-40
219(e) 53-41
219(f) 53-42
220(a) 53-43
220(a)1 53-44
220(a)2 53-45
220(b) 53-46

220(c) 53-47
220(d) 53-48
220(e) 53-49
220(f) 53-50
220(g) 53-51
220(h) 53-52
220(i) 53-53
220(j) 53-54
220(k) 53-55
220(l) 53-56
220(m) 53-57
220(n) 53-58
220(o) 53-59
220(p) 53-60
220(q) 53-61
220(r) 53-62
220(s) 53-63
220(t) 53-64
220(u) 53-65
220(v) 53-66
220(w) 53-67
220(x) 53-68
220(y) 53-69
220(z) 53-70
220(aa) 53-71
220(bb) 53-72
220(cc) 53-73
220(dd) 53-74
220(ee) 53-75
220(ff) 53-76
220(gg) 53-77
221(a) 53-78
221(b) 53-79
221(c) 53-80
221(d) 53-81
221(e) 53-82
221(f) 53-83
221(g) 53-84
221(h) 53-85
221(i) 53-86
221(j) 53-87
221(k) 53-88
221(l) 53-89
221(m) 53-90
221(n) 53-91
221(o) 53-92
221(p) 53-93
221(q) 53-94
221(r) 53-95
221(t) 53-96
221(v) 53-97
221(w) 53-98
221(x) 53-99
221(y) 53-100
221(z) 53-101
221(aa) 53-102
222 53-103
222(a) 53-104
222(b) 53-105
222(d) 53-106
222(e) 53-107
222(f) 53-108
222(g) 53-109
222(h) 53-110
222(i) 53-111
222(j) 53-112
222(k) 53-113
222(l) 53-114
222(m) 53-115
222(n) 53-116
223(a) 53-117
223(b) 53-118
223(c) 53-119
223(d) 53-120
223(e) 53-121
223(f) 53-122
223(g) 53-123
224(a) 53-124
224(b) 53-125
224(b½) 53-126
224(c) 53-127
224(d) 53-128
224(e) 53-129
224(f) 53-131
224(g) 53-132
224(h) 53-133
224(i) 53-134
224(j) 53-135
225(a) 53-136
225(b) 53-137
225(c) 53-138
225(d) 53-139
225(e) 53-140
225(f) 53-141
225(g) 53-142
225(h) 53-143
225(k) 53-144
225(m) 53-145
230 53-146
264(a) 53-148
264(b) 53-149
264(c) 53-150
264(d) 53-151
264(e) 53-152
264(f) 53-153
264(g) 53-154
264(h) 53-155
264(i) 53-156
264(j) 53-157
264(k) 53-158
276(a) 49-2
276(b) 49-3
276(c) 49-4
276(d) 49-5
276(e) 49-6
276(f) 49-7
276(g) 49-8
276(h) 49-9
276(i) 49-1
277 49-10
278 49-11
279 49-12
280 21-1
283 21-4

284 21-2
285 21-3
286 21-5
287 21-6
288 21-7
289 21-8
290 21-9
291 21-10
292 21-11
293 21-12
294 21-13
295 21-14
296 21-15
297 21-16
298 21-17
299 21-18
300 21-19
301 21-20
302 21-21
303 21-22
304 21-23
305 21-24
306 21-25
307 21-26
308 21-27
309 21-28
310 21-29
311 21-30
312 21-31
313 21-32
314 21-33
315 21-34
316 21-35
317 21-36
318 21-37
319 21-38
320 21-39
321 21-40
322 21-41
323 21-42
323(a) 128-8
323(b) 128-9
324 109-1
325 109-2
326 109-3
326(a) 109-4
327 109-5
328 109-6
329 109-7
330 109-8
331 109-9
332 109-10
333 109-11
334 109-12
335 109-13
336 109-14
337 109-15
338 109-16
339 109-17
340 109-18
341 109-19
342 109-20
343 109-21
344 109-22
345 109-23
346 109-24
347 109-25
348 109-26
348(a) 109-27
349 109-28
350 109-29
351 109-30
352 109-31
352(a) 109-32
353 109-33
354 109-34
355 109-35
356 109-36
357 109-37
358 109-38
359 109-39
360(1) 98-19
360(2) 98-20
361 38-1
362 38-2
363 38-3
364 38-4
365 98-1
366 98-2
367 98-3
368 98-4
369 98-5
370 98-6
371 98-7
372 98-8
373 98-9
374 98-10
375 98-11
376 98-12
377 98-13
378 98-14
379 98-15
380 98-16
381 98-17
382 98-18
383 ..... L.M. 98-18
384 ..... L.M. 98-18
385 13-1
386 13-2
387 13-3
388 13-4
389 13-5
390 13-6
390(1) 13-7
390(2) 13-8
390(3) 13-9
390(4) 13-10
391 1-1
392 1-2
393 1-3
394 1-4
395 1-5
396 1-6
397 1-7

398 1-8
399 1-9
400 1-10
401 1-11
402 1-12
403 1-13
404 1-14
405 1-15
406 1-16
407 1-17
408 1-18
409 1-19
410 1-20
411 1-21
412 1-22
413 1-23
414 1-24
415 1-25
416 1-26
417 1-27
418 1-28
419 1-29
420 1-30
421 1-31
422 1-32
423 1-33
424 1-34
425 1-35
426 1-36
427 1-37
428 1-38
429 1-39
430 1-40
431 1-41
432 1-42
433 1-43
434 1-44
435 1-45
436 1-46
437 1-47
437(a) 1-48
438 1-49
439 1-50
440 1-51
441 1-52
442 1-53
443 1-54
444 1-55
445 1-56
446 1-57
447 1-58
447(a) 1-59
447(b) 1-60
447(c) 1-61
448 1-62
449 1-63
450 1-64
451 1-65
452 1-66
453 1-67
455 1-68
456 1-69
457 1-70
458 1-71
459 1-72
460 1-73
461 1-74
462 1-75
463 1-76
464 1-77
465 1-78
466 1-79
467 1-80
468 1-81
469 1-82
470 1-83
471 1-84
472 1-85
473 1-86
474 1-87
475 1-88
476 1-89
477 1-90
478 1-91
478(a) 1-92
478(b) 1-93
479 1-94
480 1-95
481 1-96
483 1-97
484 1-98
485 1-99
487 1-100
488 1-101
489 1-102
490 1-103
491 1-104
491(a) 1-105
491(b) 1-106
491(c) 1-107
492 1-108
493 1-109
494 1-110
495 1-111
496 1-112
497 1-113
498 1-114
499 1-115
500 1-116
501 1-117
502 1-118
503 1-119
504 1-120
505 1-121
506 1-122
507 1-123
508 1-124
509 1-125
510 1-126
511 1-127
512 1-128
513 1-129
514 1-130
515 1-131

516 1-132
517 1-133
518 1-134
519 1-135
520 1-136
521 1-137
522 1-138
523 1-139
524 1-140
525 1-141
526 1-142
527 1-143
528 1-144
529 1-145
530 1-146
531 1-147
532 1-148
533 1-149
534 1-150
535 1-151
536 1-152
537 1-153
538 1-154
539 1-155
540 1-156
541 1-157
542 1-158
543 1-159
544 1-160
545 1-161
546 1-162
547 1-163
548 1-164
549 1-165
550 1-166
551 1-167
552 1-168
553 1-169
554 1-170
555 1-171
556 1-172
557 1-173
558 1-174
559 1-175
560 1-176
561 1-177
562 1-178
563 1-179
564 1-180
565 1-181
566 1-182
567 1-183
568 1-184
569 ..... 1:185
570 1-186
571 1-187
572 1-188
573 1-189
574 1-190
575 1-191
576 1-192
577 1-193
578 1-194
579 1-195
580 1-196
581 1-197
582 1-198
583 1-199
584 1-200
585 1-201
586 1-202
587 1-203
588 1-204
589 1-205
590 1-206
591 1-207
592 1-208
593 1-209
593(a) 1-210
595 1-211
596 1-212
597 1-213
597(a) 1-214
597(b) 1-215
598 1-218
599 1-219
600 1-220
601 1-221
602 1-222
603 1-223
604 1-224
605 1-225
606 1-226
607 1-227
608 1-228
609 1-229
610 1-230
611 1-231
612 1-232
613 1-233
614 1-234
615 1-235
615(a) 1-236
616 1-237
617 1-239
618 1-240
619 1-241
620 1-242
621 1-243
622 1-244
622(a) 1-245
622(b) 1-246
623 1-247
624 1-248
625 1-249
626 1-250
627 1-251
628 1-252
628(a) 1-253
628(b) 1-254
628(c) 1-255
628(d) 1-256
628(e) 1-257
628(f) 1-258

628(g) 1-259
628(h) 1-260
628(i) 1-261
628(j) 1-262
628(k) 1-263
628(l) 1-264
628(m) 1-265
628(n) 1-266
628(o) 1-267
629 1-268
630 1-269
631 1-270
632 1-271
633 1-272
634 1-273
635 1-274
636 1-275
637 1-276
638 1-277
640 1-278
641 1-279
642 1-280
642(a) 1-281
643 1-282
644 1-283
645 1-284
646 1-285
647 1-286
648 1-287
649 1-288
650 1-289
651 1-290
652 1-291
653 1-292
654 1-293
655 1-294
656 1-295
657 1-296
658 1-297
659 1-298
660 1-299
661 1-300
662 1-301
663 1-302
664 1-303
665 1-304
666 1-305
667 1-306
669 1-307
670 1-308
671 1-309
672 1-310
673 1-311
674 1-312
675 1-313
676 1-314
677 1-315
678 1-316
679 1-317
680 1-318
681 1-320
682 1-319
683 1-321
684 1-322
685 1-323
686 1-324
687 1-325
687(a) 1-327
687(b) 1-328
687(c) 1-329
688 1-326
689 1-330
690 1-331
690(a) 1-332
691 1-333
692 1-334
693 1-335
695 1-336
696 1-337
697 1-338
698 1-339
699 1-340
700 1-341
701 1-342
702 1-343
703 1-344
704 1-345
705 1-346
706 1-347
707 1-348
708 1-349
709 1-350
710 1-351
711 1-352
712 1-353
713 1-354
714 1-355
715 1-356
716 1-357
717 1-358
718 1-359
719 1-360
720 1-361
721 1-362
722 1-363
723 1-364
724 1-365
725 1-366
726 1-367
727 1-368
728 1-369
729 1-370
730 1-371
731 1-372
732 1-373
733 1-374
734 1-375
735 1-376
736 1-377
737 1-378
738 1-379
739 1-380
740 1-381
741 1-382

742 1-383
743 1-384
744 1-385
745 1-386
746 1-387
747 1-388
748 1-389
749 1-390
750 1-391
751 1-392
752 1-393
753 1-394
754 1-395
755 1-396
757 1-398
758 1-399
759 1-400
760 1-401
761 1-402
762 1-403
763 1-404
764 1-405
765 1-406
766 1-407
766(a) 1-408
767 1-409
768 1-410
769 1-411
770 1-412
771 1-413
772 1-414
773 1-415
774 1-416
775 1-417
776 1-418
777 1-419
778 1-420
779 1-421
780 1-422
781 1-423
782 1-424
783 1-425
784 1-426
785 1-427
786 1-428
787 1-429
788 1-430
789 1-431
790 1-432
791 1-433
792 1-434
793 1-435
794 1-436
795 1-437
796 1-438
797 1-439
798 1-440
799 1-441
800 1-442
801 1-443
802 1-444
803 1-445
804 1-446
805 1-447
806 1-448
807 1-449
808 1-450
809 1-451
810 1-452
811 1-453
812 1-454
813 1-455
814 1-456
815 1-457
816 1-458
817 1-459
818 1-460
819 1-461
820 1-462
821 1-463
822 1-464
823 1-465
824 1-466
825 1-467
826 1-468
827 1-469
828 1-470
829 1-471
830 1-472
831 1-473
832 1-474
833 1-475
834 1-476
835 1-477
836 1-478
837 1-479
838 1-480
839 1-481
840 1-482
841 1-483
842 1-484
843 1-485
844 1-486
845 1-487
846 1-488
847 1-489
848 1-490
849 1-491
850 1-492
851 1-493
852 1-494
853 1-495
854 1-496
855 1-497
856 1-498
857 1-499
858(a) 1-500
859 1-501
860 1-502
861 1-503
862 1-504
862(a) 1-505
862(b) 1-506
862(c) 1-507

863 1-508
864 1-509
865 1-510
866 1-511
867 1-512
868 1-513
869 1-514
870 1-515
871 1-516
872 1-517
873 1-518
874 1-519
875 1-520
876 1-521
877 1-522
878 1-523
879 1-524
880 1-525
881 1-526
882 1-527
883 1-528
884 1-529
885 1-530
886 1-531
887 1-532
888 1-533
889 1-534
890 1-535
891 1-536
892 1-537
893 1-538
894 1-539
895 1-540
896 1-541
897 1-542
898 1-543
898(a) 1-544
898(b) 1-545
898(c) 1-546
898(d) 1-547
898(e) 1-548
898(f) 1-549
898(g) 1-550
898(h) 1-551
898(i) 1-552
898(j) 1-553
898(k) 1-554
898(l) 1-555
898(m) 1-556
898(n) 1-557
898(o) 1-558
898(p) 1-559
898(q) 1-560
898(r) 1-561
898(s) 1-562
898(t) 1-563
898(u) 1-564
898(v) 1-565
898(w) 1-566
898(x) 1-567
899 1-568
900 1-569
901 1-570
902 1-571
903 1-572
904 1-573
905 1-574
906 1-575
907 1-576
908 1-577
909 1-578
910 1-579
911 1-580
912 1-581
913 1-582
913(a) 1-583
913(b) 1-584
914 1-585
915 1-586
916 1-587
917 1-588
918 1-589
919 1-590
920 1-591
921 1-592
922 1-593
923 1-594
924 1-595
925 2-1
926 2-2
927 2-3
928 2-4
929 ..... L.M. 2-3
930 2-5
931 2-6
932 2-7
933 2-8
934 2-9
934(a) 2-10
934(b) 2-11
934(c) 2-12
935 2-13
936 2-14
937 2-15
938 2-16
939 2-17
940 2-19
941 2-20
942 2-21
943 2-22
944 2-23
945 2-24
946 2-25
947 2-37
948 2-38
949 2-39
950 2-40
951 2-41
952 2-42
953 2-43
954 2-44
954(a) 2-45
956 2-46
957 2-47

958 2-48
959 2-49
960 2-50
961 2-51
961(a) 2-52
962 2-53
962(a) 2-54
962(b) 2-55
962(c) 2-56
962(d) 2-57
962(e) 2-58
962(f) 2-59
962(g) 2-60
963 3-1
964 3-2
965 3-3
966 3-4
967 3-5
968 3-7
969 3-8
970 4-1
971 151-1
972 151-2
973 151-3
974 151-5
975 151-6
976 151-7
977 151-8
978 5-1
979 5-2
980 5-3
981 5-4
982 5-5
983 5-6
984 5-7
985 5-8
986 5-9
987 22-1
988 22-2
989 22-3
990 22-4
991 39-1
992 39-2
993 39-3
994 39-4
995 39-5
996 39-6
997 39-7
998 39-8
999 39-9
1000 39-10
1001 39-11
1002 39-12
1003 39-13
1005 39-15
1006 39-16
1007 39-17
1008 39-18
1009 39-19
1010 39-20
1011 39-21
1012 39-22
1013 39-23
1013(a) 39-24
1013(b) 39-25
1013(c) 39-26
1013(d) 39-27
1013(e) 39-28
1013(f) 39-29
1013(g) 39-30
1013(h) 39-31
1013(i) 39-32
1014 152-1
1015 152-2
1016 152-3
1017 152-4
1018 152-1
1019 152-6
1020 152-7
1021 152-8
1022 152-9
1022(a) 152-10
1022(b) 152-11
1037 62-28
1037(a) 62-33
1037(b) 62-34
1037(c) 62-35
1037(d) 62-101
1037(e) 62-102
1038 62-39
1039 62-40
1040 62-41
1041 62-42
1042 62-43
1043 62-44
1044 62-45
1045 62-46
1046 62-48
1047 62-49
1048 62-50
1049 62-51
1050 62-52
1051 62-53
1052 62-54
1053 62-55
1054 62-56
1055 62-57
1056 62-58
1057 62-59
1058 62-60
1059 62-61
1060 62-32
1061 62-62
1062 62-63
1063 62-7
1064 62-8
1065 62-6
1066 62-122
1067 62-123
1068 62-124
1069 62-133
1070 62-134
1071 62-127
1072 62-128

1073 62-129
1074 62-130
1075 62-131
1077 62-132
1082 62-135
1083 62-136
1085 62-137
1086 62-138
1087 62-139
1088 62-140
1090 62-13
1091 62-14
1093 62-15
1094 62-16
1095 62-17
1096 62-18
1097 62-20
1098 62-21
1099 62-22
1100 62-23
1101 62-24
1102 62-25
1103 62-26
1105 62-141
1106 62-142
1107 62-143
1108 62-144
1109 62-145
1110 62-146
1111 62-147
1112 62-148
1112(a) 62-27
1112(b) 62-30
1112(d) 62-3
1112(e) 62-29
1112(k) 62-19
1112(l) 62-10
1112(m) 62-5
1112(o) 62-31
1112(r) 62-125
1112(s) 62-126
1112(u) 62-1
1112(v) 62-2
1112(w) 62-4
1112(y) 62-12
1112(z) 62-9
1112(1) 62-65
1112(2) 62-66
1112(3) 62-67
1112(4) 62-68
1112(5) 62-69
1112(6) 62-70
1112(7) 62-71
1112(8) 62-72
1112(9) 62-73
1112(10) 62-74
1112(11) 62-75
1112(12) 62-76
1112(13) 62-77
1112(14) 62-78
1112(15) 62-79
1112(16) 62-80
1112(17) 2-81
1112(18) 62-82
1112(19) 62-83
1112(20) 62-84
1112(21) 62-85
1112(22) 62-86
1112(23) 62-87
1112(24) 62-88
1112(25) 62-89
1112(26) 62-90
1112(27) 62-91
1112(28) 62-92
1112(29) 62-93
1112(30) 62-94
1112(31) 62-95
1112(32) 62-96
1112(33) 62-97
1112(34) 62-98
1112(35) 62-99
1112(36) 62-100
1113 55-1
1114 55-2
1115 55-3
1116 55-4
1117 55-5
1118 55-6
1119 55-7
1120 55-8
1121 55-9
1123 55-11
1125 55-13
1125(a) 115-383
1125(b) 115-384
1125(c) 115-385
1125(d) 115-386
1125(e) 115-387
1125(f) 115-388
1125(g) 115-389
1125(h) 115-390
1125(i) 115-391
1125(k) 115-392
1125(l) 115-393
1125(m) 115-394
1126 55-26
1127 55-27
1128 55-28
1129 55-29
1130 55-30
1131 55-31
1131(a) 55-32
1131(b) 60-11
1132 55-33
1133 55-34
1134 55-35
1135 55-36
1136 55-37
1137 55-38
1137(a) 55-39
1138 55-40
1138(a) 55-41
1138(b) 55-42
1139 55-43

1140 55-44
1141 55-45
1143 55-47
1144 55-48
1145 55-49
1146 55-50
1147 55-51
1148(a) 55-52
1149 55-53
1150 55-54
1151 55-55
1152 55-56
1153 55-57
1154 55-58
1155 55-59
1156 55-61
1157 55-62
1158 55-63
1159 55-64
1160 55-65
1161 55-66
1162 55-67
1165 55-70
1166 55-71
1167 55-72
1167(a) 55-73
1167(b) 55-74
1167(c) 55-75
1167(d) 55-76
1167(e) 55-77
1167(f) 55-78
1167(g) 55-79
1167(h) 55-80
1167(1) 55-81
1167(2) 55-82
1167(3) 55-83
1167(4) 55-84
1167(5) 55-85
1167(6) 55-86
1167(7) 55-87
1167(8) 55-88
1167(9) 55-89
1167(10) 55-90
1167(11) 55-91
1167(12) 55-92
1167(13) 55-93
1167(14) 55-94
1167(15) 55-95
1167(16) 55-96
1167(17) 55-97
1167(18) 55-98
1167(19) 55-99
1167(20) 55-100
1167(21) 55-101
1167(22) 55-102
1167(23) 55-103
1167(24) 55-104
1168 55-105
1169 55-106
1170 55-107
1171 55-108
1172 55-109
1173 55-110
1174 55-111
1175 55-112
1176 55-113
1177 55-114
1178 55-115
1179 55-116
1179(a) 55-60
1180 55-117
1181 55-118
1181(a) 55-119
1181(b) 55-120
1182 55-121
1183 55-122
1184 55-123
1185 55-124
1186 55-125
1187 55-126
1188 55-127
1189 55-128
1190 55-129
1191 55-130
1192 55-131
1193 55-132
1194 55-133
1195 55-134
1196 55-135
1197 55-136
1198 55-137
1199 55-138
1200 55-139
1201 55-140
1202 55-141
1203 55-142
1204 55-143
1205 55-144
1206 55-145
1207 55-146
1208 55-147
1209 55-148
1210 55-149
1210(a) 55-150
1210(b) 55-150
1210(c) 55-150
1211 55-151
1212 55-152
1213 55-153
1214 55-154
1215 55-155
1216 55-156
1217 55-157
1218 55-158
1219 55-159
1220 55-160
1221 55-161
1222 55-162
1223 55-163
1224 55-164
1224(a) 55-165
1224(b) 55-166
1224(c) 55-167
1224(d) 55-168

1224(e) 55-169
1224(f) 55-170
1224(g) 55-171
1224(h) 55-172
1224(i) 55-173
1224(j) 55-174
1224(k) 55-175
1224(l) 55-176
1224(m) 55-177
1224(n) 55-178
1224(o) 55-179
1224(p) 55-180
1224(q) 55-181
1224(r) 55-182
1224(s) 55-183
1225 6-1
1226 6-2
1227 6-3
1228 6-4
1229 6-5
1229(a) ..... L.M. 6-5
1230 6-6
1231 6-7
1232 6-8
1233 6-9
1234 6-10
1235 6-11
1235(a) 6-12
1236 6-13
1237 6-14
1238 6-15
1239 6-16
1240 6-17
1241 6-18
1242 6-19
1243 6-20
1244 6-21
1245 6-22
1246 6-23
1247 6-24
1248 6-25
1249 6-26
1250 6-27
1251 6-28
1252 6-29
1253 6-30
1254 6-31
1255 6-32
1256 6-33
1257 6-34
1258 6-35
1259 6-36
1260 6-37
1261 6-38
1262 6-39
1263 6-40
1264 6-41
1265 6-42
1266 6-43
1266(a) 6-44
1267 6-45
1268 6-46
1269 6-47
1270 6-48
1271 6-49
1272 6-50
1273 6-51
1274 6-53
1275 6-54
1276 ..... L.M. 6-54
1277 6-55
1278 6-56
1279 ..... L.M. 6-56
1280 6-57
1281 6-58
1282 ..... L.M. 6-58
1283 6-59
1284 6-60
1285 6-61
1286 6-62
1287 6-63
1288 6-64
1289 6-65
1290 153-1
1291 153-2
1291(b) 153-3
1292 153-4
1293 153-5
1294 153-6
1295 153-7
1296 153-8
1297 153-9
1298 153-10
1299 153-11
1300 153-12
1301 153-14
1302 153-15
1302(1) 153-16
1302(2) 153-17
1302(3) 153-18
1302(4) 153-19
1302(5) 153-20
1302(6) 153-21
1302(7) 153-22
1302(8) 153-23
1302(9) 153-24
1302(10) 153-25
1302(11) 153-26
1302(12) 153-27
1302(13) 153-28
1302(14) 153-29
1302(15) 153-30
1302(16) 153-31
1302(17) 153-32
1302(19) 153-33
1303 153-34
1304 153-35
1305 153-36
1306 153-37
1307 153-38
1308 153-39
1309 153-40
1310 153-41
1311 153-42

1312 153-43
1313 153-45
1314 153-46
1315 153-47
1316 153-48
1316(a) 143-129
1316(b) 143-131
1317 153-49
1317(a) 153-50
1318 153-51
1319 153-52
1320 153-53
1321 153-54
1321(j) 153-55
1322 153-56
1323 153-57
1324 153-58
1325 153-59
1326 153-60
1327 153-61
1328 153-62
1329 153-63
1330 153-64
1331 153-65
1332 153-66
1333 153-67
1334 153-68
1334(1) 153-69
1334(2) 153-70
1334(3) 153-71
1334(4) 153-72
1334(5) 153-73
1334(6) 153-74
1334(7) 153-75
1334(7a) 153-76
1334(8) 153-77
1334(9) 153-78
1334(10) 153-79
1334(11) 153-80
1334(11a) 153-81
1334(12) 153-82
1334(13) 153-83
1334(14) 153-84
1334(15) 153-85
1334(16) 153-86
1334(17) 153-87
1334(18) 153-88
1334(19) 153-89
1334(20) 153-90
1334(21) 153-91
1334(22) 153-92
1334(23) 153-93
1334(24) 153-94
1334(25) 153-95
1334(26) 153-96
1334(27) 153-97
1334(28) 153-98
1334(29) 153-99
1334(30) 153-100
1334(31) 153-101
1334(32) 153-102
1334(33) 153-103
1334(34) 153-104
1334(35) 153-105
1334(36) 153-106
1334(38) 153-107
1334(39) 153-108
1334(40) 153-109
1334(41) 153-110
1334(41a) 153-111
1334(42) 153-112
1334(43) 153-113
1334(53) 153-114
1334(54) 153-115
1334(55) 153-116
1334(56) 153-117
1334(57) 153-118
1334(58) 153-119
1334(59) 153-120
1334(60) 153-121
1334(61) 153-122
1334(62) 153-123
1334(63) 153-124
1334(63a) 153-125
1334(63b) 153-126
1334(64) 153-127
1334(65) 153-128
1334(65a) 153-129
1334(66) 153-130
1334(66a) 153-131
1334(67) 153-132
1334(68) 153-133
1334(69) 153-134
1334(70) 153-135
1334(71) 153-136
1334(72) 153-137
1334(73) 153-138
1334(74) 153-139
1334(75) 153-140
1334(76) 153-141
1334(76a) 153-142
1334(77) 153-143
1334(78) 153-144
1334(79) 153-145
1334(80) 153-146
1334(81) 153-147
1334(82) 153-148
1334(83) 153-149
1334(84) 153-150
1334(85) 153-151
1335 153-152
1336 153-153
1337 153-154
1338 153-155
1339 153-156
1340 153-157
1341 153-158
1342 153-159
1343 153-160
1343(a) 153-161
1343(b) 153-162
1343(c) 153-163
1343(d) 153-164
1343(e) 153-165

1343(f) 153-166
1343(g) 153-167
1343(h) 153-168
1343(i) 153-169
1343(j) 153-170
1343(k) 153-171
1343(l) 153-172
1343(m) 153-173
1343(n) 153-174
1343(o) 153-175
1343(p) 153-176
1344 153-177
1345 153-178
1346 153-179
1347 153-181
1348 153-182
1349 153-183
1349(a) 153-184
1350 153-185
1351 153-186
1352 153-187
1353 153-188
1354 153-189
1355 153-190
1356 153-191
1357 153-192
1358 153-193
1359 153-194
1360 153-195
1361 153-196
1364 153-197
1364(1) 153-198
1364(a) 153-199
1364(b) 153-200
1364(c) 153-201
1364(d) 153-202
1364(e) 153-203
1364(f) 153-204
1364(g) 153-205
1364(h) 153-206
1364(i) 153-207
1364(j) 153-208
1365 153-209
1366 153-210
1367 153-211
1368 153-212
1369 153-213
1370 153-214
1371 153-215
1372 153-216
1373 153-217
1374 153-218
1375 153-219
1376 153-220
1377 153-221
1378 153-222
1379 153-223
1380 153-224
1381 153-225
1382 153-226
1382(1) 153-227
1382(2) 153-228
1382(3) 153-229
1382(4) 153-230
1382(5) 153-231
1382(6) 153-232
1382(7) 153-233
1382(8) 153-234
1382(9) 153-235
1382(10) 153-236
1382(11) 153-237
1382(12) 153-238
1382(13) 153-239
1382(14) 153-240
1382(15) 153-241
1382(16) 153-242
1382(17) 153-243
1382(18) 153-244
1382(19) 153-245
1382(20) 153-246
1383 154-1
1384 154-2
1385 154-3
1386 154-4
1387 155-1
1388 155-2
1389 155-3
1389(a) ..... L.M. 155-1
1390 155-4
1391 155-5
1392 155-6
1393 155-7
1394 155-10
1395 155-11
1396 155-12
1397 155-13
1398 155-14
1399 155-15
1400 155-16
1401 155-17
1402 155-18
1403 7-1
1404 7-2
1405 7-4
1406 7-5
1407 7-6
1408 7-7
1409 7-8
1410 7-9
1411 7-10
1412 7-11
1413 7-12
1414 7-13
1415 7-14
1416 7-15
1417 7-16
1418 7-17
1419 7-18
1420 7-19
1421 7-20
1421(a) 7-21
1422 7-22
1423 7-23
1424 7-25

1425 7-27
1426 7-28
1427 7-29
1428 7-31
1429 7-40
1430 7-41
1431 7-43
1431(a) ..... L.M. 7-43
1432 7-46
1433 7-47
1434 7-48
1435 7-49
1435(a) 7-50
1435(b) 7-52
1435(c) 7-53
1435(d) 7-54
1435(e) 7-55
1435(f) 7-56
1435(g) 7-57
1435(h) 7-58
1435(i) 7-59
1435(j) 7-60
1435(k) 7-61
1435(l) 7-62
1436 7-63
1437 7-64
1438 7-65
1439 7-66
1440(a) 7-67
1441 7-68
1442 7-69
1443 7-70
1444 7-72
1445 7-73
1446 7-74
1447 7-75
1448 7-76
1449 7-77
1450 7-78
1451 7-79
1452 7-80
1453 7-81
1454 7-82
1455 7-83
1456 7-84
1457 7-85
1458 7-86
1459 7-87
1460 7-88
1461 7-89
1461(1) 7-90
1461(2) 7-91
1461(3) 7-92
1461(4) ..... L.M. 7-89
1461(f) 7-101
1461(g) 7-102
1461(h) 7-103
1461(i) 7-104
1461(j) 7-105
1461(k) 7-106
1461(l) 7-107
1461(m) 7-108
1461(n) 7-109
1461(n)1 7-110
1461(o) ..... L.M. 7-101
1461(p) 7-111
1462 7-112
1463 7-113
1464 ..... L.M. 7-113
1465 ..... L.M. 7-113
1466 ..... L.M. 7-113
1467 7-114
1468 7-115
1469 7-116
1470 7-117
1471 7-118
1472 7-119
1472(a) 7-120
1473 7-121
1474 7-122
1475 7-123
1476 7-124
1477 7-125
1478 7-126
1479 7-127
1480 7-128
1481 7-129
1482 7-130
1483 7-131
1484 7-132
1485 7-133
1486 7-135
1487 7-136
1488 7-137
1489 7-138
1490 7-139
1491 7-140
1492 7-141
1493 7-142
1494 7-143
1495 7-144
1496 7-145
1497 7-146
1498 7-147
1499 7-148
1500 7-149
1501 7-150
1502 7-151
1503 7-152
1504 7-153
1505 7-154
1506 7-155
1507 7-156
1508 7-157
1509 7-158
1510 7-159
1511 7-160
1512 7-161
1513 7-162
1514 7-163
1515 7-164
1516 7-165
1517 7-166
1518 7-167

1519 7-168
1520 7-169
1521 7-170
1522 7-171
1523 7-172
1524 7-173
1525 7-174
1526 7-175
1527 7-176
1528 7-177
1529 7-178
1530 7-179
1531 7-180
1532 7-181
1533 7-182
1534 7-183
1535 7-184
1536 7-185
1537 7-186
1538 7-187
1539 7-188
1540 7-189
1541 7-190
1542 7-191
1543 7-192
1544 7-193
1545 7-194
1546 7-195
1547 7-196
1548 7-197
1549 7-198
1550 7-199
1551 7-200
1552 7-201
1553 7-202
1554 7-203
1555 7-204
1556 7-205
1557 7-206
1558 7-207
1559 7-208
1560 7-209
1561 7-210
1562 7-211
1562(a) 7-213
1562(b) 7-214
1562(c) 7-215
1562(d) 7-216
1562(e) 7-217
1563 7-218
1564 7-219
1565 7-220
1566 7-221
1567 7-222
1568 7-223
1569 7-224
1570 7-225
1570(a) 7-226
1571 7-227
1572 7-228
1572(a) ..... L.M. 7-228
1572(b) ..... L.M. 7-228
1573 7-229
1574 7-230
1575 7-231
1576 7-232
1577 7-233
1578 7-234
1579 7-235
1580 7-236
1581 7-237
1582 7-212
1582 7-239
1582(b) ..... L.M. 7-218
1582(c) ..... L.M. 7-228
1583 7-240
1584 7-241
1585 7-242
1585(a) ..... L.M. 7-241
1585(b) ..... L.M. 7-241
1585(c) ..... L.M. 7-241
1585(d) ..... L.M. 7-241
1585(e) ..... L.M. 7-241
1586 7-244
1587 7-245
1589 7-246
1590 7-247
1591 7-248
1592 7-249
1593 7-250
1594 7-251
1595 7-252
1596 7-253
1597 7-243
1598 7-254
1598(a) 7-238
1598(a) 7-255
1599 7-256
1600 7-257
1601 7-258
1602 7-259
1603 7-260
1604 7-261
1606 7-262
1607 7-263
1608 7-264
1608(f) 7-265
1608(f)1 7-266
1608(f)2 7-267
1608(f)3 7-268
1608(f)3a ..... L.M. 7-266
1608(f)3b ..... L.M. 7-265
1608(f)4 7-269
1608(f)5 7-270
1608(g) 7-271
1608(h) 7-272
1608(i) 7-273
1608(j) 7-274
1608(k) 7-275
1608(k)1 7-276
1608(l) 7-277
1608(m) 7-278
1608(n) 7-279
1608(o) 7-280

1608(p) 7-281
1608(q) 7-282
1608(r) 7-283
1608(s) 7-284
1608(s)1 7-285
1608(s)2 ..... L.M. 7-265
1608(t) 7-286
1608(u) 7-287
1608(v) 7-288
1608(w) 7-289
1608(x) 7-290
1608(y) 7-291
1608(z) 7-292
1608(aa) 7-293
1608(bb) 7-294
1608(cc) 7-295
1608(dd) 7-296
1608(dd)1 7-297
1608(dd)2 7-298
1608(dd)3 7-299
1608(dd)4 7-300
1608(dd)5 7-301
1608(dd)6 7-302
1608(dd)7 7-303
1608(dd)8 7-304
1608(dd)10 7-305
1608(dd)11 7-306
1608(dd)12 7-307
1608(ee) 7-308
1608(ff) 7-309
1608(gg) 7-310
1608(hh) 7-311
1608(ii) 7-312
1608(jj) 7-313
1608(kk) 7-314
1608(ll) 7-3 15
1608(mm) 7-316
1608(nn) 7-317
1608(oo) 7-318
1608(pp) 7-319
1608(qq) 7-320
1608(rr) 7-321
1608(ss) 7-322
1608(tt) 7-323
1608(uu) 7-324
1608(vv) 7-325
1608(ww) 7-326
1608(xx) 7-327
1608(yy) 7-328
1608(zz) 7-329
1608(aaa) 7-330
1608(bbb) 7-331
1608(ccc) 7-332
1608(ddd) 7-333
1608(eee) 7-334
1608(fff) 7-335
1608(ggg) 7-336
1608(hhh) 7-337
1608(iii) 7-338
1608(jjj) 7-339
1608(kkk) 7-340
1608(lll) 7-341
1608(mmm) 7-342
1608(nnn) 7-343
1608(ooo) 7-344
1608(ppp) 7-345
1608(qqq) 7-346
1608(rrr) 7-347
1608(sss) 7-348
1608(ttt) 7-349
1608(uuu) 7-350
1608(vvv) 7-351
1608(www) 7-352
1608(xxx) 7-353
1608(yyy) 7-354
1608(zzz) 7-355
1608(aaaa) 7-356
1608(bbbb) 7-357
1608(cccc) 7-358
1608(dddd) 7-359
1608(eeee) 7-360
1609(ffff) 7-361
1608(gggg) 7-362
1608(hhhh) 7-363
1608(iiii) 7-364
1608(jjjj) 7-365
1608(kkkk) 7-366
1608(llll) 7-367
1608(mmmm) 7-368
1608(nnnn) 7-369
1608(oooo) 7-370
1608(pppp) 7-371
1608(qqqq) 7-372
1608(rrrr) 7-373
1608(ssss) 7-374
1608(tttt) 7-375
1608(uuuu) 7-376
1608(vvvv) 7-377
1608(wwww) 7-378
1608(xxxx) 7-379
1608(yyyy) 7-380
1608(zzzz) 7-381
1608(aaaaa) 7-382
1608(bbbbb) 7-383
1608(ccccc) ..... L.M. 7-351
1608(1) 7-384
1608(2) 7-385
1608(3) 7-386
1608(4) 7-387
1608(5) 7-388
1608(6) 7-389
1608(7) 7-390
1608(8) 7-391
1608(9) 7-392
1608(10) 7-393
1608(11) 7-394
1608(12) 7-395
1608(13) 7-396
1608(14) 7-397
1608(15) 7-398
1608(16) 7-399
1608(17) 7-400
1608(18) 7-401
1608(19) 7-402

1608(20) 7-403
1608(21) 7-404
1608(22) 7-405
1608(23) 7-406
1608(24) 7-407
1608(25) 7-408
1608(26) 7-409
1608(27) 7-410
1608(28) 7-411
1608(29) 7-412
1608(30) 7-413
1608(31) 7-414
1608(32) 7-415
1608(33) 7-416
1608(34) 7-417
1608(35) 7-418
1608(36) 7-419
1608(37) 7-420
1608(38) 7-421
1608(39) 7-422
1608(40) 7-423
1608(41) 7-424
1608(42) 7-425
1608(43) 7-426
1608(44) 7-427
1608(45) 7-428
1608(46) 7-429
1608(47) 7-430
1608(48) 7-431
1608(49) 7-432
1608(50) 7-433
1608(51) 7-434
1608(52) 7-435
1608(53) 7-436
1608(54) 7-437
1608(55) 7-438
1608(56) 7-439
1608(57) 7-440
1608(58) 7-441
1608(59) 7-442
1608(60) 7-443
1608(61) 7-444
1608(62) 7-445
1608(63) 7-446
1608(64) 7-447
1609 23-1
1610 23-2
1611 23-3
1612 23-4
1613 23-5
1614 23-6
1615 23-7
1616 23-8
1617 23-9
1618 23-10
1619 23-11
1620 23-12
1621 23-13
1622 23-14
1623 23-15
1624 23-16
1625 23-17
1626 23-18
1627 23-19
1628 23-20
1629 23-21
1630 23-22
1631 23-23
1632 23-24
1633 23-25
1634 23-26
1635 23-27
1636 23-28
1637 23-29
1638 23-30
1639 23-31
1640 23-32
1641 23-33
1642 23-34
1643 23-35
1644 23-36
1645 23-37
1646 23-38
1647 23-39
1648 23-40
1649 23-41
1650 23-42
1651 23-43
1652 23-44
1653 23-45
1653(a) 23-46
1653(b) 23-47
1653(c) 23-48
1654 29-1
1655 50-1
1656 50-2
1657 50-3
1658 50-4
1659 50-5
1659(a) 50-6
1660 50-7
1661 50-8
1661(a) 50-9
1662 50-10
1663 50-11
1663(1) 50-12
1664 50-13
1665 50-14
1666 50-15
1667 50-16
1668 50-17
1669 67-1
1670 67-2
1671 67-3
1672 67-4
1673 67-5
1674 67-6
1675 67-7
1676 67-8
1677 67-9
1678 67-10
1679 67-11
1680 67-12
1681 67-13

1682 67-14
1683 67-15
1684 67-16
1684(b) 67-18
1685 67-19
1686 67-20
1687 67-21
1688 67-22
1689 67-23
1690 67-24
1691 67-25
1692 67-26
1693 67-27
1694 67-28
1694(1) 117-1
1694(2) 117-2
1694(3) 117-3
1694(4) 117-4
1694(5) 117-5
1694(7) 117-6
1694(8) 117-7
1694(9) 117-8
1694(10) 117-9
1694(11) 117-10
1694(12) 117-11
1694(13) 117-12
1694(14) 117-13
1694(15) 117-14
1694(16) 117-15
1694(17) 117-16
1694(18) 117-17
1694(19) 117-18
1694(20) 117-19
1694(21) 117-20
1694(22) 117-21
1694(23) 117-22
1694(24) 117-23
1694(25) 117-24
1694(26) 117-25
1694(27) 117-26
1694(28) 117-27
1694(30) 117-28
1695 56-1
1696 56-2
1696(a) 56-3
1697 56-4
1698 56-5
1699 56-6
1700 56-7
1701 56-8
1702 56-9
1703 56-10
1704 56-11
1705 40-1
1706 40-2
1707 40-3
1708 40-4
1709 40-5
1710 40-6
1711 40-7
1712 40-8
1713 40-9
1714 40-10
1715 40-11
1716 40-12
1717 40-13
1718 40-14
1719 40-15
1720 40-16
1721 40-17
1722 40-18
1723 40-19
1724 40-20
1725 40-21
1726 40-22
1727 40-23
1728 40-24
1729 40-25
1730 40-26
1731 40-27
1732 40-28
1733 40-29
1733(1) 40-30
1733(2) 40-31
1733(3) 40-32
1733(4) 40-33
1733(5) 40-34
1733(6) 40-35
1733(7) 40-36
1733(8) 40-37
1733(9) 40-38
1733(10) 40-39
1733(11) 40-40
1733(12) 40-41
1733(13) 40-42
1733(14) 40-43
1733(15) 40-44
1733(16) 40-45
1733(17) 40-46
1733(18) 40-47
1733(19) 40-48
1733(20) 40-49
1733(21) 40-50
1733(22) 40-51
1733(23) 40-52
1733(24) 40-53
1734 41-1
1735 41-2
1736 41-3
1737 41-4
1738 41-5
1739 41-6
1740 41-7
1741 41-8
1742 41-9
1743 41-10
1744 41-11
1745 41-12
1746 41-13
1747 8-1
1748 8-2
1749 8-3
1749(a) 8-4
1750 8-5

1751 8-6
1752 8-7
1753 8-8
1754 8-9
1755 8-10
1756 8-11
1757 8-12
1758 8-13
1759 8-14
1760 8-15
1761 8-16
1762 8-17
1763 8-18
1764 8-19
1765 8-20
1766 8-21
1767 8-22
1768 8-23
1769 8-24
1770 8-25
1771 8-26
1772 8-27
1773 8-28
1774 8-29
1775 8-30
1776 8-31
1777 8-32
1778 8-33
1779 8-34
1780 8-35
1781 8-36
1781(a) 8-37
1782 8-38
1783 8-39
1784 8-40
1785 8-41
1786 8-42
1787 8-43
1788 8-44
1789 8-45
1790 8-46
1791 8-47
1791(a) 8-48
1792 8-49
1793 8-50
1795 8-51
1797 8-52
1798 8-53
1799 8-54
1800 8-55
1801 8-56
1802 8-57
1802(a) 8-58
1803 8-59
1804 8-60
1805 8-61
1806 8-62
1807 8-63
1808 8-64
1808(1) 8-65
1808(2) 8-66
1808(3) 8-67
1808(4) 8-68
1808(5) 8-69
1808(6) 8-70
1809 8-71
1810 8-72
1811 8-73
1812 8-74
1813 8-75
1814 8-76
1815 8-77
1816 8-78
1817 8-79
1818 8-80
1819 8-81
1820 8-82
1821 8-83
1822 8-84
1822(1) 8-85
1822(2) 8-86
1822(3) 8-87
1822(4) 8-88
1823 8-89
1824 8-90
1825 8-91
1827 68-1
1828 68-2
1829 ..... L.M. 68-1
1830 68-3
1831 68-4
1832 68-6
1833 68-7
1834 68-8
1835 68-9
1836 68-10
1837 68-11
1838 68-12
1839 68-13
1840 68-14
1841 68-15
1842 68-16
1843 68-17
1844 68-18
1845 68-19
1846 68-20
1847 68-21
1848 68-22
1849 68-23
1850 68-24
1851 68-25
1852 68-26
1853 68-27
1854 68-28
1855 68-29
1856 68-30
1857 68-31
1858 68-32
1859 68-33
1860 68-34
1861 68-35
1862 68-36
1863 68-37
1864 68-38

1864(a) 68-39
1864(b) 68-40
1864(c) 68-41
1864(d) 32-1
1864(e) 32-2
1864(f) 32-3
1864(g) 32-4
1864(h) 32-5
1864(i) 32-6
1864(j) 32-7
1864(k) 32-8
1864(l) 32-9
1864(m) 32-10
1864(n) 32-11
1864(p) 32-12
1864(q) 32-13
1865 113-127
1867 113-128
1868 113-169
1869 113-128
1870 113-129
1871 113-130
1872 113-131
1873 113-132
1874 113-133
1875 113-134
1878 113-136
1879 113-137
1880 113-138
1882 113-139
1883 113-135
1884 113-140
1885 113-141
1886 113-142
1887 113-158
1888 113-159
1889 113-160
1890 113-161
1891 113-162
1892 113-163
1893 113-164
1893(a) 113-165
1894 113-166
1895 113-167
1896 113-168
1897 113-170
1898 113-171
1899 113-172
1900 113-173
1901 113-174
1902 113-175
1903 113-176
1904 113-177
1905 113-178
1906 113-179
1907 113-180
1908 113-181
1909 113-182
1910 113-183
1911 113-184
1912 113-185
1913 113-186
1914 113-187
1915 113-188
1916 113-189
1918 113-190
1919 113-191
1920 113-192
1921 113-193
1922 113-194
1923 ..... L.M. 113-194
1924 113-195
1925 113-196
1926 113-197
1927 113-198
1928 113-199
1929 ..... L.M. 113-199
1930 113-200
1931 113-201
1932 113-202
1933 113-203
1934 113-204
1935 113-205
1936 113-206
1937 113-207
1938 113-208
1939 113-209
1940 113-210
1941 113-211
1942 113-212
1943 113-213
1944 113-214
1945 113-215
1946 113-216
1947 113-266
1948 113-267
1949 113-268
1950 113-269
1951 113-270
1952 113-271
1953 113-272
1954 113-273
1955 113-274
1956 113-275
1957 113-227
1958 113-228
1959 ..... L.M. 113-228
1959(a) 113-220
1959(b) 113-221
1959(c) 113-222
1959(e) 113-223
1959(f) 113-224
1959(g) 113-225
1959(h) 113-226
1960 113-229
1961 113-230
1962 113-231
1963 113-232
1964 113-233
1965 113-234
1965(a) 113-235
1965(b) 113-236
1965(c) 113-237
1965(d) 113-238

1965(e) 113-239
1965(f) 113-240
1966 113-242
1967 113-243
1968 113-244
1968(a) 113-245
1969 113-246
1970 113-247
1971 113-248
1972 113-249
1973 113-250
1974 113-251
1975 113-252
1976 113-253
1977 113-276
1978 113-277
1979 113-278
1980 113-279
1981 113-280
1982 113-281
1983 113-282
1984 113-283
1985 113-284
1986 113-285
1987 113-286
1988 113-287
1989 113-288
1990 113-289
1991 113-290
1992 113-291
1993 113-292
1994 113-293
1995 113-294
1996 113-295
1997 113-296
1998 113-297
1999 113-298
2000 113-299
2001 113-300
2002 113-301
2003 113-302
2004 113-303
2005 113-304
2006 113-305
2007 113-306
2008 113-307
2009 113-308
2010 113-309
2010(a) 113-310
2011 113-311
2012 113-312
2013 113-313
2014 113-314
2015 113-315
2020 113-320
2021 113-321
2022 113-322
2023 113-323
2024 113-324
2025 113-325
2026 113-326
2027 113-327
2028 113-328
2029 113-329
2030 113-330
2031 113-331
2032 113-332
2033 113-333
2034 113-334
2035 113-335
2036 113-336
2037 113-337
2038 113-338
2039 113-339
2040 113-340
2041 113-341
2042 113-342
2043 113-343
2044 113-344
2045 113-345
2047 113-346
2048 113-347
2049 113-348
2050 113-349
2051 113-350
2052 113-351
2053 113-352
2054 113-353
2055 113-354
2056 113-355
2057 113-356
2058 113-357
2059 113-358
2061 113-359
2062 113-360
2063 113-361
2064 113-362
2065 113-363
2066 113-364
2066(a) 113-365
2067 113-366
2068 113-367
2069 113-368
2070 113-369
2071 113-370
2072 113-371
2073 113-372
2074 113-373
2075 113-374
2076 113-375
2077 113-376
2077(1) 113-377
2078(o)1 113-254
2078(p) 113-143
2078(q) 113-144
2078(r) 113-145
2078(s) 113-146
2078(t) 113-147
2078(u) 113-148
2078(v) 113-149
2078(w) 113-150
2078(x) 113-151
2078(y) 113-152
2078(z) 113-153

2078(bb) 113-154
2078(cc) 113-156
2078(dd) 113-157
2078(ee) 113-255
2078(ff) 113-256
2078(gg) 113-257
2078(hh) 113-258
2078(ii) 113-259
2078(jj) 113-260
2078(kk) 113-261
2078(ll) 113-262
2078(mm) 113-263
2078(nn) 113-264
2078(oo) 113-265
2099 113-113
2105(a) 113-122
2105(b) 113-122
2105(c) 113-24
2110 113-110
2127 113-155
2135(a) 113-111
2141(c)1 . . . . . L.M. 113-109
2141(z)1 113-112
2141(dd) 113-96
2141(zz) 113-114
2141(aaa) 113-114
2141(bbb) 113-115
2141(ccc) 113-116
2141(ddd) 113-117
2141(eee) 113-118
2141(fff) 113-119
2141(ggg) 113-120
2141(1) 113-82
2141(2) 113-83
2141(3) 113-84
2141(4) 113-85
2141(5) 113-86
2141(6) 113-87
2141(7) 113-88
2141(8) 113-89
2141(9) 113-90
2141(10) 113-91
2141(11) 113-92
2141(12) 113-93
2141(13) 113-94
2141(14) 113-95
2141(15) 113-97
2141(16) 113-98
2141(17) 113-99
2141(18) 113-100
2141(19) 113-101
2141(20) 113-102
2141(21) 113-103
2141(22) 113-104
2141(23) 113-105
2141(24) 113-106
2141(25) 113-107
2141(26) 113-108
2141(27) 113-109
2141(28) 113-121
2141(29) 113-121
2142 16-1
2143 16-2
2144 16-3
2147 16-4
2148 16-5
2149 16-6
2150 33-1
2151 33-2
2152 33-3
2153 33-4
2154 33-5
2155 33-6
2156 33-7
2157 33-8
2158 33-9
2159 33-10
2160 33-11
2161 33-12
2162 33-13
2163 33-14
2164 33-15
2165 33-16
2166 33-17
2167 33-18
2168 33-19
2169 33-20
2170 33-34
2171 33-21
2172 33-22
2173 33-23
2173(1) 33-24
2174 33-35
2174(1) 33-25
2175 33-26
2176 33-27
2177 33-28
2178 33-29
2179 33-30
2180 33-31
2181 33-32
2182 33-33
2183 33-36
2184 33-37
2185 33-38
2186 33-39
2187 33-40
2188 33-41
2189 33-42
2190 33-43
2191 33-44
2192 33-45
2193 33-46
2194 33-47
2195 33-48
2196 33-49
2197 33-50
2198 33-51
2199 33-52
2200 33-53
2201 33-54
2202 33-55
2202(a) 33-56
2202(b) 33-57

2202(c) 33-58
2202(d) 33-59
2202(e) 33-60
2202(f) 33-61
2202(g) 33-62
2202(1) 34-1
2202(2) 34-2
2202(3) 34-3
2202(4) 34-4
2202(5) 34-5
2202(6) 34-6
2202(7) 34-7
2202(8) 34-8
2202(9) 34-9
2202(10) 34-10
2202(11) 34-11
2202(12) 34-12
2202(13) 34-13
2202(14) 34-14
2202(15) 34-15
2202(16) 34-16
2202(17) 34-17
2202(18) 34-18
2203 17-1
2204 17-2
2205 17-3
2206 17-4
2207 17-5
2208 17-6
2209 17-7
2210 17-8
2211 17-9
2212 17-10
2213 17-11
2214 17-12
2215 17-13
2216 17-14
2217 17-15
2218 17-16
2219 17-17
2220 17-18
2221 17-19
2222 17-20
2223 17-21
2224 17-22
2225 17-23
2226 17-24
2227 17-25
2228 17-26
2229 17-27
2230 17-28
2231 17-29
2232 17-30
2233 17-31
2234 17-32
2235 17-33
2236 17-34
2237 17-35
2238 17-36
2239 17-37
2240 17-38
2241 17-39
2242 17-40
2243 17-41
2244 17-42
2245 17-43
2246 17-44
2247 17-45
2248 17-46
2249 72-1
2250 72-2
2251 72-3
2252 72-4
2253 72-5
2254 72-6
2254(a) 72-7
2277 72-8
2283(a) 72-9
2283(b) 72-10
2283(c) 72-11
2283(d) 72-12
2283(e) 72-13
2283(f) 72-14
2283(g) 72-15
2283(h) 72-16
2283(i) 72-17
2283(j) 72-18
2283(k) 72-19
2283(l) 72-20
2283(m) 72-21
2283(n) 72-22
2283(o) 72-23
2283(p) 72-24
2283(q) 72-25
2283(r) 72-26
2283(s) 72-27
2283(t) 72-28
2283(u) 72-29
2283(v) 72-30
2283(w) 72-31
2283(x) 72-32
2283(y) 72-33
2283(z) 72-34
2283(aa) 72-35
2283(bb) 72-36
2283(cc) 72-37
2283(dd) 72-38
2283(ee) 72-39
2283(ff) 72-40
2283(gg) 72-41
2283(hh) 72-42
2283(ii) 72-43
2283(jj) 72-44
2283(kk) 72-45
2283(ll) ..... L. M. 72-45
2283(mm) ..... L. M. 72-45
2283(nn) 72-46
2283(oo) 72-47
2283(pp) 72-48
2284 35-1
2285 35-2
2286 35-3
2287 35-4
2288 35-5

2289 36-6
2290 35-7
2290(a) 35-8
2290(b) 35-9
2291 35-10
2292 35-11
2293 35-12
2294 35-13
2294(1) 35-14
2294(2) 35-15
2294(3) 35-16
2294(4) 35-17
2294(5) 35-18
2295 35-19
2295(a) 35-21
2296 35-20
2297 35-22
2298 35-23
2299 35-24
2300 35-25
2301 35-26
2302 35-27
2303 35-28
2304 35-29
2304(a) 35-30
2304(b) 35-31
2304(c) 35-32
2304(d) 35-33
2304(e) 35-34
2304(f) 35-35
2304(m) 35-36
2304(n) 35-37
2304(o) 35-38
2304(p) 35-39
2304(q) 35-40
2304(r) 35-41
2304(s) 35-42
2304(t) 35-43
2304(u) 35-44
2304(v) 35-45
2304(w) 35-46
2304(x) 35-47
2304(y) 35-48
2304(z) 35-49
2304(aa) 35-50
2304(bb) 35-51
2304(cc) 35-52
2304(dd) 35-53
2304(ee) 35-54
2304(ff) 35-55
2304(ff1) 35-56
2304(ff2) 35-57
2304(gg) 35-58
2304(hh) 35-59
2304(ii) 35-60
2305 24-1
2306 24-2
2307 24-3
2308 24-4
2309 24-5
2310 24-6
2311 24-7
2312 9-1
2313 9-2
2314 9-3
2315 9-4
2316 9-6
2317 9-7
2318 9-8
2319 9-9
2320 9-10
2321 9-11
2322 9-12
2323 9-13
2324 9-14
2325 9-15
2326 9-16
2327 9-17
2328 9-18
2329 9-19
2330 9-20
2330(a) 9-21
2331 9-22
2332 9-23
2333 9-24
2334 9-25
2334(a) 9-25
2334(b) 9-25
2334(c) 9-25
2334(d) 9-25
2335 9-26
2336 9-27
2337 9-28
2338 9-29
2339 9-30
2340 9-31
2341 42-1
2342 42-2
2343 42-3
2344 42-4
2345 42-5
2346 42-6
2347 42-7
2348 42-8
2349 42-9
2350 42-10
2351 42-11
2352 42-12
2353 42-13
2354 42-14
2355 42-15
2356 42-16
2357 42-17
2358 42-18
2359 42-19
2360 42-20
2361 42-21
2362 42-22
2363 42-24
2364 42-25
2365 42-26
2366 42-27
2367 42-28
2368 42-29

2369 42-30
2370 42-31
2371 42-32
2372 42-33
2373 42-34
2374 42-35
2375 42-36
2376 42-37
2377 43-1
2378 43-2
2379 43-3
2380 43-4
2381 43-5
2382 43-6
2383 43-7
2384 43-8
2385 43-9
2386 43-10
2387 43-11
2388 43-12
2389 43-13
2389(a) 43-14
2390 43-15
2391 43-16
2392 43-17
2393 43-18
2394 43-19
2395 43-20
2396 43-21
2397 43-22
2398 43-23
2399 43-24
2399(a) 43-25
2400 43-26
2401 43-27
2402 43-28
2403 43-29
2404 43-30
2405 43-31
2406 43-32
2407 43-33
2408 43-34
2409 43-35
2410 43-36
2411 43-37
2412 43-38
2413 43-39
2414 43-40
2415 43-41
2416 43-42
2417 43-43
2417(a) 43-44
2418 43-45
2419 43-46
2420 43-47
2421 43-48
2422 43-49
2423 43-50
2424 43-51
2425 43-52
2426 43-53
2427 43-54
2428 43-55
2428(a) 43-56
2428(b) 43-57
2429 99-1
2430 99-2
2431 99-3
2432 99-4
2433 44-1
2435 44-2
2436 44-3
2436(a) 44-4
2436(b) 44-5
2437 44-6
2439 44-8
2440 44-9
2441 44-10
2442 44-11
2443 44-12
2444 44-13
2445 44-14
2446 44-15
2447 44-16
2448 44-17
2449 44-18
2450 44-19
2451 44-20
2452 44-21
2453 44-22
2454 44-23
2455 44-24
2456 44-25
2457 44-26
2458 44-27
2459 44-28
2460 44-29
2461 44-30
2462 44-31
2463 44-32
2464 44-33
2465 44-34
2466 44-35
2467 44-36
2468 44-37
2469 44-38
2470 44-39
2471 44-40
2472 44-41
2473 44-42
2474 44-43
2475 44-44
2476 44-45
2477 44-46
2478 44-47
2479 44-48
2479(1) 44-49
2479(2) 44-50
2479(3) 44-51
2480 44-52
2481 44-53
2482 44-54
2483 44-55
2484 44-56

2485 44-57
2486 44-58
2487 44-59
2488 44-60
2489 44-61
2490 44-62
2491 44-63
2492 44-64
2492(a) 44-65
2492(b) 44-66
2492(c) 44-67
2492(d) 44-68
2492(e) 158-1
2492(f) 158-2
2492(g) 158-3
2492(h) 158-4
2492(i) 158-5
2492(j) 158-6
2492(k) ..... L.M. 158-6
2492(1) 159-1
2492(2) 159-2
2492(5) 159-3
2492(6) 159-4
2492(7) 159-5
2492(8) 159-6
2492(9) 159-7
2492(10) 159-8
2492(11) 159-9
2492(12) 159-10
2492(13) 159-11
2492(14) 159-12
2492(15) 159-13
2492(16) 159-14
2492(17) 159-15
2492(18) 159-16
2492(19) 159-17
2492(20) 159-18
2492(21) 159-19
2492(22) 159-20
2492(23) 159-21
2492(24) 159-22
2492(25) 159-23
2492(26) 159-24
2492(27) 159-25
2492(28) 159-26
2492(29) 159-27
2492(30) 159-28
2492(31) 159-29
2492(32) 159-30
2493(33) 159-31
2492(34) 159-32
2492(35) 159-33
2492(36) 159-34
2492(37) 159-35
2492(38) 159-36
2492(39) 159-37
2492(40) 159-38
2492(41) 159-39
2492(42) 159-40
2492(43) 159-41
2492(44) 160-275
2492(45) 160-276
2492(47) 159-42
2492(48) 159-43
2492(49) 159-44
2492(50)a 159-45
2492(50)b 159-46
2492(50)c 159-47
2492(50)d 159-48
2492(51) 159-49
2492(52) 159-50
2492(53) 159-51
2492(55) 159-52
2492(56) 159-53
2492(57) 159-54
2492(58) 159-55
2492(59) 159-56
2492(60) 159-57
2492(61) 159-58
2492(72) 159-59
2492(73) 159-60
2492(74) 159-61
2492(75) 159-62
2492(76) 159-63
2492(77) 159-64
2492(78) 159-65
2492(79) 159-66
2492(80) 159-67
2493 51-1
2494 51-2
2495 51-3
2496 51-4
2497 51-5
2498 51-6
2499 51-7
2500 51-8
2500(h) 51-9
2500(i) 51-10
2500(j) 51-11
2500(k) 51-12
2500(l) 51-13
2500(m) 51-14
2501 51-15
2502 51-16
2503 51-17
2504 51-18
2505 51-19
2506 52-1
2507 52-2
2508 52-3
2509 52-4
2510 52-7
2511 52-8
2512 52-9
2513 52-10
2515 52-12
2516 52-13
2517 52-14
2518 52-15
2519 52-16
2522 52-19
2523 52-20
2524 52-21
2525 52-22

2526 52-23
2527 52-24
2528 52-25
2529 52-5
2530 52-6
2531 73-1
2532 73-2
2533 73-3
2534 73-4
2535 73-5
2536 73-6
2537 73-7
2538 73-8
2539 73-9
2540 73-10
2541 73-11
2542 73-12
2543 73-13
2544 73-14
2545 73-15
2546 73-16
2547 73-17
2548 73-18
2549 73-19
2550 73-20
2551 73-21
2552 73-22
2553 73-23
2554 73-24
2555 73-25
2556 73-26
2557 73-27
2558 73-28
2559 75-1
2560 75-2
2561 75-3
2562 75-4
2563 75-5
2564 75-6
2565 76-7
2566 75-8
2567 75-9
2568 75-10
2569 75-11
2570 75-12
2571 75-13
2572 75-14
2573 75-15
2574 75-16
2575 45-1
2576 45-2
2577 45-3
2578 45-4
2579 45-5
2580 45-6
2581 45-7
2582 45-8
2583 45-9
2583(a) 45-10
2583(b) 45-10
2583(b)1 45-11
2583(c) 45-12
2583(d) 45-13
2583(e) 45-14
2583(f) 45-15
2583(g) 45-16
2583(h) 45-17
2583(i) 45-18
2584 45-19
2584(a) 45-20
2584(b) 45-21
2584(c) 45-22
2585 45-23
2586 1-596
2586(a) 1-597
2586(b) 1-598
2586(c) 1-599
2587 45-24
2588 45-25
2589 45-26
2590 45-27
2591 45-28
2592 45-29
2593 45-30
2593(a) 45-31
2593(b) 45-32
2593(c) 45-33
2593(d) 45-34
2593(e) 45-35
2593(f) 45-36
2594 45-37
2594(a) 45-38
2594(b) 45-39
2595 45-40
2596 45-41
2597 45-42
2599 136-91
2601(a) 20-137
2613(i1) 105-430
2613(i2) 105-431
2613(i3) 105-432
2613(i4) 105-433
2613(i5) 105-434
2613(i5a) 105-435
2613(i6) 105-436
2613(i7) 105-437
2613(i8) 105-438
2613(i9) 105-439
2613(i10) 105-440
2613(i11) 105-441
2613(i12) 105-442
2613(i12a) 105-443
2613(i12b) 105-444
2613(i14) 105-445
2613(i15) 105-446
2613(i16) 105-447
2613(i17) 105-448
2613(i18) 105-449
2613(j) 62-103
2613(k) 62-104
2613(l) 62-105
2613(m) 62-106
2613(n) 62-107
2613(o) 62-108

2613(p) 62-109
2613(q) 62-110
2613(s) 62-111
2613(t) 62-112
2613(t1) 62-113
2613(t2) 62-113
2613(u) 62-114
2613(v) 62-115
2613(w) 62-116
2613(x) 62-117
2613(y) 62-118
2613(aa) 62-119
2613(bb) 62-120
2613(cc) 62-121
2616 20-216
2618(b) 20-217
2618(d) 20-218
2619 136-91
2621(79) 20-118.1
2621(96) 20-30
2621(97) 20-31
2621(98) 20-32
2621(99) 20-33
2621(100) 20-32
2621(106a) 20-219
2621(108) 20-212
2621(109) 20-213
2621(110) 20-214
2621(111) 20-215
2621(112) 20-198
2621(113) 20-199
2621(114) 20-200
2621(115) 20-201
2621(116) 20-202
2621(117) 20-203
2621(118) 20-204
2621(119) 20-205
2621(120) 20-206
2621(121) 20-207
2621(122) 20-208
2621(123) 20-209
2621(124) 20-197
2621(125) 20-210
2621(126) 20-211
2621(131) 119-18
2621(136) 105-441
2621(136) 119-19
2621(137) 119-20
2621(138) 119-21
2621(139) 119-22
2621(146) 58-242
2621(147) 58-243
2621(148) 58-244
2621(149) 58-245
2621(149a) 58-246
2621(149b) 58-247
2621(149c) 58-248
2621(150) 20-6
2621(151) 20-7
2621(152) 20-8
2621(153) 20-9
2621(154) 20-10
2621(155) 20-11
2621(156) 20-12
2621(157) 20-13
2621(158) 20-14
2621(159) 20-15
2621(160) 20-16
2621(161) 20-17
2621(161)a 20-18
2621(162) 20-19
2621(163) 20-20
2621(164) 20-21
2621(165) 20-22
2621(166) 20-23
2621(167) 20-24
2621(168) 20-25
2621(169) 20-26
2621(170) 20-27
2621(171) 20-28
2621(172) 20-29
2621(173) 20-30
2621(174) 20-31
2621(175) 20-32
2621(176) 20-33
2621(177) 20-34
2621(178) 20-35
2621(179) 20-36
2621(180) 20-5
2621(181) 20-37
2621(187) 20-38
2621(189) 20-39
2621(190) 20-40
2621(191) 20-41
2621(192) 20-42
2621(193) 20-43
2621(194) 20-44
2621(195) 20-45
2621(196) 20-46
2621(197) 20-47
2621(198) 20-48
2621(199) 20-49
2621(200) 20-50
2621(201) 20-51
2621(202) 20-52
2621(203) 20-53
2621(204) 20-54
2621(205) 20-55
2621(206) 20-56
2621(207) 20-57
2621(208) 20-58
2621(209) 20-59
2621(210) 20-60
2621(211) 20-61
2621(212) 20-62
2621(213) 20-63
2621(214) 20-64
2621(215) 20-65
2621(216) 20-66
2621(217) 20-67
2621(218) 20-68
2621(219) 20-69
2621(220) 20-70
2621(221) 20-71

2621(222) 20-72
2621(223) 20-73
2621(224) 20-74
2621(225) 20-75
2621(226) 20-76
2621(227) 20-77
2621(228) 22-78
2621(229) 20-79
2621(230) 20-80
2621(231) 20-81
2621(232) 20-82
2621(233) 20-83
2621(234) 20-84
2621(235) 20-85
2621(236) 20-86
2621(237) 20-87
2621(238) 20-88
2621(239) 20-89
2621(240) 20-90
2621(241) 20-91
2621(242) 20-92
2621(243) 20-93
2621(244) 20-94
2621(245) 20-95
2621(246) 20-96
2621(247) 20-97
2621(248) 20-98
2621(249) 20-99
2621(250) 20-100
2621(251) 20-101
2621(252) 20-102
2621(253) 20-103
2621(254) 20-104
2621(255) 20-105
2621(256) 20-106
2621(257) 20-107
2621(258) 20-108
2621(259) 20-109
2621(260) 20-110
2621(261) 20-111
2621(262) 20-112
2621(263) 20-113
2621(264) 20-114
2621(265) 20-115
2621(266) 20-116
2621(267) 20-117
2621(268) 20-118
2621(269) 20-119
2621(269)a 20-120
2621(270) 20-121
2621(271) 20-122
2621(272) 20-123
2621(273) 20-124
2621(274) 20-125
2621(275) 20-126
2621(276) 20-127
2621(277) 20-128
2621(278) 20-129
2621(279) 20-130
2621(280) 20-131
2621(281) 20-132
2621(282) 20-133
2621(283) 20-134
2621(284) 20-135
2621(285) 20-136
2621(286) 20-138
2621(286)a 20-139
2621(287) 20-140
2621(288) 20-141
2621(289) 20-142
2621(290) 20-143
2621(291) 20-144
2621(292) 20-145
2621(293) 20-146
2621(294) 20-147
2621(295) 20-148
2621(296) 20-149
2621(297) 20-150
2621(298) 20-151
2621(299) 20-152
2621(300) 20-153
2621(301) 20-154
2621(302) 20-155
2621(303) 20-156
2621(304) 20-157
2621(305) 20-158
2621(306) 20-159
2621(307) 20-160
2621(308) 20-161
2621(309) 20-162
2621(310) 20-163
2621(311) 20-164
2621(312) 20-165
2621(313) 20-166
2621(314) 20-167
2621(315) 20-168
2621(316) 20-169
2621(317) 20-170
2621(317)a 20-171
2621(318) 20-172
2621(319) 20-173
2621(320) 20-174
2621(321) 20-175
2621(322) 20-176
2621(323) 20-177
2621(324) 20-178
2621(325) 20-179
2621(326) 20-180
2621(326)a 20-181
2621(327) 20-182
2621(328) 20-183
2621(331) 20-220
2621(332) 20-221
2621(333) 20-222
2621(334) 20-223
2621(335) 20-1
2621(336) 20-2
2621(337) 20-3
2621(339) 20-4
2622 160-1
2623 160-2
2624 160-3
2625 160-4
2626 160-5

2627 160-6
2628 160-7
2629 160-8
2630 160-9
2631 160-10
2632 160-11
2633 160-12
2634 160-13
2635 160-14
2636 160-15
2637 160-16
2638 160-17
2639 160-18
2640 160-19
2641 160-20
2642 160-21
2643 160-22
2644 160-23
2645 160-24
2646 160-25
2647 160-26
2648 160-27
2648(a) 160-28
2649 160-29
2650 160-30
2651 160-31
2652 160-32
2653 160-33
2654 160-34
2655 160-35
2656 160-36
2657 160-37
2658 160-38
2659 160-39
2660 160-40
2661 160-41
2662 160-42
2663 160-43
2664 160-44
2665 160-45
2667 160-46
2668 160-47
2669 160-48
2670 160-49
2671 160-50
2672 160-51
2673 160-52
2674 160-53
2675 160-54
2676 160-55
2677 160-56
2678 160-57
2683 160-58
2688 160-59
2689 160-60
2690 160-61
2691 160-62
2692 160-63
2693 160-64
2694 160-65
2695 160-66
2696 160-67
2696(a) 160-68
2696(b) 160-69
2697 160-70
2698 160-71
2699 160-72
2700 160-73
2701 160-74
2702 160-75
2702(a) 160-76
2702(b) 160-77
2703 160-78
2704 160-79
2705 160-80
2706 160-81
2707 160-82
2708 160-83
2709 160-84
2710 160-85
2711 160-86
2712 160-87
2713 160-88
2714 160-89
2715 160-90
2716 160-91
2717 160-92
2717(a) 160-93
2717(b) 160-94
2718 160-95
2719 160-96
2720 160-97
2720(1) 160-98
2721 160-99
2722 160-100
2722(a) 160-101
2723 160-102
2724 160-103
2728(a) 160-104
2728(b) 160-105
2729 160-106
2730 160-107
2731 160-108
2732 160-109
2733 160-110
2734 160-111
2735 160-112
2736 160-113
2737 160-114
2738 160-115
2739 160-116
2740 160-117
2741 160-118
2742 160-119
2743 160-120
2744 160-121
2744(a) 160-122
2745 160-123
2746 160-124
2747 160-125
2748 160-126
2749 160-127
2750 160-128
2751 160-129

2752 160-130
2753 160-131
2754 160-132
2755 160-133
2756 160-134
2757 160-135
2758 160-136
2759 160-137
2760 160-138
2761 160-139
2762 160-140
2763 160-141
2764 160-142
2765 160-143
2766 160-144
2767 160-145
2768 160-146
2769 160-147
2770 160-148
2771 160-149
2772 160-150
2773 160-151
2774 160-152
2775 160-153
2776 160-154
2776(a) 160-155
2776(b) 160-156
2776(c) 160-157
2776(d) 160-158
2776(e) 160-159
2776(f) 160-160
2776(g) 160-161
2776(h) 160-162
2776(i) 160-163
2776(j) 160-164
2776(k) 160-165
2776(l) 160-166
2776(m) 160-167
2776(n) 160-168
2776(o) 160-169
2776(p) 160-170
2776(q) 160-171
2776(r) 160-172
2776(s) 160-173
2776(t) 160-174
2776(u) 160-175
2776(v) 160-176
2776(w) 160-177
2776(x) 160-178
2776(y) 160-179
2776(z) 160-180
2776(aa) 160-181
2776(1) 160-182
2776(2) 160-183
2776(3) 160-184
2776(4) 160-185
2776(5) 160-186
2776(6) 160-187
2776(7) 160-188
2776(8) 160-189
2776(9) 160-190
2776(10) 160-191
2777 160-192
2778 160-193
2779 160-195
2780 160-196
2781 160-197
2782 160-198
2783 62-36
2784 62-37
2785 62-38
2786 160-199
2787 160-200
2788 160-201
2789 160-202
2790 160-203
2791 160-204
2792 160-205
2792(a) 160-206
2792(b) 160-207
2792(c) 160-208
2792(d) 160-209
2792(e) 160-210
2792(f) 160-211
2792(g) 160-212
2792(h) 160-213
2792(i) 160-214
2792(j) 160-215
2792(k) 160-216
2792(l) 160-217
2792(m) 160-218
2792(n) 160-219
2792(o) 160-220
2792(p) 160-221
2793 160-222
2793(a) 160-223
2793(b) 160-224
2793(c) 160-225
2793(e) 160-226
2793(f) 160-227
2794 160-228
2795 160-229
2796 160-230
2797 160-231
2798 160-232
2799 160-233
2800 160-234
2801 160-235
2802 160-236
2803 160-237
2804 160-238
2805 160-239
2806 160-240
2806(a) 160-241
2806(b) 160-242
2806(c) 160-243
2806(d) 160-244
2806(e) 160-245
2806(f) 160-246
2806(g) 160-247
2806(h) 160-248
2806(i) 160-249
2806(j) 160-250
2806(k) 160-251

2806(l) 160-252
2806(m) 160-253
2806(n) 160-254
2807 160-255
2808 160-256
2809 160-257
2810 160-258
2811 160-259
2812 160-260
2813 160-261
2814 160-262
2816 160-263
2817 160-264
2818 160-265
2819 160-266
2820 160-267
2821 160-268
2822 160-269
2823 160-270
2824 160-271
2825 160-272
2826 160-273
2827 160-274
2828 160-277
2829 160-278
2831 160-279
2831(a) 160-280
2831(b) 160-281
2832 160-282
2833 160-283
2834 160-284
2835 160-285
2836 160-286
2837 160-287
2838 160-288
2839 160-289
2840 160-290
2842 160-291
2843 160-292
2844 160-293
2845 160-294
2846 160-295
2847 160-296
2848 160-297
2849 160-298
2850 160-299
2851 160-300
2852 160-301
2853 160-302
2854 160-303
2855 160-304
2856 160-305
2857 160-306
2858 160-307
2859 160-308
2860 160-309
2861 160-310
2862 160-311
2863 160-312
2864 160-313
2865 160-314
2866 160-315
2867 160-316
2868 160-317
2869 160-318
2870 160-319
2871 160-320
2871(a) 160-321
2871(b) 160-322
2872 160-323
2873 160-324
2874 160-325
2875 160-326
2876 160-327
2877 160-328
2878 160-329
2879 160-330
2880 160-331
2881 160-332
2882 160-333
2883 160-334
2884 160-335
2885 160-336
2886 160-337
2887 160-338
2888 160-339
2889 160-340
2890 160-341
2891 160-342
2892 160-343
2893 160-344
2894 160-345
2895 160-346
2895(a) 160-347
2896 160-348
2897 160-349
2898 160-350
2899 160-351
2901 160-352
2902 160-353
2903 160-354
2904 160-355
2905 160-356
2906 160-357
2907 160-358
2908 160-359
2909 160-360
2910 160-361
2911 160-362
2912 160-363
2913 160-364
2914 160-365
2915 160-366
2916 160-194
2918 160-367
2919 160-368
2920 160-369
2921 160-370
2922 160-371
2931(a) 160-372
2932 160-373
2933 160-374
2934 160-375
2935 160-376

2936 160-377
2937 160-378
2938 160-379
2939 160-380
2941 160-381
2942 160-382
2943 160-383
2944 160-384
2945 160-385
2947 160-386
2948 160-387
2949 160-388
2950 160-389
2951 160-390
2952 160-391
2953 160-392
2954 160-393
2955 160-394
2957 160-395
2958 160-396
2959 160-397
2959(a) 160-398
2960 160-399
2961 160-400
2962 160-401
2963 160-402
2969(a) 160-403
2969(j) 160-404
2969(k) 160-405
2969(l) 160-406
2969(m) 160-407
2969(n) 160-409
2969(o) 160-410
2969(p) 160-411
2969(q) 160-412
2969(16) 160-413
2969(17) 160-414
2969(18) 160-415
2969(19) 160-416
2969(20) 160-417
2969(21) 160-418
2969(22) 160-419
2969(23) 160-420
2969(24) 160-421
2969(25) 160-422
2969(26) 160-423
2969(27) 160-424
2970 101-1
2971 101-2
2972 101-3
2973 101-4
2974 101-5
2975 101-6
2976 25-1
2977 25-2
2978 25-3
2979 25-4
2980 25-5
2981 25-6
2982 25-7
2983 25-8
2984 25-9
2985 25-10
2986 25-11
2987 25-12
2988 25-13
2989 25-14
2990 25-15
2991 25-16
2992 25-17
2993 25-18
2994 25-19
2995 25-20
2996 25-21
2997 25-22
2998 25-23
2999 25-24
3000 25-25
3001 25-26
3002 25-27
3003 25-28
3004 25-29
3005 25-30
3006 25-31
3007 25-32
3008 25-33
3009 25-34
3010 25-35
3011 25-36
3012 25-37
3013 25-38
3014 25-39
3015 25-40
3016 25-41
3017 25-42
3018 25-43
3019 25-44
3020 25-45
3021 25-46
3022 25-47
3023 25-48
3024 25-49
3025 25-50
3026 25-51
3027 25-52
3028 25-53
3029 25-54
3030 25-55
3031 25-56
3032 25-57
3033 25-58
3034 25-59
3035 25-60
3036 25-61
3037 25-62
3038 25-63
3039 25-64
3040 25-65
3041 25-66
3042 25-67
3043 25-68
3044 25-69
3045 25-70
3046 25-71

3047 25-72
3048 25-73
3049 25-74
3050 25-75
3051 25-76
3052 25-77
3053 25-78
3054 25-79
3055 25-80
3056 25-81
3057 25-82
3058 25-83
3059 25-84
3060 25-85
3061 25-86
3062 25-87
3063 25-88
3064 25-89
3065 25-90
3066 25-91
3067 25-92
3068 25-93
3069 25-94
3070 25-95
3071 25-96
3072 25-97
3073 25-98
3074 25-99
3075 25-100
3076 25-101
3077 25-102
3078 25-103
3079 25-104
3080 25-105
3081 25-106
3082 25-107
3083 25-108
3084 25-109
3085 25-110
3086 25-111
3087 25-112
3088 25-113
3089 25-114
3090 25-115
3091 25-116
3092 25-117
3093 25-118
3094 25-119
3095 25-120
3096 25-121
3097 25-122
3098 25-123
3099 25-124
3100 25-125
3101 25-126
3102 25-127
3103 25-128
3104 25-129
3105 25-130
3106 25-131
3107 25-132
3108 25-133
3109 25-134
3110 25-135
3111 25-136
3112 25-137
3113 25-138
3114 25-139
3115 25-140
3116 25-141
3117 25-142
3118 25-143
3119 ..... 25:144
3120 25-145
3121 25-146
3122 25-147
3123 25-148
3124 25-149
3125 25-150
3126 25-151
3127 25-152
3128 25-153
3129 25-154
3130 25-155
3131 25-156
3132 25-157
3133 25-158
3134 25-159
3135 25-160
3136 25-161
3137 25-162
3138 25-163
3139 25-164
3140 25-165
3141 25-166
3142 25-167
3143 25-168
3144 25-169
3145 25-170
3146 25-171
3147 25-172
3148 25-173
3149 25-174
3150 25-175
3151 25-176
3152 25-177
3153 25-178
3154 25-179
3155 25-180
3156 25-181
3157 25-182
3158 25-183
3159 25-184
3160 25-185
3161 25-186
3162 25-187
3163 25-188
3164 25-189
3165 25-190
3166 25-191
3167 25-192
3168 25-193
3168(a) 25-194
3169 25-195

3170 25-196
3171 25-197
3171(a) 25-198
3171(b) 25-199
3172 10-1
3173 10-2
3174 10-3
3175 10-4
3175(a) 10-5
3176 10-6
3177 10-7
3178 10-8
3179 10-9
3180 19-1
3181 19-2
3182 19-3
3183 19-4
3184 19-5
3185 19-6
3186 19-7
3187 19-8
3188 11-1
3189 11-2
3190 11-3
3191 11-4
3192 11-5
3193 11-6
3194 11-7
3195 11-8
3196 11-9
3197 11-10
3199 11-11
3200 128-1
3201 128-2
3202 128-3
3203(1) 128-4
3203 128-5
3204 128-6
3205 128-7
3206 128-10
3206(a) 128-11
3206(b) 128-12
3207 128-13
3207(a) 128-14
3207(b) 128-15
3208 128-16
3209 128-17
3210 128-18
3211 128-19
3212 128-20
3212(1) 128-21
3212(2) 128-22
3212(3) 128-23
3212(4) 128-24
3212(5) 128-25
3212(6) 128-26
3212(7) 128-27
3212(8) 128-28
3212(9) 128-29
3212(10) 128-30
3212(11) 128-31
3212(12) 128-32
3212(13) 128-33
3212(14) 128-34
3212(15) 128-35
3212(16) 128-36
3212(20) 128-37
3212(21) 128-38
3212(23) 128-39
3212(24) 128-40
3212(25) 128-41
3213 46-1
3214 46-2
3215 46-3
3216 46-4
3217 46-5
3218 46-6
3219 46-7
3220 46-8
3221 46-9
3222 46-10
3223 46-11
3224 46-12
3225 46-13
3225(a) 46-14
3226 46-15
3227 46-16
3228 46-17
3229 46-18
3230 46-19
3231 46-20
3232 46-21
3233 46-22
3234 46-23
3235 46-24
3236 46-25
3237 46-26
3238 46-27
3239 46-28
3240 46-29
3241 46-30
3242 46-31
3243 46-32
3244 46-33
3245 46-34
3253 46-42
3254 46-43
3255 46-44
3256 46-45
3257 46-46
3276(1) 59-1
3276(2) 59-2
3276(3) 59-3
3276(4) 59-4
3276(5) 59-5
3276(6) 59-6
3276(7) 59-7
3276(8) 59-8
3276(9) 59-9
3276(10) 59-10
3276(11) 59-11
3276(12) 59-12
3276(13) 59-13
3276(14) 59-14

3276(15) 59-15
3276(16) 59-16
3276(17) 59-17
3276(18) 59-18
3276(19) 59-19
3276(20) 59-20
3276(21) 59-21
3276(22) 59-22
3276(23) 59-23
3276(24) 59-24
3276(25) 59-25
3276(26) 59-26
3276(27) 59-27
3276(28) 59-28
3276(29) 59-29
3276(30) 59-30
3277 59-74
3278 59-75
3279 59-76
3280 59-77
3281 59-78
3282 59-79
3283 59-80
3284 59-81
3285 59-82
3286 59-83
3287 59-84
3288 59-85
3289 59-86
3290 59-87
3291 59-88
3292 59-89
3292(1) 59-31
3292(2) 59-32
3292(3) 59-33
3292(4) 59-34
3292(5) 59-35
3292(6) 59-36
3292(7) 59-37
3292(8) 59-38
3292(9) 59-39
3292(10) 59-40
3292(11) 59-41
3292(12) 59-42
3292(13) 59-43
3292(14) 59-44
3292(15) 59-45
3292(16) 59-46
3292(17) 59-47
3292(18) 59-48
3292(19) 59-49
3292(20) 59-50
3292(21) 59-51
3292(22) 59-52
3292(23) 59-53
3292(24) 59-54
3292(25) 59-55
3292(26) 59-56
3292(27) 59-57
3292(28) 59-58
3292(29) 59-59
3292(30) 59-60
3292(31) 59-61
3292(32) 59-62
3292(33) 59-63
3292(34) 59-64
3292(35) 59-65
3292(36) 59-66
3292(37) 59-67
3292(38) 59-68
3292(39) 59-69
3292(40) 59-70
3292(41) 59-71
3292(42) 59-72
3293(43) 59-73
3293 47-1
3294 47-2
3295 47-3
3296 47-4
3297 47-5
3298 47-6
3299 47-7
3300 47-8
3301 47-9
3301(a) 47-10
3302 47-11
3303 47-12
3304 47-13
3305 47-14
3306 47-15
3307 47-16
3308 47-17
3309 47-18
3310 47-19
3311 47-20
3311(1) 47-21
3312 47-23
3313 47-24
3314 47-25
3315 47-26
3316 47-27
3317 47-28
3317(a) 47-29
3318 47-30
3319 47-31
3319(a) 47-32
3319(b) 47-33
3319(b) 47-34
3319(c) 47-22
3320 47-35
3321 47-36
3322 47-37
3323 47-38
3324 47-39
3325 47-40
3326 47-41
3326(1) 47-42
3326(2) 47-43
3327 47-44
3328 47-45
3328(a) 47-46
3329 47-47
3330 47-48
3331 47-49

3332 47-50
3333 47-51
3333(a) 47-52
3334 47-53
3335 47-54
3336 47-55
3337 47-56
3338 47-57
3339 47-58
3340 47-59
3342 47-60
3343 47-61
3344 47-62
3345 47-63
3346 47-64
3347 47-65
3348 47-66
3349 47-67
3350 47-68
3351 47-69
3352 47-70
3353 47-71
3354 47-72
3355 47-73
3355(a) 47-74
3356 47-75
3357 47-76
3358 47-77
3359 47-78
3360 47-79
3361 47-80
3362 47-81
3363 47-82
3364 47-83
3365 47-84
3366 47-85
3366(a) 47-86
3366(b) 47-87
3366(c) 47-88
3366(d) 47-89
3366(e) 47-90
3366(f) 47-91
3366(g) 47-92
3366(g1) 47-93
3366(g2) 47-94
3366(h) 47-95
3366(i) 47-96
3366(i)1 47-97
3366(j) 47-98
3366(j1) 47-99
3366(j2) 47-100
3366(j3) 47-101
3366(j4) 47-102
3366(j4)a 47-103
3366(j5) 47-104
3366(j6) 47-105
3366(j7) 47-106
3366(j8) 47-107
3366(j9) 47-108
3366(k) 47-109
3366(l) 47-110
3366(m) 47-111
3366(n) 47-112
3366(o) 47-113
3371 18-31
3379 18-32
3381 18-33
3407 18-34
3408 18-35
3411(a) 18-1
3411(b) 18-2
3411(c) 18-3
3411(d) 18-4
3411(e) 18-5
3411(f) 18-6
3411(f1) 18-7
3411(g) 18-8
3411(h) 18-9
3411(i) 18-10
3411(j) 18-11
3411(k) 18-12
3411(l) 18-13
3411(m) 18-14
3411(n) 18-15
3411(o) 18-16
3411(p) 18-17
3411(q) 18-18
3411(r) 18-19
3411(s) 18-20
3411(t) 18-21
3411(u) 18-22
3411(v) 18-23
3411(w) 18-24
3411(x) 18-25
3411(x1) 18-26
3411(y) 18-27
3411(z) 18-28
3411(aa) 18-29
3411(bb) 18-30
3411(kk) 18-90.1
3411(29) 18-100
3411(31) 18-101
3411(32) 18-102
3411(35) 18-103
3411(36) 18-104
3411(37) 18-52
3411(37)a 18-53
3411(65) 18-36
3411(66) 18-37
3411(67) 18-38
3411(68) 18-39
3411(69) 18-40
3411(70) 18-41
3411(71) 18-42
3411(72) 18-43
3411(73) 18-44
3411(74) 18-45
3411(75) 18-46
3411(76) 18-47
3411(77) 18-48
3411(78) 18-49
3411(79) 18-50
3411(80) 18-51
3411(81) 18-53

3411(82) 18-54
3411(83) 18-55
3411(84) 18-56
3411(85) 18-57
3411(86) 18-58
3411(87) 18-59
3411(88) 18-60
3411(89) 18-61
3411(90) 18-62
3411(92) 18-63
3411(93) 18-64
3411(94) 18-65
3411(95) 18-66
3411(96) 18-67
3411(97) 18-68
3411(98) 18-69
3411(99) 18-70
3411(100) 18-71
3411(101) 18-72
3411(101)a 18-73
3411(102) 18-74
3411(103) 18-75
3411(104) 18-76
3411(105) 18-77
3411(106) 18-78
3411(107) 18-79
3411(108) 18-80
3411(109) 18-81
3411(110) 18-82
3411(110)a 18-83
3411(111) 18-84
3411(112) 18-85
3411(113) 18-86
3411(114) 18-87
3411(115) 18-88
3411(116) 18-89
3411(117) 18-90
3411(118) 18-91
3411(120) 18-92
3411(121) 18-93
3411(122) 18-94
3411(123) 18-95
3411(124) 18-96
3411(125) 18-97
3411(126) 18-98
3411(127) 18-99
3412 60-1
3413 60-2
3414 60-3
3415 60-4
3416 60-5
3417 60-6
3418 60-7
3419 60-8
3420 60-9
3421 60-10
3422 60-12
3423 60-13
3424 60-14
3426 60-16
3427 60-17
3428 60-18
3429 60-19
3430 60-20
3431 60-21
3432 60-22
3433 60-23
3434 60-24
3435 60-25
3436 60-26
3437 60-27
3438 60-28
3439 60-29
3440 60-30
3441 60-31
3442 60-32
3443 60-33
3443(a) 60-34
3443(b) 60-35
3443(c) 60-36
3444 60-37
3444(a) 60-38
3445 60-39
3446 60-40
3447 60-41
3448 60-42
3449 60-43
3450 60-44
3451 60-45
3452 60-46
3453 60-47
3454 60-48
3455 60-49
3456 60-50
3457 60-51
3458 60-52
3459 60-59
3460 60-60
3461 60-61
3462 60-62
3463 60-63
3464 60-64
3465 60-65
3466 60-66
3467 60-67
3468 60-68
3469 60-69
3470 60-70
3471 60-71
3472 60-72
3473 60-73
3474 60-74
3475 60-75
3476 60-76
3477 60-77
3478 60-78
3479 60-79
3481 62-47
3482 60-81
3483 60-82
3484 60-83
3485 60-84
3486 60-85
3487 60-86

3488 60-87
3488(a) 60-88
3489 60-89
3490 60-90
3491 60-91
3492 60-92
3493 60-93
3494 60-94
3495 60-95
3496 60-96
3497 60-97
3497(1) 60-98
3503 60-99
3504 60-100
3505 60-101
3506 60-102
3507 60-103
3508 60-104
3509 60-105
3510 60-106
3511 60-107
3512 60-108
3512(a) 60-109
3514 60-110
3515 60-111
3516 60-112
3517 60-113
3518 60-114
3519 60-115
3520 60-116
3521 60-117
3522 60-118
3523 60-119
3524 60-120
3525 60-121
3526 60-122
3527 60-123
3528 60-124
3529 60-125
3530 60-126
3531 60-127
3532 60-128
3533 60-129
3534 60-130
3534(a) 60-131
3534(b) 60-132
3534(c) 60-133
3535 60-134
3536 60-135
3537 60-136
3538 60-137
3539 60-138
3539(a) 60-139
3540 60-140
3541 60-141
3542 60-142
3542(a) 60-143
3542(b) 60-144
3542(c) 60-145
3542(d) 60-146
3543 161-1
3543(1) 161-2
3544 161-3
3545 161-4
3546 161-5
3547 161-6
3548 161-7
3549 161-8
3550 161-9
3551 161-12
3552 161-13
3553 161-14
3554 161-15
3555 161-16
3556 161-17
3557 161-18
3558 161-19
3559 161-20
3560 161-21
3561 161-22
3562 161-23
3563 161-24
3565 161-25
3566 161-26
3567 161-27
3568 61-1
3569 61-2
3570 61-3
3571 61-4
3571(1) 61-5
3572 61-6
3584 136-35
3595 136-16
3671(a) 136-21
3671(b) 136-22
3671(c) 136-23
3671(d) 136-24
3772(a)-(q) ..... Ch. 136, Art. 8
3785 136-81
3787(a) 136-94
3789 136-90
3790 136-95
3791 136-92
3795 136-73
3796 136-74
3797 136-75
3798 136-76
3799 136-77
3800 136-78
3801 136-79
3804 136-80
3821(a) 136-84
3821(b) 136-85
3821(c) 136-86
3821(d) 136-87
3825(a) 136-89
3825(b) 136-89
3825(c) 136-89
3825(d) 136-82
3835 136-68
3836 136-69
3837 136-70
3838 136-71
3838(a) 60-53

3838(b) 136-67
3846(a) 136-45
3846(b) 136-46
3846(c) 136-47
3846(e)1 136-54
3846(e)2 136-55
3846(e)3 136-56
3846(e)4 136-57
3846(e)5 136-67
3846(e)6 136-58
3846(e)7 136-59
3846(f)1 136-8
3846(g) 136-4
3846(h) 136-5
3846(h) 136-6
3846(j) 136-18
3846(j)1 136-15
3846(j)3 136-34
3846(k) 136-9
3846(l) 136-12
3846(m) 136-10
3846(q) 136-30
3846(r) 136-30
3846(r) 136-32
3846(s) 136-25
3846(t) 136-26
3846(u) 136-93
3846(v) 136-28
3846(v)1 136-29
3846(y) 136-20
3846(bb) 136-19
3846(cc) 136-13
3846(dd) 136-97
3846(ff) 136-27
3846(ff)1 136-36
3846(ff)2 136-37
3846(ff)3 136-38
3846(ff)4 136-39
3846(ff)5 136-40
3846(ff)6 136-41
3846(rr) 136-96
3846(ss) 136-96
3846(tt) 136-96
3846(yy) 20-185
3846(yy) 20-187
3846(zz) 20-186
3846(aaa) 20-187
3846(bbb) 20-188
3846(ccc) 20-190
3846(ddd) 20-191
3846(eee) 20-192
3846(fff) 20-193
3846(ggg) 20-194
3846(hhh) 20-187
3846(hhh) 20-188
3846(mmm) 20-185
3846(mmm) 20-191
3846(mmm) 20-192
3846(nnn) 20-184
3846(ooo) 20-188
3846(qqq) 20-195
3846(rrr) 20-196
3846(1) 136-51
3846(4) 136-52
3846(5) 136-53
3846(6) 136-60
3846(7) 136-61
3846(8) 136-62
3846(9) 136-63
3846(10) 136-72
3846(11) 136-64
3846(15) 136-98
3846(17) 136-83
3846(19) 148-34
3846(20) 148-35
3846(21) 148-36
3846(22) 148-38
3846(23) 148-32
3846(26) 148-39
3846(29) 136-99
3846(31) 136-100
3846(32) 136-101
3846(33) 136-7
3846(34) 136-7
3846(35) 136-7
3846(36) 136-7
3846(37) 136-7
3847 138-1
3848 ..... 120-3 1
3849 138-2
3850 138-3
3851 147-38
3852(a) 120-3
3852(b) 120-4
3855 120-35
3855(a) 120-36
3857(a) 120-33
3857(d) 120-34
3858 147-11
3859 147-15
3859(a) 147-15
3861 7-24
3861 7-36
3861(a) 7-37
3861(b) 7-38
3861(d) 7-39
3862 147-33
3863 147-35
3864 147-37
3866 147-40
3867 147-55
3868 147-65
3869 115-27
3870 114-7
3871 114-8
3872 106-11
3874 58-6
3877 127-13
3878 163-111
3883 7-3
3884 7-42
3884(a) 7-51
3886 7-26
3888(1) 7-29

3889 7-24
3890 7-44
3890(a) 7-45
3892 9-5
3893 6-52
3900 30-22
3903 2-26
3904 2-27
3904(a) 2-28
3904(b) 161-11
3904(c) 2-29
3904(d) 2-30
3904(e) 2-31
3904(f) 2-32
3904(g) 2-33
3904(h) 2-34
3904(i) 2-35
3904(j) 2-36
3905 152-5
3906 161-10
3907 ..... 161-10.1
3908 162-6
3909 162-7
3910 155-8
3913 112-11
3915 153-44
3916 155-9
3917 163-19
3918 153-13
3919 153-180
3920 146-16
3921 89-17
3922 151-4
3923 7-134
3924 3-6
3924(a) 78-1
3924(b) 78-2
3924(c) 78-3
3924(d) 78-4
3924(e) 78-5
3924(f) 78-6
3924(g) 78-7
3924(h) 78-8
3924(i) 78-9
3924(j) 78-10
3924(k) 78-11
3924(l) 78-12
3924(m) 78-13
3924(n) 78-14
3924(o) 78-15
3924(p) 78-16
3924(q) 78-17
3924(r) 78-18
3924(s) 78-19
3924(t) 78-20
3924(u) 78-21
3924(v) 78-22
3924(w) 78-23
3924(x) 78-24
3925 162-1
3926 162-2
3927 162-3
3928 162-4
3929 162-5
3930 162-8
3931 162-9
3932 162-10
3933 162-11
3934 162-12
3935 162-13
3936 162-14
3937 162-15
3938 162-16
3939 162-17
3940 162-18
3941 162-19
3942 162-20
3943 162-21
3944 162-22
3945 162-23
3946 162-24
3947 162-25
3947(a) 12-1
3948 12-2
3949 12-3
3950 12-4
3951 79-1
3952 79-2
3953 79-3
3954 79-4
3955 103-1
3956 103-2
3957 ..... L.M. 103-1
3958 103-3
3959 103-4
3960 103-5
3961 26-1
3962 26-2
3963 26-3
3964 26-4
3965 26-5
3966 26-6
3967 26-7
3968 26-8
3969 26-9
3970(a) 26-11
3971 80-1
3972 80-2
3973 80-3
3974 80-4
3975 80-5
3976 80-6
3977 80-7
3978 80-8
3979 80-9
3980 80-10
3981 80-11
3982 80-12
3983 80-13
3984 80-14
3985 80-15
3986 80-16
3987 80-17
3988 80-18

3989 80-19
3990 80-20
3991 80-21
3992 80-22
3993 80-23
3994 80-24
3995 80-25
3996 80-26
3998 80-27
3999 80-28
4000 80-29
4001 80-30
4002 80-31
4003 80-32
4004 80-33
4005 80-34
4006 80-35
4007 80-36
4008 80-37
4009 80-38
4010 80-39
4011 ..... L.M. 80-33
4012 80-40
4013 80-41
4014 80-42
4015 80-43
4016 80-44
4017 80-45
4017(1) 80-46
4017(2) 80-47
4017(3) 80-48
4017(4) 80-49
4017(5) 80-50
4017(6) 80-51
4017(7) 80-52
4017(8) 80-53
4017(9) 80-54
4017(10) 80-55
4017(11) 80-56
4018 36-1
4018(a) 36-2
4018(b) 36-3
4018(c) 36-4
4019 36-5
4020 36-6
4021 36-7
4022 36-8
4023 36-9
4024 36-10
4025 36-11
4026 36-12
4027 36-13
4028 36-14
4029 36-15
4030 36-16
4031 36-17
4032 36-18
4033 36-19
4034 36-20
4035(a) 36-21
4035(b) 36-22
4035(c) 36-23
4035(d) 36-24
4035(e) 36-25
4035(f) 36-26
4035(g) 36-27
4035(h) 36-28
4035(i) 36-29
4035(j) 36-30
4035(k) 36-31
4035(l) 36-32
4035(m) 36-33
4035(n) 36-34
4035(o) 36-35
4035(p) 36-36
4035(q) 36-37
4035(r) 36-38
4035(s) 36-29
4035(t) 36-40
4035(u) 36-41
4035(v) 36-42
4035(w) 36-43
4035(x) 36-44
4035(y) 36-45
4035(z) 36-46
4035(aa) 36-47
4035(bb) 36-48
4035(cc) 36-49
4035(dd) 36-50
4035(ee) 36-51
4035(ff) 36-52
4035(1) 37-1
4035(2) 37-2
4035(3) 37-3
4035(4) 37-4
4035(5) 37-5
4035(6) 37-6
4035(7) 37-7
4035(8) 37-8
4035(9) 37-9
4035(10) 37-10
4035(11) 37-11
4035(12) 37-12
4035(13) 37-13
4035(14) 37-14
4035(15) 37-15
4036 27-1
4037 27-2
4038 27-3
4039 27-4
4041 27-5
4042 27-6
4043 27-7
4044 27-8
4045 27-9
4046 27-10
4047 27-11
4048 27-12
4049 27-13
4050 27-14
4051 27-15
4052 27-16
4053 27-17
4054 27-18

4055 27-19
4056 27-20
4057 27-21
4058 27-22
4059 27-23
4060 27-24
4061 27-25
4062 27-26
4063 27-27
4064 27-28
4065 27-29
4066 27-30
4067 27-31
4068 27-32
4069 27-33
4070 27-34
4071 27-35
4072 27-36
4073 27-37
4074 27-38
4075 27-39
4076 27-40
4077 27-41
4078 27-42
4079 27-43
4080 27-44
4081 27-45
4082 27-46
4083 27-47
4084 27-48
4085 27-49
4086 27-50
4087 27-51
4088 27-52
4089 27-53
4090 27-54
4091 27-55
4092 27-56
4093 27-57
4094 27-58
4095 27-59
4096 30-1
4097 30-2
4098 30-3
4099 30-4
4100 30-5
4101 30-6
4102 30-7
4103 30-8
4103(a) 30-9
4103(b) 30-10
4104 30-11
4105 30-12
4106 30-13
4107 30-14
4108 30-15
4111 30-17
4112 30-18
4113 30-16
4114 30-19
4115 30-16
4115 30-20
4116 30-21
4117 30-23
4118 30-24
4119 30-25
4120 30-26
4121 30-27
4122 30-28
4123 30-29
4124 30-30
4125 30-31
4126 30-32
4127 30-33
4128 31-1
4129 31-2
4131 31-3
4132 31-4
4133 31-5
4134 31-6
4135 31-7
4136 31-8
4137 31-9
4138 31-10
4138(a) 31-11
4139 31-12
4140 31-13
4140(a) 31-14
4141 31-15
4142 31-16
4143 31-17
4144 31-18
4145 31-19
4146 31-20
4146(a) 31-21
4147 31-22
4148 31-23
4149 31-24
4150 31-25
4151 31-26
4152 31-27
4153 31-28
4154 ..... L.M. 31-18
4155 31-29
4156 ..... L.M. 31-18
4157 ..... L.M. 31-18
4157(a) 31-30
4157(b) 31-31
4158 31-32
4159 31-33
4159(a) 31-34
4160 31-35
4161 31-36
4161(a) 31-37
4162 31-38
4163 31-39
4164 31-40
4165 31-41
4166 31-42
4167 31-43
4168 31-44
4169 31-45
4170 28-24
4171 14-1

4172 14-2
4173 14-3
4174 14-4
4175 14-5
4176 14-6
4177 14-7
4178 14-8
4179 14-9
4180 14-10
4180(1) 14-11
4180(2) 14-12
4181 14-13
4182 14-14
4183 14-15
4184 14-16
4185(a) 163-201
4188 163-202
4191 163-203
4194 163-204
4199 163-206
4200 14-17
4201 14-18
4202 14-19
4203 14-20
4204 14-21
4205 14-22
4206 14-23
4207 14-24
4208 14-25
4209 14-26
4209(a) 14-27
4210 14-28
4211 14-29
4212 14-30
4213 14-31
4214 14-32
4215 14-33
4216 14-34
4217 14-35
4218 14-36
4219 14-37
4220 14-38
4221(a) 14-39
4222 14-40
4223 14-41
4224 14-42
4225 14-43
4226 14-44
4227 14-45
4228 14-46
4229 14-47
4230 14-48
4231 54-44
4231(a) 14-49
4231(b) 14-50
4232 14-51
4233 14-52
4234 14-53
4235 14-54
4236 14-55
4237 14-56
4237(a) 14-57
4238 14-58
4239 14-59
4240 14-60
4241 14-61
4242 14-62
4243 14-63
4244 14-64
4245 14-65
4245(a) 14-66
4246 14-67
4247 14-68
4248 14-69
4249 14-70
4250 14-71
4251 14-72
4252 14-73
4253 14-74
4254 14-75
4255 14-76
4256 14-77
4257 14-78
4258 14-79
4259 14-80
4260 14-81
4261 14-82
4263 14-84
4264 14-85
4265(a) 14-86
4266 14-88
4267 14-89
4267(a) 14-87
4268 14-90
4269 14-91
4270 14-92
4271 14-93
4272 14-94
4273 14-95
4274 14-96
4274(a) 14-97
4275 14-98
4276 14-99
4277 14-100
4278 14-101
4279 14-102
4280 14-103
4281 14-104
4282 14-105
4283 14-106
4283(a) 14-107
4283(b) 14-108
4283(c) 14-109
4284 14-110
4284(a) 14-111
4285 14-112
4286 14-113
4287 14-114
4288 14-115
4289 14-116
4290 14-117
4291 14-118
4293 14-119
4294 14-120

4295 14-121
4296 14-122
4297 14-123
4298 14-124
4299 14-125
4300 14-126
4301 14-127
4301(a) 14-128
4301(b) 14-129
4302 14-130
4302(1) 14-131
4303 14-132
4304 14-133
4305 14-134
4306 14-135
4307 ..... L.M. 14-135
4308 ..... L.M. 14-135
4309 14-136
4310 14-137
4311 14-138
4311(a) 14-139
4312 14-140
4313 14-141
4315 14-142
4316 14-143
4317 14-144
4317(a) 14-145
4318 14-146
4319 14-147
4320 14-148
4321 14-149
4322 14-150
4323 14-151
4324 14-152
4325 14-153
4326 14-154
4327 14-155
4328 14-156
4329 14-157
4330 14-158
4330(b) 14-159
4331 14-160
4332 14-161
4333 14-162
4334 14-163
4335 14-164
4335(a) 14-165
4335(b) 14-166
4335(c) 14-167
4335(d) 14-168
4335(e) 14-169
4335(f) 14-170
4335(g) 14-171
4335(h) 14-172
4335(i) 14-173
4335(j) 14-174
4335(k) 14-175
4335(l) 14-176
4336 14-177
4337 14-178
4338 14-179
4339 14-180
4340 14-181
4341 14-182
4342 14-183
4343 14-184
4344 14-185
4345 14-186
4346 14-187
4347 14-188
4348 14-189
4348(a) 14-190
4348(b) 14-191
4349 14-192
4349(a) 14-193
4349(b) 14-194
4350 14-195
4351 14-196
4352 14-197
4353 14-198
4354 14-199
4355 14-200
4356 14-201
4356(a) 14-202
4357 14-203
4358 14-204
4359 14-205
4360 14-206
4361 14-207
4362 14-208
4364 14-209
4365 14-210
4366 14-211
4367 14-212
4368 14-213
4369 14-214
4370 14-215
4371 14-216
4372 14-217
4373 14-218
4374 14-219
4375 14-220
4376 14-221
4377 14-222
4378 14-223
4379 14-224
4380 14-226
4381 14-227
4381(a) 14-225
4382 14-228
4383 14-229
4384 14-230
4385 ..... 14-23 1
4386 14-232
4387 14-233
4388 14-234
4389 14-235
4390 14-236
4391 14-237
4391(1) 14-238
4393 14-239
4394 14-240
4395 14-241
4396 14-242

4397 14-243
4398 14-244
4398(a) 14-245
4399 14-246
4399(a) 14-247
4399(b) 14-248
4399(c) 14-249
4399(d) 14-250
4399(e) 14-251
4399(f) 14-252
4400 14-253
4401 14-254
4402 53-130
4403 14-255
4404 14-256
4405 14-257
4406 14-258
4406(a) 14-259
4407 14-260
4408 14-261
4409 14-262
4409(a) 14-263
4409(b) 14-264
4409(c) 14-265
4409(1) 14-266
4409(2) 14-267
4409(3) 14-268
4410 14-269
4411 14-270
4412 14-271
4413 14-272
4414 14-273
4414(a) 14-274
4415 14-275
4416 14-276
4416(a) 14-277
4417 14-278
4418 14-279
4419 14-280
4420 14-281
4421 14-282
4422 68-5
4423 14-283
4425 14-284
4426 14-285
4426(a) 14-286
4426(c) 14-287
4426(d) 14-288
4427 14-289
4428 14-290
4429 14-291
4430 14-292
4431 14-293
4432 14-294
4433 14-295
4433(a) 14-296
4434 14-297
4435 14-298
4436 14-299
4437 14-300
4437(a) 14-301
4437(b) 14-302
4437(c) 14-303
4437(r) 14-304
4437(s) 14-305
4437(t) 14-306
4437(u) 14-307
4437(v) 14-308
4437(w) 14-309
4437(1) 14-310
4437(2) 14-311
4437(3) 14-312
4438 14-313
4439 14-314
4440 14-315
4441 14-316
4442 14-317
4443 14-318
4444 14-319
4445 14-320
4446 ..... 14-32 1
4447 14-322
4448 14-323
4449 14-324
4450 14-325
4450(a) 14-326
4451 14-327
4452 14-328
4453 14-329
4454 14-330
4455 14-331
4456 14-332
4457 14-333
4457(a) 14-334
4458 14-335
4459 14-336
4460 14-337
4461 14-338
4462 14-339
4463 14-340
4464 14-341
4465 14-342
4466 14-343
4466(a) 14-344
4467 14-345
4468(a) 14-346
4469 14-347
4470 14-348
4471 14-349
4472 14-350
4473 14-351
4474 14-352
4475 14-353
4476 14-354
4477 14-355
4478 14-356
4479 14-357
4480 14-358
4481 14-359
4483 14-360
4484 14-361
4485 14-362
4486 14-363
4487 14-364

4489 106-404
4490 106-311
4491 106-312
4493 14-365
4494 14-366
4495 14-367
4496 14-368
4496(1) 14-369
4497 14-370
4498 14-371
4499 14-372
4499(a) 14-373
4499(b) 14-374
4499(c) 14-375
4499(d) 14-376
4499(e) 14-377
4499(f) 14-379
4499(g) 14-380
4500 14-381
4501 14-382
4502 14-383
4503 14-384
4504 14-385
4505 14-386
4506 14-387
4507 14-389
4508 14-390
4509 14-391
4510 14-392
4510(a) 14-393
4511(a) 14-394
4511(b) 14-395
4511(d) 14-396
4511(e) 14-397
4511(f) 14-398
4511(g) 14-399
4511(h) 14-400
4511(i) 14-401
4512 15-1
4513 15-2
4514 15-3
4515 15-4
4516 15-5
4517 15-6
4518 15-7
4519 15-8
4520 15-9
4521 15-10
4521(1) 15-11
4521(2) 15-12
4521(3) 15-13
4521(4) 15-14
4521(5) 15-15
4521(6) 15-16
4521(7) 15-17
4522 15-18
4523 15-19
4524 15-20
4525 15-21
4526 15-22
4527 15-23
4528 15-24
4529 15-25
4530 15-26
4530(1) 15-27
4531 15-28
4532 15-29
4533 15-30
4534 15-31
4535 15-32
4536 15-33
4537 15-34
4538 15-35
4539 15-36
4540 15-37
4541 15-38
4542 15-39
4543 15-40
4544 15-41
4544(1) 15-42
4545 15-43
4546 15-44
4547 15-45
4548 15-46
4548(a) 15-47
4549 15-48
4550 15-49
4551 15-50
4552 15-51
4553 15-52
4554 15-53
4555 15-54
4556(1) 15-55
4556(2) 15-56
4556(3) 15-57
4556(4) 15-58
4556(5) 15-59
4556(6) 15-60
4556(7) 15-61
4556(8) 15-62
4556(9) 15-63
4556(10) 15-64
4556(11) 15-65
4556(12) 15-66
4556(13) 15-67
4556(14) 15-68
4556(15) 15-69
4556(16) 15-70
4556(17) 15-71
4556(18) 15-72
4556(19) 15-73
4556(20) 15-74
4556(21) 15-75
4556(22) 15-76
4556(23) 15-77
4556(24) 15-78
4556(25) 15-79
4556(26) 15-80
4556(27) 15-81
4556(28) 15-82
4556(29) 15-83
4556(30) 15-84
4557 15-85
4558 15-86

4559 15-87
4560 15-88
4561 15-89
4562 15-90
4563 15-91
4564 15-92
4565 15-93
4566 15-94
4567 15-95
4568 15-96
4569 15-97
4570 15-98
4571 15-99
4572 15-100
4573 15-101
4574 15-102
4575 15-103
4576 15-104
4577 15-105
4578 15-106
4579 15-107
4580 15-108
4581 15-109
4582 15-110
4583 15-111
4584 15-112
4585 15-113
4586 15-114
4587 15-115
4588 15-116
4589 15-117
4590 15-118
4591 15-119
4592 15-120
4593 15-121
4594 15-122
4595 15-123
4596 15-124
4597 15-125
4598 15-126
4599 15-127
4600 15-128
4601 15-129
4602 15-130
4603 15-131
4604 15-132
4605 15-133
4606 15-134
4606(a) 15-135
4606(b) 15-136
4606(c) 14-378
4607 15-137
4608 15-138
4609 15-139
4610 15-140
4611 15-141
4612 15-142
4613 15-143
4614 15-144
4615 15-145
4616 15-146
4617 15-147
4618 15-148
4619 15-149
4620 15-150
4621 15-151
4622 15-152
4623 15-153
4624 15-154
4625 15-155
4626 15-156
4627 15-157
4628 15-158
4629 15-159
4630 15-160
4631 15-161
4632 15-162
4633 15-163
4634 15-164
4635 15-165
4636 15-166
4637 15-167
4638 15-168
4639 15-169
4640 15-170
4641 15-171
4642 15-172
4643 15-173
4644 15-174
4645 15-175
4646 15-176
4647 15-177
4648 15-178
4649 15-179
4650 15-180
4651 15-181
4652 15-182
4653 15-183
4654 15-184
4655 15-185
4656 15-186
4657 15-187
4658 15-188
4659 15-189
4660 15-190
4661 15-192
4662 15-193
4663 15-194
4664 15-195
4665 15-196
4665(1) 15-197
4665(2) 15-198
4665(3) 15-199
4665(4) 15-200
4665(5) 15-201
4665(6) 15-202
4665(7) 15-203
4665(8) 15-204
4665(9) 15-205
4665(10) 15-206
4665(11) 15-207
4665(12) 15-208
4665(13) 15-209
4666 106-1

4667 106-2
4668 106-3
4669 106-4
4670 106-5
4671 106-6
4672 106-7
4673 106-8
4674 106-9
4675 106-10
4676 106-12
4677 106-13
4677(a) 106-14
4682 106-15
4683 106-16
4683(a) 106-17
4684 106-19
4685 106-20
4686 106-21
4688 106-22
4689 106-23
4689(a) 106-24
4689(b) 106-25
4689(c) 106-26
4689(1) 106-27
4689(2) 106-28
4689(3) 106-29
4689(4) 106-30
4689(5) 106-31
4689(6) 106-32
4689(7) 106-33
4689(8) 106-34
4689(9) 106-35
4689(10) 106-36
4689(11) 106-37
4689(12) 106-38
4689(13) 106-39
4689(14) 106-40
4689(15) 106-41
4689(16) 106-42
4689(17) 106-43
4689(18) 106-44
4689(19) 106-45
4689(20) 106-46
4689(21) 106-47
4689(22) 106-48
4689(23) 106-49
4689(24) 106-50
4690(a) 106-51
4703(a) 106-52
4703(b) 106-53
4703(c) 106-54
4703(d) 106-55
4703(e) 106-56
4703(f) 106-57
4703(g) 106-58
4703(h) 106-59
4703(i) 106-60
4703(j) 106-61
4703(k) 106-62
4703(l) 106-63
4703(m) 106-64
4703(n) 106-65
4704 106-68
4705 106-69
4706 106-70
4707 ..... 106-7 1
4708 106-72
4709 106-73
4710 106-74
4711 106-75
4712 106-76
4713 106-77
4714 106-78
4715 106-79
4716 106-80
4723(1) 106-81
4723(2) 106-82
4723(3) 106-83
4723(4) 106-84
4723(5) 106-85
4723(6) 106-86
4723(7) 106-87
4723(8) 106-88
4723(9) 106-89
4723(10) 106-90
4723(11) 106-91
4723(12) 106-92
4724 106-93
4725 106-94
4726 106-95
4727 106-96
4728 106-97
4729 106-98
4730 106-99
4731 106-100
4732 106-101
4733 106-102
4734 106-103
4735 106-104
4736 106-105
4737 106-106
4738 106-107
4739 106-108
4740 106-109
4741 106-110
4741(a) 106-111
4742 106-112
4743 106-113
4744 106-114
4745 106-115
4746 106-116
4747 106-117
4748 106-118
4749 106-119
4768(1) 106-120
4768(2) 106-121
4768(3) 106-122
4768(4) 106-123
4768(5) 106-124
4768(6) 106-125
4768(7) 106-126
4768(8) 106-127
4768(9) 106-128
4768(10) 106-129

4768(11) 106-130
4768(12) 106-131
4768(13) 106-132
4768(14) 106-133
4768(15) 106-134
4768(16) 106-135
4768(17) 106-136
4768(18) 106-137
4768(19) 106-138
4768(20) 106-139
4768(21) 106-140
4768(22) 106-141
4768(23) 106-142
4768(24) 106-143
4768(25) 106-144
4768(26) 106-145
4768(27) 106-146
4768(28) 106-147
4768(29) 106-148
4768(30) 106-149
4768(31) 106-150
4768(32) 106-151
4768(33) 106-152
4768(34) 106-153
4768(35) 106-154
4768(36) 106-155
4768(37) 106-156
4768(38) 106-157
4768(39) 106-158
4768(a) 106-159
4768(b) 106-160
4768(c) 106-161
4768(d) 106-162
4768(e) 106-163
4768(f) 106-164
4768(g) 106-165
4768(h) 106-166
4768(i) 106-169
4768(j) 106-170
4768(k) 106-171
4768(l) 106-172
4768(m) 106-173
4780(1) 106-174
4780(2) 106-175
4780(3) 106-176
4780(4) 106-177
4780(5) 106-178
4780(6) 106-179
4780(7) 106-180
4780(8) 106-181
4780(9) 106-182
4780(10) 106-183
4780(11) 106-184
4781 106-185
4782 106-186
4783 106-187
4784 106-188
4785 106-189
4786 106-190
4787 106-191
4788 106-192
4789 106-193
4790 106-194
4791 106-195
4792 106-196
4793(a) 143-58
4793(b) 106-198
4793(c) 106-199
4793(d) 106-200
4793(e) 106-201
4793(f) 106-202
4794 106-203
4795 106-204
4796 106-205
4797 106-206
4798 106-207
4799 106-208
4800 106-209
4801 106-210
4802 106-211
4803 106-212
4804 106-213
4805 106-214
4806 106-215
4807 106-216
4808 106-217
4809 106-218
4810 106-219
4810(a) 106-233
4810(b) 106-234
4810(c) 106-235
4810(d) 106-236
4810(e) 106 237
4810(f) 106-238
4810(f1) 106-239
4810(k) 106-241
4810(l) 106-242
4810(m) 106-243
4810(n) 106-244
4810(o) 106-245
4810(p) 106-256
4810(q) 106-257
4810(r) 106-258
4810(s) 106-259
4810(t) 106-260
4810(u) 106-261
4810(v) 106-262
4810(w) 106-263
4810(x) 106-264
4810(y) 106-265
4810(z) 106-266
4831(a) 106-269
4831(b) 106-270
4831(c) 106-271
4831(d) 106-272
4831(e) 106-273
4831(f) 106-274
4831(f)1 106-275
4831(g) 106-276
4831(i) 106-277
4831(j) 106-278
4831(k) 106-279
4831(l) 106-280
4831(m) 106-281

4831(n) 106-282
4831(o) 106-283
4831(p) 106-284
4832 106-285
4833 106-286
4834 106-287
4835 106-288
4836 106-289
4837 106-290
4838 106-291
4839 106-292
4840 106-293
4841 106-294
4842 106-295
4843 106-296
4844 106-297
4845 106-298
4846 106-299
4847 106-300
4848 106-301
4849 106-302
4856 119-40
4870(a) 119-1
4870(b) 119-2
4870(c) 119-3
4870(d) 119-4
4870(e) 119-5
4870(f) 119-6
4870(g) 119-7
4870(h) 119-8
4870(i) 119-9
4870(j) 119-10
4870(k) 119-11
4870(l) 119-12
4870(m) 119-13
4870(o) 119-14
4870(p) 119-15
4870(q) 119-16
4870(r) 119-17
4870(s) 119-18
4870(t) 119-23
4870(u) 119-24
4870(v) 119-25
4870(w) 119-26
4870(y) 119-27
4870(z) 119-28
4870(aa) 119-29
4870(bb) 119-30
4870(cc) 119-31
4870(dd) 119-32
4870(ee) 119-33
4870(ff) 119-34
4870(gg) 119-35
4870(hh) 119-36
4870(ii) 119-37
4870(jj) 119-38
4870(kk) 119-39
4870(ll) 119-41
4870(mm) 119-42
4870(nn) 119-43
4870(oo) 119-44
4870(pp) 119-45
4870(qq) 119-46
4870(rr) 119-47
4871 106-304
4872 106-305
4873 106-306
4874 106-307
4875 106-308
4876 106-309
4877 106-310
4878 106-313
4879 106-314
4881 106-316
4882 106-323
4883 106-324
4884 106-325
4885 106-326
4886 106-327
4887 106-328
4888 106-329
4889 106-330
4890 106-331
4891 106-332
4892 106-333
4893 106-334
4894 106-335
4895(a) 106-336
4895(b) 106-337
4895(c) 106-338
4895(d) 106-339
4895(e) 106-340
4895(f) 106-341
4895(g) 106-342
4895(h) 106-343
4895(i) 106-344
4895(j) 106-345
4895(k) 106-346
4895(l) 106-347
4895(m) 106-348
4895(n) 106-349
4895(o) 106-350
4895(p) 106-351
4895(r) 106-352
4895(s) 106-353
4895(t) 106-354
4895(u) 106-355
4895(v) 106-356
4895(w) 106-357
4895(x) 106-358
4895(y) 106-350
4895(z) 106-360
4895(aa) 106-361
4895(bb) 106-362
4895(cc) 106-363
4895(1) 106-364
4895(2) 106-365
4895(3) 106-366
4895(4) 106-367
4895(5) 106-368
4895(6) 106-369
4895(7) 106-370
4895(8) 106-371
4895(9) 106-372

4895(10) 106-373
4895(11) 106-374
4895(12) 106-375
4895(13) 106-376
4895(14) 106-377
4895(15) 106-378
4895(16) 106-379
4895(17) 106-380
4895(18) 106-381
4895(19) 106-382
4895(20) 106-383
4895(21) 106-384
4895(23) 106-385
4895(24) 106-386
4895(25) 106-387
4895(26) 106-388
4895(27) 106-389
4895(28) 106-390
4895(29) 106-391
4895(30) 106-392
4895(31) 106-393
4895(32) 106-394
4895(33) 106-395
4895(34) 106-396
4895(35) 106-397
4895(36) 106-398
4895(37) 106-399
4895(38) 106-400
4895(39) 106-401
4895(40) 106-402
4895(41) 106-403
4895(42) 106-315
4895(43) 106-405
4895(44) . . . . . L.M. 106-405
4895(45) 106-317
4895(46) 106-318
4895(47) 106-319
4895(48) 106-320
4895(49) 106-321
4895(50) 106-322
4895(51) 106-406
4895(52) 106-407
4895(53) 106-408
4895(54) 106-409
4895(55) 106-410
4895(56) 106-411
4895(57) 106-412
4895(58) 106-413
4895(59) 106-414
4895(60) 106-415
4895(61) 106-416
4895(62) 106-417
4895(63) 106-418
4896 106-419
4897 106-420
4898 106-421
4899 106-422
4900 106-423
4901 106-424
4902 106-425
4903 106-426
4904 106-427
4905 106-428
4906 106-429
4925(a) 106-430
4925(a1) 106-431
4925(b) 106-432
4925(c) 106-433
4925(d) 106-434
4925(e) 106-435
4925(f) 106-436
4925(g) 106-437
4925(h) 106-438
4925(i) 106-439
4925(j) 106-440
4925(k) 106-441
4925(l) 106-442
4925(m) 106-443
4925(n) 106-444
4925(o) 106-445
4925(p) 106-446
4925(q) 106-447
4925(r) 106-448
4925(s) 106-450
4926 106-456
4927 106-457
4928 106-458
4929 106-459
4930 106-460
4930(a) 106-461
4930(b) 106-462
4930(c) 106-463
4930(d) 106-464
4930(e) . . . . . L.M. 106-462
4930(e) . . . . . L.M. 106-463
4930(e) . . . . . L.M. 106-464
4930(f) 106-465
4930(1) 106-471
4930(2) 106-472
4930(3) 106-473
4930(4) 106-474
4930(5) 106-475
4930(6) 106-476
4930(7) 106-477
4930(8) 106-478
4930(9) 106-479
4930(10) 106-480
4930(11) 106-481
4930(12) 106-482
4930(13) 106-483
4930(14) 106-484
4930(15) 106-485
4930(16) 106-486
4930(17) 106-487
4930(18) 106-488
4930(19) 106-489
4930(20) 106-496
4930(21) 106-497
4930(22) 106-498
4930(23) 106-499
4930(24) 106-500
4930(25) 106-501
4931 115-32
4932 115-33

4933 115-34
4934 115-35
4935 115-36
4941 106-505
4942 106-506
4944 106-507
4945 106-508
4946 106-509
4947 106-510
4948 106-511
4950 106-512
4951 106-513
4952 106-514
4953 106-515
4954 106-516
4955 106-517
4956 106-518
4957 106-519
4958 106-520
4958(1) 106-521
4958(2) 106-522
4958(3) 106-523
4958(4) 106-524
4958(5) 106-525
4958(6) 106-526
4958(7) 106-527
4958(8) 106-528
4958(9) 106-529
4958(10) 106-530
4958(11) 106-531
4958(12) 106-532
4958(13) 106-533
4958(14) 106-534
4958(15) 106-535
4958(16) 106-536
4958(17) 106-537
4958(18) 106-538
4958(19) ..... L.M. 106-535
4959 107-1
4960 107-2
4961 107-3
4962 107-4
4963 107-5
4964 107-6
4965 107-7
4966 107-8
4967 107-9
4968 107-10
4969 107-11
4970 107-12
4971 107-13
4972 107-14
4973 107-15
4974 107-16
4975 107-17
4976 107-18
4977 107-19
4978 107-20
4979 107-21
4980 107-22
4981 107-23
4982 107-24
4983 107-25
4985 83-1
4986 83-2
4987 83-3
4988 83-4
4989 83-5
4990 83-6
4991 83-7
4992 83-8
4993 83-9
4993 83-15
4994 83-10
4995 83-11
4996 83-12
4997 83-13
4998 83-14
4998(1) 85-10
4998(2) 85-11
4998(3) 85-12
4998(4) 85-13
4998(5) 85-14
4998(6) 85-15
4998(7) 85-16
4998(8) 85-17
4998(9) 85-18
4998(10) 85-19
4998(11) 85-20
4998(12) 85-21
4998(13) 85-22
4998(14) 85-23
4998(15) 85-24
4998(16) 85-25
4998(17) 85-26
4999 85-1
5000 85-2
5000(a) 85-3
5000(b) 85-4
5000(c) 85-5
5001 85-6
5002 85-7
5003 85-8
5003¼ 85-9
5003(1) 90-217
5003(a) 86-1
5003(b) 86-2
5003(c) 86-3
5003(d) 86-4
5003(e) 86-5
5003(f) 86-6
5003(g) 86-7
5003(h) 86-8
5003(i) 86-9
5003(j) 86-10
5003(k) 86-11
5003(l) 86-12
5003(m) 86-13
5003(n) 86-15
5003(o) 86-16
5003(p) 86-17
5003(q) 86-18
5003(r) 86-19
5003(s) 86-20

5003(t) 86-21
5003(u) 86-22
5003(v) 86-23
5003(z) 86-24
5004 108-1
5005 108-2
5006 108-3
5007 108-4
5008 108-5
5009 108-6
5010 108-7
5011 108-8
5012 108-9
5013 108-10
5014 108-11
5015 108-12
5016 108-13
5017 108-14
5018(1) 108-15
5018(2) 108-16
5018(3) 108-18
5018(4) 108-19
5018(5) 108-20
5018(6) 108-21
5018(7) 108-22
5018(8) 108-23
5018(9) 108-24
5018(10) 108-25
5018(11) 108-26
5018(12) 108-27
5018(13) 108-28
5018(14) 108-29
5018(15) 108-30
5018(16) 108-31
5018(17) 108-32
5018(18) 108-33
5018(19) 108-34
5018(20) 108-35
5018(21) 108-36
5018(22) 108-37
5018(23) 108-38
5018(24) 108-39
5018(25) 108-40
5018(26) 108-41
5018(27) 108-42
5018(28) 108-43
5018(29) 108-17
5018(30) 108-45
5018(31) 108-46
5018(32) 108-47
5018(33) 108-48
5018(34) 108-49
5018(35) 108-50
5018(36) 108-51
5018(37) 108-52
5018(38) 108-53
5018(39) 108-54
5018(40) 108-55
5018(41) 108-56
5018(42) 108-57
5018(43) 108-58
5018(44) 108-59
5018(45) 108-60
5018(46) 108-61
5018(47) 108-62
5018(48) 108-63
5018(49) 108-64
5018(50) 108-65
5018(51) 108-66
5018(52) 108-67
5018(53) 108-68
5018(54) 108-69
5018(55) 108-70
5018(56) 108-71
5018(57) 108-72
5018(58) 108-44
5018(59) 108-73
5018(60) 108-74
5018(61) 108-75
5018(62) 108-76
5018(63) 108-77
5018(64) 108-78
5018(65) 108-79
5018(66) 108-80
5018(67) 108-81
5018(68) 108-82
5018(69) 108-83
5018(70) 108-84
5018(71) 108-85
5018(72) 108-86
5018(73) 108-87
5018(74) 108-88
5018(75) 108-89
5018(76) 108-90
5019 65-1
5020 65-2
5021 65-3
5021(a) 65-4
5022 65-5
5023 65-6
5024 65-7
5025 65-8
5026 65-9
5027 65-10
5028 65-11
5029 65-12
5030 65-13
5030(a) 65-14
5030(a)1 65-15
5030(b) 65-16
5030(c) 65-17
5038(1) 110-1
5038(2) 110-2
5038(3) 110-3
5038(4) 110-4
5038(5) 110-5
5038(6) 110-6
5038(7) 110-7
5038(8) 110-8
5038(9) 110-9
5038(10) 110-10
5038(11) 110-11
5038(12) 110-12
5038(13) 110-13

5038(14) 110-14
5038(15) 110-15
5038(16) 110-16
5038(17) 110-17
5038(18) 110-18
5038(19) 110-19
5038(20) 110-20
5039 110-21
5040 110-22
5041 110-23
5042 110-24
5043 110-25
5044 110-26
5045 110-27
5046 110-28
5047 110-29
5048 110-30
5049 110-31
5050 110-32
5051 110-33
5052 110-34
5053 110-35
5054 110-36
5055 110-37
5056 110-38
5057 110-39
5058 110-40
5059 110-41
5060 110-42
5061 110-43
5062 110-44
5063 110-45
5064 110-46
5065 110-47
5066 110-48
5067 110-49
5067(i) 110-50
5067(j) 110-51
5067(k) 110-52
5067(l) 110-53
5067(n) 110-49
5067(o) 110-55
5067(p) 110-56
5068 66-1
5069 66-2
5071 66-3
5072 66-4
5073 66-5
5074 66-6
5075 66-7
5081 66-8
5082 66-9
5083 106-66
5084 106-67
5085 81-50
5087 106-197
5089 106-303
5090 66-10
5091 66-11
5098 106-168
5099 106-167
5099(a) 106-451
5099(b) 106-451
5105(1) 106-490
5105(2) 106-491
5105(3) 106-492
5105(4) 106-493
5105(5) 106-494
5105(6) 106-495
5106 14-402
5107 14-403
5108 14-404
5109 14-405
5110 14-406
5111 14-407
5112 14-408
5112(a) 14-409
5113 66-12
5114 66-13
5115 66-14
5116 66-15
5117 66-16
5117(1) 66-17
5117(2) 66-18
5117(3) 66-19
5117(4) 66-20
5117(5) 66-21
5117(6) 66-22
5117(7) 66-30
5117(8) 66-31
5117(9) 66-32
5117(10) 66-33
5117(11) 66-34
5118 66-35
5119 66-36
5120 66-37
5121 66-38
5122 66-39
5123 66-40
5124 106-452
5125 106-453
5126 106-454
5126(a) 106-455
5126(a)1 106-466
5126(a)2 106-467
5126(a)3 106-468
5126(a)4 106-469
5126(a)5 106-470
5126(b) 66-41
5126(c) 66-42
5126(d) 66-43
5126(e) 66-44
5126(f) 66-45
5126(g) 66-46
5126(h) 66-47
5126(i) 66-48
5126(j) 6-49
5126(k) 66-51
5126(l) 66-52
5126(m) 66-53
5126(n) 66-54
5126(o) 66-55
5126(p) 66-56
5126(q) 66-57

5126(r) 66-50
5126(s) 66-28
5126(t) 66-29
5126(u) 66-58
5126(1) 111-1
5126(1)a 111-3
5126(2) 111-2
5126(3) 111-4
5126(4) 111-5
5126(5) 111-6
5126(6) 111-7
5126(7) 111-8
5126(8) 111-9
5126(9) 111-10
5126(10) 111-11
5126(11) 111-12
5126(13) 111-13
5126(14) 111-14
5126(15) 111-15
5126(16) 111-16
5126(17) 111-17
5126(18) 111-18
5126(19) 111-19
5126(20) 111-20
5126(21) 111-21
5126(22) 111-22
5126(23) 111-23
5126(24) 111-24
5126(25) 111-25
5126(26) 111-26
5126(27) 111-27
5126(28) 111-28
5134 112-1
5135 112-2
5136 112-3
5137 112-4
5138 112-5
5139 112-6
5147 112-14
5168(a) 112-7
5168(b) 112-8
5168(c) 112-9
5168(d) 112-10
5168(e) 112-12
5168(f) 112-13
5168(g) 112-15
5168(h) 112-16
5168(i) 112-17
5168(j) 112-18
5168(j1) 112-19
5168(k) 112-20
5168(k1) 112-21
5168(l) 112-22
5168(m) 112-23
5168(n) 112-24
5168(o) 112-25
5168(p) 112-26
5168(q) 112-27
5168(r) 112-28
5168(u) 112-29
5168(v) 112-30
5168(w) 112-31
5168(x) 112-32
5168(y) 112-33
5168(y1) 112-34
5168(z) 112-35
5168(aa) 105-344
5168(bb) 112-36
5168(bb)1 112-37
5168(cc) 87-1
5168(dd) 87-2
5168(ee) 87-3
5168(ff) 87-4
5168(gg) 87-5
5168(hh) 87-6
5168(ii) 87-7
5168(jj) 87-8
5168(jj1) 87-9
5168(kk) 87-10
5168(ll) 87-11
5168(mm) 87-12
5168(nn) 87-13
5168(oo) 87-14
5168(pp) 87-15
5168(rr) 87-16
5168(ss) 87-17
5168(tt) 87-18
5168(uu) 87-19
5168(vv) 87-20
5168(ww) 87-21
5168(xx) 87-22
5168(yy) 87-23
5168(zz) 87-24
5168(aaa) 87-25
5168(ccc) 87-26
5168(ddd) 87-27
5168(eee) 87-28
5168(fff) 87-29
5168(ggg) 87-30
5168(hhh) 87-31
5168(iii) 87-32
5168(jjj) 87-33
5168(kkk) 87-34
5168(lll) 87-35
5168(mmm) 87-36
5168(nnn) 87-37
5168(ooo) 87-38
5168(ppp) 87-39
5168(qqq) 87-40
5168(rrr) 87-41
5168(sss) 87-42
5168(ttt) 87-43
5168(uuu) 87-44
5168(vvv) 87-45
5168(www) 87-46
5168(xxx) 87-47
5168(yyy) 87-48
5168(zzz) 87-49
5168(aaaa) 87-50
5168(bbbb) 87-51
5169 54-1
5170 54-2
5171 54-3
5172 54-5

5173 54-6
5174 54-7
5175 54-8
5175(a) 54-9
5175(b) 54-10
5175(c) 54-11
5175(d) 54-12
5176 54-13
5177 54-14
5178 54-15
5179 54-16
5180 54-17
5181 54-18
5182 54-19
5182(a) 54-20
5182(b) 54-21
5183 54-22
5184 54-23
5185 54-24
5186 54-25
5187 54-26
5188 54-27
5189 54-28
5190 54-29
5191 54-30
5192 54-31
5193 54-32
5193(a) 54-33
5194 54-34
5195 54-35
5196 54-36
5197 54-37
5198 54-38
5199 54-39
5200 54-40
5203 54-41
5203(a) 54-42
5203(b) 54-43
5204 54-45
5205 54-46
5206 54-47
5207 54-48
5207(a) 54-49
5207(b) 54-50
5207(c) 54-51
5207(d) 54-52
5207(e) 54-53
5207(f) 54-54
5207(g) 54-55
5207(h) 54-56
5207(i) 54-57
5207(j) 54-58
5207(k) 54-59
5207(l) 54-60
5207(m) 54-61
5207(n) 54-62
5207(o) 54-63
5207(p) 54-64
5207(q) 54-65
5207(r) 54-66
5207(s) 54-67
5207(t) 54-68
5207(u) 54-69
5207(v) 54-70
5207(w) 54-71
5207(x) 54-72
5207(y) 54-73
5208 54-74
5209 54-75
5209(b) 54-110
5210 54-76
5211 54-77
5212 54-78
5213 54-79
5214 54-80
5215 54-81
5216 54-82
5217 54-83
5218 54-84
5218(a) 54-85
5219 54-86
5220 54-87
5221 54-88
5221(a) 54-89
5222 54-90
5223 54-91
5224 54-92
5225 54-93
5226 54-94
5227 54-95
5228 54-96
5229 54-97
5230 54-98
5231 54-99
5232 54-100
5233 54-101
5234 54-102
5235 54-103
5236 54-104
5237 54-105
5238 54-106
5239 54-107
5240 54-108
5241 54-109
5242 54-111
5243 54-112
5244 54-113
5245 54-114
5246 54-115
5247 54-116
5248 54-117
5249 54-118
5250 54-119
5251 54-120
5252 54-121
5253 54-122
5254 54-123
5255 54-124
5256 54-125
5257 54-126
5258 54-127
5259 54-128
5259(a) 54-129
5259(b) 54-130

5259(c) 54-131
5259(d) 54-132
5259(e) 54-133
5259(f) 54-134
5259(g) 54-135
5259(h) 54-136
5259(i) 54-137
5259(j) 54-138
5259(k) 54-139
5259(l) 54-140
5259(m) 54-141
5259(o) 54-142
5259(p) 54-143
5259(q) 54-144
5259(r) 54-145
5259(s) 54-146
5259(t) 54-147
5259(u) 54-148
5259(v) 54-149
5259(w) 54-150
5259(x) 54-151
5259(y) 54-152
5259(z) 54-153
5259(aa) 54-154
5259(bb) 54-155
5259(cc) 54-156
5259(dd) 54-157
5259(ee) 54-158
5259(1) 88-1
5259(2) 88-2
5259(3) 88-3
5259(4) 88-4
5259(5) 88-5
5259(6) 88-6
5259(7) 88-7
5259(8) 88-8
5259(9) 88-9
5259(10) 88-10
5259(11) 88-11
5259(12) 88-12
5259(13) 88-13
5259(14) 88-14
5259(15) 88-15
5259(16) 88-16
5259(17) 88-17
5259(18) 88-18
5259(19) 88-19
5259(20) 88-20
5259(21) 88-21
5259(22) 88-22
5259(23) 88-23
5259(24) 88-24
5259(25) 88-25
5259(26) 88-26
5259(27) 88-27
5259(28) 88-28
5259(29) 88-29
5260 156-1
5261 156-2
5262 156-3
5263 156-4
5264 156-5
5265 156-6
5266 156-7
5267 156-8
5268 156-9
5269 156-10
5270 156-11
5271 156-12
5272 156-13
5273 156-14
5274 156-15
5275 156-16
5276 156-17
5277 156-18
5278 156-19
5279 156-20
5280 156-21
5280(a) 156-22
5281 156-23
5282 156-24
5283 156-25
5284 156-26
5285 156-27
5286 156-28
5287 156-29
5288 156-30
5289 156-31
5290 156-32
5291 156-33
5292 156-34
5293 156-35
5294 156-36
5295 156-37
5296 156-38
5297 156-39
5298 156-40
5299 156-41
5300 156-42
5301 156-43
5302 156-44
5303 156-45
5304 156-46
5305 156-47
5306 156-48
5307 156-49
5308 156-50
5309 156-51
5310 156-52
5311 156-53
5312 156-54
5313 156-55
5314 156-56
5315 156-57
5316 156-58
5317 156-59
5318 156-60
5319 156-61
5320 156-62
5321 156-63
5322 156-64
5323 156-65
5324 156-66
5325 156-67

5326 156-68
5327 156-69
5328 156-70
5329 156-71
5330 156-72
5331 156-73
5332 156-74
5333 156-75
5334 156-76
5335 156-77
5336 156-78
5336(a) ..... L.M. 156-56
5337 156-79
5338 156-80
5339 156-81
5339(a) 156-82
5340 156-83
5341 156-84
5342 156-85
5343 156-86
5344 156-87
5345 156-88
5346 156-89
5347 156-90
5348 156-91
5349 156-92
5350 156-93
5351 156-94
5352 156-95
5353 156-96
5354 156-97
5355 156-98
5356 156-99
5357 156-100
5358 156-101
5359 156-102
5360 156-103
5360(a) 156-104
5361 156-105
5362 156-106
5363 156-107
5364 156-108
5365 156-109
5366 156-110
5367 156-111
5368 156-112
5369 156-113
5370 156-114
5371 156-115
5372 156-116
5373 156-117
5373(a) 156-118
5373(b) 156-119
5373(c) 156-120
5373(d) 156-121
5373(e) 156-122
5373(f) 156-123
5373(g) 156-124
5373(1) 156-125
5373(2) 156-126
5373(3) 156-127
5373(4) 156-128
5373(5) 156-129
5374 156-130
5375 156-131
5376 156-132
5377 156-133
5378 156-134
5379 156-135
5380 156-136
5381 156-137
5382 156-138
5383 115-1
5384 115-2
5385 115-3
5386 115-4
5387 115-9
5388 115-10
5389 115-11
5390 115-12
5391 115-13
5392 115-14
5393 115-15
5393(1) 115-5
5393(2) 115-6
5393(3) 115-7
5394(a) 115-17
5394(b) 115-18
5395 115-19
5396 115-20
5397 115-21
5398 115-22
5399 115-23
5400 115-24
5401 115-25
5402 115-26
5403 115-28
5404 115-29
5405 115-30
5406 115-31
5410 115-37
5412 115-38
5413 115-39
5414 115-40
5415 115-41
5416 115-42
5417 115-43
5418 115-44
5419 115-45
5420 115-46
5421 115-47
5422 115-48
5423 115-49
5424 115-50
5425 115-51
5426 115-52
5427 115-53
5428 115-54
5429 115-55
5430 115-56
5432 115-57
5433 115-58
5434 115-59
5435 115-60

5437 115-61
5440 115-62
5440(a) 115-63
5441 115-64
5442 115-64
5443 115-65
5445 115-66
5446 115-67
5448 115-68
5451(a) 115-69
5452 115-353
5453 115-70
5454 115-71
5455 115-72
5456 115-73
5458 115-74
5459 115-75
5460 115-76
5461 115-77
5462 115-78
5463 115-79
5464 115-80
5465 115-81
5466 115-82
5467 115-83
5468 115-84
5469 115-85
5470(a) 115-86
5470(b) 115-86
5471 115-87
5472 115-88
5473 115-90
5474 115-91
5475 115-92
5476 115-93
5477 115-94
5478 115-95
5480 115-97
5482 115-98
5483 115-99
5486 115-100
5490 115-101
5494 115-102
5495 115-103
5496 115-104
5497 115-105
5500 115-106
5501 115-107
5502 115-108
5503 115-109
5504 115-110
5506 115-111
5507 115-112
5509 115-113
5510 115-114
5511 115-115
5512 115-116
5513 115-117
5515 115-118
5516 115-119
5517 115-120
5518 115-121
5519 115-122
5520 115-123
5521 115-124
5522 115-125
5523 115-126
5524 115-127
5525 115-128
5528 115-130
5529 115-131
5531 115-132
5532 115-133
5533 115-134
5537 115-135
5538 115-136
5540 115-137
5541 115-138
5544 115-96
5545 115-139
5550 115-164
5554 115-89
5556 115-140
5557 115-141
5558 115-142
5560 115-143
5562 115-144
5563 115-145
5564 115-146
5565 115-147
5568 115-148
5569 115-149
5570 115-150
5571 115-151
5572 115-152
5574 115-153
5582 115-154
5583 115-155
5584 ..... 14-401.1
5584(a) 115-156
5596 115-157
5599 115-157
5600 115-158
5606 115-159
5608 115-160
5609 115-161
5612 115-162
5613 115-163
5614 115-165
5615 115-166
5616 115-167
5618 115-168
5620 115-169
5621 115-170
5622 115-171
5623 115-172
5624 115-173
5625 115-174
5626 115-175
5627 115-176
5628 115-177
5629 115-178
5630 115-179
5631 115-180

5632 115-181
5633 115-182
5634 115-183
5635 115-184
5639 115-186
5640 115-187
5641 115-188
5642 115-189
5643 115-190
5645 115-191
5646 115-192
5647 115-193
5648 115-194
5649 115-195
5650 115-196
5651 115-197
5652 115-198
5655 115-200
5656 115-201
5657 115-202
5658 115-203
5659 115-204
5660 115-205
5661 115-213
5662 115-214
5663 115-207
5664 115-208
5565 115-209
5566 115-210
5567 115-211
5568 115-212
5682(1) 115-215
5682(2) 115-216
5682(3) 115-217
5682(4) 115-218
5682(5) 115-219
5683 115-220
5684 115-221
5685 115-222
5686 115-223
5687 115-224
5688-5694(h) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
5694(i) 115-226
5694(j) 115-227
5694(k) 115-228
5694(l) 115-229
5694(m) 115-230
5694(n) 115-231
5694(o) 115-232
5694(p) 115-233
5694(q) 115-234
5694(r) 115-235
5694(s) 115-236
5694(s1) 115-237
5694(t) 115-238
5694(u) 115-239
5694(v) 115-240
5694(w) ..... L.M. 115-240
5695 115-241
5696 115-242
5697 115-243
5698 115-244
5699 115-245
5700 115-246
5701 115-247
5702 115-248
5724(1) 115-254
5724(2) 115-255
5724(3) 115-256
5724(4) 115-257
5725 115-249
5726 115-250
5727 115-251
5728 115-252
5729 115-253
5730 115-258
5731 115-259
5732 115-260
5733 115-261
5734 115-262
5735 115-263
5736 115-264
5737 115-265
5738 115-266
5739 115-267
5740 115-268
5741 115-269
5742(a) 115-270
5742(b) 115-271
5749(a) 115-272
5749(b) 115-273
5749(c) 115-274
5749(d) 115-275
5749(e) 115-276
5749(f) 115-277
5749(g) 115-278
5750 115-279
5751 115-280
5752 115-281
5753 115-282
5754 115-283
5754(a) 115-284
5754(b) 115-285
5754(c) 115-286
5755(d) 115-287
5754(e) 115-288
5754(f) 115-289
5754(g) 115-290
5754(h) 115-291
5754(2) 115-294
5754(3) 115-295
5754(4) 115-296
5754(5) 115-297
5754(7) 115-292
5754(8) 115-293
5754(9) 115-298
5754(10) 115-299
5754(13)-(16) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
5755 115-300
5756 115-301
5757 115-302
5758 115-303
5759 115-304
5760 115-305

5761 115-306
5762 115-307
5763 115-308
5764 115-309
5765 115-310
5766 115-311
5767 115-312
5775 116-102
5775(a) 116-103
5775(b) 116-81
5776 115-313
5777 115-314
5778 115-315
5779 115-316
5780 115-317
5780(a) 115-318
5780(b) 115-319
5780(c) 115-320
5780(d) 115-321
5780(e) 115-322
5780(f) 115-323
5780(g) 115-324
5780(m1) 115-325
5780(m2) 115-326
5780(m3) 115-327
5780(m4) 115-328
5780(m5) 115-329
5780(m6) 115-330
5780(m7) 115-331
5780(m8) 115-332
5780(m9) 115-333
5780(m10) 115-334
5780(n) 115-335
5780(o) 115-336
5780(p) 115-337
5780(q) 115-338
5780(r) 115-339
5780(78) 115-340
5780(79) 115-341
5780(80) 115-342
5780(81) 115-343
5780(82) 115-344
5780(83) 115-345
5780(83a) 115-346
5780(122) 115-347
5780(123) 115-348
5780(124) 115-349
5780(125) 115-350
5780(126) 115-351
5780(127) 115-352
5780(128) 115-353
5780(129) 115-354
5780(130) 115-355
5780(131) 115-356
5780(132) 115-357
5780(133) 115-358
5780(134) 115-359
5780(135) 115-360
5780(136) 115-361
5780(137) 115-362
5780(138) 115-363
5780(139) 115-364
5780(140) 115-365
5780(141) 115-366
5780(142) 115-367
5780(143) 115-368
5780(144) 115-369
5780(145) 115-370
5780(146) 115-371
5780(147) 115-372
5780(148) 115-373
5780(149) 115-374
5780(149)a 115-375
5780(150) 115-376
5780(151) 115-377
5780(152) 115-378
5780(153) 115-379
5780(154) 115-380
5780(155) 115-381
5780(156) 115-382
5781 116-1
5782 116-3
5783 116-19
5784 116-20
5784(a) 116-21
5785 116-22
5786 116-23
5786(1) 116-24
5787(2) 116-25
5787 116-26
5788 116-9
5789 116-4
5789(a) 116-5
5790 116-6
5791 116-7
5792 116-8
5794 116-10
5795 116-11
5796 116-12
5797 116-13
5798 116-14
5802 116-42
5803 116-43
5804 116-44
5805(a) 116-2
5805(b) 116-27
5805(c) 116-38
5805(k) 116-16
5805(l) 116-18
5807 116-28
5808 116-29
5815 116-17
5816 116-30
5817 116-31
5825 116-32
5825(j) 116-33
5825(k) 116-34
5825(l) 116-35
5825(m) 116-36
5825(n) 116-37
5826 116-92
5827 116-93
5828 116-94
5829 116-95

5830 116-96
5831 116-97
5832 116-98
5835 116-39
5836 116-40
5837 116-15
5838 116-41
5839 116-45
5842(d) 116-51
5842(e) 116-46
5842(f) 116-47
5842(g) 116-48
5842(h) 116-49
5842(i) 116-50
5842(j) 116-52
5842(k) 116-53
5842(l) 116-54
5842(m) 116-55
5842(n) 116-52
5843 116-79
5844 116-81
5845 116-82
5846 116-83
5846(1) 116-84
5847 116-85
5848 116-86
5849(1) 116-87
5849(2) 116-88
5849(3) 116-89
5849(4) 116-90
5849(5) 116-91
5850 116-101
5863 116-56
5864 116-57
5865 116-58
5866 116-59
5867 116-60
5868 116-61
5869 116-62
5870 116-63
5871 116-64
5872 116-105
5873 116-106
5874 116-107
5875 116-108
5876 116-109
5877 116-110
5878 116-111
5879 116-112
5880 116-113
5881 116-114
5882 116-115
5883 116-116
5884 116-117
5885 116-118
5886 116-119
5888 116-120
5889 116-121
5890 116-122
5891 116-123
5892 116-124
5893 116-125
5894 116-126
5895 116-127
5897 116-128
5898 116-129
5899 116-130
5900 116-131
5901 116-132
5902 116-133
5903 116-134
5903(a) 116-135
5904 116-136
5905-5912 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
5912(1) 116-137
5912(a) 134-79
5912(c) 134-81
5912(d) 134-82
5912(e) 134-83
5912(f) 134-84
5912(g) 116-99
5912(h)1 116-100
5912(i) 116-146
5912(j) 116-143
5912(l) 116-144
5912(m) 116-145
5912(n) 116-148
5912(o) 116-147
5913 163-1
5914 163-2
5915 163-3
5917 163-4
5918 163-5
5919 163-6
5920 163-7
5921 163-8
5922 163-9
5923 163-10
5924 163-11
5925 163-12
5926 163-13
5927 163-14
5928 163-15
5929 163-16
5930 163-17
5931 163-18
5932 163-20
5933 163-21
5934 163-22
5935 163-23
5936 163-24
5937 163-25
5937(a) 163-26
5938 163-27
5939 163-28
5940 163-29
5946 163-30
5947 163-31
5949 163-32
5950 163-33
5951 163-34
5952 163-35
5953 163-36
5954 163-37

5955 163-38
5956 163-39
5957 163-40
5958 163-41
5959 163-42
5959(1) 163-43
5959(2) 163-44
5959(3) 163-45
5959(4) 163-46
5959(5) 163-47
5959(6) 163-48
5959(7) 163-49
5959(8) 163-50
5959(9) 163-51
5959(10) 163-52
5961 163-53
5968(b) 163-54
5968(c) 163-55
5968(d) 163-56
5968(e) 163-57
5968(f) 163-58
5968(g) 163-59
5968(h) 163-60
5968(i) 163-61
5968(j) 163-62
5968(k) 163-63
5968(l) 163-64
5968(m) 163-65
5968(n) 163-66
5968(o) 163-67
5968(p) 163-68
5968(q) 163-69
5972 163-78
5973 163-79
5974 163-80
5975 163-81
5977 163-82
5979 163-83
5984 163-84
5985 163-85
5986 163-86
5987 163-87
5988 163-88
5989 163-89
5990 163-90
5991 163-91
5992 163-92
5993 163-93
5994 163-94
5995 163-95
5996 163-96
5997 163-97
5998 163-98
5999 163-99
6001 163-100
6002 163-102
6003 163-101
6004 163-103
6006 163-104
6007 163-105
6008 163-106
6009 163-107
6010 163-108
6011 163-109
6012 163-110
6013 163-112
6014 163-113
6015 163-114
6016 163-115
6017 163-116
6018 163-117
6020 163-118
6022 163-119
6023 163-120
6024 163-121
6026 163-122
6027 163-123
6028 163-124
6029 163-125
6031 163-126
6032 163-127
6033 163-128
6034 163-129
6035 163-130
6036 163-131
6037 163-132
6038 163-133
6039 163-134
6040 163-135
6041 163-136
6042 163-137
6043 163-138
6044 163-139
6045 163-140
6046 163-141
6047 163-142
6048 163-143
6052 163-144
6053 163-145
6054 ..... L.M. 163-129
6054(a) 163-146
6055(a) 163-147
6055(a 1/9) 163-70
6055(a 2/9) 163-71
6055(a 3/9) 163-72
6055(a 4/9) 163-73
6055(a 5/9) 163-74
6055(a 6/9) 163-75
6055(a 7/9) 163-76
6055(a 8/9) 163-77
6055(a2) 163-148
6055(a3) 163-149
6055(a4) 163-150
6055(a5) 163-151
6055(a6) 163-152
6055(a7) 163-153
6055(a8) 163-154
6055(a9) 163-155
6055(a10) 163-156
6055(a11) 163-157
6055(a12) 163-158
6055(a13) 163-159
6055(a14) 163-160
6055(a15) 163-161

6055(a16) 163-162
6055(a17) 163-163
6055(a18) 163-164
6055(a19) 163-165
6055(a20) 163-166
6055(a21) 163-167
6055(a22) 163-168
6055(a23) 163-169
6055(a24) 163-170
6055(a25) 163-171
6055(a26) 163-172
6055(a27) 163-173
6055(a27 ½) 163-174
6055(a28) 163-175
6055(a29) 163-176
6055(a30) 163-177
6055(a32) 163-178
6055(a33) 163-179
6055(a34) 163-180
6055(a35) 163-181
6055(a36) 163-182
6055(a37) 163-183
6055(a39) 163-184
6055(a40) 163-185
6055(a41) 163-186
6055(a42) 163-187
6055(a44) 163-188
6055(a45) 163-189
6055(a46) 163-190
6055(a47) 163-191
6055(a48) 163-192
6055(a49) 163-193
6055(a50) 163-194
6055(a51) 163-195
6055(a52) 163-196
6055(a53) 163-197
6055(a54) 163-198
6055(a55) 163-199
6055(a56) 163-200
6055(b) 89-1
6055(c) 89-2
6055(d) 89-3
6055(e) 89-4
6055(f) 89-5
6055(g) 89-6
6055(h) 89-7
6055(i) 89-8
6055(j) 89-9
6055(k) 89-10
6055(l) 89-11
6055(m) 89-12
6055(n) 89-13
6055(o) 89-14
6055(p) 89-15
6055(q) 89-16
6055(r) 102-1
6055(s) 102-2
6055(t) 102-3
6055(u) 102-4
6055(v) 102-5
6055(w) 102-6
6055(x) 102-7
6055(y) 102-8
6055(z) 102-9
6055(aa) 102-10
6055(bb) 102-11
6058 118-12
6059 118-13
6060 118-14
6061 118-15
6062 118-16
6063 118-1
6064 118-2
6065 118-3
6066 118-4
6067 118-5
6068 118-6
6069 118-7
6070 118-8
6071 118-9
6072 118-10
6073 118-11
6073 118-17
6074 69-1
6075 69-2
6076 69-3
6077 69-4
6078 69-5
6079 69-6
6080 69-7
6081 69-8
6082 69-9
6083 69-10
6084 69-11
6085 69-12
6086 69-13
6086(1) 69-14
6086(2) 69-15
6086(3) 69-16
6086(4) 69-17
6086(5) 69-18
6086(6) 69-19
6086(7) 69-20
6086(8) 69-2 1
6086(9) 69-22
6086(10) 69-23
6086(11) 69-24
6086(12) 69-25
6087 120-1
6088 120-2
6089 120-5
6090 120-6
6091 120-7
6092 120-8
6093 120-9
6095 120-10
6096 120-11
6099 120-12
6099(a) 120-13
6100 120-14
6101 120-15
6102 120-16
6103 120-17
6104 120-18

6104(a) 120-19
6105 120-20
6106 120-21
6108 120-22
6109 ..... 147-43.1
6111 ..... 147-43.2
6111(a) 147-43.3
6112 120-28
6113 120-29
6114 120-32
6116(a) 120-37
6116(b) 120-38
6116(c) 120-39
6116(d) 120-40
6116(e) 120-41
6116(f) 120-42
6116(g) 120-43
6116(h) 120-44
6116(i) 120-45
6116(j) 120-46
6116(k) 120-47
6122(c) 113-2
6122(d) 113-1
6122(e) 113-3
6122(f) 113-4
6122(g) 113-5
6122(h) 113-6
6122(i) 113-7
6122(j) 113-8
6122(j)1 113-15
6122(k) 113-13
6122(l) 113-14
6122(m) 113-16
6122(m)1 113-17
6122(n) 113-19
6122(o) 113-20
6122(p) 113-9
6122(q) 113-10
6122(r) 113-11
6122(s) 113-12
6122(w) 113-22
6122(x) 113-23
6122(y) 113-25
6122(z) 113-27
6122(aa) 113-28
6122(bb) 113-29
6122(cc) 113-30
6122(dd) 113-31
6122(ee) 113-32
6122(ff) 113-33
6124 113-34
6124(a) 113-35
6125 113-36
6126 113-37
6126(a) 113-38
6126(b) 113-38
6126(c) 113-39
6126(1) 113-40
6126(2) 113-41
6126(3) 113-42
6126(4) 113-43
6126(5) 113-44
6127 113-45
6128 113-46
6129 113-47
6130 113-48
6131 113-49
6132 113-50
6133 113-51
6134 113-52
6135 113-53
6136 113-54
6137 113-55
6138 113-56
6139 113-57
6140 113-58
6140(a) 113-59
6140(b) 113-60
6140(c) 113-61
6140(d) 113-62
6140(e) 113-63
6140(f) 113-64
6140(g) 113-65
6140(h) 113-66
6140(i) 113-67
6140(j) 113-68
6140(k) 113-69
6140(l) 113-70
6140(m) 113-71
6140(n) 113-72
6140(o) 113-73
6140(p) 113-74
6140(q) 113-75
6140(r) 113-76
6140(s) 113-77
6140(t) 113-78
6140(u) 113-79
6140(v) 113-80
6140(w) 113-81
6141 121-1
6142 121-2
6142(a) 136-42
6143 121-3
6145 121-4
6147 ..... 147-54.1
6148 ..... 147-54.1
6150(1) 57-1
6150(2) 57-2
6150(3) 57-3
6150(4) 57-4
6150(5) 57-5
6150(6) 57-6
6150(7) 57-7
6150(8) 57-8
6150(9) 57-9
6150(10) 57-10
6150(11) 57-11
6150(12) 57-12
6150(13) 57-13
6150(14) 57-14
6150(15) 47-15
6150(16) 57-16
6150(17) 57-17
6150(18) 57-18

6151 122-1
6152 122-2
6153(a) 122-3
6153(b) 122-4
6154 122-5
6155 122-6
6159(a) 122-7
6159(b) 122-8
6159(c) 122-9
6160 122-10
6161 122-11
6162 122-12
6163 122-13
6163(a) 122-14
6163(b) 122-15
6164 122-16
6165 122-17
6166 122-18
6167 122-19
6168 122-20
6169 122-21
6170 122-22
6171 122-23
6172 122-24
6173 122-25
6174 122-26
6175 122-27
6176 122-28
6177 122-29
6178 122-30
6179 122-31
6180 122-32
6181 122-33
6182 122-34
6183 122-35
6184 122-36
6185 122-37
6186 122-38
6187 122-39
6188 122-40
6189 122-41
6190 122-42
6191 122-43
6191(a) 122-44
6192 122-45
6193 122-46
6194 122-47
6195 122-48
6196 122-49
6197 122-50
6198 122-51
6199 122-52
6200 122-53
6201 122-54
6202 122-55
6203 122-56
6204 122-57
6205 122-58
6206 122-59
6207 122-60
6208 122-61
6209 122-62
6210 122-63
6211 122-64
6212 122-65
6213 122-66
6214 122-67
6215 122-68
6216 122-69
6217 122-70
6218 122-71
6219 122-72
6220 122-73
6221 122-74
6222 122-75
6223 122-76
6224 122-77
6225 122-78
6226 122-79
6227 122-80
6228 122-81
6229 122-82
6236 122-83
6237 122-84
6238 122-85
6239 122-86
6240 122-87
6241 122-88
6242 122-89
6243(c) 122-90
6243(1) 157-1
6243(2) 157-2
6243(3) 157-3
6243(4) 157-4
6243(5) 157-5
6243(6) 157-6
6243(7) 157-7
6243(8) 157-8
6243(9) 157-9
6243(10) 157-10
6243(11) 157-11
6243(12) 157-12
6243(13) 157-13
6243(14) 157-14
6243(15) 157-15
6243(16) 157-16
6243(17) 157-17
6243(18) 157-18
6243(19) 157-19
6243(20) 157-20
6243(21) 157-21
6243(22) 157-22
6243(23) 157-23
6243(24) 157-24
6243(25) 157-25
6243(26) 157-26
6243(27) 157-27
6243(28) 157-28
6243(29a) 157-29
6243(29b) 157-30
6243(29c) 157-31
6243(29d) 157-32
6243(29e) 157-33
6243(29f) 157-34

6243(29g) 157-35
6243(29h) 157-36
6243(29i) 157-37
6243(29j) 157-38
6243(29k) 157-39
6243(30) 157-40
6243(31) 157-41
6243(32) 157-42
6243(33) 157-43
6243(34) 157-44
6243(35) 157-45
6243(36) 157-46
6243(37) 157-47
6243(38) 157-48
6243(39) 157-49
6243(40) 157-50
6243(41) 157-51
6244 123-1
6245 123-2
6246 123-3
6247 123-4
6248 123-5
6249 123-6
6250 123-7
6251 123-8
6252 123-9
6253 123-10
6254 123-11
6255 123-12
6256 123-13
6257 71-1
6258 71-2
6259 71-3
6259(1) 70-1
6259(2) 70-2
6259(3) 70-3
6259(4) 70-4
6260 58-1
6261 58-2
6262 58-3
6263 58-4
6264 58-5
6265 58-7
6266 58-8
6269 58-9
6270 58-10
6271 58-11
6272 58-12
6272(a) 58-13
6273 58-14
6274 58-15
6275 58-16
6276 58-17
6277 58-18
6278 58-19
6279 58-20
6280 58-21
6281 58-22
6282 58-23
6283 58-24
6284 58-25
6285 58-26
6286 58-27
6287 58-28
6288 58-29
6289 58-30
6290 58-31
6291 58-32
6292 58-33
6293 58-34
6294 58-35
6294(1) 58-36
6295 58-37
6296 58-38
6297 58-39
6298 58-40
6299 58-41
6300 58-42
6301 58-43
6302 58-44
6303 58-45
6304 58-46
6305 58-47
6306 58-48
6307 58-49
6308 58-50
6309 58-51
6310 58-52
6311 58-53
6312 58-54
6313 58-55
6314 58-56
6315 58-57
6316 58-58
6316(a) 58-59
6316(b) 58-60
6316(c) 58-61
6317 58-62
6318 58-63
6318 58-65
6320 58-64
6321 58-66
6322 58-67
6323 58-68
6324 58-69
6325 58-70
6326 58-71
6327 58-72
6328 58-73
6329 58-74
6330 58-75
6331 58-76
6332 58-77
6333 58-78
6334 58-79
6334(a) 58-80
6335 58-81
6336 58-82
6337 58-83
6338 58-84
6339 58-85
6340 58-86
6341 58-87
6342 58-88

6343 58-89
6344 58-90
6345 58-91
6346 58-92
6347 58-93
6348 58-94
6349 58-95
6350 58-96
6351 58-97
6351(a) 58-98
6352 58-99
6353 58-100
6354 58-101
6355 58-102
6355(1) 58-103
6355(2) 58-104
6356 58-105
6357 58-106
6358 58-107
6359 58-108
6360 58-109
6361 58-110
6362 58-112
6376 58-113
6377 58-114
6378 58-115
6379 58-116
6380 58-117
6381 58-118
6382 58-119
6383 58-120
6384 58-121
6385 58-122
6386 58-123
6387 58-124
6388 58-125
6389 58-126
6390 58-127
6391 58-128
6392 58-129
6393 58-130
6394 58-131
6395 58-132
6396 58-133
6397 58-134
6397(a) 58-135
6397(b) 58-136
6397(c) 58-137
6398 58-138
6399 58-139
6400 58-140
6401 58-141
6402 58-142
6403 58-143
6404 58-144
6405 58-145
6406 58-146
6407 58-147
6409 58-148
6410 58-149
6411 58-150
6412 58-151
6413 58-152
6414 58-153
6415 58-154
6416 58-155
6417 58-156
6417(a) 58-157
6418 58-158
6419 58-159
6420 58-160
6421 58-161
6422 58-162
6423 58-163
6424 58-164
6425 58-165
6426 58-166
6427 58-167
6428 58-168
6429 58-169
6430 58-170
6431 58-171
6432 58-172
6433 58-173
6434 58-174
6435 58-175
6436 58-176
6437 58-177
6438 58-178
6439 58-179
6440 58-180
6441 58-181
6442 58-182
6443 58-183
6444 58-184
6445 58-185
6446 58-186
6447 58-187
6448 58-188
6449 58-189
6450 58-190
6451 58-191
6452 58-192
6453 58-193
6454 58-194
6455 58-195
6456 58-196
6457 58-197
6458 58-198
6459 58-199
6460 58-200
6461 58-201
6462 58-202
6463 58-203
6463(a) 58-204
6464 58-205
6464(a) 58-206
6465 58-207
6465(a) 58-208
6466 58-209
6466(a) 58-210
6466(b) 58-211
6466(c) 58-212
6466(d) 58-213

6467 58-214
6468 58-215
6469 58-216
6470 58-217
6471 58-218
6472 58-219
6473 58-220
6474 58-221
6475 58-222
6476 58-223
6476(a) 58-316
6476(b) 58-317
6476(c) 58-318
6476(d) 58-319
6476(e) 58-320
6476(f) 58-321
6476(g) 58-322
6476(h) 58-323
6476(i) 58-324
6476(j) 58-325
6476(k) 58-326
6476(l) 58-327
6476(m) 58-328
6476(n) 58-329
6476(o) 58-330
6416(p) 58-331
6476(q) 58-332
6476(r) 58-333
6476(s) 58-334
6476(t) 58-335
6476(u) 58-336
6476(v) 58-337
6476(w) 58-338
6476(x) 58-339
6476(y) 58-340
6476(z) 58-111
6476(pp) 58-224
6476(qq) 58-225
6476(rr) 58-226
6476(ss) 58-227
6476(tt) 58-228
6476(uu) 58-229
6476(vv) 58-230
6476(ww) 58-231
6476(xx) 58-232
6476(yy) 58-233
6476(zz) 58-234
6476(aaa) 58-235
6476(bbb) 58-236
6476(ccc) 58-237
6476(ddd) 58-238
6476(eee) 58-239
6476(fff) 58-240
6476(ggg) 58-241
6477 58-249
6478 58-250
6479 58-251
6480 58-252
6481 58-253
6482 58-254
6483 58-255
6484 58-256
6485 58-257
6486 58-258
6487 58-259
6488 58-260
6489 58-261
6490 58-262
6491 58-263
6492 58-264
6493 58-265
6493(a) 58-266
6494 58-267
6495 58-268
6496 58-269
6497 58-270
6498 58-271
6499 58-272
6500 58-273
6501 58-274
6502 58-275
6503 58-276
6504 58-277
6505 58-278
6506 58-279
6507 58-280
6508 58-281
6509 58-282
6510 58-283
6510(a) 58-284
6511 58-285
6512 58-286
6513 58-287
6514 58-288
6515 58-289
6517 58-290
6518 58-291
6519 58-292
6520 58-293
6521 58-294
6522 58-295
6523 58-296
6524 58-297
6525 58-298
6526 58-299
6527 58-300
6528 58-301
6529 58-302
6529(a) 58-303
6529(b) 58-304
6529(c) 58-305
6529(d) 58-306
6529(e) 58-307
6530 58-308
6531 58-309
6532 58-310
6533 58-311
6534 58-312
6535 58-313
6536 58-314
6537 58-315
6553(a) 124-1
6553(b) 124-2
6553(c) 124-3

6553(d) 124-4
6553(e) 124-5
6553(f) 124-6
6553(g) 124-7
6554 95-26
6554(a) 95-27
6554(b) 95-28
6555 95-29
6556 95-30
6557 60-54
6558 60-55
6558(a) 95-31
6559 95-48
6560 95-49
6561 95-50
6562 95-51
6563 95-52
6564(1) 95-15
6564(2) 95-16
6564(3) 95-17
6564(4) 95-18
6564(5) 95-19
6564(6) 95-20
6564(7) 95-2 1
6564(8) 95-22
6564(9) 95-23
6564(10) 95-24
6564(11) 95-25
6565 60-56
6566 60-57
6567 60-58
6568 95-73
6569 95-74
6570 95-75
6571 95-76
6572 95-77
6573 125-1
6574 125-2
6575 125-3
6579 125-4
6580 125-5
6581 125-6
6582 125-7
6583 125-8
6584 125-9
6585 125-10
6586 125-11
6587(a) 125-12
6588 7-30
6589 7-31
6590 7-32
6591 7-33
6592 125-13
6593 125-14
6594 125-15
6595 125-16
6596 125-17
6597 125-18
6598 125-19
6599 125-20
6600 125-21
6601 125-22
6602 125-23
6604 125-24
6604(a) 125-25
6604(b) 125-26
6604(1) 150-1
6604(2) 150-2
6604(3) 150-3
6604(4) 150-4
6604(5) 150-5
6604(6) 150-6
6604(7) 150-7
6604(8) 150-8
6605 90-1
6606 90-2
6607 90-3
6608 90-4
6609 90-5
6610 90-6
6611 90-7
6612 90-8
6613 90-9
6614 90-10
6615 90-11
6616 90-12
6617 90-13
6618 90-14
6619 90-15
6620 90-16
6621 90-17
6622 90-18
6623 90-19
6624 90-20
6625 90-21
6649(1) 90-22
6649(2) 90-23
6649(3) 90-24
6649(4) 90-25
6649(5) 90-26
6649(6) 90-27
6649(7) 90-28
6649(8) 90-29
6649(9) 90-30
6649(10) 90-31
6649(11) 90-32
6649(12) 90-33
6649(13) 90-34
6649(14) 90-35
6649(15) 90-36
6649(16) 90-37
6649(17) 90-38
6649(18) 90-39
6649(19) 90-40
6649(20) 90-41
6649(21) 90-42
6649(22) 90-43
6649(23) 90-44
6649(24) 90-45
6649(25) 90-46
6649(26) 90-47
6649(27) 90-48
6649(a) 90-49
6649(b) 90-50

6649(c) 90-51
6649(d) 90-52
6650 50-53
6651 50-54
6652 50-55
6653 50-56
6654 50-57
6655 50-58
6656 50-59
6657 50-60
6658 90-61
6659 90-62
6659(b) 90-63
6660 90-64
6661 90-65
6662 90-66
6663 90-67
6664 90-68
6665 90-69
6666 90-70
6667 90-71
6668 90-72
6669 90-73
6670 90-74
6670(a) 90-75
6670(b) 90-76
6671 90-77
6684 90-78
6685 90-79
6686 90-80
6686(a) 90-81
6686(b) 90-82
6686(c) 90-83
6686(d) 90-84
6686(e) 90-85
6686(1) 90-87
6686(2) 90-88
6686(3) 90-89
6686(4) 90-90
6686(5) 90-91
6686(6) 90-92
6686(7) 90-93
6686(8) 90-94
6686(9) 90-95
6686(10) 90-96
6686(11) 90-97
6686(12) 90-98
6686(13) 90-99
6686(14) 90-100
6686(15) 90-101
6686(16) 90-102
6686(17) 90-103
6686(18) 90-104
6686(19) 90-105
6686(20) 90-106
6686(21) 90-107
6686(22) 90-108
6686(23) 90-109
6686(24) 90-110
6686(25) 90-111
6686(26) 90-112
6686(27) 90-113
6686(28) 90-86
6687 90-114
6688 90-115
6689 90-116
6690 90-117
6691 90-118
6692 90-119
6693 90-120
6694 90-121
6695 90-122
6696 90-123
6697 90-124
6697(a) 90-125
6698 90-126
6699 90-127
6699(b) 90-128
6700 90-129
6701 90-130
6702 90-131
6703 90-132
6705 90-133
6706 90-134
6707 90-135
6708(a) 90-136
6708(b) 90-137
6709 90-138
6710 90-139
6711 90-140
6713 90-141
6714 90-142
6715 90-143
6716 90-144
6717 90-145
6718 90-146
6719 90-147
6720 90-148
6721 90-149
6721(a) 90-150
6722 90-151
6723 90-152
6724 90-153
6725 90-154
6726 90-155
6727 90-156
6728 90-157
6729 90-158
6729(a) 90-159
6729(b) 90-160
6730 90-161
6731 90-162
6732 90-163
6733 90-164
6734 90-165
6735 90-166
6735(a) 90-167
6736 90-168
6737 90-169
6738 90-170
6739 90-171
6750 90-172
6751 90-173
6752 90-174

6753 90-175
6753(1) 90-176
6753(2) 90-177
6753(3) 90-178
6754 90-179
6755 90-180
6756 90-181
6757 90-182
6758 90-183
6759 90-184
6760 90-185
6761 90-186
6762 90-187
6763 90-188
6764 90-189
6765 90-190
6766 90-191
6767 90-192
6768 90-193
6769 90-194
6770 90-195
6771 90-196
6772 90-197
6773 90-198
6773(a) 90-199
6773(b) 90-200
6774 90-201
6775 90-202
6777 90-203
6778 90-204
6779 90-205
6780 90-206
6781 90-207
6782 90-208
6783 90-209
6784 90-210
6785 90-211
6786 90-212
6787 90-213
6788 90-214
6789 90-215
6790 90-216
6791 127-1
6792 127-2
6793 127-3
6794 127-4
6795 127-5
6796 127-6
6797 127-7
6798 127-8
6799 127-9
6800 127-10
6801 127-11
6802 127-12
6803 127-14
6804 127-15
6805 127-16
6806 127-17
6807 127-18
6808 127-19
6809 127-20
6810 127-21
6811 127-22
6812 127-23
6813 127-24
6814 127-25
6815 127-26
6816 127-27
6817 127-28
6818 127-29
6819 127-30
6820 127-31
6821 127-32
6822 127-33
6822(a) 127-34
6823 127-35
6824 127-36
6824(a) 127-37
6825 127-38
6826 127-39
6827 127-40
6828 127-41
6829 127-42
6830 127-43
6831 127-44
6832 127-45
6833 127-46
6834 127-47
6835 127-48
6836 127-49
6837 127-50
6838 127-51
6839 127-52
6840 127-53
6841 127-54
6842 127-55
6843 127-56
6844 127-57
6845 127-58
6846 127-59
6847 127-60
6848 127-61
6849 127-62
6850 127-63
6851 127-64
6852 127-65
6853 127-66
6854 127-67
6855 127-68
6856 127-69
6857 127-70
6858 127-71
6859 127-72
6859(a) 127-111
6860 127-73
6861 127-74
6862 127-75
6863 127-76
6863(a) 127-77
6864 127-78
6865 127-79
6866 127-80
6867 127-81
6868 127-82

6869 127-83
6870 9-19
6871 127-84
6872 127-85
6873 127-86
6874 127-87
6875 127-88
6876 127-89
6877 127-90
6878 127-91
6879 127-92
6880 127-93
6881 127-94
6882 127-95
6883 127-96
6884 127-97
6885 127-98
6886 127-99
6887 127-100
6888 127-101
6889 127-102
6890 127-103
6891 127-104
6892 127-105
6893 127-106
6894 127-107
6895 127-108
6895(a) 127-109
6895(b) 127-110
6896 74-1
6897 74-2
6898 74-3
6899 74-4
6900 74-5
6901 74-6
6902 74-7
6903 74-8
6904 74-9
6905 74-10
6906 74-11
6907 74-12
6908 74-13
6909 74-14
6910 74-15
6911 74-16
6912 74-17
6913 74-18
6914 74-19
6915 74-20
6916 74-21
6917 74-22
6918 74-23
6919(a) 74-24
6920 74-25
6921 74-26
6922 74-27
6923 74-28
6924 74-29
6925 74-30
6926 74-31
6927 74-32
6928 74-33
6929 74-34
6930 74-35
6931 74-36
6934 100-9
6938 100-10
6938(1) 100-1
6938(2) 100-2
6938(3) 100-3
6938(4) 100-4
6938(5) 100-5
6938(6) 100-6
6938(7) 100-7
6938(8) 100-8
6940 100-11
6942 100-12
6942(a) 100-13
6942(b) 100-14
6942(c) 100-15
6942(1) 100-16
6943(a) 76-1
6943(b) 76-2
6943(c) 76-3
6943(d) 76-4
6943(e) 76-5
6943(f) 76-6
6943(g) 76-7
6943(h) 76-8
6943(i) 76-9
6943(j) 76-10
6943(k) 76-11
6943(l) 76-12
6943(m) 76-13
6943(n) 76-14
6943(o) 76-15
6943(p) 76-16
6943(q) 76-17
6960 76-18
6961 76-19
6962 76-20
6963 76-21
6964 76-22
6965 76-23
6966 76-24
6967 76-25
6968 76-26
6969 76-27
6970 76-28
6971 76-29
6972 76-30
6973 76-31
6974 76-32
6974(a) 76-33
6975 76-34
6976 76-35
6977 76-36
6978 76-37
6979 76-38
6980 76-39
6981 76-40
6982 76-41
6983 76-42
6984 76-43

6985 76-44
6986 76-45
6987 76-46
6988 76-47
6989 76-48
6990 76-49
6991 76-50
6992 76-51
6993 76-52
6994 76-53
6995 76-54
6996 76-55
6997 76-56
6998 76-57
6999 76-58
7000 91-1
7001 91-2
7002 91-3
7003 91-4
7004 91-5
7005 91-6
7006 91-7
7007 91-8
7007(1) 92-1
7007(2) 92-2
7007(3) 92-3
7007(4) 92-4
7007(5) 92-5
7007(6) 92-6
7007(7) 92-7
7007(8) 92-8
7007(9) 92-9
7007(10) 92-10
7007(11) 92-11
7007(12) 92-12
7007(13) 92-13
7007(14) 92-14
7007(15) 92-15
7007(16) 92-16
7007(17) 92-17
7007(18) 92-18
7007(19) 92-19
7007(20) 92-20
7007(21) 92-21
7007(22) 92-22
7007(23) 92-23
7007(24) 92-24
7007(25) 92-25
7007(26) 92-26
7007(27) 92-27
7007(28) 92-28
7007(29) 92-29
7024(a) 93-1
7024(b) 93-2
7024(c) 93-3
7024(d) 93-4
7024(e) 93-5
7024(f) 93-6
7024(g) 93-7
7024(h) 93-8
7024(i) 93-9
7024(j) 93-10
7024(k) 93-11
7024(l) 93-12
7024(m) 93-13
7047(1) 129-1
7047(2) 129-2
7047(3) 129-3
7047(4) 129-4
7047(5) 129-5
7047(6) 129-6
7047(7) 129-7
7047(8) 129-8
7047(9) 129-9
7047(10) 129-10
7047(11) 129-11
7047(12) 129-12
7048 130-1
7049 130-2
7050 130-3
7051 130-4
7052 130-5
7053 130-7
7054 130-8
7055 130-9
7056 130-10
7057 130-11
7058 130-12
7059 130-13
7060 130-14
7061 130-15
7062 130-16
7063 130-17
7064 130-18
7065 130-19
7066 130-20
7067 130-21
7068 130-22
7069 130-23
7070 130-24
7071 130-25
7072 130-26
7073 130-27
7074 130-28
7075 130-29
7076 130-31
7077 130-32
7077(a) 130-33
7077(b) 130-34
7077(c) 130-34
7077(d) 130-35
7077(e) 130-36
7077(f) 130-37
7077(g) 130-39
7077(h) 130-40
7077(i) 130-41
7077(j) 130-42
7077(k) 130-43
7077(l) 130-44
7077(m) 130-45
7077(n) 130-46
7077(o) 130-47
7077(p) 130-48
7077(q) 130-49

7077(r) 130-50
7077(s) 130-51
7077(t) 130-52
7077(u) 130-53
7077(v) 130-54
7077(w) 130-55
7077(x) 130-56
7077(y) 130-57
7077(z) 130-38
7078 130-58
7079 130-59
7080 130-60
7081 130-61
7082 130-62
7083 130-63
7084 130-64
7085 130-65
7085(1) 130-66
7085(2) 130-67
7085(3) 130-68
7085(4) ..... L.M. 130-68
7085(5) 130-30
7086 130-69
7087 130-70
7088 130-71
7088(a) 130-72
7089 130-73
7089(a) 130-74
7090 130-75
7091 130-76
7092 130-77
7093 130-78
7094 130-79
7095 130-80
7096 130-81
7097 130-82
7098 130-83
7099 130-84
7100 130-85
7101 130-86
7101(a) 130-87
7101(b) 130-88
7102 130-89
7102(a) 130-90
7103 130-91
7104 130-92
7104(a) 130-93
7105 130-94
7106 130-95
7107 130-96
7108 130-97
7108(a) 130-98
7109 130-99
7109(a) 130-100
7110 130-101
7111 130-102
7111(a) 130-103
7112 130-104
7113 130-105
7115 130-106
7115(1) 130-107
7116 130-108
7117 130-109
7118 130-110
7119 130-111
7120 130-112
7121 130-113
7122 130-114
7123 130-115
7124 130-116
7125 130-117
7126 130-118
7127 130-119
7128 130-120
7128(a) 113-21
7129 130-147
7130 130-148
7131 130-149
7132 130-150
7133 130-151
7134 130-152
7135 130-153
7136 130-154
7137 130-155
7139 130-156
7140 130-157
7141 130-158
7144 130-159
7144(1) 130-160
7144(2) 130-161
7144(3) 130-162
7144(4) 130-163
7144(5) 130-164
7144(6) 130-165
7144(7) 130-166
7144(8) 130-167
7146 130-168
7147 130-169
7148 130-170
7149 130-171
7150 130-172
7151 130-173
7152 130-174
7153 130-175
7154 130-176
7155 130-177
7156 130-178
7158 130-179
7159 130-180
7160 130-181
7161 130-182
7162 130-183
7163 130-184
7164 130-185
7165 130-186
7166 130-187
7167 130-188
7168 130-189
7169(1) 130-190
7170 130-191
7171 130-192
7172 131-52
7173 131-53
7173(a) 131-54

7174 131-55
7175 131-56
7176 131-57
7177 131-58
7178 131-59
7179 131-60
7179(1) 131-61
7179(2) 131-62
7179(3) 131-63
7179(4) 131-64
7179(5) 131-65
7179(6) 131-66
7179(7) 131-67
7179(8) 131-68
7179(9) 131-69
7179(10) 131-70
7179(11) 131-71
7179(12) 131-72
7179(13) 131-73
7179(16) 131-74
7179(17) 131-75
7179(18) 131-76
7179(19) 131-77
7179(20) 131-78
7179(21) 131-79
7179(22) 131-80
7179(23) 131-81
7179(24) 131-82
7180 130-193
7181 130-194
7182 130-195
7183 130-196
7184 130-197
7185 130-198
7186 130-199
7187 130-200
7188 130-201
7189 130-202
7190 130-203
7191 130-204
7192 130-205
7193 130-206
7194 130-207
7194(a) 130-208
7195 130-209
7196 130-210
7197 130-211
7198 130-212
7199 130-213
7200 130-214
7201 130-215
7202 130-216
7203 130-217
7204 130-218
7205 130-219
7206 130-220
7206(1) 130-221
7206(2) 130-222
7206(3) 130-223
7206(4) 130-224
7206(5) 130-225
7207 130-226
7208 130-227
7209 130-228
7210 130-229
7211 130-230
7213 130-231
7216 130-234
7217 130-235
7218 130-236
7219 130-237
7220 130-238
7220(a) 131-84
7220(b) 131-85
7220(c) 131-86
7220(d) 131-87
7220(e) 131-88
7220(f) 131-89
7220(g) 130-239
7220(h) 130-240
7220(i) 130-241
7221 130-242
7222 130-243
7231 130-244
7232 130-245
7233 130-246
7234 130-247
7235 130-248
7236 130-249
7237 130-250
7238 130-251
7239 130-252
7240 130-253
7241 130-254
7242 130-255
7243 130-256
7244 130-257
7245 130-258
7246 130-259
7247 130-260
7248 130-261
7249 130-262
7250 130-263
7251(a) 106-246
7251(b) 106-247
7251(c) 106-248
7251(d) 106-249
7251(e) 106-250
7251(f) 106-251
7251(g) 106-252
7251(h) 106-253
7251(i) 106-254
7251(j) 106-255
7251(k) 106-220
7251(l) 106-221
7251(m) 106-222
7251(n) 106-223
7251(o) 106-224
7251(p) 106-225
7251(q) 106-226
7251(r) 106-227
7251(s) 106-228
7251(t) 106-229
7251(u) 106-230

7251(v) 106-231
7251(w) 106-232
7251(w)4 106-267
7251(w)5 106-268
7251(w)6 130-264
7251(w)7 130-265
7251(w)8 130-266
7251(w)9 130-267
7251(hh)25 130-268
7251(hh)26 130-269
7251(hh)27 130-270
7251(hh)28 130-271
7251(hh)29 130-272
7251(hh)30 130-273
7251(hh)31 130-274
7251(hh)32 130-275
7251(hh)33 130-276
7251(hh)34 130-277
7251(hh)35 130-278
7251(ii) 130-279
7251(jj) 66-23
7251(kk) 66-24
7251(ll) 66-25
7251(mm) 66-26
7251(nn) 66-27
7254 131-1
7254(a) 131-2
7254(b) 131-3
7255 131-4
7256 131-5
7256(a) 131-6
7257 131-7
7258 131-8
7259 131-9
7260 131-10
7261 131-11
7262 131-12
7263 131-13
7264 131-14
7265 131-15
7266 131-16
7267 131-17
7268 131-18
7269 131-19
7270 131-20
7271 131-21
7272 131-22
7273 131-23
7274 131-24
7275 131-25
7276 131-26
7277 131-27
7278 131-28
7279 131-29
7280 131-30
7282 131-31
7283 131-32
7284 131-33
7284(a) 131-34
7284(b) 131-35
7284(d) 131-36
7284(e) 13 1-37
7284(f) 131-38
7284(1) 131-39
7284(2) 131-40
7284(3) 131-41
7284(4) 131-42
7284(5) 131-43
7284(6) 131-44
7284(7) 131-45
7284(8) 131-83
7284(9) 131-46
7284(10) 131-47
7284(11) 131-48
7284(12) 131-49
7284(13) 131-50
7284(14) 131-51
7289 143-61
7294 143-168
7296 7-34
7297 7-35
7299 120-27
7300 147-43
7301 120-30
7302 143-169
7309 95-1
7310 95-2
7310(a) 95-3
7310(b) 95-4
7310(c) 95-5
7310(d) 95-6
7310(e) 95-7
7310(f) 95-8
7310(g) 95-10
7310(h) 95-11
7310(i) 95-12
7310(k) 95-13
7310(l) 95-14
7312(1) 95-54
7312(2) 95-55
7312(3) 95-56
7312(4) 95-57
7312(5) 95-58
7312(6) 95-59
7312(7) 95-60
7312(8) 95-61
7312(9) 95-62
7312(10) 95-63
7312(11) 95-64
7312(12) 95-65
7312(13) 95-66
7312(14) 95-67
7312(15) 95-68
7312(16) 95-69
7312(17) 95-32
7312(18) 95-33
7312(19) 95-34
7312(20) 95-35
7312(21) 95-36
7312(c) 96-21
7312(d) 96-22
7312(e) 96-23
7312(f) 96-24
7312(g) 96-25

7312(h) 96-26
7312(i)1 96-27
7312(j) 95-70
7312(k) 95-71
7312(m) 95-72
7312(n) 95-37
7312(o) 95-38
7312(p) 95-39
7312(q) 95-40
7312(r) 95-41
7312(s) 95-42
7312(t) 95-43
7312(u) 95-44
7312(v) 95-45
7312(w) 95-46
7312(x) 95-47
7312(y) 133-1
7312(z) 133-2
7312(aa) 133-3
7312(bb) 133-4
7313 134-1
7314 134-2
7315 134-3
7317 134-5
7318 134-6
7319 134-7
7320 134-8
7321 134-9
7322 134-10
7323 134-11
7324 134-12
7325 134-13
7326 134-14
7327 134-15
7328(a) 134-16
7328(b) 134-17
7328(c) 134-18
7328(e) 134-20
7328(f) 134-21
7329 134-22
7331 134-24
7332 134-25
7333 134-26
7334 134-27
7335 134-28
7336 134-29
7337 134-30
7338 134-31
7339 134-32
7343(a) 134-33
7343(b) 134-34
7343(c) 134-35
7343(d) 134-36
7343(e) 134-37
7343(f) 134-38
7343(g) 134-39
7343(h) 134-40
7343(i) 134-41
7343(j) 134-42
7343(k) 134-43
7343(l) 134-44
7343(m) 134-45
7343(n) 134-46
7343(o) 134-47
7343(p) 134-48
7343(q)-(aa) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7344 134-49
7345 134-50
7346 134-51
7347 134-52
7348 134-53
7349 134-54
7350 134-55
7351 134-56
7352 134-57
7353 134-58
7354 134-59
7355 134-60
7356 134-61
7357 134-62
7358 134-63
7359 134-64
7360 134-65
7361 134-66
7362(a) 134-67
7362(c) 134-69
7362(d) 134-70
7362(f) 134-71
7362(g) 134-72
7362(h) 134-73
7362(j) 134-74
7362(k) 134-75
7362(l) 134-76
7362(m) 134-77
7362(n) 134-78
7362(p) 134-85
7362(q) 134-86
7362(1) 132-1
7362(2) 132-2
7362(3) 132-3
7362(4) 132-4
7362(5) 132-5
7362(6) 132-6
7362(7) 132-7
7362(8) 132-8
7362(9) 132-9
7362(10) 135-1
7362(11) 135-2
7362(12) 135-3
7362(13) 135-4
7362(14) 135-5
7362(15) 135-6
7362(16) 135-7
7362(17) 135-8
7362(18) 135-9
7362(19) 135-10
7362(20) 135-11
7362(21) 135-12
7362(22) 135-13
7363 77-1
7365 77-2
7367 77-3
7368 77-4
7369 77-5

7370 77-6
7371 77-7
7372 77-8
7373 77-9
7374 77-10
7375 77-11
7376 77-12
7377 77-13
7395(1) 137-1
7395(2) 137-2
7395(3) 137-3
7395(4) 137-4
7395(5) 137-5
7395(6) 137-6
7395(7) 137-7
7395(8) 137-8
7395(9) 137-9
7395(10) 137-10
7395(11) 137-11
7395(12) 137-12
7395(13) 137-13
7395(14) 137-14
7395(15) 137-15
7395(16) 137-16
7395(17) 137-17
7395(18) 137-18
7395(19) 137-19
7395(20) 137-20
7395(21) 137-21
7395(22) 137-22
7395(23) 137-23
7395(24) 137-24
7395(25) 137-25
7395(26) 137-26
7395(27) 137-27
7395(28) 137-28
7395(29) 137-29
7395(30) 137-30
7395(31) 137-31
7395(32) 137-32
7395(33) 137-33
7395(33a) 137-34
7395(33b) 137-35
7395(33c) 137-36
7395(33d) 137-37
7395(33e) 137-38
7395(33f) 137-39
7395(33g) 137-40
7395(33h) 137-41
7395(34) 139-1
7395(35) 139-2
7395(36) 139-3
7395(37) 139-4
7395(38) 139-5
7395(39) 139-6
7395(40) 139-7
7395(41) 139-8
7395(42) 139-9
7395(43) 139-10
7395(44) 139-11
7395(45) 139-12
7395(46) 139-13
7396 141-1
7397 141-2
7398 141-3
7399 141-4
7400 141-5
7401 142-1
7402 142-2
7403 142-3
7404 142-4
7405 142-5
7406 142-6
7407 142-7
7408 142-8
7409 142-9
7410 142-12
7411, 7412 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7412(a) 142-11
7413 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7413(a) 142-14
7414 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7415 142-13
7416-7432 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7432(a)-(i) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7432(j) 142-10
7432(k)-7466 ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7466(a) 142-15
7467-7472(q) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7472(q)1 142-31
7472(q)2 142-32
7472(q)3 142-33
7472(q)4 142-34
7472(q)5 142-35
7472(q)6 142-36
7472(q)7 142-37
7472(q)8 142-38
7472(q)9 142-39
7472(q)10 142-40
7472(q)11 142-41
7472(q)12 142-42
7472(q)13 142-43
7472(s) 142-44
7472(t) 142-45
7472(u) 142-46
7472(z)-(nn) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7472(oo) 142-16
7472(pp) 142-17
7472(qq) 142-18
7472(rr)-(yy) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7472(yy)1 115-225
7472(zz) 142-19
7472(1) 142-20
7472(2) 142-21
7472(3) 142-22
7472(4) 142-23
7472(5) 142-24
7472(6) 142-25
7472(7) 142-26
7472(8) 142-27
7472(9) 142-28
7472(10) 142-29
7486(j) 143-1
7486(k) 143-2

7486(l) 143-3
7486(m) 143-4
7486(n) 143-5
7486(o) 143-6
7486(p) 143-7
7486(q) 143-8
7486(s) 143-9
7486(t) 143-10
7486(u) 143-11
7486(v) 143-12
7486(w) 143-13
7486(x) 143-14
7486(y) 143-15
7486(z) 143-16
7486(aa) 143-17
7486(bb) 143-18
7486(cc) 143-19
7486(dd) 143-20
7486(ff) 143-21
7486(gg) 143-22
7486(gg)1 143-23
7486(gg)2 143-24
7486(gg)3 143-25
7486(gg)4 143-26
7486(gg)5 143-27
7486(gg)6 143-28
7486(jj) 143-29
7486(kk) 143-30
7486(ll) 143-31
7486(mm) 143-32
7486(nn) 143-33
7486(nn)1 143-34
7494(1) 143-136
7494(2) 143-137
7494(3) 143-138
7494(4) 143-139
7494(5) 143-140
7494(6) 143-141
7494(6)a 143-142
7494(7) 143-143
7502(b) 143-48
7502(c) 143-49
7502(d) 143-50
7502(e) 143-51
7502(f) 143-52
7502(g) 143-53
7502(h) 143-54
7502(i) 143-55
7502(j) 143-56
7502(k) 143-57
7502(l) 143-59
7502(m) 143-60
7502(n) 143-62
7502(o) 143-63
7502(p) 143-64
7517 143-108
7518 143-109
7518(a) 143-110
7519 143-111
7520 143-112
7521 143-113
7521(a) 143-114
7521(b) 143-115
7521(c) 143-116
7521(i) 143-106
7521(j) 143-107
7521(k) 143-35
7521(m) 143-36
7521(n) 143-37
7521(o) 143-38
7521(p) 143-39
7521(q) 143-40
7521(r) 143-41
7521(s) 143-42
7521(t) 143-43
7521(u) 143-44
7521(v) 143-45
7521(x) 143-47
7521(z) 126-1
7521(aa) 126-2
7521(bb) 126-3
7521(cc) 126-4
7521(dd) 126-5
7521(ee) 126-6
7521(ff) 126-7
7521(gg) 126-8
7521(hh) 126-9
7521(ii) 126-10
7521(jj) 126-11
7521(kk) 126-12
7521(ll) 126-13
7521(mm) 126-14
7521(nn) 126-15
7521(oo) 126-16
7521(pp) 126-17
7522 143-144
7523 143-145
7524 143-146
7524(a) 143-147
7524(b) 143-148
7524(c) 143-149
7524(d) 143-150
7525 143-151
7526 143-152
7527 143-153
7528 143-154
7529 143-155
7530 143-156
7531 143-157
7532 143-158
7532(a) 143-159
7532(b) 143-160
7532(c) 143-161
7533 143-168
7534 143-170
7534(a) 143-162
7534(c) 143-162
7534(d) 143-117
7534(e) 143-118
7534(f) 143-119
7534(g) 143-120
7534(h) 143-121
7534(i) 143-122
7534(j) 143-123

7534(k) 143-124
7534(l) 143-125
7534(m) 143-126
7534(n) 143-127
7534(o) 143-128
7534(o)1 143-129
7534(o)2 143-130
7534(o)3 143-133
7534(o)4 143-134
7534(o)5 143-135
7534(r) 143-132
7534(u) 106-502
7534(v) 106-503
7534(y) 106-504
7534(5)a 143-171
7534(5)b 143-172
7534(5)c 143-173
7534(5)d 143-174
7534(5)e 143-175
7534(5)f 143-176
7534(5)g 143-177
7534(6) 143-163
7534(7) 143-164
7534(8) 143-165
7534(9) 114-12
7534(10) 114-18
7534(12) 114-13
7534(13) 114-14
7534(14) 114-15
7534(15) 114-16
7534(16) 114-17
7534(17) 143-166
7534(19) 143-178
7534(20) 143-179
7534(21) 143-180
7534(22) 143-181
7534(23) 143-182
7534(24) 143-183
7534(25) 143-184
7534(26) 143-185
7534(27) 143-186
7534(28) 143-187
7534(29) 143-188
7534(30) 114-1
7534(31) 114-10
7534(33) 114-11
7534(34) 114-9
7534(37) 114-6
7534(38) 143-167
7535 144-1
7536 144-2
7537 144-3
7538 144-4
7539 144-5
7539(a) 149-1
7539(b) 145-1
7540 146-1
7541 146-2
7541(a) 146-3
7542 146-4
7542(a) 146-5
7543 146-6
7544 146-7
7544(a) 146-12
7545 146-13
7546 146-14
7547 146-15
7548 146-17
7549 146-18
7550 146-19
7551 146-20
7552 146-21
7553 146-22
7554 146-23
7555 146-24
7556 146-25
7557 146-26
7558 146-27
7559 146-28
7560 146-29
7561 146-30
7562 146-31
7563 146-32
7564 146-33
7565 146-34
7566 146-35
7567 146-36
7568 146-37
7569 146-38
7570 146-39
7571 146-40
7572 146-41
7573 146-42
7574 146-43
7575 146-44
7576 146-45
7577 146-46
7578 146-47
7579 146-48
7580 146-49
7581 146-50
7582 146-51
7583 104-25
7584 146-53
7584(a) 146-54
7585 146-55
7586 146-56
7587 146-57
7588 146-58
7589 146-59
7590 146-60
7591 146-61
7592 146-62
7593 146-63
7593(a) 146-64
7593(b) 146-65
7593(c) 146-66
7594 146-67
7595 146-68
7596 146-69
7597 146-70
7598 146-71
7599 146-72
7600 146-73

7601 146-74
7602 146-75
7603 146-76
7604 146-77
7605 146-78
7606 146-79
7607 146-80
7608 146-81
7609 146-82
7610 146-83
7611 146-84
7612 146-85
7613 146-86
7614 146-87
7615 146-88
7616 146-89
7617 146-90
7618 146-91
7619 146-92
7620 146-93
7621 146-94
7622 146-95
7623 146-96
7623(1) 146-97
7624 147-1
7625 147-2
7626 147-3
7627 147-4
7628 147-5
7630 147-6
7631 147-7
7634(a) 147-8
7634(b) 147-9
7635 147-10
7636 147-12
7637 147-13
7638 147-14
7639 147-16
7640 147-17
7640(a) 147-18
7641 147-19
7641(a) 147-20
7642 147-21
7643 147-23
7644 147-24
7645 147-25
7646 147-26
7647 147-27
7648 147-28
7649 147-29
7650 147-30
7651 147-31
7651(a) 147-32
7652 147-34
7654 147-36
7656 147-39
7657 14741
7658 147-42
7659(1) 147-45
7659(2) 147-46
7659(3) 147-47
7659(4) 147-48
7659(5) 147-50
7667(c) 147-51
7671 147-52
7674 147-56
7674(a) 147-57
7675 147-58
7675(a) 147-59
7675(b) 147-60
7675(c) 147-61
7675(d) 147-62
7676 147-63
7678 147-64
7679 147-66
7681 147-67
7682 147-68
7684 147-69
7685 147-70
7688 147-71
7689 147-72
7689(a) 147-73
7689(b) 147-74
7690 147-75
7691 147-76
7691(a) 147-77
7691(b) 147-78
7691(b)1 147-79
7691(c) 147-80
7691(d) 147-81
7691(e) 147-82
7691(f) 147-83
7691(g) 147-84
7692 147-85
7693(a) 147-86
7694 114-2
7694(a) 114-3
7695(a) 114-4
7695(b) 114-5
7696 147-89
7703 148-1
7704 148-2
7705 148-3
7706 148-4
7707 148-6
7707(b) 148-7
7712(a) 148-8
7713 130-6
7714 148-10
7716 148-27
7718 148-29
7719 148-29
7720 148-29
7721 148-11
7727 148-19
7728 148-20
7729 148-21
7732 148-22
7733 148-23
7735 148-24
7736 148-24
7739 147-22
7740 148-43
7742 148-41

7743 148-41
7746 148-25
7748(a) 148-26
7748(b) 136-1
7748(b) 136-2
7748(b) 136-3
7748(b) 136-17
7748(d) 148-5
7748(e) 148-4
7748(g) 148-28
7748(h) 148-30
7748(j) 136-5
7748(j) 136-14
7748(k) 136-11
7748(l) 148-26
7748(l) 148-31
7748(o) 148-37
7748(q) 148-40
7748(r) 148-10
7748(t) 148-42
7748(u) 148-44
7748(v) 148-45
7748(w) 148-46
7748(x) 148-47
7748(y) 148-48
7748(z) 148-33
7748(aa) 148-32
7748(cc) 148-49
7750 148-12
7757(1) 148-50
7757(2) 148-51
7757(3) 148-52
7757(4) 148-53
7757(5) 148-54
7757(6) 148-55
7757(7) 148-56
7757(8) 148-57
7757(9) 148-58
7757(10) 148-59
7757(11) 148-60
7757(12) 148-61
7757(13) 148-62
7757(14) 148-63
7757(15) 148-64
7757(16) 148-13
7757(20) 148-18
7757(22) 148-65
7758 148-66
7759 148-67
7760 148-68
7761 148-69
7762 148-70
7763(a)-(q) ..... Ch. 142, Art. 6
7764 148-71
7765 148-72
7766 148-73
7766(a) 148-9
7766(b) 148-74
7766(c) 148-75
7766(d) 148-76
7766(e) 148-77
7766(f) 148-78
7766(g) 148-79
7766(h) 148-80
7766(i) 148-81
7880(½) 105-1
7880(1) 105-2
7880(2) 105-3
7880(3) 105-4
7880(4) 105-5
7880(5) 105-6
7880(6) 105-7
7880(6)a 105-8
7880(7) 105-9
7880(8) 105-10
7880(9) 105-11
7880(10) 105-12
7880(11) 105-13
7880(12) 105-14
7880(13) 105-32
7880(14) 105-15
7880(15) 105-16
7880(16) 105-17
7880(17) 105-18
7880(18) 105-19
7880(19) 105-20
7880(20) 105-21
7880(21) 105-24
7880(22) 105-22
7880(23) 105-23
7880(24) 105-25
7880(25) 105-26
7880(26) 105-27
7880(27) 105-28
7880(28) 105-29
7880(29) 105-30
7880(29)a 105-31
7880(30) 105-33
7880(31) 105-34
7880(32) 105-35
7880(33) 105-36
7880(34) 105-37
7880(35) 105-38
7880(36) 105-39
7880(37) 105-40
7880(38) 105-41
7880(39) 105-42
7880(41) 105-43
7880(42) 105-44
7880(43) 105-45
7880(44) 105-46
7880(45) 105-47
7880(46) 105-48
7880(47) 105-49
7880(48) 105-50
7880(49) 105-51
7880(50) 105-52
7880(51) 105-53
7880(53) 105-54
7880(53)a 105-55
7880(53)b 105-56
7880(54) 105-57
7880(55) 105-58
7880(56) 105-59

7880(57) 105-60
7880(57)a 105-61
7880(58) 105-62
7880(59) 105-63
7880(60) 105-64
7880(61) 105-65
7880(62) 105-66
7880(63) 105-67
7880(64) 105-68
7880(65) 105-69
7880(66) 105-70
7880(67) 105-71
7880(68) 105-72
7880(69) 105-73
7880(70) 105-74
7880(71) 105-75
7880(72) 105-76
7880(73) 105-77
7880(75) 105-78
7880(76) 105-79
7880(77) 105-80
7880(78) 105-81
7880(79) 105-82
7880(80) 105-83
7880(81) 105-84
7880(82) 105-85
7880(83) 105-86
7880(83)a 105-87
7880(83)b 105-88
7880(84) 105-89
7880(85) 105-90
7880(86) 105-91
7880(87) 105-92
7880(88) 105-93
7880(89) 105-94
7880(90) 105-95
7880(91) 105-96
7880(92) 105-97
7880(93) 105-98
7880(93)b 105-99
7880(94) 105-100
7880(97) 105-101
7880(97)a 105-102
7880(98) 105-103
7880(99) 105-104
7880(100) 105-104
7880(101) 105-106
7880(102) 105-107
7880(103) 105-108
7880(104) 105-109
7880(105) 105-110
7880(106) 105-111
7880(107) 105-112
7880(108) 105-113
7880(109) 105-114
7880(110) 105-115
7880(111) 105-116
7880(112) 105-117
7880(113) 105-118
7880(114) 105-119
7880(115) 105-120
7880(116) 105-121
7880(119) 105-122
7880(119)b 105-123
7880(121) 105-125
7880(122) 105-126
7880(123) 105-127
7880(123)a 105-124
7880(123)b 105-128
7880(123)c 105-129
7880(124) 105-130
7880(125) 105-131
7880(126) 105-132
7880(127) 105-133
7880(128) 105-134
7880(129) 105-135
7880(130) 105-136
7880(131) 105-137
7880(132) 105-138
7880(133) 105-139
7880(134) 105-140
7880(135) 105-141
7880(136) 105-142
7880(136)a 105-143
7880(137) 105-144
7880(138) 105-145
7880(139) 105-146
7880(140) 105-147
7880(141) 105-148
7880(142) 105-149
7880(143) 105-151
7880(144) 105-152
7880(145) 105-153
7880(146) 105-154
7880(147) 105-155
7880(149) 105-156
7880(150) 105-157
7880(151) 105-158
7880(152) 105-159
7880(153) 105-160
7880(154) 105-161
7880(155) 105-162
7880(156) 105-163
7880(156)a 105-164
7880(156)b 105-165
7880(156)c 105-166
7880(156)e 105-167
7880(156)f 105-169
7880(156)g 105-168
7880(156)h 105-170
7880(156)i 105-171
7880(156)l 105-172
7880(156)m 105-173
7880(156)o 105-174
7880(156)p 105-175
7880(156)q 105-176
7880(156)r 105-177
7880(156)s 105-178
7880(156)u 105-179
7880(156)v 105-180
7880(156)w 105-181
7880(156)x 105-182
7880(156)y 105-183
7880(156)z 105-184

7880(156)aa 105-185
7880(156)cc 105-186
7880(156)dd 105-187
7880(156)ee 105-188
7880(156)ff 105-189
7880(156)gg 105-190
7880(156)hh 105-191
7880(156)ii 105-192
7880(156)jj 105-193
7880(156)kk 105-194
7880(156)ll 105-195
7880(156)mm 105-196
7880(156)nn 105-197
7880(156)oo 105-198
7880(l56)pp 105-199
7880(156)qq 105-200
7880(156)rr 105-201
7880(156)ss 105-205
7880(156)tt 105-202
7880(156)uu 105-203
7880(156)uu1 105-204
7880(156)vv 105-206
7880(156)xx 105-210
7880(156)yy 105-211
7880(156)zz1 105-208
7880(156)zz2 105-209
7880(156)bbb 105-207
7880(156)ccc 105-212
7880(156)ddd 105-213
7880(156)eee 105-214
7880(156)fff 105-217
7880(156)ggg 105-215
7880(156)hhh 105-216
7880(156)iii 105-218
7880(156)jjj 105-219
7880(156)kkk 105-220
7880(156)lll 105-221
7880(156)mmm 105-222
7880(156)nnn 105-223
7880(156)ppp 105-224
7880(156)qqq 105-225
7880(156)rrr 105-226
7880(156)sss 105-227
7880(156)ttt 105-228
7880(157) 105-229
7880(158) 105-230
7880(159) 105-231
7880(160) 105-232
7880(161) 105-233
7880(162) 105-234
7880(163) 105-235
7880(164) 105-236
7880(165) 105-237
7880(166) 105-238
7880(167) 105-239
7880(168) 105-240
7880(169) 105-242
7880(170) 105-243
7880(171) 105-244
7880(172) 105-245
7880(173) 105-246
7880(174) 105-241
7880(175) 105-247
7880(176) 105-248
7880(177)a 105-249
7880(178) 105-250
7880(179) 105-251
7880(180) 105-252
7880(181) 105-253
7880(182) 105-254
7880(183) 105-255
7880(184) 105-256
7880(184)a 105-257
7880(185) 105-258
7880(186) 105-259
7880(187) 105-260
7880(188) 105-261
7880(189) 105-262
7880(190) 105-263
7880(191) 105-264
7880(193) 105-265
7880(193)a 105-266
7880(194) 105-267
7880(194)a 105-268
7880(194)b 105-269
7880(196) 105-270
7971(99) 105-425
7971(100) 105-426
7971(101) 105-427
7971(102) 105-428
7971(103) 105-429
7971(104) 105-271
7971(105) 105-272
7971(106) 105-273
7971(107) 105-274
7971(108) 105-275
7971(109) 105-276
7971(110) 105-277
7971(111) 105-278
7971(112) 105-279
7971(113) 105-280
7971(114) 105-281
7971(115) 105-282
7971(116) 105-283
7971(117) 105-284
7971(118) 105-285
7971(119) 105-286
7971(120) 105-287
7971(121) 105-288
7971(122) 105-289
7971(123) 105-290
7971(124) 105-291
7971(125) 105-292
7971(126) 105-293
7971(127) 105-294
7971(128) 105-295
7971(129) 105-296
7971(130) 105-297
7971(131) 105-298
7971(132) 105-299
7971(133) 105-300
7971(134) 105-301
7971(135) 105-302
7971(136) 105-303

7971(137) 105-304
7971(138) 105-305
7971(139) 105-306
7971(140) 105-307
7971(141) 105-308
7971(142) 105-309
7971(143) 105-310
7971(144) 105-311
7971(145) 105-312
7971(146) 105-313
7971(147) 105-314
7971(148) 105-315
7971(149) 105-316
7971(150) 105-317
7971(151) 105-318
7971(152) 105-319
7971(153) 105-320
7971(154) 105-321
7971(155) 105-322
7971(156) 105-323
7971(157) 105-324
7971(158) 105-325
7971(159) 105-326
7971(160) 105-327
7971(161) 105-328
7971(162) 105-329
7971(163) 105-330
7971(164) 105-331
7971(165) 105-332
7971(166) 105-333
7971(167) 105-334
7971(168) 105-335
7971(169) 105-336
7971(170) 105-337
7971(171) 105-338
7971(172) 105-339
7971(173) 105-340
7971(174) 105-341
7971(174)a 105-342
7971(174)b 105-343
7971(175) 105-345
7971(176) 105-346
7971(177) 105-347
7971(179) 105-348
7971(180) 105-349
7971(181) 105-350
7971(182) 105-351
7971(183) 105-352
7971(184) 105-353
7971(185) 105-354
7971(186) 105-355
7971(187) 105-356
7971(188) 105-357
7971(189) 105-358
7971(190) 105-359
7971(191) 105-360
7971(192) 105-361
7971(193) 105-362
7971(194) 105-363
7971(195) 105-364
7971(196) 105-365
7971(197) 105-366
7971(198) 105-367
7971(199) 105-368
7971(200) 105-369
7971(201) 105-370
7971(202) 105-371
7971(203) 105-396
7971(205) 105-397
7971(208) 105-398
7971(209) 105-372
7971(210) 105-373
7971(211) 105-374
7971(212) 105-375
7971(213) 105-376
7971(214) 105-377
7971(215) 105-378
7971(216) 105-379
7971(217) 105-380
7971(218) 105-381
7971(219) 105-382
7971(220) 105-383
7971(221) 105-384
7971(222) 105-385
7971(223) 105-386
7971(224) 105-387
7971(225) 105-388
7971(226) 105-389
7971(227) 105-390
7971(228) 105-391
7971(229) 105-392
7971(230) 105-393
7971(231) 105-394
7971(232) 105-395
7972 105-399
7973 105-400
7974 105-401
7975 105-402
7976 105-403
7976(a) 105-404
7976(b) 105-405
7979 105-406
7979(a) 105-407
7980 105-408
7981 105-409
7982 105-410
7983 105-411
7985 105-412
7989 105-413
7990 105-414
7993 105-415
7995 105-416
8005(g) 105-417
8012(a) 105-418
8012(b) 105-419
8012(c) 105-420
8012(d) 105-421
8034(g) 105-422
8034(n) 105-423
8042 105-424
8052(a) 105-450
8052(b) 105-451
8052(c) 105-452
8052(d) 105-453

8052(e) 105-454
8052(f) 105-455
8052(g) 105-456
8052(h) 105-457
8052(i) 105-458
8052(j) 105-459
8052(k) 105-460
8052(l) 105-461
8052(m) 105-462
8052(1) 96-1
8052(2) 96-2
8052(3) 96-12
8052(4) 96-13
8052(5) 96-14
8052(6) 96-15
8052(7) 96-9
8052(7) 96-16
8052(8) 96-11
8052(9) 96-6
8052(10) 96-3
8052(11) 96-4
8052(12) 96-20
8052(12) 96-27
8052(13) 96-5
8052(13) 96-28
8052(14) 90-10
8052(15) 96-17
8052(16) 96-18
8052(17) 96-7
8052(18) 96-6
8052(19) 96-8
8052(20) 96-19
8053 104-1
8054 104-2
8055 104-3
8056 104-4
8057 104-5
8058 104-6
8059 104-7
8059(a) 104-8
8059(b) 104-9
8059(c) 104-10
8059(d) 104-12
8059(e) 104-13
8059(f) 104-14
8059(g) 104-15
8059(h) 104-16
8059(j) 104-17
8059(k) 104-18
8059(l) 104-11
8060 81-23
8061 81-24
8062 81-25
8064(a) 81-1
8064(b) 81-2
8064(d) 81-3
8064(e) 81-4
8064(f) 81-5
8064(g) 81-6
8064(h) 81-7
8064(i) 81-8
8064(j) 81-9
8064(k) 81-10
8064(l) 81-11
8064(m) 81-12
8064(n) 81-13
8064(o) 81-14
8064(p) 81-15
8064(q) 81-16
8064(r) 81-17
8064(s) 81-18
8064(t) 81-19
8064(u) 81-20
8064(v) 81-21
8064(w) 81-22
8073(1) 81-36
8073(2) 81-37
8073(3) 81-38
8073(4) 81-39
8073(5) 81-40
8073(6) 81-41
8073(7) 81-42
8073(8) 81-43
8073(9) 81-44
8073(10) 81-45
8073(11) 81-46
8073(12) 81-47
8073(13) 81-48
8073(14) 81-49
8073(15) 81-52
8073(16) 81-53
8073(17) 81-54
8073(18) 81-55
8073(19) 81-56
8073(20) 81-57
8073(21) 81-58
8074 81-59
8075 81-60
8076 81-61
8077 81-62
8078 81-63
8079 81-64
8080 81-65
8081 81-66
8081(a) 81-67
8081(b) 81-68
8081(c) 81-69
8081(d) 81-70
8081(h) 97-1
8081(i) 97-2
8081(k) 97-3
8081(l) 97-4
8081(m) 97-5
8081(n) 97-6
8081(o) 97-7
808l(p) 97-8
8081(q) 97-9
8081(r) 97-10
8081(s) 97-11
8081(t) 97-12
8081(u) 97-13
8081(v) 97-14
8081(w) 97-15
8081(x) 97-16

8081(y) 97-17
8081(z) 97-18
8081(aa) 97-19
8081(bb) 97-20
8081(cc) 97-21
8081(dd) 97-22
8081(ee) 97-23
8081(ff) 97-24
8081(gg) 97-25
8081(hh) 97-26
8081(ii) 97-27
8081(jj) 97-28
8081(kk) 97-29
8081(ll) 97-30
8081(mm) 97-31
8081(nn) 97-32
8081(oo) 97-33
8081(pp) 97-34
8081(qq) 97-35
8081(rr) 97-36
8081(ss) 97-37
8081(tt) 97-38
8081(uu) 97-39
8081(vv) 97-40
8081(ww) 97-41
8081(xx) 97-42
8081(yy) 97-43
8081(zz) 97-44
8081(zz)1 97-45
8081(aaa) 97-46
8081(bbb) 97-47
8081(ccc) 97-48
8081(ddd) 97-49
8081(eee) 97-50
8081(fff) 97-51
8081(ggg) 97-77
8081(hhh) 97-78
8081(iii) 97-79
8081(jjj) 97-80
8081(kkk) 97-81
8081(lll) 97-82
8081(mmm) 97-83
8081(nnn) 97-84
8081(ooo) 97-85
8O8l(ppp) 97-86
8081(qqq) 97-87
8081(rrr) 97-88
8081(sss) 97-89
8081(ttt) 97-90
8081(uuu) 97-91
8081(vvv) 97-92
8081(www) 97-93
8081(xxx) 97-94
8081(xxx1) 97-95
8081(yyy) 97-96
8081(zzz) 97-97
8081(aaaa) 97-98
8081(bbbb) 97-99
8081(cccc) 97-100
8081(dddd) 97-101
8081(ffff) 97-102
8081(gggg) 97-103
8081(hhhh) 97-104
8081(1) 97-52
8081(2) 97-53
8081(3) 97-54
8081(4) 97-55
8081(5) 97-56
8081(6) 97-57
8081(7) 97-58
8081(8) 97-59
8081(9) 97-60
8081(10) 97-61
8081(11) 97-62
8081(12) 97-63
8081(13) 97-64
8081(14) 97-65
8081(15) 97-66
8081(16) 97-67
8081(17) 97-68
8081(18) 97-69
8081(19) 97-70
8081(20) 97-71
8081(21) 97-72
8081(22) 97-73
8081(23) 97-74
8081(24) 97-75
8081(25) 97-76
8081(26) 97-105
8081(27) 97-106
8081(28) 97-107
8081(29) 97-108
8081(30) 97-109
8081(31) 97-110
8081(32) 97-111
8081(33) 97-112
8081(34) 97-113
8081(35) 97-114
8081(36) 97-115
8081(37) 97-116
8081(38) 97-117
8081(39) 97-118
8081(40) 97-119
8081(41) 97-120
8081(42) 97-121
8081(43) 97-122
8082 82-1
8083 82-2
8084 82-3
8085 82-4
8086 82-5
8087 82-6
8088 82-7
8089 82-8
8090 82-9
8091 82-10
8092 82-11
8093 82-12
8094 82-13
8095 82-14
8096 82-15
8097 82-16
8098 82-17
8099 82-18

TABLE OF DELETED SECTIONS

The sections in this table appeared in the Consolidated Statutes and in the Michie Codes. For sections transferred into sections of the General Statutes, see Table of Comparable Sections: Consolidated Statutes to General Statutes, set out in this volume.

Sections in this table preceded by an asterisk represent the following types of laws which were not codified in the General Statutes of North Carolina: (1) local in application affecting less than ten counties; (2) excepting pending litigation; (3) construction clauses; (4) repealing clauses; (5) partial invalidity clauses. The omission of such statutes does not for that reason repeal them. See General Statutes, sections 164-1 through 164-8.

Where a section was repealed by reference to its corresponding number in the General Statutes such number appears in parentheses following the repealed section.

The following abbreviations have been used in this table: Con. St. = Construction Statute; Loc. = Local; Obs. = Obsolete; P. Inv. = Partial Invalidity; P. Lit. = Pending Litigation; Rep. = Repealed; Rpl. St. = Repealing Statute; Sup. = Superseded; Unconst. = Unconstitutional.

---

§ 163. Obs.
§ 179-181. Obs.
§ 182-191. Rep., 1935, c. 243.
§ 191(s) (§ 63-19). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 193(a)-193(h). Obs.
§ 193(12). Obs.
§ 194-196. Sup., § 84-24.
§ 204-215. Rep., 1933, c. 210, s. 20.
§ 216. Sup., § 53-2.
§ 217. Sup., §§ 53-3 to 53-5.
§ 217(m)1-217(m)13. Obs.
§ 218. Sup., § 53-6.
§ 218(d). Sup., § 53-20.
§ 218(r), 218(s). Obs.
§ 218(u). Obs.
§ 218(v). Unconst., 205 N. C. 822, 172 S. E. 484.
§ 219. Sup., §§ 53-7, 53-8.
§ 219(a). Obs.
§ 219(a)2-219(a)4. Obs.
§ 219(b). Obs.
§ 219(d). Obs.
§ 220. Sup., § 53-43.
§ 221. Sup., § 53-61.
§ 221(s). Obs.
§ 221(u). Obs.
§ 222(c). Obs.
§ 222(o). Obs.
§ 223. Sup., § 53-43.
§ 224. Sup., § 53-64.
§ 225. Sup., § 53-60.
§ 225(i), 225(j). Obs.
§ 225(1). Obs.
§ 225(n)-225(r). Obs.
§ 226-229. Sup., §§ 53-1, 53-48, 53-50, 53-51, 53-53, 53-59.
§ 231. Sup., § 53-52.
§ 232. Sup., § 53-57.
§ 233. Sup., § 53-58.
§ 234. Sup., § 53-54.
§ 235. Sup., § 53-14.
§ 236. Sup., § 53-135.
§ 237-239. Obs.
§ 240 (§ 53-147). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 241, 242. Obs.
§ 243. Sup., § 53-41.
§ 244. Sup., § 53-104.
§ 245. Sup., § 53-137.
§ 246. Obs.
§ 247. Sup., §§ 53-106, 53-108.
§ 248. Sup., § 53-107.
§ 249. Sup., §§ 53-117, 53-118, 53-122.
§ 250. Sup., §§ 53-122, 53-123.
§ 251. Sup., § 53-125.
§ 252. Sup., § 53-122.
§ 253. Sup., §§ 53-20, 53-118.
§ 254. Sup., § 53-121.
§ 255. Sup., § 53-136.
§ 256. Sup., § 53-137.
§ 257. Sup., § 53-139.
§ 258. Sup., § 53-138.
§ 259. Sup., § 53-141.
§ 260. Sup., § 53-142.
§ 261. Sup., § 53-143.
§ 262. Obs.
§ 263. Sup., § 53-144.
§ 264. Sup., § 53-136.
§ 264(1). Obs.
§ 265-276. Rep., 1933, c. 228.
§ *281. P. Lit.
§ *282. P. Inv.
§ 360. Obs.
§ 454. Sup., §§ 52-1 et seq.
§ 482. Sup., § 1-94.
§ 486. Sup., § 1-121.
§ 492(a). Rep., 1927, c. 66, s. 2.
§ 594. Obs.

§ 597(c). Rep., 1943, c. 301, s. 3.
§ 616(a) (§ 1-238). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 639. Obs.
§ 668. Rep., 1927, c. 24.
§ 694. Obs.
§ 756 (§ 1-397). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 766(b). Rep., 1941, c. 52, s. 3.
§ 858. Sup., §§ 105-267, 105-406.
§ 955. Sup., §§ 114-10, 114-11.
§ 1004 (§ 39-14). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 1023-1034. Rep., 1933, c. 134.
§ 1035. Obs.
§ 1036. Obs.
§ 1065(a). Obs.
§ 1066(a). Obs.
§ 1076. Obs.
§ 1078-1081. Obs.
§ 1084. Obs.
§ 1089. Obs.
§ 1089(a), 1089(b). Obs.
§ 1092. Sup., § 62-12.
§ 1104. Obs.
§ 1112(c). Obs.
§ 1112(f)-1112(j). Obs.
§ 1112(n). Sup., § 62-9.
§ 1112(p), 1112(q). Obs.
§ 1112(t). Obs.
§ 1112(x). Obs.
§ *1112(aa) P. Lit.
§ 1112(bb). Obs.
§ 1122 (§ 55-10). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 1124 (§ 55-12). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 1125(j). Rep., 1935, c. 489, s. 3.
§ 1142 (§ 55-46). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 1148. Obs.
§ 1163, 1164. Rep., 1941, c. 353, s. 24.
§ 1291(a). Obs.
§ 1302(18). Obs.
§ 1316(c). Sup., § 143-129.
§ *1316(d). Con. St.
§ 1321(a)-1321(i). Sup., §§ 153-69 et seq.
§ 1334(37). Rep., 1931, c. 60, s. 58.
§ 1334(44). Obs.
§ 1334(45)-1334(52). Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 1334(86)-1334(100). Obs.
§ 1362. Sup., § 153-194.
§ 1363. Obs.
§ 1382(a)-1382(i). Rep., 1925, c. 218.
§ 1440. Obs.
§ *1461(5), 1461(6). Loc.
§ 1461(a)-1461(e3). Rep., 1943, c. 746.
§ 1582(a). Obs.
§ 1588. Sup., §§ 114-10, 114-11.
§ 1605. Rep., 1921, c. 110, s. 15.
§ 1608(f)3(c). Rep., 1933, c. 405.
§ 1608(dd)9. Obs.
§ 1684(a). Rep., 1929, c. 318.
§ 1694(6). Obs.
§ 1694(29). Obs.
§ 1794. Obs.
§ 1796. Obs.
§ 1826. Obs.
§ *1864(o) P. Lit.
§ 1866. Obs.
§ 1876. Obs.
§ 1877. Obs.
§ 1877(a), 1877(b). Obs.
§ 1881. Sup., § 113-136.
§ 1901(a)-1901(g). Obs.
§ 1917. Sup., § 113-163.
§ 1959(d). Obs.
§ 2016-2019. Rep., 1943, c. 582.
§ 2046. Rep., 1931, c. 365.
§ 2060. Rep., Ex. Sess., 1921, c. 42, s. 5.
§ 2078-2078(o). Sup., §§ 113-143 to 113-157.
§ *2078(aa) Con. St.
§ 2079-2084. Obs.
§ 2085. Sup., § 113-95.
§ 2086. Sup., §§ 113-94, 113-99.
§ 2087-2097. Rep., 1927, c. 51, s. 39.
§ 2098. Sup., §§ 113-95, 113-97, 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2100. Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2101. Sup., §§ 113-83, 113-100, 113-102.
§ 2102. Sup., §§ 113-83, 113-100, 113-102, 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2104. Obs.
§ 2105. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2106. Sup., § 113-106.
§ 2107. Sup., § 113-106.
§ 2108. Sup., § 113-107.
§ 2109. Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2109(a). Obs.
§ 2111-2117. Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2118. Sup., §§ 113-100, 113-102.
§ 2119-2120. Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2121. Sup., §§ 113-100, 113-102.
§ 2122. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-84, 113-109.
§ 2123. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2124. Sup., § 113-104.
§ 2125. Sup., §§ 113-102, 113-104.
§ 2126. Sup., § 113-104.
§ 2128. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2129. Sup., §§ 113-101, 113-109.
§ 2130. Sup., §§ 113-106, 113-109.
§ 2131. Sup., §§ 113-105, 113-106, 113-109.
§ 2133. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2134. Obs.
§ 2135. Sup., §§ 113-100, 113-106, 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2135(b). Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2135(c). Obs.
§ 2136. Sup., § 113-102.
§ 2137. Sup., §§ 113-100, 113-104.
§ 2138. Sup., 1935, c. 160.
§ 2139. Sup., § 113-95.
§ 2140. Sup., §§ 113-104, 113-109.
§ 2141. Sup., § 113-103.
§ 2141(a). Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-104.
§ 2141(b). Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-109, 113-120.
§ 2141(c). Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-109, 113-120.
§ 2141(d). Sup., § 113-82.
§ 2141(e). Sup., § 113-83.
§ 2141(f). Obs.
§ 2141(g)-2141(i). Obs.
§ 2141(j). Sup., § 113-90.

§ 2141(j)1. Sup., § 113-90.
§ 2141(k). Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-91.
§ 2141(1). Sup., §§ 113-34, 113-84.
§ 2141(m). Sup., § 113-84.
§ 2141(n), 2141(o). Sup., § 113-84.
§ 2141(p). Sup., § 113-84.
§ 2141(q). Sup., § 113-86.
§ 2141(r). Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-100, 113-101, 113-102.
§ 2141(r)1. Sup., §§ 113-84, 113-100.
§ 2141(s). Sup., § 113-84.
§ 2141(t). Sup., § 113-87.
§ 2141(u). Sup., § 113-89.
§ 2141(v)-2141(y). Sup., § 113-91.
§ 2141(z). Sup., § 113-92.
§ 2141(aa). Sup., § 113-93.
§ 2141(bb). Sup., § 113-94.
§ 2141(cc). Obs.
§ 2141(ee). Sup., §§ 113-91, 113-95.
§ 2141(ff). Sup., § 113-97.
§ 2141(gg). Sup., § 113-98.
§ 2141(gg)1. Sup., § 113-95.
§ 2141(hh). Sup., § 113-99.
§ 2141(ii), 2141(ii)1. Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2141(jj). Sup., §§ 113-101, 113-102.
§ 2141(jj)1. Sup., § 113-108.
§ 2141(jj)2. Sup., § 113-104.
§ 2141(kk). Sup., § 113-102.
§ 2141(ll). Sup., § 113-103.
§ 2141(mm). Sup., § 113-104.
§ 2141(mm)1. Sup., § 113-105.
§ 2141(nn). Sup., § 113-106.
§ 2141(nn)1. Sup., § 113-106.
§ 2141(oo). Sup., § 113-107.
§ 2l4l(pp). Obs.
§ 2141(qq). Sup., § 113-109.
§ 2141(rr). Sup., § 113-100.
§ 2141(ss). Obs.
§ 2141(tt)-2141(vv). Obs.
§ 2141(ww). Sup., §§ 113-33, 113-94.
§ 2141(xx). Sup., §§ 113-86, 113-91.
§ 2l4l(yy). Obs.
§ 2145. Rep., 1931, c. 236, s. 2.
§ 2146. Rep., 1931, c. 236, s. 2.
§ *2202(19) P. Inv.
§ 2255-2276. Rep., 1921, c. 186, s. 22.
§ 2278-2283. Rep., 1921, c. 186, s. 22.
§ 2304(g). Obs.
§ 2304(h)-2304(I). Rep., 1933, c. 224.
§ 2434. Obs.
§ 2438 (§ 44-7). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 2492(3)-2492(4). Obs.
§ 2492(46). Obs.
§ 2492(50). Obs.
§ 2492(54). Obs.
§ 2492(62). Obs.
§ 2492(63)-2492(71). Obs.
§ 2500(a)-2500(e). Sup., §§ 51-9 to 51-14.
§ 2500(f). Rep., 1933, c. 12.
§ 2500(g). Sup., §§ 51-9 to 51-14.
§ 2500(n). Rep., 1941, c. 218, s. 2.
§ 2514 (§ 52-11). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 2520 (§ 52-17), 2521 (§ 52-18). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 2594(c). Obs.
§ 2598. Sup., § 20-38.
§ 2600. Sup., § 20-183.
§ 2601. Sup., § 20-169.
§ 2602. Sup., §§ 20-1 to 20-3, 20-39, 20-50 et seq.
§ 2603. Sup., §§ 20-50 et seq.
§ 2604. Rep., 1921, c. 209.
§ 2605. Sup., §§ 20-50 et seq.
§ 2606. Sup., § 20-82.
§ 2607. Sup., §§ 20-72, 20-78.
§ 2608. Sup., §§ 20-63, 20-68.
§ 2609. Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2610. Sup., § 20-79.
§ 2611. Sup., §§ 20-83, 20-86.
§ 2611(a). Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2611(b). Sup., §§ 20-63, 20-111, 20-178.
§ 2611(c). Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2611(d). Sup., §§ 20-63, 20-111.
§ 2611(e). Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2611(f). Sup., §§ 20-63, 20-64.
§ 2611(g). Sup., § 20-84.
§ 2612. Sup., §§ 20-85 et seq.
§ 2612(a). Sup., § 20-97.
§ 2612(b). Obs.
§ 2613. Sup., § 20-97.
§ 2613(a). Sup., §§ 20-50 et seq., 20-176.
§ 2613(b). Sup., § 20-97.
§ 2613(c)-2613(i). Sup., §§ 105-430 et seq.
§ 2613(i12)c. Sup., §§ 119-41, 119-42.
§ 2613(i13). Obs.
§ 2613(r). Obs.
§ 2613(z). Rep., 1933, c. 440.
§ 2613(dd). Obs.
§ 2613(ee). Sup., § 62-119.
§ 2614. Sup., §§ 20-9, 20-138.
§ 2615. Sup., §§ 20-124, 20-125, 20-129.
§ 2617. Sup., §§ 20-148,20-171,20-149, 20-151, 20-153, 20-154.
§ 2617(a). Sup., § 20-158.
§ 2618. Sup., §§ 20-140,20-141,20-128, 20-125.
§ 2618(a). Sup., § 20-122.
§ 2618(c). Sup., § 20-218.
§ 2620. Sup., §§ 20-162, 20-163.
§ 2621. Sup., § 20-105.
§ 2621(a). Sup., § 20-118.
§ 2621(b). Sup., § 20-143.
§ 2621(c). Sup., § 20-143.
§ 2621(d). Obs.
§ 2621(e)-2621(h). Sup., §§ 20-39, 20-49, 20-185 et seq.
§ 2621(i). Sup., § 20-38.
§ 2621(j). Sup., §§ 20-38 et seq.
§ 2621(j)1. Sup., § 20-84.
§ 2621(k). Sup., §§ 20-73, 20-78.
§ 2621(1). Sup., §§ 20-50, 20-176.
§ 2621(m). Sup., §§ 20-52, 20-57.
§ 2621(n). Sup., §§ 20-72, 20-74.
§ 2621(o). Sup., §§ 20-73, 20-74, 20-78.
§ 2621(p). Sup., §§ 20-110, 20-111.
§ 2621(q). Sup., §§ 20-106, 20-111.

§ 2621(r). Sup., §§ 20-75, 20-79, 20-82.
§ 2621(s). Sup., §§ 20-68, 20-76.
§ 2621(t). Sup., § 20-71.
§ 2621(u). Sup., §§ 20-55, 20-102, 20-104.
§ 2621(v). Obs.
§ 2621(w). Sup., §§ 20-39, 20-49.
§ 2621(x). Sup., § 20-97.
§ 2621(y). Sup., § 20-112.
§ 2621(z). Sup., §§ 20-38 et seq.
§ 2621(1). Sup., § 20-38.
§ 2621(2). Sup., §§ 20-1 et seq.
§ 2621(3). Sup., §§ 20-39, 20-41.
§ 2621(4). Sup., § 20-40.
§ 2621(5). Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2621(6). Sup., § 20-50.
§ 2621(7). Sup., § 20-51.
§ 2621(8). Sup., § 20-52.
§ 2621(9). Sup., § 20-56.
§ 2621(10). Sup., § 20-43.
§ 2621(11). Sup., § 20-57.
§ 2621(12). Sup., § 20-58.
§ 2621(13). Sup., § 20-57.
§ 2621(14). Sup., §§ 20-63, 20-64.
§ 2621(15). Sup., § 20-63.
§ 2621(16). Sup., §§ 20-72 et seq.
§ 2621(17). Sup., § 20-79.
§ 2621(18). Sup., § 20-82.
§ 2621(19). Sup., § 20-83.
§ 2621(20). Sup., § 20-68.
§ 2621(21). Sup., § 20-69.
§ 2621(22). Sup., § 20-70.
§ 2621(23). Sup., §§ 20-103, 20-104.
§ 2621(24). Sup., § 20-71.
§ 2621(25). Sup., § 20-54.
§ 2621(26). Sup., § 20-110.
§ 2621(27). Sup., § 20-111.
§ 2621(28). Sup., § 20-112.
§ 2621(29). Sup., §§ 20-85 et seq.
§ 2621(29)(a). Sup., §§ 20-85 et seq.
§ 2621(30). Sup., § 20-84.
§ 2621(31). Sup., § 20-99.
§ 2621(31)(a). Sup., §§ 20-64, 20-77, 20-100.
§ 2621(31)(b). Sup., § 20-95.
§ 2621(31)(c), 2621(31)(d). Sup., § 20-97.
§ 2621(31)(e). Obs.
§ 2621(32). Sup., § 20-105.
§ 2621(33). Sup., § 20-106.
§ 2621(34). Sup., § 20-107.
§ 2621(35). Sup., §§ 20-108, 20-109.
§ 2621(36). Sup., § 20-107.
§ 2621(37). Sup., §§ 20-61, 20-102, 20-104.
§ 2621(38). Sup., § 20-42.
§ 2621(39). Sup., §§ 20-38 et seq.
§ 2621(40). Sup., § 20-176.
§ 2621(41). Sup., § 20-177.
§ 2621(42). Obs.
§ 2621(43). Sup., § 20-38.
§ 2621(44). Sup., § 20-138.
§ 2621(45). Sup., § 20-140.
§ 2621(46). Sup., § 20-141.
§ 2621(46)(a). Sup., § 20-141.
§ 2621(47). Sup., § 20-142.
§ 2621(48). Sup., § 20-143.
§ 2621(49). Sup., § 20-144.
§ 2621(49)(a). Sup., § 20-144.
§ 2621(50). Sup., § 20-145.
§ 2621(51). Sup., § 20-146.
§ 2621(52). Sup., § 20-147.
§ 2621(53). Sup., § 20-148.
§ 2621(54). Sup., § 20-149.
§ 2621(55). Sup., § 20-150.
§ 2621(56). Sup., § 20-151.
§ 2621(57). Sup., § 20-152.
§ 2621(58). Sup., § 20-153.
§ 2621(59). Sup., § 20-154.
§ 2621(60). Sup., § 20-155.
§ 2621(61). Sup., § 20-156.
§ 2621(62). Sup., § 20-157.
§ 2621(63). Sup., § 20-158.
§ 2621(64). Sup., § 20-159.
§ 2621(65). Sup., § 20-160.
§ 2621(66). Sup., § 20-161.
§ 2621(67). Sup., § 20-162.
§ 2621(68). Sup., § 20-163.
§ 2621(69). Sup., § 20-164.
§ 2621(70). Sup., § 20-165.
§ 2621(71). Sup., § 20-166.
§ 2621(71)a. Sup., § 20-167.
§ 2621(72). Sup., § 20-168.
§ 2621(73). Sup., § 20-169.
§ 2621(74). Sup., § 20-170.
§ 2621(75). Sup., § 20-115.
§ 2621(76). Sup., § 20-116.
§ 2621(77). Sup., § 20-117.
§ 2621(78). Sup., § 20-118.
§ 2621(80). Sup., § 20-119.
§ 2621(81). Sup., § 20-121.
§ 2621(82). Sup., § 20-122.
§ 2621(83). Sup., § 20-123.
§ 2621(84). Sup., § 20-124.
§ 2621(84)a. Sup., § 20-124.
§ 2621(85). Sup., § 20-125.
§ 2621(86). Sup., § 20-126.
§ 2621(87). Sup., § 20-127.
§ 2621(88). Sup., § 20-128.
§ 2621(89). Sup., § 20-129.
§ 2621(90). Sup., § 20-130.
§ 2621(91). Sup., § 20-131.
§ 2621(92). Sup., § 20-132.
§ 2621(93). Sup., § 20-133.
§ 2621(94). Sup., § 20-134.
§ 2621(99)a. Sup., § 20-172.
§ 2621(99)b. Sup., § 20-173.
§ 2621(99)c. Sup., § 20-174.
§ 2621(99)d. Sup., §§ 20-172 to 20-175.
§ 2621(99)e. Sup., § 20-175.
§ 2621(99)f. Sup., § 20-176.
§ 2621(101). Sup., § 20-179.
§ 2621(102). Sup., § 20-180.
§ 2621(103). Sup., § 20-182.
§ 2621(104). Sup., § 20-177.
§ 2621(104)a. Sup., § 20-183.
§ 2621(105). Sup., § 20-24.
§ 2621(106). Obs.
§ 2621(107). Sup., §§ 20-38 et seq.
§ 2621(127). Sup., §§ 20-1 to 20-3.

§ 2621(128). Sup., § 119-26.
§ 2621(129). Sup., § 119-26.
§ 2621(130). Sup., § 119-35.
§ 2621(132). Sup., §§ 119-30, 119-46, 119-47.
§ 2621(133). Sup., § 119-36.
§ 2621(134). Sup., §§ 119-25, 119-32.
§ 2621(135). Sup., §§ 119-31, 119-32, 119-46.
§ 2621(140). Sup., § 119-33.
§ 2621(141). Sup., § 119-25.
§ 2621(142). Sup., §§ 20-124, 20-129 to 20-134.
§ 2621(143). Obs.
§ 2621(144). Obs.
§ 2621(145). Obs.
§ 2621(182)-2621(185). Sup., § 20-80.
§ 2621(186). Obs.
§ 2621(188). Sup., §§ 20-1 et seq.
§ *2621(329) P. Inv.
§ 2621(330). Obs.
§ 2621(338). Obs.
§ 2666. Obs.
§ 2679-2682. Obs.
§ 2684, 2685. Sup., §§ 105-390, 153-135.
§ 2686, 2687. Sup., § 160-409.
§ 2725, 2726. Sup., §§ 160-367 et seq.
§ 2727. Obs.
§ 2728. Sup., §§ 153-69 et seq.
§ 2793(d). Rep., 1939, c. 121.
§ 2815. Sup., § 105-340.
§ 2830. Sup., § 143-129.
§ 2835(a). Rep., 1939, c. 176.
§ 2841. Sup., §§ 153-29 to 153-32.
§ 2900. Obs.
§ *2917. P. Inv.
§ 2923-2931. Rep., 1931, c. 60, s. 72.
§ 2940. Obs.
§ 2946. Obs.
§ 2956. Rep., 1931, c. 60, s. 53.
§ 2959(1)-2959(7). Obs.
§ 2964, 2965. Obs.
§ 2965(1)-2965(12). Obs.
§ 2966-2969. Obs.
§ 2969(h)-2969(i). Rep., 1925, c. 100, s. 13.
§ 2969(r). Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 2969(1)-2969(15). Obs.
§ 3198. Obs.
§ 3212(17), 3212(18). Rep., 1941, c. 357, s. 9.
§ *3212(19). Con. St.
§ *3212(22). Con. St.
§ 3246-3252 (§§ 46-35 to 46-41). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 3258-3276. Rep., 1941, c. 251, s. 31.
§ 3276(31). Obs.
§ *3316(a) Loc.
§ *3341 Loc.
§ 3367. Sup., §§ 18-2, 18-63 et seq.
§ 3368. Sup., §§ 18-1, 18-2.
§ 3369. Sup., § 18-9.
§ 3370. Sup., § 18-5.
§ 3372. Sup., §§ 18-15, 18-2.
§ 3373. Sup., §§ 18-1, 18-2, 18-63 et seq., 90-87 et seq.
§ 3374. Obs.
§ 3375-3377. Obs.
§ 3378. Sup., § 18-2.
§ 3380. Sup., § 18-13.
§ 3382. Sup., § 18-16.
§ 3383. Obs.
§ 3384-3389. Obs.
§ 3390-3393. Sup., §§ 18-18 to 18-21.
§ 3394-3396. Rep., 1921, c. 204.
§ 3397. Obs.
§ 3398-3400. Sup., §§ 18-22 to 18-24.
§ 3401, 3402. Rep., 1933, c. 480, s. 1.
§ *3402(a) Loc.
§ 3403-3405. Sup., § 18-6.
§ 3406. Sup., § 18-7.
§ 3409-3411. Sup., §§ 18-28 to 18-30, 18-67.
§ *3411(cc) P. Inv.
§ 3411(dd)-3411(jj). Sup., §§ 18-23 et seq.
§ 3411(11), 3411(mm). Sup., §§ 18-63 et seq.
§ 3411(1)-3411(28). Sup., §§ 18-63 et seq.
§ 3411(30). Sup., §§ 18-63 et seq.
§ 3411(33). Sup., §§ 18-63 et seq.
§ 3411(34). Sup., § 18-77.
§ 3411(38)-3411(64). Rep., 1937, c. 49, s. 27.
§ *3411(91). Con. St.
§ *3411(119). Con. St.
§ 3425 (§ 60-15). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 3480 (§ 60-80). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 3498-3502. Obs.
§ 3513. Rep., 1939, c. 365, s. 5.
§ 3564. Sup., §§ 105-283, 105-323, 105-324.
§ 3573-3575. Sup., §§ 136-1, 136-2, 136-3, 136-17.
§ 3576. Sup., §§ 136-5, 136-6.
§ 3577. Sup., §§ 136-1, 136-2, 136-3, 136-17.
§ 3578. Sup., § 136-4.
§ 3579, 3580. Sup., § 136-4.
§ 3581. Sup., §§ 136-45 et seq., 136-51 et seq.
§ 3582. Sup., § 136-4.
§ 3583. Sup., §§ 136-1, 136-2, 136-3, 136-17.
§ 3585, 3586. Sup., § 136-18.
§ 3587. Obs.
§ 3588. Sup., § 136-12.
§ 3589. Sup., §§ 136-10, 136-12.
§ 3590. Sup., § 20-97.
§ 3591. Sup., § 148-26.
§ 3592. Sup., §§ 136-45 et seq., 136-51 et seq.
§ 3593. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.
§ 3594. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.
§ 3596. Sup., § 136-18.
§ 3597. Obs.
§ 3598. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.
§ 3599. Sup., § 136-18.
§ 3600-3618. Obs.
§ 3619-3657. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 153-113.
§ 3658-3671. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 148-26 et seq.
§ 3671(e)-3681. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 148-26 et seq.
§ 3682-3695. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 153-113.
§ 3696-3717. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 153-113.
§ 3718-3724. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.
§ 3725-3749. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 148-26 et seq.
§ 3750-3760. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.

§ 3761-3766(a). Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq.
§ 3767-3772. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 153-113.
§ 3773-3778. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 153-113.
§ 3779. Sup., §§ 136-47, 136-18.
§ 3780. Sup., §§ 136-30, 136-32, 136-72, 20-30, 20-31.
§ 3781. Sup., §§ 136-51 et seq., 136-30, 136-32, 20-30, 20-31.
§ 3782. Obs.
§ 3783. Obs.
§ 3784. Sup., § 20-33.
§ 3784(a). Sup., § 20-129.
§ 3786. Obs.
§ 3787. Obs.
§ 3788. Obs.
§ 3792. Sup., §§ 20-115, 20-136.
§ 3793, 3794. Obs.
§ 3794(a). Sup., §§ 20-115, 20-136.
§ 3802-3803. Obs.
§ 3805. Sup., § 20-144.
§ 3806-3811. Rep., 1931, c. 145, s. 39.
§ 3812-3816. Sup., §§ 148-26 et seq.
§ 3817-3818. Obs.
§ 3819-3821. Sup., § 136-88.
§ 3822. Sup., § 136-88.
§ 3823-3825. Sup., § 136-88.
§ 3826-3834. Sup., § 136-88.
§ 3839-3846. Sup., §§ 136-45 et seq., 136-51 et seq.
§ 3846(cl)-3846(c3) (§§ 136-48 to 136-50). Rep., 1943, c. 410.
§ 3846(c4). Obs.
§ 3846(d). Obs.
§ *3846(e). P. Inv.
§ 3846(e8). Obs.
§ *3846(e9). P. Lit.
§ 3846(f). Rep., 1933, c. 172, s. 15.
§ 3846(i). Obs.
§ 3846(j2). Rep., 1941, c. 217, s. 6.
§ 3846(n), 3846(o). Obs.
§ 3846(01), 3846(02). Obs.
§ 3846(p). Rep., 1931, c. 145, s. 22.
§ 3846(w). Sup., §§ 148-38, 148-26 et seq.
§ 3846(x). Sup., §§ 148-26 et seq.
§ 3846(z). Obs.
§ 3846(aa). Obs.
§ 3846(bb)1. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 3846(ee). Rep., 1927, c. 95, s. 12.
§ 3846(gg), 3846(hh). Rep., 1931, c. 145, s. 2.
§ 3846(u). Obs.
§ 3846(jj)-3846(qq)23. Obs.
§ 3846(uu)-3846(xx). Sup., §§ 20-212 to 20-215.
§ 3846(iii)-3846(111). Sup., §§ 119-14 et seq.
§ 3846(mmm)1. Obs.
§ 3846(ppp). Sup., §§ 119-14 et seq.
§ 3846(sss). Obs.
§ 3846(2), 3846(3). Obs.
§ 3846(12) (§ 136-65). Rep., 1943, c. 410.
§ 3846(13). Sup., § 136.1.
§ 3846(14). Obs.
§ 3846(16) (§ 136-66). Rep., 1943, c. 410.
§ 3846(18) Obs.
§ 3846(24). Sup., § 148-30.
§ 3846(25). Sup., § 148.27.
§ 3846(27). Obs.
§ 3846(28). Obs.
§ 3846(30). Obs.
§ 3847(a). Sup., § 138-1.
§ 3852. Obs.
§ 3853, 3854. Sup., §§ 120-3, 120-4, 120-33.
§ 3856. Sup., §§ 129-1 et seq.
§ 3857. Rep. 1925, c. 110, s. 2.
§ *3857(b), 3857(c). Con. St.
§ 3860. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 3861(c). Obs.
§ 3865. Obs.
§ 3873. Obs.
§ 3875. Obs.
§ 3876. Obs.
§ 3879. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 3880. Rep., 1941, c. 224, s. 13.
§ 3881. Obs.
§ 3882. Obs.
§ 3885. Obs.
§ 3887. Sup., §§ 129-1 et seq.
§ 3888. Sup., § 7-29.
§ 3889(a). Sup., § 129-1.
§ 3891. Obs.
§ 3894-3899. Sup., § 1-408.
§ 3901, 3902. Sup., § 1-408.
§ 3911. Sup., §§ 115-353, 115-359.
§ 3912. Sup., § 115-46.
§ 3914. (§ 81-31). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 3921(a), 3921(b). Obs.
§ *3924(y). P. Inv.
§ *3924(z). Rpl. St.
§ 3924(aa). Obs.
§ 3970 (§ 26-10). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 3997. Unconst. See 213 N.C. 636, 197 S.E. 191; 139 N.C. 583, 51 S.E. 956.
§ 4035. Sup., §§ 7-44, 114-7.
§ *4040. P. Lit.
§ 4109. Sup., §§ 30-15, 30-17.
§ 4110. Sup., § 30-17.
§ 4130. Rep., 1941, c. 29.
§ 4185. Sup., §§ 163-188 et seq.
§ 4186. Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4187. Obs.
§ 4189. Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4190. Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4192. Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4193. Sup., § 163-196.
§ 4195 (§ 163-205). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 4196. Sup., § 163-196.
§ 4197. Obs.
§ 4198. Obs.
§ 4199(a). Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4199(b). Sup., § 163-197.
§ 4221. Rep., 1933, c. 542. See 206 N.C. 660, 175 S.E. 294.
§ 4262 (§ 14-83). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ *4265 Loc.
§ 4269(a). Obs.
§ 4292. Sup., § 20-108.
§ *4314 Loc.
§ *4330(a) Loc.

§ *4363. P. Inv.
§ 4392. Rep., 1941, c. 141.
§ *4424 Loc.
§ *4426(b) Loc.
§ 4437(d). Sup., § 14-304.
§ 4437(e). Sup., § 14-305.
§ 4437(f). Sup., § 14-306.
§ 4437(g). Sup., § 14-307.
§ 4437(h). Sup., § 14-308.
§ 4437(i). Sup., § 14-309.
§ 4437(j). Sup., § 14-304.
§ 4437(k). Sup., § 14-305.
§ 4437(1). Sup., § 14-306.
§ 4437(m)-4437(o). Obs.
§ 4437(p). Sup., § 14-308.
§ 4437(q). Obs.
§ *4468 Loc.
§ *4482 Loc.
§ 4488. Sup., § 106-403.
§ 4492. Sup., §§ 106-314, 106-315.
§ 4506(b). Sup., § 20-136.
§ *4511 Loc.
§ *4511(c) Loc.
§ 4556. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 4556(a)-4556(y). Rep., 1937, c. 273, s. 29.
§ 4636(a). Unconst., 209 N.C. 50, 182 S.E. 715; 209 N.C. 52, 182 S.E. 716; 209 N.C. 53, 182 S.E. 716; 210 N.C. 170, 185 S.E. 62.
§ 4678-4681. Obs.
§ 4687. Obs.
§ 4688(a). Rep., 1937, c. 131.
§ 4689(d). Rep., 1941, c. 343.
§ 4690. Sup., §§ 106-27 et seq.
§ 4691-4703. Sup., §§ 107-27 et seq.
§ *4703(o) P. Inv.
§ 4717-4723(a). Rep., 1941, c. 275, s. 14.
§ 4750-4768. Rep., 1939, c. 320, s. 25.
§ 4769-4780. Sup., §§ 106-174 et seq.
§ *4793 P. Inv.
§ 4810(g)-4810(j). Rep., 1939, c. 193.
§ 4811-4831(1). Sup., §§ 106-277 et seq. § 4831(h). Obs.
§ 4850. Sup., §§ 119-15, 119-16, 119-17.
§ 4851. Sup.,§§ 119-17,119-30,119-47.
§ 4852. Sup., §§ 119-17, 119-26, 119-29, 119-30, 119-47.
§ 4853. Obs.
§ 4854. Sup., § 119-25.
§ 4855. Sup., §§ 119-32, 119-33, 119-25.
§ 4857, 4858. Rep., 1929, c. 280, s. 20.
§ 4858(a). Sup., § 119-23.
§ 4859. Sup., § 119-24.
§ 4860. Sup., §§ 119-17, 119-26, 119-27, 119-30, 119-36, 119-46, 119-47.
§ 4861. Sup., §§ 119-1 to 119-5, 119-7 to 119-13, 119-26, 119-35, 119-39.
§ 4862. Sup., § 119-29.
§ 4863. Sup.,§§ 119-1 to 119-5, 119-7 to 119-13, 119-26, 119-35, 119-39.
§ 4864. Sup., § 119-25.
§ 4865. Sup., § 119-38.
§ 4866. Sup., § 119-34.
§ 4867. Sup., § 119-39.
§ 4868. Sup., § 119-28.
§ 4869. Sup., § 119-43.
§ 4870. Sup., §§ 119-23, 119-25, 119-26, 119-39.
§ 4870(1). Obs.
§ 4870(2). Obs.
§ *4870(n) Con. St.
§ 4870(x). Sup., § 119-26.
§ 4880. Obs.
§ 4895. Obs.
§ 4895(q). Obs.
§ *4895(dd). Rpl. St.
§ 4895(22). Obs.
§ 4900(a)-4900(c). Obs.
§ 4907-4925. Sup., §§ 106-430 et seq.
§ *4925(t) P. Inv.
§ *4925(u). Rpl. St.
§ 4936-4939. Obs.
§ 4940. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 4943. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 4949. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 4949(a)-4949(f). Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 4958(a)-4958(n). Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ *4984. Rpl. St.
§ 5003½. Obs.
§ 5003(w). Rep., 1937, c. 138, s. 1.
§ 5003(wl). Sup., § 86-16.
§ 5003(w2). Obs.
§ *5003(x) P. Inv.
§ 5003(y). Sup., § 86-16.
§ 5018. Rep., 1941, c. 270, s. 6.
§ 5031. Obs.
§ 5032, 5033. Rep., 1937, c. 317, s. 22.
§ 5033(a). Sup., § 110-2.
§ 5034. Rep., 1937, c. 317, s. 22.
§ 5035. Obs.
§ 5036. Obs.
§ 5037. Obs.
§ 5038. Obs.
§ *5038(21). Rpl. St.
§ 5067(a)-5067(h). Rep., 1937, c. 288, s. 61.
§ 5067(m). Rep., 1943, c. 753, s. 2.
§ 5070. Obs.
§ 5076-5080. Obs.
§ 5086 (§ 81-51). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 5088. Sup., §§ 106-233 to 106-238.
§ 5092. Obs.
§ *5093-5097 Loc.
§ 5100-5105. Sup., §§ 106-490 to 106-495.
§ 5126(12). Obs.
§ 5127-5133(1). Obs.
§ 5140. Obs.
§ 5141-5168. Sup., §§ 112-7 et seq.
§ 5168(s), 5168(t). Rep., 1939, c. 187, ss. 3,4.
§ 5168(qq). Rep., 1941, c. 257, s. 3.
§ 5168(bbb). Rep., 1939, c. 224, s. 7.
§ 5201, 5202. Obs.
§ 5209(a). Rep., 1935, c. 87.
§ *5259(n). P. Inv.
§ 5382(1)-5382(9). Unconst., 216 N.C. 745, 3 S.E.2d 267.
§ 5394. Rep., 1943, c. 721, s. 2.
§ 5407-5409. Obs.
§ 5409(a)-5409(h). Obs.

§ 5411. Obs.
§ 5430(a). Obs.
§ 5431. Obs.
§ 5436. Obs.
§ 5438, 5439. Obs.
§ 5444. Obs.
§ 5447. Obs.
§ 5449-5451. Rep., 1937, c. 198, s. 1.
§ 5457. Sup., § 115-354.
§ 5470. Rep., 1933, c. 494.
§ 5479. Sup., § 115-96.
§ 5481. Sup., § 115-352.
§ 5484, 5485. Sup., § 115-361.
§ 5487, 5488. Sup., § 115-352.
§ 5489. Sup., § 115-374.
§ 5490(a)-5490(m). Obs.
§ 5491, 5492. Obs.
§ 5493. Sup., § 115-353.
§ 5498. Sup., § 115-72.
§ 5499. Sup., § 115-87.
§ 5505. Obs.
§ 5508. Sup., § 115-143.
§ 5514. Obs.
§ 5526, 5527. Sup., § 115-354.
§ 5530. Sup., § 115-142.
§ 5534. Sup., § 115-143.
§ 5535. Sup., § 115-79.
§ 5536. Sup., §§ 115-351, 115-368.
§ 5539. Sup., § 115-372.
§ 5542. Obs.
§ 5543. Sup., § 115-94.
§ 5546, 5547. Sup., § 115-354.
§ 5548. Sup., § 115-353.
§ 5549. Obs.
§ 5551. Sup., §§ 115-352, 115-368.
§ 5552. Sup., §§ 115-362, 115-363.
§ 5553. Sup., §§ 115-352, 115-374.
§ 5555. Obs.
§ 5559. Obs.
§ 5561. Sup., § 115-359.
§ 5561(a). Obs.
§ 5566. Obs.
§ 5567. Sup., §§ 115-317, 115-318.
§ 5573. Obs.
§ 5575-5581. Obs.
§ 5585-5595. Obs.
§ 5597. Sup., §§ 115-355, 115-358.
§ 5598. Obs.
§ 5601-5602(b). Obs.
§ 5603-5605. Obs.
§ 5607. Obs.
§ 5610. Obs.
§ 5611. Sup., §§ 115-178, 115-179, 115-180, 115-382.
§ 5617. Rep., 1931, c. 430, s. 17.
§ 5619. Sup., § 115-366.
§ 5636. Obs.
§ 5637, 5638. Sup., § 113-38.
§ 5644. Obs.
§ 5646(a). Rep., 1927, c. 88.
§ 5653, 5654. Obs.
§ 5669-5677. Sup., §§ 159-1 et seq., 153-69 et seq.
§ 5678-5682. Sup., §§ 159-1 et seq., 153-69 et seq.
§ 5703-5724. Obs.
§ 5727(a). Obs.
§ 5742. Obs.
§ 5743-5749. Sup., §§ 115-272 to 115-278.
§ *5749(h). Rpl. St.
§ 5754(1). Sup., § 115-292.
§ 5754(6). Obs.
§ 5768-5774. Obs.
§ 5780(h)-5780(m). Sup., §§ 115-325 to 115-334.
§ 5780(1)-5780(77). Sup., §§ 115-347 et seq.
§ 5780(84)-5780(121). Sup., §§ 115-347 et seq.
§ 5793. Obs.
§ 5799. Obs.
§ 5800. Sup., § 116-143.
§ 5801. Obs.
§ 5805. Obs.
§ 5805(d), 5805(e). Sup., §§ 116-3, 116-4.
§ 5805(f)-5805(j). Obs.
§ 5805(m). Obs.
§ 5806. Obs.
§ 5809. Sup., § 116-19.
§ 5810. Obs.
§ 5811-5814. Obs.
§ 5818, 5819. Obs.
§ 5820-5821(a). Sup., §§ 116-143 et seq.
§ 5822-5824. Obs.
§ 5825(a)-5825(i). Sup., §§ 116-4 et seq.
§ 5833. Sup., §§ 116-3, 116-4.
§ 5834. Obs.
§ 5840-5842. Obs.
§ 5842(a)-5842(c). Sup., §§ 116-46, 116-49.
§ 5842(o). Obs.
§ 5849. Obs.
§ 5851-5854. Obs.
§ 5855-5862. Obs.
§ 5887-5887(b). Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 5896. Rep., 1921, c. 183, s. 1.
§ 5912(2). Sup., § 116-135.
§ 5912(b). Rep., 1943, c. 776, s. 11.
§ 5912(h). Obs.
§ *5912(k). Rpl. St.
§ 5916. Sup., § 163-110.
§ 5937(b). Obs.
§ 5941-5945. Obs.
§ 5948. Sup., § 163-47.
§ 5960. Rep., 1939, c. 159, s. 17.
§ 5962-5968(a). Rep., 1939, c. 159, s. 17.
§ 5969-5971. Rep., 1933, c. 165, s. 7.
§ 5976. Rep., 1929, c. 164, s. 1.
§ 5978. Rep., 1929, c. 164, s. 1.
§ 5980-5981. Rep., 1929, c. 164, s. 1.
§ 5981(a). Sup., § 163-155.
§ 5982, 5983. Rep., 1929, c. 164, s. 1.
§ 6000. Rep., 1927, c. 260, s. 15.
§ 6005. Sup., §§ 163-4, 163-100.
§ 6019. Rep., 1927, c. 82.
§ 6021. Sup., §§ 163-11, 163-15.
§ 6025. Rep., 1933, c. 165, s. 13.
§ 6030. Sup., § 163-155.
§ 6049-6051. Rep., 1929, c. 164, s. 1.
§ *6055. Rpl. St.

§ *6055(al). Rpl. St.
§ 6055(a31). Sup., § 163-196.
§ 6055(a38). Sup., § 163-197.
§ *6055(a43). Rpl. St.
§ 6056, 6057. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 6094. Obs.
§ 6097. Sup., § 143-12.
§ 6098. Sup., §§ 143-1 et seq.
§ 6107. Obs.
§ 6110. Rep., 1927, c. 217, s. 2.
§ 6113(a). Rep., 1941, c. 379, s. 7.
§ 6115, 6116. Obs.
§ 6117-6122(b). Rep., 1925, c. 122, s. 24.
§ 6122(t)-6122(v). Obs.
§ 6123. Rep., 1925, c. 122, s. 24.
§ 6144. Obs.
§ 6146. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 12.
§ 6149. Obs.
§ 6150. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 13.
§ 6150(a). Sup., § 143-167.
§ 6153. Sup., §§ 122-3, 122-4.
§ 6156-6159. Rep., 1921, c. 183, s. 1.
§ 6230-6235. Rep., 1923, c. 165, s. 1.
§ 6243. Rep., 1923, c. 165, s. 10.
§ 6243(a), 6243(b). Obs.
§ *6243(29). Rpl. St.
§ 6267, 6268. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 6285(a). Obs.
§ 6319. Sup., § 105-121.
§ 6363-6375. Rep., 1927, c. 149.
§ 6408. Sup., § 105-121.
§ 6476(aa)-6476(oo). Rep., 1941, c. 130, s. 1.
§ 6516. Sup., § 105-121.
§ 6538-6553. Rep., 1925, c. 89, s. 23.
§ 6576. Obs.
§ 6577, 6578. Obs.
§ 6587. Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 6603. Obs.
§ 6625(a). Obs.
§ 6626-6649. Sup., §§ 90-22 et seq.
§ 6649(28). Obs.
§ 6659(a). Obs.
§ 6672-6683(k). Rep., 1935, c. 477, s. 27.
§ 6699(a). Obs.
§ 6704. Rep., 1937, c. 301, s. 2.
§ 6708. Rep., 1937, c. 301, s. 3.
§ 6712. Obs.
§ 6740. Rep., 1925, c. 23.
§ 6741-6749. Sup., §§ 90-158 et seq.
§ 6776. Obs.
§ 6919. Rep., 1939, c. 223, s. 3.
§ 6932, 6933. Obs.
§ 6935-6937. Obs.
§ 6939. Rep., 1921, c. 222, s. 1.
§ 6941. Rep., 1925, c. 122, s. 23.
§ 6943. Sup., § 76-1.
§ 6944. Sup., § 76-2.
§ 6945. Sup., § 76-3.
§ 6946. Sup., § 76-4.
§ 6947. Obs.
§ 6948. Sup., § 76-5.
§ 6949. Sup., § 76-6.
§ 6950. Sup., § 76-8.
§ 6951. Sup., § 76-9.
§ 6952. Sup., § 76-10.
§ 6953. Sup., § 76-11.
§ 6954. Obs.
§ 6955. Sup., § 76-13.
§ 6956. Sup., § 76-14.
§ 6957. Sup., § 76-15.
§ 6958. Sup., § 76-16.
§ 6959. Sup., § 76-17.
§ 7008-7024. Rep., 1925, c. 261, s. 13.
§ *7024(n) P. Inv.
§ 7025-7030. Rep., 1941, c. 224, s. 13.
§ 7031-7039(b1). Rep., 1941, c. 224, s. 13.
§ 7040-7047. Rep., 1941, c. 224, s. 13.
§ 7114. Obs.
§ 7115(a), 7115(b). Obs.
§ 7128(1)-7128(26). Rep., 1943, c. 55.
§ 7138. Rep., 1921, c. 44.
§ 7142. Rep., Ex. Sess. 1921, c. 49, s. 3.
§ 7143. Rep., 1921, c. 44.
§ 7145. Obs.
§ 7157. Obs.
§ 7169. Rep., 1923, c. 224, s. 1.
§ 7179(14), 7179(15). Obs.
§ 7212. Sup., § 130-231.
§ 7214, 7215 (§§ 130-232, 130-233). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 7223-7230. Obs.
§ *7251. Con. St.
§ 7251(w)1-7251(w)3. Unconst., 209 N.C. 209, 183 5. E. 378.
§ 7251(x)-7251(hh). Sup., §§ 130-268 et seq.
§ 7251(hh)1-7251(hh)12. Rep., 1935, c. 167, s. 13.
§ 7251(hh)13-7251(hh)24. Rep., 1937, c. 298, s. 13.
§ *7251(hh)36. Rpl. St.
§ 7252, 7253. Obs.
§ 7281. Obs.
§ 7284(c). Obs.
§ 7285. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7286. Rep., 1931, c. 312, s. 14.
§ 7286(a). Obs.
§ 7287. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7288. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7290. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7291. Sup., § 143-49.
§ 7292. (§ 120-26). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 7293. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7295. Sup., § 147-43.3.
§ 7298. Sup., § 147-43.3.
§ 7303-7305. Sup., §§ 143-48 et seq.
§ 7306. Obs.
§ 7307. Obs.
§ 7308. Sup., §§ 143-1 et seq., 143-48 et seq.
§ 7308(a)-7308(f). Obs.
§ *7310(j). Rpl. St.
§ 7311, 7312. Obs.
§ 7312(a)-7312(b). Sup., § 96-20.
§ 7312(i). Obs.
§ 7312(1). Obs.
§ 7312(cc)-7312(rr). Unconst., 215 N.C. 161, 1 S.E.2d 521.

§ 7316. Rep., 1943, c. 776, s. 12.
§ *7328 Con. St.
§ 7328(d) (§ 134-19). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 7330. Rep., 1943, c. 776, s. 13.
§ 7340-7343. Obs.
§ *7362. Con. St.
§ 7362(b). Rep., 1943, c. 776, s. 15.
§ 7362(e). Obs.
§ *7362(o) Con. St.
§ 7364. Obs.
§ 7366. Obs.
§ *7378-7379 Loc.
§ 7380-7393. Rep., 1923, c. 136, s. 376.
§ 7394, 7395. Obs.
§ 7472(r). Obs.
§ 7472(v)-7472(y). Rep., 1925, c. 62, s. 17.
§ 7473-7486(i). Rep., 1925, c. 89, s. 21.
§ 7486(r). Obs.
§ 7486(ee). Obs.
§ 7486(hh). Obs.
§ 7486(ii). Rep., 1929, c. 100, s. 29.
§ 7486(jjl). Obs.
§ 7486(oo). Sup., § 143-32.
§ 7487-7494. Rep., 1921, c. 213.
§ 7495-7502. Rep., 1921, c. 193.
§ 7502(a). Sup., § 143-49.
§ *7502(q). Rpl. St.
§ 7503-7506. Obs.
§ 7507-7516. Obs.
§ 7516(a)-7516(d). Obs.
§ 7516(e)-7516(1). Obs.
§ 7521(d)-7521(h). Sup.,§§ 143-l et seq.
§ 7521(1). Rep., 1933, c. 46, s. 2.
§ 7521(w). Rep., 1933, c. 46, s. 6.
§ 7521(y). Obs.
§ *7524(e). Con. St.
§ 7534(b). Sup., §§ 143-30 et seq.
§ 7534(p). Sup., § 143-129.
§ 7534(q). Sup., §§ 143-129 et seq.
§ 7534(s). Sup., §§ 143-129 et seq.
§ *7534(t). Rpl. St.
§ 7534(w). Obs.
§ 7534(x). Obs.
§ 7534(z)-7534(bb). Obs.
§ 7534(cc)-7534(ff). Obs.
§ 7534(1), 7534(2). Obs.
§ 7534(3)-7534(5). Sup., §§ 143-171 et seq.
§ 7534(5h). Obs.
§ 7534(11). Sup., §§ 114-1, 114-10, 114-11.
§ 7534(18). Obs.
§ 7534(32). Obs.
§ 7534(35). Obs.
§ 7534(36). Obs.
§ 7629. Sup., § 147-77.
§ 7632. Sup., § 143-17.
§ 7633. Ops.
§ *7634. Con. St.
§ 7642(a)-7642(c). Rep., 1933, c. 30.
§ 7653. Sup., § 128-8.
§ 7655. Sup., § 143-50.
§ 7659. Rep., 1943, c. 48, s. 2.
§ 7660-7667(b). Rep., 1941, c. 379, s. 7.
§ 7667(d)-7670. Rep., 1941, c. 379, s. 7.
§ 7672. Rep., 1941, c. 379, s. 7.
§ 7673. Sup., §§ 143-1 et seq.
§ 7673(a). Obs.
§ 7673(b). Obs.
§ 7677. Sup., § 147-85.
§ 7680. Sup. § 128-8.
§ 7683. Sup., § 143-26.
§ 7683(a). Sup., § 143-26.
§ 7684(a). Obs.
§ 7685(a)-7685(c). Rep., 1927, c. 49, s. 4.
§ 7686. Sup., § 143-12.
§ 7687. Sup., §§ 105-264, 105-275.
§ 7693. Obs.
§ 7695. Sup., § 114-4.
§ 7695(c). Sup., § 114-4.
§ 7697. Sup., § 7-44.
§ 7697(a)-7697(b). Rep., 1925, c. 275, s. 6.
§ 7698-7702. Rep., 1933, c. 172, s. 12.
§ 7707(a). Sup., §§ 148-40, 148-4.
§ 7708-7711. Rep., 1933, c. 172, s. 12.
§ 7712. Sup., §§ 148-26 et seq.
§ 7712(b). Sup., §§ 148-31, 148-70.
§ 7715. Sup., § 148-37.
§ 7717. Sup., § 148-30.
§ 7722. Sup., § 148-12.
§ 7723-7725. Obs.
§ 7726. Sup., §§ 148-26 et seq.
§ 7730. Sup., § 148-13.
§ 7731. Sup., § 148-13.
§ 7734 (§ 148-17). Rep., 1943, c. 409.
§ 7737. Obs.
§ 7738. Sup., § 148-42.
§ 7741. Sup., § 148-44.
§ 7744. Obs.
§ 7745. Sup., § 148-46.
§ 7747. Sup., § 148-13.
§ 7748. Sup., § 148-47.
§ 7748(c). Obs.
§ 7748(f). Obs.
§ 7748(i). Obs.
§ 7748(m). Obs.
§ 7748(n). Obs.
§ 7748(p). Obs.
§ 7748(s). Sup., § 148-13.
§ 7748(bb). Obs.
§ 7749. Sup., §§ 148-50 et seq.
§ 7751-7753. Obs.
§ 7754. Sup., §§ 148-40 et seq.
§ 7755, 7756. Sup., §§ 148-50 et seq.
§ 7757. Sup., § 148-48.
§ 7757(a). Sup., §§ 148-50 et seq.
§ 7757(a)1. Sup., § 148-52.
§ 7757(b)-7757(d). Sup., §§ 148-50 et. seq.
§ 7757(17) (§ 148-14). Rep., 1943, c. 409.
§ 7757(18) (§ 148-15). Rep., 1943, c. 409.
§ 7757(19) (§ 148-16). Rep., 1943, c. 409.
§ 7757(21). Sup., § 148-48.
§ 7763. Sup., §§ 148-26 et seq.
§ 7767-7880. Sup., §§ 105-1 et seq.
§ 7880(40). Obs.
§ 7880(52). Obs.
§ 7880(74). Sup., §§ 106-406 et seq.
§ 7880(93)a. Obs.

§ 7880(95). Sup., § 105-168.
§ 7880(96). Obs.
§ 7880(117). Obs.
§ 7880(118). Obs.
§ 7880(119)a. Obs.
§ 7880(120). Obs.
§ 7880(148). Obs.
§ 7780(156)d. Obs.
§ 7780(156)j-7780(156)k. Obs.
§ 7880(156)n. Obs.
§ 7880(156)t. Obs.
§ 7880(156)hh. Obs.
§ 788O(156)ppl. Sup., § 105-212.
§ 7880(156)ww. Obs.
§ 7880(156)zz. Obs.
§ 7880(156)aaa. Obs.
§ 7880(156)ooo. Obs.
§ 7880(177). Obs.
§ 7880(177)b. Obs.
§ 7880(192). Obs.
§ *7880(195) P. Inv.
§ *7880(195)a Con. St.
§ 7880(195)b. Obs.
§ 7881-7971(98). Sup., §§ 105-271 et seq.
§ 7971(178). Obs.
§ *7971(204). P. Inv.
§ *7971(206). Rpl. St.
§ 7971(207). Obs.
§ *7971(233) P. Inv.
§ *7971(234). Rpl. St.
§ 7977. Sup., § 105-382.
§ 7978. Obs.
§ 7979(h). Sup., § 105-53.
§ 7979(c). Obs.
§ 7979(d). Obs.
§ 7979(e). Rep., 1941, c. 224, s. 13.
§ 7979(f). Sup., § 105-121.
§ 7979(g). Obs.
§ 7984. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 7986-7988. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 7990(1)-7991. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 7992. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 7994, 7994(a). Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 7996-8005. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8005(a)-8005(f). Obs.
§ 8006-8009. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8010-8012. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8013. Rep., 1927, c. 221, s. 2.
§ 8014-8027. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8027(a), 8027(b). Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8028. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8029-8034. Rep., 1927, c. 221, s. 3.
§ 8034(a)-8034(f). Obs.
§ 8034(h)-8034(m). Obs.
§ 8035-8039. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8040, 8041. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8043-8047. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8048-8052. Rep., 1939, c. 310, s. 1725.
§ 8059(i). Obs.
§ 8063 (§ 81-26). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8064. Sup., § 81-18.
§ 8064(c). Rep., 1931, c. 150.
§ 8065. Sup., §§ 81-1 et seq.
§ 8066 (§ 81-27). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8067 (§ 81-28). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8068 (§ 81-29). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8069 (§ 81-30). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8070 (§ 81-32). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8071 (§ 81-33). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8072 (§ 81-34). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8073 (§ 81-35). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8081(d) (§ 81-71). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8081(e) (§ 81-72). Rep., 1943, c. 543.
§ 8081(f). Obs.
§ 8081(g). Obs.
§ 8081(j). Obs.
§ 8081(eeee). Obs.
§ 8100-8108(1). Sup., §§ 164-1 et seq.

TABLES OF LAWS CODIFIED SUBSEQUENT TO 1919

This table indicates the original codification of Session Laws in the General Statutes of North Carolina. This table does not reflect the repeal or renumbering of sections of the General Statutes since the original codification of a particular Session Law or section thereof.

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1920

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes	Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	7-70	40	1-3	134-33 to 134-35
6	. .	113-38	42	. .	7-70
18	3	163-26	43	. .	116-21
19	. .	7-70	46	. .	65-14
23	1	7-70	48	1-4	134-16 to 134-20
	2	7-70	61	1, 13	9-5
27	. .	45-20	79	. .	58-98
29	. .	7-70	81	. .	7-70
39	. .	7-70	95	2	7-39

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1921

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes	Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	1-15	89-1 to 89-16	14	. .	7-70
	2	136-45	15	1, 2	47-86
	3	136-46	18	. .	53-90
	5, 6	136-4	19	1, 4	47-87
	6	136-5		2, 4	47-88
	7	136-47		3, 4	47-89
	9a, 9b	136-30	20	1	53-70
	9b	136-32		2-5	53-71 to 53-74
	10	136-18	21	. .	47-90
	11	136-25	22	. .	7-70
	12	136-26	23	1-5	14-373 to 14-377
	13	136-93		6	14-378
	15	136-28	26	. .	113-59
	16	136-27	31	. .	7-70
	19	136-20	32	1-3	2-10 to 2-12
	20	136-64	40	2	147-87
	21	136-9		3	147-88
	22	136-19		6	147-87
	23	136-12	42	. .	7-70
	24	136-10	46	. .	14-286
	49	136-13	47	1-3	90-9 to 90-11
	50	136-97		4-6	90-14 to 90-16
4	1	53-1		7	90-18
	2-14	53-2 to 53-14	50	1-2	68-39 to 68-40
	15-17	53-18 to 53-20	55	. .	7-70
	19-20	53-22 to 53-23	58	. .	1-500
	23, 25	53-40, 53-41	60	1-4	58-303 to 58-306
	82	54-44	61	8	116-102
5	. .	14-57	62	1	9-5
10	. .	7-70	66	. .	31-30
12	1, 2	15-135, 15-136, 106-168 L.M.	74	4	76-33
			75	. .	152-5 L.M.

1921

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
77	. .	7-70
79	1-17	76-1 to 76-17
83	. .	7-70
87	1-5	54-129 to 54-133
	6	54-151
	7	54-145
	8-11	54-134 to 54-137
	12-16	54-146 to 54-150
	17-19	54-152 to 54-154
	20-21	54-138 to 54-139
	22-23	54-155 to 54-156
	24	54-140
	25	54-157
	26	54-141
	28-30	54-142 to 54-144
90	. .	42-23 L.M.
93	. .	28-68
105	. .	7-70
108	2	31-21
110	5	7-226
	13	7-255
111	. .	72-30
112	. .	14-394
116	1-7	55-73 to 55-79
118	. .	160-76
119	. .	14-66
120	8	127-34
	12, 13	127-109, 127-110
121	2, 3	7-70
124	1-3	60-131 to 60-133
125	1	7-51
	2, 3	7-50
127	. .	14-97
131	3-8	96-21 to 96-26
132	1-3	113-220 to 113-222
	5-7	113-223 to 113-225
134	. .	7-70
137	1	106-430
	2-18	106-432 to 106-448
	19	106-450
142	. .	7-70
143	2, 3	7-37, 7-38
144	. .	120-2
149	. .	7-70, 156-1 L.M.
156	2-7	35-30 to 35-35
157	. .	47-91
159	. .	7-70
160	. .	120-35
166	. .	7-70
169	1-10	106-246 to 106-255
170	1-3	81-67 to 81-69
173	1-11	106-220 to 106-232
174	1-3	136-96
175	. .	146-67
177	1-15	106-336 to 106-350
179	17	113-38
183	2-4	122-7 to 122-9
186	1-21	72-9 to 72-29
189	1-4	112-7 to 112-10
	5, 6	112-12, 112-13
	7	112-15
	8, 9	112-17, 112-18
	10	112-20
	11-17	112-22 to 112-28
	20-24	112-29 to 112-33
	25	112-35
190	1	134-79
	3-6	134-81 to 134-84
198	1-5	47-109 to 47-113
201	1-3	106-24 to 106-26
208	. .	113-21
210	. .	156-82
211	. .	14-334
212	. .	14-193
216	1-4	7-213 to 7-216
217	. .	163-147
219	1-3	120-37 to 120-39
220	. .	58-80
222	2-4	100-13 to 100-15
230	. .	68-41
232	1-3	143-114 to 143-116

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1921

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
9	. .	7-70
16	. .	7-70
17	. .	42-34 L.M.
19	. .	7-70
20	1, 2	7-51
	3	7-50
22	. .	7-70
24	. .	7-70
28	. .	106-435
32	. .	7-70
33	. .	7-70
36	. .	7-70
40	. .	7-70
45	. .	7-70
47	. .	7-70
56	1	53-4
	2	53-62
	3	53-42
	4	53-134
63	. .	36-2
65	. .	28-68
78	. .	7-70
79	. .	7-70
81	. .	7-70
86	1-4	136-84 to 136-87
89	. .	112-18

Ch.	Sec.	1921 General Statutes
90	1-3	7-70
92	1(20)	7-21
	9, 10	1-214, 1-215
	15, 16	1-583, 1-584
	19a	1-281
94	1, 2	7-52, 7-53
96	. .	. .
		105-407
106	2	160-403
108	. .	7-70

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1923

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1-6	18-1 to 18-6
	7-24	18-8 to 18-25
	25-28	18-27 to 18-30
3	. .	112-16
7	. .	153-9
17	. .	47-92
18	. .	7-70
31	. .	7-70
35	. .	7-70
42	7	90-128
51	. .	7-70
53	1	45-31
58	. .	109-32
61	. .	47-95
65	1	30-9
66	1	1-408
67	2	30-10
68	. .	1-215
70	1-3	28-100 to 28-102
76	1, 2	65-16, 65-17
78	. .	14-202
80	1, 2	14-49, 14-50
81	. .	153-9
83	1-12	160-155 to 160-166
85	1-10	32-2 to 32-11
	12, 13	32-12 to 32-13
	14	32-1
88	. .	156-105 L.M.
89	. .	14-395
90	. .	7-70
112	. .	7-70
113	. .	7-70
119	. .	153-161
122	1	75-70
	2, 3	95-71
	5	95-72
124	. .	7-70
125	. .	14-287
127	1	131-89
	2	131-84
	3-6	131-85 to 131-88
129	. .	7-70
130	. .	120-36
131	. .	7-70
133	. .	136-89
136	3	115-9
	59	115-83
	71	115-95
	112	115-20
	114	115-122
	131	115-143
	142	115-96
	148	115-164
	156	115-89
	163	115-143
	358-360	115-322 to 115-324
	367-371	115-335 to 115-339
138	1-5	14-301 to 14-303
140	2	14-27
146	1	106-351
	3-14	106-352 to 106-363
147	. .	60-109
148	2	53-105
	5	53-43
	6	53-48
	7	53-55
151	. .	7-70
157	3	6-12
158	1-5	160-167 to 160-171
160	1	136-18
	2	136-93
	3	136-28
	4	136-27
	6	136-19
166	2-9	160-241 to 160-248
167	. .	106-451
169	. .	7-70
172	. .	147-86
178	. .	7-70
181	. .	156-1 L.M.
184	. .	7-70
185	. .	7-70
188	2-4	142-44 to 142-46
191	. .	113-122
192	2, 3	45-38, 45-39
197	1, 3	143-162
199	. .	14-393
204	. .	7-70
209	. .	7-70
210	. .	142-15
211	1, 2	53-68, 53-69
215	1	47-96
	2, 3	47-98
216	1	7-265
	2	7-271 to 7-272

Ch.	Sec.	1923 General Statutes
216	3-5	7-273 to 7-275
	6	7-277
	7-12	7-286 to 7-291
	13, 14	7-278, 7-279
	15-19	7-292 to 7-296
	20-24	7-280 to 7-284
217	9	156-104
	10	156-104 L.M.
219	. .	7-70
220	1-16	160-206 to 160-221
222	. .	7-70
225	1-8	53-136 to 53-143
	11	53-144
	13	53-145
227	. .	7-70
229	. .	7-70
231	1-6	156-118 to 156-123
232	. .	7-70
237	. .	7-70
243	1-4	85-2 to 85-5
246	. .	7-70
247	. .	136-18
250	1-9	160-172 to 160-180
	11	160-181
254	1	134-67
	3, 4	134-69, 134-70
	6-8	134-71 to 134-73
	10-14	134-74 to 134-78
259	. .	105-344
402	. .	152-5 L.M.
433	. .	1-51 L.M.
573	. .	152-5 L.M.

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1923

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
88	3-5	156-105
583	1-12	160A-349.1 to 160A-349.12

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1924

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
4	. .	7-70
5	. .	14-335
9	. .	7-70
11	1-4	106-169 to 106-172
12	. .	7-70
15	. .	28-68
20	. .	146-64
23	. .	7-70
24	. .	115-17
27	. .	7-70
35	. .	45-43
39	. .	7-70
40	. .	43-25
41	. .	43-44
44	1-4	44-65 to 44-68
45	. .	14-194
46	. .	7-70
54	. .	14-128
58	. .	28-68
63	. .	20-137
65	. .	152-10, 152-11
67	. .	53-43
68	. .	47-93
77	. .	7-70
80	. .	60-38
83	. .	112-15
85	1	7-271
	1	7-273
	1	7-278
	2	7-266 to 7-270
	2	7-285
	5½	7-276
86	1	131-54
87	. .	7-70
95	. .	160-281
106	. .	112-12, 112-13
107	. .	160-207
108	. .	47-94
109	. .	14-145
111	. .	112-18
117	1-5	60-34 to 60-36
121	6	155-9

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1925

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	. .	142-11
7	. .	29-1

Ch.	Sec.	1925 General Statutes
8	. .	7-52
9	. .	7-285
13	1, 2	7-70
19	. .	28-41
21	. .	1-59 to 1-61
26	. .	7-70
28	. .	43-35
30	. .	7-70
33	1-6	158-1 to 158-6
36	. .	7-70
38	. .	26-11
39	1	160-76
40	. .	146-54
41	. .	118-17
43	. .	142-14
45	. .	142-46
47		7-70
48	. .	28-102
50	1-3	62-103 to 62-105
	4	62-109
51	1, 2	122-14, 122-15
53	. .	130-100
58	1-4	58-210 to 58-213
59	. .	55-119
61	3	113-60
62	1-13	142-30 to 142-42
	15, 16	142-44, 142-45
	18	142-43
63	. .	7-70
64	. .	7-70
65	. .	7-70
66	. .	7-70
68	. .	112-36
71	1-3	160-223 to 160-225
72	1	120-33
73	11	54-85
	17	54-110
77	1	55-165 to 55-170
	2	53-15
84	. .	47-74
85	3-6	136-21 to 136-24
86	. .	28-189
87	3-5	90-159 to 90-161
	10½	90-167
89	10-20	143-9 to 143-19
	22	143-20
	25, 26	143-21, 143-22
	29	143-29
97	. .	146-65
98	1-8	143-1 to 143-8
114	. .	130-279
115	. .	125-12
116	. .	120-34
117	. .	53-42
119	1	53-48
	2	53-91
120	1-11	143-117 to 143-127
122	2	113-2
122	3	113-1
	4	113-3, 113-21
	5-9	113-4 to 113-8
	10, 11	113-13, 113-14
	12-15	113-9 to 113-12
	16, 17	113-19, 113-20
	22	113-22, 113-34, 113-36, 113-47, 113-51, 113-52, 113-59
	23	100-13, 100-14, 100-15, 100-23
128	1, 2	147-77 to 147-78
	3-7	147-80 to 147-84
129	3	160-408
133	4	142-46
135	1-24	7-308 to 7-331
136	1	35-21
141	1	160-280
	2	143-128
144	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
145	2-4	58-59 to 58-61
152	1, 2	104-8, 104-9
154	1, 2	131-34, 131-35
	4-6	131-36 to 131-38
155	1-14	143-65 to 143-78
156	. .	7-70
157	1-7	124-1 to 124-7
163	. .	148-9
165	. .	7-70
167	1-19	7-332 to 7-350
170	. .	53-67
181	1-8	106-159 to 106-166
189	1	14-274
190	1-7	78-1 to 78-7
	10-23	78-10 to 78-23
194	. .	113-126
195	2	160-405
196	2	42-14 L.M.
198	1, 2	116-33, 116-34
199	1	53-141
205	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79, L.M.
207	1, 2	114-4, 114-5
209	. .	45-53
212	. .	113-122
213	. .	130-279
220	. .	115-18
222	1	1-210
223	1-25	54-49 to 54-73
225	. .	106-441
228	1-8	148-74 to 148-81
229	. .	153-9
230	2-5	143-30 to 143-33

Ch.	Sec.	1925 General Statutes
237	. .	7-70
239	1-5	14-247 to 14-251
241	. .	7-70
242	. .	7-265
	2	7-286
246	1-3	147-59 to 147-61
248	. .	47-99
249	. .	147-62
250	1	7-273
	2	7-286
	3	7-291
252	2	109-27
260	. .	136-28
261	1-10	93-1 to 93-10
	11	93-12, 93-13
	12	93-11
262	1, 2	55-73, 55-74
	3	55-76
264	1-3	36-21 to 36-23
265	. .	20-217
269	. .	136-28
270	. .	14-271 L.M., 116-45
	1	116-51
	2-6	116-46 to 116-50
	7-10	116-52 to 116-55
270	11	116-52
271	2	156-113 L.M.
275	6	106-354
	6(24)	112-15
277	. .	136-20
279	. .	53-43
280	. .	7-217
282	1, 2	1-583, 1-584
286	. .	106-225
289	. .	14-396
291	. .	131-54
306	3	122-7
	9	116-103
	9a	116-99
	13	116-99, 116-103, 131-52
	14	116-99, 116-103, 131-152
311	. .	106-170
312	. .	136-27 L.M.
314	. .	67-12 L.M.
318	1-8	87-1 to 87-8
	9-14	87-10 to 87-15
535	. .	1-51 L.M.

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1925

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	7-70
12	. .	7-70
19	. .	7-70
22	. .	7-70
306	. .	7-70
389	. .	7-70
400	. .	7-70
417	. .	7-70
519	. .	7-70
592	. .	45-43
602	. .	7-70
631	. .	7-70

PRIVATE LAWS OF 1925

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
170	. .	116-102, 116-104
204	1, 2	116-65, 116-66
	3-6	116-68 to 116-71
204	7-10	116-73 to 116-75
	11	116-77
	12	116-67

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1927

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
6	. .	14-398
7	. .	28-68
12	. .	142-10
18	. .	18-7
26	1	149-1
28	1	90-75
29	1	53-126
30	1-25	58-316 to 58-340
33	1-3	60-143 to 60-145
41	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
42	. .	18-26
43	. .	7A-109 L.M.
44	1-3	104-19 to 104-21
	6, 7	104-22, 104-24
45	1, 2	35-8, 35-9
46	1-4	136-54 to 136-57

Ch.	Sec.	1927 General Statutes
46	6, 7	136-58, 136-59
47	1, 2	53-1, 53-2
	5	53-43
	6	53-46
	7	53-48
	8	53-62
	10	53-87
	11	53-90
	12	53-91
	13, 14	53-112, 53-113
	15	53-122
	16	53-129
	17	53-132
	18	53-134
49	1-3	142-16 to 142-18
53	1-14	106-52 to 106-65
56	. .	146-54
61	1-5	14-165 to 14-169
62	. .	14-107
66	1	1-89
67	. .	72-7
68	1, 2	14-108, 14-109
73	. .	115-337
74	. .	7-265
77	. .	7-70
78	. .	9-25
81	1-7	153-69 to 153-75
	8-11	153-77 to 153-80
	12-36	153-82 to 153-106
	38-41	153-107 to 153-110
	42, 43	153-112, 153-113
83	. .	146-5
	1	146-3
84	. .	7-70
90	. .	160-175
91	1-13	153-16 to 153-28
	21	153-33
93	1-4	105-430 to 105-434
	5, 6	105-436, 105-437
	8	105-438
	10-12	105-440 to 105-442
94	1-24	1-544 to 1-567
95	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
96	1, 2	112-17, 112-18
	4	112-29
97	1, 2	143-79, 143-80
	3	143-101
	4-7	143-102 to 143-105
	8-11	143-81 to 143-84
100	1-6	130-33 to 130-37
	7-24	130-39 to 130-56
101	. .	54-89
103	1, 2	7-285
106	. .	7-70
107	. .	113-245
111	. .	7-70
113	. .	53-20, 152-5 L.M.
	. .	42-34 L.M.
115	. .	160-207
118	. .	7-70
119	. .	1-51 L.M.
123	. .	7-70
127	. .	131-87
128	. .	7-70
130	. .	136-94
133	. .	7-51
136	1-8	62-103 to 62-110
	10, 11	62-111, 62-112
	12-16	62-114 to 62-118
	18	62-119
	20, 21	62-120, 62-121
139	1½	156-106 L.M.
140	. .	146-66
141	. .	53-145
143	. .	106-168 L.M.
146	1-12	153-114 to 153-124
	13, 14	153-127, 153-128
	15	153-130
	16-25	153-132 to 153-141
148	37	20-118.1
	54, 55	136-30, 136-31
	56, 58	136-32
	57	136-33
149	1-24	78-1 to 78-24
154	. .	7-70
155	. .	7-70
158	1-4	76-2 to 76-5
	5	76-13
161	. .	7-70
162	1-5	116-138 to 116-142
166	1	7-70
168	. .	7-70
169	1	7-70
174	1-5	119-1 to 119-5
175	1	65-15
176	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
177	1-6	115-226 to 115-231
178	1, 2	14-263, 14-264
179	1, 1(b)	7-70
181	. .	7-70
182	1, 2	106-17
183	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
187	. .	1-217
188	1	131-2
190	. .	7-70
193	1	7-70
195	. .	142-19
197	. .	7-70, 156-1 L.M.
201	. .	7-51
202	. .	7-70
204	1-3	58-135 to 58-137
205	. .	7-70
206	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
207	1	7-70
208	1-7	131-39 to 131-45
209	1	106-502
	4a	106-504
210	1-5	39-28 to 39-32
211	. .	7-70
212	. .	7-70

Ch.	Sec.	1927 General Statutes
219	1-13	134-36 to 134-48
223	. .	136-82
224	1	65-4
225	. .	143-110
226	1	136-42
229	. .	14-277
234	1-3	143-159 to 143-161
241	. .	160-212
242	1-4	20-212 to 20-215
245	1	7-70
248	. .	153-9
252	. .	58-318
258	. .	113-25
259	. .	147-51
261	1-21	81-1 to 81-20
264	. .	156-1 L.M.
336	. .	156-1 L.M.
407	. .	156-79 L.M.
422	. .	106-168 L.M.
472	. .	106-168 L.M.
473	. .	106-168 L.M.
484	. .	156-1 L.M.
497	. .	14-271 L.M.
503	. .	67-12 L.M.
636	. .	14-106 L.M.

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1927

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
17	. .	14-335
187	. .	45-43

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1929

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	114-3
2	1, 2	120-3, 120-4
7	1, 2	104-20, 104-23
10	. .	7-70
12	2	163-101
14	1	47-101
23	. .	7-70
27	1	7-70
33	1-18	34-1 to 34-18
41	1, 2	31-31
44	1, 2	1-327, 1-328
48	1	47-100
54	. .	7-70
75	1, 2	1-105, 1-106
81	. .	31-37
85	1	143-47.3
87	1-9	63-1 to 63-9
88	. .	1-233 L.M., 7A-109 L.M.
90	1-4	63-25 to 63-28
96	1-3	115-63
100	1-23	143-1 to 143-22
	24-30	143-23 to 143-29
	32-36	143-30 to 143-34
101	. .	62-39 L.M.
103	. .	14-110 L.M.
109	. .	14-143 L.M.
119	1-13	86-1 to 86-13
	14-22	86-15 to 86-23
120	1, 2	97-1, 97-2
	4-44	97-3 to 97-44
	45-50	97-46 to 97-51
	51-68	97-77 to 97-94
120	69-73	97-96 to 97-100
122	. .	9-25
123	. .	7-70
124	. .	7-70
127	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
128	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
129	. .	73-2 L.M.
131	. .	7-70
132	1	7-70
133	. .	9-25
135	. .	14-335
139	. .	73-2 L.M.
143	1-4	143-147 to 143-150
144	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
145	1	58-157
148	1	53-16
153	. .	7-70
157	. .	7-70
158	. .	7-70
160	. .	7-70
162	. .	7-70
163	1	104-10
164	2-27	163-148 to 163-173
	28-30	163-175 to 163-177
	32-37	163-178 to 163-183
	39-42	163-184 to 163-187
165	. .	146-12
166	. .	7-70
167	. .	7-70
169	. .	7-70
172	. .	7-70
173	. .	7-70
174	. .	14-135 L.M.

1929

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
178	1-11	95-37 to 95-47
182	1	136-8
184	. .	105-150
185	. .	14-136 L.M.
186	1, 2	160-226, 160-227
187	1	14-87
188	1, 2	53-75, 53-76
190	1-9	63-10 to 63-18
	11-15	63-20 to 63-24
192	1	14-159
198	1-11	113-255 to 113-265
201	1-4	153-143 to 153-146
205	. .	7-70
208	. .	7-70
212	. .	116-78
213	. .	7-70
217	. .	7-70
218	1	20-185, 20-187
	2-4	20-186 to 20-188
	5-9	20-190 to 20-194
221	1	148-8
229	. .	7-70
230	1	105-447
232	. .	147-87
238	. .	116-81
243	. .	7-70
247	3	131-6
248	. .	120-13
250	1	12-1
261	. .	60-11
265	1, 2	122-3, 122-4
271	. .	55-32
275	. .	20-219
278	3	113-96
288	. .	113-18
289	1	58-13
290	1	50-9
292	1, 2	148-7

1929

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
297	1	113-17
298	1-5	143-85 to 143-89
	6, 7	143-101, 143-102
	8	143-90
	9-11	143-103 to 143-105
	12	143-91
	13-15½	143-95 to 143-98
299	. .	156-100 L.M.
302	1	47-10
304	1-4	90-49 to 90-52
311	. .	73-2 L.M.
312	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
314	1-5	140-1 to 140-4
318	. .	67-18
320	1	47-46
321	1, 2	153-125, 153-126
	3	153-131
322	1, 2	147-15
324	1	14-288
325	1-6	106-269 to 106-274
	7	106-276
328	. .	118-7 L.M.
331	1	160-93, 160-101
333	1-8	113-114 to 113-120
335	1-11	113-143 to 113-153
	13	113-154
	14, 15	113-156, 113-157
337	1	147-57
	2	147-74
	3	147-73
	5	128-8
338	1	55-80
341	1, 2	25-198, 25-199
	3	25-194
343	1-9	7-101 to 7-109
471	. .	156-1 L.M.

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1929

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
40	. .	42-23

PRIVATE LAWS OF 1929

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
66	. .	116-65 to 116-78

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1931

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
4	. .	7-70
6	. .	7-70
8	. .	7-70
9	. .	14-110 L.M.
11	4	162-7
12	. .	54-44

Ch.	Sec.	1931 General Statutes
14	1	14-296
25	. .	7-70
30	. .	8-4
31	. .	14-252
33	1	1-107
36	1	113-235
43	. .	9-25
48	1, 2	44-4, 44-5
52	1-10	87-16 to 87-25
	12, 13	87-26, 87-27
53	6, 8	162-7
57	1	14-326
60	1, 2	159-1, 159-2
	7-45	159-3 to 159-41
	47	160-372
	62	153-129
	65	160-409
	67-69	160-410 to 160-412
	70, 71	160-275, 160-276
	74, 75	159-42, 159-43
	77	159-49
70	. .	7-297 to 7-307
71	. .	58-111
72	. .	50-6
77	1, 2	128-11, 128-12
78	1, 2	45-10
	3-8	45-12 to 45-17
82	. .	7-70
84	. .	7-70
86	. .	7-70
87	. .	7-70
88	1	8-37
89	1-21	7-384 to 7-404
92	. .	7-70
94	. .	7-70
96	. .	7-70
97	. .	9-25
99	5	153-147
100	1	153-29 to 153-32
	3	153-30
101	1	106-455
102	1-13	1-253 to 1-265
	15, 16	1-266, 1-267
103	. .	9-21
106	. .	106-111
111	. .	113-35
114	. .	7-70
116	1-12	20-198 to 20-209
	13	20-197
	14, 15	20-210, 20-211
117	2-4	113-238 to 113-240
118	1, 2	113-236, 113-237
123	1-3	1-505 to 1-507
129	1-15	153-162 to 153-176
130	. .	9-25
131	. .	9-25
132	. .	53-34
134	. .	153-55
135	. .	6-37
137	. .	152-5 L.M.
139	. .	113-27
140	. .	7-70
142	1-10	153-199 to 153-208
143	5	113-111, 113-112
144	. .	112-37
145	. .	136-55, 136-81
	5	136-15
	7	136-51
	10, 11	136-52, 136-53
	12-15	136-60 to 136-63
	16	136-72
	17	136-64
	24	105-439 to 105-442
	26-28	148-34 to 148-36
	29	148-38
	30	148-32
	32	148-27
	33	148-39
	35	136-98
	38	136-83
146	. .	28-103
147	. .	7-70
152	. .	90-217
154	5	7-92
157	1-5	84-4 to 84-8
160	. .	105-418
162	1-5	90-81 to 90-85
171	. .	47-32
179	1	58-206
180	1, 2	115-232, 115-233
186	1, 2	159-50, 159-51
	4-9	159-52 to 159-57
	11	159-58
187	. .	6-37
191	. .	90-199, 90-200
192	. .	7-70
193	1, 2	105-342, 105-343
195	. .	60-88
198	1	14-265
200	. .	7-70
202	1	116-2
	2	116-27
	3	116-38
	4	116-3, 116-4
	5	116-4
	11	116-16
	12	116-18
207	. .	53-17
208	1	23-46
	2	84-9
	3	23-47, 84-10
210	1-8	115-284 to 115-291
214	. .	14-111
217	1-9	66-41 to 66-49
219	. .	14-335
222	1, 1½	160-104, 160-105
224	. .	7-70
226	1-4	110-50 to 110-53
	6	110-49
	7, 8	110-55, 110-56

Ch.	Sec.	1931 General Statutes
227	1	156-21, 156-22
	2	156-21, 156-22 L.M.
228	. .	7-70
229	1-6	106-233 to 106-238
232	2	136-99
	4, 5	136-100, 136-101
233	. .	7-302
237	. .	9-25
240	. .	7-70
242	. .	7-70
243	1-4	53-92 to 53-95
	5	53-80, 53-81, 53-83, 53-84, 53-87, 53-90, 53-103 to 53-113, 53-117 to 53-119, 53-121 to 53-123, 53-125 to 53-127, 53-140 to 53-142, 53-144
	6	53-96
	8-13	53-97 to 53-102
246	. .	7-70
247	. .	7-70
249	. .	160-94
250	1-8	53-25 to 53-32
251	. .	7-70
261	1-10	143-48 to 143-57
	11, 12	143-59, 143-60
	13-15	143-62 to 143-64
265	. .	55-150
266	. .	113-27
267	. .	1-506
268	. .	113-254
269	. .	160-275
270	. .	7-404
271	. .	7-70
273	. .	156-105
274	13, 14	97-100, 97-101
276	1	116-102
	3	116-80
277	1	143-35
	3-12	143-36 to 143-45
	14	143-27
279	1-3	97-102 to 97-104
281	1-4	2-54 to 2-57
	5	2-60
	6, 7	2-58, 2-59
	60	2-58
286	1, 3	43-56, 43-57
	2	43-14
	3	43-57
290	. .	24-45
291	3	143-132
296	1, 2	159-13, 159-18
	3	159-44
	4	159-43
	6	159-26
	7	159-28
	8	159-3
	9	160-275
302	. .	153-9
304	. .	105-446
312	4-10	95-3 to 95-8
	11-13	95-10 to 95-12
	14, 15	143-169
313	. .	136-68 L.M., 136-70 L.M.
318	. .	130-103
331	. .	113-241
332	. .	153-76
333	. .	113-310
338	1	143-129
338	2	143-131
341	. .	7-70
343	. .	7-70
347	. .	84-8
348	1-13	163-188 to 163-200
359	1-7	115-272 to 115-278
370	. .	116-146
381	. .	20-185, 20-187
382	1, 2	147-8, 147-9
388	1	53-37
	4	53-38
392	1-5	105-425 to 105-429
396	. .	143-48
398	1-3	143-106, 143-107
403	. .	53-33
410	. .	9-19
413	1-4	153-148 to 153-151
418	. .	153-81
419	. .	7-70
420	. .	1-92
424	. .	7-70
426	. .	95-11
429	21	160-28
441	. .	153-9
448	. .	60-53
455	. .	62-33 to 62-35, 62-101, 62-102
456	. .	7-70

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1931

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
413	. .	14-335

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1933

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	. .	7-70
5	. .	166-111
6	1	120-33
7	. .	160-173
8	1, 2	130-39
	3	130-41
	4	130-48
	5	130-52
9	1	130-99
	2	130-77
	3	130-72, 130-74
10	. .	14-335
11	1-8	120-40 to 120-47
13	1, 2	8-57, 8-58
14	. .	7-70
15	. .	84-2
16	. .	28-68
17	. .	54-31
18	. .	54-23
19	. .	54-10
20	. .	54-9
24	. .	1-97
26	. .	54-14
27	. .	53-20 L.M.
28	. .	67-13
29	. .	9-25
31	1, 2	159-3, 159-4
32	. .	90-14
33	. .	14-15 L.M.
34	. .	58-107
35	. .	95-27
36	. .	45-36
38	. .	54-33
39	. .	148-27
40	. .	60-42
43	. .	14-107
45	. .	7-70
46	1	143-35
	3	143-36 to 143-38, 143-40 to 143-45
	4	143-41
	5	143-42
47	. .	58-108
48	. .	161-10.1
49	1-6	33-56 to 33-62
50	. .	143-129
53	. .	105-249
54	. .	153-9
55	. .	143-83
57	. .	87-27
58	. .	106-314 L.M.
60	. .	58-182
61	. .	60-83
63	. .	155-3
64	. .	14-107
66	1-4	131-1 to 133-4
69	. .	160-2
71	1, 2	50-5
71	2, 3	50-8
75	1	162-7
	2	7-88
76	. .	7-70
77	. .	7-70
78	1	7-44
79	. .	1-332
80	1	160-317
	2-4	160-320 to 160-322
	5	160-296
81	. .	7-70
84	. .	2-27
86	. .	42-27
88	2	105-257
89	. .	9-3
92	. .	9-25
93	. .	14-107
94	. .	28-68
95	1	86-21
	2	86-17
96	1-3	1-327 to 1-329
98	. .	1-406
99	. .	28-118
100	. .	28-51
101	6	44-62
102	. .	160-29
105	1	153-184
106	. .	113-160
	2-6	113-161 to 113-165
107	. .	7-70
108	1-7	119-7 to 119-13
109	. .	7-295
110	. .	7A-112 L.M.
112	. .	7-70
113	. .	28-173
114	. .	31-24
115	1, 2	147-53, 147-54
116	. .	7-70
117	. .	7-70
119	. .	7-70
120	1, 2	53-77
	3-5	53-114 to 53-116
122	1, 2	54-42, 54-43
123	. .	41-11
124	. .	55-52
125	. .	7-70
126	. .	7-70
127	. .	7-269
128	1	7-286
129	. .	7-70
130	. .	9-16
131	. .	1-482
132	. .	162-6
133	. .	31-14
134	2	62-27
	3	62-30
	5	62-3
	6	62-29

Ch.	Sec.	1933 General Statutes
134	12	62-19
	13	62-10
	14	62-5
	16	62-31
135	. .	84-2 L.M.
137	1	105-442 to 105-444, 105-447, 105-448
138	. .	9-25
139	. .	106-314 L.M.
140	. .	160-256
142	. .	7-264
143	. .	159-25
145	. .	7-70
146	1-4	14-346
150	. .	73-2 L.M.
152	. .	7-70
153	. .	7-70
154	. .	42-34
155	1-11	53-148 to 53-158
158	. .	73-2 L.M.
159	2	53-39
160	. .	2-28
161	. .	28-189
162	. .	81-68
163	. .	50-6
164	. .	163-152 L.M.
165	1	163-1, 163-8 to 163-10
	2	163-11 to 163-14
	3	163-15 to 163-18, 163-20 to 163-23
	4	163-25
	5	163-29, 163-31
	8	163-84 to 163-92
	9	163-93 to 163-98
	10	163-99
	11	163-107 to 163-110, 163-112
	12	163-119, 163-120
	14	163-122
	16	163-132
	17	163-135, 163-144
	20, 21	163-155
	22	163-156, 163-157
	23	163-175
	24	163-172, 163-181
	25	163-201
166	. .	7-246
167	. .	1-55 L.M.
168	. .	143-58
170	. .	14-107
172	. .	136-18
	1	148-26
	2	136-1,136-2, 136-17
172	4	148-5
	5	148-4
	7	148-28
	8	148-30
	10	136-5, 136-14
	11	136-11
	14	148-26, 148-31
	16	136-8
	19	148-37
	21	148-40
	22	148-10
	24	148-42
	25-29	148-44 to 148-48
	30	148-33
	31	148-32
	33	148-49
173	. .	120-22
175	1	147-69
	2	53-20
176	. .	2-28
177	1	105-419
178	1-17	113-61 to 113-77
179	1-29	88-1 to 88-29
180	. .	7-70
181	14	105-423
182	. .	1-70
185	1-6	14-170 to 14-175
187	. .	28-91, 46-29
188	. .	28-162
189	. .	14-33
190	. .	39-23
191	. .	153-122
192	. .	35-2
193	1-10½	153-227 to 153-237
194	1-7½	153-238 to 153-245
195	. .	153-246
196	. .	28-189
197	. .	15-181
199	. .	45-4
201	. .	153-50
203	. .	90-159
206	1, 2	90-61
209	. .	90-217
210	1-10	84-15 to 84-24
	11-18	84-28 to 84-35
211	. .	105-446
213	1-3	35-58 to 35-60
214	1, 2	20-187, 20-188
	9	119-6
215	1	46-14
219	. .	42-15

Ch.	Sec.	1933 General Statutes
220	. .	14-238
224	1-20	35-36 to 35-55
226	. .	105-423
228	1-8	49-2 to 49-9
	9	23-24
	11	49-1
231	. .	7-70
232	1	7-70
	2	7-70
233	. .	106-59
234	1	7-70
	2	7-70
235	. .	113-226
236	. .	113-145
239	1	53-49
240	. .	7-70
243	. .	13-2
244	. .	95-4
245	. .	6-44
248	. .	1-86
249	. .	14-18
250	1-4	7-70
251	1	7-175
253	. .	113-365
257	1-4	159-59 to 159-62
258	1	159-13
	2	159-44
	3	153-81
	4	159-45, 159-46
259	1	160-90, 160-91
	1	160-97
	1	160-368
	1	160-374
	1	160-378 to 160-380
	1	160-382 to 160-383
	2	153-73, 153-77, 153-78, 153-80, 153-103, 153-110
261	1	14-409
262	1	34-10
	2	34-13
264	. .	7-70
265	. .	14-107
266	. .	2-28
268	. .	106-465
269	1	51-2
274	. .	7-70
275	1-4	45-32 to 45-35
281	. .	2-28
283	1-4	58-242 to 58-245
286	. .	7-70
287	. .	14-335
292	. .	143-46
298	. .	73-2 L.M.
301	. .	14-136 L.M., 14-138 L.M., 14-140 L.M.
302	. .	136-67
303	. .	53-43
306	. .	7-70
307	1-37	62-65 to 62-100
309	. .	14-197
311	. .	7-70
314	. .	105-423
317	. .	33-40
318	. .	1-53 L.M.
320	1, 3	116-143, 116-144
321	. .	160-383
322	1	160-249
324	1-12	106-27 to 106-38
	14-24	106-39 to 106-49
325	. .	76-47
326	. .	2-28
327	. .	163-1 L.M.
328	. .	14-15 L.M.
329	. .	105-423
331	. .	84-24
332	. .	159-34
333	. .	7-70
336	. .	113-315
337	1	113-114
	2-4	113-116 to 113-118
340	1	106-275
341	. .	35-35
342	1	122-3
	2	122-37
343	1	106-268
346	. .	113-181
349	. .	1-512
350	1	54-158
	2	54-132
	3, 4	54-151
351	. .	105-423
352	1	131-83
353	. .	160-256
354	1	55-116
	2	55-60
359	. .	53-46
361	. .	8-57
362	. .	14-107
363	. .	2-53
365	. .	152-5 L.M.
	1	160-65
	2-4	160-67 to 160-70
	5	160-72
	6	160-75
	7	160-77
366	. .	6-37

Ch.	Sec.	1933 General Statutes
374	. .	159-31
376	. .	153-142
377	. .	105-423
385	1-9	115-383 to 115-391
	11, 12	115-392, 115-393
386	. .	1-53 L.M.
387	. .	67-13
389	2	105-423
390	. .	42-26 L.M.
391	. .	105-423
392	1-6	143-136 to 143-141
	7	143-143
393	. .	2-28
399	. .	105-422
400	1, 2	143-129, 143-130
	3, 3-A	143-133, 143-134
401	. .	97-13 L.M.
404	. .	7-70
408	1-3	55-171 to 55-173
409	. .	7-70
410	1	160-94
412	1	47-97
413	. .	7-70
418	. .	105-270
424	. .	105-423
427	2	105-423
428	. .	113-111
429	. .	2-28
430	1	113-255
431	1	106-246
	2	106-248
	3, 4	106-253, 106-254
432	. .	78-2
433	. .	113-162
434	. .	14-290
435	1	1-236
436	. .	159-25
437	. .	161-11
438	. .	113-247
439	. .	47-52
440	1	62-105
441	1	143-52
	2	143-57
442	1	90-140, 90-141, 90-143,90-144
	2, 3	90-150, 90-151
	4	90-155
448	. .	97-2
449	1	97-10
	2	97-24
451	1	53-62
456	. .	7-70
	2	7-70
458	. .	14-107
461	1, 1½	147-79
464	1	115-258
	2, 3	115-261, 115-262
	4, 5	115-266, 115-267
	6, 7	115-270, 115-271
465	1	112-10
466	. .	156-79 L.M.
467	1-4	106-461 to 106-464
471	. .	105-423
474	. .	97-45
477	. .	67-13
478	. .	7-70
479	. .	2-28
481	1-4	115-394
482	. .	45-28
483	. .	53-36
485	. .	42-27
489	. .	60-139
490	1	134-21
492	. .	90-123
493	. .	45-9
494	2	115-86
497	. .	115-156
498	. .	28-189
502	. .	105-423
504	. .	156-124 L.M.
506	. .	97-25
514	. .	2-28
516	1-4	146-8 to 146-11
517	1	136-18
523	1-3	81-21, 81-22
526	. .	67-13
528	. .	62-47
529	1	1-48
530	. .	47-56 L.M.
531	. .	14-110 L.M.
535	. .	14-176
537	1, 2	113-38, 113-39
542	. .	14-39
544	10	105-441, 119-19
	11-13	119-20 to 119-22
546	. .	53-20
549	1	36-3
550	1-3	106-267
551	. .	106-51
552	1, 2	143-135
554	1-3	143-89 to 143-90
555	1-5	66-23 to 66-27
557	. .	163-135 L.M.
567	. .	53-20 L.M.
568	. .	53-84 L.M.

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1935

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	7-70
2	. .	136-19
3	. .	7-70
6	. .	55-32
8	. .	7-404
10	. .	55-158
13	1-3	14-310 to 14-312
18	. .	30-10
19	. .	147-62
22	. .	42-14 L.M.
24	. .	33-24
25	. .	98-19 L.M.
26	. .	6-62
31	. .	28-103
33	. .	84-24
	1-3	84-25 to 84-27
34	. .	84-20
36	. .	41-12
39	. .	42-27
40	. .	121-3
43	. .	28-81
44	. .	55-118
45	. .	1-407 L.M.
46	. .	112-18
47	. .	45-37
48	. .	7-70
49	1	14-335
	4	14-335
52	1-12	20-6 to 20-17
	13-30	20-19 to 20-36
	31	20-5
	34	20-37
53	1, 2	111-1, 111-2
	3-11	111-4 to 111-12
54	2	88-13
	3	88-15
	4	88-17
	5	88-23
55	. .	44-14
57	. .	14-189 to 14-191
58	. .	14-245
59	1-5	35-14 to 35-18
60	. .	80-3
61	. .	84-24
63	. .	90-115 to 90-118
		90-122
		90-124, 90-125
64	. .	160-229
65	. .	153-152
66	1-19	90-22 to 90-48
67	. .	106-314 L.M.
69	. .	28-68
70	. .	7-70
71	. .	53-45
72	. .	28-92
73	. .	7-70
74	1	84-23
	2	84-32
76	. .	97-103
79	1	53-39
80	. .	53-156
81	1	53-43
	2	53-141
	3	53-47
	4	53-20
82	. .	53-43
87	. .	54-74 to 54-76
		54-78 to 54-88
		54-91 to 54-94
		54-96
		54-98, 54-99
		54-101
		54-105 to 54-110
89	. .	58-97
90	. .	78-4
91	1	131-61
	2-4	131-52, 131-62 to 131-64
	5-13	131-65 to 131-73
	16, 17	131-74, 131-75
92	. .	47-96 L.M.
95	. .	53-84 L.M.
96	. .	28-68
97	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
98	. .	1-306
101	. .	7-70
102	. .	7-70
104	. .	54-11
105	1, 2	7-70
106	4	96-24
	5, 7	96-26, 96-27
109	. .	7-70
110	1	2-17
	3	2-18
111	. .	62-104
113	. .	53-21
114	. .	18-21
115	. .	113-28
118	. .	113-141
119	. .	42-14 L.M.
121	1-3	44-49 to 44-51
122	1-21	106-364 to 106-384
	23, 24	106-385 to 106-386
123	. .	97-52 to 97-76
124	1-6	159-63 to 159-68
125	. .	160-101
126	. .	160-94
127	. .	7-70
128	. .	7-91
130	. .	47-102
131	. .	95-11
132	. .	7-70
133	. .	47-104
135	. .	113-24
136	. .	95-28
137	. .	113-377

Ch.	Sec.	1935 General Statutes
138	1, 2	131-52, 131-62 to 131-63
139	. .	53-62
141	. .	163-1 L.M.
142	1-3	130-66 to 130-68
143	. .	136-27 L.M.
	2	163-110
145	. .	103-2 L.M.
146	. .	142-34
147	. .	33-13 L.M.
148	. .	7-70
150	. .	97-13
151	. .	113-164
152	. .	58-131
153	. .	47-21
154	. .	78-4
155	Art. 1	92-1
	Art. 2, 1-6	92-2 to 92-4
	Art. 3, 1-5	92-5 to 92-9
	Art. 4, 14	92-10 to 92-23
	Art. 5, 6	92-24 to 92-25
	Art. 7, 1, 2	92-26, 92-27
	Art. 8	92-28
	Art. 10	92-29
156	. .	33-25
157	. .	7-70
159	. .	130A-34 L.M., 130A-35 L.M.
162	. .	105-249
163	. .	28-190
164	. .	53-44
166	. .	55-2
168	. .	47-12
169	. .	72-9
171	. .	7-279
172	1-7	106-521 to 106-527
173	. .	146-50
174	. .	160-98
176	. .	7-70
177	. .	7-70
178	1	113-52
	2	113-54
180	. .	160-347
181	. .	90-61
184	. .	7-70
186	1, 2	143-118, 143-119
190	. .	106-387
191	. .	7-70
192	. .	7-70
194	. .	7-70
195	. .	7-70
198	1-4	70-1 to 70-4
199	. .	53-46
201	. .	7-70
204	. .	15-42
205	. .	44-52
207	. .	14-335
208	. .	14-335
212	. .	103-4
213	1	136-18
214	. .	84-2 L.M.
215	1	160-29
219	. .	47-30
221	. .	163-152 L.M.
222	. .	106-314 L.M.
224	. .	136-68 L.M., 136-70 L.M.
225	1-3	90-176 to 90-178
226	. .	113-34
227	. .	45-10
228	1-18	97-105 to 97-122
230	1	54-129
	2	54-132
	3-6	54-134 to 54-136
	7-9	54-151
231	1	53-20
232	1-11	80-6 to 80-56
233	. .	7-51
235	. .	47-61
236	. .	163-152
240	. .	104-111
242	1-3	115-238 to 115-240
243	. .	48-1 to 48-12
244	. .	28-163
245	1-6	115-340 to 115-345
246	. .	7-70
249	. .	147-65
250	. .	130-50
252	2	7-70
254	1-4	8-85 to 8-88
255	1-8	115-325 to 115-333
256	. .	29-1
257	1	136-3
	2	148-4
	3	148-27
258	. .	62-143
259	. .	163-135 L.M.
260	. .	2-28
265	1-9	132-1 to 132-9
266	. .	53-92
267	. .	1-125
269	. .	81-70
270	. .	60-98
271	. .	45-42
273	. .	147-20
274	. .	7-70
276	. .	7-70
277	. .	53-20
278	. .	7-44
279	1	160-200
280	. .	62-3
283	. .	7-70
284	. .	14-335
287	1, 2	130-39
	3, 4	130-49
288	1-5	117-1 to 117-5

1935

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
289	. .	7-70
290	1-3	159-52 to 159-54
	4	159-57
291	1-21	117-6 to 117-26
	23	117-27
292	1, 2	98-19, 98-20
293	. .	58-6, 106-11, 127-13
294	1, 2	15-187, 15-188
	3	15-190
	4	15-191
299	. .	41-11
300	. .	14-398
301	. .	136-18
302	1	160-378, 160-379
	2	153-77, 153-78
304	. .	147-35
307	1-3	14-266 to 14-268
309	. .	7-157
314	1-3	137-31 to 137-33
317	. .	14-131
318	. .	92-2
320	. .	55-2
324	1	20-185
	2	20-184
	3	20-188
	5	20-195
	6	20-196
326	1-14	95-54 to 95-69
328	. .	106-239
329	1-6	106-490 to 106-495
330	. .	153-9
331	. .	105-420
338	. .	87-16 L.M.
340	. .	130-13
342	. .	146-97
343	. .	1-89
344	. .	106-373
345	. .	7-231
346	. .	7-232
348	. .	2-25
350	. .	14-335
352	. .	106-314 L.M.
353	. .	160-29
355	. .	28-83
356	1	159-14
	2	159-21
	3	159-42
	4	159-44
	5, 6	159-45, 159-46
357	1	130-57
	2	130-38
360	1-3	106-466 to 106-468
362	. .	161-2
363	. .	90-5
364	. .	44-31
367	. .	28-68
369	. .	2-28
372	1-11	106-174 to 106-184
375	1	159-28
376	. .	152-1
377	. .	28-162
378	. .	53-45
379	1	2-30
	2	2-29
	3-8	2-31 to 2-36
381	. .	28-104
382	. .	153-132
385	. .	33-13
386	. .	28-34
387	. .	90-185
390	. .	128-13
392	. .	161-2
393	1	18-100
	3, 4	18-101, 18-102
	7, 7½	18-103, 18-104
398	. .	1-109
399	1, 2	115-215, 115-216
400	. .	7-51
	1	143-129
402	. .	67-13
406	. .	95-26
407	. .	95-27
408	1-3	157-40 to 157-42
	5-8	157-43 to 157-47
409	1-4	157-48 to 157-51
410	. .	95-31
411	1-3	115-217 to 115-219
413	. .	55-114
414	1-14	148-50 to 148-64
	15	148-13
	19	148-18
	21	148-65
420	. .	7-92
421	. .	163-46 L.M.
	1	163-20
422	2-5	115-294 to 115-297
423	. .	2-9
424	. .	159-30
430	1-5	113-40 to 113-44
435	. .	116-84
436	1	54-130
	2	54-148
438	1	143-77, 143-92 to 143-94
440	. .	160-195
445	1-10	142-20 to 142-29
449	. .	36-4
450	1-3	115-234 to 115-236
451	. .	127-79
452	. .	127-78
456	1-28	157-1 to 157-28
457	. .	14-399
459	1-23	137-1 to 137-29
	25	137-30
461	. .	163-152 L.M.
462	. .	161-2
463	1	35-39
	2	35-43
	3, 6	35-44
	4, 5	35-48, 35-49

Ch.	Sec.	1935 General Statutes
463	7	35-56
464	. .	53-82
465	. .	18-52
466	1	18-101
467	. .	33-1
469	. .	156-124 L.M.
	1-4	156-125 to 156-128
	4(a)	156-81 L.M.
	(b)	156-129
470	1-23	40-30 to 40-52
	25	40-53
471	1	113-117
	2	113-119
	3	113-118
472	. .	42-14 L.M.
475	1	9-22
475	2, 3	15-163, 15-164
477	1-23	90-87 to 90-112
	25	90-113
	26	90-86
478	. .	113-145
479	1-3	143-163 to 143-165
483	. .	105-404
484	. .	159-60
486	1, 2	113-82, 113-83
	4-12	113-84 to 113-95
	13-20	113-97 to 113-104
	22-25	113-106 to 113-109
	29	113-105
489	1, 2	115-387, 115-390
	4-6	115-392 to 115-394
494	. .	2-36

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1935

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
101	3	7-70
288	. .	42-23

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1936

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1, 2	96-1, 96-2
	3-6	96-12 to 96-15
	7	96-9
	8	96-11
	9, 18	96-6
	10, 11	96-3, 96-4
	12	96-20, 96-27
1	13	96-5, 96-28
	14	96-10
	15, 16	96-17, 96-18
	17	96-7
	19	96-8
2	1	143-163
	2	143-165

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1937

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	120-33
3	. .	65-13
4	. .	73-2 L.M.
5	1, 2	47-33, 47-34
7	. .	47-12
11	. .	54-19
12	. .	54-12
13	. .	28-68
14	. .	36-3
15	. .	105-405
16	1	7-1
	2	7-6
18	. .	54-20
19	4	9-4
21	. .	9-25
22	1-6	106-471 to 106-476
	7-16	106-478 to 106-487
	18, 19	106-488 to 106-489
24	1-3	106-475
	4	106-477
25	. .	106-527
26	. .	1-331
27	. .	7-70
29	. .	7-70
31	. .	28-68
32	1, 2	128-4
35	. .	84-26
39	. .	58-36
40	. .	7-70
41	. .	153-9
42	. .	136-19
43	. .	6-37
46	. .	14-335
48	. .	7-70
49	1-16	18-36 to 18-51
	17-26	18-53 to 18-62

Ch.	Sec.	1936 General Statutes
51	2	84-23
	3	84-28
	4	84-36
52	. .	7-70
53	. .	50-12
55	. .	28-68
56	. .	7-287
57	. .	160-122
58	. .	7-279
59	. .	90-76
62	1-4	20-220 to 20-223
63	. .	67-13
64	. .	7-70
69	. .	30-8
70	. .	28-81
71	. .	46-32
72	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
75	. .	67-13
77	. .	9-25
78	. .	9-25
80	. .	152-52
82	. .	142-34
84	. .	7-295
86	1-11	87-28 to 87-38
87	1-13	87-39 to 87-51
89	. .	1-288
90	. .	95-31
91	. .	47-105
93	. .	2-42
94	. .	90-61
95	. .	14-335
96	. .	14-335
98	. .	46-13
100	1, 2	50-6
102	. .	7-70
104-107	. .	7-70
108	1	40-2
	2	62-30
111	. .	105-446
112	1, 2	14-400
115	1-4	115-225
116	. .	134-69
117	. .	115-86
118	. .	67-13
121	. .	28-68
124	2-14	111-13 to 111-25
	15½	111-26
	16	111-6
125	1	95-60
	2	95-64
	3, 4	95-68, 95-69
126	. .	115-237
128	. .	105-421
130	. .	58-138
132	1-13	15-197 to 15-209
133	1-3	55-39
135	1-3	108-77 to 108-79
138	3	86-14
	4	86-15
	5	86-19
	6	86-22
139	. .	116-4
143	. .	6-21
145	1, 2	134-85, 134-86
146	. .	134-79
147	1	134-22
	2	134-27
148, 149	. .	2-36
150	. .	96-7, 96-15, 96-17
151	. .	9-19
152	. .	113-121
153	. .	119-47
154	. .	53-43
155	1, 2	84-4, 84-5
156	. .	7-70
157	. .	14-290
158	. .	7-70
159	. .	7-70
160	. .	113-15
162, 163	. .	7-70
164	. .	73-2 L.M.
165	. .	62-31
167	. .	7-70
168	. .	14-110 L.M.
169	1	115-292, 115-296
	2	115-293
	3, 4	115-298, 115-299
170	. .	163-135 L.M.
171	. .	55-158
172	. .	160-94
173	. .	7-31
174	. .	106-2
175	1-12	106-388 to 106-399
178	. .	58-281
179	. .	55-48
181	. .	112-19
183	. .	10-5
184	. .	115-325 to 115-329, 115-332, 115-334
186	. .	53-46
188	. .	2-55
189	1, 2	14-266, 14-267
190	1-15	37-1 to 37-15
192	. .	7-70
196	1-6	14-304 to 14-309
197	. .	131-30
198	2, 3	115-69
199	. .	7-51
201	. .	2-52
203	. .	14-335
206	. .	125-25
207	. .	14-139
208	. .	58-308
209	1-4	28-69 to 28-72
210	. .	7-70
214	. .	7-70
217	1-6	8-65 to 8-70

Ch.	Sec.	1937 General Statutes
218	. .	106-18
220	. .	53-142
221	. .	35-57
223	. .	55-136
224	1	127-83
	2	9-19
226	. .	15-5
227	. .	112-21
230	. .	130-208
231	1, 2	58-103, 58-104
232	. .	106-176
234	1-4	1-245
235	. .	116-137
236	. .	128-14
237	. .	18-39
242	1, 2	116-145, 116-148
243	. .	35-39
244	1-4	130-264 to 130-267
246	. .	20-116
247	1-3	62-103 to 62-105
	4	62-110
	5	62-115
	6	62-119
248	. .	14-214
254	. .	162-7
255	. .	106-366 L.M.
256	1-10	55-174 to 55-183
257	1, 2	15-47
258	. .	163-179
259	1-3	105-398
261	. .	113-235
263	. .	163-1 L.M.
271	. .	161-2
272	. .	120-33
273	1-27	15-55 to 15-83
	30	15-84
277	. .	134-43
278	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
280	. .	60-146
281	. .	106-229
282	. .	67-13
283	1, 2	7-70
284	. .	47-104
285	. .	111-3
286	. .	14-335
288	1, 2	108-15, 108-16
	3-28	108-18 to 108-43
	30	108-17
	31-58	108-45 to 108-72
	60	108-44
	62-63½-A	108-73 to 108-76
290	. .	2-36
293	1	90-143
293	2	90-155
294	. .	42-34
297	1	136-1, 136-2
	3½	153-198
298	1-11	130-268 to 130-278
299	. .	163-41 L.M.
301	1	90-130
	3	90-136, 90-137
307	. .	33-48
309	. .	7-70
311	. .	35-4
313	1	20-185, 20-191, 20-192
317	1-20	110-1 to 110-20
318	. .	112-18
319	1	108-1
	2	108-3
	3-5	108-11 to 108-13
321	. .	143-71
322	1, 2	14-86
323	. .	143-163
329	. .	14-335
330	. .	15-181
333	. .	53-45
334	. .	156-102 L.M.
335	2	18-93
336	. .	28-68
337	1, 2	130-239, 130-240
339	1	20-186, 128-9
	1½	15-27
342	. .	58-6
343	. .	55-120
345	1-7	143-171 to 143-177
347	. .	55-114
348	. .	7-45
349	1	114-12
	2	114-18
	4-8	114-13 to 114-17
350	1-7	66-51 to 66-58
	10	66-50
351	. .	90-212
353	. .	115-84
354	. .	81-23
355	. .	143-129
357	. .	114-4
359	. .	1-53
361	. .	1-218
362	1	90-123
	2	90-125
	3	90-127
363	. .	96-19
364	. .	163-119
368	. .	1-47
370	. .	67-13
371	. .	7-70
372	. .	9-25
374	1-11	143-178 to 143-188
377	. .	28-68
378	. .	74-31
381	. .	1-110 L.M.
382	. .	163-46 L.M., 163-107 L.M.
383	. .	31-34
384	1, 2	13-7, 13-8

Ch.	Sec.	1937 General Statutes
385	. .	113-26
387	. .	7-70
391	. .	163-152 L.M.
393	1-13	139-1 to 139-13
397	1-3	20-218
399	1, 2	115-32, 115-33
400	. .	116-24
401	. .	62-136
402	. .	90-63
403	. .	62-108
406	. .	95-17
407	2	20-38
	4-82	20-39 to 20-118
	80	136-18
	83	20-119
	84-99	20-121 to 20-136
	101	20-138
	102-132	20-140 to 20-170
	133-141	20-172 to 20-180
	142, 143	20-182, 20-183
408	. .	7-70
409	1-11	95-15 to 95-25
411	. .	18-39, 18-41, 18-43, 18-45, 18-46, 18-51, 18-57, 18-60
413	1, 2	7-68, 7-69
	4, 5	7-70
414	1-4½	106-466 to 106-470
415	. .	95-2, 106-11, 127-13
416	. .	147-32
419	. .	53-48
422	. .	48-1
425	1-5	119-14 to 119-18
	6-9	119-23 to 119-26
425	11-23	119-27 to 119-39
	24-29	119-41 to 119-46
426	. .	163-152 L.M., 163-153 L.M.
427	1, 2	106-14
429	1	87-1
	2	87-8
	3-8	87-10 to 87-15
430	1-3	106-29 to 106-3 1
	4, 5	106-37, 106-38
	6	106-40
431		18-41, 18-45, 18-61
432	1	49-2
	2	49-7
433	. .	53-44
435	1	31-11
	2	31-11 L.M.
436	3, 5	108-3
437	1-28	7-351 to 7-383
439	. .	7-285
440	. .	109-4
441	. .	153-3
443	. .	14-335
445	. .	104-25
446	. .	14-399
448	1	96-12
	2-4	96-14, 96-15
	5	96-8
449	. .	127-77
454	. .	112-19
457	. .	163-179
591	. .	156-1 L.M.
592	. .	156-1 L.M.
p. 927,	R 19	120-19
p. 957,	R 54	147-18

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1937

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
96	. .	42-23
319	. .	161-2 L.M.
600	. .	42-23

EXTRAORDINARY SESSION OF 1938

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	1-11	160-413 to 160-423
	13	160-230
	14	157-2, 157-3
3	. .	160-383
5	. .	160-424

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1939

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	14-90
2	. .	96-4
3	. .	130A-55 L.M.
	1-3	130A-47 L.M.
4	. .	7-29
5	. .	55-165
6	2, 3	143-166
7	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
8	. .	128-15
9	. .	7-70
10	1, 1½	20-166
11	. .	161-2
12	. .	18-13
13	. .	45-18
14	. .	127-12
15	. .	1-89
16	. .	28-83
18	. .	65-11
20	. .	42-14 L.M.
	1-2½	47-41, 47-42
21	1	84-16
	2, 3	84-34
22	. .	116-25
23	. .	55-41
24	. .	1-332
25	. .	7-70
26	. .	9-25
27	1-3	96-12
	4, 5	96-13
	6	96-9
	7	96-6
	8	96-4
	9, 10	96-10
	11-13	96-8
	14	96-12
28	. .	96-16
29	. .	116-24
31	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
32	. .	48-1
35	. .	9-21
36	. .	45-28
38	. .	136-34, 136-44
	3	20-195
40	. .	7-70
41	. .	7-404
42	. .	7-70
43	. .	7-70
44	. .	7-70
45	. .	47-27 L.M.
46	. .	6-21 L.M.
47	. .	15-107
48	. .	7-62
49	1	1-100
	2	1-394
50	. .	110-26
51	. .	62-64
52	1	96-14
	2, 3	96-11
52	4	96-6
	5	96-4
	6, 7	96-8
	8	96-19
53	. .	14-110 L.M.
54	. .	116-145
55	. .	14-335
56	. .	14-320
57	. .	55-118
59	. .	7-70
60	. .	60-9
61	. .	147-62
65	. .	116-100
66	. .	122-90
68	. .	115-258
69	. .	7-65
70	. .	156-79 L.M.
71	. .	1-331
72	. .	14-259
73	. .	14-197
75	1	87-29
	3	87-36
	4	87-38
76	. .	105-417
78	. .	7-70
79	1, 2	113-113
81	. .	1-93
82	. .	2-24
	3	7A-100 L.M.
84	. .	53-53
86	. .	2-56
87	. .	143-99
90	. .	115-293
91	1	53-92
	2	53-95
94	. .	1-332
95	. .	14-359
97	. .	117-5
98	. .	18-45
99	. .	161-2
101	. .	67-13
102	. .	112-21, 152-5 L.M.
107	. .	1-209
108	. .	7-70
110	. .	2-55
111	. .	20-162
112	1	153-139
113	. .	66-28
114	. .	20-120
115	. .	50-13
116	1	163-155
	2	163-175
118	1-3	157-30 to 157-32
119	. .	113-92
120	. .	14-139
122	. .	66-58
123, 124	. .	111-27,

Ch.	Sec.	1939 General Statutes
123,	. .	111-28
126	. .	130-190
127	. .	100-16
128	1	54-3
129	1	159-28
130	. .	58-307
132	1	48-1
	2	48-6
	3	48-13
133	1-4	39-24 to 39-27
134	. .	153-135
135	. .	53-24
136	. .	47-9
137	. .	157-42
138	2	162-6
140	. .	9-4
141	. .	96-8, 96-12, 96-13
143	. .	1-394
144	1-3	108-80 to 108-88
	5, 5a	108-89, 108-90
146	. .	159-25
147	. .	60-136
149	. .	8-35
150	. .	157-9, 157-29
	2	157-14
152	. .	113-38
153	. .	67-13
154	. .	66-10 L.M.
156	. .	7-70
158	A, B	105-1
	1-29	105-2 to 105-32
	100	105-33
	102-163	105-34 to 105-100
	166	105-101
	168	105-102
	181-191	105-103 to 105-113
	201-208	105-114 to 105-121
	210-215	105-122 to 105-127
	216	105-129
	217	105-128
	300-302	105-130 to 105-132
	310-324	105-133 to 105-149
	325-329	105-151 to 105-155
	331-336	105-156 to 105-161
	340, 341	105-162, 105-163
	400-402	105-164 to 105-166
158	404-408	105-167 to 105-171
	411, 412	105-172, 105-173
	414-418	105-174 to 105-178
	420-426	105-179 to 105-185
	427	105-187
	500-524	18-63 to 18-90
	525	18-91
	528	18-92
	600-609	105-188 to 105-197
	700-719	105-198 to 105-217
	800-805	105-218 to 105-223
	807-811	105-224 to 105-228
	900-919	105-229 to 105-248
	920-926	105-250 to 105-256
	927-933	105-258 to 105-264
	935	105-265
	936	105-267
	937	105-266
	938, 939	105-268, 105-269
159	1-16	163-54 to 163-69
160	. .	14-136 L.M.
161	. .	58-208
163	1-11	102-1 to 102-11
164	. .	160-200
165	1, 2	116-145, 116-148
166	1-3	134-87 to 134-89
167	. .	28-76
170	1, 1½	1-597, 1-598
	2, 4½	1-599
171	1, 2	7-70
173	. .	106-22
177	. .	61-5
178	. .	116-102, 116-104
179	. .	54-18
180	1, 2	156-42, 156-43
184	. .	7-70
186	. .	131-3
187	1	112-27
188	1-15	72-31 to 72-45
	16, 18	72-45 L.M.
190	. .	153-9
191	. .	113-161, 152-5 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1939 General Statutes
194	. .	7-70
195	1-7	15-11 to 15-17
196	. .	163-117
197	1-22	36-24 to 36-45
	25	36-46
198	. .	160-94
199	. .	55-61
200	1-5	36-47 to 36-51
	8	36-52
201	. .	7-257
202	. .	18-44
203	. .	23-48
204	. .	7-264
205	1-5	160-250 to 160-254
207	. .	96-4
208	. .	96-6
209	. .	96-4
210	1	47-7
	2	47-14
211	. .	2-28
212	. .	7-70
217	1	49-2, 49-7
	2	49-2, 49-3
	3	49-4
	4	49-5, 49-7
	5	49-6
	6	49-8
218	1-8	150-1 to 150-8
221	. .	55-66
222	. .	55-2
223	1	74-24
	2	74-12
224	1	87-16
	2	87-18
	3-5	87-21 to 87-23
	6	87-25
	8, 9	87-26, 87-27
227	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
228	1-3	56-1 to 56-3
	4	40-2
229	1-11	94-1 to 94-11
230	. .	87-9
231	1	160-374, 160-376, 160-378, 160-389
	2	153-73
	2(b)	153-74
	2(c)	153-77
	2(d)	153-102
	3	159-14, 159-46
231	4	159-59
	4(b)	159-62
232	. .	146-98
233	. .	143-166
235	1	113-104
	2	113-109
241	1-8	137-34 to 137-41
243	. .	148-32
244	1, 2	53-141
	3	53-145
245	. .	95-14
249	. .	121-4
250	1, 2	55-132, 55-133
252	. .	7-3
253	. .	116-102, 116-104
254	. .	47-29
255	1-3	116-35 to 116-37
256	. .	1-331
258	. .	7-51
259	. .	159-47
261	. .	47-106
262	. .	105-186
263	1-8	163-43 to 163-52
264	. .	163-46 L.M.
	1	163-20
	2	163-120
266	. .	20-122
267	. .	115-346
268	. .	7-120
269	. .	113-109
270	. .	115-304
271	. .	113-123
272	1	106-323, 106-324, 106-326, 106-327, 106-334
	2	106-323
	3	106-326
	4	106-333
275	. .	20-38, 20-73, 20-74, 20-84, 20-87, 20-88, 20-91, 20-129, 20-141, 20-171
276	1	119-27
	2-4	119-41 to 119-43
277	1	97-2, 97-29
	2	96-16
278	. .	116-135
279	. .	55-26
280	1	92-1
	2,3	92-28
281	. .	84-37
282	1-3	106-235, 106-236
283	. .	7-70
284	1	106-56 to 106-58
	2, 3	106-60, 106-61

Ch.	Sec.	1939 General Statutes
284	4	106-59
285	1-14	81-36 to 81-49
286	. .	106-68, 106-99
287	1-6	160-182 to 160-187
	7-9	160-189 to 160-191
290	. .	131-30
291	. .	87-16 L.M.
	1-5	106-241 to 106-245
292	. .	20-139
293	1-6	131-46 to 131-51
295	. .	160-414
304	. .	113-164
306	. .	105-249
307	1-13	106-146 to 106-158
308	. .	87-16 L.M.
309	. .	163-226 L.M.
310	1,2	105-271, 105-272
	200-204	105-273 to 105-277
	300-304	105-278 to 105-282
	400-410	105-283 to 105-293
	500, 501	105-294, 105-295
	600-603	105-296 to 105-299
	700, 701	105-300, 105-301
	800-803	105-302 to 105-305
	900-908	105-306 to 105-314
	1000-1006	105-315 to 105-321
	1100-1109	105-322 to 105-331
	1200-1202	105-332 to 105-334
	1300-1303	105-335 to 105-338
	1400-1402	105-339 to 105-341
	1403	105-345
	1500-1503	105-346 to 105-349
	1600-1621	105-350 to 105-371
	1700-1723	105-372 to 105-395
	1800	105-396
	1802	105-397
312	1	95-17
	2	95-26
313	1-4	130-221 to 130-224
	6	130-225
314	1, 2	51-9, 51-10
	2½	51-14
	3	51-11 to 51-13
315	1	114-1
315	2	114-10
	4	114-11
	5	114-9
	6	114-12, 114-13
	7, 8	114-6
316	. .	147-54.1
317	1-5	113-29 to 113-33
318	. .	136-29
320	24½-25	106-143 to 106-145
321	. .	47-95
323	1-6	66-17 to 66-22
324	1-7½	130-160 to 130-167
325	1-3	131-76 to 131-78
	5, 6	131-79, 131-80
	12, 13	131-81, 131-82
327	1-4	106-256 to 106-259
329	. .	106-173
330	. .	35-3
332	. .	131-54
336	. .	153-9
338	. .	106-11
339	. .	30-13
341	. .	139-8
342	. .	7-70
344	. .	127-37
345	. .	147-49
346	. .	14-107
348	. .	106-455
349	. .	95-2
350	. .	156-81 L.M.
351	1	20-131
	2	20-18
	3	20-181
352	1, 2	163-173, 163-174
353	. .	130-103
354	1, 2	106-95, 106-96
356	. .	159-48
357	1-43	7-405 to 7-447
358	1(a)-7	115-347 to 115-354
	8	115-95, 115-355
	9-24	115-356 to 115-374
	25-31	115-376 to 115-382
360	1-4	106-400 to 106-403
	5	106-315
	6	106-405
	7	106-405 L.M.
361	1	95-64
	2	95-68
364	1-12	69-14 to 69-25
365	1, 2	62-31
	3, 4	62-125 to 62-126
366	. .	130A-34 L.M., 130A-35 L.M.
367	. .	42-14 L.M.
368	. .	53-35
369	1	20-100
370	1	18-81, 105-178, 105-232, 105-237

Ch.	Sec.	1939 General Statutes
371	. .	156-56 L.M., 156-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
373	. .	15-200
375	. .	51-2
376	. .	156-56 L.M., 15-57 L.M., 156-59 L.M., 156-79 L.M.
377	. .	7-70
378	. .	7-70
381	. .	87-16 L.M.
382	. .	109-23
383	. .	28-68
384	. .	28-68
386	. .	160-187, 160-188
387	1	20-184
	2	20-187, 20-188
	3	20-195
389	1	106-466
	2	106-468
	3	106-470
390	1-16	128-21 to 128-36
391	. .	143-163
394	1	58-246
	2, 3	58-247, 58-248
395	1	108-19, 108-21, 108-28, 108-30, 108-33, 108-37, 108-38, 108-46, 108-49, 108-57, 108-59, 108-66
396	. .	30-17
397	. .	45-28, 87-16 L.M.
398	. .	95-13
400	1	54-86
	2	54-90
	3	54-96
402	. .	163-152 L.M.
404	. .	62-3
406	. .	136-96

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1941

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	. .	7-70
3	. .	163-103
7	1	15-171
8	. .	67-13
9	. .	50-12
10	. .	14-369
11	. .	11-2
12	. .	117-28
13	. .	47-51
15	. .	105-446
16	. .	105-434
18	. .	6-21 L.M.
20	. .	47-103
21	. .	20-218
22	. .	20-38
23	. .	10-189
24	. .	153-156
25	1-13	135-1 to 135-13
26	. .	33-2
28	. .	142-13
30	. .	47-107
31	. .	14-90
32	. .	7-70
34	. .	153-5
35	. .	114-9
36	1-3	20-1 to 20-3
	5	20-4
37	1, 2	14-11, 14-12
39	1-7	106-528 to 106-534
43	. .	127-111
46	. .	67-13
50	1	105-1
	2	105-2, 105-9
50	3	105-39, 105-41, 105-44, 105-47, 105-53, 105-57, 105-65, 105-80
	4	105-121, 105-122
	5	105-132, 105-134, 105-136, 105-141, 105-143, 105-144, 105-147 to 105-149, 105-151, 105-152
	6	105-167, 105-169, 105-174, 105-180
	8	105-201, 105-203 to 105-206, 105-213
	9	105-218 to 105-228
	10	105-242, 105-253, 105-266
51	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
52	1	7-50
	2	7-52
53	. .	15-25
56	. .	143-166
57	1	136-1
58	. .	7-70
59	. .	63-30
61	. .	1-246
62	1-3	157-30 to 157-32
63	1	157-52
	2-7	157-54 to 157-59
	8	157-53
	9	157-60
64	. .	54-21
65	. .	54-19

Ch.	Sec.	1941 General Statutes
66	. .	54-23
67	. .	54-14
73	. .	152-5 L.M.
74	. .	58-284
77	. .	53-43
78	2	157-2, 157-3
	3	157-25
	4	157-33 to 157-39
79	. .	31-19
80	. .	53-17
82	. .	14-335
83	. .	20-158
84	. .	152-5 L.M.
85	1-5	105-458 to 105-462
87	. .	9-4
89	. .	130A-47 L.M., 130A-55 L.M.
90	. .	14-269 L.M.
92	. .	9-4
93	. .	125-26
95	. .	51-16 L.M.
96	. .	1-597
97	1	40-2
	2, 3	62-1, 62-2
	4	62-4
	5	62-47
	6	62-12
	7	62-9
98	. .	7-70
99	. .	20-83
101	. .	115-375
102	. .	28-120
103	. .	160-273
104	. .	8-45
105	. .	160-122
106	. .	160-249
108	. .	96-6, 96-8
	1-5	96-12 to 96-15
	6	96-9
	7	96-16
	8	96-9
	9	96-11
	10	96-3
	11	96-20, 96-27
	12	96-5, 96-28
	13	96-5
	14-16	96-10
111	. .	163-107 L.M.
112	. .	120-2
113	. .	113-140
114	1-8	106-277 to 106-284
115	1	45-11
	2-4	45-13 to 45-15
	5	45-17
116	. .	130-39
117	. .	7-67
118	1	113-34
119	. .	105-449
120	. .	50-13
121	1-3	128-39 to 128-41
122	. .	130-107
123	. .	116-124
124	. .	28-170
125	1-5	105-296 to 105-298
126	. .	130-87, 130-88, 130-90
128	. .	147-62
130	2-19	58-224 to 58-241
131	. .	85-2
132	. .	67-13
136	. .	116-5
139	1	1-209 L.M.
140	. .	160-184
142	. .	156-100
143	. .	135-8
145	. .	35-4
146	. .	105-434
147	. .	159-60
148	. .	115-237
150	. .	14-335
152	1	112-12
	2	112-17
	3	112-28
	4	112-34
153	1, 2	160-200
154	. .	116-145
155	1-5	106-198 to 106-202
157	. .	143-166
158	1-3	115-5 to 115-7
159	1-3	113-217 to 113-219
160	. .	160-94
162	1-7	106-260 to 106-266
163	. .	90-18
166	. .	163-152 L.M.
167	. .	163-226 L.M.
171	. .	6-52
175	. .	9-4
176	. .	28-68
177	. .	84-2
178	1, 2	14-72, 14-73
179	. .	122-44
180	. .	14-344
181	. .	14-401
183	. .	136-67
184	1, 2	13-9, 13-10
185	. .	130-18
186	. .	111-28
187	. .	47-50
188	. .	160-238
189	. .	7-70
190	. .	115-299
191	. .	159-42
192	. .	161-2
195	. .	55-121
196	. .	20-38
198	. .	96-8
199	1, 2	106-116, 106-117
200	. .	115-363
201	. .	58-204
202	. .	45-22

Ch.	Sec.	1941 General Statutes
203	. .	160-398
204	1	105-151, 105-223
205	. .	113-24
207	1	160-423
	2	160-414
208	1	7-110
	2½	7-111
212	1	7-70
214	. .	115-374
215	1	14-52
	2	14-58
217	1-5	136-36 to 136-41
	6	136-18
218	1	51-9
219	1, 2	87-28, 87-29
	6	87-33
	9, 10	87-36, 87-37
221	1	105-306
	2, 3	105-297, 105-298
222	. .	163-179
223	. .	130-241
224	1-12	129-1 to 129-12
225	. .	120-1
226	. .	35-31
227	. .	20-88
228	. .	62-113
229	. .	47-50
230	1	85-9
231	1	113-106
	2	113-109
232	. .	108-21, 108-30, 108-38, 108-49 to 108-51, 108-59, 108-66, 108-67
233	. .	10-10, 47-108
234	1	88-10
	2	88-15
	3	88-20
	4	88-26
235	. .	54-106
236	. .	54-80
237	1-7	81-52 to 81-58
238	. .	47-43
239	. .	116-145
242	. .	14-112
243	. .	28-19
244	1-5	66-30 to 66-34
245	1	45-21
246	. .	106-466
247	. .	143-100
248	. .	162-58
249	. .	47-30
250	1-8	63-29 to 63-36
	10	63-37
251	1-30	59-1 to 59-30
252	. .	121-5
253	. .	14-129
254	. .	40-2
255	1	80-1
	2	80-3
255	3	80-10
256	. .	1-97
257	1	87-10
	2	87-15
	4	87-4
258	. .	14-137
259	2, 3	106-365, 106-366
	4-6	106-368 to 106-370
	7	106-372 L.M.
	8	106-373 L.M.
	9	106-375
	10	106-378
259	11	106-380
260	. .	117-14
263	1-12½	106-406 to 106-418
264	. .	39-6
265	. .	7-64
266	. .	153-113
267	2, 3	115-354, 115-355
	4-6	115-359, 115-360
	7	115-363
	8	115-368
	8½	115-377
	9	115-374
	10	115-377
	10½	115-376
268	. .	53-55
269	. .	36-46
270	1	108-3
	2-5	108-11 to 108-14
271	. .	28-105
272	. .	160-200
273	. .	14-190
274	. .	7-70
275	1-12	106-81 to 106-92
276	. .	96-12
277	. .	115-246
279	1-3	96-3
	4, 5	96-4
280	1, 2	143-138, 143-139
	3	143-142
281	1-4	48-4 to 48-6
	5	48-10
	6	48-14
	8	48-15
282	1, 1½	105-278
283	. .	105-141
284	. .	14-115 L.M.
286	. .	47-22
287	. .	67-13
288	. .	113-109
289	. .	145-1
290	1	106-146
	2	106-148
291	. .	106-452
293	. .	153-111
294	. .	55-42
295	. .	97-13
296	. .	130-30
297	1	130-98

Ch.	Sec.	1941 General Statutes
297	2	130-94
	3	130-93
	4	130-102
298	1	97-106
	2	97-115
299	. .	136-34
301	. .	115-293
302	. .	116-147
304	1	163-20
	2	163-46 L.M.
305	1	163-12
	2	163-32 L.M.
306	. .	121-1
307	1	137-34
	2, 3	137-39, 137-40
308	. .	7-103
309	1-3	72-46 to 72-48
310	. .	18-13
312	. .	8-48
314	. .	117-6 L.M.
315	. .	115-374
317	1	81-39
	2	81-42
	3	81-44
320	. .	96-9
321	. .	7-70
323	2	116-80
327	1-5	105-450 to 105-454
	6	105-273
	7-9	105-455 to 105-457
328	. .	41-11
329	. .	2-24
334	. .	14-335
335	. .	117-18
336	. .	14-335
337	1-2	106-430 to 106-432
	3	106-439
	4-11½	106-441 to 106-449
338	. .	7-264
	1-18	57-1 to 57-18
339	1, 2	18-96, 18-97
	3	18-60
	4	18-64, 18-65, 18-68, 18-69, 18-73, 18-76, 18-80 to 18-82, 18-85
	5, 6	18-98, 18-99
	A, B	18-94, 18-95
341	1-8	100-1 to 100-8
342	. .	156-61
343	. .	106-24 to 106-26
344	1-3	84-16
344	4, 5	84-22
	6	84-24
346	1-14	163-70 to 163-77
347	. .	20-141
349	. .	143-71
351	. .	7-70
352	. .	97-95
353	1-23	55-81 to 55-103
	24½	1-459
	26	55-104
354	1-4	106-535 to 106-538
	5	106-535 L.M.
355	. .	136-7
357	1, 2	128-21, 128-22
	3-5	128-24 to 128-26
	6-8	128-28 to 128-30
358	1	97-19
	2	97-78
359	1-6	106-496 to 106-501
360	1-4	115-254 to 115-257
362	1-5	95-32 to 95-36
363	. .	14-225
365	. .	20-83
367	1	7-70
	2	7-71
368	. .	106-27 to 106-50
369	1, 2	83-12
	3	83-1
370	1-5	116-87 to 116-91
371	1-15	85-10 to 85-24
	18, 19	85-25, 85-26
373	1-6	106-317 to 106-322
374	1-43	59-31 to 59-73
375	1, 2	86-1, 86-2
	3	86-4
375	4	86-7
	5	86-12
	6, 7	86-16, 86-17
	8	86-20
	9, 10	86-22
	12	86-24
376	1	105-430
	2	105-435
377	1-4	113-78 to 113-81
378	1-16	126-1 to 126-17
379	1-4	147-45 to 147-48
	5	147-50
	6	147-36, 147-43.3
381	. .	31-27

PUBLIC-LOCAL LAWS OF 1941

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
41	. .	42-23

PUBLIC LAWS OF 1943

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	. .	147-69.1
3	. .	105-341
4	. .	160-94
6	1-4	143-191 to 143-194
11	. .	1-236.1
13	. .	160-378
14	. .	159-49.1
15	3	164-9
16	1, 2	45-26, 45-26.1
18	. .	153-5
24	. .	28-68
25	1-6	66-59 to 66-64
32	. .	122-3
34	. .	14-269 L.M.
43	. .	153-5
48	1	147-43.2
	2	147-44 Repealed
	4	147-45, 147-46, 147-48
	5	147-43.3
50	. .	9-25
51	. .	9-25
53	1, 2	86-7, 86-8
55	. .	130-121 to 130-146 Repealed
58	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
59	. .	95-17
60	1, 2	105-121, 105-121.1
68	. .	42-23
69	. .	42-27
81	. .	105-314.1
84	. .	14-299
87	1-3	90-218 to 90-220
89	1-3	157-32.1 to 157-32.3
90	1	157-54
	2	157-53
91	. .	130A-34 L.M., 130A-35 L.M.
96	. .	36-4
97	1, 2	65-10, 65-11
100	. .	90-211 to 90-216
103	. .	153-5
104	1	78-1
	2, 3	78-2
105	. .	105-65
109	. .	153-5
111	. .	67-29
113	. .	105-434
114	. .	28-68
115	. .	42-27
119	. .	67-8
120	6	135-3.1
121	. .	7-20.2
122	. .	105-249
123	. .	105-446
132	. .	116-94
134	2	7-68
	3	7-40
134	4	7-43, 7-44
135	. .	47-64
136	1	122-4
	2-4	122-7 to 122-9
	5	122-11
	6-9	122-11.1 to 122-11.5
	10	122-12
	11-13	122-11.6 to 122-11.8
138	. .	28-68
145	. .	143-166
159	1	47-2
	2	47-81.2
160	1	8-71
162	. .	7-70
163	. .	97-38
164	. .	122-3
166	. .	127-111
167	. .	33-16
168	. .	128-15.1
170	. .	58-5, 147-3
171	. .	45-20.1
172	. .	47-41
175	. .	116-7
193	1-10	116-76.1
194	. .	50-13
195	. .	135-15
196	. .	160-188
197	. .	115-374
198	. .	41-11
199	. .	106-314 L.M., 106-315 L.M.
200	. .	135-4
201	. .	20-38
202	. .	20-38
203	1-4	106-279 to 106-282
204	. .	53-48
205	. .	116-124.1
207	. .	135-8
211	. .	67-13
213	1	20-116
	2	20-118
215	. .	160-229
217	. .	153-5
218	. .	31-26
219	1	55-40
	1½	55-41.1
222	. .	1-195
225	1	106-94
	2	106-96
	3	106-97.1
	4, 5	106-102, 106-102.1
	5a	106-106
226	1-3	106-112 to 106-114
	4	106-119
228	. .	1-108
233	. .	53-141
234	. .	53-43
237	. .	121-1 to 121-5,

Ch.	Sec.	1943 General Statutes
237	. .	132-3, 132-4, 132-8
238	1, 2	99-1, 99-2
255	. .	115-346
	1	115-351
	2	115-1, 115-4, 115-6, 115-14, 115-68, 115-83, 115-149, 115-186, 115-189, 115-196, 115-201, 115-207, 115-214, 115-347, 115-348, 115-350, 115-356, 115-362, 115-365, 115-370, 115-374
	2¾	115-355
258	. .	128-37
269	. .	109-4 L.M.
270	. .	55-165 to 55-170
272	1, 2	58-226
	3	58-228
	4, 5	58-236, 58-237
	6	58-237.1 to 58-237.4
287	. .	130A-47 L.M., 130A-55 L.M.
289	. .	161-10.1
301	1	1-209
	2	1-215
	3	1-216 Repealed
	4	1-215.1
	4½	1-233
319	. .	96-18
320	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
321	1-5	142-47 to 142-49
322	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
326	2	130A-34 L.M., 130A-35 L.M.
339	1-4	18-105 to 18-108
343	. .	9-19
345	. .	153-5
347	. .	14-230
348	1, 2	7-71.1
	3	7-71.2
354	1, 2	88-14, 88-15
355	. .	143-177.1
357	. .	130-225.1
358	. .	106-314 L.M., 106-315 L.M.
371	. .	67-13
372	. .	67-13
376	. .	7-70
377	1-4	96-12
	5	96-13
	7, 8	96-14
	9, 10	96-15
	11-14	96-9
	14½	96-16
	15	96-3
	16-23	96-4
	24-28	96-10
377	29, 30	96-18
	31-34	96-8
381	1-9	134-84.1 to 134-84.9
382	. .	114-9
383	. .	14-401.2
384	. .	59-61
385	. .	58-76
387	. .	143-128, 160-280
389	. .	7-70
391	. .	115-296
393	. .	120-33
400	1	105-2, 105-3, 105-13, 105-22, 105-24
	2	105-33, 105-37, 105-41, 105-41.1, 105-53, 105-60, 105-64 to 105-65, 105-69, 105-74, 105-75, 105-82, 105-85, 105-86, 105-102, 105-113.1
	3	105-114, 105-121, 105-122
	4	105-134, 105-141 to 105-143, 105-145, 105-147 to 105-149, 105-151, 105-152, 105-155, 105-157
	5	105-168 to 105-170, 105-187
	6	18-74, 18-76, 18-78, 18-78.1, 18-81
	7	105-188, 105-195
	8	105-212, 105-228.1, 105-228.2
	9	105-232, 105-258
409	. .	148-1, 148-3, 148-4, 148-10, 148-13, 148-14 to 148-17 Repealed, 148-27, 148-30, 148-34 to 148-36, 148-41
410	. .	136-8, 136-9, 136-18, 136-45, 136-47, 136-48 to 136-50 Repealed, 136-60, 136-65 to 136-66 Repealed, 136-73, 136-85, 136-93
411	. .	28-83
412	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
422	. .	162-7
424	. .	34-16
425	. .	116-113
431	. .	135-1
434	. .	58-42
437	. .	39-6
438	1, 2	105-249.1
439	. .	20-166

Ch.	Sec.	1943 General Statutes
440	. .	20-218
443	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
444	. .	90-126.1
448	1	50-8
	2, 3	50-5, 50-6
450	1	54-12.1
	2	53-15
452	1-7	148-70.1 to 148-70.7
459	. .	42-27
466	1	43-17.1 to 43-17.5
467	1-19	160-425 to 160-443
469	. .	95-59
470	1, 2	7-103, 7-104
	3, 4	7-106, 7-107
471	1	47-2
	2	47-81.1
472	. .	47-102
473	1-3	36-4.1
474	. .	106-447
478	. .	1-97
480	. .	147-36
481	. .	139-7
483	. .	106-189
494	. .	128-37
499	1	106-11
	2	95-2
	2½	127-13
500	. .	20-51
501	. .	55-136
502	2	97-31
	3, 4	97-29, 97-30
	5	97-38
503	1-12	163-77.1 to 163-77.12
505	1	108-22
	2	108-28
	3	108-35
	4	108-37
	5	108-51
	6	108-57
	7, 8	108-64, 108-65
	9, 10	108-67, 108-68
	11	108-73
506	. .	14-335
511	. .	115-37
525	. .	128-37
527	. .	113-38
532	. .	1-217.1
534	1	116-145
	2	116-148
535	. .	128-21, 128-22, 128-26, 128-30
537	1	57-1
	2	57-3
	3, 4	57-5, 57-6
	5	57-8
	6-8	57-11 to 57-13
	9	57-16
	10	57-18
541	. .	7-70
543	. .	1-94, 1-104, 1-107,

Ch.	Sec.	1943 General Statutes
543	. .	1-108, 1-237, 1-238 Repealed, 1-326, 1-396, 1-397 Repealed, 1-410, 1-449, 1-489, 2-56, 7-51, 7-218, 7-298, 8-47, 8-76, 8-77, 14-83 Repealed, 14-388 Repealed, 14-398, 14-399, 15-1, 15-8, 20-105, 26-10 Repealed, 28-1, 39-14 Repealed, 44-5, 44-7 Repealed, 44-9, 44-25, 44-51, 45-10, 46-35 to 46-41 Repealed, 46-45, 52-11 Repealed, 52-17 Repealed, 52-18 Repealed, 52-127, 53-147 Repealed, 55-10 Repealed, 55-12 Repealed, 60-15 Repealed, 60-25, 60-29, 60-30, 60-31, 60-80 Repealed, 63-19 Repealed, 80-14, 80-22, 81-8, 81-26 to 81-35 Repealed, 81-46, 81-51 Repealed, 81-56, 81-60, 81-71, 81-72 Repealed, 84-2, 84-2.1, 97-2, 97-13, 97-16, 97-29, 97-93, 116-38, 120-26 Repealed, 130-56, 130-231, 130-232 to 130-233 Repealed, 131-43, 134-19 Repealed, 147-36, 162-8, 163-197, 163-205 Repealed
549	. .	7-70
550	. .	14-291.1
552	1, 2	96-8
553	1-3	156-139 to 156-141
560	. .	28-68
564	. .	18-81
565	. .	18-81
582	. .	113-316 to 113-319 Repealed
587	. .	7-70
592	1	20-65
	2	20-111
593	1-20	153-142.1 to 153-142.20
594	. .	110-44

Ch.	Sec.	1943 General Statutes
595	. .	145-2
597	1, 2	58-210, 58-211
598	. .	47-108.1
599	. .	47-110
600	. .	111-29
602	. .	130-37
603	. .	135-7.1
604	1, 2	66-65
605	1, 2	148-66, 148-67
608	1	116-108
612	. .	113-26.1
613	. .	9-25
615	. .	113-111
617	. .	122-47
620	. .	130-57.1
622	. .	97-10
625	1, 2	66-66
627	1	115-263
627	2	115-265
	4	115-273
629	. .	7-70
630	. .	152-5 L.M.
632	. .	147-30
634	1	105-278
	2	105-296
	3	105-354
636	1	157-3
	2	157-10
	3, 4	157-35, 157-36
	5	157-39.1 to 157-39.8
	6	157-37
	7	157-4, 157-33, 157-35
637	. .	28-81
638	. .	15-202
639	1	160-200
	2	20-37
	3, 4	20-97
640	1-6	106-307.1 to 106-307.6
641	. .	51-12
642	1	44-69
	2	1-55
644	1-19	65-18 to 65-36
646	. .	153-9
648	. .	20-50, 20-85, 20-87, 20-88
649	1	20-7
	2, 3	20-14, 20-15
	4	20-20
650	. .	8-37
652	1	106-30
	2	106-47
	3	106-49
654	. .	7-70
660	. .	113-54 L.M.
661	. .	14-136
665	1-4	39-33 to 39-36
667	. .	105-345
668	. .	105-147
670	. .	110-7
672	1	97-2
	2	97-29
673	. .	130-99
676	1, 2	60-83, 60-84
	3	60-87
	4	60-83
682	. .	7-70
687	. .	7-70
693	. .	106-314 L.M., to 106-315 L.M.
699	. .	7-70
706	1-6	147-33.1 to 147-33.6
	8	147-33.7
709	. .	105-405.1
711	. .	153-11.1
713	. .	2-3
715	. .	20-57
719	. .	135-6
720	1	115-355
	2	115-359
	3	115-370
721	. .	115-56, 115-242 Repealed
	1	115-19.1
	2	115-16 Repealed
	3, 4	115-19, 115-20
	5	115-243, 115-244, 115-246 to 115-248, 115-250, 115-252, 115-253, 115-255, 115-257
	6	115-326, 15-327 Repealed, 115-328 to 115-330, 115-334
	7	115-340 to 115-344, 115-346, 115-350
	8	115-5, 115-7, 115-8, 115-95, 115-97 to 115-100, 115-284 to 115-288, 115-291, 115-299, 115-349 Repealed, 115-350, 115-352 to 115-363, 115-365, 115-366, 115-368 to 115-370, 115-373 to 115-378, 115-380, 115-382
	9	115-63, 115-280, 115-292 Repealed, 115-293, 115-296, 115-297, 115-299
724	1	106-406
	2-4	106-409 to 106-411
	5	106-413
	6	106-417
726	. .	20-63, 20-70, 20-77, 20-78, 20-89, 20-91, 20-94, 20-96, 20-109,

Ch.	Sec.	1943 General Statutes
726	. .	20-114, 20-118, 20-130.1
728	. .	24-4
729	. .	41-11
732	1-3	58-241.1 to 58-241.3
733	. .	53-122
734	. .	130-212
735	. .	48-1
736	. .	163-58
746	. .	7-93 to 7-100 Repealed
747	1-3	105-417.1 to 105-417.3
750	. .	47-27
751	1	163-55
	2	163-57
	3, 4	163-59, 163-60
752	. .	140-5
753	1	108-21
	2	110-54 Repealed, 153-159
754	1-4	143-195 to 143-198
755	1, 2	140-6
	3-5	140-7 to 140-9
760	. .	20-218.1
762	1	81-2, 81-14.1
	2	81-50
763	. .	28-83
767	. .	20-217
769	. .	115-367
775	1	108-1
776	1-10	134-90 to 134-99
	11	134-80 Repealed, 134-81
	12	134-1, 134-4 Repealed
	13	134-23 Repealed
	14	134-37 Repealed
	15	134-68 Repealed
	16	134-100
778	. .	115-257.1
780	1-26	131-90 to 131-115
	28	131-116
782	1	62-12
783	. .	135-4
784	. .	20-118
785	. .	135-14
787	1	20-6, 20-7
	2	20-29.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1945

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	147-33
3	1	142-50 to 142-54
5	. .	105-278
6	1, 2	47-2, 47-2.1
7	. .	147-33.1 note, 147-33.7
8	. .	36-5.1
9	. .	120-33
20	. .	130A-55 L.M.
22	. .	8-71
37	1	101-3
	2	101-6
39	. .	130-102
40	. .	49-7
42	. .	7-70
43	1, 2	108-1, 108-1.1
	3	108-12.1
44	. .	43-17.1
45	. .	147-115
46	. .	28-149
47	. .	108-11
49	1, 2	20-94
55	. .	121-1 to 121-7
61	. .	106-451.1
66	. .	7-70
72	1	111-28.1
	2	111-27.1
	3	111-8.1
	4	111-30
73	1-3	30-7 to 30-9
	4-6	39-7 to 39-9
	7	39-11
	8	45-3
	9	47-3
	10	47-7
	11, 12	47-12, 47-13
	13-15	47-38 to 47-40
	16	52-2
	17	52-4
	18	52-7
	19	52-12
	20	33-2
	21	47-116
	21½	39-13.1
74	1, 2	118-6, 118-7
75	. .	67-13
78	. .	2-28
81	. .	31-26
89	1-3	130-57.01 to 130-57.03
90	. .	61-1 note
96	. .	35-2.1
97	. .	8-41
98	1, 2	90-203, 90-204
99	. .	130-18
100	. .	130-88.1
102	. .	35-2 to 35-4 L.M.
107	. .	67-13

Ch.	Sec.	1945 General Statutes
116	. .	30-12
117	. .	100-10
123	. .	1-97
125	1-3	58-226 to 58-228
	4	58-229.1
	5	58-232
126	. .	90-188
127	1	53-48
	2	53-143
	3	36-29
132	. .	153-8
136	. .	67-13
139	. .	1-104
140	. .	31-5
141	. .	1-83
142	. .	7-65
143	. .	7-70
144	. .	143-129
145	. .	143-59
149	. .	47-108.2
150	. .	7-134
151	. .	153-152
152	. .	7-54 to 7-61
153	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
154	. .	1-246
155	. .	48-1 note
157	. .	164-12 to 164-19
158	. .	1-100
159	. .	147-77
160	1, 2	2-52, 2-53
161	. .	2-44
162	. .	28-24
163	. .	1-95
164	. .	7-64
174	. .	7-70
178	. .	28-68
179	. .	7-70
182	1-7	44-70 to 44-76
183	. .	118-7 L.M.
185	. .	108-3
186	1	110-44
	2	110-22
189	1-4	54-20 to 54-21.2
194	. .	33-49.1
196	1-8	44-77 to 44-84
	10	44-85
198	1-7	63-38 to 63-44 Repealed
	8	63-45
	9	63-46 Repealed
	10	63-47
200	. .	55-48
203	. .	160-410
204	. .	47-115
215	. .	14-335
216	. .	20-218
217	. .	113-110 note
218	. .	135-5
219	. .	55-153
220	. .	165-43
221	. .	96-10
224	. .	44-2
242	1	20-116
	2	20-118
244	. .	153-9
247	1, 2	105-388
	3	105-345
254	. .	14-335
271	. .	152-3 L.M.
272	. .	115-359.1
280	1	81-1, 81-2.1, 81-14.2 to 81-15, 81-18
	2	81-16 Repealed, 81-21 Repealed, 81-24 Repealed, 81-67 to 81-70 Repealed, 106-203 to 106-209 Repealed
	3	81-15.1
281	. .	130-1
282	1-4½	53-164 to 53-168
283	. .	53-141
284	. .	115-361.1
286	1-7	153-9.1 to 153-9.7
288	. .	96-10
289	. .	20-77
290	1	127-111
	2	9-19
292	. .	36-32
296	. .	2-36
300	. .	63-29, 63-31
312	. .	2-28
327	. .	153-38
329	. .	68-38
351	1	65-30
	2	65-36
377	. .	58-30.1, 58-30.2, 58-31.1, 58-33, 58-33.1, 58-35 to 58-35.2, 58-39.1 to 58-39.3, 58-53, 58-54, 58-111 Repealed, 58-119 Repealed
378	. .	58-53.1 to 58-53.3, 58-156 Repealed, 58-161 Repealed, 58-162, 58-162.1, 58-163 Repealed, 58-165 Repealed, 58-175, 58-175.1, 58-176 to 58-178.1, 58-179 Repealed, 58-180.1, 58-181 Repealed
379	. .	58-151.1, 58-195, 58-195.1, 58-200 Repealed, 58-201 to 58-201.2, 58-202, 58-203 Repealed, 58-205.1, 58-207,

Ch.	Sec.	1945 General Statutes
379	. .	58-209, 58-214, 58-215, 58-217 Repealed, 58-218, 58-220, 58-221 Repealed, 58-223, 58-223.1, 58-260.1, 58-316 to 58-340 Repealed
380	. .	58-125 to 58-131.33
381	1	97-99, 97-102, 97-103, 97-104.1 to 97-104.6
	2	58-242 to 58-245 Repealed, 58-246 to 58-248.6
382	. .	14-96.1
383	. .	58-2, 58-3, 58-6, 58-7.1 to 58-7.3, 58-9 to 58-9.3, 58-11, 58-14 to 58-16.2, 58-18, 58-19, 58-20 Repealed, 58-21, 58-23, 58-24 Repealed, 58-25, 58-25.1, 58-26 Repealed, 58-27, 58-27.1
384	. .	58-149 to 58-151, 58-152, 58-155, 58-182 to 58-182.8, 58-188.1 to 58-188.8
385	. .	58-249, 58-250, 58-252, 58-253, 58-254.1 to 58-254.5, 58-261
386	. .	58-63, 58-64 Repealed, 58-72, 58-76 Repealed, 58-77 to 58-79.1, 58-81 to 58-83, 58-85, 58-85.1, 58-86.1, 58-88, 58-92, 58-94 to 58-100, 58-101, 58-102 Repealed, 58-107, 58-109, 58-110, 58-112.1, 58-134.1, 58-139, 58-143, 58-148, 58-164, 58-194, 58-316 note
389	. .	101-2 L.M.
398	. .	14-197
401	. .	160-77
403	. .	160-378
404	. .	115-215 note, 115-220 note, 153-69 note
414	1	20-38
414	2	20-89
416	1	120-22
426	1	33-31
	2	33-33
	3, 4	35-10, 35-11
	5, 6	35-14, 35-15
	7	33-31.1
430	. .	161-10 L.M.
455	. .	101-2 L.M.
457	1-4	18-49.1 to 18-49.4
458	. .	58-41 to 58-44.4, 58-47, 58-49 to 58-52, 58-170, 58-171 Repealed, 58-172
459	1-10	116-142.1 to 116-142.10
460	1-15	165-23 to 165-37
	17	165-38
461	. .	160-78
462	1, 2	106-389, 106-390
464	1	160-428 to 160-430.1; 160-433, 160-434, 160-439, 160-441, 160-444
	2	153-142.4, 153-142.6, 153-142.6½, 153-142.9 to 153-142.11, 153-142.16, 153-142.18, 153-142.21
	3	160-444 note
465	. .	67-13
466	. .	7-70
467	. .	53-122
468	. .	84-2.1
469	1-4	33-63 to 33-66
472	. .	46-8
479	1, 2	34-14.1
490	1-11	63-48 to 63-58
494	. .	130-190
495	. .	130-183
496	1, 2	147-59, 147-60
497	1, 2	115-309, 115-310
504	1-10	131-127 to 131-136
506	1-22	131-28.1 to 131-28.22
516	1-6	131-28.23 to 131-28.28
520	. .	29-1
521	. .	115-351
522	1-3	96-4
	4	96-6
	5-10	96-8
	11-16	96-9
	17-20	96-10
	21-23	96-11
	24-26	96-12
	27, 28	96-13
	29	96-14
	30-32	96-15

Ch.	Sec.	1945 General Statutes
522	33	96-16
	34	96-18
523	1	106-234 Repealed
	2	106-235
	3	106-236
524	. .	113-8 note
526	1, 2	128-21, 128-22
	3, 4	128-26, 128-27
	5, 6	128-29, 128-30
	7	128-28
	7A	128-36
	8	128-37 note, 128-38 Repealed
527	. .	20-2
528	. .	130-190.1
529	1, 2	113-145
530	2-11	115-31.1 to 115-31.10
	12	115-347 note
	13	115-357, 115-358 Repealed
531	1, 2	96-8
533	. .	5-6
534	. .	147-45 note
535	. .	9-25
555	. .	28-68
562	1	153-152
	2	153-160
564	1	20-87
	2	160-200
567	1-4	113-143 to 113-146
	5	113-148
	6	113-152
569	1	20-88
	2	20-118
571	. .	106-372.1
572	1	90-57
	2	90-64
	3	90-60
575	1, 2	20-88, 20-89
	3, 4	20-91, 20-92
576	1	20-64
	2, 3	20-87, 20-88
	4	20-99
	5, 6	20-110, 20-111
	7	20-118
577	1, 2	51-9, 51-10
581	1, 2	115-293
583	. .	130-225.1
615	1	108-21, 108-25, 108-30, 108-32, 108-38, 108-48, 108-49, 108-54, 108-59, 108-66, 108-67
	2	108-21, 108-50 Repealed
616	1-11	106-539 to 106-549
617	. .	113-95
619	. .	160-277
622	. .	115-16.1
628	1	7-64
630	. .	7-70
635	. .	1-589, 1-596, 2-26, 3-1, 6-5, 6-22, 7-194, 7-207, 7-229, 8-56, 14-75, 14-101, 14-199, 14-358, 14-359, 14-364 Repealed, 14-387 Repealed, 18-6, 18-97, 20-28, 20-111, 20-200 Repealed, 20-220 to 20-223 Repealed, 28-47, 28-77, 39-23, 41-2, 50-4, 52-22 to 52-25 Repealed, 53-69 Repealed, 54-27, 54-112, 55-2, 55-44, 55-56, 55-77, 55-110, 55-149, 55-158, 63-31 note, 105-90, 105-391, 105-405, 113-59, 113-109, 164-14
638	1, 2	113-5, 113-6
639	1-13	90-221 to 90-233
	14	90-49 to 90-52 Repealed
641	1-8	106-219.1 to 106-219.8
	9½	106-219.9
644	. .	147-69
646	. .	105-392
647	. .	113-95 note, 113-144 note
651	1, 2	130-39
652	. .	28-39.1
653	. .	20-38
654	. .	7-70
655	. .	115-293
656	. .	62-82
659	1	47-110
	2	47-109
	3, 3½	47-113, 47-114
664	. .	1-89
665	. .	10-11
668	. .	106-62
669	. .	14-320
670	. .	115-378.1
696	. .	7-70
698	. .	111-6.1
699	1	112-18
	2	112-17 Repealed
700	. .	42-23
701	. .	15-179
702	1-34	113-381 to 113-414

Ch.	Sec.	1945 General Statutes
707	1-11	115-278.1 to 115-278.11
	12	115-263 Repealed, 115-265 Repealed, 115-273 Repealed
708	1	105-13
	2	105-37, 105-41.1, 105-53, 105-58, 105-65, 105-65.1, 105-85, 105-89, 105-91, 105-97, 105-98, 105-113.1
	3	105-114, 105-115, 105-122, 105-123
	4	105-136, 105-138, 105-141 to 105-143, 105-147, 105-149, 105-152, 105-154
	5	105-167, 105-169
	6	18-69.1, 18-74, 18-75, 18-77,
	6	18-78.1, 18-81, 18-83.1, 18-88.1, 18-89, 18-91.1, 18-97
	7	105-188
	8	105-199, 105-203, 105-210 to 105-212, 105-219, 105-223
	9	105-219, 105-223
713	. .	36-4
714	. .	20-77
721	2	115-16 Repealed
723	1	165-1 to 165-11
	2	34-2, 34-10, 34-12, 34-14, 34-15, 95-4, 116-145, 116-147
725	. .	62-125, 62-126
729	1	94-7
	2	94-10 Repealed
	3	94-11
731	1-3	8-37.1 to 8-37.3
735	. .	33-67
740	. .	7-70
743	1	53-1, 53-103 Repealed, 53-104, 53-136, 53-137, 53-145, 53-159 to 53-163
	2	58-113 to 58-118 Repealed
	3	36-29
752	1	105-121 Repealed
	2	105-228.3 to 105.228.10
	3	105-138, 105-141, 105-147
	4	105-203
755	. .	50-5
756	. .	28-120.1
757	1-6	143-205 to 143-210
758	1, 2	163-11, 163-12
	3	163-20
	4	163-70
	5	163-58
	6	163-77.9
	7	163-25
	8	163-62
762	. .	97-57 to 97-59, 97-61, 97-66
765	2-4	113-378 to 113-380
766	. .	97-2, 97-4, 97-7, 97-13, 97-19, 97-24, 97-29, 97-40, 97-48, 97-92, 97-94
771	. .	165-12 to 165-16, 165-17, 165-18
773	. .	1-307
774	. .	1-53
775	. .	55-26
776	. .	113-136
777	. .	115-25.1
778	. .	1-404
779	. .	18-6.1
780	. .	18-108.1
782	. .	84-27 Repealed
783	1-3	146-99 to 146-101
784	. .	35-40.1
785	. .	1-52
786	. .	114-4
787	. .	48-1 note
788	. .	48-1 note
790	. .	7-51
791	1-5	121-14 to 121-19
796	. .	42-32
797	. .	135-4
798	. .	47-99
799	. .	135-3
804	. .	115-16 note
806	1-3	115-255.1 to 115-255.3
808	1	47-48
	2	47-53
	3	47-102
810	. .	63-49
817	1	116-79
	2	116-82
	3	116-85
818	. .	105-271 note
822	. .	31-31.1
826	. .	115-302
828	. .	106-227 to

Ch.	Sec.	1945 General Statutes
828	. .	106-284.4
829	1-3	130-280 to 130-282
	4	72-8 to 72-29 Repealed
830	1	86-1
	2, 3	86-7, 86-8
	4	86-15
	5-7	86-19 to 86-21
	8	86-25
832	. .	105-423.1
835	. .	127-111
837	. .	1-539.1
838	. .	20-38
839	. .	51-1
840	. .	116-148
842	. .	136-18
846	. .	106-253
847	. .	134-36
851	. .	143-128
852	. .	160-280
853	1-4	117-29 to 117-32
857	. .	1-120.1
860	. .	47-64
863	. .	164-10, 164-11
866	. .	14-250
869	. .	1-42
876	4	7A-112 L.M.
877	. .	47-110 L.M.
878	. .	144-6
879	. .	14-117.1
880	. .	2-28
	3	161-10 L.M.
894	. .	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M.
895	. .	136-1
902	. .	33-1
903	1	18-109 to 18-116
	3	18-64
	4-6	18-67 to 18-69
	7	18-71
	8	18-73
	9	18-83
	10	18-96
	11	18-99
	12	18-90.2
912	. .	1-372
913	. .	2-28
923	. .	115-16.1
924	. .	135-1
925	1	122-7
	2, 3	122-11.2, 122-11.3
	4	122-11.5 Repealed
	5	122-14
	6	122-17
934	. .	18-77
935	. .	18-77
944	. .	153-9.3 to 153-9.6
952	2	35-1.1
	3	35-2
	4, 5	35-10, 35-11
	6	35-35.1
	8	122-1
	9	122-3
	10, 11	122-5, 122-6
	12	122-27
	13-20	122-36 to 122-43
	21	122-45 Repealed
	22, 23	122-46, 122-46.1
	24	122-47 to 122-49 Repealed
	25, 26	122-49.1, 122-50
	27-30	122-52 to 122-55
	31	122-57
	32-34	122-62 to 122-63.1
	35-37	122-66 to 122-68
	38	122-69 to 122-71 Repealed
	39	122-68.1
	40	122-72 note
	41, 42	122-72, 122-73
	43	122-75
	44	122-76 Repealed
	45-47	122-77 to 122-79
	47½	122-81.1
	48, 49	122-82.1, 122-82.2
	50, 51	122-80, 122-81
	52	122-83 note
	53-59	122-83 to 122-89
	60	122-91
	61	35-61 to 35-63
953	1-6	143-199 to 143-204
954	. .	18-39
955	. .	105-276
956	1, 2	20-88
	3	20-50
958	. .	163-1 L.M.
962	. .	160-61.1
967	. .	148-79
968	1	105-150
	2	105-344
970	1	115-65
	2	115-91
	3	115-341
	4	115-352
	5	115-354
	6	115-355

1945

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
970	7	115-359
	8	115-366
	9	115-381
	10, 11	115-370
	12	115-372
	13	115-296
	14	115-355
	15	115-376
972	. .	163-151
973	. .	105-280
974	1, 2	18-117, 18-118
980	1-4	165-39 to 165-42
981	. .	130-102
982	. .	163-10
984	. .	45-21.42
986	. .	45-37.1
988	. .	45-37
989	. .	1-173
992	. .	136-18.1
995	1	105-64
995	2, 3	105-296, 105-297
996	. .	130-103
999	. .	106-9.1
1005	. .	160-65
1008	1	113-158
	2-7	113-160 to 113-165
	8	113-242
1009	. .	106-503.1
1010	1-5	143-211 to 143-215
1011	1-3	115-248.1 to 115-248.3
1013	. .	113-291 to 113-295 Repealed, 113-297 Repealed, 113-299 Repealed, 113-303, 113-304 Repealed, 113-323 Repealed, 113-326 Repealed, 113-331, 113-332 Repealed, 113-345, 113-346

1945

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1013	. .	Repealed, 113-352 to 113-354 Repealed, 113-361 Repealed, 113-372 to 113-374 Repealed, 113-376 Repealed
1023	. .	105-423.1 note
1026	. .	115-16 note
1027	1-3	58-189 to 58-191
1030	1	130-66
	2	130-18
	3	130-21
1035	. .	115-247.1
1036	1, 2	2-33, 2-34
1037	. .	18-77
1040	1	153-9
	2	160-22
	3	153-9 note, 160-22 note
1041	. .	105-345
1045	1-7	95-36.1 to 95-36.7
1046	. .	51-8.1
1047	. .	103-2
1048	. .	20-188
1050	1-9	130-283 to 130-291
1051	1-3	112-18
1052	. .	160-155 to 160-164
1053	. .	49-4
1064	. .	165-19 to 165-22
1067	. .	81-36, 81-36.1, 81-43.1
1076	1-5	18-119 to 18-123
1084	1	33-31
	2	33-33
	3, 4	35-10, 35-11
1084	5	35-14
1087	. .	165-4
1090	. .	45-42.1
1095	. .	130-1
1096	. .	131-117 to 131-126
1097	1-13	143-216 to 143-228
1103	. .	51-8.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1947

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
7	. .	160-200
12	1, 2	14-335
15	2	128-21 note
24	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
25	. .	7-72
26	. .	7-70
50	. .	105-278
52	. .	152-5 L.M.
54	. .	20-1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
54	. .	136-1 note, 160-200 note
56	1	113-54
	2	113-56
61	. .	7-70
62	. .	39-6.1
66	. .	20-1 note, 136-1 note, 160-200 note

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
71	. .	11-11
72	. .	105-346
75	1	47-41
77	. .	84-24
86	1	150-1
91	1, 2	108-21, 108-22
	3	108-30
92	. .	108-12
93	. .	35-44
94	. .	110-31.1
95	. .	1-247
99	. .	146-66.1
100	1-3	58-226 to 58-228
	4	58-237.3 Repealed
	5	58-241.4
101	. .	160-229
102	. .	47-108.3
105	. .	67-5 note
109	. .	14-335
110	. .	31-6
111	. .	52-12
112	. .	28-83
114	1	114-91
	2	164-16
	3	164-14
115	. .	101-2
116	1-3	90-163 to 90-165
	4, 5	90-168 to 90-169
118	. .	113-8
119	. .	9-25
130	. .	7-395
131	1-7	139-2 to 139-7
	8	139-14
140	. .	57-18
141	. .	30-12
144	. .	14-197
150	. .	164-10
152	. .	142-37
160	. .	153-152, 160-229
165	. .	50-8
168	. .	65-13
174	. .	14-271 L.M.
182	. .	114-4
184	. .	105-273
189	. .	116-99, 116-100
200	. .	152-5 L.M.
203	. .	28-68
207	. .	18-26
210	1-6	14-410 to 14-415
211	1, 2	161-22.1
213	1, 2	1-598
214	5	7-231, 7-232
217	. .	9-1 note
219	1	20-43
	2	20-50
	3	20-61
	4, 5	20-72
	6	20-73
	7	20-76
219	8	20-78
	9	20-85
	10	20-94
220	1	20-38
	2	20-79
	3	20-87
	4	20-110
222	. .	68-38
226	. .	134-90 to 134-114
229	. .	90-85.1
236	. .	65-3
237	. .	28-68
256	. .	113-238
259	. .	135-6
262	1	15-210 to 15-216
	2	148-44
	3	148-71 to 148-73 Repealed
263	1-18	143-237 to 143-254
269	. .	2-36
270	. .	6-52
272	. .	9-4 note
273	. .	156-79
275	. .	136-1 note
280	. .	114-15
282	. .	7-70
283	. .	115-374
288	. .	51-8.1
289	. .	51-8.1
290	. .	136-38
304	1, 2	136-102
310	. .	14-275.1
311	. .	160-178
313	. .	10-12
326	1	96-4
	3, 4	96-4
	5, 6	96-5, 96-6
	7-12	96-8
	13-15	96-9
	17	96-9
	18-20	96-10
	21, 22	96-12, 96-13
	23	96-15
	24	96-20
	25	96-23
	26	96-4
328	1-7	96-78 to 96-84
333	. .	113-111
337	. .	7-134
349	. .	131-116.1
374	. .	111-19
375	. .	116-109
377	. .	41-11
378	. .	120-22
379	1-3	95-36.5
	4	95-36.6
380	. .	81-52 to 81-55, 81.56.1 to 81-58
383	1	14-319
	2, 3	51-2, 51-3

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
383	4	14-26 note, 14-27 note
384	1-3	113-81.1 to 113-81.3
385	. .	7-70
387	. .	115-140
388	1, 2	115-310, 115-311
390	. .	60-83
391	. .	51-8.1
393	. .	50-9
400	1	81-23.1
410	. .	152-5 L.M.
412	. .	128-15.1
413	1, 2	33-2
	3	33-1.1
414	. .	135-3
422	1	113-78 to 113-81 Repealed
	3-8	143-255 to 143-260
	9	113-78 to 113-81 Repealed
427	. .	6-37
445	. .	14-335
457	1, 2	135-3
458	1, 2	135-8
	3,4	135-5
	5	135-3
	6	135-1 note
	7	135-5
	8	135-8
	8a	135-5
459	. .	14-269
461	1	20-185
	2, 3	20-191, 20-192
463	1	130-56
	2	130-57.2
464	1	135-16
	2	135-3
465	1-3	158-82 to 148-84
467	1-9	106-284.5 to 106-284.13
468	. .	28-76
473	. .	130-102
474	1, 2	130-66
	3	130-18
475	. .	163-31
476	. .	130-39
482	. .	15-177.1
484	1	30-32
	2	46-19
	3, 4	105-391
490	. .	161-10 L.M.
494	. .	116-20
496	. .	163-19 note
501	1	105-3, 105-13, 105-16, 105-23
	2	105-37, 105-37.1, 105-39, 105-41.1, 105-56, 105-64.1, 105-81 Repealed 105-89, 105-89.1,
501	2	105-94 Repealed
	3	105-122
	4	105-147, 105-149, 105-157, 105-159, 105-160
	5	105-168 to 105-170, 105-174
	6	105-188, 105-192, 105-194
	7	105-199, 105-202 to 105-205, 105-212, 105-213, 105-214 Repealed
	8	105-228.4, 105-228.5
	9	105-232, 105-266
504	1-3	55-164.1 to 55-164.3
505	1	163-6
	2	163-15
	3	163-21
	4	163-92
	5	163-105
	6	163-113
	7	163-119
	8	163-153
	9	163-155
	10	163-175
505	11	163-20
506	. .	160-402
510	1	153-102
	2	160-389
520	. .	163-77
522	. .	116-147
526	. .	20-129
527	. .	20-217
530	. .	136-29
531	. .	33-35.1
532	. .	62-259 L.M.
537	1	122-1 note, 122-92 note
	2-8	122-1 to 122-6
	9	122-13
	10	122-21
	11	122-39
	12-14	122-41 to 122-43
	15	122-46
	16	122-49.1
	17	122-51
	18	122-63
	19, 20	122-63.1, 122-63.2
	21	122-67
	22, 23	35-4.1, 35-4.2
	24	130-243.1
538	. .	51-8.1
540	. .	106-25
549	1, 2	7-70
556	. .	7-70
565	. .	130A-55 L.M.
572	. .	108-80 to 108-86, 108-87 to 108-90

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
572	. .	Omitted
573	. .	84-38
574	. .	97-100
575	. .	135-4
576	. .	65-14.1
577	. .	113-28.1 to 113-28.4
578	1, 2	143-178, 143-179
	3, 4	143-181, 143-182
	5	143-185
587	. .	7-70
596	. .	33-42.1
598	1	96-1, 96-1.1, 96-3 to 96-5, 96-8, 96-19, 96-27, 96-28, 126-1, 135-16
	2-4	96-1.2 to 96-1.4
	5	96-8
	6, 7	96-4
	8	96-8
	9	96-10
	10	96-14
609	1-3	110-50 to 110-52
	4	110-53 Repealed
	5	110-57
610	. .	147-68 note
611	. .	87-4
613	. .	55-132
614	1	116-25
	2	116-22 to 116-24
	3	116-23, 116-24
	4	116-26
615	1	160-30 note
621	1	53-20
	2	116-25
623	1	122-14
	2	122-42 note
	3	122-43 note
630	1-4	36-23.1
636	. .	115-224
639	. .	147-46.1
663	1	49-10
	2, 3	49-12, 49-13
666	. .	1-100 note
667	. .	33-13.1
669	. .	160-238
672	. .	153-152
675	. .	20-1 note, 160-200 note
686	. .	7-70
692	. .	135-3.1
693	1	1-440.1 to 140-440.57
	2	7-149
	3	7-184 Repealed
694	. .	54-21
695	. .	53-86
696	. .	53-15 Repealed
697	. .	113-35
698	. .	97-2
699	. .	113-6
718	. .	54-18.1
719	. .	160-122
720	. .	118-6
721	. .	58-9, 58-9.3, 58-30.1, 58-35, 58-39, 58-63, 58-72, 58-77, 58-79, 58-92.1, 58-94, 58-97, 58-131.26, 58-195.1, 58-199, 58-205.1, 58-206, 58-211.1, 58-211.2, 58-254.3, 58-254.4, 58-254.6, 58-261
724	1-6	143-261 to 143-266
725	1-9	160-445 to 160-453
735	. .	20-1 note, 136-1 note, 160-200 note
747	. .	152-5 L.M.
748	. .	76-59 to 76-73
755	. .	162-7
775	. .	7-70
781	. .	1-311, 1-324 note, 1-521, 1-543, 5-9, 6-36 to 6-38, 6-49, 6-52, 6-57 Repealed, 6-58, 6-64, 6-65, 7-314, 8-71, 8-75, 14-257, 14-402 31-33, 31-35, 40-33, 40-43, 53-2, 54-86, 59-82, 60-5, 60-6, 60-23, 60-28, 60-106, 60-118 Repealed, 60-128, 60-129 Repealed, 69-7, 73-1,

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
781	. .	73-13, 90-66, 125-1 Repealed, 125-2, 125-8, 125-9 Repealed, 125-15 Repealed, 126-15, 147-72
783	. .	42-23 L.M.
786	1	143-213
	2	143-215.1
787	. .	81-14.7
788	. .	81-14.6
789	1	122-92 note
	2	122-92
	3, 4	122-92 note
791	. .	115-247.2
794	. .	7-90
802	. .	113-111
806	. .	40-2
816	1-4	39-32.1 to 39-32.4
817	1	1-107.1
	2	1-108
818	1-8	115-31.11 to 115-31.18
820	1	57-3
	2	57-6
	3, 4	57-7
	5	57-8
	6, 7	57-15, 57-16
	8, 9	57-19, 57-20
821	1-4	65-37 to 65-40
822	1-5	119-48 to 119-52
823	. .	97-29, 97-30, 97-37, 97-38, 97-41, 97-47, 97-78, 97-86
825	. .	95-17
831	1	51-20
	2	105-95 Repealed
832	. .	29-1
833	1, 2	128-21
834	. .	58-210, 58-211
836	. .	105-302
837	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
838	. .	1-98
839	. .	115-241 note
840	1	7-256
	2	7-264.1
843	. .	115-256
844	. .	20-116
849	. .	130A-55 L.M.
853	1	67-13
879	. .	28-149
880	. .	45-37
881	1, 2	96-14
881	3	96-9
885	. .	48-1 note
886	1-3	18-119 to 18-121
	4	18-123
888	1, 2	105-345, 105-345.1
891	1-8	120-48 to 120-55
892	. .	105-302.1
893	1, 2	20-16
894	. .	105-147
897	1, 2	147-32
898	. .	138-4
904	. .	128-37, 128-38 note
905	1, 2	165-18
909	. .	7-70
910	1, 2	7-70
914	1	20-64
	2	20-91
	3	20-95
915	. .	153-49.1
916	. .	60-64
918	1-3	18-119 to 18-121
918	4	18-123
921	. .	28-2.1
922	. .	58-39.4, 58-40.1 to 58-40.3, 58-41 to 58-43, 58-44.1, 58-45, 58-46, 58-48 to 58-50, 58-51.1, 58-51.2, 58-52.1
923	. .	58-155.1 to 58-155.35
925	. .	115-377
926	. .	128-21 L.M.
928	. .	106.284.3
929	. .	51-9
931	. .	153-77
932	. .	18-77
933	1	131-119
	2	131-121
	3	131-120
	4	126-1
	5	131-120
	6	131-126.1 to 131-126.30
934	. .	156-54 note
935	. .	156-81
936	. .	109-32
941	. .	86-11.1
950	5	7-185
959	. .	14-197
962	. .	7-101 note
975	. .	66-67
977	. .	106-451.1

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
978	1, 2	71-4, 71-5
981	. .	105-36
982	1	156-92
	2	156-120
	3	156-124.1
984	. .	105-423.1
		note
987	. .	20-145
990	. .	53-62
991	1	47-12
	2	47-108.4
992	. .	159-42
994	. .	147-11
998	. .	120-35
1000	1-4	113-216.1
		to 113-216.4
1001	1	63-13
	2	63-18
1006	1-56	20-224 to
		20-279
	58	20-197 to
		20-211
		Repealed
1007	1	9-1
	2	9-17
	3	9-19
1008	1-38	62-121.5 to
		62-121.42
1010	1-8	143-229 to
		143-236
1013	. .	45-28
		Repealed
1014	. .	49-7
1015	. .	9-5
1016	1-4	28-161.1 to
		28-161.4
	6-8	28-161.5 to
		28-161.7
1018	1-19	106-550 to
		106-568
1019	1-3	20-87
1021	1	7-256
	2	7-264
1022	. .	156-88
1023	1	57-12
	2	105-228.7
1024	. .	86-12
1025	1-4	62-121.1 to
		62-121.4
1026	. .	105-294.1
1027	. .	44-49
1028	. .	14-12.1
1031	1-3	141-6
1032	. .	20-130.1
1034	. .	7-70
1035	. .	20-1 note,
		136-1 note,
		160-200 note
1041	. .	58-6, 95-2
		note, 106-11

Ch.	Sec.	1947 General Statutes
1041	. .	note, 115-27
		note, 147-35
		note, 147-55
		note, 147-65
		note
1042	. .	55-158
1043	. .	114-7
1049	1	140-6
	2	140-6, 140-7
	3	140-6
1050	. .	7-70
1057	. .	7-70
1065	1	105-422
	2	105-423
		Repealed
1066	. .	69-26 to
		69-38
1067	1	20-183.1
	2-8	20-183.2 to
		20-183.8
		Repealed
	10	20-7
	11	20-13 Repealed,
		20-36 Repealed
	13, 14	20-16, 20-17
	15	20-19
	16	20-28
	17	20-141
	18, 19	20-179, 20-180
	20	20-188
	23, 24	20-183.1
		note
1068	. .	58-246
1069	1	63-41 Repealed
	2	63-39 Repealed
	3	63-14 Repealed
1070	. .	116-44.1
1073	. .	58-246
1075	1-4	62-56.1
1077	1	115-370
	2, 3	115-351, 115-352
	4	115-376
	5	115-116
	6	115-352
	7, 7½	115-356
	8	115-376
1079	. .	20-118
1084	1-4	18-124 to 18-127
	6	18-128
	7-9	18-81
	11	18-81.1
1086	1-22	106-50.1 to 106-50.22
1087	1-12	106-65.1 to 106-65.12
1091	1	90-171.1 to 90-171.11
	2	90-171.12
1094	. .	20-120
1097	1	140-5.1 to 140-5.7
	1½	140-5.8
1098	1	18-75
	2, 3	18-109

SESSION LAWS OF 1949

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	10-12
6	1	130A-34 L.M.
		130A-35 L.M.
13	. .	51-8.1
14	. .	160-273
16	. .	46-17
17	. .	28-68
22	. .	28-6
34	. .	46-25
44	. .	31-10.1
45	. .	164-11.1
46	. .	1-75
47	. .	28-47
51	. .	8-50.1
53	. .	1-109
57	1,2	2-16, 2-16.1
58	1	116-79 note
	2	116-79 to 116-81, 116-83 to 116-85
60	. .	105-422
62	. .	51-8.1
63	1	28-47
	2	28-121.1
64	. .	105-429
66	1	47-43.1
	2	47-43.1 note
	4	47-43.1 note
71	1-6	122-93 to 122-98
78	. .	7-101 note
81	. .	28-68
83	. .	14-359
85	. .	1-98
87	. .	47-108.5
89	. .	160-238
101	. .	115-374
103	. .	160-200
107	. .	1-180
109	. .	105-278
111	. .	153-10
112	. .	15-4.1
121	. .	112-1
122	1, 2	2-24, 2-25
124	. .	35-4, 35-4.1
127	. .	20-87
130	. .	116-96
132	. .	105-297
133	. .	130-99.1
136	. .	42-23
143	. .	20-37.1
145	1-4	14-71 to 14-73.1
146	. .	1-153
147	. .	1-129
150	. .	1-206
157	1	7-42
	2	7-42 note
158	1	7-3
	2	7-3 note
159	. .	130-66
160	1	130-102
	2	130-93.1
	3	130-94
161	1	130-79
	2	130-89
163	1	20-218.1 Repealed
	2	110-21.1
	4	110-21.1 note
164	. .	20-183.2 to 20-183.8 Repealed
168	. .	15-21 note, 15-22
169	. .	7-73.1
174	. .	130-80.1
183	. .	14-107
188	. .	2-53
189	1, 2	7-44, 7-45
	3	7-44 note, 7-45 note
190	1	153-102
	2	160-389
193	. .	42-22.1
196	1-3	153-142.9 to 153-142.11
201	1, 2	58-226
	3, 4	58-227, 58-228
205	1	1-99
	1½	1-596
	2	1-596 L.M.
208	. .	9-28
213	. .	147-69.1
215	. .	14-335
217	. .	14-335
231	1, 2	128-21
232	1	125-21
	2	125-26
233	1, 2	121-15, 121-16
	3	121-18
246	. .	14-335
253	. .	33-49
256	. .	1-108
257	. .	143-129
260	. .	1-116, 1-116.1
261	. .	161-6
262	. .	99-5
263	. .	113-111
264	1	50-1
	2, 3	50-5, 50-6
	4	50-8
	5	50-5
266	. .	7-70
268	1	139-6
	2	139-15
269	. .	105-423.1
295	1, 2	58-158, 58-159
296	. .	47-108.5
297	1-5	148-49.1 to 148-49.5
298	. .	14-33
299	1	14-17
	2	14-52

Ch.	Sec.	1949 General Statutes
299	3	14-58
	4	14-21
	5	14-17 note, 14-21 note, 14-52 note, 14-58 note
300	. .	48-1 to 48-35
301	. .	163-187.1
303	. .	15-10.1
306	. .	130-101
324	1-4	20-175.1 to 20-175.4
	6	20-17.1 note
329	. .	51-8.1
332	. .	14-107
334	. .	7-101 note
351	. .	160-65
352	. .	160-200
353	. .	160-65
354	. .	153-77
355	. .	20-88
357	. .	90-118
358	1	131-28.2
358	2-4	131-28.4 to 131-28.6
	5	131-28.8
359	. .	148-85 to 148-88
360	. .	20-111
361	. .	20-88
368	1	2-28
	3	161-10 L.M.
370	. .	106-134
372	. .	53-92
373	1, 2	20-16
	3, 4	20-24
378	1-3	143-198.1
382	. .	136-71
386	. .	2-36
392	1	105-36.1, 105-37, 105-85, 105-89, 105-98
	2	105-116, 105-120
	3	105-138, 105-142, 105-147, 105-149, 105-159, 105-160
	4	105-169, 105-187
	5	105-199
	6	105-241 to 105-242, 105-244.1, 105-250.1, 105-266
399	. .	97-2
417	. .	50-5
418	. .	58-177
419	1-5	1-169.1 to 1-169.5
	6	1-169.1 note
	7	1-169.6
420	. .	7-101
424	1, 2	96-4, 96-5
	3-8½	96-8
	9-13	96-9
	14-16	96-10
	17, 18	96-11
424	19-21	96-12
	22	96-13
	23-25	96-14
	26	96-18
429	. .	20-51
430	1	165-2
	2	165-5
436	. .	55-41
453	. .	7-70
454	. .	7-70
456	. .	7-70
458	. .	7-70
462	1	106-371 L.M.
	2	106-372 L.M.
474	. .	7-70
489	. .	113-91
490	. .	130-292
491	. .	14-320
492	. .	126-1
493	. .	47-50
496	. .	60-144
497	1	153-78
	2	153-92
	3	160-379
	4	160-387
	5, 6	131-126.22, 131-126.23
	7	153-92 note, 160-387 note
	8	153-92.1
499	. .	130-289.1
503	. .	116-3.1
504	. .	163-207
505	1	88-28.1
	2	88-28
507	. .	116-109
520	. .	6-52
522	. .	96-11
523	. .	96-8
537	5	118-1 L.M.
573	. .	160-200 note
580	1, 2	105-102
581	. .	28-193 to 28-201
583	1	20-84
	2	20-158
	3	20-79
	4	20-136.1
	5	20-56
	6	20-84.1
	7	20-29
	8	20-96
	9, 10	20-7
586	. .	116-143
592	. .	131-120
594	1	160-55
	2	160-200
597	1	115-31.2
	2	115-31.2 note
600	. .	7-110
602	. .	161-10 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1949 General Statutes
605	. .	105-404
632	2	106-371 L.M.
636	. .	130-272
637	1-3	106-50.4 to 106-50.6
	4	106-50.15
638	1	106-93
	2	106-95
	3	106-99
645	1	106-364
	2	106-367
	3	106-375
	4	106-383
	5, 6	106-372, 106-373
655	. .	142-52
662	. .	9-5 note
664	. .	118-1 L.M., 161-10 L.M.
671	1	163-1
	2	163-144
672	1	163-11
	2	163-108, 163-155
	3	163-77.10
672	4	163-119
673	. .	95-36
675	. .	20-53
676	. .	1-87.1
681	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
682	. .	116-23.1
683	. .	105-41
689	. .	7-70
691	. .	28-68
692	. .	7-70
707	. .	7-101 note
718	1	143-35 to 143-47
	2, 3	126-2, 126-3
	4	126-16
	5	143-34.1
	6	143-35 note
719	1	1-339.1 to 1-339.48, 1-339.51 to 1-339.71
	2	1-218, 1-324 to 1-328 Repealed, 1-330 Repealed, 1-333 to 1-334 Repealed, 1-336 Repealed, 1-339 Repealed, 1-339.49, 1-339.50, 1-505, 28-72.1, 28-74 to 28-76, 28-78 to 28-81, 28-90, 28-91 to 28-92 Repealed, 28-93, 28-99, 33-21, 33-31, 33-33, 33-34, 35-10 to 35-12, 46-27, 46-28, 46-29 Repealed, 46-30,
719	2	46-31, 46-32 Repealed, 46-44, 46-45 to 46-46 Repealed
	3	1-339.72 to 1-339.76, 28-93
	4	1-339.1 note, 1-339.41 note
	5	1-339.1 note, 1-339.41 note
	6	1-324 to 1-328 note, 1-330, note, 1-333 to 1-134 note, 1-336 note, 1-339 note, 1-339.1 note, 1-339.41 note, 28-91 to 28-92 note, 46-29 note, 46-32 note, 46-45 to 46-46 note
720	1	45-21.1 to 45-21.33
	2	45-38
	3	45-21.34 to 45-21.38
	4	45-21.39 to 45-21.42
	5	45-21.1 note, 45-23 to 45-26 Repealed, 45-27 to 45-30 Repealed, 45-39 Repealed
	6	45-21.1 note 45-23 to 45-26 note, 45-38 note
	7	45-21.1 note, 45-23 to 45-26 note
723	. .	105-298
724	1-3	33-31.1
725	. .	106-277 to 106-284.4
728	. .	118-7 L.M.
730	. .	105-390
734	. .	128-21 L.M.
735	. .	105-422
740	1-6	143-267 to 143-272
756	. .	161-2
762	. .	28-68
766	1, 2	131-126.18
	3	153-77
	4	131-126.18
	5	131-126.31 to 131-126.40
767	1-4	131-126.41 to 131-126.44
782	. .	105-69

Ch.	Sec.	1949 General Statutes
785	1, 2	90-144, 90-145
	3	90-154
	4	90-156
808	1	1-125
	2	1-584
809	. .	55-67
810	. .	14-322
811	1	41-11.1
	3	41-11.1 note
812	. .	136-33.1
814	. .	20-38
815	1, 2	47-12
	3	47-108.9
818	. .	53-58
820	. .	143-219 note
822	. .	106-266.1 to 106-266.5
824	. .	106-451
825	. .	55-41.2
826	1, 2	20-7
828	. .	106-84
829	1	106-520.1 to
	1	106-520.7
	2	106-505, 106-507, 106-508
830	. .	161-2
845	. .	14-197
856	. .	45-21.38
857	. .	14-117.1 L.M.
858	. .	159-49.2
860	. .	81-14.8
862	. .	160-54
863	. .	96-8
864	. .	8-71
865	1	63-38 to
	63-44	Repealed
	2	63-46 Repealed
	3	63-48
867	. .	7-70
876	. .	153-9 note, 160-22 note
878	. .	7-70
880	1	130-39, 130-44 to 130-49
	2	130-58 to 130-60
887	1-4	113-120.1 to 113-120.4
891	. .	14-335
892	1	143-216
	2	143-218
896	1	7-285 Repealed
910	. .	152-5 L.M.
915	. .	9-5
916	1-9	163-43 to 163-51
917	. .	55-48
918	1	115-189
	2-4	115-191 to 115-193
918	5	115-196
	6	115-198
	7	115-361
920	1	131-126.1
	2	131-126.17
	3, 4	131-126.4, 131-126.5
923	. .	128-36.1
925	. .	159-42
928	. .	14-401.4
929	. .	55-73
930	. .	105-302.1
932	. .	163-147
933	. .	160-56
934	. .	87-14
936	. .	87-1
938	. .	160-2
947	1	20-141
	2	20-169
950	. .	55-66
951	1, 2	90-203, 90-204
	3, 4	90-206, 90-207
952	1, 2	53-141
953	. .	25-15
954	. .	25-144
956	1-3	156-81
957	. .	7-101
958	1	58-39.4 to 58-39.6, 58-41 to 58-42, 58-51, 58-52
	2	105-228.7
963	4	7A-109 L.M.
969	. .	96-9
971	. .	28-34
972	. .	1-131
973	. .	81-14.2
974	1	18-129, 18-130
	2-13	18-131 to 18-142
	14, 15	18-78, 18-78.1
	16	18-143
	17	18-78 note, 18-78.1 note, 18-144
	19	18-129 note
975	. .	46-7.1
976	. .	110-40
977	. .	20-230, 20-231
978	1	106-233
	2	106-234 Repealed
	3, 4	106-235, 106-236
979	1, 2	160-178
980	. .	35-31
981	. .	115-31.20
982	. .	81-8.1
983	1	81-37
	2	81-58
984	. .	81-2 to 81-6, 81-8, 81-9,

Ch.	Sec.	1949 General Statutes
984	. .	81-14.4, 81-18, 81-22
985	. .	106-225.1, 106-225.2
986	. .	35-3.1
989	1	62-11 to 62-26.14
	3	62-11 note
	4	62-26.15
990	. .	128-24 L.M.
994	. .	7-70
997	1, 2	106-408, 106-409
	3, 4	106-410
	5	106-411
	6	106-415
999	. .	105-345
1005	. .	81-14.9
1009	1, 2	62-1, 62-2
	3	62-10.1
1010	. .	50-13
1011	. .	128-24
1012	. .	128-37
1013	. .	128-24
1015	. .	128-21
1016	1, 2	20-154, 20-155
1017	. .	97-29
1018	. .	112-34
1019	. .	131-121
1020	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1022	. .	51-3
1024	1-11	136-89.1 to 136-89.11
1029	1	62-54
	2	62-74
	3	62-10.2, 62-10.3
1032	1	20-231
	2	20-16
1033	1	115-31.19, 115-65, 115-204, 115-209, 115-302, 115-368, 115-371
	2	115-15.1
1038	1	108-15
	2	308-73.1 to 108-73.10
1040	. .	116-148.1
1041	. .	58-6
1042	1	54-111
	2	54-124
	2(a)	54-111
	2(b)	54-117
	3	54-111.1
1052	1-9	7-448 to 7-456
1054	. .	118-6
1055	. .	143-166
1056	1-3	135-3 to 135-5
	4, 5	135-4, 135-5
	6	135-17
	7	135-3.2
	8	135-18
	9	135-15 Repealed
1057	. .	95-17
1058	1, 2	106-150
1060	. .	122-79
1065	. .	143-180
1066	1, 2	143-235, 143-235.1
	4	143-235.1 note
1069	. .	116-24
1070	. .	143-117
1071	. .	130-285
1072	. .	47-108.7
1073	. .	47-108.8
1075	. .	14-401.3
1076	. .	136-19.1
1077	1-6	143-273 to 143-278 note
	7	143-273 note
1078	. .	97-53
1079	1	58-27.1, 58-27.2
	2	58-27.2 note
1080	1-3	59-303 to 58-304.1
	4	58-303 note
1081	. .	160-413 note, 160-417, 160-421, 160-423 Repealed
1082	1	115-165
	2	115-366
	3, 4	115-368, 115-369
1083	. .	160-198
1084	1-7	14-416 to 14-422
1085	. .	159-7
1086	1-7	113-377.1 to 113-377.7
1091	1-11	7-120.1 to 7-120.11
1092	. .	7-51
1099	. .	7-70
1101	. .	7-70
1112	. .	58-54.1 to 58-54.13
1113	1	1-121
	2	1-125
1115	. .	136-19
1116	1	115-347
	2	11-351
	3	115-355
	4	115-25.2
	5	115-370
	6	115-19 note
1120	. .	58-51.3
1121	. .	20-29.1
1126	. .	7-70
1129	. .	44-38.1
1130	1	127-1 to 127-4
	2	127-30
	3	127-42
	4	127-79
	5	127-102
	6	127-110.1
	7	20-80
1132	1-36	62-121.43 to 62-121.78
	38	62-103 to 62-121

Ch.	Sec.	1949 General Statutes
1132	38	Repealed, 62-121.79
	39	62-121.43 note, 62-259 L.M.
	40	62-121.43 note
1133	. .	130-39
1136	. .	131-88, 131-89
1137	1	143-128
	2	143-135
1138	. .	97-77 note
1145	. .	130-39
1154	. .	14-335
1158	1-4	112-18
1159	. .	42-34
1160	. .	20-252
1161	. .	20-227
1164	. .	19-1
1165	. .	106-569 to 106-579
1167	. .	20-1, 119-6, 119-23 to 119-26, 119-28 to 119-34, 119-36, 119-39 to 119-44
1171	. .	105-144.1
1173	. .	105-149
1174	. .	143-35
1178	. .	147-45 note
1179	. .	15-25
1182	1-10	115-31.21 to 115-31.30
1183	. .	147-69
1187	. .	7-70
1193	. .	14-335
1201	. .	105-37
1202	2	143-236.1
1203	1	113-95
	2	113-144
	3	113-95 note, 113-144 note
1204	. .	160-161
1205	1, 2	113-101, 113-102
	3	113-104
	4	113-109
1206	1	122-1.1
	2	122-1.1 note
1207	1	20-117.1
	2, 3	20-118, 20-118.1
	4	20-152
	4½	20-96
1208	1	153-9
	2, 3	153-9 note
1209	1, 2	20-276
1211	1-5	143-279 to 143-283
1212	. .	47-108.6
1213	1-7	160-424.1 to 160-424.7
1215	. .	136-67
1216	. .	156-93.1
1217	. .	14-269
1220	1	105-65.1
	2	105-79
1221	. .	68-38
1222	. .	153-9
1224	1	47-41
	2	55-43
1225	. .	127-12
1230	. .	143-128 note
1244	. .	58-39.5 note, 105-228.7 note
1246	. .	7-70
1249	22½	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1250	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
1251	1	18-32 note, 18-113.2
	2	18-32
	3	18-113.1
	4	18-116.1 to 18-116.5
	4½	18-32 note, 18-113.1 to 187-113.2 note, 128-116.1 note
1253	. .	20-96
1255	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
1264	. .	115-19 note
1268	. .	105-297
1270	. .	153-77
1271	. .	105-169
1273	1, 2	106-25, 106-26
1274	. .	127-83
1278	. .	58-6 note, 95-2 note, 106-11 note, 114-7 note, 115-27 note, 147-35 note, 147-55 note, 147-65 note
1283	. .	62-121.50
1287	. .	20-38
1292	. .	165-6
1294	. .	119-49, 119-51
1295	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6

SESSION LAWS OF 1951

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	. .	120-33
3	1	143-49
	2	147-43.1
6	. .	9-25
7	. .	84-2 L.M.
17	1	130-39, 130-44 to 130-49
	2	130-58 to 130-60

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
18	. .	143-146
19	1-6	153-15.1 to 153-15.6
20	. .	14-335
21	. .	154-2 Repealed
23	1	120-3
	2	120-4 Repealed
24	. .	160-25
25	. .	160-18.1
28	1	2-16
	1½	7-47
	2	2-16.2
29	. .	105-232
30	. .	14-78.1
35	. .	47-56
37	. .	143-135 note
40	1	2-28
	3	161-10.1
44	. .	160-281.1
55	. .	7-70
56	. .	7-70
57	. .	7-70
59	1	40-11
	2	40-19
60	. .	28-75
66	. .	55-43
70	1, 2	97-29, 97-30
	3	97-38
	4	97-41
71	. .	105-422
73	. .	103-1 Repealed
75	. .	7-70
77	. .	7-70.1
78	1	7-58
	2	7-65
80	. .	9-19
81	. .	15-181
82	. .	9-21
85	. .	15-102
86	. .	39-24
87	. .	160A-349.13
88	. .	7-52
90	. .	108-79.1 to 108-79.3
92	. .	130-18
96	. .	41-11
98	. .	9-5
101	1, 2	7-70
102	1-3	20-63
103	. .	108-3
105	1	58-39.4, 58-39.5, 58-39.6 Struck out, 58-40 to 58-42, 58-51, 58-51.2, 58-52
	2	105-228.7
106	. .	162-7
126	. .	160-161
127	. .	14-196.1
130	1, 2	115-158
133	5	161-10.1
137	. .	130-190
153	1, 2	160-346, 160-347
154	1	49-2
	2	49-4
155	1, 2	137-42, 137-43
	3	137-40 Repealed
158	. .	2-1
159	1, 2	2-10
	3	2-10 note
160	. .	106-408 L.M.
166	1, 2	53-110
167	1, 2	53-78, 53-79
172	1	105-170
	2	105-174
	4	105-170 note, 105-174 note
178	1	130-35
	2	130-57.1
	3	130-57.3
180	. .	7-43.3
181	. .	122-91
182	1	20-140.1
	2	20-180
186	. .	7-70
187	. .	2-46
188	. .	20-64
190	1	20-91
	2	105-259
209	. .	163-117 note
211	. .	20-34.1
220	. .	45-21.43
243	. .	7-29.1
244	1, 2	15-194
245	. .	1-134.1
246	1	28-173
	2	1-53
250	. .	148-49.1
251	. .	44-38.1
252	1	45-21.16, 45-21.31, 105-408
	2	45-21.26
	3	45-21.29
255	. .	14-335
260	1-3	136-41.1 to 136-41.3
	4	136-36 to 136-41 Repealed
262	1-4	8-45.1 to 8-45.4
263	. .	52-10.1
264	. .	36-17
265	1	55-2
	2	55-110
267	. .	152-5 L.M.
274	1, 2	128-23, 128-24
	3	128-26
	4-6	128-27
	7-9	128-30
279	. .	42-27
282	. .	58-254.4
283	1-3	58-204.1 to 58-204.4
284	. .	58-79

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
285	. .	20-192
287	. .	147-45 note
292	1	45-37
	2	45-37 note
293	. .	20-154
294	. .	132-7
296	. .	8-57
300	1	105-391
	2	105-391.2
306	. .	105-422
309	. .	20-166
314	. .	14-401.5
315	. .	104A-1
316	. .	143-254.1
317	. .	52A-1 to 52A-19
319	1	111-14
	2	111-21
	3	111-15
	4	111-6.1
322	1, 2	96-8, 96-9
332	1	96-4
	2, 3	96-8
	4-7	96-9
	8, 9	96-10, 96-11
	10-12	96-12
	13-15	96-13 to 96-15
	16	96-18
	17	96-28 Repealed
332	18	96-4, 96-5, 96-8
	20	96-10
349	. .	143-65 note
356	. .	14-107
359	. .	122-65
360	. .	20-154
361	. .	7-70
364	1-7	14-373 to 14-379
	8	14-380 Repealed
366	1	33-31.2
	2	33-31
367	1, 2	14-129, 14-129.1
370	. .	119-41
372	. .	136-18
373	. .	28-120
378	1-8	18-145 to 18-152
379	1	47-12 to 47-12.2
	2	47-13.1
	3	47-43.2 to 47-43.4
380	1	28-68 to 28-68.4
	2	115-368
381	1	59-65
	2	59-78
	3-5	66-68 to 66-69.1
	6	66-71
	7	66-68 to 66-71
	8	66-72
	9	59-84.1
	10	66-68 note
382	. .	143-166
383	. .	106-465
385	1, 2	160-260.1, 160-260.2
	2½	160-260.1 note
386	. .	136-37
387	. .	128-21 L.M.
388	. .	20-84
389	. .	131-119
391	. .	115-85
392	. .	20-125
395	. .	55-42
405	. .	143-254.1
406	. .	20-280
408	. .	113-7
411	1, 2	160-166.1, 160-166.2
413	. .	90-207
415	. .	7-70
416	. .	7-70
419	. .	2-28
424	. .	33-23
430	. .	152-5 L.M.
434	. .	7-70
437	. .	7-70
439	1	153-120
	2	160-389
440	1, 2	160-390, 160-391
	3	153-103
443	. .	113-34 L.M.
444	1-7	143-284 to 143-290
448	. .	130-225.1, 130-225.2
450	. .	113-102 note
453	. .	87-4
462	. .	163-175 L.M.
468	. .	7-70
478	. .	9-4
491	1	7-50, 7-53, 7-59, 7-71 to 7-71.2, 7-77, 7-79, 7-80, 7-82
	2	7-46
	3	7-78
494	. .	20-71.1
495	1	20-116
	2	20-118
496	1, 2	31-32
502	. .	152-7 L.M.
516	. .	152-5 L.M.
529	. .	161-10 L.M., 161-10.1
542	1, 2	20-7
	3	20-9
	4	20-30
544	1, 2	95-62, 95-63
	3	95-68
561	. .	135-3
562	1, 2	135-1 note
	3	135-19 to 135-26
566	. .	105-96
567	. .	135-3.1 note
569	. .	68-24
571	. .	20-38
572	. .	105-422

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
573	. .	113-142.1
575	. .	113-48, 113-49, 113-52 to 113-56, 113-60
576	. .	118-1 L.M.
577	. .	118-7 L.M.
583	. .	20-88
590	. .	50-8
592	. .	14-401.6
606	. .	143-211 to 143-215.7
607	. .	113-269.1
615	. .	14-359
641	1	116-56
	2	116-56, 116-59
	3	116-56
643	1	105-2, 105-3, 105-9, 105-9.1, 105-20, 105-23
	2	105-33, 105-39, 105-53, 105-54, 105-91
	3	105-116, 105-119, 105-122
	4	105-136, 105-141, 105-147, 105-149, 105-152, 105-155, 105-157, 105-158
	5	105-167, 106-169,
	5	105-177 Repealed, 105-178 Repealed, 105-180 Repealed, 105-187
	6	105-201
	7	105-219
	8	105-228.5
	9	105-241.1, 105-242, 105-250.1, 105-266, 105-269.1
644	. .	15-27
646	. .	1-105
650	1-2½	87-43
651	. .	160-122
677	. .	7-70
699	. .	7-404
700	. .	128-37
703	1	160-414
	2, 3	160-415
704	1-11	160-497 to 160-507
705	1	20-38
	2	20-51
707	3	14-234 L.M.
	5	143-131 L.M.
722	. .	7-70
723	. .	7-70
725	. .	31-31.2
726	1-3	15-140 to 15-140.2
729	. .	20-90
730	1-4	48-29
731	. .	14-335
733	. .	20-116
734	. .	153-152
740	. .	7-61.1
749	. .	90-183
750	. .	18-63 note
753	. .	153-9
756	. .	7-70
760	1	1-568.1 to 1-568.27
	2	1-568 Repealed, 1-569 to 1-576 Repealed
761	. .	164-13
762	1	31-42 to 31-42.2
	2	31-44 Repealed
763	1-3	26-7 to 26-9
764	. .	20-10
765	. .	28-1
766	. .	136-43
767	. .	58-176, 58-177
768	. .	143-4
770	. .	20-38
771	. .	47-19
772	. .	47-1
773	1-5	90-216.1 to 90-216.5
774	. .	1-239.1
775	. .	130-243.2
776	. .	143-216 note
777	. .	35-2
779	1-20	160-475 to 160-495
779	22	160-496
780	. .	50-12
781	1	58-187
	2	58-44.5
	3	58-150
	4	58-155.36
	5	58-177
	6	58-40.2
	7	58-51.1
	8	58-79
	9	58-153
	10	58-33
	11	58-11
782	. .	20-141.1
783	. .	1-394
784	. .	58-254.7
785	1	115-179
	2	153-58
790	. .	153-152
791	. .	7-70
794	. .	20-166
797	. .	135-18.1
798	. .	105-276
799	. .	106-308
800	. .	58-210
802	. .	58-191
803	. .	7-90
805	. .	131-126.32
808	1, 2	7-70
809	. .	153-10
814	. .	7-70
815	. .	7-70

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
819	1	20-38, 20-64, 20-87 to 20-93, 20-99, 20-101, 20-117.1
	2	20-38, 20-87, 20-88
	2½	20-89
820	1-8	69-25.1 to 69-25.8
	9	69-25.1 note
821	1	86-15
	2	86-22
	3	86-11.1 Repealed
823	. .	20-166
824	. .	160-453
825	. .	47-97.1
827	1-12	106-568.1 to 106-568.12
837	1	1-31
	2	1-54
	3	1-56
	4	1-76
	5	1-79
	6	1-181
	7	1-288
	8, 9	1-440.45, 1-440.46
	10	1-581
838	. .	105-435, 105-437 105-444
844	1	93-1
	2	93-6
	3	93-8
	4-9	93-12
846	1	130-45
	2	130-47
	3	130-57.4
847	. .	105-278
849	1, 2	163-157
850	. .	18-6
852	. .	51-1 L.M.
868	. .	161-10 L.M.
892	1, 2	1-88, 1-88.1
893	1	47-14.1
	2	50-11.1
	3	50-16
894	1-19	136-89.12 to 136-89.30
895	1, 2	1-215.2, 1-215.3
897	1	130-56
899	1	15-189
900	. .	164-11.2
901	1	58-228
904	1	153-8
	2	153-8 note
907	1	51-8.1
926	1	44-62
929	1	130-274
	2	130-270
931	1-7	67-30 to 67-36
933	1, 2	160-163, 160-163.1
934	1	39-13.2
937	1	105-138
	2	105-212
937	3	105-125
	4	105-147
	5	105-203
940	1	7-92
941	1-3	160-424.1 to 160-424.3
	4, 5	160-424.5, 160-424.6
	6	160-424.8
942	1	20-118
947	1	148-61.1
	2	148-62
948	1	136-41.1
	2, 3	136-41.2
	4	136-41.3
953	1, 2	87-21
959	1	7-70
969	1	7-70
975	1	14-399
977	1	46-7.1 L.M.
983	1	163-196
984	1	163-29
985	1	20-110
	2	20-79
987	1	62-121.8
988	1-4	20-183.9 to 20-183.12
989	1	122-84
991	1	84-24
993	1	136-89.3
993	2	136-89.6
994	1	7-70
997	1	18-141
998	1	18-128.1
999	1,2	18-124
	4, 5	18-124 note
1002	1, 2	40-2
	3	60-146
1004	1, 2	7-50, 7-51
	3	7-51.1, 7-51.2
1005	1	1-102
	2	1-600
	3	28-48
	4	55-121
1006	1	10-4
	2	52-12
	3	10-5 Repealed
1007	1-6	115-257.2 to 115-257.7
1008	1	36-19
1009	1	163-20
	2	163-117
	3	163-119
1010	1	147-58
	2	143-106
	3	147-60
1011	1	20-91.1, 20-91.2
1013	1-3	20-96
	4	20-118.1
	5, 6	20-118
	7	20-176
	7A	20-118.2

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
1013	8	20-118
1014	1-3	106-25 to 106-26.1
1015	1-5	160-191.1 to 160-191.5
1016	1-10	166-1 to 166-12
	12	166-13
	13	166-10
1019	1	108-30.1 to 108-30.3
1020	1-5	143-301 to 143-305
1021	1	67-14.1
1023	1	20-38
1025	. .	18-35.1
1026	1, 2	106-50.3
	3-6	106-50.4
	7, 8	106-50.10, 106-50.11
1027	1	115-85
	2	115-104
	3	115-146
	3½	115-353
	4	115-363
	5	115-366
	6	115-369
	7	115-31.23
1030	1-16	106-173.1 to 106-173.16
1031	1	94-4
1032	1	118-1.1
1034	1	115-361
1035	1	130-39
1036	1	105-391
	2, 2½	105-391.1
1038	. .	15-200.1
1042	1	20-139
1043	. .	9-21
1044	. .	160-203.1
1045	1	113-160 Repealed, 113-161 to 113-163, 113-164 Repealed, 113-165,113-169 Repealed, 113-186, 113-187 Repealed, 113-189 Repealed, 113-192, 113-193 Repealed, 113-196 Repealed, 113-198, 113-199 Repealed, 113-202 Repealed, 113-215 Repealed, 113-217 to 113-219 Repealed, 113-227, 113-228 Repealed, 113-229 Repealed, 113-231 Repealed, 113-234 to 113-236 Repealed, 113-238 to 113-243 Repealed, 113-247, 113-251, 113-266 to 113-269 Repealed, 113-270 to 113-275 Repealed,
1045	1	113-276 to 113-350 Repealed, 113-352 to 113-377 Repealed
	2	113-377.8
1048	1, 2	165-5
1049	1	113-8.1
1054	1	7-70
1056	1	18-140
1058	1	156-135.1
1059	1	143-291
	2-6	143-292 to 143-296
	7	97-79, 97-84
	8	143-289 note
	9-12	143-297 to 143-300
	13	143-291 note
1071	. .	153-10
1078	1	28-149
1079	1	115-376
1080	. .	15-83.1
1081	1	1-183
	3	1-183 note
1083	1	15-217 to 15-222
1084	1	89-1 to 89-15
1086	1	15-173
	3	15-173 note
1088	1, 2	143-226, 143-227
1089	1-21	90-234 to 90-254
	23	90-255
1090	1	66-58
1091	1	130-78
	2	130-80
	3	130-102
1093	. .	115-353 note
1094	. .	14-357.1
1095	1-20	160-454 to 160-473
	22	160-474
1096	. .	14-346.1
1098	1	131-119
	2	108-3
	3	108-19
	4	108-46
	5	108-73.3
1099	. .	20-81.1
1102	1	105-302
1103	1	95-36.1 to 95-36.9
1104	1, 2	143-129
	3	143-132
	4	143-135.1
	5	133-3
	6	143-135
1105	1	106-453
1107	1	95-55
	2	95-58
	3, 4	95-60, 95-61
	5	95-63
	6	95-64.1
	7	95-65.1
	8, 9	95-66, 95-67
	10	95-68.1
	11	95-57

Ch.	Sec.	1951 General Statutes
1107	12	95-69.1, 95-69.2
1108	1	116-100
1110	1	14-401.4
1111	2	7-101
1112	1	113-95.1
	2	113-144.1
1113	. .	130-103.1
1116	1, 2	7-43.1, 7-43.2
	3	7-43.1 note
1119	1-4	7-54 to 7-57
	5, 6	7-58, 7-59
	7, 8	7-60, 7-61
1120	. .	20-64.1
1121	1	106-267, 106-268.1
1125	1	136-69
1126	1	14-49, 14-50
1127	1	143-49
1129	1	53-16
1130	1	53-1
	2, 3	83-11, 83-12
1131	1-12	90-256 to 90-267
	14-15.1	90-268 to 90-270
1132	. .	129-13
1133	1-3	106-260 to 106-262
	4	106-266
1134	1	47-79
1137	1, 2	148-65.1, 148-65.2
1138	. .	9-4
1139	1-4	7-70
1141	1	105-385
1143	1	131-126.26
1144	1	127-102
1147	. .	96-11
1149	1	164-10
	2	164-11
	3	164-11.1
1151	1, 1A	47-53, 47-53.1
1157	1	116-76.1
1160	1	116-145 to 116-148.1 Repealed, 116-149, 116-152
	2	116-149
1161	. .	20-125
1162	1	18-81
	2, 3	18-85, 18-85.1
1163	1	115-368
1165	1	20-161
1167	1	116-46
1168	. .	140-5.6
1170	. .	46-7.1 L.M.
1172	1	106-550
	2	106-553
	3	106-564
1174	. .	153-10
1176	1	103-5
1180	1	7-70
1183	. .	14-401.5 L.M.
	1	131-120
1184	. .	163-129 note
1185	. .	7-70
1186	1, 2	18-140
1187	1	110-2
1195	1	7-70
1196	1-3	20-7
1200	1	7-70
1202	1	20-6
	2-4	20-19
1203	1	160-181.1
1215	1	7-70
1224	. .	51-21
1240	1	55-26

SESSION LAWS OF 1953

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	147-11, 147-33
	2	58-6, 95-2, 106-11, 114-7, 115-27, 147-35, 147-55, 147-65
2	. .	147-4
3	. .	9-25
17	1-4	148-51 to 148-52.1
	2	148-59
	5, 6	148-54.1, 148-55
	7	148-58.1
	8	148-60.1
18	. .	14-335
22	. .	9-19
23	. .	11-7.1
24	. .	46-43.1
43	. .	15-200
44	. .	160-402 note
47	1	47-30
	2	47-108.10
48	. .	46-7.1
52	. .	135-21
53	1	97-38
	2	97-40
54	. .	55-31
55	1	148-74 note
	2, 3	148-74, 148-75
	4	148-74, 148-76, 148-78 to 148-81
56	. .	15-183
57	. .	1-206
58	. .	6-8
61	. .	147-58
62	. .	112-1

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
74	1	7-448
	2, 3	7-449
77	. .	67-13
78	1	28-16
79	. .	160-4.1
81	. .	113-5
90	. .	152-5 L.M.
94	. .	162-7
99	. .	164-11.3
100	. .	15-171 Repealed
101	. .	2-52
102	. .	153-10
103	. .	1-102
109	. .	105-345 note
113	. .	75-5
115	. .	136-1
117	. .	108-3
119	1, 2	55-31
122	1	34-14.1
131	1	115-19.2
	2	115-95.1
132	. .	108-11
133	. .	122-46
136	. .	9-25
137	. .	9-25
138	. .	14-401.5
139	1, 2	147-33.7
140	. .	164-11.1
141	1	15-24
142	. .	115-323
153	. .	115-86
163	. .	14-335
167	. .	166-13
170	. .	60-89
171	. .	160-200
175	1	113-210.1
	2	113-216.2
176	1	1-95
	2	105-391
	3	1-96
177	. .	15-113
179	. .	14-346.1
181	. .	14-346.1
183	1	90-60
	2	90-75
184	. .	105-345
187	. .	90-15
189	. .	90-124
190	. .	1-173
191	1	143-216
	3, 4	143-217
	5	143-218
	6	143-227.1
192	. .	20-94
196	. .	113-111
197	. .	113-111
198	. .	39-6.2
199	. .	113-111
200	. .	113-111
202	. .	9-4
213	. .	108-32
214	. .	20-118
215	. .	165-44
216	. .	20-109
217	. .	136-19
224	. .	121-6
227	. .	14-401.5
228	. .	143-129 L.M.
231	. .	7-64
240	. .	20-120
245	. .	147-45 note
246	. .	1-401
254	1	87-18
	2	87-21
	3	87-27
255	. .	139-4
256	1	122-27
	2	122-31
	3	122-40
	4	122-46.2
	5	122-52, 122-53 Repealed
	6	122-54
	7	122-60 Repealed
	8	122-62
	9	122-67
	10	35-5
257	. .	14-401.4
259	. .	2-42
260	. .	108-30.1
266	. .	147-45 note
268	. .	2-36
271	. .	42-27
273	. .	106-520 L.M.
276	. .	14-335
281	3	152-5 L.M.
291	. .	152-1 L.M.
301	. .	20-157 L.M.
304	. .	113-83
305	. .	113-60.1 to 113-60.3
310	. .	153-5
328	. .	14-401.5
335	. .	7-70
336	. .	9-25
354	. .	20-130.1
355	. .	20-11
356	. .	20-12
362	. .	152-5 L.M.
363	. .	14-335
367	1-4	67-31 L.M.
	5	67-31 L.M.
		106-369 L.M.
		106-385 L.M.
	7	67-13
	8	67-31 L.M.
381	. .	105-422
387	. .	14-399
394	. .	20-166
395	. .	105-278
401	1	96-1.5, 96-3 to

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
401	1	96-6, 96-8, 96-18
	2-4	96-4
	5, 6	96-5, 96-6
	7-11	96-8
	12-14	96-9
	15, 16	96-10, 96-11
	17, 18	96-12
	19	96-15
	20, 21	96-16
	22	96-18
410	1, 2	163-12, 163-13
411	. .	14-346.1
416	. .	152-5 L.M.
420	4	152-5 L.M.
427	. .	105-422
428	. .	163-8
431	. .	160-29
432	. .	113-143.1
436	1, 2	76-61, 76-62
437	. .	136-18
441	. .	1-89
445	. .	75-56
450	. .	20-16
452	. .	113-137
453	1	69-25.1
	2	69-25.7
	3, 4	69-25.9, 69-25.10
468	. .	85-27
470	. .	1-305
472	. .	20-38
474	. .	14-358
478	. .	20-87
481	. .	20-125.1
486	. .	9-25
487	1	116-79
	2-4	116-85
488	. .	116-100
499	1	42-23
	2	42-27
501	. .	143-14
538	. .	105-422
539	. .	128-21 note
564	1	90-39
	2	90-38
	3	90-29
	4	90-47
	5	90-31
	6	90-40
567	. .	152-5 L.M.
568	. .	20-88
569	. .	95-54
571	. .	48-21
591	1	106-161 L.M.
594	2	106-169 L.M.
595	. .	87-43
596	1-4	130-57.5 to 130-57.8
597	. .	20-280 L.M.
603	. .	15-10.1
615	. .	33-1
616	. .	15-162.1
619	. .	97.2
620	. .	36-3
638	1	51-7
	2	51-16
644	. .	161-23 L.M.
645	. .	105-422
655	. .	14-335
656	. .	105-422
660	. .	161-10 L.M.
664	. .	157-5 L.M.
674	1	58-246
	2	97-102
675	1	6-49
	2	14-12.1
	3	15-218
	4	18-106
	5	53-156
	6, 7	60-37
	8, 9	63-27, 63-28
	10	95-69.2
	11	106-65.3
	12	108-30
	13	116-43
	14	116-109
	15	122-14
	16	130-182
	17	132-3
	18	143-21
	19	143-40
	20, 21	147-8, 147-9
	22	147-15
	23	153-9.1
	24	153-15.4
	25	156-58
	26	156-88
	27	159-5
	28	159-28
	29	160-183
	30	44-38.1
	31	35-3
677	. .	14-325.1
678	. .	101-2
679	. .	20-150.1
682	. .	20-116
683	. .	20-6
692	. .	160-421.1
693	1	153-102
	2	153-108
	3	160-389
	4	160-375
694	1	20-88, 20-96
695	. .	115-88
696	1	140-5.1
	2	140-5.3
	3	140-5.6
697	. .	1-310
698	1	106-99
	2	106-102.1
	3	106-93

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
701	. .	9-19
702	. .	10-13
712	. .	9-25
718	. .	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
720	1-9	106-405.1 to 106-405.9
721	. .	160-65 to 160-77
722	. .	55-110
724	1-5	137-31.1 to 137-31.5
	6	437-32.1
727	. .	81-14.7
728	. .	161-10 L.M.
729	3	130A-63 L.M.
732	. .	106-168.1 to 106-168.15
737	. .	6-21 L.M.
750	. .	90-171.3
752	. .	105-422
765	. .	20-24 L.M.
772	. .	20-149 L.M.
773	. .	20-9
774	. .	113-136
775	. .	105-422
778	. .	15-6.1
792	. .	135-3 note
793	. .	20-166
794	. .	113-257
795	. .	28-32
796	. .	1-105
797	. .	51-18.1
798	. .	130-37
799	. .	109-4
805	1	87-7
	2	87-10
808	1, 2	113-9, 113-10
	3	113-12
	4	113-15
	5	113-129
809	. .	87-14
810	. .	87-1
813	. .	50-13
815	. .	14-62
822	1	55-61
	2	55-66
	3	55-73
824	. .	48-23
825	1, 2	62-26.16, 62-26.17
	3	62-121.40 Repealed, 62-121.52, 62-121.75 Repealed
826	1	20-38
	2, 3	20-51
	4	20-87
827	. .	153-9
828	. .	113-143.1
831	1, 2	20-38
	3	20-50
	4	20-110
836	. .	10-9
839	. .	20-7
840	. .	115-377.1
841	. .	20-6
842	. .	113-179
843	. .	163-12.1, 163-14.1 to 163-14.3, 163-15, 163-20.1, 163-29, 163-31 to 163-31.2, 163-43.1, 163-49.1, 163-50, 163-79.1, 163-84.1, 163-115.1, 163-126.1, 163-163.1, 163-172, 163-173, 163-182
845	. .	7-285
846	. .	7-166
848	. .	45-36.2
849	. .	47-54
850	. .	7-264
853	. .	20-53
854	. .	106-516.1 L.M.
855	. .	28-170
856	1, 2	106-280
	3	106-280, 106-280.1
	4	106-283
	5	106-284.1
857	1-3	14-361 to 14-363
858	. .	9-4
874	. .	71-6
876	1-4	106-364 to 106-367
	5	106-372
	6	106-372.1 Repealed
	7	106-373
	8-14	106-375 to 106-381
	15	106-383
877	. .	14-284.1
878	1-4	153-176.1 to 153-176.4
879	1, 1½	20-162.1
880	. .	48-2
881	. .	59-45
882	1-4½	108-14.1 to 108-14.5
883	. .	143-166
884	. .	1-308
885	1	8-50
	2	1-568.25
886	. .	121-8
891	. .	108-73.11, 108-73.12
893	1	131-127
	2	131-130, 131-133
894	. .	90-248
895	. .	153-9
899	. .	118-1 L.M.
900	1-16	136-89.31 to 136-89.46
	18	136-89.47
901	1, 2	160-167, 160-168
	3	160-169 Repealed
	4, 5	160-414
906	. .	48-9

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
907	. .	157-26
908	. .	163-77.1
909	1	90-87
	2	90-97
	3-5	90-110 to 90-111.3
910	. .	113-60.4 to 113-60.10
911	. .	120-39
912	. .	103-3 Repealed
913	1	30-15
	2	30-17
914	. .	20-38
915	. .	14-139
916	1-3	130-17.1 to 130-17.3
917	. .	106-564.1
919	1	1-98 to 1-99.4
	2	1-100
	3	1-104
	4	1-125
920	1	31-39
	2	31-12
922	1, 2	160-414, 160-415
	3	160-419
925	. .	50-16
931	. .	118-7 L.M.
960	. .	113-111
965	. .	53-77.1
967	. .	115-45.1
968	. .	9-19
970	1, 2	105-283, 105-284
	3	105-287
	4	105-290
	5	105-294
	6	105-306
	7	105-314.1 Repealed
	8	105-318 Repealed
	9	14-401.7, 105-319 Transferred
971	. .	14-335
973	1	153-116
	2	153-9, 153-59 Transferred
	3	2-42, 115-179 Repealed, 153-41 note, 153-42 Repealed, 153-55 to 153-58 Repealed, 153-60 to 153-63 Repealed, 153-65 to 153-68 Repealed, 155-7, 155-9 Repealed, 155-15 Repealed, 162-19 Repealed
974	. .	55-158
977	. .	130-56.1
978	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
980	. .	58-248.7
981	1	105-33
	2	105-91
982	. .	143-11.1
983	. .	105-169
984	. .	153-9
985	1	115-221
	2	115-223
	3	115-353
	4	115-371
	5	115-370
	6	115-381
	7	115-376
986	. .	47-100
987	. .	47-108.12
989	. .	113-111
992	. .	58-72
996	. .	47-108.11
998	. .	7-264
999	1	89-2
	2	89-7
1000	. .	111-30
1001	. .	163-187.2 to 163-187.5
1008	. .	105-422
1011	. .	14-399
1012	. .	84-24
1017	1-4	20-281 to 20-284
1031	1	105-147
1032	. .	160-198
1039	1	105-249
1040	. .	163-168
1041	1	83-9
	2	86-21
	3, 4	87-10, 87-11
	5	87-23
	6	87-35
	7	87-48
	8	87-27
	9, 10	89-8, 89-9
	11	90-117
	12	90-124
	13	90-136
	14	90-159 to 90-171 note
	15	90-171.8
	16	90-184
	17, 18	90-197
	19	90-249
	20	93-12
1043	1	58-39.4
	2	58-40
	3, 4	58-40.4, 58-40.5
	5-9	58-41 to 58-41.4
	10, 11	58-51.3, 58-51.4
1044	. .	136-41.3
1045	1-3	131-126.31 to 131-126.33
	4, 5	131-126.35, 131-126.36
	6	131-126.38
	7	131-126.40a
	8	131-126.37,

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
1045	8	131-126.39, 131-126.40
1048	1	158-1
	2	158-7
1050	1, 2	135-27, 135-28
	3	135-4
1051	. .	90-66, 90-67, 90-71
1052	. .	20-161.1
1053	. .	135-1
1054	. .	66-67
1058	. .	1-140
1065	1	153-77, 153-80, 153-87, 153-93
	2	160-387
	3	160-51.1
	4	153-77 note, 160-51.1 note
1069	. .	163-117 note
1076	1	1-27
	2	59-39.1
1077	1	29-1
	2	104A-1
1078	1	47-12
1078	2	47-13.1
	3	47-43.2
	4	47-41
1079	1, 2	7-44, 7-45
1080	1	7-42
1081	. .	7-51
1082	. .	7-50
1083	. .	7-3
1084	. .	31-42
1085	1	143-35
1086	. .	113-135
1087	. .	50-5
1088	. .	7-70
1089	. .	1-339.77
1090	. .	143-31.1
1091	. .	136-96
1092	. .	20-118
1093	. .	150-1 to 150-8 Repealed, 150-9 to 150-34
1094	1-11	143-306 to 143-316
1095	1	58-250
	2	58-251 Repealed 58-251.1
	3	58-252 to 58-254 Repealed
	4, 5	58-254.2, 58-254.3
	6, 7	58-254.4
	8	58-255 Repealed
	9, 10	58-257, 58-258
	11	58-259 Repealed, 58-259.1
1096	1	58-195.2
	2, 3	58-254.8, 58-254.9
1098	1	31-1, 31-2
1098	2	31-3 Renumbered, 31-3.1 to 31-3.6
	3	31-5 Renumbered, 31-5.1
	4	31-5.2
	5	31-5.3, 31-6 Renumbered
	6	31-5.4
	7	31-5.5, 31-45 Renumbered
	8	31-5.6, 31-8 Renumbered
	9	31-5.7, 31-7 Repealed
	10	31-5.8
	11	31-10
	12	31-18 Renumbered, 31-18.1 to 31-18.3
	13	31-18.4, 31-26 Renumbered
	14	31-46
	15	31-8.1
1099	1	166-2
	2, 3	166-4, 166-5
	4	166-8
1100	. .	121-20
1101	. .	28-149
1102	1	125-18
	2	125-22
	3	125-27, 125-28, 160-65 note, 160-68 note
1104	1-3	113-26.1
1105	. .	51-3
1106	1, 2	44-66, 44-67
1107	. .	20-116
1109	. .	113-34
1111	1, 2	7-456
1112	. .	97-53
1113	. .	106-94
1114	. .	163-62
1116	. .	136-89.14
1118	. .	57-4.1
1119	. .	106-389
1121	. .	159-7.1
1122	. .	20-88
1123	. .	115-31.22
1124	1	57-1
	2	57-15
	3	57-19.1
1125	1	105-450
	2	105-455
1127	. .	136-41.2
1129	1-5	106-568.13 to 106-568.17
1132	1	135-14
	2	135-18.2

Ch.	Sec.	1953 General Statutes
1133	. .	113-110.1
1134	. .	113-158, 113-159 Repealed, 113-161 to 113-163 Repealed, 113-165 to 113-168 Repealed, 113-170 to 113-174 Repealed, 113-174.1 to 113-174.16
1135	1	97-29
	2	97-40, 97-40.1
	3	97-41
1136	. .	47-85.1
1137	. .	119.13.1 to 119-13.3
1138	. .	20-19
1139	. .	113-181
1140	1, 2	62-121.46, 62-121.47
	3	62-121.62
	4	62-121.72
	5	62-121.48
1141	. .	113-109
1142	. .	105-65.1
1143	1	1-89
	2	1-95
1144	. .	20-178
1145	. .	20-141
1146	. .	113-222
1147	. .	113-145
1148	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1149	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1151	1	115-352.1
	2	115-352.1 note
1152	. .	55-118
1153	1, 2	113-216.2
1159	. .	136-89.1 to 136-89.11h
1160	. .	47-17.1
1169	. .	112-19
1173	. .	7-134
1190	1	47-20
	2	47-20.1 to 47-20.3
	3	47-23 Repealed
	4	59-2
1191	1	163-6
	2	163-12
	3	163-15, 163-181
1193	1-14	14-12.2 to 14-12.15
1195	1	20-185
	2, 3	97-29, 97-30
1196	. .	115-28.1
1197	1-5	143-260.1 to 143-260.5
1198	. .	81-73 to 81-82
1199	1	90-158 Repealed,
1199	1	90-158.1 to 90-158.38, 90-158.40, 90-159 to 90-171 Repealed
	2-4	90-171.1 to 90-171.3
	5-9	90-171.8 to 90-171.12
	10	90-171.13 to 90-171.15
	11	90-158.39
1201	. .	58-226
1202	1, 2	116-25
	3	116-26
1203	. .	15-78
1205	. .	116-25
1206	1	153-103.1
	2	153-88 note, 153-103.1 note
	3	160-390
	4	160-390 note
1207	1	18-69.1
	2-4	18-78
	5	18-136
1208	. .	90-158.41
1209	1	53-4
	2	53-62
	3	53-2
	4	53-92
	5	53-62
	6	53-92
1211	. .	40-2
1212	. .	140-10
1215	. .	89-16
1220	. .	20-141.2
1221	1	115-31.20
	2	115-31.20 note
1222	. .	131-121
1223	. .	20-16.1
1224	1-5	143-283.1 to 143-283.5
1225	. .	112-18
1226	. .	113-120.1 to 113-120.4
1227	1-5A	153-48.1 to 153-48.5
1230	. .	148-27
1231	1-3	167-1 to 167-3
1232	. .	119-49.1
1233	. .	20-140.2
1237	1-3	105-90
	4	105-90 note
1239	. .	14-401
1241	1	7-285
	2	7-64
1242	. .	77-14
1243	. .	9-5.1
1246	. .	127-102
1248	1	90-8

1953

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1248	2	90-14
	3	90-14.1 to 90-14.12
1249	. .	148-49.6
1250	. .	105-9
1251	. .	113-136
1253	. .	68-38
1254	. .	20-127
1255	. .	36-18.1
1262	1-5	143-64.1 to 143-64.5
1264	. .	20-84
1267	4	115-338 note
1268	. .	143-129
1274	. .	115-19.2
1279	. .	62-121.69
1282	1	116-45 note
	2	116-45, 116-46, 116-48 to 116-50, 116-53, 116-54
1284	. .	20-7
1295	. .	143-213
1300	1-34	20-279.1 to 20-279.34
	35	20-224 to 20-279 Repealed, 20-279.35
	36	20-17.1
	37-39	20-279.36 to 20-279.38
	41	20-279.39
1302	1	105-9.1, 105-16, 105-22
	2	105-64, 105-89
	3	105-122
	4	105-134, 105-147, 105-155, 105-160
	5	105-169, 105-181
	6	105-206, 105-207

1953

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1302	7	105-236, 105-269.2
1303	. .	153-9
1304	1, 2	88-10
	3	88-12
	4	88-19
1306	. .	105-41
1307	. .	47-53.1
1310	1	84-18
	2	84-20
	3	84-26
	4	84-32
	5	84-34
1311	. .	20-7
1312	1	143-284 note
	2	143-284
	3, 4	143-286, 143-286.1
1313	. .	50-11
1314	. .	143-291
1315	. .	120-35
1316	1	20-51
	2	20-124
1321	. .	90-87
1322	1-8	7-54 to 7-61
1323	. .	115-376
1325	. .	28-149
1328	. .	106-305
1329	. .	7-70
1330	. .	7-70
1332	. .	128-15
1333	. .	106-65.13 to 106-65.21
1334	. .	47-108.13
1356	. .	116-153
1337	. .	106-16
1338	1-14½	106-266.6 to 106-266.20
1339	. .	133-1.1
1340	1, 2	20-166, 20-166.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1955

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	143-14
7	. .	15-25
8	. .	7-274
10	1	1-109
	2	1-109 note
16	. .	153-5
17	1	105-155
	2	105-157
19	1	105-199, 105-205, 105-206, 105-209, 105-211
20	. .	1-371
22	. .	105-191, 105-197
27	. .	143-135.2
29	1	40-19
29	2	40-19 note
30	. .	14-335
34	. .	105-306
39	. .	1-93
43	. .	164-11.4
45	1, 2	1-95, 1-96
47	. .	14-335
53	. .	164-11.1
54	. .	47-17.1
55	. .	14-401.5
56	. .	114-4.1
57	. .	15-6.2
58	. .	15-41
59	. .	47-17.1
64	. .	62-26.16

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
72	. .	162-7
73	1	31-3.4
	2	31-10
74	. .	1-339.3a
77	. .	160-2
79	. .	166-13 Repealed
87	. .	47-17.1
88	. .	47-17.1
90	1-15	7-39.1 to 7-39.15
93	. .	42-27
95	1	152-1 L.M.
	2	152-5 L.M.
97	. .	7-70
98	. .	105-315
100	. .	118-1 L.M.
102	. .	9-25
103	. .	50-8
104	. .	113-104
107	. .	115-3
108	. .	161-10 L.M.
111	. .	67-13
119	1	20-63
120	. .	15-200
122	. .	9-25
125	. .	147-33.2, 147-33.7
128	. .	18-143 note
129	1	7-40
	2-5	7-68 to 7-68.3
	6	7-68
134	. .	67-13
136	. .	42-23
138	. .	20-279.5
143	. .	161-23 L.M.
144	. .	153-9
155	2	122-11.6
161	. .	9-25
166	. .	9-4
169	1-3	69-25.1 L.M.
	4, 5	69-25.4 L.M.
	6	69-25.10 L.M.
173	. .	20-157
177	. .	160A-28
178	1, 2	58-79, 58-79.1
179	1	58-66
	2	58-121
	3	58-136
	4	58-142
	5	105-228.4
181	. .	1-173
184	. .	113-111
187	. .	143-135 L.M.
188	1	106-471 to 106-489 Repealed
189	1	106-319 Repealed
	2	106-420
	3	106-423
190	. .	137-1 to 137-30 Repealed
194	. .	15-107
198	1	113-145
198	2	113-143.1
	3	113-143.1 note
200	. .	1-180.1
201	. .	153-9
213	1-2	106-245.1 to 106-245.12
	14	106-240 to 106-245 Repealed
228	. .	118-9
230	1, 2	105-296, 105-297
231	. .	136-32.1
232	. .	1-105.1
234	. .	153-9
236	1	113-377.7
	2	113-337.6
237	1-3	108-30.1 to 108-30.3
238	1	148-1
	2, 3	148-4, 148-5
	4-6	148-11 to 148-13
	7	148-36
	8	148-40
	9	15-213, 15-215, 148-20, 148-22, 148-24, 148-25, 148-41, 148-42,
	9	148-49.1, 148-49.3 to 148-49.5
241	. .	1-97
246	. .	51-21
247	1	153-40
	2	161-23
249	. .	108-11
251	. .	14-129
255	1	127-23.1
	2	127-37.1
256	. .	1-299
258	1	65-24
	2	65-36
	3	65-20
259	1, 2	58-228
	3, 4	58-226
264	. .	47-17.1
266	. .	44-69.1
267	1	106-146
	2	106-152
	3	106-156
268	1	106-495.1, 106-495.2
	2	106-490 to 106-495 Repealed
269	. .	108-3
271	1, 2	106-181, 106-181.1
273	. .	47-17.1 L.M.
276	1	106-15
	2	106-16 to 106-18
278	1-3	90-93 to 90-95
	4	90-97

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
279	1	14-256
	2	148-45
	3	148-41
	4	14-256 note
280	. .	47-17.1
286	. .	113-111
287	1, 2	131-54
289	. .	15-78
290	1	33-6.1
	2	33-6.1 note
291	. .	20-81.1
294	1, 2	20-110, 20-111
295	. .	20-158.1
296	1	20-77
	2	20-116
	3	20-123
302	1	28-81
	2	28-81 note
305	. .	14.318.1
306	. .	106-375 L.M.
310	1	108-37
	2	108-66
	3	108-73.5
317	. .	20-116 L.M.
330	1, 2	106-269, 106-270
	3	106-276
332	. .	15-20
343	. .	7-69
348	. .	7-70
353	. .	106-372 L.M.
354	1	106-50.3
	2	106-50.5
	3, 4	106-50.7, 106-50.8
	5	106-50.18
363	. .	153-9
366	1-4	115-176 to 115-179
368	. .	20-84
369	. .	131-126.1
370	. .	153-11.2
371	1-4	153-247 to 153-250
372	. .	20-185
373	. .	1-408.1
374	. .	106-564.2
376	. .	39-13.2
380	. .	52-12.1
382	. .	20-84
384	1	20-158
	2	20-169
385	1, 2	96-4
	3, 4	96-8
	5, 6	96-9
	7, 8	96-14
	9	96-18
	10	96-11
386	1	44-71
	2	44-73
	3	44-75
387	1	166-2
	2, 3	166-5
	4	166-6
	5	166-11
388	. .	31-47
398	. .	20-141
399	1	1-505
	2	1-506 Repealed
400	1	143-291
	1¼	143-299.1
	1½	143-291 note
406	1	106-266.21
	2, 3	106-266.7
	4	106-266.9
410	. .	47-17.1
424	1-3	106-317 to 106-319
	4	106-321
434	. .	162-7
435	. .	105-258
436	1-3	78-2 to 78-4
	4-7	78-6 to 78-9
	8	78-17
	9	78-19
	10	78-23, 78-24
437	. .	14-399
439	. .	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M., 163-117 note
442	. .	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M., 163-117 note
449	. .	58-151.2
451	. .	160-508, 160-509
454	. .	14-401.5
456	. .	58-11
467	1, 2	47-51
469	. .	116-149
470	. .	28-188
472	. .	20-2
473	. .	153-9
479	. .	96-4
480	. .	20-42
481	. .	28-186
484	. .	51-9
486	. .	35-61
487	. .	119-48 to 119-54
489	. .	160-22
490	. .	20-80
492	. .	58-195.3
498	. .	118-10 note
505	3	125-1 to 125-11
	6	147-45 note
	7	147-50 note
508	. .	113-111
520	. .	81-73 to 81-82
521	. .	28-187
522	. .	7-134
523	. .	106-442

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
525	1	97-54
	2	97-61.1 to 97-61.7
	3	97-66
	4, 5	97-68, 97-69
	6	97-58
	7, 8	97-72, 97-73
526	1, 2	84-4, 84-5
527	. .	1-121
528	. .	20-130.1
540	1	28-149
	2, 3	49-11, 49-12
	4	29-1
541	. .	31-5.5
542	1	28-152
	2	29-1
543	1	121-1 to 121-12
	2	136-43
	3	121-1 note
	5	143-260.1 to 143-260.5 Repealed
	8	121-14 to 121-16, 121-18, 121-19
544	. .	1-21
545	1	1-97
545	2	1-70
	3	1-69.1
546	. .	53-77.1
554	1	20-49
	2	20-58
	3	20-65, 20-66
	4	20-67, 20-85
	5, 6	20-72
	8	20-88
	9	20-96
	10	20-99
	11	20-110
555	1, 2	20-141
556	7	161-10.1
560	. .	18-6
569	. .	14-269.1 L.M.
572	. .	143-134
574	. .	163-145
575	. .	47-17.1 L.M.
576	. .	147-58
577	. .	147-68
578	1	143-2
	2	143-3.1, 143-3.2
	3	143-4
	4	143-17
	5	143-20
	6	143-23.1
	7	143-25
	8	143-28
588	. .	130A-50 L.M.
590	. .	53-43
594	. .	1-539.1
596	. .	54-148
607	. .	106-520 L.M.
619	. .	161-10 L.M.
622	. .	58-176
625	. .	28-47
628	. .	47-17.1
629	1	47-108.14
	2	47-108.14 note
630	1-3	106-219.2 to 106-219.4
	4	106-219.6
	4½-5½	106-219.9
632	. .	105-53 L.M.
634	. .	9-25
635	. .	9-25
638	. .	9-4
640	1, 2	53-122
641	1	28-105
642	1	69-2
	2	69-3.1
643	. .	104B-1
644	. .	97-2
645	. .	58-97
647	. .	136-33.2
651	1	84-17
	2	84-19
	3	84-25
	4	84-34
655	. .	47-17.1
657	. .	1-44.1
658	1	47-2
	2	47-2 note
664	. .	115-142
674	1	14-414
	2	14-414 note
675	. .	160-82
678	. .	113-155 Repealed
679	1-3	57-7
684	. .	14-78.1
685	. .	113-111
690	. .	161-4 L.M.
691	. .	35-4
696	. .	47-95
697	1	105-294.2
698	. .	160-409 to 160-412.5
699	1	52A-3
	2	52A-5
	3-5	52A-7 to 52A-9
	6	52A-10 to 52A-10.2
	7	52A-11, 52A-11.1
	8	52A-12, 52A-12.1
	9	52A-15
	10	52A-19
	12	52A-20
700	1	7-383.1 to 7-383.32
	2	7-383.33
704	1	153-102

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
704	2	160-389
706	. .	113-247
707	. .	7-206
708	. .	7-68
710	1	131-126.21
	2	131-126.21 note
717	. .	153-9
720	. .	28-56.1
724	. .	153-114 to 153-121, 153-122 Repealed, 153-123, 153-124 Repealed, 153-125 to 153-128, 153-129 Repealed, 153-130 to 153-141
727	. .	143-228.1
729	. .	20-116
742	. .	7-90 to 7-92 note
743	. .	143-2
744	. .	20-157
745	. .	9-25
746	1	54-111
	2	54-124
748	. .	147-47 Repealed
752	. .	152-5 L.M.
753	. .	106-408 L.M.
755	. .	163-119
756	. .	7-103
759	. .	2-36
763	. .	163-31.3
764	. .	14-202.1
766	. .	14-401.5 L.M.
767	. .	163-166
768	. .	153-9
770	. .	143-292
797	1-4	65-23 to 65-23.3
798	. .	7-16
800	. .	163-12.1, 163-14.1 to 163-14.3, 163-15, 163-20.1, 163-29, 163-31 to 163-31.2, 163-43.1, 163-49.1, 163-50, 163-79.1, 163-84.1, 163-115.1, 163-163.1, 163-172, 163-173, 163-182
802	. .	18-127.1
803	1-4	113-60.11 to 113-60.14
804	. .	14-84
807	1	58-126.1
	2, 3	58-176, 58-177
812	1	163-155
	2	163-175
813	1, 2	28-149
	3, 4	29-1
	5	48-23
814	. .	50-16
816	. .	15-25.1, 44-52
817	. .	115-202
818	. .	135-1
822	1	105-449.1 to 105-449.36
	2	105-435
823	1-20	105-449.37 to 105-449.56
824	1-3	106-316.1 to 106-316.3
	3½	106-316.5
	4	106-316.4
	5	106-316.5
840	. .	162-7
850	1	58-41
	2	58-43
	3	58-54.4
	4	58-41
	5	58-252
	6	58-257
	7	57-3
	8	58-251.1
	9	58-257.1
	10	58-250.1
	11	58-44.6
	12	58-41 note, 58-44.6 note,
	12	58-54.4 note, 58-250.1 note, 58-252 note, 58-257 note
854	. .	20-279.5
855	1	20-279.5
856	. .	14-335
857	1-12	143-317 to 143-328
862	. .	20-150
866	. .	105-292
867	1, 2	148-52, 148-53
	3	148-55
	4, 5	148-57, 148-58
	6	148-61.1
	7	148-64
	8	148-48
	9	148-56
	10	148-58.1
	11	148-54
	12	148-59, 148-62
	13	147-20 Repealed, 148-50, 148-51 Repealed, 148-54.1 Repealed, 148-65 Repealed
868	1	106-93
	2, 3	106-99, 106-99.1
	4, 5	106-102.1
869	. .	15-161
870	. .	8-46
871	1	163-11, 163-119

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
871	2	163-25, 163-29, 163-79
	3	163-46
	4	163-82
	5	163-92
	6	163-102
	7	163-170, 163-182
872	1	50-11
873	. .	15-122
875	. .	136-41.1
877	. .	1-109 L.M.
879	. .	2-26
882	. .	15-184
886	1, 2	58-251.1, 58-251.2
887	1, 2	122-1, 122-2
	3	122-27
	4	122-46
	4(a)	122-67
	5	122-44
	6	122-46
	7, 8	122-50, 122-51
	9	122-56
	10	122-62
	11	122-65
	12	122-8.1
	13	122-63.2
	14	122-85
	15	50-5
888	1	113-174.2
	2	113-174.4 Repealed
	3, 3½	113-174.7, 113-174.8
889	. .	15-47
891	. .	163-84
894	1, 2	57-1.1, 57-1.2
901	. .	105-279
902	. .	58-44.2
904	1-5	143-329 to 143-333 note
905	. .	58-155.1
908	. .	105-391
909	. .	105-386
910	1	113-48
	2	7-115
	3	147-12
	4	147-15
911	1	155-9
	2	153-9 note
912	1-13	87-52 to 87-64
913	1	20-18, 20-181
	2	20-150
	3	20-149
	4	20-151
	5	20-153
	6	20-155
	7	20-155, 20-158
	8	20-166, 20-182
	9	20-166.1
917	. .	20-140.1
918	. .	153-9
922	. .	6-1
923	. .	105-53 L.M.
931	. .	153-9
932	. .	153-9
935	. .	160-61.1
938	. .	42-23 L.M.
942	. .	153-9
944	. .	153-9
947	. .	14-346.1
951	1	48-29
	2	49-13
	3	101-2
	4	101-5
958	. .	14-401.8
962	. .	14-129
968	1, 2	131-88, 131-89
969	. .	108-73.13 to 108-73.18
970	. .	33-9
972	2	152-7
	3	130-23 note
	4	130-80 note
	5	90-213
977	1-4	143-204.1 to 143-204.4
978	1	147-43.3
	2	147-48
980	. .	105-456
981	. .	62-6
982	. .	108-6
983	. .	143-168
984	. .	143-162 Repealed
986	. .	143-170 Repealed
987	. .	147-46 Repealed
988	. .	116-64 Repealed
989	. .	147-45
990	. .	147-45 note
993	. .	105-387
996	. .	90-124
999	. .	18-58
1012	1	105-287
	2, 3	105-302
1013	. .	65-3 L.M.
1015	. .	14-54
1016	1	7-54
	2	7-56 Repealed
1017	. .	106-65.22 to 106-65
1018	1, 2	7-101, 7-102
	3	7-104
1019	. .	14-401.9
1020	1	20-28
	2, 3	20-28 note
1022	. .	1-105
1024	. .	20-125 L.M.
1026	1	97-2
	2, 3	97-25, 97-26
	4	97-90
	5-7	97-29 to 97-31

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
1026	8	97-38
	9	97-41
	10	97-53
	11	97-79
	12	97-24
	12½	97-83
1027	. .	148-47
1029	. .	106-452
1030	1-4	72-46 to 72-49
1031	1	113-142.2
	2	113-142.3 to 113-142.7
1032	. .	153-48.5
1034	. .	7-92.1
1035	1	52A-3
	2	52A-11, 52A-11.1
	2½	52A-9
1037	. .	113-111
1039	. .	113-111
1040	. .	58-153.1
1042	. .	20-141
1043	1, 2	110-22, 110-23
	3½	110-22 note
1044	1	108-77
	2	108-79
1045	. .	160-383
1049	. .	143-129
1050	. .	153-10.1
1053	1	113-174.12
	2	113-174.14
	3, 4	113-244, 113-245
1055	. .	97-2
1057	. .	10-9 L.M.
1061	. .	33-68 to 33-74
1064	. .	163-179
1066	1	163-187.2
	2	163-187.5
		Repealed
1069	1	105-297
1069	2, 3	105-316, 105-317
1075	. .	1-339.72 L.M.
1078	. .	113-140
1080	1	7-274
	2	7-288
	3	7-331
	4	7-350
1081	. .	7-265
1082	. .	52-12
1083	. .	18-127.1
1084	. .	65-17.1
1087	. .	105-422
1099	. .	14-326.1
1100	1	105-147
	2	105-294, 105-296, 105-297
	2½	105-122
1101	. .	28-2.2
1102	1, 2	143-291, 143-291.1
1104	1-2½	163-175
1110	. .	152-5 L.M.
1113	. .	162-7
1114	. .	130E-30 L.M.
1119	. .	113-111
1123	. .	113-111
1125	. .	106-520 L.M.
1131	1, 2	143-215.1, 143-215.2
1132	1, 1¼, 1¾	20-190
1135	1	54-90
	2	54-87
	3, 4	54-106
1136	. .	143-135 L.M.
1142	. .	163-126.1
1146	1-18	53A-1 to 53A-18
1147	. .	116-59
1152	1, 2	20-230, 20-231
	3	20-279.1
	4-8	20-279.5
	9, 10	20-279.6
	11	20-279.6a
	12	20-279.7
	13	20-279.10
	14	20-279.17
	15	20-16
	16, 17	20-279.19, 20-279.20
	18	20-28
	19	20-279.32
1153	1, 2	128-23, 128-24
1153	3	128-26
	4-6	128-27
	7	128-30
	8	128-33
	9	128-38
1154	1	135-19
	2-4	135-20
	5-7	135-21
	8	135-22
	9, 10	135-23
	11	135-29
	12	135-20, 135-21, 135-23
1155	1, 2	135-5
	3-5	135-8
	6	135-11
	7, 8	135-18.3, 135-18.4
	8½	135-1
	9	135-18.5
	9½	135-3
1156	. .	20-141.3
1157	1	20-117.1
	2	20-127
	3	20-129
	4	20-117.1, 20-129, 20-129.1
	5	20-129
	6, 7	20-131
	8	20-129
	9	20-154
1164	. .	18-127.1
1168	. .	7A-100 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
1171	. .	153-9
1177	1, 2	160-241, 160-242
	3	160-255
1181	1-6	127-112 to 127-117
1184	. .	97-7 L.M.
1185	1	114-13
	2	114-14.1
1186	1-14	116-154 to 116-167
1187	1	20-6
	2-6	20-7
	7	20-9
	8	20-11
	9-12	20-16
	13	20-19
	14	20-24
	15	20-16.1
	16	20-17.1
	17, 18	20-19
	19	20-23.1
	20	20-28
	21	20-48
1189	. .	50-16
1192	. .	116-151
1193	1, 2	7-74, 7-75
1194	1, 2	62-121.8
	3	62-121.11
1195	1-17	162A-1 to 162A-19
1196	. .	24-2
1197	1, 2	143-346, 143-347
1198	. .	14-20
1199	1, 2	135-14
1200	1-3	72-50 to 72-52
1201	1-5	160-191.6 to 160-191.10
1203	. .	143-169
1204	. .	14-189
1206	. .	135-18.2
1207	1	62-26.6
	2, 3	62-26.9, 62-26.10
1208	. .	7-75
1211	. .	18-49.5
1215	. .	146-102
1220	. .	53-77.1
1223	. .	47-54 L.M.
1224	. .	20-125
1230	. .	55A-1 to 55A-89
1231	. .	115-117
1233	1-13½	106-549.1 to 106-549.14
1239	1-3	105-145
1243	1-24	20-285 to 20-308
1246	1-3	28-68.2
1248	. .	121-13
1252	. .	153-9, 160-22
1256	. .	115-53
1257	1, 2	114-10
	3	114-11.1
1259	. .	7A-100 L.M.
1261	. .	58-257.1 note
1263	. .	105-385
1264	. .	105-385
1265	. .	88-21
1266	1	90-171.1
	2	90-117.3
	3	90-117.7
1268	. .	57-12.1
1269	. .	105-342
1270	. .	69-25.11 to 69-25.13
1271	. .	105-65.1
1272	1	34-2.1
	2	34-14.1
	3	34-17
1273	. .	105-278
1274	1	122-13.1
	2	122-46.3 to 122-46.6
	3	122-67.1
1275	. .	20-124
1276	. .	159-42
1279	. .	53-164 to 53-173
1280	. .	58-210
1282	. .	20-279.32a
1283	. .	143-300.1
1285	. .	105-242
1286	. .	1-339.72
1287	1, 2	106-266.7, 106-266.8
1289	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1292	. .	115-192
1296	. .	20-281
1301	. .	9-4
1302	. .	9-25
1304	. .	9-25
1309	. .	140-9
1310	. .	68-23 note
1313	1	54-118.1, 54-118.2, 54-143, 54-143.1, 105-102.1, 105-125, 105-138, 105-142
	2	20-87, 20-90, 20-91, 105-116
	3	105-168 to 105-169.1, 105-187
	4	105-220
	5	105-228.5, 105-228.7
	6	18-81, 18-85, 18-85.1, 18-143 Repealed
	7	119-16.1
	8	147-15
1314	. .	147-32
1315	. .	105-53
1317	1	7-90 to 7-92 Repealed
	2	7-89
1323	. .	116-55.1
1326	. .	14-401.5 L.M.
1330	1-6	90-113.1 to 90-113.7
	8	90-81 to 90-85 Repealed
1331	1	105-147
	2	105-132

Ch.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
1332	. .	105-147
1333	1	67-30
	2	67-32
1334	1	160-226 to 160-227
	2	160-227.1
1335	. .	115-125
1337	1-5	1-539.3 to 1-539.7
	6	1-539.7 note
	7	1-539.8
1338	. .	160-200
1339	. .	20-81.2
1340	. .	156-97
1341	1	58-44.7
	1½	58-260.2
1342	. .	105-147
1343	1	105-147
	2	105-203
1344	. .	105-65.1
1345	1	1-568.11
	2	45-21.5
	3	7-129
	4	44-5.1
	5	47-41
	6	47-43.2
1346	. .	1-97
1349	. .	160-474
1350	1	105-269.2
	2	105-262
	3	18-89.1
	4	105-264
	5-7	105-241.2 to 105-241.4
	8, 9	105-256, 105-257
	10	105-275
	11	105-349.1
	12	105-453
	13	105-456
	14	105-163 Repealed
	15	105-267
	16	105-25
	17	105-122, 105-129
	18	105-134, 105-158, 105-160
	19	105-182 Repealed
	20	105-191, 105-196
	21	105-208, 105-209
	22	105-228.9
	23	105-241.1, 105-242, 105-253
	24	105-446
1353	1	105-195
1354	. .	97-61.5, 97-61.6
1355	. .	20-279.1, 20-279.5, 20-279.21
1356	. .	105-297
1358	. .	90-80.1
1359	. .	1-539.2
1360	. .	9-5
1361	. .	143-291
1363	. .	131-126.21
1364	. .	6-21
1365	. .	20-217
1366	. .	1-65 Transferred, 1-65.1 to 1-65.4
1370	. .	18-81
1371	1	15-1 to 55-24, 55-99 to 55-156, 55-165 to 55-175
	2	1-324.1 to 1-324.7, 1-507.1 to 1-507.11, 55-75 to 55-98, 55-157 to 55-164, 62-102.1 to 62-102.4
	3	1-502
	4	53-22

Ch.	Art.	Sec.	1955 General Statutes
1372	1	1-9	115-1 to 115-9
	2	1,2	115-10, 115-11
	3	1-4	115-12 to 115-15
	4	1, 2	115-16, 115-17
	5	1-35	115-18 to 115-52
	6	1-15	115-54 to 115-68
	7	1-5	115-69 to 115-73
	8	1-4	115-74 to 115-77
	9	1-13	115-78 to 115-90
	10	1-10	115-91 to 115-100
	11	1-8	115-101 to 115-108
	12	1-3	115-109 to 115-111
	13	1-4	115-112 to 114-115
	14	1-9	115-116 to 115-124
	14	10	115-122 note
	15	1-9	115-125 to 115-133
	16	1-8	115-134 to 115-141
	17	1-9	115-143 to 115-151
	18	1-9	115-152 to 115-160
	19	1-5	115-161 to 115-165
	20	1-10	115-166 to 115-175
	21	1-12	115-150 to 115-191
	22	1-5	115-193 to 115-197
	23	1-4	115-198 to 115-201
		5-7	115-203 to 115-205
	24	1-10	115-206 to 115-215
	25	1-13	115-216 to 115-228
	26	1-7	115-229 to 115-235
	27	1-4	115-236 to 115-239
	28	1-3	115-240 to 115-242
	29	1, 2	115-243, 115-224
	30	1, 10	115-245 to 115-254
	31	1-3	115-255 to 115-257
	32	1-3	115-258 to 115-260
1373	. .	. .	7-70
1374	. .	. .	115-13

SESSION LAWS OF 1956 EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	. .	115-274 to 115-295
4	. .	115-261 to 115-273
5	. .	115-166
7	1-3	115-176 to 115-178

SESSION LAWS OF 1957

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	58-6, 95-2, 106-11, 114-7, 147-35, 147-55, 147-65
2	. .	7-51
4	. .	135-23 L.M.
5	. .	120-33
8	. .	120-3.1
25	. .	7-70
38	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
46	. .	67-13
47	. .	14-335
53	. .	104-422
65	1	136-1
	2	136-4
	3	136-4.1, 136-4.2
	4	136.10
	5	136-14.1
	6-8	136-61 to 136-63
	9	114-4.2
	10	136-17.1
	11	14-128, 15-6.1, 20-96, 20-116, 20-130.1, 20-141, 20-150, 20-158, 20-158.1, 58-190, 120-13, 136-1.1, 136-11, 136-17, 136-18, 136-28, 136-41.1, 143-60, 143-134, 143-291, 156-88, 160-225
	12	136-6 to 136-9 Repealed
67	. .	58-191.1, 58-191.2
73	. .	14-399
80	. .	1-407 to
81	. .	1-407.2
86	. .	67-30
88	. .	108-5
90	. .	14-335
91	. .	48-5
95	. .	105-392
96	. .	97-2
98	. .	58-41
100	1	58-73, 108-3, 108-10, 108-11, 108-13, 108-14,
100	1	108-15, 108-19, 108-27,
	1	108-28, 108-33, 108-38, 108-46, 108-56, 108-57, 108-77, 108-79, 110-29 to 110-31, 110-33, 110-49, 110-55, 110-56, 120-13, 122-20, 122-72 to 122-74, 126-1, 126-14, 148-9
	2	108-12.1, 108-19, 108-46
		130-3 note
	4	122-72
102	9	118-1 L.M
111	2	118-1 L.M.
113	. .	14-410 L.M.
119	. .	163-78 L.M.
120	. .	153-10.1
133	. .	58-63
136	1	127-2
	2, 3	127-14, 127-15
	4	127-18
	5	127-21 Repealed
	6	127-31
	7-14	127-39 to 127-44
139	. .	20-218
141	. .	1-593
142	. .	1-130
145	. .	14-335
151	. .	14-401.5
152	. .	9-25
160	. .	105-429
165	. .	153-48.5
166	. .	14-401.5
170	1, 2	131-133, 131-134
175	. .	14-399
181	. .	100-8
182	1	163-12
	2	163-20
199	. .	34-13
202	. .	105-286
204	. .	1-600
213	. .	153-131

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
214	. .	20-141
215	2	129-1 to 129-12
	3	129-1 note
232	. .	7-120.10
233	. .	153-48.5
242	. .	160-29
246	1	20-79.1
	2	20-50
247	. .	153-9
248	. .	113-6
249	. .	1-65.1
250	1	14-67
	2	14-144
252	. .	162-7
260	. .	106-550
262	. .	115-35
263	1	106-280.2
	2	106-283
	3	106-284.1
266	1	153-77
	2	153-80
	3	153-9
269	1	58-7.1 to 58-7.3, 58-190, 95-4, 114-5, 114-13, 115-17, 116-53,
	1	131-132, 136-11, 143-2, 143-11.1, 143-137, 143-227, 143-334 to 143-345, 147-45, 147-58, 147-68
	2	143-1, 143-2, 143-3.1, 143-3.2, 143-4, 143-7, 143-11.1, 143-12, 143-19, 143-20, 143-28, 143-34.1, 143-35, 143-45
	3	143-48 to 143-61, 143-63 Repealed, 143-64, 143-64.1, 143-64.3, 143-129
287	1-4	163-28 to 163-28.3
288	. .	143-135 L.M.
291	. .	162-7
299	. .	58-39.4
301	. .	14-72.1
302	. .	69-25.11 L.M.
305	. .	7-231
309	. .	14-401.5
311	. .	143-300
312	. .	7-26
314	. .	47-50
317	. .	153-34 to 153-39 Repealed
319	. .	9-25
320	. .	28-39.1
325	. .	14-335
328	. .	162-7
330	1	121-2
	2	132-3
	3	153-15.4
332	. .	15-113
333	. .	7-70
334	. .	14-129.1
336	. .	7-39.15
338	. .	14-202
344	. .	163-175
346	. .	15-21
348	. .	14-197
349	1-3	148-1 to 148-3
	4	148-11
	5	148-26
	6	66-58
	7	136-11
	8, 9	136-17, 136-18
	10	15-10.1, 15-212, 15-214, 15-217, 65-4, 97-13, 131-88, 148-4, 148-6 to 148-8, 148-10, 148-19, 148-23, 148-27, 148-29, 148-30, 148-32, 148-33, 148-36, 148-37, 148-40, 148-41, 148-44, 148-59, 148-66, 148-67, 148-70
	11	148-34 Repealed, 148-35 Repealed, 148-38 Repealed, 148-39 Repealed, 148-70.1 to 148-70.7 Repealed, 148-85 to 148-88 Repealed
	12	148-3 note
350	1	53-77.1
	2	53-77.1 note
352	. .	153-9
353	. .	163-175 note
355	. .	14-401.5
356	. .	14-78.1
357	. .	7-64
358	. .	53-77.2
359	. .	110-22
360	. .	58-51.2
362	3	7-274
	4	7-285
	5	7-288
363	. .	110-22 note
365	. .	115-91

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
366	1, 2	7-103
369	. .	14-322
371	. .	164-11.1
373	. .	7-29.1
374	. .	81-14.9
375	. .	28-170.1
376	. .	153-10.1
386	. .	113-84
388	. .	153-9
389	. .	153-9
390	. .	147-58
391	. .	143-129
394	. .	50-12
398	. .	153-248
400	1, 2	1-209.1, 1-209.2
402	. .	20-64.2
407	. .	58-21
408	. .	135-23 L.M.
415	. .	153-9
416	1-15	153-251 to 153-265
	17	153-266
431	. .	47-17.1
435	. .	153-48.5
436	. .	153-9
440	. .	163-175
446	. .	160-29
454	. .	110-22 note
456	. .	153-9
464	. .	45-37 L.M.
469	. .	47-17.1
474	. .	14-335
478	1, 1½	20-190, 20-190.1
483	. .	9-25
488	1	20-125.1
	2	20-154
491	. .	28-68.2
492	. .	1-79
493	. .	20-116
496	. .	15-27.1
497	. .	8-47
498	. .	105-230
499	1	20-16
	2	20-19
500	1	47-71.1
	2	55-158
501	. .	14-299
502	1-3	160-456
	4	160-474
503	1, 2	152-7
504	. .	44-77
505	. .	45-21.42
506	1	51-8
	2	51-17
507	. .	53-43.1
508	. .	53-44.1
509	. .	55A-89.1
512	. .	14-335
513	. .	28-2.1
514	. .	41-10.1
515	. .	20-19
517	. .	136-96
520	. .	14-335
524	. .	77-14
526	. .	69-25.14
529	1	65-22
	2-5	65-25 to 65-28
	6	65-24
537	. .	105-374.1
539	. .	156-138.1
540	. .	148-33.1
541	1	138-4
	2	15-202
	3	53-96
	4	58-224
	5	96-3
	6	97-78
	7	108-3
	8	108-16
	9	113-11
	10	114-9.1
	11	115-11
	12	121-4
	13, 14	122-11.2, 122-11.3
	15	135-6
	16	143-35
	17	143-246
	18	159-3
	19	165-7
	20	166-4
	21	116-163
542	. .	90-97
545	. .	17-39.1
546	. .	58-131.5
547	. .	58-44.8
548	. .	58-44
550	1, 2	55-3, 55-3.1
	3	55-8
553	. .	1-98.2
562	. .	156-113
563	. .	1-109
564	. .	44-78
570	. .	153-9
576	. .	14-335
580	. .	153-48.5
582	. .	40-20
584	1	113-29.1
	2, 3	143-145.1, 143-145.2
	4	143-6
	5	147-39
	6	146-103 to 146-113
	7	143-146, 143-147
	9	113-29.1 note, 143-6 note, 143-145.1 note, 143-146 note, 143-147 note, 146-1 note, 146-103 note, 146-108 note, 147-39 note
585	1-3	66-73 to 66-75

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
587	1, 1A	31-24
	2	31-25
589	. .	163-175
592	1	90-22
	2, 3	90-29, 90-29.1
	4, 5	90-40, 90-40.1
	6	90-48
	7	90-41
594	. .	67-33
595	. .	20-218
597	. .	90-15.1
598	1	39-13.3
	2	52-4
	3	39-7
600	. .	115-168
601	. .	1-84
606	. .	14-335
617	. .	90-71
624	. .	9-4
635	. .	153-9
638	. .	152-1 L.M.
647	. .	163-175
673	1	20-190
	2	20-190.2
674	. .	111-14
678	. .	105-422
681	1	20-83
	2	20-88
682	1	20-88.1
	2	20-88.1 note
683	. .	115-125
684	. .	115-133
685	. .	115-53
686	1	115-39
	2	115-70
	3	115-136
687	. .	53-77.1
694	. .	113-38
695	. .	1-568.25
697	1	160-59
	2	160-59 note
714	. .	156-83 L.M.
718	. .	160-227.1
720	. .	9-4
721	. .	14-335
736	. .	14-335
737	. .	163-175
738	. .	106-516.1 L.M.
742	. .	113-111
744	1-10	93A-1 to 93A-10
751	1-4	115-160.1 to 115-160.4
752	. .	58-195.4
753	1	143-318
	2	143-323
	3	113-3
	4	113-8
754	. .	14-128
757	. .	152-5 L.M.
772	. .	106-408 L.M.
774	. .	153-9
776	. .	7-134
777	. .	149.2
778	1, 2	48-2, 48-3
	3-5	48-5 to 48-7
	6	48-11
	7	48-25
	8	48-27
	9	110-36
782	. .	15-107.1
783	1	31-47
	2	1-121
	3	12-1 Repealed
	4	47-42
	5	28-117
	6	59-82
	7	55A-15
784	1	163-15
	2	163-29
	3, 4	163-31, 163-31.1
	5	163-50
	6	163-173
787	. .	44-37.1
791	. .	66-10
792	. .	14-62.1
794	1, 2	83-1
794	3, 4	83-2, 83-3
	5, 6	83-5, 83-6
	7-11	83-8 to 83-12
	12	83-15
799	1, 2	160-255, 160-256
803	. .	143-135 L.M.
804	. .	14-335
809	. .	97-13
811	. .	7-274
813	1, 2	86-7, 86-8
	3	86-15
814	. .	7-70
815	. .	87-26
816	. .	18-127
817	. .	160-126
820	1	58-229.2
	2	58-241.5
	3	58-236
826	. .	163-1 L.M.
		163-104 L.M.
831	1, 2	143-346, 143-347
832	1-4	130-206 to 130-209
839	. .	143-166
840	. .	67-30
841	. .	113-84
842	. .	105-341
843	. .	115-150
844	. .	115-150.1
845	. .	69-7, 115-37
846	1	128-29
	2	135-7
	2½	143-166
848	. .	105-307
849	1	113-95

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
849	2	113-144
	3	113-95 note, 113-144 note
852	. .	135-14
854	. .	128-24
855	1-4	128-27
	5-8	135-5
	9	135-18.5
856	1, 2	160-378, 160-379
	3	160-391
859	. .	105-109
862	1-4	143-129
	5	143-131
	6	14-249
	7	143-129 note
863	1	160-425 to 160-434
	2	160-425 note
864	1	160-411.5
	2	160-411.5 note
866	. .	30-9
868	. .	153-9
869	1	131-126.38a
	2	131-126.40
886	. .	106-520 L.M.
896	. .	153-9
904	. .	106-371 L.M.
909	1	153-9
	2	153-9 note
912	1	156-81
	2	156-97.1
	3	156.100.1
915	. .	14-401.5
932	. .	47-17.1
933	2	7-134
935	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
936	. .	14-335
939	. .	14-269.1 L.M.
946	. .	68-23 note, 68-36 note
947	. .	153-9
948	. .	105-449.52
949	. .	105-102
950	1	166-4
	2, 3	166-8, 166-8.1
	4	166-9.1
	5	166-11
964	. .	160-227.1
978	. .	143-143.1
979	1, 2	47-20.2
	5	55-7
	6, 7	55-14
	8	55-138
	9, 10	55-142
	11	55A-7
	12, 13	55A-12
	14	55A-61
	15, 16	55A-65
	17	55-13
	18, 19	55-153
	20	55A-11
979	21, 22	55A-75
981	. .	26-5
982	. .	47-17.1
983	. .	130-52.1
984	. .	18-48
985	. .	106-419 to 106-423.1
986	. .	28-56.1
987	. .	57-3.1
988	1	105-296.1
	2	113-34
989	1	54-75
	2	54-88
	3, 4	54-91, 54-92
	5	54-102
	6, 7	54-105, 54-106
	8, 9	54-108, 54-109
992	. .	143-213
993	1-10	136-89.48 to 136-89.57
994	. .	133-1.1
995	1-5	104B-3 to 104B-7
996	. .	113-15.1
997	. .	20-6
998	. .	58-210
999	. .	44-52
1000	. .	115-245 to 115-254
1002	. .	136-18.2
1003	. .	127-23.1
1004	1	126-1
	2	143-35
	3	126-2
	4	126-14
	5	153-9
1005	. .	104B-2
1006	. .	18-45
1007	. .	113-105.1
1008	. .	58-211.2
1011	. .	109-11
1013	. .	164-10
1022	2	161-2
1033	. .	153-9
1036	. .	8-57
1037	. .	126-1
1038	1	20-129
	2	20-135.1
	3	20-123.1
1039	. .	55-46, 55-52, 55-59
1040	. .	115-133.1
1041	1	53A-6
	2	53A-10
	3	53A-15
	4	53A-7
	5	53A-9 note
1042	. .	110-22.1
1043	1	127-1
	2	127-3.1
1045	1	40-2
	2	60-146
1046	. .	56-5
1047	. .	58-63

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
1048	. .	18-109
1049	. .	116-23
1050	. .	116-23.1
1051	. .	116-25
1052	. .	103-3
1053	1-7	106-67.1 to 106-67.8
1054	. .	7-134
1056	. .	113-174.12
1057	1-4	68-42 to 68-46
1058	1-8	66-76 to 66-83
	10½,	
	10½	66-84
1059	1	96-4
	2-4	96-8
	5-11	96-9
	12, 13	96-12
	14	96-16
1060	1-3	89-4, 89-7
	4-6	89-8 to 89-10
1061	. .	147-45 note
1062	1	62-2
	2	62-4
1063	. .	136-55.1
1064	. .	105-41
1066	. .	115-116
1067	1-3	15-10.2 to 15-10.4
1068	. .	153-9
1069	. .	81-14.9 note
1082	. .	1-82
1083	. .	127-111
1084	1	47-2
	2	47-2 note
1085	1	57-7
	2	58-251.2
1086	. .	58-204.1
1087	. .	20-38
1088	. .	136-41.1
1091	. .	106-435
1098	1-15	116-47 to 116-61
	16	153-77
	17	116-62
1100	. .	115-120
1101	. .	115-37
1103	. .	115-183
1105	1-2½	116-21 to 116-22.1
1106	. .	54-33.1
1107	. .	108-30.1
1109	1 to	
	5-1	7-134.1 to 7-134.6
1119	. .	47-17.1
1123	. .	105-422
1126	. .	65-7 L.M.
1131	1-11	116-175 to 116-185
1137	. .	47-30 L.M.
1138	. .	143-136 to 143-143
1141	. .	7-51.1
1142	. .	116-45, 116-46, 116-63 to 116-104 Repealed
	2	116-45 note
1143	. .	7A-111 L.M.
1147	. .	7-70
1150	. .	20-38
1152	1	62-6
	2	62-16
	3	62-20
	4	62-26.4
	5	62-60
	6	62-121.33
	7	62-121.48
	8, 9	62-121.52
	10	62-121.62
	11	62-121.68
	12	62-149
	13	62-121.46
	14	62-121.1 to 62-121.4 Repealed
	15	62-26.16
	16	62-121.72
1155	. .	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M. 91-5 L.M.
	2	91-3 L.M.
1177	. .	20-165.1
1178	. .	52-12.2
1179	. .	55A-77, 55A-78
1180	. .	55-155, 55-156
1181	. .	136-41.1 L.M.
1182	. .	160-200
1183	. .	20-116
1184	1, 2	88-14, 88-15
	3	88-19
	4	88-25
1189	. .	7-70
1190	. .	20-116
1194	1	136-28
	2	136-28 note
1202	. .	104-11.1
1210	. .	63-53 L.M.
1214	1	72-46
	2	72-48.1
	3	72-49
1215	. .	20-88
1217	. .	97-29, 97-30, 97-38, 97-61.5, 97-61.6
1218	1-5	113-415 to 113-419
1219	. .	69-25.15
1220	. .	115-78
1221	. .	97-31
1224	. .	105-141
1225	. .	20-7
1226	. .	105-446.1
1227	. .	14-189.1
1229	1	52-12
	2	47-39
1231	. .	20-38
1232	1	122-3
	2, 3	122-6, 122-7
	4	122-10 Repealed
	5, 6	122-11.2, 122-11.3

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
1232	7	122-18 Repealed
	8	122-26 Repealed
	9	122-28
	10	122-29 Repealed
	12	122-33
	13	122-35.1
	14	122-36
	15	122-38
	16	122-43.1
	17, 18	122-46, 122-46.1
	19	122-51
	20	122-57
	21	122-62
	22	122-66.1
	23, 24	122-68, 122-68.1
	25	122-80
	26	122-85
	27	122-91
	28	35-30
	29	143-117
1233	1	101-3
	2	101-5
1235	1, 2	18-6, 18-6.1
	3	18-13
1236	. .	105-446
1237	. .	116-171 to 116-174
1239	1-3	163-208 to 163-210
1240	1	90-203
	2	90-204 to 90-210.1, 90-210.3 to 90-210.12, 90-210.14 to 90-210.16
	2½	90-210.2, 90-210.13
1241	1-3½	66-85 to 66-88
1242	. .	163-145
1243	1-3	106-65.23 to 106-65.25
	4-6	106-65.31 to 106-65.33
1244	. .	18-83.2
1246	. .	131-54
1247	1-10	130-210 to 130-219
1248	. .	28-160.1
1249	. .	14-250
1252	1-3	116-168 to 116-i70
1253	. .	105-414
1255	. .	20-176
1256	. .	105-48.1
1257	. .	122-46
1258	. .	35-32
1260	. .	52-12.3
1261	. .	51-6
1262	. .	105-392
1263	. .	163-91
1264	. .	163-151
1265	. .	153-189.1
1267	2	143-214
	3	143-215.3
1269	. .	106-415
1270	. .	47-95
1271	1, 2	115-116, 115-117
	3-5	115-119
	6, 7	115-122
	8	115-122.1, 115-122.2
1273	. .	108-30.2
1275	1	143-212 note
	2	143-215
1286	. .	153-9
1290	. .	47-17.1 L.M.
1294	. .	153-9
1306	. .	153-9
1324	2	8-59 L.M.
1335	. .	18-45
1339	. .	96-12
1340	1	105-4, 105-7, 105-9, 105-14, 105-20, 105-32 Repealed
	2	105-36.1, 105-37, 105-65.1, 105-72, 105-73 Repealed, 105-74, 105-82, 105-83, 105-102.1
	3	20-87, 105-116, 105-119, 105-122, 105-124, 105-125, 105-132 to 105-134, 105-136 Repealed, 105-138, 105-139, 105-141 to 105-141.2, 105-142, 105-142.1, 105-144, 105-144.2, 105-144.3, 105-145, 105-147, 105-149, 105-151, 105-152, 105-154, 105-155, 105-156.1
	5	105-164 Repealed, 105-164.1 to 105-164.44, 105-165 to 105-176 Repealed, 105-179 Repealed, 105-181 Repealed, 105-183 to 105-187 Repealed, 105-218 to 105-228 Repealed, 105-241
	6	105-188
	7	105-200 to 105-202, 105-212, 105-213
	8	105-147, 105-228.11 to 105-228.20
	9	105-73 Repealed, 105-203, 105-212, 105-228.22 to 105-228.27
	10	105-160 Repealed, 105-162 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
1340	10	105-237.1, 105-239.1, 105-240.1, 105-241.1 to 105-241.4, 105-242, 105-266.1, 105-267
	11	18-81
	12	105-228.5
	13	105-158, 105-208
	14	105-29, 105-158, 105-159, 105-191, 105-208, 105-228.2, 105-264, 105-266
1345	. .	14-249
1349	1-3	143-36 to 143-38
1350	. .	45-44
1351	. .	15-199
1352	. .	106-550
1353	. .	131-33.1
1355	. .	20-53
1357	1	130-1 to 130-52, 130-53 to 130-99, 130-101 to 130-103, 130-105 to 130-205
	2	115-143
	3	106-364
	4, 5	106-366, 106-367
	6	90-172
	7	90-173 to 90-178 Repealed
	8	105-375
	9	106-380
	10	51-11
	11	143-215.7
	12	143-280
	13	106-168.5
	14	115-143
	15	35-61
	16	35-40
	17	131-117
	18	131-126.10
	19	131-63
	20	111-3
1358	. .	20-141.3
1361	. .	58-213
1368	1, 2	20-140, 20-140.1
	2½	20-180
1369	1-4	115-206 to 115-299
1373	. .	153-54 Repealed
1374	1	139-4
	2, 3	139-6, 139-7
1375	. .	115-190.1
1377	1-5	93B-1 to 93B-5
1379	1-13½	106-549.15 to 106-549.28
1380	. .	7-114.1
1381	. .	106-284.9
1382	1-7	7-70
	9	7-70 note
	10-15	7-70
1383	. .	163-175
1384	. .	1-568.4
1385	. .	143-27.1
1386	. .	122-39
1389	1, 2	7-44, 7-45
1392	. .	118-18 note
1393	1-10	20-309 to 20-318
	11	58-248.8
	12	20-319
1394	. .	20-185
1395	1	112-18
	2	112-34
1396	1	97-7
	2, 3	97-31
	4	97-40.1
	5	97-24 note
	6	97-53
	7	97-57
	8	97-61.5
	9	97-86
1400	. .	147-45 note
1401	. .	147-69.1
1405	. .	164-13
1406	. .	20-28
1408	. .	135-14, 135-18.2
1410	1	156-97
1410	2, 3	156-131, 156-132
1412	. .	135-14
1414	1	105-340
	2-4	105-385
1416	. .	7-42
1417	. .	7-456
1420	. .	118-18 to 118-37
1423	. .	143-254 note
	1	113-91
	2	113-141
	3	113-91 note, 113-141 note
1424	1	113-3
	2	113-8
1425	. .	131-121.1
1426	. .	28-197.1
1427	1-4	153-267 to 153-270
	6	153-271
1428	. .	113-5
1429	1, 2	53-164, 53-165
	3, 4	53-168.1, 53-169
	5	53-170.1
	6	53-171.1, 53-171.2
	7, 8	53-172, 53-173
1430	. .	47-108.15
1431	. .	135-14.1
1432	. .	120-33
1433	. .	116-120
1434	. .	116-105
1437	. .	14-135
1439	. .	153-190.1
1440	. .	18-78
1441	1	7-296.1 to 7-296.17
	1-A	7-296.18

Ch.	Sec.	1957 General Statutes
1442	. .	101-2
1443	. .	53-122
1444	1, 2	36-53, 36-54
1447	. .	143-46
1448	. .	18-130.1
1449	. .	121-21
1453	. .	105-278
1455	8½	160-227.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1959

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	9-25
12	. .	164-11.5
13	. .	14-335
19	. .	20-38
21	. .	15-217
24	. .	143-171 to 143-177.1 Repealed
25	1	136-89.1 to 136-89.11h Repealed
	2	136-89.12 to 136-89.30 Repealed
35	. .	122-98
42	. .	116-45 note
47	. .	20-24
50	. .	148-12
52	. .	45-21.44
53	1	160-29
64	. .	153-9 note
68	1	121-2
	2	132-8
	3	129-5
72	. .	115-121
77	. .	1-183.1
81	. .	47-95
90	. .	47-18
91	1-9	106-284.14 to 106-284.22
95	. .	160-200
96	. .	14-335
102	. .	62-121.47
105	. .	163-175
109	. .	148-4
110	. .	24-2
124	1	60-84
	2	60-87
126	. .	148-33.1
127	. .	15-203
131	. .	105-345 note
137	1	143-188 Repealed
	2	143-178 to 143-182
	3	143-183
	4	143-186, 143-187
139	. .	106-372
140	. .	162-7
155	. .	105-449
156	. .	53-77.1
157	. .	53-42
158	. .	54-19
159	. .	54-23
160	. .	77-14
164	. .	113-145
166	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
170	1	14-346
	2	148-70
172	. .	14-249
174	. .	160-29
177	. .	130-93.1
178	. .	54-1
179	1	108-30
	2	108-59
180	. .	108-73.17
181	1	112-20
	2	112-20 note
182	1, 2	58-190, 58-191
183	. .	118-18 note
184	. .	7-134.5
185	. .	160-227.1
195	. .	14-391
196	. .	15-203.1
206	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
207	. .	113-104
209	. .	62-121.29
210	. .	47-115
211	. .	20-125 L.M.
212	1	158-16 to 158-23
	2	158-24
215	. .	147-45 note
217	. .	14-335
218	1, 2	127-11, 127-12
	2½	127-14
	3	127-13 Repealed, 127-17 Repealed
	4	127-19
	5	127-22
	6	127-24 Repealed, 127-26 Repealed, 127-28 Repealed
	7	127-25
	8	127-27
	9	127-29
	10	127-31
	11	127-32 Repealed
	12-16	127-33 to 127-37
	17, 18	127-78, 127-79
	19	127-82
	20	127-88

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
218	21	127-89 Repealed
	22, 23	127-90, 127-91
	24, 25	127-93, 127-94
	26, 27	127-97, 127-98
	28	127-99 Repealed
222	. .	112-1
227	. .	115-108.1
230	. .	105-429
231	. .	153-48.5
237	. .	7-134.5
238	. .	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M., 163-117 note
245	. .	113-38
247	. .	20-149
250	. .	153-2.1
251	. .	153-9
254	. .	7A-100 L.M.
266	. .	47-17.1
267	. .	14-335
270	. .	53-66
271	. .	15-80
272	. .	153-159
273	. .	53-93.1
274	1, 2	113-247
277	. .	1-145
279	. .	161-6
284	1	128-15.2
	2	166-6
	3	128-15.2 note
285	. .	128-39 note, 147-12
286	. .	58-79
287	. .	58-210
288	. .	156-76
289	. .	97-2
290	. .	153-9
291	. .	113-247
297	. .	114-11.1
299	. .	161-23 L.M.
300	. .	7-134.5
304	. .	113-95
309	1-16	106-568.18 to 106-568.33
310	. .	14-414 note
311	. .	106-567
312	. .	47-17.1
314	1-9	162B-5 to 162B-13
318	. .	159-7 note
320	. .	108-12
321	. .	157-3
324	. .	115-126
325	. .	162-7
326	1	116-154
	2-7	116-158
	8	116-160
327	1	153-9
	2	160-22
335	. .	7-134.5
337	1	166-1.1
	2, 3	166-3, 166-4
	4	166-6
337	5	166-8
	6	147-33.1 to 147-33.6
338	. .	51-6
340	. .	48-21
342	. .	7-70
344	. .	51-18.1
345	. .	7-134.5
348	1	122-1
	2	122-2
	3	122-3
	4	122-7
349	. .	162B-1 to 162B-4
350	. .	1-597
351	. .	51-10
352	. .	106-369
360	. .	7-80
362	1	96-6
	2-6	96-8
	7, 8	96-9
	9	96-10
	10, 11	96-11
	12-15	96-12
	16, 17	96-15
	18	96-16
	19, 20	96-18
363	. .	54-18.2
364	1	53-45
	2	36-1
365	. .	53-141
366	. .	54-21.2
367	. .	54-20
368	. .	105-242
369	. .	158-2
370	. .	20-185
371	. .	162-7
372	. .	152-5 L.M.
373	. .	105-422 note
376	1	153-9 note
	2	153-48.3 note
387	1	117-113
	2	117-16
	3	117-28
388	. .	153-9
390	. .	153-9, 160-22
391	. .	160-2
392	1	143-129
	2	143-132
394	. .	153-9
395	. .	160A-31 L.M.
399	. .	153-9
400	. .	62-10.2
403	. .	14-335
404	. .	41-2.1
405	. .	113-154.1
406	. .	143-131
408	. .	47-51
412	. .	7-70
415	1	130-156.1
	2	130-152.2
417	. .	162-7

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
420	. .	156-133
421	. .	127-102
422	. .	62-71
424	. .	15-200
427	. .	160-453
428	. .	14-401.5
431	. .	148-22.1
432	. .	115-74
434	1	160-176
	2	160-176 note
436	. .	115-19 note
444	. .	113-136 note
445	1, 2	105-74
	3-5	105-85
446	. .	143-216 note
453	. .	127-106.1
458	. .	1-175
464	. .	90-118
465	. .	7-54
467	3	152-5 L.M.
468	. .	8-72
469	. .	1-42
475	. .	95-85 to 95-96
477	. .	90-123
481	1-4	104C-1 to 104C-4
483	. .	84-2 L.M.
484	1, 2	58-201.1, 58-201.2
487	. .	160-281.1
489	. .	47-94
490	. .	135-5
491	1, 2	128-21
	3	128-22
	4	128-24
	5-8	128-27
	9	128-30
492	. .	130-79.1
494	. .	20-125
497	. .	153-48.5
500	. .	113-104
502	. .	160-227.1
511	. .	105-296
512	. .	39-13.4
513	1	135-1
	1½	135-4
	2, 3	135-5
	4	135-8
	5	135-27
514	. .	39-37 to 39-39
515	. .	20-28
521	. .	105-296
522	1	1-589
	2	8-59
523	1	143-216
	2	143-216 note
	3-5	143-218
	6	143-218.1
	7, 8	143-224, 143-225
524	. .	115-80.1 to 115-80.5
525	. .	153-77
531	. .	46-7.1 L.M.
535	. .	113-111
536	. .	113-111
538	1	135-14
	2	135-14 note
	3	135-182 Repealed
548	. .	47-17.1
553	. .	143-135 L.M.
555	1	14-69.1, 14-69.2
	2	14-273
557	. .	136-18
559	. .	20-116
560	. .	136-32.2
561	. .	48-21
570	. .	113-111
571	. .	20-88
573	1	115-5
	2	115-53
	3	115-55
	4	115-77
	5, 6	115-78
	7	115-85
	8	115-90
	9, 10	115-116, 115-117
	11	115-126
	12	115-147
	13	115-150
	14	115-150.1 to 115-150.3
	15	115-186
	16	115-201
	17, 18	115-252, 115-253
	19	115-10
574	. .	90-122
575	. .	14-335
576	1, 2	106-314, 106-315
	3-5	106-316.1 to 106-316.3
578	. .	2-36
585	1	106-281
	2	106-283
589	. .	47-17.1
590	3	19-6 L.M.
	4	19-8 L.M.
597	1	156-69
	2	156-70.1
	3	156-83
	4	156-93.1
599	. .	125-21 note
604	. .	163-175
608	. .	105-422
610	. .	163-175
613	1	53A-2
	2	53A-2 note
616	1	163-172
	2	163-182
617	. .	89-5
618	1	135-30, 135-31
	2	135-30 note
619	. .	130-171, 130-173, 130-176

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
620	1-3	135-5
621	2	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M.
622	1	130-211
	2	130-213
	3	130-220
623	. .	131-33.2 to 131-33.7
624	. .	135-5
625	. .	153-9
627	. .	143-135 L.M.
629	. .	95-17
630	. .	90-258, 90-261 to 90-263
631	. .	160-272
639	1	62-26.6
	2	62-18
	3	62-26.1
	4	62-26.3
	5	62-121.32
	6	62-121.67
	7	62-34
	8	62-79
	9	62-121.32
	10	62-121.67
	11	62-121.15
	12	62-30
	13	62-65
	14	62-121.47
640	. .	20-141
641	. .	157-3
646	. .	8-53.1
647	. .	136-89.58
654	. .	161-10 L.M.
655	. .	20-310.1
659	. .	153-9 note, 160-22 note
662	. .	28-170
664	. .	153-9
668	1	108-63.1
	2	105-63.1 note
670	. .	105-164.13
682	. .	105-294
683	1	146-1 to 146-83
	2-4	143-341
	5	153-9
	6	113-26 Repealed, 143-144 to 143-151 Repealed
684	. .	108-3
685	1	160-281.2
	2	160-281.2 note
687	1-4	136-66.1 to 136-66.4
	5	136-37 Repealed 136-41.1 Repealed
688	. .	6-21-1
691	1	7-134
693	1, 2	115-206, 115-207
695	. .	153-5
700	. .	153-9
704	1, 2	105-278, 105-279
704	3	105-287
	4	105-295
	5	153-9
	6	153-64.1
	7	105-278 note
705	1, 2	90-131, 90-132
	3	90-131 note
706	1, 2	106-50.3
	3-5	106-50.4
	6, 7	106-50.6
	8	106-50.11
	9	106-50.14
	10, 11	106-50.20
707	1	106-246
	2	106-248
	3, 4	106-253, 106-254
	5	106-267.1
712	. .	153-9
713	. .	160-452
715	. .	108-9
717	. .	156-120
724	. .	153-9
729	1, 2	7-70
732	. .	97-27
733	. .	14-197
742	. .	95-97 to 95-100
743	. .	1-287.1
744	. .	90-183.1
745	1	18-90.1
	2	18-78.1
746	1, 2	7-70
747	. .	9-25
749	. .	9-25
751	. .	7-70
752	. .	9-4
753	. .	9-25
756	. .	7-70
757	. .	14-335
758	. .	7-70
759	. .	118-7 L.M.
760	1, 2	7-70
761	1, 2	7-70
762	. .	7-134.5
763	. .	17-82
764	1	115-108.2
	2	115-108.1
767	. .	113-136 note
768	. .	55-67
769	. .	14-196.2
779	1	143-348 to 143-354
	2	143-317 to 143-328 Repealed
	3	113-3, 113-8.1 Repealed, 113-27 Repealed, 113-415 to 113-419 Repealed, 143-355
	4-7	143-356 to 143-359
	8	143-212 to 143-214, 143-215.1, 143-215.3

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
779	9	130-159, 130-161, 130-163, 130-165
	10	160-383
780	1	163-226 L.M.
781	1	139-1 note
	2, 3	139-2
	4-6	139-3 to 139-5
	7	139-8
	8	139-16 to 139-37
	9	139-16 note
	10	139-39 to 139-43
783	. .	47-17.1 L.M.
794	1, 2	2-53
795	1-4	28-68
796	1, 2	119-48, 119-49
	3	119-53
797	. .	47-108.5
799	1, 2	122-93
800	1, 2	44-49, 44-50
802	. .	130-22.1
804	. .	7-70
805	1, 2	69-25.1
	3, 4	69-25.3, 69-25.4
	5	69-25.11
806	. .	156-84
807	1, 2	156-73
810	. .	118-1 L.M.
823	. .	14-335
824	2	160-227.1
834	. .	160-227.1
845	1	7-70
	2	7-70 note
847	. .	163-151 L.M.
856	. .	7-70
558	. .	7-200.1
860	. .	153-9
862	. .	160-59
863	1	97-23
	2, 3	97-61.3, 97-61.4
	4	97-86
	5	97-99
865	1	87-27
	2	87-22.1
866	. .	55-3.1
872	. .	20-118
874	. .	7-64
877	. .	131-126.31
879	1	28-149 Repealed, 29-1 to 29-30, 52-16 Repealed
	2	1-47
	3	8-47
	4	11-10
	5	11-11 note
	6	28-2.1
	7	28-81
	8	28-170
	9	18-173
	10, 11	49-11, 49-12
	12	52-13
879	13	45-45
	14	28-150 to 28-152 Repealed, 30-4 to 30-8 Repealed, 30-10 to 30-14 Repealed, 46-15 Repealed
	15	29-1 note
880	1	30-1 to 30-3
	3	30-1 note
883	. .	163-115
886	. .	160-45
888	. .	163-175
907	. .	14-335
909	. .	20-217, 20-217.1
910	1	143-129
	1A, 1B	143-129 note
911	. .	58-63
912	. .	1-539.5
913	. .	20-180
915	1	115-6
	2	115-230
	3	115-86
917	1-12	143-236.2 to 143-236.13
919	. .	162-7
925	. .	7-70
927	. .	7-70
928	. .	66-84
930	. .	160-227.1
936	. .	165-6 L.M.
938	1-5	129-13 to 129-17
939	. .	120-3.1
940	. .	153-9
941	. .	82-1
942	1	152-5 L.M.
943	. .	118-7 L.M.
951	. .	152-5 L.M.
958	. .	7-134.5
965	. .	7-70
982	. .	152-5 L.M.
986	. .	130-57
987	. .	66-9
988	. .	113-257
989	. .	160-191.11
990	. .	20-124
991	. .	54-111, 54-111.1 Repealed, 54-116
994	. .	130-141
999	. .	152-5 L.M.
1001	. .	35-3
1002	1	122-1
	2	122-2
	3	122-3
	4-6	122-5 to 122-7
	7	122-11.2
	8, 9	122-11.3
	10	122-11.4
	11	122-14
	12	122-33
	13, 14	122-36, 122-37

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
1002	15	122-46
	16	122-46.2 Repealed
	17	122-46.5
	18, 19	122-57
	20, 21	122-63.1
	22	122-63.2
	23	122-68.1
	24	122-85.1
	25	122-87.1
1003	1-6	35-64 to 35-69
1004	. .	112-19
1006	1	153-266.10 to 153-266.22
	1½	153-266.22
1007	. .	153-266.1 to 153-266.9
1008	. .	122-1.2
1009	1-12	160-453.13 to 160-453.24
1010	1-12	160-453.1 to 160-453.12
1011	. .	103-4
1012	. .	135-1.1
1013	. .	55-44
1015	1	34-13
	2	36-1
1016	. .	115-146
1017	. .	45-180.1
1018	. .	14-401.5
1019	. .	35-40
1020	. .	135-20
1021	. .	106-266.21
1022	. .	46-108.11
1024	1	130-17
1025	1	136-19
	2	136-103 to 136-121
	3	136-103 note
1026	1	47-20.4
	2	47-20
1028	1	95-28, 122-1, 122-2, 122-3 to 122-5, 122-7, 122-15, 122-83, 131-121, 143-117
	2	95-28, 122-1, 122-2, 122-3, 122-7, 122-15, 122-83, 131-121, 143-117
	3	95-28, 122-1, 122-2, 122-3 to 122-5, 122-7, 131-121, 143-117, 147-45
	4	122-1, 122-2, 122-7, 122-94, 131-121, 143-117
	5	33-1, 33-7, 116-126 note, 122-3, 122-7, 143-117
1028	6	122-7, 143-117
	7	122-7, 143-117
1031	. .	153-9
1038	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1039	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1042	. .	76-13
1049	. .	152-5
1054	. .	163-145.1
1055	. .	163-140
1057	1	106-95.1
	2, 3	106-96
	4-8	106-99
	9	106-99.1
	10	106-104
1058	. .	50-18
1060	. .	105-458 to 105-462
1064	1-18½	75A-1 to 75A-19
1066	. .	20-84.2
1068	. .	14-407.1
1069	1	53-43.2
	2	53-44.2
1073	. .	14-269.1 L.M., 14-402 L.M., 14-409.1 L.M.
	1	14-269
	2	14-402 to 14-405, 14-409
	3	2-42 to 7A-109 L.M.
	4	7A-109 L.M.
1074	. .	131-126.40b
1076	. .	42-23
1078	. .	7-70
1079	. .	130A-55 L.M.
1083	. .	153-271
1085	. .	156-70.1
1089	. .	66-84
1100	. .	9-4
1105	2	152-5 L.M.
1120	. .	26-3.1
1121	. .	26-12
1122	. .	78-19
1123	1	52A-3
	2	52A-9
	3	52A-10.1
	4	52A-8.1
1124	1-3	108-14.01 to 108-14.03
1125	. .	77-14
1126	. .	54-41.1
1127	. .	136-19
1128	. .	136-19
1129	. .	20-119
1131	. .	105-144.4
1136	. .	28-173
1137	15	147-8 L.M.
	16	147-9 L.M.
	18	160A-31 L.M.
1151	. .	14-414 note
1155	. .	81-59 to 81-66 Repealed
1159	. .	39-32.1

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
1160	. .	28-184.1
1161	2	10-1
	3	59-40
	4	55A-2
	5	55A-7
	6	1-96
	7	101-2
1162	. .	121-5.1
1163	1, 2	1-116, 1-117
	3	2-42
	4	2-26
1164	. .	15-201
1165	. .	131-121
1166	1	33-68 to 33-77
	2	33-68 note
1168	1	7-68
	2	7-68 note
1169	. .	143-166 note
1170	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
1171	. .	106-390
1173	. .	14-399
1174	. .	54-152
1175	1	7-68
	2	7-68 note
1176	. .	106-564.3
1177	1-8	106-580 to 106-587
1179	. .	128-37.1
1181	1	128-29
	2	135-7
1183	. .	69-2
1184	. .	87-7
1185	. .	78-4
1186	1-3	106-502 to 106-503.1
	4	106-503 note
1188	. .	93-12
1189	1	130-124
	2	130-148
	3	130-124 note, 130-148 note
1190	. .	58-268
1191	. .	136-2
1192	. .	105-24
1194	1-3½	66-41 to 66-42.3
1196	. .	130-191.1
1197	. .	148-46.1
1203	1	163-12
	2	163-84.2
	3	163-92
	4, 5	163-119, 163-120
	6	163-123
	7	163-126
	5	163-167
	9	163-175
	10	163-193
1204	. .	160-181.2
1205	. .	105-80
1206	1	87-58
	2	87-52
1207	. .	150-9
1208	. .	64-3 to 64-5
1209	. .	20-125
1210	. .	15-155.1 L.M.
	1	15-155.1, 15-155.2
	2	108-76.1
	3	108-57
	4	15-155.3
	4½	108-76.2
	5	15-155.1 note, 108-57 note, 108-76.1 note, 108-76.2 note
1211	. .	105-228.5
1212	1	118-18 to 118-32
	2	118-18 note
1213	. .	153-9
1215	1	90-113.1 to 90-113.7
1216	. .	136-20
1222	. .	90-71
1233	1	126-1
	2	126-14
	2½	126-1 note
	4	126-1 note
1235	1	47-30
	2, 3	47-32, 47-32.1
	3A	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.1
	3.1	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.1
1236	1-3	89-14 to 89-16
1237	1	154-1, 154-2
	1A	154-3
	1.1	154-3
1239	1-3	108-76.3 to 108-76.5
1240	. .	7-51
1242	1-2	20-16
	3	20-16 note
1244	. .	47-27
1246	1-11	32-14 to 32-24
1247	. .	105-3
1248	. .	55-194.1
1250	1	153-9
	2	153-77
	3	160-402
1251	1	66-84
1252	1	20-317
	2	20-317 note
1253	1	81-74
	2	81-77
1254	. .	108-74.1
1255	1	108-11
	1½	108-11 note
1259	1	105-163.1 to 105-163.24

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
1259	1A	105-163.25 to 105-163.37
	2	105-137, 105-157
	2 (c)	105-161 note
	3	105-116 to 105-120, 105-122
	4	105-134, 105-138, 105-143, 105-144.1, 105-145, 105-147 to 105-149
	5	105-164.2 to 105-164.6, 105-164.11 to 105-164.13, 105-164.24, 105-164.27
	5(x)	105-164.36 note
	6	105-201, 105-202
	7	105-228.12
	8	105-143, 105-156, 105-236, 105-237.1, 105-241.1
	8A	105-258
	9	105-124 Repealed, 105-126 Repealed, 105-129, 105-158 Repealed, 105-161 Repealed, 105-164.35, 105-164.36 Repealed, 105-164.42 Repealed, 105-192 Repealed, 105-207 Repealed, 105-208 Repealed
	9B	105-44
	9C-9E	105-89
	9F	105-36.1
	9G	105-37
	10	105-194
1263	1	135-1
1264	1	20-139
	1.5	20-38
	2	20-71
	3	20-77
	3.5	20-79
	4	20-16.1
	5	20-96
	6	20-118
	7	20-127
	8	20-140
	9	20-134
	10	20-141
	11	20-38
	11A	20-19
1265	. .	114-4.3
1267	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
1268	. .	97-90
1271	1-13	90A-1 to 90A-13
1274	1	46-14
	2	46-14 note
1277	1	20-309
	2	20-311
	3	20-313
1281	. .	157-3
1282	1	84-28
	2	84-28 to 84-30, 84-32
	3	84-28 note
1284	. .	110-39
1285	. .	14-72
1286	. .	128-16
1287	. .	66-84
1288	. .	153-48.5
1291	. .	42-15.1
1292	. .	106-266.8
1294	. .	115-148
1295	. .	1-305
1297	. .	2-10
1298	1	14-62
	2	14-67
1300	. .	14-346.1
1301	. .	113-200 Repealed
1306	. .	52-12.2
1307	. .	97-90
1312	1	156-74
	2	156-138.2
1315	1	102-10
	2	102-12
	3	102-13, 102-14
1316	1	55-2
	1½	55-7
	2, 3	55-16
	4, 5	55-17
	6	55-22
	7	55-26
	5	55-29
	9	55-34
	10	55-40.1
	11, 12	55-44, 55-45
	13, 14	55-46
	15	55-48
	16	55-50
	17, 18	55-51
	19	55-52
	20	55-58
	21, 22	55-61
	23, 24	55-67, 55-68
	25	55-100
	26	55-125
	26½	55-130.1
	27	55-137
	28	55-12
	28½	55-164.1
	29	55-99
	30, 31	55-101
	32	55-103
	33	55-25
	34	55-27
	35	55-32
	36	55-69
	37	55-108.1

Ch.	Sec.	1959 General Statutes
1317	. .	153-9
1319	. .	62-1
1320	. .	20-185
1323	1	143-166.1 to 143-166.6
	2, 2½	143-166.1 note
1324	. .	97-10 Repealed, 97-10.1 to 97-10.3
1325	. .	153-6
1326	. .	129-5
1328	. .	143-134.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1961

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
7	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
11	. .	53-164 note
13	. .	7-92.2
19	. .	9-25
24	. .	120-30 Repealed
25	. .	42-27
26	1	28-47
	2	28-48
28	. .	153-266.22
29	. .	153-266.9
32	. .	139-40
34	. .	7-54
38	. .	164-11.6
39	1	14-72
	2	14-73
40	. .	153-10.1
50	. .	7-62
51	1	131-126.1
	2	108-3
	3	130-9
	4	130-11
52	. .	39-3 Repealed
54	. .	160-227.1
61	. .	153-266.22
66	1, 2	106-50.3
	3, 4	106-50.4
71	. .	136-69
72	. .	2-36
79	. .	47-50
80	. .	50-15
81	. .	1-315
82	. .	1-410
83	. .	29-12
84	1, 2	60-9
	3	60-11
89	. .	14-107
94	. .	14-120
99	. .	20-141
101	. .	153-5
102	. .	153-266.22
103	. .	160-181.2
108	. .	153-48.5
110	. .	1-86
111	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
113	. .	9-4
115	1	1-40
115	2	1-47
134	. .	7-70
138	1	131-119 Repealed
	2	108-73.19, 108-73.20
139	1	153-154, 153-166, 153-168, 153-175
	2	15-206
144	. .	7-70
145	. .	7-70
154	. .	153-8
156	. .	105-345 note
158	. .	143-360 to 143-369
164	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
168	. .	7-51
172	. .	153-40 note
180	. .	160-227.1
181	. .	15-167
184	. .	39-13.2
185	. .	164-11.6
186	. .	33-1.1, 35-37, 35-38, 35-39, 35-44, 48-9, 48-11, 48-15, 48-16, 48-28, 49-5, 51-2, 52A-11.1, 108-5, 108-11, 108-12, 108-13, 108-14, 108-14.01, 108-14.4, 108-30.1, 108-35, 108-37, 108-38, 108-64, 108-73.4, 108-73.5, 108-73.17, 108-76.3, 110-10, 110-31, 110-31.1, 115-165, 115-168, 115-170, 115-171, 116-118, 122-54, 122-67, 134-104, 148-47, 148-56, 153-174
188	. .	153-5 note
191	. .	153-9
192	1	127-2
	2	127-27
193	. .	153-9
197	1	113-4

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
197	2	113-5
198	. .	55-22
199	. .	47-30
200	1	157-3
	2	157-39.1
	3	157-39.5
	4	157-41
201	1	105-147
	2	105-147 note
208	. .	158-24
210	1	31A-1 to 31A-15
	2	28-10 to 28-12 Repealed, 52-19 to 52-21 Repealed
211	. .	45-3.1
212	. .	1-540.1
213	1	90-22
	2-4	90-22 note
214	. .	143-286
217	. .	7-70
223	1-6	14-113.1 to 14-113.6
228	. .	158-20 L.M., 158-24
231	. .	97-2
232	1	136-1
	2	136-4
	3	136-4.1
	4	136-4.3
	5	136-61
235	. .	97-2
237	. .	47-43.2
238	. .	130-210 note
240	. .	160-236
241	. .	48-2
242	. .	143-216
243	1	120-13 Repealed
	2, 3	143-168, 143-169
247	. .	40-2
252	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
255	1-3	58-201.1
	4-7	58-201.2
257	. .	116-20
260	. .	153-266.9
263	. .	58-79
265	. .	120-2
266	. .	153-9
267	. .	136-43.1
269	. .	160-196
270	. .	153-271
271	. .	14-401.5
275	1	106-408 L.M.
276	. .	20-319
279	. .	153-10
280	. .	7-70
282	. .	44-2
283	. .	9-4
290	. .	153-9
291	. .	53-45
292	. .	33-42.1
293	. .	153-77
294	. .	158-1
295	. .	1-211
296	. .	153-48.5
301	. .	153-9
303	. .	165-27 L.M.
305	2	152-5 L.M.
307	. .	20-26
308	. .	160-2
309	. .	160-200
310	. .	143-49
311	. .	113-84
312	. .	113-143
315	. .	143-355
316	1	30-15
	2	30-17
328	. .	161-10.1
329	. .	113-152
330	. .	113-247
334	. .	20-51
339	. .	158-24
341	1	47-115.1
	2	2-16
	3, 4	2-42
342	. .	20-190
350	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
352	1-9	113-81.4 to 113-81.12
	11	113-81.13
353	1	90-179
	2	90-179.1
	3	90-180
	4, 5	90-182, 90-183
	6	90-183.2
	7	90-184
	8	90-184.1 to 90-184.4
	9, 10	90-186, 90-187
354	. .	20-141.3
355	. .	7-70
356	. .	45-45.1
357	. .	113-257
360	1	20-50
	2	20-57
	3	20-61
	4, 5	20-63, 20-64
	6	20-65
	7	20-68
	8-10	20-72 to 20-74
	11	20-76
	12, 13	20-77
	14, 15	20-78, 20-79
	16, 17	20-80, 20-81
	18	20-81.1
	19	20-55
	20	20-111
	21	20-79.2
361	. .	129-26 to 129-30
362	. .	28-170
363	. .	1-394
367	. .	51-3
377	. .	2-52
378	. .	55-79

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
380	. .	105-324
381	. .	163-43
382	. .	163-31
383	. .	163-140
384	. .	48-21
385	. .	129-18 to 129-25
389	. .	7-134.6
390	1	153-266.9
	2	153-266.22
394	1, 2	14-390, 14-390.1
395	. .	115-126
396	1	34-2
	2	34-10
	3	34-14
397	. .	128-29, 135-7, 143-166
398	1	160-183
401	. .	2-27
407	1	75-5
408	. .	113-146 note
414	. .	153-266.18
418	. .	28-118.1
420	. .	148-331
425	. .	160-227.1
426	. .	154-3
430	. .	153-142.9
431	1	90-158.14
	2	90-171.3, 90-171.5
432	. .	55-251.1
433	. .	139-40
435	. .	39-6.3
446	1	90-26
	2	90-29
446	3, 4	90-29.1
	5	90-29.2
	6	90-31
	7	90-35
	8	90-39
451	. .	163-175
452	. .	153-10
453	. .	15-25.1
454	1-3	96-6
	4-15	96-8
	16	96-11
	17, 18	96-12
	19	96-13
	20	96-14
	21	96-15
455	. .	1-153
456	. .	1-578
457	. .	65-13
460	1-2(a)	20-16
	4	20-16 note
462	. .	1-478
464	. .	14-335
467	1	153-48.5
468	. .	160-453.24
469	1	75A-5
	2	75A-5.1
	3	75A-5.1 note
472	1	62-26.4
	2-4	62-26.16
	5	62-121.18
	6, 7	62-121.26
	8	62-121.34
	9	62-121.48
	10	62-121.67
	11	62-121.72
474	. .	115-187
477	. .	33-71
480	. .	105-446
481	. .	143-189 Repealed, 143-190 Repealed
483	. .	10-14
484	. .	163-1 L.M., 163-104 L.M.
486	. .	136-82.1
487	. .	163-84
490	. .	7-70
492	1	153-48.5
	2	153-9
493	. .	116-23.1
495	1	9-4
497	. .	68-15 note, 68-23 note
499	. .	7-134.6
503	. .	143-135 L.M.
505	1-5	20-215.1 to 20-215.5
506	. .	1-109 L.M.
507	. .	77-14
511	1	122-24
	2	122-43
	3, 4	122-46
	5	122-46.1
	6	122-46.3
	7	122-51
	8	122-57
	9	122-62
	10	122-66 Repealed
	11	122-67
	12	122-91
512	1	122-62.1
	2	35-35.3
513	. .	122-1.2
514	1	153-272 to 153-275
515	1	128-24
	2	128-27
	3, 4	128-28
	5	128-21
	6, 7	128-27
516	1, 2	135-3
	3	135-4
	4	135-5
	5	135-27
	6	135-28
	7	135-18.1
	8	135-29
	9	135-3.1 Repealed, 135-3.2 Repealed
518	. .	14-401.10

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
519	. .	28-53
523	. .	118-7 L.M.
533	. .	108-49
534	1	47-30.1
	2	47-30.1 note
535	1	47-32.1, 47-32.2
	2	47-32.1 note
536	. .	143-36
537	. .	45-21.43
539	. .	160-227.1
542	. .	105-422
543	. .	14-335
544	. .	14-401.5 L.M.
545	. .	14-335
546	. .	14-335
547	1	105-273
	2	53-92
	3	140-1 note
548	1, 1¾	160-181.2
551	. .	153-266.22
553	. .	153-266.22
554	. .	153-266.9
560	. .	158-20 L.M., 158-24
562	. .	9-4
563	. .	116-46.1
569	. .	161-10 L.M.
572	. .	152-5 L.M.
574	. .	45-46 to 45-66
575	. .	28-170
577	1	86-3
	2	86-12
	3	86-17
	4	86-20
	5	86-25
578	. .	7-134.6
579	. .	68-15 note, 68-23 note, 68-36 note
581	. .	153-9
582	. .	153-9
584	. .	153-9
586	. .	153-266.22
589	. .	53-164 note
590	. .	9-25
592	. .	7-70
593	. .	7-70
594	. .	14-286
595	. .	7-92.2
596	. .	153-266.9
598	. .	153-266.22
601	1	156-97
	2	156-98
	3	156-97.1
602	. .	95-88
603	. .	58-254.3
604	. .	45-21.38
609	. .	47-30 L.M.
613	. .	7A-111 L.M.
614	1	156-93.2 to 156-93.7
614	2	156-82.1
	3	156-13.3
	4	156-59
	5	156-69
	6	156-61
	7	156-71
	8	156-93.1
	9	156-69
	10	156-78.1
	11	156-118 to 156-120 Repealed, 156-124.1 Repealed
625	. .	143-35
626	. .	128-29.1, 135-7.2
627	. .	7-70
628	. .	1-217.2
631	. .	153-9
632	. .	14-335
635	. .	63-33 L.M.
638	. .	153-266.22
640	. .	20-279.21
641	. .	84-17
642	1	20-4.1 to 20-4.12
	4	20-83
643	. .	28-56.2
644	. .	75A-3
645	. .	18-39.1 to 18-39.4
646	. .	55-254.6
650	. .	143-284
652	. .	95-86
653	. .	14-89.1
655	1	160-453.11
	2	160-453.23
656	. .	153-9
659	. .	67-13
660	. .	47-30
661	. .	1-107.2
662	. .	156-61
663	1	153-111
	2	160-398
666	1	111-15
	2	111-30 to 111-33
	3	111-17
667	1	130-152
	2	130-156
	3½	130-152 note
668	. .	105-446
669	. .	130-128
676	. .	6-52
683	. .	158-24
685	. .	20-88
687	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
690	. .	160-227.1
691	. .	153-9
692	. .	153-48.5
693	. .	153-9

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
695	. .	105-422
698	. .	7-70
700	. .	9-25
701	. .	158-20 L.M., 158-24
702	. .	7-70
705	. .	153-9
709	. .	7-70
711	. .	153-10.1
713	. .	153-48.5
719	. .	106-549.29 to 106-549.48
722	2	158-8 to 158-15
	3	153-276 to 153-283
	5	153-283 note, 158-15 note
724	. .	121-13.1
730	1-4½	7-68
	5	7-40
	6	7-68 note
731	. .	140-1 to 140-5.1
732	. .	130-148
733	. .	10-9
734	. .	10-13
735	. .	28-56.3
736	. .	7-134.6
737	1	143-241
	1½	143-240
738	1, 2	147-15, 147-15.1
739	. .	8-34
740	1, 2	8-6, 8-7
741	1	28-47
	2	28-49
	3	28-113
742	. .	28-112
743	. .	153-267.1
745	. .	113-247
746	1	139-3.1
	2	139-4
	3, 4	139-17, 139-18
	5	139-19.1
749	1-9	30-15 to 30-23
	10, 11	30-26, 30-27
	12, 13	30-29, 30-30
750	. .	130A-356 L.M.
751	1	122-7
	2	122-7 note
753	. .	130-95
756	. .	90-187
760	. .	84-34
763	. .	153-9
766	. .	122-19.1
770	. .	7-70
772	. .	143-59
777	. .	153-9
779	1	135-5
	2	135-4
782	. .	66-49.1 to 66-49.8
783	. .	105-228.5
787	. .	160-453.24
789	. .	47-17.1
791	. .	106-254
793	. .	20-183
794	1	139-24 L.M., 139-41 L.M.
	1½	139-41 L.M.
795	1-30	153-295 to 153-324
803	. .	153-10.1
806	1	153-10.1
809	. .	153-9
811	. .	153-9
815	. .	14-414 note
816	. .	153-9
817	. .	20-51
823	. .	58-42.1
826	1	18-85
	2	105-164.4, 105-164.5, 105-164.5a, 105-164.6, 105-164.10, 105-164.11, 105-164.13, 105-164.14, 105-164.27 Repealed
	3	105-164.4 note
828	. .	7-70
830	. .	7-70
833	2.1	148-3 note
	2.2	147-69.1
	5 to 6.1	138-5 to 138-7
	6.2	20-185
	13	97-100
	14	130-11
	15	115-175.1
	16	115-188
	16.1	116-143
	17	113-54
	23.1	143-46
834	1	113-95
	2	113-143.1
	3	113-144
	4, 5	113-145
	6	113-146
	7	113-95 note
835	1	20-38
	2, 3	20-52
	4	20-52.1
	5	20-57
	6	20-58 to 20-58.10
	7	20-68
	8	20-72
	9, 10	20-75, 20-76
	11	20-85
	12	47-20.2

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
837	1	160-455.1
	2-4	160-456
	5	160-462
	6	160-456
	7	160-462
	8	160-463
	9	160-464
	10	160-466
844	. .	7-89
847	. .	7-70
849	. .	7-70
853	. .	7-70
857	. .	160-227.1
861	1	20-42
	2	20-63
	4	20-42 note, 20-63 note
862	. .	130-52.2
864	. .	163-103
865	. .	130-128
866	. .	130-156.2
873	. .	7-70
875	. .	106-549.49 to 106-549.69
877	. .	160-227.1
879	. .	20-114.1
883	. .	130A-56 L.M.
884	. .	153-9
885	. .	105-422
889	. .	120-3.1
890	. .	15-176.1
893	. .	105-141
894	1	115-80
894	2	115-116
897	. .	14-329
899	. .	160-227.1
905	. .	147-8 L.M.
913	. .	160-227.1
927	. .	14-335
932	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
933	. .	7-70
934	. .	7-70
937	. .	9-25
942	. .	160-227.1
948	1	153-9
	2	153-9 note
951	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
953	. .	105-296
954	. .	53-43
956	. .	18-39
957	1	7-3
	2	7-42
958	1	29-2
	2	29-10
	3	29-27
	4-8	29-30
959	1	30-1
	2	30-2
	3	30-3
960	. .	2-42
961	. .	119-26
962	. .	58-250.1
963	. .	143-52.1
964	1-7	36-55 to 36-61
965	1, 2	105-64, 105-64.1
966	. .	148-33
967	. .	108-30.1
968	. .	116-125.1 to 116-125.5
969	. .	115-11
970	. .	115-316 to 115-320
972	. .	44-43
973	. .	33-49.1
975	. .	20-71.1
976	. .	100-8
977	. .	153-266.9
978	. .	153-266.22
980	. .	118-18, 118-22, 118-25
981	. .	143-283.1 to 143-283.10
982	. .	160-204
984	. .	7-44
985	. .	47-30.1
987	. .	157-4
988	1	131-93.1
	2	131-115
989	. .	1-109
991	. .	128-16
992	1	147-11.1
	3	147-11.1 note
997	1-17	87-65 to 87-81
	18½, 18¾	87-82
998	. .	108-50
1000	. .	15-200.2
1001	1	153-284 to 153-294
	2	153-77
1004	. .	113-174.7
1006	1	58-248.2
	2	55-248.8
1007	. .	147-17
1010	. .	93-12
1011	. .	158-24
1019	1	115-116
	2	115-118
1021	. .	14-129
1031	. .	14-414 note
1032	. .	105-37.1 L.M.
1036	. .	153-9
1037	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1041	. .	132-8.1, 132-8.2
1042	. .	127-113

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
1044	1-7	58-262.1 to 58-262.7
1045	. .	153-9
1052	. .	7-70
1053	1	53-164 to 53-191
	3, 4	53-164 note
1054	1-5	14-373 to 14-377
	6	14-379
	7	14-373 note
1056	. .	113-84
1059	. .	158-24
1066	. .	33-42.1
1067	. .	20-106.1
1068	. .	121-2.1
1069	. .	15-26
1070	. .	95-17
1071	. .	55-254.8
1072	. .	119-48 to 119-53
1074	. .	160-249
1075	. .	84-28
1076	. .	20-135.2
1077	1-9	115-306 to 115-314
	11	115-315
1078	1-12	116-41.1 to 116-41.12
1080	1	105-74
	2	105-85
	3	105-74
	4	105-85
1081	. .	160-453.12
1082	. .	153-9
1083	. .	153-9
	1-4	136-103 to 136-106
1084	5	136-109
	6	136-111
	7	136-115
	8	136-118
1085	. .	115-157
1093	. .	105-144
1099	. .	116-53
1101	. .	1-538.1
1102	1-3	143-300.1
	4	115-53
1103	. .	105-164.13
1106	. .	159-42
1108	. .	143-178
1121	. .	9-4
1122	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
1126	. .	153-9
1135	. .	153-48.5
1138	. .	9-4
1142	. .	24-8
1143	1-6	140A-1 to 140A-6
1146	1-6	115-300 to 115-305
1147	. .	20-141
1148	. .	105-147
1149	. .	57-1, 57-3, 57-5, 57-6, 57-7, 57-8, 57-11, 57-12, 57-12.1, 57-16, 57-18, 57-19, 57-20, 58-41, 58-257
1150	1	55-53.1
	2	58-53.3
1151	. .	120-43
1152	. .	140-11 to 140-15
1153	. .	75-3 Repealed
1155	. .	130-128
1156	. .	14-346.2
1157	. .	147-11
1161	. .	125-2
1163	. .	105-164.13
1165	. .	87-43
1167	. .	47-17.1
1168	. .	160-226.3
1169	6-7½	105-294.1 to 105-294.3
	8	105-281, 105-297
	8½	105-297
1172	1	20-38
	1a	20-87
1173	1, 2,	122-1.1
	3	122-1.1 note
	4	122-1.1
1174	. .	47-117 to 47-120
1175	1-11	115-245 to 115-254.1
1176	. .	120-33
1177	. .	120-33
1180	1-4	143-370 to 143-373
1181	1	143-8
	2	143-19
	3	143-31
	4	143-34.1
1182	. .	113-104
1184	. .	1-539.7
1185	. .	15-200
1186	. .	122-50
1187	1	54-87
	2	54-103
1188	. .	14-118.1
1189	1	113-136.1
	2	113-140.1
	3	113-174.10
	4	113-174.15
	4½	113-207
	5, 6	113-211
	7, 8	113-213, 113-214
	9	113-377.01
	10	113-136 note
1191	. .	1-105
1192	. .	116-186
1193	. .	14-189.2
1194	. .	143-3.2
1195	. .	14-250
1197	1, 2	106-549.70, 106-549.71

Ch.	Sec.	1961 General Statutes
1198	. .	156-59, 156-74, 156-76, 156-83
1199	. .	115-86
1200	. .	97-7
1202	. .	1-107.2
1203	. .	105-55
1207	. .	7-70
1213	1	105-164.3
	2	105-164.5
	3	105-164.5a Repealed
1214	. .	113-15.1
1217	. .	160-181.2
1218	. .	105-101
1221	. .	87-82
1224	. .	113-84 note
1226	. .	143-129

SESSION LAWS OF 1963

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1-4	129-17.1 to 129-17.4
	5	143-341
	6	143-336
	7	129-17.5
8	. .	129-12.1
20	. .	15-200.2
30	1	153-48.5
	2	153-48.5 note
38	. .	14-335
39	. .	14-197
41	. .	145-3
47	. .	143-129 L.M.
52	. .	143-363
54	. .	15-199
56	. .	118-7 L.M.
57	. .	160-227.1
61	. .	67-29
66	. .	131-126.3
71	1, 2	47-30
	3	47-32
73	. .	14-107
89	. .	113-247
109	. .	139-24 L.M., 139-41 L.M.
110	. .	108-84
111	. .	35-29.1 to 35-29.4
112	1-6	35-29.5 to 35-29.10
113	1-6	35-29.11 to 35-29.16
115	. .	15-107.1
119	. .	18-130
123	. .	14-197
128	. .	7-92.3
129	. .	127-6 Repealed
130	. .	105-213 L.M.
132	. .	105-386
134	. .	20-141
136	. .	108-35
138	. .	108-16 Repealed
139	. .	105-11
140	. .	136-102.1
142	. .	156-93.1 L.M.
144	. .	143-166
145	. .	20-51
147	. .	113-109
151	. .	63-33 L.M.
154	. .	163-175
155	. .	139-41 L.M.
156	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
157	. .	158-16 L.M., 158-20 L.M.
	2	158-24
159	. .	20-118
160	. .	20-6
167	. .	163-175
168	. .	28-47.1
169	. .	105-164. 14
170	. .	113-136.2
172	. .	143-131
179	. .	87-82
180	. .	47-30
181	. .	153-9, 153-48.5
191	. .	161-6
193	. .	45-42
194	. .	160-474.1
200	. .	8-53.1
201	. .	9-19
202	. .	113-247
203	. .	47-54
204	. .	161-4
205	. .	66-84
206	. .	101-4
208	1, 2	153-48.5
210	1	121-7
	2	121-8.1 to 121-8.3
	3	143-31.2
213	. .	120-22
215	. .	153-5
217	. .	153-5
236	. .	47-30, 47-32, 47-32.2
241	. .	45-18
242	. .	25-79
243	1, 2	36-27
244	. .	95-101 to 95-104
245	. .	119-23
247	1, 2	108-11
248	1	108-38
250	. .	87-82
253	. .	115-133
254	. .	130-184.1

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
260	. .	14-346.1
265	1, 2	18-124
	3, 4	18-127, 18-127.1
266	. .	67-13
272	. .	87-82
275	. .	153-266.22
282	. .	14-335
288	. .	20-135.2
289	. .	143-132
290	. .	153-9
291	1	28-81
	2	46-3
294	1	105-33 note
	2	105-77 note
	3	105-33
	4	105-77
	5	105-109
	6, 7	105-112, 105-113
	8	105-250.1
	10	105-33 note, 105-77 note
298	. .	130-120.5 to 130-120.7
302	. .	1O5-286
303	1	163-12.1, 163-14.1 to 163-14.3, 163.15, 163-20.1, 163-29, 163-31.1, 163-31.2, 163-43.1, 163-49.1, 163-50, 163-79.1, 163-84.1, 163-115.1, 163-126.1, 163-163.1, 163-172, 163-173, 163-182
	2	163-31
312	1-3	113-54 to 113-56
	4-6	113-58 to 113-60
313	1	95-10 Repealed
	2	95-3
314	. .	153-9
317	1-3	100-17 to 100-19
318	. .	20-141.3
325	. .	131-117
326	. .	122-105
331	. .	14-335
330	. .	152-1 L.M.
337	. .	67-27
341	. .	14-335
351	. .	153-5
352	. .	54-21.3
353	. .	54-29
354	. .	14-30.1
355	. .	114-4.4
356	1	20-116
	2	20-123
358	. .	152-1 L.M.
359	. .	130-13
361	1	47-30
	2	47-32
	3	47-32.2
365	1, 2	131-121, 131-121.1
370	. .	9-4
372	. .	153-40
376	. .	163-175
377	. .	45-21.27
380	. .	108-76.6
381	. .	113-104
383	. .	7-122
384	1	116-149
	2	116-151
389	. .	163-175
390	. .	163-175
392	. .	108-1
393	1, 2	53A-6
	3	53A-6 note
	3½	53A-9
394	1-4	14-423 to 14-426
396	. .	75A-6
397	. .	130-169.1 to 130-169.6
401	. .	139-41 L.M.
402	. .	97-85
403	. .	47-30
405	1	113-142.2
	2	113-142.6
	3	113-142.7
406	1	160-280 Repealed
	2-7	143-128
408	. .	7-64
410	. .	14-335
412	. .	47-53.1
414	. .	105-279
421	. .	116-45, 116-175, 116-186
422	. .	116-45, 116-45.1, 116-175, 116-186
423	. .	143-31.1
424	1, 2	97-31
425	. .	115-35
426	1, 2	18-39.1, 18-39.2
	3	18-75
	4, 5	18-78
	6	18-78.1
	7-9	18-105 to 18-107
	10	18-109
	11	18-113
	12	18-129 to 18-142, 18-144 Repealed
	13	18-146
429	. .	51-18
435	. .	20-38
436	. .	97-17
440	. .	152-5 L.M.
442	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
443	. .	158-24
448	1, 2	116-2, 116-2.1
	3	116-3.1 Repealed
	4, 5	116-15, 116-16
	6	116-27

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
448	7	116-28 Repealed 116-29 Repealed
	8	116-30, 116-31
	9	116-32
	10	116-33 Repealed
	11-13	116-34 to 116-36
	14	116-38
	15	116-39 to 116-41 Repealed
	16	116-41.1
	17	131-122 Repealed
	18	116-4
	19	116-8
	20	116-6, 116-8
	20.1	116-175
	21	116-45
	22	116-45.2
	23	115A-1 to 115A-38
	24	115-1, 115-6, 115-11, 115-86, 115-199, 115-229, 115-230, 115-232, 115-234
	25	116-48
	26	116-161
	27	115-11, 115-258 to 115-260 Repealed
	27.1	116-143
	28	115-321 to 115-348, 116-105 to 116-119 transferred to 115-321 to 115-335, 116-120 transferred to 115-336, 116-121 to 116-124 Repealed, 116-124.1 transferred to 115-342, 116-125 transferred to 115-343, 116-125.1 to 116-125.5 transferred to 115-337 to 115-341, 116-138 to 116-142 transferred to 115-344 to 115-348
	29	116-126 to 116-137 transferred to 122-99 to 122-110, 116-142.1 to 116-142.10 trans- ferred to 122-111 to 122-120, 122-99 to 122-120
	30	115-236 to 115-239 transferred to 115A-39
448	30	to 115A-42, 115A-39 to 115A-42
	31	115-1 note
	32	116-1 note
449	. .	28-83
450	1	97-10.2
	2	97-36
	3	97-40.1
	4	97-44
	5	97-61.2
451	1	122-3
	2	122-45
452	. .	113-210.2
456	. .	20-141
457	1-8	163-54 to 163-61
	9	163-64
	10	163-67
	11	163-69.1
	12-15	163-71 to 163-74
	16	163-77.1
458	. .	106-9.2 to 106-9.6
460	1	18-109
	2	18-99
	3	18-81
461	. .	87-82
462	. .	58-189
463	. .	162-7
466	. .	161-10.1
468	1, 2	1-212, 1-213
	3	1-539.5
469	1, 2	148-33.1
470	. .	75A-5
471	. .	153-298
487	. .	7-247
488	. .	14-346.2
489	. .	106-390
490	. .	7-50
491	. .	1-105
492	1	130-46
	2	130-49
	3	130-47
	4	130-46, 130-47, 130-49, 130-50, 130-52, 130-64, 130-69, 130-197, 130-200
	5, 6	130-3
	7	130-76
	8	130-69
493	. .	131-121
499	. .	97-94
501	. .	20-88
504	. .	158-24
505	. .	153-176.1
506	. .	153-20 L.M., 158-24
507	. .	116-45
512	1	130-151.1
	2	130-151.1 note
515	. .	105-312
519	. .	160-181.2

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
520	. .	136-18
523	2	160-29
524	. .	20-125.1
525	. .	136-28
529	. .	153-266.22
535	. .	108-73.11
536	. .	130-221 to 130-226
537	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
540	1, 2	50-10
542	. .	143-205 to 143.210.1
544	. .	44-66
545	1, 2	87-82
547	. .	14-107
548	. .	105-405 Repealed
551	1, 2	108-73
552	1	20-50
	2	20-57
	3, 4	20-72
	5	20-75
	6	20-63
	7	20-66.1
	8	20-79.1
553	1	97-53
	2	97-58
554	. .	113-223
557	1	87-82
558	. .	153-48.5
559	. .	20-169
562	. .	153-9
563	. .	139-7
567	. .	163-175
569	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
574	. .	152-5 L.M.
580	. .	153-45.5
582	. .	115-153.1
594	. .	160-227.1
597	. .	87-82
599	1	108-73.21 to 108-73.23
	2	108-73
	3	108-73.13 to 105-73.15, 108-73.17 to 108-73.19
600	. .	90-271 to 90-275
601	1, 2	105-102.1
	3	105-125
603	. .	14-128.1
604	1, 2	97-29, 97-30
	3	97-38
	4, 5	97-40, 97-41
	6, 7	97-61.5, 97-61.6
607	1-3	143-204.5 to 143-204.7
610	1, 2	20-116
	3-5	20-118
612	1, 2	143-286, 143-286.1
	3, 4	143-290, 143-290.1
613	. .	158-24
625	. .	105-292
626	. .	14-335
629	. .	14-414 note
631	. .	110-29
632	1	15-197
	2	15-199
	3	15-200.1
633	. .	110-31
634	. .	28-2.3
637	. .	139-24 L.M., 139-41 L.M.
638	. .	136-19
639	. .	153-9
644	. .	130-126
645	. .	113-216
646	1	90-140
	2	90-143
	3, 4	90-154, 90-155
658	. .	7-92.4
664	. .	67-30 L.M.
666	. .	55-52
667	. .	136-29
668	1-3	35-70 to 35-72
	4	122-19.1 Repealed
669	1-5	35-73 to 35-77
671	. .	119-49
681	. .	148-45
682	1	87-82
685	1-28	47A-1 to 47A-28
686	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6, 143-236.2 to 143-236.13 Repealed
687	1	135-1
	2	135-3
	3	135-5
	4, 5	135-8
	6	135-24
688	1, 2	115-11
	3	115-59
	4	115-299
689	. .	118-7 L.M.
692	. .	58-63
696	. .	9-4
697	1	113-104
	2	113-109
	3½	113-104, 113-109
698	. .	66-49.9 to 66-49.18
699	. .	48-4
701	. .	153-9
702	1	20-38

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
702	2, 3	20-88
	4	20-116
	5	20-118
707	5	115-69 note
715	. .	153-266.9
716	. .	129-17.3
721	1-9	120-30.1 to 120-30.9
724	. .	14-335
725	1	67-13
728	. .	160-453.24
734	. .	139-41 L.M.
738	. .	66-84
739	. .	161-22 L.M.
740	. .	160-227.1
741	1	87-82
745	. .	14-410 L.M.
752	. .	133-1.1
753	1	24-9
	1½	24-9
754	. .	20-7
757	1-18.1	136-89.59 to 136-89.77
759	6	105-213 L.M.
761	4	139-41 L.M.
767	1	156-64
	2	156-73
	3	156-79
	4	156-81.1, 156-96 to 156-97.1, 156-109, 156-111 to 156-113, 156-116, 156-134
	5, 6	156-83, 156-84
	7	156-97.1
	8	156-99
	9, 10	156-100.2, 156-100.3
	11	156-133
774	. .	163-175
779	. .	41-2.1
780	. .	116-174.1
781	. .	14-118.2
782	. .	62-70
783	. .	102-5 Repealed, 102-6
784	1	105-323
	2	105-335
785	1, 2	105-163.11
	3, 4	105-163.15
786	. .	55A-86
787	1, 2	105-90, 105-90.1
788	. .	108-73.10a
789	. .	160-200
790	. .	160-200
791	1, 2	58-201.1
	3, 4	58-201.2
792	. .	160-227.1
793	1	53-4
	2	53-2
	3	53-62
793	4	53-62.1
794	. .	153-9
797	1	106-266.8
	2	106-266.8, 106-266.9
	3	106-266.3
	4, 4½	106-266.9
799	. .	153-48.5
809	1-2A	130-166.1 to 130-166.15
810	1, 2	113-174.8
811	. .	143-139
813	1	122-72.1
	2	122-79
814	1, 2	14-56.1, 14-56.2
815	. .	139-6
816	. .	95-87
830	. .	113-111
833	. .	153-9
838	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
839	1	7-3
	2	7-42
	3	7-44
840	. .	7-51
841	. .	115-230.1
842	1-3	20-310
843	. .	89-4
844	. .	6-17.1
846	1, 2	143-374, 143-375
	4, 5	143-376, 143-377
847	1-12	116-187 to 116-198
854	1, 2	136-41.1
	3, 3½	136-41.2
858	. .	1-339.25
859	. .	130-9
866	. .	108-75.1
868	. .	153-9
870	. .	14-107
872	. .	153-266.9
873	. .	153-9
874	. .	163-46 L.M.
879	. .	87-82
882	. .	163-226 L.M.
889	. .	160-181.2
896	1	160-227.1
906	1	87-82
909	1, 4	52-12
910	1-6	110-58 to 110-63
911	1	20-196.1
	1½	20-3.1
914	1, 2	15-202, 15-203
	4	134-84.2, 134-90 to 134-98, 134-101, 134-103, 134-105, 134-107,

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
914	4	134-108, 134-111, 134-112
	5	134-96
	6	15-203.1 Repealed
915	1	65-13
	1½	65-13
916	1, 2	18-38, 18-39
917	. .	115-190.1
918	1	139-20.1
	2	139-18
932	. .	18-32
934	. .	163-151
939	. .	143-166
940	. .	105-294.4
941	1-3	105-2
942	. .	105-188.1
943	. .	58-77
944	1	116-41.1
	2	116-41.4
945	. .	160-65 to 160-77
946	1	43-6
	2	43-49
949	. .	20-141
952	. .	152-1 L.M., 152-5 L.M.
953	. .	143-166
954	. .	15-181
955	. .	139-24 L.M., 139-41 L.M.
956	. .	116-45.2
958	. .	143-46
964	1, 2	20-309, 20-310
	3	20-310.1 Repealed
	4	20-311
	5-7	20-313 to 20-314
	8	20-316 Repealed
965	. .	97-53
966	1	20-16.2
	2	20-139.1
967	. .	48-23
968	1	20-13
	2, 2A	20-11
	3	20-11.1
985	1	153-294.1 to 153-294.18
	1½	153-294.19
986	. .	160-200
988	1	60-83
	1½	60-85
989	2-9	143-384 to 143-391
990	1	115-181.1
	2, 3	115-186
	4	115-190.1
992	1	18-88.2
	2	18-81
994	. .	105-213 L.M.
996	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
996	. .	L.M.
999	1, 2	33-48, 33-49
1000	1, 2	160-82, 160-82.1
1003	. .	75A-3
1005	. .	137-31.3
1006	1, 2	143-378, 143-379
	4-7	143-380 to 143-383
1007	. .	20-7
1009	. .	147-17
1010	. .	105-214
1011	. .	115-339
1013	. .	108-71
1014	. .	47-56
1015	. .	47-71.1
1016	1	127-111, 127-111.1
	2	127-1, 127-2, 127-3.2, 127-4, 127-7, 127-10, 127-14, 127-16, 127-23.1, 127-27, 127-37.1, 127-73, 127-74, 127-77
1017	. .	127-109
1018	1-4	127-38 to 127-41
	5	127-42
	6	127-71
	7	127-105
1019	1	127-79
	2	127-86
	3	127-88
	4	127-91
	5	127-93
	6	127-95
	7	127-98
	8, 9	127-100, 127-101
	10	127-103
	11	127-106.1
1020	. .	127-102
1021	1	45-37.2
	2	45-38
	3	161-14.1
1022	. .	20-7
1024	. .	108-73.12d
1025	1, 2	139-25, 139-26
1026	1, 2	139-21, 139-22
1027	1	20-116
	2	20-123
1028	. .	62-121.70
1029	. .	106-549.65
1030	. .	1-50
1033	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
1035	. .	153-266.22
1047	1-5	143-47.1 to 143-47.5
1049	1, 2	138-5, 138-6
1050	. .	147-33
1057	. .	105-47
1058	1	160-173
	2	160-176.1

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
1058	3	160-178
	4	160-173 note
	6	160-173 note, 160-178 note
1060	1, 1½	153-9
	2	153-9 note
1061	. .	108-50
1062	. .	108-42
1063	. .	143-297
1065	. .	55-67
1067	. .	20-64
1071	. .	20-63
1073	1	7-134
1076	. .	160-181.2
1079	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1080	1	15-4.1
	2, 3	15-5, 15-5.1
	4	15-5.2, 15-5.3
1083	. .	20-102.1
1084	1	106-322.1, 106-322.2
	2	106-316.5 Repealed, 106-320 Repealed
1085	. .	105-73.12a to 108-73.12c
1086	. .	143-215.3
1087	. .	130-17
1088	. .	1-107.3
1089	1	106-94
	2	106-99.1
1092	. .	18-127.2
1094	. .	47-72
1095	. .	127-23
1096	. .	105-228.5
1097	1	113-136
	2	113-136 note
1099	1, 2	15-102, 15-103
1100	1-4	14-380.1 to 14-380.4
1101	. .	158-24
1102	. .	20-294
1105	. .	160-181.2
1106	. .	14-134
1114	1, 2	95-48, 95-49
1115	. .	20-16
1116	. .	116-63 to 116-69, 116-70.1
1118	. .	58-55 to 55-61.1
1119	1	18-39
	2	18-45
1120	. .	105-296.1
1121	. .	54-33.2
1123	. .	95-88
1125	. .	58-254.10 to 58-254.15
1127	. .	106-516.1
1128	. .	100-8
1129	1-7½	160-181.3 to 160-181.10
1130	. .	159-3
1131	. .	49-11
1132	. .	1-38
1134	. .	105-164.14
1135	. .	106-235 Repealed
1143	. .	1-494
1144	. .	58-248.8
1148	. .	55-177.1
1151	1	139-17
	2	139-26
1154	1, 2	66-49.3, 66-49.4
	3	66-49.6
1155	. .	136-18
1156	1, 2	136-103, 136-104
	3, 4	136-106
	5-8	136-108 to 136-111
1157	. .	45-21.44
1158	1, 1½	116-175
1165	1	56-1 to 56-11 Repealed, 60-1 to 60-81 Repealed, 60-88 to 60-146 Repealed, 62-1 to 62-325
	2	74A-1 to 74A-6
1166	1	122-8 Repealed, 122-11.1 to 122-11.3 Repealed, 122-11.7 Repealed, 122-11.8 Repealed, 130-27 to 130-29 Repealed
	2	122-1 transferred to 122-7, 122-1.1 transferred to 122-7.1, 122-1.2 transferred to 122-7.2, 122-36, 122-45
	3	122-1 to 122-1.6
	4	122-25
	5	122-28
	6	122-35.1 to 122-35.12
	7	122-72
	8, 9	122-73, 122-74
	10	35-40, 122-2 to 122-4, 122-6, 122-7, 122-7.2, 122-8.1, 122-11.4, 122-11.6, 122-13.1, 122-67, 122-68.1, 122-92 to 122-96, 122-98, 122-105, 143-280, 148-49.1, 148-49.3 to 148-49.6
	11	122-34, 122-35
	12	122-7.1, 122-13

Ch.	Sec.	1963 General Statutes
1166	13	122-9, 122-11, 122-12, 122-16, 122-17, 122-19, 122-31, 122-32
	14	131-126.17
1167	1-9	20-183.13 to 20-183.21
1168	1-3	54-130
	4, 5	54-134
	6, 7	54-135, 54-136
	8	54-139
	9	54-142, 54-142.1
	10, 11	54-145, 54-146
	12	54-148
	13	54-159 to 54-166
	14	54-157
1169	1	105-116, 105-122, 105-125
	2	105-132, 105-134, 105-138, 105-138.1, 105-139, 105-141, 105-141.3, 105-142, 105-144, 105-144.3, 105-145, 105-147 to 105-149, 105-151, 105-155, 105-157, 105-159
	3	105-164.4, 105-164.33 Repealed, 105-164.34 Repealed, 105-164.38, 105-164.41
	4	105-202
	5	105-443 Repealed, 105-449.30
	6	105-236, 105-242, 105-269, 105-269.3, 105-437 Repealed, 105-449.24 Repealed, 105-449.53 Repealed, 119-20 Repealed
	7-9	105-164.13
	10	105-65.1
	11	105-164.4
	12	105-99
1170	. .	7-54
1171	. .	108-10.1
1172	1	153-111
	2	160-398
1173	. .	50-5
1174	1	148-20
	2	148-44
	3	148-55
	4	148-83, 148-84
	5	148-21 Repealed, 148-43 Repealed, 148-75 Repealed
1175	. .	20-8
1176	. .	106-100
1177	. .	143-40
1178	1	147-11, 147-35, 147-55, 147-65
	2	115-13
	3	114-7
	4	106-11
	5	95-2
	6	58-6
1179	. .	39-23
1180	. .	15-219
1182	. .	106-277 to 106-277.28
1183	. .	20-1 note
1184	1	122-36 to 122-55
	2	122-56 to 122-65.5
	3	122-66 note
	4	122-66.1
	5	122-67
	6	122-69 to 122-71.3
	7	116-126 to 116-137 Repealed
	8	116-142.1 to 116-142.10 Repealed
	9	122-72 note
	10	122-83 note
	11	122-92 note
	12	35-64 to 35-69 transferred to 122-99 to 122-104, 122-99 to 122-104
	13	35-61 to 35-63 transferred to 122-105 to 122-107, 122-105 to 122-107
	14-16	122-73 to 122-75
	17-22	122-77 to 122-81.1
	23-33	122-82.1 to 122-89
	34	110-38
	35	35-30 to 35-35.2 Repealed
	36	35-55 to 35-60 Repealed
	37	35-3
	38	122-103
	39	122-91
1185	. .	131-121.3
1186	. .	105-134
1187	. .	2-13
1188	. .	15-75
1189	. .	160A-35 L.M.
1190	. .	20-64
1193	. .	6-21.1
1194	. .	7-51
1195	1	90-191
	2	90-188 to 90-192, 90-194, 90-197, 90-199 to 90-202
	3	90-191 note
1199	. .	152-5 L.M.
1207	1, 2	116-199, 116-200

1963

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1208	1, 2	20-279.34
1209	4.1	29-1 note, 30-1 note, 31-1 note
	4½	52-4 note
1210	. .	143-283.10
1211	1, 2	104C-4, 104C-5
1212	1, 2	160-464
	4	160-464 note, 160A-514 L.M.
1223	1	115-11
	2	115-36
	3, 4	115-78, 115-79
	5	115-147
	6-8	115-166 to 115-168
	9, 10	115-170, 115-171
1225	1-34	85A-1 to 85A-34
1226	. .	130-141
1227	. .	14-322.1
1228	1-4	139-26
	5, 6	139-27, 139-27.1
	7	139-28
	8	139-30
	9	139-3 1 Repealed
	10	139-32
1229	1	158-2
	1½	158-2 L.M.
1230	. .	153-9
1231	. .	105-37.1
1232	. .	130-128
1233	. .	55-72
1234	. .	58-39
1238	. .	20-279.15
1246	. .	131-121.2
1247	1	130-134
	2	130-138
1249	. .	20-166.1
1251	1-17	53-192 to 53-208
1254	. .	60-83
1257	1	88-8
	2	88-10
	3	88-19
	4	88-30
	5	88-10 note, 88-19 note
1258	. .	48-6.1
1259	. .	110-25.1
1260	1	113-176
	2, 3	113-180, 113-181
1261	1	160-20.1
1262	. .	135-4
1263	. .	153-48.5

SESSION LAWS OF 1963, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	120-1
2	. .	120-2 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1965

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	. .	9-4
9	. .	1-54
14	. .	14-59
15	. .	122-105
16	. .	113-117
17	. .	161-22 L.M.
19	1	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
	2	139-24 L.M., 139-41 L.M.
21	. .	153-266.9, 153-266.22
26	. .	153-9
31	1	116-2
	2	116-39
	3	116-45, 116-45.2, 116-175, 116-186, 116-189
37	. .	10-12
38	. .	20-24
39	. .	14-335
41	. .	1-339.17, 45-21.17
44	. .	14-335
46	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
48	. .	108-9
55	1, 2	136-1, 136-2
	3-6	136-4 to 136-4.3
	7-10	136-13 to 136-14.1
	11	136-29
	12, 13	136-62, 136-63
	14, 15	136-105, 136-106
	16	114-4.2
65	. .	84-24
71	. .	65-13
73	. .	7-92.2
76	. .	113-247
82	. .	160-173 note
83	. .	20-38
84	. .	91-5
85	. .	9-4
86	1	120-3.1
	3	120-3.1 note
89	4	115-19 note

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
96	. .	66-84
102	. .	69-1 L.M.
104	. .	1-496
105	. .	50-10
106	. .	20-82
108	. .	90-271
109	. .	153-294.19
119	. .	163-175
120	. .	9-4
121	. .	160-181.2
127	1	58-9
	2	58-86.2
128	. .	87-82
129	. .	105-422
130	. .	20-16
132	. .	4-178
133	. .	20-16.1
135	. .	130-124
136	. .	1-287.1
137	. .	20-174.1
138	. .	1-181.1
139	1	47-30
	2	47-32
	3	47-32.2
142	. .	113-247
147	. .	45-20.2
149	. .	153-294.19
150	. .	161-22 L.M.
152	. .	51-1
154	. .	163-175
156	. .	20-279.21
159	. .	152-1 L.M.
160	. .	47-17.1
163	1, 2	90-29
	3	90-39
	4	90-41
	5	90-43
	6	90-40
	7	90-231
164	. .	14-189.1
166	. .	58-79.2
169	. .	138-5
176	. .	20-166
177	. .	2-36
180	. .	153-9
181	1	142-6
	2	142-8
183	. .	8-71
184	. .	1-568.7
188	. .	53-67
189	. .	158-24
190	. .	137-31.3
191	. .	105-327
192	1, 2	105-397.1
193	. .	20-105
194	2, 3	153-266.13, 153-266.14
	4	153-266.17
195	. .	153-266.1
205	. .	20-311
207	. .	52-8
208	. .	160-227.1
210	. .	118-1 L.M.
213	. .	116-2, 116-27, 116-31, 116-32, 116-34 to 116-36
214	. .	62-262
216	. .	147-62 L.M.
229	. .	95-87
234	. .	105-213 L.M.
236	. .	111-3
237	. .	104B-3 to 104B-15
239	. .	153-6
240	1	147-8 L.M.
	2	147-9 L.M.
243	. .	153-9
245	. .	9-25
246	. .	9-25
249	. .	9-25
252	. .	9-25
253	. .	9-4
254	. .	71-7
256	1	143-291
	2½	143-291 note
257	. .	20-125
258	. .	131-137
260	1	131-126.21
	2	131-126.21 note
261	. .	153-294. 19
262	. .	163-147
263	. .	9-4
264	. .	2-10
265	. .	14-335
267	. .	153-180
272	. .	20-309
283	. .	148-45
284	. .	8-63
285	. .	15-24.1
286	. .	20-28.1
287	1	160-510 to 160-519
	2	62-110.1
	3	62-82
	4	62-99
	5	62-110.2
	6	62-42
	7	62-138
	8	62-140
	9, 10	117-10.1, 117-10.2
	11	117-16.1
	12, 13	117-19, 117-20
	14	117-24
	15	117-27 Repealed
	16	105-114
	17	105-355
294	. .	105-422
295	1-7	148-89 to 148-95
297	. .	74A-1
298	1	55-14
	2	55-142
299	. .	45-21.29

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
300	1	14-128
	2, 3	14-134.1
303	. .	31-1
305	. .	105-213 L.M.
306	. .	66-84
307	1	153-9
	2	153-77
310	1	7A-1 to 7A-5, 7A-42, 7A-43.1 to 7A-43.3, 7A-95, 7A-101 to 7A-106, 7A-130 to 7A-135, 7A-140 to 7A-148, 7A-160 to 7A-165, 7A-170 to 7A-176, 7A-180 to 7A-182, 7A-190 to 7A-198, 7A-210 to 7A-232, 7A-240 to 7A-252, 7A-255 to 7A-261, 7A-270 to 7A-275, 7A-277, 7A-280 to 7A-288, 7A-291, 7A-292, 7A-300 to 7A-318, 7A-340 to 7A-345, 7A-400, 7A-401
	2	50-13
	4	7-29.1 Repealed, 7-43.1 to 7-43.3 Repealed, 114-11.1 Repealed, 143-6
	5	7A-1 note, 7A-145 note
326	. .	18-132.1
335	. .	24-9
337	. .	153-266.9, 153-266.22
341	. .	154-3
345	1	117-30
	2	117-33 to 117-35
348	1	153-266.9
	1A	153-266.22
348	2	160-181.2
349	1	20-281
	3	20-281 note
350	1	20-280
	3	20-280 note
351	1, 2	143-166
	3	143-166 note
352	1	15-217, 15-217.1, 15-218 to 15-222
	3	15-217.1 note
354	. .	113-247
356	. .	14-320, 115-175.1
357	. .	153-9
358	1	20-279.25
	3	20-279.25 note
359	1	9-4
	3	9-4 note
363	. .	9-4
365	. .	116-46.2
366	. .	115A-17.1
367	. .	165-28
368	. .	20-126
370	. .	20-217
371	. .	153-9
372	. .	20-135.3
374	. .	66-84
375	. .	87-82
377	. .	15-25.2
378	. .	122-1.5
382	. .	153-6
388	. .	153-9
389	. .	160-227.1
391	. .	108-3
392	1-4	116-150, 116-151
394	. .	75A-15
395	. .	115-159
396	1	57-1
	2	58-260
	3	90-127.1
	4	57-1 note, 58-260 note, 90-127.1 note
	6	90-127.1 note
397	. .	115-202
402	. .	115A-38
407	. .	147-31.1
408	1	114-4.2, 114-4.3
409	. .	108-73
410	1	20-88.1
	2	20-88.1 note
	3, 4	20-11, 20-11.1 Repealed
	5	20-7
411	. .	33-41
414	1	136-69
	1½	136-69 note
415	1	135-7.2
	2	128-29.1
416	. .	105-70
418	1	84-2
418	2(a)	84-2 note
	. .	97-40
422	. .	136-115
431	1	104B-2 Repealed
	2	158-14
	3	157-39.5
435	. .	20-122
437	. .	75A-14
439	. .	105-13
444	. .	35-2 L.M., 35-4 L.M.
447	. .	69-25.11 L.M.
450	1	160-181.2
452	. .	153-10.1
453	. .	153-9
459	. .	153-5
461	. .	9-25
464	2	67-30 L.M.
467	. .	160-227.1

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
471	. .	20-116
472	1	14-318.2,
		14-318.3
	2	8-53.01
474	1	136-89.57
		Repealed
	2	136-89.58
475	1	136-19.2
	3	136-19.2 note
476	. .	153-5
483	. .	20-118
485	1	131-121
	2	131-121.1
		Repealed,
		131-121.2
		Repealed
487	. .	9-4
488	1	115-90
	2	115A-30
489	. .	2-42
490	. .	9-25
491	. .	136-79 Repealed
492	. .	136-76 Repealed
493	. .	77-10
494	. .	153-9
496	1	130-128
	2	130-138
	3	130-141
	4	130-144
500	. .	47-53
503	. .	147-45
506	. .	18-124
513	. .	86-15
514	1, 1½	136-111
	2	136-111 note
517	. .	105-113, 105-116
518	. .	153-9
522	. .	113-111
523	. .	158-24
526	2	153-266.9
	3	153-266.22
	4	153-9 note
531	. .	153-9
536	. .	125-3
537	. .	20-183
538	1	136-57
		Repealed
	2	136-54
539	. .	160-464 note,
		160A-514 L.M.
541	1-4	143-392 to
		143-395
544	. .	164-11.7
547	. .	163-175
566	. .	105-213 L.M.
567	. .	153-9
570	. .	14-135 L.M.
575	. .	128-21 L.M.
576	1	28-68.2
	2	28-68.4
576	2	Repealed
577	. .	20-166.1
578	1	90-158 to
		90-171.16
	2, 3	90-159 note
579	1	130-171
	2	130-173
	3	130-177
580	. .	105-144
581	. .	74A-1
582	1	139-3
	2	139-4
	3	139-5
583	. .	105-4
584	1, 2	115-7, 115-8
	3, 4	115-49, 115-50
	5, 6	115-58, 115-59
	7	115-61
	8	115-70
	9	115-72
	10	115-80
	11	115-90
	12	115-124
	13	115-145
	14	115-147
	15	115-150
	16	115-158
	17	115-165
	18	115-207
	19	115-216
	20	115-255
	20.1	115-153
592	. .	105-317
595	. .	14-335
597	. .	47-17.1
607	. .	105-98
609	. .	55-38
610	. .	47-108.16
615	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
616	. .	113-109
617	2	115-344 to
		115-346
618	. .	8-50.1
619	1, 2	90-87
	3	90-108
	4	90-111.2
620	1, 2	90-113.2,
		90-113.3
	3	90-113.5
	4	90-113.7
		transferred to
		90-113.8
	5	90-113.7
621	1-3	20-107 to 20-109
	4	14-177
	5	14-72
	6	14-81
622	. .	158-24
623	1	104B-11

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
623	2	104B-14
624	. .	118-10
625	. .	69-25.11
626	. .	153-9
628	1	32-25 to 32-27
	2	32-1, 32-2, 32-12, 32-13
629	. .	37-5
630	1	90-203
	2-4	90-203 note
631	. .	28-175
632	. .	116-46.3
633	. .	6-21
634	1	75A-2
	2	75A-6
	3	75A-10, 75A-18
636	1, 2	50-5, 50-6
	3	50-8
	4	50-10
639	. .	152A-1 to 152A-12
640	1	126-1 note, 143-35 to 143-47.5 Repealed
	2	126-1 to 126-12
641	. .	105-36
642	. .	122-41
648	. .	69-39
649	. .	14-20
652	. .	130-93.1
654	1	7-68.1
	2	7-68.4
	3	7-68.3
659	. .	20-86
660	. .	136-19.3
661	. .	93B-4
664	1	153-5
	2	153-5 note
665	. .	153-9
670	. .	160-227.1
671	. .	160-227.1
672	. .	118-1 L.M.
673	. .	20-175
674	1	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
675	. .	8-83
676	1	90-60
	2	90-58
677	. .	58-254.11
678	1	20-38
	2	20-146
679	2, 3	160-464, 160-465
680	. .	160-474.1
681	. .	145-4
682	1	153-54 to 153-58 153-54 note
684	1	9-4
	2, 3	9-4 note
687	. .	9-4
688	. .	116-62.1
690	. .	116-44.2
697	. .	106-239
699	. .	1-543.1
700	1	25-1-101 to 25-1-109, 25-1-201 25-1-208, 25-2-101 to 25-2-107, 25-2-201 to 25-2-210, 25-2-301 to 25-2-328, 25-2-401 to 25-2-403, 25-2-501 to 25-2-515, 25-2-601 to 25-2-616, 25-2-701 to 25-2-725, 25-3-101 to 25-3-122, 25-3-201 to 25-3-208, 25-3-301 to 25-3-307, 25-3-401 to 25-3-419, 25-3-501 to 25-3-511, 25-3-601 to 25-3-606, 25-3-701, 25-3-801 to 25-3-805, 25-4-101 to 25-4-109, 25-4-201 to 25-4-214, 25-4-301 to 25-4-303, 25-4-401 to 25-4-407, 25-4-501 to 25-4-504, 25-5-101 to 25-5-117, 25-6-101 to 25-6-111, 25-7-101 to 25-7-105, 25-7-201 to 25-7-210, 25-7-301 to 25-7-309, 25-7-401 to 25-7-404, 25-7-501 to 25-7-509, 25-7-601 to 25-7-603, 25-8-101 to 25-8-107, 25-8-201 to 25-8-208, 25-8-301 to 25-8-320, 25-8-401 to 25-8-406, 25-9-101 to 25-9-113, 25-9-201 to 25-9-208, 25-9-301 25-9-318, 25-9-401 to 25-9-408, 25-9-501

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
700	1	to 25-9-507
	2	21-1 note, 25-1 note, 25-10-102, 27-1 note, 39-23 Repealed, 44-52 to 44-64 Repealed, 44-70 to 44-85 Repealed, 45-46 to 45-66 Repealed, 53-57 Repealed, 53-58 Repealed, 55-75 to 55-98 Repealed
	3	25-10-105
	4	25-10-106
	5	25-10-107
	6	25-10-103
	7	25-10-104
	8	47-20, 47-20.2
	11	25-10-101
701	. .	153-9
702	. .	153-9
705	19	115-69 note
707	. .	69-40
708	. .	108-72.1
714	. .	153-325 to 153-340
715	1	165-36 L.M.
716	. .	113-146.1
718	1	113-136
	2	113-136 note
719	. .	90-210.17
720	. .	90-210
721	. .	95-17
725	. .	84-24
726	. .	55-50
727	. .	163-175
729	. .	160-229
730	. .	90-248
732	1	163-160 L.M.
734	1	20-183.2 20-183.8
	2	20-53
737	. .	163-152 L.M.
741	1, 2	105-296
	3	105-297
744	. .	28-158.2
746	1	156-81 L.M.
747	. .	1-131
748	. .	1-206
749	1	116-149
	2, 3	116-151
750	. .	135-1
751	1	50-8
	3	50-8 note
753	. .	128-16 L.M.
754	1	152-1 to 152-11 L.M.
762	. .	55A-37.1
764	1	28-158.1
	1½	28-158.1 note
765	1-5	71-8 to 71-12
768	. .	20-154
769	1	160-504.1
771	. .	45-40
772	. .	114-15
780	1	135-1, 135-3 to 135-8, 135-18.1, 135-20, 135-28
781	. .	128-21, 128-24, 128-27, 128-28, 128-30
782	. .	160-453.12
783	1	130-169.01 to 130-169.03
	2, 3	130-169.01 note
786	. .	1-339.72
793	. .	75A-18
794	. .	45-3
795	1	96-3
	2-5	96-8
	6-10	96-9
	11	96-10
	12-14	96-11
	15, 16	96-12
	17, 18	96-13
	19	96-14
	20-22	96-15
	23, 24	96-18
796	. .	122-35.6
799	1	106-93
	2	106-93 transferred to 106-93.1
	3	106-95.1
	4	106-96
	5, 6	106-99, 106-99.1
800	1	122-4
	2, 3	122-5 Repealed, 122-6 Repealed
	4	122-8.2
	5	122-11.4
	6	122-20 Repealed
	7	122-35.9
	8	122-35.12
	9	122-40
	10	122-52 Repealed
	11	122-69.1
	12	122-70
	13	122-85
801	. .	153-9
802	. .	33-39
803	. .	52-10.1
804	. .	46-20
805	. .	1-339.8

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
807	. .	15-12 L.M.
	1	15-12
	2½	15-12 note
808	. .	160-463
809	. .	39-24
810	1-4	90-21.1 to 90-21.4
813	. .	14-316
814	. .	160-227.1
815	1	28A-1 to 28A-22
	2	28-25
	3	28-166
	4	28-2.1 Repealed, 28-2.2 Repealed, 28-167 Repealed, 28-193 to 28-201 Repealed, 33-56 to 33-66 Repealed
816	. .	153-48.5
818	. .	160-464 note, 160A-514 L.M.
824	. .	153-48.5
826	1, 2	113-4, 113-5
830	. .	47-17.1
832	1	63-8.1
	2	63-8.1 note
833	. .	105-141
834	. .	105-202
835	1	161-28
	3	161-28 note
836	. .	14-196.2
837	. .	14-196.1
839	1	160-104
	2	160-520, 160-521
	4	160-520 note
840	. .	115-52
841	1	143-18.1
	2	143-129
842	1	115A-21
	2	115A-21 note
843	. .	55-97.1
845	. .	105-422 note
846	. .	153-9
848	. .	29-30
849	1	30-1 to 30-3
	2	30-1 note
850	. .	31A-1
851	. .	39-13.2
852	. .	39-13
853	. .	30-9 Repealed
854	. .	35-12 Repealed
855	. .	39-7
856	. .	39-12
857	. .	39-7.1
858	1-6	104D-l to 104D-6
859	2, 3	143-240, 143-241
860	1-4	66-27.1 to 66-27.4
	6	66-27.1 note
863	1, 2	131-126.18, 131-126.19
863	3	131-126.26
864	1	160-176
	2	160-178
	3-6	160-181.2
866	. .	143-178
867	. .	136-66.3
868	. .	8A-1
869	. .	58-210
870	. .	14-60
871	. .	163-112.1 to 163-112.4
872	. .	74A-2
873	. .	20-320 to 20-328
875	. .	160-453.12
878	1	52-1 to 52-12
	2, 3	39-13.2, 39-13.3
879	1	136-18
	2½	136-18 note
881	. .	153-9
897	. .	20-13
898	. .	20-279.21
899	. .	163-197
900	. .	161-4 to 161-6
903	. .	116-143
904	1	113-102
	1½	113-102 note
905	. .	111-19
906	1-3	111-12.1 to 111-12.3
907	. .	97-61.6
909	. .	20-146.1
910	. .	58-54.14 to 58-54.19
911	. .	58-49
912	. .	115-51
913	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
915	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
917	. .	120-3
920	1	130-144.1
	1½	130A-65 L.M.
921	1	7-3
	2	7-42
923	. .	113-120.2
924	. .	135-4
925	1	110-58
	2	110-64
926	1	20-279.13
	2	20-279.13 note
927	. .	20-87
929	1	122-1.6
	2, 3	122-35.2, 122-35.3
	4	122-83
931	. .	160-200
932	. .	139-4
933	. .	122-95
934	. .	153-9
936	1	106-266.8
	2	106-266.21
937	. .	143-166.1 to 143-166.7
938	1	31-42
	2	31-42.1 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1965 General Statutes
938	2	31-42.2 Repealed
	3	31-42 note
939	1, 2	108-49, 108-50
940	. .	89-4
941	. .	90-271
943	. .	58-248
945	. .	160-200
947	. .	58-77
950	. .	14-112.1
954	1, 2	14-269, 14-269.1
	2½	14-269 note, 14-269.1 L.M.
956	1	54-74, 54-75, 54-85, 54-87, 54-92, 54-101, 54-103, 54-105 to 54-108, 54-110
	2, 3	54-75
	4	54-76
	5, 6	54-78, 54-79
	7	54-81
	8	54-84
	9	54-85.1
	10, 11	54-86
	12, 13	54-87
	14	54-89
	15	54-91
	16, 17	54-94
	18	54-98
	19, 20	54-101, 54-102
	21, 22	54-104, 54-105
	23, 24	54-106
	25	54-107
	26	54-109
957	1	113-316
	2	113-127 to 113-138, 113-151 to 113-166, 113-181 to 113-188, 113-201 to 113-206, 113-221 to 113-228, 113-241 to 113-245, 113-251, 113-261 to 113-265, 113-271 to 113-277, 113-291 to 113-294, 113-301 to 113-307
	3-7	113-317 to 113-321
	8	75A-5.1
	9	75A-17
	10	113-6
	11	113-8
	12, 13	143-238, 143-239
	14, 15	143-247, 143-248
	16	143-250
	17	143-252
	18	113-377.1 to 113-377.7 transferred to 113-252 113-258
	19	113-127 note
957	21	113-127 note
959	. .	160-227.1
961	2	84-2 note
963	1-5	153-142.22 to 153-142.26
964	1	153-5
	2	153-5 note
966	. .	20-123
969	1	153-294.19
	2	153-294.18
970	. .	136-69 L.M.
973	. .	160-227.1
976	1	14-111.1
	2	14-111.3
977	1-13	143-283.11 to 143-283.23
	15	143-238.11 note
986	1, 2	116-46.4
	3, 4	116-46.4 note
987	. .	136-66.2 L.M.
989	. .	7-108.1
990	. .	108-84
991	. .	8-47
992	. .	33-71
995	. .	31-27
996	1	163-65 L.M., 163-67 L.M., 163-69 L.M.
997	. .	160-414
998	1	160-476
	2, 3	160-481, 160-482
	4	160-498
999	. .	20-183
1001	. .	47-48
1002	1	129-18 to 129-25 Repealed, 129-31
	2-9	129-32 to 129-39
	11	129-31 note
1003	1	105-141
	3	105-141 note
1006	. .	105-164.14
1008	1, 2	113-34, 113-35
1009	1, 2	7-44, 7-45
1012	1	105-60 Repealed, 105-61
	2	105-60 Repealed, 105-61 note
	3	105-60 note, 105-61 note
1019	. .	160-200
1020	1	127-116
	2	127-116 note
1022	. .	143-135.3
1023	. .	143-341
1024	. .	134-111.1
1025	. .	20-38
1028	. .	115A-4
1029	1	106-429.1 note, 106-432.1 note, 106-433 note, 106-434 note,

1965

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1029	1	106-437 note,
		106-439 note,
		106-441 note,
		106-445 note,
		106-446 note,
		106-450 note
	2	106-429.1
	3	106-432.1
	4, 5	106-433, 106-434
	6	106-437
	7	106-439
	8	106-441
	9, 10	106-445, 106-446
	11	106-450
1031	. .	20-124
1032	. .	53-10
1033	1	116-41.1
	2	116-41.4
1035	1	105-102.2
	2	105-102
	4	105-102.2 note
1036	. .	105-62
1038	. .	106-450.1
1039	. .	58-56.2
1040	. .	58-61
1041	. .	105-164.13
1042	. .	148-4
1044	. .	20-118
1045	1-9	120-30.10 to
		120-30.18
1046	1	106-564
	2	106-566
1047	. .	58-39.4
1048	. .	105-147
1049	2	148-79 Repealed,
		148-81 Repealed
1053	. .	153-9
1054	. .	136-1
1055	. .	160-186
1057	. .	44-28
1058	. .	127-82
1061	1-5	45-43.1 to 45-43.5
1063	. .	18-39
1070	. .	163-69 L.M.
1072	1	1-42.1
	3	1-42.1 note
1073	1-5	14-165 to 14-168.2
1074	. .	143-224
1077	. .	136-89.77 Repealed
1078	1	105-65.1
	2	105-250.1
1079	. .	153-266.22
1083	. .	153-9
1088	. .	20-63
1089	. .	138-6, 138-7
1091	1	147-11
	2	147-11 note
1094	. .	1-42
1095	1	115-181.1 Repealed
	2, 3	115-186
	4	115-190.1
1096	1, 2	116-155, 116-156
	3-5	116-158 to 116-160
	6	116-163
	6½	116-45
1100	. .	83-12
1101	. .	69-25.11
1102	1-3	18-37 to 18-39
	4	18-49.1
1105	1, 2	143-64.2
	3	143-64.4
1113	. .	152A-12
1116	1	163-31.2
	1½	163-31.2 note, 163-69
		L.M.
1117	3	163-175
1118	. .	14-168.3
1120	1	105-499.2
	2	105-449.10
1123	. .	163-67 L.M.
1128	. .	57-14
1129	. .	121-13.1
1131	1	120-36.1
	3	120-36.1 note
1132	. .	160-465
1134	. .	113-120.1
1135	. .	20-310
1136	1, 2	20-309
	3	20-311
	5	20-309 note,
		20-311 note
1138	1	106-245.13 to
		106-245.28
	3	106-245.1 to
		106-245.12
		Repealed
1141	. .	120-33
1142	. .	120-30.1 to
		120-30.9 Repealed
1143	1	156-69
	2	156-70.1
	3	156-82.1
1143	4	156-93.3
	5	156-93.7
1145	. .	143-136
1146	. .	20-51
1147	. .	14-113.1 to 14-113.7
1148	1	116-71 to 116-74
	3	116-71 note
1149	. .	28-105.1
1152	1	130A-2 L.M.
	3	20-10 L.M.
1154	. .	131-121
1156	. .	160-200
1157	1	120-3
	1½	120-3 note
1158	. .	153-9
1159	. .	20-189
1160	. .	116-149.1
1165	. .	20-16.2

1965

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1169	1	57-1
	2	58-260
	3	90-48.1
	4	57-1 note, 58-260 note, 90-48.1 note
1171	. .	20-11
1173	1	108-73.13 to 108-73.15
	4	108-73.13 note
1174	1, 2	116-210, 116-211
1175	. .	108-3
1176	1	28-53
	2	28-53 note
1177	1	36-17
	2	36-18.1
1178	1-3	122-72
	4	122-72 note
1179	. .	147-62
1180	1	116-201 to 116-209
	2	116-209 note
1181	. .	143-34.2
1182	. .	9-22
1183	. .	14-132.1
1185	1	115-35
	2	115-11
1186	. .	14-250
1187	. .	135-3
1188	. .	37-5 note
1191	. .	18-69.2
1195	. .	85A-34
1198	. .	7-296
1200	. .	14-409
1201	. .	Ch. 142, Art. 6
1206	. .	160A-514 L.M.
1207	. .	105-144 note
1208	. .	163-56

SESSION LAWS OF 1965, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1, 2	116-199, 116-200
	3	116-200 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1966, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	120-1
	3	120-1 note
2	1-6	153-5.1 to 153-5.6
	8	153-5.7
	9½	153-5.8
5	1	120-2
	2	163-31, 163-33
	3	163-177
	4	163-175, 163-179
	5	163-180, 163-181
	6	163-187
	7	163-192
	8	163-108, 163-109
	9	163-110
	10, 11	163-109, 163-110
	13	163-111
	14	163-115
	15	163-263
	16	163-108.1
	17	120-2 note
6	. .	120-2 note
7	1	163-201

SESSION LAWS OF 1967

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
4	1	130-151
	2	130-151 note
6	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-269.1 L.M., 14-402 14-409.1 note
7	. .	153-6
8	. .	20-63.1
13	1	55-4
	2	55A-4
	3	55-8
	4	55A-8
15	. .	160-181.2
16	. .	20-16
17	. .	164-14
19	. .	48-21
22	. .	160-181.2
24	1	7A-227
	2	7A-306
	3	14-269.1

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
24	4	20-116
	5	23-29
	6	25-2-106
	7	25-2-208
	8	25-2-501
	9	25-2-704
	10	25-4-405
	11	25-5-117
	12	25-7-301
	13	25-7-312
	14	28-25
	15	32-27
	16	113-202
	17	143-283.23
	18	160-464
	19	122-59
	20	126-5
	21	130-124
	22	10-4
	23	25-9-405
	24	128-1
	25	25-9-406
	26	47-39
	27	106-426 to 106-428
25	1	120-36.1
	3	120-36.1 note
27	. .	Ch. 9 note
32	. .	1-507.9
33	. .	38-4
34	. .	153-10.1
39	. .	103-6
40	1	33-12
	2	33-12 note
41	1	28-34, 28-40
	2	28-34 note, 28-40 note
42	. .	47-17.1
45	. .	153-9
49	1	14-107
	2	14-107 note
50	. .	50-8
53	. .	51-8.1 Repealed
58	1	147-8 L.M.
	2	147-9 L.M.
59	. .	105-292
65	1-3	143-400 to 143-402
69	. .	143-374 to 143-378
70	1-4	143-396 to 143-399
73	. .	153-9
80	1-2½	153-9
	3	153-9 note
84	1-3	97-29 to 97-31
	4	97-38
	5, 6	97-40, 97-41
	7, 8	97-61.5, 97-61.6
	10	97-29 note, 97-30 note, 97-31 note, 97-38 note, 97-40 note, 97-41 note, 97-61.5 note, 97-61.6
84	10	note
88	. .	113-202 Repealed
90	. .	153-10.1
99	. .	36-18.2
100	1	160-417
	2	160-2
101	1	14-293
	2	14-293 note
103	. .	153-9
105	. .	106-322.2
106	. .	20-141
108	1	7A-5 to 7A-7, 7A-10 to 7A-13, 7A-16 to 7A-20, 7A-25 to 7A-36, 7A-39.1 to 7A-39.11
	2	7A-50 to 7A-55
	3	7A-143
	4	7A-173
	5	7A-195
	6	7A-250
	7	7A-260
	8	7A-280 to 7A-287 Repealed
	9	7A-300
	10	7A-305
	11	15-222
	12	7-1 to 7-29 Repealed, 7-30 to 7-39.15 Repealed, 7-50 to 7-51.2 Repealed, 7-70 Repealed, 7-70.1 Repealed, 7-71 to 7-71.2 Repealed, 7-75 Repealed, 7-79 Repealed
111	1	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
	2	139-41 L.M.
113	. .	153-9
116	. .	8-57
118	. .	Ch. 9 note
119	. .	36-23.2
120	. .	Ch. 9 note
122	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
123	. .	20-139.1
127	. .	113-276
128	. .	31-5.3
137	1	51-9
	2	51-12
138	1-4	35-36 to 35-39
	5	35-57
139	. .	47-17.1
142	. .	19-1
144	. .	14-335
149	. .	160-181.2

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
151	. .	122-98.1
154	. .	106-498
156	. .	160-453.12
	2	160-453.24
158	. .	153-5
162	1	18-67
	2	18-79
	3	18-81
	4	18-67 note, 18-79 note, 18-81 note
164	1-6	143-403 to 143-408
165	1, 2	15-53, 15-53.1
167	1	153-9
	2	153-48.5
173	. .	110-2
182	. .	97-16
183	1	153-10.1
	2	153-10.1 note
186	1-3	130-186.1 to 130-186.3
187	1	14-227.1, 14-227.2
	2	14-227.3
188	1	143-117
	2	143-117 note
190	1-6	125-12 to 125-17
192	. .	152A-12
193	1, 2	90-87
	3	90-98
	4	90-111.2
194	. .	90-113.7
197	1	160-178
	2	160-181.2
198	. .	113-189
201	. .	20-38
202	. .	1-371
212	. .	Ch. 9 note
213	. .	106-559
217	. .	136-2
218	1	9-1 to 9-7, 9-8 Repealed, 9-9 Repealed, 9-10 to 9-21, 9-22 to 9-31 Repealed
	2	11-11
	3	127-84
	4	1-86 Repealed, 15-163 to 15-165 Repealed, 33-50 Repealed, 33-51 Repealed, 90-45 Repealed, 90-150 Repealed, 134-66
219	. .	153-9
222	1	18-51
	2	18-39
	3	18-90.1
	4	18-11
222	5	18-15
	6	18-32
	7	18-49
	8	18-58
	9	18-51.1
223	1	115-142
	3	115-142 note
227	. .	153-9
228	1	136-19.4
	2	47-30
	3	161-10.2
	5	136-19.4 note, 161-10.2 note
230	. .	75A-6
236	. .	158-2 L.M.
238	. .	153-9
239	. .	130-210 note
241	1	160-32
	2	160-44
	3	160-49
242	. .	105-422
246	. .	160-181.2
256	. .	14-335
259	. .	105-147
260	1	114-4
	2	114-9.1
263	1	90-18
	2, 3	90-142, 90-143
265	. .	153-48.5
272	. .	153-48.5
273	1-7	143-409 to 143-415
276	. .	163-151 note
277	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.5
	3	20-279.15
	4	20-279.21
	5	20-279.25
	6	20-279.34
	7, 8	20-280, 20-281
	10	20-279.1 note, 20-279.5 note, 20-279.15 note, 20-279.21 note, 20-279.25 note, 20-279.34 note, 20-280 note, 20-281 note
279	. .	115A-38.1
280	. .	20-20
281	1-3	93A-2 to 93A-4
	4	93A-6
	5	93A-9
282	1	20-126
	1, 2	20-126 note
283	. .	58-248.8
284	. .	20-84
286	. .	105-114, 105-122, 105-123
293	. .	105-292
295	1, 2	20-13, 20-13.1

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
296	2-5	20-37.2 to 20-37.5
298	. .	143-135 L.M.
300	. .	58-77
302	9	118-1 L.M.
304	. .	153-10.1
315	. .	158-2 L.M.
319	. .	153-9
321	1	105-422
	2	105-422 note
325	. .	153-5
333	. .	153-152 note
336	. .	105-279 note, 105-406
339	. .	153-10.1
342	. .	14-49.1
343	2	130-3
	3	130-230 to 130-235
	4	20-10
	5	153-9
	6	14-286.1
	7	153-9 note
	9	130-232 note
347	. .	66-84
355	. .	14-129 L.M.
359	. .	153-294.19
361	. .	130-210 note
367	1	14-44
	2	14-45.1
369	. .	115-133.2
379	. .	152A-12
384	. .	85A-34
392	. .	143-135 L.M.
394	. .	47-30
398	1	147-69.1
	2	147-69
399	. .	20-38
413	. .	20-81.3
419	. .	143-135 L.M.
420	. .	14-335
422	1	105-422
	2	105-422 note
	4	105-422 note
424	. .	153-6
431	. .	152-1 L.M.
433	. .	85A-34
439	. .	153-6
443	. .	161-22
444	1, 2	113-152
	3	113-154
445	. .	20-166
446	. .	20-141.3
447	. .	20-28
448	. .	20-141.1
449	. .	20-109
450	. .	160-257.1
451	1, 2	90-41, 90-41.1
452	. .	150-9
453	. .	66-27.1
456	. .	1-589.1
459	. .	152A-12
462	. .	153-286.1
464	. .	153-11.3
466	. .	131-9
470	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-269.1 L.M., 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
473	. .	153-294.19
476	. .	66-84
478	. .	153-9
485	. .	152A-11, 152A-12
489	1, 2	90-230, 90-231
490	1, 2	95-64, 95-64.1
	3, 4	95-68, 95-68.1
495	1-3	153-9
	4	153-10.1
500	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
503	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
509	. .	20-7
510	. .	20-179
511	. .	106-388 to 106-398, 106-399 Repealed
512	1	146-24
	3	146-24 note
513	. .	20-196.2
514	. .	66-84
518	. .	153-266.22
519	1	105-116
	2	105-129.1
	3	105-116
	5	105-129.1 note
521	. .	153-266.22
522	1, 2	14-12.12
	3	14-12.14
523	1, 2	15-222
528	. .	153-48.5
533	1-6	121-22 to 121-27
	8	121-28
	10	121-22 note
535	1-26	123A-1 to 123A-26
	28	123A-27
536	. .	128-15
544	. .	160-227.1
550	. .	150-147
551	. .	105-98
552	1-5	14-427 to 14-431
553	. .	105-98
554	. .	108-25 Repealed, 108-54 Repealed, 108-73.12
555	. .	160-421
556	. .	54-14
557	. .	54-24.1
560	. .	106-446
561	. .	106-559
562	1	25-1-201, 25-1-209, 25-2-207, 25-2-702,

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
562	1	25-2-716, 25-2-723, 25-2-725, 25-3-501, 25-3-802, 25-4-106, 25-4-204 note, 25-4-405, 25-6-106 Repealed, 25-6-107 to 25-6-109, 25-7-209, 25-9-103, 25-9-105, 25-9-106, 25-9-203, 25-9-204, 25-9-302, 25-9-306, 25-9-313, 25-9-403, 25-9-404, 25-9-407, 25-9-408 Repealed
	2	45-1 to 45-3.1 Repealed, 45-7, 45-8, 45-10, 45-11, 45-21.1, 45-21.5 Repealed, 45-21.6 Repealed, 45-21.11, 45-21.12, 45-21.13 Repealed, 45-21.16, 45-21.18 Repealed, 45-21.19 Repealed, 45-21.20, 45-21.21, 45-21.25 Repealed, 45-21.30, 45-21.31, 45-21.36, 45-21.38
	3	25-9-201.1, 25-9-504.1, 25-9-504.2, 25-9-508, 25-9-509, 25-9-601 to 25-9-607, 25-10-105 Repealed
	4	6-21.2
	5	25-10-107 Repealed, 47-20
	6	44-28 Repealed, 44-29 Repealed
	7	44-38.1 Repealed
	8	20-77
	10	6-21.2 note, 25-1-201 note, 25-1-209 note, 25-9-201.1 note, 25-9-504.1 note, 25-9-504.2 note, 25-9-508 note, 25-9-509 note, 25-9-601 note
563	1	127-1
	2	127-3.1
	3	127-14
	4	127-37
	5	127-91
	6	127-102
564	1	34-4
	2	34-12
	3, 4	34-13
	5	34-10, 34-12, 34-14, 34-15
565	. .	8-3
568	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
570	. .	118-1 L.M.
578	. .	87-82
580	. .	54-21.2
581	1	153-9
	2	153-49, 153-49.1 Repealed, 153-50 to 153-53, 153-53.1 153-53.7
	3	162-22
	4	71-2 Repealed, 153-179 Repealed, 153-180 Repealed
582	. .	14-150.1
587	1	67-13
	2	67-30 L.M.
596	. .	118-1 L.M.
601	1	7A-238
	2	7A-304
602	. .	14-12.15
607	. .	108-83.1
614	. .	18-99.1
617	1	153-8
	2	153-8 note
618	. .	160-29
619	1-3	48-4
	4	48-21
	5	48-23
	6, 7	48-24
620	. .	7-64
621	. .	156-57
623	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
624	1	58-72
	2-4	58-79.1
626	. .	7-92.1
631	1	106-568.8
	2	106-568.10
632	. .	130-128
634	1	58-262.2
	3	58-262.2 note
635	. .	7-92.2
637	1	130-128
	2	130-138
639	1	47-14
	2	47-17.1
	3	47-37
	4	161-10
642	. .	113-111
643	1	115-11
	2, 3	115-74, 115-74.1
644	. .	14-159.6 L.M.
651	1, 2	20-130.1, 20-130.2
	3	20-130.2 note
652	. .	115A-5
653	. .	54-21.2

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
654	. .	113-276
655	1, 2	143-293, 143-294
658	. .	47-17.1
659	. .	55A-3
660	. .	108-49
661	1	14-107
	2	14-335
662	1	1-540.2
	3	1-540.2 note
667	. .	153-48.5
668	. .	153-9
669	. .	97-86
674	1	20-140.2
	2	20-126
	3	20-176
676	. .	152-5 L.M.
684	. .	148-33.1
685	. .	160-181.2
688	. .	163-151 note
690	1	57-1
	2	58-260
	3	90-202.1
	4	57-1 note, 58-260 note, 90-202.1 note
	6	90-202.1 note
691	1	7A-39.1 transferred 7A-42
	2-4	7A-43.1 to 7A-43.3
	5	7A-101
	6, 7	7A-104, 7A-105
	8, 9	7A-133, 7A-134
	10	7A-144
	11	7A-148
	12	7A-161
	13, 14	7A-164, 7A-165
	15	7A-171
	16-18	7A-180 to 7A-182
	19	7A-199
	20	7A-218
	21	7A-223
	22	7A-255
	23	7A-259
	24	7A-271
	25, 26	7A-292, 7A-293
	27-29	7A-304
	30	7A-305
	31	7A-307
	32, 33	7A-308
	34	7A-311
	35	7A-317; 7A-317 transferred to 7A-318; 7A-318 transferred to 7A-319
	36, 37	7A-341, 7A-342
	38	2-3, 2-4
	39	2-42
	40	7-42
	41	20-42
691	42	90-12
	43	90-115
	44	90-120
	45	90-197
	46	90-210.1
	47	90-210.12
	48	90-210.17
	49	90-243
	50	105-93
	51	114-2
	52	143-166
	53	147-36
	54	147-45
	55, 56	147-48, 147-49
	57	7A-6
	59	7-92.4 Repealed, 7-120.1 to 7-120.11 Repealed, 7-297 to 7-307 Repealed, 7-308 to 7-331 Repealed, 7-332 to 7-350 Repealed, 7-351 to 7-383 Repealed, 7-383.1 to 7-383.33 Repealed, 83-14 Repealed, 90-17 Repealed, 90-19 Repealed, 90-20 Repealed, 90-135 Repealed, 90-152 Repealed, 90-196 Repealed
692	1	20-183.2
	2	20-183.4
	3	20-183.8
693	. .	48-4
694	. .	20-11
695	. .	147-45
697	. .	115-39
699	. .	105-446
700	. .	20-80
701	1	105-204
	3	105-204 note
702	1	105-157
	2	105-163.16
703	1, 2	160-72
	3, 4	160-163
704	. .	160-58.1
705	1	105-391
	2	1-339.71
706	1	105-249.2
	3	105-249.2 note
707	. .	153-275.1
710	. .	20-1.6
711	1, 2	160-416, 160-417
712	. .	20-94
716	1	105-141
	2	105-149
	3	105-163.1
717	. .	Ch. 9 note

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
718	1, 2	131-126.33, 131-126.34
	3, 4	131-126.36
	5	131-126.37
720	1, 2	135-3
	3	135-4
	4-10	135-5
	11	135-7
	12, 13	135-8
	14	135-27
	15	135-3
723	. .	130-129
724	. .	116-41.4
725	1	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.,
	2	139-24 L.M.
	2½	139-41 L.M.
728	1	113-102
	2	113-102 note
729	. .	113-109
733	. .	14-335
742	. .	47-17.1 L.M.
743	. .	84-2 note
746	. .	14-346.1
756	. .	105-164.13
759	1-20	18-81
	21	18-82
	22	18-83.2
	23	18-85.1
	24	18-88.2
760	. .	20-75
761	1, 2	163-65
	3	163-67
762	. .	15-173.1
763	1	160-100
	2	160-100 note
764	. .	110-2
765	1-5	45-37
	6	45-37.2
768		91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-5 L.M.
769	1	53-172
	2	53-190
770	1-6	87-21
	7	87-26
771	. .	130-177
774	1	106-557
774	2	106-562
775	1	163-1, 163-2, 163-8 to 163-13, 163-19 to 163-22, 163-23, 163-24, 163-30 to 163-35, 163-41 to 163-48, 163-54 to 163-59, 163-65 to 163-78, 163-84 to 163-90, 163-96 to 163-98, 163-104 to 163-116,
	2	Ch. 163 note
776	. .	120-3 note
777	. .	147-45
780	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
788	. .	105-204
789	1	53-2
	2	53-4
	3	53-10
	4	53-12
	5	53-42.1
	6	53-43
	7	53-43.3 to 53-43.7
	8	53-46
	9	53-48
	10	53-50
	11	53-62
	12	53-67
	13	53-77.2
	14	53-84
	15, 16	53-91, 53-92
	17	53-117
	18	53-139
	19	53-141
	20	53-160
	21	53-1
790	. .	113-95
791	. .	69-25.11 L.M.
792	. .	66-11
794	. .	8-53.1
796	. .	90-183.2
797	. .	160-77.1 to 160-77.6
798	1	159-28.1
	2	115-80.3, 130-128, 153-135.1, 153-142.24, 159-25, 159-49.1, 159-49.2 Repealed, 160-411.5, 160-431
799	1	160-397 note
	3	160-397 note
800	1	160-277
	2	160-277 note
807	. .	90-65
811	. .	163-151 note
814	. .	67-31 L.M.
815	. .	160A-514 L.M.
819	. .	14-90

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
820	. .	131-126.20
821	1	126-13 to 126-15
	3	126-13 note
822	1, 2	20-309
	3	20-311
823	1	2-26
	2	2-42
	3	53-5
	4	54-2
	5	54-6
	6-8	54-11 to 54-12.1
	9	54-78
	10	54-81
	11	54-92
	12, 13	54-114, 54-115
	14	54-125
	15	54-162
	16	55-4
	17	55-14
	18	55-109
	19	55-129
	20	55-155
	21	55A-4
	22	55A-41
	23	55A-56
	24	55A-77
	25	57-19
	26	59-2
	27	59-25
	28-30	66-68 to 66-69.1
	31	105-230
	32	117-12
	33	161-10
	34, 35	53-5 note
824	. .	58-59
825	. .	58-60
826	1	160-13 to 160-16 Repealed
	3	160-13 to 160-16 note
829	1	153-48.5
	2	153-9
	3, 4	153-48.3 note
833	1	14-196
	3	14-196.1 Repealed, 14-196.2 Repealed
834	1	143-117
	3	143-117 note
835	. .	6-21 L.M.
842	. .	58-79
844	. .	58-148.1
846	. .	160-20.2
847	1	1B-1 to 1B-8
	2	1-240 Repealed
	3½, 4	1B-1 note
848	1	49-8 L.M.
	2	50-13.4 L.M., 50-16.7 L.M.
	3	14-326.1 L.M.
851	1	163-229
	2	163-234
852	1, 1.1	24-10, 24-11
	1.2	24-10 note, 24-11 note
853	1, 2	93A-3, 93A-4
	3	93A-6
854	. .	20-279.2 1
855	. .	52-5.1
856	. .	1-539.9
857	1, 2	20-309
	3, 4	20-310, 20-311
858	1	113-104
	2	113-104 note
859	. .	130-184.2
860	. .	143-128 to 143-135.4
861	1	47-20.5
	3	47-20.5 note
862	. .	20-114
863	. .	20-52.1
864	1	25-8-407
	3	25-8-407 note
865	. .	105-37.1
866	. .	20-279.17 Repealed
867	1	18-67
	2	18-128.1
868	. .	18-39.2
869	1	15-5.4
	3	15-5.4 note
870	1	110-29.1
	3	110-29.1 note
871	. .	105-141
872	1	106-405.1
	2	106-405.3
873	. .	136-29
876	1	113-202
	2	113-202 L.M.
877	. .	115-190.1
878	. .	113-203
879	. .	153-9
880	1	48-1 note
	2	48-3 note
	3	48-36
	5	48-36 note
890	1-17	113-308 to 113-315.9
892	1	143-211 to 143-215.9
	2	143-215.10, 143-348 Repealed, 143-349 Repealed, 143-351 Repealed, 143-353 Repealed
	3	130-161, 130-165
	4	160-383
	5	130-221 to 130-226 Repealed
	6	105-147
	7	105-294
	8, 9	105-296, 105-297
	10, 11	105-122
	12	143-350
894	1-15	106-406 to 106-418

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
894	17	106-407.1 note, 106-407.2 note
896	1	8-51
	2	8-51 note
898	. .	108-38
903	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
905	. .	1-42.1
907	. .	146-6.1
908	1, 2	20-319.1, 20-319.2
	4	20-319.1 note
909	1	58-54.20 to 58-54.25:1
	4	58-54.20 note
910	1-17	90-270.1 to 90-270.17
	18	8-53.2
910	19	90-270.18
	21	150-9
	23	8-53.2 note, 90-270.1 note
918	. .	67-12 L.M.
922	. .	113-111
923	1-3	136-102.2 to 136-102.4
926	1	48-9.1
	3	48-9.1 note
927	. .	6-21.1
928	. .	8-45.5
929	. .	160-445
930	. .	143-317, 143-318
931	. .	66-67
932	1	160-464
	2, 3	160-465
	4	160-459
933	1-12	143-215.11 to 143-215.22
	13	143-211 note
934	. .	20-309.1, 139-39 L.M.
935	1	58-54.26 to 58-54.29
	2	58-54.4
	5	58-54.4 note, 58-54.26 note
936	. .	58-134.1
937	1-18	93C-1 to 93C-18
938	. .	58-86.3 to 58-86.9
939	. .	1-65.5
940	1, 2	76-4, 76-5
941	. .	147-9.1
942	1	58-56.1
	3	58-56.1 note
943	. .	143-166
944	. .	105-295
945	. .	45-18
946	1, 2	74-37, 74-38
947	. .	28-152
948	. .	41-6.1
949	. .	47-2
950	1	55-110
	2	55A-42
	3	47-18.1
952	1	163-226
	2	163-136
	3-6	163-227 to 163-230
953	. .	113-126.1
954	1	1A-1
	2	1-75.1 to 1-75.12
	3	1-15, 1-87, 1-108, 1-116, 1-116.1, 1-119, 1-139, 1-180, 1-180.1, 1-182, 1-209, 1-277, 1-393 to 1-395, 1-440.1, 1-440.6, 1-440.7, 1-440.14, 1-485, 1-498, 1-514, 1-593, 7A-196, 7A-258, 8-59, 8-61, 41-11, 43-9, 50-8, 55-146.1, 55A-68.1, 58-153.2, 130-205
	4	1-9 Repealed, 1-12 Repealed, 1-14 Repealed, 1-16 Repealed, 1-25 Repealed, 1-61 Repealed, 1-63 to 1-65.4 Repealed, 1-66 to 1-69 Repealed, 1-70 Repealed, 1-71 Repealed, 1-73 to 1-75 Repealed, 1-87.1 to 1-91 Repealed, 1-94 to 1-98 Repealed, 1-99 Repealed, 1-100 to 1-107.3 Repealed, 1-115 Repealed, 1-121 to 1-138 Repealed, 1-140 to 1-147 Repealed, 1-150 to 1-163 Repealed, 1-165 Repealed, 1-167 to 1-173 Repealed, 1-175 to 1-179 Repealed, 1-183 Repealed, 1-184 Repealed, 1-185 Repealed, 1-187 to 1-201 Repealed, 1-203 to 1-208 Repealed, 1-211 to 1-215 Repealed, 1-218 to 1-222 Repealed, 1-223 to 1-227 Repealed, 1-247 to 1-252 Repealed, 1-489 to 1-492 Repealed, 1-496 Re-

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
954	4	pealed, 1-497 Repealed, 1-499 Repealed, 1-511 to 1-513 Repealed, 1-541 to 1-543 Repealed, 1-568.1 to 1-568.27 Repealed, 1-577 to 1-589 Repealed, 1-590 to 1-592 Repealed, 8-50, 8-60 Repealed, 8-62 Repealed, 8-71 to 8-73 Repealed, 8-85 to 8-91 Repealed
	5-7	1A-1 note
	10	1A-1 note
955	. .	139-39 L.M.
	1	116-202
956	. .	32-27
957	1	51-2
	2	51-8
	3	51-14 Repealed
	4	51-15
	5	51-7
	6	51-6
	7	51-16
	8	51-18
	9	51-6
	10	51-21
	11-13	51-9 to 51-11
958	. .	143-118.1
959	. .	143-126.1
960	. .	143-126
961	. .	20-9
962	1, 2	7-104
	3	7-106
964	. .	14-111.2
966	. .	20-9
972	1	115-18
	2	115-19
	3	115-20
	4	115-22
	5	115-23
	6	115-24
	7	115-18 note
974	. .	14-118.3
976	. .	106-422
977	. .	58-291
978	1, 2	128-24
	3-7	128-27
	8	128-29
	9, 10	128-30
	11, 12	128-26
979	1	1-339.17, 1-339.25
	2	1-339.52, 1-339.64, 1-339.67, 1-339.68
	3	45-21.17, 45-21.27, 45-21.29, 45-21.29a 1-339.17 note, 1-339.25 note, 1-339.52 note, 1-339.64 note, 1-339.67 note, 1-339.68 note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.27 note, 45-21.29 note, 45-21.29a note
982	. .	153-5
983	. .	108-9
984	. .	10-9
985	1	58-228
	2	58-237
986	1	105-228.28 to 105-228.36
	4	105-228.28 note
987	1	139-3
	2	153-77
	3	153-80
	4, 5	139-37.1, 139-38
	6, 7	139-44, 139-45
	8	139-39
	9	139-46
	10	139-41
	11	139-3 note, 153-77 note
	12	139-3 note, 153-77 note
990	. .	115-51
992	1-7	143-416 to 143-422
	9	143-416 note
993	1	49-14 to 49-16
	2	6-21
	4	49-14 note
994	1-8	129-40 to 129-47
	10	129-40 note
995	. .	20-64
996	1	148-1
	2	148-12
	3, 4	148-18, 148-19
	5	148-22
	6	148-24
	7, 8	148-36, 148-37
	9	148-42
	10	148-49.1 to 148-49.9
	11	148-64
	12	148-74, 148-76 to 148-78, 148-80
	13	15-10.1, 15-200, 15-217, 65-4, 97-13, 105-296.1, 130-114, 131-88, 143-134, 146-33, 148-1 note, 148-3, 148-4, 148-6 to 148-8, 148-10, 148-22.1, 148-23, 148-26, 148-27, 148-29, 148-30, 148-32 to 148-33.1,

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
996	13	148-40, 148-41, 148-45, 148-46.1, 148-49.1 note, 148-59, 148-66, 148-67, 148-70, 148-74 note, 153-189.1
	14	148-1 note, 148-2, 148-11, 148-49.1 note, 148-74 note
	15	14-335 note, 15-10.2, 15-10.3, 130-191.1, 148-1 note, 148-4, 148-5, 148-11, 148-20, 148-25, 148-33, 148-41, 148-49.1 note, 148-64, 148-74 note, 153-189.1
	16	15-6.1
	17	15-210 to 15-216 Repealed
997	1-5	7-68.5 to 7-68.9
998	. .	95-17
1000	. .	163-152 L.M.
1001	1	153-77
	2	153-80
1002	. .	153-9
1003	. .	103-2
1005	1	130-169.04 to 130-169.06
	4, 5	130-169.04 note
1006	1	113-28.5 to 113-28.10
	2	113-28.5 note
1007	1	80-1 to 80-14
	2	80-1 note
1009	1, 2	65-18, 65-19
	3-5	65-22 to 65-23.1
	6, 7	65-24
	8	65-25 Repealed
	9, 10	65-26, 65-27
	11	65-28 Repealed
	12-14	65-30 to 65-32
	15	65-34.1
	16	65-36
1010	. .	156-81.1 L.M.
1015	1	120-4
	3	120-4 note
1016	. .	163-151
1020	. .	115-349 to 115-351
1022	. .	153-6
1024	. .	105-345 note
1025	. .	105-141
1027	1-6	143-423 to 143-428
1028	2	115-352 to 115-357
	4	115-352 note
1029	1	44A-1 to 44A-6
	2	44-2 to 44-5 Repealed, 44-15 to 44-27 Repealed, 44-30 to 44-37.1 Repealed
1031	. .	150-9
1032	1	143-300.1
	5	143-300.1 note
1038	. .	116-44.10 to 116-44.16, 116-45, 116-46.3, 116-46.4, 116-175, 116-189, 126-5, 147-45, 147-50
1039	. .	62-300
1040	1	116-70
	2	116-70 note
	3	116-70.1
1041	. .	15-103.1
1042	1-3	48-29
	3½	48-29 note
1049	1	7A-60 to 7A-67
	2, 3	7-44, 7-45
	4	7A-160
	5	7A-132, 7A-133 note, 7A-300, 7A-304, 7A-343, 7A-345 note, 7A-346
	6	7-44 Repealed, 7-44 note, 7-45 Repealed, 7-45 note, 7-68 Repealed, 7-68 note, 7A-43.1 to 7A-43.3 Repealed, 7A-160 to 7A-165 Repealed
1051	1-27	143-236.2 to 143-236.28
	29	143-236.2 note
1053	. .	20-155
1056	. .	160-453.12 note, 160-453.24 note
1060	1	165-1 to 165-11
	2-8	165-13 to 165-22.1
	9	116-150 note, 165-21 note, 165-22 note
	10	116-149 to 116-153 Repealed
1063	1	163-117
	2	163-106
	3	163-109
	4, 5	163-106 note, 163-109 note, 163-117 note
1064	. .	15-155.4, 15-155.5
1065	. .	147-50
1066	. .	28-105

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
1067	. .	1-239
1068	1-15	143-215.23 to 143-215.37
	18	143-215.23 note
1069	1-3	143-355
	5	143-355 note
1070	1	143-355
	2, 3	139-35
1071	1, 2	143-354
	3, 4	143-355
1072	. .	20-310.2
1073	. .	147-45
1074	. .	153-9
1075	. .	75A-6
1076	. .	20-129
1077	. .	20-127
1078	. .	7A-227 note, 7A-306 note, 10-4 note, 14-269.1 note, 20-116 note, 23-29 note, 25-2-106 note, 25-2-208 note, 25-2-501 note, 25-2-704 note, 25-4-405 note, 25-5-117 note, 25-7-301 note, 25-9-312 note, 25-9-405 note, 25-9-406 note, 28-25 note, 32-27 note, 47-39 note, 106-426 note, 106-427 note, 106-428 note, 122-59 note, 126-5, 128-1 note, 130-124 note, 143-283.23 note, 160-464 note
1079	1, 2	20-90, 20-91
1080	. .	105-88
1081	1	127-82.1
1081	3	127-82.1 note
1082	1, 2	14-278, 14-279
1083	. .	14-127
1084	. .	33-31
1085	1	139-27
	3	139-27 note
1086	1, 2	153-80
	3	153-82
	4, 5	160-382
	6	153-80 note, 153-82 note, 160-382 note
1087	. .	47-115.1
1088	1	14-214
	2	14-112.1 Repealed
	4	14-112.1 note, 14-214 note
1089	. .	14-317
1090	. .	20-83
1091	. .	54-44.1 to 54-44.13
1092	1	143-300.2 to 143-300.5
	2	147-17
1093	. .	160-28.1
1094	1, 2	62-3
	3	62-114
1095	1, 2	20-88
	3, 4	20-38
1098	1	20-30
	2	20-17
1109	. .	163-201
1110	1	105-2, 105-19
	2	105-122, 105-123, 105-125
	3	105-130 to 105-130.21, 105-131 Repealed, 105-132 transferred to 105-135, 105-133, 105-133 transferred to 105-136, 105-134, 105-137, 105-138 to 105-139 Repealed, 105-140 to 105-142.1, 105-143 Repealed, 105-144, 105-144.1, 105-144.4, 105-145, 105-147, 105-149, 105-151, 105-152, 105-153 Repealed, 105-154 to 105-157, 105-159 to 105-163
	4	105-163.10, 105-163.11, 105-163.13, 105-163.19 to 105-163.21 Repealed
	5	105-163.33
	6	105-164.3, 105-164.4, 105-164.6, 105-164.14, 105-164.16, 105-164.17, 105-164.21, 105-164.41
	7	105-188.1
	8	105-228.16
	9	105-236, 105-241.4
	10	18-73
	11	53A-15

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
1110	12	119-16.2, 119-18, 119-19
	13	105-212
	14	105-449.20, 105-449.21
	15	105-449.24, 105-449.40
	16	18-73 note, 53A-15 note, 105-2 note, 105-19 note, 105-122 note, 105-123 note, 105-125 note, 105-130 note, 105-133 note, 105-160 note, 105-163.10 note, 105-163.11 note, 105-163.13 note, 105-163.19 to 105-163.21 note, 105-163.33 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-164.16 note, 105-164.17 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-164.41 note, 105-188.1 note, 105-212 note, 105-228.16 note, 105-236 note, 105-241.4 note, 105-449.20 note, 105-449.21 note, 105-449.24 note, 105-449.40 note, 119-16.2 note, 119-18 note, 119-19 note
	18	119-16.2 note
1111	1	58-173.1 to 58-173.8
	3	58-173.1 note, 58-173.8 note
1114	. .	113-322
1115	1	114-4.2a
	3	114-4.2a note
1116	. .	105-164.4
1117	1	143-355
	2	143-355 note
1118	1	105-62
	2	105-65.1
	3	105-79
	4	105-84
1119	. .	113-91
1120	. .	120-3
1121	. .	7-89
1122	1	160-2
	2	160-2 note
1126	1	20-286
	2	20-294
1127	. .	136-66.3
1128	1-3	136-54 to 136-55.1
	4	136-56 Repealed
	5	136-59
1129	. .	136-18
1130	. .	58-6, 95-2, 106-11, 114-7, 115-13, 147-35, 147-55, 147-65
1132	. .	20-101
1133	. .	62-49
1134	1	62-50
	3	62-50 note
1135	. .	62-260
1136	. .	20-87
1137	1	106-549.65
	2	106-549.69
1138	. .	105-405.1
1139	. .	20-126
1142	1-5	140-5.2 to 140-5.6
1143	. .	126-5
1148	1	116-187
	2	116-189
1149	1	113-109
	1.5	113-104
1151	. .	105-141
1152	1	50-14 to 50-16 Repealed
	2	50-16.1 to 50-16.10
	3	50-11
	4	1-440.2
	5	6-21
	6	1-410
	7	50-7
	8	50-5
	9	6-21 note, 50-5 note, 50-7 note, 50-11 note, 50-16.1 note
1153	1	17-39 to 17-40 Repealed, 50-13 Repealed, 5-16 Repealed
	2	50-13.1 to 50-13.8
	3	1-440.2
	4	1-410
1154	1	130-192 to 130-202.2
	2	90-210.7
	3	90-213
	4	90-217

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
1154	5	130-47
	6	152-5, 152-7
	8	152A-1 note
	9	130-192 note
1155	. .	20-279.34
1156	1	160-200.1
	2	160-200.1 note
	4	160-200.1 note
1157	1-14	87-83 to 87-96
1158	. .	20-219.1
1159	1	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
1160	1, 2	105-296, 105-297
	3	63-51.1
1161	1	105-446.2
	2	105-445
	4	105-446.2 note
1162	1	20-279.21
	2	20-279.21 note
	4	20-279.21 note
1163	. .	55-52
1164	. .	7A-134
1165	. .	7A-211
1166	. .	20-4.6
1168	. .	8-61
1169	. .	7A-312
1170	1	147-33
	3	147-33 note
1171	. .	105-29
1172	. .	20-42
1173	. .	20-286
1175	. .	14-75.1
1176	. .	18-51.1
1177	. .	116-209.1 to 116-209.15
1178	. .	18-45
1179	. .	20-187.1
1181	. .	120-11.1
1182	. .	39-1.1
1183	1	52-8
	2½	58-8 note
1184	1	106-65.23
	2, 3	106-65.24
	4-12	106-65.25 to 106-65.33
	13	106-65.34 Repealed
	14, 15	106-65.23 note
1185	. .	105-281
1186	1	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
1187	1, 2	7A-102.1
	4	7A-102.1 note
1188	. .	20-124
1189	. .	153-142.1 to 153-142.6, 153-142.6½ Repealed, 153-142.7 to 153-142.9, 153-142.10 to 153-142.21 Repealed
1190	1	62-90
	2	62-92
	3	62-96
	4	62-98
	5	62-99 Repealed
	6	62-91
	7	62-300
	8	62-95
1191	. .	139-39 L.M.
1196	1-3	105-273 to 105-275
	4	105-277.1
	5	105-213
	6	105-327
	8	105-273 note, 105-277.1 note
1197	1, 2	58-224.1, 58-224.2
	3	58-225 Repealed
	4	58-226
	5	58-235
1198	1-15	136-141 to 136-155
1199	1, 2	84-4.1, 84-4.2
1200	. .	147-45
1201	. .	62-112
1202	. .	62-111
1203	. .	62-260
1204	1	44-49
	3	44-49 note
1205	. .	135-7
1206	1	143-291
	2	143-291 note
1207	. .	110-30
1208	1	160-172
	2	160-177
	3	160-181.2
	4	153-266.10
	5-7	153-266.17
1211	1	108-79.1 note
	2	108-79.1, 108-79.2 Repealed, 108-79.3 Repealed
1213	. .	20-129
1214	. .	111-12.4 to 111-12.6
1215	. .	160-200
1216	1-3	143-369.1 to 143-369.3
1217	1	90-188 note
	2-6	90-189 to 90-193
	7, 8	90-194 Repealed, 90-195 Repealed
	9, 10	90-198, 90-199
	11	90-200 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1967 General Statutes
1218	. .	97-99
1219	. .	14-306
1220	. .	105-8
1221	. .	105-141
1222	. .	105-4
1223	. .	135-5
1224	1	130-13
	2	130-22
1225	. .	113-189
1226	1	160-453.5
	2	160-453.11
	3	160-453.23
	4	160-453.5 note, 160-453.11 note, 160-453.23 note
1227	. .	20-279.10
1228	. .	160-164
1229	1	97-2
	2	97-18
	3	97-36
1230	. .	164-14
1231	. .	119-49
1232	1	58-56
	2	105-88
1233	1	78-3
	2, 3	78-4
1234	. .	135-3
1236	1	120-33
	1.5	120-33 note
1237	1	147-35, 147-55, 147-65
	2	115-13
	3	114-7
	4	106-11
	5	95-2
	6	58-6
1238	. .	62-10
1240	1	18-39
	2-6	122-35.13 to 122-35.17
1241	1-6	14-7.1 to 14-7.6
1244	1	14-113.1 to 14-113.3, 14-113.7A
	2	14-113.8 to 14-113.17
	4	14-113.7a note, 14-113.8 note
1245	. .	58-61.2
1246	1	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
1247	1-4	136-122 to 136-125
1248	1-15	136-126 to 136-140
1249	. .	160-456
1250	. .	160-200
1251	1-3	14-1 to 14-3
1252	1	105-161 note
	2	105-147
	3	105-147 note, 105-161 note
1253	. .	147-12
1255	. .	160-281.3
1256	1	14-335
	2	122-65.6 to 122-65.9
	3	18-51
	4	14-335 note
1257	1	130-3
	2	130-234
1260	. .	15-27.2
1262	. .	161-22
1263	. .	115-80
1264	. .	163-1
1265	. .	147-36.1
1266	. .	164-11.8
1268	. .	106-557
1270	. .	163-118
1271	. .	163-1
1272	1	105-116
	2	105-120
	3	105-116
	4	105-120

SESSION LAWS OF 1969

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	130-184.2
6	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
7	1	105-275
	2	105-329
10	. .	47-17.1
11	. .	160-181.2
13	. .	20-150
14	. .	30-15
18	. .	1-239
20	. .	143-117
21	1	48-29 note, 48-36 note
	2	48-29
	3-6	48-36
22	1	14-128
	2	14-134.1
23	1	160-20
	2	160-115.1
24	. .	163-46
26	. .	68-23 note, 68-36 note
29	. .	159-17.1

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
30½	. .	14-269.1 L.M.
32	. .	120-56, 120-57
34	1	95-87
	2	95-86
35	1	160-181.9
	2	160-181.10 note
36	1	153-9
	2	14-4
37	. .	20-11
39	. .	31-1
40	. .	24-10
41	. .	53-91
42	. .	93B-2
44	1	1-84
	2	1-235
	3	1-270
	4, 5	1-284, 1-285
	6, 7	1-287, 1-287.1
	8	1-288
	9-11	1-296 to 1-298
	12	1-500
	13	1-529
	14, 15	5-2, 5-3
	16	5-6
	17	6-4
	18	6-6
	19, 20	6-33, 6-34
	21	6-38
	22	8-55
	23, 24	8-83, 8-84
	25	11-7.1
	26	14-241
	27	15-18
	28, 29	15-21, 15-22
	30, 31	15-48, 15-49
	32	15-85
	33, 34	15-102, 15-103
	35, 36	15-179, 15-180
	37-40	15-183.1 to 15-186
	41	17-6
	42	17-8
	43	17-41
	44	35-48
	45	35-50
	46	36-14
	47	40-19
	48	43-11
	49	43-17.1
	50, 51	45-21.34, 45-21.35
	52	47-1
	53	47-7
	54	52-6
	55	58-9.3
	56	75-10
	57	75-12
	58, 59	84-1, 84-2
	60	84-16
	61	84-28
	62	84-31
	63	96-4
44	64	98-14
	65	105-241.4
	66	105-266.1
	67	106-266.17
	68	106-549.59
	69	113-206
	70	113-404
	71, 72	115-87, 115-88
	73	115-179
	74	135-1
	75	143-62
	76	143-316
	77	147-77
	78	156-88
	79	160-214
	80	163-1
	81	163-9
	82	163-77
	83, 84	163-106, 163-107
	85	163-111
	86	163-177
	87	163-192
	88	163-194
	89	114-8 Repealed
45	. .	46-17.1
47	. .	115-183
48	. .	160-61.1
49	. .	106-184.1
50	. .	20-179
53	. .	160-181.2
51	. .	113-120.3
57	. .	143-400 to 143-402.2 note
59	. .	20-114.1
64	1	153-9
	2	153-9 note
69	1	54-86
	2-4	54-90, 54-91
	5	54-103
	6-8	54-106, 54-107
	9	54-87
	10	54-90
70	1	75-27
	3	75-27 note
73	. .	14-404
75	. .	113-104
79	. .	153-10.1
80	1, 2	161-10, 161-11
	3	130-64
	4	153-9 note
	5	161-22.1
	6	2-28 Repealed, 51-20 Repealed, 161-10.1 Repealed, 161-10.2 Repealed
	7	161-25
	8, 9	130-52, 130-53
	10	44-65 to 44-68 note
	11	47-113
	12	51-21

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
80	13	136-19.4
	14	136-19.4 note, 161-10 note
81	. .	14-320.1
82	. .	153-6
83	. .	10-15
84	1	90-220.1 to 90-220.9
	2	90-216.1 to 90-216.5 Repealed
87	. .	75A-2
96	. .	105-422
97	1	75A-13.1
	2	75A-18
	3	75A-13.1 note, 75A-18 note
99	. .	153-102
100	. .	140-10.1
101	1, 2	14-409.1, 14-409.2
103	. .	153-9
104	. .	84-33
105	. .	106-277.28
109	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
111	. .	106-557.1
112	1, 2	129-42, 129-42.1
114	1	116-46.3
	3	116-46.3 note
116	. .	112-1
117	. .	15-162.1 Repealed
118	. .	18-45
120	. .	118-1 L.M.
125	. .	147-69.1
127	. .	24-8
128	. .	20-116
129	. .	113-102 note
130	. .	116-45 note
131	. .	116-45
132	. .	128-21 L.M.
134	1	160-25
	2	160-25 note
135	. .	97-27
138	. .	118-1 L.M.
139	1	106-245.16
	2	106-245.16 note
140	. .	113-104
143	1-3	97-29 to 97-31
	4	97-38
	5	97-41
	6, 7	97-61.5, 97-61.6
	9	97-29 to 97-31 note, 97-38 note, 97-41 note, 97-61.5 note, 97-61.6 note
147	. .	153-9
151	. .	153-5
155	. .	153-10.1
157	. .	14-107
167	. .	153-5
169	. .	118-1 L.M.
171	. .	163-65 note, 163-67 note
173	. .	20-162.2
174	1	153-9
	2	153-9 note
175	. .	163-152.1
176	. .	153-10.1
177	. .	118-1 L.M.
178	. .	105-141
179	1	20-183.8
	2	20-183.2
180	1	153-12 Repealed, 153-13
	2	147-9.1
	3	153-13 note
181	1	160-9.1
	2	160-9.1 note
	3	160-9 note, 160-9.1 note, 160-210 note
	4	160-9.1 note
182	. .	20-20
183	. .	20-7
184	. .	106-564.3
186	1	20-17.1
	2	20-23.1
	3	20-141.3
	4, 5	20-279.13, 20-279.14
	6	20-279.16
187	1-8	65-36.1 to 65-36.8
189	. .	163-117 note
190	. .	163-151
191	1, 2	93A-1, 93A-2
	3-5	93A-4 to 93A-6
	6	93A-9
192	1	156-75
	2	156-93.2
	3	156-93.3
195	. .	113-102 note
199	. .	68-38
202	. .	153-9
205	1	9-2
	2, 3	9-4, 9-5
	4,5	9-6
	6	9-11
	7	9-21
206	1	160-20.3
	2	97-2
207	. .	153-40
208	1, 2	163-30, 163-31
215	1	28-174
	3	28-174 note
216	. .	44-65 to 44-68 Repealed, 44-68.1 to 44-68.7
218	. .	95-86
219	. .	20-183.2
222	. .	153-6

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
223	. .	160-61.1
229	. .	53-122
234	1	153-10.1
	2	153-294.19 note
237	. .	136-1
241	. .	84-18.1
242	. .	20-19
249	. .	58-173.1 to 58-173.16
253	. .	160-9.1 note
254	1, 2	160-462, 160-463
264	. .	20-218.1
266	. .	15-184 note, 15-186.1
269	. .	30-17, 113-126.2
271	1-3	113-4 to 113-5.1
	4	113-12
272	. .	16-227.1 note
276	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-269 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
286	. .	139-8 L.M.
288	. .	20-162.2
292	. .	14-111.2
293	. .	113-28.8
294	1, 2	18-37, 18-38
	3	18-37 note, 18-38 note
	4	18-40 Repealed
295	. .	153-48.4 note, 153-48.5 note
296	. .	15-47
297	1	116-2
	2, 3	116-39.1, 116-39.2
	5	116-45
	6	116-45.2 Repealed
	7	116-175
	8	116-189
298	. .	163-65 L.M.
299	. .	130-202.2
300	. .	14-197
301	. .	14-269.1 note
302	. .	163-117 note
305	. .	105-385
314	. .	87-64
319	. .	58-211.3
321	. .	118-1 L.M.
332	. .	160-61.1
338	. .	115A-9.1
339	. .	115-166
340	. .	115-165
341	. .	14-34.1
342	1, 2	113-29, 113-29.1
	3	113-60.4, 113-60.5, 113-81.1
343	. .	113-35
344	. .	113-81.1
345	. .	130A-56 L.M.
347	. .	113-139
348	. .	20-28.1
349	1	153-8
349	2	153-8 note
354	. .	90-123.1
355	. .	147-45
357	1	143-418
	2	143-420
358	1	153-48.1 to 153-48.3, 153-48.4 Repealed, 153-48.5 Repealed
	2	153-9
	3	153-48.1 note
359	. .	118-20
363	. .	118-1 L.M.
373	. .	160-173 note
374	. .	118-1 L.M.
378	1	20-122.1
	2	20-183.3
	3	20-176
379	. .	Ch. 136, Art. 8
380	1-3	153-246
	4	153-246 note
382	. .	148-23
386	. .	20-183.2
387	. .	20-129.1
388	. .	116-44.14A, 116-45, 116-175, 116-189
389	. .	20-129
396	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
400	1, 2	116-156, 116-157
401	. .	20-216
402	. .	160-200
404	1-9	143-283.24 to 143-283.32
408	1	163-25
	2	163-25 note
410	. .	153-266.9 note, 153-266.22 note
418	. .	118-1 L.M.
421	. .	118-1 L.M.
422	. .	130A-34 L.M., 130A-35 L.M.
433	. .	139-39 L.M.
434	. .	118-1 L.M.
435	. .	160-227.1 note
438	1	160-453.12
	2	160-453.24
440	. .	156-93.3
442	1-5	128-24
	6	128-26
	7	128-24, 128-27
	8-14	128-27
	15	128-28
444	. .	90-217
445	1	159-3
	2	119-26
	3	164-19
	4	130-4
	5	143-245

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
445	6	90-248
	7	90-257
	8	87-17
	9	87-53
449	1-3	54-18.3 to 54-18.5
450	1, 2	44-49, 44-50
452	. .	153-10.1
455	. .	160-453.12 note, 160-453.24 note
457	1	110-20.1
	3	110-20.1 note
458	1	147-58
	2	143-22
	3	143-3
461	. .	20-81.4
462	. .	153-189.1
463	. .	66-27.5
464	. .	106-539 to 106-549
465	. .	106-390
469	. .	122-65.8
474	1	153-326
	2	153-341
475	. .	153-80
477	. .	45-18
478	. .	130-128
479	. .	115A-39
480	2	153-9
481	. .	118-1 L.M.
482	. .	160-173 note
486	. .	118-32
487	1	115-198
	2	115-37
488	. .	160-70
496	. .	118-1 L.M.
499	. .	11-7.1
502	. .	66-84
507	. .	163-46 L.M.
513	. .	7-64 note
516	. .	115-125
517	1	115-11
	2	115-35
	3	115-79
518	. .	90-167.1
519	1	115-206.1 to 115-206.18
	2	115-206 Repealed, 115-207 to 115-228 Repealed
521	. .	103-4
522	1	14-70
	2	14-72
524	. .	90-171.17
525	1, 2	106-322.2
	2½	106-322.3
	3	106-323
527	. .	7A-133
532	1	116-44.10
	2	116-15
	3	116-158
533	. .	90-57.1
534	1	48-6
	2	49-13.1
	4	48-6 note, 49-13.1 note
535	. .	114-2
537	. .	20-118
538	. .	143-215.3
539	. .	115-59
540	. .	135-27
541	1	141-6
	2	143-132 note
	3, 4	164-13, 164-14
	5	50-16.7
	6	105-114
	7	106-65.23
	8	53-43
	9	90-108
	10	105-232
	11	113-206
	12	105-296
542	1	15-183
	3	15-183 note
543	1	14-51
	2-6	14-53 to 14-57
544	. .	163-106 note, 163-109 note, 163-117 note
545	. .	140-5.3
546	1	108-1 to 108-81, 108-82 to 108-86 Repealed
	3	108-2 note
547	1	90-171.6A
	2	90-171.6A note
552	. .	118-1 L.M.
553	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
556	. .	90-256 to 90-261, 90-261.1 Repealed, 90-262 to 90-270
559	. .	163-106 note, 163-109 note, 163-117 note
561	1	20-6
	2	20-38
562	1, 2	115A-1, 115A-2
563	1	10-1
	2	147-15.1
567	. .	143-138
570	. .	163-128
575	1, 2	96-4
	3	96-6
	4-6	96-8
	7, 8	96-9
	9	96-12
	10, 11	96-13
	12	96-14
	13, 14	96-15
	15	96-8
576	. .	163-69 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
577	. .	121-7.1
584	1	90-205
	2	90-207
	3, 3a	90-210.10
	4	90-210.13A
	6	90-210.13A note
591	. .	115-153.2
593	. .	20-289
594	. .	153-9
595	. .	18-127.2
598	1	18-97
	2, 3	18-49
599	1	105-228.32
	2	105-228.34
600	1	20-79.2
	2	20-81.2
	3-11	20-87
	12-17	20-88
	18, 19	20-89, 20-90
	20	105-434, 105-435, 105-446, 105-446.1, 105-449, 105-449.01
	21	105-449.16, 105-449.19, 105-449.30, 105-449.36
	22	105-449.38, 105-449.39
	23	20-79.2 note, 20-81.2 note, 20-87 note, 20-88 note, 20-89 note, 20-90 note, 105-434 note, 105-435 note, 105-446 note, 105-446.1 note, 105-449 note, 105-449.01 note, 105-449.16 note, 105-449.19 note, 105-449.30 note, 105-449.36 note, 105-449.38 note, 105-449.39 note
	25	20-90 note, 105-449.01 note, 105-449.38 note, 105-449.39 note
601	. .	160-205.1
602	1, 2	14-31, 14-32
605	1, 2	106-567
	3	106-564.1
606	1	106-304 to 106-307.3, 106-307.4 transferred 106-307.5, 106-307.6
	3	106-307.4 note
608	1	116-44.14B, 116-46.3, 116-175, 116-189, 147-45, 147-50
608	2	116-45
610	1	28-107.1
	2	28-107.1 note
612	1, 2	90-9, 90-10
	3, 4	90-13, 90-14
	5	90-18
614	. .	62-94
615	. .	15-205.1
616	1	58-72
	2	58-79.2
617	1	18-49.6 to 18-49.9
	2	18-49.10
	3	18-49.6 note
618	1-2½	14-33 to 14-34
619	. .	68-5 Repealed
620	. .	20-183.8
621	. .	136-28
622	. .	20-125.1
623	1	127-14
	2	127-23.1
624	. .	90-123
625	. .	147-62
627	. .	129-4
629	1	160-306 to 160-363 Repealed
	2	160-291 to 160-305
	3	160-308 to 160-352 note
631	1	115-151.1 to 115-151.9
	2	115-151.10
	4	115-151.1 note
636	. .	161-4
638	1	115-160.5 to 115-160.7
	2, 3	115-146
639	1	47-95
	2	47-95 note
642	. .	158-1 L.M.
643	. .	160-181.10 note
645	. .	62-266
646	. .	62-50
647	1, 2	18-125, 18-126
649	. .	136-105
653	. .	136-69 note
658	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
664	1	10-3.1
	2	47-14
	3	47-5
	5	10-3.1 note
665	1, 2	136-41.1
	3, 4	136-41.3
669	1	87-39 to 87-43, 87-43.1 to 87-43.3, 87-44 to 87-51
	3	87-39 note, 87-43.3 note
670	1, 2	117-20, 117-21

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
672	1-8	89A-1 to 89A-8
	11	89A-1 note
673	1	160-195 to 160-198 Repealed
	2	160-195 to 160-198 note
674	1	127-118 to 127-127
	3	127-118 note
675	. .	153-9
676	1-4	122-108 to 122-111
677	. .	35-42
678	. .	115-36
679	. .	58-260
680	1, 2	160-363.1, 160-363.2
681	. .	62-260
684	. .	44-51.1 to 44-51.3
685	1	159-47.1
	2	159-47.1 note
686	. .	160-390
687	1	153-74
	2	153-104
	3	153-108
688	1	160-417
	2	160-421
691	. .	68-1 Repealed, 68-2 Repealed
692	1-3	8-89.1 692
	5	8-89.1 note
693	1, 2	106-401.1, 106-402 693
	3	106-405
694	1	161-14.2 694
	3	161-14.2 note
700	. .	130-128
704	. .	118-1 L.M.
707	. .	97-2
708	1-5	44-51.4 to 44-51.8
711	1	139-8, 139-8.1
	2, 3	139-40, 139-41
713	1	11-7.1
	2	11-7.1 note
715	. .	160A-31 L.M.
716	1	10-12
	2	10-12 note
717	1	153-16, 153-17, 153-18 Repealed, 153-19 Repealed,
	2	153-24 Repealed, 153-25 Repealed
	3	153-16 note
718	1-15	55B-1 to 55B-15
	16	90-125
	17	93-8
	18	89-13
	19, 20	84-4, 84-5
	21	83-12
	23	55B-1 note
719	1, 2	130-13, 130-14
720	1, 2	165-44
	3	165-20
720	4, 5	165-22.1
721	1	62-266
	2	62-300
722	1	62-281
	3	62-281 note
723	1	40-5
	2	62-261
724	. .	143-215.38 to 143-215.43
725	. .	105-147
732	. .	18-67
733	1-11	136-156 to 136-166
	12	136-156 note
	13	136-19.2 Repealed
	14	136-156 note
735	. .	108-44
736	1	45-67 to 45-74
	3	45-67 note
737	. .	54-21.4
739	1	108-39.1 note
	2	108-39.1
	4	108-39.1 note
740	. .	14-132.1
741	1, 2	165-20
	3	165-21
	4	165-22.1
742	. .	115-74.1
743	. .	153-53.7
744	1	58-248
	2	20-279.34
745	1	58-251.3
	2	58-251.3 note
746	. .	45-37
747	. .	108-50
748	1	39-13.5
	3	39-13.5 note
749	1	115-172 to 115-175
	2	115-321 to 115-334, 115-335 Repealed
750	1	163-67, 163-67.1
	2	163-67
751	1, 2	55-6, 55-7
	3	55-11
	4-6	55-12
	7, 8	55-17
	9	55-22
	10, 11	55-25
	12	55-28
	13	55-31
	14	55-37.1
	15-17	55-40
	18	55-43
	19	55-44.1
	20	55-46
	21, 22	55-49, 55-50
	23-27	55-52
	28	55-53
	29-32	55-56
	33	55-63
	34, 35	55-67

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
751	36	55-101
	37, 38	55-106, 55-107
	39	55-113
	40, 41	55-137, 55-138
	42	55-156
	43	55-155
	44	58-204
	45	55-49, 55-50, 55-52, 55-155, 66-70 Repealed
	47	55-37.1 note, 55-44.1 note
753	. .	14-111.2
754	. .	108-44
756	. .	115-150.4
759	. .	51-11
760	. .	117-13
761	. .	113-271
763	. .	62-261
764	1	62-51
	3	62-51 note
765	1	62-326
	3	62-326 note
766	. .	62-119 to 62-124
767	1, 2	122-90 Repealed, 122-91
771	. .	134-67
783	1	20-7
	2	20-14
	3	20-26
785	1, 2	157-33, 157-34
786	. .	6-21.1
787	. .	20-124
788	. .	159-42
789	. .	18-6
790	1	77-14
	2	77-14 note
791	1	113-229
	3	113-229 note
792	. .	76-40
794	1	136-66.5
	2	136-18
	3	136-66.2
795	. .	136-89.55
796	. .	106-26
797	1-3	55-19 to 55-21
	4, 5	55-155, 55-156
798	. .	136-66.1
799	1	115-166
	2	115-169
800	. .	20-84
801	2	116-44.14C to 116-44.14E, 116-175, 116-189, 147-45
	3, 4	116-44.14C to 116-44.14E, 116-175, 116-189
	5, 6	116-45
	7	116-45.1 Repealed
	9	116-44.14C note,
801	9	116-44.14D note, 116-44.14E note
802	. .	153-9
803	. .	1-15 note, 1-75.1 note, 1-75.4 note, 1-87 note, 1-108 note, 1-116 note, 1-116.1 note, 1-119 note, 1-139 note, 1-180 note, 1-180.1 note, 1-182 note, 1-209 note, 1-277 note, 1-393 note, 1-394 note, 1-395 note, 1-440.1 note, 1-440.6 note, 1-440.7 note, 1-440.14 note, 1-485 note, 1-498 note, 1-514 note, 1-593 note, 1A-1 note, 7A-196 note, 7A-258 note, 8-50 note, 8-59 note, 8-61 note, 41-11 note, 43-9 note, 50-8 note, 55-146.1 note, 55A-68.1 note, 58-153.2 note, 130-205 note
804	1	90-29.3
	2	90-40
	3	90-41.1
805	. .	135-6
806	. .	160-61.2
810	1	1-47
	2	1A-1, Rule 14
	3	1-47 note, 1A-1, Rule 14 note
811	. .	160-166.3 to 160-166.17
813	1-3	47-20.5
	4	47-20.5 note
815	. .	47-71.1
816	. .	54-44.8
817	. .	105-130.10
821	. .	139-8 L.M., 139-39 L.M.,

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
821	. .	139-40 L.M.
822	1	143-214.1
	2	143-214.1 note
823	. .	163-69 L.M.
824	. .	163-65 L.M.
828	. .	115-74.2
831	. .	19A-1 to 19A-4
833	. .	75-1.1, 75-6, 75-7, 75-9 to 75-12, 75-14, 75-16
834	. .	160-382
837	1	134-22
	2, 3	134-33, 134-34
	4	13-7, 134-21 note, 134-85, 134-87, 134-91, 143-117
838	1	20-58, 20-58.1 to 20-58.8
	2	20-58 note
	3	20-58.9 Repealed
839	. .	55-132
840	1-4	143-429 to 143-432
	6	143-429 note
841	. .	141-8
842	. .	141-7
843	1	90-275.1, 90-276 to 90-288
	2	150-9
	5	90-275.1 note
844	1	134-99
	2	134-72
	3	90-159
	4	88-14
	5	143-246
	6	53-92
	7	58-7
	8	74A-2
	9	106-434
	10	130-192
	11	136-4.1
	12	143-3.2
	13	147-57
	14	128-8 note
845	. .	160-200
847	. .	135-27
848		. . 47A-3
849	. .	106-189
850	. .	162A-2, 162A-4 to 162A-6, 162A-8
851	1	65-29
	2, 3	65-29.1
852	1, 2	147-45
	3	147-50
853	. .	116-46.1A
855	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
856	. .	160-181.10 note
860	1	116-212
	2, 3	116-213
861	. .	36-3
862	. .	159-28.1
863	. .	41-2.1
864	. .	40-12.1
865	. .	20-7
866	. .	20-124
867	. .	20-220 to 20-23
868	1, 2	160-184
	3, 4	160-186
	5	160-187
869	1	14-288.1 to 14-288.18
	2	153-9
	3	160-200
	4	18-38.1
	5	18-129.1
	6	14-49, 14-49.1, 14-50, 14-50.1
	7	14-34.1
	7½	14-132
	8	15-25, 15-25.1 Repealed, 15-25.2 Repealed, 15-26, 15-27, 15-27.1
870	. .	160-28 Repealed
871	. .	111-28
873	. .	160-4.1
875	1	55A-6
	2, 3	55A-9, 55A-10
	4	55A-15
	5	55A-23
	6	55A-27.1
	7, 8	55A-60, 55A-61
	9	55A-86
	10	55A-77
	12	55A-27.1 note
876	1	14-107
	2	7A-273
	3	7A-288
877	1	15-218
	2	15-220
878	. .	156-97
880	. .	20-116
884	. .	105-74
886	1	1A-1, Rule 45
	3	1A-1, Rule 45 note
888	. .	15-184 note, 15-186.1
889	1	14-322.2
	3	14-322.2 note
890	. .	115-153.3
893	1-23	106-549.15 te 106-549.37
	25	106-549.15 note, 106-549.29 note
	26	106-549.15 note, 106-549.29 note, 106-549.29:1 Repealed, 106-549.40 to 106-549.48 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
893	27, 27(a)	106-549.38, 106-549.39
894	. .	69-1
895	1-4	1A-1, Rule 4
	5,6	1A-1, Rule 17
	7	1A-1, Rule 18
	8	1A-1, Rule 34
	9,10	1A-1, Rule 40, 1A-1, Rule 41
	11	1A-1, Rule 50
	12, 13	1A-1, Rule 52, 1A-1, Rule 53
	14	1-75.10
	15	1-271
	16, 17	50-13.3, 50-13.4
	18	50-16.7
	19	1-65.5 Repealed, 1B-8 Repealed
	21	1-65.5 note, 1-75.10 note, 1-271 note, 1A-1, Rule 4 note, 1A-1, Rule 17 note, 1A-1, Rule 18 note, 1A-1, Rule 34 note, 1A-1, Rule 40 note 1A-1, Rule 41 note, 1A-1, Rule 50 note, 1A-1, Rule 52 note, 1A-1, Rule 53 note, 1B-8 note, 50-13.3 note, 50-13.4 note, 50-16.7 note
896	. .	24-9
897	. .	58-134.2 to 58-134.6
898	. .	128-27
899	. .	130-166.16 to 130-166.20
900	. .	122-105
901	. .	134-1, 134-16, 134-17, 134-79, 134-81, 134-83, 134-85, 134-87, 134-91
902	. .	18-45
906	1	66-41
	2	66-41.1
	3	66-42
	4	66-47
	5	66-49
907	. .	105-164.13
908	. .	110-49
909	. .	14-107
910	1	7A-500 to 7A-505
	3	7A-500 note
911	1	110-21, 110-21.1 Repealed, 110-22, 110-22.1
	1	Repealed, 110-23, 110-24, 110-25 Repealed, 110-26 to 110-38 Repealed, 110-40 to 110-44 Repealed
	2	7A-277 to 7A-289
	3	110-25.1 transferred to 130-58.1
	4	110-39 transferred to 14-316.1
	5	7A-195 Repealed, 7A-288 transferred to 7A-290
	6	48-7
	7	48-9
	8	48-6.1
	9	48-9.1
	11	7A-195 note, 7A-277 note, 7A-288 note, 14-316.1 note, 48-6.1 note, 48-7 note, 48-9 note, 48-9.1 note, 110-21 note, 130-58.1 note
912	1, 2	10-1, 10-2
	3	161-10
913	1, 2	160-182, 160-183
914	. .	8-53
917	. .	163-151
918	. .	153-9
920	. .	53-92
921	1	105-345
	2	105-378
	3	105-345 note, 105-378 note
924	. .	153-294.19 note
927	. .	163-69 L.M.
929	1, 2	90-9, 90-10
	3	90-18
	4, 5	90-15, 90-15.1
	6	90-14
934	. .	139-40 L.M.
940	. .	105-302
941	. .	58-60
942	. .	90-171.18
943	. .	159-13
944	. .	130-128, 153-9, 160-2
945	1	105-294
	3	105-294 note
946	. .	136-89.52
947	. .	14.110
949	1, 2	163-210
	3	163-212
950	1	143-135.3

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
950	1-A	143-135.3 note
951	1	10-16
	3	10-16 note
952	. .	20-217
953	1	55-36.1
	1½	55-36.1 note
954	. .	122-72
955	. .	139-8 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
956	. .	153-9
958	. .	139-8 L.M., 139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
961	1-5	143-144 to 143-148
	7	143-144 note
962	. .	110-2
965	1	55-129
	2	105-230
968	. .	143-215.38 to 143-215.43
969	. .	127-106.2
970	1, 2	90-87
	3	90-97
	4	90-113.1
	5	90-113.8
	6	90-113.9 to 90-113.13
	7, 8	90-113.2
	9	90-111.1
	10	90-111
	11	14-390 Repealed, 14-390.1 Repealed, 14-427 to 14-431 Repealed
971	1,2	163-176, 163-177
976	1	153-118
	2	153-120
977	. .	48-29
978	. .	136-66.1
981	1	153-50
	2, 3	112-21
982	. .	14-320, 35-39, 48-2, 48-9, 48-9.1, 48-15, 48-16, 48-19, 48-20, 48-24, 48-25, 49-16, 51-2 note, 108-1, 122-40, 122-49, 130-11, 130-58.1, 136-67, 143-280, 153-53.1, 153-52, 153-53.3, 153-53.4
983	. .	106-408
984	1	45-21.12
	2, 3	14-114, 14-115
985	. .	163-106 note, 163-109 note,
985	. .	163-117 note
986	. .	127-79
987	. .	14-148
988	. .	20-23.2
989	. .	58-248.8
		58-248.8 note
993	. .	153-296
		153-311, 153-312
		153-5.2
		160-383 note
		153-83 note,
		153-84 note,
		153-86 note,
		153-87 note
998	. .	18-78.2
999	. .	93D-1 to 93D-16
1000	1	20-6
	2	20-218.2
1001	1	1-55
	2	1-54
	4	1-54 note, 1-55 note
1002	. .	156-93.3
1003	1, 2	153-9
	3, 4	153-10 Repealed, 153-10.1
	5	160-61.1
	6	153-152
	7	153-9
	8	154-3 Repealed
	9	160-181.10 Repealed
1005	. .	15-122
1006	1	65-36
	2	58-228
1008	1	39-13.1
	3	39-13.1 note
1009	. .	58-9.2
1010	1	153-294.19 Repealed
	2	153-266.9 Repealed
	3	153-266.22 Repealed
	4	153-9
	5	160-181.2
	6	160-227.1 Repealed
1011	. .	116-44.1
1012	. .	20-174.1
1013	1	7A-450 to 7A-459, 7A-465 to 7A-470
	2	7A-300
	3	7A-304
	4	7A-344, 7A-344 transferred to 7A-345, 7A-345 transferred to 7A-346
	5	7A-345 transferred to 7A-346
	6	15-5.2 Repealed
	7	15-181
	8	15-200.1

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1013	9, 10	15-219, 15-220
	11	15-222
	12	15-4.1 to 15-5.1 Repealed, 15-5.3 Repealed, 15-5.4 Repealed
	14	7A-450 note, 7A-465 note
1014	. .	14-107
1015	1	7-448
	2-4	7-449
1016	. .	40-38
1017	. .	153-48.2
1018	. .	18-51
1019	. .	116-174.2
1020	. .	51-1 L.M.
1021	. .	95-116 to 95-125
1022	1	115-129
	2	115-129 note
1023	. .	116-37.1
1024	. .	153-9
1025	. .	143-166.2
1027	. .	14-234
1028	. .	161-9
1029	1	105-385
	3	105-385 note
1030	. .	113-95
1031	1	130-36 to 130-52, 130-52.1 Repealed, 130-52.2 Repealed, 130-53 to 130-64, 130.64.1 Repealed, 130-65 to 130-69, 130-69.1 Repealed, 130-70 to 130-73, 130-74 to 130-79.1 Repealed
	2	160-200
1032	1-3	75-17 to 75-19
1036	. .	153-8
1037	. .	120-30.12
1040	1	108-61.1
	3	108-61.1 note
1041	1	58-237.1
	2, 3	58-226
1042	1-5	113-95
	6	113-96
	7	113-95.2
	8	113-96.1
	9, 10	113-271, 113-272
	12	113-95 note, 113-95.2 note, 113-95.3 note, 113-96 note, 113-96.1 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note
	13	113-95.3
1044	. .	7A-31
1045	1	14-322
	2	14-325
	3	14-326.1
1046	. .	156-26
1048	1-21	129-50 to 129-70
1050	1-4	115-258 to 115-260.1
	6	115-258 note
1051	. .	163-65 to 163-67 L.M., 163-69 L.M., 163-71 L.M., 163-128 L.M.
1054	. .	163-106 note, 163-109 note, 163-117 note
1055	1, 2	113-44.1
	3	113-44.2
1056	1	20-88
	2	20-90 note, 105-449.38 note, 105-449.39 note
1057	. .	18-67
1058	1	160-453.12, 160-453.24
1059	2	90A-20 to 90A-29
	3	90A-35 to 90A-44
	4	150-9
	6	90A-20 note, 90A-35 note
1062	1	15-20
	2	15-103.2
	4	15-103.2 note
1063	1	14-68
	2	58-10
	3	69-4
	4	69-13
	5	69-29
	6	87-14
1064	1-5	153-9
1065	1	160-115 to 160-143, 160-144 to 160-154 Repealed
	2	160-184
	3	160-236, 160-237
	5	160-115 note
1066	1	153-342 to 153-367
	3	153-342 note
1067	1, 2	28-39.1
	3	28-39.1 note
1068	. .	106-176
1069	. .	131-121
1070	. .	128-1
1071	1	105-242
	2	105-242 note
1072	. .	118-1 L.M.
1073	. .	116-174.1
1074	1	20-16.2
	2	20-139.1

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1075	1	18-81, 18-85.2
	2	105-113.2 to 105-113.40
	3	105-113.41 to 105-113.56, 105-113.57 to 105-113.67
	4	105-135, 105-149
	5	105-164.4
	6	105-228.12
	7	105-228.23, 105-228.24
	8	18-81 note, 105-113.2 note, 105-113.41 note, 105-135 note, 105-149 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-228.12 note, 105-228.23 note, 105-228.24
	10	18-85.2
1076	. .	105-141 L.M.
1077	1	58-160
	3	58-160 note
1079	. .	90-171.7
1080	1-4	110-44.1 to 110-44.4
1081	. .	110-49
1082	. .	105-147
1083	. .	58-229.3
1090	. .	162-22
1091	1, 2	146-22.1, 146-23
	3, 4	146-24.1
1092	. .	160-383
1093	3	75A-20 to 75A-26
	4	75A-15
1098	. .	105-449.39
1099	. .	160-181.2
1104	1-11	143-171 to 143-177.3
	13	143-171 note
1109	1, 2	113-28.11
	3	113-28.12
1112	1	44A-7 to 44A-16
	2	44-6
	3	44-9
	4	44-1 Repealed, 44-39 to 44-46 Repealed
	4.1	44-1 note, 44-6 note, 44-9 note, 44-39 to 44-46 note, 44A-7 note
	5.1	44A-7 note
1113	. .	105-130.5
1114	. .	105-204
1115	1	25-8-407 Repealed, 25-9-402 to 25-9-406, 25-9-603
	2	105-158
1116	. .	105-158
1117	. .	14-269.1 note
1118	1-3	160-414 to 160-416
	4	160-421.1
1119	. .	131-126.26
1120	. .	105-144
1121	1, 2	106-225.3
	4	106-225.3 note
1122	. .	105-203
1123	. .	105-147
1124	. .	105-130.5, 105-130.7
1125	. .	20-17.1
1126	. .	116-7
1127	. .	122-63
1128	. .	14-226.1
1129	. .	14-288.19
1130	. .	153-189.1
1131	. .	18-141
1132	1	105-241.1
	2	105-266.1
1133	. .	119-49
1134	. .	14-34.2
1137	. .	143-428
1140	. .	20-63
1143	1	143-384 to 143-391 Repealed
	2, 3	113-14.1
	4-7	113-14.2
	9	113-14.1 note
	11	113-14.1 note
1144	1	143-337
	2	143-341
1145	1	75A-21, 143-283.11, 143-319 to 143-327
	2	153-9
	3	160-200
	4	113-15.1 Repealed, 143-205 to 143-210.1 Repealed, 143-400 to 143-402.2 Repealed
	5	143-319 note
1153	. .	138-6, 138-7
1156	. .	135-14 note
1157	. .	29-42.2
1158	1	116-176
	2	116-191
1164	. .	146-64
1165	1, 2	108-29, 108-30
	3, 4	108-32, 108-33
	5	108-35 to 108-37
1166	1	115-315.1 to 115-315.6
	2, 3	115-78, 115-79
1171	1-3	7A-41
1172	1	136-30.1
	3	136-30.1 note
1175	1	105-130.9
	2	105-147

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1180	. .	115-235.1
1184	1	120-31, 120-36.1 Repealed
	2-6	120-32 to 120-36
	7	120-37, 120-38 Repealed, 120-39 Repealed
	8	120-21 Repealed, 120-22 Repealed, 120-30.15 Repealed, 120-30.17, 147-40 Repealed, 147-43.1 to 147-43.3 Repealed
1185	. .	105-296.1
1186	1, 2	7A-43.1, 7A-43.2
	3	7A-101
	4	7A-163
	5	7A-165
	6	7A-172
	7	7-44
1190	1	7A-6
	2	7A-11
	3	7A-16
	4	7A-40, 7A-41
	5	7A-61
	6	7A-63
	7	7A-95
	8, 9	7A-102.1, 7A-103
	10	7A-133
	11	7A-140
	12	7A-160
	13	7A-170
	14	7A-180
	15	7A-182
	16, 17	7A-192, 7A-193
	18	7A-198
	19	7A-213
	20	7A-217
	21	7A-224
	22	7A-228
	22½	7A-258
	23, 24	7A-271
	25	7A-273
	26, 27	7A-290, 7A-291
	28, 29	7A-304
	30, 31	7A-307, 7A-308
	31½	7A-311 to 7A-314
	34	
	34½	7A-317.1
	35	1-282
	36	7-42 transferred to 7A-44, 7A-44
	37, 38	7-44, 7-45
	39	7-52 transferred to 7A-48, 7A-48
	40	7-53 transferred to 7A-49, 7A-49
	41	7-54 transferred to 7A-45, 7-55 transferred to
1190	41	7A-45, 7-58 transferred to 7A-45, 7-60 transferred to 7A-45, 7A-45
	42	7-61.1 transferred to 7A-47, 7A-47
	43	7-62 transferred to 7A-49.1, 7A-49.1
	44	7-72 transferred to 7A-49.2, 7-73 transferred to 7A-49.2, 7A-49.2
	45	7-73.1 transferred to 7A-49.3, 7A-49.3
	46	7-78 transferred to 7A-46, 7-80 transferred to 7A-46, 7-83 transferred to 7A-46, 7A-46
	47	7-65 transferred to 7A-47.1, 7A-47.1
	48	7-70.2 transferred to 7A-42, 7A-42
	49	7-76 transferred to 7A-96, 7A-96
	49½	9-2
	50, 51	11-11
	51½	15-116
	52	84-16
	53	115-99 Repealed
	54	147-45
	55	147-51
	56	163-106
	57	7-40 Repealed, 7-41 Repealed, 7-43 Repealed, 7-46 to 7-49 Repealed, 7-57 Repealed, 7-59 Repealed, 7-61 Repealed, 7-63 Repealed, 7-64 Repealed, 7-66 Repealed, 7-67 Repealed, 7-68, 7-68.1 to 7-68.9 Repealed, 7-69 Repealed, 7-74 Repealed, 7-77 Repealed, 7-81 Repealed, 7-82 Repealed, 7-84 to 7-88 Repealed, 7-92.1 to 7-92.3 Repealed, 7-240 to 7-242 Repealed, 7-296.1 to 7-296.18 Repealed, 7A-17 Repealed, 7A-36 Repealed, 114-10 note, 114-11

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1190	57	Repealed, 151-1 to 151-8 Repealed
	59	7A-41 note, 7A-317.1 note
1191	. .	139-40 L.M.
1197	. .	44-51.8
1198	. .	143-236.11
1199	. .	58-79
1201	. .	105-446.2
1204	1-7	74-39 to 74-45
1206	. .	58-41.1
1207	. .	145-5
1208	1	160-456
	2, 3	160-457.2, 160-457.3
1209	1-3	147-13.1
	5	147-13.1 note
1210	. .	143-34.2
1213	1	115-198.1
	2	115-6
	3	115-38
	4	115-162
	5	115-79
1214	1	147-35, 147-55, 147-65
	2	115-13
	3	114-7
	4	106-11
	5	95-2
	6	58-6
1215	1	19-9 to 19-20
	2	19-21
	5	19-9 note
1216	1	108-37.1
	3	108-37.1 note
1217	1	160-457.1
	2	157-4.1
1219	. .	131-121
1221	. .	105-228.5
1222	. .	105-113.21
1223	1	135-3
	2	135-3, 135-5
	3, 4	135-4
	5-12	135-5
	13	135-8
	14	135-3, 135-18 Repealed
	15	135-18.1
	16	135-1
	17	135-6
	18½	135-1 note, 135-3 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-6 note, 135-8 note, 135-18.1 note
1224	1	14-35, 14-47, 14-48, 14-113, 14-115, 14-133, 14-143,
1224	1	14-144, 14-194, 14-199, 14-223, 14-224, 14-314, 14-319, 14-343, 14-345, 14-365, 14-380.1, 14-380.2, 14-383, 14-427 to 14-431 note
	2	14-112, 14-132, 14-164, 14-360
	3	14-82, 14-108 to 14-111, 14-158, 14-163, 14-186, 14-225, 14-272, 14-273, 14-275, 14-281, 14-313, 14-361, 14-362, 14-368, 14-401.1, 14-415, 14-422
	4	14-40, 14-78.1, 14-111.1, 14-111.2, 14-114, 14-193, 14-346, 14-346.2, 14-363
	5	14-86, 14-118.3, 14-286, 14-287, 14-393, 14-397, 14-401.2
	6	14-113.6, 14-227.3, 14-235, 14-284.1, 14-327, 14-353, 14-408, 14-424
	7	14-118.2, 14-269, 14-314
	8	14-238, 14-344, 14-369, 14-386, 14-400, 14-401.3, 14-401.6, 14-401.10
	9	14-105, 14-157, 14-184, 14-190, 14-200, 14-270, 14-332, 14-348, 14-366, 14-389
	10	14-107
	11	14-129.1
	12	14-134
	13	14-142
	14	14-160
	15	14-166 to 14-168, 14-169
	16	14-251
	17	14-331
	18	14-339
	19	14-346.1
	20	14-401.5
	21	14-336
	22	14-188
1225	. .	160-195 to 160-198 note
1227	. .	135-1, 135-27

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1228	1	105-164.45 to 105-164.57
	2	105-164.58
1229	1	143-136
	2-6	143-138
	7	143-143.2, 160-141 note
1231	1, 2	20-143, 20-143.1
	4	20-143.1 note
1232	. .	160-453.12, 160-453.24, 160A-47 L.M.
1235	1-22	122A-1 to 122A-22
	24	122A-23
1236	. .	116-41.4
1238	. .	105-113.21
1239	. .	18-81
1241	. .	119-41
1242	. .	20-183.7
1243	. .	113-152
1244	. .	113-156
1246	1	105-113.5
	2	105-113.10
	4	105-113.5 note, 105-113.10 note
1247	. .	105-113.51
1249	1	122-1.4
	2	122-25
1250	. .	105-294 note
1251	1	105-113.56A
	2	105-113.65
1252	1	58-246
	2	58-248
1253	. .	163-151
1254	. .	7A-133
1255	1-3	111-1 to 111-3
	4	111-27.2
	6	111-1 note
	7	111-34
1256	. .	20-122.1
1257	1, 2	120-3.1, 120-4
	2.1	120-3.1 note
1263	. .	7-45
1267	1, 2	114-10, 114-10.1
	4	143-340
1268	. .	18-81
1269	1-10	120-4.1
	12	120-4.1 note
1272	. .	105-141
1274	. .	115-176.1
1275	. .	113-157
1276	. .	1A-1, Rule 45 note
1278	1	120-3
	2	120-4
1279	. .	58-267, 65-38 Repealed, 90-212, 105-323, 105-335, 115-274 to 115-295 Repealed, 115-323, 115-325, 115-336, 115-341, 115-345, 115-347, 134-21 Repealed, 134-69, 134-79, 134-82, 134-84, 134-84.1, 134-84.2, 134-84.4, 134-84.7, 134-84.9, 134-85, 134-87, 134-91, 153-201
1280	1	163-153
	3	163-153 note
1282	. .	105-228.17
1283	1-5	20-179
	6	20-179 note
1284	. .	58-173.17 to 58-173.28
1285	. .	147-45
1287	. .	105-164.56
1288	. .	160-383 note
1289	. .	153-83 note, 153-84 note, 153-86 note, 153-87 note
1294	. .	115A-5
1296	. .	15-220, 15-222
1298	1	105-164.14
	2	105-439
	3, 4	105-446, 105-446.1
	6	105-164.14 note, 105-439 note, 105-446 note, 105-446.1 note
1301	2	115-18, 115-19
	4	115-18 note, 115-19 note
1303	1, 2	24-1.1, 24-1.2
	3	24-2
	4	24-4
	5	24-8
	6, 7	24-10, 24-11
	8, 9	53-43
	10-12	53-141
	12.1	53-176
	13	53-166, 53-173, 53-179, 53-190
	14	53-166
	14.1	53-174
	15	53-168
	16	53-176.1
		17-22 53-173
	23	53-175
	24	53-180
	25	53-189
	26	53-191
	27	24-1.1 note, 24-1.2 note, 24-2 note, 24-4 note, 24-8 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1969 General Statutes
1303	27	24-10 note, 24-11 note, 53-43 note, 53-141 note, 53-168 note, 53-173 note, 53-174 note, 53-175 note, 53-176 note,
		53-176.1 note, 53-179 note, 53-180 note, 53-189 note, 53-190 note, 53-191 note
1305	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1971

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1, 2	164-14
	3	164-14 note
3	. .	14-250
4	. .	90-21.20 L.M., 90-21.21
5	. .	20-145
10	. .	90-220.11
11	. .	47-48
12	. .	1-54
13	1	84-20
	2	84-26
14	. .	47-51
15	. .	20-36
16	. .	67-34 L.M.
17	. .	50-10
18	. .	84-34
19	. .	30-3
28	. .	160-453.12
30	. .	118-22
31	. .	14-314 Repealed
32	. .	147-13
33	. .	66-10 L.M.
34	. .	53-77.1 L.M., 53-77.2 L.M.
35	. .	90-21.5
42	. .	20-81.3
44	. .	153-272 L.M.
46	. .	47-17.1
50	. .	163-1 L.M.
54	1, 2	106-549.27
	3	106-549.16
55	. .	20-166.1
56	. .	95-26 Repealed
57	. .	45-18
58	. .	143-291.1
59	. .	1-217.2
60	. .	55-158
61	. .	47-71.1
65	. .	118-7 L.M.
75	. .	9-21
76	. .	164-14
77	1	105-164.45 to 105-164.58 Repealed
	2	105-463 to 105-468,
77	2	105-469 to 105-474
	3	105-468.1
	4	105-463 note
78	. .	20-156
79	1-3	20-141
80	1, 2	143-166
84	1	7A-171
	2	7A-171 note
85	. .	115-36
86	1	93A-3
	2	93A-6
	3	93A-9
87	1	157-15
	2	157-32.4
	3	160-466
	4	160-474.2
89	. .	105-164.14
90	1	115-36
	2	115-36 note
99	. .	20-71
101	. .	52-8
106	. .	20-156
107	. .	20-51
109	. .	153-9
110	. .	14-365 Repealed
111	1	143-215.44 to 143-215.50
	2	143-215.8
	3	143-215.8 note, 143-215.44 note
115	1	12-4
116	1, 2	160-457.1
	3, 4	157-4.1
117	1	135-1
	2	135-1, 135-8
	3-5	135-1
	6-8	135-3
	9	135-4
	10	135-4, 135-8
	11-15	135-5
	16	135-18.1, 135-28
	17	135-18.1
	18	135-28
118	1, 2	135-3

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
118	3-7	135-5
	8	135-3 note, 135-5 note
119	. .	1-539.1
120	1, 2	20-13
123	. .	118-1 L.M.
124		108-14
125	. .	14-111.2
128	. .	20-116
129	. .	113-100 L.M., 113-104 L.M.
131	1-4	113-78
132	. .	44-51.8
133	1	14-409.12
	2	14-402, 14-409.1
134	. .	131-120
135	. .	164-11.9
136	. .	115-25 L.M.
138	. .	95-87
150	. .	129-33
151	. .	147-13
152	. .	20-9
153	. .	115-163
154	. .	49-10
156	. .	47-21
157	1, 2	48-2
158	. .	20-7
159	. .	1A-1, Rule 45
160	. .	111-20
162	. .	89A-4
163	. .	20-28.1
165	. .	14-399
167	1	147-26
	1.1	147-26 note
168	. .	14-330 Repealed
169	1	113-111
	2, 3	113-111 note
170	. .	163-1 note
171	1	97-10.2
	2	97-10.2 note
174	. .	113-102 L.M.
175	1	130-13
	2	130-14
177	. .	111-18
182	1-3	136-41.1
	4	136-41.3
	5	136-41.1 note, 136-41.3 note
183	. .	128-7.1
186	. .	153-9 L.M.
189	. .	163-106
190	1, 2	111-19
191	. .	130-87 to 130-93, 130-93.1 Repealed
192	. .	2-42 note, 7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
193	. .	148-26
196	1	55B-2
196	2	55B-14
197	. .	47-115.1
198	. .	20-3.1
200	. .	136-91
202	. .	3-1 to 3-8 Repealed
203	. .	14-111.2
204	. .	127-79
208	1, 1½	20-17.1
218	1	143-127.1
	2	14-322.2
	3	50-13.8
	4	14-322.2 note, 50-13.8 note, 143-127.1 note
219	1, 2	163-191
220	. .	14-247 L.M., 14-252 L.M.
221	. .	14-289 L.M.
225	. .	163-213.1 to 163-213.10
226	. .	20-179 note
229	1	10-12
	2	10-12 note
230	. .	20-77
231	. .	75-28
235	1	1-42.2
	2	1-42.2 note
239	1	90-255.1
	2	90-255.1 note
240	. .	95-30 Repealed
242	. .	113-95
244	1	53-70
	2	53-73
	3	53-72, 53-74
246	1	87-1
	2	87-9
	3	87-10
	4	87-14
	5	87-15.1
248	. .	85A-34
257	. .	163-201
268	1	1-80
	2	1-84
	3	1-109
	4	1-110
	5	1-148
	6	1-233
	7	1-234
	8	1-236.1
	8.1	1-245
	9	1-262
	10	1-277
	11	1-287.1
	12	1-288
	13	1-298
	14	1-320
	15	1-322
	16	1-339.1
	17	1-339.3
	18	1-339.3, 1-339.3A,

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
268	18	1-339.8, 1-339.9, 1-339.10, 1-339.11, 1-339.18, 1-339.19, 1-339.20, 1-339.23, 1-339.26, 1-339.29, 1-339.32, 1-339.33, 1-339.38, 1-339.39
	19	1-339.8
	20	1-339.28
	21	1-352
	22	1-364
	22.1	1-382
	23	1-386
	24	1-387
	25	1-392
	26	1-422
	27	1-424
	28	1-425
	29	1-428
	30	1-440.5
	30.1	1-479
	30.2	1-482
	31	1-501
	32	1-505
	33	1-534
	34	1-92 Repealed, 1-93 Repealed, 1-236 Repealed, 1-244 Repealed, 1-299 to 1-301 Repealed, 1-440.47 to 1-440.57 Repealed, 1-539.3 to 1-539.8 Repealed
269	1	6-1
	2	6-4
	3	6-7
	4	6-14
	5	6-17
	6	6-18
	7	6-33
	8	6-40
	9	6-47
	10	6-48
	11	6-49
	11.1	6-50
	12	6-53
	13	6-60
	14	6-62
	15	6-2 Repealed, 6-5 Repealed, 6-6 Repealed, 6-8 to 6-12 Repealed, 6-16 Repealed, 6-27 Repealed, 6-34 to 6-39 Repealed, 6-41 to 6-46
269	15	Repealed, 6-52 Repealed, 6-54 to 6-56 Repealed, 6-58 Repealed, 6-59 Repealed, 6-61 Repealed, 6-63 to 6-65 Repealed
272	..	53-86
274	..	145-6
280	..	129-4
281	1	97-29
	2	97-30
	3	97-38
	4	97-41
	5	97-61.5
	6	97-61.6
	7	97-29 note, 97-30 note, 97-38 note, 97-41 note, 97-61.5 note, 97-61.6 note
282	1	113-95
	2	113-95 note
283	..	108-39
284	1	97-2
	2	97-13
	4	97-2 note, 97-13 note
285	..	143-240
286	..	105-164.14
289	..	136-18
290	..	115-125
291	..	136-18
292	..	136-18
293	..	20-218
294	1	20-161
	2	20-219.1 Repealed
295	..	14-381
296	1, 2	75A-6
297	..	69-25.16
298	1	105-116
	2	105-120
	3	105-213
299	..	153-9 L.M.
300	..	14-11.2
302	..	14-247 L.M.
303	..	85A-34
308	..	118-1 note
309	..	14-316
315	..	130-210 note
316	..	85A-34
319	1	53-77.1
	2	53-77.2 Repealed
320	1	116-4
	2	116-4.1
	3	116-46
	4	116-65

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
321	1	97-29
	3	97-29 note
322	. .	97-37
323	. .	143-136
324	1, 2	14-117.2
	3	14-117.2 note
325	1-4	128-21
	5	128-23
	6-8	128-24
	9-11	128-26
	12-16	128-27
	17, 18	128-30
	19	128-26, 128-27, 128-30
	20	128-34
326	1, 2	128-24
	3-7	128-27
336	. .	118-25
337	. .	14-249
338	1	135-1
	2	135-5.1
	3	135-5.1 note
339	. .	165-20
340	1	47-41.1
	2, 3	47-41.1 note
341	1	153-53.7
	2	153-53.7 L.M.
343	1	130-161.1
	2-4	130-161.1 note
344	. .	15-104.1
345	1	136-42.1
	2	136-42 transferred to 136-42.2, 136-42.2, 136-42.3, 136-43 transferred to 136-42.3
	3	121-2
346	1	113-205
	2, 3	113-205 note
347	. .	115-29 L.M.
348	1	111-35
	2	111-35 note
349	1	111-24
	2	111-25
350	. .	14-347 Repealed
351	. .	14-349 Repealed
352	. .	14-350 Repealed
353	. .	14-351 Repealed
354	. .	14-352 Repealed
355	1	88-14
	2, 3	88-15
356	. .	115-37, 115-198, 115-204
157	. .	14-276 Repealed
361	. .	116-44.1
362	1	157-4
	2-5	157-5
362	6, 7	160-458
	8	160-459
	9	160-460
363	1	2-2 transferred to 7A-100, 2-5 transferred to 7A-100, 2-6 transferred to 7A-100, 2-24 transferred to 7A-100, 2-25 transferred to 7A-100, 7A-100
	2	2-10 transferred to 7A-102, 2-12 transferred to 7A-102, 2-13 transferred to 7A-102, 2-15 transferred to 7A-102, 7A-102
	3	2-16 transferred to 7A-103, 7A-103
	4	2-17 transferred to 7A-104, 2-19 to 2-21 transferred to 7A-104, 7A-104
	5	2-22 transferred to 7A-106,
	6	2-42 transferred to 7A-109,
	7	2-45 transferred to 7A-110,
	8	2-52 transferred to 7A-111, 2-53 transferred to 7A-111,
	9	2-54 to 2-56 transferred to 7A-112, 2-60 transferred to 7A-112,
	10	7A-105, 7A-107, 7A-108
	11	2-1 Repealed, 2-3 Repealed, 2-4 Repealed, 2-7 to 2-9 Repealed, 2-11 Repealed, 2-14 Repealed, 2-16.1 Repealed, 2-16.2 Repealed, 2-18 Repealed, 2-23 Repealed, 2-26 Repealed, 2-27 Repealed, 2-29 to 2-41 Repealed, 2-43 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
363	11	2-44 Repealed, 2-46 to 2-51 Repealed, 2-57 to 2-59 Repealed
	11.1	7A-105 note, 7A-107
366	1, 2	20-157
367	. .	96-8
368	. .	110-12
369	. .	108-9
370	. .	110-12
371	1, 2	130-173
	3	130-176
	4-7	130-177
	8	130-178
	9	130-179
374	1	20-37.6
	2	20-37.6 note
377	1	8-85
	1.1	7-448 transferred to 7A-400, 7-449 transferred to 7A-401, 7-450 transferred to 7A-402, 7-451 transferred to 7A-403, 7-452 transferred to 7A-404, 7-453 transferred to 7A-405, 7-454 transferred to 7A-406, 7-455 transferred to 7A-407, 7-456 transferred to 7A-408, 7A-400 to 7A-408
	2	7A-6
	3	7A-27
	4	7A-40
	5	7A-41
	5.1	7A-61
	6	7A-63
	7	7A-133
	8	7A-146
	9	7A-213
	10	7A-216
	11	7A-222
	12	7A-223
	13	7A-247
	14	7A-258
	15	7A-271
	16	7A-290
	17	7A-292
	18	7A-300
	19-21	7A-304
	22	7A-305.1
	23, 24	7A-305
377	25	7A-306
	26	7A-312
	27	7A-314
	28	7A-316
	30	9-6
	30.1	15-140
	31	15-200
	32	7-44 Repealed, 7-45 Repealed, 7-68 Repealed, 7-89 Repealed, 7-101 to 7-120 Repealed, 7-121 to 7-239 Repealed, 7-243 to 7-296 Repealed, 7-384 to 7-447 Repealed, 7A-35 Repealed, 7A-67 Repealed; 7A-95, 7A-145 Repealed, 7A-252 Repealed, 7A-261 Repealed, 7A-275 Repealed, 7A-300, 7A-319 Repealed, 7A-400 note, 7A-452, 9-12, 15-183.1 Repealed
378	1-8	143-283.41 to 143-283.48
381	1	5-6
	2	5-8
	3	8-5
	4	8-55
	5	8-59
	6	8-74
	7	8-83
	8	8A-1
	9	11-2
	10	11-7.1
	11	11-11
	12	1-7, 1-13, 1-174, 1-180.1, 1-272, 1-273, 1-279, 1-281, 1-283, 1-310, 1-321, 1-381, 1-382, 1-384, 1-385, 1-399, 1-403, 1-493, 1-500, 1-507.7, 1-507.8, 1-521, 8-63, 13-2, 13-3, 13-4, 13-6 to 13-10
	13	8-75 Repealed
382	1	40-33

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
382	2	40-33 note
383	1, 1½	14-45.1
385	1	113-111
	2	113-111 note
386	1	58-79
	2	58-79.1
	3	128-29
	4	135-7
388	. .	143-247.1
391	. .	118-1 L.M.
392	1	116-201
	2	116-206
	3	116-209.2
	4	116-209.3
	5-7	116-209.4
	8	116-209.5
	9	116-209.8
	10	116-209.9 392
	11	116-209.16 to 116-209.23
	12	116-209.16 to 116-209.23 note
395	. .	48-4
396	. .	139-4
397	. .	105-11.1
400	1	113-103.1
	2	113-103.1 note
401	1	20-17.1
402	. .	115A-20
403	. .	44A-2
405	1	14-190.1 to 14-190.8
	2	14-190.1 note
	3	14-190.1 note
	4	14-189 Repealed, 14-189.1 Repealed, 14-192 Repealed, 14-193 Repealed
	5	14-190.1 to 14-190.8 note
406	. .	163-117 note
408	. .	118-1 L.M.
410	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
411	. .	14-404 L.M.
415	. .	50-8
416	. .	163-2
418	. .	47A-3
420	1	1-105 note, 1-105.1 note
	2	1-105, 1-105.1
421	1	58-153
	2	58-154
423	1	113-109
	2	113-87
	3	113-126.1
431	1	157-39.2
	2	157-39.3
432	1, 2	7A-286
433	1-3	147-9.2 to 147-9.4
434	. .	115-146
435	. .	108-60
437	. .	20-13.1
439	1-3	113-104
444	1	101-2
	2	101-5
	3	130-37
	4	130-45
	5	130-62
	6	130-69
	7	130-202.1
	8	130-63
446	1, 2	108-47
447	. .	113-202
448	. .	24-1.2
449	1	113-102
	2	113-102 note
450	1	75A-10.1
	2, 3	75A-10.1 note
451	. .	7A-4.20 note, 7A-39.2 note, 7A-51 note
452	1	141-8
	2	141-8 note
453	1	110-57.1
	2	110-57.2 to 110-57.7
	3	110-57.1 note
455	1	20-128
	2	20-183.3
458	. .	165-22.1
460	1	20-84
	1-1	20-84 note
461	. .	113-102
464	. .	143-286
465	. .	53-77.3
466	. .	54-20
467	. .	115-261 to 115-273 Repealed
468	. .	90-64
469	. .	143-117
470	1	122-35.18 to 122-35.22
	2	122-35.18 note
471	1	122-63.1
	2	122-63.1 note
474	1	106-227
	2	106-230
475	. .	106-225.3
476	1, 2	58-176 note
477	1, 2	20-309
	3	20-311
478	1, 2	20-183.3
480	1	121-7, 121-7.1
	2	121-7.2 to 121-7.6
	3	121-7.7, 121-7.7 note
	4	121-8 to 121-8.3
	5	121-13.1

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
480	6	121-13.2
	8	121-7 note,
		121-7.1 note,
		121-7.2 note,
		121-7.7 note,
		121-7.8 note,
		121-8 note,
		121-8.1 note,
		121-8.2 note,
		121-8.3 note,
		121-13.1 note,
		121-13.2 note
481	. .	90-61
482	1	90-61.1
	2	90-61.1 note
483	. .	120-2
485	. .	20-135.4
486	1	20-26
	2	20-23
487	. .	54-22
488	. .	105-345 L.M.
489	. .	153-9
491	. .	85A-34
496	. .	14-111.2, 14-111.3
500	. .	97-88
508	1	7A-4.20
	2	7A-39.2
	3	7A-51
	4	7A-4.20 note,
		7A-39.2 note,
		7A-51
	5	7A-4.20 note,
		7A-39.2 note,
		7A-51 note
510	1	58-2
	2	58-53.1
	3	58-54.21
511	1	116-176
	2	116-191
512	. .	20-77
513	1	58-124.1 to
		58-124.11
	2	58-124.11 note
	3	58-124.1 note
515	1-4	113-105.2
	5	113-105
516	. .	58-210
518	1	2-16.1 note,
		2-16.2 note,
		2-18 note
	2	7A-107
523	1	108-42
	2	108-43
524	. .	113-109
526	. .	106-419.1, 106-420.1
527	1	97-78
	2	97-79
528	1	17-4
	2	17-6
	3	17-41
528	4	17-44
	5	19-2
	6	19-3
	7	19-10
	8	19-13,
		19-15,
		19-19
	9	19-21 Repealed
	10	19A-3,
		19A-4
	11	20-9
	12	20-99
	13	20-114
	14	28-67
	15	28-70
	16	28-132
	17	28-137
	18	28-138
	19	28-147
	20	28-165
	21	30-16
	22	30-17,
		30-19
	23	30-20
	24	30-21
	25	30-22 Repealed
	26	30-30
	27	30-31
	28	31-11
	29	31-33
	30	32-17
	31	35-2,
		35-4,
		35-4.1
	32	35-20
	33	35-44
	34	36-4.1
	35	38-3
	36	39-5
	37	40-19
	38	40-20
	39	41-11
529	1	1-352.1
	3	1-352.1 note
530	. .	115-18 L.M.
532	1-4	113-28.13 to
		113-28.16
	5	113-28.13 note
533	1	42-17
	2	42-18
	3	42-20
	4	42-28
	5-7	42-30 to 42-32
	8-10	42-34 to 42-36
	11	42-37 Repealed
534	. .	90-161
536	. .	58-77
537	. .	163-147
538	. .	1A-1 Rule 5
539	1	130-170.1

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
539	2	130-9
540	. .	146-26.1
542	. .	1A-1 Rule 55
544	1	44A-2
	2	44A-5
	3	44A-2 note, 44A-5 note
545	1-23	74-46 to 74-68
546	. .	20-29.1
547	1	97-53
	3	97-53 note
548	1, 2	97-113
	3	97-114
549	. .	62-50
550	1	84-4.1
	2	84-4.2
551	. .	62-134
552	1	62-118
	2	62-247
553	. .	62-3
554	. .	160-453.12 note, 160-453.24 note
556	. .	7A-500
558	1, 2	76-13, 76-14
562	. .	15-162.1 note
563	. .	143-135.1
564	. .	14-401.11
565	. .	45-70
566	1	106-405.2
	2	106-405.7
	3	106-405.2 note, 106-405.7 note
567	1, 2	106-403
568	. .	153-273
572	1	78-4
	2	78-23
573	. .	157-5 L.M.
574	. .	143-219 note
575	. .	157-4 L.M., 157-5 L.M., 157-8 L.M., 157-27 L.M.
578	1	105-61.1
	2	105-61.1 note
585	1	48A-1, 48A-2
	3	Ch. 48A note
586	1	62-281
587	1	143-48 to 143-52, 143-52.1 Repealed, 143-53 to 143-63, 143-64 Repealed
588	. .	20-4.4
589	1, 2	20-81.1
590	1	7A-375 to 7A-377
	2, 3	7A-375 note
591	1	14-190.9
	2, 3	14-190.9 note
	4	14-189.2 Repealed, 14-190 Repealed, 14-191 Repealed, 14-194 Repealed
592	1	101-7
	3	101-7 note
593	. .	143-131
594	. .	90-21.20 L.M., 90-21.21
595	. .	153-9
596	. .	122-105 to 122-107
597	1	131-138 to 131-162
	2	131-138 note
599	. .	157-4
601	. .	20-81.5
603	1	111-16
	2	111-18
	3, 4	111-30
		111-31
604	. .	163-46
606	. .	105-296
607	. .	160-20.4
608	. .	118-1 L.M.
610	. .	131-94 L.M.
614	. .	118-1 note
616	1	88-14, 88-15
	2	88-14
	3	88-15
619	1, 2	20-138, 20-139
	3-6	20-16.2
	7	20-17
	8-10	20-19
	11	20-23.2
	12, 13	20-139.1
	15	20-179
620	. .	160-453.1.1 L.M., 160-453.12 note, 160-453.24 note
627	. .	14-289 L.M.
631	. .	97-61.6
632	. .	54-33.3
633	1	159A-1 to 159A-25
	2-4	Ch. 159A note
634	1	62-3
	2	116-41.2
	3	62-3 note, 116-41.2 note
635	. .	116-44.1 note
636	. .	116-41.1, 116-41.2, 116-41.4
637	1	106-277.2
	2-5	106-277.4 to 106-277.7
	6	106-277.9
	7	106-277.29
	8	106-277.29 note
638	1	143-318.1 to 143-318.7

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
638	2, 3	143-318.1 note
639	. .	20-123
640	1, 2	115-159.1
641	1	41-11.1
	2	41-11.1 note
642	1, 2	113-315.8, 113-315.9
643	. .	108-4
644	. .	115-240
645	. .	115-200
647	. .	115-34
648	1	113-102
	2	113-102 note
649	. .	153-284 L.M.
650	. .	58-237.1
651	. .	105-4
652	1	75A-10.2
	2	75A-10.2 note
653	1	162-16
	2	1-313
655	. .	19-1
657	. .	161-14
658	. .	47-30
659	1	120-36.1 to 120-36.5
	2	143-34.4
	4	120-36.1 note, 143-34.3 note
660	. .	118-1 note
666	. .	153-266.6 L.M.
668	1	14-288.4
	2, 3	14-288.4 note
669	. .	20-187.2
670	1	58-155.41 to 58-155.59
	2	58-155.41 note
671	. .	136-33
672	. .	115-77
673	1, 2	96-4
	3, 4	96-6
	5-13	96-8
	14-20	96-9
	21	96-10
	22-24	96-11
	25, 26	96-12
	27, 28	96-13
	29	96-14
	30, 30.1	96-15
	31	96-18
674	. .	143-416 to 143-422
675	. .	163-106
676	. .	106-307.7
677	1	106-549.49
	2, 3	106-549.50
	4	106-549.51
	5-23	106-549.52 to 106-549.69
	24	106-549.49 note
	25	106-549.51A
	26	106-549.49 note
678	. .	20-72
679	. .	161-10.1
680	. .	20-116
685	1	120-34
	2	120-32
	3	147-54.1
688	. .	20-116
690	1	153-9
	2, 3	160-200
	4	113-265
	5	136-102.5
	6	153-9, 160-200
691	. .	148-28
697	1	128-1
	2	128-1.1
	3	128-2
	4	128-1.1 note
698	1	160A-1 to 160A-5, 160A-11, 160A-12, 160A-16 to 160A-18, 160A-21 to 160A-23, 160A-60 to 160A-72, 160A-73 note, 160A-74 to 160A-82, 160A-101 to 160A-110, 160A-146 to 160A-152, 160A-155 to 160A-159, 160A-162 to 160A-167, 160A-171 to 160A-194, 160A-206 to 160A-214, 160A-216 to 160A-236, 160A-240 to 160A-262, 160A-266 to 160A-275, 160A-281 to 160A-288, 160A-291 to 160A-293, 160A-296 to 160A-307, 160A-311 to 160A-319, 160A-321, 160A-322, 160A-331 to 160A-338, 160A-341 to 160A-348, 160A-350 to 160A-357, 160A-360 to 160A-365, 160A-371 to 160A-376, 160A-381 to 160A-392, 160A-401 to 160A-407, 160A-411 to 160A-438, 160A-441 to 160A-450, 160A-460 to

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
698	1	160A-465, 160A-470 to 160A-478, 160A-485 to 160A-490
	2	122-95 note, 160-1 to 160-12 Repealed, 160-17 to 160-27 Repealed, 160-28.1 to 160-64 Repealed, 160-77.1 to 160-143 Repealed, 160-155 to 160-164 Repealed, 160-166.1 Repealed, 160-166.2 Repealed, 160-167 Repealed, 160-168 Repealed, 160-170 to 160-181.9 Repealed, 160-182 to 160-194 Repealed, 160-199 to 160-227 Repealed, 160-228 to 160-274 Repealed, 160-277 to 160-279 Repealed, 160-281 to 160-305 Repealed, 160-363.1 Repealed, 160-363.2 Repealed, 160-364 to 160-366 Repealed, 160-508 to 160-521 Repealed
	3	153-250.1 to 153-250.13, 160-65 transferred to 153-250.1, 160-66 transferred to 153-250.2, 160-67 transferred to 153-250.3, 160-68 transferred to 153-250.4, 160-69 transferred to 153-250.5, 160-70 transferred to 153-250.6, 160-71 transferred to 153-250.7, 160-72 transferred to 153-250.8, 160-73 transferred to 153-250.9, 160-74 transferred to 153-250.10, 160-75 transferred to 153-250.11, 160-76 transferred to 153-250.12, 160-77 transferred to 153-250.13
	4	153-368 to 153-382, 160-166.3 transferred to 153-368, 160-166.4 transferred to 153-369, 160-166.5 transferred to 153-370, 160-166.6 transferred to 153-371, 160-166.7 transferred to 153-372, 160-166.8 transferred to 153-373, 160-166.9 transferred to 153-374, 160-166.10 transferred to 153-375, 160-166.11 transferred to 153-376, 160-166.12 transferred to 153-377, 160-166.13 transferred to 153-378, 160-166.14 transferred to 153-379, 160-166.15 transferred to 153-380, 160-166.16 transferred to 153-381, 160-166.17 transferred to 153-382
	5-8	Ch. 160A note
699	. .	14-341 Repealed
700	. .	14-340 Repealed
701	. .	14-348 Repealed
702	1-3	153-9
703	1	58-9.3
	2-4	58-9.4 to 58-9.6
	5	7A-29
	6	58-9.4 to 58-9.6 note
704	1	115-1
	2	115-2
	3	115-10
	4	115-11
	5	115-12
	6	115-25
	7	115-69
	8, 9	115-98
	10	115-100
	11	115-101
	12	115-107
	13	115-231
	14	115-311
705	1, 2	113-95
	3	113-130
710	1	110-115 to 110-122
	2	8-53.1
	3	8-57.1
	4	108-4
	5	108-19
	6	14-318.2
	7	14-318.3 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
710	8	8-57.1 note, 110-115 note
711	1	1-352.2
	2	1-352.2 note
712	1	130-240 to 130-248
	2	130-240 note
715	. .	90-155
718	. .	14-197
724	. .	106-401
727	. .	7A-133
728	. .	143-34.3
736	1	62-316
	2	62-300
	3	62-266
737	. .	130-156.3
738	1-3	93-12
739	1	106-406
	2	106-408
	3	106-408.1
	4	106-416
	5	106-410
	6	106-408.1 note
741	1	68-15 to 68-25
	2	68-3 Repealed, 68-4 Repealed, 68-6 to 68-14 Repealed, 68-26 to 68-41 Repealed
743	1	153-6
	2	153-6 note
744	1-4	116-158.1 to 116-158.4
745	. .	115-11
746	1	163-155
	2	163-155 note
747	. .	84-5
748	. .	128-15.3
749	. .	20-42
750	. .	1A-1 Rule 26
751	. .	58-95
752	. .	58-96
753	1, 2	122A-7
755	1	90-22
	2	90-29
	3	90-29.4
	4	90-30
	5	90-31
	6	90-34
	7	90-36
	8	90-39
	9	90-41
	10	90-41.1
	11	90-43
	12	90-48
756	1	90-221
	2-8	90-223 to 90-229
	9	90-229 note
	10-14	90-230 to 90-233.1
757	1	58-9
	2	58-39.4
	3	58-40
	4	58-40.6
	5	58-42
	6	58-51.2
	7	58-52
	8	58-52.1
	9	105-228.7
	10	58-40.6 note
762	1	116-11.1
	2	116-11.1 note
763	1	20-166.1
	2	20-279.4
	3	20-279.5
764	. .	42-36.1
765	1, 2	14-32, 14-33
766	. .	44A-16
767	. .	20-17.1
768	1	87-16
	2-4	87-21
	5	87-22
769	. .	14-134.1
770	. .	153-102 L.M.
779	1	106-266.6 to 106-266.19, 106-266.20 Repealed, 106-266.21 Repealed
	2, 3	106-266.6 note
780	1	159-1 to 159-5, 159-7 to 159-22, 159-24 to 159-38, 159-43 to 159-65, 159-72 to 159-76, 159-80 to 159-96, 159-121 to 159-139, 159-148 to 159-152, 159-161 to 159-165, 159-169, 159-170, 159-172, 159-176 to 159-178, 159-181, 159-182
	2	153-69 to 153-73, 153-74 note, 153-75, 153-76, 153-77 note, 153-78, 153-79, 153-80 note, 153-81, 153-82 note, 153-83 to 153-101, 153-102 note, 153-103, 153-104 note, 153-105 to 153-107, 153-108 note, 153-109 to 153-113, 153-123 Repealed
	3	153-114 to 153-117 Repealed, 153-118 note, 153-119 Repealed, 153-120 note, 153-121

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
780	3	Repealed, 153-125 to 153-128 Repealed, 153-130 to 153-135 Repealed, 153-135.1 note, 153-136 to 153-142 Repealed
	4	153-142.1 note, 153-142.2 note, 153-142.3 note, 153-142.4 note, 153-142.5 note, 153-142.6 note, 153-142.7 note, 153-142.8 note, 153-142.9 note
	5	153-142.22 note, 153-142.23 note, 153-142.24 note, 153-142.25 note, 153-142.26 note
	6	153-9, 153-29 to 153-32 Repealed
	7	115-80.1 to 115-80.5 Repealed
	8	153-143 to 153-147 Repealed
	9	153-148 to 153-151 Repealed
	10	160-62 to 160-64 note
	11	160-290 note
	12	160-367 to 160-408 Repealed
	13	160-409 to 160-412.5
	14	160-413 to 160-422 Repealed, 160-424 Repealed
	15	160-424.1 to 160-424.8 Repealed
	16	160-425 to 160-434 Repealed
	17	160-497 to 160-507 Repealed
	18	160-481
	19	160-485 to 160-489, 160-493 Repealed
	20	107-1 to 107-25 Repealed
	21	131-101
	22	131-92, 131-102 to 131-107 Repealed, 131-109 Repealed, 131-113 Repealed
	23	131-114
	24	131-14, 131-30, 131-35, 131-42 Repealed
	25	130-215
	26	130-216 to 130-219 Repealed
	27	130-134
	28	130-135 to 130-140 Repealed, 130-142 Repealed
	29	130-28, 130-141
	30	153-301
	31	153-302 to 153-308 Repealed, 153-310 to 153-312 Repealed, 153-314 to 153-316 Repealed
	32	162A-8
	33	162A-10 Repealed
	34	155-1 to 155-8 Repealed, 155-10 to 155-14 Repealed, 155-16 to 155-18 Repealed
	35	108-56
	36	142-15.1
	37	98-19, 98-20 Repealed
	37.1	157-4.2
	37.2	160A-505.1
	37.3	160A-349.1 to 160A-349.13
	37.4	131-126.33A, 131-126.34A, 131-126.35 to 131-126.37 Repealed, 131-126.38A Repealed, 131-126.40 Repealed, 131-126.40B
	37.5	162A-37, 162A-38 to 162A-44 Repealed, 162A-46 to 162A-48 Repealed, 162A-50 to 162A-52 Repealed
	38-42	Ch. 159 note
781	. .	105-463 to 105-474 L.M.
782	. .	105-463 to 105-474 L.M.
792	. .	105-141
793	1, 2	20-16
794	. .	116-186
795	1-3	115A-14.1
796	1	25A-1 to 25A-44
	2	Ch. 25A note
	3	25A-45
797	1	65-13
	2	65-14 to 65-15 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
798	. .	163-106
799	. .	131-90 to 131-116.1
800	. .	8-57
803	1	110-85 to 110-103
	2	105-60
	3	105-60 note, 110-85 note
804	1	141-7
	2	141-7 note
805	1-3	113A-21 to 113A-23
806	1	105-271 to 105-328, 105-333 to 105-344, 105-347 to 105-395, 105-396 to 105-398 Repealed
	2	105-32, 105-207, 105-249.3, 105-267.1, 105-268.1 to 105-268.3, 105-344 transferred to 105-249.3, 105-404 transferred to 105-32, 105-407 transferred to 105-267.1, 105-412 transferred to 105-207, 105-417.1 transferred to 105-268.1, 105-417.2 transferred to 105-268.2, 105-417.3 transferred to 105-268.3
	3	105-399 to 105-403 Repealed, 105-405.1 Repealed, 105-406 Repealed, 105-408 to 105-411 Repealed, 105-413 to 105-417 Repealed, 105-418 to 105-421 Repealed, 105-422 Repealed, 105-423.1 to 105-429, 153-9
	4	105-317 note, 153-9, 153-64.1
	5	105-271 note, 105-341 Repealed, 105-342 Repealed, 105-343 Repealed
807	. .	163-151
808	. .	20-84.2
809	1	113-87
	2	113-126.1
813	1	113-378
	2	113-380
	3, 4	113-382
	5, 6	113-391
	7	113-415
	8	113-378 note, 113-380 note,
813	8	113-382 note, 113-391 note, 113-415 note
	9	113-415 note
814	1-3	66-49.2
	4-6	66-49.3
	7, 8	66-49.4
	9	66-49.5A
	10	66-49.6
	11-13	66-49.7
	14	105-42
	15	66-49.5A note
815	1-28	162A-31 to 162A-58
816	1-11	14-59 to 14-67.1
817	1	90-18
	2	90-15
818	. .	1A-1 Rule 1
819	. .	86-22
820	1	105-130.5
	2	105-130.12
	3	105-125
823	. .	126-16
824	. .	113-15.2
825	. .	47-107
826	1, 2	86-15
	3	86-15 note
827	. .	105-212
828	. .	15-6.3
829	1, 2	20-81.1
	3	20-81.5
	4	20-81.1
830	. .	7A-134
831	1	78-19
	2	58-79.2
832	1	143-434 to 143-470 Repealed
	2	66-57
	3	150-9
	4	106-52 to 106-65.21 Repealed
	5-9	143-434 note
833	1	105-116, 105-120.1, 105-125
	2	105-120.1 note
835	1	163-279 to 163-304
	2, 3	163-279 note
836	. .	90-220.10
837	1-5	135-1 note, 143-166 note
	6	143-166
838	. .	143-476 to 143-482
839	. .	116-46.1B
840	. .	7A-133
841	. .	7A-133
842	. .	7A-133
843	. .	7A-133
844	. .	33-69.1
845	1-5	116-144 note
	6	116-143
	7-9	116-143.1
	10	116-143

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
846	. .	115-166
847	. .	143-129
848	. .	20-187.1
849	1, 2	130-138
854	. .	1-540.3
855	. .	1-42.2
856	. .	62-260
858	. .	130-14.1
860	. .	128-21 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
861	1, 2	76-13, 76-14
863	. .	96-8
864	. .	10-1 note, 15-201 note, 18-37 note, 20-1 note, 20-183.16 note, 35-40 note, 35-70 note, 35-73 note, 53-92 note, 54-24.1 note, 54-74 note, 58-27.1 note, 58-224.1 note, 58-224.2 note, 58-262.1 note, 62-10 note, 65-19 note, 69-1 note, 69-16 note, 74-38 note, 74A-1 note, 75A-3 note, 75A-20 note, 76-1 note, 90-211 note, 94-1 note, 95-36.1 note, 95-64 note, 96-1.1 note, 97-77 note, 100-1 note, 102-9 note, 104D-1 note, 105-1 note, 105-269.2 note, 105-288 note, 105-450 note, 106-2 note, 106-22 note, 106-65.23 note, 106-266.7 note, 106-273 note, 106-407.1 note, 106-568.13 note, 108-1 note, 108-5 note, 108-61.1 note, 110-58 note, 111-1 note, 111-34 note, 112-1 note, 112-21 note, 113-1 note, 113-28.6 note, 113-44.1 note, 113-84 note, 113-241 note, 113-252 note, 114-10.1 note, 114-12 note, 115-151.10 note, 115-206.3 note, 115-244 note, 115-321 note,
864	. .	115-336 note, 115-350 note, 115-352 note, 115A-3 note, 115A-39 note, 116-35 note, 117-1 note, 118-20 note, 119-26 note, 120-4.1 note, 121-1 note, 121-8 note, 121-19 note, 122-1 note, 122-1.1 note, 122-100 note, 122-105 note, 122-108 note, 122A-1 note, 125-1 note, 125-9 note, 125-16 note, 126-1 note, 127-14 note, 127-118 note, 128-22 note, 129-1 note, 129-31 note, 129-40 note, 129-50 note, 130-4 note, 130-186.1 note, 130-192 note, 131-1 note, 131-52 note 131-61 note, 131-62 note, 131-77 note, 131-84 note, 131-117 note, 131-120 note, 131-127 note, 135-2 note, 135-20 note, 136-1 note, 137-31 note, 139-4 note, 140-1 note, 140-5.2 note, 140-6 note, 140-11 note, 140A-4 note, 143-48 note, 143-64.1 note, 143-136 note, 143-166 note, 143-171 note, 143-178 note, 143-199 note, 143-204.1 note, 143-204.5 note, 143-212 note, 143-214 note, 143-216 note, 143-230 note, 143-237 note, 143-255 note, 143-283.4 note, 143-283.11 note, 143-283.27 note, 143-283.28 note, 143-284 note, 143-319 note, 143-321 note, 143-334 note, 143-346 note, 143-360 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
864	. .	143-369.1 note, 143-370 note, 143-378 note, 143-392 note, 143-396 note, 143-403 note, 143-409 note, 143-416 note, 143-423 note, 143-429 note, 147-12 note, 147-87 note, 148-1 note, 148-51.1 note, 148-65.1 note, 148-89 note, 159-3 note, 163-19 note, 164-12 note, 165-1 note, 166-1 note, 167-1 note
	1	143A-1 to 143A-11
	2	143A-12
	3	143A-13
	4-16	143A-19 to 143A-170
	17	36-3, 54-2, 54-6, 54-11 to 54-12.1, 54-14, 54-18.3, 54-18.5, 54-21.2, 54-21.4, 54-24 to 54-33.2, 54-35 to 54-40, 54-74, 54-75, 54-106, 105-228.26, 105-228.27, 143A-171 to 143A-185
	18-20	143A-186 to 143A-238
	21	143A-14 to 143A-18
865	. .	7A-133
866	. .	7A-133
867	1, 2	106-189.1
	3	106-189.1 note
870	1	162A-26 to 162A-30
	2	162A-26 note
871	1	20-87.1
	2	20-87.1 note
872	1	18A-1 to 18A-58
	2	105-113.68 to 105-113.104
	3	14-327 Repealed, 14-328 Repealed, 14-330 to 14-333 Repealed, 18-1 to 18-39.4 Repealed, 18-41 to 18-142 Repealed, 18-145 to 18-152 Repealed, 163-272 Repealed
	4	15-27.1
	5	18A-1 note, 18A-30 note,
872	5	18A-33 note, 105-113.68 note
873	1	90-220.1
	2	90-220.4
875	1	14-291.2
	2	14-291.2 note
876	. .	20-77
877	1, 2	7A-101
	3	7A-172
879	1	45-21.44
	2	45-21.44 note
880	1	44A-17 to 44A-23
	1.1	44A-24
	2	44-6 Repealed, 44-8 to 44-13 Repealed
	4	44-6 note, 44-8 to 44-13 note, 44A-17 note, 44A-24 note
881	1, 2	138-6
	3	138-7
882	1	143-143.1 Repealed
	2	143-236.2 to 143-236.28 Repealed
	3	153-267 to 153-271 Repealed
	4	136-89.59 to 136-89.76 Repealed
	5	82-1 to 82-18 Repealed
	6	104C-1 to 104C-3 Repealed
	8	113-14.2 Repealed
883	. .	115-67, 115-142, 115-144, 115-145
884	1	160-178.1, 160A-395
	2	160-178.1 to 160-178.5, 160A-395 to 160A-399
	4	160-178.1, 160A-395
	5	160-178.3, 160A-397
885	1-13	157A-1 to 157A-13
	14	121-7.1 Repealed
886	1, 2	54-41.1
887	1	105-164.4
888	. .	53-45
889	1	90-270.14
	2, 3	90-270.11
892	1	162A-1 to 162A-6, 162A-8 to 162A-14, 162A-16 to 162A-25
	2	162A-20 note
	3	162A-20 note, 162A-25 note
893	1	143-291
	2	143-297
	3	143-291 note, 143-297 note
894	. .	62-3
895	. .	62-3

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
896	4	160-20.4 transferred 160A-283, 160A-283 to 160A-289
	5	160-199 to 160-203.1 note, 160A-491
	6	160-181.11 to 160-181.15 transferred to 160A-451 to 160A-455
	7	160-178.1 to 160-178.5 transferred to 160A-395 to 160A-399
	9	160-195 to 160-198.5 transferred to 160A-6 to 160A-10
	10	160-199 to 160-203.1 note, 160A-17.1
	11	160-199 to 160-203.1 note, 160A-492
	13	160-205.2 transferred to 160A-243.1
	15	160-199 to 160-203.1 note, 160A-302.1
	16	160A-73 Repealed
897	. .	106-146
898	. .	7A-133
899	1	113-104
	2	113-109
902	. .	13-1 to 13-3, 13-4 to 13-10 Repealed
903	2	128-21 L.M.
905	1, 1.1, 1.2	120-4.1
908	. .	58-248.9
912	1	147-35, 147-55, 147-65
	2	115-13
	3	114-7
	4	106-11
	5	95-2
	6	58-6
913	. .	147-33
914	. .	118A-1 to 118A-7
916	. .	135-5.1
919	1	90-86 to 90-113.7, 90-113.9 to 90-113.13 Repealed
	2	90-113.8
	3, 4	90-86 note
920	. .	143-283.9
921	1-9	160-195 to 160-198.5 note
922	. .	143-471 to 143-475
923	. .	143-173
924	. .	20-309
925	. .	54-147
926	1	58-39.4
	2	58-41.1
928	. .	105-349 L.M.
929	. .	14-258.1
931	1	105-344, 105-370 to 105-372
	2	153-9, 153-64.1
932	1	105-277.1
	3	105-277.1 note
933	. .	134-28.1
935	1	110-65 to 110-72
	2	110-65
936	1	63-1 note, 63-10 Repealed, 63-29 Repealed
	2	63-48 transferred to 63-1
	3	63-16 to 63-18
937	1, 1.5	160-200, 160A-17.1
938	. .	90-220.12 to 90-220.14
939	1	1-52
	2	1-54 note
940	1, 2	130-16
942	. .	114-7.1
943	. .	8-53.4
945	. .	20-63
946	. .	115-315.7 to 115-315.12
947	1-5	163-227
948	1	58-26
	2	58-26 note
949	. .	115-152.1
950	. .	58-40.2
951	. .	14-129
952	. .	20-87
954	1	14-415.1
	2	14-415.2
	3	14-415.1 note, 14-415.2 note
955	. .	15-186.1
956	1	7A-112
	2	7A-308
957	. .	15-176.2
958	1	20-166
	2, 3	20-166.1
960	. .	143-166.3
962	. .	1A-1 Rule 4
963	1-9	17A-1 to 17A-9
	10	17A-1 note
967	. .	7A-286
968	. .	8-46
972	1-3	136-28.1 to 136-28.3
	6	136-28 Repealed
976	1-3	35-73 to 35-74.1
	4	35-75 to 35-77
	5	143A-154

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
976	6	35-74.1 note
977	. .	136-18
984	1	122-16.1
	2	122-16.1 note
985	. .	45-38
986	. .	20-162.2
988	1	105-201
	2	105-201 note
989	. .	1-279
990	. .	105-164.13
993	. .	135-4
996	. .	105-141
997	. .	7A-41
1000	. .	115-336 to 115-342, 115-343 Repealed
1004	. .	153-9 L.M.
1009	1	135-32 to 135-36
	5	135-32 note
1013	1-8	71-13 to 71-20
1025	1	111-27.1
	2	126-5
	3	135-16.1
	4, 6	135-16.1 note
1027	1	130-236 to 130-239
	3	130-236 note
1052	. .	115-157
1054	1	105-9.1
	2	105-16
	3	105-17
	4	105-23
	5	105-9.1 note, 105-16 note, 105-17 note, 105-23 note
1055	1, 3	25-2-302
1058	. .	160-181.11 to 160-181.15 note, 160A-451 to 160A-455
1060	. .	160-464 L.M., 160A-514 L.M.
1061	1	116-187
	2	116-189
1063	1	153-5
	2	153-5 note
1064	1-4	106-496 to 106-499
	5, 6	106-500
1065	1, 2	50-8 note
1067	1	58-173.19
	2	58-173.3
1068	2	115-142.1
	4	115-142.1 note
1069		161-22 L.M.
1070	1	20-43
	2	20-55
	3	20-56
	4	20-78
1071	1	115-142.2
	4	115-142.2 note
1072	. .	51-16
1074	. .	155-11
1076	1	160A-101
	2	160A-116 to 160A-127 Repealed
	3	160A-360
1078	. .	90-113.14
1079	. .	20-116
1080	1	58-44.4A
	2	57-12
	3	57-13
1083	1	147-11
	3	147-11 note
1085	1	81-36
	2	106-453
1086	1	116-158
	2	116-143
1087	1	105-149
	2	105-147
	3	105-147 note, 105-149 note
1090	. .	143-214
1092	. .	62-133
1093	1	55-137
	2	93D-6
	3	1-183.1
	5	153-375
	6	162A-4
	7	164-13
	9	150-9
	10	59-19
	11	105-269.2
	12	14-32
	13	48-7
	14, 15	1-440.7
	16	90-220.11
	17	1-394
	18	40-14
	18.1	163-2
	19	1-98.1 to 1-98.4 Repealed, 1-99.1 to 1-99.4 Repealed
1094	. .	115-102
1095	. .	115-85
1096	. .	115-101
1097	1	129-2 transferred to 143-336
	2	129-4 transferred to 143-340
	3	129-5 transferred to 143-341
	4	129-6 to 129-9 transferred to 143-345.1 to 143-345.4, 129-12 transferred to 143-345.5
	5	129-1 to 129-3 Repealed, 129-10 Repealed, 129-11 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
1097	5.1	143-341 note
1099	. .	143-139.1
1100	1, 2	143-138
	3	143-138 note
1101	. .	1A-1 Rule 55
1102	1	136-119
	2	136-119 note
1103	1	143-295
	2	143-297
	3	143-298
1104	. .	136-156 to 136-166 note
1105	. .	136-19
1106	. .	136-99 to 136-101 Repealed
1107	1	133-5 to 133-17
	3	133-5 note
1108	1	97-53
	3	97-53 note
1109	1	116A-7.2
	2	116A-7.2 note
1110	1	116A-7.1
	2	116A-7.1 note
1111	1	116A-11
	2	116A-11 note
1113	. .	116A-4
1114	. .	113-105.2
1115	1-4	58-246 to 58-248.1
	6	58-246 note, 58-247 note, 58-248 note, 58-248.1 note
1116	1-3	120-31
1121	3	105-275
	4	105-333
1122	1, 2	24-1.2
1123	1-4	122-35.24 to 122-35.27
	5	122-35.24 note
1125	1	153-13
	2	153-13 note
1126	1	58-251.3
	2	58-251.3 note
1127	. .	90-211
1129	. .	7A-304
1130	. .	105-90
1131	. .	118B-1 to 118B-7
1132	. .	116-46.1A
1133	1, 2	20-179
1134	. .	110-23.1
1135	1	Ch. 116A
	2	116-20 to 116-25 transferred to 116A-1 to 116A-7
	3	116A-8 to 116A-10
	4	53-20, 55-130
1136	1	55A-15
	2	36-23.2
	3	32-27
	4	36-23.3
1137	. .	160-205.2, 160A-243.5
1138	1	139-16
	1A	139-3
	2	139-41
	3	139-47
	4	156-138.4
	5	139-47 note
1139	. .	138-5
1140	. .	122-38
1142	. .	14-322.2 note, 50-13.8 note, 143-127.1 note
1145	. .	62-50
1147	1	97-78
	2	97-79
1149	1	65-19
	2	65-20
	3	65-22
	4	65-24
	5	65-27
	6, 7	65-30
	8	65-34
	9	65-19 note, 65-20 note, 65-22 note, 65-24 note, 65-27 note, 65-30 note, 65-34 note
1150	1-3	90-9 to 90-11
	4	90-13
	5	90-15
	6	90-18
1151	. .	58-224.2
1152	. .	106-549.49 to 106-549.69 Repealed
1155	. .	118-1 L.M.
1156	1	1A-1 Rule 7
	2	1A-1 Rule 4
	2.5	1A-1 Rule 5
	3, 4	1A-1 Rule 17
	4.5	1A-1 Rule 33
1157	1, 2	1-15
1158	. .	115-147
1159	1	143-215.62
	2	160-200, 160A-491
	3	153-9
	4	104B-16
	5	104B-10
	6, 7	113-229, 113-230
	8	113-229 note, 153-9 note
1160	. .	105-446.1
1161	. .	157-25
1162	1.1	105-278
1163	1.1	105-280
1164	. .	90-289 to 90-291
1165	. .	24-1.2
1166	1	163-32
	2	163-35
	3	163-56

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
1166	4	163-59
	5	163-70
	6	163-72
	7	163-73
1167	2	113A-30 to 113A-43
	3	143-215.51 to 143-215.61
	4	143-213
	5	143-215
	6	143-215.1
	7, 8	143-215.3
	9	143-215.63 to 143-215.69
	10	20-128.1
	11	113A-30 note, 143-215.51 note, 143-215.63 note
	12	20-128.1 note, 113A-30 note, 143-215.51 note, 143-215.63 note
1168	. .	24-10
1169	. .	134-1 to 134-28, 134-29, 134-30 to 134-114 Repealed
1170	. .	25-9-403
1171	. .	113-60.15
1172	1-8	143-145 to 143-151.1
1173	1, 2	50-5
1176	. .	97-13
1177	. .	120-1
1179	. .	97-40
1180	1-4	7A-286
	5	14-316.1
	6	110-22
1181	1	7A-305, 7A-306, 7A-307
	2	7A-232
1182	1	97-41
	3	97-41 note
1183	1-8	106-549.81 to 106-549.88
	9, 10	106-549.81 note
1184	1-6	116A-6.1
1185	1	43-5
	2	43-17.1
	3	44-8 to 44-13 note
	4	44-38
	5	44-47 Repealed
	6	44-48
	7	45-13
	8	46-8
	9	47-1
	10	47-4 Repealed
	11	47-7
	12	47-22
	13	47-32
	14	47-32.1
	15	47-44
	16	47-63
	17	48-5
	18	49-5
	19	49-7
	20	50-1 Repealed
	21	50-4
	22	50-7
	23	50-12
	24	50-13.5
	25	50-16.8
	26	51-1
	27	51-16
1186	1, 2	58-56.1
1187	1-6	106-284.6 to 106-284.11
1188	1	115-44
	2	115-142
1189	11	97-86
1190	1-3	23-25 to 23-27
	4	23-34
	5	23-39
1191	1-5	143-347.1 to 143-347.5
1192	. .	62-260
1193	. .	122-61
1194	. .	7A-4.20
1195	. .	136-111
1196	. .	147-16.1
1197	. .	44A-2
1198	1, 2	20-16
1200	1-4	120-3.1
	5	120-3
	6	120-35
	7	143-8
	8	120-32
	9	120-3.1 note
1203	1-10	113A-1 to 113A-10
	11, 12	113A-1 note
1204	. .	58-54.25:1 Repealed
1205	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.21
	3	20-279.34
	4	20-310
	5	58-248.8
	6	20-279.34 note, 20-310 note
1206	1	105-130.5
	2	105-147
1207	1, 2	160-200, 160A-492
1208	1	90-113.8A to 90-113.12
	2	90-113.8A note
1211	. .	90-188
1212	. .	53-172
1213	1	14-113.1
	2	14-113.5
	3	14-113.6A
	4	14-113.8
1214	. .	20-130.1
1215	1	111-15

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
1215	2	111-6.1
	3	111-11
1216	1	160-397 note
1218	1, 2	20-316
1219	1	143-433 to 143-433.5
	2	143-433 note
1220	. .	20-162.3
1221	1	105-446.3
	2	105-449.24
	3	105-446.3 note, 105-449.24 note
1222	1	129-17.1
	2	129-17.3
1223	1	105-130.6
	2	105-130.6 note
1224	. .	14-269.2
1225	. .	15-162.1 Repealed
1227	1, 1.1	122-71.4, 122-71.5
1228	. .	115-131 L.M.
1229	1	45-43.1 to 45-43.5 Repealed
	2	24-12 to 24-17
	3	24-12 note
1231	1	1-17, 1-371, 1-389, 7A-111, 9-3, 14-7.1, 14-198, 14-400, 20-10, 20-48, 31-32, 33-2, 33-25, 33-68, 33-71, 33-74, 35-44, 39-13.2, 46-12, 47-115.1, 48-2, 48-4, 48-8, 48-29, 48-36, 55-6, 55A-6, 58-41, 58-205.1, 66-11, 66-49.3, 83-8, 85A-4, 85A-11, 90-271, 90-272, 95-86, 96-8, 97-2, 105-249, 105-341, 108-24, 110-57, 113-48, 113-98, 113-276, 115-1, 130-190, 143-300, 162-2, 163-55, 163-73, 163-78, 163-86, 163-88, 165-18
	2	110-16 Repealed, 110-19, 110-64
	3	48A-3
	4	Ch. 48A
1234	1, 1.1	163-117 note
1235	. .	143-166
1236	. .	1A-1 Rule 12
1237	. .	163-117 note
1241	1	163-1 note
	2	163-106 note
	3	163-20 note, 163-30 note, 163-41 note, 163-106 note
1243	. .	7A-457
1244	1	116-1, 116-2, 116-2.1 Repealed, 116-3, 116-4, 116-4.1 Repealed, 116-5 to 116-11, 116-12 to 116-15, 116-27 Repealed, 116-31 to 116-36, 116-39.1 Repealed, 116-39.2 Repealed, 116-44 Repealed, 116-44.10 to 116-44.16 Repealed, 116-45 Repealed, 116-46 Repealed
	2	116-16
	3	116-46.2 transferred to 116-17
	4	116-18, 116-158
	5	116-158.1 to 116-158.4 transferred to 116-19 to 116-22
	6	116-11.1 transferred to 116-37
	7	116-44.2 transferred to 116-38
	8	116-39
	9	116-30 transferred to 116-40, 116-40.1
	10	116-37.1 transferred to 116-40.2, 116-40.2 to 116-40.4, 116-46.3 transferred to 116-40.3, 116-46.4 transferred to 116-40.4
	11	116-42 to 116-42.4, 116-44.1 transferred to 116-42, 116-46.1 transferred to 116-42.1, 116-46.1A transferred to 116-42.2, 116-46.1B transferred to 116-42.3, 116-186 transferred to 116-42.4
	12	116-143
	13	116-64 to 116-66, 116-68, 116-70 Repealed, 116-70.1 Repealed
	14	90-113.3, 115-350, 116-49, 116-53, 116-57 to 116-59, 116-73, 116-154 to 116-157 Repealed, 116-158, 116-159 to 116-167 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1971 General Statutes
1244	14	116-168, 116-190, 116-201, 116-209.19, 116-209.21, 126-4
	15	116-41.2, 116-41.4, 116-41.5, 116-41.8, 116-41.11
	16	116-41.1, 116-175, 116-187, 116-189
	17	116-26 transferred to 116-43
	18	116-11 note
	20	116-5 note
	22	116-1 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1973

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	50-4
2	. .	50-10
3	. .	105-472 L.M.
6	. .	7A-273
9	. .	7A-500
10	. .	42-30
12	. .	14-401.5
13	. .	84-24
16	. .	20-16
17	1, 2	20-16
18	1	20-17
	2	20-30
19	. .	20-24
20	. .	45-18
23	. .	28-68
24	. .	67-13 note
27	. .	18A-8
28	. .	18A-15
29	. .	18A-20
30	. .	18A-34
32	. .	18A-51
33	. .	18A-52
34	. .	122-108 note
35	. .	163-11
37	. .	152-1 L.M.
38	1-7	106-418.1 to 106-418.7
	8	106-418.1 note
39	. .	50-8
41	. .	8-52 Repealed
44	1	15-176.2 Repealed, 15-186.1 Repealed, 15-196.1 to 15-196.4
	2	15-196.1 note
46		118-1 L.M.
47	1	7A-66.1
	2	6-60, 6-62, 7A-41, 7A-49.3, 7A-51, 7A-61, 7A-61 note, 7A-62, 7A-63, 7A-64, 7A-65, 7A-102.1, 7A-105, 7A-106, 7A-132, 7A-300, 7A-343, 7A-346, 7A-400, 7A-465, 7A-466,
47	2	8-74, 8-83, 12-3, 14-190.2, 14-240, 14-291.2, 14-380.2, 15-10.2, 15-10.3, 15-200.1, 15-200.2, 15-221, 20-81, 105-289, 114-14, 122-8.1, 122-58.12, 130-200, 143-321,. 163-106, 163-107, 163-111, 163-177,
	5	113A-100 to 113A-112, 113A-113, 113A-115 to 113A-118, 113A-119, 113A-120, 113A-121, 113A-122, 113A-123, 113A-124 to 113A-128
48	. .	85A-34
49	1	105-4
	2	105-4 note
50	. .	7A-375
51	1	105-8
	2	105-8 note
52	. .	20-81.5
53	. .	103-4
54	. .	153-6
55	. .	145-7
56	. .	18A-33
57	1, 2	153-188, 153-189
	3	153-190
	4	153-194
	5	153-181 Repealed, 153-185 Repealed, 153-186 Repealed
58	. .	20-135.4
59	. .	20-185
60	. .	47-14
61	. .	115-19 L.M.
63	. .	115-133.2 L.M.
65	. .	47-17.1
66	1	1-485
	2-4	1-493 to 1-495
	5	1-498
71	. .	20-28
72	. .	20-57

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
73	. .	20-7
74	. .	162-5
75	. .	1A-1, Rule 20
76	. .	47-30
80	. .	18A-22
81	. .	106-568.34
82	. .	7A-45
83	1,2	9-2
84	. .	153-9 L.M.
85	. .	18A-17
86	. .	Ch. 159 note
87	. .	42-29
88	1, 2	20-305
	3	20-305.1 to 20-305.4
	4	20-305.5
89	. .	7A-10.1
90	. .	7A-217
91	. .	1A-1, Rule 62
92	1	90-18
92	2	90-6
93	1	90-158
	2	90-162
	3	90-167.1
	4	90-170
94	. .	18A-28
95	. .	9-15
96	. .	106-465
97	. .	143A-181
98	1	54-75.1
	2	54-75.1 note
99	1	120-32.1
	2	120-32.1 note
	3	120-32.1 note, 129-13 to 129-17 Repealed
	4	129-17.1 to 129-17.5 Repealed
100	. .	163-153 note
107	. .	20-87
108	1	14-73.1
	2	14-121
	3	14-134
	4	14-181 Repealed, 14-182 Repealed
	5	14-230
	6	14-232
	7	14-239
	8	14-240
	9	14-245 Repealed
	10	14-246
	11	14-298
	12	14-299
	13	14-337 Repealed
	14	26-1
	15	26-3
	16	26-6
	17	42-19
	18	54-32
	19	54-166
	20	58-236
108	21	62-65
	22	66-2 Repealed
	23	66-9
	24	67-3
	25	73-23 Repealed
	26	76-11
	27	76-18
	28	76-25
	29	76-37
	30	76-50
	31	76-67
	32	80-25
	33, 34	80-28, 80-29
	35, 36	84-1, 84-2
	37	84-3 Repealed
	38	85-9
	39	85A-22
	41	95-4
	42	95-52
	43	96-10
	44	98-3
	45	98-6
	46	98-14
	47	103-3
	48	104B-8
	49	105-22
	50	105-24
	51	105-109
	52	105-375
	53, 54	106-125, 106-126
	55	106-284.5 to 106-284.13 note
	56	106-459
	57	109-25
	58	109-30
	59	109-34
	60	109-36
	61, 62	109-38, 109-39
	63	112-28
	64	113-50
	65	113-55
	66	113-92
	68	120-11
	69	120-16
	70	120-44
	71	122-16
	72	122-22
	73, 74	122-33, 122-34
	75	122-43
	76	122-60 to 122-65 note
	77	122-65.6
	78	122-84
	79	122-87
	80, 81	127-46, 127-47
	82	128-16
	83	128-20
	84	135-20
	85	136-109
	86	139-18

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
108	87	139-21
	88	143-215.5
	89	143-215.15
	90	148-59
	91	150-30
	92	152-7
	93	152-10
	94	156-10
	95	156-15
	96	156-75
	97	156-134
	98	162-14
	99	161-24 Repealed, 162-6 Repealed, 162-7 Repealed
109	. .	130-14.2
110	. .	130-9
113	. .	90-289 to 90-291 Repealed
115	1	131-127, 131-130 note, 131-133
	2	143A-151
116	1	116-143
	2	116-143 note
118	1	47-72
	2	47-72 note
119	1	113A-1 note
120	. .	14-197
121	. .	118-1 L.M.
122	1	15-180.2
	2	15-180.2 note
123	. .	136-44.1 note 136-44.12
	4	136-44.1 note
125	. .	20-6
126	. .	20-37.6
128	. .	58-132
132	. .	7A-133
133	. .	39-13.4
135	. .	20-9
136	1	145-8
	2	145-8 note
137	1	130-13
	2	130-13 note
138	. .	90-65
139	. .	14-45.1
140	1	105-446.4
	2	105-446.4 note
141	. .	105-307
142	. .	105-228.5
143	1-4	130-14
144	. .	36-32 note
145	. .	33-68
148	1	7A-66
	2	7A-105
	3, 4	7A-173
	5	7A-466
	6	7A-143 Repealed
149	. .	1A-1 Rule 38
151	1, 2	7A-451
	3	7A-457
152	. .	130-18
153	. .	18A-33
154	1, 2	20-88
156	. .	105-382
159	. .	118-1 note
162	. .	115-29 L.M.
164	. .	160A-31 L.M.
165	. .	130-23
166	1, 2	161-29
168	. .	118-1 note
170	. .	160A-11
171	. .	163-285
172	1	96-8
	2, 3	96-9
	4	96-10
	5	96-11
	6	96-13
175	. .	62-260
176	. .	118-1 L.M.
182	. .	15-12 L.M.
183	. .	20-162.2
184	. .	163-79
185	. .	18A-17
186	. .	32-28
190	. .	160A-226 L.M.
191	1, 2	20-11
192	1, 2	55A-20
193	. .	136-41.3
195	. .	14-401.5
196	. .	106-418.8 to 106-418.11, 106-418.11 note, 106-418.12 to 106-418.15
197	. .	165-22
198	. .	105-333
199	1-3	54-75
	4-6	54-86 to 54-88
	7	54-91
	8-11	54-101 to 54-104
	12	54-106
	13	54-87.1
200	1	143-490 to 143-503
	2-4	143-504 to 143-506
204	1	108-22 note, 108-29 to 108-37.1 Repealed
	2	108-29 to 108-37.1 note
205	. .	105-98
206	1, 2	20-16.2
208	1-11	143-507 to 143-517
209	. .	118-1 note
211	2	113-104 note
213	. .	160A-364 L.M.
215	1	161-2
	2	161-2 note
216	. .	118-1 L.M.
217	. .	115-29 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
219	. .	85A-34
228	. .	160A-146 L.M.
229	1-3	14-32
	4	14-33
	5	14-32 note, 14-33 note
230	1, 2	9-3
231	. .	105-364
233	. .	14-197
235	1	14-89.1
	2	14-89.1 note
236	. .	115-153
238	1, 2	14-72
	3	14-72 note
239	1	36-1
	2	53-43.1
	3	53-44.1
	4	53-60
	5	58-79
240	. .	7A-100
241	1, 2	135-3, 135-4
	3-7	135-5
	8, 9	135-6, 135-7
	10	135-7.2
	11	135-18.1
	12	135-28
242	1	135-4
	2-4	135-5
243	1	128-24
	2	128-26
	3-7	128-27
	8, 9	128-28, 128-29
	10	128-29.1
	11	128-34
244	1-3	128-27
245	. .	116-144 note
248	. .	7A-4.20
249	. .	58-210
250	. .	1-38
251	. .	13-1 to 13-4
253	1-3	122-83 to 122-85
	4	122-85.1
	5, 6	122-86 note, 122-87
	7	122-87.1
	8, 9	122-88, 122-89
	10	122-91
255	1	47B-1 to 47B-9
	2	Ch. 47B note
256	1	88-19
	2	88-21
	3	88-25
261	. .	118-1 L.M.
262	. .	55-14
263	. .	69-25.1 L.M., 130-124 L.M., 130A-48 L.M., 153-368 L.M.
267	. .	128-21 L.M.
269	. .	7A-281
270	. .	7A-277
278	. .	160A-35 note
279	. .	108-14 L.M.
283	. .	47-17.1
285	. .	115-29 L.M.
287	. .	105-141
290	. .	105-275
291	. .	20-88
293	. .	106-225.3
294	. .	106-284.5 to 106-284.13 Repealed
295	1-27	95-126 to 95-152
	29, 30	95-154, 95-155
	31	95-126 note
301	. .	7A-16
302	. .	105-466
305	. .	153-284 L.M.
308	. .	160A-514 L.M.
312	1	20-16.3
	2	20-16.3 note
313	. .	105-376 L.M.
314	1, 2	55A-12
	3	55A-24.1
	4	55A-42.1
	5, 6	55A-44, 55A-44.1
	7	55A-48
	8	55A-68.1
	10	55A-24.1 note, 55A-42.1 note, 55A-44.1 note
315	1	115-142
	2	115-157.1
	3	115-157.1 note
319	1	163-303 L.M.
	2	15-21 L.M.
320	. .	118-1 L.M.
321	. .	115-74.1 L.M.
323	. .	50-13.6
330	. .	160A-146 L.M.
331	. .	160A-399.2 L.M.
335	. .	160A-24 note, 160A-44 note
336	. .	115-91 L.M.
338	. .	115-18 L.M., 115-19 note
339	. .	115-131 L.M.
342	. .	47-17.1
345	1, 2	58-251.4
	3	58-251.4 note
346	. .	160A-514 L.M.
349	. .	115-19 L.M.
354	. .	152-1 L.M.
355	. .	105-322 L.M.
360	. .	118-1 L.M.
367	. .	130-126 L.M., 130A-50 L.M.
372	1	62-3
	2, 3	62-3 note
373	. .	7A-133
387	. .	139-39 L.M.,

1973

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
387	. .	139-40 L.M.
389	1	143-442
	2	143-452
	3	143-360
	4	143-453
	5	143-452
	6	143-461
	7	143-442
392	1-17	113A-50 to 113A-66
	18	113A-50 note
	20	113A-50 note
411	. .	160A-388 L.M.
413	. .	160A-226 L.M.
415	. .	160-299 L.M.
417	1, 2	7A-311
418	. .	118-1 note
421	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409 note, 14-409.1 note
426	2	160A-5
	3	160A-1
	4	160A-7
	5	160A-9.2
	6	160A-9.4
	7	160A-11
	8	160A-17.1
	9	160A-19
	10	160A-22
	11	160A-63
	12	160A-64
	13	160A-68
	14, 15	160A-71, 160A-72
	16, 17	160A-75, 160A-76
	18	160A-79
	19, 20	160A-101, 160A-102
	21	160A-104
	22	160A-148
	23	160A-167
	24	160A-176
	25, 26	160A-184, 160A-185
	27	160A-191
	28	160A-195
	29-31	160A-207 to 160A-209
	32	160A-214
	33	160A-217
	34	160A-228
	35	160A-237
	36	160A-241
	37	160A-243.1
	38	160A-247
	39	160A-252
	40	160A-255
	41	160A-258
	42	160A-262 Repealed

1973

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
426	42.1	160A-266, 160A-271
	43	160A-270
	44	160A-276
	45	160A-281
	46	160A-286
	47	160A-299
	48	160A-301
	49	160A-302.1
	50	160A-303
	51	160A-312
	52	160A-331
	53, 54	160A-333, 160A-334
	55	160A-353
	56, 57	160A-360, 160A-361
	58	160A-364
	59	160A-372
	60	160A-373, 160A-382, 160A-387, 160A-397, 160A-398, 160A-406, 160A-441, 160A-442, 160A-444, 160A-445, 160A-448
	61	160A-376
	62	157A-1 to 157A-13 transferred to 160A-399.1 to 160A-399.13, 160A-396, 160A-399.1 to 160A-399.5, 160A-399.5, 160A-399.6 to 160A-399.13
	63	160A-451
	64	160A-413
	65	160A-417
	66	160A-423
	67	160A-425
	68	160A-429
	69	160A-430
	70	160A-443
	71, 72	160A-470, 160A-471
	73	160A-476
	73.1	160A-493
	74	160-445 to 160-453 transferred to 160A-24 to 160A-32, 160-453.1 to 160-453.24 transferred to 160A-33 to 160A-56, 160A-24 to 160A-56
	75	160-454 to 160-474.2 transferred to 160A-500 to 160A-526, 160A-500 to 160A-526

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
431	. .	143-129 L.M.
435	. .	163-41
436	. .	57-3.2
437	. .	58-259.2
438	1	20-37.7
	2	20-37.7 note
439	. .	20-13
440	. .	20-328
441	. .	20-9
442	. .	143-49.1
443	1-4	143-260.6 to 143-260.9
	5	143-260.6 note
444	. .	130-166.21
445	. .	31-31.1
446	. .	115-39
447	. .	90-112
448	1	105-277.1
	2	105-309
449	. .	89-2
450	1	88-10
	2	88-12
	3	88-25
	4	88-30
451	. .	105-275
452	2-13	130-166.22 to 130-166.33
	14, 15	130-166.22 note
454	1-2½	153-9, 153A-77
455	. .	122-35.20
456	. .	58-248.10
457	1, 2	14-72.1
458	. .	31-33
459	. .	45-12
460	. .	50-10
461	. .	148-52
462	2	131-76, 131-78, 131-78 note
	3	131-78.1
463	. .	7A-278
464	1	8-51.1
	2	28-173
	4	8-51.1 note
465	1	1B-3
	3	1B-3 note
466	1	14-363.1
	2	14-363.1 note
467	. .	15-179
468	1, 2	105-149
469	1	55-3
	2	55-7
	3	55-14
	4	55-16
	5, 6	55-19, 55-20
	7, 8	55-27, 55-28
	9, 10	55-29
	11	55-38
	12	55-55
	13	55-39
	14-16	55-45 to 55-47
469	17	55-49
	18-20	55-50
	21, 22	55-65, 55-66
	23-25	55-68
	26-28	55-72
	29	55-73
	30	55-100
	31, 32	55-106, 55-107
	33	55-108.1
	34	55-109
	35	55-111
	36, 37	55-113
	38	55-113.1
	39, 40	55-114
	41	55-125.1
	42	55-129
	43	55-145
	44	55-146.1
	45	55-164.1
	45.1	55-60
	45.2	55-46
	45.3	55-12
	45.4	55-137
	47	55-39 note, 55-55 note, 55-113.1 note, 55-125.1 note
470	1, 2	163-279 note
471	1, 2	130-160, 130-161
	3	130-160 note, 130-161 note
472	1, 2	1-474, 1-474.1
	2.1	1-484.1
473	1	18A-15
	2	18A-15 note
474	2	159-3
	3, 4	159-7
	5, 6	159-8, 159-9
	7-9	159-13
	10, 11	159-14
	12	159-15
	13	159-17
	14, 15	159-19, 159-20
	16	159-22
	17	159-24
	18-20	159-25
	21	159-27
	22, 23	159-28
	24, 25	159-30
	26, 27	159-31, 159-32
	28	159-33.1
	28.1	159-39
	29	157-4.2
	30	160A-505.1
	31	160A-349.1 to 160A-349.13
475	1	122-55.1 to 122-55.7
	2	122-36
	3	122-46 Repealed, 122-47 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
475	3½	20-17.1
	4	122-55.1 note
476	1-5	143B-1 to 143B-5
	6	143A-11, 143B-6
	7-28	143B-7 to 143B-28
	29-37	143B-49 to 143B-57
	38	140-2, 140-3
	39-42	143B-58 to 143B-61
	43	140-5.2 Repealed
	44-47	143B-62 to 143B-65
	48	8-6, 8-7, 8-34, 66-58, 70-1 to 70-4, 97-24, 100-1 Repealed, 100-2, 100-3, 100-4, 100-5, 100-6, 100-7, 121-1, 121-1 note, 121-2 to 121-13, 121-13.1 Repealed, 121-13.2 Repealed, 121-14, 121-15, 121-16, 121-18, 121-23, 121-24, 121-25, 121-26, 121-27, 132-3, 132-4, 132-8, 132-8.1, 132-8.2, 136-42.1, 136-42.2, 136-42.3, 136-43.1, 143-31.2, 143-200, 143-268, 143-300, 147-45, 153-15.4, 160A-395, 160A-397, 160A-399.5
	49-52	143B-67 to 143B-70
	53	125-9, 125-10
	54, 55	143B-71, 143B-72
	56	121-19 Repealed
	57, 58	143B-73, 143B-74
	59	143-363 to 143-365 Repealed
	60-63	143B-75 to 143B-78
	64	115-205 note
	65, 66	143B-79, 143B-80
	67	143-409 Repealed, 143-410, 143-411, 143-412 to 143-414 Repealed
	68, 69	143B-81, 143B-82
	70	143-396 to 143-399 Repealed
	71, 72	143B-83, 143B-84
	73	140A-4 Repealed, 140A-5
	74, 75	143B-85, 143B-86
	77, 78	143B-87, 143B-88
	79	143-403, 143-404 Repealed, 143-405 Repealed, 143-406, 143-407, 143-408 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	80	143B-89
	81	140-11 Repealed
	82, 83	143B-90, 143B-91
	84	125-1, 125-2, 125-3 Repealed, 125-4 Repealed, 125-5, 125-7, 125-8, 125-10, 125-14, 140-2, 143-138, 147-45
	85, 86	143B-92, 143B-93
	87	143-201, 143-204
	88	143B-94
	89	140-6 Repealed
	90-93	143B-95 to 143B-98
	95-98	143B-99 to 143B-102
	100-103	143B-103 to 143B-106
	105-108	143B-107 to 143B-110
	110-114	143B-111 to 143B-115
	116	143-204.1 to 143-204.7 Repealed, 143-369.1 to 143-369.3 Repealed, 143-429 Repealed, 143-430 Repealed, 143-431, 143-432, 143A-191 to 143A-230 Repealed
	117-121-	143B-136 to 143B-140
	122-127	143B-141 to 143B-146
	128	14-45.1, 18A-38, 20-9, 20-139.1, 42-39 note, 48-29, 51-9, 51-11, 66-58, 66-87, 66-88, 71-16, 72-34, 72-46, 72-47, 72-48, 72-48.1, 75A-6, 75A-21, 87-16, 87-52, 87-70, 87-88, 87-96, 88-23, 88-28, 88-28.1, 90-78, 90-80.1, 90-87, 90-88, 90-89, 90-90, 90-91, 90-92, 90-93, 90-94, 90-106, 90-113.2, 90-113.3, 90-172, 90-203, 90-205, 90-207, 90-211 Repealed, 90-212, 90-213, 90-214, 90-215,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	128	90-233, 90-278, 90A-2, 90A-21, 90A-22, 90A-23, 90A-24, 90A-25, 90A-28, 90A-40, 97-61.1, 104C-4, 104C-5, 105-113.78, 105-113.85, 105-275, 106-139, 106-143, 106-168.5, 106-173.5, 106-266.6, 106-266.17, 106-364, 106-365, 106-379, 106-383, 110-87, 110-91, 110-92, 113-17, 113-132, 113-202, 113-229, 113-415, 113A-113 note, 113A-118, 115-132, 115-143, 115-200, 115-204, 122-7.1, 122-7.2, 122A-4, 127-23, 130-1, 130-3, 130-4 to 130-8 Repealed, 130-9, 130-10, 130-11, 130-12 Repealed, 130-14, 130-14.2, 130-17, 130-18, 130-19, 130-24, 130-25, 130-26, 130-30, 130-31, 130-32, 130-33, 130-35, 130-36, 130-37, 130-45, 130-46 note, 130-48, 130-49, 130-52, 130-55, 130-58.1, 130-66, 130-67, 130-72, 130-73, 130-81, 130-82, 130-83, 130-84, 130-85, 130-86, 130-87, 130-88, 130-95, 130-96, 130-97, 130-99, 130-102, 130-103, 130-108, 130-109, 130-110, 130-112, 130-113, 130-118, 130-121, 130-123, 130-124, 130-125, 130-126, 130-128, 130-131, 130-133, 130-148, 130-149, 130-150, 130-151, 130-151.1, 130-152 note, 130-152.1 note, 130-152.2 note,
476	128	130-153 note, 130-154 note, 130-156.3, 130-156.4 note, 130-157, 130-159, 130-160, 130-161, 130-161.1, 130-163, 130-165, 130-166, 130-166.7, 130-166.12, 130-166.14, 130-166.15, 130-166.17, 130-166.18, 130-166.19, 130-166.20, 130-166.21, 130-166.25, 130-166.31, 130-167, 130-169.01, 130-169.02, 130-169.03, 130-169.04, 130-169.05, 130-169.06, 130-169.2, 130-169.3, 130-169.4, 130-170, 130-170.1, 130-172, 130-173, 130-174, 130-175, 130-176, 130-177, 130-178, 130-180, 130-181, 130-182, 130-183, 130-184, 130-184.1, 130-184.2, 130-185, 130-187, 130-188, 130-189, 130-190, 130-192, 130-193, 130-194 Repealed, 130-195 Repealed, 130-196, 130-197, 130-199, 130-200, 130-201, 130-202, 130-203, 130-204, 130-205, 130-206, 130-207, 130-208, 130-209, 130-211, 130-212, 130-213, 130-214, 130-220, 130-230, 130-231 Repealed, 130-232, 130-233, 130-235, 130-236, 130-237 Repealed, 130-238, 130-239, 130-241, 130-242, 130-243, 130-244, 130-245, 130-246, 131-27, 134-25, 139-47, 143-138, 143-215.1, 143-215.7,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	128	143-215.26, 143-280, 143-347, 143-347.2, 143-356, 143-357, 143-392, 143-436, 143-439, 143-472, 143B-192 to 143B-195, 147-33.2, 147-45, 148-10, 153-9, 153-53.3, 153-53.4, 153-166, 153A-225, 156-69, 159-95, 159A-3, 162A-21, 162A-23, 162A-24, 162A-25, 162A-30, 162A-33, 162A-34, 162A-35
	129-132	143B-147 to 143B-150
	133	14-322.2, 18A-15, 18A-15 note, 35-70 to 35-72 Repealed, 50-13.8, 96-8, 105-279, 110-87, Ch. 122 note, 122-1, 122-1.1 Repealed, 122-1.2, 122-1.3 to 122-1.6 Repealed, 122-2 Repealed, 122-2.1 Repealed, 122-3, 122-4, 122-7, 122-7.1, 122-7.2, 122-8.1, 122-8.2, 122-9 Repealed, 122-11 Repealed, 122-11.4, 122-11.6, 122-12, 122-13, 122-13.1, 122-16, 122-16.1, 122-17 Repealed, 122-19, 122-25, 122-28, 122-31, 122-32, 122-34, 122-35, 122-35.1, 122-35.2, 122-35.3, 122-35.4, 122-35.6, 122-35.7, 122-35.8, 122-35.12, 122-35.12A, 122-35.13, 122-35.14, 122-35.16, 122-35.17, 122-35.18, 122-35.19, 122-35.20, 122-35.21, 122-35.24, 122-35.25, 122-35.26, 122-35.27, 122-38, 122-39, 122-40, 122-53, 122-60 to 122-65 note, 122-65.8, 122-69, 122-70, 122-71, 122-71.1,
476	133	122-71.4, 122-71.5, 122-71.6, 122-72, 122-73, 122-74, 122-80, 122-83, 122-92, 122-93, 122-94, 122-95, 122-96, 122-98, 122-98.1, 122-100, 122-108 Repealed, 122-109, 122-110 Repealed, 122-111 Repealed, 143-126, 143-126.1, 143-127.1, 143-280, 143-472, 148-19, 148-49.7
	133.1, 133.2	143B-151, 143B-152
	133.3	35-39, 35-40 Repealed, 35-40.1, 35-41, 35-42, 35-43 to 35-48, 35-50, 35-53, 35-55, 35-57
	134-137	143B-153 to 143B-156
	138	14-320, 15-155.1, 15-155.2, 15-206, 48-2, 48-9.1, 48-15, 48-16, 48-19, 48-20, 48-22, 48-24, 48-25, 71-16, 94-2, 108-1 to 108-6 Repealed, 108-7, 108-8, 108-9, 108-11, 108-15, 108-19, 108-22, 108-23, 108-24, 108-25, 108-26, 108-27, 108-28, 108-39, 108-39.1, 108-40, 108-41, 108-42, 108-43, 108-44, 108-45, 108-50, 108-51, 108-52, 108-53, 108-54, 108-55, 108-56, 108-57, 108-58, 108-59, 108-60, 108-61.1 Repealed, 108-61.2, 108-63, 108-65, 108-66, 108-68, 108-69, 108-70, 108-71, 108-73, 108-74, 108-76, 108-77, 108-78, 108-79, 108-80, 108-81, 110-24, 110-49, 110-50, 110-51, 110-52, 110-55, 110-56,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	138	110-57.1, 110-57.3, 110-87, 110-92, 110-119, 110-122, 111-30, 111-31, 122-7.1, 122-7.2, 122-40, 130-11, 134-1, 134-23, 136-67, 143-138, 143-280, 143-472, 147-45, 148-9 Repealed, 148-33.1, 153-9, 153-50, 153-51, 153-52, 153-53.1, 153-53.3, 153-53.4, 153-53.5, 153-154, 153-166, 153-168, 153-175, 153A-225
	139-142	143B-157 to 143B-160
	143	66-58, 105-149, 105-164.13, Ch. 111 note, 111-1 to 111-3 Repealed, 111-4, 111-5, 111-6, 111-6.1, 111-7, 111-8, 111-8.1, 111-9 Repealed, 111-10 Repealed, 111-12 Repealed, 111-12.1, 111-12.2, 111-12.3, 111-12.4 Repealed, 111-12.5, 111-12.6, 111-13, 111-14, 111-16, 111-17, 111-18, 111-19, 111-20, 111-24, 111-25, 111-27, 111-27.1, 111-27.2, 111-28, 111-28.1, 111-29, 111-34 Repealed, 113-271, 126-5, 135-16.1, 147-45, 163-152.1
	144-151	143B-161 to 143B-168
	152	90-271, 96-8, 122-72.1, 131-117 Repealed, 131-118 Repealed, 131-120, 131-121, 131-121.3, 131-123, 131-124, 131-125, 131-126, 131-126.1, 131-126.3, 131-126.4, 131-126.5, 131-126.6, 131-126.7, 131-126.9, 131-126.10 Repealed,
476	152	131-126.11 Repealed, 131-126.12, 131-126.13 Repealed, 131-126.14, 131-126.16, 131-126.17 Repealed, 131-126.25, 131-126.31, 131-126.32, 131-126.33A, 131-138, 131-140, 131-141, 131-142, 131-143, 131-144, 131-147, 131-148, 131-149, 131-150, 131-152, 131-155, 131-156, 131-157, 131-158, 131-159
	153-160	143B-169 to 143B-176
	161	131-52 Repealed, 131-53 Repealed, 131-54, 131-55, 131-56, 131-57, 131-59 Repealed, 131-62 to 131-71 Repealed, 131-58, 131-72, 131-74, 131-75 Repealed, 131-77, 131-78 Repealed, 131-79 Repealed, 131-81, 131-82 Repealed, 131-83, 131-84, 131-85, 131-86, 131-87
	162	131-128 Repealed, 131-129, 131-130 Repealed, 131-131, 131-132, 131-133, 131-134, 131-135, 131-136 Repealed
	163	131-1 Repealed, 131-2, 131-3
	164	115-321, 115-322 to 115-324 Repealed, 115-325, 115-326, 115-327, 115-328, 115-329 Repealed, 115-330, 115-331 to 115-333 Repealed, 115-336, 115-337 to 115-339 Repealed, 115-340, 115-342
	165	122-16
	166	112-2 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	166	112-3, 112-4 Repealed, 112-6
	169	143B-177 to 143B-179
	170	35-73 to 35-77 Repealed
	171, 172	143B-180, 143B-181
	173	143-283.11 to 143-283.23 Repealed
	174, 175	143B-182, 143B-183
	176	122-105 to 122-107 Repealed
	177-179	143B-184, 143B-185
		143-283.1, 143-283.2, 143-283.3, 143-283.4 to 143-283.6 Repealed, 143-283.7, 143-283.8, 143-283.9 Repealed, 143-283.10 Repealed
	180, 181	143B-186, 143B-187
	182	110-65, 110-67 to 110-70 Repealed, 110-71, 110-72 Repealed
	183	130-186.1 Repealed, 130-186.2, 130-186.3 Repealed, 143-346 Repealed, 143-347, 143A-130 to 143A-162 Repealed
	184-192	143B-217 to 143B-225
	193	7A-110, 18A-2, 18A-43, 20-1, 28-56.3, 53A-15, 55-119, 55-121, 55-150, 55A-72, 66-20, 84-34, 93-12, 102-13, 105-3, 105-10, 105-11, 105-11.1, 105-12, 105-16, 105-17, 105-19, 105-20, 105-21, 105-22, 105-23, 105-24, 105-25, 105-26, 105-27, 105-28, 105-29, 105-31, 105-33, 105-34, 105-35, 105-36, 105-36.1, 105-37, 105-37.1, 105-38, 105-39, 105-41, 105-41.1, 105-42, 105-43, 105-44,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	193	105-45, 105-46, 105-47, 105-48, 105-49, 105-51, 105-52, 105-53, 105-54, 105-55, 105-56, 105-57, 105-58, 105-61, 105-61.1, 105-62, 105-64, 105-64.1, 105-65, 105-65.1, 105-66, 105-67, 105-68, 105-69, 105-70, 105-71, 105-72, 105-74, 105-75, 105-76, 105-77, 105-78, 105-79, 105-80, 105-82, 105-83, 105-84, 105-85, 105-86, 105-87, 105-88, 105-89, 105-89.1, 105-90, 105-90.1, 105-91, 105-92, 105-93, 105-96, 105-97, 105-98, 105-99, 105-100, 105-102, 105-102.1, 105-102.2, 105-104, 105-107, 105-109, 105-111, 105-112, 105-113, 105-113.4, 105-113.7, 105-113.9, 105-113.10, 105-113.11, 105-113.13, 105-113.15 to 105-113.19, 105-113.21 to 105-113.26, 105-113.30, 105-113.31, 105-113.34, 105-113.36, 105-113.37, 105-113.40, 105-113.44, 105-113.45, 105-113.47, 105-113.48, 105-113.50 to 105-113.56, 105-113.56A, 105-113.57 to 105-113.59, 105-113.63, 105-113.65, 105-113.67, 105-113.68, 105-113.70,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	193	105-113.73, 105-113.75, 105-113.76, 105-113.81, 105-113.83, 105-113.84, 105-113.86, 105-113.88, 105-113.89, 105-113.91, 105-113.92, 105-113.98, 105-113.101 to 105-113.103, 105-115, 105-116, 105-117, 105-118, 105-119, 105-120, 105-120.1, 105-121.1, 105-122, 105-123, 105-125, 105-127, 105-128, 105-129, 105-129.1, 105-130.2, 105-130.4, 105-130.6, 105-130.7, 105-130.10 to 105-130.12, 105-130.14 to 105-130.21, 105-135, 105-141, 105-141.1, 105-142, 105-144.1, 105-145, 105-146, 105-147, 105-149, 105-151, 105-152, 105-154, 105-155, 105-156, 105-157, 105-159, 105-161, 105-162, 105-163.1 to 105-163.3, 105-163.5 to 105-163.11, 105-163.13 to 105-163.18, 105-163.22, 105-163.23, 105-163.25 to 105-163.28, 105-163.30, 105-163.32, 105-163.33, 105-163.37, 105-164.3 to 105-164.7, 105-164.9 to 105-164.11, 105-164.14 to 105-164.25, 105-164.28 to 105-164.32, 105-164.35, 105-164.37 to 105-164.41, 105-164.43, 105-164.44, 105-191, 105-195, 105-196, 105-199, 105-205, 105-206, 105-209, 105-210, 105-212, 105-213, 105-217, 105-228.2, 105-228.9, 105-228.16 to 105-228.20, 105-228.27, 105-228.31, 105-228.32, 105-228.36, 105-230, 105-231, 105-232, 105-233, 105-235, 105-236, 105-237, 105-237.1, 105-239, 105-239.1, 105-240, 105-240.1, 105-241.1, 105-241.2, 105-241.3, 105-241.4, 105-242, 105-243, 105-244, 105-244.1, 105-245, 105-250.1, 105-251, 105-252, 105-253, 105-254, 105-255, 105-256, 105-257, 105-258, 105-259, 105-260, 105-261, 105-262, 105-263, 105-264, 105-266, 105-266.1, 105-267, 105-268.1, 105-268.2, 105-269, 105-269.1, 105-269.2, 105-286, 105-288 to 105-291, 105-292 Repealed, 105-293 Repealed, 105-294, 105-299, 105-301, 105-303, 105-304, 105-305, 105-309, 105-311, 105-312, 105-313, 105-317, 105-318, 105-319, 105-320, 105-321, 105-322, 105-324, 105-325, 105-327, 105-328, 105-334, 105-335, 105-336, 105-337, 105-338, 105-339, 105-340, 105-341, 105-342, 105-343, 105-344, 105-360, 105-433, 105-434, 105-435, 105-436, 105-438, 105-439, 105-441, 105-442, 105-444, 105-446, 105-446.1, 105-446.3, 105-447, 105-448,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
476	193	105-449, 105-449.01, 105-449.2, 105-449.3, 105-449.4, 105-449.5, 105-449.6, 105-449.7, 105-449.8, 105-449.9, 105-449.10, 105-449.12, 105-449.13, 105-449.14, 105-449.15, 105-449.17, 105-449.19, 105-449.20, 105-449.21, 105-449.23, 105-449.25, 105-449.28, 105-449.29, 105-449.30, 105-449.31, 105-449.32, 105-449.34, 105-449.35, 105-449.36, 105-449.37, 105-449.39, 105-449.40, 105-449.42, 105-449.45, 105-449.46, 105-449.47, 105-449.48, 105-449.49, 105-449.50, 105-449.51, 105-449.52, 105-450 to 105-452 Repealed, 105-453, 105-454 Repealed, 105-455, 105-456, 105-457 Repealed, 105-459, 105-461, 105-462, 105-466, 105-468, 105-469, 105-470, 105-471, 105-472, 105-473, 105-474, 143A-186 to 143A-190 Repealed, 147-45, 159A-3
	194	122-71.6 note, Ch. 143B note
478	. .	20-51
479	. .	47-71.1
480	. .	44-68.5
483	. .	7A-133
484	. .	105-275
487	. .	153-189 L.M., 162-38 L.M.
488	1-3	120-11.2
489	1	153-383 to 153-391
489	2	160A-321
	3	159-13
	4	153-390 note, 153-391 note
490	. .	58-79.2
491	. .	163-147 L.M.
492	1	163-305
	2	163-305 note
493	1	168-1 to 168-8
	2	67-29 Repealed
	3	168-1 note
494	2, 3	159-43, 159-44
	4, 5	159-48, 159-49
	6, 7	159-54, 159-55
	8, 9	159-60, 159-61
	10	159-65
	11	159-72
	12, 13	159-75, 159-76
	14-17	159-80 to 159-83
	18	159-85
	19	159-88
	20	159-93
	21	159-95
	22, 23	159-121, 159-122
	24-26	159-129 to 159-131
	27	159-133
	28	159-135
	29	159-139
	30	159-120
	31	159-148
	32	159-151
	33	159-161
	34, 35	159-164, 159-165
	36	159-160
	37, 38	159-169, 159-170
	39	159-172
	40	159-168
	41	159-176 to 159-178
	42	159-177
	43, 44	159-181, 159-182
	45	131-126.33 Repealed, 131-126.33A Repealed, 131-126.34 Repealed, 131-126.34A, 131-126.35 to 131-126.37 Repealed, 131-126.38A Repealed, 131-126.40 Repealed, 131-126.40B
	46	162A-37, 162A-38 to 162A-44 Repealed, 162A-46 to 162A-48 Repealed, 162A-50 to 162A-52 Repealed
	47	Ch. 159 note
495	1	116-44.3 to 116-44.5
	2	116-42 to 116-42.4 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
495	3	116-42 to 116-42.4 note
	4	116-42 to 116-42.4 note, 116-44.3 note
	5	116-42 to 116-42.4 note
496	1, 2	136-30.1
497	1	36-32 note
	2	36-32.1
	3	25-8-102
	4	53-159.1
	5	33-42.1
	6	34-10
	7	53-47
499	1	160-377 to 160-398 note
	2, 3	159-64 note, 160-377 to 160-398 note
500	1	136-41.1
	2	105-113.86
	3	105-213
502	1, 2	139-6, 139-7
503	1	7A-49.2
	2	7A-171
	3, 4	7A-180
	5	7A-181
	6, 7	7A-249, 7A-250
	8	7A-273
	9	7A-292
	10, 11	7A-300
	12-14	7A-305
	15	7A-306
	16, 17	7A-308, 7A-309
	18-20	7A-311 to 7A-313
	21, 22	7A-314
504	. .	113-271
505	. .	105-188
506	. .	106-189.1
507	1	143A-98.1, 143A-98.2
	2	143A-99
	3	136-17 Repealed, 136-17.2, 136-44.1 to 136-44.11
	4	136-103.1
	5	14-128, 15-208, 20-81.1, 20-81.3, 20-81.5, 20-96, 20-115, 20-116, 20-118, 20-118.2, 20-119, 20-121, 20-122, 20-123, 20-130.2, 20-141, 20-141.1, 20-144, 20-150, 20-158, 20-158.1, 20-165.1, 20-166, 20-169, 20-172, 20-172 note, 20-175, 20-183.9, 20-190.2, 20-194, 20-196, 20-212,
507	5	20-215, 40-2, 47-27, 58-190, 62-261, 74-51, 74-67, 77-10, 87-9, 95-28, 100-2, 104-17, 104-23, 105-86, 105-445, 105-446.1, 106-80, 113-28.6, 113A-165, 113A-165 note, 114-4.2, 133-13, 135-1, 135-6, Ch. 136 note, 136-10 to 136-12, 136-16, 136-17.1 to 136-18.2, 136-19, 136-19.1, 136-19.3, 136-20, 136-21, 136-25 to 136-27, 136-28.1, 136-28.2, 136-28.3, 136-29, 136-30, 136-30.1, 136-32, 136-32.2 to 136-33.1, 136-34, 136-35, 136-41.1, 136-41.3, 136-42.1, 136-42.2, 136-42.3, 136-44, 136-45, 136-47, 136-51 to 136-55.1, 136-58, 136-59, 136-62, 136-64, 136-66.1 to 136-66.4, 136-66.5, 136-67, 136-72, 136-81 to 136-89, 136-89.32 to 136-89.38, 136-89.40, 136-89.42 to 136-89.44, 136-89.49 to 136-89.56, 136-89.58, 136-93, 136-97, 136-98, 136-102.2, 136-102.5, 136-103 to 136-109, 136-111, 136-115 to 136-125, 136-128 to 136-140, 136-143 to 136-155, 142-46, 143-61, 143-134, 143-138, 143-215.26, 143-215.41, 143-220, 143-255, 143-258, 143-259, 143-291, 143-392, 143-439, 146-24, 146-26.1, 146-65, 147-22, 147-33.2, 147-45, 147-58, 148-49, 153-9, 153-198, 153-275.2, 153-318, 156-88, 160A-274, 160A-296 to

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
507	5	160A-299, 160A-302.1, 161-10, 162A-54, 162A-74, 162A-74 note
	6, 7	136-13, 136-13.1
	8, 9	136-14, 136-14.1
	10	136-15
	11	136-19
	12-15	136-19.4
	16	136-28.1
	17, 18	136-29
	19	136-66.5
	20	136-97
	21	20-144
	22	136-4
	22½	136-63
	23	136-1 to 136-3 Repealed, 136-4.1 to 136-4.3 Repealed, 136-5 Repealed, 136-60 Repealed, 136-61 Repealed
	24	136-17.2 note, 136-44.1 note, 136-103.1 note, 143A-98.1 note, 143A-98.2 note
508	..	130-17
511	1, 2	18A-36.1
	3	105-113.86
	4	105-277
	5	105-113.86
	6	105-113.95
	7	105-113.70
512	1-3	153-297 to 153-299
	4	153-309
	5	153-321
	6	153-297 note, 153-298 note, 153-299 note, 153-309 note, 153-321 note
515	1-3	97-29 to 97-31
	4	97-38
	5	97-41
	6, 7	97-61.5, 97-61.6
	9	97-29 note, 97-30 note, 97-31 note, 97-38 note, 97-41 note, 97-61.5 note, 97-61.6 note
519	..	47-108.11
520	1	97-25
	2	97-27
	3, 4	97-89, 97-90
521	1, 2	97-2
	4	97-2 note
522	1-10	28B-1 to 28B-10
	11	28A-2, 28C-2
	12	28A-20, 28C-20
524	..	90-88
525	..	160A-360
528	1	74B-1 to 74B-16
	3	Ch. 74B note
529	..	54-21.4
531	1, 2	20-129
533	28	7A-11 note, 7A-12 note, 7A-13 note, 7A-20 note
534	1	143-215.75 to 143-215.99
	2	143-215.75 note
535	..	153-272 to 153-275.2, 153A-292
536	1	163-226, 163-227, 163-227.1, 163-227.2, 163-228 to 163-233, 163-233.1, 163-234
	2	163-251
	3	163-137
	4	163-89
	5	163-235 Repealed, 163-252 Repealed
	6	163-226 note, 163-227.1 note, 163-227.2 note, 163-233.1 note
537	1	160B-1 to 160B-15
	2	105-113.86, 105-113.86 note
	3	105-116
	4	105-213
	5	130-23.1 to 130-23.4
	6	136-41.1
	7	136-66.6
	8	105-113.86 note, 105-116 note, 105-213 note, 130-23.1 note, 136-41.1 note, 136-66.6 note, Ch. 160B note
	9	130-23.1 note, 136-66.6 note
538	1, 2	153-9 L.M.
540	1	14-401.11
	2-4	90-87
	5	90-91
	6	90-90
	7	90-113 Repealed, 90-113 note
541	..	90-88
542	..	90-112
543	..	120-19.1 to 120-19.8
545	1-6	113A-72 to 113A-77
546	..	20-116

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
547	. .	113-35
548	. .	104B-10
549	. .	95-28
550	. .	18A-17 L.M.
551	. .	163-288.2
552	1-8	85B-1 to 85B-8
	9	85-1 to 85-27 Repealed, Ch. 85B note
	10	Ch. 85B note
554	. .	53-50
555	1, 2	153-9
556	1-4	106-65.23 to 106-65.26
	5, 6	106-65.27
	7, 8	106-65.28
	9-11	106-65.30 to 106-65.32
	12	106-65.35 Repealed
	13	106-65.36
557	. .	105-369 L.M.
558	. .	152-7
559	. .	20-299
560	. .	105-296
563	. .	143-135 L.M.
564	1	105-366
	2, 3	105-380, 105-381
	4	105-355
570	1-9	143B-188 to 143B-196
	9½	143B-188 note
571	1, 2	7A-101
	3	7A-172
572	. .	143-166 note
577	. .	165-22
578	1, 2	118-24.1
	3	118-24.1 note
580	1, 2	115-315.16, 115-315.17
	3	115-315.16
	4-8	115-315.18 to 115-315.22
	10	115-315.16 note
581	1, 2	116-174
583	1-13	160A-349.1 to 160A-349.13
584	3	122-35.12A
	5	122-35.12A note
586	1	115-180
	2	115-180 note
587	1-5	143-475.1
	6	143-475.1 note
588	. .	143-473
590	1	115A-2
	2, 3	155A-18
594	2, 3	131-61, 131-61.1
	4	131-62 to 131-71 note
	5	131-61.1 note
595	1, 2	138-6, 138-7
596	. .	143B-66
598	. .	147-50
600	. .	147-11
603	1	115-205.11 to 115-205.13
	3	115-38 Repealed, 115-162, 115-198.1 Repealed
	4	115-205.11 note
604	. .	105-361
605	. .	86-19
606	. .	18A-15
607	. .	160A-68
608	. .	160A-494
609	. .	160A-59
610	. .	58-260
611	1-4	106-50.4
	5	106-50.6
	6	106-50.10
612	. .	20-179.1
613	. .	122-35.23A
614	1	75-16.1
	2	75-15.1
	3	1-502
	4	75-15.1 note, 75-16.1 note
615	. .	105-321
616	. .	7A-451
617	3	147-58
618	1	113-315.15 to 113-315.18, 113-315.18 note, 113-315.19
	2	113-315.15 note
620	1-8	143B-246 to 143B-253
	9	34-10, 34-12 to 34-14, 34-15, 127-12 to 127-15, 127-16, 127-18 Repealed, 127-22, 127-79, 143-229, 143-230 Repealed, 143-231 Repealed, 143-232, 143-233, 143-234, 143A-11, 143A-231 to 143A-238 Repealed, 143B-2, 143B-6, 165-1, 165-3, 165-5 Repealed, 165-6, 165-7 Repealed, 165-8, 165-11, 165-20, 165-22, 165-22.1, 166-3, 166-4, 166-8, 167-1 Repealed, 167-2, 167-3 Repealed
	10	127-13 note
621	1	143-215.41 note

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
621	2-4	143-215.42
	5	143-215.51
	6, 7	143-215.56
	8	143-215.54
625	1	127-30.1
	2	127-30.1 note
628	. .	115-315.10
629	. .	20-63
632	1	130-87
	2	130-90
634	2	143-166.1 to 143-166.3
	3	143-166.7
637	1	115A-18
640	1	135-50 to 135-71
	2	135-1, 135-28.1
	3	7A-39.3
	4	7A-52
	5	7A-39.12
	6	7A-56
	7	7A-39.12 note, 7A-56 note, 135-28.1 note, 135-50 note
641	. .	160A-492
642	. .	57-1
643	. .	1-75.10
644	. .	108-60
645	2	108-66
646	. .	7A-41
647	1	115-157
	2	115-157 note
	3, 4	115-142.1 Repealed, 115-142.2 Repealed
648	. .	14-155
649	1	110-9
	2	110-12
	3	110-15
	4	110-19
650	. .	122-35.23
654	1, 2	90-95, 90-96
	3	90-96.1
	4	90-95 note, 90-96 note, 90-96.1 note
	5	90-96.1 note
655	1	160A-535 to 160A-543
	2	160A-541 note, 160A-542 note
656	. .	143-473
658	1	122-86 note
	2	122-86
659	. .	143-299
660	1, 2	95-17, 95-18
	3	95-27 Repealed
	4	95-29 Repealed
661	. .	122-35.19
662	. .	116-191
663	. .	116-41.4
664	1, 2	20-11
665	1-15	106-601 to 106-615
	16	106-601 note
666	1-3	143-63.1
	4	143-63.1 note
667	1	128-26
	2	135-4
668	. .	105-279
669	1	160A-360
	2	160A-366
670	1	113A-83 to 113A-94
	2	113A-83 note
671	1	148-8.1
	2	148-8.1 note
672	. .	25A-38
673	1	122-1.3 to 122-1.6 note
	2	122-25 note
	3, 4	122-1.3 to 122-1.6 note
	5	122-8.1
	6	122-11.4
	7	122-13.1
	8, 9	122-14, 122-15
	10	122-24
	11	122-27
	12	122-31
	12.1	122-33
	13	122-37, 122-38, 122-40, 122-44, 122-45 note
	14	122-56 note
	15	122-58 note
	16-18	122-60 to 122-65 note
	19	122-65.3, 122-65.4 note
	20, 21	122-83, 122-84
	22	122-86 note
	23	122-87
	24	122-91
	25	122-66.1 note
	26-29	122-67 to 122-68.1 note
674	. .	7A-286
675	. .	115-11
676	1	1-544 to 1-567 Repealed, 1-567.1 to 1-567.20
	2, 3	1-567.1 note
677	. .	113-109
678	. .	7A-102
679	1	20-340 to 20-350
	2	20-183.2
	3	20-340 note
680	1	10-1 to 10-17
681	1, 2	105-375
	3	105-375 note
682	1, 2	122-120
	3	122-121

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
682	4, 5	122-122
683	. .	55-50
684	. .	20-32
685	. .	14-234 L.M.
	1	95-17.1
	2	95-17.1 note
686	. .	58-77
688	. .	58-226
689	. .	20-188
695	1	105-275
	2	105-277
	3	105-277.01
	4	105-278 Repealed, 105-278 note, 105-278.1 to 105-278.9, 105-280 Repealed
	5	105-317
	6	131-110
	7	157-26
	8	105-282 Repealed, 105-282.1
	9	55A-16
	10	63-51.1 Repealed, 63-52 Repealed, 105-281 Repealed, 105-287
	11, 12	105-283, 105-284
	13	105-328
	14, 15	105-273
	16	105-115
	17	105-122
	18	105-339
	19, 20	105-340, 105-341
	21	105-277.01 note, 105-278.1 note, 105-278.2 note, 105-278.3 note, 105-278.4 note, 105-278.5 note, 105-278.6 note, 105-278.7 note, 105-278.8 note, 105-278.9 note, 105-282.1 note
696	. .	14-335.1
697	1, 2	126-8
698	1	143-214, 143-215.3
	2	143-214.2, 143-215.3
	3	143-215.2, 143-215.3
	4-7, 9	143-215.3
	10-12	143-215.4 to 143-215.6
	13	143-215.8 Repealed, 143-215.8A
	14	143-215.13
	15	143-215.15
	16	143-215.17
	17	143-215.3
	18	143-214 note,
698	18	143-214.2 note, 143-215.2 note, 143-215.3 note, 143-215.4 note, 143-215.5 note, 143-215.6 note, 143-215.8A note, 143-215.13 note, 143-215.15 note, 143-215.17 note
699	. .	143-295
701	. .	118-1 L.M.
702	1, 2	114-1, 114-2
	3	114-4
	4	114-4.1 Repealed
	5, 6	114-4.2, 114-4.2A
	7	114-4.3 Repealed
	8	114-4.4
	9	114-4.2A note
704	. .	7A-27
705	. .	20-7
706	. .	105-307
708	1	105-164.13
	2	113-155.1
	3	113-155.1 note
709	1	105-277.2 to 105-277.7
	2	105-277.2 note, 105-277.3 note, 105-277.4 note, 105-277.5 note, 105-277.6 note, 105-277.7 note
710	. .	116-143.1
711	. .	14-45.1
712	1	143-215.3
	2	143-215.6
713	1-7	106-65.42 to 106-65.48
714	1-3	108-38
715	1	96-29
	2	96-29 note
716	. .	108-24.1
717	1	108-62
	2	108-4
	3	108-52
	4-6	108-63 to 108-65
718	1-4	136-44.14
	5	136-44.14 note
720	1	20-137.6 to 20-137.14
	2	20-137.6 note
721	. .	108-45
722	. .	7A-289
723	1	122-56.1 to 122-56.3
	2, 3	122-56 Repealed, 122-57
724	1	108-11
725	. .	130-233
726	1	122-58.1 to 122-58.8
	2	7A-246 note, 122-44

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
726	2	Repealed, 122-45
		Repealed, 122-58
		Repealed, 122-59 to
		122-65 Repealed,
		122-65.3 Repealed,
		122-65.4 Repealed,
		122-66.1 Repealed,
		122-67 to 122-68.1
		Repealed, 122-82.1
		Repealed
	3	122-65.8
	4	7A-451
	5	7A-246
	6	122-58.1 note
728	. .	90-277
729	2	37-16 to 37-40
	3	37-1 to 37-15
		Repealed
	4	37-16 note
731	1	147-45
	2	147-50
732	1	65-24
	2	65-34
733	. .	115-44
734	. .	47A-18
735	. .	105-285
736	1	20-4.18 to 20-4.20
737	1, 2	135-4, 135-5
738	. .	74B-3
739	1	106-245.15
	2	106-245.18
	3	106-245.22
740	1	96-9
	2	96-8
741	. .	33-31
742	. .	108-40
743	. .	108-24
744	1	108-39.1 note
	2	108-39.1
745	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.5
	3	20-279.15
	4	20-279.21
	5	20-279.25
	6, 7	20-280, 20-281
	8	20-279.1 note,
		20-279.5 note,
		20-279.15 note,
		20-279.21 note,
		20-279.25 note,
		20-280 note,
		20-281 note
746	. .	135-33, 135-34
748	. .	15-223
749	. .	17B-1 to 17B-6
750	. .	7A-11
751	. .	50-13.5
752	. .	105-472
753	. .	115-159.1
754	1, 2	58-251.5
	3	58-251.5 note
755	. .	165-20
756	. .	130-17.1
757	. .	20-51
758	1	110-7
	2	18A-39, 105-113.80
759	1-3	97-29 to 97-31
	4	97-38
	5, 6	97-61.5, 97-61.6
	8	97-29 note,
		97-30 note,
		97-31 note,
		97-38 note,
		97-61.5 note,
		97-61.6 note
760	1, 2	97-53
	4	97-53 note
761	1, 2	97-31
	4	97-31 note
762	. .	147-45
763	1-3	97-2
764	1-3	20-57
766	1-7	114-26 to 114-32
	8	114-36
	10	114-37
768	. .	115A-5
770	1, 2	115-59
771	1-17	106-284.30 to
		106-284.46
	18	106-284.30 note
	19	106-93 to 106-110
		Repealed, 106-146 to
		106-158 Repealed,
		106-284.30 note,
		106-568.8 note
	21	106-284.30 note
774	. .	122-60 to 122-65
		note
775	. .	143-127.1
776	. .	147-50
778	1	147-35, 147-55,
		147-65
	2	115-13
	3	114-7
	4	106-11
	5	95-2
	6	58-6
780	1	115-142.3
	2	115-142.3 note
781	. .	122-71.5
782	1-30	115-142
	31	115-45
783	1-5	105-333
	6	105-335
785	. .	66-42
786	1	159-97
	2	159-97 note
787	. .	105-312
788	1	105-374
	3	105-374 note

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
789	. .	105-303
790	1	105-275
	2	105-287
	3	105-287 note
792	. .	131-94
793	1	163-2
	2	163-22
	3	163-20
	4	163-23
	5	163-22.1
	6	163-25
	7	163-30
	8	163-32
	9-11	163-33
	12	163-42 note
	13	163-44 Repealed
	14	163-45
	15, 16	163-46
	17	163-47
	18	163-55
	19	163-56 Repealed
	20	163-59
	21	163-65
	22	163-66
	23	163-67.1 note
	24	163-68 Repealed
	25, 26	163-69, 163-70
	27	163-72
	28	163-72.1
	29	163-73 Repealed
	30, 31	163-74
	32	163-78
	33-35	163-84 to 163-86
	36-38	163-106 to 163-108
	39-41	163-109
	42	163-110 note
	43, 44	163-111
	45, 46	163-114, 163-115
	47-49	163-116 to 163-118 Repealed
	50	163-122
	51-53	163-128
	54	163-129
	55	163-136
	56, 57	163-140
	58	163-146
	59	163-148
	60, 61	163-150
	62, 63	163-151, 163-152
	64	163-153
	65	163-155
	66	163-162
	67	163-168
	68	163-170
	69	163-177
	70	163-179
	71	163-245
	72	163-248
	73	163-263
	74	163-267
793	75-79	163-280
	80-83	163-281
	84	163-284
	85	163-286
	86	163-287
	87	163-288
	88	163-288.1
	89	163-289
	90	163-293
	91	163-295
	92	163-304
	93	163-1
	94	163-45, 163-46, 163-146, 163-148, 163-153, 163-169, 163-281
	95	163-42
	96	163-22.1 note, 163-72.1 note
794	. .	105-42
795	1-3	7A-102.1
796	1, 2	115-78
797	1	143-287.31 Repealed
	2	143-283.27
798	1, 2	147-45
799	1, 2	7A-465, 7A-466
800	1	90-117
	2-6	90-117.1 to 90-117.5
	7	90-118
	8-18	90-118.1 to 90-118.11
	19	90-120 Repealed, 90-121.1
	20	90-118.9 note, 90-121 Repealed, 90-121.2
	21, 22	90-121.3, 90-121.4
	23	90-122
	24	90-124
	25	90-127.1
	26	90-126 Repealed, 90-126.1 Repealed, 90-128 Repealed
	27	90-117.1 note, 90-117.2 note, 90-117.3 note, 90-117.4 note, 90-117.5 note, 90-118.1 note, 90-118.2 note, 90-118.3 note, 90-118.4 note, 90-118.5 note, 90-118.6 note, 90-118.7 note, 90-118.8 note, 90-118.9 note, 90-118.10 note, 90-118.11 note, 90-121.1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
800	27	90-121.2 note, 90-121.3 note, 90-121.4 note
801	. .	143-521 to 143-526
802	. .	95-87
803	1	153-65, 153A-149
	2	160A-209
	3	63-8.1 Repealed
	4	69-24.1
	5	69-21
	6	104B-4
	7, 8	104B-6
	9	104B-9
	10	106-587
	11	111-17
	12	127-113
	13-15	127-114 to 127-116 Repealed
	16	128-23
	17	130-155
	18	131-28.2
	19, 20	131-28.4, 131-28.5
	21, 22	131-28.6 Repealed, 131-28.7 Repealed
	23	131-28.8
	24	131-28.23
	25	131-28.28
	26	131-126.22
	27	131-126.23 Repealed
	28	131-126.26 Repealed
	29	131-126.41
	30, 31	131-126.42 Repealed, 131-126.43 Repealed
	33	139-37
	34	97-7
	35	122-35.1
	36	161-25 Repealed
	37	158-1 Repealed, 158-7.1
	38	158-2 Repealed, 158-7.2
	39-43	158-3 to 158-7 Repealed
	44	148-12 note, 158-12
	45	166-10
	46	130-21
	47	130-22 Repealed
	48	69-24.1 note, 153-65 note, 153A-149 note, 158-7.1 note, 158-7.2 note
807	. .	7A-68
808	. .	7A-377
809	. .	99A-1
810	1	131-52, 131-53 note
	2	130-114, 131-52, 131-53 note, 131-60, 131-84, 131-89
810	3	131-82.1
811	. .	106-266.8
813	. .	114-11.6
816	1, 2	135-4, 135-5
	3, 4	128-26, 128-27
817	. .	108-27
818	1	58-248.26, 58-248.27 to 58-248.39
	2	58-248.40
	3, 4	58-248.26 note
819	1	18A-28
820	1-3	143-4
821	1-3	143-213
	4, 5	143-215, 143-215.1
	6	143-215.105 to 143-215.114, 143-215.114 note
	7	143-213 note, 143-215 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.105 note
	8	143-215.105 108-79 note, 108-80 note, 110-24 note
822	1	Ch. 153 note, 153A-1 to 153A-5, 153A-10 to 153A-14, 153A-17 to 153A-21, 153A-25 to 153A-29, 153A-34, 153A-39 to 153A-50, 153A-52, 153A-58 to 153A-63, 153A-76, 153A-81 to 153A-84, 153A-87 to 153A-89, 153A-92 to 153A-97, 153A-101 to 153A-104, 153A-111, 153A-114, 153A-121 to 153A-137, 153A-146 to 153A-148, 153A-150 to 153A-154, 153A-158 to 153A-165, 153A-169, 153A-170, 153A-176, 153A-177, 153A-185 to 153A-204, 153A-211, 153A-212, 153A-216 to 153A-228, 153A-233 to 153A-235, 153A-239 to 153A-243, 153A-247 to 153A-250, 153A-255 to 153A-257, 153A-261 to 153A-271, 153A-274 to 153A-278, 153A-283

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
822	1	to 153A-288, 153A-291, 153A-320 to 153A-324, 153A-330 to 153A-335, 153A-340 to 153A-347, 153A-350 to 153A-375, 153A-391 to 153A-398, 153A-401 to 153A-405, 153A-435 to 153A-445
	2	153-65 renumbered 153A-149, 153-383 to 153-391 transferred to 153A-300 to 153A-308, 153A-34 note, 153A-292
	3	153-177 to 153-198 transferred to 162-31 162-49
	4	153-295 to 153-324 transferred to 162A-64 to 162A-80
	5	154-1 Repealed, 154-2 Repealed
	6	67-5 to 67-11 Repealed, 67-13 Repealed, 67-19 to 67-28 Repealed, 67-30, 67-33 to 67-35 Repealed
	7	160A-238
	9-12	Ch. 153A note
	13	67-30 note, Ch. 153A note, 160A-238 note
	15	160A-238 note
823	1	113-109.6, 113-109.7
	1.5	113-109.8
824	. .	20-16.2
825	1	143A-118
	2-4	143-241 to 143-243
826	. .	108-38
827	1	1A-1, Rule 37
	2	1A-1, Rule 37 note
828	1	1A-1, Rule 30
	2	1A-1, Rule 30 note
831	1	106-134
	2	106-134 note
835	. .	75A-13.1 note, 75A-18 note
838	1	7A-133
	2	7A-133 note
839	. .	57-14
840	. .	41-2.1
843	. .	105-142
844	. .	90-89
845	. .	115-19 L.M.
846	. .	115-54 L.M.
848	. .	47-30
849	1, 2	48-29
	3	48-36
853	1	39-7.1
	2	39-7.1 note
855	1	7A-41
	2	7A-41 note
856	. .	160A-308
858	. .	20-65 note
859	1	163-65
	2	163-67.1 Repealed
860	. .	130-160
862	. .	163-106
863	. .	153-213.9
864	. .	115-29 L.M.
865	. .	14-234 L.M.
866	. .	163-306
869	. .	115-183
870	1	163-291
	2	163-294.2
871	1	90-171.7
	2	90-223
872	1, 2	159-66
873	1, 2	130-42, 130-42.1
	3	130-43
	4	130-45 Repealed
	5	130-46
	6	130-47 Repealed
	7	130-202.1
	8	130-42.1 note
874	. .	143-166 note
875	. .	118-19
877	. .	14-399
878	. .	22A-1
879	. .	113A-35.1
880	1	44-51.8
	2	14-111.2
881	. .	47B-2
882	2	130-143 note
883	. .	159-65
884	. .	153A-21 Repealed
885	. .	1-79
886	. .	7A-308
887	. .	44-51.8
889	. .	20-279.15
891	. .	143-129 L.M.
894	. .	44-51.8
902	. .	148-4
903	1	105-152
	2	105-157
	3	105-163.16
	4	105-259
	5	105-266
904	. .	105-275
906	1, 2	105-277.4
907	. .	44-51.8
909	. .	20-183.8
910	1	105-130.22
	2	105-151.1
	3	105-130.22 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
910	3	105-151.1 note
911	. .	113A-36
912	. .	105-60
914	. .	20-16.2
915	. .	84-2 note
916	. .	115-205.12
918	. .	66-29 Repealed
919	. .	20-50
922	. .	9-22 to 9-26 note
923	1	1A-1, Rule 34
	2	1A-1, Rule 34 note
924	. .	152-5 L.M.
926	. .	113-109.8
927	1	50-11.2
	2	50-11.2 note
929	. .	143-215
930	. .	115-29 L.M.
931	. .	143-166
932	. .	115-189
933	. .	28-8
939	. .	118-1 L.M.
941	. .	118-1 L.M.
946	. .	18A-16 L.M.
948	. .	91-4 L.M.
951	. .	130-156.4
952	. .	153A-132.1
953	. .	160A-303.1
956	1, 2	62-133, 62-133.1
	3	62-133.1 note
957	. .	139-39 L.M., 139-40 L.M.
960	. .	118-1 L.M.
961	1-7	143B-197 to 143B-203
962	1	105-275
963	. .	153A-149
964	. .	20-51
965	. .	66-58
966	1, 2	127-37.2, 127-37.3
967	1	54-44.1
	2	54-44.2 to 54-44.7, 54-44.9 to 54-44.13
970	1	118A-1 to 118A-7 Repealed
	2	118B-1 to 118B-7 Repealed
973	. .	106-189.2
974	. .	115-29 L.M.
975	. .	113-159 Repealed
978	. .	160A-163 L.M.
981	1	20-219.2
	2, 3	20-219.2 L.M.
982	. .	126-5
983	. .	160A-24 note, 160A-44 note, 160A-56 note
987	. .	143-129 L.M.
989	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 160A-388 L.M.
990	. .	160A-508 L.M.
991	. .	44A-24
992	. .	161-30
994	1	135-5
	2	128-27
	3	135-5
	4	128-27
	5	135-3
995	2	159-65
998	1	90-271
	2	90-273 Repealed
	3	90-271
1000	1, 2	18A-17
1001	1, 2	160A-101
1012	. .	18A-39
1013	1, 2	161-14.01
1014	. .	18A-2
1015	1	47-41 note
1016	. .	47-2.2
1017	. .	20-8
1018	. .	163-226
1019	. .	105-228.5
1027	. .	161-11 to 161-13 Repealed
1028	1	105-275
1030	. .	115-117 L.M.
1031	1	108-61.2
	2	108-61.2 note
1032	. .	14-118.4
1034	1	105-275
1035	1	58-134.2
	2-4	58-134.3
1036	1, 2	87-10
1037	. .	159-48
1041	1	62-133
	2	62-133 note
1042	1	53-166
	2	53-168
	3, 4	53-173, 53-173.1
	5	53-176.1
	6	53-179
	7	53-180
	8	53-190
	9	53-173.2
	10	53-173.1 note, 53-173.2 note
1049	. .	152-1 L.M.
1050	1, 2	47-30 L.M., 47-30.1 L.M.
1053	1	105-228.11 to 105-228.20 Repealed
	2	105-125
	3	105-130.7
	4	105-130.11
	5	105-147
	6	105-198
	7	105-102.3
	8	105-102.3 note, 105-228.11 to

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1053	8	105-228.20 note
	9, 10	105-102.3 note, 105-125 note, 105-130.7 note, 105-130.11 note, 105-147 note, 105-198 note, 105-228.11 to 105-228.20 note
1057	1	20-7
	2	20-7 note
1059	. .	97-36
1060	1	97-24
	2	97-47
	3	97-58
1061	. .	97-59
1062	1	29-19
	2	31-5.5
	3	49-14
1063	. .	135-4
1064	. .	105-164.13
1065	. .	105-232
1066	. .	90-96
1067	. .	55-52
1068	1, 2	143-215.99
1069	1	20-316.1
	2	20-316.1 note
1070	1	1-305
	2	1-310
1071	. .	20-130.3
1072	. .	66-84
1073	. .	62-310
1074	. .	62-81
1075	1-3	163-227
	4	163-230
	5	163-233
1076	. .	105-164.13
1077	. .	105-275
1078	. .	90-95
1079	1-4	115-11.6 to 115-11.9
1080	. .	14-289 L.M.
1081	1	20-138
	2	20-139.1
	3	20-17
1082	. .	20-135.4
1083	. .	58-40.01
1084	. .	122-56.1 to 122-56.6, 122-57 Repealed
1085	. .	110-119
1086	. .	110-117
1087	1, 2	55-31
	3-5	55-50
1088	. .	20-347
1089	. .	20-109
1090	1	131-120, 131-121, 131-124, 131-126.5, 131-126.6, 131-126.9, 131-126.12, 131-126.14, 131-126.25,
	2	143B-165 to 143B-168
1091	. .	106-65.49
1092	1	90-118.10
	2	90-123
1093	. .	14-258.1
1094	. .	163-30
1095	1	20-109.1
	2	20-72
	3	20-75
	4	20-109.1 note
1096	. .	113-104
1097	1	113-95.4
	2	113-95.4 note
1098	. .	113-105
1102	. .	113-187
1103	1, 2	97-29
1104	. .	160A-514 L.M.
1106	1	90-179 to 90-187.12
	2	90-179 note
1108	. .	62-116
1109	. .	67-13 note
1110	. .	78-25
1111	. .	131-168, 131-169
1112	. .	93A-6
1113	. .	115-161 Repealed
1114	. .	135-6
1115	. .	163-279
1116	1	7A-451
	2	148-62.1
	3	148-62.1 note
1117	. .	143B-179
1118	. .	20-57
1119	1, 2	24-1.1A
	3, 4	24-1.1A note
1120	. .	148-45
1121	. .	143-514
1122	. .	106-323
1123	. .	127-40
1124	. .	127-37.1
1125	. .	7A-451
1126	1, 2	1A-1, Rule 30
	3	1A-1, Rule 30 note
1127	. .	53-43.3
1128	1	45-12 note
	2	45-12 note
1129	. .	146-12 L.M.
1130	. .	58-34.1
1131	. .	160A-495
1132	. .	20-28
1133	1, 2	20-166.1
1134	. .	20-64
1135	. .	163-136
1136	1, 2	161-22
1137	. .	115-36
1138	1, 2	96-8
	3-7	96-12
1139	. .	7A-311

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1140	1	130-97 Repealed, 130-98 Repealed
	2	130-115 to 130-122 Repealed
	3	153A-225
1141	1, 2	15-6, 15-7
	3-8	15-11 to 15-16
	9, 10	15-48, 15-49
	11	15-107.1
	12	15-113
	13	15-115
	14, 15	15-166, 15-167
	16	15-173
	17	15-177 to 15-178 Repealed
	18	15-186
	19, 20	15-200, 15-200.1
	21	15-221
1142	1	105-4
	2	105-4 note
1143	1	20-50.1
	2	20-140.2
	3	20-38 note
1144	1, 2	20-316
1145	. .	160A-64
1146	. .	152-1 L.M.
1147	1	58-224.2
	2	58-224.2 note
1148	. .	147-12
1149	1, 2	20-108
1150	. .	24-14
1151	. .	130-13
1152	1, 2	84-16, 84-17
	3	84-22
	4	84-34
1153	. .	148-49.8
1155	. .	115-77
1157	. .	7A-286
1158	. .	143-129 L.M.
1165	. .	115-29 L.M.
1166	. .	115-18 L.M.
1167	. .	18A-16 L.M.
1168	. .	115-29 L.M.
1170	. .	115-29 L.M.
1171	. .	47-30
1172	. .	159-56.1
1173	2	160A-58 to 160A-58.6
	3	160A-31 L.M.
	4	160A-58 note
	6	160A-58 note
1174	. .	115-29 L.M.
1180	. .	105-276, 105-304, 105-333, 105-335, 105-338
1182	. .	44-51.8
1183	. .	90-60
1185	. .	143-129 L.M.
1191	. .	20-158 note
1193	. .	74-12 Repealed
1194	1	44A-25 to 44A-33
	2	143-129
	3	44A-34
	4, 5	136-28.1
	6	44-14 Repealed, 136-28.3 Repealed
	7	44A-25 note
1195	1, 2	85B-4
	3	85B-6
	4, 5	85B-8
	6	85B-9
	8	105-4 Repealed, 105-47 Repealed
1196	. .	14-415.1
1197	1	113-151.1
	2	113-151
	3	113-151.1 note
1198	1-5	106-405.15 to 106-405.19
1199	. .	1A-1, Rule 17
1200	1	105-69 Repealed
	2	105-65.1
1201	1	14-17
	2	14-21
	3	14-52
	4	14-58
	5	148-58
	6	14-2
	7	14-17 note, 14-21 note
1203	. .	20-124
1204	. .	87-21
1205	. .	14-17.1
1206	. .	62-268
1207	1	47-51
	2	47-108.11
1208	. .	45-12 Repealed
1209	. .	115-78
1210	1-3	113-102
	5	113-102
	6	113-102 note
1211	. .	147-58
1212	. .	160A-248
1213	. .	108-45
1214	. .	153A-274
1215	. .	159-39
1216	. .	115-133.2
1217	. .	55-34
1218	. .	18A-36
1220	1	47-108.77
	2	47-108.17 note
1221	. .	135-28.1
1223	1	163-20
	2	163-41
	3, 4	163-72, 163-72.1
	5	163-74
	6	163-88
	7	163-150
	8, 9	163-280, 163-281
1224	1	130-230, 130-232,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1224	1	130-233
	2	143-508
	3	143B-165
1225	1	143-291
	2	143-291 note
1226	. .	18A-30
1227	. .	105-39
1228	1	87-43.3
	2	87-44
1229	. .	74B-15
1230	1	134-35 to 134-39
	2	153A-221.1
	3	110-24
	4	134-35 note, 153A-221.1 note
1233	. .	135-1
1235	1	135-77, 135-78
	3	135-77 note
1236	. .	7A-172
1239	1, 2	130-170.01, 130-170.02
	3	130-170.01 note, 130-170.02 note
1240	1	130-254 to 130-258
	3	130-254 note
1241	1-3	127-30.1
1252	. .	105-282.1
1253	1, 2	143B-254, 143B-255
1254	. .	143A-181
1255	1	54-86
	2, 3	54-110
1261	. .	118-1 L.M.
1262	. .	7A-289.2 note, 20-128 note, 20-183.3 note, 74-51 note, 90A-40 note, 113-322 note, 113-377.8 note, 130-169.03 note, 143-246 note, 143-247 note, 143-248 note, 143-249 note, 143-250 note, 143-254 note, 143-356 note, 162A-23 note, 162A-24 note, 162A-25 note, 162A-29 note
	2-9	143B-260 to 143B-267
	10	7A-286, 7A-289.2, 13-1, 14-335, 15-10.2, 15-10.3, 15-183, 15-200.2, 15-201 Repealed, 15-202 Repealed, 15-203 to 15-205, 15-206,
1262	10	15-207, 108-19, 114-14, 130-114, 130-191.1, 134-1 Repealed, 134-2, 134-3 to 134-8 Repealed, 134-9, 134-11, 134-12, 134-14 to 134-19, 134-22, 134-25 to 134-28.1, 134-29, 134-35, 134-36, 143-318.4, 143-321, 143-472, 143A-163 to 143A-170 Repealed, 143B-2, 143B-6, 147-45, 148-1 Repealed, 148-2, 148-4, 148-5, 148-11, 148-18 to 148-20, 148-24, 148-25, 148-28, 148-33, 148-33.1, 148-36, 148-37, 148-41, 148-42, 148-45, 148-48, 148-49.1, 148-49.2, 148-49.4 to 148-49.9, 148-52 Repealed, 148-52.1, 148-53, 148-54, 148-55 Repealed, 148-56, 148-57, 148-58.1, 148-59, 148-60.1, 148-61.1, 148-62, 148-64, 148-74, 148-78, 148-83, 148-84, 148-101, 148-101 note, 148-102, 148-102 note, 148-104, 148-104 note, 148-105, 148-105 note, 148-106, 148-106 note, 148-108, 148-108 note, 148-111, 148-111 note, 148-113, 148-113 note, 153A-221.1
	11-17	143B-275 to 143B-281
	18	113-81.5, 113-81.6, 113-81.8, 113-81.9, 113-81.11, 113-83 to 113-91, 113-93 to 113-95, 113-96, 113-99 to 113-103, 113-104, 113-104 note, 113-105, 113-106, 113-108,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1262	18	113-129 to 113-132, 113-136 to 113-139, 113-261, 113-263 to 113-265, 113-272 to 113-277, 113-292, 113-293, 113-301, 113-304 to 113-307
	19-22	143B-282 to 143B-285
	23	75A-21, 76-40 note, 87-70, 87-85, 87-87 to 87-93, 87-95, 90A-35 to 90A-40, 90A-43, 104B-4, 104B-11, 104B-14 to 104B-16, 105-122, 105-130.10, 105-147, 105-275, 105-278 note, 113-229 note, 113-415, 113A-35, 113A-113, 113A-118, 130-161.1, 130-165, 130-166.32, 139-47, 143-211, 143-212 Repealed, 143-213, 143-214 Repealed, 143-214.1, 143-214.2, 143-215, 143-215.1 to 143-215.6, 143-215.8A, 143-215.9, 143-215.10 Repealed, 143-215.13 to 143-215.21, 143-215.25, 143-215.26, 143-215.28 to 143-215.37, 143-215.40 to 143-215.42, 143-215.48, 143-215.50, 143-215.56, 143-215.62, 143-215.64 to 143-215.66, 143-215.68, 143-215.69, 143-215.77 to 143-215.79, 143-215.81, 143-215.83 to 143-215.88, 143-215.90 to 143-215.92, 143-215.106 to 143-215.114, 143-347.2, 143-350, 143-354, 143-355, 143-357 note, 143-358, 143-359,
1262	23	146-6.1, 156-59, 156-74, 156-76, 156-83, 159-95, 162A-28, 162A-30, 162A-66 to 162A-68
	24-27	143B-286 to 143B-289
	28	75A-17, 100-11 to 100-15, 113-1, 113-2 Repealed, 113-4 to 113-7 Repealed, 113-8, 113-9 to 113-13 Repealed, 113-14, 113-14.1, 113-15.2, 113-16, 113-19, 113-20, 113-22, 113-23, 113-26.1, 113-28.6, 113-28.8, 113-29, 113-29.1, 113-31, 113-34 to 113-36, 113-44.1 Repealed, 113-44.2 Repealed, 113-48, 113-51, 113-52, 113-53 Repealed, 113-56, 113-60.4, 113-60.5, 113-60.15, 113-81.1, 113-128, 113-129, 113-132, 113-134 to 113-138, 113-151, 113-151.1, 113-152, 113-153, 113-155, 113-156 to 113-158, 113-160, 113-161, 113-163, 113-164, 113-166, 113-181, 113-182, 113-185, 113-187, 113-188, 113-201 to 113-206, 113-221, 113-223, 113-224, 113-226, 113-227 Repealed, 113-228 to 113-230, 113-241 to 113-245 Repealed, 113-251, 113-254, 113-264, 113-265, 113-310, 113-312, 113-313, 113-315.5, 113-315.9, 113-315.18, 113-316, 113-317, 113-318 to 113-320 Repealed, 113-321, 113-377.8, 113A-36, 113A-37, 143-286.1, 143-355, 159A-4, 159A-21
	29-32	143B-290 to 143B-293

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1262	33	74-38, 74-40, 74-41 Repealed, 74-42 to 74-45, 74-49, 74-50, 74-58, 74-61 to 74-63, 74-67, 113A-118
	34-37	143B-294 to 143B-297
	38	113-132, 139-3, 139-4, 139-5, 139-7, 139-8, 139-13, 139-14, 139-18, 139-26, 139-35, 139-36, 139-38, 139-41, 139-46, 143-215.25, 147-45
	39	143B-298, 143B-299
	40	143B-298, 143B-299, 143B-299 note
	41	113A-53 Repealed, 143B-299 note
	42, 43	143B-300, 143B-301
	44	90A-36 Repealed
	45-50	143B-302 to 143B-307
	51	75A-21, 122A-4, 143-319 Repealed, 143-320, 143-321 Repealed, 143-322 Repealed, 143-323, 143-324 Repealed, 143-325, 143-326, 143-327 Repealed, 160A-9.2
	52-71	143B-308 to 143B-327
	72	113-241 to 113-245 Repealed
	73-75	143B-328 to 143B-330
	76	143-284 to 143-286 Repealed, 143-286.1, 143-287 Repealed, 143-288 Repealed, 143-289, 143-290 Repealed, 143-290.1 Repealed
	77, 78	143B-331, 143B-332
	79	143-378 to 143-383 Repealed
	80, 81	143B-333, 143B-334
	82	113A-88
	83, 84	143B-335, 143B-336
	85	143-171 to 143-176.1 Repealed,
1262	85	143-177.1, 143-177.3
	86	14-129.1, 14-131, 14-137, 14-139, 20-81.3, 47-30, 53A-2, 66-58, 68-43, 69-25.5, 71-16, 74-40, 74-49, 74-53, 75A-5.1, 75A-17, 75A-21, 76-40, 100-2, 102-8, 102-10, 102-14 Repealed, 113-1, 113-8, 113-15, 113-15.2, 113-17, 113-18, 113-21, 113-22, 113-24, 113-26.1, 113-28, 113-28.1 to 113-28.4, 113-28.6, 113-28.9 to 113-28.12, 113-28.13 to 113-28.16 Repealed, 113-29, 113-29.1, 113-30 to 113-32, 113-34, 113-35, 113-40, 113-47, 113-48, 113-54 to 113-56, 113-58 to 113-60, 113-60.1, 113-60.2, 113-60.4 to 113-60.10, 113-60.14, 113-61 to 113-66, 113-68, 113-70 to 113-77, 113-81.1 to 113-81.3,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1262	86	113-90,
		113-112,
		113-114,
		113-115,
		113-117,
		113-119,
		113-123,
		113-136,
		113-161, 113-185,
		113-187,
		113-202,
		113-221,
		113-229,
		113-230,
		113-254,
		113-315.2,
		113-315.5,
		113-315.9,
		113-316,
		113-317,
		113-321,
		113-378,
		113-379,
		113-383 to 113-386 Repealed,
		113-387 to 113-389,
		113-391 to 113-412,
		113A-33,
		113A-35 to 113A-38,
		113A-41, 113A-42,
		113A-113,
		121-20,
		122A-4,
		130-169.02,
		130-169.03,
		130-169.05,
		136-21,
		136-102.3,
		139-46,
		143-169,
		143-215.3,
		143-252,
		143-253,
		143-255 to 143-257 Repealed,
		143-259 Repealed,
		143-260 Repealed,
		143-347.2,
		143-355,
		143-370,
		143A-109 to 143A-129 Repealed,
		143B-2,
		143B-6,
		146-8,
		148-26,
		159A-3,
		159A-4,
		159A-12,
1262	86	159A-21
	87	143B-260 note
1263	1	160A-282
	2	160A-282 L.M.
1264	1	105-275
	3	105-275 note
1267	1	7A-210
	2	7A-219
	3	7A-305
	4	42-28, 42-30
1272	1	163-278.6 to 163-278.32, 163-278.34, 163-278.35
	2	163-26 note, 163-278.6 note
	3	163-278.33
	4	163-26
	5	163-278.6 note
1274	. .	62-119
1275	. .	163-227.3
1276	. .	36-47
1277	. .	36-5.2
1278	1, 2	135-33, 135-34
	3	135-36
1279	1	14-432 to 14-437
	2	14-432 note
1280	1	111-41, 111-41 note, 111-42 to 111-47
	2	111-41 note
1281	. .	35-36, 35-36 note, 35-37 to 35-50, 35-51 to 35-57 Repealed
1282	. .	105-147
1284	1	113A-100, 113A-100 note, 113A-101 to 113A-128
	2	146-22.1
	3	113A-100 note, 146-22.1 note
1286	1	15A-101, 15A-131 to 15A-135, 15A-141 to 15A-144, 15A-221 to 15A-223, 15A-231, 15A-241 to 15A-249, 15A-251 to 15A-259, 15A-271 to 15A-282, 15A-285, 15A-301 to 15A-305, 15A-401 to 15A-405, 15A-501, 15A-502, 15A-511, 15A-521, 15A-531 to 15A-544, 15A-546, 15A-547, 15A-601 to 15-606, 15A-611 to 15A-614, 15A-621 to 15A-624, 15A-626 to 15A-630, 15A-641 to 15A-646, 15A-701 to 15A-706, 15A-711,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1286	1	15A-771 to 15A-773, 15A-801 to 15A-805, 15A-821 to 15A-823, 15A-901 to 15A-910, 15A-921 to 15A-928, 15A-931, 15A-941 to 15A-945, 15A-951 to 15A-959, 15A-971 to 15A-979, 15A-1001 to 15A-1008, 15A-1011, 15A-1012, 15A-1021 to 15A-1027, 15A-1051 to 15A-1055
	2	5-1
	3	5-4
	4	5-8
	5	7A-109.1
	6	7A-180
	7	7A-273
	8	7A-452, 7A-453
	9	8-65 to 8-70 transferred to 15A-811 to 15A-816
	10	14-43.1
	11	7A-291, 8-57, 8-58 Repealed, 14-277.1, 15-28 to 15-38 Repealed
	12	15-176.3 to 15-176.5
	13	15-179 note
	14	15-182 note
	15	15-183 note
	16	15-55 to 15-84 transferred to 15A-721 to 15A-750
	17	113-136
	18	113-139
	19	114-19
	20	122-83
	21	122-84
	22	148-89 to 148-95 transferred to 15A-761 to 15A-767
	23	153A-229
	24	160A-286
	25	15-176.9
	26	8-58 Repealed, 9-22 to 9-26 Repealed, 14-224 Repealed, 15-2 Repealed, 15-3 Repealed, 15-9 Repealed, 15-18 note, 15-19 Repealed, 15-20 note, 15-21 note, 15-22 note, 15-23 Repealed, 15-24 Repealed, 15-25 note, 15-26 note, 15-27 note,
1286	26	15-27.1 note, 15-28 to 15-42 Repealed, 15-44 to 15-46 Repealed, 15-47 note, 15-50 to 15-52 Repealed, 15-85 note, 15-86 to 15-101 Repealed, 15-102 note, 15-103 note 15-104 Repealed, 15-105 to 15-107 Repealed, 15-108 Repealed, 15-109 Repealed, 15-125 Repealed, 15-126 Repealed, 15-126 note, 15-127 to 15-129 Repealed, 15-129 note, 15-134 to 15-139 Repealed, 15-140 note, 15-140.1 to 15-143 Repealed, 15-147 Repealed, 15-152 Repealed, 15-154 Repealed, 15-155.4 note, 15-155.5 note, 15-156 to 15-159 Repealed, 15-159 note, 15-160 to 15-162 Repealed, 15-175 Repealed, 15-177 to 15-178 note, 18A-23 note, 122-87 Repealed, 122-87.1 Repealed, 122-91 Repealed
	27, 28	8-58 note, 15-2 note, 15-3 note, 15-9 note, 15-18 to 15-24 note, 15-25 note, 15-26 to 15-27.1 note, 15-28 to 15-38 note, 15-39 to 15-42 note, 15-44 to 15-47 note, 15-50 to 15-52 note, 15-85 to 15-101 note, 15-102 note, 15-103 note, 15-104 note, 15-105 to 15-107 note, 15-108 note, 15-109 note, 15-125 to 15-127 note, 15-128 note, 15-129 note, 15-134 to 15-136 note, 15-137 to 15-139 note, 15-140 to 15-143 note, 15-147 note, 15-152 note, 15-154 note, 15-155.4 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1286	27, 28	15-155.5 note, 15-156 to 15-161 note, 15-162 note, 15-175 note, Ch. 15A note, 18A-23 note, 122-87 note, 122-87.1 note, 122-91 note
	29	5-1 note, 5-4 note, 5-8 note, 7A-180 note, 7A-273 note, 7A-291 note, 7A-452 note, 7A-453 note, 8-57 note, 8-58 note, 15-2 note, 15-3 note, 15-9 note, 15-18 to 15-24 note, 15-25 note, 15-26 to 15-27.1 note, 15-28 to 15-38 note, 15-39 to 15-42 note, 15-44 to 15-47 note, 15-50 to 15-52 note, 15-85 to 15-101 note, 15-102 note, 15-103 note, 15-104 note, 15-105 to 15-107 note, 15-108 note, 15-109 note, 15-125 to 15-127 note, 15-128 note, 15-129 note, 15-134 to 15-136 note, 15-137 to 15-139 note, 15-140 to 15-143 note, 15-147 note, 15-152 note, 15-154 note, 15-155.4 note, 15-155.5 note, 15-156 to 15-161 note, 15-162 note, 15-175 note, 15-179 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, Ch. 15A note, 18A-23 note, 113-136 note, 113-139 note, 114-19 note, 122-83 note, 122-84 note, 122-87 note, 122-87.1 note, 122-91 note, 160A-286 note
	31	5-1 note, 5-4 note, 5-8 note, 7A-109.1 note, 7A-180 note, 7A-273 note, 7A-291 note, 7A-452 note, 7A-453 note, 8-57 note, 8-58 note, 14-43.1 note, 14-277.1 note, 15-2 note, 15-3 note, 15-9
1286	31	note, 15-18 to 15-24 note, 15-25 note, 15-26 to 15-27.1 note, 15-28 to 15-38 note, 15-39 to 15-42 note, 15-44 to 15-47 note, 15-50 to 15-52 note, 15-85 to 15-101 note, 15-102 note, 15-103 note, 15-104 note, 15-105 to 15-107 note, 15-108 note, 15-109 note, 15-125 to 15-127 note, 15-128 note, 15-129 note, 15-134 to 15-136 note, 15-137 to 15-139 note, 15-140 to 15-143 note, 15-147 note, 15-152 note, 15-154 note, 15-155.4 note, 15-155.5 note, 15-156 to 15-161 note, 15-162 note, 15-175 note, 15-176.3 note, 15-176.9 note, 15-179 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, Ch. 15A note, 18A-23 note, 113-136 note, 113-139 note, 114-19 note, 122-83 note, 122-84 note, 122-87 note, 122-87.1 note, 122-91 note, 153A-229 note, 160A-286 note
1287	1	66-20
	2	105-2, 105-4, 105-11, 105-22, 105-24
	3	105-114, 105-116, 105-119, 105-120, 105-122, 105-125
	4	105-130.3 to 105-130.5, 105-130.9, 105-130.17
	5	105-141, 105-141.1, 105-141.3, 105-142, 105-142.1, 105-144 to 105-144.2, 105-147, 105-149, 105-150 Repealed, 105-152, 105-154, 105-157
	6	105-161, 105-163
	7	105-163.6, 105-163. 11, 105-163.15
	8	105-164.3, 105-164.4,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1287	8	105-164.13
	9	105-188, 105-197
	10	105-197.1
	11	105-200, 105-202, 105-203, 105-206, 105-211 to 105-213
	12	105-228.11 to 105-228.20 note
	13	105-236, 105-241.1, 105-242, 105-253, 105-259
	14	105-446, 105-446.1, 105-446.3
	15	105-150 note, 105-197.1 note, 105-253 note
1288	1	18A-15
	2	105-113.93, 105-113.94
1291	1	97-3
	2	97-4 Repealed
	3	97-5
	4	97-7
	5	97-9
	6	97-10.1
	7-9	97-14 to 97-16 Repealed
	10	97-19
	11	97-27 note
	12, 13	97-93, 97-94
	14	97-2
1292	1, 2	95-64, 95-64.1
	3-5	95-68
	6	95-68.1
1293	2-4	115-1.1
	5	120-65
	6, 7	115-1.2, 115-1.2 note
	9	110-71
	10	115-179.1
	14	115-179.1 note
1294	. .	66-58
1295	. .	18A-34
1296	1, 2	122A-1, 122A-2
	3-6	122A-3
	8-14	122A-3
	16, 17	122A-3
	18-20	122A-4
	21-24	122A-5
	27	122A-5
	29	122A-5
	35, 36	122A-5
	40-43	122A-5
	44, 45	122A-5.1, 122A-5.2
	46, 47	122A-6, 122A-7 Repealed
	48-52	122A-8 to 122A-12
	55-60	122A-15 to 122A-20
	64	122A-4 note
	65	122A-1 note, 122A-2 note, 122A-3 note,
1296	65	122A-4 note, 122A-5 note, 122A-5.1 note, 122A-5.2 note, 122A-6 note, 122A-7 note, 122A-8 note, 122A-9 note, 122A-10 note, 122A-11 note, 122A-12 note, 122A-15 note, 122A-16 note, 122A-17 note, 122A-18 note, 122A-19 note, 122A-20 note
1297	. .	113-136
1298	1	44A-2
	1.1	44A-2 note
1299	. .	128-15.3
1300	. .	93B-7
1301	. .	93B-4
1302	. .	93B-6
1303	1	93B-5
	2	93B-5 note
1304	1	106-50.7
	2	106-50.7 note
1305	. .	106-454
1306	1	113A-150 to 113A-156
	3	113A-150 note
	4-6	113A-157 to 113A-159
	7	113A-150 note
1307	. .	148-101 note, 148-102 note, 148-104 note, 148-105 note, 148-106 note, 148-108 note, 148-111 note, 148-113 note
	1	148-101 to 148-113
	2	148-101 note
1308	1, 2	97-29
	3, 4	97-38
	5	97-41 Repealed
	6, 7	97-61.6
	8	97-29 note, 97-38 note, 97-41 note, 97-61.6 note
1309	1	47-41 note
	2	47-41
1310	1-4	128-26
1311	1-5	135-4
1312	1-3	135-5
1313	1, 2	128-27 113-134.1
1316	1	25-9-403
	2, 3	25-9-404
	4, 5	25-9-405
	6, 7	25-9-406, 25-9-407

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1317	. .	161-10
1318	1-8	108-116 to 108-123
	10	108-116 note
1320	. .	7A-451
1321	. .	89-8
1322	. .	20-183.8
1323	. .	20-194
1324	1	119-27.1
	2	119-27.1 note
1325	. .	159-96
1326	. .	159-47
1327	. .	67-12 L.M.
1329	. .	Ch. 28 note, Ch. 28A note, 28A-3-2 note
	1	28-1 to 28-201 Repealed, 280-10 note
	2	28A-1 to 28A-22 transferred to 280-1 to 280-22, Ch. 280 note
	3	28A-1-1 to 28A-26-9
	4	28-53 transferred to 36-67, 36-67 note
1330	1	20-4.01
	2	20-17
	3	20-140
	4-6	20-140.2 to 20-140.4
	7	20-141
	8, 9	20-141.3, 20-141.4
	10, 11	20-142, 20-143
	12	20-143.1
	13, 14	20-146, 20-146.1
	15, 16	20-149, 20-150
	17-21	20-152 to 20-156
	22	20-158, 20-158 note
	23	20-158.1
	24, 25	20-160, 20-161
	26	20-163
	27, 28	20-165, 20-165.1
	29	20-166.1
	30	20-168
	31	20-172, 20-172 note
	32, 33	20-173, 20-174
	34	20-176
	35	20-217
	36	20-162.2 transferred to 20-219.2, 20-162.3 transferred to 20-219.3, 20-219.2, 20-219.2 note, 20-219.3, 20-219.3 note
	37	20-279.14
	38	14-72.2
	39	20-6 Repealed, 20-38 Repealed, 20-105 Repealed, 20-116, 20-124, 20-140.1 Repealed, 20-141.1 Repealed, 20-159 Repealed, 20-164 Repealed, 20-175, 20-175.4 Repealed, 20-176 note, 20-180 20-215.1, 20-279.1, 20-286
	40	14-72.2 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-140.3 note, 20-140.4 note, 20-141.4 note
1331	. .	150-1 to 150-34 Repealed 150A-1 to 150A-3, 150A-9 to 150A-17, 150A-23 to 150A-37, 150A-43 to 150A-52, 105A-58 to 150A-64
	2	143-195 to 143-198.1 Repealed, 143-215.114 note, 143-306 to 143-318 Repealed
	3	54-109.11 note, 90-22, 90-22 note, 90-103, 90-103 note, 90-113.2, 90-113.2 note, 90-121.3, 90-121.3 note, 90-171.5, 90-171.5 note, 90-171.15, 90-171.15 note, 90-197, 90-197 note, 90-231, 90-231 note, 90-265, 90-265 note, 90-270.15, 90-270.15 note, 90-279, 90-279 note, 90A-26, 90A-26 note, 90A-41, 90A-41 note, 93C-7, 93C-7 note, 93D-3, 93D-3 note, 93D-13, 93D-13 note, 95-123, 95-123 note, 95-141, 95-141 note, 104B-14, 104C-4, 104C-4 note, 106-65.32, 106-65.32 note, 106-266.8, 106-266.8 note, 106-266.15, 106-266.15 note, 106-284.44, 106-284.44 note, 106-406, 106-406 note, 106-407.2, 106-407.2 note, 106-418.11, 106-418.11 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1331	3	106-549.21, 106-549.21 note, 106-549.55, 106-549.55 note, 106-549.64, 106-549.64 note, 106-568.8, 106-568.8 note, 106-611, 106-611 note, 113-229, 113-229 note, 113A-54, 113A-54 note, 115-165, 115-165 note, Ch. 150A note
	4	143-195 to 143-198.1 note, 143-306 to 143-316 note, 143-317 note, 143-318 note, 150-1 to 150-34 note, Ch. 150A note
1332	1	8-44.1
	2	8-44.1 note
1334	1	93B-8
	3	93B-8 note
1335	1	7A-307
	2	7A-307 note
1336	1	58-135.1
	2	58-135.1 note
1338	. .	105-147
1339	1	7A-289.1 to 7A-289.7
	2	7A-134 Repealed, 108-19, 110-21 Repealed
	3	7A-289.1 note
1340	. .	105-361
1341	. .	96-29
1342	1	93B-5
	2	86-6 note, 93B-5 note
1343	. .	87-43.4
1344	1	163-106 note
	2, 3	163-150
	4	163-30
	5	163-32
	6	163-30 note, 163-32 note
1345	1, 2	93D-3
	3	93D-7
	4	93D-9
1346	. .	136-89.59
1347	. .	14-288.4
1348	1	1-217.2
	2	1-217.2 note
1349	. .	105-116
1351	1	115-11.1
	2	115-11.1 note
1352	. .	148-65.1A
1353	. .	15-205.1
1354	1-4	48-4
	5	48-7
	6	48-21
		122-35.20
1356	. .	93B-9
1357	1, 2	97-38
1358	1	90-87
	2, 3	90-88
	4, 5	90-89
	6-9	90-90 to 90-93
	10	90-95
	11	90-108
	12	90-101
	13	90-107
	14	90-102
	15	90-87 to 90-94, 90-106
1359	1-3	163-42
1360	1	88-13
	2	88-15
	3, 4	88-17
1361	. .	90-109
1362	. .	20-17.1
1363	. .	135-3
1364	. .	116-143.1
1365	. .	118-6
1366	1, 2	44-51.4, 44-51.5
1367	1, 2	143B-143
1368	. .	84-26
1369	. .	18A-15
1370	1-6	106-284.15 to 106-284.20
	7	106-284.22
	8	106-284.14 note
1371	. .	152-1 L.M.
1372	. .	143-300.6
1373	1	93B-10
	2	93B-10 note
1374	. .	14-58.1, 14-58.2
1375	. .	153A-301
1376	. .	7A-133
1377	. .	116-143.1
1378	1	108-91 to 108-101
	2	7A-451
	3	7A-246
	4	108-91 note
1379	1	147-36
	2	147-54.2
1380	. .	78-1 Repealed, 78-2 Repealed, 78-3 note, 78-4 note, 78-5 to 78-18 Repealed, 78-19 note, 78-20 to 78-22 Repealed, 78-23 note, 78-24 Repealed, 78-25 note, Ch. 78A note, 78A-1, 78A-2, 78A-8 to 78A-10, 78A-16 to 78A-18, 78A-24 to 78A-29, 78A-36 to 78A-39, 78A-45 to

Ch.	Sec.	1973 General Statutes
1380	. .	78A-50, 78A-56, 78A-57, 78A-63 to 78A-65
1381	. .	136-18.3
1382	. .	113-104 L.M.
1383	1	105-113.56B
	2	105-113.56B note
1384	. .	20-37.6
1385	. .	135-63
1386	1, 2	20-77
1387	1	52-8
	2	52-8 note
1388	. .	14-163
1389	1, 2	20-66, 20-66.1 Repealed
1390	. .	93A-4
1391	. .	58-180.2
1392	1, 2	75-29
	3	75-29 note
1393	. .	62-118
1394	1-4	25B-1 to 25B-4
1395	1	20-81.1
	2	20-81.6
1396	. .	18A-15
1397	. .	138-5
1398	. .	86-15
1399	. .	14-269.1 L.M.
1401	. .	160A-308
1402	. .	47-48
1403	1	20-50.1
	2	20-38 note
1405	1-7	113A-135 to 113A-141
	8	113A-135
	9, 10	113A-142, 113A-143
1406	. .	153A-391 L.M., 158-8 L.M., 160A-460 L.M.
1407	. .	108-25
1408	. .	122-58.1 note
	1	122-58.1 to 122-58.18
	2	122-8.1
	3	122-36
	4	122-43
1409	1	143A-22 Repealed
	2	163-28
	3	163-27
	4	163-28 note
1410	1, 2	59-78
	3	59-80
	4	59-82
1411	. .	30-17
1413	. .	14-33
1414	1	83-12
	2	133-1.1
1415	. .	147-58
1416	1, 2	143B-10
	3	143B-14
1417	1	113A-52
	2	143B-299 note
	3-5	113A-55 to 113A-57
1417	6	113A-54
1418	1, 2	108-54, 108-54.1
	3	108-55 note
	4, 5	108-56, 108-57
	6	108-54 note, 108-54.1 note, 108-55 note, 108-56 note, 108-57 note
1419	. .	143-128
1420	. .	123-5
1421	. .	105-278.3
1422	. .	120-58 to 120-64
1423	. .	143-135.3
1424	. .	20-187.2
1425	. .	135-5.1
1428	. .	74B-11
1430	. .	138-1
1431	. .	105-449.2
1432	. .	20-80
1433	. .	122-85
1434	1	14-190.1
	2-8	14-190.2
	9, 10	14-190.10, 14-190.11
	11	14-190.10 note, 14-190.11 note
1435	. .	1-42.3
1436	1	122-55.1
	2-5	122-55.2
	6, 7	122-55.6
	8	122-55.13, 122-55.14
1437	1	122-84.1
	2	122-86 Repealed
	3	122-84.1 note, 122-86 note
1438	1	58-155.65 to 58-155.83
	2	58-155.65 note
1439	1-5	136-143
	6-8	136-145 to 136-147
	9, 10	136-149, 136-149.1
	11	136-151
	12	136-155
1440	1	58-173.27
1441	1	108-107 to 108-110
	2	108-107 note
1443	1-3	113-28.6 to 113-28.8
1444	. .	62-134
1445	1-4	20-19
1446	1	115-25
	2	58-155.49
	3	25A-33
	4	7A-112
	5	90-92
	6	90-112
	7	29-12
	8	133-14
	9	55B-14
	10	52-6
	11	47-7
	12	165-18

1973		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1446	13	162A-45
	14	143-215.41
	15	31-40
	16	149-1
	17	8-5
	18	33-69.1
	19	1-339.71
	20	105-198
	21	20-77
	22	7A-134 note
	23	20-84.2
	25	153A-149
	26	158-12
	27	148-12
	28	20-16.2 note
1447	1-6	136-71.6 to 136-71.12
1448	. .	146-25.1
1449	1, 2	20-118
1450	. .	160A-167
1451	. .	120-44.1
1452	1-3	18A-35
	4	18A-34
1456	. .	138-6
1457	1-6	106-26.7 to 106-26.12
	7	66-58
1459	. .	143-283.44
1460	. .	127-102
1463	. .	147-58 note
1465	1	122-35.15
	2	122-35.25
1474	. .	7A-44
1476	1	58-228
	2	65-36
1480	. .	20-183.7
1481	1, 2	88-1
1482	1, 2	120-3, 120-3.1
	3	120-4.1 Repealed, 120-4.1 note, 120-4.2
	4	120-4.2 note p. 1413, Resolution 112, 130-93, 143B-216.6, 143B-216.7

SESSION LAWS OF 1975

Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1	. .	20-158
2	1-5	96-12
	6	96-13
7	. .	88-1
8	1, 2	96-13
9	. .	130-200
11	. .	136-33
12	. .	163-66
16	. .	85A-1 L.M., 85A-2 to 85A-34 note
17	. .	20-141 L.M.
19	1	1-567.2
	2	7A-56
	3	7A-286
	4	14-288.4
	5	18A-39
	6	20-137.7
	7	28A-3-2
	8	28A-9-2
	9	28A-13-3
	10, 11	28A-26-8
	12	Ch. 28 note, Ch. 28A note, Ch. 28C note, 36-67 note
	13	37-21
	14	41-2.1
	15, 16	47-41
	17	55-50
	18	58-248.34
	19	74B-15
	20	78A-18
	21	78A-27
19	22	78A-56
	23	89-1 to 89-16 note
	24	90-118
	25	90-226
	26	95-17
	27	105-42
	28	105-130.11
	29	105-259
	30	106-65.28, 106-65.28 note
	31	106-143
	32	106-284.41
	33	106-418.3
	34	106-418.11
	35	111-4
	36	113-315.18
	37, 38	113-394
	39	115-321
	40	121-12
	41	122-7.1
	42	122A-3
	43	122A-4
	44	131-83
	45	136-63
	46	136-89.32
	47	136-115
	48	143-127.1
	49	143-166.2
	50	143-214.1
	51	143-215.1
	52	143-215.2

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
19	53	143-215.114
	54	143-283.7
	55	143A-97 to 143A-108 note
	56	143B-85
	57	143B-142
	58	143B-251
	59	147-45
	60	153A-63
	61	153A-445
	62	159-178
	63	159A-3
	64	160A-101
	65	163-22
	66	163-30
	67	163-42
	68	163-110
	69	163-227
	70	163-280
	71	165-22.1
	72	166-10
21	. .	153A-159 L.M.
22	1-3	148-33.1
23	1	76-1 note, 76-18 note, 76-56 L.M.
	2	76-1
	3	76-18 Repealed
24	. .	106-495.1 Repealed, 106-495.2 Repealed
26	1	159-64 note
28	. .	93A-6
29	. .	87-43.3
31	. .	118-1 note
32	1, 2	90-220.1
	3	90-220.4
39	. .	106-112 to 106-119 Repealed
40	. .	36-4
44	. .	20-187.2
45	. .	62-81
46	. .	20-24
47	. .	20-196.3
48	1	108-29 to 108-37.1 note
	2	108-29 to 108-37.1 note
49	. .	105-307
50	. .	163-278.33
51	. .	118-1 L.M.
53	1	105-113.86
	2	105-113.93
	3	105-113.94 Repealed
54	1	29-19
	2	49-16
55	. .	54-33.3
56	. .	19A-1 note
	1-5	19A-10 to 19A-14
	7	19A-10 note
57	1	45-21.4
	2	45-21.4 note
60	. .	66-84
61	1, 2	20-185
62	. .	105-277.4
63	. .	152-1 L.M.
65	1	115-37
	2	115-198
66	. .	45-10
67	. .	160A-245
68	1, 2	86-5
69	1, 2	150A-59
	3	150A-63
	4	20-9 note, 20-139.1 note, 20-300 note, 20-305.1 note, 20-305.3 note, 20-321 note, 53-188 note, 54-79 note, 54-81 note, 54-109 note, 74-44 note, 74-62 note, 74-63 note, 74B-7 note, 74B-14 note, 83-9 note, 85B-8 note, 86-21 note, 86-25 note, 87-10 note, 87-11 note, 87-23 note, 87-35 note, 87-47 note, 87-59 note, 87-80 note, 88-27 note, 89-8 note, 89-9 note, 89A-7 note, 89A-8 note, 90-22 note, 90-41.1 note, 90-103 note, 90-113.2 note, 90-121.3 note, 90-136 note, 90-171.5 note, 90-171.15 note, 90-182 note, 90-185 note, 90-187.8 note, 90-197 note, 90-231 note, 90-249 note, 90-265 note, 90-270.15 note, 90-279 note, 90A-11 note, 90A-26 note, 90A-41 note, 93-12 note, 93A-6 note, 93C-7 note, 93D-3 note, 93D-13 note, 95-123 note, 95-135 note, 95-141 note, 106-266.8 note, 106-266.15 note, 106-284.44 note, 106-406 note, 106-407.2 note, 106-418.11 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
69	4	106-549.21 note, 106-549.55 note, 106-549.64 note, 106-611 note, 113-229 note, 113A-54 note, 113A-123 note, 115-165 note, 115-251 note, 116-15 note, 143-195 to 143-198.1 note, 143-215.114 note, 143-306 to 143-318 150-1 to 150-8 note, 150-10 to 150-34 note, Ch. 150A note, 150A-63 note
	5, 6	150A-59
	7	150A-63
72	. .	115-143
74	1	105-163.9
	2	105-163.16
	3	105-266
76	1	1-75.7
	2	1A-1, Rule 12
	3	1-75.7 note, 1A-1, Rule 12, note
77	. .	143-247.2
78	1, 1.5, 2	106-266.7
	3, 4	106-266.7 note
79	. .	20-11
82	. .	130-69
83	. .	130-9
84	. .	130-87
89	. .	148-49.9
90	. .	143B-140
91	. .	48-36
92	2, 3	108-64, 108-65
	4	108-23
93	. .	136-33
94	. .	20-4.01
96	. .	152-1 L.M.
99	. .	1A-1, Rule 33
100	. .	160A-364 L.M.
102	1	160A-263
	2, 3	160A-263 note
103	. .	115-131 L.M.
104	. .	105-164.3
105	. .	153A-335 L.M.
106	1, 2	30-1, 30-1 note
107	. .	93-12
108	. .	93A-2
109	. .	20-183.6
110	1	53-173
	2, 3	53-173.2 Repealed, 53-173.2 note
111	. .	1-79
112	. .	93A-4
113	. .	116A-8
114	. .	18A-17 L.M.
117	. .	15A-1021
118	. .	Ch. 28 note, Ch. 28A note, Ch. 28C note, 36-67 note
119	. .	122-93
121	. .	36-32
123	1, 2	108-60
	3, 4	108-60 note
125	. .	106-568.35
126	. .	106-50.10
127	. .	106-50.5
128	1, 2	143B-181
129	1, 2	6-21.3, 6-21.3 note
130	1, 2	105-120.2, 105-120.2 note
131	. .	15-199
132	. .	15A-743
134	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
135	1, 2	32-34, 32-34 note
137	1, 2	165-21, 165-21 note
138	. .	15-208 Repealed
139	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
141	. .	117-18
142	1-3	105-39
143	1	105-228.5
144	1	78A-25
	2	78A-36
	3	78A-56
	4	78A-63
145	1, 2	120-32.2, 120-32.3
	3	120-32.1
	4	120-32.2 note, 120-32.3 note
146	. .	160A-241 L.M.
148	1-5	20-116
149	1	163-137
	2	163-162
	3	163-160
150	1	115-52.1
	2	115-187
	3	115-52.1 note
151	1, 2	115-179.1
154	1, 2	116A-9, 116A-10
156	. .	160A-496
158	. .	126-16
159	1, 2	163-30, 163-31
	3, 4	163-41
	5, 6	163-30 note, 163-31 note
160	1	165-20
	2	165-22
	3	165-22.1
161	. .	31-47
162	1, 2	20-7, 20-7 note

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
163	1, 2	14-71, 14-72
164	1	97-31
	3	97-31 note
166	2	15A-101
	3	15A-302
	4, 5	15A-303
	6	15A-305
	7, 8	15A-501
	9-11	15A-511
	12	15A-531
	13	15A-534
	14	15A-612
	15	15A-801, 15A-802
	16	15A-907
	17	15A-910
	18	15A-921
	19	15A-926
	20	15A-1002 to 15A-1004 15A-1027
	22	7A-109.1
	23	7A-180
	24	7A-181
	25	15-126, 15-126 note, 15-129, 15-129 note, 15-159, 15-159 note
	26	15-49 Repealed, 15-103.2 Repealed, 15-104.1 Repealed, 15-107.1 Repealed, 162-31 Repealed
	27	Ch. 15A note, 15A-302, 15A-926, 15A-1002, 15A-bu
	28	Ch. 15A note
167	1, 2	165-22, 165-22 note
170	. .	148-45
171	. .	113-95.4
172	. .	66-50 to 66-57 Repealed
173	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
174	. .	128-1.1
178	. .	159-77
179	. .	163-96
180	2	128-21 L.M.
181	1	43-63
	2, 3	43-64
182	1	66-11.1
	2	66-11
	4	66-11.1 note
183	1	102-13 Repealed
	2	102-13 note
184	2, 3	62-133, 62-133 note
186	1	159B-1 to 159B-35
	2	Ch. 159B note
	3	159B-36
191	1	14-132.2
	2	14-132.2 note
192	. .	47-30
197	1-4	113-95
	5	113-95.2
	6	113-95.3
	7, 8	113-95.5, 113-95.6
	9-11	113-96
	12	113-96.1
	13	113-114, 113-115, 113-117, 113-119
	14	113-114
	15	113-271
	16	113-272
	17	113-272.1
	18	113-95 note, 113-95.2 note, 113-95.3 note, 113-95.5 note, 113-95.6 note, 113-96 note, 113-96.1 note, 113-114 note, 113-115 note, 113-117 note, 113-119 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note, 113-272.1 note
198	. .	76-14
200	1	47-30
	2	47-30 note
201	. .	152-1 L.M.
202	. .	161-5 L.M., 162-5 L.M.
203	. .	160A-241 L.M.
204	. .	143-340
205	1	128-26
	2	135-4
206	1-20	74-24.1 to 74-24.20
	21	74-1 to 74-24 Repealed, 74-24.1 note
207	. .	1-38
208	. .	20-4.01
209	1, 2	143-300.6
210	. .	20-194
211	1, 2	163-35
213	. .	160A-364 L.M.
216	. .	113-109
217	. .	113-100 L.M., 113-104 L.M.
220	. .	143B-266
221	. .	20-81.4
222	. .	20-79.2
223	1	20-7.1
	2	20-7.1 note
224	1	162A-3.1
	2	162A-4
	3, 4	162A-5
	5, 6	162A-14
225	. .	20-141
226	1, 2	96-13
	3	96-8
227	. .	17B-4

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
228	. .	110-64.6 to 110-64.9
229	1	15-205
	2	15-199
	3	15-199 note, 15-205 note
230	. .	148-46
231	. .	153A-331
233	1	116-176
	2	116-191
234	1	163-80
	2	163-72, 163-74
236	1	105-147
237	1, 2	110-117
238	. .	7A-278
239	4	20-1 note
240	. .	18A-15
241	. .	148-45 note
242	1	105-113.82
	2	105-113.82 note
243	1	62-1 note
	2	62-3
	3	62-10
	4	62-60.1
	5	62-76
	6	62-81
	7	62-82
	8	62-134
	9	62-13, 62-71, 62-76, 62-77, 62-78, 62-81
	10	62-13, 62-76, 62-78
	11	62-1 note
244	. .	130-22.1 Repealed
246	. .	163-1 note
247	. .	118-1 note
251	1	162A-27
	2	162A-28
	3, 4	162A-29
252	1	1-17
	2	1-52
	3	1-17
	4	1-52
	5	1-54
253	. .	113-45 to 113-50 Repealed
254	. .	62-3
255	. .	97-44
256	1	95-87
257	1	126-22 to 126-28
	2	126-22 note
258	. .	153A-446
259	. .	30-17
260	1	24-1.1A
	2-4	24-1.1A note
261	1	80-46 to 80-56 Repealed, 80-57 to 80-66
	2	80-57 note, 80-61 note, 95-87 note
262	. .	48-9.2
263	. .	153A-335 L.M.
264	. .	115-126
265	1	153A-159
	3	153A-159 note
266	1	97-2
	2	97-2 note
268	. .	116-15
270	. .	152-1 L.M.
271	. .	130-10
272	. .	130-13
275	1	105-7
	2	105-113.10, 105-148
	3	105-113.86
	4	105-130.3, 105-141
	5	105-203, 105-206
	6	105-164.3
	7	105-259
	8	105-269.2
	9	105-289
278	. .	148-26
279	1	87-1
	2, 3	87-10
	4	87-12
280	1	113-120.1
	2, 3	113-120.2
281	. .	130-9
283	. .	139-27
284	1	167-2
	2, 3	97-2
	4	97-29
	6	143-166.1
	7	143-166.2
	8	143-166.3
	9	143-166.7
286	. .	163-19
288	. .	97-2
289	. .	153A-129 L.M.
290	1	160A-44
	2	160A-56
	3	160A-44 note, 160A-56 note
292	1, 2	143-135
294	. .	1-105
295	. .	20-7
296	1, 2	20-7
300	1	28A-2-3
	2	28A-6-4
	3	28A-8-1
	4	28A-13-10
	5	28A-15-1
	6	28A-16-1
	7	28A-17-4
	8	28A-20-1
	9	28A-25-1
	10	28A-25-5
	11	28A-26-2
	13	31-12
301	. .	20-279.14
302	. .	20-309
303	. .	55-45
304	. .	55-50

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
305	. .	45-37
306	1	15A-503
	2	153A-225.1
	3	15A-503 note, 153A-225.1 note
307	. .	20-166.1
308	. .	118-1 L.M.
309	1	15-200.1
	2	15-200.2 Repealed
310	. .	110-118
311	1	130-166.16 note
	2-4	130-166.16 to 130-166.18
312	. .	160A-30
314	. .	117-13
315	. .	14-258.3
316	1	14-258.2
	2	14-258.2 note
318	. .	44-69, 44-69.1
319	. .	36-1
320	1	47-95
	2	47-95 note
321	1	48-5
	2	48-2
322	. .	122-58.7
323	. .	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
324	5	159-67, 159-67 note
325	. .	20-118
326	1, 2	20-279.21
	3	20-48
327	1	105-113.50A
	2	105-113.50A note
328	. .	7A-14, 7A-14 note, 147-52 transferred to 7A-14
329	. .	18A-2
330	1	18A-37
	2	18A-42
331	. .	14-401.5
333	. .	152-1 L.M.
334	. .	163-278.23
335	1, 2	48-37, 48-38
	3	48-37 note, 48-38 note
336	. .	105-380 L.M.
340	1	75A-2
	2	75A-6
	3	75A-8
344	. .	28-68 to 28-68.3 transferred to 28A-25-6, 28A-25-6 note
345	1	58-251.6
	2	57-7.1
346	. .	14-286
348	1-3	20-309
	4	20-311
349	. .	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
351	. .	14-401.5
353	. .	118-1 L.M.
360	1	15-197.1
	2	90-95
	3	15-197.1 note, 90-95 note
361	1, 2	1-539.15
	3	1-539.15 note
362	1	143-169.1
	2	143-169.1 note
366	1	136-44.30 to 136-44.34
	2	136-44.30 note
370	1	163-302
	2	163-291, 163-294.2
371	1	31B-1 to 31B-7
	2	29-10
	3	31-42
	4	28A-13-3
	5	58-205.2
	6	Ch. 31B note, 58-205.2 note
372	1	143A-55.1
	2	17A-6
373	1	136-72
	2	20-118
374	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-403 note, 14-409.1 note
377	. .	14-404 L.M.
379	. .	160A-514 L.M.
382	. .	115-190
383	. .	115-157
384	. .	115-51
385	. .	113A-165, 113A-165 note, 113A-166 to 113A-170
386	. .	143B-89
387	. .	121-20
389	. .	153A-21 note
390	. .	150A-1
391	1	1-285
	2	1-287 Repealed
	3	1-279
	4	1-280 Repealed
	5	15-180
	6	15-180.3
	7	1-282 Repealed
	8	1-283
	9	1-284 Repealed
	10	1-287.1 Repealed
	11	58-9.5
	12	62-90
	13	62-91
	14	62-94
		97-86
	16	1-279 note, 1-280 note, 1-282 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
391	16	1-283 note, 1-284 note, 1-285 note, 1-287 note, 1-287.1 note, 15-180 note, 15-180.3 note, 58-9.5 note, 62-90 note, 62-91 note, 62-94 note, 97-86 note
393	1, 2	1-69.1
394	1, 2	164-14
395	. .	163-69
396	1	130-14
	2	130-14.1
399	1, 2	143-341
400	1-4	122-35.20
401	. .	90-92
402	. .	14-24 Repealed, 14-25 Repealed, 14-48 Repealed, 14-180 Repealed, 14-185 Repealed, 14-187 Repealed, 14-198 Repealed, 14-262 Repealed, 14-319 Repealed, 72-39 Repealed, 99-4 Repealed
403	. .	130-14.1
404	. .	113A-35.1
405	. .	20-139.1
407	. .	160A-507.1
408	. .	1A-1, Rule 4
409	. .	14-234
410	. .	54-21.2
411	1	105-113.68
	2	18A-2
	3	18A-18
	4	18A-37
	5	18A-29
	6	18A-36.1
	7	18A-41
	8	18A-42
	9	105-113.72
	10	105-113.70
412	1	95-70 to 95-72 Repealed, 168-14 note
	2	168-14
	3, 4	168-14 note
413	1-12	95-161 to 95-172
	13, 14	95-161 note
415	. .	62-3
418	. .	118-1 L.M.
420	. .	160A-77 L.M.
422	. .	130-65 L.M., 130A-98 L.M.
423	. .	118-1 L.M.
425	1, 2	143-442
	3	143-443
	4	143-449
425	5	143-453
	6	143-451, 143-456
	7	143-451
	8	143-456
	9	143-453
	10	143-455
	11	143-460
426	1	134-1 to 134-139 note
	2	153A-221.1
427	1	58-173.34 to 58-173.51
	2	58-173.34 note
428	. .	161-10
430	. .	20-85
431	. .	20-88.1
432	. .	20-81, 20-81 note
434	1-5	143-64.10 to 143-64.14
	6	143-64.10 note
435	1	160A-456
	2	153A-376
436	. .	116-143.1
437	. .	159-26 note
	1	115-78 to 115-80 Repealed, 115-81 to 115-90 Repealed, 115-91 to 115-98 Repealed, 115-100 Repealed, 115-100.1 to 115-100.35
	2-4	115-116
	5	115-117
	6	115-124
	7	115-48 Repealed, 115-60 to 115-62 Repealed, 115-65 Repealed, 115-133.2, 115-155
	8	115-64
	9	115-66
	10	115-9
	11	115-205.19
	12	159-7
	13, 14	159-13 note
	15	159-27
	15.1	115-17
	16	115-78 to 115-80 note
	17	115-100.3 note, 115-100.9 note
	18	115-9 note, 115-17 note, 115-48 note, 115-60 to 115-62 note, 115-64 note, 115-65 note, 115-66 note, 115-78 to 115-80 note, 115-81 to 115-90 note, 115-91 to 115-98

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
437	18	note, 115-100 note, 115-100.1 note, 115-116 note, 115-117 note, 115-124 note, 115-133.2 note, 115-155 note, 115-205.19 note, 159-7 note, 159-13 note, 159-27 note
	19	115-100.1 note, 115-205.19 note
438	1	44A-4
	2	20-77
	3	20-137.10
439	1	40-10.6
	2	40-10.6 note
440	. .	66-84
441	. .	7A-142
442	. .	90-91
443	1	90-89
	2	90-90
444	. .	7A-313
445	. .	20-24
447	1	62-300
	2	62-266
448	. .	162A-77.1
449	1, 2	8-50.1
	3	49-7
450	1	148-62
	2	148-65.3
451	. .	136-44.20
452	1	113A-109
	2	113A-116
	3	113A-117
	4	113A-125
	5	113A-100 note, 146-22.1 note
453	. .	18A-15
454	1	45-21.42 note
	2	45-21.44
	3	45-21.42 note, 45-21.44 note
455	. .	160A-274
456	1-7	113-229
457	1	135-1
	2-4	135-5
	5	135-8
459	. .	122-58.7
461	. .	44A-2
462	. .	20-50
463	1	95-28.1
	2	95-28.1 note
465	. .	163-99
466	. .	97-103
468	. .	130-69
470	. .	160A-514 L.M.
471	. .	15A-943
476	1	46-25
	2	46-25 note
477	. .	14-404 L.M.
478	. .	14-404 L.M.
479	. .	160A-37 L.M.
481	. .	159-30
482	. .	147-69.1
483	1, 2	75A-5
	3	75A-6
485	1-3	128-26
486	1, 2	128-27
487	1	153A-185
	2	153A-205
488	1	136-102.6
	2	136-102.6 note
489	1, 2	105-149
490	. .	120-71 to 120-79
492	. .	45-21.45
	1	45-21.16A, 45-21.16A note
	2	45-21.16, 45-21.16 note
	3	45-21.17
	4-6	45-21.21
	7-9	45-21.29
	10	45-21.30
	11	45-21.33
	12	45-21.45
	13	45-21.9 note, 45-21.16 note, 45-21.16A note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.21 note, 45-21.29 note, 45-21.30 note, 45-21.33 note
	14	45-21.16 note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.21 note, 45-21.29 note, 45-21.33 note
	15	45-21.9
	16	45-21.9 note, 45-21.16 note, 45-21.16A note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.21 note, 45-21.29 note, 45-21.30 note, 45-21.33 note, 45-21.45 note
493	. .	14-139, 14-139 L.M.
494	. .	156-81
495	1	52-8
	2	52-8 note
496	1, 2	7A-112
498	. .	160A-241 L.M.
504	. .	118-1 L.M.
506	1, 2	148-26
	3	148-18
507	. .	47-18
508	1	105-289

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
508	2	105-299
509	. .	77-13, 77-14
510	. .	62-134
511	1, 2	135-5
	3	135-5 note
512	. .	143B-282
513	. .	136-41.1
514	2	159-7
	3	159-8
	4	159-11
	5, 6	159-13
	7, 8	159-13.1, 159-13.2
	9	159-14
	10, 11	159-25, 159-26
	12, 13	159-28, 159-28.1
	14	159-29
	15	159-34
	16	159-26
	17	153A-29 Repealed, 160A-65 Repealed
	18	159-7 note
515	. .	133-10.1
516	. .	153A-267
517	1, 2	160A-475
518	1	131-84 to 131-89 Repealed
	2, 3	130-114
519	1	58-189
	2	58-191.1
520	1, 2	35-43, 35-44
521	1	143-215.99 Repealed
	2	143-215.100 to 143-215.102
	3	143-215.100 note
522	1	136-104
	2	136-104 note
523	. .	146-25.1
526	1	114-4.2B
	2	114-4.2B note
527	. .	142-13
528	. .	54-44.8
529	. .	7A-41
531	1-15	89B-1 to 89B-15
	16	Ch. 89B note
533	. .	20-141 L.M.
534	1	105-3
	2	105-3 note
535	. .	105-3
536	. .	130-124
	1-5	115-1.1
538	1	54-74 to 54-109 Repealed, 54-109.1 to 54-109.6, 54-109.10 to 54-109.17, 54-109.21, 54-109.22, 54-109.26 to 54-109.31, 54-109.35 to 54-109.49, 54-109.53 to 54-109.61, 54-109.65 to 54-109.71, 54-109.75 to 54-109.78, 54-109.82, 54-109.86 to 54-109.88, 54-109.92 to 54-109.95, 54-109.99
	2, 3	54-110
	4	54-109.1 note, 54-109.10 note, 54-109.21 note, 54-109.26 note, 54-109.35 note, 54-109.53 note, 54-109.65 note, 54-109.75 note, 54-109.82 note, 54-109.86 note, 54-109.92 note, 54-109.99 note
541	1	95-68
	2	95-68.1 note
543	. .	14-87
544	. .	81-1 to 81-82 rewritten as 81A-1 to 81A-88, 81A-1 to 81A-88
545	1, 2	159-64, 159-64 note
546	1, 2	159-64 note
547	. .	20-183.7
548	. .	20-84
549	1	159-48
	2	160A-311
550	1	93D-3
	2	93D-5
	3	93D-11
551	1	105-144.2
	2	105-144.2 note
552	. .	36-23.2
553	. .	53-62
554	. .	15-180.2
555	. .	7A-31
556	. .	130-60
558	1, 2	7A-304
	3	7A-305
559	1	105-147
	2	105-161
	3, 4	105-141
	5	105-142
	6	105-141
	7	105-212
	8	105-228.5
560	. .	85A-1 L.M., 85A-2 to 85A-34 note
563	6	115-1.2, 115-1.2 note
	7	115-1.2, 115-1.2 note
	8, 9	115-179.1
564	1	120-85 to 120-105
	2	120-106
	3	120-85 note

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
565	1	163-278.9
	2, 3	163-278.16, 163-278.17
	4	163-278.23
	5	163-278.34
	6	163-278.19
	7	163-278
	8	163-259 to 163-268 Repealed
	9	163-278.31
	10	163-278.33
566	. .	105-275
568	1-4	136-128
	5, 6	136-129, 136-129.1
	7	136-130
	8-10	136-131
	11, 12	136-133, 136-134
	13	136-134.1
	14	136-135
	15	136-140
	16	136-129.1 note, 136-134.1 note
569	1-3	115-29
	4	115-29 note
570	1, 2	106-65.23
	3, 4	106-65.24
	5-7	106-65.25 to 106-65.27
	8-13	106-65.28
	14-17	106-65.29 to 106-65.32
	18	106-65.37
	19	106-65.37 note
571	. .	90-203 to 90-210.17 rewritten as 90-210.18 to 90-210.25, 90-210.18 to 90-210.25
572	. .	90-106
573	. .	5-1 note, 5-4 note, 5-8 note, 7A-109.1 note, 7A-180 note, 7A-273 note, 7A-291 note, 7A-452 note, 7A-453 note, 8-57 note, 8-58 note, 8-65 to 8-70 note, 9-22 note, 9-23 to 9-26 note, 14-43.1 note, 14-224 note, 14-277.1 note, Ch. 15 note, 15-2 note, 15-3 note, 15-9 note, 15-18 to 15-24 note, 15-25 note, 15-26 to 15-27.1 note, 15-28 to 15-38 note, 15-39 to 15-42 note, 15-44 to 15-47 note, 15-50 to 15-52 note, 15-55 to 15-76 note, 15-78 to 15-84 note, 15-85 to 15-101 note, 15-102 note, 15-103 note, 15-104 note, 15-105 to 15-107 note, 15-108 note, 15-109 note, 15-125 note, 15-126 note, 15-127 note, 15-128 note, 15-129 note, 15-134 to 15-136 note, 15-137 to 15-139 note, 15-140 to 15-143 note, 15-147 note, 15-152 note, 15-154 note, 15-155.4 note, 15-155.5 note, 15-156 to 15-158 note, 15-159 note, 15-160 note, 15-161 note, 15-162 note, 15-175 note, 15-176.9 note, 15-179 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, Ch. 15A note, 15A-721 note, 15A-743 note, 15A-761 note, 15A-811 note, 18A-23 note, 113-136 note, 113-139 note, 114-19 note, 122-83 note, 122-84 note, 122-87 note, 122-87.1 note, 122-91 note, 148-89 to 148-95 note, 153A-229 note, 160A-286 note
575	. .	20-219.2
576	1	160A-24
	2	160A-31
	3	160A-37
	4	160A-49
	5	160A-58.3
577	. .	152-1 L.M.
578	. .	105-277
579	. .	113-109.8
580	. .	143-49
581	1-4	148-60.3
	5	148-60.3 note
582	1, 2	84-4.1
	3	84-23
	4	84-28.2
	5, 6	84-28, 84-28.1
	7-10	84-29 to 84-32
	11	84-36.1
	12	7A-29
	13	84-4.1 note, 84-23

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
582	13	note, 84-28 note, 84-28.1 note, 84-28.2 note, 84-29 note, 84-30 note, 84-31 note, 84-32 note, 84-36.1 note
583	1	143-215
	2-4	143-215.1
	5, 6	143-215.3
	7	143-215.6
	8	143-214.1
584	. .	20-81.4
585	1, 2	143B-66
586	1	18A-38
	2	18A-29
	3	105-113.97
587	1	1A-1, Rule 14
	2	1B-1
	3	1A-1, Rule 14, note, 1B-1 note
588	. .	20-125
589	1	143-300.1
	2	143-300.1 note
590	. .	143-347.10 to 143-347.14
591	1	105-125
	2	105-130.11
592	1	74B-10
	2-4	74B-11
	5	74B-13
	6, 7	74B-15, 74B-16
	8, 9	74B-4
593	. .	20-146
595	1	44-51.8
	2	44-51.4
599	1	58-251.7
	2	57-7.2
	3	57-7.2 note, 58-251.7 note
600	1	58-195.5
601	. .	90-112.1
602	1, 2	129-31 to 129-39 note
603	1	58-201.1
	2, 3	58-201.2
604	. .	Ch. 127A note
	1	127-1 to 127-127 Repealed, 143-229 Repealed, 143-232 to 143-236.1 Repealed
	2	127A-1 to 127A-10, 127A-16 to 127A-23, 127A-29 to 127A-61, 127A-67 to 127A-74, 127A-80, 127A-81, 127A-87 to 127A-91, 127A-97 to 127A-99, 127A-105 to 127A-110, 127A-116 to 127A-119, 127A-125 to 127A-131, 127A-137 to 127A-139, 127A-145 to 127A-155, 127A-161 to 127A-169, 127A-175 to 127A-184
605	. .	95-86
606	1-6	115B-1 to 115B-6
607	. .	58-237.2 Repealed
608	. .	115-157
609	. .	1A-1, Rule 4
610	1	119-49
611	1, 2	106-24, 106-25
	3	106-26.2
	4	106-26.2 note
612	. .	130-233
613	. .	113-112, 113-123
614	1, 2	106-121
	3-5	106-122
	6	106-124
	7-9	106-125
	10	106-126
	11, 12	106-128
	13-16	106-129
	17-20	106-130
	21	106-132
	22-24	106-133
	25-28	106-134
	29	106-134.1
	30-32	106-134 to 106-136
	33-35	106-137
	36, 37	106-139, 106-139.1
	38, 39	106-140, 106-141
	40	106-144
	41	106-121 note, 106-122 note, 106-124 note, 106-125 note, 106-126 note, 106-128 note, 106-129 note, 106-130 note, 106-132 note, 106-133 note, 106-134 note, 106-134.1 note, 106-135 note, 106-136 note, 106-137 note, 106-139 note, 106-139.1 note, 106-140 note, 106-141 note, 106-144 note
	42	106-121 note, 106-174 to 106-184.1 Repealed, 106-174 to

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
614	42	106-184.1 note, 106-210 to 106-219 Repealed, 106-210 to 106-219 note, 106-219.1 to 106-219.9 Repealed, 106-219.1 to 106-219.9 note, 106-220 to 106-232 Repealed, 106-220 to 106-232 note, 106-233 Repealed, 106-233 note, 106-236 to 106-238 Repealed, 106-236 to 106-238 note, 106-239 Repealed, 106-239 note
	43	106-134.1 note, 106-139.1 note
615	. .	136-44.9
616	1, 2	122A-5
	3	122A-5.1
618	1	148-60.2
	2	148-58.1
	3	148-60.2 note
619	. .	Ch. 85C note
	1	85A-1 to 85A-34 rewritten as 85C-1 to 85C-41, 85C-1 to 85C-41
	2	85C-40, 105-41.1 Repealed
	3	85C-41
620	1, 2	113-54, 113-55
	3	113-55.1
	4	113-92
	5	113-55 note
621	. .	128-27 note
	1, 2	128-27
622	1-4	18A-28
624	1, 2	115-165.1
625	. .	136-107
626	1	15A-1011
	2, 3	7A-180, 7A-181
	4	7A-273
627	. .	90-18.1
634	1, 2	135-5
	3	135-5 note
635	. .	168-9
636	1	14-134.2
	2	14-134.2 note
637	1	105-161
	2	37-20
	3	33-42.1
	4	37-18
	5	28A-21-2
638	. .	143-216 note
639	1	136-64.1
	2	160A-299.1
640	. .	18A-15
641	. .	131A-1 note
642	1	8-35.1
	2	15A-924
	3	8-35.1 note
643	. .	58-3.1
644	. .	20-176
645	. .	106-91
646	. .	106-568.8
647	1	113A-52
	2	113A-57
	3	113A-51
648	1	85B-3
	2-4	85B-4
	5	85B-6
	6, 7	85B-8, 85B-9
650	1, 2	90-96
	3, 4	90-113.14
	5	15-223
	6	15-223 note, 90-96 note, 90-113.14 note
654	1, 2	18A-38
	3	105-113.84
	4	18A-3
	1, 2	143-215.1
	3	143-215.3
655	4	143-215.65
	5	143-214.1
656	1	52A-1 to 52A-32
	2	52A-1 note, 52A-2 note, 52A-3 note, 52A-4 note, 52A-5 note, 52A-6 note, 52A-7 note, 52A-8 note, 52A-8.1 note, 52A-8.2 note, 52A-9 note, 52A-9.1 note, 52A-10 note, 52A-10.1 note, 52A-10.2 note, 52A-10.3 note, 52A-11 note, 52A-11.1 note, 52A-12 note, 52A-12.1 note, 52A-12.2 note, 52A-13 note, 52A-14 note, 52A-15 note, 52A-16 note, 52A-17 note, 52A-20 note, 52A-21 note, 52A-22 note, 52A-23 note, 52A-24 note, 52A-25 note, 52A-26 note, 52A-27 note, 52A-28 note, 52A-29 note, 52A-30 note, 52A-31 note, 52A-32 note
	3	52A-8.2 note, 52A-9.1 note, 52A-10.3 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
656	3	52A-12.2 note, 52A-20 note, 52A-21 note, 52A-22 note, 52A-23 note, 52A-24 note, 52A-25 note, 52A-26 note, 52A-27 note, 52A-28 note, 52A-29 note, 52A-30 note, 52A-31 note
658	1, 2	17B-4
659	1-8	106-621 to 106-628
	9	106-621 note
660	1	58-341 to 58-358
	2	53-189, 58-195.5 note
	3	53-189 note, 58-210 note, 58-260.2 note, 58-341 note
	4	58-210, 58-260.2 Repealed
	5	53-189 note, 58-210 note, 58-260.2 note, 58-341 note
661	1	105-147
	2	105-130.7
	3	105-204
	4	105-203
662	. .	132-1.1
663	. .	143B-337 to 143B-339
664	2	106-386 Repealed
	3	136-66.1
	4	160A-9.2
	5	160A-74
	6	160A-101, 160A-101 note
	7	160A-209
	8	160A-216
	9	160A-274
	10	160A-284
	11	160A-319
	12	160A-356
	13	160A-357 Repealed
	14	160A-406
	15	160A-441
	16	160A-455
	17, 18	160A-488, 160A-489
666	1	58-30.3 58-30.4
	2	58-248.9 Repealed
667	2	126-2, 126-6, 126-7 to 126-11, 126-23, 126-25, 126-26
	3, 4	126-2
	5	126-3
	6, 7	126-4
	8, 9	126-5
	10	126-34 to 126-37
	11	126-43 to 126-45
	12	126-10
	13	126-34 note, 126-43 note
668	. .	58-54.4, 115-153
669	. .	113-104
670	1	58-131.3A
	2	58-131.3A note
671	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
672	. .	90-202.22 note
	1	90-188 to 90-202.1 rewritten as 90-202.2 to 90-202.14, 90-202.2 to 90-202.14
	2	90-202.8 note
673	1, 2	113-95.5, 113-95.6
	3	113-96.1
674	1	159-171
	2	159-168 note
	3-5	159-172
675	1, 2	90-270.11
	3	90-270.14
676	1-4	113-44.3 to 113-44.6
678	1	115-165 Repealed
	2	115-166
	3	115-175.1 Repealed
	4	115-200 Repealed
	5	115-296 to 115-299 Repealed
	6	115-300 to 115-305 Repealed
	7	115-306 to 115-315 Repealed
	8	115-315.16 to 115-315.22 Repealed
	9, 10	115-11.2
679	1, 2	148-22
	3	148-33.1
680	. .	18A-31.1
681	1	89-1 to 89-16 rewritten as 89C-1 to 89C-28, 89C-1 to 89C-28
	2	Ch. 89C note
682	1	148-26 note, 148-26.1 note, 148-26.2 note, 148-26.3 note, 148-26.4 note, 148-26.5 note
	2	148-26
	3	148-26.1 to 148-26.5
	4	148-18 note, 148-26 note
683	. .	20-183.2
684	. .	20-7
685	1	1-539.21
	2	1-539.21 note
686	1	115-153
	2	115-153 note
688	1	150A-63
	2	150A-63 note
689	1	160A-456
	2	153A-376

1975

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
690	1	90-8
	2	90-10
	3, 4	90-13, 90-14
	5	90-14.2
692	1, 2	120-30.10, 120-30.11
	3	120-30.18
693	. .	153A-138
694	1	90-212 to 90-216 Repealed
	2	143B-204 to 143B-206
	3	90-216.6
	4, 5	90-220.3
	6	143B-142
696	1, 2	132-4, 132-5
	3	14-76.1
	4	14-72
	5	14-76.1 note
697	. .	14-78
698	. .	113A-35.2
699	1, 2	115-10, 115-11
	3	115-14
	4	115-17
	5	115A-3
700	. .	18A-35.1
701	1	153A-98
	2	160A-168
	3	153A-98 note, 160A-168 note
702	1-3	48-9
703	1-3	14-52 note, 14-58 note
704	. .	136-18.4
705	. .	148-45
706	. .	69-25.2
707	1	84-23.1
	2	84-23.1 note
708	1, 2	106-564, 106-564.1
	3, 4	106-567
709	1	143A-171 note
	2	54-24.1, 143A-171 note
	3	54-24.1, 143A-171 note
	4-6	143A-171 note, 143A-181
	7	117-1, 143A-171 note
	8	117-5, 143A-171 note
711	. .	163-41
712	1	130-152.2
	2	130-152.2 note
713	. .	163-35
714	. .	48-6
715	1, 2	44A-7, 44A-8
716	1	143B-345 to 143B-360
	2	143-216, 143-218, 143-219
	3	113-28.5, 113-28.6, 113-28.8 to 113-28.12
	4	76-25 to 76-39 Repealed, 76-59
	5	8-35.1, 8-35.1 note, 14-401.4, 115C-520, 20-1 to 20-4.01, 20-4.2, 20-4.4, 20-4.9, 20-4.19, 20-4.20, 20-7, 20-9, 20-11, 20-13 to 20-16.1, 20-16.1 note, 20-16.2, 20-17.1, 20-17.2, 20-19, 20-20, 20-22 to 20-29, 20-30, 20-34.1, 20-36, 20-37.1, 20-37.7, 20-39, 20-40, 20-42 to 20-50, 20-52 to 20-58.4, 20-58.6, 20-61 to 20-64.2, 20-66, 20-67 to 20-71, 20-72 to 20-79.1, 20-80, 20-81.1, 20-81.3 to 20-82, 20-84 to 20-85, 20-87 to 20-88.1, 20-91, 20-94, 20-97, 20-102 to 20-104, 20-108 to 20-109.1, 20-109.1 note, 20-110, 20-111, 20-116, 20-118, 20-123, 20-125.1, 20-135, 20-135.4, 20-141.3, 20-144, 20-154, 20-166, 20-166.1, 20-178, 20-179, 20-183, 20-183.2, 20-183.4, 20-183.7, 20-183.8, 20-183.10 to 20-183.12, 20-183.14, 20-183.16, 20-184, 20-185, 20-188, 20-190, 20-191, 20-192, 20-196, 20-215.2 to 20-215.4, 20-219, 20-221, 20-222, 20-225, 20-226, 20-279.10, 20-279.21, 20-279.34, 20-283, 20-288, 20-290, 20-291, 20-294 to 20-297, 20-309, 20-311 to 20-313.1, 20-316 to 20-317, 20-319.1, 20-328, 114-10.1, 136-32.2, 143A-97 to 143A-108 Repealed, 143B-2, 143B-6,

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
716	5	150A-1
	6	143-392
	7	104E-15, 104E-15 note, 136-4, 136-13 to 136-15, 136-19.4, 136-33, 136-44.1, 136-44.3 to 136-44.11, 136-71.7, 148-18, 148-26, 153A-205
	8	143B-345 note
718	1	104C-1 to 104C-5 rewritten as 104E-1 to 104E-23, 104E-1 to 104E-23
	2	131-126.3
	3	97-2, 97-13
	4	97-53
	5	14-288.1
	6, 7	14-288.8
	8	104C-1 to 104C-5 note, Ch. 104E note
719	. .	106-579.1 note
	1-13	106-579.1 to 106-579.13
	14	106-579.1 note
	15	106-579.14
	16	106-569 to 106-579 Repealed, 106-579.1 note
720	1	148-42
	2	148-49.1, 148-49.6, 148-49.8, 148-49.9
	3	148-58.1, 148-61.1
721	1	150A-1
	2	143B-261.1
	4	143B-261.1 note
722	1	18A-38
	2	105-113.83
723	. .	160A-485
724	. .	115-100.11 note
726	. .	105-39
727	. .	20-85
728	. .	113-262
729	. .	108-77
730	1	148-70
	2	66-58, 148-8 transferred to 66-58(b)(15)
	3	66-58, 148-8.1 transferred to 66-58(b)(16)
	4, 5	66-58
731	1	115-152
	2	115-155
	3	115-166
732	. .	59-46
733	. .	90-115.1
734	1-3	166-1.1 to 166-1.3
	4-6	166-2
750	7	166-3
	8	166-4 Repealed
	9, 10	166-5
	11	166-6.1
	12	166-8
	13	166-10
	14	166-1, 166-2, 166-5 to 166-12
	15	20-125
	16	166-8, 166-9, 166-11, 166-12
	17	153A-149
735	. .	20-118
736	1-3	20-118
737	. .	143-423 to 143-428 note
739	1	105-149
	2	105-149 note
740	. .	97-12
741	1-8	89D-1 to 89D-8
	10	89D-9
	11	89D-10
	12	89D-1 note
742	1	134-1 to 134-39 rewritten as 134A-1 to 134A-39, 134A-1 to 134A-39
	2	7A-279
	3	7A-285
	4	150A-1
	5	Ch. 134A note
743	. .	20-4.01
744	. .	163-213.1 to 163-213.9, 163-213.9 note, 163-213.10 Repealed, 163-213.10 note
745	. .	163-41.1
746	1, 2	105-277.2, 105-277.3
	3-7	105-277.4
	8	105-277.5
	9, 10	105-277.6
	11	105-277.7
	12	105-324
	13	105-277.2 note, 105-277.3 note, 105-277.4 note, 105-277.5 note, 105-277.6 note, 105-277.7 note, 105-324 note
747	. .	108-67 to 108-75 Repealed
	1	108-75.1 to 108-75.24
	2	143B-153
	3	108-75.1 note, 143B-153 note
	4	108-75.25
749	1-3	14-21 note
	1	116-174

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
749	2	116-174 note
751	1	130-3
	2, 3	130-158, 130-159
	4	130-161
752	. .	105-164.4
753	. .	136-44.6
754	1	135-33
	2	135-33 note
755	. .	105-275
756	. .	143-295
757	. .	153A-305 L.M.
762	1	1A-1, Rule 5
	2	1A-1, Rule 26 to 1A-1, Rule 37
	3	1A-1, Rule 45
	4	8-84 Repealed, 8-89.1 Repealed
	5	1A-1, Rule 5 note, 1A-1, Rule 26 to 1A-1, Rule 37 note, 1A-1, Rule 45 note, 8-84 note, 8-89.1 note
763	. .	20-16.1
764	1	130-166.18
	2	105-122
	3	105-130.10
	4	105-130.5
	5	105-147
	6	105-275
765	1	93B-5
	2	93B-5 note
766	1	131A-1 to 131A-25
	2, 3	131A-1 note
767	1	20-50
	2	20-86.1
	3	20-91
768	1	65-18 to 65-36 rewritten as 65-46 to 65-72, 65-46 to 65-72
769	. .	15-184
770	1, 2	148-45
771	. .	50-5
773	1	90-292 to 90-307
	2	150-9
	3	90-292 note
774	. .	18A-17 L.M.
775	1	105-159.1, 105-159.1 note
	2	163-278.41 to 163-278.43
	3	105-159.1 note, 163-278.41 note
776	. .	105-60
777	1-5	95-105 to 95-109
	6	95-105 note
779	. .	14-202.1
780	1	62-110.1
	2	62-155
782	1, 2	90-95.2, 90-95.3
783	. .	14-100
784	. .	143-215.107
786	. .	20-146.1
787	1	132-1
	2	132-5.1
	3	132-9
788	. .	58-3.1
789	. .	163-97.1
790	. .	90-89
791	1	15A-535
	2	15A-535 note
792	1	105-453.1
	2	105-453.1 note
793	. .	7A-286.1
796	. .	15-183
797	. .	108-91 to 108-101 Repealed, 108-102 to 108-106.8
798	1	163-135
	2	163-128
	3	163-234
	4	139-6
	5, 6	163-278.6
	7, 8	163-278.21, 163-278.22
799	. .	20-109.1
800	1	159C-1 to 159C-24
	2, 3	159C-25, 159C-26
	4, 5	159C-1 note
804	1, 2	14-258.1
805	1-4	25A-39 to 25A-42
806	1, 2	14-221.1
	3	14-221.1 note
807	1	163-41
	2	163-41 note
808	. .	105-278.6
809	. .	163-140.1
810	1-7	106-65.55 to 106-65.61
	8	106-65.55 note
812	. .	105-116
813	1	28A-22-7
	2, 3	28A-22-7 note
814	. .	50-13.4
815	. .	106-266.19
816	. .	143-532 to 143-539
817	1	97-2
	2	97-2 note
818	1	15A-503
	2	153A-225.1
819	. .	90-92
820	. .	120-40 to 120-47 rewritten as 120-47.1 to 120-47.10, 120-47.1 to 120-47.10
821	1	159-48
	2	159-81
	3	160A-311
	4	160A-460
	5	160A-312

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
821	6	159-48 note, 159-81 note, 160A-311 note, 160A-312 note, 160A-460 note
822	. .	24-1.3
823	. .	7A-147
824	. .	143-439
825	1	18A-44.1
	2	18A-44.1 note
826	. .	159C-1 note
827	1	110-128 to 110-141
	2, 3	110-128 note
828	. .	105-85
829	. .	7A-308
831	. .	20-17
832	. .	97-33
833	1	20-129.2, 20-129.2 note
	2	20-129.2 note
834	1, 2	115-157
	1, 2	114-4.2C
	3	114-4.2C note
836	. .	163-302
837	. .	58-224 to 58-241.5 rewritten as 58-241.6 to 58-241.31, 58-241.6 to 58-241.31
839	. .	122-56.7
840	. .	66-58
841	. .	20-7
842	1	87-95
	2	143-215.17
	3	143-215.36
	4	143-215.33
	5	143-215.69
	6	143-215.6, 143-215.114
	7	143-215.6, 143-215.114
843	1	14-39
	2	14-39 note
844	1	163-1
	2	163-106
	3	163-111
	4, 5	163-136, 163-137
	6	163-172
	7, 8	163-177, 163-177.1
	9	163-181
	10	163-188
	11	163-227
	12	163-227.2
	13, 14	163-229, 163-230
	15-17	163-248
	19	163-230
845	. .	105-446.1
846	. .	14-87
847	1	40-7.1
	2	40-7.1 note
848	. .	105-278.3
849	1, 2	153A-302 note
850	. .	53-62
852	1	120-47.3
	2	120-47.3 note
853	. .	163-107.1
855	1	115-18
	2	115-18 note
	3	115-18
856	. .	20-135.4
857	1	88-1
	2-4	88-13 to 88-15
	5	88-17
	6	88-21
	7	88-25
	8	88-28
	9	88-23
	10	88-28.1
859	1	20-4.01
	2	20-8
860	. .	126-6.1
862	1	25-1-105
	2, 3	25-1-201
	4	25-2-107
	5	25-5-116
	6	25-9-201.1 Repealed
	7	25-9-101 to 25-9-114, 25-9-201, 25-9-202 to 25-9-208, 25-9-301 to 25-9-318, 25-9-401 to 25-9-408, 25-9-501 to 25-9-509, 25-9-601 to 25-9-607
	8	25-11-101 to 25-11-108
	10	25-9-114 note, 25-9-408 note
863	. .	20-1
864	1	122-35.33, 122-35.34
	2	122-35.33 note
865	. .	20-81, 20-81 note
866	1-4	20-279.21
	5	1B-3
867	1, 2	62-10
	3	62-21
	4	62-37
	5	62-78
	6	62-81
	7	62-134
868	1, 2	161-5
870	1, 2	14-415.1
	3	14-415.2 Repealed
871	1	20-24
	2	20-24 note
875	4	20-7, 20-7 note, 20-85, 20-85 note, 20-183.7
	8	136-44.2A
	11	58-194.2
	16	143B-139.2
	45	143B-139.1
	47	135-4, 135-5

Ch.	Sec.	1975 General Statutes
875	64	58-194.2 note, 136-44.2A note, 143B-139.1 note, 143B-139.2 note
877	1	Ch. 113B note
	2	62-2
	3	113B-1
	4	113B-2 to 113B-12, 113B-20 to 113B-24
	5	62-2 note, Ch. 113B note
	6	Ch. 113B note
878	. .	47-53.1
879	2-8	143B-366 to 143B-372
	9	143-476 to 143-482 Repealed
	10, 11	143B-373, 143B-374
	12	129-31 to 129-39 Repealed
	13, 14	143B-375, 143B-376
	15	105-60, 110-86, 110-87 Repealed, 110-88, 110-89 Repealed, 110-90 to 110-97, 110-98 note, 110-100 to 110-102
	16, 17	143B-377, 143B-378
	18	143-471 to 143-475 Repealed
	19-24	143B-379 to 143B-384
	25	143-178 to 143-185 Repealed
	26-29	143B-385 to 143B-388
	30	143-283.24 to 143-283.30 Repealed, 143-283.32 Repealed
	31, 32	143B-389, 143B-390
	33	143-347.1 to 143-347.5 Repealed
	34, 35	143B-391, 143B-392
	36	143-416 to 143-422 Repealed
	37, 38	143B-393, 143B-394
	39	143-423 to 143-428 Repealed
	40, 41	143B-395, 143B-396
	42	143-283.41 to 143-283.48 Repealed
	43, 44	143B-397, 143B-398
	45	143-61 Repealed
	46	7A-6, 20-7, 20-85, 66-58, 95-59, 115-17, 115-126, 115-188, 116-209.19, 121-26, 129-40, 129-42.2, 129-44, 129-50 to 129-70 Repealed,
879	46	130-59, 135-8, 136-102.3, 143-31.1, 143-34.3, 143-48, 143-49, 143-50 to 143-52, 143-53, 143-55 to 143-60, 143-63, 143-63.1, 143-64.1, 143-64.3, 143-64.21, 143-64.21 note, 143-64.22, 143-64.22 note, 143-129, 143-135, 143-135.3, 143-135.4, 143-267, 143-268, 143-270, 143-271, 143-336, 143-337 to 143-339 Repealed, 143-340, 143-341, 143-343 note, 143-344 note, 143-345.4, 143-368, 143A-80 to 143A-96 Repealed, 143B-2, 143B-6, 146-69, 146-70, 147-45, 147-58, 148-37, 160A-221, 160A-243, 160A-274
	47	143B-13
881	1	105-316.1 to 105-316.8
	2	105-277.1
	3	105-309
	4	105-316.1 note, 105-316.2 note, 105-316.3 note, 105-316.4 note, 105-316.5 note, 105-316.6 note, 105-316.7 note, 105-316.8 note
882	. .	115A-5
885	. .	143-215.84
887	1-5	143-64.20 to 143-64.24
	7	143-64.20 note
889	. .	136-76.1
891	. .	90-216.12
892	1	138-6
	2	138-6 note
894	1	108-54 to 108-57 note
895	1-11	95-69.8 to 95-69.18
	13	95-69.8 note
896	. .	115-315.23 to 115-315.26
900	1	106-284.33
	2	106-284.40
903	1	114-32
916	1, 2	143-300.1

1975

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
917	2-7	127A-190 to 127A-195
	9	127A-190 note
929	. .	7A-278 note, 7A-289.13 to 7A-289.16, 143B-207, 143B-208
945	1	130-9.1
	3	130-9.1 note
953	1	48-1 note
	3	48-39 to 48-39.2
	4	48-39 note, 48-39.1 note, 48-39.2 note
956	1, 2	7A-41
	3	7A-44.1
	4	7A-60
	5	7A-66.1
	6	7A-69
	7	7A-101
	8	7A-133
	9	7A-133 note
	10	7A-133
	11	7A-177
	12	7A-344

1975

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
956	13	7A-375
	14	7A-465
	15, 16	7A-466
	17	135-84, 135-85
	18	7A-500 to 7A-505 Repealed, 7A-500 to 7A-505 note
	20	7A-44.1 note, 7A-69 note, 7A-177 note, 135-84 note
958	1-12	106-65.67 to 106-65.78
	13	106-65.67 note, 106-65.74 note
	14, 15	106-65.67 note
961	1	106-284.33
	2	106-284.40
965	1, 2	115-206.24
	3	115-59
965	6	115-206.24 note
972	1	130-166.16 note
974	. .	143B-209
	1	130-9.2
975	. .	115-11

SESSION LAWS 1976, 2nd SESSION

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
976	. .	116-219 to 116-222
977	1, 2	1-15
	3	1-17
	4	90-21.11 to 90-21.14
	5	1A-1, Rule 8
	6	58-21.1
	7, 8	1-15 note, 1-17 note, 1A-1, Rule 8 note, 58-21.1 note, 90-21.11 note
	10	58-21.1 note, 90-21.11 note
978	1, 2	58-254.19
	3	58-254.20 to 58-254.29
	4	58-254.19 note
979	1	105-163.6
980	1	7A-304
	2, 3	7A-305
981	1	55-155
	2	55A-77
982	. .	105-164.13
983	11	7A-101
	12	7A-172
	13	7A-44
	14	147-35
	15	147-55
	16	147-65
	17	115-13

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
983	18	114-7
	19	106-11
	20	95-2
	21	58-6
	30	146-30, 146-30 note
	37-40	134A-7 note
	41	134A-5
	43	115-352 to 115-357 Repealed
	44	115-11 note
	57	116-43.1, 116-43.1 note
	61, 62	150A-2
	63	150A-12
	64	150A-14
	65	150A-23
	66	150A-27
	67	150A-36
	68	75A-16
	69	93-12
	70	113-221
	71	113-301
	72	143-215.20
	74	113A-54
	75, 76	113A-107
	77, 78	113A-114, 113A-115
	79, 80	115-179.1
	81	95-131
	82	143-215.97

Ch.	Sec.	1976, 2nd Sess. General Statutes
983	83	143-224
	84	143-463
	85	122-16.1
	89	115-205.14
	92	136-14.2
	93	20-63 note
	113	7A-102 note
	114	7A-41
	115	147-45
	122	143-48 note
	124	143-34.5
	125	128-21
	126-128	128-27
	129, 130	128-30
983	132	55C-1 to 55C-4
	133	122-58.7A
	134	15A-131
	135	15A-141
	136, 137	15A-301
	138	125A-303
	139, 140	15A-601
	141	15A-511
	142	15A-521
	143	15A-630
	144	15A-1026
	152	55C-1 note, 122-58.7A note, 136-14.2 note, 143-34.5 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1977

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	153A-335 L.M.
2	. .	1-370
3	1	49-2
	2	49-7
4	1-3	110-86
	4	110-93
	5	110-104
	6	110-98.1
	7	105-60
6	. .	20-7 note
7	. .	90-271
9	. .	14-344
11	1-3	143B-337 to 143B-339 recodified as 143B-478 to 143B-480, 143B-478 to 143B-480
	4	143B-477
	5	143B-337 note
	7	143B-477 note, 143B-478 note, 143B-479 note, 143B.480 note
12	. .	1-84
18	1, 2	18A-56
	3	18A-56 note
19	. .	163-213.2
21	1, 2	7A-66
23	1	113B-2, 113B-3, 113B-11, 113B-21
	2	113B-2
	3	143B-254 Repealed, 143B-255 Repealed
	4	143B-448, 143B-449
	5	113B-3
	6	143B.448 note, 143B-449 note
24	. .	135-33
25	. .	15A-1002
26	. .	96-14
27	1	160A-44
	2	160A-44 note
29	. .	28A-8-1
30	. .	32-27
31	. .	90-21.20, 90-21.21
35	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
36	. .	153A-103
40	1	55-164.2
	2	55-164.2 note
42	. .	106-285 to 106-302 Repealed
44	. .	115-18 L.M., 115-19 L.M., 115-20 L.M., 115-22 L.M., 115-23 L.M., 115-24 L.M.
50	1	47-30
52	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
	3	20-145
	4	20-156
53	. .	55B-2
56	. .	160A-241 L.M.
63	. .	14-111.2
64	. .	44-51.8
65	1	143B-452
	2	143B-454
	3	143B-353 Repealed
	4	143B-451
	5	143A-185.1
66	. .	14-289 L.M.
70	1	143A-239 to 143A-245, 143B-473 to 143B-476

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
70	2	127A-19 to 127A-22, 127A-35, 127A-40, 127A-80, 127A-81, 127A-107, 127A-139, 127A-161 to 127A-164, 127A-192, 127A-195
	3	127A-17.1
	5	167-2
	6-8	20-155
	9	20-186
	10	20-188
	11	20-191
	12	20-194
	13	20-184, 20-185, 20-187, 20-187.1, 20-188, 20-189, 20-195, 20-196
	14	20-184, 20-195, 20-196
	14.1	20-196.3
	15	20-184, 20-190, 20-192
	15.1	18A-15
	15.2	18A-15
	17	18A-19
	18	18A-22
	19	18A-38
	19.1	18A-39
	20	18A-41
	20.1	18A-47
	20.2	18A-47
	20.3	18A-47
	20.4	18A-48
	20.5	18A-50
	21	18A-54
	21.1	18A-55
	22	143B-2
	23	143B-6
	24	143B-252 transferred to 143B-399, 143B-253 transferred to 143B-400,
	25	143B-399, 143B-400
	26	143A-96.1
	27	143B-399, 143B-400, 165-1 to 165-3, 165-8, 165-11, 165-20, 165-22, 165-22.1
	28	165-11.1
	29	17A-3
	30	17A-3
	31	17B-4
	32	143-323
	33	143B-246 to 143B-251 Repealed
	34	17A-3 note, 17B-4 note, 18A-15 note, 18A-19 note, 18A-22 note, 18A-38 note, 18A-39 note, 18A-41 note, 18A-47 note, 18A-48 note, 18A-50 note, 18A-54 note, 18A-55 note, 20-184 note, 20-185 note, 20-186 note, 20-187 note, 20-187.1 note, 20-188 note, 20-189 note, 20-190 note, 20-191 note, 20-192 note, 20-194 note, 20-195 note, 20-196 note, 20-196.3 note 127A-17.1 note, 127A-19 note, 127A-20 note, 127A-21 note, 127A-22 note, 127A-80 note, 127A-81 note, 127A-107 note, 127A-139 note, 127A-161 note, 127A-162 note, 127A-163 note, 127A-164 note, 127A-192 note, 127A-195 note, 143-323 note, 165-1 to 165-3, 165-8, 165-11, 165-20, 165-22, 165-22.1, 143A-289 note, 143B-2 note, 143B-6 note, 143B-399 note, 143B-400 note, 143B-473 note
	35, 36	143B-473 note
	37	127A-17.1 note, 143A-96.1 note, 143A-289 note, 143B-473 note, 165-11.1 note
	38	127A-35 note, 127A-40 note
71	. .	18A-16 L.M.
72	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
74	1	1-310
	2	8-51
	3	31-5.4
	4	44A-4
	5	1-310 note, 8-51 note, 31-5.4 note, 44A-4 note
76	. .	160A-514 L.M.
81	1	1-389

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
81	2	1-389 note
82	. .	110-12
83	1	49-10
	2	49-14
86	1	7A-211.1
	2, 3	7A-211.1 note
88	. .	147-62
92	. .	105-308
93	. .	163-254 to 163-256
95	1, 2	163-42
96	. .	14-111.3
97	. .	160A-274 L.M.
98	. .	153A-335 L.M.
99	1	53-77.1
	2	53-77.2A
100	. .	143-452
102	1	35-7 Repealed
	2	35-13
	3	35-19
	4	35-7 note, 35-13 note, 35-19 note
103	. .	25-9-302
104	. .	20-130
105	1	131-3
	2	131-3 note
106	. .	113-126.2
107	1	51-3
	2	51-3.1
109	. .	58-173.27
110	. .	47-32.2
111	. .	47-32
115	1	58-205 note
116	1, 2	20-12.1
119	. .	143-340
120	1-3	143-254.2
121	. .	7A-133
122	. .	7A-133
123	. .	130-166.18
124	1	161-29.1
	2, 3	161-29.1 note
125	. .	20-179
126	. .	14-401.6
127	. .	130-58.1
128	. .	58-291
130	1	163-74
	2	163-74 note
131	1	69-25.17
	2	69-25.17 note
132	1-3	106-406
	4	106-407.1
138	. .	44-51.8
139	. .	115-29 L.M.
143	. .	87-28 to 87-38 Repealed
144	. .	14-111.2
146	. .	95-17
148	1	24-11
	2	113-155
	3	143-58
	4	74A-1, 74A-2
	5	74A-5, 153A-149
	6, 7	160A-38
149	1	18A-52
	2	18A-52 note
150	. .	18A-56 note
154	1	115A-4
	2	115A-4.1
155	. .	88-1
156	. .	25-9-403
157	. .	14-289 L.M.
158	. .	153A-233
160	. .	130-87
162	. .	78A-17
163	1	130-36
	2	130-42.1
165	. .	47-108.11
166	1	90-220.2
	2	90-220.4
	3	90-220.5
	4, 5	90-220.6
	6	90-220.7
167	. .	113-126.2
168	. .	108-75-23 L.M., 108-75.24 L.M.
176	1	18A-7, 18A-26 to 18A-30, 18A-32, 18A-34
	2	18A-7, 18A-15, 18A-27 to 18A-29, 18A-34, 18A-35
	3	18A-7, 18A-34, 18A-35
	4	18A-28
	5	18A-31.1
	6	18A-15
	7	18A-41
	8	18A-40
	9	18A-44.1
178	. .	131-98
180	. .	161-5
182	1	18A-38
	2	18A-52
183	. .	130-129
185	. .	58-3.1
186	. .	15A-1023
187	1	160A-497
	2	160A-209
189	. .	130-198 L.M., 130-383 L.M.
191	1	113-98.1
	2	113-98.1 note
192	1-4	58-210
193	1	55A-86 Repealed
	2	55A-33.1
	3	55A-33.1 note
198	1	143B-427 to 143B-434, 143B-438
	2	143B-440, 143B-441
	3, 4	143B-443
	5	143B-446, 143B-447

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
198	7	143B-454
	8	143B-461
	9	143-216 recodified as 143B-452, 143-217 recodified as 143B-453; 143-218 recodified as 143B-454; 143-218.1 recodified as 143B-455; 143-219 recodified as 143B-456; 143-220 recodified as 143B-457; 143-221 recodified as 143B-458; 143-222 recodified as 143B-459; 143-223 recodified as 143B-460; 143-224 recodified as 143B-461; 143-225 recodified as 143B-462; 143-226 recodified as 143B-463; 143-227 recodified as 143B-464; 143-227.1 recodified as 143B-465; 143-228 recodified as 143B-466; 143-228.1 recodified as 143B-467
	10	143B-276
	11, 12	143B-277
	13	143B-305
	14	143B-305 to 143B-307
	15	113-3
	16, 17	113-8
	18	113-14.1
	19	143B-437
	20	143B-435, 143B-436
	21	143B-2
	22	143B-6
	23	159C-4, 159C-7, 159C-8
	24	159C-1 note
	25	143A-171 to 143A-180 Repealed, 143A-182 to 143A-185.1 Repealed
	26	113-14 recodified as 143B-435; 113-15 recodified as 143B-436; 143-15.2 recodified as 143B-437; 143-374 recodified as

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
198	26	143B-442; 143-375 recodified as 143B-443; 143-376 recodified as 143B-444; 143-377 recodified as 143B-445; 143A-180.1 recodified as 143B-448; 143A-180.2 recodified as 143B-449; 143A-181 recodified as 143B-439; 143B-322 to 143B-324 recodified as 143B-446 to 143B-447.1; 143B-331 recodified as 143B-440; 143B-332 recodified as 143B-441; 143B-354 recodified as 143B-451
	28, 29	143B-427 note
	31	113-3 note, 113-8 note, 113-14 note, 113-14.1 note, 113-15 note, 113-15.2 note, 143B-2 note, 143B-6 note, 143B-276 note, 143B-277 note, 143B-305 note, 143B-306 note, 143B-307 note, 143B-427 note, 143B-435 note, 143B-436 note, 143B-437 note, 143B-440 note, 143B-441 note, 143B-443 note, 143B-446 note, 143B-447 note, 143B-447.1 note, 143B-448 note, 143B-449 note, 143B-451 note, 143B-452 note, 143B-453 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-455 note, 143B-456 note, 143B-457 note, 143B-458 note, 143B-459 note, 143B-460 note, 143B-461 note, 143B-462 note, 143B-463 note, 143B-464 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
198	31	143B-465 note, 143B-466 note, 143B-467 note, 159C-4 note, 159C-7 note, 159C-8 note
199	. .	143-437
201	1	159-72
	2	159-78
	3	159-84
	4	159-123
203	. .	160A-233 L.M.
217	. .	62-260
218	1	163-221
	2	163-221 note
219	1	62-152.1
	2	62-152.1 note
220	1	9-2.1
	2	9-2.1 note
221	1	47-30
	2	47-32
	3	47-32.2
223	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
227	. .	20-81.4
228	1, 2	127A-192, 127A-193
	3, 4	127A-194
229	1, 2	127A-45.1, 127A-45.2
230	1-3	127A-42 to 127A-44
231	1	106-65.22
	2	106-65.23
	3-5	106-65.24
	6	106-65.27
	7, 8	106-65.28
	9	106-65.28, 106-65.29
	10	106-65.30
	11	106-65.33
	12	106-65.38
	13	106-65.39
232	. .	160A-323
233	1-14	106-50.28 to 106-50.41
	15	106-50.28 note
235	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
236	1	55A-15
	2	55A-17.1 to 55A-17.3
238	1-11	106-634 to 106-644
	12	106-634 note
239	. .	130-166.29
240	. .	14-234
242	1	143B-180
	2	143B-181
	3	143B-140
	4	143B-181.1, 143B-181.2
243	1	20-220 to 20-231 Repealed
	2	20-231.1
244	1, 2	7A-304 note, 7A-305 note
245	. .	135-20 L.M., 143-166 L.M.
253	. .	153A-335 L.M.
259	. .	115-29 L.M.
265	1	163-1
	2	163-10
	3	163-72.1
	4, 5	163-106
	6	163-107
	7, 8	163-109
	9	163-111
	10	163-140
	11	163-154
	12	163-169
	13	163-175
	14	163-177
	15	163-180
	16	163-247
	17	163-251
	18	163-294.2
	19	163-303 Repealed
	21	163-35
266	1	14-225.1
	2	14-225.1 note
267	. .	131A-4
268	. .	131-110
277	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
278	. .	128-24 L.M.
285	. .	118-1 L.M.
288	1	126-4
	2	143-340
289	. .	118-1 note
290	. .	1A-1 Rule 41
291	1-3	7A-278
293	. .	153A-159 L.M.
294	. .	105-61.1 L.M., 105-86 L.M.
295	. .	25-9-403
297	. .	148-22
298	. .	115-55
303	1-23	106-655 to 106-677
	24	106-50.1 to 106-50.22 Repealed
	25	106-655 note
304	. .	20-79.3
305	1	47-30 L.M.
	2	47-30
306	. .	136-72
307	1	153A-97
	2	160A-167
309	1-4	105-149
310	. .	161-10
311	1	65-13
	2	65-13 note
312	. .	118-1 L.M.
313	. .	20-4.01
314	. .	115-188.1
315	. .	105-152
316	2	128-21

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
317	. .	135-4
318	. .	128-36.1
319	. .	20-183.10
320	. .	50-11.3
327	1	105-311
	2	105-360
	3	105-324
329	1-3	20-185
	4	20-185 note
332	. .	148-19
334	. .	118-1 L.M.
335	. .	14-401.5
336	. .	153A-301 L.M.
337	. .	20-66
338	1	136-19.1 Repealed
	2	136-19.1 note
340	1	20-37.5
	2	20-37.6
	3	20-7
	4	20-88.1
	5	20-37.6 note
341	1	136-44.20 note
	2	136-44.20
342	. .	141-7 Repealed
343	. .	58-155.48
344	1	120-77
	2	11-7.1, 120-19.4
	3	11-11
	4	14-211
	5	120-32.4
	6	120-32.4 note
345	1, 2	163-152, 7A-109 note
347	. .	14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
348	. .	152-1 L.M.
351	. .	160A-49 L.M.
353	. .	118-1 L.M.
354	. .	20-7 note
355	. .	66-58
356	. .	113-315.5
357	. .	44-51.8
359	1	45-21.12
	2-10	45-21.16
	11-14	45-21.17
	15	45-21.30
	17	45-21.12 note, 45-21.16 note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.30 note
	18	45-21.12 note, 45-21.16 note, 45-21.17 note, 45-21.30 note
360	. .	105-307
361	1	91-4
	2	91-5
	3	91-4 L.M.
362	. .	108-39
364	. .	15-199
366	. .	146-6.1 Repealed
367	. .	20-141
368	. .	90-29
369	. .	44A-12
370	1	20-84
	2	20-84.1
371	. .	18A-52 L.M.
372	1	105-466
	2	105-466 L.M.
373	. .	90-220.11
374	1	143-215.4
	2	143-215.56
375	1	52-6 Repealed
	2	52-10
	3	52-10.1
	4	7A-292
	5	10-5
	6	29-19
	7	39-12
	8	39-13.2
	9	39-13.3
	10	39-13.4
	11	39-13.5
	12	47-3, 47-5, 47-9, 47-12, 47-12.1, 47-13, 47-18
	13	52-2
	14	52-9
	15	52-8
	16	39-10 Repealed, 47-39 Repealed
	17	7A-292 note, 10-5 note, 29-19 note, 39-10 note, 39-12 note, 39-13.2 note, 39-13.3 note, 39-13.4 note, 39-13.5 note, 47-3 note, 47-5 note, 47-9 note, 47-12 note, 47-12.1 note, 47-13 note, 47-38 note, 47-39 note, 52-2 note, 52-6 note, 52-8 note, 52-9 note, 52-10 note, 52-10.1 note
376	1	58-9
	2	58-63
377	. .	147-50
378	. .	147-54
379	1	147-45
	2	7A-343.1
382	. .	153A-60
383	1	1-76.1
	2	1-76.1, note
384	. .	66-68
385	2	159B-4
	3, 4	159B-9
	5	159B-10
	6-10	159B-11
	11	159B-13

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
385	12	159B-27
	13	159B-35
386	. .	163-107.1
387	. .	139-7
388	. .	115-131 L.M.
389	. .	7A-4.21
390	. .	97-85
391	. .	161-16 L.M.
395	1	58-205.3
	2	58-205.3 note
397	1, 2	126-18
398	1	61-7
	2	14-401.9
399	. .	18A-52 L.M.
400	1-8	122-58.1 to 122-58.8
	9	122-58.11
	10	122-58.19
	11	122-58.12
	12	122-58.2
	13	122-58.19 note
401	1	147-69
	2	147-75
402	1, 2	159-48
	3	159-49
403	. .	159-140
404	1	159-161
	2	159-161 note
405	. .	142-1
406	1	14-17
	2	15A-2000 to 15A-2003
	3-5	9-18
	6	14-17 note, 15A-2000 note
	7	9-18 note, 14-17 note, 15A-2000 note
	8	9-18 note, 14-17 note, 15A-2000 note
407	1	153A-131
	2	160A-187
408	1	163-97.1
	2	163-106
	3	163-122
	4	163-137
	5	163-140
409	. .	97-38
410	. .	119-49
414	1	122-58.20
417	. .	18A-16 L.M.
419	. .	97-2
420	. .	20-97 L.M.
421	. .	106-134.1
424	. .	75A-15
425	1, 2	146-27
426	1	106-266.6
	2, 3	106-266.8
	4	106-266.18
428	. .	51-9
429	1, 2	10-8
430	. .	84-4.1
431	. .	97-85
433	1	20-97
	2	20-97 note
437	. .	14-271 L.M.
438	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
	3	20-156
440	1	14-190.2
	2	14-190.7
	3	14-190.8
	4	14-190.2 note, 14-190.7 note, 14-190.8 note
446	1	28A-13-6, 28A-14-1, 28A-14-3 note, 28A-19-1 to 28A-19-4, 28A-21-1, 28A-21-2, 28A-23-1
	2	1-22
	3	1A-1 Rule 25
	4	12-3
	5	1-22 note, 1A-1 Rule 25 note, 12-3 note, 28A-13-6 note, 28A-14-1 note, 28A-14-3 note, 28A-19-1 note, 28A-19-2 note, 28A-19-3 note, 28A-19-4 note, 28A-21-1 note, 28A-21-2 note, 28A-23-1 note
450	1	148-30
	2	148-32 Repealed
	3	148-32.1
	4, 5	148-33.1
	6, 7	148-60.3
	9	148-32.1 note
453	. .	163-45
455	1	160A-56 note
456	. .	97-80
457	. .	97-40.1
458	. .	90-216.6
460	1	136-18
	2	136-18 note
461	. .	20-118
462	1	143B-170
	2	143B-173
	3	143B-174
463	1	33-68
	2	33-74
464	2	143B-346
	3	143B-347 Repealed
	4	143B-348
	5	143B-349 Repealed
	6	143B-350
	7	143B-351 Repealed, 143B-352 Repealed
	7.1	136-10 to 136-14,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
464	7.1	136-16, 136-17.2, 136-18, 136-19, 136-19.3 to 136-21, 136-25 to 136-27, 136-28.1, 136-28.2, 136-29 to 136-30.1, 136-32, 136-32.2, 136-33, 136-33.1, 136-34, 136-35, 136-41.1, 136-41.3, 136-42.2, 136-42.3, 136-44, 136-44.2, 136-45, 136-51, 136-55, 136-55.1, 136-62, 136-64, 136-64.1, 136-66.1 to 136-66.5, 136-67, 136-72, 136-76.1, 136-81, 136-82, 136-84 to 136-89, 136-89.49 to 136-89.56, 136-89.58, 136-89.59, 136-93, 136-97, 136-98, 136-102.2, 136-102.5, 136-102.6, 136-103, 136-104 to 136-106, 136-108, 136-109, 136-111, 136-116 to 136-125, 136-128, 136-129, 136-130 to 136-134, 136-136 to 136-140, 136-143 to 136-155
	8	136-44.7, 136-44.10, 136-102.6
	9	136-44.8
	10	136-13
	10.1	136-13, 136-13.1
	10.2	136-14
	11	136-4, 136-20
	13	136-17.1 Repealed
	14	136-18
	15	136-20
	16	136-28.1
	17	136-32.2
	18	136-33
	19	136-34
	20	136-41.3
	21	136-44.10
	22	136-46 Repealed, 136-47 Repealed, 136-52 Repealed, 136-53 Repealed, 136-58 Repealed, 136-83 Repealed, 136-89.31 to 136-89.47 Repealed
	23	136-54
	24,	136-62
	24.1	
	25	136-63
	26	136-105
	27	136-82.1
	28	136-106
	29	136-111
	30	136-115
	31	136-130
	32	136-133 to 136-135, 136-149.1
	33	136-134.1, 136-149.1
	34	14-128, 20-4.01, 20-81.1, 20-81.3, 20-81.5, 20-81.6, 20-115, 20-116, 20-118, 20-118.2, 20-119, 20-121, 20-122, 20-123, 20-130.2, 20-141, 20-143, 20-144, 20-150, 20-153, 20-158, 20-158.1, 20-165.1, 20-166, 20-175, 20-183.9, 20-190.2, 20-194, 20-196, 20-212, 20-215, 47-27, 58-190, 74-67, 87-9, 105-86, 143-134, 143-291, 146-26.1, 153A-241, 153A-242, 153A-291, 156-88, 160A-274, 160A-299, 162A-54, 162A-74
	35	113A-54
	36	114-4.2
	37	20-183.9
	38	121-4
	39, 40	136-44.3, 136-44.4
	41	143B-390
	42	136-18
465	. .	160-496.1 to 160-496.14
466	1	162A-86 to 162A-92
	2	159-44
	3	159-81
467	1	131-53.1
	2	131-54
	3	131-56 Repealed
	4	131-58
	5	131-61.1
	6	131-72
	7	131-73
	8	131-74
	9	131-76
	10	131-77
	11	131-78.1 Repealed
	12	131-80
	13	131-81
	14	131-82.1 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
467	15	131-127
	16	131-133
468	1	62-10
	2	62-13
	3	62-14
	4	62-15
	5	62-16 Repealed
	6	62-17
	7	62-19
	8	62-20
	9	62-21 Repealed
	10	62-34
	11	62-48
	12	62-51
	13	62-60.1
	14	62-70
	15	62-81
	16	62-327
	17	114-2
	21	62-10 note, 62-13 note, 62-14 note, 62-15 note, 62-16 note, 62-17 note, 62-19 note, 62-20 note, 62-21 note, 62-34 note, 62-48 note, 62-51 note, 62-60.1 note, 62-70 note, 62-81 note, 62-327 note
	23	62-15 note, 62-34 note, 62-51 note, 62-70 note, 62-327 note
	24	62-327 note
469	1	163-226 to 163-234, 163-236 to 163-239
	2	163-226.1 note, 163-226.2 note
470	. .	20-141
472	. .	88-1
473	1, 2	54-33.3
474	. .	153A-248
475	1	163-302
	2	163-302 note
478	1	160A-44 L.M.
	2	160A-25 L.M.
	3	160A-360 L.M.
480	. .	47-30.1 L.M.
481	. .	74B-3
482	1	90-114
	2	90-118
	3	90-118.10
	4	90-118.11
	5	90-127.2
	6	90-87
	7	90-87 note, 90-114 note, 90-118 note, 90-118.10 note, 90-118.11 note,
482	7	90-127.2 note
	8	90-127.2 note
483	. .	139-28
485	. .	146-25.1
486	. .	105-144.1
487	. .	105-147
488	. .	105-163.6
490	1	115-229 to 115-235.1 Repealed
	2	115-235.2 to 115-235.8
	3	115-240 to 115-242 Repealed
	4	115-235.14 to 115-235.20
493	. .	113-104
496	. .	113-111
497	. .	143B-151 Repealed, 143B-152 Repealed
498	. .	75-27
499	1	113-100
	2	113-100 note
501	1	50-5
	2	50-13.2
	3	50-5 note, 50-13.2 note
502	1	36-1 to 36-67 Repealed
	2	36A-1 to 36A-7, 36A-13 to 36A-16, 36A-22 to 36A-41, 36A-47 to 36A-54, 36A-60 to 36A-84, 36A-90 to 36A-94, 36A-100, 36A-101, 36A-107
	3	Ch. 36A note
503	1-3	120-112 to 120-114
	4	120-112 note
	6	120-112 note
505	. .	97-80
506	. .	116-36
507	1	106-65.73
	2, 3	106-65.74
	4, 5	106-65.75
508	. .	25A-23
509	. .	143-510
510	. .	143B-386
511	. .	97-27
512	1	143B-287
	2	143B-287 note
	3	143B-289
	4	143B-325, 143B-327
	5	113-128
	6	143B-277
513	1	143B-63
	2	143B-62
514	1	153A-274
	2	160A-311
515	1	113-207

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
515	3	113-207 note
516	. .	143B-154
517	2	160A-24
	3	160A-28
	4	160A-31
	5	160A-37
	6	160A-49
	7	160A-58.3
	9	160A-58.10
	10	105-380 note, 160A-24 note, 160A-31 note, 160A-37 note, 160A-49 note, 160A-58.3 note 160A-58.10 note
	11	160A-24 note, 160A-31 note, 160A-37 note, 160A-49 note, 160A-58.3 note, 160A-58.10 note
518	1	58-205
	2	58-205 note
519	. .	95-87
520	1	69-7.1
	2	69-7.1 note
521	1	97-86
	2	97-86.1
	3	97-86.1 note
522	1-8	115-320.6 to 115-320.13
523	1	116-222
	2	116-220.1, 116-220.2, 116-223
	3	116-223 note, 116-224 note, 116-225 note
529	1-3	143-291 note
531	1	143-151.8 to 143-151.20
	2, 3	153A-351
	4	153A-351.1
	5	160A-411
	6	160A-411.1
	7	143-151.8 note, 153A-351 note, 153A-351.1 note, 160A-411.1 note
532	1	113A-1 note
534	. .	160A-288
535	. .	74B-4
537	1, 2	108-60 note
538	. .	47-71.1
539	. .	115-45.1
541	1-9	115-320.19 to 115-320.27
	11	115-320.19 note
542	1, 2	24-1.1A
	3	24-1.1A note
543	1	54A-1 to 54A-3, 54A-9 to 54A-12, 54A-18 to 54A-20, 54A-26, 54A-27
	2	54-1
	3	54A-1 note
544	1, 2	130-143
545	. .	1-223
546	. .	7A-104
547	. .	8-56
548	. .	20-187.2
549	. .	23-18
550	1	94-7
	2	94-8
551	1	110-1
	2	110-2
	3	110-7
	4	110-8
552	. .	110-64
533	. .	127A-80
554	. .	147-32
555	. .	113A-35.1
556	. .	28A-13-3
557	. .	15A-773
558	. .	18A-16 L.M.
559	1	54-109.11
	2, 3	54-109.14
	4	54-109.16
	5	54-109.21
	6	54-109.60 Repealed
	7	54-109.82
	8	54-109.88
	9	54-109.92
	10	54-109.18
	11	54-109.18 note
560	1	20-286
	2	20-288
	3	20-294
561	. .	135-5
562	1-8	113A-176 to 113A-183
	9, 10	113A-176 note
563	1-4	116-15
564	. .	135-6
565	. .	19A-10 L.M.
566	. .	75A-5
568	1	122-35.35 to 122-35.57
	2, 3	143B-147
	4	122-35.1 to 122-35.12A Repealed, 122-35.18 to 122-35.23A Repealed, 122-35.33 Repealed, 122-35.34 Repealed
	5	122-35.35 note
569	. .	8-45.1
570	1	74B-15
	2	74B-10

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
570	3	74B-13.1
571	. .	114-20
572	1, 2	20-81.2
573	1-8	113A-189 to 113A-196
	9, 10	113A-189 note
574	1	135-1
	2	135-1 note
575	. .	159-30
576	. .	6-21
577	. .	14-46
578	1	54-44.8
	2	54-44.10
	3	54-44.11
	4	54-44.14
579	. .	136-44.30 to 136-44.34 Repealed
580	1	57A-1 to 57A-29
	2	57A-1 note
581	. .	143B-158
582	1	90-21.4
	2	90-21.5
	3	90-21.4 note, 90-21.5 note
583	1, 2	110-1 note
584	. .	136-44.40
586	. .	18A-26
589	. .	161-22.2
590	1	116-143.2
	2	116-143.2 note
591	. .	29-19
592	1	51-1
	2	51-6
593	. .	54-21.2
594	. .	54-20
595	1	108-61.3
	2	108-61.3 note
596	1	69-1
	2	69-2 to 69-3.1, 69-5, 69-6
	3	143A-52
	4	69-4
597	. .	67-3
598	. .	90-64
599	. .	66-58 note
601	1	57-1
	2	58-260
	3	57-1 note, 58-260 note
	3½	57-1, 58-260
604	1	108-48
	2	108-110
605	. .	116-143
606	. .	18A-17 L.M.
610	1	78A-17
	2	78A-46
	3	78A-48
613	. .	15-11.1
614	1	15-199
	2	15-197.1
	3, 4	15A-1021
	5	143B-266
	6	148-33.1
	7	148-33.2
	8	148-57.1
	9	15-197.1 note, 15-199 note, 15A-1021 note, 143B-266 note, 148-33.1 note, 148-33.2 note, 148-57.1 note
	10	15-197.1 note, 15-199 note, 15A-1021 note, 143B-266 note, 148-33.1 note, 148-33.2 note, 148-57.1 note
615	. .	163-278.36
616	. .	14-269
617	1	143-129.1
	2	143-129.1 note
618	. .	18A-17
619	1, 2	143-129
620	. .	143-128
621	. .	90-202.10
622	. .	143B-399
623	1, 2	148-33.1
624	1-3	148-60.3
625	1	90-21.1
	2	110-118
626	1	163-31, 163-32, 163-35, 163-46, 163-67, 163-74, 163-80, 163-227, 163-227.2, 163-234, 163-278.22, 163-280, 163-281
627	1	143B-207, 143B-208
	2	Ch. 134A, Art. 1
	3, 4	134A-2
	5	134A-3 to 134A-5, 134A-7 Repealed
	6	134A-8
	7	134A-10 to 134A-14 Repealed
	8	134A-18
	9	134A-20
	10	134A-22
	11	134A-26
	12-15	134A-30 to 134A-33
	16	134A-39
	17	7A-286
	18, 19	7A-289.13
	20-23	7A-289.14
	24	7A-289.15
628	. .	106-380
629	. .	106-266.8
630	. .	105-360

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
631	1	135-33.1
	2	135-33.1 note
635	1	163-278.8
	2	163-278.11
637	1	143B-400
	2	143B-399 note
	3	143B-401
	4	143B-400 note
638	. .	20-88
639	. .	136-140.6 to 136-140.9
642	1	15-223
	2	90-96
	3	90-113.14
644	. .	143-132
645	1	125-2
646	1-4	115-11.7
	5	115-11.8
647	1, 2	160A-497
648	. .	90-216.12
649	1	1-311
	2	1-313
	3	1-413
	4	7A-451
	5	23-30.1
650	. .	25A-36
651	. .	97-29.1
652	. .	90-280
653	. .	95-86
654	. .	108-46
655	1, 2	108-47
656	1, 2	130-9
657	1	105-33, 105-37, 105-37.1, 105-61, 105-64, 105-64.1, 105-67, 105-82
	2	105-113.44, 105-113.56A
	3	105-113.86
	4	105-130.3
	5	105-135, 105-141, 105-141 note, 105-141.1, 105-144.2, 105-147, 105-161, 105-163.1, 105-163.15
	6	105-241.1, 105-241.1 note, 105-259
	7	105-438
658	. .	113-95
659	. .	168-7
660	1	160A-457
	2	153A-376.1
661	1	163-1
	2, 3	163-106
	4	163-181
	5	163-188
	6	163-22
	7	163-213.2
662	. .	115-25
663	. .	55A-15
664	. .	108-61.4
666	1	105-277.1
	2	105-309
667	1	143B-377 Repealed, 143B-378 Repealed
	2	143B-210 to 143B-212
	3	90-88 to 90-94, 90-96, 90-99 to 90-104, 90-106, 90-107, 90-109, 90-109.1, 90-111, 90-113.2, 90-113.3
	5	143B-210 note
668	1, 2	18A-31
	3	18A-39
669	1	18A-38, 18A-43
	2	18A-38
670	1	90-270.2
	2	90-270.3
	3	90-270.4
	4	90-270.5
	5	90-270.6
	6	90-270.7
	7	90-270.11
	8	90-270.12 Repealed
	9	90-270.15
671	1, 2	41-2.1
	3	41-2.1, 41-2.1 note
672	1	95-86
	2	95-88.1
	3	95-88.1, 95-88.1 note
673	1	122A-4 note
	3	122A-16
	4	122A-4
	5	122A-8.1
674	2-6	108-78
	7	143B-153
675	. .	1A-1 Rule 55
676	1, 2	18A-38
	3	18A-47
678	2	7A-133, 7A-133 note
679	1-4	143B-147 to 143B-150
	5, 6	143B-140
	7	122-1.2, 122-3, 122-4, 122-7.1, 122-7.2, 122-12, 122-13, 122-16.1, 122-24.1, 122-35.26, 122-35.36, 122-35.37 122-35.39, 122-35.41, 122-35.43, 122-35.45, 122-35.49 to 122-35.53, 122-35.57, 122-39, 122-69, 122-70, 122-72, 122-83, 143B-140, 148-19
	8	122-58.4, 122-58.16, 122-58.19, 122-84.1,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
679	8	122-85, 143B-140
680	. .	163-227
682	. .	115-73.6 to 115-73.12
683	. .	74-24.6
684	. .	53-117
685	1	148-26.2
	2	148-26.3
	3	148-26.2 note, 148-26.3 note
686	1	65-47
	2, 3	65-48
	4-6	65-53
	7	65-54
	8	65-55
	9, 10	65-57
	11, 12	65-58
	13	65-61
	14	65-64
	15	65-60.1
	16, 17	65-70
687	1	159-40
	2	159-40 note
691	1	62-2
	2, 3	62-133
692	1, 2	90-297
	3	90-294
693	. .	18A-35
694	1, 2	143B-182
	3-7	143B-183
696	1	122-56.8, 122-56.9
	2	122-56.8 note, 122-56.9 note
697	. .	120-47.8
698	1, 2	24-14
	3	24-15
699	1, 2	15-223
700	1, 2	76-14
701	. .	146-60.1
702	1	140-13
	2	140-14
	3	143B-89
703	1	143-151.26
	2	143-151.27
	3	143-151.28
	4	143-151.29
	5	143-151.30
	6	143-151.31
	7	143-151.32
	8	143-151.33
	9	143-151.34
	10	143-151.35
	11	143-151.36
704	1	143B-267
	2	148-57
	3	148-53
	4	148-54
	5	148-4
705	1-4	113-113.20 to 113-113.23
705	5	113-113.20 note
706	. .	130-169
707	. .	75-16
708	1	159B-3 note, 159B-5.1 note
	2	159B-3
	3	159B-5.1
	4	159B-3 note, 159B-5.1 note
709	1, 2	164-14
710	. .	58-248.33
711	1	15A-1031 to 15A-1035, 15A-1061 to 15A-1065, 15A-1101, 15A-1201, 15A-1211 to 15A-1217, 15A-1221 to 15A-1243, 15A-1301, 15A-1321, 15A-1322, 15A-1331 to 15A-1335, 15A-1341 to 15A-1347, 15A-1351 to 15A-1355, 15A-1361 to 15A-1365, 15A-1371 to 15A-1377, 15A-1401, 15A-1411 to 15A-1422, 15A-1431, 15A-1432, 15A-1441 to 15A-1453
	3	5A-11 to 5A-17, 5A-21 to 5A-25, 7A-276.1
	4	7A-27
	5	7A-31, 15A-305 note
	6	7A-271
	7, 8	7A-451
	9	7A-452
	10	9-3
	11	9-15
	12	9-17
	13	9-18
	14	9-21
	15	14-2
	16	14-225.2, 14-226
	16A	15-196.1
	17	15-196.3
	18	15-205
	19	15A-101
	20	15A-279
	21	15A-305
	22	15A-502
	23	15A-537
	24	15A-622
	25	15A-959
	26	50-13.3, 50-13.4, 50-16.7
	27	148-28

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
711	28	148-29
	29	148-33.1
	30	148-53
	31	162-42
	32	162-46
	33	1-180 Repealed, 5-1 note, 5-2 Repealed, 5-3 Repealed, 5-4 note, 5-5 Repealed, 5-6 note, 5-7 Repealed, 5-8 note, 5-9 Repealed, 7A-28 Repealed, 7A-194 Repealed, 14-265 Repealed, 15-103.1 Repealed, 15-110 to 15-124 Repealed, 15-159 Repealed, 15-173.1 Repealed, 15-174 Repealed, 15-179 Repealed, 15-180 Repealed, 15-180.1 Repealed, 15-180.2 Repealed, 15-180.3 Repealed, 15-181 Repealed, 15-182 Repealed, 15-183 Repealed, 15-184 Repealed, 15-185 Repealed, 15-186 Repealed, 15-197 Repealed, 15-197.1 Repealed, 15-198 Repealed, 15-199 Repealed, 15-200 Repealed, 15-200.1 Repealed, 15-200.2 Repealed, 15-205.1 Repealed, 15-217 Repealed, 15-218 to 15-222 Repealed, 122-83 to 122-84.1 Repealed, 122-88 Repealed, 122-89 Repealed, 148-12, 148-30, 148-32 Repealed, 148-42 Repealed, 148-49.1 to 148-49.9 note, 148-58 Repealed, 148-58.1 Repealed, 148-60 Repealed, 148-60.2 to 148-62 Repealed, 162-41 Repealed, 162-45 Repealed, 162-47 Repealed, 162-49 Repealed
	34	1-180 note, 5-1 note, 5-2 note, 5-3 note, 5-4 note, 5-5 note, 5-6 note, 5-7 note, 5-8 note, 5-9 note, 5A-11 note, 5A-21 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-194 note, 7A-276.1 note, 14-265 note, 15-110 to 15-124 note, 15-159 note, 15-173.1 note, 15-174 note, 15-179 note, 15-180 note, 15-180.1 note, 15-180.2 note, 15-180.3 note, 15-181 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, 15-184 note, 15-185 note, 15-186 note, 15-197 note, 15-197.1 note, 15-198 note, 15-199 note, 15-200 note, 15-200.1 note, 15-205.1 note, 15-217 note, 15-218 note, 15-219 note, 15-220 note, 15-221 note, 15-222 note, 15A-1031 note, 15A-1061 note, 15A-1101 note, 15A-1201 note, 15A-1211 note, 15A-1301 note, 15A-1321 note, 15A-1331 note, 15A-1341 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1361 note, 15A-1371 note, 15A-1401 note, 15A-1411 note, 15A-1431 note, 15A-1441 note, 122-83 to 122-84.1 note, 148-30 note, 148-42 note, 148-58 note, 148-58.1 note, 148-60 note, 148-60.2 note, 148-60.3 note, 148-61 note, 148-61.1 note, 148-62 note, 162-41 note, 162-45 note, 162-47 note, 162-49 note
	35	1-180 note, 5-1 note, 5-2 note, 5-3 note, 5-4 note, 5-5 note, 5-6 note, 5-7 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
711	35	5-8 note, 5-9 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-194 note, 14-265 note, 15-110 to 15-124 note, 15-159 note, 15-173.1 note, 15-174 note, 15-179 note, 15-180 note, 15-180.1 note, 15-180.2 note, 15-180.3 note, 15-181 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, 15-184 note, 15-185 note, 15-186 note, 15-197 note, 15-197.1 note, 15-198 note, 15-199 note, 15-200 note, 15-200.1 note, 15-205.1 note, 15-217 note, 15-218 note, 15-219 note, 15-220 note, 15-221 note, 15-222 note, 122-83 to 122-84.1 note, 148-30 note, 148-42 note, 148-58 note, 148-58.1 note, 148-60 note, 148-60.2 note, 148-60.3 note, 148-61, 148-61.1 note, 148-62 note, 162-41 note, 162-45 note, 162-47 note, 162-49 note
	36	1-180 note, 5-1 note, 5-2 note, 5-3 note, 5-4 note, 5-5 note, 5-6 note, 5-7 note, 5-8 note, 5-9 note, Ch. 5A note, 5A-11 note, 5A-21 note, 7A-27 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-31 note, 7A-194 note, 7A-271 note, 7A-276.1 note, 7A-451 note, 7A-452 note, 9-3 note, 9-15 note, 9-17 note, 9-18 note, 9-21 note, 14-2 note, 14-225.2 note, 14-226 note, 14-265 note, 15-110 to 15-124 note, 15-159 note, 15-173.1 note, 15-174 note, 15-179 note, 15-180 note, 15-180.1 note, 15-180.2 note, 15-180.3 note, 15-181 note, 15-182 note,
711	36	15-183 note, 15-184 note, 15-185 note, 15-186 note, 15-196.3 note, 15-197 note, 15-197.1 note, 15-198 note, 15-199 note, 15-200 note, 15-200.1 note, 15-205 note, 15-205.1 note, 15-217 note, 15-218 note, 15-219 note, 15-220 note, 15-221 note, 15-222 note, 15A-101 36 note, 15A-279 note, 15A-305 note, 15A-502 note, 15A-537 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-959 note, 15A-1031 note, 15A-1061 note, 15A-1101 note, 15A-1201 note, 15A-1211 note, 15A-1221 note, 15A-1301 note, 15A-1321 note, 15A-1331 note, 15A-1341 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1361 note, 15A-1371 note, 15A-1401 note, 15A-1411 note, 15A-1431 note, 15A-1441 note, 50-13.3 note, 50-13.4 note, 50-16.7 note, 122-83 to 122-84.1 note, 148-12 note, 148-28 note, 148-29 note, 148-30 note, 148-33.1 note, 148-42 note, 148-53 note, 148-58 note, 148-58.1 note, 148-60 note, 148-60.2 note, 148-60.3 note, 148-61 note, 148-61.1 note, 148-62 note, 162-41 note, 162-42 note, 162-45 note, 162-46 note, 162-47 note, 162-49 note
	38	15A-1371 note
	39	1-180 note, 5-1 note, 5-2 note, 5-3 note, 5-4 note, 5-5 note, 5-6 note, 5-7 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
711	39	5-8 note, 5-9 note, Ch. 5A note, 5A-11 note, 5A-21 note, 7A-27 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-31 note, 7A-194 note, 7A-276.1 note, 7A-271 note, 7A-451 note, 7A-452 note, 9-3 note, 9-15 note, 9-17 note, 9-18 note, 9-21 note, 14-2 note, 14-225.1 note, 14-225.2 note, 14-226 note, 14-265 note, 15-110 to 15-124 note, 15-159 note, 15-173.1 note, 15-174 note, 15-179 note, 15-180 note, 15-180.1 note, 15-180.2 note, 15-180.3 note, 15-181 note, 15-182 note, 15-183 note, 15-184 note, 15-185 note, 15-186 note, 15-196.3 note, 15-197 note, 15-197.1 note, 15-198 note, 15-199 note, 15-200 note, 15-200.1 note, 15-205 note, 15-205.1 note, 15-217 note, 15-218 note, 15-219 note, 15-220 note, 15-221 note, 15-222 note, 15A-101 note, 15A-279 note, 15A-305 note, 15A-502 note, 15A-537 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-959 note, 15A-1031 note, 15A-1061 note, 15A-1101 note, 15A-1201 note, 15A-1211 note, 15A-1221 note, 15A-1301 note, 15A-1321 note, 15A-1331 note, 15A-1341 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1361 note, 15A-1371 note, 15A-1401 note, 15A-1411 note, 15A-1431 note, 15A-1441 note, 50-13.3 note, 50-13.4
711	39	note, 50-16.7 note, 148-12 note, 148-28 note, 148-29 note, 148-30 note, 148-33.1 note, 148-42 note, 148-53 note, 148-58 note, 148-58.1 note, 148-60 note, 148-60.2 note, 148-60.3 note, 148-61 note, 148-61.1 note, 148-62 note, 162-41 note, 162-42 note, 162-45 note, 162-46 note, 162-47 note, 162-49 note
712	1	143-34.10
	2	Ch. 66, Art. 9A note; 71-13 to 71-20 note; Ch. 74, 74-39 Repealed, 74-40 Repealed, 74-42 to 74-75 Repealed, Art. 7 note; 76-1 note, 76-2 note, 76-3 note, 76-4 note, 76-5 note, 76-6 note, 76-7 note, 76-8 note, 76-9 note, 76-10 note, 76-11 note, 76-12 note; Ch. 76, Art. 6 note; Ch. 78A, Art. 5 note; Ch. 81A, Art. 5 note; Ch. 83 note; Ch. 84, Art. 4 note; Ch. 85C note; Ch. 87, Art. 1 note, Art. 2 note, Art. 3 note, Art. 4 note, Art. 5 note, 87-65 to 87-82 Repealed; Ch. 89A note; Ch. 89C note; Ch. 90A, Art. 1 note, Art. 2 note, Art. 3 note; 93C-1 to 93C-18 Repealed; Ch. 93A, note; Ch. 93C note; Ch. 95, Art. 5 note, Art. 15 note; Ch. 113A, Art. 4 note; 125-9 note; 125-10 note; 143-34.11, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Pt. 3 note; Ch. 143B, Art. 2, Part 6 note; Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Pt. 6 note; Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Pt. 8 note; Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Pt. 9

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
712	2	note
	3	Ch. 66, Art. 9 note, Art. 9B note; Ch. 86 note; Ch. 88 note; Ch. 90, Art. 1 note, Art. 2 note, Art. 4 note, Art. 6 note, Art. 7 note, Art. 8 note, Art. 9 note, Art. 10 note, Art. 11 note, Art. 12A note, Art. 13A note, Art. 16 note, Art. 17 note, Art. 18 note, Art. 18A note, Art. 20 note; Ch. 108, Art. 3, Part 2 note; Ch. 110, Art. 3 note, Art. 7 note; Ch. 113A, Art. 7 note; Ch. 122, Art. 2E note; 122-72 note; Ch. 130, Art. 18 note, Art. 26 note; Ch. 131, Art. 13A note; 143-34.12, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Pt. 1 note, Pt. 2 note, Pt. 4 note, Pt. 5 note, Pt. 6 note, Pt. 6A note, Pt. 7 note, Art. 21A note, Art. 21B note, Art. 38 note; Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Pt. 4 note; 143B-375
	4	58-15 note, 58-40 note, Ch. 58, Art. 4 note; Ch. 74B note; Ch. 85B note; Ch. 89B note; Ch. 89D note; Ch. 90, Art. 22 note; Ch. 93D note; Ch. 104E note; Ch. 106, Art. 2 note, Art. 4C note, Art. 5A note, Art. 12 note, Art. 14 note, Art. 14A note, Art. 15A note, Art. 17 note, Art. 28A note, Art. 28B note, Art. 29 note, Art. 31 note, Art. 34, Part 10 note, Art. 35 note, Art. 35B note, Art. 44 note, Art. 49 note, Art. 51A note, Art. 53 note, Art. 54 note; Ch. 113, Art. 7 note, Art. 17 note;
712	4	Ch. 131B note; Ch. 136, Art. 2C note; 143-34.13, Ch. 143, Art. 52, Pt. 3 note; Art. 52, Pt. 4 note
	5	143-34.14
	6	143-34.15
	7	143-34.16
	8	143-34.17
	9	143-34.18
	10	143-34.19
	11	143-34.20
	12	143-34.21
	13	143-34.10 note
	16	143-34.10 note
713	. .	33-2
714	. .	33-67
715	. .	66-58
718	. .	58-268
719	1	159C-4
	2, 3	159C-7
	4	159C-12
	5	159C-14
	6	159C-15
	7	159C-16
	8	159C-22
	9	159C-27
720	1-16	20-356 to 20-371
	17, 18	20-356 note
721	1	7A-6
723	1	14-56.1
	2	14-56.2
	3	14-56.1
725	1	35-1.6 to 35-1.20, 35-1.28 to 35-1.39, 35-1.41
	2	7A-451
	3	108-106.2 note
	4	33-1, 33-6, 33-7, 33-12, 33-13, 33-15, 33-18, 33-25, 33-27, 33-47, 33-47.1, 33-48, 33-49.1, 33-54
	5	35-2 to 35-3.1, 35-6, 35-8 to 35-11, 35-20, 35-21, 35-23, 35-24
	6	108-19.1
	7	122-24.1
	8	7A-451 note, 33-1 note, 33-6 note, 33-7 note, 33-12 note, 33-13 note, 33-15 note, 33-18 note, 33-25 note, 33-27 note, 33-47 note, 33-47.1 note, 33-48 note, 33-49.1 note, 33-54 note, 35-1.6 note, 35-2 note, 35-2.1 note, 35-3

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
725	8	note, 35-3.1 note, 35-6 note, 35-8 note, 35-9 note, 35-10 note, 35-11 note, 35-20 note, 35-21 note, 35-23 note, 35-24 note, 108-19.1 note, 108-106.2 note, 122-24.1 note
726	1	143-422.1 to 143-422.3
	2	143-422.1 note
727	1	96-1
	2	96-1.1
	3	96-1.2
	4	96-1.3
	5	96-1.4
	6	96-1.5
	7	96-3
	8-10	96-4
	11-13	96-5
	14-36	96-8
	37-49	96-9
	50	96-10
	51	96-11
	52	96-12
	53	96-13
	54	96-15
	55	96-18
	56	96-19
	58	96-8 note, 96-9 note
728	. .	18A-14 L.M.
729	. .	14-162
730	. .	133-1
731	1	20-140.3
	2	136-89.58
732	1	143B-266 note, 148-49.1 to 148-49.9 Repealed
	2	148-49.10 to 148-49.16
	3, 4	148-45
	5	143B-266
	6	148-12 note, 148-49.1 to 148-49.9 note
733	. .	143-49
734	1	10-12, 10-13, 31-31.1
	2, 3	10-12 note, 10-13 note, 31-31.1 note
735	1	14-151.1
	2	14-159.1 note
736	1	7A-39.3
	2	7A-39.6
	3	7A-52
	4	7A-53
	5	7A-4.20
737	1	75A-9.1
	2	75A-9.1 note
738	1	122-58.21
	2	122-65.1 Repealed, 122-65.2 Repealed, 122-65.5 Repealed
739	1	122-58.4
	2	122-58.8
740	. .	28A-22-8
741	1	143B-73.1
	2	143B-74.1
	3	143B-73
	4	143B-74
	5	143-360 to 143-362 Repealed
	6	143B-74.2
	7	143B-74.3
	8	143-366 recodified as 143B-73.1, 143-367 recodified as 143B-74.1, 143-368 recodified as 143B-74.2, 143-369 recodified as 143B-74.3, 143B-73.1
	9	143B-73.1 note, 143B-74 note, 143B-74.1 note, 143B-74.2 note, 143B-74.3 note
743	. .	97-83
745	. .	148-45
746	1	113-95.2
	2	113-96.1
	3	113-95.2 note, 113-96.1 note
747	1, 2	75-1.1
	3	75-15.2
	4	75-50 to 75-56
	5	75-1.1 note, 75-15.2 note, 75-50 note
748	1, 2	58-241.9
	3	58-241.11
	4	58-241.32
	5	58-241.33
	6	58-241.9
749	. .	20-185
750	. .	129-42.1
751	. .	1-42.4
752	1, 2	163-288.1, 163-288.2
753	. .	1-472
754	. .	113-152
755	1, 2	90-236, 90-237
	3, 4	90-240, 90-241
	5	90-246
	6	90-249
756	1	122-56.7

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
757	1, 2	29-21, 29-22
	3	29-19
759	. .	113-306
760	. .	36-23.2 note
761	. .	14-234
762	1	20-81, 20-81 note
763	. .	114-15.1
764	1	162A-66
	2	162A-68
766	1	7A-283
	2	7A-451
	11	114-26 note
767	1, 2	14-160.1, 14-160.1 note
768	1	39-44 to 39-47
	2	39-44 note
769	. .	1A-1 Rule 30
770	1	42-38 to 42-44
	2	42-39
	3	42-38 note
771	1	143B-276
	2	143B-277
	3	143B-279
	4	7A-343.1, 14-129.1, 14-131, 14-137, 14-139, 20-81.3, 20-12.8, 40-2, 47-30, 53A-2, 66-58, 68-43, 69-25.5, 74-40, 74-42, 74-43, 74-49, 74-51, 74-53, 74-61, 75A-5.1, 75A-17, 75A-21, 77-13, 77-14, 87-70, 87-85, 87-91, 87-92, 87-95, 90A-37 to 90A-39, 90A-43, 105-122, 105-147, 105-164.13, 105-275, 113-1, 113-8, 113-14.1, 113-16 to 113-24, 113-26.1, 113-28 to 113-28.4, 113-29 to 113-32, 113-34 to 113-36, 113-40, 113-44.4, 113-44.5, 113-51, 113-52, 113-54, 113-55, 113-55.1, 113-56, 113-58 to 113-60.2, 113-60.4 to 113-60.10, 113-60.14, 113-60.15, 113-61 to 113-66, 113-68, 113-70 to 113-77, 113-81.1 to 113-81.3, 113-128, 113-129, 113-132, 113-134.1, 113-136, 113-138, 113-151.1, 113-155, 113-155.1, 113-156 to
771	4	113-158, 113-187, 113-203, 113-204, 113-206, 113-207, 113-223, 113-224, 113-226, 113-229, 113-230, 113-251, 113-254, 113-264, 113-315.2, 113-315.5, 113-315.9, 113-315.18, 113-316, 113-317, 113-321, 113-378, 113-379, 113-389, 113A-33, 113A-35.1, 113A-36, 113A-38, 113A-42, 113A-52, 113A-74, 113A-75, 113A-77, 113A-85, 113A-104, 113A-105, 113A-107, 113A-112 to 113A-115, 113A-116, 113A-117, 113A-118, 113A-119, 113A-121, 113A-123, 113A-124, 113A-125 note, 113A-126, 113A-137, 113A-153, 113A-166 to 113A-170, 113A-177, 113A-178, 113A-183, 113A-193, 113A-194, 113B-3, 122A-4, 122A-16, 130-169.02, 130-169.05, 136-21, 136-102.3, 139-5, 139-7, 139-8, 139-13, 139-46, 143-169, 143-177.3, 143-211, 143-213, 143-214.1, 143-215.1, 143-215.3, 143-215.4, 143-215.6, 143-215.8A, 143-215.13, 143-215.15 to 143-215.18, 143-215.21, 143-215.25, 143-215.36, 143-215.40, 143-215.42, 143-215.56, 143-215.62, 143-215.69, 143-215.77, 143-215.84, 143-215.85, 143-215.97, 143-215.100, 143-215.106, 143-215.114, 143-240,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
771	4	143-243, 143-286.1, 143-289, 143-320, 143-323, 143-345.6, 143-347.11, 143-350, 143-355, 143-370, 143B-2, 143B-6, 143B-181, 143B-275, 143B-278, 143B-280 to 143B-283, 143B-286, 143B-287, 143B-290, 143B-294, 143B-295, 143B-298, 143B-299 to 143B-303, 143B-305, 143B-306, 143B-308, 143B-309, 143B-311, 143B-312, 143B-314, 143B-315, 143B-317, 143B-318, 143B-320 to 143B-323, 143B-325, 143B-326, 143B-328, 143B-329, 143B-331, 143B-333 to 143B-339, 143B-390, 143B-407, 143B-417, 143B-432 note, 143B-437, 146-8, 146-30, 147-45, 148-26, 156-59, 156-76, 156-83, 159C-7, 160A-9.2, 162A-23 note, 162A-24 note, 162A-25 note, 162A-29
	5	113-14.3
	6	143B-340, 143B-341
	7	113-3
	8	143-320, 143B-280, 143B-305
	9	143B-306
	10	143B-305 note
	11	108-116 note, 108-118, 108-119
	11.1	113-28.5 note
	14	143B-395 Repealed, 143B-396 Repealed
	15	113A-153, 113A-154
	16-21	143B-277 note
	22	14-129.1 note, 14-131 note, 14-137 note, 14-139 note, 20-81.3 note, 40-2 note, 47-30 note, 53A-2 note, 66-58 note, 68-43 note, 69-25.5 note, 74-40 note, 74-42 note, 74-43 note,
771	22	74-49 note, 74-51 note, 74-53 note, 74-61 note, 75A-5.1 note, 75A-17 note, 75A-21 note, 77-13 note, 77-14 note, 87-70 note, 87-85 note, 87-91 note, 87-92 note, 87-95 note, 90A-37 note, 90A-38 note, 90A-39 note, 90A-43 note, 100-2 note, 100-11 note, 100-12 note, 100-13 note, 100-14 note, 100-15 note, 102-8 note, 102-10 note, 104B-11 note, 104B-14 note, 105-122 note, 105-130.10 note, 105-147 note, 105-164.13 note, 108-116 note, 108-118 note, 108-119 note, 113-1 note, 113-3 note, 113-8 note, 113-14 note, 113-14.1 note, 113-14.3 note, 113-15 note, 113-15.2 note 113-16 note, 113-17 note, 113-18 note, 113-19 note, 113-20 note, 113-21 note, 113-22 note, 113-23 note, 113-24 note, 113-26.1 note, 113-28 note, 113-28.1 note 113-28.2 note, 113-28.3 note, 113-28.4 note, 113-28.5 note, 113-29 note, 113-29.1 note, 113-30 note, 113-31 note, 113-32 note, 113-34 note, 113-35 note, 113-36 note, 113-40 note, 113-44.4 note, 113-44.5 note, 113-51 note, 113-52 note, 113-54 note, 113-55 note, 113-55.1 note, 113-56 note, 113-58 note, 113-59 note, 113-60 note, 113-60.1 note, 113-60.2 note, 113-60.4 note, 113-60.5 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
771	22	113-60.6 note,
		113-60.7 note,
		113-60.8 note,
		113-60.9 note,
		113-60.10 note,
		113-60.14 note,
		113-60.15 note,
		113-61 note, 113-62
		note, 113-63 note,
		113-64 note, 113-65
		note, 113-66 note,
		113-68 note, 113-70
		note, 113-71 note,
		113-72 note, 113-73
		note, 113-74 note,
		113-75 note, 113-76
		note, 113-77 note,
		113-81.1 note,
		113-81.2 note,
		113-81.3 note,
		113-128 note,
		113-129 note,
		113-132 note,
		113-134.1 note,
		113-136 note,
		113-138 note,
		113-151.1 note,
		113-155.1 note,
		113-156 note,
		113-157 note,
		113-158 note,
		113-187 note,
		113-203 note,
		113-204 note,
		113-206 note,
		113-207 note,
		113-223 note,
		113-224 note,
		113-226 note,
		113-229 note,
		113-230 note,
		113-251 note,
		113-254 note,
		113-264 note,
		113-315.2 note,
		113-315.5 note,
		113-315.9 note,
		113-315.18 note,
		113-316 note,
		113-317 note,
		113-321 note,
		113-378 note,
		113-379 note,
		113-389 note,
		113-391 note,
		113A-33 note,
		113A-35.1 note,
		113A-36 note,
		113A-38 note,
		113A-42 note,
771	22	113A-52 note,
		113A-74 note,
		113A-75 note,
		113A-77 note,
		113A-85 note,
		113A-104 note,
		113A-105 note,
		113A-107 note,
		113A-112 note,
		113A-113 note,
		113A-114 note,
		113A-116 note,
		113A-117 note,
		113A-118 note,
		113A-119 note,
		113A-121 note,
		113A-123 note,
		113A-124 note,
		113A-126 note,
		113A-137 note,
		113A-153 note,
		113A-166 note,
		113A-167 note,
		113A-168 note,
		113A-169 note,
		113A-170 note,
		113A-177 note,
		113A-178 note,
		113A-183 note,
		113A-193 note,
		113A-194 note,
		113B-3 note,
		130-169.02 note,
		130-169.05 note,
		136-102.3 note, 139-5
		note, 139-8 note,
		139-13 note, 139-46
		note, 143-169 note,
		143-177.3 note,
		143-211 note,
		143-213 note,
		143-214.1 note,
		143-215.1 note,
		143-215.3 note,
		143-215.4 note,
		143-215.6 note,
		143-215.8A note,
		143-215.13 note,
		143-215.15 note,
		143-215.16 note,
		143-215.17 note,
		143-215.18 note,
		143-215.21 note,
		143-215.25 note,
		143-215.36 note,
		143-215.40 note,
		143-215.42 note,
		143-215.56 note,
		143-215.62 note,
		143-215.69 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
771	22	143-215.77 note,
		143-215.84 note,
		143-215.85 note,
		143-215.100 note,
		143-215.106 note,
		143-215.114 note,
		143-240 note,
		143-243 note,
		143-286.1 note,
		143-289 note,
		143-320 note,
		143-323 note,
		143-345.6 note,
		143-347.11 note,
		143-350 note,
		143-355 note,
		143-370 note, 143B-2 note, 143B-6 note,
		143B-181 note,
		143B-275 note,
		143B-276 note,
		143B-277 note,
		143B-278 note,
		143B-279 note,
		143B-280 note,
		143B-281 note,
		143B-282 note,
		143B-283 note,
		143B-286 note,
		143B-287 note,
		143B-290 note,
		143B-294 note,
		143B-295 note,
		143B-298 note,
		143B-299 note,
		143B-300 note,
		143B-301 note,
		143B-302 note,
		143B-303 note,
		143B-305 note,
		143B-306 note,
		143B-307 note,
		143B-308 note,
		143B-309 note,
		143B-311 note,
		143B-312 note,
		143B-314 note,
		143B-315 note,
		143B-317 note,
		143B-318 note,
		143B-320 note,
		143B-321 note,
		143B-322 note,
		143B-323 note,
		143B-325 note,
		143B-326 note,
		143B-328 note,
		143B-329 note,
		143B-331 note,
		143B-332 note,
772	1	14-281.1
	2	14-281.1 note
773	. .	20-81.7
774	. .	43-5
775	1, 2	160A-536
	3	160A-538.1
	4	160A-544
	5	160A-536 note,
		160A-538.1 note,
		160A-544 note
776	. .	1-182 Repealed
777	1	15A-932
778	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.2
	3	24-1.1
	4	24-1.2
779	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.1B
	3	24-1.1 note,
		24-1.1B note
	4	24-1.1 note,
		24-1.1B note
780	. .	136-18
781	1	78B-1 to 78B-11
	2	78A-56
782	1	55C-4
	2	105-275
783	1	126-51 to 126-58
	2	128-24
	3	135-3
	4	143-166
	5	126-51 note,
		128-24 note,
		135-3 note,
		143-166 note
784	1	157-9
	2	157-15
	3	157-17
	4	157-25
	5	157-26
785	. .	20-42

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
786	1	110-117
	2	110-119
	3	7A-286
	4	110-123
787	1	15A-701 to 15A-704
	2, 3	15A-701 note
788	. .	95-69.13
789	1	25A-23
	2	25A-23 note
790	. .	135-4
791	1, 2	20-218
792	2	105-130.23 note, 105-130.24 note, 105-151.2 note, 105-151.3 note, 143-139.2 note
	3	105-151.2
	4	105-130.23
	5	105-151.3
	6	105-130.24
	7	143-139.2
	8	143B-450
	9	143-151.42
	10	105-130.23 note, 105-130.24 note, 105-151.2 note, 105-151.3 note, 143-139.2 note, 143-151.2 note, 143B-447
	11	105-130.23 note, 105-130.24 note, 105-151.2 note, 105-151.3 note, 143-139.2 note, 143-151.2 note, 143B-447 note, 143B-450 note
793	1	44A-4
	2	44A-4 note
794	1	113-87
	2	113-109
	3	113-87 note, 113-102 note, 113-109 note
	4	113-102
	5	113-87 note, 113-102 note, 113-109 note
795	1	31-11.6
	2	31-18.1
	3	31-11.6 note, 31-18.1 note
	4	31-11.6 note
796	. .	127A-45.3 to 127A-45.5
797	. .	143-166.1
798	. .	28A-14-3
799	. .	62-138
800	. .	69-25.5 L.M.
802	8	20-289
	9	20-324
	15	138-8
	15.20	143-34.3 Repealed
	15.25	143-34.2
	25.36	148-26
	39.5	115.29
	40.5	126-7
	41.1	7A-44
	41.2	7A-465
	41.3	7A-172
	42	7A-101
	42.6	147-33
	42.7	147-35
	42.8	147-55
	42.9	147-65
	42.10	106-11
	42.11	95-2
	42.12	58-6
	42.14	114-7
	42.15	115-13
	42.20	143B-9
	47	121-12.1, 121-12.2
	50	58-63
	50.10	105-446.4 Repealed, 105-446.4 note
	50.30	147-48
	50.31	147-54.1
	50.45	143B-454
	50.57	143-64.24
	50.60	120-32
	50.65-50.70	135-5
	53	7A-44 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-172 note, 7A-465 note, 20-289 note, 20-324 note, 58-63 note, 95-2 note, 106-11 note, 114-7 note, 115-13 note, 115-29 note, 120-32 note, 121-12.1 note, 121-12.2 note, 135-5 note, 138-8 note, 143-34.2 note, 143-64.24 note, 143B-9 note, 143B-454 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-48 note, 147-54.1 note, 147-55 note, 147-65 note

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
802	54	121-12.1, 121-12.2, 138-8 note
803	. .	115-126
804	1, 2	93-12
	3	93-12 note
806	. .	95-134
807	. .	14-391
808	. .	136-41.3
809	1, 2	14-254
810	. .	14-288.8
811	. .	159-48
812	. .	20-16.2
813	1	13-1
	2	13-2
814	1	32-50 to 32-52
	2	28A-23-3
	3	28A-23-4
	4	28A-11-5
	5	28A-12-8
	6	47-115.1
	7	33-43
	8	32-4 Repealed
	9	25-8-403
	10	28A-11-5 note, 28A-12-8 note, 32-50 note
815	. .	90-320 to 90-322
	2	90-320 note
817	1, 2	50-6, 50-6 note
818	. .	143B-394
819	1, 2	19-1
	3	19-1.1 to 19-1.5
	4	19-2 Repealed, 19-2.1 to 19-2.5
	5	19-3
	6	19-5
	7	19-6
	8	19-8
	9	19-8.1, 19-8.2
	10	19-8.3
	11	19-1.1 note, 19-1.2 note, 19-1.3 note, 19-1.4 note, 19-1.5 note, 19-2.1 note, 19-2.2 note, 19-2.3 note, 19-2.4 note, 19-2.5 note, 19-8.1 note, 19-8.2 note, 19-8.3 note
820	1	153A-334
	2	160A-375
822	1	143B-402, 143B-403
	3	143B-402 note
823	1-4	115A-7
	5	155A-8
824	1-3	148-26
826	1	95-161
	2	95-163
828	1	58-125 to 58-131.9 Repealed, 58-131.10 to 58-131.25 Repealed, 58-131.26 to 58-131.33 Repealed, 58-246 to 58-248.8 Repealed, 58-248.10 Repealed
	2	58-131.34 to 58-131.60
	3	58-176
	4, 5	58-27.2
	6	58-124.17 to 58-124.28
	7	97-100
	8	97-102 to 97-104.6 Repealed
	9	58-30.4
	10	58-248.26
	11	58-248.32
	12	58-248.29
	13	58-248.30
	14-19	58-248.33
	20	58-248.34
	21	58-248.34, 114-2 note
	22	58-248.35
	23	58-248.37
	24	58-27.2 note, 58-30.4 note, 58-124.17 note, 58-131.34 note, 58-176 note, 58-248.26 note, 58-248.29 note, 58-248.30 note, 58-248.32 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-248.35 note, 58-248.37 note, 97-100 note, 97-102 to 97-104.6 note
	25	58-27.2 note, 58-30.4 note, 58-124.17 note, 58-125 to 58-131.9 note, 58-131.10 to 58-131.25 note, 58-131.26 to 58-131.33 note, 58-131.34 note, 58-176 note, 58-248.26 note, 58-248.29 note, 58-248.30 note, 58-248.32 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-248.35 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
828	25	58-248.37 note, 97-100 note, 97-102 to 97-104.6 note
829	. .	14-34.2
830	1	115-11.2
	2, 3	115-183
831	1	17B-1
	2	17B-3.1
832	1	15A-274
	2	15A-277
833	1	46-28.1
	2	46-33
	3	46-28.2
	4	46-28.1 note, 46-28.2 note, 46-33 note
834	1	160A-167
	2	160A-209
	3	153A-149
835	. .	58-210
836	. .	114-10.1
837	. .	14-306
838	1	90-9
	2	90-13
	3	90-14 Repealed
	4	90-15
	5	90-16
839	2	20-167.1 note
840	. .	20-9
841	1	84-5.1, 90-21.20 L.M.
	2	84-17, 84-23, 84-24, 84-34
842	1	143B-163, 143B-164
843	1	90-21.21
	2	90-21.20
844	. .	7A-227
845	1	74-49
	2	74-51
848	1	166-1 to 166-12 Repealed
	2	166A-1 to 166A-16
849	1	71-1 to 71-20 Repealed, 713B-404 to 143B-411
	2	143B-404 note
850	. .	66-58 L.M.
851	1	8-58.6
	2	8-58.6 note
852	. .	113A-64
853	1, 2	14-56.3
	3	14-56.3 note
854	1	18A-42.1
	2	18A-21
855	1	55B-2, 55B-4, 55B-6
	2	55B-2 note, 55B-6 note
856	. .	163-278.18
857	1	130-160
	2	130-17
858	1	143-215.85
	2	143-215.88
	3	143-215.94
859	. .	1-539.1
860	. .	15A-1002
861	1	15-144.1
	2	15-144.1 note
862	1, 2	90-95
863	. .	105-322
864	. .	105-312
865	1, 3	20-7
866	1	126-4
	2-5	126-5
	6	126-7
	7, 8	126-16, 126-17
	9	126-22
	10, 11	126-24, 126-25
	12	126-29
	13	126-36
	14, 15	126-38, 126-39
	16	126-36, 126-36.1
	17	126-4
	18	126-45
	19	126-5 note
	20	126-4
	21	126-17 note, 126-29 note, 126-36.1 note, 126-38 note, 126-39 note
867	. .	105-278.3
868	. .	58-40.2
869	1	105-277, Repealed
	2	105-278
	3	160A-399.4
	4-6	160A-399.5
	7	105-278 note
870	1	28A-8-1.1
	2	28A-8-1.1 note
871	1	14-87
	2	14-52
	3	14-87 note
	4	14-52 note, 14-87 note
	5	14-52 note, 14-87 note
	6	14-87
	7	14-52 note, 14-87 note
872	1	143B-184 note, 143B-185 note
	2	143B-184 transferred to 143B-412, 143B-185 transferred to 143B-413
	3	143-283.7 note
	4	143-283.7
	6	143B-186 transferred to 143B-414;

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
872	6	143B-187 transferred to 143B-415; 143B-416
	7	110-65 Repealed, 110-66 Repealed, 110-71 Repealed
	9	143B-416 note
873	1	7A-273
	2	7A-273 note
874	. .	105-113.9
875	. .	116-7
876	1, 2	130-9.4
	3	130-9.3 note
877	1, 2	108-75.3
	3, 4	108-75.4
	5	108-75.5
	6-9	108-75.6
	10-13	108-75.7
	14, 15	108-75.8
	16-18	108-75.9 to 108-75.11
	19	108-75.13
	20	108-75.14 Repealed
	21	108-75.18
	22-24	108-75.19
	25	108-75.20
	26, 27	108-75.22
	28	108-75.24
	29	108-75.25
878	1	143-215.24
	2	143-215.25
	3	143-215.32
	4	143-215.25
	5	143-215.29
	6	143-215.33
879	1	48-2
	2	48-5
	3	48-6
	4	48-6.1 Repealed
	5	48-9
	6	48-13
	7	7A-288 Repealed
	8	7A-289.22 to 7A-289.34
	9	7A-288 note, 7A-289.22 note, 48-2 note, 48-5 note, 48-6 note, 48-9 note, 48-13 note
880	1	20-97
	2	20-97 note
881	1, 2	143B-178
	3	143B-179
882	. .	160A-360
883	. .	44A-13
884	1	66-94 to 66-100
	2	66-94 note
885	. .	14-107
886	1	1-52
	2	105-377
	3	1-54
	4	1-52 note, 1-54 note, 105-377 note
887	1	14-399
	2	14-134.1 Repealed
	3	20-188
888	1	15-197.1 note
889	6	20-185
890	1, 2	105-147
891	1	90-89
	2	90-90
	3	90-92
	4	90-101
	5	90-113.2
892	1	97-31
	3	97-31 note
893	1	97-2
	2	97-2 note
894	1, 2	168-10
895	1, 2	105-164.14
896	. .	94-2
897	1	130-264 to 130-276
	2	130-9 note, 130-9.5, 130-9.5 note
	3	130-277, 130-9.5 note
	4	130-264 note, 130-9.5 note
898	. .	105-149
899	1	88-12
	2	88-12 note
900	1	105-147
	2, 3	105-3
	4	105-141, 105-141 note
	5	105-135
	6	105-141, 105-141 note
901	. .	7A-284
902	1	20-16
	2	20-141.1
	3	20-141.1 note
903	. .	105-164.4
904	1	90-18.1
	2, 3	90-158
	4	90-167
	6	90-18.1 note, 90-158 note, 90-167 note
905	1	113-105.3
	1.5	113-105.2
	2	113-105.3
	3	113-105.3 note
906	1	143-240
	2	143-241
	3	143-242
	4	143-243
	5	143-245 Repealed
	6	143-241 note
907	1	90-113.4A

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
907	2	90-113.4A note
908	. .	18A-20
909	. .	135-8
910	1-3	1A-1 Rule 4
911	. .	18A-38
912	2	160A-360
	4	160A-360
	5	160A-364
	6	160A-376
	7	160A-385
	8	160A-387
	9-12	160A-388
	13	160A-429
	14	160A-445
913	2	62-10, 62-13
914	1	42-50 to 42-55
	2	42-56
	3	42-50 note
915	1	120-30.24 to 120-30.35
	2	150A-12
	3	120-30.17
	4	120-30.11
	5	150A-2
	6	120-30.25
	7	150A-58
	9	120-30.11 note, 120-30.17 note,
	9	120-30.24 note, 150A-2 note, 150A-12 note, 150A-58 note
	10	120-30.11 note, 120-30.17 note, 120-30.24 note, 150A-2 note, 150A-12 note, 150A-58 note
916	1	75B-1 to 75B-7
	2	1-52
	3	Ch. 75B note, 75B-1 note
917	. .	24-11
918	. .	105-2
919	. .	14-72.2
920	. .	62-268
921	4	25A-25
922	1	90-149
	2, 3	90-155
923	1	143B-371
	2	143B-137
924	. .	157-3
925	1	148-30
	2	148-32.1
926	1, 2	118-25, 118-26
	3	118-31
927	1	115-363 to 115-367, 115-373 to 115-377, 115-383, 115-384, 115-390, 115-396, 115-402, 115-408 to
927	1	115-410
	2	115-1.1, 115-1.2 Repealed, 115-315.1 to 115-315.6 Repealed
	4	115-363 note, 115-373 note, 115-383 note, 115-390 note, 115-396 note, 115-402 note, 115-408 note
928	. .	138-6
929	1	110-93, 110-95 to 110-97 Repealed
	2	110-94
	3	110-104
930	. .	143-32
931	1-7	114-26 to 114-32
	8	114-33, 114-36
	9	114-34
	10	114-35, 114-37
	11	114-26 note, 114-27 note, 114-28 note, 114-29 note, 114-30 note, 114-31 note, 114-32 note, 114-33 note, 114-34 note, 114-35 note
	12	114-33 note, 114-34 note, 114-35 note
932	1	143-345.6
	3	143-345.6 note
933	1-9	113-113.6 to 113-113.14
	10	113-113.6 note
935	1	143-300.1
936	. .	135-56
945	1	7A-146
	2	7A-170
	3, 4	7A-171
	5	7A-171.1, 7A-171.2, 7A-172 Repealed
	6	7A-171.1, 7A-171.2
	8	7A-171.1 note, 7A-171.2 note, 7A-172 note
946	1	105-267
	2	105-381
	3	105-382, Repealed
	4	1-52
	5	1-52 note, 105-267 note, 105-381 note, 105-382 note
947	1	7A-133
949	1, 2	134A-28, 134A-28 note
950	1	148-10.1
	4	148.10.1 note

1977			1977		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
965	1	105-277	1032	. .	143B-420, 143B-421
	2	105-277 note	1037	. .	115-205.11
967	. .	143B-417 to 143B-419	1038	1	106-190.1
				2	106-190.1 note
969	1	7A-69	1047	. .	7A-16
973	. .	128-26	1048	. .	143-166.2
977	1, 2	18A-39	1050	. .	143B-163, 143B-164
978	1	14-71.1	1064	1	143B-481, 143B-482,
	2, 3	14-72			143B-483, 143B-484,
	4	14-71.1 note			143B-485
981	1-6	115B-1 to 115B-6, 115B-1 note, 115B-2 note, 115B-3 note, 115B-4 note, 115B-5 note, 115B-6 note		2	143B-481 note
				4	143B-481 note
			1065	. .	115A-5
			1070	. .	135-5.1
				1, 2	122A-2, 122A-3
983	. .	95-105	1083	3	122A-5.3
984	. .	1A-1 Rule 32		4	122A-6
987	1	14-202.10 to 14-202.12		5	122A-6.1
				6	122A-3 note
	2	14-202.10 note		7	122A-5.3 note,
988	1, 2	120-74, 120-75			122A-6.1 note
	3	120-78	1088	2, 3	115-206.25
	4	120-74 note		4	115-59, 115-206.24
991	1	143B-213 to 143B-216.5, 143B-394.1 to 143B-394.3			Repealed
				5	115-206.25 note
			1089	1	108-54
				2	108-54.1
	3	143B-213 note		3	108-54 note, 108-54.1
992	1	33-13.2			note, 108-55 note,
	2	33-13.2 note			108-56 note, 108-57
996	1	143-204.8			note
	2	147-58	1090	. .	143-166
	3	143-204 Repealed	1099	1	102-15 to 102-17
	5	143-204.8 note		2	102-15 note, 102-16
997	3	143B-394.1 note			note , 102-17 note
998	1	146-23.1	1101	. .	105-149
999	1, 2	113-152	1102	. .	20-218
1000	. .	105-278.9	1103	. .	160A-18
1001	1, 2	105-275	1104	. .	110-91
1002	. .	20-88.1	1105	1, 2	14-415.1
1003	. .	62-300	1106	. .	14-89.1
1004	. .	105-4	1107	. .	45-40
1007	. .	135-5.2	1108	. .	24-11
1008	1-5	143B-121 to 143B-125	1109	1	90-143
				2	90-153
	7	143B-121 note		3	90-157.1, 90-157.2
1011	1	110-104	1110	1	130-66
	2	110-90.1		2	130-48
	3	110-102		3	130-49
	4	110-91		4	130-60
	5	110-90.1 note	1111	1, 2	54-33.3
1012	. .	146-30	1112	1	157-66
1016	1	14-269.3		2	157-67
	2	14-269.3 note		3	157-68
1021	1	136-71.7, 136-71.8, 136-71.13		4	157-69
				5	157-70
	2	136-71.13 note	1113	. .	115-206.3
1025	. .	105-3	1114	1	105-241.1
1029	1	147-58		2	105-263
	2	116-43.1 note		3	105-16

Ch.	Sec.	1977 General Statutes
1114	4	105-113.35
	5	105-113.86
	6	105-129
	7	105-130.19
	8	105-163.15
	9	105-163.30
	10	105-164.19
	11	105-241.1
	12	105-241.1 note
1115	. .	85B-2
1116	1	8-40.1
	2	8-40.1 note
1117	. .	15A-143
1118	. .	8-53
1119	1	7A-41
	2	7A-41 note
	3, 4	7A-41
1120	1	135-56.1
	2	135-58
	4	135-56.1 note
1121	1	7A-286
	2	7A-286 note
1122	1-9	106-26.13 to 106-26.21
	10	106-26.7 to 106-26.12 Repealed
1123	1	20-171.1, 20-171.2
	2	20-171.1 note
1124	. .	147-86.1
1125	. .	143-453
1126	1	122-58.7
1127	. .	108-24
1128	1	115-36
1129	1	163-35
1130	1	7A-41
	2	7A-41, 7A-41 note
	3	7A-60
	4, 5	7A-133
	6	7A-465
	7	7A-466
1131	1	14-2.1
	2	14-2.1 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1977, 2ND SESSION

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1132	4, 5	161-10
1134	1	14-443 to 14-447
	2	122-65.10 to 122-65.12
	3	122-65.13
	4	122-58.22, 122-58.23
	5	15A-534
	6	14-334 to 14-335.1 Repealed, 122-65.6 to 122-65.9 Repealed
	8	14-443 note, 122-65.10 note, 122-65.13 note
1135	8	58-248.33
1136	12	7A-172 note
	13	7A-101
	18.1	135-33
	30	116-36.1
	31	116-36.2
	32	116-36.3
	36	147-58
	38.1	138-6
	39	147-11
	40	147-33
	45	7A-101 note, 7A-172 note, 116-36.1 note, 135-33 note, 138-6 note, 147-11 note,
1136	45	147-33 note, 147-58 note
1138	1	18A-2
	2	18A-8
	3, 4	18A-15
	5	18A-25
	6	18A-29
	7	18A-29.1
	8-12	18A-30
	13, 13.1	18A-31
	14	18A-40
	15	18A-51
	16	18A-54
	17	18A-2 note, 18A-8 note, 18A-13 note, 18A-15 note, 18A-25 note, 18A-29 note, 18A-29.1 note, 18A-30 note, 18A-31 note, 18A-40 note, 18A-51 note, 18A-54 note
	18	18A-15, 18A-29, 18A-29.1, 18A-30
	19	18A-13 Repealed
1139	. .	160A-511
1144	. .	44-51.8
1145	. .	130-199

1977, 2nd Sess.		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1146	. .	62-140
1147	1	15A-1021
	2	15A-1221
	3	15A-1236
	4	15A-1301
	4A, 5	15A-1341
	6, 7	15A-1342
	8-10	15A-1343
	11, 11A	15A-1344
	11B	90-96, 90-96 note
	12, 13	15A-1345
	13A	15A-1344
	14	15A-1347
	15-17	15A-1351
	18	15A-1352
	19	15A-1355
	19A-22	15A-1371
	23-26	15A-1376
	27	15A-1377 Repealed
	28	15A-1446
	29	15A-1448
	30	15-196.1
	31	15A-1371 note
	32	1-180 note, 5-1 to 5-9 note, Ch. 5A note, 7A-27 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-31 note, 7A-194 note, 7A-271 note, 7A-276.1 note, 7A-451 note, 7A-452 note, 9-3 note, 9-15 note, 9-17 note, 9-18 note, 9-21 note, 14-2 note, 14-225.2 note, 14-226 note, 14-265 note, 15-110 to 15-124 note, 15-159 note, 15-173.1 note, 15-174 note, 15-179 to 15-186 note, 15-196.1 note, 15-196.3 note, 15-197 to 15-200.1 note, 15-205 note, 15-205.1 note, 15-217 note, 15-218 to 15-222 note, 15A-101 note, 15A-279 note, 15A-305 note, 15A-502 note, 15A-537 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-959 note, 15A-1031 note, 15A-1061 note, 15A-1101 note, 15A-1201 note, 15A-1211 note,
1147	32	15A-1221 note, 15A-1301 note, 15A-1321 note, 15A-1331 note, 15A-1341 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1361 note, 15A-1371 note, 15A-1401 note, 15A-1411 note, 15A-1431 note, 15A-1441 note, 50-13.3 note, 50-13.4 note, 50-16.7 note, 122-83 to 122-84.1 note, 148-12 note, 148-28 to 148-30 note, 148-33.1 note, 148-42 note, 148-53 note, 148-58 note, 148-58.1 note, 148-60 note, 148-60.2 to 148-62 note, 162-41 note, 162-42 note, 162-45 to 162-47 note, 162-49 note
	33	148-33.2
	34	148-37
	35	148-49.16
	36	148-57.1
1151	. .	131-7 L.M.
1152	. .	14-234 L.M.
1155	. .	18A-16 L.M.
1157	. .	44-51.8
1166	. .	63-4 L.M.
1168	. .	153A-265 L.M.
1169	. .	14-289 L.M.
1171	. .	18A-16 L.M.
1172	. .	152-1 L.M.
1176	. .	1-110 L.M.
1178	. .	20-118
1179	1-8	15A-701
	9, 10	15A-701 note
1181	1	53-117
	2	53-99
	4	53-99 note, 53-117 note
1182	1	131-175 note
	2	131-175 to 131-188
	3, 4	131-175 note
1183	. .	113-161
1184	1	130-170.2
	2	130-170.2 note
1185	1	14-118.5
	2	14-155
	3	14-118.5 note
1186	1	110-128
	2, 3	110-129
	4	110-130

1977, 2nd Sess.		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1186	5, 6	110-132
	7	110-133
	8	110-134
	9, 10	110-135
	11, 12	110-136
	13	110-137
	14	110-138
	15	110-139
	16	110-141
1187	1	105-316.1, 105-316.5, 105-316.6
	2	105-316.1
	3	105-316.4
	4, 5	105-316.6
1189	. .	143B-404 to 143B-411
1190	1	50-6
	2	50-6 note
1191	1	143-318.1
	2	143-318.2
	3	143-318.3
	4	143-318.4
	5	143-318.8
	6	153A-40
	7	160A-71
	9	143-318.8 note
1192	1	130-9 note, 130-9.5, 130-9.5 note
	2	130-9.5 note, 130-264 note
1193	2	71A-1 to 71A-6
1194	1	90-18.1
	2	90-18.2
	3	90-18.2 note
1195	1	159-40
	2	159-40 note
1196	2	160A-457 L.M
1197	2	159C-3
1198	1	159D-1 to 159D-27
	2	159D-1 note
1199	2	90-21.21
1200	1	105-130.5
	2	105-141
	3	105-163.01 to 105-163.04
	4	105-275
	5	105-289.1
	6	105-163.01 note, 105-289.1 note
1204	1	143A-38.1
	2	143A-28 Repealed
	3	143-166
	4	143A-38.1 note
1205	1	130-166.21 E
	2	130-166.21 F
1206	2	139-53 to 139-57
1207	2	126-24
1211	2	113-104
1213	2	126-7
1214	1	131B-1 to 131B-9
	2	Ch. 131B note, 143-34.12
	3	131B-1 note
1215	3	105-446.3
1216	3	130-166.16 to 130-166.21D
1217	1	19A-20
	2	19A-21
	3	19A-22
	4	19A-23
	5	19A-24
	6	19A-25
	7	19A-26
	8	19A-27
	9	19A-28
	10	19A-29
	11	19A-30
	12	19A-31
	13	19A-32
	14	19A-33
	15	19A-34
	16	19A-35
	17	19A-36
	18	19A-37
	19	19A-38
	20	19A-20 note
	21	19A-39
1218	. .	105-164.4
1219	5	108-60 note
	6	108-7
	7	108-15
	8	108-19
	9	108-23
	10	108-24
	11	108-27
	12	108-42
	13	108-43
	14-18	108-44
	19	108-45
	20	108-50
	21	108-54
	22	108-54.1
	23	108-56
	24	108-59
	25	108-60
	26, 27	143B-153
	28	143B-153 note
	31	7A-343.1
	32	62-300
	33	55-15
	34	55-146
	35	55A-13
	36	159-64
	39	113-28.5
	39.1	113-28.7
	39.2	113-28.8
	42	115-315.32 to 115-315.34

1977, 2nd Sess.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1219	43.1	7A-41 note
	43.2	7A-133 note
	43.3	7A-465
	43.6	105-164.13
	43.7	85B-6
	44	143A-17
	45	143-16.1
	46	143B-10
	48	143-342.1
	57	7A-41 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-343.1 note, 7A-465 note, 55-15 note, 55-146 note, 55A-13 note, 62-300 note, 85B-6 note, 105-164.13 note, 108-7 note, 108-15 note, 108-10 note, 108-23 note, 108-24 note, 108-27 note, 108-42 to 108-45 note, 108-50 note, 108-54 note, 108-54.1 note, 108-56 note, 108-59 note, 108-60 note, 113-28.5 note, 113-28.7 note, 113-28.8 note, 115-315.32 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-342.1 note, 143A-17 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-153 note, 159-64 note
	59	115-315.32 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-342.1 note
1220	59	105-199
1221	59	105-141
1222	1	20-179
	59	20-179 note
1223	59	50-3
1237	1, 2	138-6
	3	138-6 note
1238	1	78-41
	2	7A-60
	3	7A-133
	4	7A-133 note
	5	7A-60 note
1240	5	128-27
1243	3	7A-133
	4	7A-41
	6	7A-133
1249	1, 2	120-3
	3, 4	120-3.1
	5	147-11
1252	1	108-62
	2	108-65
1256	1	115-204.1
1257	1	130-283 to 130-285
	3	130-283 note
1278	3	120-37
1280	1	115-183.1
	2	115-183
	3	115-53
	4	20-217
1293	1	135-86
	2	135-86 note
	4	135-86 note
1296	4	113-109
1297	4	105-283
1298	1	105-159.1
	2	163-278.41 to 163-278.45
	3	105-159.1 note, 163-278.41 note

SESSION LAWS 1979

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	20-130.2
2	. .	143B-267
3	. .	129-40
4	. .	102-1.1
6	. .	113A-87
7	. .	14-37 Repealed
8	. .	8-40.1
9	1, 2	110-91
11	. .	105-449.49
12	. .	105-472
13	1	105-449.2
	2	105-449.10
14	. .	143-333 to 143-333.5 Repealed
15	. .	14-130
16	1	105-52 Repealed
	2	105-51
17	1	105-164.4
	2	105-164.6
18	1	105-113.86
	2	105-113.95
19	1	18A-35
	2	18A-35
	3, 4	18A-27
21	. .	20-116
22	. .	105-164.4
23	1	163-122
	2	163-296

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
23	3	163-122
	4, 5	163-296
24	. .	163-106
26	. .	118-1 L.M.
29	. .	152-1 L.M
30	1	143B-336
30	2	143B-336 note
31	. .	118-1 L.M.
	1, 2	20-218
33	1	53-166
	2	53-173
	3	53-180
34	. .	138-6
35	1	143-496
	2	143-502
36	. .	20-16
37	. .	20-7, 20-7 note
38	. .	65-7
39	. .	20-4.01, 20-4.01 note
40	. .	20-65, 20-65 note
41	. .	143B-142
42	. .	143B-312
43	. .	146-25.1
44	. .	113A-153
45	1	105-302.1
	2	105-302.1 note
46	1, 2	105-164.13
47	. .	105-164.14 note, 105-164.14
48	1	105-164.4
	2	105-164.3
	3, 4	105-164.6
49	1, 2	105-58
50	. .	106A-388
51	. .	105-16
54	1	131A-3
	2-6	131A-4
	7	131A-5
	8	131A-6
	9	131A-8
54	10	131A-11
	11	131A-12
	12	131A-13
	13	131A-14
	14	131A-3 note, 131A-4 note, 131A-5 note, 131A-6 note, 131A-8 note, 131A-11 note, 131A-12 note, 131A-13 note, 131A-14 note
	15, 16	131A-3 note, 131A-4 note, 131A-5 note, 131A-6 note, 131A-8 note, 131A-11 note, 131A-12 note, 131A-13 note, 131A-14 note
55	1	143-215.27
	2	143-215.33
56	. .	130-87 to 130-93.01
57	1	105-113.56C
	2	105-113.56A
	3	105-113.56C note
58	1, 2	105-113.60
59	1	105-113.43
	2	105-113.44
	3	105-113.51
60	1	163-150
	2	163-150 note
61	. .	15-223.1
62	. .	105-76 Repealed
63	. .	105-34 Repealed
64	. .	105-100 Repealed
65	. .	105-63 Repealed
66	. .	105-78 Repealed
67	. .	105-48 Repealed
68	. .	105-93 Repealed
69	. .	105-47 Repealed
70	. .	105-71 Repealed
71	. .	105-164.3
72	. .	105-35 Repealed
73	1	43-8
	2	43-12
74	. .	105-53, 105-4
76	. .	20-183.9
77	. .	20-183.2
84	. .	103-4
	1	105-101 Repealed
	2	147-37
85	3	147-38 Repealed
86	. .	97-2
	1	41-6.2
88	2	28A-1-2 Repealed
91	. .	55-57
	1	113-120.5
92	2	113-120.6
93	. .	20-49
94	. .	118-1 L.M.
95	1	130-43
	2, 3	130-46
	4	130-50
	5	130-51
	6	130-52
	7	130-54
	8	130-56
	9	130-63
96	1	54A-27 note
	2	54A-26 Repealed
97	. .	59-1
98	. .	130-161.1, 130-165
99	. .	20-46 Repealed
100	1	35-10.1
	2	35-10.1 note
101	. .	20-11
102	. .	159B-9
103	1, 2	105-242
	3, 4	105-368
104	. .	20-4.20
105	. .	90-21.21 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
106	. .	20-67
107	1	15A-711
	2, 3	29-16
	4	31-18.1
	5	31A-14
	6	48-4
	7	48-5
	8	90-8
	9	114-2
	10	143B-183
	11	143B-479
	12	160A-234
	13	160A-399.8
	14	163-227.2
	15	163-278.12
108	1	90-139
	2	90-140
	3	90-140 note
109	1	159C-3, 159C-5 to 159C-8, 159C-11, 159C-12, 159C-28
	2	159C-1 note
110	1	50A-1 to 50A-25
	2	6-21 note, 7A-286 note, 7A-289.22 note, 7A-289.23 note, 7A-289.25 note, 33-2 note, 33-7 note, 50-11.2 note, 50-13.5 note, 50-13.7 note, 50A-1 note
	3	6-21
	4	7A-279 note
	5	7A-286 note
	6	7A-289.22
	7	7A-289.23
	8	7A-289.25
	9	33-2
	10	33-7
	11	50-11.2
	12	50-13.5
	13	50-13.7
	14	50A-1 note
111	. .	28A-12-3
112	1-6	90-321
113	. .	20-7 note 20-7
114	. .	136-73 to 136-75 Repealed, 136-77 Repealed
118	. .	128-21 L.M.
119	. .	67-30 L.M.
126	1, 2	20-81.3
129	. .	160A-266 L.M.
131	. .	105-75
134	1	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
	2	14-402 note,
134	2	14-409.1 note
135	1	163-72
	2	163-72.2
	3	163-274
	4	163-72.2 note
136	. .	143-341
137	1, 2	20-81.1
138	1	24-1.1
	2, 3	24-1.2
	5	24-9
139	. .	20-57
140	1	163-226
	2	18A-51
	3	18A-52
141	. .	104B-3 to 104B-16 Repealed
143	. .	136-55 Repealed
144	1	7A-210
	2	7A-219
	3	7A-273
	4	42-28
	5	42-30
145	1, 2	20-58
	3	20-58.1
	4	20-58.5
147	. .	122-8.1
148	1	63-65, 63-65 note
	2	63-66
	3	113-28.8 rewritten as 63-68, 63-68, 63-68 note
	4	113-28.11 rewritten as 63-71, 63-71, 63-71 note
	5	113-28.5 to 113-28.12 rewritten as 63-65 to 63-72, 63-65 to 63-72, 63-65 to 63-72 note
149	. .	63-68, 63-68 note
150	1	105-65.2
	2	105-62
	3	105-65.1
	4	105-79 Repealed
	5	105-84 Repealed
	6	105-65.2 note
151	. .	143B-72
152	. .	35-3 Repealed
153	1	143B-340
	2	143B-341
154	. .	145-9
155	. .	127A-201 to 127A-203
156	1	105-164.13
	2	105-236
157	. .	106-266.1 to 106-266.5 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
158	1	119-13.1
	2	119-13.2
159	1	143B-469, 143B-469.1, 143B-469.2, 143B-469.3
	2	143B-453
	3	143B-454
	4	143B-456
	5	143B-457
	6	143B-458
	7	143B-459
	8	143B-460 Repealed
	9	143B-469.1 note
160	1	20-65, 20-65 note
	2	20-65 note
161	. .	129-42.1
162	. .	108-38
163	. .	28A-25-6
164	1	122-75 Repealed, 122-77 to 122-80 Repealed, 122-82.2 Repealed
	2	122-81.2
	3	122-58.2
	4	122-36
	5	122-81.2 note
165	1	116-201
	2	116-202
	3	116-203
	4	116-209
	5	116-209.3
	6	116-209.4
	7	116-209.14
	8	116-209.17
	9	116-209.19
166	1	90-243
	2, 3	90-241
168	. .	160A-68
169	1	75-16.2
	2	75-16.2 note
171	1	122-56.7
	2	122-36
	3	122-56.2
173	1	20-97, 20-97 note
	2	20-97 note
174	. .	136-28.1
175	. .	20-129
176	1-3	20-81.6
177	. .	15A-622
178	. .	20-7 note
	1, 3, 4	20-37.6
	2	20-7
179	1	105-7.1, 105-7.1 note
	2	105-130.3, 105-130.5, 105-141, 105-142, 105-144.2, 105-147, 105-158
	3	105-164.6
179	3	105-202, 105-205
	4	105-210 Repealed, 105-212
	5	105-242
	6	105-210 note
180	1	36A-115
	2	41-9 Repealed, 41-9 note
	3	36A-113 note
182	1	143-129
	2	143-132
183	. .	118-1 L.M.
186	1	29-14
	2	29-14 note
187	. .	159-7 L.M.
190	. .	20-279.21
191	. .	51-9
192	1	130-80
	2	130-82.1
	3	130-83
193	. .	20-81.5
194	. .	105-9
195	. .	105-9
196	1	90-15
	2	90-15.1
197	. .	54-109.19
198	. .	54-109.12
199	. .	20-58
200	1	105-275
	2	105-275 note
201	. .	105-164.13, 105-164.13 note
202	1	106-700, 106-701
	2, 3	106-700 note
204	. .	62-260
206	1	58-191.3
	2	58-191.3 note
207	1	131-126.12
208	. .	118-1 L.M.
209	. .	118-1 L.M.
210	. .	163-104 L.M.
214	1	54-2
	2	54A-10
	3	54-24.1
	4	54-2 note, 54-24.1 note, 54A-10 note
216	1	20-97, 20-97 note
	2	20-97 note
217	. .	20-97, 20-97 note
218	. .	20-116
221	. .	18A-15 L.M.
222	1	119-16.1
224	. .	18A-36.1
225	1	65-73
	2	65-73 note
226	1	31-24
	2	10-12, 10-12 note, 10-13, 10-13 note, 31-31.1
	3	10-12 note, 10-13

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
226	3	note, 31-24 note, 31-31.1 note
	4	10-12 note, 10-13 note, 31-31.1 note
228	1	106-24
	2	106-25 to 106-26.2 Repealed
	3	106-24.1
229	. .	20-190
231	. .	152-1 L.M.
233	1, 2	105-360
235	. .	160A-266 L.M.
238	. .	116-44.5
239	. .	20-79
241	1	108-15.1
242	. .	45-21.42
244	. .	97-29
245	. .	143-166.5
246	. .	97-61.6
247	1	97-13
	2	97-19
248	1	20-97, 20-97 note
	2	20-97 note
249	1, 2	97-18
250	. .	97-31
252	1	74-58
	2	74-64
	3	74-61
253	1, 2	113-229
	3	143B-286
	4	113-230
	5	113A-118
	6	113A-122
254	. .	20-288
255	1	53-99
	2	53-99 note, 53-117 note
262	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
263	. .	14-118.1
264	. .	118-1 L.M.
267	. .	153A-27 L.M.
268	1	97-88.1
	2	97-88.1
269	. .	62-50
270	. .	160A-303 L.M.
275	. .	160A-272 L.M.
278	. .	18A-16 L.M.
281	. .	152-1 L.M.
282	. .	153A-241 L.M.
283	. .	153A-240 L.M.
285	1	117-2.1
	2	117-13
	3	117-16
	4	117-41 to 117-45
286	1	18A-28
	2	18A-29
	3	18A-33
	4	18A-39
	5	18A-41
286	6	105-113.93
289	. .	118-1 L.M.
290	. .	69-25.9 L.M.
291	. .	143-129 L.M.
293	. .	54-109.86
295	1	58-155.48
	2	58-155.48 note
298	1	20-158
	2	20-169
	3	136-13, 136-13.1, 136-14
	4	136-13
299	. .	113A-125
300	1	115-11
301	. .	160A-303 L.M.
303.	. .	105-364 L.M.
313	. .	153A-335 L.M.
314	. .	67-30 L.M.
317	. .	160A-266 L.M.
322	. .	115-19 L.M.
323	1	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
	2	14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
325	1	143B-422 to 143B-426.1
326	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
327	. .	115-131 L.M.
328	. .	118-1 L.M.
330	1	47-30
	2, 3	47-30 L.M.
331	. .	115-157 L.M.
332	1	62-15 note, 62-34 note, 62-51 note, 62-70 note, 62-327 note
	2	62-70
335	. .	24-11B Repealed
336	. .	18A-14
337	. .	160A-241 L.M.
340	. .	116-1 note
341	. .	118-1 L.M., note 160A-163 L.M.
343	1, 2	1-42.7
344	1	106-22
345	. .	97-93
348	1	18A-31.1
	2, 3	18A-38
349	. .	153A-335 L.M.
351	. .	18A-52 L.M.
352	. .	143-129 L.M.
356	1	105-277.1
357	1	163-85
	2	163-86
	3	163-88.1
	4	163-90.1, 163-90.2, 163-90.3
	5	163-153
	6	163-85 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
358	1	122-35.35
	2	122-35.36
	3	122-35.37
	4	122-35.38
	5	122-35.39
	6	122-35.40
	7	122-35.41
	8	Ch. 122, Art. 2F
	9	Ch. 122, Art. 2F, Part 2
		10 Ch. 122, Art. 2F, Part 3
	11	Ch. 122, Art. 2F, Part 4
	12	122-35.43
	13	122-35.44
	14	122-35.45
	15	122-35.46
	16	122-35.47
	17	122-35.48
	18	122-35.49
	19	122-35.50
	20	122-35.51
	21	122-35.52
	22	122-35.54
	23	122-35.37 to 122-35.40, 122-35.46, 122-35.50, 122-35.55
	24	122-35.56
	25	122-35.57
	26	7A-647, 122-35.36, 122-58.16
	27	122-58.4, 122-58.16, 122-58.19, 122-58.22, 122-85, 143B-140
	28	122-35.40A
	29	122-35.53
	30	122-35.44
	31, 32	122-35.55
	33	122-35.40A note
359	1, 2	55-36
361	. .	121-5
362	. .	24-11A
363	. .	106-202.6
364	. .	55-160
366	. .	118-1 L.M.
371	. .	160A-272 L.M.
374	. .	97-2
375	. .	153A-132 L.M.
376	. .	135-6
377	1, 2	20-28
378	1, 2	20-28.1
380	. .	20-219.2
384	1	18A-15
	2	18A-29.1
	3	18A-30
385	. .	18A-16 L.M.
386	1-8	110-136
	10	50-13.4
387	1	14-279.1
	2	14-279.1 note
388	1	113-128
	2	113-155.1
	3	113-162
	4	113-163
	5	113-187
	6	113-221
395	1	39-30
	2	39-30 note
396	. .	135-3
398	. .	20-97, 20-97 note
400	1	20-97, 20-97 note
	2	20-97 note
401	. .	6-21.1
402	1	159-8
	2	159-11
	3	159-13.2
	4, 5	159-17
	6	159-26
	7, 8	159-28
	9	159-34
403	. .	163-46
404	1	25-9-301
	2	25-9-312
405	. .	105-203
408	1	14-72
	2	14-73
	3	14-72 note, 14-73 note
409	1-6	58-201.1
	7-9	58-201.2
	10	58-79.2
	11	58-201.3
410	. .	143B-386
411	1	163-22
	2	163-41.1
	3	163-96
	4	163-98
	5	163-106
	6	163-109
	7	163-248
412	1	143-506.6
	2	143-506.7
	3	143-506.8
	4	143-506.9
	5	143-506.10
	6	143-506.11
	7	143-506.12
	8	143-506.13
	9	143-506.14
	11	143-506.6 note
413	1, 2	143-215.54
414	. .	146-6
415	. .	20-30
417	. .	130-50
418	. .	58-155.84
419	. .	20-88
420	1	115-243, 115-244 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
420	2	143-545, 143-546
421	1	58-77
	2	58-77 note
422	. .	113B-3
423	1	20-4.01, 20-4.01 note
	2	20-16.2
425	1	163-155
	2	163-155 note
428	. .	159-163
430	1	143B-280
	2	143B-280 note
431	1, 2	15-223
	3, 4	90-96, 90-113.14
432	. .	72-48.1
433	. .	106-371 L.M.
434	1	90-89
	2	90-90
	3	90-91
	4-6	90-92
	7, 8	90-93
435	. .	116-143.1
436	1, 2	20-118.1
437	. .	14-56
439	. .	105-360 L.M.
440	. .	160A-238 L.M.
441	. .	113-126.2
442	. .	160A-213
443	1, 2	20-81
444	1	159-64
	2	159-161
445	1	18A-28
	2	18A-29
	3	18A-27
	4	18A-35
	5	18A-15
446	. .	160A-272 L.M.
447	1	58-213.6 to 58-213.12
	2	53-213.6 note
448	1	143-437, 143-440
	2, 3	143-442
	4, 5	143-443
	6	143-447
	7	143-450
	8	143-454
	9, 10	143-460
	11	143-463
	12	143-464
	13	143-470.1
450	. .	20-97 L.M.
451	. .	114-289 L.M.
452	. .	44-51.8
453	1, 2	20-179
455	. .	122-35.40
456	. .	15A-1352
457	. .	103-7
458	1	20-97
	2	20-97 note
459	1	113-315.25
	2	113-315.26
	3	113-315.27
	4	113-315.28
	5	113-315.29
	6	113-315.30
	7	113-315.31
	8	113-315.32
	9	113-315.33
	10	113-315.34
	11	113-315.35
	12	113-315.36
	13	113-315.37
	14	113-315.38
	15	113-315.39
	16	113-315.25 note
460	. .	55B-2
461	1-4	90-210.18
	6	90-210.20
	7	90-210.21
	8, 9	90-210.23
	10	90-210.24
	11-21	90-210.25
	22	90-210.25 to 90-210.29
	23	90-210.26 note, 90-210.27 note, 90-210.28 note, 90-210.29 note
462	1	115A-1 to 115A-42
	2	115D-1, 115D-2, 115D-3 to 115D-6, 115D-12 to 115D-25, 115D-31 to 115D-39, 115D-45 to 115D-53, 115D-59 to 115D-61, 115D-68 to 115D-71, 115D-77 to 115D-81
463	1	75C-1 to 75C-5
	2, 3	75C-1 note
464	1	130-166.16
	2	130-166.18
	3	130-166.21D
	4	130-166.21D note
	5	130-166.21E
	6	130-166.21F
465	. .	7A-133
467	1	147-69.1
	2	147-69.2
	3	147-69.3
	4	58-189
	5	97-112
	6	97-114
	7	115-135
	8	116-209
	9	116A-8
	10	118-22
	11	120-4.2 note
	12, 13	128-29
	14, 15	135-7
	16	135-7.1 Repealed
	17	135-7.2 Repealed
	18	135-66

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
467	19	143-166
	20	18A-17
	21	28A-13-3
	22	34-13
	23	54-109.82
468	. .	14-168.1
469	. .	20-37.7
470	1	20-63, 20-63 note
	2	20-4.2, 20-4.2 note
471	. .	162A-67
472	. .	20-150
473	1, 2	20-79.2
474	1	106-568.34
	2	106-568.36
475	1	20-369
	2	20-356 note
476	. .	20-95, 20-95 note
477	1	143-47.6, 143-47.7, 143-47.8, 143-47.9
	2	147-54.2 Repealed
	3	143-47.6 note, 143-47.7 note, 143-47.8 note, 143-47.9 note
478	1	53-92
	2	54-24.1
	3	143B-439
479	1, 2	94-6
480	. .	163-69.1
481	. .	127A-19
482	. .	18A-15
483	1	53-122
	2	53-1
	3	53-14
	4	53-43
	5	53-46
	6	53-48
	7	53-51
	8	53-80
	9	53-91
	10	53-104
	11	53-104.1
	12	53-105
	13	53-107
	14	53-108
	15	53-115
	16	53-154
	17	53-155
	18	53-156
484	. .	54-21.2
485	1, 2	54-19
486	1	7A-378
	2	7A-376
487	. .	90-270.24 note
	1	90-256 to 90-270 rewritten as 90-270.24 to 90-270.39, 90-270.24 to 90-270.39,
487	1	90-256 to 90-270 note
488	. .	110-141
489	. .	14-289 L.M.
493	1	77-13, 77-14
	2	77-13 note, 77-14 note
494	. .	163-9
495	. .	105-259
496	. .	108-24
497	. .	58-248.36
498	. .	143-260.10
499	. .	20-71
500	1	163-278.6
	2	163-278.7
	3	163-278.9
	4	163-278.16
	5, 6	163-278.17
	7	163-278.23
	8	163-278.24
	9	163-278.22
	10	163-278.27
	11	163-278.28
	12,13	163-278.22
	14	163-278.30
	15	163-278.37
	16	163-278.9
502	1	105-113.70
	2	105-113.72
	3	105-113.88
504	1	143B-75 to 143B-78 Repealed
	2	143B-81, 143B-82 Repealed
	3	143-521 to 143-526 Repealed
	8	131-120
	9	143B-169 to 143B-172 Repealed
	10	143B-197 to
	12	143B-201 Repealed
	13	143B-216.6 to 143B-216.7 Repealed
	14	131-120
	15	130-9
	16	108-75.5 Repealed
505	. .	115-257.6 to 115-257.13
506	. .	115-257.19 to 115-257.26
508	1	55-45, 55-45 note
	2	55-56, 55-56 note
509	1	28A-19-3
	2	28A-14-3
	3	28A-14-3 note, 28A-19-3 note
510	1	108-61.5, 108-61.6
	2	108-48
	3	108-61.5 note
511	. .	14-4 L.M.

1979

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
512	1, 2	159-188
513	. .	112-1
514	1	113B-4
	2	113B-9
515	. .	20-122
516	1	143B-490, 143B-491, 143B-492
	2, 3	143-166.2
	4	97-2
	5	97-2
	6	167-2 Repealed
517	1, 2	163-273.19
518	. .	162-4 Repealed
519	1	139-6
	2	139-7
520	2	130-128
521	. .	143-151.13
522	1, 2	143-151.26 to 143-151.36
	3	143-151.27
	4	143-151.28
	5	143-151.29
523	. .	136-13.2
524	. .	14-33
525	1	1-21
	2	1-75.10
	3	7A-289.28
	4	28A-19-12
	5	31-42
	6	31B-3
	7	31B-2
	8	39-12
	9	39-12 note
	10	50-4
	11	90-220.4
	12	1-21 note, 1-75.10 note, 1-501 note, 31B-2 note, 31B-3 note, 39-12 note,
	12	50-4 note, 90-220.4 note
	13	1-501
526	. .	14-221.2
527	1	105-164.4
	2	105-164.6
528	. .	58-61.2
529	. .	90-21.21 Repealed
530	1	20-97
	2	20-97 note
532	. .	72-1
533	. .	90-238
534	1	163-221
	2	163-122
	3	163-296
	4	163-296, 163-299
	5	163-122 note, 163-221 note, 163-296 note, 163-299 note
535	1	143-215.75
	2	143-215.76
	3-10	143-215.77
	11	143-215.78
	12	143-215.79
	13	143-215.82
	14	143-215.83
	15	143-215.84
	16, 17	143-215.85
	18, 19	143-215.86
	20	143-215.87
	21, 22	143-215.88
	23	143-215.89
	24	143-215.90
	25, 26	143-215.91
	27	143-215.92
	28	143-215.93
	29	143-215.94
536	1	31-11.6
	2	31-11.6 note
537	. .	113-208
538	1	57-2.1
	2	57-2.1 note
539	1-3	163-72
	4	163-275
	5	163-67
540	. .	143B-216.5
541	1	150A-58
	2	150A-63
	3	120-30.24
542	. .	49-17
543	. .	54-136
544	. .	143-341
545	1	143-215.107
	2, 3	143-215.108
	4-6	143-215.114
	7	143-215.112
	8-10	143-213
546	. .	113-84 L.M.
547	1	122-56.10
547	2	122-56.10 note
550	. .	90-96
551	. .	153A-103
552	. .	20-162
553	. .	115D-2
554	1	90A-37
	2	90A-37 to 90A-41, 90A-43, 90A-44
	3, 4	90A-40
	5	90A-42
555	1	20-13
	2	20-13.1 Repealed
	3	20-13 note, 20-13.1 note
556	. .	113-126.2
557	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
558	1	143-151
	2	143-151.1
	3	143-148

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
558	4	143-151.2, 143-151.3, 143-151.4, 143-151.5
	5, 6	143-146
	7	143-146 note, 143-148 note, 143-151 note, 143-151.1 note, 143-151.2 note, 143-151.3 note, 143-151.4 note, 143-151.5 note
559	1	12-3.1
	2	12-3.1 note
560	1	104-31, 104-32
	2	104-33
561	1	50B-1 to 50B-7
	2	14-134.3
	3	15A-401
	4	15A-534.1
	5	50-7
	7	50B-8
	8	14-134.3 note, 50-7 note, 50B-1 note
562	. .	116-65
563	. .	50-13.5
564	. .	113A-57
565	. .	15A-2000
566	. .	143-215.67
567	1	20-137.2
	2	20-137.2 note
570	1, 2	84-17
	3	84-18
	4	84-19
	5	84-22
	6, 7	84-28
	8	84-28.1
	9	84-37
571	1	150A-59, 150A-60
	2	120-30.25
572	. .	31A-5
573	. .	75-30
574	1-4	20-4.01
	5	20.-50.1 Repealed
	6	20-51
	7	20-8
	8	20-10.1
	9	20-10.1 note
575	1	143B-402, 143B-403 Repealed, 143B-403.1, 143B-403.2, 143B-412, 143B-413 Repealed
	2	143B-403.1 note
576	1	8-50.1
	2	49-7
	3	7A-304
	4	7A-315
578	. .	125-7
579	1	25-9-603
	2	1-594
580	. .	45-18
581	. .	143-292
583	. .	160A-277
584	1	7A-29
	2	105-342
	3	105-345, 105-345.1 to 105-345.5, 105-346
	4	7A-29 note, 105-342 note, 105-345 note
585	1	108-65.1
	2	108-65.2 note
586	. .	117-30
589	1	106-605
	2	106-610
590	1	106-92.1 to 106-92.16
	2	106-92.1 note
591	1	147-50
	2	147-50.1
	4	147-50.1 note
592	1	14-86.1
	2	14-86.1 note
593	. .	15-11.1
594	. .	45-70
595	1	153A-301
	2	160A-536
	3	153A-301 note, 160A-536 note
597	. .	22B-1
598	. .	160A-296
599	. .	97-18
600	1-5	115-157
601	1	58-173.1
	2, 3	58-173.2
	4	58-173.10
602	. .	7A-211.1
603	1	20-37.8
	2	20-37.8 note
604	. .	20-63
605	1	105-277
	2	105-277 note
606	1, 2	54-30
607	. .	18A-26
608	. .	146-30
609	1	18A-51
	2	18A-30
610	. .	64-1.1
611	2	153A-335
	3	153A-344
	4	153A-345
	5	153A-369
	6	153A-321
612	. .	20-79
613	. .	20-141.1
614	1	93A-16 to 93A-26

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
614	2, 3	93A-4
	6	93A-4, 93A-4 note
	7	93A-16 note
615	1	14-107.1
	2	14-107.1 note
616	1	93A-3
	2	93A-3, 93A-4
	3-5	93A-4
	6, 7	93A-6
	8	93A-3 note
	9	143-34.11, 143-34.11 note
617	. .	18A-17
618	2	77-20
619	1	153A-274
	2	160A-311
	3	159-48
	4	153A-149
	5	160A-209
	6	153A-301
	7	130-128
	8	162A-2
	9	162A-32
	10	162A-65
	11	153A-185
	12	160A-216
	13	153A-284
	14	160A-317
620	. .	1B-1
621	. .	130-13
622	. .	7A-147
623	. .	148-119, 148-120
624	1	159-48
	2, 3	162A-86
	4	162A-87
	5	162A-88
	6, 7	159-48 note, 162A-86 note, 162A-87 note, 162A-88 note
625	1, 2	105-164.13, 105-164.13 note
626	. .	106-134.1
627	1-3	20-79.2
628	. .	58-155.60
629	. .	143-34.11, 143-34.11 note, Ch. 143B, Art. 2, Part 6 note
630	. .	54-25.1
631	. .	20-88, 20-88 note
632	. .	20-37.6
633	1	143-213
	2-4	143-215
	5	143-215.1
	6	143-214.1, 143-215.3
	7, 8	143-215.3
	9-11	143-215.6
634	1	143B-216.8, 143B-216.9
	2	143B-216.8 note
635	. .	153A-345
636	1	51-18
	2	51-15 note
637	1	159-31
	2	159-33
	3	147-79
	4	147-78
639	1	160A-288.1
	2	153A-212
640	. .	14-363.2
641	. .	14-360
643	1	10-16.1
	2	10-16.1 note
644	. .	160A-399.1, 160A-399.2, 160A-399.3, 160A-399.4, 160A-399.5, 160A-399.6, 160A-399.7, 160A-399.8, 160A-399.9, 160A-399.10, 160A-399.11, 160A-399.12, 160A-399.13
646	. .	160A-395, 160A-395.1, 160A-396, 160A-397, 160A-398, 160A-398.1, 160A-399
647	1	78A-17
	2, 3	78A-30
648	. .	1-352.1
649	1	116-37.1
	2, 3	116-36
650	. .	128-9 Repealed
651	. .	15A-601
652	1	62-3
	2	62-110.1
653	1	20-130.1
	2	20-125
654	1	99B-1 to 99B-4
	2	1-50
	3	1-15(b) Repealed, 1-52, 1-53
	4	1A-1 Rule 8
	5	1-15 note, 1-50 note, 1-52 note, 1-53 note, 1A-1, Rule 8 note, 99B-1 note
	6	1-15 note, 1-50 note, 1-52 note, 1-53 note, 1A-1, Rule 8 note, 99B-1 note
	7	1-15 note, 1-50 note, 1-52 note, 1-53 note

1979

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
654	7	1A-1, Rule 8 note, 99B-1 note
	8	99A-1 note
655	1	143-318.1 to 143-318.8 Repealed 143-318.9, 143-318.10, 143-318.11, 143-318.12, 143-318.13, 143-318.14, 143-318.15, 143-318.16, 143-318.17, 143-318.18
	2	159-17
	3	143-318.9 note
	4	143-318.9 note
656	. .	14-33
657	. .	110-1 to 110-20 note
658	1	136-44.35
	2	136-44.36
	3	136-44.37, 136-44.38
	4	153A-244
659	. .	105-147
660	1	96-3
	2	96-4
		3-12
		96-8
	13-15	96-9
	16	96-10
	17	96-11
	18, 19	96-12
	20, 21	96-13
	22	96-17
	23-25	96-18
	26	96-21
	27	96-22
	28	96-25
	29-31	96-13
661	. .	14-401.6
662	2	15A-1343
665	1	105-342
	2	105-342 note
667	1	20-4.01, 20-4.01 note
	2	20-4.18, 20-4.18 note
	3-11	20-7, 20-7 note
	12	20-7.01, 20-7.01 note
	13	20-8, 20-8 note
	14	20-9, 20-9 note
	15, 16	20-11, 20-11 note
	17	20-12, 20-12 note
	18	20-16, 20-16 note
	19	20-16.1, 20-16.1 note
	20	20-17, 20-17 note
	21	20-20, 20-20 note

1979

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
667	22	20-23, 20-23 note
	23	20-26, 20-26 note
	24	20-27, 20-27 note
	25	20-29, 20-29 note
	26	20-29.1, 20-29.1 note
	27	20-30, 20-30 note
	28	20-33 Repealed
	29	20-37.1, 20-37.1 note
	30	20-37.7, 20-37.7 note
	31	20-141.3, 20-141.3 note
	32	20-166, 20-166 note
	33	20-166.1, 20-166.1 note
	34	20-179 note
	35	20-182, 20-182 note
	36	20-218, 20-218 note
	37	20-279.13, 20-279.13 note
	38	20-279.32, 20-279.32 note
	39	20-320, 20-320 note
	40	20-4.01 note, 20-4.18 note, 20-7 note, 20-7.01 note, 20-8 note, 20-9 note, 20-11 note, 20-12 note, 20-14 note, 20-15 note, 20-16 note, 20-16.1 note, 20-17 note, 20-18 note, 20-20 note, 20-21 note, 20-22 note, 20-23 note, 20-23.1 note, 20-24 note, 20-26 note, 20-27 note, 20-28 note, 20-29 note, 20-29.1 note, 20-30 note, 20-34.1 note, 20-37 note, 20-37.1 note, 20-37.7 note, 20-141.3 note, 20-166 note, 20-166.1 note, 20-179 note, 20-182 note, 20-218 note, 20-279.13 note, 20-279.32 note, 20-320 note,
	41	20-7, 20-9, 20-9 note, 20-11, 20-14, 20-14 note, 20-15, 20-15 note, 20-16, 20-16 note, 20-16.1, 20-16.1 note, 20-17, 20-18, 20-18 note, 20-20, 20-20 note, 20-21, 20-21 note, 20-22, 20-22 note, 20-23.1, 20-23.1 note, 20-24,

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
667	41	20-24 note, 20-28, 20-28 note, 20-29.1, 20-29.1 note, 20-30, 20-30 note, 20-34.1, 20-34.1 note, 20-37, 20-37 note, 20-179
	43	20-7.01 note
668	1	143B-440, 143B-441
	2	143B-433
	3	143B-443
669	1	7A-289.30
	2	7A-289.32
670	1	90-270.2
	2	90-270.3
	3	90-270.4 to 90-270.6, 90-270.6 note, 90-270.10, 90-270.16, 90-270.16 note
	4	90-270.4
	5, 6	90-270.11
671	1	90-113.9
	2	90-113.10
	3	90-113.11
	4	90-113.12
	5	90-113.13
	6	90-113.13 note
672	. .	14-52
673	1	94-1
	2	94-4
	3	94-5
	4	94-6
	5	94-7
674	1, 2	153A-447
675	. .	20-279.21
676	1, 2	58-248.33
678	. .	20-7 note
	1-3	20-7
680	. .	20-4.01, 20-4.01 note
681	1	45-36.3
	2	45-36.3 note
682	1	14-27.1 to 14-27.10
	2	15A-136
	3	15-166
	4	15-169
	5	14-6
	6	14-17
	7	14-21 to 14-27 Repealed
	8	8-58.6
	9	15A-2000
	10	15-144.1
	11	15-144.2
	12	8-58.6 note, 14-6 note, 14-17 note, 14-21 to 14-27 note
	13, 14	8-58.6 note, 14-6 note, 14-17 note, 14-21 to 14-27 note
683	1	18A-2
	2	18A-8
	3	18A-31
	4	18A-31.1
	5, 6	18A-38
	7	105-113.78
	8	105-113.85
	9	18A-57
	10	18A-31.1
	11, 12	18A-38
	13	18A-52
	14	105-113.78
	15	103-113.85
684	. .	24-10
685	1	159-41
	2	159-41 note
686	1	105-277.8
	2	105-277.8 note
687	. .	14-361.1
688	. .	20-183.7
689	1	63-78
	2	63-79
	3	63-80
	4	63-81
	5	63-82
	6	63-83
	7	63-84
	8	63-85
	9	63-86
	10	63-87
	11	63-88
	12	63-89
690	1	157-9
	2, 3	157-16
	4	157-21
	5	157-17.1
	6	157-9 note, 157-16 note, 157-17.1 note, 157-21 note
691	1	108-44
	2	108-44 note
692	. .	14-316.1
694	1	104E-10
	2	131-66.18
	3	104E-7
	4	104E-9
	5	104E-23
	6	104E-7 note, 104E-9 note, 104E-10 note, 104E-23 note, 130-166.18 note
695	1	86-1 to 86-25 rewritten as 86A-1 to 86A-26, 86A-1 to 86A-26, 86-1 to 86-25 note, 86A-1 note
	2	86A-4 note
	3	86A-17 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
696	. .	20-343
697	1	90-270.45 to 90-270.62
	2	8-53.5
	3	90-270.49 note
	4	8-53.5 note, 90-270.45 note
698	. .	33-69
699	1	18A-5
	2	18A-9 Repealed
	4	18A-64 18A-68
	5	105-113.72
	6	105-113.72 note
700	1	45-40
	2	161-22.2
701	1	127A-138
	2	127A-139
702	1	108-23
	2	108-25 to 108-28 Repealed
	3	Ch. 108, Art. 2, Pt. 3, 108-40 note
	4	108-40
	5	108-42
	6	Ch. 108, Art. 2, Pt. 4, 108-51 note
	7	108-60
	8	108-62
	9	108-62.1
	10	108-65.2, 108-65.3
703	. .	47-17.1
704	. .	105-109.1
705	1	66-106 to 66-112
	2	66-106 note
706	1	25A-2
	2	53-190
	3	24-2.1
707	. .	130-266.1
708	. .	126-8.1
709	1	50-6
	2	50-19
	3	50-13.5
	4	50-16.8
	5	50-19 note
710	. .	90-270.14
711	1	15A-1215
	2	9-18
712	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	87-52
	2	87-53
	3	87-59
	4	87-61.1, 87-64.1
	5	87-52 note
	6	143-34.11
	7	87-53
713	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	87-2
	2	87-10
	3	87-11
	4	87-13.1, 87-15.2
	5	87-2 note
	6	87-4
	7	87-5
	8	87-6
	9	143-34.11
714	1	97-1
	2	15A-405, 20-185, 58-72, 58-131.36, 69-25.8, 97-13, 97-45, 97-52, 97-64, 97-105, 97-107, 97-108, 97-109, 97-110, 97-113, 97-114, 97-115, 97-116, 97-117, 97-122, 105-228.5, 115-159.1, 115-160, 115-192, 115D-23, 130-11, 143-166.5, 143-296, 143B-491, 160A-164, 160A-282, 160A-283, 166A-14
	3	97-2
	4	22B-1, 97-1.1, 97-6.1 note, 99B-2 note
	5	97-1.1 note
	6	97-1.1 note
715	1	90-320
	2	90-322
	3	90-323
716	. .	14-91
717	1	147-69.1
	2	159-30
	3	28A-13-3
718	. .	18A-30
719	1-4	115-185
720	. .	14-234
723	. .	15A-979
724	1	75-31
	2	75-30 note
725	1-3	15A-301
	4	15A-401
726	. .	28A-12-3
727	2	159-44
	3	159-48
	4	159-81
	5	159-97
728	. .	90-271
729	. .	15-27.2
730	. .	163-278.9
731	6	116-187, 116-189
732	. .	58-248.31
733	1	143B-95
	2	143B-98
734	1	19A-23
	2	19A-39

1979			1979		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
735	. .	65-2	747	10	121-34 note
736	. .	Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 3 note	748	1	113-95
	. .	143-34.11 note		2	113-95.2
	1	143-34.11		3	113-95.5
737	1, 2	113-271		4	113-95.6
738	1	97-6.1		5	113-96.1
	2	1-55		6	113-271
739	1, 2	48-25		7	113-272
740	. .	Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Part 6 note		8	113-272.1
	. .	143-34.11 note		9	113-95 note, 113-95.2 note, 113-95.5 note, 113-95.6 note, 113-96.1 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note, 113-272.1 note
	1	143-34.11, 14-113.8, 14-113.9, 14-113.10, 14-113.11, 14-113.12, 14-113.13, 14-113.14, 14-113.15, 14-113.15 note, 14-113.16, 14-113.16 note, 14-113.17, 14-113.17 note	749	1-3	15A-1344
				4	15A-1345
				5-7	15A-1351
				8	15A-1355
742	1	146-17.1		9, 10	15A-1371
743	. .	160A-20		11	15A-1374
744	. .	Ch. 113A, Art. 7 note, 143-34.11 note, 143-34.12 note, 143-34.13 note	750	. .	143-34.11 note, 143-34.12 note
				1	143-34.11
				2	Ch. 93 note, 143-34.11
	1	Ch. 74, Art. 7 note, Ch. 76, Art. 6 note, Ch. 78A, Art. 5 note, Ch. 81A, Art. 5 note, Ch. 84, Art. 4 note, Ch. 85C note, Ch. 90A, Art. 2 note, Ch. 90A, Art. 3 note, Ch. 93 note, Ch. 95, Art. 5 note, Ch. 113A, Art. 4 note, Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Part 9 note,		3	93-1
				4	93-2
				5	93-4
				6-10	93-12
				11	93-12.1
			751	1	35-1.7
				2, 3	35-1.8
				4	35-1.10
				5	35-1.11
				6	35-1.12
				7	35-1.13
				8	35-1.14, 35-1.17
				9-13	35-1.15
	1	Ch. 143B, Art. 7, Part 8 note, 143-34.11, 143-34.12, 160A-460		14-17	35-1.16
				19	35-1.19
				20	35-1.31
				21, 22	35-1.32
	2	143-34.11, 143-34.12, 160A-465 Repealed		23	35-1.34
				24	35-1.35
	3	143-34.11, 143-34.12, Ch. 143B, Art. 9, Pt. 15 note		25	35-1.36
				26	35-1.38
				27	35-1.39
	4	143-34.12, 143-34.13		28	122-36
	5	143-34.16		29	35-1.1
	6	143-34.15		30	35-38 note
	7	143-34.19		31	35-1.9, 35-1.12, 35-1.15
	8	116-210, 116-211, Repealed		32, 33	35-2
				34	35-4
745	1	153A-139	752	1	143B-178
	2	160A-301		2	143B-179
746	. .	20-81.5	754	1	130-170.2
747	1	121-34 to 121-42			

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
755	1	58-364 to 58-372
	2-4	58-176, 58-176 note
	5-7	58-177, 58-177 note
	8	58-250, 58-250 note
	9-12	58-251.1, 58-251.1 note
	13	58-251.2, 58-251.2 note
	14	58-254.2, 58-254.2 note
	15	58-254.7, 58-254.7 note
	16	58-347, 58-347 note
	17	57-3, 57-3 note
	18	57B-8, 57B-8 note
	19	58-9
	20	57-3 note, 58-9 note, 58-176 note, 58-177 note, 58-250 note, 58-251.1 note, 58-251.2 note, 58-254.2 note, 58-254.7 note, 58-347 note, 58-360 note
757	. .	11-7.1
758	1	15A-1353
	2	15A-1431
759	1	143-49
760	1	14-1.1, 14-2, 14-2 note
	2	15A-1340.1 to 15A-1340.7
	3	15A-1021, 15A-1021 note, 15A-1414, 15A-1414 note, 15A-1442, 15A-1442 note, 15A-1444, 15A-1444 note,
	4	14-2.1, 14-2.1 note, 14-7.1 note, 14-7.1 to 14-7.6 Repealed, 14-263 Repealed, 15A-1351, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1354, 15A-1354 note, 15A-1355, 15A-1355 note, 15A-1370.1, 15A-1380.1, 15A-1380.2, 148-13, 148-13 note, 162-46 note
	5	14-3, 14-3 note, 14-6 note, 14-7, 14-7 note, 14-8, 14-8 note, 14-9, 14-9 note, 14-12, 14-12 note, 14-12.1, 14-12.1 note, 14-12.15, 14-12.15 note, 14-13, 14-13
760	5	note, 14-14, 14-14 note, 14-17, 14-17 note, 14-18, 14-18 note, 14-19 Repealed, 14-20, 14-20 note, 14-21 to 14-27, 14-28, 14-28 note, 14-29, 14-29 note, 14-30, 14-30 note, 14-30.1, 14-30.1 note, 14-31, 14-31 note, 14-32, 14-32 note, 14-34.1, 14-34.1 note, 14-34.2, 14-34.2 note, 14-39, 14-39 note, 14-41, 14-41 note, 14-42, 14-42 note, 14-43, 14-43 note, 14-44, 14-44 note, 14-45, 14-45 note, 14-46, 14-46 note, 14-49, 14-49 note, 14-49.1, 14-49.1 note, 14-50, 14-50 note, 14-52, 14-52 note, 14-53, 14-53 note, 14-54, 14-54 note, 14-55, 14-55 note, 14-56, 14-56 note, 14-56.1, 14-56.1 note, 14-56.3, 14-56.3 note, 14-57, 14-57 note, 14-58, 14-58 note, 14-58.2, 14-58.2 note, 14-59, 14-59 note, 14-60, 14-60 note, 14-61, 14-61 note, 14-62, 14-62 note, 14-62.1, 14-62.1 note, 14-63, 14-63 note, 14-64, 14-64 note, 14-65, 14-65 note, 14-66, 14-66 note, 14-67, 14-67 note, 14-67.1, 14-67.1 note, 14-72, 14-72 note, 14-72.2, 14-72.2 note, 14-74, 14.74 note, 14-75.1, 14-75.1 note, 14-79, 14-79 note, 14-87, 14-87 note, 14-87.1, 14-88, 14-88 note, 14-89, 14-89 note, 14-89.1, 14-89.1 note, 14-90, 14-90 note, 14-91, 14-91 note, 14-92, 14-92 note, 14-94, 14-94 note, 14-95, 14-95 note,

1979

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
760	5	14-98, 14-98 note, 14-99, 14-99 note, 14-100, 14-100 note, 14-101, 14-101 note, 14-113.9, 14-113.9 note, 14-113.17, 14-113.17 note, 14-118.4, 14-118.4 note, 14-119, 14-119 note, 14-120, 14-120 note, 14-121, 14-121 note, 14-122, 14-122 note, 14-123, 14-123 note, 14-124, 14-124 note 14-136, 14-136 note, 14-141, 14-141 note, 14-163, 14-163 note, 14-177, 14-177 note, 14-178, 14-178 note, 14-183, 14-183 note, 14-190.8, 14-190.8 note, 14-202.1, 14-202.1 note, 14-209, 14-209 note, 14-211, 14-211 note, 14-212, 14-212 note, 14-214, 14-214 note, 14-217, 14-217 note, 14-218, 14-218 note, 14-219, 14-219 note, 14-220, 14-220 note, 14-221, 14-221 note, 14-221.1, 14-221.1 note, 14-233, 14-233 note, 14-254, 14-254 note, 14-258, 14-258 note, 14-258.1, 14-258.1 note, 14-258.2, 14-258.2 note, 14-258.3, 14-258.3 note, 14-259, 14-259 note, 14-278, 14-278 note, 14-288.2, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.6, 14-288.6 note, 14-288.9, 14-288.9 note, 14-320.1, 14-320.1 note, 14-322.1, 14-322.1 note, 14-329, 14-329 note, 14-373, 14-373 note, 14-374, 14-374 note, 14-377, 14-377 note, 14-398, 14-398 note, 14-401.11, 14-401.11 note, 14-415.1, 14-415.1 note, 18A-56, 20-106,
760	5	20-106 note, 20-109, 20-109 note, 20-177, 20-177 note, 20-182, 20-182 note, 53-129, 90-95, 90-95 note, 90-95.1, 90-95.1 note, 90-98, 90-98 note, 90-108, 90-108 note, 130-69, 130-69 note, 148-45, 148-45 note, 148-46.1, 148-46.1 note
	6	14-1.1 note, 14-2 note, 14-2.1 note, 14-3 note, 14-6 note, 14-7 note, 14-7.1 note, 14-8 note, 14-9 note, 14-12 note, 14-12.1 note, 14-12.15 note, 14-13 note, 14-14 note, 14-17 note, 14-18 note, 14-19 note, 14-20 note, 14-21 to 14-27 note, 14-28 note, 14-29 note, 14-30 note, 14-30.1 note, 14-31 note, 14-32 note, 14-34.1 note, 14-34.2 note, 14-39 note, 14-41 note, 14-42 note, 14-43 note, 14-44 note, 14-45 note, 14-46 note, 14-49 note, 14-49.1 note, 14-50 note, 14-52 note, 14-53 note, 14-54 note, 14-55 note, 14-56 note, 14-56.1 note, 14-56.3 note, 14-57 note, 14-58 note, 14-58.2 note, 14-59 note, 14-60 note, 14-61 note, 14-62 note, 14-62.1 note, 14-63 note, 14-64 note, 14-65 note, 14-66 note, 14-67 note, 14-67.1 note, 14-72 note, 14-72.2 note, 14-74 note, 14-75.1 note, 14-79 note, 14-87 note, 14-87.1 note, 14-88 note, 14-89 note, 14-89.1 note, 14-90 note, 14-91 note, 14-92 note, 14-94 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
760	6	14-95 note, 14-98 note, 14-99 note, 14-100 note, 14-101 note, 14-113.9 note, 14-113.17 note, 14-118.4 note, 14-119 note, 14-120 note 14-121 note, 14-122 note, 14-123 note, 14-124 note, 14-136 note, 14-141 note, 14-150 note, 14-163 note, 14-177 note, 14-178 note, 14-183 note, 14-190.8 note, 14-202.1 note, 14-209 note, 14-211 note, 14-212 note, 14-214 note, 14-217 note, 14-218 note, 14-219 note, 14-220 note, 14-221 note, 14-221.1 note, 14-233 note, 14-254 note, 14-258 note, 14-258.1 note, 14-258.2 note, 14-258.3 note, 14-259 note, 14-278 note, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.6 note, 14-288.9 note, 14-320.1 note, 14-322.1 note, 14-329 note, 14-373 note, 14-374 note, 14-377 note, 14-398 note, 14-401.11 note, 14-415.1 note, 15A-1340.1 note, 20-106 note, 20-109 note, 20-177 note, 20-182 note, 90-95 note, 90-95.1 note, 90-98 note, 90-108 note, 148-13 note, 148-45 note, 148-46.1 note, 130-69 note, 162-46 note
761	1-7	75A-5
	8	75A-18
	9	75A-5 note
762	1	28A-25-6
	2	111-18.1
	3	111-18.1 note
763	1	17C-1 — 17C-12
	2	17D-1 — 17D-4
764	1, 2	113-99.1
765	. .	20-130.2
766	1	163-41
	2	163-67
767	1	14-56.1
	2	14-56.3
768	. .	101-8
769	. .	113-84
770	. .	15A-922
771	1, 2	90-123
	3	90-122
772	. .	36A-53
773	1	58-3.2
	2	58-188.9
	3	58-3.2 note, 58-188.9 note
775	. .	158-13
776	1	105-130.10A
	2	105-147
	3	105-130.10A note
777	. .	58-79
778	1	143-134.1
	2	143-34.1 note
779	. .	14-320
780	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	95-37 to 95-47 rewritten as 95-47.1 to 95-47.13, 95-47.1 to 95-47.13, 95-37 to 95-47 note, 95-47.1 note
	2	95-47.19 to 95-47.32
	3	143-34.11
	4	95-47.1 note, 95-47.19 note
781	. .	90-101
782	. .	163-41
783	. .	143B-147
784	. .	31-25.1
785	. .	163-128
786	2	136-13.2
787	1, 2	15A-1352
788	1	166.39 to 166.56
	2	130-158 Repealed, 130-159 Repealed, 130-160, 130-161 to 130-166 Repealed
	3	130-30, 130-31, 130-32, 130-33 Repealed, 130-34 Repealed, 130-35 Repealed
	4	130-157 transferred to 130-9.6
	5	130-205
789	1	160A-241
	2	153A-149
790	. .	20-97, 20-97 note
791	. .	159-81
792	. .	62-300
793	. .	115-163 L.M.
794	. .	152-1 L.M.
796	. .	62-330

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
797	1, 2	163-72
	3	163-251
	4	163-255
	5	163-108
	6	163-137
798	1	54A-1
	2	54A-13
	3-6	54A-13 note
799	1-3	163-227.2
	4	163-226.3
	5	163-231
	6	163-226.3 note
800	. .	163-213.8
801	. .	20-7 note
	2	7A-311
	3	15A-1343
	4	18A-15
	5, 6	20-7
	7	20-42
	8	20-74
	9	20-84
	10	20-84.1
	11	20-85
	12	20-94
	13	28A-21-2
	14	54-1
	15	54-18.6, 54-18.6 note
	16	105-2
	17-19	105-3
	20, 21	105-4
	22	105-14
	23	105-22
	24	105-23
	25-27	105-37
	28	105-113.83, 105-113.83 note
	29	105-113.84, 105-113.84 note
	30	105-113.86
	31	105-113.95
	32	105-130.5
	33	105-130.7
	34	105-130.25
		105-130.25 note
	35	105-130.26, 105-130.26 note
	36	105-135
	37-39	105-141
	40	105-144.5, 105-144.5 note
	41-47	105-147
	48-66	105-149
	67	105-151.4, 105-151.4 note
	68	105-1515, 105-151.5 note
	69	105-159.1
	70	105-163.1
	71	105-163.16
	72	105-164.3
801	73	105-164.4
	74, 75	105-164. 13
	76	105-164.13A, 105-164.13A note
	76.1	105-164.14 note
	77	105-164.14
	78	105-164.14 note
	79-82	105-164.14
	83	105-164.16
	84, 85	105-199
	86, 87	105-212
	88	105-228.23
	89	105-228.24
	90	105-266
	91	105-266.1
	92	105-446.5
	93	105-449.24
	94	105A-1 to 105A-16, 105A-1 note
	95	121-5
	107	105-446.5 note
802	1	163-151
	2	163-169
	3	163-170
803	1, 2	105-130.22
	3, 4	105-151.1
804	. .	162A-6
805	. .	157-9
806	. .	163-299
807	. .	42-37.1 to 42-37.3
808	1	19A-45 — 19A-49
	2	19A-1
	3	19A-3
	4	19A-4
	5	6-18
809	1	54-109.27
	2	54-109.82
810	1	122-5.4
	2	122A-1 note, 122A-5.4 note
811	1	14-5.1
	2	14-5.1 note
814	. .	20-183.7 note
815	1	7A-277 to 7A-289 7A-289.7, 7A-516, 7A-517, 7A-523, 7A-524, 7A-530 to 7A-536, 7A-542 to 7A-552, 7A-558 to 7A-565, 7A-571 to 7A-578, 7A-584 to 7A-588, 7A-594 to 7A-602, 7A-608 to 7A-612, 7A-618 to 7A-621, 7A-627 to 7A-640, 7A-646, 7A-647, 7A-648 to 7A-658, 7A-664 to 7A-669, 7A-675 to 7A-678, 7A-684 to

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
815	1	7A-711, 7A-717 to 7A-726, 7A-732
	2	110-22 Repealed, 110-23.1 Repealed, 110-24 Repealed, 110-58 to 110-64.9 Repealed, 110-115 to 110-123 Repealed
	3	134A-18 Repealed, 134A-19 Repealed, 134A-23 Repealed, 134A-24 Repealed, 134A-27 Repealed, 134A-28 Repealed, 134A-30 to 134A-33 Repealed
	4, 5	7A-516 note, 7A-523 note, 7A-530 note, 7A-542 note, 7A-558 note, 7A-571 note, 7A-584 note, 7A-594 note, 7A-608 note, 7A-618 note, 7A-627 note, 7A-646 note, 7A-664 note, 7A-675 note, 7A-684 note 7A-717 note, 7A-732 note
816	1	114-19.1
	2	114-19.1 note
817	. .	156-79 L.M.
818	1	74B-1 to 74B-16 Repealed, 74C-2
	2	74C-1, 74C-3 to 74C-20
	3	74C-1 note, 74C-10 note, 74C-13 note
819	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	89C-4
	2	89C-5
	3, 4	89C-17
	5	89C-25.1, 89C-25.2
	6	89C-4 note
	7	143-34.11
820	1-6	42-34
	7	42-32
	8	42-44
	9	7A-227
	10	1A-1 Rule 62
821	. .	115-35.1
823	. .	18A-16 L.M.
824	1	58-124.19
	2	58-124.20
	3	58-124.21
	4	58-124.22
	5	58-124.26
	6	124.29, 124.30
	7	58-30.4
	8	58-27.2 note, 58-30.4 note, 58-124.17 note,
824	8	58-125 to 58-131.9 note, 58-131.10 to 58-131.25 note, 58-131.26 to 58-131.33 note, 58-131.34 note, 58-176 note, 58-248.26 note, 58-248.29 note, 58-248.30 note, 58-248.32 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-248.35 note, 58-248.37 note, 97-100 note, 97-102 to 97-104.6 note
	9-11	58-30.4 note, 58-124.19 note, 58-124.20 note, 58-124.21 note, 58-124.22 note, 58-124.26 note, 58-124.29 note, 58-124.30 note
826	. .	135-4
828	. .	115-73.11
829	. .	143-151.13
830	1	113-78 Repealed, 113-81.4 to 113-81.13 Repealed, 113-82 Repealed, 113-83 Repealed, 113-84 to 113-95.6 Repealed, 113-96 to 113-99 Repealed, 113-100 to 113-109 Repealed, 113-109.6 to 113-109.8 Repealed, 113-110.1 to 113-112 Repealed, 113-113 Repealed, 113-113.6 to 113-113.14 Repealed, 113-113.20 to 113-113.23 Repealed, 113-114 to 113-120 Repealed, 113-120.1 to 113-120.4 transferred to 14-159.6 to 14-159.9, 113-120.5 Repealed, 113-120.6 Repealed, 113-120.7 Repealed, 113-121 to 113-126.1 Repealed, 113-128, 113-128 note, 113-129, 113-130, 113-132, 113-133.1, 113-134.1, 113-135 to 113-137,

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
830	1	113-139 Repealed, 113-261, 113-262, 113-264, 113-267, 113-270.1 to 113-270.5, 113-271, 113-271 note, 113-272, 113-272 note, 113-272.1 Repealed, 113-272.2 to 113-277, 113-291, 113-291.1 to 113-294, 113-300.1 to 113-300.2, 113-301 Repealed, 113-301.1 to 113-302.1, 113-306, 113-307, 113-316, 113-317 Repealed, 113-318 to 113-320 Repealed, 113-321, 113-322 Repealed
	2	113-24 note, 113-78 note, 113-81.4 to 113-81.13 note, 113-82 note, 113-83 note, 113-84 note, 113-85 to 113-94 note, 113-95 note, 113-95.1 note, 113-95.3 to 113-95.4 note, 113-95.5 note, 113-95.6 note, 113-96 note, 113-96.1 note, 113-97 note, 113-98 note, 113-99 note, 113-100 note, 113-101 note, 113-102 note, 113-103 note, 113-103.1 note, 113-104 note, 113-105 to 113-105.3 note, 113-106 note, 113-107 note, 113-108 note, 113-109 note, 113-109.6 to 113-109.8 note, 113-110.1 note, 113-111 note, 113-112 note, 113-113 note, 113-113.6 to 113-113.14 note, 113-113.20 to 113-113.23 note, 113-114 to 113-120, 113-120.1 to 113-120.4 note, 113-120.5 note,
830	2	113-120.6 note, 113-120.7 note, 113-121 to 113-126.1 note, 113-139 note, 113-272.1 note, 113-301 note, 113-317 note, 113-321 note, 113-322 note
	3	160A-180 note, 160A-188
	4	66-58, 66-58 note
	5	113-24 Repealed
	6	113-39, 113-39 note
	7	143-246, 143-246 note
	8	143-254.1 Repealed
	9	75A-16 Repealed, 75A-18 note, 75A-18 note
	10	143-442, 143-442 note
	11	113-120.1 to 113-120.4 transferred to 14-159.6 to 14-159.9, 14-159.10 note
	12	15A-1343, 15A-1343 note
	13	103-2
	14	113-133.1
	15	106-549.94
	17	14-159.10 note, 75A-16 note, 106-549.94 note, 113-24 note, 113-78 note, 113-81.4 to 113-81.13 note, 113-82 note, 113-83 note, 113-84 note, 113-85 to 113-94 note, 113-95 note, 113-95.1 note, 113-95.2 note, 113-95.3 to 113-95.4 note, 113-95.5 note, 113-95.6 note, 113-96 note, 113-96.1 note, 113-97 note 113-98 note, 113-99 note, 113-100 note, 113-101 note, 113-102 note, 113-103 note, 113-103.1 note, 113-104 note, 113-105 to 113-105.3 note, 113-106 note, 113-107 note, 113-108 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
830	17	113-109 note, 113-109.6 to 113-109.8 note, 113-110.1 note, 113-111 note, 113-112 note, 113-113 note, 113-113.6 to 113-113.14 note, 113-113.20 to 113-113.23 note, 113-114 to 113-120 note, 113-120.1 to 113-120.5 note, 113-120.6 note, 113-120.7 note, 113-121 to 113-126.1 note, 113-129 note, 113-130 note, 113-135.1 note, 113-139 note, 113-270.2, 113-270.3 note, 113-270.4 note, 113-270.5 note, 113-271 note, 113-272.1 note, 113-291.1 note, 113-291.2 note 113-291.4 note, 113-301 note, 113-317 note, 113-321 note, 113-322 note
831	1	14-453 to 14-457
	2	14-453 note
832	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.5
	3-5	20-279.15
	6, 7	20-279.21
	8	20-279.25
	9, 10	20-280
	11	20-281
	12, 13	20-279.1 note, 20-279.5 note, 20-279.15 note, 20-279.21 note, 20-279.25 note, 20-280 note, 20-281 note
833	1	66-118 to 66-125
	2	66-118 note
834	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	87-16
	2, 3	87-17
	4-7	87-21
	8	87-22
	9	87-23
	10	87-27
	11	87-25.1, 87-27.1
	12	87-16 note
834	13	143-34.11
835	. .	66-41 to 66-49 rewritten as 66-49.24 to 66-49.50, 66-41 to 66-49 note, 66-49.24 note
836	. .	116-143.1
837	. .	14-107
838	17	138-7
	18	138-5
	22	143-27.2
	24	108-61.7
	25-27	143-127.1
	28	14-322.2 Repealed
	29	50-13.8
	35	143-31.3
	43	143B-173
	44	143B-174, 143B-174 note
	45	131-52 to 131-60 Repealed, 131-61 to 131-75 Repealed, 131-76 to 131-82 Repealed
	46	131-60.6, 131-60.6 note
	82	120-37
	84	7A-171.1
	85	7A-101
	92	120-3 note
	97	143-166
	98	135-14 note
	99	135-5
	100-102	143-166
	104	135-65
	105	143-166
	117, 118	7A-133
	119	7A-41
	122	7A-41 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-171.1 note, 108-61.7 note, 120-3 note, 120-37 note, 131-60.6 note, 135-5 note, 135-65 note, 138-5 note, 138-7 note, 143-27.2 note, 143-31.3 note, 143-127.1 note, 143-166 note, 143B-173 note 123 108-61.7 note, 143-27.2 note, 143-31.3 note
839	1	95-15 to 95-25 rewritten as 95-25.1 to 95-25.25, 95-25.1 to 95-25.25, 95-15 to 95-25 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
839	2	95-85 to 95-96 Repealed, 95-161 to 95-172 Repealed, 110-1 to 110-20 Repealed
843	1, 2	87-58
843	3, 4	87-64
844	. .	122A-8
846	1	105-277.1
	2	105-309
847	. .	115-166
848	. .	93D-11
849	1	24-10
850	. .	15A-502
856	. .	115-19 L.M.
861	1	121-7
	2	121-11
	3-5	121-12
	6	143B-62
862	1	135-5
	2	128-27
	3	126-16
	4, 5	135-5
	6, 7	128-27
	8	116-11
	9	126-16 note
863	. .	143-136
864	1	143-552, 143-553, 143-554, 143-555, 143-556, 143-557, 143-558, 143-559, 143-560, 143-561, 143-562
	2	115-142
	3	120-102
865	1	97-10.2
	2	97-10.2 note
866	1	128-26
	2	135-4
867	. .	135-4
868	1, 2	128-26
869	. .	143-166.2
870	. .	127A-40
871	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	83-1 to 83-13 rewritten as 83A-1 to 83A-17, 83A-1 to 83A-17, 83A-1 to 83A-17 note, 83A-1 note
	2	143-34.11
872	. .	143-34.11 note
	1	89A-3
	2, 3	89A-4
	4	89A-5
	5	89A-6
	6	143-34.11
	7	89A-3 to 89A-6 note, 143-34.11 note,
872	7	143-34.12 note
873	2	14-204.1
	3	14-204.1 note
874	1	115-147
	2	115-374
876	1	57A-1 to 57A-29 rewritten as 57B-1 to 57B-25, 57A-1 to 57A-29 note, 57B-1 note
	2	131-178
877	. .	143-295
878	2	7A-52
	3	7A-53
879	1	75-32 to 75-35
	2	75-32 note, 75-33 note, 75-34 note, 75-35 note
881	1	42-40, 58-9
	2	42-40, 58-9 note
882	. .	20-187.2
883	1	33-74
	2	33-69
884	1	7A-39.3
	2	7A-39.6
885	. .	115-183
886	. .	143-300.6
887	. .	20-130.1
888	1-3	65-53
	4	65-63
	5, 6	65-64
	7	65-66
	8	65-70
	9	65-60.1
	10	65-53 note, 65-60.1 note, 65-63 note, 65-64 note, 65-66 note, 65-70 note
889	. .	143-215.2
891	. .	133-1.1
892	1	105-130.23
	2	105-151.2
893	1	14-292
	2	14-292.1
	3	14-289
	4	14-290
	5	14-291
	6	14-291.1
	7	14-292.1 note
	8	14-292.1 note
	9	14-292.1 note
	10	18A-30
	11	18A-35
	12	14-292.1 note
894	1	141-7.1
	2	141-7.1 note
895	1, 2	14-402
	3, 4	14-409.1
	5	14-402 note, 14-409.1 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
896	1	115D-2, 115D-2 note
	2	115D-2.1
	3	115D-3, 115D-3 note
	4	115D-4, 115D-4 note
	5-7	115D-5, 115D-5 note
	8	115D-6, 115D-6 note
	9	115D-62
	12	115D-3 note
	13	115D-14, 115D-14 note, 115D-15, 115D-15 note, 115D-17, 115D-17 note, 115D-19, 115D-19 note, 115D-20, 115D-20 note, 115D-23, 115D-23 note, 115D-25, 115D-25 note, 115D-31, 115D-31 note, 115D-33, 115D-33 note, 115D-36, 115D-36 note, 115D-39, 115D-39 note, 115D-45, 115D-45 note, 115D-47, 115D-47 note, 115D-48, 115D-48 note, 115D-49, 115D-49 note, 115D-50, 115D-50 note, 115D-51, 115D-51 note, 115D-59, 115D-59 note, 115D-77, 115D-77 note, 115D-78, 115D-78 note, 115D-79, 115D-79 note, 115D-80, 115D-80 note, 116D-11, 116-11D note, 116D-15, 116-15D note
897	1	14-318.4
	2	14-318.4 note
898	1	143B-426.2 to 143B-426.7
	2	143B-426.3 note
899	1	7A-343.1
900	1	143B-426.8 to 143B-422.13
	3	143B-426.8 note
901	1, 2	143-340
902	. .	160A-475
903	1, 2	20-179
	3	20-179.2, 20-179.2 note
	4-6	20-19
	7, 8	20-140
	9, 10	20-26
	11	20-27
	12	20-23.2
	14	20-179.2 note
904	. .	143-34.11 note
	1-3	87-39
	4-7	87-43.1
	8-10	87-44
	11	87-47
	12	87-50 note
	13	87-50.1
	14	87-48
	15	143-34.11
905	. .	159-40
906	. .	145-10
907	. .	108-48
908	1	54-131
	2	54-134
	3	54-146
909	. .	14-344
910	. .	75-53
915	1	122-58.2
	2	122-58.1
	3	122-58.3
	4	122-58.4
	5	122-58.5
	6	122-58.6
	7	122-58.7
	8	122-58.8
	9	122-58.11
	10	122-58.19
	11	122-58.1
	12	122-58.24
	13	122-58.7
	15	122-58.8
	16	122-58.8
	17	122-58.11
	18	122-58.3
	19	122-58.9
	20	122-58.25, 122-58.26
	21, 22	122-58.14
	24	122-58.25 note, 122-58.26 note
917	4	20-63
920	1, 2	95-69.10
922	1	113A-61
	2	113A-54
925	. .	108-61.8
926	1	163-278.43
	2	163-278.34 note
927	. .	15A-1373
929	. .	143-214.3
	3	143-214.3
930	. .	143-340

1979			1979		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
931	. .	143-215.107	996	4	143B-184 note
932	9	120-74	1002	1	138-6
934	. .	143B-454.1	1005	1	90-270.4
935	. .	115-11		2	90-270.6
942	1	114-4.2D		3	90-270.16
	2	114-4.2D note		4	90-270.15
945	2	126-64 to 126-68	1008	. .	163-211
	3	126-64 note	1009	. .	105-212
946	1	115D-31	1010	. .	121-6
964	1	106-202.12 to	1016	1	143B-393
		106-202.19		2	143B-394.4,
	2	14-128.1 Repealed,			143B-394.5,
		14-129.1 Repealed			143B-394.6,
965	1	118-24.2			143B-394.7,
	3	118-24.2			143B-394.8,
967	. .	50-13.2			143B-394.9
969	. .	24-10		4	143B-394.4 note
970	. .	20-7.1	1017	1	90-76 Repealed,
971	1	115-146.1			90-76.1 to 90-76.6
	2	143-300.13,		2	90-76.1 note
		143-300.14,	1018	1, 2,	15A-701
		143-300.15,		2A	
		143-300.16,	1026	1	106-21.1
		143-300.17,		2	106-21.1 note
		143-300.18	1027	. .	55A-15
	3	143-300.12 note	1030	2	120-30.11 note,
	4	115-146.1 note			120-30.17 note,
972	1	135-1			120-30.24 note,
	2	135-3			150A-2 note,
	3	135-4			150A-12 note,
	4	135-5			150A-58 note
	5	135-33		3	120-30.26
	6	135-34	1044	1-4	108-104
	7	135-36		5	108-106.2
973	1	143B-163	1046	1	143-215.70,
	2	143B-164			143-215.71,
974	. .	128-27			143-215.72,
975	. .	135-5			143-215.73
976	1, 2	143-166		2	139-54
977	1	143B-162		3	143-215.70
	2	143B-162,	1050	1	138-6
		143B-162 note	1053	1	143-291
978	1	143-126.1		2	143-300.7
	2	143-126.1 note		3	143-300.7 note
979	1	58-21.2	1054	1	143B-342
	2, 3	58-21.2 note		2	143B-343
980	. .	8-37		3	143B-344
981	1	113A-202, 113A-203		4	143B-344.1
	2	14-284.2		5	143B-344.2
	3-5	143-215.77		6	143B-342 note
983	1	143B-181.3,	1057	1, 2	135-14
		143B-181.4	1058	1-6	143-166.01
	2	143B-181.3 note		7	143-166.01 note
985	. .	7A-312	1059	1	128-26
986	1	115-142.4	1063	1	128-27 note
	3	115-142.4 note		2	128-27
991	. .	7A-171.1	1065	1	14-399
996	1	143B-185	1067	1	120-57
	2	130-186.9	1069	1.1	115-198.2
	4	130-186.9 note,		2	115-198.2 note

Ch.	Sec.	1979 General Statutes
1072	1	7A-41
	2	7A-133
	3	7A-133, 7A-133 note
	4	7A-133 note
	5	7A-102 note
	6	7A-60 note
	7	7A-141 note
	8	7A-69 note
	10	7A-355, 7A-356
	12	7A-355 note
1073	1-3	163-278.6
	4, 5	163-278.7
	6	163-278.9A
	7	163-278.19A
	8	163-278.13
	9	163-278.17
	10	163-278.20
	11	163-278.38
	12, 13	163-278.23
	14	163-278.24
	15	163-278.27
	16	163-278.7
	17	163-278.23
	18	163-278.7, 163-278.22
	19	163-278.6, 163-278.14, 163-278.16, 163-278.20, 163-278.27, 163-278.34
	20	163-278.6, 163-278.7, 163-278.10 to 163-278.13, 163-278.16
	21	163-278.6 note,
1073	21	163-278.7 note, 163-278.8 note, 163-278.9A note, 163-278.10 note, 163-278.11 note, 163-278.12 note, 163-278.13 note, 163-278.14 note, 163-278.16 note, 163-278.17 note, 163-278.19A note, 163-278.20 note, 163-278.22 note, 163-278.23 note, 163-278.24 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.34 note, 163-278.38 note
1074	1	115-53.1
	2	153A-248
1075	1	164-25
	2	164-26
	3	164-27
	4	164-28
	5	164-29
	6	164-30
	7	164-31
	8	164-32
	9	164-33
	10	164-34
	12	164-25 note
1076	1	18A-27
1077	1	7A-506 to 7A-510
	3	7A-506 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1979, 2ND SESSION

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1079	1	130-152.2
	2	130-154
1080	1	5A-21
	2-4	5A-23
	5	7A-103
	6	7A-292
1081	. .	143-129
1082	1, 2	115-39
1083	1, 2	58-59
1084	. .	105-164.29
1085	1	105-242
	2	105-368
1086	1	105-449.10
	2	105-449.42, 105-449.45
1087	1, 2	93-12
	3	143-34.12
1088	1	48-6
1088	2	7A-289.32
1089	. .	20-139.1
1090	. .	14-309.1
1092	. .	105-275
1094	1	143B-139.3
	2	153A-259
	3	153A-445
	4, 5	160A-497
	6	143B-139.3 note, 153A-259 note, 153A-445 note, 160A-497 note
1097	. .	143-34.12
1098	. .	105-449.39
1099	1	105-164.13
1100	1	105-164.6, 105-164.6 note
	2	105-468,

1979, 2nd Sess.			1979, 2nd Sess.		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1100	2	105-468 note	1137	46	160A-486
1101	. .	105-164.13A		48	105-213
1105	. .	118-1 L.M.		49	105-472
1106	. .	118-7 L.M.		50	136-41.1
1108	1, 2	157-39.1		51	105-113.86
	3	157-39.4		53	53-96
		1109		62	143-28.1
	. .	105-141		63, 64	135-5
1110	. .	105-313 L.M.		65	143-166
1113	. .	160A-487 L.M.		66	135-5
1119	. .	20-219.2		67	135-14 note
1120	. .	160A-266 L.M.		68	143-166
1126	. .	18A-16 L.M.		69	135-65
1130	1	115D-2, 115D-3 to		72	143-166
		115D-6, 115D-14,		77	7A-44 note, 7A-101
		115D-15, 115D-17,			note, 7A-171.1 note,
		115D-19, 115D-20,			53-96 note,
		115D-23, 115D-25,			105-113.86 note,
		115D-31, 115D-33,			105-213 note,
		115D-36, 115D-39,			105-472 note,
		115D-45, 115D-47			115-142.01 note,
		115D-51, 115D-59,			138-5 note, 138-6
		115D-77 to 115D-80			note, 138-8 note,
	2	115D-3			143-1 note, 143-2
	3	143B-6			note, 143-3.1 note,
	4	115-235.9			143-3.2 note, 143-3.5
	5	115D-2.1			note, 143-4 note,
1131	1	105-214			143-11.1 note, 143-19
1135	1-6	153A-299.1 to			note,
		153A-299.6			143-19 note, 143-20
	7	153A-299.1 note			note, 143-28 note,
1137	9	120-3 note			143-28.1 note,
	9.1	120-3			143-31.1 note,
	11	7A-171.1			143-34.1 note,
	12	7A-101			143-34.2 note,
	25	143-4			143-166 note,
	26	138-6			143-341 note,
	27	138-8			143-344 note,
	28	7A-44			143B-14 note, 147-11
	29	138-5			note, 147-33 note,
	29.1	143-4			150A-11 note,
	30	120-3.1			160A-486 note
	31	147-11		79	115-142.01 note,
	32	147-33			143-3.5 note,
	35	115-142.01			143-28.1 note
	37	143-1, 143-2, 143-3.1,	1139	. .	160A-209 L.M.
		143-3.2, 143-4,	1144	. .	118-1 L.M.
		143-11.1,	1147	1, 2	54-18.3
		143-19,		3	54-33.3
		143-20, 143-28,		4	54-21.2
		143-31.1, 143-34.2		5	54-21.5
	38	143-341	1148	1	78A-28
	39	143-344		2	78A-36
	40	126-5		3	78A-50
	41	143-3.5	1152	. .	20-97
	41.1	150A-11	1153	1	20-97
	41.2	143B-14		2	20-97 note
	43	143-27.1 Repealed	1155	1	20-97
	44	143-34.1		2	20-97 note
	45	143-34.2	1156	. .	115-185

1979, 2nd Sess.		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1157	1	24-1
	2, 3	24-12
	4	24-13
	5, 6	24-14
	7	24-15 Repealed
1158	1	143-215.3
	2	143-211
	3	143-215.3
	4	143-215.3
	5, 6	143B-283
1159	. .	58-173.27
1160	. .	20-16.2
1161	1	57-30 to 57-38
	2	58-370
	3	58-371
1163	. .	152-1 L.M.
1164	. .	143-129 L.M.
1167	. .	69-25.10 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
1168	. .	15A-402 L.M., 160A-286 L.M.
1169	. .	160A-399.6 L.M.
1170	. .	1-596 L.M.
1173	1, 2	143-34.12, 143-34.13
1174	. .	18A-51
1175	. .	105-164.6
1176	. .	90-270.11
1178	1	113-270.2
	2	113-270.3
	3	113-271
	4	113-272
	5	113-270.3, 113-271, 113-272
1179	1	105-163.05
	2	105-163.05 note
1180	1	20-39
	2	20-128.2
	3	20-183.3
	4	20-183.8
	5, 6	20-183.7
	7.1	20-39 note, 20-128.2 note, 20-183.3 note, 20-183.7, 20-183.8 note
	8	20-128.2 note
1181	. .	164-33, 164-34
1182	. .	45-80
1183	1	105-4
1184	1, 2	17C-6
	3	8-50.2
	4	8-50.2 note
1185	1	47-108.11
1187	1	105-436.1
	2	105-446.3:1
	3	105-449.16
	4, 5	105-449.24
	6	105-436.1, 105-446.3:1, 105-449.16, 105-449.24
1188	1	99B-10
	2	106-21.2
	3	106-141.1
1189	. .	20-97
1191	. .	20-81.4
1192	1	90-48.7 to 90-48.11
	2	90-48.7 note
1193	1	93A-32 to 93A-38
	2	93A-32 note
1195	1-5	90-22
	6	90-29.1
	7, 8	90-41
	9	90-43
	10	90-29
	11	90-29.5
	12	90-39
	13	90-47 Repealed
	14	90-223
	15	90-29
1196	1	135-5
	2	128-27
1198	. .	108-54
1199	. .	143-214.1
1200	. .	143-129 L.M.
1201	. .	160A-488
1206	1	7A-289.23
	2	7A-289.32, 9-6.1
	3	7A-451
	6	7A-289.23 note, 7A-289.32 note, 7A-451 note
1207	1	9-6
	2	9-6.1
	3	9-10
	4	9-6.1 note, 9-10 note
1209	1, 2	143-215.77
	3	143-215.77A
1210	1	114-4.2E
	2	114-4.2E note
1212	2	96-4
	10	62-333
	15	62-333 note, 96-4 note
1213	. .	128-27
1214	. .	143-166
1215	1	143-166
	2	143-166, 143-166 note
1216	. .	135-5
1217	. .	135-33
1219	1	62-3
	2	62-156
1221	1	7A-41
	2	7A-133
	3	7A-102 note
	4	7A-102 note
	5	7A-60 note

1979, 2nd Sess.			1979, 2nd Sess.		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1221	6	7A-508 note	1247	44	160A-550 to
1225	1-5	143-166			160A-559, 160-490 to
1227	. .	135-56.1			160-492 transferred
1234	1	7A-305			to 160A-560 to
	2	7A-305 note			160A-562, 160-494 to
1236	. .	115-151.16 to			160-496 transferred
		115-151.18			to 160A-563 to
1238	1	122A-3			160A-565 45
	2	122A-8			160-496.1 to
1240	. .	128-27			160-496.14
1241	. .	143B-223			transferred to
1242	. .	163-66			160A-575 to
1245	1	143B-173			160A-588
	2	143B-174	1248	. .	143-135
1246	1	28A-17-12	1250	1	120-111.1 to
1247	1	160A-64			120-111.4
	2	160A-68	1251	1	14-17,
	3	160A-69			14-17 note
	4	160A-70		3	14-17 note
	5	160A-71		4-6	90-95
	6	160A-74		7	90-95, 90-95 note
	7	160A-75		8	90-95 note
	8, 9	160A-77		9	14-17 note,
	10	160A-79			90-95 note
	11	160A-102	1262	1-8	120-30.41 to
	12	160A-104			120-30.48
	13	160A-103	1265	1	105-130.27
	14	160A-104		2	105-151.6
	15	160A-103		3	105-130.27 note
	16	160A-155	1266	1-3	150A-63
	17	160A-158	1272	1	143-166.13 to
	18, 19	160A-162			143-166.19
	20	160A-193		2	20-185
	21	160A-209		3	114-13
	22	160A-210 Repealed		5	20-185 note,
	23	160A-248			114-13 note,
	24	160A-267			143-166.13 note
	25	160A-269	1276	. .	118-1 L.M.
	26	160A-272	1278	. .	7A-343.1
	27	160A-272.1	1279	1	20-309
	28	160A-282		2	20-311
	29	160A-312	1280	1	20-65 Repealed
	30	160A-349.3		2, 3	20-66
	31	160A-349.7	1282	. .	90-280
	32	160A-349.11	1283	1	7A-740 to 1316
	33	160A-349.14			7A-742, 7A-744
	34	160A-349.15		3	7A-740 note
	35	160A-361	1284	1	7A-465
	36	160A-364		2	7A-466
	37	160A-388	1285	1	113-129
	38	160A-445		2	113-133.1
	39	160A-458,		3	113-272.5
		160A-458.1		4-6	113-291.1
	40	Ch. 160A, Art. 19,		7	113-291.2
		Pt. 8		8	113-291.3
	41	160A-490		9	113-300.1
	42	160A-478		10	113-301.1
	43	160A-495		11	113-133.1
	44	160-475 to 160-484	1295	. .	115-1.1
		transferred to	1299	1	115-315.7 to

Ch.	Sec.	1979, 2nd Sess. General Statutes
1299	1	115-315.12 Repealed
	2	115-377
1301	1	105-141
1302	1, 2	54-152
	3	24-1.3 Repealed
1304	1	105-75 Repealed
	2	105-75.1
	3	105-75.1 note
1306	1	140-1 to 140-5.1 recodified as 140-5.12 to 140-5.17
	2	143B-61.1
	3	100-2 to 100-7
	4	100-2, 100-8
	5	143B-54 to 143B-57 Repealed
	6	143B-61.1 note
1307	. .	105-141 L.M.
1308	1	20-97
	2	20-97 note
1309	. .	162-42 L.M.
1310	1	143B-476
	2	166A-1, 166A-4 to 166A-7, 166A-9, 166A-10, 166A-12 to 166A-14
	3	113A-202 Repealed, 113A-203 Repealed
1311	1	116A-1 to 116A-11 Repealed, 116B-1 to 116B-49
	2	28A-22-9
	3	53-18
	4	53-20
	5	53-43.7
	6	55-130
	7	58-241.15
1312	1, 2	108-61.2
	3-5	108-61.4
1313	. .	15A-1002
1314	1	120-30.26
	2	120-30.27
	3	120-30.26 note
1315	. .	118-1 L.M.
1316	1	14-1.1, 14-1.1 note
	2	14-3, 14-3 note
	3	14-6 note
	4	14-27.2, 14-27.2 note
	5	14-27.3, 14-27.3 note
	6	14-27.4, 14-27.4 note
	7	14-27.5, 14-27.5 note
	8	14-27.6, 14-27.6 note
	9	14-27.7, 14-27.7 note
1316	10	14-56, 14-56 note
	11	14-72, 14-72 note
	12	14-87, 14-87 note
	13	14-168.1, 14-168.1 note
	14	14-221.2, 14-221.2 note
	15	14-225.2, 14-225.2 note
	16	14-282, 14-282 note
	17	14-284.2, 14-284.2 note
	18	14-318.4, 14-318.4 note
	19	14-454, 14-454 note
	20	14-455, 14-455 note
	21	14-457, 14-457 note
	22	20-30, 20-30 note
	23	21-42, 21-42 note
	24	108-48 note
	25	108-61.5 note
	26	108-61.6 note
	27, 28	163-275, 163-275 note
	29	105-113.61, 105-113.61 note
	30, 31	15A-1340.1
	32	15A-1340.2
	33	15A-1340.3
	34	15A-1340.5 transferred to 14-2.2, 14-2.2 note
	35	15A-1340.6 Repealed
	36-38	15A-1340.7
	39	15A-1345, 15A-1345 note
	40	15A-1354 note
	41	15A-1370.1
	42	15A-1371, 15A-1371 note
	43-46	148-13, 148-13 note
	47	14-1.1 note, 14-2 note, 14-2.1, 14-2.1 note, 14-3 note, 14-6 note, 14-7 note, 14-7.1 to 14-7.6 note, 14-8 note, 14-9 note, 14-12 note, 14-12.1 note, 14-12.15 note, 14-13 note, 14-14 note, 14-17 note, 14-18 note, 14-19 note, 14-20 note, 14-21 to 14-23 note, 14-26, 14-27 note, 14-28 note, 14-29 note, 14-30 note, 14-30.1 note, 14-31

Ch.	Sec.	1979, 2nd Sess. General Statutes
1316	47	note, 14-32 note, 14-34.1 note, 14-34.2 note, 14-39 note, 14-41 note, 14-42 note, 14-43 note, 14-44 note, 14-45 note, 14-46 note, 14-49 note, 14-49.1 note, 14-50 note, 14-52 note, 14-53 note, 14-54 note, 14-55 note, 14-56 note, 14-56.1 note, 14-56.3 note, 14-57 note, 14-58 note, 14-58.2 note, 14-59 note, 14-60 note, 14-61 note, 14-62 note, 14-62.1 note, 14-63 note, 14-64 note, 14-65 note, 14-66 note, 14-67 note, 14-67.1 note, 14-72 note, 14-72.2 note, 14-74 note, 14-75.1 note, 14-79 note, 14-87 note, 14-88 note, 14-89 note, 14-89.1 note, 14-90 note, 14-91 note, 14-92 note, 14-94 note, 14-95 note, 14-98 note, 14-99 note, 14-100 note, 14-101 note, 14-113.9 note, 14-113.17 note, 14-118.4 note, 14-119 note, 14-120 note, 14-121 note, 14-122 note, 14-123 note, 14-124 note, 14-136 note, 14-141 note, 14-150 note, 14-163 note, 14-177 note, 14-178 note, 14-183 note, 14-190.8 note, 14-202.1 note, 14-209 note, 14-211 note, 14-212 note, 14-214 note, 14-217 note, 14-218 note, 14-219 note, 14-220 note, 14-221 note, 14-221.1 note, 14-233 note, 14-254 note, 14-258 note, 14-258.1 note, 14-258.2 note, 14-258.3 note, 14-259 note, 14-263 note,
1316	47	14-278 note, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.6 note, 14-288.9 note, 14-320.1 note, 14-322.1 note, 14-329 note, 14-373 note, 14-374 note, 14-377 note, 14-398 note, 14-401.11 note, 14-415.1 note, 15A-1021 note, 15A-1340.1 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1354 note, 15A-1355 note, 15A-1370.1 note, 15A-1380.1 note, 15A-1414 note, 15A-1442 note, 15A-1444 note, 18A-56 note, 20-106 note, 20-109 note, 20-177 note, 20-182 note, 53-129 note, 90-95 note, 90-95.1 note, 90-98 note, 90-108 note, 148-13 note, 148-45 note, 148-46.1 note, 162-46 note
	48	15A-1340.5 note, 15A-1340.6 note
1317	. .	15A-701
1318	1	105-130.26
	2	105-151.5
1319	. .	153A-239 L.M., 153A-240 L.M.
	1	153A-238, 153A-239.1
	2	153A-239.1
	3	153A-238, 153A-239.1
1320	1, 2	58-41.1
1321	. .	160A-514 L.M.
1322	. .	14-404 L.M.
1323	. .	20-217
1324	2	113-133.1
1325	. .	163-162.1 note
1326	. .	9-10 note
1327	1	58-31.2
	2	58-31.2 note
1328	1	15A-1431
	2	7A-271
	3	7A-228
1329	1	18A-69
	2	105-113.72
	3	18A-69 note
1330	1, 2	25A-15
	3	24-11
1332	1, 2	143-300.1

SESSION LAWS 1981

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	. .	105-37.1
3	. .	105-248
4	1	105-213
	2	105-472
5	. .	105-56 Repealed
6	. .	105-87 Repealed
7	. .	105-48.1 Repealed
8	. .	17C-10
9	1, 2	9-6.1
10	. .	93-12
12	. .	50-10
13	. .	105-163.2
14	. .	105-164.13
15	. .	105-130.3
16	. .	105-53
17	. .	105-41
18	. .	105-54, 105-164.6
20	1, 2	130-153
21	1	157-33
	2	157-34
23	. .	160A-353 L.M.
28	. .	105-277.1 note
30	. .	20-218
32	1, 2	163-106
	3	163-294.2
33	1	163-59
	2	163-67
	3	163-69.1
	4	163-74
	5	163-288
	6	163-288.2
34	. .	143-129 L.M.
35	1	163-210
	2	163-188
36	. .	14-344
39	1	163-69
	2	163-69 note
41	. .	130-17 L.M.
42	. .	20-7
44	. .	130-90
45	1	105-36.1
	2, 3	105-37
46	1	105-142
	2	105-144
	3	105-142.1
	4	105-142 note
47	1	113A-153
	2	143-533
	3	143B-374
	4	143B-380
	5	143B-407
	6	143B-434
	7	115D-2.1 note, 143-533 note, 143B-434 note
	8	115D-2.1
48	. .	20-37.6A
50	1	143B-173
	2	143B-174
	3	131-2 Repealed, 131-3 Repealed
	5	7A-289.14
	6	134A-8
	7	143B-207 Repealed, 143B-208 Repealed
51	1	143B-147, 143B-148, 143B-149, 143B-150
	2	122-1.1A
	3	122-1.2, 122-3, 122-4, 122-7.1, 122-7.2, 122-12, 122-13, 122-16.1, 122-35.26, 122-35.36, 122-35.37, 122-35.39, 122-35.41, 122-35.43, 122-35.45, 122-35.49, 122-35.50, 122-35.51, 122-35.52, 122-35.53, 122-35.57, 122-39, 122-69, 122-70, 122-72
	4	122-35.36
	5	20-179.2
	6	148-19
	7	143B-210 to 143B-212 Repealed
	8	90-87
	9	90-87, 90-88, 90-89, 90-90, 90-91, 90-92, 90-93, 90-94, 90-100, 90-101, 90-103, 90-104, 90-106, 90-109, 90-113.2
	10	90-113.9
	11	90-113.14
	12	143-475.1
	13	143B-182, Repealed 143B-183, Repealed
	16	143B-138
	17	122-1.1 note
52	. .	122-35.40
53	1	153A-302, 160A-537
	2	153A-303, 153A-304,
	2	160A-538, 160A-539
	3	160A-538 note, 160A-539 note
54	1	105-277.1
	2, 3	105-282.1
	4-6	105-309
	7	105-282.1 note, 105-309 note
56	. .	105-130.17
59	. .	153A-241 L.M.
62	. .	14-271 L.M.
63	1	14-1.1 note, 14-2 note, 14-2.1 note, 14-3 note, 14-7 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
63	1	14-7.1 note, 14-8 note, 14-9 note, 14-12 note, 14-12.1 note, 14-12.15 note, 14-13 note, 14-14 note, 14-17 note, 14-18 note, 14-19 note, 14-20 note, 14-28 note, 14-29 note, 14-30 note, 14-30.1 note, 14-31 note, 14-32 note, 14-34.1 note, 14-34.2 note, 14-39 note, 14-41 note, 14-42 note, 14-43 note, 14-44 note, 14-45 note, 14-46 note, 14-49 note, 14-49.1 note, 14-50 note, 14-52 note, 14-53 note, 14-54 note, 14-55 note, 14-56 note, 14-56.1 note, 14-56.3 note, 14-57 note, 14-58 note, 14-58.2 note, 14-59 note, 14-60 note, 14-61 note, 14-62 note, 14-62.1 note, 14-63 note, 14-64 note, 14-65 note, 14-66 note, 14-67 note, 14-67.1 note, 14-72 note, 14-72.2 note, 14-74 note, 14-75.1 note, 14-79 note, 14-87 note, 14-88 note, 14-89 note, 14-89.1 note, 14-90 note, 14-91 note, 14-92 note, 14-94 note, 14-95 note, 14-98 note, 14-99 note, 14-100 note, 14-101 note, 14-113.9 note, 14-113.17 note, 14-118.4 note, 14-119 note, 14-120 note, 14-121 note, 14-122 note, 14-123 note, 14-124 note, 14-136 note, 14-141 note, 14-163 note, 14-177 note, 14-178 note, 14-183 note, 14-190.8 note, 14-202.1 note, 14-209 note, 14-211 note, 14-212 note,
63	1	14-214 note, 14-217 note, 14-218 note, 14-219 note, 14-220 note, 14-221 note, 14-221.1 note, 14-233 note, 14-254 note, 14-258 note, 14-258.1 note, 14-258.2 note, 14-258.3 note, 14-259 note, 14-278 note, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.6 note, 14-288.9 note, 14-320.1 note, 14-322.1 note, 14-329 note, 14-373 note, 14-374 note, 14-377 note, 14-398 note, 14-401.11 note, 14-415.1 note, 15A-1340.1, 15A-1340.1 note, 15A-1340.5 note, 15A-1340.5, 15A-1340.6, 15A-1340.5 note, 15A-1340.6 note, 15A-1371 note, 90-95 note, 90-95.1 note, 90-98 note, 90-108 note
64	. .	131A-3
65	. .	105-164.6
66	1	160A-209
	2	153A-149
67	. .	20-88
69	. .	29-14
71	. .	14-271 L.M.
72	. .	90-60
74	. .	20-97
75	1	90-87, 106-134.1
	4	143-129 L.M.
76	1	105-368
	2	105-368 note
77	. .	122-98.2
80	. .	105-141
	2.1	113A-100 to 113A-112, 113A-113, 113A-115 to 113A-118, 113A-119, 113A-120, 113A-121, 113A-122, 113A-123, 113A-124 to 113A-128
81	1	130-82.2, 130-82.2 note
83	1, 2	105-33
	3	105-37.1, 105-38, 105-39
	4, 5	105-41

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
83	6	105-42
	7	105-65.1
	8, 9	105-83
		Repealed
84	. .	163-35
85	1	Ch. 120, Art. 14A
	2	120-111.1
	3	120-111.2
	4	120-111.3
	5	120-111.4
86	1	105-275
	2	105-282.1
87	1	163-69
	2	163-69 note
88	. .	14-413 L.M.
89	. .	143-129 L.M.
90	1	143-392 to 143-395
		Repealed
	2	143B-359 Repealed
91	4	116-33.1 note
92	. .	1A-1, Rule 14
93	1	90-95.2,
		143B-480.1 note
	2	160A-288
96	1, 2	28A-14-1.1
97	1	42-23
	2	42-23 note
98	. .	20-143.1
99	. .	20-162 L.M.,
		20-162.1 L.M.
101	1	133-9
	2	133-10
	3, 4	133-10.1
	5	133-9 note, 133-10
		note, 133-10.1 note
102	1, 2	35-36
	3	35-37
	4	35-39
103	1, 2	14-234
	3	14-236
	4	14-237
	5	14-234
104	. .	130-16
105	1	105-449.2
	2	105-449.10
	3	105-449.21
	4	105-449.28
		Repealed
106	1, 2	14-27.2
	3, 4	14-27.4
108	. .	20-296
111	. .	118-1 L.M.
112	. .	153A-240
115	. .	160A-277 L.M.
116	. .	143-129 L.M.
117	1	14-284 L.M.
	2	14-410 L.M.,
		14-413 L.M.
124	. .	163-171
129	. .	20-97
130	1	130-3
130	2	130-17
	3	130-23.1 to 130-23.4
		Repealed
131	. .	111-15
134	. .	130A-57 L.M.
	1	153A-15
	2	153A-15 L.M.
		153A-158 L.M.
135	. .	103-4
137	. .	160A-266 L.M.
138	1	47-30, 47-32,
		47-32.2
	2	47-30 note, 47-32
		note, 47-32.2 note
140	1	47-30, 47-32,
		47-32.2
	2	47-30 note, 47-32
		note, 47-32.2 note
142	1	7A-180
145	1	20-26
	2	20-27
146	1	14-122.1
	2	14-122.1 note
148	1	74C-4
	2	74C-4 note
152	. .	163-174
153	. .	163-173
154	. .	163-33.1
155	1	163-232
	2	163-251
	3	163-227
157	1	115D-45 to 115D-53
		Recodified,
		115D-54 to
		115D-58.12
	2	115D-31
	3	115D-32
	4	115D-39
	5	115D-26
160	1	96-4
	2	96-5
	3-12	96-8
	13-15	96-9
	16	96-10
	17-23	96-12
	24, 25	96-13
	26	96-14
	27-32	96-15
	33	96-18
161	. .	75A-5
162	. .	75A-7
164	1	10-12
	2	10-16.1
	3, 4	10-12, 10-16.1 note
166	. .	153-295
169	1	20-116
174	. .	160A-266 L.M.
176	. .	160A-266 L.M.
179	1-5	15A-1340.4
	6	15A-1414

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
179	7	15A-1415
	8, 9	15A-1444
	10	14-7.1 note
	11	14-7.2
	12	14-7.4
	13	14-7.6
	14	14-1.1 note, 14-2 note, 14-2.1 note, 14-3 note, 14-7 note, 14-8 note, 14-9 note, 14-12 note, 14-12.1 note, 14-12.15 note, 14-13 note, 14-14 note, 14-17 note, 14-18 note, 14-19 note, 14-20 note, 14-28 note, 14-29 note, 14-30 note, 14-30.1 note, 14-31 note, 14-32 note, 14-34.1 note, 14-34.2 note, 14-39 note, 14-41 note, 14-42 note, 14-43 note, 14-44 note, 14-45 note, 14-46 note, 14-49 note, 14-49.1 note, 14-50 note, 14-52 note, 14-53 note, 14-54 note, 14-55 note, 14-56 note, 14-56.1 note, 14-56.3 note, 14-57 note, 14-58 note, 14-58.2 note, 14-59 note, 14-60 note, 14-61 note, 14-62 note, 14-62.1 note, 14-63 note, 14-64 note, 14-65 note, 14-66 note, 14-67 note, 14-67.1 note, 14-72 note, 14-72.2 note, 14-74 note, 14-75.1 note, 14-79 note, 14-87 note, 14-88 note, 14-89 note, 14-89.1 note, 14-90 note, 14-91 note, 14-92 note, 14-94 note, 14-95 note, 14-98 note, 14-99 note, 14-100 note, 14-101 note, 14-113.9 note, 14-113.17 note, 14-118.4 note, 14-119 note, 14-120 note, 14-121 note, 14-122 note, 14-123 note,
179	14	14-124 note, 14-136 note, 14-141 note, 14-163 note, 14-177 note, 14-178 note, 14-183 note, 14-190.8 note, 14-202.1 note, 14-209 note, 14-211 note, 14-212 note, 14-214 note, 14-217 note, 14-218 note, 14-219 note, 14-220 note, 14-221 note, 14-221.1 note, 14-233 note, 14-254 note, 14-258 note, 14-258.1 note, 14-258.2 note, 14-258.3 note, 14-259 note, 14-278 note, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.6 note, 14-288.9 note, 14-320.1 note, 14-322.1 note, 14-329 note, 14-373 note, 14-374 note, 14-377 note, 14-398 note, 14-401.11 note, 14-415.1 note, 15A-1340.1, 15A-1340.1 note, 15A-1340.5, 15A-1340.5 note, 15A-1340.6 note, 15A-1371, 90-95 note, 90-95.1 note, 90-98 note, 90-108 note
180	. .	14-33
181	1	106-568.2, 106-568.8
182	. .	50-6
183	1	45-20.1
	2	45-20.2 Repealed
	3	45-20.1 note, 45-20.2 note
184	. .	163-57
185	. .	162A-35
186	1	130-126
	2	130-127
	3	130-145
	4	130-147
	5	130-148
	6	130-149
	7	130-156.2
187	1	130-46
	2-4	130-197
	5, 6	130-199
	7	130-200
	8	130-202
188	1, 2	130-211
189	1	131-4

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
189	2	131-5
	3	131-7
	4	131-39
190	. .	50-11
191	1	47-71.1
	2	47-71.1 note
193	1	62-67 Repealed
	2	62-79
	3	62-81
	4	62-262
196	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
197	. .	130-275
199	. .	162-3 L.M., 162-5 L.M.
200	1, 2	136-28.1
201	. .	130-126.1
203	1	14-419
	2	14-420
204	. .	163-128 L.M.
207	. .	105-164.13
209	. .	118-1 L.M.
210	. .	20-97
215	. .	121-8
216	1	106-557
	2	106-559.1
	3	106-563.1
	4	106-567.1
217	. .	69-25.4
218	. .	9-113.3
219	1-3	163-96
	4	163-74
220	1, 2	163-110
221	. .	163-35
222	. .	163-72
224	. .	105-317
225	. .	163-278.13
226	. .	130-166.54
227	. .	20-64
228	. .	20-97
229	. .	53A-6
230	. .	89C-14
238	. .	130-14
239	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
240	. .	20-81
242	1	97-86.2
	2	97-86.2 note
243	. .	131-126.38B
245	1	146-24
	2	136-107
247	1	Ch. 113A, Art. 4 note, 143-34.12 note
248	1, 2	143B-299
	3	143-34.12 note
249	2	113-133.1
250	2	113-133.1
251	1	139-41.1
	2	153A-440.1
252	1	113-140
	2	113-140 note
256	. .	153A-139 note
260	. .	148-52.1
267	. .	8-59
268	1	14-249 Repealed
	2	143-60
270	. .	130-130 L.M., 130A-57 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-266 L.M.
	1, 2	153A-15
274	. .	50-16.1
275	1	108-7 to 108-24.1 Repealed, 108-38 to 108-54.1 Repealed, 108-56 to 108-61 Repealed, 108-61.8 to 108-66 Repealed, 108-75.1 to 108-75.25 Recodified, 108-102 to 108-110 Repealed, 108A-1 to 108A-18, 108A-24 to 108A-64, 108A-71 to 108A-73, 108A-79 to 108A-80, 108A-86 to 108A-92, 108A-99 to 108A-111
	2	108-76 to 108-78 Recodified as 131D-1 to 131D-5, 131D-1, 131D-2, 131D-5, 131D-11 to 131D-13, 108-79 to 108-81 Recodified as 131D-11 to 131D-13
	3	108-116 to 108-123 Recodified as 143B-344.3 to 143B-344.10, 143B-344.3, 143B-344.4, 143B-344.5, 143B-344.6, 143B-344.7, 143B-344.8, 143B-344.9, 143B-344.10
	4	48-39 to 48-39.2 Repealed
	5	143B-153
	6	48-38
	7	110-136.1
	8	110-132
	9	48-38 note, 108-7 to 108-24.1 note, 108-38 to 108-54.1 note, 108-56 to 108-61 note, 108-61.2 to 108-66 note, 108-75.1 to 108-75.81 note, 108-102 to 108-110

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
275	9	note, 108-116 to 108-123 note, 108A-1 note, 131D-1 note, 131D-19 note
	10	108-7 to 108-24.1 note, 108-38 to 108-54.1 note, 108-56 to 108-61 note, 108-61.2 to 108-66 note, 108-75.1 to 108-75.81 note, 108-102 to 108-110 note, 108-116 to 108-123 note, 108A-1 note, 131D-1 note, 131D-11 note
	11	108A-1 note, 110-136.1 note
276	1	97-30, 97-38, 97-61.5, 97-61.6
	2	97-29
278	1	143-177.3
	2	143B-335
279	. .	14-269.1 note
281	. .	130-17
282	1	54-1 to 54-44.14 Repealed
	2	54A-1 to 54A-27 Repealed
	3	24-1.4, 54B-1 to 54B-25, 54B-30 to 54B-43, 54B-52 to 54B-77, 54B-100 to 54B-109, 54B-121 to 54B-136, 54B-150 to 54B-167, 54B-180 to 54B-195, 54B-197, 54B-210, 54B-211, 54B-216, 54B-221 to 54B-228, 54B-236 to 54B-249, 54B-261, 54B-262
283	. .	130-130 L.M., 130A-57 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-266 L.M.
	1-3	153A-15
284	1	106-81 to 106-92 Repealed, 106-159 to 106-168 Repealed, 106-549.1 to 106-549.14 Repealed
285	. .	118-1 L.M.
286	. .	118-1 L.M.
288	. .	118-1 L.M.
293	. .	153A-345 L.M.
294	. .	118-1 L.M.
298	. .	118-1 L.M.
300	. .	143-341
301	. .	140-5.14
302	. .	147-59 to 147-61 Repealed
303	. .	163-33.2
304	. .	163-175
305	1	163-227
	2	163-227.2
	3	163-230
	4	163-232
306	. .	58-79
307	2, 3	148-22.2
	8	130-191 transferred to 148-22.2, 148-22.2 note
	4-7	148-46.2
	9	130-191.1 transferred to 148-46.2, 148-46.2, 148-46.2 note
308	1	163-69
	2	163-72
	3	163-251
309	. .	147-22 Repealed
310	. .	20-97
311	. .	20-97
312	. .	20-97
313	1	7A-308
	2	7A-308 note
314	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
315	. .	20-97, 20-97 note
318	. .	160A-238 L.M.
326	1	139-4
	2	139-26
	3	139-35
	5	139-41
	6	139-41.2
	7	139-44
	8	139-47
	9	139-53
327	1	24-5
	2	24-7
	3	24-5 note, 24-7 note
328	1, 2	122-55.6
329	1	1-42.5
	2	1-42.3
330	. .	139-7
331	. .	18B-700 L.M.
332	1	87-21
	2	87-22
333	1, 2	1-42.6
335	1, 2	7A-572
336	1	7A-517
337	. .	106-407.1
338	. .	106-267
339	. .	97-59
340	1-4	130-3
341	. .	118-1 L.M.
343	. .	122A-8
344	1	122A-3

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
344	2	122A-5.5
345	1	130-180 to 130-186 Repealed, 130-186.2 Repealed
	2	130-186.15 to 130-186.24
	3	130-186.15 note
346	1	143-129
	2	143-129 note
347	1	153A-93
	2	160A-163
348	1	143-166.13
	2	143-166.18
	3	143-166.19
	4	143-166.20
351	1	113-36
353	1, 2	130-166.49
354	1	96-3
355	. .	135-37
357	1	58-155.71
	2, 3	58-155.73
358	. .	39-28 Repealed, 39-29 Repealed, 39-30 note, 39-31 Repealed, 39-32 Repealed
359	1	7A-542
	2	7A-517
360	1	90-158 to 90-171.18 recodified as 90-171.19 to 90-171.47
	2	90-171.21 note
	3	90-171.19 note
	4	143-34.12 note
	5	90-171.19 note
361	1-4	90A-42
362	1, 2	47-17.1
364	. .	160A-388 L.M.
367	. .	160A-388 L.M.
368	. .	20-97
369	1	7A-304
370	10	20-97
371	1	7A-641
	2	7A-641 note
372	. .	55A-35
373	. .	14-399 L.M.
376	1	106-549.17
	2	106-549.23
377	1	15A-1332
	2, 3	15A-1341
	4-6	15A-1342
	7	15A-1344
378	1	97-13, 97-29, 97-38, 97-61.5
379	. .	97-38, 97-40
380	1	143B-438 Repealed
381	1	6-21.4
383	1, 2	28A-19-6
	3	28A-25-6
384	1, 2	1A-1, Rule 36
	3	1A-1, Rule 4
387	1, 2	105-289
390	. .	20-130.2
392	. .	106-405.2
393	. .	104C-4 to 104C-5 note, Ch. 104E note
394	1	58-59
	2	58-59.5
397	. .	153A-27 L.M.
400	. .	17C-10
401	. .	160A-299
402	1, 2	160A-299
406	1, 2	121-5
407	. .	118-7 L.M.
408	. .	130-14
409	1	15A-603
	2	7A-450
410	. .	113-291.1 L.M.
411	. .	162-128 L.M.
412	1	18A-1 to 18A-69 Repealed
	2	18B-100 to 18B-110, 18B-200 to 18B-207, 18B-300 to 18B-308, 18B-400 to 18B-406, 18B-500 to 18B-505, 18B-600 to 18B-605, 18B-700 to 18B-703, 18B-800 to 18B-807, 18B-900 to 18B-906, 18B-1000 to 18B-1008, 18B-1100 to 18B-1111, 18B-1115 to 18B-1117
	3	95-25.5
	4	14-258.1, 14-269, 14-269.3, 14-443, 20-12.1, 20-16.2, 20-16.3, 20-17, 20-19, 20-23.2, 20-26, 20-28, 20-28.1, 20-138, 20-139.1, 20-140, 20-168, 20-179.1, 90-65, 95-25.5, 122-7.1, 122-58.22, 143A-243, 143B-433, 153A-135 note
	5	143B-433, 153A-135 note
413	1	30-15
	2	30-17
	3	30-26
	4	30-29
414	1	1-538.1
	2	1-538.1 note
415	10	20-97
416	. .	20-24

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
419	1-3	108A-79
	4	108A-80
420	1-3	108A-79
421	1, 2	97-2
	3	97-29
423	1	115-1 to 115-410 Repealed, 115C-1 to 115C-5, 115C-10 to 115C-12, 115C-18 to 115C-21, 115C-27 to 115C-29, 115C-35 to 115C-48, 115C-54 to 115C-59, 115C-65 to 115C-75, 115C-81 to 115C-105, 115C-106 to 115C-128, 115C-130 to 115C-140, 115C-141 to 115C-145, 115C-151 to 115C-169, 115C-175 to 115C-184, 115C-189 to 115C-197, 115C-203 to 115C-209, 115C-215, 115C-216, 115C-222 to 115C-224, 115C-230 to 115C-233, 115C-239 to 115C-265, 115C-271 to 115C-278, 115C-284 to 115C-289, 115C-295 to 115C-309, 115C-315 to 115C-317, 115C-323 to 115C-330, 115C-336 to 115C-343, 115C-349 to 115C-358, 115C-364 to 115C-366, 115C-367 to 115C-372, 115C-378 to 115C-384, 115C-390 to 115C-392, 115C-398 to 115C-402, 115C-408 to 115C-416, 115C-422 to 115C-452, 115C-458 to 115C-467, 115C-473 to 115C-475, 115C-481 to 115C-484, 115C-490 to 115C-494, 115C-500 to 115C-511, 115C-517 to

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
423	1	115C-527, 115C-533 to 115C-542, 115C-547 to 115C-562, 115C-568 to 115C-578
424	1	113-276.3
	2	113-277
	3	113-276.3 note, 113-277 note
425	1	7A-573
426	1-4	7A-574
427	. .	Ch. 89A note
428	1	28A-8-1
429	. .	20-187.3
430	1	9-2
	2	9-6
	3	9-2.1
	4, 5	9-6.1
432	1	14-276.1
	2	14-276.1 note
433	. .	163-128 L.M.
434	. .	163-112
435	1	147-50
436	1	113-291.6 L.M.
437	. .	160A-274 L.M.
439	1	62-81
440	1	15A-622
442	. .	122-58.21
444	1	7A-250
445	1-3	159-30
	4, 5	147-69.3
446	1-3	25A-15
447	2	159-31
448	1-4	106-657
	5, 6	106-660
	7	106-661
	8	106-662
	9	106-663
	10	106-669
	11	106-677
449	1	106-92.17
	2	106-92.3
	3	106-92.17 note
450	1	105-228.22 to 105-228.27
	2	105-130.11
	3	105-130.11 note, 105-228.22 note
451	1	8-97
	2	8-97 note
452	. .	78A-28
453	1	143-345.6 note
454	1	7A-596
	2	7A-597
455	1	7A-4.20
	2	7A-39.13
	3	7A-39.3, 7A-39.3 note
	4	7A-57
	5	7A-53.1

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
455	6	7A-52, 7A-52 note
457	1	86A-3
	2	86A-4
	3, 4	86A-5
	5	86A-10
	6, 7	86A-11
	8	86A-12
	9	86A-18
	10	86A-20
	11	86A-17
	12	86A-22
	13	86A-23
	14	86A-24
	15	Ch. 86A note, 143-34.12
458	. .	153A-122 L.M.
	1	153A-132.1 note
	2	153A-122 note, 153A-132.1 note, 153A-136 note
	4	153A-299.6
459	. .	130-130 L.M., 130A-57 L.M., 153A-158 L.M. 160A-266 L.M.
	1	153A-15
460	1	62-136
	2	62-136 note
461	1	62-130
	2	62-135
	3	24-9.1
462	1	112-1 Repealed, 112-3 Repealed
	2, 3	112-1 note
	5	143B-173
	6	143B-174
	7-11	112-1 note
463	1	130-167
	2	130-168 Repealed
	3	130-169
464	1	24-1.2
	2	53-172
	3	53-180
	4	24-14
	5	24-1.2 note, 24-14 note, 53-172 note, 53-180 note
465	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.1D
	3	24-1.1D note
466	1-3	20-179.2
	4-6	20-179
	7	20-140
467	1-5	143B-478
468	. .	28A-18-2
469	1-3	7A-517
	4	7A-524
	5	7A-532
	6	7A-536
	7	7A-547
	8	7A-550
	9	7A-560
	10, 11	7A-561
	12	7A-630
	13	7A-577
	14	7A-587
	15, 16	7A-609
	17	7A-634
	18	7A-640
	19	7A-647
	20	7A-649
	21	7A-289.2
	22	7A-289.6
	23	7A-289.25
	24	8-53.1
470	1	7A-28
	2	7A-31
	3	15A-1422
	4	7A-31 note, 15A-1422 note
471	. .	116-143.1
472	. .	50-13.4
473	1	50-11.3
474	. .	115D-2.1
475	1	62-15
476	1	62-133
477	2	143-129 L.M.
478	. .	117-13
479	. .	47-30
480	1	104E-10.2
	2	104E-23
	3	130-166.21
	4	130-166.21E
	5	104E-10.2 note
481	1	136-89.56
482	1	143-250.1
	2	143-250
	3	113-306
	4	113-270.2
	5	113-271
	6	113-272
	7	113-270.3
	8	113-272.3
485	1	7A-21
486	1	119-48 to 119-53 recodified as 119-54 to 119-59, 119-54 to 119-59
	2	119-56 note
487	. .	159B-27
488	1	66-57.1, 66-57.2
489	1-7	95-25.5
490	1	1C-1601 to 1C-1604
	2	1-369 to 1-392 Repealed
	3	1C-1601 note
491	1	122-98
	2	122-98 note

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
492	. .	35-1.16
493	1	95-25.3
	2	95-25.14
494	1-4	50-12
495	1	81A-10
	2	106-65.31
	3	106-65.29
	4	106-503
	5	106-267
	6	106-277.15
	7	106-405.17
	8	106-396
	9	106-22
	10	106-6.1
496	1	90-116
	2	90-117.1
	3	90-117.3
	4, 5	90-118
	6, 7	90-118.5
	8	90-118.8
	9	90-118.9
	10	90-118.11
	11	90-121.1
	12, 13	90-121.2
	14	90-127.3
	15	Ch. 90, Art. 6 note, 143-34.12 note
	16	90-127.3 note
497	1, 2	115C-116
498	1	143B-376
499	1	114-20.1
	2	14-132
500	1	90-113.20 to 90-113.24
	2	90-113.4 Repealed
	3, 4	90-113.4 note, 90-113.20 note
501	. .	105-278
502	1, 2	129-42
503	1	58-262.13 to 58-262.20
	2	58-262.13 note
504	1	7A-140 note, 163-8 note
	2	7A-140 note, 163-8 note
	3	7A-140 note, 163-8 note
	4	7A-140 note, 147-4 note, 152-1 note, 161-1 note, 162-1 note, 163-1 note, 163-8 note, 163-9 note, 163-10 note, 163-11 note, 163-12 note
	6	7A-140
	7	147-4, 147-4 note
	8	152-1, 152-1 note
	9	161-1, 161-1 note
504	10	162-1, 162-1 note
	11-13	163-1, 163-1 note
	14	163-8, 163-8 note
	15	163-9, 163-9 note
	16	163-10, 163-10 note
	17	163-11, 163-11 note
	18	163-12, 163-12 note
	19	163-8 note
	20	7A-140 note, 147-4 note, 152-1 note, 161-1 note, 162-1 note, 163-1 note, 163-8 note, 163-9 note, 163-10 note, 163-11 note, 163-12 note
507	1	41-2.5
	2	41-2.5 note
508	. .	20-4.18
509	. .	105-322 L.M.
510	. .	160A-267 L.M.
511	. .	143-135 L.M.
512	. .	54-109.105
514	1	143-215.6
	2, 3	143-355
515	1	163-128
516	1	148-26
517	1	8-22.1
518	. .	153A-240
519	1	14-445
	2	14-447
	3, 4	122-58.22
	5	122-65.11
520	1	143B-13
	2	143B-16
521	1	58-124.20
	2	97-29
	3	97-31.1
	4	97-90
	5	58-124.19
522	. .	153A-229
523	1	143B-126
	2	143B-127
525	1	131-94
	2	131-94.1
	3	131-94 note, 131-94.1 note
526	1	7A-574
527	1	47A-14 Repealed
	2, 3	47A-14.1
	4	47A-14.1 note
528	1	7A-586
529	. .	116-36.1
530	1, 2	15A-1343
531	1	116B-3
	2	116B-10
	3	116B-14
	4-6	116B-28
	7, 8	116B-29
	9-13	116B-30

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
531	14	116B-31
	15	116B-46
	16	20-279.10
	17	62-209
532	. .	118-1 L.M.
533	. .	118-1 L.M.
534	. .	96-9
535	1	14-34.2
536	. .	136-44.8
537	1	122-58.8
	2-4	122-58.11
	5	122-58.13
	6	122-58.7A
538	1-3	115C-325
539	1	122-35.36
	2	122-35.40B, 122-35.40C
	3	122-35.49
	4	122-35.40D, 122-35.49
	5	122-35.40B note, 122-35.40C note, 122-35.40D note
540	1-8	1A-1, Rule 4
	9, 10	1-75.10
541	1-3	148-33.1
	4-9	148-33.2
	10	148-33.1 note, 148-33.2 note
542	1	163-75
	2	163-76
543	1-3	8-58.12 to 8-58.14
	4	8-58.12 note
544	1	131D-2
545	1, 2	136-89.59
546	. .	36A-53
547	. .	143-443
549	1	20-129
550	1	58-180.3
	2, 3	58-180.3 note
551	. .	115C-37 L.M.
552	1	106-707 to 106-714
553	. .	143B-143
554	. .	130-63
555	1	7A-210
	2	7A-219 7A-273
	4	42-28
	5	42-30
	6	7A-305
556	. .	163-22
557	1, 2	128-21, 135-1
	3	128-26, 135-4
558	. .	153A-240 L.M.
559	1	163-154 Repealed
560	1	163-227.1
	2	105-465, 105-473
	3	139-6
561	1-3	53-173
561	4	53-175
	5, 6	53-179
	7	53-176
	8	53-184
	9	53-173 note, 53-175 note, 53-176 note, 53-179 note, 53-184 note
562	1	90A-27
	2	97-72
	3	115C-126.1
	4	130-11
	5	130-200
	6	143-117, 143-118
	7	143B-153
	8	143-546
	9	130-166.55
	10	90A-27 note, 97-72 note, 130-11 note, 130-166.55 note, 130-200 note, 143-117 note, 143-118 note, 143-546 note, 153A-149 note, 153A-255 L.M.
	11	153A-149
	12	153A-255
	13	130-166.55 note
563	1	143B-426.2, 143B-426.3, 143B-426.4, 143B-426.5, 143B-426.6, 143B-426.7, 143B-426.7A
564	1	163-178 Repealed
	2	101-8
565	1	168-20, 168-21, 168-22, 168-23
566	1	42-25.6 to 42-25.9
	2	44A-2
	3	42-25.6 note
567	1	115C-366
	2-4	115-366.1
568	. .	153A-238, 153A-239 L.M., 153A-239.1, 153A-240 L.M.,
569	. .	58-155.72
571	. .	15A-1355
572	1, 2	90-294
	3	90-296
	4	90-301
	5, 6	90-303
	7	90-304
	8	Ch. 90, Art. 22 note, 143-34.13 note
573	1	90-1

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
573	2	90-2
	3	90-3
	4	90-4
	5	90-5
	6	90-9
	7	90-11
	8	90-12
	9, 10	90-14
	11	90-14.4
	12	90-14.8
	13	90-14.12
	14	90-14.13
	15	90-15
	16	90-21
	17	Ch. 90, Art. 1 note, 143-34.12 note
574	1	20-162
575	1	113-272.5
576	1	115C-257, 115C-258, 115C-259
	2	115C-260 Repealed, 115C-261 Repealed
577	. .	143-135.3
580	. .	105-374
582	. .	160A-514 L.M.
583	. .	153A-345 L.M.
584	1	46-3.1
	2	1-502
	3	1-502 note, 46-3.1 note
585	1-4	143-215.13
	5	143-215.14
	6-10	143-215.15
	11	143-215.17
	12	143-215.19
	13	143-215.6
586	1	130-9
	2	130-170.1
	3	131-126.9
	4	131-126.12
	5	131B-7
	6	153A-222
587	. .	47A-15
589	. .	18B-603
590	1	58-248.34
591	. .	95-69.10
592	1	143-440
	2	143-442
	3, 4	143-443
	5	143-447
	6	143-448, 143-452
	7	143-452
	8	143-457 Repealed
	9-11	143-460
	12	143-469
	13	143-470 Repealed
593	. .	96-14
594	1	66-131 to 66-136
	2	66-131 note
595	. .	160A-489 L.M.
596	. .	69-25.1 L.M., 69-25.4 L.M.
599	1	1A-1, Rule 17
	2	1A-1, Rule 32
	3	7A-228, 7A-230
	4	20-154
	5, 6	28A-8-1
	7	30-17
	8	31-11.6
	9	31-11.6 note
	10, 11	39-13.4
	12	45-13 Repealed
	13	49-5
	14	49-14
	15	50-8
	16	52-8
	17	53-43.5
	18	53-53 Repealed
	19	25-4-406, 53-52 Repealed, 53-76
	20	164-13
	21	1A-1, Rule 17, note, 1A-1, Rule 32, note, 7A-228 note, 7A-230 note, 20-154 note, 25-4-406 note, 28A-8-1 note, 30-17 note, 31-11.6 note, 39-13.4 note, 45-13 note, 49-5 note, 49-14 note, 50-8 note, 52-8 note, 53-43.5 note, 53-52 note, 53-53 note, 53-76 note, 164-13 L.M.
600	1	90-236.1
	2	90-237
	3	90-238
	4-7	90-239
	8	90-240
	9	90-241
	10	90-242 Repealed
	11	90-243
	12	90-244
	13	90-246
	14	90-247 Repealed
	15	90-248
	16	90-249
	17	90-252
	18	90-253
	19	90-254
	20	90-255
	21	Ch. 90, Art. 17 note, 143-34.12 note
601	1	93D-2
	2-5	93D-3
	6	93D-4
	7, 8	93D-5
	9	93D-8

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
601	10-15	93D-9
	16	93D-10
	17	93D-11
	18	93D-12
	19	93D-13
	20	93D-15
	21	Ch. 93D note, 143-34.13 note
602	1	143-51
	2, 3	143-52
	4	143-53
604	. .	143-63.1
605	1	143B-480
606	1	136-44.21 to 136-44.26
	2	95-25.14
	3	20-4.01
	4	105-141
	5	160A-304
607	1	81A-29
	2	81A-37 to 81A-40 Repealed, 81A-43 Repealed, 81A-50 Repealed, 81A-56 Repealed, 81A-57 Repealed, 81A-60 Repealed, 81A-62 to 81A-64 Repealed
	3	81A-50.1
	4	81A-51 to 81A-55
	5	81A-58, 81A-59
	6	81A-61
609	. .	115D-5
610	1	66-142 to 66-146
	2	66-142 note
611	1	90-270.53
	2	90-270.54
612	1	115D-58.6, 115D-58.7
613	1	50-13.4
	2	50-13.4 note, 110-138.1 note
	3	50-13.4
	4	110-138.1
614	1	88-23
	2	88-28
	3	88-28.1
	4	122-16 Repealed, 122-16.1 Repealed
	5	143-116.6, 143-116.7
	6	122-96
	7	122-35.41
	8	130-9
	9	143B-142
	10	143B-165
	11	130-24 Repealed, 130-24.1, 130-25 Repealed, 130-26 Repealed
	12	130-108
	13	130-110
614	14	130-112
	15	130-201
	16	131-126.6
	17	131-126.14
	18	134A-8
	19	143B-181.1
	20, 21	153A-223
	22	150A-1
	23	130-24.1 note, 143-116.6 note, 143-116.7 note
615	1, 2	88-1
	3	88-4
	4	88-6
	5	88-7 Repealed
	6	88-7.1
	7	88-9
	8	88-10
	9	88-12
	10	88-13
	11	88-15
	12	88-19
	13	88-21
	14	88-23
	15	88-26
	17	88-28
	18	88-28.1
	19	88-30
	20	Ch. 88 note, 143-34.12 note
616	1-5	90A-21
	6	90A-22
	7, 8	90A-25
	9	90A-26
	10	90A-29
	11	90A-30
	12	Ch. 90A, Art. 2 note, 143-34.12 note
619	1-4	90-210.25
	5	90-210.28
620	1	113-270.3
	2	113-272.2
	3	113-272.3
	4-6	113-273
	7, 8	113-275
623	1, 2	105-312
	3	105-312 note
624	1	78A-16
	2	78A-17
	3	78A-28
	4	78A-36
	5	78A-40
	6	78A-26
625	. .	108A-2 L.M.
626	1-10	15A-701
	11	15A-703
	12	15A-703 note
627	. .	40-1 note
628	1, 2	163-41
629	. .	130-128

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
630	. .	163-162
631	. .	160A-266 L.M.
632	. .	160A-457 L.M.
633	1	66-76
	2-4	66-77
	5	66-78, 66-79
	6	66-80
	7	66-81
	8	66-84 Repealed
634	1	8-57.2
	2	8-57.2 note
635	2	115C-123
	3	66-58
	4	122-16
	5	122-33
636	1	135-4, 135-4 note, 135-8, 135-8 note
637	..	163-122
638	1	115C-521
639	1	115C-302
	2, 3	115C-316
	4	115C-285
640	2	44-69.2, 44-69.2 note
641	..	160A-460
642	..	15A-1372
644	1	1-50
	2	1-50 note
645	1, 2	163-111
646	..	14-269.4
651	1	131-175, 131-176, 131-177
	2	131-176
	3	131-178
	4	131-178.1, 131-178.2
	5	131-179
	6	131-180
	7	131-181
	8	131-181.1
	9, 10	131-182
	11	131-185
	12	131-186
	13	131-187
	14	131-175 note, 131-176 note, 131-177 note, 131-178 note, 131-178.1 note, 131-178.2 note, 131-179 note, 131-180 note, 131-181 note, 131-181.1 note, 131-182 note, 131-185 note, 131-186 note, 131-187 note
652	1	15A-2000
	2	15A-2000 note
653	1	105-147
654	1, 2	90-270.4
655	. .	130-128
656	. .	163-66
657	. .	48-36
658	1	113A-1 note
659	1	90-202.4
	2	90-202.5
	3, 4	90-202.6
	5	90-202.7
	6-8	90-202.8
	9	90-202.13
	10	131-126.11A, 131-126.11B
	11	Ch. 90, Art. 12A note, 143-34.12 note
660	1	119-60
	2	119-60 note
661	. .	90-171.27
662	1	14-17
	2	14-1.1
	3	15A-1370.1
	4	15A-1380.1
	5	15A-1380.2
	6	148-49.15
	7	15A-1340.7
	8, 9	148-13
663	1	95-25.7
	2	95-25.8
	3	95-25.9
	4	95-25.10
	5	95-25.11
	6	95-25.12
	7	95-25.14
	8	95-25.20
	9	95-25.23
	10, 11	95-25.2
	12	95-25.13
	13	95-25.3
	14	136-44.25
664	2	14-81
665	1	90-6
	2	90-171.23
667	1, 2	130-9.7
	3	130-9.7 note
669	. .	105-113.86
670	1	54B-35
	2	54B-44
	3	54B-35 note, 54B-44 note
671	1	53-12
	2	53-13
	3-6	53-42.1
	7	53-43
	8	53-43.3
	9	53-50
	10	53-51
	11	53-75
	12	53-106
	13	53-122
	14	53-145

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
671	15	53-168
	16, 17	65-36.5
	18	116B-39
672	1	135-5
	2	128-27
	3	143-166
	4	135-62
	5	128-27 note, 135-5 note, 135-62 note, 143-166
673	1, 2	20-37.7
674	. .	51-9
675	1	143B-181.5, 143B-181.6, 143B-181.7, 143B-181.8, 143B-181.9
	2	143B-181.6
676	2	130-187
	3	90-172
	4	130-112
	5	130-187 note
	6	90-172 note, 130-112 note, 130-187 note
677	1	160A-417
	2	153A-357
	3	143-138
678	1	105-317
679	1	108A-65
	2	108A-65 note
680	1	126-37
	2	126-37 note
681	1	113-291.2
682	1	7A-246
	2	11-7.1
	3, 4	14-190.2
	5	15-166
	7	20-37.6
	8	28C-5
	9	44A-2
	10	45-21.31
	11	47B-2
	12	50-13.7
	13	55A-57
	14	78A-28
	15	93A-6
	16	105-130.22
	17	105-151.1
	18	105-199
	19	136-18
	20, 21	160A-50
	22	6-21.4
	23	115C-444
683	1	14-322
	2	14-325.1
	3	14-323 to 14-325 Repealed, 14-326 Repealed
684	1	14-277.2
	2	14-277.2 note
685	1	159-7
	2	159-8
	3-5, 10	159-13
	6, 7	159-26
	8, 9	159-34
686	1	14-5.2
	2	14-5 Repealed, 14-5.1 Repealed, 14-6 Repealed
	3, 4	14-5 note, 14-5.1 note, 14-5.2 note, 14-6 note
687	. .	133-1.1
688	1	120-30.24
	2	120-30.17
	3	120-30.25
	4	120-30.26
	5	120-30.27
	6	120-30.28
	7	120-30.29A
	8	120-30.29 Repealed, 120-30.30 Repealed, 120-30.31 Repealed, 120-30.33 Repealed
	9, 10	120-30.35
	11	120-30.36
	12	150A-13
	13	150A-59
	14	150A-60
	15	150A-63.1
	16	120-30.26 note
	17	120-30.28 note
	18	120-30.11 note, 120-30.17 note, 120-30.24 note, 150A-2 note, 150A-12 note, 150A-58 note
	19	120-30.11
	20	143B-14
	21	120-30.11 note, 120-30.17 note, 120-30.24 note, 120-30.25 note, 120-30.26 note, 120-30.27 note, 120-30.28 note, 120-30.29 note, 120-30.29A note, 120-30.30 note, 120-30.31 note, 120-30.33 note, 120-30.35 note, 120-30.36 note, 150A-13 note, 150A-59 note, 150A-60 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
688	21	150A-63.1 note
	22	120-30.29A note, 120-30.36 note, 150A-63.1 note
689	1	128-27
	2	135-5
	3	135-59
690	1	105-434, 105-435, 105-436.1, 105-446, 105-446.1, 105-446.3, 105-446.5, 105-449, 105-449.01
	2	105-449.16, 105-449.19, 105-449.24, 105-449.30, 105-449.36
	3	105-449.38, 105-449.39
	4	136-41.1
	5	136-44.2B
	6	136-44.2A
	7	105-164.44A
	8-10	20-7
	11	20-14
	12	20-37.7
	13	20-26
	14	20-166.1
	15	20-324
	16	20-289
	17	20-183.7
	18	105-449.52
	19	20-85
	20	20-57
	21	20-74
	22, 23	20-42
	24	20-178
	25	20-309
	26	44A-4
	27, 28	20-118
	29, 30	20-88
	31, 32	20-119
	35	136-41.1 note
	36	136-44.2B note
	37	105-164.44A note
691	1	7A-304
	2	7A-305
	3	7A-306
	4	7A-307
	5	7A-304 note, 7A-305 note, 7A-306 note, 7A-307 note
692	1	153-149
	2	153A-159
	3	153A-445
695	1, 2	12-3.1
696	. .	143-240
701	1	113B-7
	2	113B-8
701	3	113B-9
	4, 5	113B-3
	6	143B-450.1
	7	143B-450.1 note
702	. .	1-52
704	1, 2	7A-29 note, 62-281 note, 104E-5 note, 105-122 note, 146-22.1 note, 153A-152.1 note, 159C-7 note, 160A-211.1 note
	3	143B-216.10 to 143B-216.15
	4	130-166.16
	5	130-166.17A, 130-166.17B
	6	130-166.18
	7	130-166.18A, 130-166.19A, 130-166.21B, 130-166.21E
	8	104E-5
	9	104E-6.1, 104E-6.2
	10	104E-7
	10.1	104E-9
	11	104E-10.1
	11.1	104E-10
	11.2	104E-16
	12	104E-18
	13	104E-19
	14	104E-24
	15	160A-211.1
	16	153A-152.1
	17	105-147
	18	105-122
	19	105-130.10
	20	105-130.5
	21	62-281
	22	159C-7
	23	146-22.1
	24	130-166.18B
	25	104E-21
	26	7A-29 note, 62-281 note, 104E-5 note, 104E-6.1 note, 104E-6.2 note, 104E-7 note, 104E-9 note, 104E-10 note, 104E-10.1 note, 104E-16 note, 104E-18 note, 104E-19 note, 104E-21 note, 104E-24 note, 105-122 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
704	26	105-130.5 note,
		105-130.10 note,
		105-147 note,
		130-166.16 note,
		130-166.17A note,
		130-166.17B note,
		130-166.18 note,
		130-166.18A note,
		130-166.18B note,
		130-166.19A note,
		130-166.21B note,
		130-166.21D note,
		130-166.21E note,
		146-22.1 note,
		153A-152.1 note,
		159C-7 note,
		160A-211.1 note
	27	7A-29 note,
		62-281 note,
		104E-5 note,
		104E-6.1 note,
		104E-6.2 note,
		104E-7 note,
		104E-9 note,
		104E-10 note,
		104E-10.1 note,
		104E-16 note,
		104E-18 note,
		104E-19 note,
		104E-21 note,
		104E-24 note,
		105-122 note,
		105-130.5 note,
		105-130.10 note,
		105-147 note,
		130-166.16 note,
		130-166.17A note,
		130-166.17B note,
		130-166.18 note,
		130-166.18A note,
		130-166.18B note,
		130-166.19A note,
		130-166.21B note,
		130-166.21D note,
		130-166.21E note,
		146-22.1 note,
		153A-152.1 note,
		159C-7 note,
		160A-211.1 note
	28	7A-29
	28.1	130-166.21D
705	1	1-54.1
	2	153A-348
	3, 4	1-54.1 note,
		153A-348 note
706	1	58-254.35 to
		58-254.57
	2	58-254.35 note,
		58-254.58
	3	58-254.35 note
707	1, 2	148-19
713	1, 2	143-138
	3	143-138 note
715	. .	143-34.12 note
716	1	7A-517
	2	7A-549
	3	7A-549 note
717	1	90-55
	2	90-57.1 Repealed
	3	90-60
	4	90-61
	5	90-61.1
	6, 7	90-64
	8	90-65
	9	90-85.1
	10	Ch. 90, Art. 4 note, 143-34.12 note
719	1	143-131
	2	143-131 L.M.
720	2	20-43.4
	3	9-1
	4	20-43.4 note
721	. .	121-4
722	1	Ch. 90, Art. 20 note, 143-34.12 note
	2	Ch. 90, Art. 20 note, 143-34.13 note
	3	90-276
	4	90-277
	5-7	90-278
	8	90-282 Repealed
	9	90-283
	10, 11	90-285
	12	90-285.1
	13	90-286
	14	90-286 note
	15	90-285 note
723	. .	58-96
724	. .	105A-2
725	. .	131-170
726	. .	20-118
727	1, 2	20-79.2
728	1	20-50.2
	2	20-50.2 note
729	. .	113-291.6
730	1	115C-316
731	1	115C-325
732	. .	90-87
733	1	160A-537
	2	160A-537 note
734	1	97-58
735	1, 2	50-13.2
	3	50-13.5
736	1, 2	20-119
737	. .	128-21 L.M.
738	1, 2	90-270.11
739	1, 2	87-10
741	. .	163-22.2
744	. .	141-7.1
745	1	1-233

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
745	2	1-239
746	2	18B-1007
747	2	105-113.68
	3	105-113.69
	4	105-113.70
	5	105-113.71
	6	105-113.72
	7	105-113.73
	8	105-113.74 Repealed
	9	105-113.75
	10	105-113.76
	11	105-113.77 Repealed, 105-113.78 Repealed
	12	105-113.79
	13	105-113.80
	14	105-113.81
	15	105-113.82
	16	105-113.83
	17	105-113.84
	18	105-113.85
	19, 20	105-113.86
	21	105-113.88
	22	105-113.89
	23	105-113.90
	24	105-113.91
	25	105-113.92 Repealed
	26	105-113.93
	27	105-113.96
	28	105-113.98
	29	105-113.99
	30	105-113.102
	31	105-113.103
	32	105-113.104
	33	20-16
	34	20-19
	36	18B-103
	37	18B-108
	38	18B-203
	39	18B-301
	40, 41	18B-302
	42	18B-304
	43	18B-306
	44	18B-307
	45	18B-401
	46, 47	18B-404
	48	18B-504
	49	18B-600
	50	18B-700
	51	18B-703
	52	18B-805
	53, 54	18B-900
	55, 56	18B-902
	57	18B-903
	58	18B-904
	59	18B-1100
	60	18B-1101, 18B-1102
	61	18B-1103
	62	18B-1109
	63	18B-1112 to 18B-1117
747	66	14-258.1, 14-269, 14-269.3, 14-443, 20-12.1, 20-16.2, 20-16.3, 20-17, 20-19, 20-23.2, 20-26, 20-28, 20-28.1, 20-138, 20-139.1, 20-140, 20-168, 20-179.1, 90-65, 122-58.22
	67	105-113.68 note
750	. .	20-63
751	1, 2	90-22
	3	90-24
	4	90-26
	5	90-30
	6	90-36
	7	90-41
	8	Ch. 90, Art. 2 note, 143-34.12 note
752	1	14-148
	2	14-149
	3	14-150 Repealed, 14-150.1 Repealed
753	. .	86A-25
754	1	143-129
	2	143-129 L.M.
755	. .	14-34.1
756	. .	160A-364 L.M., 160A-516 L.M.
757	1, 2	93B-5
758	1	108A-46
	2	108A-58
	3	108A-46 note, 108A-58 note
	4	108A-46 note, 108A-58 note
759	1	58-344
	2	58-350
	3	58-346
	4-6	58-350
	7	58-359
	8	58-351
	9	58-350
	10	53-189
	11	53-189 note, 58-344 note, 58-346 note, 58-350 note, 58-351 note
760	1-5	58-79
761	1-5	58-201.1
	6-14	58-201.2
762	1, 2	96-17
	3	84-4
763	1, 2	7A-142
	3	163-9
	4	115C-37.1
	5	152-1
	6	153A-27.1
	8, 9	161-5, 161-5 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
763	10	162-5.1
	11	162-5 L.M.
	14	163-9 note
		115C-37.1, 153A-27.1,
		162-5.1
	15	7A-142 note,
		152-1 note,
		153A-27.1 note,
		161-5 note, 163-9
		note
764	1	133-23 to 133-33
	2	75-1
	3	75-1 note,
		133-23 note
	4	75-1 note,
		133-23 note
765	1	90-270.25
	2	Ch. 90, Art. 18
		note, 143-34.12 note
766	1	90-139
	2	90-140
	3	90-141
	4	90-143
	5	90-143.1
	6	90-145
	7	90-154
	8	90-156
	9	Ch. 90, Art. 8
		note, 143-34.12 note
767	1	90-182
	2	90-184
	3	90-185
	4	90-186
	5, 6	90-187
	7	90-187.3
	8-11	90-187.6
	12, 13	90-187.8
	14	90-187.13
	15	Ch. 90, Art. 11 note,
		143-34.12 note
768	1	153A-205
769	. .	103-8
770	. .	108A-4
771	1	120-2.1
	2	163-201.1
772	1	120-30.14
	2	120-30.18
	3, 4	120-32.1
	5	120-32.2
	6	120-32.3
	7	120-36.5
773	. .	58-43.1
774	1	96-8
	2	96-8 note
775	. .	115C-441 L.M.
776	1	58-248.26
	2, 3	58-248.33
777	1	1-539.15 Repealed
	2	1-539.16
	3	1-53
	4	1-52
	5	1-52 note, 1-53
		note, 1-539.15 note,
		1-539.16 note
780	1	14-32.1
	2	14-32.1 note
781	1	25-3-512
	2	6-21.3
	3	6-21.3 note,
		25-3-512 note
782	1	130-202.8, 130-202.9
783	1	87-1
	2	87-14
	3	87-1 note,
		87-14 note
784	1	116-198.6, 116-198.6
		note
	2	116-198.7
	3	116-198.8
	4	116-198.9
	5	116-198.10
	6	116-198.11
	7	116-198.12
	8	116-198.13
	9	116-198.14
	10	116-198.15
	11	116-198.16
	12	116-198.17
	13	116-198.18
	14	116-198.19
	15	116-198.20
	16	116-198.21
	17	116-198.22
	18	116-198.23
	19	116-198.24
	20	116-198.25
	21	116-198.26
	22	116-198.27
	23	116-198.28
	24	116-198.29
	25	116-198.30
	26	116-198.6 note
	27	116-198.6 note
785	1	66-106
	2	66-109
786	1	163-288.3
	2	69-25.2
787	1	74-50
	2, 3	74-51
	4	74-54
	7, 8	74-64
	9	Ch. 74, Art. 7 note,
		143-34.12 note
788	1	84-2
	2	84-16
	3	84-17
	4	84-18
	5	84-34
	6	Ch. 84, Art. 4 note,
		143-34.12 note

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
789	. .	890-22
790	. .	58-124.19
791	1, 2	143B-481
	3, 4	143B-482
	5	143B-483
	6	143B-481 note
792	1	62-289.1 to 62-289.7
	2	20-4.01
	3	20-7
	4	20-4.01 note, 20-7 note, 62-289.1
	5	62-289.1 note
793	1	136-13.2
794	1	116-209.24
795	. .	153A-22
796	1, 2	163-46
797	. .	51-1.1
800	. .	120-2
801	1, 2	147-69.1
804	1	20-137.1
	4, 5	20-137.1
	6	20-137.1 note
805	1	14-401.12
	2	14-401.12 note
806	. .	75-33
807	1-3	740-3
	4, 5	740-10
	6	740-12
	7	740-4
808	. .	143B-456.1 note
809	1	6-21
	2	6-21 note
810	. .	1A-1, Rule 14
811	1	90-118.2
	2	90-118.3
	3	90-123.1
	4	90-118.8 Repealed
	5	90-118.9 Repealed
812	. .	47-50
813	. .	14-271 L.M.
814	1	163-278.8
815	1	50-20
	2	50-11
	3	52-1
	4	1-75.4
	5	7A-244
	6	50-21
	7	1-75.4 note, 7A-244 note, 50-11 note, 50-20 note, 50-21 note, 52-1 note
816	1, 2	58-251.6
817	1	66-94
	2	66-95
	3	66-97
	4	66-99
	5	66-94 note, 66-95 note, 66-97 note, 66-99 note
818	1	20-359.1
	2	20-360
	3	20-358
	4	20-359.1 note
819	1	105-282.7, 105-282.8
	2	105-279 Repealed
	3	105-282.7 note
820	1-3	130-128
821	1	120-1
822	1	14-16.6 to 14-16.9
	2	114-15
823	1	160A-317
824	1	90-221
	2, 3	90-233
	4	Ch. 90, Art. 16 note, 143-24.12 note
826	1	136-69
827	. .	160A-17.1
829	. .	152-1 L.M.
830	. .	115C-37.1
831	. .	143-318.11
832	1	114-19.1
833	. .	130-9
834	1	58-273
	2	58-280
	3	58-284
	4	58-285
	5	58-292
	6	58-308
	7	58-309
835	. .	105-277.4
836	1	106-65.39
837	1	163-278.6
	2	163-278.9
	3	163-278.6 note, 163-278.40, 163-278.40A to 163-278.40I
	4	163-278.27
	5	163-278.40 note
839	. .	20-24
840	1	14-2.3
	2	14-2.3 note
841	1	58-213.18 to 58-213.21
	2	58-213.18
	4	90-322 note
844	1	24-11
	2	24-11 note
845	. .	58-41.5
846	1	58-380 to 58-404
	2	58-9
	4	58-378 note
847	1	7A-506
848	1-3	90-321
	5	90-322
849	1	108A-41
	2	108A-55
850	. .	163-128 L.M.
852	. .	90-171.21

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
852	3	90-171.37
	4	90-171.23
853	2	70-26 to 70-40
	4	14-148
	5	14-149
	6	70-26 note
854	1	113-281 to 113-287
	2	113-283 note
855	1	105-130.5
	2	105-102.3
	3	105-122
856	1	143B-456
	2	143B-456.1, 143B-456.1 note
	3	143B-463
	4-6	143B-456, note, 143B-456.1 note, 143B-463 note
	7	143B-456.1 note
857	. .	20-97
858	. .	20-97
859	9	143-28.1
	13.3	120-36.5
	13.9	15A-744
	13.10	114-4.2E Repealed, 164-25 to 164-34 Repealed
	13.12, 13.13	135-33
	13.14, 13.15	135-33.1
	13.16	135-34
	13.17	135-35 Repealed
	13.18	135-38
	16	108A-93
	23.2	131D-3
	23.3	131D-4
	23.4	146-30
	25	148-32.1
	29.1	115C-329
	29.7	115C-140.1
	29.12	115C-326
	35.1	115D-5
	35.2	115D-3
	41.4	116-143
	41.5	116-37
	42, 42.1	135-5
	43	143-166
	44	135-5
	45	143-166
	46	7A-39.3, 7A-39.3 note
	47	7A-52, 7A-52 note
	47.1	143-2, 143-3, 143-3.2, 143-4, 143-17, 143-23.1, 143-25, 143-28
	48-51	143-341
	52, 53	14-247
859	57-59	138-6
	69	136-44.11
	76	20-63
	77	20-86.1
	78	20-91
	79	105-260
	80	105-262
	81	143B-218
	82	143B-219
	84	136-44.2
	85	120-74
	86	120-75
	87	120-76
	88, 89	120-79
	94	58-7.3
	97	7A-39.3 note, 7A-52 note, 14-247 note, 15A-744 note, 20-63 note, 20-86.1 note, 20-91 note, 58-7.3, 105-260 note, 105-262 note, 108A-93 note, 114-4.2E note, 115D-3 note, 115D-5 note, 116-37 note, 116-143 note, 120-36.5 note 120-74 note, 120-75 note, 120-76 note, 120-79 note, 131D-3 note, 131D-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-33 note, 135-33.1 note, 135-34 note, 135-35 note, 135-37 note, 135-38 note, 136-28.1 note, 136-41.1 note, 136-44.2 note, 136-44.11 note, 138-6 note, 143-17 note, 143-23.1 note, 143-25 note, 143-28 note, 143-28.1 note, 143-166 note, 143-341 note, 146-30 note, 148.32.1 note
	98	135-38 note
860	12	143-31.1
	13	143-135
861	. .	136-76.1
862	1	15A-1381 to 15A-1383
	2	7A-608.1
	3	15A-502
	5	7A-608.1 note, 15A-1381 note
864	1	157-5
865	1, 2	160A-457.1
866	1, 2	115C-444

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
866	3	115C-446
867	1, 2	131A-3
	3-5	131A-3 note
868	. .	160A-514 L.M.
869	. .	147-62
870	. .	143-47.15
871	. .	143B-214
872	1	10-8
873	. .	113-189
875	. .	58-173.27
876	. .	53-189
877	. .	115C-518 L.M:
878	. .	160A-288.2
880	1, 2	14-288.20
	3	14-288.20 note
881	1	113A-153 note
	3	113A-153, 113A-154 Repealed, 113A-157 Repealed
	4	143B-279
882	1	31C-1 to 31C-12
	2	31C-1 note
883	. .	96-13
884	1	53-92
	2	58-7 Repealed
	3	58-241.6
	4	74A-2
	5	86A-6
	6	86A-7
	7	88-14
	8	90-130
	9	90-245
	10	143-3.2
	11	143-246
	12	147-57 Repealed
	13	128-8 Repealed
	14	147-67 Repealed
886	1	131C-1 to 131C-22
	2	131C-1 note
888	1-3	58-124.17
	4	58-124.18
	5	58-131.36
	6	58-366
	7	58-371
889	1	15A-1340.4
890	1	66-152 to 66-157
	2	6-21
	3	6-21 note, 66-152 note
891	1	160A-364
	2	153A-323
	3	160A-364.1
	4	1-54.1
	5	160A-381
	6	153A-340
	7	160A-388
	8	153A-345
	9	153A-323
	10	160A-364.1 note
	11	63-33
	12	160A-364.1 note
892	. .	14-136
893	. .	1-597 L.M.
894	. .	163-201
895	1	122A-4 note
	2	122A-4
	3	122A-5
	4	122A-16
896	1	20-7.2
	2	7A-304
897	. .	115D-5
898	1-4	130-128
899	1	105-147, 105-151.11
	2	105-151.11 note
900	. .	15-194
901	1	115C-47
	2	115D-20
	3	116-33.1
902	1-3	15A-701
903	1	90-113.23, 90-113.24
904	2	70-10 to 70-20
905	. .	116-143.1
906	5	118-1 L.M.
907	1, 2	160A-503
	3, 4	160A-516
908	1	9-10 note
909	. .	90-123
910	1	76A-1 to 76A-6, 76A-12 to 76A-18, 76A-24, 76A-25
	2	76-1 to 76-17 Repealed, 76-19 to 76-24 Repealed
	3	76A-1 note
911	. .	115C-37 L.M., 143-138 L.M., 160A-486 L.M.
912	1	115C-250
	2	115C-126.1
913	1	113A-103
	2	113A-121
	3	113A-121.1
	4-6	113A-122
914	1	7A-171.1
	2	7A-171.1 note
915	. .	105-282.1
916	1	58-124.26
	2, 3	58-248.34
	3a	58-30.4
	4	58-30.4 note, 58-124.26 note, 58-248.34 note
917	1	126-74 to 126-79
	2	126-74 note
918	1	143B-53
	2	143B-90
	3	143B-91
	4	125-2
919	1	40-1 to 40-53 Repealed, 40A-1 to

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
919	1	40A-13, 40A-19 to 40A-34, 40A-40 to 40A-56, 40A-62 to 40A-69
	2	62-183
	3	62-185
	4	62-186 Repealed
	5	62-187
	6	62-188 Repealed
	7	63-6
	8	63-49
	9	73-5 to 73-13 Repealed, 73-14 to 73-22 Repealed, 73-24 Repealed
	10	77-11
	12	117-2
	13	130-130
	14	130-166.47
	15	130-213
	16	131-15
	17	131-28.14
	18	131-99
	19	139-38
	20	153A-159 to 153A-162 Repealed
	21	153A-158
	22	153A-292
	23	156-1
	24	156-67
	25	157-11
	26	157-50
	27	159B-33
	28	160A-240 Repealed, 160A-241 to 160A-261 Repealed, 160A-263 Repealed
	29	160A-240.1
	30	160A-515
	31	162A-36
	32	162A-69
	33	40A-1 note, 160A-240.1 note
920	1	97-29
	3	97-29 note
921	1	105-130.28 to 105-130.33
	2	105-151.7 to 105-151.10
	3, 4	105-130.23
	5, 6	105-151.2
	7	105-130.28 to 105-130.33 note, 105-151.7 to 105-151.10 note
922	1-4	90-96
	5-7	90-113.14
	8	90-96.01
	11	90-96.01 note
923	1	131D-19 to 131D-33
	3	131D-19 note, 131D-31 note, 131D-32 note, 131D-33 note
924	1	48-2
	2, 3	48-25
925	1	113A-134.1 to 113A-134.3
926	1	153-98, 160A-168
	2-4	160A-168
	5-8	153A-98
927	. .	143-509
928	. .	15A-504
929	. .	143B-475
931	2	143B-480.1 to 143B-480.3
	3	143B-479
	5	143B-480.1 note
932	1	Ch. 66, Art. 9B note, Ch. 66, Art. 90, Ch. 74, Art. 7 note, Ch. 76, Art. 6 note, Ch. 81A, Art. 5 note, Ch. 84, Art. 4 note, Ch. 85B note, Ch. 85C note, Ch. 88 note, Ch. 89B note, Ch. 90, Art. 1 note, Ch. 90, Art. 2 note, Ch. 90, Art. 4 note, Ch. 113, Art. 17 note, Ch. 113A, Art. 4 note, Ch. 113A, Art. 7 note, 113A-100 note, 122-72 note, 143-34.10 Repealed, 143-34.12 to 143-34.21 Repealed, 143-34.12 to 143-34.21 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 1 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 2 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 4 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 5 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 6 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 6A note, Ch. 143, Art. 21, Part 7 note, Ch. 143, Art. 21A note, Ch. 143, Art. 21B note, Ch. 143, Art. 38 note, Ch. 143, Art. 52, Part 3 note, Ch. 143, Art. 52, Part 4 note
	2	143-34.25, 143-34.26,

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
932	2	143-34.27
	2.1	146-22.1 note
933	. .	24-10
934	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.2
936	1	122-58.27
	2	15A-533
	3	15A-533 note, 122-58.27 note
937	1	8B-1 to 8B-8
	2	8B-9
	3	7A-450
	4	7A-450 note, 8B-1 note
938	1	20-29
	2	20-45
	3	20-111
	4	20-312
	5	20-20 Repealed
	6	20-29 note, 20-45 note, 20-111 note, 20-312 note
939	1	99C-1 to 99C-5
	3	99C-1 note
940	1	135-5, 128-27
	2	135-59
	3	143-166
941	. .	130-130 L.M., 130A-57 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-266 L.M., 160A-266 L.M.
	1	153A-15
944	1	143-166.2
	2	143-166.7
946	1	115C-272
	2	115C-285
	3	115C-316
947	1	115C-302
	2	115C-316
949	1	130-160 Repealed
	2	130-166.22 to 130-166.33 Recodified
	3	130-166.62 to 130-166.72
	4	130-17
951	. .	130-156.5
952	1	143-145 to 143-151.5, Ch. 143, Art. 9A note
	2	143-143.8 to 143-143.23
	3	20-288
	4	143-143.8
	6	143-143.8 note
953	. .	143-56
954	1	163-30
	2	163-41
	3	163-42
	4	163-41
	5	163-43
955	1	28A-21-1
	2	28A-21-2
	3	33-39
	4	28A-1-1
956	1	66-163 to 66-173
	2-5	66-163 note
957	. .	105-147
958	1	95-98.1, 95-98.2
	2	95-98.1 note, 95-98.2 note
959	1	7A-304
	2-4	7A-304 note
960	. .	132-6 L.M., 132-9 L.M.
961	1-3	143B-153
962	1-5	14-292.1
963	1	105-159.1, 163-278.41 note
964	1	7A-41
	2	7A-41, 7A-41 note, 7A-60, 7A-69
	3	7A-60
	4	7A-133, 7A-133 note,
	5	7A-44.1 note
	6	7A-95 note
	7	7A-102 note
	8	7A-69.1
	9	7A-60 note
	11	7A-475 to 7A-483
	14	7A-101
	18	7A-44
	19	20-125, 122-98, 143-166.13
965	1, 2	115C-366.2
966	1	7A-289.23
	2	7A-289.27
	3	7A-289.30
	4	7A-451
	5	7A-289.23 note, 7A-289.27 note, 7A-289.30 note, 7A-451 note
967	. .	88-19
968	1, 2	161-10
	3	161-4.1 note, 161-10 note
	4	161-4.1
	5	161-4.1 note
969	1, 2	14-208
970	1	24-1.1C
	2	25A-2
971	. .	160A-266 L.M.
973	1, 2	105-147
975	1	143-166
	2	128-27
	3	135-5
	4	135-60

Ch.	Sec.	1981 General Statutes
976	1-4	20-87
	5	20-87.1
	6	20-88
	7	20-89 Repealed
	8	20-90 Repealed
	9	20-91
	10	20-93 Repealed
	11	20-110
977	. .	105-37.1
978	1, 2	135-5
	3, 4	128-27
	5	143-166
	6	135-57
	7	135-72
979	1	135-3
	2	128-24
980	1, 2	128-27
	3, 4	135-5
	5	135-60
	6	143-166
981	1, 2	128-27
982	. .	105-164.13
984	1, 2	105-164.4
987	. .	143B-456.1 note
988	1	143B-456.1 note
989	1-3	58-241.7
	4	58-241.9
	5	58-241.34
	6	58-241.11
990	1	93D-5
	2	93D-6
	3	93D-9
	4	93D-11
	5	93D-13
991	. .	20-97
994	. .	143-260.10A
996	. .	118-1 L.M.
997	1	7A-133 note
1000	1	128-30, 135-8
	2	135-8
	3	128-30
1001	1	1-369 to 1-392 note, 1C-1601 note
	3	66-164
	4	66-168
	5	66-164 note
1012	. .	122-55.8
		143B-128
1022	. .	62-71
1029	1	118-18 to 118-32 rewritten as 118-33 to 118-49, 118-33 to 118-49
	2	118-33 note
	3	143A-27.1
1052	1	105-277.1, 105-309
	2-4	105-277.1A
	5	105-277.1A note
1100	1	14-139 Repealed
1100	2	113-60.21 to 113-60.31
1109	2	143-300.6
	3	143B-424.1
	4	58-194.2
1116	1	135-4
1117	1, 2	63-68
1127	7	147-11
	9	120-37
	11	7A-171.1
	12	7A-101
	24-29	131-176
	30	131-175 note
	33	146-30
	39, 40	115C-325
	43	115D-4
	45	113A-183
	47	130-166.65
	49	122-98
	53	20-86.1, 20-91, 105-260, 105-262, 143B-218, 143B-219
	53.1	20-118
	54	136-41.1
	55	120-30.34
	56	58-387, 40-404
	58	58-262.13
	63	120-84.1 to 120-84.5
	70	143B-344.3 to 143B-344.10 Repealed
	78	115C-517
	82	143-23
	84	15A-1355
	89	7A-101 note, 7A-171.1 note, 15A-1355 note, 20-86.1 note, 20-91 note, 20-118 note, 105-260 note, 105-262 note, 113A-183 note, 120-30.34 note, 120-37 note, 120-80 note, 122-98 note, 130-166.65 note, 131-175 note, 131-176 note, 136-41.1 note, 143-23 note, 146-30 note, 147-11 note
1128	1, 2	166A-6.1
1130	3	120-2 note, 163-104 note
1150	1	153A-15

SESSION LAWS 1982

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1130	1, 3	120-2
1131	1	7A-289.31
	2	7A-289.35
	3	7A-289.29
	4	7A-289.35
1132	. .	152-1 L.M.
1141	. .	153A-265 L.M.
1142	. .	18B-600 L.M.
1144	. .	152-1 L.M.
1147	1	136-131.1
	2	136-131.1 note
1150	. .	130-130 L.M., 130A-57 L.M., 160A-266 L.M.
1153	. .	65-53
1154	. .	105-381 L.M.
1155	. .	14-399 L.M.
1159	. .	20-84
1162	. .	160A-457 L.M.
1163	. .	55-73
1165	. .	113-60.23
1171	. .	105-360 L.M.
1175	. .	159-6
1176	1	76A-31 to 76A-36, 76A-42 to 76A-48, 76A-54
	2	76-59 to 76-73 Repealed
	3	76A-31 note, 76A-42 note, 76A-54 note
1177	1	72-7
	2	105-147
	3	168-4.1
	4	168-7.1
1178	1, 2	96-17
	3-14	96-12
	15	96-14
1180	. .	113-291.1 L.M.
1181	1	143B-456
	2	143B-454
1182	1	143-250
	2	75A-3
1185	1	160A-398.1
	2	160A-399.1
	3	160A-399.4
1186	1	62-52
	2	62-3
1187	1	95-54 to 95-69.2 Repealed
	2, 3	95-69.12
	4	95-69.13
1188	1	90-53 to 90-75 recodified as 90-85.2 to 90-85.26, 90-85.32 to 90-85.40, 90-53 to 90-75 note 90-85.2 to 90-85.23,
1188	1	90-85.25, 90-85.26, 90-85.32 to 90-85.40
	2	90-85.24, 90-85.24 note
	3	90-76.1 to 90-76.5 recodified as 90-85.27 to 90-85.31, 90-85.2 note, 90-85.27 note, 90-85.28 note, 90-85.29 note, 90-85.30 note, 90-85.31 note
	4	90-76.6 Repealed
		90-77 to 90-80.1 Repealed, 90-85.1 Repealed
1189	1	7A-740
	2	1150-176
	3	143B-312
	4	143B-478
1190	. .	152-1 L.M.
1191	1	120-121 note
	2	120-121 to 120-123
	3, 4	147-12
	5	143B-13
	6-8	143B-426.9
	9, 10	143B-350
	11	135-6
	12	143B-426.4
	13	143B-414
	14	143B-415
	15	143B-479
	16	143B-480.1, 143B-480.2
	17	143B-476
	18	143B-434
	19	143B-283
	21, 22	143B-481
	23, 23.1	143B-403.2
	24-26	143B-422
	27	143B-423
	28	113A-137
	29	129-40
	31	170-3
	32	122A-4
	33	122A-4 note
	34	122A-16
	36, 37	113-315.25
	39	126-64
	40-43	115C-223
	44-46	143B-441
	47	106-26.13
	48	143-166
	49-52	140-5.13
	53	140-5.13 note
	54, 55	116-37.1

Ch.	Sec.	1982 General Statutes
1191	55.1-57	143B-148
	58-62	143B-216.12
	63	160A-6 to 160A-10 Repealed
	64, 65	160A-6 to 160A-10 note
	66	143B-373
	67	120-32
	68	147-12
	69-71	143B-452
	72, 73	143B-223
	74-76	143B-407
	77	143B-154
	78	143B-153.1
	79	143-240
	80	143-241
	81	143-242
	82	90-270.25
	83	90-270.25 note
1194	. .	143B-92 note
1195	. .	20-123
1196	1-5	24-1.1C
1197	1	62-133.2
	2	62-134
	3	62-134 note
	4	62-133.2 note
	5	62-133 note
	6	62-133
1198	. .	14-234 L.M.
1200	. .	14-404 L.M.
1201	1	113-270.2
	2	113-270.3
	3	113-270.4
	4	113-270.5
	5	113-271
	6	113-272
	7	113-272.2
	8, 9	113-270.1 note, 113-270.2 note, 113-270.3 note, 113-270.4 note, 113-270.5 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note, 113-272.2 note
	10	113-270.1 note
1202	. .	20-97
1203	1-3	113-291.4
	4	113-291.4 note
1204	1	105-130.27A
	2	105-251.6A
	3	105-130.27A note, 105-151.6A note
1205	1	105-141
	2, 3	105-147
1206	. .	105-449.31
1207	. .	105-164.4
1208	1-3	105-144.2
	4	105-144.2 note
1209	. .	105-250.1 Repealed
1209	. .	105-113.18
1210	1-3	36A-54
1211	1	105-241.3
	2	105-241.1, 105-266.1
	3	105-449.43
	4	105-147
	5	105-122
1212	. .	105-130.4
1213	. .	105-102.2 Repealed
1215	. .	118-12
1216	. .	115C-518
1217	. .	105-141
1218	. .	105-3
1219	1	105-446.6
	2	105-446.6 note
1220	. .	105-3
1221	1	105-22
	2	105-23
	3	28A-21-2
1222	1-3	105-142
1223	1	105-163.16
	2	105-266
	3	105-163.9
	4	105-241.1
1224	1-7	1C-1601
	8	1C-1602
	9-14	1C-1603
	15	1-305
	16	7A-28
	17	7A-31
	18, 19	1C-1603
	20	1C-1601
	21	1-305 note, 1C-1601 note, 1C-1602 note, 1C-1603 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-31 note
	22	1-305 note, 1C-1601 note, 1C-1602 note, 1C-1603 note, 7A-28 note, 7A-31 note
1225	. .	7A-243
1226	1	9-2
	2	9-2 note
1227	. .	105-92 Repealed
1228	. .	105-44 Repealed
1229	. .	105-68 Repealed
1230	. .	105-102 Repealed
1231	. .	105-96 Repealed
1232	1	150A-13
	2	120-30.34
1233	1	120-30.25
	2	120-30.28
	3	120-30.29A
	4	120-30.35
	5	120-30.36
	6	150A-59

Ch.	Sec.	1982 General Statutes
1233	7	150A-63.1
1234	1	90-276
	2	90-278
	3	90-285
	4	90-280
1235	. .	118-1 L.M.
1236	. .	160A-265
1237	. .	130-128
1238	1	54B-4
	2	54B-216
	3	54B-22
	4	54B-20
	5	54B-30
	6	54B-31
	7	54B-33
	8	54B-35
	9	54B-32
	10	54B-39
	11	54B-44
	12	54B-121
	13	54B-122
	14	54B-147
	15	54B-160
	16	54B-161
	17	54B-162
	18	54B-186
	19	54B-193
	20	54B-194
	21	54B-210
	22	54B-102
1239	1	20-161.2
	2	115C-46
	3	116-44.4
	4	143-340
	5	20-161.2 note, 115C-46 note, 116-44.4 note, 143-340 note
1240	. .	18B-603
1241	1	N.C. Const., Art. II, § 9 10-1603 note,
	3	N.C. Const., Art. II, § 9 note
1242	1	131-175 note
	2	131-175 note
1243	1	97-79
	2	97-80
	3	40A-40
1244	1, 2	105-275
	3	105-275 note
1245	1	39-13.6
	2	39-13.6 note
1246	1, 2	105-446.1
1247	. .	159-55 note, 159-101 note, 159-120 note, 159-122 note, 159-123 note, 159-125 note,
1247	. .	159-129 note, 159-132 note, 159-160 note, 159-163.1 note, 159-165 note, 159-176 to 159-178 note, 160A-505 note, 160A-512 note, 160A-515.1 note
1250	. .	20-97
1251	1, 2	18B-700 L.M.
	3	20-219.2
1252	1	36A-59.1 to 36A-59.7
	2	36A-59.1 note
1253	1	7A-31
	2	7A-39.3
	3	7A-52
	4	7A-506
1254	1	105-449.49
	2	105-449.45
1255	. .	20-87
1256	. .	20-16
1257	1	20-7
	2	20-11
	3	20-37.7
1258	1	20-66
	2-4	20-81.1
	5	20-81.2
	6	20-81.3
	7-9	20-81.4
	10-12	20-81.6
	13	20-81.7
1259	1	20-118.3
	2	20-118.1
	3	20-118.3 note
1261	1	20-183.3
	2	20-183.7
1262	1	14-292.1
	2	18B-101
	3	18B-103
	4	18B-111
	5	18B-402
	6-8	18B-403
	9	18B-602
	10	18B-700
	11	18B-702
	12	18B-803
	13, 14	18B-900
	15	18B-1000
	16, 17	18B-1001
	18, 19	18B-1005
	20	18B-1007
	21	18B-1112
	22	18B-1001
	23	18B-1006
	24	18B-111 note
1263	1, 2	78A-17
1265	1	163-104 note
	2	163-22.1, 163-22.2

Ch.	Sec.	1982 General Statutes
1265	2	note
	3	163-11
	4, 5	153-114
	6	163-67
	7	163-41
1266	. .	75A-9 L.M.
1268	. .	131C-16
1269	. .	113-270.2B
1271	1	130-126.2, 130-126.3
1272	1	14-34.3
	2	14-34.3 note
1273	. .	105-164.4
1274	1	90A-1 to 90A-13 Repealed
	2	90A-50 to 90A-66
	3	90A-1 to 90A-13 note, 90A-50 note
	4	90A-50 note
1275	1	44A-40 to 44A-46
	2	44A-2
	3	44A-2 note, 44A-40 note
	4	44A-40 note
1276	1	159-101 to 159-111
	2	159-55
	3	159-120
	4	159-122
	5	159-123
	6	159-125
	7	159-129
	8	159-132
	9	159-160
	10	159-163.1
	11	159-165
	12	159-176 to 159-178
	13	160A-505
	14	160A-512
	15	160A-515.1
	16	159-55 note, 159-101 note, 159-120 note, 159-122 note, 159-123 note, 159-125 note, 159-129 note, 159-132 note, 159-160 note, 159-163.1 note, 159-165 note, 159-176 to 159-178 note, 160A-505 note, 160A-512 note, 160A-515.1 note
	17	159-55 note, 159-101 note, 159-120 note, 159-122 note, 159-123 note, 159-125 note, 159-129 note, 159-132 note, 159-160 note, 159-163.1 note, 159-165 note, 159-176 to 159-178 note, 160A-505 note, 160A-512 note, 160A-515.1 note
	18	159-55 note, 159-101 note, 159-120 note, 159-122 note, 159-123 note, 159-125 note, 159-129 note, 159-132 note, 159-160 note, 159-163.1 note, 159-165 note, 159-176 to 159-178 note, 160A-505 note, 160A-512 note, 160A-515.1 note
1277	. .	105-163.5
1279	. .	105-322 L.M. 105-324 L.M., 105-325 L.M.
1280	1	20-348
	2	20-348 note
1282	8	135-8
	9	128-30
	11	135-5
	14, 15	147-62
	15.1	115C-84
	19	108A-29
	20.1	130-9 note, 131D-2 note
	20.2B	131D-2
	20.2C	131D-20
	20.2D	143-138
	24	146-30
	25	115C-106 note, 122-35.53 note, 130-9 note, 134A-1 note
	28	120-61
	29	115C-143 Repealed
	30	115C-325
	31	115C-250
	32	115C-106 note, 115C-114 note
	32.1	115C-326
	44	105-59 Repealed
	46	135-4 note
	51	114-2.1
	52	143-63.1
	59, 60	14-250
	62	143-341
	63	147-32
	65	147-68
	66	143-27

1982

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1282	69	105-213
	70	105-213 note
	70.1	105-277.1A
	71.2	7A-41
	72	7A-465
	73	7A-466
	81	7A-41 note, 7A-465 note, 7A-466 note, 14-250 note, 105-213 note, 105-277.1A note, 114-2.1 note, 115C-84 note, 115C-250 note, 115C-325 note, 115C-326 note, 120-61 note, 128-30 note, 131D-2 note, 131D-20 note, 135-5 note, 135-8 note, 143-27 note, 143-63.1 note, 143-138 note, 143-341 note, 146-30 note, 147-32 note, 147-62 note, 147-68 note
	83	114-2.1 note
1283	1	128-26
	2	3128-26 note
1284	1, 2	128-27
1285	1	18B-101
	2	18B-203
	3	18B-204
	4	18B-208
	5	18B-804
	7	18B-208 note
1286	. .	20-51
1290	. .	121-6
1314	1	153A-140
	2	153A-140 note
1336	1	65-36.2
	2	65-36.3
	3	65-36.2 note, 65-36.3 note
1348	1	143-138
	2	147-45
1349	. .	58-251.4
1359	1	106-253
	2	106-503
	3	74C-5
	4	143B-67
	5	150A-14
	6	150A-63
1372	5	124-5
1382	1, 2	110-91
1384	1	143-408.1 to 143-408.5
	3	143-408.1 note
1385	1	113-60.21
	2	113-60.23
1388	1	131-121 Repealed, 131-121.3 Repealed, 131-124 Repealed, 131-125 Repealed
	2	131-124.1
	3	143B-165
	4	143-47.21 to 143-47.24
	5	131-124.1 note, 143-47.22 note
	6	131-121 note 131-121.3 note, 131-124 note, 131-125 note
	7	131-124.1 note, 143-47.21 note
	10	120-84.4
	11, 12	120-84.5
1391	1	1-42.8
	2	1-42.8 note
1395	1	14-404
	2	14-409.3
	3	14-403
	4	14-409.2
	5	14-404 note
1396	1, 2	128-24, 135-3
	3	128-26
	4	135-4
	5	128-24 note, 128-26 note, 135-3 note, 135-4 note
1398	1	135-32 to 135-33.1 Repealed, 135-35 Repealed, 135-35 note, 135-36 Repealed
	2	135-34
	2[7]	135-40
	3, 4	135-37
	5	135-38
	6	135-39 to 135-40.14
1399	3	115C-318
1400	1	148-26
	2	148-26 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1982, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	116-7
	2, 3	116-7 note

Ch.	Sec.	1982 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
2	1, 2	115C-366.1
4	. .	120-2
5	. .	120-1
7	. .	163-201

SESSION LAWS OF 1982, 2ND EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	120-1, 120-2
3	1-19	163-104 note
	19.1	163-22.2
	19.2	159-61 note,
	19.2	163-287 note
	19.3	163-104 note
	20	120-2 note, 163-104 note

SESSION LAWS 1983

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	. .	103-4
3	. .	161-22.2 L.M.
5	. .	122-35.53
6	. .	122-35.40
7	. .	105-259
8	. .	66-58
9	. .	20-97
12	. .	143-127.1
13	. .	143B-139.3
14	1	108A-42
	2	108A-41
14	3	108A-24
15	1	110-139.1
	2	110-139.1 note
17	1	14-336 Repealed
	2, 3	14-338 Repealed, 14-339 Repealed
18	. .	90-95
21	. .	14-284 L.M., 14-410 L.M., 14-413 L.M.
22	. .	55B-5
23	1	143-118.1
	2	143-119
	3	143-120
24	1, 2	53-67
25	. .	122-35.53
26	1	105-228.22 to 105-228.24, 105-228.25 to 105-228.27 Repealed
27	. .	105-213 note
28	1	105-130.11
	2	105-125
29	1	105-449.22
	2	105-449.42
	3	105-449.42A
	4	105-449.42A note
30	. .	48-7
31	1	105-130.11
32	1	20-130.1
32	2	20-125
33	1	110-136.2
	2	110-136.2 note
34	. .	8-50.2
35	1	14-84
	2	67-15 Repealed
	3	67-15 note
36	. .	152-1 L.M.
	1-5	152-1 note
37	1, 2	90-270.11
38	1	105-102.4
	2	105-102.4 note
39	1-4	14-272 to 14-275 Repealed
	5	14-288.4
40	1	143B-180
	2	143B-181
42	1	14-111.2
	2	14-111.3
43	. .	20-88
44	1, 2	44A-4
46	1	110-86
	2	110-91
47	. .	83A-7
48	1-3	143-4
49	. .	161-22.2
50	1	20-85.1
	2	20-85.1 note
51	. .	20-28
53	. .	90-6
54	. .	50-13.4
55	1	130A-55.1
	2	130A-55.1 note
61	. .	105-130.5
62	. .	110-91
63	1	120-30.11
65	1	28A-25-1
	2	28A-25-6
	3	7A-111
66	1	31B-1
	2	31B-2

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
67	1	74C-9
	2	74C-11
	3	74C-13
	4	74C-18
68	1	53-173 note, 53-175 note, 53-176 note, 53-179 note, 53-184 note
69	1-4	90-210.18
	5	90-210.25
	6	90-210.18 note
70	. .	15A-1340.4
71	. .	14-4 L.M.
72	. .	90-286
74	. .	14-86.1
75	. .	20-97
76	1	143B-10, 143B-10 note
	2	143B-10
	3	143B-10 note
77	. .	20-16.1
81	1	93A-1, 93A-3, 93A-16, 93A-32, 93A-34, 93A-35, 114-4.2C
	2	93A-1, 93A-3 to 93A-5, 93A-7, 93A-9, 93A-16, 93A-17, 93A-19 to 93A-23, 93A-26, 93A-32 to 93A-36, 93A-38
	3	93A-10
	4, 5	93A-2
	6-8	93A-3
	9	93A-4, 93A-5
	10	93A-10
	11	93A-4
	12	93A-5
	13	93A-6
	14	93A-17
	15	93A-21
82	1-3	90-270.6
	4	90-270.11
	5	90-270.4
	6	90-270.19
	7	90-270.19 note
83	. .	48-11
84	. .	136-18
85	1	18B-1106, 18B-1107, 18B-1110
	2	18B-1200 to 18B-1216
	3	18B-1106 note, 18B-1107 note, 18B-1110 note, 18B-1200 note
	4	18B-1200 note
86	. .	14-269
87	. .	20-16.2
88	1	131D-31
	2	131D-32
	3	131D-31 note, 131D-32 note
89	1	7A-289.23
	2	7A-289.32
90	. .	143-151.13
91	. .	15A-402 L.M., 160A-286 L.M.
96	. .	153A-335 L.M.
98	. .	153A-238 to 153A-240 L.M.
99	. .	115C-41 L.M.
101	. .	14-404 L.M.
102	. .	136-18
103	1	89B-3
	2	89B-3 note
106	1	20-97
107	1	90-130
	2	90-132
108	1	89D-4
	2, 3	89D-5
	4	89D-4 note, 89D-5 note
109	2	113-133.1
111	1	81A-70
	2	81A-71
	3	81A-72
	4	81A-73
	5	81A-74 Repealed
	6	81A-80
113	1	18B-600
	2	18B-603
116	. .	14-284 L.M., 14-410 L.M., 14-413 L.M.
118	. .	14-4 L.M.
119	. .	160A-492 L.M.
125	. .	160A-314 L.M.
126	1	24-2.3
	2	25A-15
	3	24-1.2
	4	24-11A
	5	24-11
	6	24-1.4
	7	25A-14
	8	24-2.2
	9	24-16.1
	10	24-11
	11	24-2.1
	12	53-175
	13	53-173
	14, 15	53-176
	16	24-2.2 note, 24-2.3 note
127	. .	161-22
130	1	160A-266
	2	153A-176
	3	130-128
131	. .	20-141

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
132	. .	20-128
133	. .	7A-655
	2	7A-652
135	1	15A-1343
	2	7A-455
	3	7A-455 note, 15A-1343 note
136	1	106-65.84
	2	106-65.85
	3	106-65.86
	4	106-65.87
	5	106-65.88
	6	106-65.89
	7	106-65.90
	8	106-65.91
	9	106-65.84 note
137	1, 2	113-291.1
138	1, 2	122-58.14
139	. .	105-159.1
140	1	113-270.2
	2, 3	113-270.3
	4	113-270.4
	5	113-270.5
	6	113-271
	7	113-272
	8	113-272.2
	9	113-273
	10	113-273 note
	11	113-270.1 note, 113-270.2 note, 113-270.3 note, 113-270.4 note, 113-270.5 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note, 113-272.2 note
141	. .	58-21.2
142	1	58-254.35 note
	2	58-254.42
	3	58-254.45
	4	58-254.42 note, 58-254.45 note
143	1	131E-116
	2	131E-115
	3	131E-125
	4-9	131E-128
144	1, 2	54B-4
	3	54B-10
	4	54B-11
	5	54B-12
	6	54B-33
	7	54B-43
	8	54B-261
	9	54B-14
	10	54B-21
	11	54B-23
	12	54B-25
	13	54B-35
	14	54B-55
	15	54B-57
	16	54B-77
	17	54B-101
	18	54B-150
	19	54B-151
	20	54B-154
	21	54B-195
	22	54B-210
	23	54B-236
	24	54B-244
145	. .	14-404 L.M.
146	1	106-657
	2, 3	106-660
	4	106-659
	5	106-665
147	1	148-11
	2	150A-1
	3	150A-58
148	1	122A-3
	2	122A-5
	3	122A-5.6
	4	122A-4
	5	122A-5.6 note
149	. .	157-51 Repealed
150	. .	40A-41 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-1 L.M.
151	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409 note
153	. .	20-141 L.M.
155	1	105-147
	2	105-147 note
156	. .	105-164.13
158	1, 2	159-30
	3	159-31
	4	147-69
	5	147-78
160	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
161	. .	160A-388 L.M.
162	1, 2	58-124.23
163	. .	116-11
164	. .	95-148
165	1-4	162-39
166	. .	67-31 L.M.,
169	. .	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-4 L.M.
170	1	8-57
	2	8-57 note
171	1	113A-118.1
	2	113A-118.1 note
172	1	113A-121
	2	113A-122
173	. .	113A-118
175	1	14-12.7
	2	14-12.9
	3	14-12.10
	4	14-27.2
	5	14-27.4
	6	14-33
	7	14-190.8

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
175	8	14-316.1
	9	14-318
	10	14-12.7, 14-12.7 note, 14-12.9, 14-12.9 note, 14-12.10, 14-12.10 note, 14-27.2, 14-27.2 note, 14-27.4, 14-27.4 note, 14-33, 14-33 note, 14-190.8, 14-190.8 note, 14-316.1, 14-316.1 note, 14-318, 14-318 note
176	. .	160A-385 L.M.
177	. .	84-24
181	1, 2	7A-506
182	. .	105-381 L.M.
183	1, 2	89C-14
185	1, 2	93-1
	3	93-8
	4-11	93-12
	12	93-13
186	. .	44-51.8
188	1, 2	20-97
189	. .	153A-185 L.M.
190	1	20-88
192	. .	163-227.2 L.M.
193	1	106-65.40
	2	106-65.40 note
194	. .	75A-5
195	. .	105-135
196	1-3	90-85.3
	4	90-85.7
	5	90-85.15
	6, 7	90-85.20
	8	90-85.24
	9	90-85.27
197	1, 1.1	20-43.4
	2	9-2
198	. .	105-24
199	. .	7A-548
200	. .	75A-6 L.M.
		67-36 L.M.
201	1	1A-1, Rule 5
	2	1A-1 Rule 30
	3	1A-1, Rule 5 note, 1A-1, Rule 30 note
204	1	116B-17
	2	116B-21
	3	116B-29
	4-7	116B-30
205	1	10-12
	2	10-12 note
207	. .	160A-514 L.M.
209	. .	115C-441 L.M.
210	. .	163-22.1
214	1	53-1
	2	53-43
	3	53-47
	4	53-48
214	5	53-62
	6	53-64
	7	53-66 Repealed
	8	53-80
	9	53-91
215	. .	90-280
216	1, 2	163-213.8
217	1-4	90-202.4
	5	90-202.5
	6	90-202.6
	7	90-202.7
218	1, 2	163-66
219	. .	162-34
220	1	105-253
	2	105-433
	3	105-449.5
221	. .	113-221
222	1, 2	143-356 Repealed, 143-357 Repealed
	3	143B-282
223	. .	20-39
225	. .	163-128 L.M.
229	1, 2	20-166.1
231	. .	1-75.3, 1-75.4, 1-75.6
235	. .	160A-514 L.M., 160A-516 L.M.
239	. .	160A-272 L.M.
241	. .	105-360 L.M.
245	. .	20-129.1
246	1	106-557
	2	106-562
247	1, 2	115C-109
	3	115C-110
	4	115C-110, 115C-113
	5	115C-112
	6	115C-116
248	1	106-67.1 to 106-67.8 Repealed
	2	106-173.1 to 106-173.16 Repealed
	3	106-189.1 Repealed
249	1, 2	113A-105
251	1	7A-531
	2	7A-531 note
252	. .	20-57
253	1-3	20-63
254	. .	20-143.1
255	. .	160A-456 L.M.
257	1	147-26
	2	147-26 note
258	1-3	113-229
259	. .	74C-3
260	. .	160A-286 L.M.
261	1	110-105
	2	110-105 note
265	. .	160A-514 L.M.
267	1	143-341
	2	143B-426.21
	3	143B-426.21 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
270	. .	143-135 L.M.
273	. .	105-472 L.M.
275	1, 2	122-58.12
276	1	7A-655
	2	7A-289.6
277	. .	110-90.1, 110-91
278	1, 2	143B-153
279	1	74-75 to 74-89
	2	143B-290
	3	74-75 note
280	. .	122-35.36
281	. .	122-35.45A
	2	122-35.45A note
282	1	104D-1
	2	104D-2
	3	104D-6 Repealed
283	1, 2	110-106
	3	110-106 note
284	4	105-321 L.M., 105-353 L.M., 105-357 L.M.
285	. .	18B-600 L.M.
288	. .	20-51
289	1	148-18.1
	2	148-181 note
290	1	106-539
	2, 3	106-540
	4	106-542
	5	106-543
	6	106-548
292	. .	48-6
293	1	108A-14
294	1, 2	15-27.2
	3	15A-303
	4	15A-543
	5	20-24
	6	90-95
	7	90-108
295	. .	143-128 L.M., 143-135 L.M.
296	1	143-214.1
	2, 3	143-215.1
	4	143-215.5
	5-8	143-215.3
	9	143-215.4
297	1, 2	110-86
	3	110-103
298	1	NC. Const., Art. III, § 7 note
	2	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 18 note
	3-5	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 7 note, NC. Const., Art. IV, § 18 note
299	. .	153A-238 to 153A-240 L.M.
300	1	105-51.1
	2	105-51
	3	105-51.1 note
301	. .	160A-58.1 L.M., 160A-58.4 L.M.
302	1	122-56.5
	2	90-21.5
303	1	105-147
	2	105-147 note
304	1	163-230.1
	2	163-230.1 note
306	. .	143-215.25
307	. .	113A-119
308	. .	115C-72
309	. .	50-20
310	. .	163-152 L.M.
311	. .	115D-2.1
312	. .	20-286
313	1	90-320
	2-4	90-322
314	1	127A-7
	2, 3	127A-80
	4	127A-81
315	1	127A-50
	2	127A-51
	3	127A-50 note,
	4	127A-50 note, 127A-51 note
316	1	127A-51
	2	127A-52
	3	127A-53
	4	127A-55
	5	127A-56
317	. .	20-81
318	. .	136-131.1 note
319	. .	63-68
320	1, 2	131C-5
321	1	153A-185
	2, 3	153A-186
	4	153A-204.1
	5, 6	153A-440.1
	7	153A-204.1 note
322	1	159E-1 to 159E-15
	2	142-8
	3	159-92
	4	159-128
	5	159-129
	6	159-134
	7, 8	159-139
	9	159-164
	10-12	159-172
	13	159E-1 note
323	1	20-81.8
	2	20-81.8 note
324	1	163-8
	2	163-25
	3	163-59
	4	163-151
	5	163-170
	6	163-302
325	1	143B-357
	2	143B-357 note
	3	143B-357 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
326	1, 2	20-37.6
327	1	113-53.1
	2	113-54
	3	113-55
	4	15A-302
	5	113-55.1
	6	113-55.2
	7	113-53.1 note, 113-55.2 note
328	1	53-92
	1.1	120-123
	2	53-92 note
	3	53-92
	4	53-97 Repealed
329	. .	163-181
330	1	163-106
	2	163-291
	3	163-294.2
331	1	163-108
	2	163-226.3
	3	163-227
	4	163-251 127A-51 note
	5	163-213.2, 163-283
	6	163-278.6
332	1	42-29
	2	42-28
	3	7A-217
	4	7A-217 note, 42-28 note, 42-29 note
333	1	162A-65
	2	162A-67
	3	162A-69
	4	162A-81
	5	162A-81 note
334	. .	113A-134.3
335	1	45-21.16
	2	45-21.21
341	. .	160A-41 L.M.
348	. .	160A-286
349	. .	14-398 L.M.
351	5	160A-44
	5	160A-44 note
353	. .	160A-265 L.M.
355	. .	143-135 L.M.
360	. .	115C-521 L.M., 115C-441 L.M.
362	. .	14-399 L.M.
363	. .	115C-500 L.M.
364	. .	14-234 L.M.
365	. .	87-1 L.M., 89C-1 L.M., 133-1 L.M., 143-128 L.M., 153A-1 L.M.
366	. .	160A-388 L.M.
367	. .	159-17 L.M.
373	. .	143-318.9 L.M., 150A-45 L.M., 150B-45 L.M.
374	1	58-124.30
	2, 3	58-97
375	1	8-103
	2	90-101
	3	8-103 note
376	. .	148-22
377	1	143-139.2
	2	153A-357
	3	160A-417
	4	153A-361
	5	160A-421
	6	153A-373
	7	160A-433
	8	153A-322
	9	160A-363
378	1	115D-20
	2	40A-3
	3	115D-20 note
379	1, 2	105-65.1
380	1	15A-1003
	2	15A-1004
	3	15A-1321
	4	122-58.4
	5	122-58.6
	6	122-58.7
	7	122-58.7A
	8	122-58.8
	9	122-58-20
	10	122-58.4, 122-58.4 note
381	1	153A-193.1
	2	153A-194
	3	153A-196
	4	160A-226.1
	5	160A-227
	6	160A-229
	7	153A-193.1 note, 153A-194 note, 153A-196 note, 160A-226.1 note 160A-229
382	. .	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-4 L.M.
383	1	122-35.35
	2	122-35.36
	3	122-35.43
	4	122-56.3
	5	122-58.3
	6	122-58.13
	7	122-70
	8	122-71.1
	9	122-7.1
	10	122-8.1
384	. .	93A-4
386	1	57B-3
	2	57B-4
387	. .	20-347
388	1, 1.1	69-25.1
	2	69-25.1 note
389	. .	15A-1353

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
390	1	84-18.1
	2, 3	84-28
	4	84-28.1
	5	84-32
	6	84-29
391	1	47-108.18
	2	47-108.18 note
392	1	163-33
	2	163-72.3
	3	163-72.3 note
393	1	58-366
	2	58-371
394	1-6	115C-325 note
395	. .	106-564.1
396	. .	58-173.27
397	1	14-119
	2	14-120
398	1	45-20.1
	2	47-51
	3	47-53
	4	47-53.1
	5	47-71.1
	6	47-108.5
	7	47-108.11
	8	45-20.1 note, 47-51 note, 47-53 note, 47-53.1 note, 47-71.1 note, 47-108.5 note, 47-108.11 note
399	. .	113A-121
400	1, 2	113A-121.1
401	1, 2	160A-442
402	. .	122-35.53
403	. .	113-264
405	. .	160A-266 L.M.
406	. .	143-340
407	. .	20-118
408	. .	115C-41
409	1	143-58.1
	2	143-58.1 note
410	1, 2	8-53
	3	8-53.3
	4, 5	8-53.4
	6	8-53.5
	7	8-53.3, 8-53.5
	8	8-53.6
	9	8-53.6 note
411	1, 2	163-72.1
	3	163-129
	4	163-153
	5	163-169
412	1, 2	135-1
	3	135-1.1
	4-6	135-27
413	1, 2	14-288.8
414	. .	90-95
415	1-4	131E-175 note, 131E-177 note
416	1	58-44.6 Repealed
	2	58-173.34 to 58-173.51 Repealed
	3, 4	58-248.33
	5	58-124.17
	6	58-248.27
	7	118-38
417	1	75-56
	2	75-16.1
418	. .	153A-27.1
419	. .	105A-8
420	1	20-161.2 Repealed
	2	20-219.9 to 20-219.14
	3	115C-46
	4	115D-21
	5	116-44.4
	6	116-229
	7	143-340
	8-10	153A-132
	11-13	160A-303
	14	20-219.9 note, 116-229 note
421	1	66-94.1
	2	66-94
	3	66-94.1 note
422	. .	44A-26 L.M.
424	. .	44-51.8
426	. .	20-79.2
427	1	10-1.1
	2	10.1
	3	10-1.1 note
432	. .	160A-397 L.M.
435	1	1-54 note, 8-35.1 note, 15A-534.2 note, 15A-931 note, 15A-1342 note, 18B-101 note, 18B-103 note, 18B-120 note, 18B-300 note, 18B-302 note, 18B-401 note, 18B-900 note, 18B-1003 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-13.2 note, 20-16 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.3 note, 20-16.3A note, 20-16.4 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-17 note, 20-17.2 note, 20-17.3 note, 20-19 note, 20-23.2 note, 20-24 note, 20-26 note, 20-28.2 note, 20-138 note, 20-138.1 note, 20-138.3 note, 20-138.4 note, 20-139 note, 20-139.1 note, 20-140 note, 20-141.4

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
435	1	note, 20-168 note, 20-179 note, 20-179.1 note, 20-179.2 note, 20-179.3 note
	3	8-35.1
	4	15A-534.2
	5	15A-931
	5.1	15A-1342
	6	18B-103
	7	18B-401
	8	20-4.01
	9	20-12.1
	10	20-16
	11	20-16.2
	12	20-16.3
	13	20-16.4
	14	20-16.5
	15	20-17
	16	20-17.2
	17	20-19
	18	20-23.2
	19	20-24
	20	20-26
	21	20-28.2
	22	20-16.3A
	23	20-138 Repealed, 20-139 Repealed, 20-140
	24	20-138.1
	25	20-138.4
	26	20-139.1
	27	20-141.4
	28	20-168
	29	20-179, 20-179.1
	30	20-179.2
	31	20-179.3
	32	18B-300, 18B-302, 18B-900
	33	20-13.2
	34	20-138.3
	35	18B-302
	36	20-17.3
	37	18B-120 to 18B-129
	38	1-54
	39	18B-900
	40	18B-1003
	41	18B-101
	41.1, 42	1-54 note, 8-35.1 note, 15A-534.2 note, 15A-931 note, 15A-1342 note, 18B-101 note, 18B-103 note, 18B-120 note, 18B-300 note, 18B-302 note, 18B-401 note,
435	42	18B-900 note, 18B-1003 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-13.2 note, 20-16 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.3 note, 20-16.3A note, 20-16.4 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-17 note, 20-17.2 note, 20-17.3 note, 20-19 note, 20-23.2 note, 20-24 note, 20-26 note, 20-28.2 note, 20-138 note, 20-138.1 note, 20-138.3 note, 20-138.4 note, 20-139 note, 20-139.1 note, 20-140 note, 20-141.4 note, 20-168 note, 20-179 note, 20-179.1 note, 20-179.2 note, 20-179.3 note
	43	1-54 note, 18B-120 note, 18B-900 note, 18B-1003 note
	45	1-54 note, 8-35.1 note, 15A-534.2 note, 15A-931 note, 15A-1342 note, 18B-101 note, 18B-103 note, 18B-120 note, 18B-300 note, 18B-302 note, 18B-401 note, 18B-900 note, 18B-1003 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-13.2 note, 20-16 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.3 note, 20-16.3A note, 20-16.4 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-17 note, 20-17.2 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
435	45	20-17.3 note,
		20-19 note,
		20-23.2 note,
		20-24 note,
		20-26 note,
		20-28.2 note,
		20-138 note,
		20-138.1 note,
		20-138.3 note,
		20-138.4 note,
		20-139 note,
		20-139.1 note,
		20-140 note,
		20-141.4 note,
		20-168 note,
		20-179 note,
		20-179.1 note,
		20-179.2 note,
		20-179.3 note
	45.1	20-16.5 note
	46	1-54 note,
		8-35.1 note,
		15A-534.2 note,
		15A-931 note,
		15A-1342 note,
		18B-101 note,
		18B-103 note,
		18B-120 note,
		18B-300 note,
		18B-302 note,
		18B-401 note,
		18B-900 note,
		18B-1003 note,
		20-4.01 note,
		20-12.1 note,
		20-13.2 note,
		20-16 note,
		20-16.2 note,
		20-16.3 note,
		20-16.3A note,
		20-16.4 note,
		20-16.5 note,
		20-17 note,
		20-17.2 note,
		20-17.3 note,
		20-19 note,
		20-23.2 note,
		20-24 note,
		20-26 note,
		20-28.2 note,
		20-138 note,
		20-138.1 note,
		20-138.3 note,
		20-138.4 note,
		20-139 note,
		20-139.1 note,
		20-140 note,
		20-141.4 note,
		20-168 note,
		20-179 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
435	46	20-179.1 note,
		20-179.2 note,
		20-179.3 note
436	. .	20-8
437	. .	40A-1 L.M.
438	. .	88-19
441	. .	153A-340
442	1	113A-118.1
	2	113-229
443	1	20-7
	2	20-37.7
	3	20-14
446	1	75A-2, 75A-4, 75A-5,
		75A-7, 75A-8
	2	75A-5, 75A-5.1,
		75A-7
	3	75A-7
449	1, 2	39-13.6
450	1, 2	143-215.71
451	1	14-2.4
	2	14-2.4 note
452	1, 2	135-38
453	1-3	15A-1340.4
454	1	48-1
	2	48-7
	3	48-9
	4	48-9.1
	5	48-16
	6	48-1, 48-4, 48-7,
		48-9.2, 48-13,
		48-14, 48-20,
		48-23, 48-25,
		48-28, 48-29,
		48-31, 48-32
	7	48-9.1
	8	110-57.1
455	1	14-256
	2	14-258.2
456	. .	160A-266
457	1	18B-403
	2	18B-600
	3	18B-1001
	4	18B-605
458	. .	143-129 L.M.
459	. .	120-219.2 L.M.
460	1	15A-1009
	2	15A-1004
	3	15A-1009 note
461	. .	143B-392
463	. .	118-1 L.M.
465	1-5	148-45
466	. .	118-1 L.M.
467	. .	128-27, 135-5,
468	1, 2	143-166, 143-166.01,
	3-6	143-166
	7	143-166, 143-166.02,
		143-166.02 note
	8	143-166.03
	9	143-166.04
	10	143-166

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
468	11	143-166 note, 143-166.03 note, 143-166.04 note
469	1	135-68
	2	135-68 note
470	1	54-110 note, 54-110.1, 54-110.1 note, 54-110.2 to 54-110.10
	2	54-110.1 note
471	. .	8-53
472	. .	58-77
473	. .	47-30
475	. .	115C-67 L.M.
476	. .	66-58
477	1	115C-459
	2	115C-459 note
478	. .	115C-271
479	1-3	115D-2.1
	4	115D-3
480	. .	105-159.1
481	. .	105-159.1
482	. .	106-609
483	1-3	20-114.1
	4	20-114.1 note
484	. .	113-138
485	1-3	113A-126
486	1-6	113A-104
	7	113A-104 note
487	2	113-133.1
489	1	90A-45
	2	90A-45 note
490	. .	160A-238 L.M.
491	. .	122-8.1
492	. .	113-291.1
493	1	115C-37.1
494	. .	143B-141 Repealed
495	1	90B-1 to 90B-13
	2	8-53.7
	3, 4	8-53.7 note, 90B-1 note
496	. .	118-7 L.M.
497	. .	118-1 L.M.
498	. .	118-1 L.M.
499	. .	135-40.2
500	1	118-41
	2	118-42
501	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
502	1	1-42.9
	2	1-42.9 note
503	. .	118-1 L.M. 143-166.02
504	. .	118-1 L.M.
505	1	118-1 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
506	. .	128-21 L.M.
507	1	14-159.1
507	2	14-159.1 note
508	1, 2	14-151.1
509	1, 2	78A-17
	3	78A-17 note
510	. .	105-164.4
511	1, 2	153A-149
	3, 4	160A-209
512	. .	7A-289.32
513	1	15A-980
	3	15A-1334
	4	15A-1340.4
	5	15A-980 note
515	1	147-69.3
	2	93B-11
	3	93B-11 note
516	1	126-40
	2	126-40 note
517	. .	14-269.1
518	1	113A-113
	2	113A-114
		Repealed
	3	113A-118
	4, 5	113A-120
	6	113A-126
519	1, 2	115C-527, 163-99
520	1	69-39.1
	2	Ch. 69, Art. 5
	3	69-39.1 note
521	1	20-7.1
	2	20-37.9
	3	20-37.9 note
522	1	41A-1 to 41A-10
	2	143B-391
	3	41A-1 note
523	. .	88-21
525	1-4	160A-167
	5	162A-6
526	1	7A-29
	2	7A-30
	3	7A-31
	4, 5	62-90
	6	62-91
	7	62-92
	8	62-95
	9	62-96
527	1	110-130.1
	2	143B-153
	3	110-130.1 note
528	1-3	90-112
529	. .	25-3-512
530	1	50-13.4
	2	50-13.3
531	1	148-49.11
	2	148-49.12
	3	148-49.14
532	1	7A-610
	2	7A-610 note
533	1	135-4
	2	128-26
	3	143-166

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
536	. .	15A-1344
537	. .	130-156.3 note
538	1, 2	20-13
	3-5	20-16
539	1	113A-134.10
	2	113A-134.10 note
540	1	143B-426.22, 143B-426.23
	2	143B-426.22 note
541	. .	24-10
542	. .	66-49.9
543	1, 2	143B-422
	3	143B-424
544	1, 2	14-234
545	. .	20-9
546	. .	130-166.18 note
547	. .	15A-1380.2
548	. .	122-27
549	1	115C-90
	2	115C-100
	3	115C-90 note
551	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-5 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
553	. .	163-67
554	1, 1.1	159-80
	2-2.2	159-81
	3-4	159-83
	5	159-84
	6	159-85
	7, 8	159-86
	9	159-88
	10	159-89
	11	159-90
	12	159-91
	13	159-93
	14	159-94
	15	159-95
	16	159-96
	17	159-120
	18	159-141
	19	159-160
	20	159-165
	21-26	159-80 note, 159-81 note, 159-83 note, 159-84 note, 159-85 note, 159-86 note, 159-88 note, 159-89 note, 159-90 note, 159-91 note, 159-93 note, 159-94 note, 159-95 note, 159-96 note, 159-120 note, 159-141 note,
554	21-26	159-160 note, 159-165 note
555	1	113-292 note
556	1, 2	128-24, 135-3
	3	128-24 note, 135-3 note
557	1	148-4.1
	2, 3	15A-1380.2
	4	148-4.1 note
558	1	17E-1 to 17E-11
	2, 3	17C-2
	4	143A-55.2
	5	120-123
	6	17C-1 note, 17C-2 note, 17C-3 note
	7	17E-1 note, 143A-55.2 note
559	1	143B-426.24
	2	147-9.2
	3	147-9.4
	4	120-123
	5	143B-426.24 note
560	1	15A-1355
	2	15A-1340.7
	3	148-13
561	1-6	15A-1343
	7	15A-1342
	8	15A-1343 note
562	. .	15A-1374
563	1	14-320.1
564	1-3	14-259
565	. .	105-345
567	1	15A-1344.1
	2	15A-1343
	3	15A-1343 note, 15A-1344.1 note
568	1	54-109.2
	2	54-109.21
	3	54-109.54
	4	54-109.65
	5	54-109.67
569	1, 2	87-21
570	1	113-151.1
	2-7	113-152
	8, 9	113-154
	10	113-155 Repealed
	11	113-156
	12	113-157 Repealed
	13	113-156.1
	14	113-153
	15	113-156
	16	113-152, 113-154
	17	113-158
	18	113-162
	19	113-164
	20	113-165
	21	105-164.13
	22	113-152
	23	113-156.1 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
571	1	15A-701
	2	15A-703 note
	3	15A-701
	4	15A-702
572	. .	62-90
573	. .	115C-1 L.M.
574	1	159B-4
	2-2.6	159B-5
	3	159B-9
	4, 4.1	159B-11
	5	159B-12
	6	159B-14
	7, 7.1	159B-15
	8	159B-16
	9	159B-17
	10	159B-27
	11	159B-4 note,
		159B-5 note,
		159B-9 note,
		159B-11 note,
		159B-12 note,
		159B-14 note to
		159B-17 note,
		159B-27 note
575	. .	143B-450.1
576	1-3	163-96
	4	163-74
577	1	113-315.31 note,
		116-41.4 note,
		116-41.9 note,
		116-175 note,
		116-175.1 note,
		116-176 note,
		116-178 note,
		116-179 note,
		116-182 note,
		116-183 note,
		116-187.1 note,
		116-189 note,
		116-191 note,
		116-192 note,
		116-194 note,
		116-195 note
	2	113-315.31
	3	116-41.4
	4	116-41.9
	5	116-175.1
	6	116-175, 116-176,
		116-178, 116-179,
		116-182, 116-183
	7	116-187.1
	8	116-189, 116-191,
		116-192, 116-194,
		116-195
	19	113-315.25 note,
		116-41.1 note,
		116-175 note,
		116-187 note,
		143B-452 note
	20	116-175.1 note,
577	20	116-187.1 note
578	1	131-28.22A note,
		131E-14.1
	2	131E-14.1 note
579	. .	115C-518 L.M.
580	. .	113-1 L.M.,
	3	136-149
581	1, 2	7A-289.27
	3	7A-289.31
582	1	45-21.46, 45-21.47
	2	1-601
	3	1-601 note,
		45-21.46 note,
		45-21.47 note
583	1	18B-1000
	2-5	18B-1001
	6	18B-602
584	1-4	160A-362
585	1-11	96-9
	12-16	96-12
	17	96-13
	18	96-14
	19	96-16
	20	96-8
586	1	7A-146
	2	7A-148
	3	15A-1011
	4	7A-180
	5	7A-273
587	. .	50-13.5
588	1	153A-272
	2, 3	163-80
	4	153A-272 note
589	1	84-16
	2	84-16 note
590	1	7A-573
	2-6	7A-574
591	1	105-436.1
	2	105-449.16
	3	105-449.24
	4	105-436.1,
		105-446.3:1,
		105-449.16,
		105-449.24
592	. .	20-108
593	1	20-84
594	1	105-164.14
	2	105-164.14 note
596	1	115D-20
	2	115D-20 note
598	. .	25-2-103
599	. .	97-28
601	1-3	113-202
	4	113-202 note
602	1	143-345.7
	2	143-345.7 note
603	2	85B-4.1, 85B-4.2
	3	85B-4.1 note,
		85B-4.2 note
	4	85B-4

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
603	5	85B-5
	6	85B-8
	7	85B-4.1 note, 85B-4.2 note
604	1	136-89.56
	2	136-133
	3	136-149
605	1	130-166.18 note
	2	143B-216.10
606	. .	15A-1340.4
607	1	7A-659
	2	7A-660
	3	7A-289.31
	4	7A-289.35 Repealed
	5	7A-289.31 note, 7A-289.35 note, 7A-659 note, 7A-660 note
608	. .	130-128.2 note
609	1	Ch. 159B, Art. 1 note, Ch. 159B, Art. 2 note, Ch. 159B, Art. 3 note, Ch. 159B, Art. 4 note
	2	159B-2
	3-6	159B-3
	7	159B-42 to 159B-46
	8	159B-36 recodified as 159B-52
	9	128-1
	10	Ch. 159, Subch. III, Art. 3, Pt. 6 note
	11	128-1 note, 159B-2, 159B-3 note, 159B-42 note, 159B-52 note
	12	159B-42 note
610	1	20-279.7
	2	20-279.31
	3	20-279.7A
	4	20-279.7A note
611	1	131D-3
	2	131D-4
612	. .	110-91
	2	20-84, 20-84.1
613	1	50-5 Repealed, 50-5 note, 50-5.1
	2	50-6
	3	50-5 note, 50-5.1 note, 50-6 note
614	1	160A-417
	2	153A-357
	3	143-138
	4	153A-325
	5	143-138 note, 153A-325 note, 153A-357 note, 160A-417 note
	6	153-325 note
615	. .	113-292
616	. .	136-44.20
617	1, 2	163-30
	3	163-31
	4	163-42
	5	163-41
618	1, 2	17C-3
619	. .	113-221
620	. .	113-221
621	1	Ch. 113, Art. 16
	2	113-201
	3	113-201.1
	4-16	113-202
	17	113-201.1 note
622	1-3	166A-6.1
623	. .	14-358
624	1	47A-1 note, 47A-34 to 47A-37
	2	47A-1 to 47A-5, 47A-7, 47A-12, 47A-13, 47A-16, 47A-17, 47A-19, 47A-27, 47A-28
	3	47A-34 note
625	1	96-12
	2-5	96-13
	6	96-14
	7	96-12
	8	96-14
	9	96-8
	10-14	96-15
	15	96-18
	16	96-4
626	1	32A-1 to 32A-3, 32A-8 to 32A-14
	2	47-115.1 Repealed
	3	32A-1 note
627	1	115C-189
	2	115C-191
628	1	97-110
	2	97-117
629	1	18B-500
	2	20-39
630	1	115C-12
	2	115C-239
	3-6	115C-240
	7	115C-242
631	1	14-260 recodified as 162-55, 162-55 note
	2	14-261 recodified as 162-56, 162-56, 162-56 note
	3	14-264 recodified as 162-57, 162-57 note
632	1	143B-79
	2	143B-80.1
	3	143B-80.1 note
633	. .	14-277.2
635	. .	15A-1231

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
636	1	160A-49
	2	160A-37
	3	160A-49
	4	160A-37
	5	160A-49
	6	160A-37, 160A-49
	7	160A-47
	7.1	160A-35
	8	160A-33
	9	160A-45
	10	160A-47
	11	160A-47
	12-14	160A-49
	14.1	160A-50
	15	160A-48
	16	160A-35
	17	160A-47
	17.1	160A-1
	18	160A-35
	19	160A-47
	20	160A-37.1
	21	160A-49.1
	22	160A-37.2
	23	160A-49.2
	24	118-42
	25	160A-294
	25.1	Ch. 160A, Art. 4A, Pt. 1
	26	160A-24 to 160A-28 Repealed
	26.1	160A-32 Repealed
	27	160A-43 Repealed, 160A-44 Repealed, 160A-55 Repealed, 160A-56 Repealed
	36	160A-37
	37	160A-49
	37.1, 38	118-42 note, 160A-1 note, 160A-24 to 160A-28 note, 160A-32 note, 160A-33 note, 160A-35 note, 160A-37 note, 160A-37.1 note, 160A-37.2 note, 160A-43 note, 160A-44 note, 160A-45 note, 160A-47 note, 160A-48 note, 160A-49 note, 160A-49.1 note, 160A-49.2 note, 160A-50 note, 160A-55 note, 160A-56 note, 160A-294 note
637	1	131D-5 Repealed
	2	131D-10.1 to
	2	131D-10.9
	3	110-49 Repealed
	4	131D-10.1 note
638	1	122-58.1
	2	122-58.2
	3-5	122-58.3
	6, 7	122-58.4
	8	122-58.5
	9, 10	122-58.6
	11	122-58.6A
	12	122-58.7
	13	122-58.7A:1
	14	122-58.8
	15	122-58.8A
	16	122-58.10A
	17	122-58.10B
	18, 19	122-58.11
	20	122-58.11A
	21	122-58.13
	22	122-8.1
	23	7A-451
	24	7A-451.1
	25	7A-451 note, 7A-451.1 note, 122-8.1 note, 122-58.1 note, 122-58.2 note, 122-58.3 note, 122-58.4 note, 122-58.5 note, 122-58.6 note, 122-58.7 note, 122-58.6A note, 122-58.7A:1 note, 122-58.8 note, 122-58.8A note, 122-58.10A note, 122-58.10B note, 122-58.11 note, 122-58.11A note, 122-58.13 note
	25.1	122-58.4
	27	7A-451 note, 7A-451.1 note, 122-8.1 note, 122-58.1 note, 122-58.2 note, 122-58.3 note, 122-58.4 note, 122-58.5 note, 122-58.6 note, 122-58.6A note, 122-58.7 note, 122-58.7A:1 note, 122-58.8 note, 122-58.8A note, 122-58.10A note, 122-58.10B note, 122-58.11 note, 122-58.11A note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
638	27	122-58.13 note
639	1, 2	7A-576
640	1, 2	50-20
641	1	150A-2
	2	150A-10 Repealed
	3	150A-14
	4	150A-58
	5	150A-59
	6	150A-63
	7	120-30.24
	8	143B-10
642	1	153A-309
	2	153A-309 note
643	1, 2	105-275
	3	105-275 note
644	1, 2	163-294.2
	3	163-280
645	1, 2	97-10.2
	3	97-10.2 note
646	1	14-163.1
	2	14-163.1 note
648	1	11-7.1
	2	11-7.1 note
649	. .	162-3 L.M., 162-5 L.M.
650	. .	105-113.86
651	1	128-1.2
	2	128-1.2 note
652	1	159F-1 note
	2	159F-1 to 159F-9
	3	159F-1 note
653	1	14-318.4
	2	14-322.1
654	. .	95-69.10
655	2	143B-153.1 note
656	1	115C-364
	2	115C-81
657	1	65-36.1
	2	65-36.2
	3	65-36.3
	4	65-36.2, 65-36.5, 65-36.6, 65-36.7
	5	65-36.6
658	. .	159-7 L.M., 160A-29 160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M., 160A-58 L.M.
659	. .	160A-216 L.M.
661	. .	58-79
662	. .	58-40
663	1	105-269.4
	2	105-163.16
	3	105-269.4 note
664	. .	58-79
665	1	1A-1, Rule 45
	2	8-44.1
666	. .	143B-426.11
667	1	143B-279, 143B-302 to 143B-304 Repealed
667	2, 3	143B-280
668	1	58-254.57
	2	58-254.57 note
669	. .	58-254.47
670	1	162-2
	2	162-5, 162-5.1
	3	Ch. 162, Art. 2
	4	162-8
	5	162-9
	6	162-10
	7	162-11 Repealed
	8	162-14
	9	162-15
	10	162-17
	11	162-18
	12	162-20 Repealed
	13	162-21 Repealed
	14	162-22
	15	162-24
	16	162-37 Repealed
	17	162-38
	18	162-40
	19	162-40.1
	20	162-42 to 162-44 Repealed, 162-48 Repealed
	21	162-50
	22	105-373
	23	14-243
	24	162-40.1 note, 162-50 note
671	1	50-21
	2	50-21 note
672	1	42-36.2
	3	42-51
	4	42-36.2 note
673	1	Ch. 74C, Art. 1, 74C-1 note
	2	74C-30 to 74C-33
	3	74C-8
	4-6	74C-10
	7	74C-12
	8	74C-10
	9	74C-20 Repealed
	10	74C-30 note
674	1	126-11
	2	126-11 note
675	. .	96-8
676	1	113A-205 to 113A-214
	2	153A-448
	3	160A-458.2
	4	113A-205 note, 153A-448 note, 160A-458.2 note
677	1	50-13.9
	2	50-13.9 note
678	1	15-187
	2	15-188
	3	15-190

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
678	4	15-187 note, 15-188 note, 15-190 note
679	1, 2	1A-1, Rule 4
680	. .	143-3.3
681	1	15A-505
	2	15A-505 note
682	1	143B-262
	2	143B-262 note
683	. .	67-31 L.M.
684	. .	136-84 to 136-87 Repealed
685	1	105-188
	2	105-188 note
686	1	25A-1
	2, 3	25A-2
	4	25A-44
688	. .	48-11
689	1, 2	58-43
690	. .	58-248.33
691	1	20-279.4
	2	20-279.5
	3	20-279.4 note, 20-279.5 note
692	1	143-135.5
	2	143-48
	3	136-28.4
	4	136-28.4 note, 143-135.5 note
693	. .	105-275
694	. .	14-239
695	1	90-89
	2	90-90
696	. .	160A-75
697	. .	163-35
698	. .	160A-443
699	1	161-22
	2	51-18
	3	161-22
700	1-4	163-278.42
	5	163-278.41
701	1	8C-1, Rules 101 to 1102
	2	8C-1 note
	3	8C-1 note
702	1-9	147-69.2
	10	147-69.3
704	1	20-285
	2, 3	20-286
	4	20-294
	5-10	20-305
	11-13	20-305.1
	14, 15	20-305.2
	16	20-308.1
	17	20-308.2
	18	20-305.5
	19, 20	20-285 note, 20-286 note, 20-294 note, 20-301 note, 20-305 note, 20-305.1 note,
704	19, 20	20-305.2 note, 20-305.5 note, 20-307.1 note, 20-308.1 note, 20-308.2 note
	21	20-286
	22	20-305 note
	23	20-301
	24	20-307.1
	25	20-285 note, 20-286 note, 20-294 note, 20-301 note, 20-305 note, 20-305.1 note, 20-305.2 note, 20-305.5 note, 20-307.1 note, 20-308.1 note, 20-308.2 note
705	1	14-72.3
	2	14-72.3 note
706	1	105-147
	2	105-3
	3	105-3 note, 105-147 note
707	. .	163-80
708	1	95-25.3
	2	95-25.14
	3	95-25.2
709	1	148-26.1, 148-26.2 to 148-26.4 Repealed
	2	143B-265
	3	143B-267
710	. .	143B-417
711	1	28A-25-3
	2	28A-25-4
712	1	15A-1343
	2	15A-1343 note
713	1	7A-320
	2, 3	7A-304
	4-6	7A-305
	7, 8	7A-306
	9	7A-306
	10-17	7A-307
	18	7A-308
	19	7A-309
	20	7A-314
	21	28A-25-1
	22	10-1
	23	25-9-403
	24, 25	25-9-405
	26	25-9-406
	27, 28	25-9-407
	29-31	44-68.4
	32-35	55-155
	36	55-156
	37	55-155
	38	55-156
	39-42	55A-77
	43, 44	55A-78

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
713	45-47	78A-28
	48	78A-37
	49	80-3
	50	120-47.3
	51	120-47.2
	52	95-105
	53	95-106
	54	20-88.01
	55	105-449.37
	56	105-449.47
	57	105-449.48
	58	105-449.49
	59	105-449.51
	60	105-449.52
	61	20-87
	62	105-2.1
	63, 64	105-3
	65	105-9.1
	66	105-114
	67	105-125, 105-212
	68	105-130.2
	69	105-130.3
	70	105-130.5
	71	105-130.5
	72	105-130.5
	73	105-130.5
	74	105-130.12
	75	105-135
	76	105-141
	77	105-147
	78	105-147
	79	105-163.1
	80	105-212
	81	105-228.5
	82	105-3, 105-7, 105-7.1, 105-130.2, 105-130.5, 105-130.9, 105-130.13, 105-130.15, 105-135, 105-141, 105-141.2, 105-142, 105-144, 105-144.1, 105-144.2, 105-145, 105-147, 105-161, 105-163, 105-163.1, 105-212
	83	105-130.5
	84	105-147
	85	105-141
	86	105-163.25 to 105-163.37 note, 105-163.38 to 105-163.44
	87, 88	105-164.3
	89	105-164.4
	90	105-164.6
	91	105-164.13
	92	105-164.13
	93	105-164.4
	94	20-109.1
	95	105-164.44A
	96	131E-177
	97	131E-182
	98	105-66
	99	105-66.1
	100, 101	18B-804
	102-104	18B-805
	105	18B-902
	106	18B-903
	107, 108	105-113.86
	109	7A-304 note, 7A-305 note, 7A-306 note, 7A-307 note, 7A-308 note, 7A-309 note, 7A-314 note, 7A-320 note, 20-87 note, 20-88.01 note, 105-2.1 note, 105-66.1 note, 105-163.25 to 105-163.37 note, 105-163.38 note, 105-147 note, 120-47.2 note, 120-47.3 note, 131E-177 note, 131E-182 note
	110	105-164.4 note, 105-164 note
714	1	104F-1
	2	104F-2, 104F-3
	3	104F-4, 104F-5
	4	104F-1 note
	5	104F-1 note
715	1, 2	143B-480.2
	3	143B-480.3
717	1	14-247 note, 18B-200 note, 20-2 note, 20-189 note, 20-196 note, 53-93.1 note, 53-96 note, 58-194.1 note, 58-241.6 note, 58-241.11 note, 62-15 note, 66-58 note, 86A-6 note, 90-139 note, 90-140 note, 95-69.13 note, 95-134 note, 96-3 note, 97-78 note, 106-26.20 note, 106-266.7 note, 113-315.26 note, 115C-27 note, 115C-243 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
717	1	115D-3 note, 115D-4 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-33 note, 116-11 note, 116-36 note, 116-37 note, 116-168 note, 116-168.1 note, 116-169 note, 116-170 note, 116-209.19 note, 120-121 note, 120-122 note, 120-123 note, 122A-4 note, 122A-8.1 note, 123A-1 note, 126-3 note, 126-5 note, 126-8.1 note, 126-67 note, 129-40 note, 129-42 note, 129-42.1 note, 129-42.2 note, 136-4 note, 136-44.2 note, 136-44.37 note, 136-44.38 note, 138-4 note, 140-12 note, 143-11 note, 143-11.1 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-18.1 note, 143-25 note, 143-49 note, 143-52 note, 143-53 note, 143-56 note, 143-60 note, 143-63 note, 143-143.10 note, 143-215.40 note, 143-215.73 note, 143-243 note, 143-246 note, 143-341 note, 143-342.1 note, 143A-9 note, 143B-9 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-27 note, 143B-267 note, 143B-397 note, 143B-398 note, 143B-426.11 note, 143B-434 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-469.1 note, 146-30 note, 147-15 note, 147-86.1 note, 147-87 note, 148-70 note, 159-5 note
	2	120-123
	2.1	143B-452
	3	120-123
	4	18B-200
	5	20-2
	6	20-189
	7	20-196
	8	53-93.1
	9	53-96
	10	58-194.1
	11	58-241.6
	12	58-241.11
	12.1	62-15
	13	66-58
	14	148-70
	15	86A-6
	16	95-69.13
	17, 18	95-134
	19	96-3
	20	97-78
	21	106-26.20
	22	106-266.7
	24	113-315.26
	25	115C-27
	26	115D-3
	27-27.2	115D-4
	27.3	115D-33
	28	115D-5
	29, 30	116-11
	31	116-36
	32	116-37
	33	116-168.1
	34	116-168 note, 116-169 note, 116-170 note
	35	116-209.19
	36-37	122A-4
	38	122A-8.1
	39	123A-1 to 123A-27 Repealed
	40	126-3
	41	126-5
	42	128-8.1
	43	126-67
	43.1	129-40
	43.2	120-123
	43.3, 43.4	129-42
	43.5	129-42.1
	44	129-42.2
	45	136-4
	46, 47	136-44.2
	48	136-44.37, 136-44.38
	49	138-4
	50	143A-9
	51	143B-9
	52, 53	140-12
	54	143-11
	55	143-11.1 Repealed
	56	143-16.1
	57	143-18.1
	58	143-25
	60	143-49
	61	143-52
	62	143-49
	63-64.1	143-53
	65, 66	143-56
	67, 68	143-60

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
717	69	143-215.40
	70	143-215.73
	71, 72	143-243
	73	143-246
	74	143-341
	75	14-247
	76, 77	143-342.1
	78	143B-10
	79	143B-27 Repealed
	80	143B-267
	81	143-63, 143B-397 Repealed, 143B-398 Repealed
	82	143B-426.11
	83	143B-434
	84	143B-454
	85	143B-469.1
	86-87	146-30, 146-30 note
	88	147-15
	89	147-86.1
	90	147-87
	91	159-5
	92	115C-243
	93-98	106-266.7
	99	120-123
	100-104	90-139
	105	120-123
	106	90-104
	107-109	143-143.10
	110	120-123
	111	120-121
	112,	
	113	120-122
	114	143-143.10
	115	116-168.1 note
718	1	122-23.1 to 122-23.10
	2	90-109
	3	122-35.51, 122-35.52
	4	122-72
	5	143B-147
	6	90-109 note, 122-23.1 note, 122-35.51 note, 122-35.52 note, 122-72 note, 143B-147 note
	7	122-23.1 note
719	1	24-9.2
	2	54B-237 to 54B-242, 54B-245 to 54B-249
	3	24-9.2 note
720	1	15-144.1
	2, 3	15-144.2
	4	14-12.7, 14-12.7 note, 14-12.9, 14-12.9 note, 14-12.10, 14-12.10 14-27.2, 14-27.2 note, 14-27.4, 14-27.4 note,
720	4	14-33, 14-33 note, 14-190.8, note, 14-190.8 note, 14-316.1, 14-316.1 note, 14-318, 14-318 note
721	1	75-15.2
	2	14-291.2
	3	75-33
	4	66-99
722	. .	1A-1, Rule 45
724	1	20-118
	2	20-116
725	. .	135-4
726	1	7A-450.1 to 7A-450.4
	2, 3	7A-588
	4	7A-450.1 note, 7A-450.2 note, 7A-450.3 note, 7A-450.4 note, 7A-588 note
727	. .	15A-131
728	. .	97-93
729	. .	163-213.4
730	. .	143-138 L.M., 160A-303 L.M.
731	. .	115C-518
732	. .	20-51
733	1	147-16.2
	2	147-16.2 note
735	1	162A-89.1
	2	162A-89.1 note
737	. .	90-278
738	1	45-21.46
	2	45-21.46 note
739	1, 2	15-27.2
740	1, 2	18B-302
741	. .	14-107
742	3	85C-41 Repealed
	4	85C-41 note
744	1.1	163-294.2 L.M.
745	1	17E-2
	2	17C-2
	3	17C-10
	4	153A-216
	5	153A-220
	6	153A-221
	7	153A-222
	8	153A-223
	9	153A-227 Repealed
746	1	14-43.2
	2	14-39
748	. .	160A-265 L.M.
749	. .	58-205.3
750	1	115C-154
	2	115C-159
	3	115C-165
751	1	85B-1
	2, 3	85B-2

1983		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
751	4, 5	85B-3
	6-8	85B-4
	9-11	85B-5
	12	85B-6
752	. .	115C-72
753	. .	20-162.1
754	. .	20-43.4
755	1	90-329 to 90-342
	2	8-53.8
	3, 4	8-53.8 note, 90-329 note
756	1	47-108.19
	2	47-108.19 note
757	13	113A-134.1 to 113A-134.3
	14	139-54 note
758	1-4	50-20
	5	50-20 note
759	1-3	15A-903
760	1-4	105-436.1 note, 105-449.16 note, 105-449.24 note
761	. .	50-13.1 L.M.
	13	143-10.1
	14	143-27
	19	143-7
	21	58-191.4, 58-191.4 note
	22	138-6
	24	138-5
	25	120-3.1
	26	120-3.1
	27	143-34.6
	35	131D-3, 131D-4
	55	131-60.6 note
	57	143-16.1
	58	143-341
	60	90-85.27 note, 108A-61 note
	77	115C-106 note, 122-35.53 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	88	115C-301.1
	90	115C-302
	93	115C-521, 115C-521 note
	104	115D-2
	105	115D-31.1
	112	116-144
	113	116-11
	119	113-56.1
	120	113A-193
	133	18B-208
	134	18B-208 note
	135	136-28.1 note
	138	62-281
	140	20-63 note, 105-164.4 note
	141	20-88.1,

1983		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
761	141	20-88.1 note
	142, 143	20-87
	144	20-88
	145	20-87
	146	20-309
	147	20-311
	148	20-48
	149	20-26
	151	143-341, 143-341 note
	152	7A-400 to 7A-410 note, 7A-411, 7A-411 note, 7A-412, 7A-412 note, 7A-413, 7A-414
	153	7A-49.3
	154	20-179.4, 20-179.4 note
	155	20-179.2
	157	15A-1371 L.M.
	159	7A-586
	160	7A-489, 7A-489 note, 7A-490 to 7A-493
	162	50-13.1 L.M., 50-13.1 note
	163	7A-478
	165	122-98
	166	146-30, 146-30 note
	168	66-58
	173, 174	143-341
	176, 177	143-47.21
	178	Ch. 143, art. 2D
	179	120-123
	180, 181	143-47.24
	184	115C-223
	185	150A-11
	187	143-135.10 to 143-135.20
	188	7A-29
	189	7A-31
	190	143-135.3
	191	136-29
	192	136-29 note, 143-135.3 note, 143-135.10 note
	194, 195	147-11
	197	120-37
	199	7A-171.1
	200	7A-101
	203	120-3
	206	58-6
	207	95-2
	208	106-11
	209	114-7
	210	115C-20
	211	147-33
	212	147-35
	213	147-55 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
761	214	147-64.1
	215	147-65
	218, 219	135-5
	220	143-166
	221	135-65
	222	135-1 note
	223	135-14
	225	143-27.2
	226, 227	128-27
	228, 229	135-5
	230	135-57
	231	135-63
	232	143-166
	233	128-27 note, 135-5 note, 135-63 note
	234	135-63
	236	143-166.1
	237	143-166.2
	238	120-4.8 to 120-4.29
	239	120-4.8 note
	240	120-4.8 to 120-4.29 note
	241	143-166
	242	7A-10
	243	7A-18
	244	7A-44
	245	7A-144
	246	7A-65
	247	7A-101
	248	7A-65
	249	7A-101
	250, 251	127A-40
	252-255	135-40.2
	256	135-40.3
	257	143-1 note
	259	7A-10 note, 7A-18 note, 7A-29 note, 7A-131 note, 7A-44 note, 7A-49.3 note, 7A-65 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-144 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-411 note, 7A-478 note, 7A-489 note, 7A-586 note, 18B-208 note, 20-26 note, 20-48 note, 20-63 note, 20-87 note, 20-88 note, 20-88.1 note, 20-179.2 note, 20-179.4 note, 20-309 note, 20-311 note, 58-6 note, 58-191.4 note, 62-281 note, 66-58 note, 95-2 note, 105-164.4 note,
761	259	106-11 note, 113-56.1 note, 113A-193 note, 114-7 note, 115C-20 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-223 note, 115C-301.1 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-521 note, 115D-2 note, 115D-31.1 note, 116-11 note, 116-144 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.8 to 120-4.29 note, 120-37 note, 120-123 note, 122-98 note 127A-40 note, 128-27 note, 131D-3 note, 131D-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-14 note, 135-40.2 note, 135-40.3 note, 135-57 note, 135-63 note, 135-65 note, 136-28.1 note, 136-29 note, 138-5 note, 138-6 note, 143-7 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-27 note, 143-27.2 note, 143-34.6 note, 143-47.21 note, 143-47.24 note, 143-135.3 note, 143-135.10 note, 143-166 note, 143-166.1 note, 143-166.2 note, 143-341 note, 146-30 note, 147-11 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-55 note, 147-64.1 note, 147-65 note, 150A-11 note
	260	7A-411 note, 113-56.1 note, 115C-301.1 note, 115D-31.1 note, 138-5 note, 138-6 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-34.6 note
762	1	15A-401
	2	15A-401 note
763	1	58-30.5
	2, 3	58-30.4
	4	58-30.5 note
765	1	N.C. Const., Art. V, § 11
766	. .	58-241.34
768	1	1-515

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
768	2	14-86.1
	3	20-17.1
	4	20-88
	5	20-125
	5.1	90-322
	5.2	105-3
	6	20-130.1
	7	115C-115
	8	115C-242
	9	115C-302
	10	115C-569
	11	116-36.3
	12	120-30.28 note
	13	143A-42
	14	143A-43 Repealed, 143A-46 Repealed
	15	143A-44
	16	143A-45
	17	143A-47
	18	143A-48
	19	150A-14
	20	153A-221
	21	153A-221.1
	22	160A-91
	23	160A-240.1
	24	164-15
	25	160A-49
	25.1, 25.2	18B-500, 20-39
	25.3	20-43.4, 20-43.4 note
769	1	157-9.1
	2	157-9.1 note
770	1-15	115C-325
	16	115C-306 Repealed
	17	115C-325 note
772	1	97-38
	2	97-38 note
773	. .	90-108
774	1	7A-400 to 7A-410 Repealed
	2	7A-506
775	1	130-1 to 130-3 note, 130-9.5 Repealed, 130-9.7 Repealed, 130-170.1 Repealed, 130-170.2 Repealed, 130-230 Repealed, 130-232 to 130-235 Repealed, 130-264 to 130-277 Repealed, 131-1 to 131-188 Repealed, 131B-1 to 131B-9 Repealed, 131E-1, 131E-5 to 131E-12, 131E-15 to 131E-34, 131E-40 to 131E-47, 131E-55 to 131E-58, 131E-65 to
775	1	131E-67, 131E-70, 131E-75 to 131E-82, 131E-85 to 131E-87, 131E-90, 131E-95, 131E-100 to 131E-110, 131E-115 to 131E-128, 131E-135 to 131E-142, 131E-145 to 131E-152, 131E-155 to 131E-161, 131E-165 to 131E-170, 131E-175 to 131E-191
	2	131E-175 note
	3	131-4 to 131-13 note, 131E-5 note, 131E-15 note, 131E-40 note
	4-6	130-1 to 130-3 note, 130-9 to 130-9.4 note, 130-9.5 note, 130-9.7 note, 130-170.1 note, 130-170.2 note, 130-230 note, 130-232 to 130-235 note, 130-264 to 130-277 note, 131-4 to 131-13 note, 131B-1 to 131B-9 note, 131E-1 note
	6	131E-14.1 note
	7	130-1 to 130-3 note, 130-9 to 130-9.5 note, 130-9.7 note, 130-170.1 note, 130-170.2 note, 130-230 note, 130-232 to 130-235 note, 130-264 to 130-277 note, 131-4 to 131-13 note, 131B-1 to 131B-9 note, 131E-1 note, 131E-15 note
776	1	8-58.1
	2	8-58.1 note
777	1, 2	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
778	1	147-33.12 to 147-33.21
	2	120-123
	3	147-33.12 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
778	4	147-33.12 note
779	1	20-217
	2	20-217.1 Repealed
	3	20-217 note, 20-217.1 note
780	1	14-219 Repealed
	2	120-86
	3	14-219 note, 120-86 note
781	. .	114-26 to 114-37 Repealed
782	1	135-27
784	. .	7A-39.3, 7A-52
785	1	105-302
	2	105-306
786	1	74D-1 to 74D-13
	2, 3	74C-3
	4, 5	74C-1 note, 74D-1 note
	6, 7	74C-10 note, 74D-9 note
	8	74D-1 note
	9	120-123
	10	74D-1 note
788	. .	18B-700 L.M.
789	1	122B-1 to 122B-29
	2	120-123
	3	120-123 note, 122B-1 note
790	1-4	105-228.7
	5	57-12
	6	58-63
	7-9	66-49.11
	10	66-49.31
	11	85C-12
792	. .	105-113.96
793	1	105-130.34
	2	105-130.9
	3	105-151.12
	4	105-147
	5	105-130.34 note, 105-147 note, 105-151.12 note
794	1	74C-3
	2	74C-5
	3	74C-8
	4	74C-10
	5	74C-16
	6	74C-17
	7	74C-4
	8	74C-9
	9	14-401.6
	10	74C-4 note
	11	74C-8
795	1	130A-290
	2	130A-291
	3	130A-294
	4	143-129.2
	5	159-96
	6	159-97
	7	150-96 note, 159-97 note
	8	130A-290 note, 130A-291 note, 130A-294 note, 143-129.2 note, 159-96 note, 159-97 note
	8.1	130A-290, 130A-290 note, 130A-291, 130A-291 note, 130A-294, 130A-294 note, 143-129.2
	9	143-129.2 note
796	. .	160A-265 L.M.
797	1, 2	160A-457
798	. .	20-16
799	. .	45-21.33
800	1, 2	106-272
	3	106-274
801	1, 2	1A-1, Rule 30
802	1, 2	58-41.2
	3	66-49.18
	4	58-41.1
804	1, 2	143-134.1
	3	143-134.1 note
805	1, 2	105-164.4
806	. .	143-119
807	1, 2	17C-3
	3	17C-5
	4	17C-9
808	1	105-369
	2-4	105-370 to 105-372 Repealed
	5-7	105-373
	8	105-374
	9	105-375
	10, 11	105-394
	12	105-369 note, 105-370 to 105-372 note, 105-373 note to 105-375 note, 105-394 note
	13	105-369 note, 105-370 to 105-372 note, 105-373 note to 105-375 note, 105-394 note
810	. .	74C-5
811	1	50-20 note
812	. .	136-113
813	1	105-289
	2	105-294
	3	105-296
	4	105-299
814	1	93A-39 to 93A-57
	2	93A-39 note, 93A-51 note to 93A-53 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
815	1	105-251.1
	2	105-251.1 note
	3	105-251.1 note
816	1	131D-21.1
	2	131D-21.1 note
817	1-3	78A-2
	4, 5	78A-16
	6, 7	78A-17
	8	78A-36
	9, 10	78A-37
	11-15	78A-39
	16	78A-40
	17	78A-45
	18	78A-47
	19	78A-48
	20, 21	78A-56
818	. .	44A-26
819	. .	125-2
820	1	162A-6
	2	162A-9.1
	3	162A-9.1 note
821	. .	105-277.3
822	1	25C-1 to 25C-5
	2	25C-1 note
823	. .	105-360 L.M.
824	1	131D-2
	2, 3	131D-2, 131D-20
	4	131D-2
	5	131D-2, 131D-20
	6	131D-2
	7, 8	131D-2, 131D-20
	9-12	131D-2
	13	131D-21
	14	131D-22
	15, 16	131D-26
	17, 18	131D-30
	19	131D-33 Repealed
826	. .	105-277.3
827	. .	160A-63
828	. .	160A-209
829	. .	40A-42 L.M.
831	1	58-54.4
832	1	15B-1 to 15B-22
	2	120-123
	3	143B-475
	4	15B-3 note
	6	15B-1 note, 120-123 note, 143B-475 note
833	. .	97-2
834	. .	67-32 note
835	1, 2	131E-100 note, 131E-175 note
837	1	7A-523
	2, 3	7A-650
839	1	143-345.8
	2	143-345.8 note
840	1, 2	143B-481
	3	143B-483
841	1	153A-132.2
842	. .	147-45
844	1	147-54.8 to 147-54.10
	2	147-54.8 note
	4	147-54.8 note
848	. .	20-81.3
850	1	114-4.2F
	2	114-4.2F note
854	1	163-81
	3	163-81 note
855	1, 2	105-375
	3	105-375 note
857	. .	150A-13
859	. .	143B-216.12
863	. .	120-58
864	4	7A-451, 7A-451 note, 7A-451.1, 7A-451.1 note, 122-8.1, 122-8.1 note, 122-58.1, 122-58.1 note, 122-58.2, 122-58.2 note, 122-58.3, 122-58.3 note, 122-58.4, 122-58.4 note, 122-58.5, 122-58.5 note, 122-58.6, 122-58.6 note, 122-58.6A, 122-58.6A note, 122-58.7, 122-58.7 note, 122-58.7A:1, 122-58.7A:1 note, 122-58.8, 122-58.8 note, 122-58.8A, 122-58.8A note, 122-58.10A, 122-58.10A note, 122-58.10B 122-58.10B note, 122-58.11, 122-58.11 note, 122-58.11A, 122-58.11A note, 122-58.13, 122-58.13 note
865	1	105-163.16
	2	105-130.35
	3, 4	105-130.35 note, 105-163.16 note
	5	105-130.35 note
866	1	143-168
	2	143-169
	3-5	143-169.1
	6, 7	143-170.1
	8	143-168 note, 143-169 note, 143-169.1 note, 143-170.1 note
867	1	111-27.1
	2	126-5
	3	135-16.1

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
867	4	135-40.2
	5	135-34
870	1	7A-289.24
	2	7A-289.29
	3	7A-289.33
871	1	126-64, 126-65, 126-66, 126-67, 126-68
	2	126-64 note
	3	120-123
872	1	115C-272
	2	115C-285
	3, 4	115C-302
	5-7	115C-316
	8-10	115C-272 note, 115C-285 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-316 note
873	. .	105-164.13
874	1	148-121
	2	148-121 note
881	2, 3	7A-312
	4	7A-306
	5	7A-133
	9	7A-102 note
883	1	150A-9 note
	2	143B-153.1 Repealed
	3	150A-9 note
884	1	72-49 note, 130A-250
	2	130A-250, 130A-250 note
887	. .	105-164.13
888	. .	44A-12
889	1, 2	122-56.7
890	. .	14-399
891	1	130-1 to 130-285 Repealed
	2	130A-1 to 130A-11 130A-17 to 130A-28, 130A-34 to 130A-42, 130A-47 to 130A-84, 130A-88, 130A-90 to 130A-120, 130A-124, 130A-127, 130A-128, 130A-133 to 130A-147, 130A-152 to 130A-157, 130A-160 to 130A-166, 130A-171 to 130A-174, 130A-177 to 130A-179, 130A-184 to 130A-190, 130A-192 to 130A-200, 130A-205 to

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
891	2	130A-215, 130A-220 to 130A-223, 130A-227 to 130A-231, 130A-235 to 130A-244, 130A-247 to 130A-258, 130A-261 to 130A-279, 130A-290 to 130A-305, 130A-311 to 130A-327, 130A-333 to 130A-339, 130A-346 to 130A-349, 130A-352 to 130A-358, 130A-361, 130A-366, 130A-371 to 130A-374, 130A-377 to 130A-394, 130A-398 to 130A-418
	3	90-216.6 to 90-216.11 Repealed
	4	90-216.12 Repealed
	5	90-217 to 90-220 Repealed
	6	90-220.1 to 90-220.11 Repealed
	7	72-46 to 72-49 Repealed
	8	106-364 to 106-387 Repealed
	9	67-32 Repealed
	10	143B-209 Repealed
	11	90-187.10
	12	106-141
	13	105-164.14
	14	130A-35 note
	15	143B-142
	16	67-32 note 72-46 to 72-49 note, 90-187.10 note, 90-216.6 to 90-216.11 note, 90-216.12 note, 90-217 to 90-220 note, 90-220.1 to 90-220.11 note, 105-164.14 note, 106-141 note, 106-364 note, 130-1 to 130-3 note, 130A-1 note, 143B-142 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
891	16	143B-209 note
	16.1	130-1 to 130-3 note, 130A-1 note, 130A-55.1 note, 130A-270 note
	17	130-1 to 130-3 note, 130A-1 note, 130A-185 note
893	. .	14-234 L.M.
894	1	110-147 to 110-150
	2, 3	161-10
	4	161-11.1
	6	110-147 note, 161-11.1 note
895	. .	105-141
896	1	14-289, 14-290, 14-291, 14-291.1, 14-292
	2	14-292.1 Repealed
	3	14-309.5 to 14-309.14
	4	18B-308
	4.1	105-66
	5	18B-1000
	5.1, 6	14-289 note, 14-290 note, 14-291 note, 14-291.1 note, 14-292 note, 14-292.1 note, 14-309.5 note to 14-309.14, 18B-308 note, 18B-1000 note, 105-66 note
	7	14-309.5 note
897	1	90-178.1 to 90-178.7
	2	90-18, 90-172 Repealed, 130-112 Repealed
	3	90-18 note, 90-172 note, 90-178.1 note, 130-112 note
898	1	20-115.1
	2	20-115.1 note
899	1	143B-433
	2	143B-471 to 143B-471.5
	3	120-123
	7	143B-471 note
900	1	120-129 to 120-134
902	1	135-5
	2, 3	135-5 note
905	7	120-30.17
	10, 11	124-5
906	. .	118-1 L.M.
907	2	50-13.9 note
	3	143B-426.22 note
908	1	105-480 to 105-494
	2	159-6
	4	160A-456
	45	105-480 note,
	45	105-488 note
909	1	143B-500 to 143B-507
	3	143B-500 note
912	1	20-166
	2	20-182 Repealed
913	1	147-55 Repealed, 147-56 Repealed, 147-58 Repealed
	2	147-64.1 to 147-64.14
	3	7A-11
	4	7A-20
	5	7A-108
	6	20-183.20
	7	58-191
	8	86A-7
	9	88-15
	10	90-281
	11	93B-4
	12	105-267.1
	13	106-335
	14	113-315.35
	15	114-2
	16	115C-29
	17	115C-447
	18	115D-58.5
	19	116-36.1 to 116-36.3
	20	116-209.14
	21	123A-23
	22	126-64
	23	130A-270
	24	135-39.1
	25	136-10
	26	137-31.5
	27	138-6
	28	140-8
	29	140-13
	30	142-30 to 142-54 Repealed
	31	143-20
	32	143-20.1
	33	143-106 Repealed
	34	143-127
	35	143-154
	36	143-155 Repealed
	37, 38	143-166
	39	143-203 Repealed
	40	143B-74.1
	41	143B-410
	42	143B-428.18
	43	143B-464
	44	147-6
	45	147-11
	46	147-12
	47	147-16
	48	147-31 Repealed
	49	147-62 recodified as 143-3.3
	50	147-63 recodified as

Ch.	Sec.	1983 General Statutes
913	50	143-3.4
	51	147-64 recodified as 143-3.4
	52	147-68
	53	147-76
	54	147-84
	55	147-85
	56	163-107
	57	143-3.3 note, 143-3.4 note, 143-20.1 note, 147-64.1 note
916	1	14-318.4
	2	14-190.6
	3	14-190.12
	4	14-190.12 note
917	1	18B-301
918	1	6-19.1, 6-19.2
	2	6-19.1 note, 6-19.2 note
919	1	150A-46.1
	2	150A-50
	3	150A-47
	4	150A-51
	5	150A-46.1 note
920	2	131E-183
	3, 4	131E-183 note
922	1	135-39
	2	135-39.5
	3	135-39.4
	4	135-40.1
	5	135-40.2
	6	135-40.3
	7	135-40.5
	8-14	135-40.6
	15	135-40.7
	16	135-40.8
	17	135-40.11
	18	135-40.13
	19-21	135-40.11
	21.1, 21.2	135-40.1
	21.3	135-40.6
	21.4	135-40.7
	21.5	135-40.6
	21.6	135-40.12
	21.7	135-40.1
	21.8	135-40.4
	21.9	135-40.6
	21.10	135-37
	21.11	105A-2
	21.12	135-40.12 note
	22	135-40.12 note
923	52	150A-1 150A-8 Repealed, 150A-10 note, 150A-23 to 150A-64 Repealed
	203	122A-5.7
	205	143B-426.25, 143B-426.26
	217	7A-171.1, 14-309.7, 14-309.8, 20-63 note 20-88.1, 50-5 note, 50-5.1 note, 105-164.4 note, 120-4.14, 120-4.15, 120-32.5, 120-32.5 note, 138-5, 138-5 note, 138-6, 138-6 note, 143-27.2 note, 143-341
	217(R)	143-27.2 267 105-164.4 note, 122A-5.7 note, 143B-426.25 note,
925	1	130-128
	2	130A-55
927	1	Ch. 143B, Art. 1, Pt. 1 note, 143B-29.1 to 143B-29.5
	2	120-30.24 to 120-30.28 Repealed, 120-30.29A Repealed, 120-30.32 Repealed, 120-30.34 to 120-30.40 Repealed
	3	150A-12
	4	150A-13
	5	150A-59
	6	150A-60
	7	150A-12
	8	150A-13
	9	150A-60
	10	150A-63.1
	11	143B-14
	13	150A-1
	14	Ch. 143B, Art. 1, Pt. 2 note
929	1	105-130.26, 105-151.5
941	. .	153A-158 L.M.

SESSION LAWS 1983, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
5	. .	18B-302
6	1	15A-903

1983 (Ex. Sess.)			1983 (Ex. Sess.)		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
6	2	15A-908	6	3	15A-910

SESSION LAWS OF 1984, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes	Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1, 2	120-2	5	1-4	120-1
	2.1	120-2 note		4.1	120-1 note
3	1, 2	163-72.3	6	1-6	120-2
4	1-3	120-1		6.1	120-2 note
	3.1	120-1 note	7	. .	120-2, 120-2 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1983 (REG. SESS., 1984)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes	Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
933	. .	44-51.8	971	8	115C-295 note
935	. .	163-302 L.M.	972	1, 2	15A-1343
936	. .	160A-209 L.M., 163-279 L.M., 163-291 L.M.	973	1	143B-470 to 143B-470.5
				2	130A-290
937	. .	69-25.15 L.M.		3-5	130A-293
939	. .	160A-266 L.M.		6, 7	130A-294
940	. .	160A-272 L.M.		8	130A-295
941	. .	160A-265 L.M.		9	143B-216.13
942	. .	160A-265 L.M.		10	143B-470 note
944	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.	974	1	136-18.5
				2	136.18.5 note
947	. .	160A-514 L.M.	975	1	135-90 to 135-95
948	. .	115C-1 L.M.		2	135-90 note
949	. .	120-11.1 note	977	. .	14-399 L.M.
950	. .	143-135 L.M.	978	. .	163-227.2 L.M.
951	. .	160A-216 L.M.	984	. .	163-106 L.M.
955	. .	160A-385 L.M.	990	. .	88-1
957	. .	18B-700 L.M.	992	1	130A-391
958	. .	105-369 L.M.	994	1	1-502.1
959	. .	143-135 L.M.		2	1-502.1 note
960	. .	160A-265 L.M.	995	4	113A-135 to 113A-149 Repealed, 120-123
962	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note		6	96-4
				8	143B-480
963	. .	115C-1 L.M.		11	143B-279, 143B-325 143B-327 Repealed
964	. .	160A-511 L.M.			
966	. .	160A-360 L.M. 91-3 L.M., 91-4 L.M.		12	143B-279, 143B-314
				13	143B-342 to to 143B-316 Repealed
968	1	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M.			
	2	91-4 L.M.			143B-344.2 Repealed
969	1	105-130.36		14	143B-279, 143B-320 Repealed, 143B-321 Repealed
	2	105-151.13			
	3	105-130.36 note, 105-151.13 note		17	115C-575 Repealed
				19	120-123, 126-64 to 126-68
970	1	133-1.1			
	2	87-13		20	143B-403.1
971	4	115C-284 note, 115C-295 note			
	5	143-1 note			
	8	115C-284 note,			

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
995	22	143B-83
	23	143B-83 note
996	. .	143-128 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
999	1-3	131E-175 note
1000	1	131E-188
	2	7A-29
	3	131E-191
	4	7A-29 note, 131E-188 note, 131E-191 note
1002	1-9	131E-176
	10	131E-183
1003	1	105-436.1, 105-449.24
	2	105-436.1, 105-446.3:1, 105-449.16, 105-449.24
	3	105-436.1 note 105-449.16 note, 105-449.24 note
	4	105-436.1 note, 105-449.16 note, 105-449.24 note
1004	1	105-113.65 Repealed, 105-449.01 Repealed, 105-449.36 Repealed
	2	105-130.24 Repealed, 105-151.3 Repealed
	3	105-259
	4	105-449.55
	5	105-449.56
1005	. .	105-269
1006	. .	116-15
1009	. .	160A-63 L.M.
1013	. .	105-369
1014	1, 2	113A-54
	3	113A-57
1016	. .	118-1 L.M.
1018	1	105-130.37
	2	105-151.14
	3	105-130.37 note, 105-151.14 note
1019	1	128-27, 135-5
	2	116-11
	2.1	115C-47
1020	1	136-66.7
	2	136-66.7
1021	1	130A-52.1
	2	130A-53
	3	130A-52.1 note
1022	1	131E-200 to 131E-207
	2, 3	131E-176
	4	131E-136
	5	143B-142
	6	143B-165
	7	131E-202 note
	8	131E-136 note, 131E-176 note, 131E-200 note 131E-202 note, 143B-142 note, 143B-165 note
1023	1	105-188
	2	105-2
1024	. .	105-188
1025	. .	105-446.5
1027	. .	113-29.1 L.M.
1030	. .	135-4
1031	2, 3	135-50
	4	135-51
	5-10	135-53
	11	135-54
	12, 13	135-55
	14, 15	135-56
	16	135-56.1 Repealed
	17, 18	135-58
	19	135-60
	20	135-62
	21	135-70
	22	135-71
	23	135-72
	24	135-50 note, 135-77 to 135-83 Repealed, 135-77 to 135-83 note, 135-84 to 135-86 Repealed, 135-84 to 135-86 note
	25	135-50 note, 135-77 to 135-83 note, 135-84 to 135-86 note
1032	. .	105-4
1033	1	63-73
	2	63-73 note
1034	6	7A-102 note
	10	115C-468 note
	10.1	115C-468 note, 116-171 to 116-174 transferred to 115C-468 to 115C-471
	10.2	115A-2
	11	115C-301 note
	12	115C-301
	13	115C-301
	16	115C-12, 115C-12 note, 115C-47
	21	115C-1
	22	115C-366.1
	23	115C-109, 115C-124, 115C-128
	24	115C-109
	30	143-300.1
	31	143-291 note

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1034	33	126-5 note
	34	115C-325
	36	115D-31 note, 116-53 note
	38	115D-40
	45	115D-5
	46	115D-5
	49	115C-222 note
	50	115C-223, 115C-223 note, 116-31 note
	57	116-143.3
	58	115D-39
	59	116-22
	61	115C-106 note, 122-35.53 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	62	90-85.27 note, 90-85.28 note, 90-85.29 note, 90-85.30 note, 90-85.31 note, 180A-61 note
	73	130A-294
	74	130A-306
	75	130A-40
	76	110-141
	78	110-86
	80	115C-81 note
	81	115C-81
	84	7A-171.1
	85	7A-146
	86, 87	7A-101
	88, 89	7A-102
	90	7A-102 note
	92	7A-65
	93	7A-467
	94	7A-465
	95	114-2.1, 114-2.2, 114-2.2 note
	99, 100	127A-193
	102	143B-475.1
	103	143B-475
	104	143-166.40, 143-166.41
	105	126-8.2
	106, 107	20-187.3
	111.1	113-28.21 to 113-28.26
	114	135-1 note
	116	147-69.3
	117	147-69.3
	118	147-68.1
	120	14-250
	122	143-341
	124	143-151.8 note, 153A-351 note,
1034	124	153A-351.1 note, 160A-411.1 note
	125	150-259
	126	150-267.1
	127	150-472 L.M.
	129	136-42.3
	132	147-33.12 note
	134	122A-16
	135	113B-21
	136, 137	113B-22
	138	113B-23
	139	143-47.24
	140	143-18 note
	147	143-3.3
	148	143-4
	149	143-4.1
	150, 151	143-12
	152	143-13
	153, 154	143-12
	155-158	143-13
	159-161	143-15
	162	143-34.1
	163	143-34.7
	164	18B-200, 20-2, 53-93.1, 58-6, 95-2, 96-3, 97-78, 106-11, 113-315.26, 114-7, 115C-20, 115D-3, 126-3, 136-4, 138-4, 143B-267, 143B-426.11, 143B-469.1, 146-30, 147-33, 147-35, 147-64.1, 147-65, 147-87
	165	7A-10, 7A-18, 7A-44, 7A-65, 7A-144, 7A-341, 7A-342, 7A-467
	166	143-12.1
	167	115C-423
	168	115C-426.1
	169	115D-2
	170	115D-58.13
	171	116-2
	172	116-36.4
	173	159-7
	174	159-17.1
	175	115C-426.1 note, 115D-58.13 note, 116-36.4 note, 143-12.1 note, 159-17.1 note
	176	120-36.4 Repealed
	177	120-32.01
	177.1	143-34.4 recodified as 120-36.6
	178	120-30.11
	179	120-34
	180	120-32 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1034	180	143-18 note
	181	143-18
	182	120-32
	183	135-4 note
	184	120-3.1
	185	138-5
	186	120-3.1
	187	120-4.12
	188	120-4.11
	189	120-4.11
	190	120-4.12
	191	120-4.14
	192	120-4.15
	193	120-4.21
	194	120-4.21
	195	120-4.22
	196	120-4.21, 120-4.22
	197	120-4.25
	198	120-4.8
	199	120-4.28
	200	136-44.5 note
	202	20-63 note, 105-164.4 note
	208	120-37
	209	120-3
	210	7A-41 note
	211	7A-171.1
	216	13-84
	217	147-11
	219	115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	222	135-5
	223	143-166
	224	135-65
	227	135-1
	228	135-3
	229	135-3
	230	135-4
	231	128-26, 135-4
	232-235	135-5
	236	135-3
	237	135-5
	238	135-6
	239-245	143-166
	246, 247	143-166.03
	248	143-166.30, 143-166.30 note
	249	7A-304
	251	143-27.2, 143-27.2 note
	256	7A-10 note, 7A-18 note, 7A-41, note, 7A-44 note, 7A-65 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-144 note, 7A-146 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-304 note, 7A-341 note, 7A-342 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1034	256	7A-465 note, 7A-467 note, 14-250 note, 18B-200 note, 20-2 note, 20-63 note, 20-179.4 note, 20-187.3 note, 53-93.1 note, 58-6 note, 90-85.29 note, 90-85.30 note, 90-85.31 note, 95-2 note, 96-3 note, 97-78 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-259 note, 105-267.1 note, 105-472 note, 105A-2 note, 106-11 note, 108-61 note, 110-86 note, 110-141 note, 113-28.21 note, 113-315.26 note, 113B-21 note, 113B-22 note, 113B-23 note, 114-2.1 note, 114-2.2 note, 114-7 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-20 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-109 note, 115C-124 note, 115C-128 note, 115C-222 note, 115C-223 note, 115C-301 note, 115C-325 note, 115C-366.1 note, 115C-423 note, 115C-426.1 note, 115C-468 note, 115D-2 note, 115D-3 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-31 note, 115D-39 note, 115D-40 note, 115D-58.13 note, 116-2 note, 116-22 note, 116-31 note, 116-36.4 note, 116-53 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.8 note, 120-4.11 note, 120-4.12 note, 120-4.14 note, 120-4.15 note, 120-4.21 note, 120-4.22 note, 120-4.25 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1034	256	120-4.28 note, 120-30.11 note, 120-32 note, 120-32.01 note, 120-34 note, 120-36.6 note, 120-37 note, 122-35.53 note, 122A-16 note, 126-3 note, 126-7 note, 126-8.2 note, 127A-193 note, 128-26 note, 130A-5 note, 130A-40 note, 130A-294 note, 130A-306 note, 134A-1 note, 135-1 note, 135-3 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-6 note, 135-65 note, 136-4 note, 136-42.3 note, 138-4 note, 138-5 note, 143-3.3 note, 143-4 note, 143-4.1 note, 143-12 note, 143-12.1 note 143-13 note, 143-15 note, 143-18 note, 143-27.2 note, 143-34.1 note, 143-34.7 note, 143-47.24 note, 143-151.8 note, 143-166 note, 143-166.03 note, 143-166.30 note, 143-166.40 note, 143-300 note, 1430341 note, 143B-267 note, 143B-426.11 note, 143B-469.1 note, 143B-475 note, 143B-475.1 note, 146-30 note, 147-11 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-64.1 note, 147-65 note, 147-68.1 note, 147-69.3 note, 147-87 note, 159-7 note, 159-17.1 note
	257	20-63 note, 105-164.4 note, 113-28.21 note, 115D-40 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-4.21 note, 120-4.22 note, 120-4.25 note, 120-4.28 note, 120-32.01 note,
1034	257	126-8.2 note, 130A-306 note, 143-4.1 note, 143-34.7 note, 143-166.40 note, 143B-475.1 note, 147-68.1 note
1035	1	105-2
1036	1	143-3.3, 143-3.3 note
	2	143-3.3 note
1037	1	15A-1446
	2	8-58 to 8-58.11 Repealed
	3	8-56
	4	50-10
	5	8-51 Repealed
	6	15A-1223
	7	7A-677
	8	7A-678
	9	8-58.12 to 8-58.14 Repealed
	10	8-401 Repealed
	11	8-51.1
	12	8-40 Repealed
	13	8-38 Repealed
	14	8C-1, Rule 1101
1038	1-3	120-129
	4	120-131
	5	120-132
	6	120-134
1039	1	6-21.5
	2	6-21.5 note
1040	. .	18B-700 L.M.
1041	1	135-56.2
	2	135-56.2 note
1042	1	97-2
	2	97-13
1043	1	62-2
	2	62-110
1044	. .	128.27
1045	1, 2	135-4
	3	135-4 note
1047	1	110-136
	2	110-136.1
	3	110-136 note, 110-136.1 note
1049	1-3	128-27, 135-5, 143-166.02
	4	128-27 note, 135-5 note, 143-166.02 note
1050	1	14-217
1053	. .	147-16.2
1056	1	131E-8.1
	2	131E-8.1 note
1058	1	131E-21
1060	. .	105-275
1062	2	122A-8
	3	143-128 note
	4	106-266.11

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1062	5	20-80.1
	7	20-37.7
	8	20-80.1 note
1063	1	90-15
1063	2	90-15.1
1064	1	131E-146, 131E-176
1065	1, 2	105-164.4
	3	105-164.6
	4	105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note
	5	105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note
1066	1	131E-13
	2	131E-14
	3	131E-13 note, 131E-14 note
1067	1	90-154
1068	. .	157-70
1069	1	20-309, 30-311
	2	20-309 note, 20-311 note
1071	1	105-164.13
1072	. .	105-147
1073	1	90-270.65 to 90-270.81
	2	90-270.65 note
	3	90-270.65 note
1074	1	89E-1 to 89E-24
	2	89E-1 note, 89E-9, note, 89E-18 note
1075	1	105-149
	2	105-149 note
1076	. .	131D-21
1077	. .	130A-37, 160A-265 L.M.
1078	1	153A-301
1079	. .	160A-265 L.M.
1080	. .	160A-374
1081	1	76A-1
	2	76A-5
	3	76A-6
	4	76A-24
1082	1	143B-279, 143B-314 to 143B-316 Repealed
	2	75A-20 to 75A-25 note
	3	75A-20 to 75A-25 Repealed
	4, 5	75A-15
1083	1-3	113-137
1084	. .	40A-3
1085	1	143B-411.1 to 143B-411.4
	2	143B-411.1 note
1086	. .	128-27
1087	1	54B-48.1 to 54B-48.9
	2	7A-29
1087	3	54B-48.1 note
	4, 5	54B-261
	6	54B-221 to 54B-235 Repealed
1087	7	7A-29 note, 54B-48.1 to 54B-48.9 note, 54B-261 note
1088	1	14-118.5
1089	1	120-140 to 120-145
	2	120-140 note
1090	1	136-27.1
	2, 3	136-27.1 note
1093	. .	63-71
1094	. .	63-68
1095	1-16	120-2 note
1096	1-3	1-42.9
1097	1	105-1
	2	105-116
	3	105-120
	4, 5	105-164.3
	6	105-164.4
	7	105-164.14
	8	105-164.21
	9	105-467
	11	159B-27
	12	105-164.21A
	13	105-164.4
	14	105-164.16
	15	105-164.20
	16	105-116, 105-120
	17	105-164.21A note
1098	1	15A-1371, 15A-1380.2
	1.1	15A-1371 note, 15A-1380.2 note
1100	1, 2	15A-1344.1
	3	15A-1344.1 note
1101	1, 2	20-4.01
	3	20-4.01, 20-13
	4	20-16
	5-8	20-16.2
	9, 10	20-16.4
	11-17	20-16.5
	18	20-19
	18A	20-28
	19	20-28.2
	20	20-139.1
	21-29	20-179
	30-33	20-179.3
	34, 35	20-179.4
	36	20-179
	37	20-4.01 note, 20-16.02 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-179 note, 20-179.3 note
	38	20-4.01 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-179 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1101	38	20-179.3 note
1103	1	115C-81 note, 115C-271 note, 115C-284 note, 115C-295 note, 115C-296 note 115C-302 note, 115C-315 note, 115C-326 note, 115C-326.1 note, 115C-408 note, 115C-472 note
	2	115C-81
	3	115C-271
	4	115C-284
	5	115C-271 note, 115C-284 note
	6	115C-296
	7	115C-295 note
	8	115C-302
	9	115C-315
	10	115C-326
	11	115C-326.1
	12	115C-408
	13	115C-472
	14	115C-326.1 note, 115C-472 note
1104	1	105-130.32
	2	105-130.32 note
1105	1	105-151.8
	2	105-151.8 note
1106	1, 2	128-24, 135-3,
	3	135-71
	4	135-3
1107	1	14-309.5
	2	14-309.5, 14-309.6, 14-309.7, 14-309.11, 14-309.12
	3	14-309.5, 14-309.11
	4	14-309.5, 14-309.7, 14-309.13
	5	14-309.6
	6	14-309.7, 14-309.8, 14-309.9
	7	14-309.8
	8	14-309.9
	9	14-309.10, 14-309.11
	10	14-309.14
	11	14-309.15
	12	14-309.15 note
1108	1, 2	45-21.16
1109	2.2	7A-44
	4, 4.1	7A-44
	5	7A-133
	7	7A-95
	8	7A-171 note
	9	78A-113
	10	143-2
	11	7A-10, 7A-18,

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1109	11	7A-44, 7A-144
	12	7A-455
	13	7A-41 note, 7A-133 note
	13.1	7A-10, 7A-18, 7A-44 7A-65, 7A-101, 7A-144
	13.6-13.9	7A-39.2
	13.10-13.13	7A-51
	13.14, 13.15	135-58
	14	7A-113 note
1110	1, 2	131E-176
	3	131E-178
	4	122-23.2
	5	122-23.3
	6	143B-147
	7	58-251.8
	8	57-7.3
	9	57B-12.1
	10	135-40.1
	11	135-40.7A
	12	135-40.6
	13	58-251.1
	14	57-7.3 note, 57B-12.1 note, 58-251.8 note
	15	57-7.3 note, 57B-12.1 note, 58-251.1 note, 58-251.8 note, 122-23.2 note, 122-23.3 note, 131E-176 note, 131E-178 note, 135-40.1 note, 135-40.6 note, 135-40.7A note, 143B-147 note
	17	57-7.3 note, 57B-12.1 note, 58-251.8 note, 131E-176 note, 131E-178 note, 135-40.7A note
1113	1	53-209 to 53-218, 53-225 to 53-232
	2	7A-29
	3	7A-29 note, 53-209 note
	4	53-209 note, 53-225 note
1115	1-3	143B-129 to 143B-131
	4	143B-129 note
	5	143B-129 note
1116	. .	18B-700 L.M.
	30	122-98.3

Ch.	Sec.	1983 (Reg. Sess. 1984) General Statutes
1116	41, 42	25-9-401
	43	25-9-402
	48	143-563 to 143-570
	73	115C-318 note
	76	115C-106 note, 122-35.53 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	80	131E-100 note, 131E-175 note
	82	143-127.1, 143-127.1 note
	85	114-2.1, 114-2.2
	87	7A-177
	88	105-164.44B, 105-164.44B note
	89	20-187.3
	91	62-10
	92	143B-426.9
	95	143-31.1
	96	126-5 note
	97	146-22, 146-25.1, 146-30, 146-32, 146-74
	104	143-47.21
	105-109	20-118
	110	120-37
	110.1	115D-31 note, 116-53 note
	111	126-16
	113	118-36
	113.1	18B-700 L.M.
	114	135-34 note
	115	7A-177 note, 20-118 note, 20-187.3 note, 25-9-401 note, 25-9-402 note, 62-10 note, 105-164.44B note 114-2.1 note, 114-2.2 note, 115C-106 note, 115D-31 note, 116-53 note, 118-36 note, 120-37 note, 122-35.53 note, 122-98.3 note, 126-16 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note, 143-31.1 note, 143-47.21 note, 143-127.1 note, 143-563 note, 143B-426.9 note, 146-22 note, 146-25.1 note, 146-30 note, 146-32, 146-74
	119	105-164.44B note, 122-98.3 note, 143-563 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1985

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	1	143-4
	2	143-4
	2.1	143-4
5	. .	160A-360 L.M.
8	1	131E-137
9	1	44-51.8
10	1	58-115.5
	2	58-155.27 Repealed
12	1	65-36.1 to 65-36.8 recodified as 90-210.30 to 90-210.37
	2	90-210.31, 90-210.32, 90-210.34
	3	90-210.31
13	. .	160A-265 L.M.
16	. .	160A-265 L.M.
18	. .	115C-518 L.M.
21	1	15A-1354
23	1	105-164.3
24	. .	143-129 note
25	. .	113-133.1 note
29	1	130A-56
	2	130A-56
30	1	57B-22
31	1	50-20
	2	50-20
	3	50-20
32	1	47-32
	2	47-32.2
34	. .	160A-265 L.M.
35	3	118-5 L.M.
38	. .	143-48 note, 143-129 note
39	1	116-143.3
	2	165-20
	3	165-22.1
40	. .	152-1 L.M.
41	. .	15C-1 L.M.
44	1	105-195
45	1	105-80
47	. .	40A-1 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
48	. .	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-4 L.M.
53	1	96-13
54	1	20-118
57	1	96-8
58	1	115D-13
59	1	18B-800
	2	18B-804
60	1	84-17
	2	84-18
	3	84-18
61	1-3	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 2 note
	4	143-13
	5	143-13 note
	6	N.C. Coast., Art. III, § 2 note
62	1	163-19
	1.1	163-19
	2	163-27
63	1	153A-132.1 L.M.,
	2	153A-122 L.M.
	3	153A-299.6
	4	153A-132.1 L.M., 153A-122 L.M.
	5	153A-299.6 note
66	1	20-129
67	1	48-23
	2	48-23
	3	48-23
	4	48-23
68	1	18B-804
	2	18B-805
69	1	18B-101
70	1	45-20.1
	2	47-51
	3	47-53
	4	47-53.1
	5	47-71.1
	6	47-108.5
	7	47-108.11
	8	45-20.1 note, 47-51 note, 47-53 note, 47-53.1 note, 47-71.1 note, 47-108.5 note, 47-108.11 note
71	1	10-12
	2	10-16.1
	3	10-12 note, 10-16.1 note
74	. .	115C-518 L.M.
78	. .	14-234 L.M.
79	. .	160A-265 L.M.
80	. .	113-133.1 note
82	1	105-22
	2	105-23
	3	28A-21-2
83	1	105-3
84	1	105-141
85	1	105-144.2
86	1	105-188
87	1	105-24
88	1	105-147
89	1-3	18B-1001
	4	18B-1101
	5	18B-1102
91	. .	160A-233 L.M.
92	1	160A-34
	2	Chap. 160A, Art. 4A L.M.
93	1	20-122.1
	2	20-122.1
	3	20-122.1 note
95	1	20-79.1
96	1	20-154
97	1	95-25.3
98	1	36B-1 to 36B-10
	3	36B-1 note
99	1	122-55.8 note
101	1	116-67 Repealed
	2	116-66
102	1	42-29
105	. .	160A-265 L.M.
106	1	105-24
107	. .	160A-216 L.M.
109	. .	160A-75 L.M., 160A-147 L.M., 160A-216 L.M.
110	. .	160A-58.1 L.M.
111	. .	160A-216 L.M.
112	1	113-133.1
113	1	50B-1
	2	50B-2
	3	50B-2
	4	50B-4
	5	50B-5
	6	50B-6
114	1	105-113.68 to 105-113.89, 105-113.90 Repealed, 105-113.91 Repealed, 105-113.93 Repealed, 105-113.95 to 105-113.104 Repealed
	2	18B-1006
	3	18B-1118
	4	105-164.13
	5	18B-108
	6	18B-306
	7	18B-804
	8	18B-804
	9	18B-804
	10	105-33
	11	105-236, 105-237.1
	12	105-113.68 note
	13	108A-93
	14	18B-108 note, 18B-306 note, 18B-804 note, 18B-1006 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
114	14	18B-1118 note, 105-33 note, 105-113.68 to 105-113.73 note, 105-113.75 note, 105-113.76 note, 105-113.79 to 105-113.91 note, 105-113.93 note, 105-113.95 to 105-113.104 note, 105-164.13 note, 108A-93 note
116	1	20-96
	2	20-96
	3	20-96
117	1	55-40
	2	55-43
	3	55-52
118	1	148-70
119	1	97-93
	2	97-100
	3	105-228.5
	4	97-94, 97-96
	5	58-16.3
	6	58-16.3 note
120	2	133-1 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
122	1	136-28.1 note, 143B-426.11 note, 147-12 note, 140-515 note, 108A-33 note
	2	136-28.1
	3	143B-426.11
	4	143B-426.11
	5	147-12
	6	140-515
	7	108A-33
123	1	160A-274 L.M.
	2	115C-518 L.M.
124	. .	143-135 L.M.
125	1	88-1
127	1	136-35
128	. .	143-135 L.M.
129	1	113A-36
	2	113A-44
	3	113A-35.1
	4	113A-44 note
131	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
132	1	20-101
133	1	97-2
134	. .	160A-266 L.M.
135	. .	163-293 L.M.
136	1	156-97
	2	156-97
	3	156-97.1
137	. .	20-162.1 L.M., 20-162 L.M.
138	1	128-27
139	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-5 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
140	1	50-1
141	1	18B-300
	2	18B-302
	2.1	18B-302
	3	18B-302
	4	20-7
	5	20-37.7
	6	18B-300 note, 18B-302 note, 20-7 note, 20-37.7 note
143	1	50-20
144	1	97-2
145	1	143-129
	2	143-129
	3	143-56
146	1	160A-372
	2	160A-372
149	1	93-12
150	1	105-381
	2	105-381 L.M.
152	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
153	1	20-80.1
154	1	24-11A
	2	24-10
	3	24-13
	4	24-14
	5	24-16.1
	6	53-166
	7	53-172
	8	53-172
	9	53-172
	10	53-180
	11	53-180
	12	53-180
	13	53-166
	14	24-11A note, 24-10 note, 24-13 note, 24-14 note, 24-16.1 note, 53-166 note, 53-180 note
156	. .	18B-101 L.M., 18B-603 L.M., 160A-3 L.M.
157	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-5 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
158	1	130A-152
159	1	118-1 L.M., 118-5 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
160	1	1-42.9
161	1	90-270.33
162	1	32A-1
	2	32A-1
163	1	143-453
164	1	163-278.9
	2	163-278.40B
	3	163-278.40C

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
164	4	163-278.40D
	5	163-278.40E
	6	163-278.9
	6.1	163-278.9
	6.2	163-278.9
165	. .	152-1 L.M.
167	1	84-28
168	1	130A-164 Repealed
	2	130A-165
172	1	90-89
	2	90-89
	3	90-89
	4	90-90
	5	90-90
	6	90-92
	7	90-92
	8	90-92
	9	90-93
173	1	120-141
	2	120-141
	3	120-140, 120-141, 120-142, 120-143, 120-144, 120-145
	4	120-143
174	1	105-149
175	1	130A-39
	2	130A-41
176	. .	160A-385 L.M.
177	. .	40A-3 L.M., 160A-240.1 L.M., 160A-296 L.M.
182	1	136-111
183	1	163-278.17
	2	163-278.17
	3	163-278.24
	4	163-278.31 Repealed
184	1	112-18
	2	112-18 note
185	. .	128-21 L.M.
186	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
187	1	120-111.3
188	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
189	1	120-114
190	1	14-234
	2	14-234 note
191	1	115D-20
192	1	135-40.4
	2	135-40.6
	3	135-40.6
	4	135-40.8
	5	135-40.5
	6	135-40.6
	6.1	135-40.6
	7	135-40.1
	8	135-40.8
	9	135-40.5
	10	135-40.8
	11	135-40.6
192	12	135-40.5
	13	135-40.4
	14	135-40.4
	15	135-40.6
	16	135-40.6
	16.1	135-40.1
	16.2	135-40.1
	17	135-40.6
	18	135-40.8
	19	135-40.6 note, 135-40.8 note
194	2	40A-41 L.M.
	3	153A-158 L.M., 160A-1 L.M.
195	. .	160A-265 L.M.
196	. .	160A-360 L.M.
197	1	96-4
	2	96-6
	3	96-8
	4	96-13
	5	96-13
	6	96-4
	7	96-4
	8	96-23 Repealed
	9	96-15
198	. .	115C-441 L.M., 115C-521 L.M.
199	1	14-315
	2	14-315 note
200	1	20-7.2
201	1	1-539.21
202	1	143B-389, 143B-390
	2	143B-390 note
	3	143B-390.1, 143B-390.2
	4	143-347.10 to 143-347.14 Repealed
	5	120-123
	6	143B-390.1 note
203	1	108A-14
	2	108A-14
205	1	7A-544
	2	7A-544 note
206	1	143B-153
207	1	24-1.2A
	2	45-81, 45-82, 45-83, 45-84
	3	24-1.2A note, 45-81 note
208	1	49-14
	2	49-14
209	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-5 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
211	1	163-69
	2	163-69
212	1	159B-11
	2	159B-17
213	1	58-194.3
	2	58-194.3 note

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
214	1	24-5
	2	24-5 note
215	1	116B-12
	2	116B-29
	3	116B-29
	4	116B-30
216	1	113A-164.1 to 113A-164.11
	2	105-317
	3	113A-164.1 note
217	. .	160A-360 L.M.
218	1	20-137.1
219	1	45-37
221	1	25-9-404
222	1	20-135.2A
	2	20-135.2A note
223	1	8-53.5 note, 90-270.45 to 90-270.62
	1.1	90-270.61
224	1	54B-147
225	1	159B-34
	2	159B-47
	3	159B-47 note
226	1	148-22.1
	2	148-26.1
	3(1)	148-32.1
	3(2)	148-32.1
	3(3)	148-44
	3(4)	148-45
	4	148-45
	5	148-45
	6(1)	148-45
	6(2)	148-45
	7	148-49.11
	8	148-49.15
	9	148-51.1 Repealed
	10(1)	148-66
	10(2)	148-67
	11	148-70
	12	148-74
227	1-5	115D-2.1
229	. .	115C-517 L.M.
230	. .	115C-521 L.M.
231	. .	20-130.1 L.M.
236	. .	152-1 L.M.
240	1	48-3.1
	2	14-320
	3	48-3.1 note
241	1	118-38
242	1	90-210.25
243	1	159B-9
	2	159B-43
	3	159B-43
244	1	110-141
246	1	115C-443
	2	115C-444
249	1	20-37.6
250	1	15A-932
251	1	55B-14
254	1	69-25.1 L.M.
	2	69-25.7 L.M.
	3	69-25.14 L.M., 69-25.15 L.M.
	3.1	69-25.10 L.M.
	3.2	69-25.1 L.M.
255	. .	118-1 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.
256	. .	69-25.11 L.M.
257	1	20-63
258	1	105-260.1
	2	105-260.1 note
259	1	163-278.43
	2	163-278.43
260	1	163-67
	2	163-67 note
261	1	105-436.1 Repealed, 105-446.3:1 Repealed, 105-449.16
	2	105-449.24
	3	105-434
262	1	20-288
263	1	20-79.1
264	1	66-68
265	1	159-90
	2	159-163
	3	159-90 note, 159-163 note
	4	159-90 note, 159-163 note
	5	159-90 note, 159-163 note
266	1	159B-3
	2	159B-15
	3	159B-15
267	1	58-30.3
268	1	115C-402
269	. .	40A-10 L.M.
271	1	160A-20.1
	2	153A-449
	3	160A-20.1 note
272	. .	153A-233 L.M.
273	1	130A-336
274	1	20-118
275	1	113-202
	2	113-202
	3	113-202
276	1	146-6
277	1	1-45.1
	2	1-45.1 note
278	1	146-20.1
	2	105-151.12
	3	146-20.1 note
279	1	113-206
281	. .	160A-514 L.M.
282	. .	160A-265 L.M.
285	. .	160A-272 L.M.
286	. .	160A-265 L.M.
288	. .	20-158 L.M.
290	. .	143-2

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
290	2	143-3.2
	3	143-4
	4	143-23.1
		Repealed
	5	143-25
	6	143-28
	7	143-12
	8	143-23
	9	120-121
291	6, 8	160A-265 L.M.
292	1	160A-286 L.M.
293	. .	18B-300 L.M.
297	1	115C-378
299	2	69-25.15 L.M.
301	1	18B-1006
302	1	113-133.1
304	1	58-262.30 to 58-262.35
	2	58-262.30 note
305	1	58-27.10 to 58-27.13
	2	58-27.10 note
306	1	113-294
307	1	143B-403.1
308	. .	160A-360 L.M.
309	1	135-5.1
310	1	148-13
	2	148-13
	3	148-13
	4	148-13
311	1	62-300
	2	62-300
	3	62-300
	4	62-300
312	1	62-48
	3	62-48 note
313	1	58-79
	2	58-79.1
	3	147-69.1
314	1	119-16.3
	2	119-16.3 note
315	1	20-81.4
316	1	143B-89
317	1	87-44
318	1	53-92
	2	53-92 note
319	1	28A-14-1
320	1	45-10
321	1	14-33
322	1	96-8
324	1	20-166
	2	20-166
	3	20-166
	4	20-166
325	1	130A-93
	2	130A-110
	3	130A-111
326	. .	105-472 L.M., 105-487 L.M.
327	1	58-410 to 58-415
	2	58-410 note
329	1	7A-210, 7A-219, 42-28, 42-30
332	. .	160A-299 L.M.
334	. .	115C-325 note
335	1	14-111.2
	2	14-111.3
337	. .	153A-158 L.M.
341	1	45-21.46
344	1	113A-35.2
	2	113A-35.2 note
348	1	135-56.2
	2	128-27, 135-5
349	1	131D-6
	2	131D-6 note
350	1	163-288.1A
	2	163-288.1A note
352	1	163-278.6
	2	163-278.6
	3	163-278.6
353	1	163-278.8
	2	163-278.8
354	1	163-278.19
355	. .	160A-272 L.M.
356	. .	160A-216 L.M., 136-96 L.M.
357	4, 5	153A-18 L.M.
	6	143-138 L.M.
358	1	96-29
359	1	90-85.34A
	2	90-85.34A note
360	1	113-291.1
361	1	35-1.7
	2	35-2
	3	108A-15
362	1	90-15
	2	90-15
	3	90-15
364	1	83A-4
365	1	113-152
	2	113-153
366	1	130A-92
367	1	90-154
	2	90-154
	3	90-154.1
	4	90-154.1 note
368	1	9-2.1
369	1	54B-14
371	1	41A-6
	2	41A-6
	3	41A-7
	4	41A-7
	5	41A-7
	6	41A-9
372	1	113A-119
373	1	89C-17
375	1	130A-81
376	1	105-37.1
377	1	36A-107
	2	36A-108
	3	36A-108 note

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
378	1	105-316
	2	105-316
379	2	40A-3 L.M., 136-103 L.M.
	3	160A-311 L.M.
	4	Ch. 160A, Art. 4A L.M., 160A-29 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
380	1	163-88
	1.1	163-88
381	1	24-11A
	2	24-11A
383	1	147-33.13
384	1	160A-37, 160A-49
385	1	15A-302
386	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
387	1	163-41
	1.1	163-41
	1.2	163-41
388	. .	160A-272 L.M.
390	. .	18B-600 L.M.
391	1	14-110
392	1	110-102.1
	2	110-102.1 note
393	1	143-127.2 to 143-127.6
	2	143-127.2 to 143-127.6 note
	3	143-127.2 to 143-127.6 note
394	1	105-163.1
	2	105-163.1A
	3	105-163.1A note
395	. .	160A-33 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
396	1	143-564
	2	143-564
	3	143-564
	4	143-564
	5	143-565
	6	143-565
	7	143-565
397	1	153A-345
	2	160A-388
399	1	106-129
400	1	120-4.11
	2	120-4.14
	3	120-4.28
	4	120-4.8 note
	5	135-40.2
	6	135-40.2
	7	120-4.11
	8	120-4.19
	9	120-4.27
	10	120-111.3
	11	120-4.28 note
401	1	135-4
	2	135-4
402	1	118-49, 120-4.29,
402	1	128-31, 135-9, 135-95, 143-166 note
403	1	135-91
	2	135-92
404	1	115C-37
405	1	115C-37
	2	115C-37
406	1	36A-59.3
	2	36A-59.3
	3	36A-59.3
	4	36A-59.4
	5	36A-59.4
	6	36A-59.5
	7	36A-59.6
	8	36A-59.3 to 36A-59.6 note
407	1	128-26, 135-4
	2	128-26 note, 135-4 note
408	1	7A-571
	2	122-98.3 note
	3	122C-421
	4	122-98.3 note
	5	122C-421
	6	122-98.3 note
409	1	115C-178
	2	115C-189
410	1	110-130
411	1	15A-1365
412	1	115C-116 note
	2	115C-116
413	1	105-449.16
	2	105-449.2
414	1	159B-37
	2	159B-37 note
415	1	20-183.7
	2	20-183.7
	3	20-183.7
	4	20-183.7
	5	20-183.7
	6	20-183.7
416	1	115C-402
417	1	130A-315
	2	130A-315
418	1	130A-35
	2	130A-37
	3	108A-8
419	1	55-67
421	. .	113-133.1 note
422	. .	40A-1 L.M.
423	1	20-115.1
	2	20-115.1
	3	20-115.1
	4	20-115.1
	5	20-115.1
	6	20-115.1
	7	20-115.1
425	1	7A-148
	2	7A-146
	3	7A-180

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
425	4	7A-273
426	1	28A-15-1
427	1	20-156
428	1	115D-2.1
430	1	153A-310
	2	153A-301 note, 153A-302 note, 153A-310 note
431	1	105-164.14
432	1	14-269
	2	14-269
	3	14-269
433	1	153A-274 L.M.
	2	40A-3 L.M.
434	1	14-344
435	1	153A-311 to 153A-317
	2	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
436	1	115C-47
	2	115C-522
437	7	160A-209 L.M.
438	1	109-3
439	1	90-92
	2	90-101
	3	90-102
	4	90-102
	5	90-109.1
440	. .	105-277 note
441	1	66-180 to 66-188
	2	66-180 note
442	1	160A-381
	2	153A-340
	3	160A-381 note
443	1	105-163.11 to 105-163.14 Repealed
	2	105-163.15
	3	105-163.16
444	1	105-141.2
	2	105-147
	3	105-145
	4	105-144
	5	105-141.2 note, 105-144 note, 105-145 note, 105-147 note
445	1	131E-183
	2-4	131E-183 note
446	1	143-215.1
447	1	90-210.28
	2	90-210.28
448	1	48-26
450	1	143-260.10B
	2	143-260.10B note
451	1	143B-475.1
452	1	113-185
	2	113-185
	3	113-185
	4	113-185
453	1	15A-1371
	2	15A-1371
	3	15A-1380.2
	4	15A-1380.2
454	1	20-376 to 20-397
	2	20-87
	3	20-143.1
	4	20-143.1
	5	20-145
	6	20-161
	7	20-167
	8	20-215.3 Repealed
	9	62-260
	10	62-260
	11	62-260
	12	62-261
	13	62-266 Repealed
	14	62-268
	15	62-270
	16	62-277 Repealed
	17	62-281 Repealed
	18	62-300
	19	62-300
	20	20-215.3 note, 20-376 to 20-397 note
455	1	20-117
456	1	136-89.56
457	1	45-68
458	1	20-88.02
	2	20-88.02 note
459	1	7A-661
	2	7A-523
	3	7A-661 note
461	. .	106-202.16 note
462	1	130A-394
	2	130A-325
	3	7A-29
	4	143B-216.11
	5	143B-216.11
	6	143B-216.11
	7	143B-216.11
	8	143B-216.13
	9	143B-216.14
	10	160A-211.1
	11	153A-152.1
	12	105-149 note
	13	130-187 Repealed, 130-203 Repealed, 130-204 Repealed, 130-205 Repealed
	14	130A-95
	15	130A-275
	16	162A-33
	17	162A-35
	18	130A-334
	19	130A-242
	20	153A-152.1 note
463	1	50B-3
464	1	115C-112
465	1	115C-115 note
467	1	105-3

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
467	2	105-141
468	1	1-285
469	1	126-13
	2	126-14
	3	126-14.1
	4	126-15.1
	5	126-14.1 note, 126-15.1 note
470	1	130A-5
	2	130A-12
	3	130A-12 note
472	1	163-66
	2	163-106
	3	163-142
	4	163-30
	5	163-294.2
474	1	15A-1343
	2	15A-1021
	3	148-33.1
	4	148-33.2
	5	148-57.1
	6	15A-1374
	7	15A-1343
	8	15A-1343
	9	7A-455
	10	15A-1343 note
475	1	7A-112.1
	2	7A-308
	3	7A-308
	4	7A-112.1 note
476	1	113-273
	2	113-291.4
477	5	14-277 note
478	1	14-399.1
	2	14-399.1
479	1.1	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-304 note, 14-250 note, 18B-804 note, 20-48 note, 20-84 note, 102-15 note, 102-17 note, 110-141 note, 114-1.1 note, 114-2.3 note, 114-8.1 note, 114-15.2 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-21 note, 115C-27 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-108 note, 115C-159 note, 115C-250 note, 115C-301 note, 115C-326.1 note, 115D-1 note, 115D-5 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-32 note,
479	1.1	120-37 note, 120-123 note, 122A-4 note, 126-7 note, 126-64 to 126-73 note, 128-21 note, 128-23 note, 128-24 note, 128-26 note, 128-27 note, 128-28 note, 128-30 note, 130A-5 note, 131D-3 note, 134A-1 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-59 note, 135-65 note, note, 140-515 note, 143-1 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-12.1 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-31.4 note, 143-32 note, 143-34.2 note, 143-34.5 note, 143-128 note, 143-166 to 143-166.04 note, 143-166.30 note, 143-166.41 note, 143-166.50 note, 143-166.60 note, 143-166.70 note, 143-166.80 note, 143-246 note, 143-341 note, 143-345.6 note, 143B-12 note, 143B-278.1 note, 143B-350 note, 143B-420 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-471.3A note, 146-29.1 note, 146-32 note, 147-11 note, 147-16.1 note, 147-17 note
	9	105-164.4 note
	10	143-34.2 note
	14	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	18	120-76 note
	19	115C-468 note
	26(a)	115C-108
	(b)	115C-250
	28	115C-151 note
	32	115C-159, 115C-518 note
	36(a)	115C-10
	(b)	115C-10 note
	37	115C-21
	38	115C-362
	40-51	115C-363 to 115C-363.11

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
479	52	115C-326.1 Repealed
	55(b)(3)a	115C-301 note
	(b)(3)b	115C-301
	(b)(3)c	115C-301 note
	(c)(1),	115C-81 (c)(2)
	(c)(3)	115C-12
	(c)(4)	115C-47
	(c)(5)	15C-51 note
	(c)(6)	115C-47
	(c)(8)	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note
	(c)(9)	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note
	57	115D-5 note
	67	115D-5
	68	115D-1
	69(a)-(c)	116-143.3
	(d)	116-143.3 note
	74	116-74.6, 116-74.7
	77	143-12.1
	78(e)	116-143.1 note, 116-143.3 note
	79	116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note
	80	116-19 note, 116-22 note
	81	116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note
	85	115C-106 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	86(e)	108A-61 note
	(g)	90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	90	18B-804 note
	96	143B-153
	97(a)	143B-153 note
	(b)	110-85 note
	103	110-141
	108	131D-3
	124	143B-278.1
	135(a)	114-2.3
	(b)	114-2.3 note
	136(a)-(d)	147-17
	137(a)	114-1.1
	(b)	114-1.1 note
	138	114-15.2
	140	114-8.1
	142	143-128 note
	143	143-166.41
	149	147-33.12 note
	150-152	147-16.1
	153	126-64 to 126-73 Repealed
	153(b)	120-123
	155	143-31.4
	156, 157	143-27
	158	143-18
	159	143-23
	160	143-34.5 Repealed
	161	143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	164	143B-12
	165(a)	102-15 note, 102-17 note, 143-345.6 note
	(b)	102-15
	(c)	102-17
	(d), (e)	143-345.6
	166	143B-420
	168	143-341
	169	14-250 note, 20-84 note
	170	143-341
	171	20-48
	172(a)	146-29.1
	(b)	146-29.1 note
	173	146-32
	174	143-341
	176(a), (b)	120-32
	(c)	120-32 note
	177	120-76 note
	185	143B-350
	186(a)	136-27.1
	(b)	136-27.1 note
	189(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	190	135-5
	191	135-5
	192(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-59
	(c)	135-5 note, 135-59 note
	193	135-4
	194	135-5, 135-59
	195	143-32
	196(a)	7A-304
	(b)	128-21
	(c)	128-23
	(d)-(g)	128-24
	(h)	128-26
	(i)-(n)	128-27
	(o)	128-28
	(p)-(r)	128-30
	(s)	143-166.30
	(t)	143-166 to 143-166.04 Repealed, 143-166.50, 143-166.60
	(u)	128-21 note, 128-27 note, 128-30 note, 135-90 note, 143-166 to 143-166.04 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
479	196(u)	143-166.70
	(v)	7A-304 note, 143-166 to 143-166.04 note, 143-166.50 note, 143-166.60 note, 143-166.70 note
	205	120-37
	206	120-3.1
	207	120-37
	208	120-3
	210	7A-171.1 note
	211	7A-101
	212	7A-102
	215	147-11
	218	140-515
	219	143B-454
	220	115C-27
	221	143-246
	222	122A-4
	223	143B-471.3A
	226	115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	228	143-1
	230	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-304 note, 20-48 note, 102-15 note, 102-17 note, 110-141 note, 114-1.1 note, 114-2.3 note, 114-8.1 note, 114-15.2 note, 15C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-21 note, 115C-27 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-108 note, 115C-159 note, 115C-250 note, 115C-301 note, 115C-326.1 note, 115C-362 note, 115C-363 note, 115D-1 note, 115D-5 note, 116-74.6 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-32 note, 120-37 note, 120-123 note, 122A-4 note, 126-64 to 126-73 note, 128-21 note, 128-23 note, 128-24 note, 128-26 note, 128-27 note, 128-28 note, 128-30 note, 131D-3 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-59 note, 135-65 note,
479	230	136-27.1 note, 140-515 note, 143-12.1 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-31.4 note, 143-32 note, 143-34.5 note, 143-166.30 note, 143-166.41 note, 143-166.50 note, 143-166.60 note, 143-166.70 note, 143-246 note, 143-341 note, 143-345.6 note, 143B-12 note, 143B-153 note, 143B-278.1 note, 143B-350 note, 143B-420 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-471.3A note, 146-29.1 note, 146-32 note, 147-11 note, 147-16.1 note, 147-17 note
	231	114-8.1 note, 114-15.2 note, 115C-362 note, 115C-363 note, 116-74.6 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-37 note, 122A-4 note, 143-31.4 note, 143B-12 note, 143B-278.1 note
481	1-5	7A-307
	6-8	7A-308
	9a	7A-306 note
	9b, 9c	7A-308 note
	9d	7A-307 note
482	1	50-16.7
	2	50-16.11
	3	50-16.11 note
483	1	148-4
484	1	58-40.01 Repealed
	2, 3	58-41
	4	58-43
	4.1	58-44
	4.2	58-257
	5	58-41.1
	6	58-40, 58-40.1
	7	58-40
	8, 9	105-228.7
	10	58-40.01 note
485	. .	153A-344 L.M.
486	1	125-18 note
	2	125-18, 125-19
	3	125-18 note
487	1	143-143.11

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
487	2	143-143.12
	3-5	143-143.13
	6	143-143.24
	7	143-144 to 143-151.5
	8	42-36.1
	9	130A-334, 130A-337
	10	143-143.24 note
488	1	50-12
489	1	115D-58.12
490	1	119-16.1
491	1	90-87
493	. .	160A-265 L.M.
496	1	147-78.1
497	1	131C-b
	2	131C-3
	3	131C-4
	4	131C-6
	5	131C-10
	6	131C-14
	7	131C-16
	8	131C-16.1
	9	131C-17.1
	10	131C-17.2
	11	131C-18
	12	131C-21.1
	13	131-16.1 note, 131C-17.1 note, 131C-17.2 note, 131C-21.1 note
	14	131C-1 note, 113C-3 note, 131C-4 note, 131C-6 note, 131C-10 note, 131C-14 note, 131C-16 note, 131C-16.1 note, 131C-17.1 note, 131C-17.2 note, 131C-18 note, 131C-21.1 note
498	3	160A-373 L.M.
499	1	120-70.1 to 120-70.6
	2	120-70.1 note
	4	62-15
	5	120-70.1 note
503	1	7A-476
	2	7A-483
504	1	150A-1 note
	2	150A-9 note
505	1	55A-15
506	1	110-130.2
	2	110-128
	3	110-130.2 note
507	. .	143-128 L.M.
	1	58-2603, 58-260.4
	2	58-260.3 note, 58-260.4 note
508	1	143-117 note
	2	143-117
	3	143-117.1
508	4-6	143-118
	7	143-119
	8	143-120 Repealed
	9	143-121
	10	143-121.1
	11	143-122 to 143-126.1
	12	143-117.1 note, 143-121.1 note
509	1	7A-451
	2	8C-1, Rule 1101
	3	14-92
	4	14-159.1
	5	14-318.4
	6	20-4.01
	7	113-267
510	1	105-275
511	1	7A-306
	2	7A-308
512	1	135-4
513	1	105-149
514	1	168-4 Repealed, 168-4.1 Repealed, 168-4.2 to 168-4.6, 168-7 Repealed, 168-7.1 Repealed
	2	168-4.2 to 168-4.6 note
515	1	45-21.9A
	2	45-21.9A note
516	1	58-173.2
	2	58-173.8
	3	58-173.11
517	1	76A-31
	2	76A-35
	3	76A-46
518	1	105-277.4
	2	105-296
	3	105-277.4 note, 105-296 note
519	1	58-173.17
	2	58-173.18
	3	58-173.19
	4	58-173.20
	5	58-173.23
	6	58-173.25 to 58-173.28 Repealed
	7	58-173.26
520	1	135-3
	2	128-27, 135-5
	3	128-27 note, 135-3 note, 135-5 note
	4	128-27 note, 135-3 note, 135-5 note
521	1	131E-181
	2	131E-181 note
522	1	127B-1 to 127B-15
	2	127B-1 note
	3	127B-1 note
523	1	105-164.14
524	1	130A-403

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
525	1	160A-196
526	1	113A-193
527	1	115C-42
	2	115C-42 note
528	1	105-449.18
	2	105-449.2
529	1	104E-10.1
530	1	135-4
535	1	93A-2
	2-5	93A-4
537	1	15A-1232
	2	1A-1, Rule 51
538	1	36A-3
	2	36A-3 note
539	1	128-30, 135-8
	2	128-30, 135-8
540	1	153A-344
	2	160A-385
541	1	42-14
542	1	54-111
	2	54-113
	3	54-117
	4	54-118
	5	54-124
	6	54-126
	7	54-127
	8	54-139
543	1-5	143B-344.11 to 143B-344.15
	6	143B-340 Repealed, 143B-341 Repealed
	7	143B-244.11 note
544	1	95-148
545	1	14-43.3
	2	14-43.3 note
546	1	1A-1, Rule 5
547	1	8C-1, Rule 412
548	1	15A-401
549	1	36A-66.1
	2	36A-66.1 note
550	1	90A-31
	2	90A-31 note
551	1	143B-282
	2	143-215.3
552	1-4	96-8
	5-7	96-9
	8	96-11
	9	96-12
	10, 11	96-13
	12	96-14
	13	96-9
	14-17	96-14
	18-20	96-15
	21	96-17
	22	96-18
	23	96-4
	24	96-4 note
553	1	15A-631
	2-4	15A-631 note
554	1, 2	113-291.1
	3	113-294
555	1	105-164.13
556	2	40A-3 L.M.
557	. .	143-128 L.M.
558	1	163-106
	2	163-138
	3	163-294.2
559	1	88-16
	2	88-21
	3	88-25
	4	88-30
	5	88-12
560	1	74C-8
561	1	74D-2
	2	74D-6
	3	74D-5.1
	4	74D-4
	5	74D-5.2
	6	74D-8
	7	74D-30 to 74D-33
	8	74D-9
	9	74D-10
	10	105-51.1
	11	74D-5.1 note, 74D-5.2 note, 74D-30 note
562	1, 2	163-231
	3, 4	163-229
	5	163-275
	6	163-237
563	1	163-105
	2	163-227
	3	163-58 Repealed
	4	163-226.3
	5	69-25.9
	6	163-230
	7, 7.1	163-115
	7.2	153A-27.1
	7.3, 7.4	153A-27
	8.1	163-42
	9, 10	163-41
	10.1	163-43
	11-11.2	163-85
	11.3	163-276
	11.4	163-87
	11.5	163-85
	12	147-4
	13	163-107.1
	14	163-87
	15	163-22.2
	16-16.4	163-152
	16.5, 16.6	163-152.1
564	. .	160A-360 L.M.
565	. .	120-1 note, 120-2 note
566	1	18B-301
	2	18B-103
567	1	45-21.17
	2	45-21.48

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
567	3	45-21.17 note, 45-21.48 note
568	1	105-149
569	1	90-95
570	5	105-321 L.M., 105-353 L.M., 105-357 L.M.
	25	40A-3 L.M.
571	1	168A-01 to 168A-12
	2	126-16
	3	168-6 Repealed
	4	168A-1 note
572	1	58-72.1 to 58-72.3
	2	58-39.3 Repealed
	3	58-155.11
	4	58-155.1
	5	58-39.3 note, 58-72.1 to 58-72.3 note
573	1	1-42.9
	2	1-42.9 note
574	1, 2	50-7
575	1	48-23
	2	50-13.2A
	3	50-13.2
	4	50-13.5
	5	50-13.2A note
576	1	143-138
	2	69-4
577	1	14-278
	2	14-279
	3	14-280
578	1	93A-41
	2, 3	93A-42
	4	93A-45
	5	93A-52
	6-10	93A-54
	11	93A-56
	12	93A-57
	13	93A-58, 93A-59
	14	93A-58 note, 93A-59 note
579	1	120-30.9A to 120-30.9G
	2	120-30.9A note
580	1	133-1 L.M., 160A-536
581	1	115C-100
	2	115C-103
	3	115C-398
	4	115C-523
582	1	130A-294
583	2	122B-5
585	1	106-189.2
586	1	20-37.6
587	1	20-116
588	1	15A-1002
589	1	122-1 to 122-122 Repealed
	2	122C-1 to 122C-433
	3	7A-451
	4	7A-451.1
	5	7A-647
	6	14-446
	7	14-447
	8	15-155.2
	9	15A-1002
	10	15A-1003, 15A-1321
	11	15A-1004
	12	15A-1322
	13	33-1
	14	34-16 Repealed
	15	35-1
	16	35-1.1
	17-21	35-1.7
	22	35-134
	23	35-4.1 Repealed
	24	35-4.2 Repealed
	25	35-5 Repealed
	26	47-15 Repealed
	27	51-12 Repealed
	28	66-58
	29	59-62
	30	90-21.4
	31	90-21.5
	32	90-109
	33	105A-2
	34	108A-101
	35	108A-103
	36	110-86
	37	120-123
	38	126-5
	39	131D-10.4
	40	131E-66 Repealed
	41	131E-76
	42	131E-176
	43(a)	57-7.3, 57B-12.l, 58-251.8, 131E-176, 135-40.7A
	43(b)	57-7.3, 57B-12.1, 58-251.8, 131E-176 note, 135-40.7A
	44	143-475.1 Repealed
	45, 46	143B-13
	47-54	143B-147
	55	148-22
	55.1	148-19
	56	153A-77
	57	153A-149
	58	153A-247
	59	153A-249
	60	163-85
	61	168-9
	62	168-21
	63(b)	122C-65 note, 122C-66 note
	(c)	122-1 te 122-122 note, 122C-1 note
	(d)	122-1 to 122-1-2 note, 122C147 note
	(e)	122C-201 not
	(f)	122-1 to 122-122

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
589	63(f)	note, 122C-145 note
	(g)	122-1 to 122-122 note, 122C-1 note
	(h)	122C-254 note
	(i)	122C-211 note, 122C-212 note, 122C-221 note, 122C-224 note, 122C-231 note
	(j)	122C-241 note
	(k)	122-1 to 122-122 note, 122C-290 to 122C-293 note, 122C-281 note
	(l)	122C-118 note
	(m)	122C-404 note
	(n)	122-1 to 122-122 note, 122C-403 note
	(o)	122C-57 note
	64	7A-647 note, 14-446 note, 14-447 note, 15-155.2 note, 15A-1002 note, 5A-1003 note, 5A-1004 note, 15A-1321 note, 15A-1322 note, 58-251.8 note, 59-62 note, 66-58 note, 122-1 note, 122C-1 note
	65	7A-451 note,
		7A-451.1 note,
		7A-647 note, 14-446 note, 14-447 note,
		15-155.2 note,
		15A-1002 note,
		15A-1003 note,
		5A-1004 note,
		5A-1321 note,
		15A-1322 note, 33-1 note, 34-16 note,
		35-1 note, 35-1.1 note, 35-1.7 note,
		35-1.34 note, 47-15 note, 51-12 note,
		57-7.3 note, 57B-12.1 note, 66-58 note,
		90-21.4 note, 90-21.5 note, 90-109 note,
		122-1 to 122-122 note, 122C-1 note,
		126-5 note,
		131D-10.4 note,
		131E-66 note,
		131E-76 note,
		131E-176 note,
		135-40.7A note,
		143B-13 note,
		143B-147 note,
589	65	148-19 note, 148-22 note 153A-77 note, 153A-149 note, 153A-247 note, 153A-249 note, 163-85 note, 168-9 note, 168-21 note
	66	7A-451 note, 7A-451.l note, 7A-647 note, 14-446 note, 14-447 note, 15-155.2 note, 5A-1002 note, 5A-1003 note, 15A-1004 note, 15A-1321 note, 5A-1322 note, 57-7.3 note, 57B-12.l note, 58-251.8 note, 59-62 note, 90-109 note, 122-1 to 122-122 note, 122C-l note, 126-5 note, 135-40.7A note, 143B-147 note, 148-19 note, 148-22 note, 153A-77 note
590	1	105-130.38
	2	105-151.15
	3	105-130.38 note, 5-15.15 note
591	. .	20-114.1 note
592	1	110-129
593	1-8	143B-269, 143-341 note
	9	143B-269 note, 143-341 note
595	1	153A-343
	2	160A-384
596	1	18B-100l
	2	18B-1104
	3	105-113.68
597	1-7	74C-9
	8, 9	74C-11
	10	74C-30
	11	74C-30
	12	74C-4
598	1	97-86.2
599	1	163-294.2
	2, 3	163-291
	4	163-280
600	1	163-227
	2	163-227
	3	163-227.1
	4	163-227.2
	5, 6	163-230
	7	163-232
	7.1	163-41
601	1	105-284
	2	105-299

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
601	3	105-289
	4	105-342 note
	5	105-342 note
602	1	105-449.2
	2	119-18
603	1-4	lA-1, Rule 26
	5-7	lA-1, Rule 37
	8	lA-1, Rule 40
	9	15A-701
604	1	45-21.47
605	2	160A-381 L.M.
606	1	8-35.2
	2	8-35.2 note
607	1	160A-382
	2	160A-392
	3	153A-342
	4	153A-347
608	1	51-2
609	1	1-599
	2	9-6
	3	9-10
	4	32A-3
	5	32A-14
	6	164-1
610	1	160A-35
	2	160A-47
	3	160A-37.3
	4	160A-49.3
	5	160A-35
	6	160A-47
	7	160A-35, 160A-47
	8	160A-37.3 note, 160A-49.3 note
611	1	69-39.1
	2	90-21.14
612	1-4	42-25.9
613	1-3	58-155.45
	4	58-155.46
	5, 6	58-155.48
	7, 8	58-155.52
	9	58-155.61
	10	58-155.60
	11	58-155.45 note, 58-155.46 note, 58-158.48 note, 158-155.52 note, 58-155.60 note, 58-155.61 note
	12	58-155.61 note
615	1-5	75A-10
	6, 7	75A-18
616	1	97-42.1
	2	96-13
	3	97-42.1 note
617	1	126-5
	2, 3	126-4
	4	126-39
	5	126-13
	6	126-4 note, 126-5 note, 126-13 note,
617	6	126-39 note
618	1	32A-1
	2	32A-2
619	1	163-294.1
620	1, 2	95-69.10
	3	95-69.11
	4	95-69.14
	5	95-69.13
621	1	84-16
622	1	143-138 note
	2	143-138
623	1	109-40, 109-41
	2	109-40 note
625	1	28A-18-2
626	1	46-22
	2	46-28
	3-7	46-28.1
	8	46-28.2
627	1	162A-87.1
	2	162A-87.2
	3	162A-87.1 note, 162A-87.2 note
628	1	105-277.2
	2	105-277.7
	3	105-289
	4	105-317
	5	105-277.7 note, 105-289 note
629	1	95-69.10
630	1	87-8
	2, 3	87-10
631	1, 2	76A-6
632	. .	143-129 note, 143-131 note
634	. .	113-135.2
635	1	160A-374
636	1	15-223 Repealed, 15-224 Repealed, 15A-145 15A-146
	2-7	15A-146
	8	15-223 note, 15-224 note, 15A-145 note
637	1	115C-47
638	1	126-25
639	1	158-7.1
	2	159-48
	3	159-81
	4	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
640	1	40A-3 L.M.
	2	40A-42 L.M.
642	1	l15C-307
643	1	6-21.3
644	1	14-306
645	1	28A-19-1
648	1	7A-517
649	1	128-26, 135-4, 135-56
	2	128-24 note, 135-3 note
	3	128-21, 135-1

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
649	4	128-26, 135-4
	5	120-4.29, 128-31, 135-9, 143-166 note
	6	105A-2
	7	135-58
	8	128-27, 135-5
	9	120-4.26
	10	128-27, 135-5
	11	135-3
650	1	14-107.1
651	1	28A-25-1
	2	28A-25-1.l
	3	28A-25-2
	4	28A-25-3
	5	28A-25-4
	6	28A-25-5
	7	28A-25-1.1 note
652	1	14-401.13
	2	14-401.13 note
653	1	97-6.1
	2	97-6.1
654	1(1)	33.35.1 note
	(2)	33-35.2
	2	33-35.2 note
655	1	7A-210
	2	7A-243
	3	7A-231
	4, 5	44A-4
	6	7A-210 note, 7A-231 note, 7A-243 note, 44A-4 note
656	1	105-2
	2	105-3
	3	105-4
	3.1	28A-21-2 note, 105-22 note, 105-23 note
	4-6	105-188
	7	105-2.1, 105-114, 105-130.2, 105-135, 105-163.1, 105-212
	8-11	105-151.11
	12	105-151.16
	13(1)	105-163.01 note
	(2)	105-163.05 note
	(3)	105-163.06 to 105-163.09
	14	1005-163.01 Repealed
	15	105-163.02
	16	105-163.03
	17	105-163.04
	18	105-163.05
	19	105-163.02 to 105-163.05
	20	105-273
	21	105-285
	22	105-289.1
	23	105-320
	23.1	105-163.06
	24, 25	105-164.13

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
656	26	105-164.16
	27	105-164.17
	28	105-164.21
	29	105-164.41
	30	105-164.19
	31	105-164.45
	32	105-199 Repealed, 105-200 Repealed, 105-205 Repealed
	33	105-202
	34	105-213
	35	105-212
	36	105-214
	37	105-275
	38	105-276
	39	105-120.2
	40	105-122
	41	105-213.1
	42	105-201
	43	105-213
	44, 45	105-277.1
	46	lO5-277.1A
	47	105-309
	48, 49	105-277.1
	50	lO5-227.lA
	51	105-309
	52, 52.1	105-277
	53	105-277A
	54	105-446.5
	55	28A-21-2 note, 105-2 to 105-4 note, 105-22 note, 105-23 note, 105-114 note, 105-120.2 note, 105-122 note, 105-130.2 note, 105-135 note, 105-151.11 note, 105-151.16 note, 105-163.01 to 105-163.09 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-164.16 note, 105-164.17 note, 105-164.19 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-164.41 note, 105-164.45 note, 105-188 note, 105-199 to 105-202 note, 105-205 note, 105-212 to 105-214 note, 105-273 note, 105-275 to 5-277.1A note, 105-285 note, 105-289.1 note, 105-309 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
656	55	105-320 note, 105-446.5 note
	56	28A-21-2 note, 105-2 to 105-4 note, 105-22 note, 105-23 note, 105-114 note, 105-120.2 note, 105-122 note, 105-130.2 note, 105-135 note, 105-151.11 note, 105-151.16 note, 105-163.01 to 105-163.09 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-164.16 note, 105-164.17 note, 105-164.19 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-164.41 note, 105-164.45 note, 105-188 note, 105-199 to 105-202 note, 105-205 note, 105-212 to 105-214 note, 105-273 note, 105-275 to 5-277.lA note, 105-285 note, 105-289.1 note, 105-309 note, 105-320 note, 105-446.5 note
657	1	20-81.4
	2	20-81.4
658	1	108A-103
	2	108A-lO5
	3	108A-106
659	1	54B-4
	2	54B-8
	3	58B-12
	4	54B-31
	5	54B-35
	6	54B-36
	7	54B-37
	8	54B-38 Repealed
	9(a)	54B-4
	(b)	54B-45
	10	54B-57
	11	54B-74
	12	54B-75
	13	54B-78
	14	54B-164
	15	54B-236
	16	54B-261
	17	54B-20
	18	54B-44
660	1	50-20
	2	50-20, 110-136
	3	50-20
	4	147-9.4
662	1	62-238.1
	2	62-239
	3	160A-195
	4	62-238.1 note
663	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.2
665	1, 2	160A-514
	3	160A-514 note
	4	160A-209
	5	160A-456
	6	160A-503
	7	160A-209
666	1	58-124.23
	2	58-124.21
	3	58-124.20
	4	58-124.27
	5	58-52.1, 58-153, 58-153.1, 58-307
	6	58-52.1
	7	58-154
	8	58-153.1
	9	58-397
	10	58-31.2 Repealed
	11	58-27.1 Repealed, 58-27.2 Repealed, 143A-76 Repealed
	12	58-262.1 to 58-262.12 Repealed, 143A-77 Repealed
	13	58-22
	14	58-34
	15	58-46
	16	58-47
	17	58-49
	18	58-50
	19	58-51
	20	58-52, 58-61, 58-146, 58-164
	21	58-54.11
	22	58-54.22
	23	58-124.8
	24	58-135.1
	25	58-162
	26	58-172
	27	58-173
	28	58-262
	29	58-302
	30	58-306
	31	58-315
	32	58-357
	33	58-403
	34	58-16
	35	58-9.7
	36	58-131.55
	37	58-248.38
	38	143-143.13
	39	143-138
	40	58-164

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
666	41	58-155.60
	42	58-155.84
	43	58-131.36, 58-132
	44	58-7.4
	45	58-205.3
	46	58-201.1
	47	58-364 note
	48	58-248.26
	49	58-248.33
	50, 51	58-21
	52	57B-21
	53	58-21.1
	54	58-21.2
	55	58-7.5
	56	58-182.6
	57	58-187
	58	58-188.5
	59	58-188.6
	60	57-4.1
	61	118-7
	62	118-11
	63	118-8
	64	118-6
	65	118-17
	66	69-14
	67	20-310
	68	58-394
	69	57B-3.1
	70	1-507.7
	71	58-251.2
	72	116B-13
	73	116B-14
	74	20-279.21
	75	58-77
	76, 77	58-27.20
	78	143A-79.1
	79	143B-442 to 143B-426.1 recodified as 58-27.20 to 58-27.24, 58-27.20 note
	80	120-123
	81	66-49.9
	83	58-41.5
	84	20-309
	85	57B-3.1 note, 58-7.4 note, 58-7.5 note, 58-9.7 note, 58-364 note
667	1	105-277.2
	2, 3	105-277.3
	4	105-277.2
	5, 6	105-277.4
	6.1	105-277.3
668	1	14-318.4
	2	14-318.4 note
669	1-4	7A-740
	5	7A-740 note
671	1	18B-600 L.M.
672	1-3	143-116.7
673	1	143B-92 note
	2	143B-130.1
	3.2, 3.3	143B-131 note
	4	143B-130.1 note
674	1	130A-196
675	1, 2	90-95
676	1	62-2 note, 62-3 note, 62-32 note, 62-36 note, 62-42 note, 62-75 note, 62-110 note, 62-111 to 62-113 note, 62-118 note, 62-130 note, 62-133 note, 62-134 note, 62-141 note, 62-146 note, 62-146.1 note, 62-259 note, 62-259.1 note, 62-261 to 62-262.2 note, 62-268 note, 62-275 note, 62-300 note
	2	62-2 note
	3	62-2
	4	62-3
	5	62-32
	6	62-36
	7	62-42
	8	62-75
	9	62-110
	10, 11	62-111
	12	62-112
	13	62-113
	14	62-118
	15(1)	62-130
	(2)	62-133
	(3)	62-134
	(4)	62-141
	(5)	62-146
	(6)	62-146.1
	16	62-259
	17	62-259.1
	18	62-261
	19	62-262
	20	62-262.1
	21	62-262.2
	22	62-268
	23	62-275 Repealed
	24	62-300
	25	62-112 note
	26	62-146.1 note, 62-259.1 note, 62-262.1 note, 62-262.2 note
677	1	54B-4
	2	54B-26
	3	53-1
	4	53-2
	5	53-77.3
	6	53-127

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
677	7	53-1 note, 53-2 note, 53-77.3 note, 53-127 note, 54B-4 note, 54B-26 note
	8	53-1 note, 53-2 note, 53-77.3 note, 53-127 note, 54B-4 note, 54B-26 note
678	1	44-69.3
	2	44-69.3 note
679	1	58-51.5
	2	58-51.5 note
680	1	62-110
681	1	24-2.4
	2	24-2.4 note
682	1, 2	20-7
683	1	53-225
	2	53-227.1
	3	53-215
	4	53-227.1 note
684	1	150A-1 note
	2	150A-9 note
685	1	20-80
686	1	115C-416
	2	115C-307
	3	115C-381
	4	115C-382
687	1, 2	20-294
688	1	58-420 to 58-441
	2	58-54.21
	3	58-53.1 to 58-53.3 Repealed
	4	58-53.1 to 58-53.23 note, 58-420 note
689	1	1-597
	2	7A-65
	3	7A-101
	4	7A-246
	5	14-159.1
	6	15A-922
	7	18B-603
	8	28A-13-3
	9	31-5.5
	10	40A-3
	11	42-15
	12	42-15.1
	13	44A-7
	14	45-10
	15	45-21.44
	16	46-3
	17	50-13.4
	18	50-16.7
	19	50-16.10
	20	50-19
	21	50-21
	22	50A-25
	23	51-13
	24	52A-10.3
	25	55-132
	26	76A-6
689	27	113-133.1
	28	136-14
	29	143B-153
	30	160A-388
	31	136-35 note
	32	14-159.1 note, 136-35 note
690	1, 2	20-16.5
691	1	14-225.2
692	1	130A-155.1
	2	130A-157
	3	130A-155.1 note
693	1, 2	143-295
694	1	62-140
	2	105-130.39
	3	105-130.39 note
695	1	122C-3
	2	122C-205, 122C-261, 122C-262, 122C-263, 122C-266, 122C-271, 122C-274, 122C-281, 122C-282, 122C-283
	3	122C-253
	4	122C-261, 122C-281
	5	122C-263
	6	122C-263, 122C-265
	7	122C-264
	8	122C-267, 122C-268, 122C-286
	9	122C-283
	10	122C-284
	11	122C-285
	12	122C-313
	13	122C-22
	14	122C-241
	15	122C-55
696	1	62-190
	2	40A-3
	3	40A-3 note
697	1	130A-317
	2	143-215.1
	3	130A-317 note, 143-215.1 note
698	7(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	9(a)	7A-39.3
	(b)	7A-52
		7A-10, 7A-18, 7A-44, 7A-144
	10(b)	7A-65
	(c)	7A-101
	11(a)	7A-41
	12	7A-133
	13(a)	7A-171.1
	(b)	7A-171.1 note
	14	7A-171.1
	15(a)	7A-39.14
	(b)	7A-39.14 note
	16(a)	7A-39.1

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
698	16(b)	7A-39.3
	(c)	7A-39.5
	(d), (e)	7A-39.9
	(l)	7A-39.13
	18(a)	50-13.1 note
	19(a), (b)	20-16.5 note
	20(a)	7A-486 to 7A-486.6
	(c)	7A-486 note
	21(a)	7A-471
	(b)	7A-484 note, 7A-486.7, 7A-486.7 note
	(c)	7A-471 note, 7A-486.7 note
	22(a)	7A-450
	22.1	7A-466
	23	7A-37
	24	7A-37 note, 7A-39.3 note, 7A-39.14 note
699	1, 2	20-81.4
700	1	20-217 note, 20-217.1 note
701	1	90-270.24 to 90-270.39
702	1	44A-19
	2	44A-20
	3	44A-18
	4	44A-23
703	1	14-190.1
	2	14-190.2 Repealed
	3	14-190.3 Repealed
	4	14-190.4
	5	14-190.5
	6	14-190.6
	7	14-190.7
	8	14-190.8
	9	14-190.10 to 14-190.12 Repealed, 14-190.13 to 14-190.19
	9.1	14-190.20
	10	14-190.13 to 14-190.20 note
704	1	105-164.4
705	1	18B-601
	2	18B-601 note, 18B-602 note
	2.1	18B-601
706	1	20-179
	2	20-179.3
707	1, 2	69-25.15
	3	69-25.15 note
708	1	147-77
709	1	147-86.10 to 147-86.14
	2	147-86.10 note
711	1-5.1	143B-470.4
712	1	58-41.2A
	2	58-41.2A note
713	1	113A-206
	2	113A-208
	3	113A-212
	4	113A-208
714	. .	143-128 L.M.
717	1	126-41
	2	126-41 note
718	1	136-18
	2, 3	136-89.56
	4-6	136-18 note, 136-89.56 note
719	1, 2	105-228.5
720	1	105-130.5
	2	105-147
721	. .	143-128 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
723	1	159-123
	2	159-83
	3	159B-ll, 159C-5, 159D-5
	4	131A-4
	5	122A-8.l
724	1	153A-309.2
725	. .	160A-238 L.M.
727	. .	132-1 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
728	1	87-92
	2	87-93 Repealed
	3	87-94
	4	87-87
729	1	143-166.80 to 143-166.85
	2-4	7A-304
	6	143-166.50
	7	143-166.50
	8	7A-304 note, 143-166.80 note
730	. .	111-41 note
731	1	14-202.10
	2	14-202.11
	3	14-202.12
	4	14-202.10 note, 14-202.11 note, 14-202.12 note
732	1	135-40.6
	2-5	135-39
	6	135-39.3A
	7	135-39.5
	8	135-39
	9	135-39.5
	10	135-39.4A
	11	135-39
	12	135-40.1
	13	135-40.11
	14, 15	135-40.6
	16-18	135-40.5
	19	135-40.1
	20-22	135-40.6

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
732	23	135-39.4, 135-39.5
	24	135-39.5
	25, 26	135-40.1
	27-29	135-40.6
	30	135-40.12
	31-33	135-40.6
	34	135-40.11
	35	135-40.6
	36	135-40.7A
	37	135-39.5B
	38	135-37
	39-41	135-40.3
	42	135-39
	43	135-39.6
	44	135-40
	45	135-38
	46	135-39.1
	47	135-39.3
	48, 49	135-39.4
	50	135-39.5
	51	135-39.5A
	52	135-39.6A
	53	135-39.7
	54	135-39.8
	55, 55.1	135-39.9
	56	135-40.12
	57	135-39.10
	58	135-40.1 note, 35-40.6 note, 135-40.7A note
	59, 60	135-39
	61	135-40
	62	135-40.14
	63	135-39.6
	64	135-40.4
	65, 66	135-40.6
	67	135-39.3
	69	135-39.3A note, 135-39.4A note, 135-39.10 note
733	1	58-41
	2	58-41.1
	3	58-131.53
734	1-3	90-270.4
	4	90-270.5
	5	90-270.7
	6	90-270.9
	7	90-270.11
	8	90-270.14
	9	90-270.15
	10	90-270.20
	11	90-270.20 note
735	1	57-1 note, 57-16.1 note, 58-260.5 note, 58-260.6 note
	2	57-1
	3	57-16.1
	4	58-260.5, 58-260.6
	5	57-1 note, 57-16.1 note, 58-260.5 note, 58-260.6 note
	6	57-1 note, 57-16.1 note, 58-260.5 note, 58-260.6 note
736	1	1-474
737	1	153A-132.2
	2	160A-303.2
738	1	130A-290
	2, 3	130A-294
	4	130A-308, 130A-309
	5	130A-304
	6	130A-308 note, 130A-309 note
739	1-3	90-9
	4	90-13
740	1, 2	131E-176
	3	131E-178
	4	131E-180
	5	131E-176 note, 131E-178 note, 131E-180 note
	6	131E-176
741	1	157-29.1
	2	157-29
	3	157-29.1 note
743	1, 2	130A-153
745	1	153A-40
746	1	150A-l to 150A-64 recodified as 150B-1 to 150B-64
	2	7A-750 to 7A-758
	3	150B-9 note, 150B-58 note
	4	150B-58 note
	5	143A-55.3 to 143A-55.7
	6	120-123
	7	143B-29.l to 143B-29.5 Repealed
	8	147-16.1
	10	150B-1 note
	11	150B-9 note
	12	7A-750 note, 120-123 note, 126-37 note, 126-40 note, 126-43 note, 143-135.3 note, 143A-55.3 to 143A-55.7 note, 143B-18 note, 143B-29.l to 143B-29.5 note, 147-16.1 note, 150B-1 note
	13	143B-18
	14	150B-12 note
	15	126-37
	16	126-40 Repealed
	17	126-43
	18	143-135.3

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
746	18.1	7A-752
	18.2	7A-752 note, 120-123 note, 143A-55.3 to 143A-55.7 note
	19	7A-750 note, 7A-752 note, 120-123 note, 126-37 note, 126-40 note, 126-43 note, 143-135.3 note, 143A-55.3 to 143A-55.7 note, 143B-18 note, 143B-29.1 to 143B-29.5 note, 147-16 note, 150B-1 note
747	1	105A-2
748	1	90-236.1
749	1	135-4
	2	135-56.2
750	1	105-228.24A
	2	105-228.24A note
751	1, 2	128-27
	3	128-27, 143-166 note
	4	128-27
	5	143-166 note
	6	128-27
	7	143-166 note
	8	128-27 note, 143-166 note
	9	143-166 note
752	1, 2	120-122
753	1, 2	7A-228
754	1	153A-77
	2	153A-77 note
755	1	24-10.1
	2	24-10
	3	24-10 note, 24-10.1 note
756	1	11-1
	2	11-2
	3	11-4
	4	11-6 Repealed
	5	11-7
757	52(a)-(d)	143-506.15
	61(a)	165-6
	79(a)	115C-22
	81(a)	143B-216.20 to 143B-216.23
	(c)	116-230
	138(a)	143B-286
	142(a)-(c)	120-74
	144	115C-156.1
	145(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-12 note
	(c)	115C-272
	(d)	115C-285
	(e), (f)	115C-302
	(g),	115C-316

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
757	145(h)	
	(i)	115C-47
	(j), (k)	115C-13, 115C-14
	(m)	115C-29
	146	115D-31, 116-53 note, 143-31.4 note
	147	115D-12
	148(a)	115D-32
	(b)	153A-450(a)
	(c)	153A-450 note
	(d), (e)	153A-450(b), (c)
	152	116-11
	154	116-143.3
	155(a)	143B-168.3 143B-168.4
	(b)	120-123
	(c)	110-86
	(d), (e)	110-88
	(f)	143B-375, 143B-376 recodified as 143B-168.1 143B-168.2
	(g)	110-90
	(h), (i)	110-91
	(j)	110-92
	(k), (l)	110-93
	(m)	110-94
	(n)	110-100
	(o)	110-102
	(p)	110-106
	(q)	143B-168.1 note, 143B-168.3 note
	156(a)	110-88
	(b)	110-90.1
	(c)-(h)	110-91
	(i), (j)	110-101
	(k)	110-106
	(l)	110-106.1
	(m)	143B-168.1
	(n)	110-101 note, 110-106 note, 110-106.1 note, 143B-168.1 note
	(p)	110-106.1 note
	(q)	7A-517
	(r)	143B-168.5
	(s)-(u)	7A-548
	(v)	110-102
	(w)	110-IO5.2
	(x)	143B-168.5 note
	(y)	110-105.2 note
	(z)-	110-88

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
757	156(bb)	
	(cc),	
	(dd)	110-90
	(ee)	110-98
	(ff)	110-102.1
	(gg)	110-103, 110-103.1
	(hh)	110-104
	(ii)	110-105
	(jj)	110-105.1
	(ll)	110-102.1 note, 110-105.1 note
	157(a),	130A-295.1
	(b)	
	(c)	130A-295.1 note
	160(a)	113-60.32, 113-60.33
	(b)	113-60.32 note
	161(a),	161-22.2
	(b)	
	162	143B-417
	163(a)	18B-400
	164(a)	143B-475.2
	(b)	20-384
	(c)	143B-476
	(d)	143B-475.2 note
	165	20.190-3
	166	114-2.1 note, 114-2.2 note
	167(a)	143A-79.2
	(b)	143B-481 to 143B-485 recodified as 58-27.30 to 58-27.34, 58-27.30 note
	(c)	58-27.30 to 58-27.34
	(d)	58-27.30
	(e),	58-27.32
	(f)	
	(g)	58-27.30 note
	(h)	120-123
	(i)	58-27.33
	(k)	143A-79.2 note
	168(a)-	129-42
	(c)	
	170(a)	143-135.1
	173	146-29.1 note
	174-	
	175(b)	143-341
	177	143-341
	179(a)	143B-426.30
	(b)	143B-426.31
	(c)	143B-440, 143B-441 recodified as 143B-426.30, 143B-426.31, 143B-426.30 note
	(d)	143B-433
	179(e)	120-123
	180	143B-132
	181(a)	147-12
	183	143-23
757	189	120-37
	190	7A-102, 7A-102 note
	191	136-4
	196,	115C-12 note, 126-7
	197	note
	199(a)	112-18 note
	200	135-27
	201(a)	138-6
	(b)	138-5
	202	116-41.13 to 116-41.18
	(b)	116-41.19
	205(a)	163-132.1 to 163-132.6
	(b)	163-128
	(c)	160A-36
	(d)	160A-48
	(f)	163-132.1 note
	206(a)	115C-222 to 115C-229 Repealed
	(b)	116-230.1 to 116-238
	(c)	126-5
	(d)	66-58
	(e)	143-318.18
	(f)	120-123
	208(a)	131E-210 to 131E-213
	(b)	131E-210 note
	(c)	120-123
	(d)	131E-210 note
	210	130A-295.1 note
	211	20-190.3 note, 115C-13 note, 115C-14 note, 115C-22 note, 15C-156.1 note, 116-41.13 note, 116-143.3 note, 116-230 note, 120-37 note, 120-123 note, 131E-210 note, 143-506.15 note, 143B-168.3 note, 143B-168.4 note, 143B-216.20 note, 143B-417 note, 153A-450 note
758	1	7A-289.24
	2, 3	7A-289.32
	4	48-2
	5-9	48-5
	10, 11	48-9
	12	48-11
759	1	163-115
	2	163-12
	3-5	163-13
	5.1-5.5	163-230.1
	6	163-106
	6.1	163-278.23

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
759	7-8	163-41
760	1	90-144
	2, 3	90-154
	4	90-154.2
	5	90-154.3
	6	90-155
	7	90-154.2 note, 90-154.3 note
761	1	14-277
	2	14-277 note
762	1	113-206
763	1	163-35
764	1	14-3.1
	2	14-4
	3	15A-1111 to 15A-1118
	4	15A-302
	5	15A-303
	6	15A-1361
	7	7A-61
	8	7A-146
	9	7A-148
	10	7A-180
	11	7A-191
	12	7A-196
	13	7A-198
	14	7A-253
	15	7A-271
	16	7A-273
	17	7A-304
	18	20-24
	19	20-24.1
	20	20-176
	21	20-79
	22	20-108
	23	20-183.8
	24	20-37.6
	25	20-146
	26	20-135
	27	20-137
	28	20-140
	29, 30	20-141
	31	20-157
	32	20-162.1
	33	20-166.1
	33.1	20-167.1
	34	153A-123
	35	160A-175
	36	116-44.4
	37	115C-46
	38	115D-21
	39	143-116.7
	40	7A-61 note, 7A-146 note, 7A-148 note, 7A-180 note, 7A-191 note, 7A-196 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-253 note, 7A-271 note, 7A-273 note, 7A-304 note, 14-3.1 note,
764	40	14-4 note, 15A-302 note, 15A-303 note, 15A-11.1 note, 15A-1361 note, 20-24 note, 20-24.1 note, 20-37.6 note, 20-79 note, 20-108 note, 20-135 note, 20-137 note, 20-140 note, 20-141 note, 20-146 note, 20-157 note, 20-162.1 note, 20-166.1 note, 20-167.1 note, 20-176 note, 20-183.8 note, 143-116.7 note, 153A-123 note, 160A-175 note
765	1	143B-495
	3	143B-495 note
766	1	20-81.3
767	1	20-39
	2	20-39
768	1	N.C. Const., Art. II, § 8 note
	2, 3	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 2 note
	4, 5	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 7 note
	6	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 16 note
	7	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 18 note
	8	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 10 note
	9	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 9 note
	9.1(1)	N.C. Const., Art. III, §§ 2, 7 note, N.C. Const., Art.
	(2), 10	N.C. Const., Art. VII, § 2 note
	11	N.C. Const., Art. II, § 2 note, N.C. Const., Art. II, § 4 note
	12	N.C. Const., Art. II, § 11 note
	13-15	N.C. Const., Art. II, §§ 2, 4, 8, 11 note, N.C. Const., Art. III, §§ 2, 7 note, N.C. Const., Art. IV, §§ 9, 10, 16, 18 note, N.C. Const., Art. VII, § 2 note
	16-17.1	163-1
	18	163-12
	19-21	163-278.41

Ch.	Sec.	1985 General Statutes
768	22, 23	163-278.42 24-26 163-279
	27	163-280 Repealed
	28	163-281 Repealed
	29	163-284
	30	163-285 Repealed
	31	163-286
	32	163-287
	33	163-288
	34	163-288.1
	35	163-289
	36	163-291
	37	163-294.2
	38	163-296
	39	163-298
	40, 41	163-299
	42	163-301
	43	163-302
	44	163-304
	46	163-1 note, 163-12 note, 163-278.41 note, 163-278.42 note, 163-279 note, 163-280 note, 163-281 note, 163-284 note, 163-285 note, 163-286 note, 163-287 note, 163-288 note, 163-288.1 note, 163-289 note, 163-291 note, 163-294.2 note, 163-296 note, 163-298 note, 163-299 note, 163-301 note, 163-302 note, 163-304 note
769	2	122A-8
771	1	122C-2
772	1	75A-27 to 75A-31
	2	75A-27 note
773	1	115D-16
775	1	95-173 to 95-218
	2	95-173 to 95-218 note
777	1	7A-647
	2	122C-3
779	1	115C-437
780	1	115C-1
	2	115C-366.1
	3	115C-109, 115C-124,
	4	115C-109
781	1-5	110-130.1
	6	110-130.1 note
782	1	63-68
783	1, 2	115C-441
	3	115C-521
784	1	7A-289.32
785	1	87-100 to 87-114
	2	87-100 note
786	1	58-191
788	1	165-20
789	1	20-127
790	5	120-19.4
	6	120-99
790	7	120-30.17
791	5(a), (b)	115C-325
	(c)	115C-302
	7, 8	115C-84
	18, 18.1	115C-106 note, 115C-106 note, 122-35.53 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note 26.1 143B-344.14
	27	106-202.16 note
	34	113-270.1 39.1 7A-171.1 40 7A-484 note 7A-486.7, 7A-486.7 note
	43	105-130.5
	50(a)	126-64 to 126-73 note
	(b)	126-4
	(c)	126-4 note
	51	143-341
	52	14-250
	54.1	131E-176 note
	56	128-27
792	1	120-150 note, 124-2 note, 124-4 note, 124-5 note
	13.21	124-2
	13.22-13.24	124-4
	13.25, 13.26	124-5 20.1 120-150 to 120-154
	21	120-150 note
793	1	58-424

SESSION LAWS OF 1986 EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	1	150B-12 note
	2	150B-12 note
	3	150B-12 note
3	1	163-22.2
	2	163-22.2 note
	3	163-22.2 note
4	. .	163-1 note
5	1	7A-304
	2	7A-304 note
7	1	58-450 to 58-460
	2, 3	58-72
	4	58-173.17
	5, 6	58-173.20
	7	58-173.21
	8	58-173.7
	9	58-131.46
	10, 11	58-131.48
12	58-72	note, 58-131.46 note, 58-131.48 note, 58-173.7 note, 58-173.17 note, 58-173.20 note, 58-173.21 note, 58-450 to 58-460 note
	13	58-72 note, 58-131.46 note, 58-131.48 note, 58-173.7 note, 58-173.17 note, 58-173.20 note, 58-173.21 note, 58-450 to 58-460 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1985 (REG. SESS., 1986)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
794	1	115E-1
	2	115E-2
	3	115E-3
	4	115E-4
	5	115E-5
	6	115E-6
	7	115E-7
	8	115E-8
	9	115E-9
	10	115E-10
	11	115E-11
	12	115E-12
	13	115E-13
	14	115E-14
	15	115E-15
	16	115E-16
	17	115E-17
	18	115E-18
	19	115E-19
	20	115E-20
	21	115E-21
	22	115E-22
	23	115E-23
	24	115E-1 note
	25	115E-1 note
	26	115E-1 note
	27	115E-1 note
795	1	159-83
	2	159-83 note
	3	159-83 note
	4	159-83 note
	5	159-83 note
797	1	64-3
	2	64-4
	3	64-5
800	. .	58-51.3
801	1	55A-2
800	2	55A-4
	3, 4	55A-7
	5	55A-8.1
	6	55A-9
	7	55A-10
	8-14	55A-15
	15, 16	55A-17.1
	17	55A-18
	18	55A-19
	19-21	55A-20
	22, 23	55A-23
	24, 25	55A-24
	26	55A-24.2
	27	55A-24.3
	28	55A-25
	29	55A-26.1
	30	55A-26.2
	31	55A-27
	32	55A-28
	33	55A-28.1
	34	55A-28.2
	35	55A-32
	36, 37	55A-35
	38	55A-37
	39	55A-42.1
	40	55A-43
	41	55A-44
	42	55A-53
	43	55A-57.1
	44	55-61
	45	55-67
	46	55A-8.1 note, 55A-24.2 note, 55A-24.3 note, 55A-26.1 note, 55A-26.2 note, 55A-28.1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
801	46	55A-28.2 note, 55A-57.1 note
802	. .	75-56
804	. .	160A-360 L.M.
808	. .	44A-25 L.M., 143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-132 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
810	1	14-269.6
	2	14-269.6 note
811	. .	18B-700 L.M.
813	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
814	. .	N.C. Const., Art. V, § 12
815	11	160A-101 L.M.
817	. .	153A-200 L.M.
819	1, 2	105-37
	3	105-37.1
820	. .	105-163.42 Repealed
821	. .	105-197
822	1	105-22
	2	105-23
	3	28A-21.2
	4	105-24
823	1	142-20 to 142-29 Repealed, 142-29.1 to 142-29.7
	2-4	142-29.1 note
824	. .	160A-265 L.M.
825	. .	105-130.5
826	1, 2	105-33
	3	105-89
	4	105-125
	5	105-130.11
	6	105-122
	7	105-144.2
	8	105-147
	9	105-163.1A
	10	105-446.3
	11	105-449.22, 105-449.42A
	12	105-449.2
827	. .	163-128 L.M.
829	. .	160A-265 L.M.
830	1	153A-122 L.M., 153A-132.1 L.M.
	2	153A-299.6
833	. .	88-1
836	1	15A-402 L.M.
	2	160A-286 L.M.
841	1-3	14-72.1
842	1	47-36.1
	2	47-108.20
	3	47-36.1 note, 47-108.20 note
843	1	5A-12
	2	15A-622
	3	15A-623
	4	15A-1051
	5	8-57
	6	5A-12 note, 8-57 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-623 note, 15A-1051 note
846	1	158-7.1
	2	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
848	1	158-7.1
	2	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
849	4	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
851	1	143B-475.2 note
	2	143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	3	7A-39.14 note
	5, 6	150B-59
852	1, 2	15A-1116
	3	15A-1117 recodified as 20-24.2
	4-6	20-24.1
	7	20-176
	8	20-115
	9	20-24.1
	10	15A-1115
	11	20-138.3
	12	15A-1113
	13, 14	143-116.7
	15	15A-1116
	16	7A-517
	17, 18	7A-61 note, 7A-146 note, 7A-148 note, 7A-180 note, 7A-191 note, 7A-196 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-253 note, 7A-271 note, 7A-273 note, 7A-304 note, 14-3.1 note, 14-4 note, 15A-302 note, 15A-303 note, 15A-1111 note, 15A-1361 note, 20-24 note, 20-24.1 note, 20-24.2 note, 20-37.6 note, 20-79 note, 20-108 note, 20-135 note, 20-137 note, 20-140 note, 20-141 note, 20-146 note, 20-157 note, 20-162.1 note, 20-166.1 note, 20-167.1 note, 20-176 note, 20-183.8 note, 143-116.7 note, 153A-123 note, 160A-175 note
853	1	105-2.1, 105-114, 105-130.2, 105-135, 105-163.1, 105-212

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
854	1	105-120.2, 105-122
	2	105-123
855	. .	7A-307
858	1	158-7.1
	2, 3	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
859	1, 2	15A-1343
	3	15A-1380.2
	4	148-65.1
861	1	18B-1 L.M., 118-1 L.M., 18B-100 L.M.
862	. .	53-210
863	1	7A-571
	2	7A-647
	3	14-277
	4	90-21.5
	5	105-164.14
	6	108A-103
	7	122C-3
	8	122C-23, 122C-24
	9, 10	122C-24
	11	122C-52
	12-14	122C-205
	15	122C-206
	16	122C-211
	17	122C-261
	18	122C-263
	19	122C-264
	20-22	122C-271
	23-26	122C-273
	27	122C-284
	28	122C-285
	29, 30	122C-286
	31	122C-286.1
	32	122C-290
	33	143B-147
	34	122C-286.1 note
864	. .	106-202.16 note
865	3	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
	4	116-41.1 L.M.
866	. .	163-278.42
871	. .	143-129 L.M.
872	. .	67-30 L.M.
874	. .	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
875	. .	153A-122 L.M.
876	. .	160A-443 L.M.
877	1	47C-1-101 to 47C-1-109, 47C-2-101 to 47C-2-121, 47C-3-101 to 47C-3-119, 47C-4-101 to 47C-4-120
878	1	28A-27-1 to 28A-27-9
	2	1-255
	3	28A-27-1 note
879	. .	160A-384 L.M.
886	. .	18B-501 L.M.
887	. .	44A-25 L.M.,
887	. .	143-128 L.M.
889	. .	153A-299.6
892	1	132-1 L.M.
893	4	113-133.1
894	. .	160A-265 L.M.
895	. .	153A-211 L.M.
897	. .	67-12 L.M.
898	. .	7A-740
900	1	163-152
901	. .	105-164.12A
	2	105-164.12A note
902	2	20-162 L.M.
	3	150B-43 L.M., 150B-45 L.M.
	8	132-6 L.M., 132-9 L.M.
905	1	20-162.1 L.M.
	2	20-162 L.M.
906	1	105-495 to 105-504
	2	105-486, 105-493
	3	105-495 note
908	. .	143-128 L.M., 153A-176 L.M., 160A-266 L.M.
909	. .	105-149
910	2	105-357 L.M.
911	1	158-7.1
	2	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
914	1	143-135 L.M.
916	. .	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
917	. .	115C-518 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
918	. .	96-12
919	. .	18B-600
920	1	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 7
	2	N.C. Const., Art. IV, § 19
	3, 4	NC. Const., Art. III, § 7, (3) note, NC. Const., Art. IV, § 19 note
	5	163-8
	6	163-9
	7	163-10
	8	163-8 note, 163-9 note, 163-10 note
921	1	158-7.1
	2	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
923	1	132-1 L.M.
925	. .	105-164.4
926	. .	130A-250
927	1	163-213.2
	2	163-213.11
	3	163-213.11 note
928	1(a)	97-133
	(b)	97-138

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
928	2, 3	58-41.1
	4	57-12
	5	57B-13
	6	58-433
	7	58-438
	8	58-511
	9	105-228.7
	10	58-173.16A, 58-173.29
	11	58-437
	12	105-228.3
	13	97-100
	14	97-138 note
931	1, 2	110-130.1
	3	110-130.1 note
932	1	143-318.16A
	2	143-318.16B
	3	143-318.16
	4	143-318.10
	5	143-318.11
	6	143-318.16A note, 143-318.16B note
933	1	N.C. Const., Art. V, § 13
	4	159-83
934	1	160A-1
	2	105-472
	3	105-33
	4	136-41.2A
	5, 6	136-41.2
	7	136-41.2A note
935	1	153A-64
	2	160A-111
	3	160A-496
	4	153A-64 note, 160A-111 note
936	6	44-51.8
937	1	105-431
	2	105-434
	3	105-446.6
	4	105-432
	5	105-433
	6	105-441
	7	105-449.5
	8	105-449.14
	9	105-449
	10	105-449.2
	11	105-449.9
	12	105-449.10
	13, 14	105-449.2
	15	105-449.3
	16	105-449.2
	17	105-449.19
	18	105-449.24
	19	105-449.30 Repealed, 105-449.31 Repealed
	20	105-449.47
	21	105-449.11
941	. .	40A-42 L.M.
943	2	160A-265 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
944	. .	118-7 L.M.
945	. .	118-1 L.M.
946	. .	143-128 L.M.
947	1	105-163.06
	2	105-163.02
	3, 4	105-273
	5	105-277
	6	105-320
	7, 8	105-277A
	9	105-309
948	1	53-17.1
	2	54B-44
	3	53-17.1 note
949	1	110-129
	2	110-136.3, 110-136.4, 110-136.5, 110-136.6, 110-136.7, 110-136.8, 110-136.9, 110-136.10
	3-6	50-13.9
	7	15A-1344.1
	8	52A-30.1
	9	15A-1344.1 note, 50-13.9 note, 52A-30.1 note, 110-129 note, 110-136.3 note, 110-136.4 note, 110-136.5 note, 110-136.6 note, 110-136.7 note, 110-136.8 note, 110-136.9 note, 110-136.10 note
950	. .	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note
951	. .	131E-159 L.M.
952	. .	50-11.4
953	1, 2	105-164.13
955	1	20-189 note, 58-191.4 note, 95-135 note, 105-455 note, 106-26.20 note, 108A-33 note, 113-315.31 note, 115C-144 note, 115C-243 note, 115D-3 note, 115D-4 note, 115D-5 note, 116-11 note, 116-36 note, 116-37 note, 116-41.4 note, 116-41.9 note, 116-175.1 note, 116-187.1 note, 116-209.19 note, 121-12.1 note, 122A-8.1 note, 126-5 note, 126-8.1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
955	1	136-28.1 note, 136-44.37 note, 136-44.38 note, 138-4 note, 140-12 note, 143-4 note, 143-4.1 note, 143-10 note, 143-11 note, 143-12 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-16.2 note, 143-18.1 note, 143-23 note, 143-25 note, 143-30 note, 143-31.3 note, 143-33 note, 143-34.2 note, 143-49 note, 143-52 note, 143-53 note, 143-60 note, 143-215.40 note, 143-215.73 note, 143-341 note, 143A-17 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-426.11 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-456 note, 147-12 note
	2, 3	20-189
	4, 5	58-191.4
	6, 7	95-135
	8	105-455
	9, 10	106-26.20
	11, 12	108A-33
	13, 14	113-315.31
	15, 16	115C-144
	17, 18	115C-243
	19, 20	115D-3
	21	115D-4
	22	115D-5
	23-27	116-11
	28, 29	116-36
	30, 31	116-37
	32, 33	116-41.4
	34, 35	116-41.9
	36	116-175.1
	37	116-187.1
	38, 39	116-209.19
	40	121-12.1
	41, 42	122A-8.1
	43	126-5
	44, 45	126-8.1
	46	136-28.1
	47, 48	136-44.37
	49, 50	136-44.38
	51-53	138-4
	54, 55	140-12
	56, 57	143-4
	58	143-4 note
	59	143-4.1
	60, 61	143-10
	62	143-11
	63, 64	143-12
	65	143-16.1
	66-71	143-18.1
	72	143-23
	73, 74	143-25
	75	143-30
	76	143-31.3
	77	143-33
	78	143-34.2
	79-82	143-49
	83-86	143-52
	87, 88	143-53
	89, 90	143-60
	91, 92	143-215.40
	93	143-215.73
	94, 94.1	143-341
	96	143A-17
	97, 98	143B-10
	99-101	143B-426.11
	102, 103	143B-454
	104, 105	143B-456
	106, 107	147-12
	126	143-16.2
	127	20-189 note, 58-191.4 note, 95-135 note, 105-455 note, 106-26.20 note, 108A-33 note, 113-315.31 note, 115C-144 note, 115C-243 note, 115D-3 note, 115D-4 note, 115D-5 note, 116-11 note, 116-36 note, 116-37 note, 116-41.4 note, 116-41.9 note, 116-175.1 note, 116-187.1 note, 116-209.19 note, 121-12.1 note, 122A-8.1 note, 126-5 note, 126-8.1 note, 136-28.1 note, 136-44.37 note, 136-44.38 note, 138-4 note, 140-12 note, 143-4 note, 143-4.1 note, 143-10 note, 143-11 note, 143-12 note, 143-16.1 note, 143-16.2 note, 143-18.1 note, 143-23 note, 143-25 note, 143-30 note, 143-31.3 note, 143-33 note, 143-34.2 note, 143-49 note, 143-52 note, 143-53 note, 143-60 note, 143-215.40

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
955	127	note, 143-215.73 note, 143-341 note, 143A-17 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-426.11 note, 143B-454 note, 143B-456 note, 147-12 note
	128	143-16.2 note
957	1	163-106
	2	120-30.9A note, 163-106 note
959	. .	143-129 L.M.
960	1	15A-1342
	2	15A-1371, 15A-1380.2
961	1-4	20-81.1
962	1	132-1 L.M.
963	. .	160A-272 L.M.
964	. .	20-116 L.M.
966	1	90C-1 to 90C-19
	2	90C-1 to 90C-19 note
967	1	14-360, 14-361, 14-363
	2	14-361.1
	3	14-362
	4	14-363.1
	5	14-362.1
	6	14-362.1 note
968	1	131E-181
	2	131E-190
969	. .	132-1 L.M.
972	1	75-80 to 75-89
	2	75-80 note
973	1	105-164.13
974	1	106-750, 106-751
	2	106-750 note, 106-751 note
975	1	115C-54 Repealed, 115C-55, 115C-56 to 115C-59 Repealed
	2	115C-5
	3	115C-47
	4	115C-288
	5	115C-299
	6	115C-302
	7	115C-503
	8	115C-510
	9	115C-29
	10	115C-37
	11	115C-47
	12	115C-69
	13	115C-73
	14	115C-84
	15	115C-272, 115C-285, 115C-302, 115C-316
	16	115C-284, 115C-295, 115C-315
	17, 18	115C-276
	19	115C-303
	20	115C-323
	21	115C-390
	22	115C-518
	23	115C-524
	24	115C-12, 115C-40, 115C-70 Repealed, 115C-246, 115C-276, 115C-302, 115C-461, 115C-505, 115C-510
	25	115C-5 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-29 note, 115C-37 note, 115C-40 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-54 note, 115C-55 note, 115C-56 to 115C-59 note, 115C-69 note, 115C-70 note, 115C-73 note, 115C-84 note, 115C-246 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-276 note, 115C-284 note, 115C-285 note, 115C-288 note, 115C-295 note, 115C-299 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-303 note, 115C-315 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-323 note, 115C-390 note, 115C-461 note, 115C-503 note, 115C-505 note, 115C-510 note, 115C-518 note, 115C-524 note
976	. .	6-21.1
977	1-15	89C-13 note
	16	89C-10 note
	17	89C-10 note, 89C-13
979	. .	160A-58.1 L.M.
980	. .	118-1 L.M.
981	1	143-27.2
982	1	136-41.1
	2	105-164.13
	3	105-434
	4	105-435
	5	105-446
	6	105-440
	7	105-446.1
	8	105-446.3
	9	105-446.5
	10	105-446.6
	11	105-449
	12	105-449.16
	13	105-449.19

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
982	14	105-449.24
	15	105-449.30 note, 105-449.31 note
	16	105-449.38
	17	105-449.39
	18	105-275
	19, 20	105-277.1
	21	105-278.9 Repealed
	22	105-282.1
	23	105-309
	24	20-66
	25	20-88.1
	26	105-434 note, 105-449.16 note
	29	105-446 note, 105-446.5 note, 105-449.24 note
	30	105-446.1 note, 105-446.3 note, 105-449.24 note
	31	105-434 note, 105-449.19 note
	32	105-449.38 note, 105-449.39 note, 105-449.45 note
983	. .	105-236
984	. .	160A-266 L.M.
985	1, 2	105-89
	3	105-99
	4	105-102.3
	5	105-89 note, 105-99 note, 105-102.3 note
986	1	163-156
	2	163-22, 163-227, 163-229, 163-230, 163-248, 163-227.3
	3	163-22
	4	163-156 note, 163-22 note
987	1	163-156
	2	163-22 note, 163-227 note, 163-229 note, 163-230 note, 163-248 note, 163-227.3 note
	3	163-22
	4	163-22 note
988	. .	163-285 L.M.
989	1	59-30.1
	2	59-1 to 59-30.1 Repealed 59-101 to 59-108, 59-201 to 59-208, 59-301 to 59-305, 59-401 to 59-405, 59-501 to 59-504, 59-601 to 59-608, 59-701 to 59-705, 59-801 to 59-804, 59-901 to 59-908, 59-1001 to 59-1006, 59-1101 to 59-1106
990	1	95-110.1 to 95-110.15
	2	95-111.1 to 95-111.18
	3	95-109 Repealed
	4	95-110.1 note, 95-110.5 note, 95.111.1 note, 95-111.4 note
991	1	115C-11
	1.1	115C-11 note
993	1	50-30 to 50-39
	2	7A-178
	3	7A-183
	4	7A-178 note, 7A-183 note
994	. .	120-3.1 note, 120-4 note, 120-11.1 note, 120-32 note
995	. .	131E-8.1
996	1	113-266
	2	113-264
	3	113-265
997	. .	20-127
998	1	15A-824 to 15A-827
	2	7A-347, 7A-348
	3	7A-69.1 Repealed, 7A-69.1 note, 7A-347 note
	5	7A-347 note, 7A-348 note
999	1	75D-1 to 75D-14
	2	75D-1 note
	3	75D-1 note
1000	1	143B-495, 143B-496 to 143B-499.6
	2	143B-496 to 143B-499.6 note
1001	1	131E-178
	2	131E-176
	3	131E-176 note, 131E-178 note
1002	1	53B-1 to 53B-10
	2	53B-1 note
1003	1	120-158 to 120-161, 120-163 to 120-174
	2	150B-63
	3	120-158 note
	4	120-158 note, 120-163 note
1004	1	157-9.1
1005	. .	105-164.4
1006	1	7A-142
	2	7A-142 note
1007	. .	105-164.16
1008	1	130A-422 to 130A-432
	2	130A-433
	3(a), (b)	130A-434
	(c)	130A-422 note

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1008	4	130A-422 note
	5	130A-422 note
1009	. .	20-97 L.M.
1010	. .	N.C. Const., Art. III, § 2 note, 143-13 note
1011	1	122D-1 to 122D-22
	2	120-123
	2.1(a)	122B-1 to 122B-29 Repealed
	(b)	122B-1 note, 122D-1 note
	(c)	120-123
	3	122D-1 note
	4	122D-1 note
1012	1	20-179.2
	2	15A-1371
	3	15A-1380.2
	4	143B-475.1
	5	15A-1371
	6	15A-1380.2
1013	1	97-130 to 97-142
	2	58-16
	3	58-18.1
	4	58-433
	5	58-423
	6	58-27
	7	58-75.1, 58-75.2
	8	58-505 to 58-518
	9	58-21.3
	10	58-77
	10.1	58-124.28, 58-131.60
	11	58-21
	12	58-40
	13, 14	58-44.5
	15	58-194.3
	16	58-433
	17	58-131.63
	18	97-130 note
1014	7.1(a)-(f)	143B-181.10
	(g)	143B-181.10 note
	20	147-11
	29	120-3
	30, 31	120-37
	34	7A-101
	35(a)	7A-102
	(b)	2 7A-102 note
	36	7A-171.1
	37(e)	4A-102 note, 20-187.3 note, 115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	39(a)	138-5
	(b)	138-6
	40(a)	120-3.1
	(b)	120-4 Repealed
	(c)	120-32
	41	126-5, 126-5 note
	47	7A-754 note, 126-4 note

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1014	49(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	120-4.22A
	(d)	128-27
	49.1(a)	118-41.1
	(b)	118-42
	51, 52	143-166.41
	58	115C-47
	60(a)	115C-325
	61, 62	115C-362
	63(a)	115C-363.15 to 115C-363.24
	(b)	115C-468 to 115C-472 note
	(c)	143-47.21
	(e)	105A-2
	(f)	105A-2
	(g)	115C-363.15 note
	(h)	120-123
	(i)	115C-363.15 note
	74(a)	115C-174.1 to 115C-174.14, 115C-175 to 115C-202 Repealed
	(b)	115C-189 note
	76(a)	115C-115 note
	78	115C-430
	92	116-19 note, 116-22 note
	98	116-240 to 116-244
	99	120-123
	116	18B-805
	119	108A-39.1, 108A-39.1 note
	120	108A-62
	128(a)	108A-39.2, 108A-39.2 note
	(b)-(j)	108A-39.2
	(k)	108A-39.2 note
	129	110-141
	130(a)	110-85 note, 110-101 note, 143B-153 note
	149(a)	143-215.74 to 143-215.74B
	155(a)	106-549.29
	(b)	106-549.52
	(c)	106-549.29 note, 106-549.52 note
	158(a)	106-719 to 106-721
	159(a)	106-726 to 106-728
	161	143B-471.4
	165	143B-470.3
	166	143B-470.4
	168	118-5
	171(a)	121-11
	(b)	121-12
	(c)	121-12.1
	(d)	121-12.2
	(e)	143-31.2

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1014	171(f)	143B-62
	(g)	121-11 note, 121-12 note, 121-12.1 note, 121-12.2 note, 143-31.2 note, 143B-62 note
	175	143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	177(a)	143-16.3
	(b)	143-16.3 note
	179	143-12
	180	143-31.5
	185(a)	122A-11, 147-33.12 note
	(b)	122A-11
	188(a)	146-29.1
	195(b)	122C-268
	197(a)	148-4.1
	(b)	15A-1380.2
	198(a)	162-39
	(b)	162-39
	(c)	162-39
	199	148-32.1
	201(a)	15A-1351
	(b)	15A-1352
	(c)	15A-1353
	(d)	20-179
	(e)	148-32.1
	(f)	148-33.1
	(g)	148-33.1
	(h)	148-33.1
	(i)	148-33.1
	202	20-176
	203	148-2
	218(c)	114-2.1 note, 114-2.2 note
	222	7A-133
	223(a)	7A-171.1
	224	7A-65
	225	7A-39.14 note
	227.1(a)	113-152
	229(a)	108A-28
	(c)	108A-28 note
	230(a)-(c)	115C-363.2
	(d)-(i)	115C-363.3
	(j)	115C-363.10
	(k)	115C-363.11
	233	62-48
	235	126-5
	237	143-23 note
	238	143-1 note
	243	7A-65 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-171.1 note, 15A-1351 note, 15A-1352 note,
1014	243	15A-1353 note, 15A-1380.2 note, 18B-805 note, 20-176 note, 20-179 note, 62-48 note, 105A-2 note, 106-549.29 note, 106-549.52 note, 106-719 to 106-721 note, 106-726 to 106-728 note, 108A-28 note, 108A-39.1 note, 108A-39.2 note, 108A-62 note, 110-141 note, 113-152 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-115 note, 115C-174.1 to 115C-174.14 note, 115C-175 to 115C-202 note, 115C-325 note, 115C-362 note, 115C-363.2 note, 115C-363.3 note, 115C-363.10 note, 115C-363.11 note, 115C-363.15 to 115C-363.24 note, 115C-430 note, 115C-468 to 115C-472 note, 116-240 to 116-244 note, 118-5 note, 118-41.1 note, 118-42 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-32 note, 120-123 note, 121-11 note, 121-12 note, 121-12.1 121-12.2 note, 122A-11 note, 122C-268 note, 126-5 note, 128-27 note, 135-5 note, 135-65 note, 138-5 note, 138-6 note, 143-12 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-31.2 note, 143-31.5 note, 143-47.21 note, 143-166.41 note, 143-215.74 note, 143B-62 note, 143B-181.10 note, 143B-470.3 note, 143B-470.4 note, 143B-471.4 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1014	243	146-29.1 note, 147-11 note, 148-2 note, 148-4.1 note, 148-32.1 note, 148-33.1 note, 162-39 note
	244	62-48 note, 108A-39.1 note, 108A-39.2 note, 110-141 note, 120-4.22A note, 143-31.5 note, 143-215.74 note
1015	1	7A-304
	2	143-166.50
1016	. .	50-13.4
1017	1	130A-440 to 130A-443
	2	130A-440 to 130A-443 note
1018	2	136-28.1
	8	20-183.7
	9	20-183.7 note
	10	20-183.7 note
	11	136-27.1
	13	20-384, 143B-475.2 Repealed, 143B-476
	14	136-44.5 note
	15	136-41.1 note, 136-44.2A note
	18	143-1 note
	22	20-183.7 note, 20-384 note, 136-27.1 note, 136-28.1 note, 143B-475.2 note, 143B-476 note
	23	20-183.7 note, 20-384 note, 136-27.1 note, 136-28.1 note, 143B-475.2 note, 143B-476 note
1019	1	143-166.50
	2	143-166.42
	3	143-166.42 note
1020	1	135-39
	2	135-39.4 Repealed
	3	135-39.5
	4	135-40.6
	5(a)	135-40.1
	(b)	135-40.3
	6	135-39.5B
	7	135-39.9
	8	135-40
	9	135-40.1
	10	135-40.5
	11-15	135-40.6
	16	135-40.7
	17	135-40.8
	18	135-40.10
	19	135-40.11

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1020	20	135-37, 135-39.1, 135-39.3, 135-39.4A, 135-39.5, 135-39.5A, 135-39.6, 135-39.7, 135-40, 135-40.1, 135-40.3, 135-40.5, 135-40.6, 135-40.7, 135-40.12, 135-40.13
	21	135-40.7
	22	135-40.6A
	23	135-40.6
	24	135-40.1
	25, 26	135-40.7
	27	135-40.1
	28	135-40.12 note
	29(a)-(l)	135-40.2
	(m)-(x)	135-40.11
	30	135-40.13
	31	135-39.5 note, 135-40.6A note
1022	1(1)	150B-1 note, 150B-10, 150B-12, 150B-13, 150B-23, 150B-26, 150B-32, 150B-40, 150B-59, 150B-60, 150B-61, 150B-62, 150B-63, 150B-63.1
	(2)-(5)	150B-2
	(6)	150B-10
	(7)	150B-12
	(8)	150B-13
	(9), 10	150B-23
	(11)	150B-22
	(12)	150B-32
	(13)	150B-25
	(14)	150B-26
	(15)	150B-32
	(16)	150B-36
	(17)	150B-44
	(18)	150B-47
	(19)	150B-63
	(20)	150B-63.1
	2	7A-343.1
	3	7A-752
	4	7A-753
	5	7A-757
	6(1)	7A-754, 7A-756
	(2)	7A-752, 7A-753, 7A-755, 7A-756, 150B-23
	(3)	7A-752, 7A-754, 150B-23, 150B-38, 150B-40
	(4)	150B-40
	7	120-123 note, 143A-55.3 note, 143A-55.4 note, 143A-55.5 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1022	7	143A-55.6 note, 143A-55.7 note
	8	84-4.1
	9	126-5
	10	126-37
	11	150B-22 note
1023	1-5	143-215.1
	6	143-215.1 note
1024	1	143B-426.35 to 143B-426.39
	2	143-3
	3	143-3.1
	4	143-3.2
	5	143-3.3
	6, 7	143-7
	8, 9	143-8
	10	143-9
	11-13	143-11
	14	143-17
	15	143-19
	16	143-20
	17-19	143-20.1
	20	143-27.2
	21	143-31
	22, 23	143-34.1
	24	147-64.6
	25	147-64.6, 147-64.6 note
	26	147-86.11
	27	143B-426.35 note
1025	1	106-735 to 106-743
1026	18	74D-4
1027	1	58-124.31
	2, 3	58-124.20
	3.1, 4	58-124.22
	5	58-124.32
	5.1	58-124.17
	6	58-124.18
	7	58-248.33
	8	58-25.1
	9	58-124.20 note, 58-124.22 note, 58-124.32 note
	9.1, 10, 11	58-131.37
	12, 12.1	58-131.42
	13	58-131.61
	14	58-470 to 58-481
	15	58-131.53, 58-131.56 Repealed, 58-131.59 Repealed
	16	58-131.38
	17	58-131.39
	18	58-54.4
	19	58-248.33
	20	58-54.4
	21	58-173.2
	22	58-173.8
	23	58-173.20
1027	24	58-173.17
	25	58-173.2
	26	58-490 to 58-498
	27	153A-435, 160A-485
	28	58-131.62
	29	58-131.63
	30	58-27.22
	31	130A-294
	32	58-150
	33	58-248.33
	34	58-248.34
	35-38	55-19
	39	55-20
	40	55-21
	41, 42	20-279.21
	43	58-248.33
	44	58-44.8
	45	58-422
	46	58-424
	47	58-131.44
	48	58-131.45
	49	57B-3
	50	20-130.1
	51	143-143.13
	52	58-16.3
	53	58-151
	54	97-94
	55	1A-1, Rule 11
	56	1A-1, Rule 8
	57	1A-1, Rule 8 note, 1A-1, Rule 11 note, 20-130.1 note, 20-279.21 note, 55-19 note, 55-20 note, 55-21 note, 57B-3 note, 58-16.3 note, 58-25.1 note, 58-27.22 note, 58-44.8 note, 58-54.4 note, 58-124.17 note, 58-124.18 note, 58-124.20 note, 58-124.22 note, 58-124.31 note, 58-124.32 note, 58-131.37 note, 58-131.38 note, 58-131.39 note, 58-131.42 note, 58-131.44 note, 58-131.45 note, 58-131.53 note, 58-131.56 note, 58-131.59 note, 58-131.61 note, 58-131.62 note, 58-131.63 note, 58-150 note, 58-151 note, 58-173.2 note, 58-173.8 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1985 (Reg. Sess. 1986) General Statutes
1027	57	58-173.17 note, 58-173.20 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-422 note, 58-424 note, 58-470 to 58-481 note, 58-490 to 58-498 note, 97-94 note, 143-143.13 note, 153A-435 note, 160A-485 note
1028	3-5	126-4 note
	6	126-4
	8	113-315.28 note
	10	143B-66 Repealed
	13	143B-87 note
	14	143B-87
	15	143B-61.1
	16	140-5.3 to 140-5.6 Repealed
	17	140-5.17
	18, 19	143B-58
	25	143B-279, 143B-340 Repealed, 143B-341 Repealed
	28	143B-142 note, 143B-184 Repealed, 143B-185 Repealed, 143B-184 note, 143B-185 note
	30	143B-279, 143B-328 to 143B-330 Repealed
	31	143B-426.2 to 143B-426.7A Repealed
	32	143B-30 to 143B-30.4
	33	120-123
	34	150B-59
	35	150B-60
	36	150B-59
	37	150B-9 note, 150B-58 note
	38	120-123 note, 126-4 note, 140-5.3 to 140-5.6 note, 140-5.17 note, 143B-30 note, 143B-58 note, 143B-61.1 note, 143B-66 note, 143B-87 note, 143B-184 note, 143B-185 note, 143B-279 note, 143B-328 to
1028	38	143B-330 note, 143B-426.2 to 143B-426.7A note, 150B-9 note, 150B-58 note, 150B-59 note, 150B-60 note
	39	126-4 note, 140-5.3 to 140-5.6 note, 140-5.17 note, 143B-30 note, 143B-58 note, 143B-61.1 note, 143B-66 note, 143B-87 note, 143B-184 note, 143B-185 note, 143B-279 note, 143B-328 to 143B-330 note, 143B-426.2 to 143B-426.7A note
	40	150B-32
	41	140-5.3 to 140-5.6 note, 143B-30 note, 143B-66 note, 143B-184 note, 143B-185 note, 143B-328 to 143B-330 note, 143B-340 note, 143B-341 note, 143B-426.2 to 143B-426.7A note
1029	14.3	120-123
1030	1, 2	143-166.83
	3	143-166.84
	4	143-166.85
	5(a)	143-166.84
	(b)	143-166.85
1031	1-5	105-228.5
	5.1	105-228.5, 105-228.6 Repealed, 105-228.5 note, 105-228.6 note
	5.2	105-228.5 note
	4.1	163-1 note
	11	120-30.9H
	12	150B-63
	13	120-30.9H note
1032	4.1	C. 163, Subc. 1, Art. 1 note
	11	120-30.9H
	12	150B-63
	13	120-30.9H note

SESSION LAWS OF 1987

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	1	40A-3
	2	162A-89.1
	3	162A-89.1 note
4	2	115C-106 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
7	1	148-4.1
	2	148-32.1
	3	148-4.1
	4	148-4.1
	5	15A-1380.2
	6	148-4.1 note, 148-32.1 note
9	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.,
10	. .	160A-360 L.M.
11	. .	74D-3
14	. .	18B-601
15	. .	18B-700 L.M.
16	. .	105-373
17	1, 2	96-5
	3-7	96-9
	8	96-12
18	. .	105-113.86
21	. .	143-129 L.M.
22	1	130A-50
	2	163-279
23	. .	90C-1 to 90C-19 note
24	1-3	104E-10.1
	4	104E-10.1 note
25	1	103-4
	2	126-4
26	. .	160A-360 L.M.
27	. .	105-164.3
28	2	153A-240
29	1	7A-111
	4	7A-111 note
31	. .	143-135.2 L.M.
32	. .	132-1 L.M.
33	4	113-133.1
34	. .	131E-136 note, 131-176 note, 131E-200 note, 143B-142 note, 143B-165, 143B-165 note
35	. .	18B-1004
36	1	163-163
	2	163-163 note
38	1	113-291.2
42	1	153A-132.2
	2	160A-303.2
43	1	105-273
	2	105-296
	3	105-298 Repealed
	4	105-303, 105-308
	5	105-307
	6	105-309
	7	105-311
	8	105-328
44	1	160A-37
	2	160A.49
45	1	105-277.1, 105-277.4, 105-277.5, 105-277.6, 105-282.1, 105-277.1 note, 105-286, 105-289, 105-294, 105-295, 105-296, 105-297, 105-302, 105-302.1, 105-303, 105-306, 105-307, 105-308, 105-309, 105-311, 105-312, 105-314, 105-315, 105-316, 105-317, 105-321, 105-322, 105-325, 105-326, 105-328, 105-366, 105-368, 69-25.15, 130A-62, 153A-325, 105-294, 105-296, 153A-149, 105-294 note
46	1	105-289
	2	105-328
47	. .	15A-1371, 15A-1380.2
49	. .	20-166.1
50	. .	160A-272 L.M., 115C-518 L.M.
51	. .	132-1 L.M., 143-318.9 L.M.
52	. .	14-399 L.M.
53	1, 2	143-129 L.M.
	3	143-131 L.M.
54	. .	20-162.1 L.M.
56	. .	160A-265 L.M.
57	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
58	. .	133-1 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
60	. .	110-136.5
61	1, 2	135-38
62	. .	143-128 L.M.
64	1(2)	160A-101 L.M.
65	. .	143B-472
67	. .	160A-58.1 L.M.
69	. .	20-321
70	. .	40A-1 L.M.
71	1	143-135.25, 143-135.26, 143-135.27, 143-135.28
	2	129-40 to 129-49 Repealed
	3	143-18.1 note
	4, 5	120-123
	8	120-123 note, 143-135.25 note, 143-135.27 note, 143-135.28 note

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
72	1	113-291.8
	2	113-291.8 note
73	. .	1A-1, Rule 33
76	. .	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-4 L.M.
77	1	32A-2
	2	32A-9
78	1	31-23 Repealed, 31-25 Repealed,
	1	31-25.1 Repealed
	2	31-24
	3	31-27
79	. .	95-25.3
80	. .	163-41
81	1	163-213.4
	2	163-213.3
82	. .	143B-470.4
83	1	131E-215 to 131E-224
	2	131E-215 note
84	1	130A-35
	2	130A-37
85	. .	118-1 L.M.
86	1, 2	31-42
87	. .	143-129 L.M.
88	1	55-75 to 55-79
89	. .	105-130.5
90	. .	90-95
92	. .	143-408.4
93	1, 2	105-360
	3	105-366
94	. .	18B-805 L.M.
95	. .	40A-1 L.M.
97	. .	113-291.1
100	. .	7A-652
101	. .	7A-574
102	1	143-64.31
	2	143-64.32
	3	143-64.33
	4	143-64.31 to 143-64.33 note
103	1	96-3
	2, 3	96-8
	4	96-18
105	1, 2	90-87
	3	90-90
	4, 5	90-95
106	1	163-160, 163-160.1, 163-161, 163-162
	2	163-160.1 note
107	1	117-46
	2	117-46 note
108	. .	96-5 note, 96-9 note, 96-12 note
111	1	143-214.4
	2	143-215.3
	3	143-214.4 note
112	1	122D-16
	2	150B-1
	3	122D-3
	4	122D-6
113	1	163-278.7
	2	163-278.14
	3	163-278.19
	4	163-278.7 note, 163-278.10 note, 163-278.14 note, 163-278.19 note
114	1	130A-440
	2	130A-440 note, 130A-441 note, 130A-442 note, 130A-443 note
115	1	14-406
	2	14-409.5
	3	14-406 note, 14-409.5 note
119	1	153A-60 L.M.
	2	153A-61 L.M.
	3	153A-64 L.M.
120	. .	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
121	. .	160A-265 L.M.
122	. .	20-187.2
123	. .	160A-360 L.M.
124	1	55-75
	1.1	55-79.1
	2	55-80
	3	55-75 note, 55-79.1 note, 55-80 note
125	. .	20-172
126	. .	20-143.1
127	1	105-381
	2	105-381 note
130	. .	105-277.8
131	2	113-1 L.M.
	4, 5	113-133.1
133	. .	113-273
134	. .	113-291.1
135	. .	18B-801
136	1	18B-203
	2	18B-204
	3	18B-404
	4	18B-405
	5, 6	18B-603
	7, 8	18B-900
	9	18B-1115
137	. .	15A-701
138	1	120-20.1
	2	120-20.1 note
139	. .	20-179
140	. .	132-1 L.M.
141	. .	132-1 L.M.
142	. .	132-1 L.M.
143	. .	132-1 L.M.
144	. .	7A-611
145	. .	130A-249

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
146	1	20-114.1
	2	69-39.1
	3	20-114.1
147	. .	25-3-512
148	. .	102-1.1
151	. .	143-129 L.M.
154	. .	95-25.5d
155	. .	160A-384 L.M.
156	1, 2	113-270.2
	3-5	113-270.3
	6	113-270.47, 113-270.5
	8, 9	113-271
	10	113-272
	11, 12	113-272.2
	13	113-270.2 note, 113-270.3 note, 113-270.4 note, 113-270.5 note, 113-271 note, 113-272 note, 113-272.2 note
157	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
158	. .	66-67
160	. .	160A-267 L.M.
161	. .	105-322 L.M.
162	. .	7A-517
163	1-3	116B-29
	4, 5	116B-30
	6	116B-31
	7	116B-31.5
	8	116B-38
	9	116B-31.5 note
164	. .	20-141
165	. .	153A-343 L.M.
167	2	18B-700 L.M.
169	1	160A-216 L.M.
170	. .	132-1 L.M.
171	. .	132-1 L.M.
172	5(c)	132-1 L.M.
173	. .	118-1 L.M.
174	1	118-6
	2, 3	118-7
	4	118-12
	5	118-6, 118-12
175	. .	132-1 L.M.
176	. .	118-1 L.M.
177	1(a), (b)	120-4.30, 128-38.1 135-18.6, 135-73
	(c)	20-4.30 note, 128-38.1 note, 135-18.6 note, 135-73 note
	2	143-27.2
	3	143-166.84
	4	143-166.85
178	. .	118-1 L.M.
179	. .	160A-58.1 L.M.
180	1	120-149.1 to
180	1	120-149.6
	2	120-149.1 note
181	1	128-27, 135-5
	2	128-27 note
182	1	55-90, 55-91, 55-92 55-93, 55-94, 55-95 55-96, 55-97, 55-98
	2	55-90 note
183	1	65-41, 65-42
	2	65-41 note
184	. .	143-129 L.M.
189	. .	130A-249
190	. .	105-33
194	1	160A-314 L.M.
	5	18B-100 L.M., 18B-501 L.M.
196	1	153A-27.1
	2	161-5
	3	162-5.1
197	. .	96-9
199	1-6	125-2
200	. .	160A-360 L.M.
203	. .	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
205	1	160A-265 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
	4	106-169 note
206	2, 3	160A-456 L.M.
207	1	153A-230 to 153A-230.5
	2	153A-217
	3	15A-1352
	4	15A-1352 note, 153A-217 note, 153A-230 note
208	. .	14-399
209	. .	132-1 L.M.
210	. .	86A-12
211	. .	88-13
212	. .	96-8
213	1	105-53
	2	105-53 note
214	. .	143B-431
215	1, 2	130A-423
	3	130A-425
	4	130A-430
	5	130A-431
	6	130A-432
	7	130A-433
	8	130A-422 note
	9	130A-423 note
217	1	153A-77
	2	153A-77 note
218	1	130A-191
	2	130A-191 note
219	. .	130A-187
220	. .	143-129 L.M.
221	. .	160A-443 L.M.
222	. .	14-250 L.M.
224	. .	160A-175 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
225	. .	20-37.6 L.M.
226	. .	143-138 L.M.
227	1, 2	116-201
	3	116-202
	4	116-206
	5	116-209
	6	116-209.3
	7	116-209.17
	8	116-209.19
	9	116-209.24
228	. .	116-6
231	3	113-291.2 L.M.
233	1	160A-360 L.M.
	2	160A-24 L.M.
234	. .	160A-58.1 L.M.
235	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
237	1	54B-8
	2	54B-17
	3	54B-33
	4	54B-70
238	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
239	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
240	1	20-81.9
	2	20-81.9 note
241	. .	160A-265 L.M.
243	1	113-44.7, 113-44.8, 113-44.9, 113-44.10, 113-44.11, 113-44.12, 113-44.13, 113-44.14
	2	113-44.7 note
244	1(a)	106-20 Repealed
	(b)	106-51 Repealed
	(c)	106-66 Repealed, 106-67 Repealed
	(d)	107-68 to 106-78 Repealed
	(e)	106-79 Repealed, 106-80 Repealed
	(f)	106-111 Repealed
	(g)	106-198 to 106-202 Repealed
	(h)	106-256 to 106-259 Repealed
	(i)	106-303 Repealed
	(j)	106-521 to 106-527 Repealed
	(k)	106-535 to 106-538 Repealed
245	2	113-133.1
246	1	74-64
	2	87-94
	3	113A-64
247	1, 2	160A-384 L.M.
251	. .	143B-79
252	. .	20-81.3
254	2	160A-45 L.M., 160A-58.1 L.M.
260	. .	90-85.24
261	. .	160A-217 L.M.
262	1	160A-216 L.M.
	2	105-357 L.M.
263	1	116-220
	2	116-220.1
264	1	143-127.2 to 143-127.6
	2	143-127.6
	3	143-127.5 note, 143-127.6 note
	4	143-127.2 to 143-127.6
265	1	40A-3 L.M.
	2	160A-265 L.M.
266	. .	20-125
267	1, 2	130A-335
	3	130A-335 note
268	. .	122C-251
269	1	143-215.103, 143-215.104
	2	130A-22
	3	143-215.91A
	4	104E-28
	5	104E-28 note, 143-215.91A note, 143-215.103 note
270	. .	143-215.91
271	. .	143-215.6
272	. .	20-116
273	. .	96-4
274	. .	143-340
275	1, 2	143B-454
	3	143B-456
	4	143B-459 Repealed
	5	143B-461
	6	143B-465
276	. .	115C-245
277	1	45-20.1
	2	47-51
	3	47-53
	4	47-53.1
	5	47-71.1
	6	47-108.5
	7	47-108.11
	8	28A-14-1.1
	9	10-12
	10	45-21.47
	10a	45-21.49
	11	10-12 note, 28A-14-1.1 note, 45-20.1 note, 45-21.47 note, 45-21.49 note, 47-51 note, 47-53 note, 47-53.1 note, 47-71.1 note, 47-108.5 note, 47-108.11 note
279	. .	131E-56
282	1	7A-289.26
	2	7A-289.28

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
282	3	15A-504
	4	17C-3
	5	25A-2
	6	28A-25-6
	7	46-28
	8	47C-2-109
	9	78A-56
	10	78B-8
	11	90A-59
	12	95-47.2
	13	95-48
	14	95-127
	15	105-504
	16	113-133.1
	17	119-58
	18	122C-267
	19	126-15.1
	20	130A-304
	21	134A-21
	22	134A-36
	23, 24	135-40.6
	25	135-40.7A
	26	143-18.1
	27	143-60
	28	143B-499.4
	29	159E-5
	30, 31	159-7
	32	105-149
	33	15A-1343
	34	115D-5
	35	135-40.7
	36	78A-56 note, 105-504 note, 113-133.1 note
283	. .	160A-399.5
284	. .	74C-3
285	1-5	143B-30.2
	6	143B-30.3
	7-9	150B-12
	10-12	150B-13
	13	150B-14
	14, 15	150B-59
	16	150B-60
	17	95-131
	18	106-266.8, 150B-60 note
286	. .	28A-19-6
287	. .	159-34
288	1	1A-1, Rule 68.1
	2	1A-1, Rule 68.1 note
289	. .	143B-180 note
291	. .	160A-456 L.M.
292	1	106-659
	2	106-660
293	. .	106-65.90
294	1	106-568.20
	2	106-568.21
	3	106-568.22
	4	106-568.23
	5	106-568.24
	6	106-568.25
294	7	106-568.28
	8	106-568.30
	9	106-568.31
	10	106-568.34
	11	106-568.32 Repealed
	12	106-568.35
	13	106-568.36
295	1	105-317
	2	105-277.6
	3	105-290
	4	105-324 Repealed
	5	105-277.4, 105-282.1
	6	105-282.1
	7	105-289.1 note
	8	105-325
	9	105-290
297	. .	7A-675
299	. .	105-446.2
300	. .	163-155
301	. .	58-27.23
303	. .	160A-196
304	. .	90-143
305	1	122A-5.8
	2	122A-5.9
	3	122A-4
	4	122A-5.8 note
	5	122A-5.8 note, 122A-5.9 note
307	1	18B-1000
	2	18B-603
308	. .	18B-1004
310	. .	58-505 to 58-517
		58-518 Repealed
		58-310 note
311	. .	136-18
312	1	115C-543
	2	115C-543 note
313	1	14-34.4
	2	14-34.4 note
314	1	130A-80
	2	130A-83
	3	130A-80 note, 130A-83 note
315	. .	105-449.39
316	1	84-17
	2	84-18
	3	84-19
	4	84-28
317	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
318	. .	8-50.2
319	1	132-1 L.M.
320	1-3	126-4
	4	126-5
	5	126-29
	6	126-34
	7	126-36
	8	126-39
	9	126-43 Repealed, 126-44 Repealed
321	. .	15A-544

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
322	. .	115C-37 L.M., 163-293 L.M.
323	1	7A-551
	2	8-53.3
324	1	136-44.15
	2	136-44.15 note
325	. .	66-94.1
326	1, 2	90-270.11
	3	90-270.11 note
327	. .	128-21 L.M.
328	. .	115C-289
329	1	143-129 L.M.
	2	44A-25 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
330	1	58-340.1 to 58-340.9
	2	58-340.1 note
331	1	58-540 to 58-546
	2	58-540 note
332	. .	53-229
333	. .	20-87
334	. .	20-97 L.M.
335	1	122D-23
	2	150B-1
	3	122D-1 note, 150B-13 note
	4	143-135.25
	5	122D-23 note
336	1	116-198.31 to 116-198.40
	2	116-198.31 note
337	1	20-218
	2	20-218.2
	8	163-33 L.M., 163-302 L.M.
339	. .	160A-384 L.M.
340	. .	115C-47
343	. .	58-21.1
344	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
345	1	122C-3
	2	122C-22
	3, 4	122C-23
	5	122C-24
346	. .	50-31
347	1	145-10.1
	2	145-10.1 note
349	. .	147-36.1
352	1	20-179.2
	2	20-179
353	. .	93-12
354	. .	62-2
355	1, 2	7A-273
	3	7A-180
	4	15A-1011
	5	7A-273, 7A-180, 15A-1011 note
356	. .	105-275, 105-275 note
357	. .	28A-4-1
358	1	122C-210.2
	2	143-118
	3	122C-210.2 note
359	. .	163-302 L.M.
360	1	47-36.1
	2	47-48
362	. .	153A-103
363	1	20-129.1
	2	20-129.1 note
364	. .	160A-514
366	1	145-11
	2	145-11 note
367	. .	130A-247
368	1	106-65.41
	2	106-65.29
	3	106-65.31
	4	106-65.41 note
369	. .	58-3.1
370	1	122C-221 to 122C-224, 122C-224.1 to 122C-224.7
	2	122C-222 note, 122C-224.1 to 122C-224.6 note
371	1	48-5
	2	7A-289.24
372	. .	7A-652
374	. .	62-268
375	4(c)	132-1 L.M.
376	2(a)	132-1 L.M.
377	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
378	1	20-81.10
379	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
380	1	136-28.5
	2	136-28.5 note
381	. .	20-286
382	1	113-331 to 113-337
	2	113-331 note, 113-337 note
383	1	115D-7
	2	115D-20
	3	115D-7 note
384	1	7A-95
	2	7A-198
385	1	20-351 to 20-351.10
	2	20-351 note
386	. .	66-67.1, 66-67.1 note
387	1	66-77
	2	66-80
388	. .	14-122.1
389	. .	155C-271
391	1	18B-1000
	2	18B-1001
392	. .	20-118
393	1	163-123
	2	163-123 note
394	. .	126-37
395	1	126-5
	2	115C-325
396	1-3	162A-69
397	1	15A-1343

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
397	2, 3	148-33.2
	4	148-57.1
398	. .	15A-1432
399	. .	133-32
400	. .	136-28.1
401	1	168-4.2
	2	168-4.3
	3	168-4.5
402	. .	80-24 to 80-32 Repealed
403	1(12)	160A-216 L.M.
404	. .	7A-6
405	1	45-37
	2	47-46.1
	3	47-46.1 note
406	. .	115C-369
407	. .	62-289.3
408	1	163-74
	2, 3	163-150
	4	163-59
	5	163-283
	6	163-74
	7	163-87
409	1	7A-544.1
	2	7A-523
	3	7A-562
	4	7A-544.1 note
410	. .	90-113.4A
411	. .	163-128 L.M.
412	1-5	90-89
	5A-7	90-90
	8-10	90-91
	11, 12	90-92
	13	90-101
413	1-4	90-88
414	1	115C-12
	2	115C-47
	4	115C-272
	5	115C-285
	6, 7	115C-302
	8, 9	115C-316
	11	115C-14 Repealed
	12	115C-29
	14	115C-438
415	. .	163-247
416	. .	163-171
417	1	136-18 note, 136-89.56 note
	2	136-18 note, 136-89.56 note
419	1	40A-3 L.M., 136-103 L.M., 136-41.1 L.M.
	4	163-294.2 L.M.
420	. .	160A-265 L.M.
421	1, 2	58-173.8
	3	58-173.7 note, 58-173.8 note
422	1	153A-77.1
	2	153A-77.1 note
423	1	157-9.2
	2	157-9.2 note
424	. .	160A-265 L.M.
425	. .	1-597 L.M.
426	. .	160A-299 L.M.
427	1, 2	160A-281 L.M.
	3	160A-286 L.M.
	4	17C-2 L.M.
	9	143-166.50 L.M., 128-1.1
428	. .	136-96
429	1	143-143.8 note
	2	143-144 note
	3	143-151.8 note, 143-151.26 note, 143-151.42 note
	4, 5	143-143.9
	6, 7	143-143.10
	8	143-143.15
	9	143-143.16
	10	143-145
	11, 12	143-146
	13	143-148
	14	143-151.4
	15	143-151.1
	16	143-151.5
	17	143-143.18
	18	143-146, 143-151.1, 143-151.2, 143-151.3
	19	143-143.9 to 143-143.14, 143-143.17 to 143-143.19, 143-143.21, 143-143.23, 143-143.24, 143-144 to 143-147, 143-151, 143-151.1, 143-151.3, 143-151.5
	20	143-143.9 to 143-143.19 note, 143-143.21 note, 143-143.23 note, 143-143.24 note, 143-144 to 143-147 note, 143-151 to 143-151.5 note
430	1	90-210.18
	2	90-210.20
	3	90-210.21 Repealed
	4-11	90-210.25
	12	90-210.27 Repealed
	13	90-210.27A
	15	90-210.31
433	1	1-44.2
	2	1-44.2 note
434	1	18B-1001
	2	18B-1002
435	. .	130A-334
436	. .	106-408
437	1	130A-295.01

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
437	2	130A-295.01 note
	3	130A-295.01 note
438	1	130A-228
	2	130A-248
	3	130A-23
439	. .	120-103
440	1	105-289
	2	105-273
	3	105-289.1 note
	4	105-259
441	1, 2	58-472
	3, 4	58-474
	5, 6	58-475
	7	58-480
	8	58-131.39
	9, 10	58-480
	11	58-131.44
	12	58-131.45
	13	58-131.53
	14	58-491
	15	58-495
	16, 17	58-496
	18	58-498
442	1	115D-89 to 115D-93, 115D-95
	2	115C-568 to 15C-583 recodified as 115D-87 to 115D-99
	3	115C-568 note, 115D-87 note
443	1	18B-101
	2	18B-603
	3	18B-101 note, 18B-603 note
444	1	24-1.1A
	2	53-172
	3	53-180, 53-166, 53-172, 24-1.1A, 24-10 note, 24-13 note, 24-14 note, 24-16.1 note, 53-166 note, 53-172 note, 53-180 note
	4	24-1.1A, 53-172 note
445	1	62-110
	2	62-3
446	1	147-69.2
	2, 3	116-36.1 note, 147-69.2 note
447	. .	24-10.1
448	1	117-20
	2	117-24
	3	117-34
449	1	14-159.20 to 14-159.23
	2	14-159.20 note
450	. .	105-375
451	1	153A-132.2
	2	160A-303.2
452	1	113-270.2B
	2, 3	113-270.3
	4	113-294
453	. .	119-56
454	1	160A-384 L.M.
	2	153A-343 L.M.
455	1	153A-343 L.M.
	2	160A-384 L.M.
456	1	130A-261
	2	130A-262
	3, 4	130A-265
	5	130A-267
	6	130A-268
	7	130A-269
	8	130A-271
	9	130A-272
457	1	163-59
	2	163-283
	3	163-213.2
458	1	42-14.1
	2	42-14.1 note
459	. .	53-91
460	3	143-138 L.M.
	17, 17.1	153A-331 L.M.
	18, 18.1	153A-340 L.M.
	27	20-162.1 L.M.
	28	160A-175 L.M.
	29	153A-343 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
	30	160A-219 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
461	1	143-215.1
	2	143-215.108
	3	130A-295
462	1	1A-1, Rule 62
	2	1-285
463	. .	113-208
464	1	157-2
	2, 3	157-3
	4	157-9.3
	4.1	157-9.4
	5	157-29
	6	160A-209
	7	159-48
	8	160A-457.2
	9	160A-278
	10	160A-456
	11	150A-278 note, 157-9.2 note, 157-9.3 note, 160A-457.2 note
465	1	Chap. 163, Art. 1 note, 163-69.2 note
	2	163-69.2
	3	163-69.2 note
466	. .	44-51.8
468	1	160A-224 L.M.
	5	160A-216 L.M.
	6	163-1 L.M.
469	1	74A-2

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
470	. .	130A-415
471	. .	130A-326
472	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
473	1	52B-1 to 52B-11
	3	52B-1 note
474	1	143-116.8
	2	143-116.8 note
475	. .	76A-12
476	1	40A-3 L.M., 160A-209 L.M., 160A-217 L.M., 160A-265 L.M., 160A-298 L.M., 160A-303 L.M., 160A-500 L.M.
	2	143-138 note
477	. .	115C-84
478	1	42-45
	2	42-45 note
479	. .	143B-262
480	1	145-12
	2	145-12 note
	3	15A-535
481	1	15A-534
482	. .	130A-24
483	1	58-263 to 58-315 Repealed
	2	58-340.1 to 58-340.65
	3	58-340.1 note, 58-340.51 note
484	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
485	1	163-230
	2	163-22, 163-227, 163-229, 163-230, 163-248, 163-227.3
	3	163-156
	4	120-20.1
	5	163-22 note, 163-227 note, 163-227.3 note, 163-229 note, 163-230 note, 163-248 note
487	. .	113-152
488	1	65-54
	2	65-55
	3	65-64
	4	65-59
	5	65-63
	6	65-64
	7	65-66
	8	65-53
489	1, 2	95-174
	3	95-191
	4-6	95-194
	7	95-195
	8	95-216
	9	95-217
490	1	62-18
	2	62-110.3
491	1	163-140
	2, 3	163-192
	4	163-175
	4.1	163-41
492	1	90-278
	2	90-278 note
493	. .	45-21.16A
494	1	83-90 to 63-92
	2	63-90 note
495	1	131E-159 note
	2	131E-159
496	1	87-85
	2	87-86
	3	87-86
	4	87-87
	5	87-88
497	. .	1-239
498	1	113A-95
	2	113A-95 note
500	1	90-270.11
	2	90-270.14
504	. .	163-140
505	1(1)	1-539.9 note
	(2)	1-539.10, 1-539.11
	2	1-539.10 note, 1-539.11 note
506	. .	128-21 L.M.
508	. .	118-1 L.M.
509	1	7A-41
	2	7A-47.2
	3	7A-47.3
	4, 5	7A-60
	6	7A-45
	7	7A-45 Repealed
	9	163-22, 163-156, 163-227, 163-227.3, 163-229, 163-230, 163-248
	10	163-114
	12	7A-41 note, 7A-45 note, 7A-47.2 note
	13	163-106
	14	7A-130
	15	7A-41 note, 7A-45 note, 7A-47.2 note, 7A-47.3 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-130 note, 163-106 note, 163-114 note, 163-227 note, 163-227.3 note, 163-229 note, 163-230 note, 163-248 note
	16	163-106 note
511	1	131E-175 to 131E-190, 131E-191 Repealed
	2	131E-175 to 131E-191 note
	3	131E-175 to

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
511	3	131E-191 note
512	. .	20-109
513	1	120-4.21, 120-4.22, 128-24, 128-27, 135-3, 135-5, 135-57, 135-59
515	. .	18B-1006
516	1	93A-6
	2	93A-6
	3-5	93A-16
	6	93A-17
	7	93A-18
	8	93A-19
	9	93A-20
	10-13	93A-21
	14	93A-22
	15	93A-23
	16	93A-40
	17, 18	93A-54
	19	93A-56
	20	93A-58
517	1	159D-1
	2, 3	159D-2
	4, 4.1	159D-3
	5	159D-4
	6	159D-7
	7	159D-11
	8	159D-19
518	1	14-404
	2	14-409.3
519	1	1-538.2
	2	1-538.2 note
520	. .	20-79.2
521	. .	130A-85
522	. .	142-13
523	. .	113A-195
524	2	20-88.1 note
	4	115C-325 note
	5	50-13.1 note
	6	143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	7	105-164.4 note
	10	115C-468 note, 143-47.21 note
525	. .	20-196
526	. .	163-114
527	1	14-32.2
	2	14-32.2 note
528	1	97-130
	2	97-131
	3	97-132
	4-10	97-133
	11	97-134
	12	97-135
529	. .	20-279.21
530	1	42-46
	2	42-46 note
531	1	59-103
	2	59-105
531	3	59-201
	4	59-202
	5	59-206
	6	59-403
	7	59-702
	8	59-903
	8.1	59-902
	9, 10	59-1104
532	1	96-15.1
	2	96-15.2
	3	96-15.1 note, 96-15.2 note
533	1	135-4
	2	128-26
534	. .	115C-68 L.M.
535	1	153A-330 L.M.
	2	153A-335 L.M.
536	1	150B-1
	2	122C-403
	3	122C-404
	4	122C-405
	5	122C-410
	6	122C-403 note, 122C-404 note, 122C-405 note, 122C-410 note, 150B-1 note
537	. .	47-17 L.M.
538	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
539	. .	128-28, 135-6
540	. .	115C-325
541	1	48-11
	2	50-13.2
542		160A-443
543	1	130A-235
	2	110-88
	3	110-91
	4	110-92
	5, 6	110-93
	7	110-104
	8	110-88 note, 110-91 note, 110-92 note, 110-93 note, 110-104 note, 130A-235 note
544	. .	105-14
545	. .	20-81
547	1	20-146.2
	2	20-146.2 note
548	1	105-20
	2	105-31
	3	47-18.2
	4	47-18.2 note
549	1	163-72.2
	6.1	163-213.4
	6.2	163-213.6
	6.3	163-291 L.M., 163-294.2 L.M.
	6.6	7A-41
	6.8	163-128 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
549	6.9	163-1 L.M.
	6.10	163-294.2 L.M.
	6.12	163-164
	6.13	7A-41 note, 163-72.2 note, 163-213.4 note, 163-213.6 note
	7	7A-41 note, 163-164 note
550	1	35A-1101 to 35A-1116, 35A-1120, 35A-1130, 35A-1201 to 35A-1207, 35A-1210 to 35A-1216, 35A-1220 35A-1228, 35A-1230 to 35A-1239, 35A-1240 to 35A-1244, 35A-1250 to 35A-1253, 35A-1260 35A-1269, 35A-1270 to 35A-1273, 35A-1280, 35A-1281, 35A-1290 35A-1294, 35A-1301 to 35A-1307
	2	35-14 to 35-18 recodified as 35A-1310 to 35A-1314
	3	35-19 to 35-29 recodified as 35A-1320 to 35A-1330
	3.1	35A-1329
	3.2	35A-1330
	4	35-29.1 to 35-29.4 recodified as 35A-1335 to 35A-1338
	5	35-29.5 to 35-29.10 recodified as 35A-1340 to 35A-1345
	6	35-29.11 to 35-29.16 recodified as 35A-1350 to 35A-1355
	7	35-1 to 35-13 Repealed
	8	Ch. 35 note
	9	33-35.1, 33-35.2 recodified as 35A-1360, 35A-1361
	10	33-1 to 33-35 Recodified, 33-36 to 33-47.1 Recodified, 33-48 to 33-49.1 Recodified, 33-50 to
550	10	33-55 Recodified, 33-67
	11	Ch. 33 note
	12	1-339.1
	13	1A-1, Rule 17
	14	7A-111
	15	7A-289.25
	16	7A-451
	17	28A-23-2
	18	34-2.1
	19	34-4
	20	74C-12
	21	74D-10
	22	75D-3
	23	108A-15
	24	108A-101
	25	108A-105
	26	122C-122
	27(a)	33-35.1 note, 33-35.2 note, 35-14 to 35-29.16 note, 35A-1101 note, 35A-1120 note, 35A-1130 note, 35A-1201 note, 35A-1210 note, 35A-1220 note, 35A-1230 note, 35A-1244 note, 35A-1250 note, 35A-1260 note, 35A-1270 note, 35A-1280 note, 35A-1290 note, 35A-1301 note, 35A-1310 note, 35A-1320 note, 35A-1335 note, 35A-1340 note, 35A-1350 note, 35A-1360 note
	(b)	35A-1101 note, 35A-1120 note, 35A-1130 note
	(c)	35A-1201 note, 35A-1210 note, 35A-1220 note, 35A-1230 note, 35A-1240 note, 35A-1250 note, 35A-1260 note, 35A-1270 note, 35A-1280 note, 35A-1290 note
	(d)	35A-1301 note
551	1, 2	14-401.13
552	. .	20-39
553	. .	7A-228
554	. .	105-80
555	1	90-39

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
555	2	90-232
556	. .	105-188.1
557	1-3	105-120
	3.1	105-164.3
	4, 5	105-164.4
	6	105-164.16
	7	105-467
	8, 9	105-164.14
	10	105-164.4 note
558	19	69-1 L.M.
559	1	143-439
	2	143-440, 143-448, 143-450, 143-451, 143-459, 143-460
	3-7	143-442
	8	143-443
	9	143-446
	10	143-447
	11	143-448
	12	143-448 note
	13	143-451
	14, 15	143-452
	16	143-455
	17	143-456
	18-20	143-460
	21	143-469
560	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
561	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
562	1	160A-31
	2	160A-58.7
	3	160A-58.1 note
	4	160A-58.7 note
563	1	33-68 to 33-77 Repealed
	2	33A-1 to 33A-24
	3	33A-1 note
564	1	115D-2
	2	115D-3
	3	115D-4
	4	115D-4.1
	5	115D-36
	6	115D-1 note
	7	116-143.3
	8	115D-5
	9	58-27.22, 115D-26, 5D-31, 143B-216.4, 143B-418, 147-86.13
	10	115D-12, 159-48
	11	115D-25, 115D-32, 143B-471.4, 153A-450
	12	7A-171.1, 115C-340, 15C-342, 115D-5, 115D-12, 115D-31, 127A-194 note, 143-554, 153A-450
	13	40A-3
	14	54B-151, 54B-189
	15	143-151.12
	16	115C-340, 115C-342
	17	135-40.1
	18	105A-2
	19	116-143.1
	20	115D-34
	21	96-8
	22	116-71
	23	116-209.19
	24	127A-192
	25	143-12.1
	26	143-31.5
	27	143-47.6
	28	143-151.9
	29	143-552, 143-555
	30	143-555
	31	147-64.4
	32	147-86.11
	33	115D-5, 116-37.1
	34	115D-34
	35	12-3.1
	36	116-174.1
	37	7A-171.1 note, 105A-2 note, 115D-4.1 note, 143-554 note
565	1	163-272.1
	2	163-90.3
	3	163-152
	4	163-155
	5	163-177
	6	163-221
	7	163-226.3
	8	163-237
	9	163-236
	10	163-270
	11	163-271
	12	163-273
	13	163-274
	14	163-275
	15	163-278.13
	16	163-278.19
	17	163-278.27
	18	163-278.44
	19	163-272.1 note
566	1	78A-37
	2	78A-50
567	. .	20-127
568	1	105-130.40
	2	105-151.17
	3	105-130.40 note, 105-151.17 note
569	. .	44A-27
570	. .	14-234
571	1	115C-319 to 115C-321
	2	115C-47
	3	115C-325
	4	115C-319 note
572	1, 2	115C-391
	3	115C-288
573	1	7A-244
	2	7A-244 note
574	1	130A-290 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
574	1	130A-291 note
	2	130A-310 to 130A-310.12
	3	130A-303
	4	130A-310 note
	5	130A-310.12
	6	130A-310 note
575	. .	143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M.
576	. .	51-18.1
577	1	158-7.1 note, 159-48 note, 159-81 note
	1.1	158-7.1
	1.2	159-81 note
578	1, 2	105A-2
579	1, 2	15A-1343
	3	15A-1374
	4	15A-1343 note
580	. .	163-140
581	1	20-24
	2	20-7.2 Repealed
	3	20-24.2
	4	20-24.1
	5	20-181
	6	20-7.2 note, 20-24.2 note
582	1, 2	90A-40
	3	90A-42
583	1, 2	163-231
	3	163-229
	4	163-227.2
	5	163-248
	6	163-250
	7	163-275
	8	163-226.3
	9	163-274
	10	163-226.3
584	1-3	20-183.7
	4	118-1 note
	5	118-60 to 118-66
	6	118-60 note
585	1	159-79
	2	159-65
	3	159-123
	4, 5	159-124
	6	159-125
	7	159-79 note, 159-65 note, 159-123 note, 159-124 note, 159-125 note
	8	159-65 note, 159-79 note, 159-123 note,
	8	159-124 note, 159-125 note
	9	159-65 note, 159-79 159-123 note, 159-124 note, 159-125 note
	10	159-79 note
586	. .	159-65
587	1-4	142-12.1
	5	142-12.1 note
588	1	143-433.6
	2	143-433.7
	3	143-433.8
	4	143-433.9
	5	143-433.6 to 143-433.9 note
589	1	110-136.3
	2	110-136.8
	3	110-136.3 note, 110-136.8 note
590	. .	143-129
591	. .	110-139
592	1	131E-210
	2, 3	131E-212
	4	131E-213
593	. .	160A-265 L.M.
594	. .	160A-384 L.M.
595	. .	115C-302
596	1	122C-262
	2	122C-264
	3	122C-263
	4	122C-266
	5	15A-1003
	6	15A-1321
597	. .	130A-294
598	1	15A-1343
	2	7A-650
	3	15A-1021
	4	148-57.1
	5	148-33.2
599	1-3	108A-79
600	1	131D-30 Repealed, 131E-126 Repealed
	2	131E-129
	3	131D-130
	4	131D-130 note, 131E-129 note
601	2	160A-360 L.M.
	4	163-294.2 L.M.
602	2	105-369
	3	105-313 L.M.
603	1	41A-5
	2-4	41A-7
604	2(2)	1-54.1 L.M.
	(3)	153A-345 L.M.
606	. .	160A-31 L.M., 160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M., 160A-48 L.M., 160A-58.1 L.M.
607	1	20-71.2 to 20-71.4
	2	20-4.01
	3	20-71.2 note
608	. .	20-51
609	. .	118-1 note, 118-5 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 118-7 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
610	. .	20-97 L.M.
611	. .	20-129
612	. .	118-1 L.M.
613	1	1A-1, Rule 33
	2	1A-1, Rule 34
	3	1A-1, Rule 36
614	1	118-1 L.M.
	2	118-7 L.M.
	6	118-6 L.M.
615	. .	105-16
616	1	14-234.1
	2	14-234.1 note
617	1-4	128-26
	5	128-26 note
618	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
619	1	160A-458.3
	2, 3	160A-458.3 note
620	1	45-37
	2	45-37.2
	3	47-3 Repealed, 47-7 Repealed
	4	161-3
	5	161-21
	6	11-7.1 note, 161-3 note
621	1	160A-536
	2	160A-538
	3	160A-538.1
	4	160A-536 note, 160A-538 note, 160A-538.1 note
	4.1	160A-536 note, 160A-538 note, 160A-538.1 note
622	1	105-130.3 note, 105-163.02 note, 105-163.03 note, 105-163.06 note, 105-163.6 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-275 note, 105-275.1 note, 105-277 note, 105-277A note, 105-502 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-521 note, 115C-546.1 note, 120-123 note
	2	105-275
	3	105-163.03 Repealed, 105-163.06 Repealed
	4	105-163.02
	5	105-277
	6	105-277A
	7	105-275.1
	8	105-130.3
	9	105-163.6
	10	105-164.21 Repealed
622	11	105-502
	12	115C-546.1, 115C-546.2
	13	115C-489.1 to 115C-489.4
	14	115C-521
	15	120-123
	15.1	105-277A note, 105-472 note, 105-486 note, 105-493 note, 105-501 note
	16	105-130.3 note, 105-163.02 note, 105-163.03 note, 105-163.06 note, 105-163.6 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-275 note, 105-275.1 note, 105-277 note, 105-277A note, 105-502 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-521 note, 115C-546.1 note, 120-123 note
	17	105-164.21 note, 105-275.1 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-521 note, 115C-546.1 note, 120-123 note
623	. .	20-135.2A
624	. .	15A-1448
625	1-3	58-132
	4, 5	58-134
626	. .	55-7
627	1	1-339.29
	2	1-339.68
	3	45-21.29
628	. .	7A-220
629	1	58-610 to 58-634
	2	57-12
	3	57B-13
	4	58-42.1
	5	58-44.3
	6	58-44.4
	7	58-44.5
	8	58-44.7 Repealed
	9	58-52
	10	58-54.2
	11	58-173.8
	12	58-173.19
	13	58-383
	14, 15	58-26
	16	58-66
	17	58-149
	18	58-433
	19	58-422, 58-509 note

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
629	20	58-39.4 Repealed,
		58-40 Repealed,
		58-40.1 Repealed,
		58-40.2 Repealed,
		58-40.3 Repealed,
		58-40.4 Repealed,
		58-40.5 Repealed,
		58-40.6 Repealed,
		58-41 Repealed,
		58-41.1 Repealed,
		58-41.2 Repealed,
		58-41.2A Repealed,
		58-41.3 Repealed,
		58-41.4 Repealed,
		58-41.5 Repealed,
		58-43 Repealed,
		58-43.1 Repealed,
		58-44 Repealed,
		58-44.1 Repealed,
		58-44.2 Repealed,
		58-44.4A Repealed,
		58-44.8 Repealed,
		58-45 Repealed,
		58-46 Repealed,
		58-47 Repealed,
		58-48 Repealed,
		58-49 Repealed,
		58-50 Repealed,
		58-51 Repealed,
		58-51.1 Repealed,
		58-51.2 Repealed,
		58-51.3 Repealed,
		58-51.4 Repealed,
		58-52.1 Repealed,
		58-53 Repealed,
		58-67 Repealed,
		58-150 Repealed,
		58-168 Repealed,
		58-169 Repealed
	21	105-228.7 Repealed
	22	58-610 to 58-634 note
630	. .	115C-81
631	1	57B-2
	2	57B-4
	3	57B-4.1
	4	57B-4
	5	57B-15.1, 57B-15.2
	6, 7	57B-3
	8	57B-4
	9	57B-8
	10	57B-4.2
	11	57B-3 note, 57B-4.1
	11	note, 57B-4.2 note, 57B-15.1 note, 57B-15.2 note
632	1	58-124.19
	2	58-124.19 note
633	1-4	104E-5
	5	104E-6.1
	6	104E-6.2
	7	104E-9
	8	104E-16
	9	104E-19
	10	104E-20
	11	104E-25
	12	104E-25 note
634	1	143B-139.4
	2	143B-139.4 note
635	1	95-111.12
	2	95-111.4
636	1	113-268
	2	113-265
	3	113-295
	4	113-267 note, 113-295 note
637	1	105-130.5
	2, 3	105-130.5 note
638	1	122C-54
	2, 3	122C-55
	3.1	122C-54
639	1	143B-261.2
	2, 3	143B-261.2 note
640	1, 2	90-95
641	1	143B-286 to 143B-289 Repealed
	2	143B-289.1 to 143B-289.12
	3	143B-289.1, 143B-289.5 note
	4	113-128
	5	113-129, 113-132, 113-134.1, 113-154, 113-155.1, 113-156.1, 113-185
	6	113-129, 113-156, 113-187, 113-203, 113-315.2, 113-315.5
	7	113-221
	8	113-134.1
	9	113-254
	10	113-163
	11	113-228
	12	77-13
	13	77-14
	14	113-131
	15	113-201.1
	16	113-202
	17	113-152
	18	113-259
	19	113-221
	20	113-136
	21	120-123
	22	113-136
	23	113-259 note, 143B-289.1 to 143B-289.12 note
642	1	163-179.1
	2	163-192.1
	3	163-22

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
642	4	163-179.1 note, 163-192.1 note
643	. .	159-17 L.M., 160A-63 L.M., 160A-101 L.M.
644	1	105-230
	2	105-232
645	1	90-123
	2	90-122
	3	90-118.10
646	. .	153A-58 L.M.
648	6	159-7 L.M.
649	1	127A-50.1
	2	127A-50.1 note
650	. .	159-99, 159-100
651	1	90-171.27
	2	90-171.21
652	. .	163-278.16
654	1	143-300.2 note
	2	143-300.8
	3	143-300.8 note
655		105-287
656		130A-22
657	1	74C-3
	2, 2.1	74C-8
	3	74C-9
	4, 5	74C-11
	6	74C-12
	7, 8	74C-16
658	1	20-4.01
	2	20-24
659	. .	20-25
660	. .	14-72.1
661	. .	105-357
662	1-3	45-36.3
	4	47-46.1
663	. .	50-20
664	1	52-10.2
	2	50-6
	3	50-16.9
	4	52-10.2 note
665	1	90-293
	2	90-294
	3	90-295
	4	90-296
	5	90-297 Repealed
	6	90-298
	7	90-301
	8	90-301A
	9	90-302
	10	90-304
	11	90-305
	12	90-306
666	1	126-30
	2	126-30 note
667	1	118-43
	2	118-41.2
	3	118-41.2 note, 118-43 note
669	1	160A-401 L.M.
	2	160A-403 L.M.
669	3	40A-3 L.M.
	4	40A-42 L.M.
	5	160A-407 L.M.
670	1	28A-25-1.1
	2	28A-25-2
	3	28A-25-3
	4	28A-25-4
	5	28A-25-5
671	1	14-288.4
	2	116-40.5
	3	15A-402
	4	160A-288
	5	116-40.5 note
672	1	159-30
	2	159-30 note
673	. .	158-7.1 L.M.
674	1	122C-205.1
	2	122C-290
	3	122C-205.1 note
675	. .	14-250
676	1	58-525 to 58-537
	2	58-525 note
677	1	62-133.2
	2, 3	62-133.2 note
	5	62-133.2
679	. .	7A-27
680	1-3	105-282.1
	4, 5	105-290
	6	105-325
681	1	57-16.1
	2	58-260.6
	3	57-16.1
	4	57-16.1
	5, 6	58-260.6
682	1	131E-128
	2	131D-31
683	6(c)	153A-149 L.M.
684	1	143-291
	2	143-300.2
685	1	45-45.2
	2	45-45.2 note
686	1	65-74, 65-75
	2	65-74 note
687	. .	90-85.21
689	1	126-7 note
	2	126-7.1
	3	126-36.2
	4, 5	126-7.1 note, 126-36.2 note
690	1	14-286.2
	2	14-286.2 note
691	1	163-69.3
	2	163-69.3 note
692	1	160A-279
	2	160A-266
	3	160A-279 note
693	. .	14-17
694	1	28A-27-2
	2, 3	28A-27-5
695	. .	7A-517

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
697	1	153A-149 note
	2	153A-149
698	1	105-277.2
	2-5	105-277.3
	6	105-277.4
	7	105-277.3 note
699	1	143-118.1 Repealed
700	1	14-159.11 to 14-159.14
	2	14-126 Repealed, 14-132.1 Repealed, 14-134 Repealed, 14-143 Repealed
	3	14-126 note
	4	14-126 note, 14-132.1 note, 14-134 note, 14-143 note, 14-159.11 note
	5	14-126 note, 14-132.1 note, 14-134 note, 14-143 note, 14-159.11 note
701	..	14-309.14
702	1	9-32
	2	9-32 note
703	1	115C-115 note
	2	115C-325 note
	3	50-13.1 note
	4	115C-468 note, 143-47.21 note
	5	7A-39.14
704	1	130A-22
	2	130A-313
	3-5	130A-321
706	1	41-6.3
	2	41-6.3 note
707	1-4	20-118
	5	20-118 note
	6	20-118 note
708	1-6	105-53
	7	153A-125
	8	160A-178
	9	105-112
709	1	118-50
	2	105-228.5
	3	118-50 note
710	..	90-210.28
711	1	153A-304.1
	2	69-25.11
	3	153A-304.1 note
712	..	153A-188 L.M.
713	1	163-140
	1.1, 2	163.151
	3, 4	163-170
	5	163-151
	6, 7	163-170
	8-12	163-140
	12.1	163-170.1
	12.2	163-140 note,
	12.2	163-151 note, 163-170 note
	14	163-140 note, 163-151 note, 163-170 note, 163-170.1 note
714	..	131E-183 note
715	1	153A-19
	2	160A-58.9, 160A-58.9A
	4	163-132.5A to 163-132.5C
	5	163-132.2
	6	160A-29
	7	160A-39
	8	160A-51
	9	160A-58.9 note, 163-132.5A to 163-132.5C note
716	1	48-3
	2	14-320 Repealed
	3	14-320 note
717	1	128-26
	2	135-4
718	1	99D-1
	2	99D-1 note
719	1	130A-412.1
	2	130A-414 Repealed
	3	130A-412.1 note
720	1	20-17.1
	2	122C-112
	3	122C-145, 122C-147, 122C-405
721	1	121-7
	2	143-135.26
722	..	143-31.5
723	1, 2	66-68
	3	66-69
	4	66-71
724	..	105-278.2
726	1	113-291.4
	2, 3	113-291.4 note
727	1	58-508
	2, 3	58-437
	4, 5	58-54.21
	6	58-422
	7	58-40.5
	8	58-44.8
	9	58-511
	10	58-512
	11	58-513
	12	58-508
	13	58-507
728	1	85C-11
	2	85C-14
	3	85C-36
729	1, 2	97-2
	3	97-13
	4	97-19
	5	97-28

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
729	6	97-29
	7, 8	97-31
	9	97-38
	10	97-40
	11, 12	97-53
	13	97-58
	14	97-66
	15	97-84
	16	97-86.2
	17	97.94
730	2	160A-237 L.M.
731	1	58-72 note, 58-131.46 note, 58-131.48 note, 58-173.7 note, 58-173.17 note, 58-173.20 note, 58-173.21 note, 58-450 note
	2	58-450 note, 58-461
	3	58-461 note
733	. .	90-154.1
734	. .	143-215.1
735	1	24-11.1, 24-11.2
	2	24-11.1 note, 24-11.2 note
736	1	20-162.1
	2	20-162.1 note
737	1	106-121
	2	106-140.1
	3	106-140.1 note
738	1.1	7A-39.14 note, 7A-41 note, 7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-47.2 note, 7A-47.3 note, 7A-52 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-65 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-130 note, 7A-465 note, 7A-467 note, 15A-1351 note, 20-81.3 note, 20-190.3 note, 58-6 note, 95-2 note, 105-164.44B note, 106-11 note, 106-245.37 note, 113-35.1 note, 113A-92.1 note, 114-7 note, 115C-20 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-90 note, 115C-151 note, 115C-152 note, 115C-154.1 note, 115C-159 note, 115C-174.11 note, 115C-301 note,
738	1.1	115C-363.7 note, 115C-363.8 note, 115C-363.28 note, 115C-468 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-549 note, 115C-557 note, 116-36.4 note, 116-201 note, 120-3 note, 120-4.8 note, 120-4.16 note, 120-4.21 note, 120-4.22 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-4.24 note, 120-4.25 note, 120-4.28 note, 120-37 note, 120-123 note, 122C-147 note, 122C-151.1 note, 126-7 note, 128-7 note, 128-24 note, 135-1 note, 135-3 note, 135-9 note, 135-38 note, 135-40.11 note, 135-65 note, 135-71 note, 135-100 note, 138-4 note, 138-5 note, 138-6 note, 143-1 note, 143-3.3 143-8 note, 143-12.1 note, 143-127.1 note, 143-166.60 note, 143-341 note, 143-345.6 note, 143-506.15 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-262 note, 143B-264 note, 143B-270 note, 143B-350 note, 143B-426.39 note, 143B-471.4 note, 146-27 note, 147-11 note, 147-32 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-64.1 note, 147-64.6 note, 147-65 note, 147-86.11 note, 148-2 note, 163-106 note, 163-114 note
	5	143-34.2 note
	11	147-11
	15	120-3

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
738	16, 17	120-37
	20	7A-101
	21(a)	7A-102
	(b)	7A-102 note
	22	7A-171.1
	27(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	128-27
	(d)	120-4.22A
	29(a)	135-1
	(b)	135-4
	(c)-(f)	135-5
	(g)	128-7 note, 128-27 note, 135-5
	(h)-(j)	135-5
	(k)	135-9
	(l)	135-34 Repealed
	(m)	135-38 note
	(n)	135-40.2
	(o)	135-40.11
	(p)	143-166.60
	(q)	135-100 to 135-113
	(r)	135-1 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-9 note, 135-34 note, 135-38 note, 135-40.2 note, 135-40.11 note, 135-100 note, 143-166.60 note
	31(a)	120-4.8
	(b)	120-4.16
	(c)	120-4.21
	(d)	120-4.21, 120-4.22, 120-4.28
	(e)	120-4.25
	32(a)	138-4
	(b)	58-6, 95-2, 106-11, 114-7, 115C-20, 147-33, 147-35, 147-64.1, 147-65
	(c)	135-4 note
	(d)	58-6 note, 95-2 note, 106-11 note, 114-7 note, 115C-20 note, 138-4 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-64.1 note, 147-65 note
	33(a)	7A-65
	(b)	7A-467
	34	7A-171.1
	35	7A-465
	36(a)	135-1, 135-40.2
	(b)	135-40.2
	37(a)	135-5
	(b)	128-27
	(c)	120-4.28
	38(a)	128-24
	(b)	135-3
	39(a)	120-4.24
	(b)	135-71
	40	147-32
	41(a)	116-201 note
	(b)	116-201 note, 143-47.21 note
	(c)	143-47.21 to 143-47.24 Repealed
	(d)	120-123
	(f)	116-201 note, 143-47.21 to 143-47.24 note
	43-45	143-341
	47(a)	143-341
	(b)	146-27
	58(a), (b)	138-5
	(c), (d)	138-6
	59(a)	143B-426.39 note, 147-86.11 note
	59(a)(1)	147-86.11
	(a)(2)	143B-426.39
	60(a)	138-6
	(b)	138-6 note
	61	143-8
	62	147-64.6
	67(e)	108A-61 note
	(g)	90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	68	143-127.1
	75	143-426.30 note
	79(a)	108A-28 note
	82	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	87(a)	122C-151.1
	108	143B-139.4 note
	111(a)	143B-262
	(b)	143B-264
	(c)	143B-262 note
	(d)	143B-270, 143B-271
	(e)	15A-1351
	(g)	15A-1351 note, 143B-262 note, 143B-264 note, 143B-270 note
	114	148-2 note
	120(d)	120-84.1 to 120-84.5 Repealed
	122	20-190.3
	123(a)	7A-45.1
	(b)	7A-45.1 note
	124	7A-41 note, 7A-45 note, 7A-47.2 note, 7A-47.3 note, 7A-130

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
738	124	note, 163-114 note, 163-106 note
	125	7A-41 note, 7A-44.1 note
	126(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	127(a)	7A-60
	130(a)	7A-133
	131(a), (b)	7A-39.14
	132	7A-52
	138(a)	106-245.37
	140	20-81.3
	143	143B-471.4
	147	143B-10
	149(a)-(c)	143-506.15
	150	105-164.44B
	152	113-35.1
	153(a)	113A-92.1
	158(a)	143-345.6
	(b)	143-345.6 note
	170(a)	136-16.4 to 136-16.9
	(b)	143B-350
	(c)	136-16.4 to 136-16.9 note, 143B-350 note
	172	20-63 note, 105-164.4 note
	180(a)	115C-174.11
	(b)	115C-549
	(c)	115C-557
	181	115C-301
	182	115C-47
	183	115C-151
	184	115C-152, 115C-159
	185	115C-154.1
	186(a)	115C-81
	(b)	115C-81
	(c)	115C-81 note
	187(a)	115C-81
	190	115C-90
	196	115C-115 note
	198(a)	115C-468 note
	(b)	115C-468
	(c)-(e)	115C-471
	204(a)	115C-325 note
	(b)	115C-363.8
	205(a)	115C-363.28
	208(a)	115C-363.7
	223	143-3.3
	233(a)	143-12.1
	(b)	116-36.4
	(c)	116-36.4 note
	235	143-1 note
	237	7A-39.14 note, 7A-41 note, 7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-47.2 note, 7A-47.3 note, 7A-52 note, 7A-60
738	237	note, 7A-65 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-130 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-465 note, 7A-467 note, 15A-1351 note, 20-63 note, 20-81.3 note, 20-190.3 note, 58-6 note, 95-2 note, 105-164.44B note, 106-11 note, 106-245.37 note, 113-35.1 note, 113A-92.1 note, 114-7 note, 115C-20 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-90 note, 115C-151 note, 115C-152 note, 115C-159 note, 115C-174.11 note, 115C-301 note, 115C-363.7 note, 115C-363.8 note, 115C-363.28 note, 115C-468 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-549 note, 115C-557 note, 116-36.4 note, 116-201 note, 120-3 note, 120-4.8 note, 120-4.16 note, 120-4.21 note, 120-4.22 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-4.24 note, 120-4.25 note, 120-4.28 note, 120-37 note, 122C-147 note, 122C-151.1 note, 126-7 note, 128-7 note, 128-24 note, 135-3 note, 135-9 note, 135-38 note, 135-40.11 note, 135-65 note, 135-71 note, 135-100 note, 138-4 note, 138-5 note, 138-6 note, 143-1 note, 143-3.3 note, 143-8 note, 143-12.1 note, 143-127.1 note, 143-166.60 note, 143-341 note, 143-345.6 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
738	237	143-506.15 note, 143B-10 note, 143B-262 note, 143B-264 note, 143B-270 note, 143B-350 note, 143B-471.4 note, 146-27 note, 147-11 note, 147-32 note, 147-33 note, 147-35 note, 147-64.1 note, 147-64.6 note, 147-65 note, 148-2 note, 163-106 note, 163-114 note
	238	7A-45.1 note, 15A-1351 note, 20-190.3 note, 113-35.1 note, 113A-92.1 note, 115C-154.1 note, 115C-363.28 note, 116-201 note, 122C-151.1 note, 126-7 note, 143B-426.39 note, 143B-471.4 note, 148-2 note
739	1	49-7
	2	49-8
	3	50-13.7
	4	50-13.10
	5	52A-21
	6	50B-4
	7	49-7 note, 49-8 note, 50-13.7 note, 50-13.10 note, 50B-4 note, 52A-21 note
	8	50-13.10 note, 52A-21 note
740	1	105-357 L.M., 118-1 L.M., 135-4 L.M., 160A-70 L.M.
	4	87-16 note
	5	118-1 L.M.
741	. .	131C-10
742	. .	14-27.8
743	1, 2	105-312
	3	20-50.2
744	1, 2	20-16
	3, 4	20-13
745	1	113-275
	2	113-270.3
746	1	148-101 to 148-118 Repealed
	2	148-118.1 to 148-118.9
	3	148-118.6 note
	4	148-118.1 note
747	1, 2	136-66.1
747	3	136-66.3
	3.1	160A-297
	4	136-66.1 note, 136-66.3 note, 143B-350 note, 160A-297 note
	4.1	143B-350
	7	136-66.10, 136-66.11
	8	105-275
	9	160A-372
	10	153A-331
	11	160A-381
	12	153A-340
	13, 14	160A-306
	15	153A-326
	16	160A-307
	17	153A-331
	18	160A-372
	19	136-44.50 to 136-44.53
	20	47-30
	21	136-102.6
	22	105-277.9
	23	160A-458.4
	24	120-19.9
	25	47-30 note, 105-275 note, 105-277.9 note, 120-19.9 note, 136-44.50 note, 136-66.1 note, 136-66.3 note, 136-66.10 note, 136-102.6 note, 143B-350 note, 153A-326 note, 153A-331 note, 153A-340 note, 160A-297 note, 160A-306 note, 160A-307 note, 160A-372 note, 160A-381 note, 160A-458.4 note
	26	47-30 note, 105-277.9 note, 120-19.9 note, 136-44.50 note, 136-66.1 note, 136-66.3 note, 136-66.10 note, 136-102.6 note, 143B-350 note, 153A-326 note, 153A-331 note, 153A-340 note, 160A-297 note, 160A-306 note, 160A-307 note, 160A-372 note, 160A-381 note, 160A-458.4 note

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
747	27	105-277.9 note, 120-19.9 note, 136-44.50 note, 136-66.10 note, 153A-326 note, 160A-458.4 note
748	1	143-215.112
	2	143-215.114
749	1	122C-205
	2	122C-52
750	. .	122C-290
751	1	147-69
	2-4	147-69.1
	5	147-69.2
	6-8	147-69.3
752	1	58-26
	2	14-96.1
	3-5	58-9.7
	6	58-433
	7	58-54
	8	58-575 to 58-579
	10	58-75.3 to 58-75.5
	11	58-153.1, 58-154
	12	58-194.3
	13	58-213.1
	14-18	58-210
	19	58-254.4
	20	97-106
	21	58-75.3 to 58-75.5 note, 58-213.1 note, 58-575 note
755	. .	160A-303 L.M.
756	4	160A-265 L.M.
757	. .	14-399
758	. .	24-5
759	1	153A-141
	2	160A-197
	3	115C-49
	2	115C-49 note, 153A-141 note
760	. .	18B-1006
761	. .	130A-294
763	1	115D-5
	2	115D-5 note
764	1, 2	110-136.2
	3	110-129
	4-5	96-4
765	1	58A-1 to 58A-5
	2	120-123
	3	58A-1 note
766	. .	18B-600
767	1	143-215.3
	2	143-215.3A
	3	143-215.3B
	4	143-215.3A note, 143-215.3B note
768	. .	131E-178
769	. .	115C-250
770	. .	115C-363.4
771	1	147-50.1 Repealed
771	2	125-11.5 to 125-11.12
	3	125-11.5 note
772	. .	14-4 L.M.
773	1	130A-294
	2	130A-294.1
	3	130A-294 note, 130A-294.1 note
	4-8	130A-294.1
	10	143B-289.4
	11	113-202
	12	55-98.1
	13	55-98.1 note, 130A-294.1 note
774	1	7A-751
	2-4	150B-63
776	. .	50-13.2
777	1	105-278.1
	2	105-285
	3	105-313
	4(1)	105-387 to 105-392 recodified as 47-108.21 to 47-108.26
	4(2)	105-393 Repealed
	5	105-396
	6	105-275
	7	160A-304
	8	47-108.21 to 47-108.26 note, 105-396 note
778	1	105-2.1, 105-114, 105-130.2, 105-135, 105-163.1, 105-212
	2, 3	105-130.5
	4	105-141.2, 105-147
	5	105-163
779	1	143B-133, 143B-133.1
	3	143B-133 note
780	. .	143B-177, 143B-178, 143B-179
781	1	143-215.71
	1.1	160A-272 L.M.
782	1-3	130A-133
	4	130A-134
	5	130A-135
	6	130A-136
	7	130A-137
	8	130A-138
	9	130A-139
	10	130A-140
	11	130A-141
	12	130A-142
	13	130A-143
	14	130A-144
	15	130A-145
	16	130A-148
	17	130A-155.1
	18	130A-156
	19	130A-25
	20	130A-163 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
782	20	130A-179 Repealed
	21	130A-25 note, 130A-133 note, 130A-134 note, 130A-135 note, 130A-136 note, 130A-137 note, 130A-138 note, 130A-139 note, 130A-140 note, 130A-141 note, 130A-142 note, 130A-143 note, 130A-144 note, 130A-145 note, 130A-148 note, 130A-155.1 note, 130A-156 note, 130A-163 note, 130A-179 note
783	1	28A-21-1
	2	35-1.7
	3	136-17.2
	4	90-95
	5	113-28.1
	6	40A-3
	7	15A-1371, 15A-1380.2
	8	17E-7
	9	62-18 note, 62-110.3 note
	10	35-1.7 note
784	. .	122C-147
787	1	58-54.4
	2	58-42.1
	3	58-54.4
788	1	110-85
	2(a)-(d)	110-86
	3(a)-(g)	110-88
	4(a)-(d)	110-90
	5(a), (b)	110-90.1
	6(a)-(k)	110-91
	7	110-93
	8	110-94
	9	110-98
	10	110-98.1
	11	110-101
	12	110-102.1
	13	110-102.2
	14	110-103
	15	110-103.1
	16	110-104
	17	110-105
	18(a)-(f)	110-105.1
	19	110-105.2
	20(a)-(g)	110-106
	21	110-106.1
	22	110-101 note, 110-106 note, 110-106.1 note
	23	143B-168.1 Repealed
	24	143B-168.2 Repealed
	25	143B-168.3
	26	143B-168.3
	27	110-86 note, 110-91 note, 110-106 note, 110-106.1 note
789	. .	44A-25 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
790	1	116-36.5
	2	116-36.5 note
791	. .	115C-369
792	1	161-50 to 161-50.5
	2-5	161-10
	6	25-9-403
	7, 8	25-9-405
	9	25-9-406
	10	25-9-407
	11	161-50 note
793	1	106-400.1
	2, 3	106-400.1 note
795	1	116-11 note
	27	116-11
796	1	159G-1 to 159G-18
	2(1)	159-45
	2)	159-46
	3(1)	159-7
	(2)	159-13
	(3), (4)	159-13.2
	(5)	159-25
	(6)	159-26
	(7)	159-35
	(8)	159-36
	4	159-123
	5	159-181
	6	159-7 note, 159-13 note, 159-13.2 note, 159-25 note, 159-26 note, 159-35 note, 159-36 note, 159-45 note, 159-46 note, 159-123 note, 159-181 note, 159G-1 note
	7	159-7 note, 159-13 note, 159-13.2 note, 159-25 note, 159-26 note, 159-35 note, 159-36 note, 159-45 note, 159-46 note, 159-123 note, 159-181 note, 159G-1 note
	8	159G-1 note
797	1	20-179
	2	20-179 note
	3	20-16.2

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
797	4, 5	20-179 note
798	. .	1-17
799	1	61-1
	2	58-340.8
	3	55A-28.1A
	4	55A-28.1A note
800	1	105-164.13
	2, 3	105-164.4
803	3	143-128 L.M.
804	1	105-24
	2	105-130.4
	3	105-130.5
	4	105-130.10
	5	105-147
	6	105-163.07
	7	105-213
	8	105-213 note
	9	105-228.9
	10	105-130.7
805	1	160A-383.1
	2	153A-341.1
	3	105-273
	4	105-316.7
	5	153A-341.1 note, 160A-383.1 note
807	1	160A-384
	2	153A-343
808	1	147-54.11 to 147-54.18
	2	147-54.11 note, 147-54.14 note, 147-54.15 note, 147-54.16 note
	3	147-54.11 note
	4	147-54.11 note
809	1	126-5
	2	135-4
	3, 4	135-40.2
810	. .	7A-657
812	. .	143-166.2
813	1-4	105-273
	5, 6	105-275
	7	105-275.1
	8	105-276
	9	105-277
	10, 11	105-277A
	12	105-285, 105-289.1 Repealed
	13	105-282.1
	14	105-315
	15	105-317.1
	16, 17	105-320
	18	115C-489.2
	18.1	115C-546.2
	18.2	115C-489.2 L.M., 115C-546.2 L.M.
	19	115C-489.4
	19.1	115C-546.2
	20	115C-546.1
	21	115C-546.2
813	22	105-275
	23	105-164.1 note, 105-277A note, 105-472 note, 105-486 note, 105-493 note, 105-501 note
	24	105-163.6 note, 105-164.21 note
	24.1	115C-489.3
	25	105-163.6 note, 105-164.1 note, 105-164.21 note, 105-273 note, 105-275 note, 105-275.1 note, 105-276 note, 105-277 note, 105-277A note, 105-282.1 note, 105-285 note, 105-289.1 note, 105-315 note, 105-317.1 note, 105-320 note, 105-501 note, 115C-489.2 note, 115C-489.3 note, 115C-489.4 note, 115C-546.1 note, 115C-546.2 note
814	1	105-228.8
	2	105-228.5
	3	58-152
	4	105-228.5, 105-228.6 Repealed
	5	57-14 Repealed
	6	57-14 note
815	1	106-245.30 to 106-245.38
	2	106-245.34A
	3	106-245.39
	4	106-245.30 note
816	. .	143-250
817	. .	143-214.4
818	1	63-27
	2	63-28
	3	63-26
	4	63-26.1
	5	63-26.1 note
819	1-8	15B-2
	9, 10	15B-3
	11	15B-4
	12	15B-6
	13	15B-7
	14	15B-8
	15	15B-9 Repealed
	16	15B-10
	17-21	15B-11
	22	15B-12

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
819	23	15B-13 Repealed
	24	15B-14
	25	15B-15
	26	15B-16
	27	15B-18
	28	15B-20
	29	15B-21
	30	15B-23
	31	15B-22
	32	15A-1343
	33	15B-24
	34	15A-1343 note, 15B-2 note, 15B-3 note, 15B-4 note, 15B-6 note, 15B-7 note, 15B-8 note, 15B-9 note, 15B-10 note, 5B-11 note, 15B-12 note, 15B-13 note, 15B-14 note, 15B-15 note, 5B-16 note, 15B-18 note, 15B-20 note, 15B-21 note, 15B-22 note, 15B-23 15B-24 note, 15B-25 note, 150B-9 note
	35	15B-1 note, 150B-9 note, 150B-13 note
	36	15B-25
	37	15A-1343 note, 15B-2 note, 15B-3 note, 15B-4 note, 15B-6 note, 15B-7 note, 15B-8 note, 15B-10 note, 15B-11 note, 15B-12 note, 15B-14 note, 15B-15 note, 15B-16 note, 15B-18 note, 15B-20 note, 15B-21 note, 15B-22 note, 15B-23 note, 15B-24 note, 15B-25 note, 150B-9 note, 50B-13 note
820	. .	14-269.4
821	. .	135-4
822	1	143B-191 to 143B-196 Repealed
	2	130A-129, 130A-130
	3	143B-188, 143B-189, 143B-190
	4	130A-129 note, 130A-130 note, 143B-191 to 143B-196 note
823	. .	143-129 L.M.
824	1	120-4.27
	2	128-27
	3	135-5
	4	135-64
825	. .	135-4
826	1	58-341
	2, 3	58-342
	4, 5	58-349
	6, 7	58-350
	8	58-354
	9	58-359
	10	53-189
	11	58-341 note
	12	58-341
	13	58-349
	14	58-350
827	1	7A-413, 7A-751, 7A-756, 7A-758, 15A-1376, 18B-200, 18B-207, 20-9, 20-300, 20-305, 20-305.1, 20-305.3, 58-67-155, 58-67-165, 87-92, 89A-7, 90-210.18, 90-270.26, 90-270.69, 90-301, 90A-22, 93-12, 106-50.40, 106-284.44, 106-418.11, 106-711, 106-713, 108A-79, 113A-123, 115C-2, 115C-116, 115C-126.1, 126-41, 130A-23, 130A-294, 131C-4, 131D-3, 143-141, 143-143.10, 143-143.19, 143-166.40, 143-215.3, 143-215.112, 143-462, 143-469, 143B-10, 143B-163, 143B-470.4, 148-11, 153A-223, 159C-7, 159D-7, 160A-37.1, 160A-37.3, 160A-49.1, 160A-49.3
	2	20-1
	3	20-321
	4	75A-5
	5	75A-15
	6	113-55.2
	7	113-221
	8	113-276.2
	9	113-301.1
	10	113A-54
	11	113A-126
	12	53-168
	13	53-188
	14	53-206

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
827	15	105A-7
	16	105A-8
	17	115D-80
	18	116B-38
	19	116B-42
	20	105-241.3
	21	105-241.1
	22	105-266.1
	23	106-266.8
	24	106-266.15
	25	106-6.1
	26	106-65.23
	27	106-65.28
	28	106-65.29
	29	106-65.32
	30	106-139
	31	106-202.16
	32	106-406
	33	106-407.2
	34	106-503
	35	106-549.21
	36	106-549.55
	37	106-549.64
	38	106-611
	39	143-442
	40	143-451
	41	143-447
	42	143-456
	43	143-458
	44	143-461
	45	143-463
	46	143-464
	47, 48	115C-244
	49	115C-242, 115C-246, 115C-249, 115C-253
	50	115C-253
	51	115C-370
	52	115C-391
	53	115D-93
	54	150B-11
	55	120-30.48
	56	126-41
	57	126-78
	58	143B-289.3, 143-289.4, 143-289.11, 143B-289.12
	59	147-45
	60	8-50.2
	61	19A-23
	62	19A-24
	63	19A-25
	64	19A-26
	65	19A-27, 19A-28
	66	19A-29
	67	19A-30
	68	19A-32
	69	19A-37
	70	87-92
	71	89A-7
	72	89A-8
	73	89C-20
	74	89D-7
	75	89E-4
	76	89E-20
	77	90-270.26, 90-270.69
	78	90-270.51
	79	93-12
	80	93D-3
	81	140-5.15
	82	74-51
	82A	74-58
	83	74-62 Repealed
	84	74-63
	85	74-54, 74-55, 74-56, 74-64
	86	74-61
	87	74-85
	88	74-86
	89	113-26.1
	90	113-29
	91	113-34
	92	113-35
	93	113-41
	94	113-64
	95	113-65
	96	113-133
	97	113-134
	98	113-135, 113-135.1, 113-136, 113-137, 113-138, 113-140, 113-152, 113-153, 113-156, 113-160, 113-163, 113-164, 113-165, 113-166, 113-183, 113-185, 113-187, 113-201, 113-202, 113-203, 113-205, 113-261, 113-262, 113-264, 113-265, 113-267, 113-270.1, 113-270.2, 113-270.2A, 113-270.2B, 113-270.3, 113-270.4, 113-270.5, 113-271, 113-272, 113-272.2, 113-272.3, 113-272.4, 113-272.5, 113-273, 113-274, 113-275, 113-276, 113-276.1, 113-276.2, 113-276.3, 113-277, 113-291, 113-291.1, 113-291.2, 113-291.3, 113-291.4, 113-291.5, 113-291.6, 113-291.7, 113-292, 113-293, 113-294, 113-300.1, 113-302.1,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
827	98	113-304, 113-306
	99	113-166
	100	113-151 Repealed
	101	113-181
	102	113-188
	103	113-226
	104	113-228
	105	113-229
	106	113-306
	107	113-307
	108	113-315.29
	109	113-315.34
	110	113-378, 113-388
	111	113-391
	112	113-392, 113-393, 113-394
	113	113-395
	114	113-397
	115	113-398
	116	113-399
	117	113-402
	118	113-403
	119	113-404 Repealed, 113-405 Repealed
	120	113-406
	121	113-408
	122	113-409, 113-410, 113-411
	123	113-412
	124	113-413 Repealed
	125	113A-4, 113A-36, 113A-42, 113A-124, 113A-125
	126	113A-6
	127	113A-35.1, 113A-38
	128	113A-36
	129	113A-38
	130	113A-56
	131	113A-57
	132	113A-88
	133	113A-103
	134	113A-107
	135	113A-115
	136	113A-118
	137	113A-118.1
	138	113A-120
	139	113A-121.1
	140	113A-122
	141	113A-124
	142	113A-125
	143	113A-126
	144	113A-128, 113A-158
	145	113A-134.3
	146	113A-153
	147	113A-155
	148	113A-156
	149	113A-166
	150	113A-168
	151	113A-170
	152	113A-164.4
	152A	143-212
	153	143-213
	154	143-213, 143-214.1, 143-214.2, 143-214.3, 143-214.4, 143-215, 143-215.1, 143-215.2, 143-215.3, 143-215.6, 143-215.77, 143-215.79, 143-215.81, 143-215.83 to 143-215.86, 143-215.88, 143-215.90 to 143-215.92, 143-215.95, 143-215.98, 143-215.100, 143-215.101, 143-215.106 to 143-215.112, 143-215.114
	155	143-215.77
	156	143-214.1
	157	143-214.2
	158	143-215
	159	143-215.1
	160	143-215.2
	161	143-215.3
	162	143-215.4
	163	143-215.5
	164	143-215.6
	165	143-215.7
	166	143-215.8A
	167	143-215.13
	168	143-215.14
	169(1) -(7)	143-215.15
	(8)	143-215.4, 143-215.15
	(9), (10)	143-215.15
	170	143-215.17
	171	143-215.18
	172	143-215.19
	173	143-215.20
	174	143-215.21
	175	143-215.25
	176	143-215.26
	177	143-215.30
	178	143-215.33
	179	143-215.34
	180	143-215.36
	181	143-215.42
	182	143-215.44
	183	143-215.55
	184	143-215.56
	185	143-215.62
	186	143-215.65
	187	143-215.66

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
827	188	143-215.68 Repealed
	189	143-215.69
	190	143-215.77A
	191	143-215.81
	192	143-215.83
	193	143-215.84
	194	143-215.85
	195	143-215.86
	196	143-215.90
	197	143-215.91
	198	143-215.92
	199	143-215.97
	200	143-215.98
	201	143-215.101
	202	143-215.102
	203	143-215.105
	204	143-215.106
	205	143-215.107
	206	143-215.108
	207	143-215.109
	208	143-215.110
	209	143-215.111
	210	143-215.112
	211	143-215.113 Repealed
	212	143-215.114
	213	143-243
	214	143-254 Repealed
	215	70-16
	216	143-53
	217	143-58, 143-60, 143-64.5, 143-64.22
	218	143-64.2
	219	143-137
	220	143-341
	221	143B-14
	222	58-262.20 Repealed
	223	143-143.12
	224	143-151.8, 143-151.19, 143-151.20
	225	143-151.8, 143-151.13
	226	143-151.12
	227	143-151.13
	228	143-151.17
	229	143-151.19
	230	90A-22
	231	90A-30
	232	110-88
	233	110-90
	234	110-91
	235	110-102.2
	236	110-103.1
	237	110-104
	238	110-105
	239	131C-4
	240	131C-21.1
	241	131D-2
	242	131D-3, 131D-4
	243	131D-10.9
	244	143B-181.1
	245	122C-404
	246	122C-408
	247	130A-22
	248	130A-24
	249	130A-293
	250	130A-294
	251	131E-125
	252	131E-126
	253	131E-212
	254	143-116.6 note
	255	143-116.6
	256	143-116.7
	257	143-127.6
	258	74-24.5
	259	74-24.10
	260	74-24.11 Repealed
	261	74-24.15
	262	95-25.19
	263	95-69.17
	264	95-123
	265	95-141
	266	143-215.3, 143-215.3B, 143B-289.3
828	. .	50B-1
830	1.1	7A-754 note, 15A-1343 note, 5A-1374 note, 20-81.3 note, 105-289 note, 105-296 note, 115C-81.1 note, 115C-289 note, 115C-363.24 note, 116-22 note, 120-3 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-117 note, 122C-123 note, 126-4 note, 136-44.2 note, 143-64.33 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-215.74 note, 147-64.6A note
	16(a) (b), (c)	50-13.1 note 50-13.1 L.M.
	17	15A-1343 note, 15A-1374 note
	47(a), (b)	122C-3
	(c)	122C-112
	(d)	122C-117
	(e)	122C-123
	(h)	122C-123 note
	68(a), (b)	7A-754 note, 7A-759, 126-4 note
	70	120-3
	71	147-64.6A
	72	143-18 note, 143-23

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
830	72	note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	75	143B-426.30 note
	76	14-250 note, 20-84 note
	79(a)	143-135.26
	84(a)	105-289
	(b)	105-296
	(d)	105-213 note, 105-284 note, 105-289 note
	87(a)	115C-363.24
	88	115C-81.1
	89(c)	115C-289
	93(d)	116-22
	99	143-215.3A note, 143-215.3B note
	102	143-215.74
	108	143B-471.5
	113(a)	20-81.3
	(b)	136-44.2
	114	20-81.3 note
	116(a)	20-81.3
	(b)	20-81.3
	(c)	20-81.3
	(d)	20-81.3 note
	(e)	143-170.1 note
	117	136-44.2A note, 136-44.5 note
	119	143-1 note
	121	7A-754 note, 15A-1343 note, 15A-1374 note, 20-81.3 note, 105-289 note, 105-296 note, 115C-81.1 note, 115C-289 note, 115C-363.24 note, 116-22 note, 120-3 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-117 note, 122C-123 note, 126-4 note, 136-44.2 note, 143-64.33 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-215.74 note, 143B-471.5 note, 147-64.6A note
	123	7A-754 note, 116-22 note, 120-3 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-117 note, 122C-123 note, 126-4 note, 143-64.33 note
831	. .	108A-39.2
832	1	18B-208
	2	105-113.80
	4	105-467
	6	105-486
	7	105-493
	8	105-501
	9-13	18B-208 note, 105-113.80 note, 105-164.1 note, 105-463 note, 105-467 note, 105-480 note, 105-482 note, 105-483 note, 105-486 note, 105-488 note, 105-489 note, 105-490 note, 105-493 note, 105-495 note, 105-497 note, 105-498 note, 105-501 note
833	1-11	163-66.1
	13.1	163-66.1
	14	163-66.1 note
835	1	132-6
	2	132-9
836	1	105-113.81A
	2	105-113.82
	3	105-113.81A note, 105-113.82 note
837	. .	7A-307
838	1	143B-216.5A, 143B-216.5B
	3	143B-216.5A note, 143B-216.5B note
839	. .	122C-141
840	1	106-451.6 to 106-451.28
	2	106-451.6 note
841	1	122E-1 to 122E-9
	4	120-123
	5	147-33.12 to 147-33.21 Repealed
	6	122E-1 note
842	1	140-5.13
	2	140-5.13
	3	140-5.13 note
843	. .	20-37.6
844	1	50-21
	2	50-20
	3	50-11
845	1	122C-411
	2	122C-411 note
846	. .	143-440
847	1	20-1
	2	150B-1
	3	136-29
	4	143-135.3
	5	143-135.10 to 143-135.20 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
848	. .	130A-294
849	1	78A-2
	2	78A-18
	3	78A-40
	4	78A-46
	5	78A-48
	6	78A-49
	7	78A-57
	8	78A-30
850	1	104G-1 to 104G-21
	2	7A-29
	3	104E-5
	4	104E-6.2
	5	104E-7
	6	104E-10
	7, 8	104E-10.1
	9	104E-10.3
	10	104E-13
	11	104E-16
	12	104E-18
	13	104E-19
	14	104E-24
	15	104E-26
	15.1	104E-27
	16	105-164.14
	17	105-275
	18	120-123
	19	126-5
	20	150B-1
	21	153A-152.1
	22	160A-211.1
	23	104G-1 note
	25	104F-1
	26	104F-1 to 104F-5 note
	27	7A-29 note, 104E-5 note, 104E-6.2 note, 104E-7 note, 104E-10 note, 104E-10.1 note, 104E-10.3 note, 104E-13 note, 104E-16 note, 104E-18 note, 104E-19 note, 104E-24 note, 104E-26 note, 104E-27 note, 104F-1 to 104F-5 note, 104G-1 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-275 note, 120-123 note, 126-5 note, 150B-1 note,
	27	153A-152.1 note, 160A-211.1 note
	29	104E-10.3 note, 104E-26 note, 104E-27 note, 104G-1 to 104G-21 note,
850	29	105B-1 note
851	1, 2	103-4
	3	53-77.2A
852	1	105-163.010 to 105-163.014
	2(1)	53A-1 note
	(2)	53A-1, 53A-2, 53A-4, 53A-9, 53A-15, 53A-17
	(4)	53A-20 to 53A-34
	3	53A-20 note, 105-163.010 note
853	1	53-77.2A
	2	103-4
	3	54B-110
	4	24-1.1A, 24-1.2
	5	54B-110 note
854	1	105-164.4
	2	105-164.3
	3	105-164.3
855	. .	113A-1 note, 146-24 note, 146-24.1 note, 146-36 note
856	11	131E-56 note
	12	105A-2
	13	131E-55 Repealed, 131E-56 Repealed, 131E-57 Repealed, 131E-58 Repealed
	14	143-117
	15	143-117.1
	16	143B-173
	17	143B-174
	20	105A-2 note, 143-117 note, 143-117.1 note, 143B-173 note, 143B-174 note
	21-26	105A-2 note, 143-117 note, 143-117.1 note
857	1	135-38
	2	135-39
	3	135-39.2
	4	135-39.3A Repealed
	5	135-39.4A
	6, 7	135-39.5
	8	135-39.5B
	9, 10	135-40.1
	11(a)	135-40.2
	11.1-12	135-40.2
	13	135-40.3
	14	135-40.5
	15-18	135-40.6
	19	135-40.6A
	20	135-40.8
	21	135-40.10
	24	135-40.7A
	26	135-39.3A note
858	. .	114-15
859	1	90-2111
	2	1A-1, Rule 3

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
859	3	1A-1, Rule 26
	4	1A-1, Rule 16
	5	90-8
	6-10	90-14
	11	90-14.13
	12	90-15.1
	13, 14	90-15
	15	90-21.22
	16	131E-87
	17	131E-96
	18	131E-85
	20	90-21.23 note, 131E-96 note
860	1	136-28.6
	2	136-28.6 note
861	1	143-23.2
	2	108A-66
	4	108A-66 note, 143-23.2 note
862	. .	143B-500 note
863	1	122C-113
	2	122C-113 note
	3	122C-113 note
864	1	58-9.7
	2	58-30.5
	3(a)	58-42.1
	(b)	58-57
	(c)	66-49.13
	4	58-134.4
	5	58-155.15
	6	58-155.60
	7	58-177.1
	8	58-188.9 Repealed
	9	58-3.2
	10	58-367
	11	58-371
	12	58-241.6 to 58-241.34 recodified as 143B-472 to 143B-472.28
	13	143B-472
	14	143B-472.5
	15	143B-472.7
	16	143B-472.10
	17	58-164
	18	58-155.15
	19(a)	58-7.1
	(b)	58-7.2
	20	58-7.3
	21	58-536
	22	58-60
	23	58-7.5
	24	58-173.8, 58-173.20
	25	20-310
	26	58-30.4
	27	58-30.5
	28	58-124.31
	29	58-16.3
	30	58-490
	31	58-44.5
864	32	58-44.5
	33	58-124.31
	34	58-2
	35	58-427
	36	58-436
	37	58-437
	38	58-68
	39	58-72
	40	58-72
	41	58-173.7
	42	58-251.1
	43	58-18.1
	44	58-155.10
	45	58-40.5
	46	58-54.20
	47	58-54.21
	48	58-44.5 Repealed
	49	58-626
	50	143B-472.3
	51	69-8 to 69-13 Repealed
	52	69-26 to 69-31 Repealed, 69-35 to 69-37 Repealed
	53	58-191.3
	54	97-107
	55	97-113
	56	97-114
	57	97-119
	58	58-155.12
	59	58-155.28
	60	58-155.47
	61	58-54.24
	62-64	58-54.25
	65	58-124.32
	66	58-131.35
	67	58-131.35A
	68	58-543
	69	58-143
	70	58-54.21
	71	58-131.45
	72	58-42
	73	58-422
	74	58-42.1
	75	58-624
	76	58-611 note
	77	58-611
	78	58-614
	79	58-614
	80	58-615
	81	58-616
	82	58-622
	83	58-622
	84	58-634
	85	58-634
	86	58-615
	87	58-614
	88	58-620
	89	58-626
	90(a)	95-111.3

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
864	(b)	95-111.12
	91(a)	95-111.12
	(b)	95-111.12 note
	92	58-194.3
	93	58-131.5A note
866	1, 2	14-309.7
	3	14-309.11
	4	14-309.7 note, 14-309.11 note
867	1	114-19.1
	2	120-19.4A
868	3	114-15
	4	147-16.3
	5	120-19.4A note, 147-16.3 note
869	1	58-124.23
	2	58-248.41
	3	58-248.33
	4(1)	58-248.33
	(2)	58-248.33
	5(1)	58-248.34
	(2), (3)	58-248.34
	6	58-124.33
	7	58-30.4 Repealed
	8	58-30.5 Repealed
	9	58-124.31
	10	20-7
	11	20-7
	12	20-13.2, 20-19
	13	20-16.1, 20-179.3
	14	20-13, 20-16.1
	15	58-248.33
	16	20-26
	17	58-30.4 note, 58-30.5 note, 58-124.31 note, 58-124.33 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note
	18	58-124.31 note, 58-124.33 note
	19	20-7 note, 20-13 note, 20-13.2 note, 20-16.1 note, 20-19 note, 20-26 note, 20-179.3 note, 58-30.4 note, 58-30.5 note, 58-124.23 note, 58-124.31 note, 58-124.33 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-248.41 note
	20	58-30.4 note, 58-30.5 note, 58-124.31 note, 58-124.33 note, 58-248.33 note, 58-248.34 note, 58-248.41 note
871	1	113-77.6 to 113-77.9
871	2	113-77.6 note
872	1	105-130.27
	2	105-151.6
873	1	120-70.7 note, 120-180 note
	13.1	120-180 to 120-188
	25.1	120-70.7 to 120-70.14
	31	120-70.7 note, 120-180 note
874	. .	143-341
876	12	143-15
	29.1	143B-426.25
	32	143-15 note, 143B-426.25 note
	34	143B-426.25 note
877	1	7A-343.1
	1.1	145-12
	2	145-12 note
878	1, 2	150B-2
	3, 4	150B-23
	5	150B-23, 150B-33, 150B-34, 150B-44
	6	150B-24, 150B-25, 150B-27, 150B-31
	7	150B-29
	8	150B-32
	9, 10	150B-33
	11	150B-35
	12	150B-36
	13	150B-37
	14	7A-757
	15	7A-758
	16	150B-45
	17	150B-49
	18	150B-50
	19	150B-51
	20	150B-52
	21	150B-2
	22	150B-47
	23	150B-34
	24	150B-36
	25	150B-37
	26	150B-33
	27	150B-44
879	1.2	15A-1380.2, 148-4.1
	2	153A-19
	3	160A-29, 160A-39, 160A-51
	4	160A-58.8
	5	163-132.2
	6	163-132.2
	6.1	150B-23
	6.2	90-210.18 note, 90-210.20, 90-210.20 note, 90-210.21 note, 90-210.25 note, 90-210.27 note, 90-210.27A, 90-210.27A note,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 General Statutes
879	6.2	90-210.31 note
879	7	153A-19 note, 160A-58.8 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1987 (REG. SESS., 1988)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
880	1	131E-48 to 131E-51
881	2	163-1 L.M.
	3	163-279 L.M.
	4	163-291 L.M.
	5	163-111 L.M.
882	1	53A-35 to 53A-47
	2	105-163.010
	3, 3.1	105-163.011
	4, 4.1	105-163.012
	4.2	105-120.2
	4.3	105-122
	4.4	105-116
	5	147-69.1
	6	159-43 note, 159-80 note, 159-120 note
	7	53A-35 note
883	. .	160A-272 L.M.
884	. .	143A-128 L.M.
885	. .	20-84
886	4	143-1 note
888	1, 2	18B-700 L.M.
891	1	115C-563 to 15C-565
	2	115C-563 note
892	. .	105-141
893	1	50B-1
	2	50B-2
	3	50B-1
	3.1	50-13.5
896	. .	143B-168.4
897	1	77-30
	2	77-31
	3	77-32
	4	77-33
	5	77-34
	6	77-35
	6(c)	153A-149 L.M.
	7	77-36
	8	77-37
	9	77-38
898	1, 2	53-211
899	. .	53-210
900	. .	153A-238, 153A-239.1
902	1	153A-132.2
903	. .	160A-384 L.M.
904	. .	118-1 L.M.
905	. .	160A-265 L.M.
906	. .	153A-238, 153A-239.1
907	. .	115D-58.1 L.M.
908	. .	105-321 L.M., 105-353 L.M.,
908	. .	105-357 L.M.
909	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
910	1	14-111.2
	2	14-111.3
911	1	143-138 L.M.
	1.1(a)	91-2 L.M., 91-3 L.M., 91-5 L.M.
	1.1(b)	91-4 L.M.
915	. .	160A-384 L.M.
918	. .	160A-265 L.M.
919	. .	160A-265 L.M.
920	. .	160A-265 L.M.
922	1, 2	131E-18 L.M.
	3	131E-23 L.M.
923	. .	153A-299.6
925	. .	47-37 L.M.
927	. .	143-129 L.M.
930	. .	153A-335 L.M.
932	1	153A-330 L.M.
	2	153A-335 L.M.
933	. .	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
936	. .	105-149
937	. .	164.13
938	. .	20-94
939	5	163-111 L.M.
	11, 12	115C-37 L.M.
941	. .	105-149
942	2	159-7 L.M.
944	. .	75A-6 L.M.
945	. .	131E-18 L.M.
946	1	22C-1 to 22C-6
	2	22C-1 note
949	. .	44A-26 L.M.
950	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
951	. .	160A-216 L.M.
953	. .	20-97 L.M.
954	1, 3(a)	160A-216 L.M.
	2,3(b)	160A-216 L.M.
955	4	113-133.1
956	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
959	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
960	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
962	. .	160A-217 L.M.
963	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
970	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
974	3(a)	163-1 L.M.
	(b)	163-291 L.M.
	(c)	163-111 L.M.
	4(b)	163-1 L.M.
	(c)	163-291 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
974	(d)	163-111 L.M.
	5	115C-37.1
975	1	57B-4.1 note, 57B-4 note
	2	58-251.1
	3	58-18.1
	4, 5	58-124.31
	6	58-124.32
	7	143-137
	8	58-611
	9	58-612
	10	58-614
	11	58-633
	12	58-44.4
	13	58-428
	14	58-433
	15	58-73
	16	58-150
	17	58-151
	18	58-173.2, 58-173.17
	19	58-173.2
	20	58-173.3
	21-23	58-173.8
	24	58-173.10
	25	58-173.20
	26	58-173.30
	27	58-173.14
	28	58-173.31
	29	58-173.20
	30	58-615
	31	58-478
	32	159-29
	33	20-279.21
976	1	159-81
	2	159-83
979	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
980	. .	153A-435 L.M.
981	1	160A-20
	2	162A-6
983	1	160A-216 L.M.
984	. .	153A-191 L.M., 153A-192 L.M., 153A-193 L.M., 153A-194 L.M., 153A-195 L.M., 153A-196 L.M., 153A-199 L.M.
985	. .	118-1 L.M.
992	1	153A-376
	2	160A-456
993	1	104G-4
	2	104G-5
	3-7	104G-6
	10	104G-9.1
	11-13	104G-10
	14	104G-11
	15	104G-12
	16	104G-15
	17	104G-17
	18	104G-18
	19, 20	104G-20
	21	104G-22
	22	104G-4, 104G-6, 104G-15, 104G-18
	23	7A-29 note, 104E-5 note, 104E-6.2 note, 104E-7 note, 104E-10 note, 104E-10.1 note, 104E-10.3 note, 104E-13 note, 104E-16 note, 104E-18 note, 104E-19 note, 104E-24 note, 104E-26 note, 104E-27 note, 104F-1 to 104F-5 note, 104G-1 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-275 note, 120-123 note, 126-5 note, 150B-1 note, 153A-152.1 note, 160A-211.1 note
	24	104E-6.2
	25	104E-9
	26	104E-19
	27	120-123
	28	130A-293
	29	143B-470.1
	30	143B-470.1A
	31	143B-470.2
	32	143B-470.4
	33	143B-470.6
	34	104G-9.1 note, 104G-22 note, 120-123 note, 130A-293 note, 143B-470.1A note, 143B-470.6 note
994	1	105-130.4
	2, 3	105-163.41
997	. .	20-37.6 L.M.
998	. .	20-97 L.M.
999	1	96-8
	2, 3	96-9
	4, 5	96-14
	6	96-15
1000	1	153A-357
	2	160A-417
	3	113A-54
	4	113A-56
	5	113A-64
	6	113A-66
1002	1	160A-265 L.M., 158-7.1 L.M.
	3.1	160A-265 L.M., 158-7.1 L.M.
	3.2	160A-265 L.M., 158-7.1 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
1003	1	160A-209 L.M.
	3	159-7 L.M.
1005	3	159-7 L.M.
1006	5	63-53 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
	6	160A-272 L.M.
	7	160A-265 L.M.
1007	3	159-7 L.M.
1008	. .	105-322 L.M.
1009	6	160A-58.1 L.M.
1010	1	44A-26 L.M.
	2	143-129 L.M.
1012	. .	159-7 L.M.
1013	. .	105-149
1014	1	157-68
	2	157-68 note
1015	1	105-2.1
	2	105-114
	3	105-130.2
	4	105-135
	5	105-163.1
	6	105-212
1016	5	163-1 L.M.
	12	115C-1 L.M., 163-1 L.M.
	15	115C-37 L.M.
1017	1	53-233 to 53-242
	2	53-233 note
1018	1	160A-265 L.M., 118-1 L.M., 118-7 L.M., 118-6 L.M., 160A-216 L.M.
	4	118-1 L.M.
1020	1	130A-290
	2	130A-294.1
	3	130A-290 note, 130A-294.1 note
	4	130A-294.1 note
1021	3	153A-122 L.M.
1022	1	108A-57
1023	2	163-278.6 L.M., 163-278.40 L.M.
	4.1	160A-58.1 L.M., 160A-58.2 L.M.
1024	1	136-131.1 note
	1.1	136-131.1 note
1025	1	115C-12
	2	115C-27 to 115C-34 Repealed
	3	115C-12
	4	115C-19
	5-8	115C-21
	9	115C-47
	10	115C-90
	11	115C-275
	12	115C-276
	13	115C-432
	14	115C-447
	15	115C-47, 115C-301, 115C-438
1025	16	115C-27 note
1027	3	159-64 note
1028	1	163-106
	2	163-278.10A
	3	120-91 Repealed, 120-92 Repealed, 120-95 Repealed, 120-97 Repealed
	4, 5	120-98
	6	163-278.9
	7	163-278.40B
	8	163-278.40C
	9	163-278.40D
	10	163-278.40E
	11	163-90.2
	12	163-41
	13	163-170.1
1031	1	7A-307 note
	2	59-106
	3	59-201
	4	66-68
1033	. .	128-21 L.M.
1034	1	106-277
	2-4	106-277.2
	5	106-277.4 Repealed
	6	106-277.5
	7-9	106-277.9
	10	106-277.15
	11, 12	106-277.17
	13	106-277.28
1035	1	143-215.94A to 143-215.94M
	2	143-215.3
	3	143-215.3 note, 143-215.94A note
	4	143-215.94A note, 143-215.3 note
	5	143-215.94A to 143-215.94M note, 143-215.3 note
	7	143-215.94A note, 143-215.3 note
1036	1	115C-325 note
	2	50-13.1 L.M.
	7(a)	143-506.15
	12(a)	105-113.81A
	18.1	150B-59
1037	1	7A-41
	2	7A-41.1
	2.1	7A-42
	3	7A-44.1
	4	7A-45
	5	7A-45.1
	6	7A-47
	7	7A-47.1
	8	7A-47.2 Repealed
	9	7A-47.3
	10	7A-48
	11	7A-49.1
	12	7A-61

1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988)		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
1037	13	7A-66
	14	7A-95
	15	7A-104
	17	7A-171
	18	7A-173
	19	7A-198
	20	7A-258
	21	7A-289.2
	22	7A-289.3
	23	7A-289.4
	24	7A-289.5
	25	7A.289.6
	26	7A-344
	27	7A-355
	28	7A-356
	29	7A-452
	30	7A-453
	31	7A.459
	32	7A-489
	33	7A-490
	34	7A-491
	35	7A-492
	36, 37	7A-517
	38	9-5
	39	1-353
	40	1-440.14
	41	1-597
	42	1A-1, Rule 30
	43	1A-1, Rule 40
	44	5A-15
	45	5A-22
	46	5A-23
	47	9-6
	48	9-12
	49	14-425
	50	15-155.1
	51	15-217.1
	52	15A-101
	53	15A-131
	54	15A-133
	55	15A-535
	56	15A-536
	57	15A-544
	58	15A-601
	59	15A-628
	60	15A-702
	61	15A-711
	62	15A-821
	63	15A-957
	64	15A-1011
	65	15A-1054
	66	15A-1334
	67, 68	15A-1344
	69	15A-1345
	70	15A-1383
	71	15A-1413
	72	15A-1431
	73	19-13
	74	19-18
	75	20-16
	76, 77	20-16.2
	78	20-179.3
	79	20-16.4
	80	20-16.5
	81	20-81
	82	20-179.4
	83	35A-1307
	84	35A-1311
	85	36A-13
	86	50-30
	87	50-33
	88	50-34
	89	50-36
	90	53-100
	91	53-121
	92	62-98
	93	62-118
	94	62-260
	95	62-279
	96	62-310
	97	7-86
	98, 99	75D-5
	100	90-14.12
	101	90-121.1
	102	90-187.13
	103	90-202.13
	104	90A-66
	105	93D-4
	106	95-123
	107	105-77
	108	110-44.4
	109	115C-325
	110	115C-541
	111	115D-12
	112	120-47.10
	113	122C-224.3
	113.1	122C-267
	114	122C-268
	115	122C-270
	116	122C-276
	117	122C-286
	118	143B-475.1
	119	143B-499.4
	120	148-32.1
	121	153A-18
	122	153A-92
	123	153A-223
	124	156-134
	125	163-156
	126	163-192
	126.1	163-114
	127	7A-41.1 note
1038	1	160A-443 L.M.
1039	1	105-151.16
	2, 3	143-143.11
	4	90-85.24
1040	1	5A-12 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-623 note, 15A-1051 note
	2	5A-12

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
1040	3	15A-622
	4	15A-623
1041	1	105-275.1
	1.1	105-275
	1.2, 1.3	105-320
	2	105-277A
1042		1-597 L.M., 1-599 L.M.
1043	1	106-284.40
1044	1	105-258
	2	105-102.4
	3	105-164.3
	4	105-164.4
	5	105-164.14
	6	105-164.12
	7	105-141
	8	105-142
	9	105-147
	10	105-251.1
	12	105-141
	13	105-296
	13.1	105-277.3
1045	3	75A-17 L.M.
	13.2	105-277.4
1046	. .	153A-185 L.M.
1047	. .	105-275.1 L.M.
1048	9	143-128 note
1049	. .	90-171.50 note
1050	1	143-166.2
	2	143-166.7
1051	1	65-43 to 65-43.6
1052	1	105-284 note, 105-289 note, 105-342 note
	2	105-284 note, 105-289 note, 105-342 note
1053	. .	150B-59
1055	. .	90-91
1056	1	7A-60
	3	7A-60 note, 7A-64 note
	4	7A-133
	5, 6	7A-133 note
	7	7A-142
	8, 9	7A-465
	10	7A-466
	11	7A-467
	13	7A-468 Repealed
	14, 15	7A-41
	16	7A-41 note
	17	7A-466 note
1057	1	131E-48
	2	131E-48 note
1058	1	130A-290
	2	130A-291.1
1059	1	99B-11
	2	99B-11 note
1061	1	135-5
1061	2	128-27
	3	128-27 note, 135-5 note
1062	1	118-60 to 118-66
	2	118-51
	3-5	20-183.7
	6-9	118-50
	10	118-61
	12	118-51 note
1063	1	163-278.46 to 163-278.57
	2	105-163.16
	3	163-278.41 to 163-278.43
	4	163-278.46 note
1064	1	126-80 to 126-83
	2	128-15
	3	126-5
	4	128-15.1 Repealed
	5	126-80 note
1065	1	14-114
	2	14-115
	3	14-168.4
1066	. .	20-97 L.M.
1067	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
1069	. .	20-4.01
1070	1	147-69.2 note
1071	1	136-44.36
	2	136.44.36A
	3-5	136-44.36A note
	6	1-44.2
	7	136-44.36A note
1072	1	143-408.1 to 143-408.6
	2	143-408.7
	3	143-408.6 note
1073	1	90-30.1
	2	90-30.1 note
1074	2	163-132.1 Repealed, 163-132.2 to 163-132.6
1075	. .	7A-133
1076	. .	105-236
1077	1	28A-14-1
	2	28A-14-2
1078	1	53-146.1 to 53-146.3
	2	54-109.57
	3	54-109.58
	4	54-109.63
	5	54B-129
	6	54B-130
	7	54B-139
	8	36A-120
	9	36A-120 note, 53-146.1 to 53-146.3 note, 54-109.57 note, 54-109.58 note, 54-109.63 note, 54B-129 note, 54B-130 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
1078	9	54B-139 note
	10	53-146.1 to 53-146.3 note, 54B-139 note
1079	1	115C-116
	2	115C-113.1
	3	115C-115
	4	115C-113.1 note
1080	1	131E-130
	2	131E-130 note
1081	1	1-5-57 Repealed
	2	105-53
	3	163-278.10A
	4	120-93
	4.1	1-538.2
	5	105-57 note
1082	1	1-5-39 Repealed
	1.1	105-37.1
	2	105-486
	3	105-493
	4	105-501
	5	87-58
	6	105-90
	7-8.1	20-127
	9	20-127 note, 87-58 note, 105-37.1 note, 105-90 note, 105-486 note, 105-493 note, 105-501 note, 150B-1 note
	10	104E-6.2
	11	104E-18
	12	104G-23
	13	130A-293
	14	150B-1
	14.1	143B-216.13
	15	104G-23
1083	. .	58-490 L.M.
1084	1	115C-210 to 115C-210.4
1086	6	147-11
	9	120-3
	10, 11	120-37
	14	7A-101
	15	7A-102
	16	7A-171.1
	22(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	128-27
	(d)	120-4.22A
	28	135-5.1
	29	118-46
	30(a)	138-6
	(b)	7A-44
	(c)	120-3.1
	31(a)	7A-39.3
	(b)	7A-52
	33	143-341 note, 143B-426.21 note
	34(b)	143-341
	44	143-204.8

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
1086	48	147-31.1
	50	143-16.3
	56	105-164.8 note
	57	105-213 note, 105-284 note, 105-289 note
	77(a)	115C-174.11
	89(a)	115C-301
	(b)	115C-47
	(c)	115C-276
	(d)	115C-82 Repealed
	96	115C-296
	111	7A-60
	112(a)	7A-133 note
	(b)	7A-142
	113(b)	7A-458
	(c)	7A-456
	120(a)	148-13
	(b)	148-60.1
	123(b)	113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 to 143-64.13 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note 143B-262 note
	127(a)	143B-173
	(b)	143B-173 note
	143	20-81.3 note
	148.6	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	148.8	122C-151.1 note
	156.3(a)	96-5 note
	164	63-67
	165	136-16.4 note
	166	143-1 note
	172	7A-39.3 note, 7A-44 note, 7A-52 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-142 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-456 note, 7A-458 note, 63-67 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-82 note, 115C-174.11 note, 115C-276 note, 115C-296 note, 115C-301 note, 118-46 note, 120-3 note, 120-3.1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988) General Statutes
1086	172	120-37 note, 120-4.22A note, 128-27 note, 135-5 note, 135-5.1 note, 135-65 note, 138-6 143-16.3 note, 143-204.8 note, 143-341 note, 143B-173 note, 147-11 note, 147-31.1 note, 148-13 note, 148-60.1 note
1087	1	143-291
	2	143-291.2
	3	143-291.3
	4	143-293
	5	143-298
	6	143-299.2
	7	143-300
	8	143-291.2 note, 143-291.3 note, 143-299.2 note
1088	1-4	135-4
	5, 6	128-26
1089	1	105-131 to 105-131.8
	2	105-130.13 Repealed
	3	105-141
	4	105-147
	5	105-130.3
	6	105-131 to 105-131.8 note
1090	1	7A-516
	2	7A-564
	3	7A-574
	4	7A-577
	5	7A-586
	6	7A-588
	7	7A-489
	8	7A-491
	9	7A-632
	10	7A-651
	11	7A-657
	12	7A-668
	13	7A-586 note, 7A-588 note, 7A-489 note, 7A-491 note
1091	1	120-112
	2	120-113
	3	120-114
	4	120-111.2
	5	135-39.5
1095	1(a)	136-44.27
	(b)	136-44.27 note
1096	1-3	105-164.3
	4	105-164.8
	5	105-164.3 note, 105-164.8 note, 105-463 note, 105-473 note, 105-480 note,
1096	5	105-483 note, 105-488 note, 105-490 note, 105-495 note, 105-498 note
	6	105-164.3 note, 105-164.8 note, 105-268.1 note
1098	1	78C-1 to 78C-62
	2	78C-60 note
	3	78C-1 note, 78C-16 note
1099	1	118-42
1100	3.1	120-70.31 to 120-70.37
	4.1	120-70.31 to 120-70.47
	9	120-32.02, 120-32.03
	11	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 135-53 note
	11.1	7A-456
	15(a)	7A-341
	(b)	7A-342
	(c)	7A-44
	16(a)	7A-101
	(b)	7A-751
	(c)	120-37
	17	7A-101
	17.2(a)	7A-133
	17.4(a)	148-32.1
	23	143-128 note
	35(a)	113-28.24 note
	38(a)	138-6
	(b)	138-6 note
	39.2	131E-48
	40.5	104E-6.2
	40.6	130A-294.1 note
	41	143-1 note
	48	7A-44 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-341 note, 7A-342 note, 7A-456 note, 7A-751 note, 104E-6.2 note, 120-32.02 note, 120-32.03 note, 120-37 note, 120-70.31 note, 120-70.41 note, 131E-48 note, 138-6 note, 148-32.1 note
	49	120-32.02 note, 120-32.03 note, 120-70.31 note, 120-70.41 note
1101	8	136-44.27 note
	8.2	136-44.27 note
	15	143-1 note
1102	1	115C-11
	2	115D-2.1

1987 (Reg. Sess. 1988)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1102	3	116-9
1103	. .	135-4
1104	1	15A-260 to 15A-264
	2	15A-260 note
1105	1	20-4.01
	2	20-71.3
	3	20-71.4
1106	1	153A-230.1
	2, 3	153A-230.2
	4, 5	153A-230.3
	6	153A-230.4
	7	153A-230.5
1108	1	135-5
	2	128-27 note, 135-5 note
	3	128-27
	4, 5	143-128
	6	143-131
	7, 8	143-129
	9	160A-266
	10	44A-26
	11	143-129 L.M.
	12	128-27 note, 135-5 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note
1109	. .	120-4.11
1110	1-3	135-5
	4-7	128-27
	8	128-26
	9	135-4
	11.1	120-111.3
1111	2	143B-30.1
	3	150B-63
	4	150B-59
	5	150B-23
	6	130A-294
	7, 8	95-131
	9	150B-1
	10	95-135
	11	95-137
	12	95-138
	14(a)	7A-759 note
	(b)	7A-751
	(c)	7A-759
	15	7A-752
	17	150B-2
	18, 19	150B-33
	20	150B-36
	21	150B-34
	23	150B-61
	24	7A-753
	25	7A-752, 7A-753, 7A-755, 7A-757,
	25	7A-758
1112	1-3	20-4.01
	4, 5	20-7
	6, 7	20-16.2
	8-11	20-16.5
	12	20-17.4
	13	20-19
	14	20-26
	15	20-138.2
	16	20-138.4
	17	20-4.01 note, 20-7 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-17.4 note, 20-19 note, 20-26 note, 20-138.2 note, 20-138.4 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	148-4.1
	2	148-4.1 note, 148-32.1 note
	3, 4	15A-1371
	5, 6	15A-1380.2
	7	162-39
	8	15A-1372
	9	148-4.1 note,
3	. .	160A-303.2
4	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
5	1	150B-12
	2	150B-59
6	1	160A-265 L.M.
7	1	105-449.37
	2	105-449.39
	3	105-449.37 note,
7	3	105-449.39 note
8	1	114-2.1 note
9	1	53-99
	2	53-211
10	. .	53-227
11	1	30-19
	2	30-20
	3	30-21
	4	30-23
	5	30-24
	6	30-19 to 30-21 note, 30-23 note, 30-24 note
12	1	78A-2
	2	78A-2 note
14	1	20-351.2
	2	20-351.2 note

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
15	. .	62-133.2 note
17	1	53-166
	2	53-172
	3	53-173
	4	53-173.1 Repealed, 53-174 Repealed, 53-176.1 Repealed
	5	53-175
	6	53-176
	7	53-177
	8	53-180
	9	53-181
	10	53-184
	11	53-190
	12	53-235
	13	24-1.1A, 24-10 note, 24-13 note, 24-14 note, 24-16.1 note, 53-166 note, 53-172 note, 53-180 note
	14	24-1.1A
18	1	143-129 L.M.
20	. .	53-6
22	. .	147-54.15
23	1	143-64.11
	2	143-64.14
	3	143-64.11 note, 143-64.14 note
24	. .	133-1.1
25	1	119-54
	2	143-138
	3	143-136
	4	119-54 note, 143-136 note, 143-138 note
27	1	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
28	1	133-7
	2	133-8
	3	133-9
	4	133-10
	5	133-10.1
	6	133-11
	7	133-18
32	. .	143B-373
34	. .	143-170.1
35	2	143B-30.1
36	1	105-2.1
	2	105-114
	3	105-130.2
	4	105-135
	5	105-163.1
	6	105-212
37	1	105-130.19
	2	105-145
	3	105-147
	4	105-159.1
	5	105-163.05 Repealed
	6	105-242
	7	105-375
	8	106-277.28
37	9	105-163.05 note
40	1	143-135.3
	2	143-135.6
42	. .	143-135.25
43	1	20-351.3
	2	20-351.1
46	. .	115C-10
47	1	143B-216.21
	2	143B-216.21 note
49	1	160A-147
	2	160A-147 note
50	. .	143-135.26
51	1	113A-120
	2	143-215.1
52	1	143B-181.1A
53	. .	113A-119
54	. .	20-119
58	1	143-336
	2	143-341
59	1	160A-29 L.M.
60	. .	121-4.1
62	. .	83A-7
63	. .	136-18.6
65	. .	121-8
66	. .	139-7
67	. .	58-37-35
68	1	143-240
	2	143-240 note, 143-241 note
	3	143-241
	4	143-240 note, 143-241 note
70	1, 2	163-128 L.M.
72	. .	54-109.92
74	. .	143-509
75	. .	131E-117
76	1	54B-4
	2	54B-9
	3	54B-12
	4	54B-13
	5	54B-25
	6	54B-30
	7	54B-31
	8	54B-35
	9	54B-43
	10	54B-210
	11	54B-216
	12	54B-261
	13	7A-112
	14	54-48
	15	54B-48.2
	16	54B-52
	17	54B-53
	18	54B-54
	19	54B-55
	20	54B-62
	21	54B-63
	22	54B-66
	23	54B-246
	24	105-228.24A

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
76	25	143B-431
	26	143B-433
	27	147-69
	28	147-69.1
	29	150B-1
	30	150B-38
	31	159-30
77	1	18B-600
	2	18B-600 note
78	. .	136-28.1
79	1	105-299
	2	105-289
	3	105-322
	4	105-289
80	2	113-133.1
81	. .	83A-15
82	. .	143-129.3
83	. .	162-5.1
85	1, 2	143B-142 note
86	1, 2	113-77.6 note
88	1.1	163-111 L.M.
89	1	163-179.1
	2	163-192.1
	3	163-179.1 note, 163-192.1 note
90	1	159-43 note, 159-80 note, 159-120 note
91	1	130A-238 to 130A-244 Repealed
	2	95-222 to 95-229
	3	95-222 note
	4	95-225 note, 130A-239 note
	5	95-222 note, 95-225 note, 130A-238 note, 130A-239 note
92	1	163-123 note
93	1	163-33
	2	163-41
	3	163-78
	4	163-128
	5	163-210
	6	163-230
	7	163-234
	8	163-281
	9	163-288.2
94	1	163-278.20
	2	163-278.20 note
97	1	160A-265 L.M.
99	1	105-277.3
	2	105-277.3 note
104	2	163-111 L.M.
106	. .	14-258.1
107	1	160A-103 L.M.
108	. .	89C-5
109	1	87-1
	2	87-14
110	. .	62-3
111	1	105-130.40
	2	105-151.17
112	1	62-2
	2	62-133.3
	3	62-134
	4	62-137
	5	62-138
	6	62-139
114	1	116B-12
	2	116B-19
	3	116B-32
	4	116B-41
	5	116B-42
	6	116B-43
	7	116B-44
115	. .	58-87-5
116	. .	7A-52
117	. .	120-3.1
118	. .	90-85.7
119	. .	14-151.1
120	. .	108A-58
121	. .	143B-403.1, 143B-403.2
122	1	130A-156
	2	130A-156 note
124	. .	7A-575
130	. .	18B-1002
132	. .	143-215.107
133	. .	143-215.110
135	1	143-211
	2	143-213
	3	143-215.64
	4	143-215.65
	5	143-215.66
	6	143-215.67
	7	143-215.112
	8	143-215.114
137	. .	58-42-55
139	1	116-240
	2	120-123
140	1	131E-18 L.M.
141	1	116-37
	2	105A-2
	3	114-4.2B
	4	116-187
	5	116-189
	6	116-219
	7	116-220
	8	122C-3
	9	122C-54
	10	122C-55
	11	122C-268
	12	122C-270
	13	Pt. 11, Art. 5, Ch. 122C, 122C-321 note
	14	122C-321
	15	122C-322
	16	122C-408
	17	143-12.1
	18	143-23.2

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
142	1	18B-1300 to 18B-1308
	2	18B-1119
	3	18B-1109 Repealed, 18B-1117 Repealed
143	1	160A-58.21 to 160A-58.28
144	. .	14-118.2
145	1	122C-181
	2	143-117
	3	143-117.1
146	1	143-260.10
	3	143-260.10A Repealed
	4	143-260.10B Repealed
148	1	105-122
	2	105-130.10
	3	105-147
	4	105-275
150	1	143-129 L.M.
151	1	160A-167 L.M.
152	. .	7A-657
155	1	105-321 L.M., 105-353 L.M., 105-357 L.M.
156	1	153A-240 L.M.
157	1	20-37.1 Repealed
	2	20-51
158	. .	136-18
159	. .	87-9
161	1	14-113.8
	2	14-113.13
	3	14-113.15A
162	. .	115D-5
164	1	54B-129
	2	53-146.1
	3	54-109.58
	4	54B-130
	5	53-146.2
	6	54-109.57
	7	54B-139
	8	53-146.3
	9	54-109.63
166	1	136-131.1 note
168	1	130B-1 to 130B-23
	2(a)	143B-470 to 143B-470.6 Repealed
	(b)	130B-1 note, 143B-470 note
	(c), (d)	130B-6 note
	(e)	130B-1 note, 143B-470 note
	3, 4	20-111 to 20-118 note
	5	105-164. 14
	6	105-275
	7	113-8.01
168	8	120-123
	9	126-5
	10	130-166.21D Repealed
	11	130A-290
	12	130A-292
	13	130A-293
	14	104E-6.2
	15-22	130A-294
	23	130A-294.1
	24	130A-295
	25	130A-298
	26	130A-299
	27	130A-308
	28	130A-309
	29	143-215.1
	30	143-215.108
	31	143B-216.11 recodified as 143B-285.11
	32	143B-216.13 recodified as 143B-285.13
	33	150B-1
	34	153A-152.1
	35	160A-211.1
	36	104G-6
	37, 38	159-81
	39, 40	159-83
	41	159-85
	42	159-88
	43	159-94
	44	159-96
	45(a), (b)	143B-282 note
	47(c)	130A-294 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.108 note
	48	143-215, 143-215.105
	49	105-164.14 note, 105-275 note, 113-8.01 note, 130B-1 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.108 note, 143B-285.13 note
169	. .	89B-2
171	8	132-1 L.M.
172	1	84-34
	2	84-28
173	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
175	1	58-51-50
	2	58-65-75
	3	58-67-70
176	1	105-322
	2	105-325
177	1	143-128 L.M.
178	1	14-284 L.M.
	2	14-410 L.M., 14-413 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
179	1	113A-52
	2	113A-52.1
	3	113A-52 note, 113A-52.1 note
181	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
	2	160A-58.1 note
183	. .	1-257
186	. .	7A-676
187	1	53-1
	2	53-2
	3	53-7
	4	53-9.1
	5	53-43
	6	53-43.3
	7	53-62
	8	53-67
	9	53-77.1 Repealed
	10	53-77.1A
	11	53-77.2A
	12	53-77.3
	13	53-78
	14	53-85
	15	53-105
	16	53-108
	17	53-128
189	1	143-127.2 to 143-127.6
	2	143B-261.2, 143B-261.2 note
190	1	131E-18 L.M.
191	1	153A-64
	2	160A-111
	3	160A-496
192	2	152-1 L.M.
	4, 5	152-1 L.M.
194	1	130A-80.1
	2	130A-80.2
	3	130A-80.3
	4	130A-80 note, 130A-80.2 note
195	1	153A-60 L.M.
	2	153A-61 L.M.
	3	153A-64 L.M.
	4, 5	153A-58 L.M.
196	. .	105-322
198	1	160A-384 L.M.
199	1, 2	130A-101
	3	130A-114
200	1	55-90, 55-91, 55-93, 55-95, 55-96 Repealed, 55-97, 55-98, 55-98.1
	2	55-90 note
204	. .	130A-361
205	1	160A-384 L.M.
206	1	58-48-10
	2	58-48-20
	3	58-48-35
	4, 5	58-48-50
	6	58-48-55
	7	58-48-60
	8	58-48-85
	9	58-48-95
207	1-4	58-55-30
	5, 6	58-55-35
	7	58-55-30 note, 58-55-35 note
208	. .	48-36
209	. .	59-105
210	. .	50-13.8
211	1	143-128 L.M.
214	. .	90-202.5
215	. .	143-3.3
216	. .	14-269.1
217	1	113A-113
	2	113A-118.2
218	. .	7A-650
221	1, 2	113-264
222	. .	130A-415
223	. .	1220-3
225	1	1220-271
	2	122C-263
226	1	106-121
	2	106-140.1
227	1	90A-20
	2	90A-20.1
	3	90A-23
	4	90A-29
	5	90A-30
	6	90A-31
	7	90A-32
228	1, 2	143-295
230	1	143-64.31 note
	2	143-64.31
	3	143-64.33
231	. .	14-234
232	. .	95-111.12
233	. .	131E-181
234	. .	110-86
235	. .	7A-654
236	1	126-84 to 126-88
	2	147-64.6
	3	126-5
	4	1-54
237	1	160A-384 L.M.
238	. .	106-65.23
239	1	143-340
	2	143-341
	3	143B-426.21 note
	4	143B-426.39
	5	143B-426.40
	6	143B-426.21
	7	120-123
241	1	160A-265 L.M.
242	1(a)	143-299.2
243	1	15A-302
	2	20-162.1
244	. .	31-42
245	1	89B-10
	2	89B-11

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
247	1	58-84-1 note
248	1-20	128-21 note
249	. .	130A-248
251	. .	105-164.14
252	1	153A-343 L.M.
254	. .	160A-299
255	1-10	128-26
	11-20	135-4
	21(a)	135-56
	(b)	135-56.2
256	1	90-270.67
	2	90-270.68
	3	90-270.75
257	. .	45-21.21
258	. .	55B-6
259	. .	15A-534
261	1	120-114
	2	120-112.2
262	1	A-1, Rule 45(e)
	2	8-59
	3	15A-301
263	. .	159-96
264	. .	20-81.11
265	1	55-1-1, 55-1-2, 55-1-20, 55-1-21, 55-1-23 to 55-1-33, 55-1-40 to 55-1-42, 55-2-1 to 55-2-3, 55-2-5 to 55-2-7, 55-3-1 to 55-3-5, 55-4-1 to 55-4-5, 55-5-1 to 55-5-4, 55-6-1 to 55-6-4, 55-6-20 to 55-6-28, 55-6-30, 55-6-31, 55-6-40, 55-7-01 to 55-7-07, 55-7-20 to 55-7-28, 55-7-30, 55-7-31, 55-7-40, 55-8-1 to 55-8-11, 55-8-20 to 55-8-25, 55-8-30 to 55-8-33, 55-8-40 to 55-8-44, 55-8-50 to 55-8-58, 55-9-1 to 55-9-5, 55-9A-1 to 55-9A-9, 55-10-1 to 55-10-7, 55-10-9, 55-10-20, 55-10-22, 55-11-1 to 55-11-8, 55-12-1 to 55-12-3, 55-13-1 to 55-13-3, 55-13-20 to 55-13-26, 55-13-28, 55-13-30, 55-13-31, 55-14-1 to 55-14-8, 55-14-20 to 55-14-24, 55-14-30 to 55-14-33,
265	1	55-14-40, 55-14A-1, 55-15-1 to 55-15-10, 55-15-20, 55-15-30 to 55-15-33, 55-16-1 to 55-16-4, 55-16-20 to 55-16-22, 55-17-1 to 55-17-5
266	1	158-7.1 L.M.
267	2	130A-383 L.M.
268	3	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
269	. .	132-1.2
270	1	160A-265 L.M.
272	. .	157-29
273	1	143B-454
	2	143B-452
274	. .	116-6
275	1	113-209
	2	113-187
276	1	120-4.31
	2	128-38.2
	3	135-18.7
	4	135-74
277	. .	20-116
278	1	58-84-1 note
279	1	160A-299 L.M.
280	. .	15A-1022
281	1	113-269
	2	113-208
	3	113-132
282	1	163-128 L.M.
283	1-3	Chap. 131 note, 131E-5 note, 131E-15 note, 131E-40 note
284	1	163-128 L.M.
285	. .	20-158
286	1	130A-306
	2	130A-310
	3	130A-310.1
	4	130A-310.5
	5	130A-310.6
	6	130A-310.7
	7	130A-310.9
	8	130A-310.10
	9	130A-310.11
	10	130A-310.20 to 130A-310.21, 130A-310.22
	11	146-22.1
	12	130A-306 note, 130A-310.11 note
	13	130A-306 note, 130A-310 note, 130A-310.1 note, 130A-310.5 note to 130A-310.6 note, 130A-310.7 note, 130A-310.9 note to 130A-310.10 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
286	13	130A-310.11 note, 130A-310.20 note, 146-22.1 note
287	. .	122C-211
288	5(a)	163-111 L.M.
289	1	163-128 L.M.
	3	163-128 L.M.
290	1	15A-405
	2	15A-534.1
	3	15A-924
	4	15A-1027
291	7(a)	163-111 note
295	1	160A-63 L.M.
296	. .	153A-27.1
298	. .	130A-196
299	. .	58-31-60
300	. .	131E-158
301	1	7A-37.1 note
302	. .	93A-42
303	. .	14-72.4
305	. .	14-196
308	. .	113-140
310	. .	130A-50
311	1	7A-210
	2	7A-219
	3	42-28
	4	42-30
312	1	160A-384 L.M.
313	. .	113A-107
314	1	160A-384 L.M.
315	. .	143B-283
316	. .	115C-149, 115C-150
317	. .	130A-294
318	2(a)	132-1 L.M.
	3(b)	105-367 L.M., 105-368 L.M., 105-374 L.M., 105-375 L.M.
319	. .	153A-299.6
320	. .	58-8-20
321	. .	90-115.1
322	1	15B-2
	2	15B-4
323	. .	90-171.55
324	1	113-270.1A
	2	113-270.2
325	. .	163-125
326	. .	132-1.3
327	1	113-294 note
	2	113-294
328	1	40A-1 L.M., 160A-240.1 L.M.
329	. .	159B-3
330	. .	1A-1, Rule 4(c)
331	. .	1150-403
332	. .	58-37-75
333	1	130A-131
	2	130A-131 note
335	1	153A-238, 153A-239.1
338	. .	62-36A
339	1	115C-271
	2	115C-271 note
340	1	58-50-60
	2	58-50-60 note
341	. .	58-2-210
342	. .	143B-168.4
343	. .	7A-273
344	1	113A-129.1 to 113A-129.3
	2	113A-134.1 to 113A-134.3
346	1	105-228.5 note, 105-228.6 note
347	1	160A-217 L.M.
348	1	40A-1 L.M., 160A-240.1 L.M.
349	1	106-568.20
	2	106-568.22
	3	106-568.25
	4	106-568.29
	5	106-568.34
	6	106-568.36
	7	106-568.37
350	. .	143-129
351	1	163-69 L.M.
353	1	130A-383
	2	130A-385
	3	15-196 Repealed
354	1	160A-279 L.M.
355	1	143-318.9 L.M.
357	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-30 note
359	1	160A-102 L.M.
360	. .	18B-1006
361	. .	143-23.2
362	. .	115C-116
364	1	58-24-10
	2	58-24-185
365	. .	99B-10
366	. .	62-110.4
367	. .	7A-740
368	. .	120-186.1
369	1	58-65-90
	2	58-67-75
		58-67-75 note
	3	58-51-55
		58-51-55 note
370	1	115C-81
	2	115C-21.1
371	. .	14-399.2
372	1	90A-35
	2	90A-37
	3	90A-38
	4	90A-39
	5	90A-40
	6	90A-41
	7	90A-42
	8	90A-43
	9	90A-45
	10	143B-301

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
372	11	90A-35 note, 130A-333 note
	12	143B-301 note
373	1	143-546
	2	150B-1
374	1	158-7.1
	2	159-81 note
	3	158-7.1 note
375	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	1.1	160A-265 L.M.
376	. .	58-45-35
377	1	1-279 Repealed
	2	1-279.1
	3, 4	1A-1, Rule 62
	5	15A-1448
378	1	28A-14-1
	2	28A-14-2
	3	28A-19-3
379	. .	121-4
380	1	160A-216 L.M.
381	12	160A-147 L.M.
382	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
383	1	105-37.1 L.M., 132-1 L.M.
384	. .	143-260.10C
385	1	115C-284
	2	115C-297 Repealed
	3	115C-315
386	1	115C-285
	2	115C-302
	3	115C-316
388	. .	115C-113
389	1	160A-31 L.M.
390	1	45-20.1
	2	47-51
	3	47-53
	4	47-53.1
	5	47-71.1
	6	47-108.5
	7	47-108.11
	8	28A-14-1.1
	9	10-12
	10	45-21.47
	11	32A-1 note
391	1	20-128.2
	2	20-183.3
	3	20-183.7
	3.1	20-183.3, 120-70.41 note
392	1	105-164.14 L.M.
393	1	105-228.28 L.M.
394	1	18B-404 L.M., 18B-805 L.M.
397	1	143-128 L.M.
398	1	143-128 L.M.
399	1	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
400	6	18B-600
401	. .	14-115
402	. .	163-296
403	. .	143B-181.15 to 143B-181.25
406	1	14-306
	2	14-296
	3	14-301
	4	14-302
	5	14-304
	6	14-305
407	1	28A-25-1
	2	28A-25-1.1
	3	28A-25-3
	4	28A-25-4
408	. .	143-49
409	1	143-128 L.M.
410	. .	96-8
411	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
	1.1, 1.2	160A-265 L.M.
412	. .	143-215.74F to 143-215.74I
413	. .	160A-514
414	1	95-47.1
	2	95-47.2
	3	95-47.14, 95-47.15
415	3(a), 4	153A-343 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
416	1	105-349 L.M.
417	. .	20-219.2
418	1	160A-443 L.M.
420	. .	99B-2
421	. .	14-107.1
422	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
423	1	113-202.1
	2	113-202
	3	113-206
424	1	58-37-40
	2	58-37-75
	3	58-37-65
425	1	58-15-1 to 58-15-150
	2	58-138 to 58-148 Repealed
426	1	143-214.5
	2	143-214.6
	3	143-215.2
	4	143-215.6
	5	143-214.5 note
	7, 7.1	143-214.5 note, 143-214.6 note, 143-215.2 note, 143-215.6 note
427	1	163-72.3
	2	163-72.3 note
428	. .	103-9
429	. .	110-94
430	2	160A-373 L.M.
431	. .	87-10
432	1	40A-42 L.M.

1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
434	1	45-37
	2	47-46.1
	3	45-37 note, 47-46.1 note
435	1	105-53
	2	105-53 note
436	1, 2	20-7
	3	20-13.2
	4	20-16.1
	5	20-19
	6	20-179.3
437	. .	54B-132
438	. .	122C-55
439	. .	97-72
440	1	163-128
	2	163-132.2
	3	163-132.5A
	4	120-30.9B
	5	163-132.5C
	6	160A-58.9A
	7	160A-29
	8	160A-39
	9	160A-51
441	1	58-70-1
	2, 3	58-70-5
	4, 5	58-70-15
	6	58-70-25
	7	58-70-30
	8	58-70-35
	9	58-70-40
	10	58-70-65
	11	58-70-120
	12	58-70-15
442	. .	90-41
443	. .	36A-63
444	. .	131E-8
445	. .	7A-102
446	. .	131E-85
447	1	143-213
	2	143-214.7
448	1	143B-138 note
449	. .	163-278.10A
451	1, 2	62-110
452	1	58-30-1 to 58-30-305
	2	58-67-145
	3	58-7-50
	4	58-13-25
	5	58-48-95
	6	58-62-95
	7	58-155.2 to 58-155.36 Repealed
453	1, 2	143-215.1
	3	143-215.65
454	1, 2	122A-5.8
	3	122A-5.8 note
455	1	20-4.01
	2	20-4.01 note, 20-71.3 note, 20-71.4 note
	3	20-71.3
	4	20-71.4
455	5	20-109.1
457	. .	143B-181.9A
458	1	115C-441.1
	2	115D-25.1
	3	116-17.1
	4	143-34.1
459	. .	58-3-140
461	1	50B-2
	2	50B-4
	3	50B-2 note, 50B-4 note
462	. .	14-242
464	. .	25C-1, 25C-4, 25C-5, 25C-10 to 25C-16
467	. .	20-183.2
468	1, 2	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M.
470	. .	159-49
471	. .	53-211
472	. .	55A-28.1A
473	1	35A-1224
	2	35A-1230
	3	35A-1251
	4	35A-1252
	5	35A-1301 note
	6	35A-1301
	7	35A-1304 Repealed
	8	35A-1307
	9	35A-1231
	10	1-339.1
	11	35A-1101
	12	35A-1114
	13	35A-1251
	14	35A-1320 Repealed
	15	35A-1116
	16	35A-1265
	17	115C-366.2
	18	35A-1109
	19	35A-1222
	20	35A-1237
	21	35A-1269
	22	35A-1105
	23	35A-1227
	24	35A-1221
	25	35A-1211
	26	35A-1261
	27	35A-1262
	28	35A-1263 Repealed
	29	35A-1263.1
	30	35A-1290 note
	31	35A-1295
	32	35A-1266
474	1	163-128 L.M.
475	. .	105B-1 to 105B-5
478	3	153A-123 L.M.
479	. .	50-13.9
480	1	143-128
	2	143-132
	3	143-128 note, 143-132 note

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
480	4	143-128 note, 143-132 note
481	1, 2	62-50
482	1	20-341
	2-5	20-347
	6	20-347.1
	7	20-345
	7.1	20-350
483	. .	130A-13
484	. .	126-5
485	1	113-28.3 Repealed
	2	58-24-135
	3	31A-11
	4	58-56-60
	5, 6	58-41-25
	7	58-57-50
	8	58-44-15
	9	58-3-150
	10	58-3-30
	11	58-65-80
	12	58-67-80
	13	58-57-100
	14	58-28-20
	15	58-28-25, 58-28-30, 58-28-35
	16	90-210.31 note
	17-20	58-33-25
	21	58-33-30
	22	58.3-25
	23	58-65-85
	24	58-67.65
	25	58-3-115
	26	58-45-35
	27	97-133
	28	58-36-35
	29	58-2-40
	30	58-2-55, 58-2-60, 58-2-65
	31	58-33-45
	32	58-69-25
	33	58-71-85
	34	58-5-20, 58-5-25, 58-5-30, 58-5-40
	35	58-5-50, 58-5-55
	36	58-7-90
	37	58-2-130
	38	58-2-205
	39	58-71-50
	40	58-71-80
	41	58-51-80
	42	58-71-175
	43	58-71-165
	44	143-143.11
	45	143-143.13
	46	58-2-70
	47	58-35-15
	48	58-37-1
	49	58-16-55
	50	58-7-35
	51	58-50-40
485	52	58-33-85
	53	58-7-75, 58-36-50, 58-40-125, 58-41-10
	54	20-279.32
	55	58-51-20
	56	58-51-95
	57	58-65-40
	58	58-65-45
	59	58-67-50
	60	58-34-5
	61	58-34-10
	62	58-34-20
	63	58-84-1 to 58-84-25
	64	58-35-40
	65	28A-19-3
	66	58-33-35
486	1	15A-1002
	2	122C-3
487	1	153A-158 L.M.
488	2	159-7 L.M.
489	1	75D-1 note
490	. .	110-130.1
491	. .	14-399
492	. .	143-215.108
493	1	7A-104
	2	115C-431
494	. .	143-215.1
495	1	66-132
	2, 3	66-135
	4	66-137
496	1	45-67
	2	45-68
	3	45-70
	4	45-72
497	1	162-5.1
	2	153A-27.1
	3	115C-37.1
	4	161-5
498	. .	90-21.14
499	. .	15A-534.3
500	2	7A-751 note, 53-234 note, 106-22.1 note, 106-26.13 to 106-26.21 note, 114-8.2 note, 115C-362 note, 115C-363.24 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 to 122D-23 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-215.3 note, 143-215.3A note, 143-215.74B note, 143B-181.10 note, 150B-63 note, 159G-4 note
	12	115C-362 Repealed
	15	115C-363.24 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
500	15	115C-363.24 note
	29(a), (b)	116-22 note, 116-143.1 note, 116-143.3 note
	(c)	116-143.1 note, 116-143.3 note
	30	116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note
	43(a)	150B-63
	(b)	150B-63 note
	45	7A-751
	50	105-164.4 note
	51	136-44.5 note
	53	136-16.4, 136-16.4 note, 136-16.5, 136-16.5 note, 136-16.6, 136-16.6 note, 136-16.7, 136-16.7 note, 136-16.8, 136-16.8 note, 136-16.9, 136-16.9 note, 143B-350, 143B-350 note
	56	114-10.1 note
	59	740-4 note, 74D-4 note
	60	114-8.2
	63(c)	120-76 note
	65	148-37 note
	68	7A-452 note
	70(e)	108A-61 note
	(g)	90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	(k)-(m)	108A-55 note
	71(a)	108A-28 note
	(b), (c)	108A-30 note
	(d)	108A-27 note
	77	108A-28 note
	82	122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	85	122C-151.1 note
	91	130A-124 note
	93	143-10.1
	96(a)	14B-181.10
	101	143B-153 note
	104	143B-139.4 note
	107(a)	106-26.13 to 106-26.21 Repealed
	(b)	120-123 Repealed
	(c)	106-22.1
	109(c), (d)	122D-1 note
	(e)	122D-1 to 122D-23 Repealed
	(f)	53-234
	(g)	120-123 Repealed
	109(h)	53-234 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 note
	111(b)	96-5 note
	117	143-215.74B
	121	143-215.3A
	122	143-215.3
	123	159G-4
	125	143-1 note
	126	143-15 note
	127	7A-452 note, 90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note, 105-164.4 note, 108A-27 note, 108A-30 note, 108A-55 note, 116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note, 116-143.1 note, 116-143.3 note, 120-76 note, 136-44.5 note, 143B-139.4 note, 143B-153 note, 148-37 note
503	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
504	1	113-291.4 note
	2	113-291.4
505	. .	113A-104
506	. .	66-190 to 66-193
507	1	41A-3
	2	41A-4
	3	41A-5
	4	41A-6
508	1	106-202.15
	2	106-202.19
	3	106-202.20 to 106-202.22
	4	14-392 Repealed, 14-393 Repealed
	5	14-392 note, 14-393 note, 106-202.15 note, 106-202.19 note, 106-202.20 note, 106-202.21 note, 106-202.22 note
509	1	160A-384 L.M.
511	1	153A-240 L.M.
512	1	160A-384 L.M.
513	1	133-5 L.M.
514	. .	14-111.3
516	1	153A-343 L.M.
517	1	162A-6
	2	162A-6 note, 162A-7 note
	3	162A-6 note
518	1	74A-2
	2	160A-288
	3	160A-288.2
	4	15A-402

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
519	1	20-351.3
	2	20-351.1
520	1	163-227.2
	2	163-227.2 note
521	1	115D-13
	2	115D-19
522	1	105-312
	2, 3	105-312 note
523	1	161-10
	2	161-22
	3	25-9-401
	4	25-9-403
	5	25-9-404
	6	25-9-405
	7	25-9-402
	8	143-345.6
524	. .	91-1 to 91-8 note
526	1	115C-341
	2	115D-25
	3	116-17
527	1, 2	20-97 L.M.
528	1	160A-63 L.M.
529	1, 2	50-13.4
	3	50-13.4 note
	4	14-322
	5	15A-1343
	6	49-7
	7	7A-650
	8	110-132
530	. .	105-241.1
531	. .	105-7.1
532	1	143B-438.3
	2	143B-438.4
533	1	143B-213 to 143B-216.5B Repealed
	2	143B-216.30 to 143B-216.34
	3	143B-173 to 143B-176, Repealed 143B-176.1, 143B-176.2
	4	8B-6
	5	8B-8
	6	105-147
	7	114-4.2F
534	1	58-87-1 note
	2	58-87-5
	3	20-183.7
535	. .	1-15.1
536	1	122C-118
	2	122C-118 note
537	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
	3	20-156
	4	130A-412.1
538	1	150B-1
	2	150B-59
539	1	105A-2
	2	105A-8
539	3	105A-9
540	. .	126-2
541	1	105-322 L.M.
543	. .	162A-87.1
544	1	106-604
	2	106-624
	3	106-607
	4	106-22
	5	106-660
	6	106-284.40
	7	106-284.34
	8	106-50.31
	9	106-21.1
	10	143-452
	11	143-448
	12	143-455
	13	143-442
	14	106-267.1
	15	106-254
	16	106-65.31
	17	19A-27
	18	19A-28
	19	19A-29
	20	81A-52
	21	81A-54
	22	150B-13 note
	23	19A-27 to 19A-29 note, 81A-52 note, 81A-54 note, 106-21.1 note, 106-22 note, 106-50.31 note, 106-65.31 note, 106-254 note, 106-267.1 note, 106-284.34 note, 106-284.40 note, 106-604 note, 106-607 note, 106-624 note, 106-660 note, 143-442 note, 143-448 note, 143-452 note, 143-455 note
545	1	90A-51
	2	90A-53
	3	90A-63
546	1	95-105
	2	95-106
547	2(a), (b)	50-13.1 L.M.
548	1, 2	20-179 note
549	. .	163-111
550	. .	7A-574
551	1	130A-248
	2	130A-249
	3	130A-250
	4	130A-248
	5	130A-248 note
552	. .	143-547

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
553	1	18B-303
	2	18B-304
	3	18B-401
	4	18B-1115
554	. .	90-270.11
555	1	90-157.2
	2, 3	90-143
556	1	131D-34
	2	131E-129
557	1	105-2 note, 105-18 note, 105-33 note, 105-113.2 note, 105-113.41 note, 105-113.68 note, 105-114 note, 105-130 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-163.25 note, 105-163.38 note, 105-164.1 note, 105-463 note, 105-480 note, 105-488 note, 105-495 note
	3	105-236 note, 105-241.1 note
	7-10	105-236
558	1	20-218
	2	115C-245
559	. .	153A-309
560	1-16	90-171.50 note, 90-171.60 note, 90-171.65 note
	17	90-171.65
561	. .	53-122
562	. .	160A-443
563	1	93A-3
	2	93A-6
	3	93A-32
	4	93A-34
	5	93A-35
	6	93A-70 to 93A-81
	7	93A-3 note, 93A-6 note, 93A-32 note, 93A-34 note, 93A-35 note, 93A-70 note
564	3	159-7 L.M.
565	1	160A-384 L.M.
566	1	131C-4
	2	131C-6
	3	131C-16.1
	4	113C-17.2 Repealed
	5	131C-21.1
568	1	160A-384 L.M.
570	1	20-97 L.M.
571	. .	47C-2-109
573	1	162A-93 note, 162A-101
575	1, 2	1A-1, Rule 4
577	1	130A-280 to
	2	130A-39
	3	130A-280 note
578	1	105-321
	2	105-353
	3	105-357
579	1	89E-4
	2	89E-5
	3	89E-9
580	1	105-242
	2	105-368
581	1	90-270.57
	2	90-270.58
582	1	105-129.1 Repealed
	2, 3	105-120
	4	105-129.1 note
583	1, 2	96-4
	3	96-8
	4	96-9
	5	96-8
	6	96-9
	7-10	96-14
	11, 12	96-15
	13, 14	96-18
	15	96-14
	16	96-29
584	1	105-33
	2	105-36
	3	105-36.1
	4	105-37
	5	105-37.1
	6	105-38
	7	105-41
	8	105-42
	9	105-46
	10	105-49 Repealed
	11	105-50
	12	105-51 Repealed
	13	105-51.1
	14	105-54
	15	105-60
	16	105-61
	17	105-61.1 Repealed
	18	105-62
	19	105-64 Repealed, 105-64.1 Repealed
	20	105-65.1
	21	105-65.2 Repealed, 105-66 Repealed
	22	105-67
	23	105-74
	24	105-82 Repealed
	25	105-85
	26	105-86
	27	105-89
	28	105-89.1
	29	105-90
	30	105-90.1
	31	105-91
	32	105-97

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
584	33	105-102.1
	34	105-102.5
	35	105-102.4 Repealed
585	1	115C-12
	2	115C-47
	3	115C-110
	4	115C-307
	5	115C-363.20
	6	115C-390
	7	115C-391
	8	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-110 note, 115C-307 note, 115C-363.20 note, 115C-390 note, 115C-391 note
587	. .	62A-1 to 62A-12
588	1	25-8-101 to 25-8-108, 25-8-201 to 25-8-208, 25-8-301 to 25-8-321, 25-8-401 to 25-8-408
589	1	14-432 to 14-437
	2	14-432 to 14-437 note
590	. .	30-3
591	1, 2	153A-293
592	1	39-50
	2	42-14.2
593	3	163-33 L.M.
	6	163-294.2 L.M.
594	1	90-171.60 to 90-171.62
	2	90-171.60 note
595	1	136-44.50
	2, 3	136-66.3
	4	136-66.10
596	1	15A-824
	2	15A-825
597	1	160A-265 L.M.
598	1	160A-324
	2	160A-31.1
	3	160A-58.2A
	4	120-30.9F
	5	160A-35
	6	160A-37.3
	7	160A-38
	8	160A-47
	9	160A-49.3
	10	160A-50
	11	160A-37
	12	160A-49
	12.1	160A-58.5A L.M.
	13	120-30.9F note, 160A-31.1 note, 160A-35 note, 160A-37 note, 160A-37.3 note, 160A-38 note, 160A-47 note,
598	13	160A-49 note, 160A-49.3 note, 160A-50 note, 160A-58.2A note, 160A-324 note
599	. .	62-157
600	1	136-44.35
	2	136-44.36
	3	136-44.36B
	4	136-44.38
	5	153A-149
	6	153A-445
	7	159-48
	8	160A-209
	9	160A-498
601	1	110-129
	2	110-136.3
	3	110-136.4
	4	110-136.5
603	1	143-355
	2	143-214.6
	3	143-214.6 note, 143-355 note
604	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
605	1	105-322 L.M.
	4(b)	105-322 L.M.
606	2	160A-373 L.M.
611	1	143-136 L.M., 143-151.8 L.M.,
	1	160A-308 L.M., 160A-417 L.M.
	4	160A-381 L.M.
612	. .	113-167
613	. .	143-345.9
614	1, 2	20-305.1
615	. .	105-2
616	1	113-291.4A
	2	113-270.2
	3	113-273
	4	113-291.4
	6	113-270.2 note, 113-273 note, 113-291.4 note, 113-291.4A note
618	. .	143B-421.1
619	2	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
620	. .	153A-301
622	. .	153A-304.2
623	1	87-21
	2	87-22
	3	87-22.1
	4	87-25
624	. .	93-12
625	1	122C-1 note
	2	122C-1 to 122C-3
	3	122C-21 note
	4	122C-21
	5	122C-22
	6	122C-23

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
625	7	122C-51
	8	122C-55
	9	122C-56
	10	122C-62
	11	122C-65
	12	122C-101 note
	13	122C-101
	14	122C-112, 122c-113, 122C-115, 122C-117, 122C-123
	15	122C-131
	16	122C-141
	17	122C-147
	18	122C-149
	19	122C-151
	20	122C-202
	21	122C-203
	22	122C-241 note, 122C-241, 122C-242
	23	143B-147 to 143B-150
	24	120-123
	25	153A-149
	25.1	122C-118
626	1.1	153A-335 L.M.
627	. .	105-149
628	. .	105-259
629	1	18B-101
	2	18B-603
	3, 4	18B-101 note, 18B-603 note
630	1	93A-71.1
631	1	58-36-80
	2	66-200 to 66-206
634	1	78D-1 to 78D-9, 78D-21 to 78D-33
635	1	163-79
	2	163-74
	3	163-142
	4	163-161
	5	163-22 note, 163-227 note, 163-227.3 note, 163-229 note, 163-230 note, 163-248 note
636	. .	63-68
637	. .	97-19
638	1	91-1 to 91-8 Repealed
	2	91A-1 to 91A-14
639	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
	1.1	163-175 L.M.
641	. .	90-95
642	1	113-264
	2	113-291.2
	3	103-2
643	1	153A-149
	2	153A-274
	3	159-44
	4	159-81
643	5	160A-311
644	1	20-219.2
	2	20-219.3
	3	61-7
	4	115C-46
	5	143-340
	6	160A-298 L.M.
645	1	1-105
	2	58-16-30
	3	58-16-35
	4	58-24-170
	5	58-33-30
646	1	7A-306
	2	7A-312
647	1	97-100
	2	97-109
	3	97-116
648	. .	90-30.1
649	2(b)	50-13.1 L.M.
650	1	88-13
	2	88-15
	3	88-17
652	1	143-215.3
	2	143B-282
	3	143-215.94A
	4	143-215.94B
	5	143-215.94C
	6	143-215.94D
	7	143-215.94E
	8	143-215.94F
	9	143-215.94G
	10	143-215.94H
	11	143-215.94I
	12	143-215.94M
	13	143-215.94N
	14	143-215.94T
	15	143-215.94A note, 143-215.3 note
	16	143-215.3 note, 143-215.94B note, 143-215.94C note, 143-215.94D note, 143-215.94E note, 143-215.94G note, 143-215.94J note, 143-215.94K note, 143-215.94L note, 143-215.94M note
	17	119-18 note
	18	143-215.94C note
	20	32-27
653	1	87-1
	2	143-139.1
654	1	113A-35
	2	113A-35.1
655	. .	90-21.14
656	1	143-215.77
	2	143-215.84
	3	143-215.86
	4	143-215.87

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
656	5	143-215.94AA to 143-215.94JJ
657	1	58-33-130, 58-33-135
	1.1	58-33-30
658	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
660	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
661	. .	20-94
663	1	58-77-1
	2	55-77-5
664	1, 2	7A-304
665	1	135-9
	2	135-95
	3	128-31
666	. .	96-14
667	1	105-449.57
	2	20-88.01
668	. .	1A-1, Rule 22
669	1	89C-21
	2	89C-22
670	1	14-360
	2	14-361
	3	14-361.1
	4	14-363
	5	14-360 note, 14-361 note, 14-361.1 note, 14-363 note
671	. .	105-149
672	. .	90-95
673	1	90-246
	2	90-246 note
	3	89A-2
	4	89A-6
674	1	105-277.10
	2	105-282.1
	3	105-282.1 note
675	1, 3	143-128 L.M.
676	1	113A-54
	2	113A-54.1
	3	113A-57
	4	113A-61
	5	113A-61.1
	6	113A-64
	7	113A-120
	8	113A-120.1
	9	113A-54 note, 113A-54.1 note, 113A-57 note, 113A-61 note, 113A-61.1 note, 113A-64 note, 113A-120 note, 113A-120.1 note
677	. .	136-133
678	. .	22-5
679	1	15B-2
	2	15B-6
	3	15B-8.1
	4, 5	15B-12
	6	15B-16
	7	15B-18
680	1	14-409
	2	14-409.9
681	1	66-23 to 66-27A
	2, 3	143-138
	4	143-140
	5	153A-361
	6	160A-421
	7	153A-374
	7A	160A-434
	8	160A-436
	9, 10	143-138
	11	143-139
	12	115C-525
	13	160A-292
	14	153A-235 Repealed
	15	143-151.8
	16	143-151.9
	17	143-151.13
	18, 19	143-138
	20	143-143.2
	21	143-138 note, 143-151.8 note, 143-151.9 note, 143-151.13 note, 153A-235 note
682	. .	105-375
683	. .	1-360
684	1	31B-1 note
	2	31B-1
	3	31B-1A
	4	31B-2
	5	31B-3
	6	31B-4
	7	31B-5
685	1	115C-37 L.M.
686	1, 3	105-322 L.M.
687	1	95-25.7A
	2	95-25.14
	3	95-25.16
	4	95-25.22
	5	95-25.23A
	6	95-25.23
688	1	15A-701 to 15A-704 Repealed
	2	15A-133
	3	15A-711
	4	15A-1381
	5	15A-952
689	2	50-13.1 L.M.
690	. .	90-95
691	1-2.1	20-179 note
	3.0	20-179
	4.0	20-16.4 Repealed
	4.1	20-179 note
692	1.1	136-175 to 136-184
	1.2	120-70.50 to 120-70.52
	1.3	136-12
	1.4	136-17.2A
	1.5	136-28.4

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
692	1.6	136-41.1
	1.7	136-44.2A
	1.8	136-44.5
	1.9	136-44.7
	1.10	143B-350
	1.11	136-12 note
	1.13	105-445
	1.14	105-446.2
	1.15	105-449.16
	1.16	105-449.43
	1.17	136-176 note
	1.18	136-28.7
	2.1	20-85
	2.2	20-85.1
	2.3	136-44.20
	3.1	105-164.4
	3.2	105-164.3
	3.3	105-164.4
	3.4	105-164.6
	3.5, 3.6	105-164.13
	3.7	105-467
	3.8	105-468
	4.1	105-187.1 to 105-187.10
	4.2	105-187.3
	4.3	105-173 note
	5.1	105-434
	5.2	105-446
	5.3	105-446.1
	5.4	105-446.3
	5.5	105-446.5
	5.6	105-446.6
	5.7	105-449.39
	5.8, 5.9	105-434 note
	5.10	105-449.39 note, 105-449.45 note
	5.11	105-446 note, 105-446.5 note, 105-449.24 note
	5.12	105-446.1 note, 105-446.3 note, 105-449.24 note
	5.13, 5.14	105-449.39 note
	6.1	20-88.01
	6.2	105-449.47
	6.3	20-88.01 note
	7.1	105-163.15
	8.1	136-44.7 note
	8.2	20-85 note, 20-85.1 note, 20-88.01 note, 105-163.15 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-187.1 note, 105-187.3 note, 105-434 note, 105-445 note,
692	8.2	105-446 note, 105-446.1 to 105-446.3 note, 105-446.5 note, 105-446.6 note, 105-446.16 note, 105-446.43 note, 105-449.16 note, 105-449.39 note, 105-449.43 note, 105-449.47 note, 105-467 note, 105-468 note, 136-12 note, 136-28.4 note, 136-41.1 note, 136-44.2A note, 136-44.5 note, 136-44.7 note, 136-175 note, 143B-350 note
	8.3	120-70.50
	8.4(1)	136-175 to 136-184 Repealed, note
	(2)	120-70.50 to 120-70.52 Repealed, note
	(3)	105-445 note
	(4)	105-449.16 note
	(5)	105-449.43 note
	(6)	20-85 note
	(7)	20-85.1 note
	(8)	105-164.4 note
	(9)	105-164.13 note
	(10)	105-187.1 to 105-187.10 Repealed, note
	(11)	105-434 note
693	. .	58-86-45
694	. .	14-17
695	1	143B-181.1A
696	1-3	143B-181.1B
697	1	158-8 L.M.
698	1	130A-148
	2	130A-148 note, 130A-248 note
	3	130A-135
	4	130A-395
699	. .	105A-2
700	1	20-85 note, 20-85.1 note, 136-44.20 note
701	. .	108A-61 Repealed
702	. .	108A-66 Repealed
704	. .	105-212
705	. .	105-275
706	1	160A-395 to 160A-399.13 Repealed
	2	160A-400.1 to 160A-400.14
	3	40A-3

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
706	3.1	105-278
	3.2	160A-395 note, 160A-399.1 note, 160A-400.1 note
	4	160A-395 note, 160A-399.1 note, 160A-400.1 note
707	1, 2	96-4
	3	96-13
	4	96-15
	5	96-14
708	1	160A-20
	2(a)	160A-20 note, 162A-1 note
	(b)	160A-20 note
	3	162A-20 note, 162A-1 note
709	1	87-39
	2	87-41.1
	3	87-42
	4	87-43
	5	87-43.2
	6	87-43.3
	7	87-44
	8	87-44.1
	9	87-47
	10	87-48
710	1, 2	108A-51 note
711	1	20-140.4
	2	20-138.1
712	. .	14-395.1
713	. .	105-159.1
714	. .	55-1-22
715	1	143-170.2 to 143-170.4
	2	143-169.1
	3	143-169.2
716	1	105-130.34
	2	105-151.12
717	1-6	135-5
	7, 8	135-101
	9	135-104
	10	135-105
	11	135-106
	12	135-112
	13	128-7 note, 128-27
	13.1	128-27
718	1	105-147
	2	105-134.6
	3	105-134.6 note, 105-147 note
719	. .	7A-307
720	1	115C-11
	2, 3	115C-11 note
721	1	41A-6
	2	41A-7
	3	41A-9 Repealed
722	1	58-19-1, 58-19-5, 58-19-10, 58-19-15, 58-19-20, 58-19-25, 58-19-30, 58-19-35, 58-19-40, 58-19-45, 58-19-50, 58-19-55, 58-19-60, 58-19-65, 58-19-70
	2	58-124.1 to 58-124.11 Repealed
	3	58-9-1
	3.1	58-7-90
723	1	105-275
	2	105-282.1
	3	105-275 note, 105-282.1 note
724	1	130A-444 to 130A-451
	2	130A-446 note
	3	130A-444 note, 130A-447 note
	4	130A-294.1
	5	130A-444 note, 130A-447 note
725	1	106-65.24
	2	106-65.25
	3	106-65.27
	4	106-65.28
	5	106-65.29
	6	106-65.30
	7	106-65.31
	8	106-65.41
726	. .	162A-87.3
727	1	143B-275 note
	2	143B-275 to 143B-281 Repealed
	3	143B-279.1 to 143B-279.5
	4	143B-281.1
	5	143B-138
	6	143B-430
	7	143B-432
	8	143B-433
	9	20-128
	10	20-183.3
	11	74-51
	12	74-78
	13	76-40
	14	87-88
	15	87-91
	16	87-95
	17	87-96
	18	90A-25
	19	90A-37
	20	90A-38
	21	90A-39
	22	90A-43
	23	90A-55
	24	95-149
	25	100-13
	26	100-14
	27	100-15

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
727	28, 29	105-275
	30	105A-2
	31	110-92
	32	113-1 note
	33	113-8
	34	113-14.1
	35	113-14.3
	36	113-16
	37	113-17
	38	113-18
	39	113-19
	40	113-20
	41	113-21
	42	113-22
	43	113-23
	44	113-26.1
	45	113-28
	46	113-28.1
	47	113-28.2
	48	113-28.23
	49	113-29
	50	113-29.1
	51	113-30
	52	113-31
	53	113-32
	54	113-34
	55	113-35
	56	113-35.1
	57	113-36
	58	113-40
	59	113-44.5
	60	113-51
	61	113-52
	62	113-54
	63	113-55
	64	113-55.1
	65	113-56
	66	113-56.1
	67	113-58
	68	113-59
	69	113-60
	70	113-60.1
	71	113-60.2
	72	113-60.4
	73	113-60.5
	74, 75	113-60.6
	76	113-60.7
	77	113-60.8
	78	113-60.9
	79	113-60.10
	80	113-61
	81	113-62
	82	113-63
	83	113-64
	84	113-65
	85	113-66
	86	113-68
	87	113-70
	88	113-71
	89	113-72
	90	113-73
	91	113-74
	92	113-75
	93	113-76
	94	113-77
	95	113-81.1
	96	113-81.2
	97	113-81.3
	98	113-151.1
	99	113-202
	100	113-203
	101	113-204
	102	113-206
	103	113-207
	104	113-223
	105	113-224
	106	113-226
	107	113-229
	108	113-230
	109	113-251
	110	113-254
	111	113-259
	112	113-268
	113	113-291.4
	114	113-291.6
	115	113-315.9
	116	113-315.18
	117	113-316
	118	113-378
	119	113-379
	120	113-391
	121	113-415
	122	113A-33
	123	113A-36
	124	113A-42
	125	113A-77
	126	113A-103
	127	113A-105
	128	113A-113
	129	113A-116
	130	113A-117
	131	113A-118
	132	113A-119
	133	113A-121
	134	113A-123
	135	113A-124
	136	113A-134.2
	137	113A-134.3
	138	113A-168
	139	120-70.42
	140	120-123
	141	130A-2
	142	130A-231
	143	130A-235
	144	130A-291
	145	130A-310.3
	146	130A-325
	147	130A-335
	148, 149	130A-423
	150	130A-425

1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
727	151	130A-427
	152	130A-430
	153	130A-433
	154	130A-434
	155	130A-440
	156	130A-441
	157, 158	143-138
	159	143-214.6
	160, 161	143-215.1
	162	143-215.7
	163	143-215.26
	164, 165	143-215.86
	166	143-252
	167	143-253
	168	143-320
	169	143-345.6
	170	143-436
	171	143-439
	172	143B-137
	173	143B-139.2
	174	143B-140 Repealed
	175	143B-142 to 143B-146 recodified as 130A-29 to 130A-33
	176	130A-29
	177	130A-30
	178	130A-33
	179	143B-188 to 143B-190 recodified as 130A-131 to 130A-131.2
	180	130A-131.2
	181	143B-202 Repealed, 143B-203 Repealed
	182(a)	143B-204 to 143B-206 recodified as 130A-33.30 to 130A-33.32
	182(b)	130A-33.30 note
	183	130A-33.30
	184	130A-33.31
	185	130A-33.32
	186	143B-216.8, 143B-216.9 recodified as 130A-33.40, 130A-33.41
	187	130A-33.40
	188	130A-33.41
	189	143B-216.10 to 143B-216.15 recodified as 143B-285.10 to 143B-285.15
	190	143B-285.10
	191	143B-285.12
	192	143B-285.14
	193	143B-290
	194	143B-294
	195	143B-300
	196, 197	143B-301
	198	143B-390
	199	143B-305 to 143B-307 recodified as 143B-437.1 to 143B-437.3
	200	143B-437.1
	201	143B-437.2
	202	143B-344.11 to 143B-344.15 recodified as 143B-438.1 to 143B-438.5
	203	143B-438.4
	204	153A-225
	205	153A-226
	206	159G-3
	207	159G-6
	208	159G-8
	209	159G-14
	210	159G-17
	211	161-14.3
	212	162A-23
	213, 214	162A-24
	215	162A-25
	216, 217	162A-29
	218	7A-343.1, 14-131, 14-137, 15A-1343, 20-81, 47-30, 53A-2, 58-78-1, 66-58, 68-43, 69-25.5, 74-38, 74-49, 74-53, 74-76, 75A-5.1, 75A-17, 76-40, 77-13, 77-14, 87-85, 87-94, 90A-37, 90A-38, 90A-39, 90A-43, 100-2, 100-11, 100-12, 102-1.1, 102-8, 102-10, 102-15, 102-17, 104G-22, 105-122, 105-130.10, 105-130.34, 105-147, 105-151.12, 105-277.7, 106-202.14, 106-202.17, 113-1, 113-28.4, 113-44.4, 113-44.9, 113-60.14, 113-60.15, 113-60.22, 113-60.32, 113-60.33, 113-77.6, 113-128, 113-389, 113A-52, 113A-74, 113A-75, 113A-85, 113A-104, 113A-107, 113A-112, 113A-129.2, 113A-153, 113A-164.3, 113A-166, 113A-167,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
727	218	113A-169, 113A-170, 113A-177, 113A-178, 113A-183, 113A-193, 113A-194, 113A-208, 113A-212, 113B-3, 120-150, 120-161, 121-4, 122E-4, 126-5, 130A-294, 130B-22, 136-21, 136-44.12, 136-102.3, 139-5, 139-7, 139-8, 139-13, 139-46, 143-116.8, 143-166.2, 143-166.7, 143-166.13, 143-169, 143-177.3, 143-211, 143-212, 143-215.3A, 143-215.3B, 143-215.16, 143-215.18, 143-215.40, 143-215.70, 143-215.74F, 143-215.77, 143-215.94HH, 143-240, 143-243, 143-286.1, 143-289, 143-323, 143-345.6, 143-350, 143-355, 143-370, 143A-11, 143B-2, 143B-6, 143B-86, 143B-115, 143B-130, 143B-131, 143B-181, 143B-282, 143B-283, 143B-289.2, 143B-289.3, 143B-289.4, 143B-289.5, 143B-289.11, 143B-289.12, 143B-295, 143B-298, 143B-299, 143B-308, 143B-309, 143B-311, 143B-312, 143B-317, 143B-318, 143B-333, 143B-334, 143B-335, 143B-336, 143B-407, 143B-411.1, 143B-417, 143B-426.22, 143B-437, 146-8, 146-30, 148-26, 156-59, 156-74, 156-76, 156-83, 159C-7, 159D-7, 161-22.2
	219	20-4.01, 20-139.1, 48-29, 48-36, 51-11, 75-6, 90-233, 90A-21 to 90A-24, 90A-28,
727	219	90A-30, 95-126, 95-131, 97-61.1, 104E-5, 104E-7 to 104E-9, 104E-10.1, 104E-13, 104E-15, 104E-17, 104E-24, 104F-4, 104G-11, 105-122, 105-130.10, 105-147, 106-65.23, 106-168.5, 106-266.6, 115C-522, 130A-310.8, 130B-2, 143-300.8, 148-10, 159C-7, 159D-7, 162A-33, 162A-35, 166A-6.1
	220	95-225
	222	143-214.6 note, 143-355 note
	223(b)	113A-134.10
	223(c)	143B-138
	223-225	143B-279.1 note
	226	150B-59 note
	227	143B-279.1 note
728	1.1	105-133
	1.2	105-134
	1.3	105-135 to 105-149 Repealed
	1.4	105-134.1 to 105-134.8
	1.5	105-151
	1.6	105-151.1
	1.7	105-151.2
	1.8	105-151.4 Repealed
	1.9	105-151.5
	1.10	105-151.6
	1.11	105-151.6A Repealed
	1.12	105-151.7
	1.13	105-151.8
	1.14	105-151.9
	1.15	105-151.10
	1.16	105-151.11
	1.17	105-151.12
	1.18	105-151.13
	1.19	105-151.14
	1.20	105-151.15
	1.21	105-151.16 Repealed
	1.22	105-151.18, 105-151.19
	1.23	105-152
	1.24	105-152.1
	1.25	105-154
	1.26	105-155
	1.27	105-156
	1.28	105-156.1 Repealed
	1.29	105-157
	1.30	105-158
	1.31	105-159
	1.32	105-159.1
	1.33	105-130.3, 105-131 to

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
728	1.33	105-131.8 note
	1.34	105-141, 105-147
	1.35	105-131 to 105-131.8
	1.36	105-160
	1.37	105-161 to 105-163 Repealed
	1.38	105-160.1 to 105-160.8
	1.39	105-163.02
	1.40	105-163.1
	1.41	105-163.2
	1.42	105-163.3
	1.43	105-163.5
	1.44	105-163.10
	1.45	105-163.16
	1.46	105-203
	1.47	105-259
	1.48	105-266
	2.1	105-131 to 105-131.8 note, 105-133 to 105-135 note, 105-141 note, 105-147 note, 105-151 to 105-151.2 note, 105-151.4 to 105-151.16 note, 105-152 note, 105-154 to 105-159.1 note, 105-160 to 105-163 note, 105-163.02 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-163.2 note, 105-163.3 note, 105-163.5 note, 105-163.10 note, 105-163.16 note, 105-203 note
	2.20	105-163.15 note
729	1	58-54-1 to 58-54-40
	2	58-262.13 to 58-262.19 Repealed
730	1	74D-2
	2	74D-3
	3	74D-4
	4	74D-7
	5	74D-8
	6	74D-9
	7	74D-10
	8	74D-11
731	1	135-5
	2	128-27
	3	128-27 note, 135-5 note
732	1	85B-4
	2	85B-4.1
	3	85B-4.2
	4	85B-5
	5	85B-8
733	1	7A-313
	2	153A-97
734	. .	14-18.1
735	1	159B-25 note
	2	159B-25
736	1	105-277.3
	2	105-277.7
	3	105-289
	4	105-277.3 note, 105-277.7 note, 105-289 note
737	1	18B-1100
	2	18B-1114.1
	3	18B-902
738	1	58-60-35
	2	90-210.31
739	. .	75A-32 to 75A-49
740	1	160A-600 to 160A-621
	1.1	40A-3
	2	159-81
	3	159-44
	4	159-48
	5	159-51
	6	159-85
741	1	162A-93
	2	160A-317
742	1	75A-10
	2	75A-18
	3	76-40
	4	130A-22
	5	130A-290
	6	130A-294
	7	143-213
	8	143-214.2A
	9	75A-10 note, 75A-18 note, 76-40 note, 130A-22 note, 130A-290 note, 130A-294 note, 143-213 note, 143-214.2A note
743	1	153A-132.2
	2	160A-303.2
	3	20-219.10
744	1	131E-154.1 to 131E-154.8
	2	120-181 note
	3	131E-154.1 note
745	8	143-128 note
746	1	66-209 to 66-216
	2, 3	66-189 note
747	. .	1C-1701 to 1C-1708
748	. .	105-164.13
749	1	136-28.6 note
	2, 3	136-28.1
750	1	58-78-1, 58-78-5, 58-78-10, 58-78-15, 58-78-20
	2	58-27.30 note
	3	95-148

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
750	4	120-123
751	1	143B-427 note
	2	143B-431
	3	143B-431 note
	4	143B-433.1 to 143B-433.3
	5	143-323
	6	143B-431.1
	7	20-81.3, 54-109.11, 54B-4, 58-78-5, 65-49, 105-130.40, 105-151.17, 105-228.24A 113-28.23, 113B-11, 114-4.2D, 122E-4, 126-5, 130B-6, 143-166.13, 143.169.2, 143A-11, 143B-2, 143B-6, 143B-390, 143B-417, 143B-426.39, 143B-427 to 143B-430, 143B-432 to 143B-437.2, 143B-438.4, 143B-439, 143B-443, 143B-448, 143B-450, 143B-450.1, 143B-471, 143B-475, 147-69.1, 150B-1, 150B-38, 159-30, 159C-4, 159C-7, 159C-8, 159D-4, 159D-7, 159D-8
	8	20-81, 54B-53, 54B-238, 54B-240, 54B-241, 54B-246, 54B-247, 54B-248, 54B-249, 105-130.40, 105-151.17, 113-28.23, 113-315.25, 113-315.26, 113-315.34, 113A-105, 113B-3, 130B-6, 143B-285.12, 143B-426.31, 143B-430, 143B-437.1, 143B-437.2, 143B-438.4, 143B-439, 143B-449, 143B-451, 143B-452, 146-45, 159C-7, 159D-7
	9	143B-427 note
	10	143B-431 note
	11	121-4
	12	20-183.3 note
	13	113A-134.2,
751	13	113A-134.3
	14	143-345.6
	15	130A-131 Repealed, 130A-131.5
	16	122E-4 note, 143-355 note
	17	150B-59 note
	18	143-169.2
	19	143B-390
	20	143B-285.12 note
	21	150B-59 note
	22	143B-431 note
752	20	143-12
	21(a)	143-204.8
	22(a)	135-39.5
	(b)	135-40
	(c), (d)	135-40.1
	(e), (f)	135-40.2
	(g), (h)	135-40.6
	(i)-(k)	135-40.6
	(l)	135-40.7A
	(m)	135-40.8
	(n)	135-40.8
	(o)	135-40.10
	(p)	135-40.11
	23(a)	147-11
	(b)	147-11
	26	120-3
	27, 28	120-37
	31(a)	7A-101
	32	7A-102
	33	7A-171.1
	39(c)	53-93.1
	(d)	113-315.26
	40(e)	115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	41(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	128-27
	(d)	120-4.22A
	(f)	128-27 note, 135-5 note
	44	143-23
	45	143-47.15 Repealed
	46(a)	143-10.2
	(b)	143-10.2 note
	47	143-16.3
	48	143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	49	143-11
	51	14-250 note
	52(b)	105-164.44C
	(c)	105-213.1
	(d)	105-275.1
	(e)	105-275.1 note

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
752	(f)	105-277A
	(g)	105-277.1A
	54	143-6.1
	65(b)	115C-47
	(c)	115C-12
	(d)	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note
	66(a)	115C-296
	(b)	115C-118
	73(a), (b)	115C-285 note
	74	115C-363.1 note
	77(a)	115C-174.18, 115C-174.19
	78(a)	115C-21
	82	96-5 note
	83(b)	115D-8
	84	150B-13 note
	85	115D-39
	88	115D-5 note, 115D-20 note
	90	126-4 note
	99	20-63 note, 105-164.4 note
	101	136-82
	102	136-97
	104	143B-92 note
	105(a)	136-44.27 note
	(b)	136-44.27 note
	109(a)	143B-475.1
	(b)	20-179.4
	114	20-190.3
	133	108A-55 note
	141	111-28
	147	106-756 to 106-760
	148(a)	106-765 to 106-777
	(b)	106-772 note
	(c)	120-123
	151	143B-472.30 to 143B-472.32
	154	143B-336.1
	156(a)	113A-34
	(b)	113A-35.2
	(d)	113-28.1 note
	159	105-164.44B
	163	143-1 note
	166	115C-285 note, 115D-20 note, 113-28.1 note
753	1-4	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note
	4.1(a), (b)	105-130.40
	(c), (d)	105-151.17
	4.2	105-130.40 note, 105-151.17 note
	5	143B-411.1 note
754	14	96-5 note
	28(a)	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note
	40(b)-(m)	143B-472.35
	53	122E-4
	54	143B-437A
755	1	115D-72
	2	20-87
	3	58-36-65
756	1	159I-1 to 159I-30
	2	159-13
	3	159-7
	4	159-35
	5	159-123
	6	159-148
	7	159-165
	8	105-198
	9	105-198 note, 105-213 note, 159-7 note, 159-13 note, 159-35 note, 159-123 note, 159-148 note, 159-165 note, 159I-1 note
	11	105-213
757	1	17C-2
	2	17C-3
	3	17C-4
	4	17C-6
	5	17C-7
	6	17C-10
	7	17C-11
	8	17C-13
758	1	58-64-1 to 58-64-80
	2	131E-215 to 131E-224 Repealed
	3, 4	58-765 note, 131E-215 note
	5	58-765 note
759	1	74C-1
	2	74C-2
	3	74C-3
	4	74C-4
	5	74C-5
	6	74C-8
	7	74C-9
	8	74C-10
	9	74C-11
	10	74C-12
	11	74C-13
	12	74C-15
	13	74C-16
	14	74C-17

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
759	15	74C-18
	16	74C-21
	17	74C-31
760	1	20-81
	2	20-81.1
	3	20-37.6
	4	20-81 note, 20-81.1 note
761	2	153A-230.2
	3	148-32.1
	4	153A-230.3
	5	153A-230.5
	6	15A-1352
	7	153A-230.3
762	1	120-4.12
	2	128-26
	3	135-4
763	. .	7A-273
764	1	90A-53 note
	2	130A-35
	3	130A-37
	4	130A-35 note, 130A-37 note
	5	130A-340
	6, 7	130A-335
	8	130A-341
	9	130A-342
	10	130A-343
765	. .	113A-35.1
766	1	143-215.2
	2	143-215.110
767	1	165-20
	2	165-21
	3, 4	165-22
768	. .	115C-512
769	. .	105-228.23
770	1	7A-60
	2	14-288.12
	3	14-415.1
	4	15A-1383
	5	7A-144
	6	18B-801
	7	20-130
	8	28A-14-1
	9	28A-21-2
	10	44A-4
	11	62-38
	12(a)-(c)	78C-2
	(d)	78C-60
	13	87-58
	14	87-59
	15	75-50
	16	90-88
	17	90-294
	18, 19	96-8
	20	96-9
	21	96-10
	22	96-13
	24	106-277.17
770	25	106-418.7
	26	106-549.55
	27	106-568.8
	28	106-661
	29	108A-101
	30	58-87-1
	31	135-5
	32	135-40.6
	33	135-40.6A
	34	135-40.7A
	35	135-40.13
	36	159G-3, 159G-4, 159G-6, 159G-8, 159G-10, 159G-12
	37	160A-71
	38	163-275
	40	120-20.1
	41	143-117.1
	41.1	105-159.1, 105-159.1 note
	41.3	105-134.6 note
	42	53-2
	43	153A-58 L.M.
	44	143-64.33
	45	128-21 note
	47	113A-129.3
	48	58-84-1 note
	49	18B-1006
	51	58-70-30
	52	58-70-65
	53	163-278.10A
	54	147-69.2
	55	104G-6 note
	56	7A-60
	57	20-16.1
	58	143B-501
	60	143B-426.40
	62	66-190 to 66-196 recodified as 66-200 to 66-206
	62.1	66-189 to 66-196 recodified as 66-209 to 66-216
		63-143B-181.10
	66	20-127
	68	90-95
	68.1(a)	105-151.19
	(b)	105-151.19 note
	68.2	136-176
	69	55-13-25
	70	58-15-140
	71	58-15-150
	72	58-48-20
	72.1	58-30-75
	74.1(a)	20-79
	(b)	20-79 note
	74.2	20-87
	74.3	20-87
	74.4	105-164.4
	74.5	20-88.01

1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
770	74.6	136-176
	74.7	136-17.2A
	74.8	105-187.10
	74.9	105-187.6
	74.10	105-187.6
	74.11	20-85
	74.12	136-44.8 recodified as 136-28.7
	74.13	105-187.3
	74.14, 74.15	136-28.7
	74.16	136-12
	74.17	143-128 note, 143-132 note
	75	130A-415
	75.1	90-14.11
	75.2	105A-2
	75.3	163-132.5A
	75.4	143-215.94CC
	75.5	143-215.94N to 143-215.94W recodified as 143-215.94AA to 143-215.94JJ
771	1	20-4.01
	2	20-37.10 to 20-37.23
	3	20-17.4
	4	20-28
	5	20-7
	6	20-218
	7	20-9
	8	20-30
	9	20-26
	10	20-24
	11	20-17
	12	20-138.2
	13, 14	20-16.2
	15, 16	20-16.5
	17	20-26
	18	20-4.01, 20-4.01 note, 20-7 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-17.4 Repealed, 20-19, 20-26, 20-138.2 Repealed, 20-138.4 note
772	1	105-113.105 to 105-113.112
	2	114-18.1
	3	114-19
	4	90-112
	6	105-113.90 note
773	1	145-13
	2	14-81
	3	14-82
774	1	20-81.3
	2	20-80.1
	3	20-81.5
	4	20-81.10
	5	20-81.11

1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
775	1, 2	58-51-80
	3	58-51-110
	4	58-65-60
	5	58-67-85
776	2, 3	58-67-5
	4-8	58-67-10
	9	58-67-40
	10	57B-11 Repealed
	11, 12	58-67-110
	13	58-67-115 to 58-67-130, 58-67-135
	14	58-67-145
	15	58-67-5
778	1, 2	115C-238.1 note
	3	115C-238.1 to 115C-238.6
	4, 5	115C-174.11
	6	115C-12
	7(a)	115C-363.1 note, 115C-363.28 note
	(b)	115C-238.1 note, 115C-363.1 note, 115C-363.28 note,
	(c)	115C-238.1 note, 115C-363.1 note
	(d)	115C-363.11 note
	(e)	115C-363.3
	(f)	115C-363.8 note
	8	115C-238.1 note
780	1	160A-479 to 160A-479.17
	1.1	105-164.14
	2	159-81
781	40, 40.1	143B-181.9A
	41	143-4
	41.1	53-92
	41.2	62-10
	41.3	62-15
782	1	105-164.13 note
	2	1-539.21
	3	1-539.21 note, 105-164.13 note
783	2, 3	7A-308
	4	7A-308
	5	7A-308.1
784	1	130A-290
	2	130A-309.01 to 130A-309.28
	3	130A-309.51 to 130A-309.62
	4	90-113.4A Repealed
	5	120-70.44
	6	136-28.7
	7	14-399.1 Repealed
	7.1	14-399 note
	8	14-399
	9	20-16
	10	130A-309.1 note, 130A-309.4 note
	13	130A-290 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 General Statutes
784	13	130A-309.1 note
	14	130A-309.51 note, 130A-309.57 note
	15	130A-309.51 note
786	1	7A-304
	2	7A-305
	3	7A-308
	4	20-7
787	1	62-302
	2	62-301 Repealed
	3, 5	62-301 note
788	. .	105-446.2
789	1	58-40-10
	2	58-1-15
790	1	20-115.1
	2	20-116
	3, 3.1	20-115.1
791	. .	135-3
792	1.1	105-134.6
	1.2	105-134.1
	2.1	58-86.90
	2.2	120-4.29
	2.3	127A-40
	2.4	128-31
	2.5	135-9
	2.6	135-95
	2.7	143-166.30
	2.8	143-166.60
	2.9	143-166.85
	2.10	147-9.4
	2.11	161-50.5
	3.1-3.3	135-5
	3.4-3.6	128-27
	3.8	128-27 note, 135-5 note
793	1-6	58-84-1 note
795	15(a)	7A-494, 7A-495
	(b)	50-13.1
	(c)	7A-41 note, 7A-494 note
	22(a)	7A-41
	(b)	7A-41 note
	23(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	(c1)	7A-293
	(c2)	7A-199
	(d)	7A-133
795	23(e)	7A-133 note
	(h)	7A-133
	(i)	7A-133 note
	24(a)	7A-60
	(b)	7A-60 note
	(e)	7A-60
	25(a)	7A-474.1 to 7A-474.5
	27.1	7A-39.14
796	. .	126-7
797	. .	130A-385
798	. .	115C-89
799	9	20-115.1 note
	10	160A-610 note
	12(a)	136-44.2
	(b)	136-44.12
	13	159G-3
	17	143-10.2 note
	21	136-175 note
	26	146-30
	27(a)	7A-101
	31(a)	119-18 note
	33	105-187.9
800	1	18B-102
	2	18B-1101
	3	18B-1102
	4	18B-1104
	5	18B-1105
	6	18B-208
	7	18B-902
	8	18B-903
	9, 10	18B-904
	11, 12	18B-1001
	13, 14	18B-1002
	15	18B-1007
	16, 17	18B-1207
	18	18B-1006
	19	18B-700
	21	18B-800
801	. .	115C-81
802	10.1	120-70.70 to 120-70.75
	10.3	120-70.7 to 120-70.14 Repealed
	12.1	120-70.60 to 120-70.66

SESSION LAWS OF 1989, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	Preamble	130B-5 note, 130B-24 note
1	1	130B-24
	4	130B-24 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1990, EX. SESS.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1-33	148-4.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1989 (REG. SESS., 1990)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
803	1	78A-16
	2	78A-18
805	. .	53-127
806	2	54B-30, 54B-33
	3	54B-48.2
	4	54B-48.3
	5	54B-56
	6	54B-61
	7	54B-77
	8	54B-109
	9	54B-121
	10	54B-154
	11	54B-194
	12	54B-195
	13	54B-210
	14	54B-216
	15	54B-236
	16	54B-156
	17	54B-10
	18	54B-14
	19	54B-20
	20	54B-40
	21	54B-261
811	. .	113-291.4A
813	3	105-116
	4	105-120
	5	105-113.82
	6	105-198
	7	105-213
	8	105-213.1
	9	105-113.82 note, 105-116 note, 105-120 note, 105-198 note, 105-213 note
	10	147-69.1
	11	147-69.2
	12	147-69.1 note, 147-69.2 note
	13	105-164.3
	14, 15	105-164.4
	16	105-113.82 note, 105-116 note, 105-120 note, 105-213 note
814	1	105-33
	2	105-38
	3	105-53
	4	105-90.1 Repealed
	5	105-109.1
	6	105-113.110
	7	105-113.110A
	8	114-18.1
	9	114-19
	10	105-116
	11	105-120
	12	105-130.7
	13	105-130.27
	14	105-130.40
	15	105-134.1
	16	105-134.2
	17	105-151
	18	105-151.8
	19	105-154
	20	105-156
	21	105-160.2
	22	105-163.1 note
	23	105-163.16
	24	105-188
	25	105-204
	26	105-212
	27	105-228.5
	28	105-269.4
	29	105-277.3
	30	20-80.1
	31	20-81.3
	32	20-81.5
	33	20-81.10
	34	20-81.11
815	. .	7A-517
819	. .	115C-35 L.M.
820	. .	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
822	1	20-129
	2	20-123.2
	3	20-123.2 note, 20-129 note
823	1, 2	122C-261
	4	122C-263 note
	5	122C-265 note
	6	122C-266
	7	122C-268
	8	122C-271
	9	122C-273
	10	122C-274
	11	122C-3
824	1	115D-95
	2	116-15
	3	86A-22
	4	88-23.1
	5	90-171.55
	6	88-23.1 note
825	. .	90-85.7
826	1	14-309.5
	2	14-309.14

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
827	1	93A-72
	2	93A-73
	3	93A-78
	4	93A-71.1 Repealed
	5	93A-72
	6	93A-73
	7	93A-74
	8	93A-78
	9	93A-79
	10	93A-80
	11	93A-81
	12	146-22.2
	13	93A-78 note
	15	146-22.2 note
829	. .	143-138 L.M.
830	1	20-87
	2	20-87 note
831	. .	160A-265 L.M.
832	. .	160A-265 L.M.
833	1, 2	160A-265 L.M.
834	. .	14-111.3
835	. .	157-5 L.M.
836	. .	153A-238, 153A-239.1
837	2	113-133.1
	3	113-1 L.M.
839	2	40A-3 L.M., 153A-274 L.M.
	3	160A-360 L.M.
	4	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
841	3	160A-360 L.M.
	4	160A-33 L.M., 160A-41 L.M.
842	1	87-16
	2	87-19
	3	87-21
	4	87-22
	5	87-23
	6	87-24
	7	87-25
843	. .	113-271 L.M.
844	. .	95-138
845	1	53-17.2
	2	54B-46
	3	53-17.2 note, 54B-46 note
	4	53-17.2 note, 54B-46 note
847	1	160A-265 note
848	1	53A-46
	2	105-163.010
	3	105-163.011
	4	105-163.012
	5	147-69.2
849	1	40A-3 L.M.
850	1	143B-301 note
851	1	7A-289.29
	2	7A-289.29 note
852	1	113-291 L.M., 153A-129 L.M.
853	. .	160A-360 L.M.
854	. .	153A-238, 153A-239.1
856	1	14-250 L.M.
859	. .	160A-446 L.M.
862	. .	160A-167 L.M.
863	1	153A-335 L.M.
865	1	780-71 to 78C-81
	2(a)	78C-71 note
	(b), (c)	78C-72 note
866	1	54B-129
	2	54B-130
	3	54B-139
	4	53-146.1
	5	53-146.2
	6	53-146.3
	7	54-109.58
	8	54-109.57
	9	54-109.63
867	. .	160A-272 L.M.
868	1	143B-138 note
869	1, 2	113-206
	3	105-151.12
871	1	40A-42
872	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
873	. .	160A-216 L.M.
874	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
875	1	160A-216 L.M.
877	1	115D-87
	2	115D-88
	3	115D-89
	4	115D-90
	5	115D-91
	6	115D-92
	7	115D-93
	8	115D-96
	9	115D-97
880	1	143-215.1 note, 143-215.3 note
	2, 3	106-583 note, 130A-309.01 note, 130A-309.03 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.3 note, 143A-56 note
881	1	53-166
	2	53-245, 53-246, 53-247, 53-248, 53-249, 53-250, 53-251, 53-252, 53-253, 53-254
	3	53-99
	4	53-245 note
882	1, 2	160A-58.1 L.M.
885	. .	153A-158 L.M.
886	. .	115C-1 L.M., 163-1 L.M.
888	1	153A-421, 153A-422, 153A-423, 153A-424, 153A-425, 153A-426,

1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990)		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
888	1	153A-427, 153A-428, 153A-429, 153A-430, 153A-431, 153A-432
	2	159I-3
	3	153A-421 note, 153A-430 note
889	. .	143-135.26
890		120-93.1, 120-94
	2	120-93.1 note
891	1	41-2
	2	41-2.2
	3	41-2 note, 41-2.2 note
892	. .	90-43
893	. .	20-97 L.M.
894	1	160A-3 L.M., 160A-4 L.M.
895	5	18B-100 L.M., 18B-501 L.M., 18B-601 L.M., 18B-701 L.M.
	11.1	160A-265 L.M.
898	. .	15B-11
899	. .	120-111.1
900	. .	143B-417
901	. .	105-472 L.M.
903	. .	115C-1 L.M.
904	. .	160A-384 L.M.
905	. .	153A-293
906	1	113A-54.2
	2	113A-54.2 note
907	1	116-143.4
	2	116-143.4 note
908	1	105-433
	2	105-449.5
909	1	113-270.2
	2	113-271
910	. .	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
911	. .	153A-238, 153A-239.1
912	. .	160A-553 L.M.
913	. .	158-7.1 L.M.
914	. .	95-111.12
915	1	115D-5(b)
916	1	20-71.3
	2	20-71.4(a)
917	. .	58-84-1 note
919	. .	160A-216 L.M.
921	13	160A-216 L.M.
923	1	153A-185
	2	153A-206
	3	153A-206 note
924	. .	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
925	1	143-128 L.M.
	2	160A-218 L.M.
926	. .	113-271
928	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
929	1	113-291 L.M. 153A-129 L.M.
930	. .	58-84-35 L.M.
931	. .	58-84-1 L.M.
932	. .	69-25.1 L.M.
933	1-14	148-4.1 note
	6(4)	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 note, 148-1 note, 148-4.1 note
	10-14	148-4.1 note
935	1-5	134A-1 note
	6(a)(4)	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 note
	7-10	134A-1 note
936	1(a)	116-1 note
	(b)	116-36.3 Repealed
	(c)	116-36.1
	3(a), (b)	143-53
	(c)	143-53.1
	(e)	143-56
	4	105-164.14
	5(a)	143-27
	(b)	143-27 note
	7	116-1 note
	8	116-36.1 note
937	1	62-302 note
938	. .	153A-293
940	. .	153A-293
941	1, 2	58-33-25
	3	58-33-30
	4, 5	58-33-125
	6	58-33-130
	7	58-33-30
	8	58-54-15
	9	58-55-30
	10	58-33-25 note, 58-33-30 note, 58-33-125 note
942	2	159-7 L.M.
943	1	69-25.1 L.M.
	2	69-25.15 L.M.
944	. .	143B-290
945	1	105-164.16
	2	105-164.21A
	3	105-116

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
945	4	105-120
	5	105-163.1
	6	105-163.1A
	7	105-163.2
	8	105-163.3
	9	105-163.4
	10	105-163.6
	11	105-163.7
	12	105-163.8
	13	105-163.9
	14	105-163.17
	15	105-259
	16	105-116 note, 105-120 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-163.1A note, 105-163.2 note, 105-163.3 note, 105-163.4 note, 105-163.6 note, 105-163.7 note, 105-163.8 note, 105-163.9 note, 105-163.17 note, 105-164.16 note, 105-164.21A note, 105-259 note
	17	105-116, 105-116 note, 105-120, 105-120 note
946	1	105A-3
	2	105A-6
	3	105A-13
	4	7A-450.3 note, 7A-455 note, 105A-2 note, 105A-3 note, 105A-6 note
	5, 6	7A-455
948	1	135-92
	2	135-91
949	1	31-37.1
	2	31-37.1 note
950	1	153A-340 L.M., 153A-341 L.M., 153A-342 L.M.
951	1	143.215.6 (a)(6) recodified as 143-215.6A(1)
	2	143-215.6A recodified as 143-215.6D
952	. .	143B-471.4
953	. .	11-11
954	1-6	143-212 note, 143-215.1 note, 153A-285 note, 153A-287 note, 162A-7 note
957	1	18B-100 L.M., 58-84-1 L.M., 105-357 L.M.,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
957	1	160A-70 L.M., 160A-216 L.M., 160A-314 L.M.
	1(2.4)	160A-70 L.M.
	(5.3)	160A-216 L.M.
	(6.1)	160A-314 L.M.
	(6.2)	105-357 L.M.
	(6.5)	18B-100 L.M.
	(6.6)	58-84-1 L.M.
	2, 3	143-212 note
	5	18B-100 L.M.
958	1	113-202.2
	2	113-202 note, 113-202.2 note
	3	113-202.2 note
959	1	156-82.2
	2	156-79
	3	156-81
	4	156-93.1
	5	156-82.3
	6	156-81.1
	7	156-79 note, 156-81 note, 156-81.1 note, 156-82.2 note, 156-82.3 note, 156-93.1 note
	8	156-82.2 note, 156-82.3 note
960	1, 2	105-360 note, 105-380 note, 105-381 note
962	1	136-18
	2	136-19
	3	136-19.5
	4	62-133
	5	62-36B
	6	136-19.5 note
	7	159-34 L.M.
963	7	159-34 L.M.
964	. .	166A-6.1
965	. .	116-11
966	1	108A-29
	2	108A-30
	3	108A-39.2 Repealed
968	. .	90-210.28
970	1	105-3
973	1	153A-15
974	. .	153A-293
976	1	143-215.28A
	2	143-215.3A
977	1	48-21
	2	48-21 note
978	1	87-16
	2	87-21
979	1(1)	41A-3
	(2)	41A-7
	(3)	41A-8
	(4)	143B-391 note
	(5)	143-422.3
	(6)	143B-391

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
979	(7)	143B-392
	(8)	143B-433.2
	2	143-422.3, 143B-391 note
	3	41A-4
	4	41A-6
	5, 6	41A-7
980	1	160A-384
	2	153A-343
	3	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note
981	1	105-2.1
	2	105-114
	3	105-130.2
	4	105-131
	5	105-134.1
	6	105-163.1
	7	105-212
982	1	159-1 L.M.
983	..	160A-265 L.M.
984	1	105-131.4
	2	105-151.19
	3	105-131 note, 105-133 note, 105-151.19 note
	4	105-134.6
	5	105-151.18
	6	105-151.20
	7	105-129
	8	105-130.17
	9	105-130.19
	10	105-155
	11	105-157
	12	105-160.6
	13	105-160.7
	14	105-263
	15	105-163.38
	16	105-163.40
985	1	97-116.1 note
	2	97-116.1
	3	97-116.1 note
987	1	113A-119
	2	113A-119.1
	3	113A-119.1 note
988	1	90-210.40 to 90-210.50
	2	90-210.40 note, 90-210.50 note
989	..	105-164.13
991	1	163-227
	2	163-227.2
	3	163-69.1
	4	163-231
992	..	32A-14
993	1	69-25.1 L.M.
994	..	143B-262
995	1	1A-1, Rule 8
	2	7A-377
996	2	160A-385.1
996	5	153A-344
	6	153A-344.1
	7	153A-344.1 note
997	1	115D-1 note, 116-1 note
998	..	160A-266 L.M.
999	12	105-164.14 L.M.
1000	..	122D-1 note, 122D-6, 122D-10, 122D-12, 122D-14, 122D-15, 122D-17
1001	1	106-245.32
	2	106-245.33
	3	106-245.34
	4	106-245.35
	5	106-245.38
1002	1	105-115 Repealed
	2	105-134.6
1003	1	143B-179.5, 143B-179.6
	2	122C-3
	3	122C-112
	4	122C-146
	5	115C-146.1, 115C-146.2, 115C-146.3, 115C-146.4
	6	115C-146.1 note, 115C-146.2 note, 115C-146.3 note, 115C-146.4 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-146 note, 143B-179.5 note
1004	1	66-58
	2	90-85.34A
	3	104G-21
	4	113-202.1
	5	104E-6.1
	6	130A-101
	7, 8	130A-291
	9	130A-310.5
	10	130A-310.7
	11	130A-310.22
	12	130A-342
	13	130B-15
	14	143-439
	15, 16	143-214.5 note
	17	143-215.1
	18	143-350
	19(a)	143B-279.4
	(b)	87-95, 102-15, 102-15 note, 104E-18 note, 113-44.4, 113-44.9, 113A-52, 113A-54, 113A-85, 113A-164.3, 113A-166, 113A-177, 113A-178, 113A-193, 113A-194, 113B-3,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1004	19(b)	113B-3 note, 130A-310.8, 143-212, 143B-131, 143B-279.5, 143B-299, 143B-301, 161-22.2, 162A-33
	20	159I-3
	21	159I-7
	22, 23	159I-15
	24, 25	159I-16
	26	159I-30
	28	90A-53 note
	29	143-260.10 note
	30	143-260.10
	32	143B-432
	33	143B-432 note
	34(a)	108B
	(b)	108B-1 note
	(c)	113-28.21 to 113-28.26 recodified as 108B-21 to 108B-26
	35	108B-23
	36	150B-1
	37	130A-342
	38	104G-13
	39	104G-21
	40	130B-21
	41	104E-8
	42	153A-285
	43	162A-2
	44	162A-7
	45	162A-9
	46	162A-15
	47	153A-430
	47.1	159I-3
	48	143-215.6(b)(4) recodified as 143-215.6B
	49	143-215.114(b) recodified as 143-215.114B
	50	130A-29
	51	130A-30
	52, 53	74-24.4
	54	74-82
	55	75A-6
	56	110-91
	57	143B-181.9A
	58	159G-3
	59	108B-21 note
1005	1, 2	105-290
	3-5	153A-149
	6, 7	160A-209
	8	105-357
	9	105-236
1006	1	160A-265 L.M.
	3	158-7.1 L.M.
1008	1	115C-37 L.M.
1009	1	153A-136
1009	2	160A-192
	3	153A-292
	4	130A-309.09
1010	1	15A-1343
	2	15A-1343 note, 15A-1343.1 note
	3	15A-1343.1
1011	1	20-106.2
	2	20-106.2 note
1012	2	160A-23.1
	3	163-291
	4	163-294.2
1013	1	88-12.1
	2	88-26
	3	88-28
	4	88-12.1 note
1014	1	143-214.5 note, 130A-295.1 note
1015	1	28A-25-6
	2	105-24
1016	. .	20-97 L.M.
1017	. .	153A-293
1020	1	20-125
	2	20-130.1
1021	1	58-15-140
	2	58-57-100
	3	58-1-15
	4	58-2-105
	5	143-151.13
	6	58-30-60
	7	58-4-20 recodified as 58-2-220
	8	58-33-35
	9	58-33-125
	10	58-36-80
	11	20-11
	13	58-2-105 note
1022	1	14-190.17A
	2	14-190.13
	3	14-190.17A note
1023	1	67-4.1, 67-4.2, 67-4.3, 67-4.4, 67-4.5
	2	67-4.1 note
1024	1	143-214.5 note
	2	135-40.8
	3	7A-249, 53-67, 53-135, 54-142, 54B-7, 55B-2, 55B-3, 55B-4, 55B-5
	4(a)	17C-2
	(b)	17C-6
	5	18B-101
	6	20-28.2
	7	20-64.1
	8(a)-(c)	25-1-201
	(d)	25-5-114
	(e),(f)	25-9-103
	(g)	25-9-105
	(h)	25-9-203
	(i)	25-9-302

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1024	8(j)	25-9-304,
	(k)	25-9-304, 25-9-305
	(l)	25-9-304
	(m),(n)	25-9-309
	(o)	25-9-312
	9(a)	25-8-102
	(b)	25-8-201
	(c)	25-8-308
	(d)	25-8-403
	10(a)	25-9-203
	(b)	66-164
	11	31B-7
	11.1	45-21.44
	12.1(a)	55-1-20
	(b)	55-15-03
	12.2	55-1-25
	12.3	55-1-26
	12.4	55-1-40
	12.5	55-4-01
	12.6	55-5-03
	12.7	55-6-21
	12.8	55-6-23
	12.9	55-6-40
	12.10	55-7-21.1
	12.11	55-7-28
	12.12	55-8-10
	12.13	55-8-40
	12.14	55-8-57
	12.15	55-9-05
	12.16	55-9A-01
	12.17	55-11-03
	12.18	55-13-02
	12.19	55-14-01
	12.20	55-15-01
	12.21	55-15-03
	12.22	55-15-04
	12.23	55-15-20
	12.24	55-15-31
	12.25	55-15-32
	12.26	55-16-02
	13	62-15
	14	62-110.2
	15	62-118, 62-262.2
	16	74-64
	17	90-95
	18	90A-30
	19(a)	105-230
	(b)	105-232
	20	106-140.1
	21	110-92
	22	113-202.1
	23(a)-(d)	120-123
	24	120-70.71
	25	120-166
	26(a)	122C-3
	(b)	122C-203
	(c)	122C-242
	(d)	122C-53, 1220-241
1024	27	122C-55
	27.1	122C-261
	28	128-26
	29	130A-33.30
	30(a)	130A-310.5
	(b)	130A-310.7
	(c)	130A-310.22
	31	130B-15
	32	143-166.2
	33	143-215.1
	34	143-350
	35(a),(b)	143B-138
	36	143B-426.40
	37	143B-426.39
	38(a),(b)	159I-15
	(c),(d)	159I-16
	(e)	159I-30
	39	160A-372
	40	160A-400.2
	41	160A-617
	42	163-125
	43	163-132.2
	44	53-2
	45	58-64-1 note
	46(a),(b)	136-176
	47	58-78-5 note, 113-315.25 note, 113-315.26 note, 113-315.34 note, 143A-11 note
	48	159I-3
	49	159I-7
1025	1	126-7
	2	126-35
	3	126-37
	4	126-38
	5	126-7 note, 126-35 note 126-37 note, 126-38 note
1026	1	159-30 L.M.
1027	1	106-781, 106-782, 106-783, 106-784, 106-785, 106-786
	1.1	106-550
	2	106-786 note
1028	. .	126-7
1029	1	86A-25
	2	90-270.14
1030	1	115D-87 note, 115D-92 note
1031	1, 2	20-179
	3	15A-1372
1032	1	135-105
	2	135-106
1033	1	88A-1 to 88A-23
	2	88A-1 note
1034	1	15A-1343
	2	15A-1374
1036	1	143B-282
	2	143B-282.1

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1036	3	143-215.6 recodified as 143-215.6A
	4	143-215.17
	5	143-215.36
	6	143-215.91(a) recodified as 143-215.88A
	7	143-215.102
	8	143-215.114(a) recodified as 143-215.114A
	9	143-214.2A
	10	87-94
1037	1	143-215.1
	2	143-215.108
	3	143-215.1 note
1038	18	143B-30.1
	19	115C-363.23
	19.1	135-38
1039	1	90-95 note, 90-95.3 note, 105-113.111 note, 161-11.1 note
	2	105-113.111
	3	90-95.3
	4	5A-12 note, 8-57 note, 15A-622 note, 15A-623 note, 15A-1051 note
	7	20-138.5, 20-138.5 note
	8	161-11.1
	9	161-11.1 note
1040	1	90-89
	2	90-90
	3	90-93
	4	90-101
1041	1	7A-273
	2	7A-180
1043	1	113A-56 L.M.
1044	1	7A-304
	2	7A-311
1045	1	143-215.6(a) recodified as 143-215.6A
	2	143-215.6(b) recodified as 143-215.6B
	3	143-215.6(c) recodified as 143-215.6C
	4	143-215.114(a) recodified as 143-215.114A
	5	143-215114(b) recodified as 143-215.114B
	6	143-215.114(c) recodified as 143-215.114C
	7	143-215.91(a), (c)
1045	7	recodified as 143-215.88A
	8	143-215.91(b) recodified as 143-215.88B
	9	130A-26.1
	10	143-215.69
	11	113-60.29
	12	143-215.89
	14	130A-26.1 note
1047	1	44-68.10 to 44-68.17
	1.1	130A-310.23
	2	44-68.1 to 44-68.7 Repealed
	3	44-68.10 note, 130A-310.23 note
1049	13(a)	136-41.1 L.M.
	(c)	153A-320 L.M., 153A-330 L.M., 153A-340 L.M.
1050	1	105-449.45
	2	105-449.10
1051	1	143-48
	4	143-132
1052	1-3.1	20-37.6
1053	1	122C-191
	2	122C-30, 122C-30 note
1054	1	58-2-160
	2	58-2-161 to 58-2-162, 58-2-163
	3	58-24-180
	4	58-8-1
	5	58-2-180
	6	14.96 Repealed, 14.96.1 Repealed, 14-213 to 14-216 Repealed
	7	58-79-45
	8	14-96 note, 14-96.1 note, 14-213 to 14-216 note, 58-2-160 to 58-2-163 note, 58-2-180 note, 58-8-1 note, 58-24-180 note, 58-79-45 note
	9	14-96 note, 14-96.1 note, 14-213 to 14-216 note, 58-2-160 to 58-2-163 note, 58-2-180 note, 58-8-1 note, 58-24-180 note, 58-79-45 note
1055	1	58-49-30
	2	58-50-40
	3	58-50-45
	3.1	58-50-40
	4	58-56-60
	5	58-49-30 note
	6	58-49-30 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1055	6	58-50-40 note, 58-50-45 note, 58-56-60 note
	7	58-49-30 note
1056	. .	161-5
1057	. .	55-1-22
1058	. .	115C-116
1059	1	115C-341.1
	2	115D-25.2
	3	116-17.1
	4	143-34.1
	5	115C-341.1 note, 116-17.2 note
1060	. .	105-164.13
1061	1	153A-15
	2	153A-15 L.M.
1062	1	160A-492
1064	. .	130A-248
	2	130A-248 note
1065	. .	20-5 note, 20-15 note, 20-141 note, 58-36-35 note, 58-36-75 note, 58-37-1 note
1066	2	7A-466 note, 20-183.7 note, 20-185 note, 58-87-5 note, 58-88-5 note, 58-88-30 note, 90-30.1 note, 105-275.1 note, 113-335 note, 115C-21 note, 115C-21.1 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-238.4 note, 115C-240 note, 115C-246 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-363.10 note, 115C-363.23A note, 115C-416 note, 115C-438 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-546.1 note, 115D-5 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.12A note, 120-11.1 note, 120-70.80 note, 120-84.6 note, 128-26A note, 136-28.4 note, 136-97 note, 143-3.3 note, 143-10.1A note, 143-15 note, 143-18 note, 143-27.2 note, 143B-435 note, 157-66 note, 163-66.1

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1066	2	note
	5(a)	157-66 note
	7	143-27 note, 143-23 note
	8	143-16.3 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-34.5 note
	9	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	12(a)	90-30.1
	15(b)	157-66
	16	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	21	120-11.1
	23	120-84.6 to 120-84.12
	24(a)	120-3.1
	26	143-18
	27	105-164.8 note
	28(a)	1150-546.1 note, 1150-489.1 note
	(b)	1150-546.1
	(c)	1150-489.1
	(d)	1150-489.1 note, 1150-546.1 note
	29(a)	105-275.1 note
	(b)	105-275.1
	(c)	105-275.1 note
	30	163-66.1 Repealed
	32(a)	55-1-01 note, 55-16-22 note
	33(a)	58-87-5
	(b)	20-183.7
	(c)	58-88-5
	(d)	58-88-30
	(e)	20-183.7 note, 58-87-5 note, 58-88-5 note, 58-88-30 note
	35(a)	120-4.12A
	(b)	128-26A
	(c)	135-4A
	(d)	135-56A
	(e)	120-4.12A note, 128-26A note
	36(a)	143-27.2
	(b)	143-27.2 note
	37	126-7 note
	48	113-335
	49	130A-124 note, 130A-127 note
	54	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	55	143B-435
	58(b),(c), (e)	96-5 note
	60	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	61	143-23 note, 143-27 note
	63	130A-124 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1066	63	130A-127 note
	64	122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	69	143-23 note
	72	108A-55 note
	75	143-10.1A
	77	131D-2 note, 143B-153 note
	80	116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note
	82	143-3.3
	91	115D-5
	92	115C-416
	93	115C-272
	94	115C-316
	95	115C-471
	96(a)	115C-240
	(b)	115C-246
	(c)	115C-240 note
	97	115C-238.1 note, 115C-363.1 note, 115C-363.8 note, 115C-363.11 note, 115C-363.28 note
	99	115C-81 note
	100	115C-81
	101(a), (b)	115C-363.23A
	102	115C-21
	103	115C-363.10 Repealed
	106	115C-438
	107(a)	115C-238.4
	113	115C-21.1
	114	143-16.3 note
	115	120-70.80 to 120-70.82
	123	7A-450 note, 15A-2000 note
	124	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 143-23 note
	127(b)	7A-465
	(c)	7A-466
	130	143B-500 note
	131	15B-11
	133	20-185
	137	143-23 note
	139	136-97
	143(a)	136-28.4
	(b)	136-28.4 note
	144(a)	20-88.1 note
	(b)	105-187.9 note
	147	143-1 note
	148	143-15 note
	149	7A-450 note, 15A-2000 note, 20-88.1 note, 96-5 note, 105-187.9 note, 105-275.1 note,
1066	149	108A-55 note, 115C-238.1 note, 115C-240 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-546.1 note, 116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note, 115C-21 note, 115C-21.1 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-238.4 note, 115C-240 note, 115C-246 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-363.23A note, 115C-416 note, 115C-438 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-546.1 note, 122C-147 note, 126-7 note, 116-19 note, 130A-5 note, 130A-124 note, 130A-127 note, 131D-2 note, 134A-1 note, 143-1 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-10.1A note, 143-15 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143B-153 note, 143B-500 note
	153	7A-465 note, 7A-466 note, 20-183.7 note, 20-185 note, 58-87-5 note, 58-88-5 note, 58-88-30 note, 90-30.1 note, 115C-21 note, 105-275.1 note, 113-335 note, 115C-21.1 note, 115C-238.4 note, 115C-240 note, 115C-246 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-363.10 note, 115C-363.23A note, 115C-416 note, 115C-438 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-546.1 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.12A note, 120-11.1 note, 120-70.80 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1066	153	120-84.6 note, 128-26A note, 136-28.4 note, 136-97 note, 143-3.3 note, 143-101A note, 143-18 note, 143-27.2 note, 143B-435 note, 157-66 note, 163-66.1 note
	154	7A-465 note, 7A-466 note, 15A-2000 note, 20-185 note, 105-215.1 note, 115C-21 note, 115C-21.1 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-238.4 note, 115C-240 note, 115C-246 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-363.10 note, 115C-363.23A note, 115C-416 note, 115C-438 note, 115C-471 note, 115C-489.1 note, 115C-546.1 note, 120-11.1 note, 120-70.80 note, 120-84.6 note, 136-28.4 note, 136-97 note, 143-3.3 note, 143-18 note, 143-27.2 note, 157-66 note, 163-66.1 note
1067	1	50-13.11
	2	50-13.4
	3	50-13.4 note
	4	50-13.11 note
1068	1, 2	105-164.13
	4	50-13.11 note
1069	1	58-2-215 note, 58-6-5 note, 58-6-15 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-155 note, 58-9-5 note, 58-18-25 note, 58-21-20 note, 58-22-70 note, 58-30-310 note, 58-31-30 note, 58-33-125 note, 58-35-5 note, 58-36-35 note, 58-36-70 note, 58-37-65 note, 58-45-50 note, 58-46-30 note, 58-65-55 note, 58-67-160 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1069	1	105-228.4 note, 143-3.6 note, 143-3.7 note
	2	58-6-5
	3	58-6-15
	4	105-228.4
	5	58-65-55
	6	58-67-160
	7	58-35-5
	8	58-9-5
	9	58-7-155
	10	58-7-150
	11	58-18-25
	12	58-22-70
	13	58-21-20
	14	58-33-125
	15	58-30-310
	16	58-36-35
	17	58-37-65
	18	58-45-50
	19	58-46-30
	20	58-2-25
	21	105-228.8
	22	58-2-215
	23	58-36-70
	24	58-2-25 note, 58-2-215 note, 58-6-5 note, 58-6-15 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-155 note, 58-9-5 note, 58-18-25 note, 58-21-20 note, 58-22-70 note, 58-30-310 note, 58-31-30 note, 58-33-125 note, 58-35-5 note, 58-36-35 note, 58-36-70 note, 58-37-65 note, 58-45-50 note, 58-46-30 note, 58-65-55 note, 58-67-160 note, 105-228.4 note, 105-228.8 note, 143-3.6 note, 143-3.7 note
	25	58-31-30, 143-3.6, 143-3.7
	26	58-31-30
	27	143-3.6
	28	143-3.7
	29	58-6-5 note
	31	58-2-215 note, 58-6-5 note, 58-6-15 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-155 note, 58-9-5 note, 58-18-25 note, 58-21-20 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1989 (Reg. Sess. 1990) General Statutes
1069	31	58-22-70 note, 58-31-30 note, 58-33-125 note, 58-35-5 note, 58-36-70 note, 58-65-55 note, 58-67-160 note, 105-228.4 note, 143-3.6 note, 143-3.7 note
	32	58-7-155 note, 58-22-70 note, 58-30-310 note
1071	. .	58-65-166, 58-65-167,
	. .	58-65-168, 58-65-169, 58-65-170, 58-65-171, 58-65-172, 58-65-173, 58-65-174
	2	58-65-166 note
1072	1	143B-452
1073	1	105-62
1074	1	7A-466 note, 53-234 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-98 note, 115C-238.4 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 to 122D-9 note, 122D-11 note, 122D-13 note, 122D-16 note, 122D-18 to 122D-23 note, 135-40.2 note 136-28.9 note, 143-3.2 note
	11(a)	143-16.3 note
	12	105-213 note
	16(b)	7A-466
	17	143-3.2
	22(a)	135-40.2
	23(a)	115C-98
	(b)	115C-47
	(c)	115C-238.4
	(d)	115C-47 note, 115C-98 note,
	31	143B-139.1 note
	32(a)	53-234 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 to 122D-9 note, 122D-11 note, 122D-13 note, 122D-16 note, 122D-18 to 122D-23 note
	(b)	53-234 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 to 122D-9, 122D-11, 122D-13, 122D-16, 122D-18 to 122D-23
	(c)	120-123
	(d)	53-234
	(e)	122D-1 note
1074	38	136-28.9
	39	143-1 note
	40	105-213 note, 143-16.3 note, 105-213 note
	44	53-234 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-98 note, 1150-238.4 note, 120-123 note, 122D-1 to 122D-9 note, 122D-11 note, 122D-13 note, 122D-16 note, 122D-18 to 122D-23
	44	note, 136-28.9 note, 143-3.2 note
	45	136-28.9 note
	127(c)	7A-466
1075	1	130A-29
	2	130A-335
	3	162A-7
	4	66-58 note, 90-85.34A note, 108B-23 note, 113-28.23 note, 150B-1 note
	5	153A-430 note
	6	143-215.6(a)(6) recodified as 143-215.6A(i), 143-215.6A recodified as 143-215.6D, 143-215.6A(i) recodified as 143-215.61
	7	143B-181.9A
	8	143-215.88A
1076	1	164-35 to 164-45
	2	164-35 note
	6, 7	164-35 note
	8	164-35 note
1077	2-5	135-5
	6, 7	135-58
	8, 9	135-65
	10	120-4.21
	11	120-4.22A
	13-16	128-27
1079	1	143-166.84
	2	143-166.85
1080	. .	128-27
1081	1	90-95.4
	2	90-95
	3	90-95.5
	4	90-95.4 note, 90-95.5 note
1082	1	130A-295.02
	2, 3	130A-295.02 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1991

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
2	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
5	1	153A-133 L.M.
6	1	160A-384 L.M.
7	1	158-7.1 L.M.
8	1	143-128 L.M.
9	1	153A-238
	2	153A-239.1
10	1	105-256
	2	105-257
	3	105-450 to 105-457 Repealed 119-24 Repealed 147-88 Repealed
11	1	105-272
	2, 3	159-55
	4	159-148
	5	159-150
12	1	163-72.3
	2	163-72.3 note
13	1	153A-274 L.M.
14	1	161-5
15	1	162-5.1
16	1	160A-311 L.M.
17	1, 2	20-7 note
	3	20-309 note
	4	20-7 note, 20-309 note
18	1	20-129
19	1	130A-309.14 note
20	1, 2	130A-295.02
21	1	136-66.3
23	1	130A-309.10
25	1	160A-35, 160A-35.1
	2	160A-47, 160A-47.1
26	1	160A-272 L.M.
29	1	153A-299.6
30	1	105-23 Repealed
	2	105-114
	3	105-120.1
	4	105-120.2
	5	105-122
	6	105-125
	7	105-127
31	1	20-97 L.M.
34	1	105-282.1
	2	105-296
	3	105-273
	4	105-312
35	1	150B-23
	2	150B-25
	3	150B-27
	4	150B-29
	5	150B-33
	6	150B-34
	7	150B-36
	8	150B-39
	9	150B-44
	10	150B-46
36	1	65-74, 65-75
37	1	15A-1321
	2	122C-268.1
	3	122C-276.1
	4	122C-264
	5	122C-276
	6	122C-277
	7	122C-261
	8	122C-263
	9	122C-266
	10	122C-268
	11, 12	122C-269
	13	122C-271
	14	122C-273
	15	122C-275
38	1	113A-95
39	1	36B-1
42	1	105-433
	2	105-440
	3	105-441
	4	105-446
	5	105-449.2
	6	105-449.4
	7	105-449.5
	8	105-449.7
	9	105-449.14
	10	105-449.17
	11	105-449.20
	12	105-449.34
	13	105-449.48
	14	105-449.52
	15	105-433 note, 105-449.5 note
	16	105-269.3
	17	105-449.55, 105-449.56 Repealed
44	1	20-130.2
45	1	105-33.1
	2	105-37.1
	3	105-83
	4	105-88
	5	105-102.5
	6	105-130.27, 105-151.6
	7	105-131.8
	8	105-134.2
	9	105-134.6
	10	105-151.12
	11	105-151.20
	12	105-155
	13	105-159.1
	14	105-151.21
	14(a)	105-163.07 recodified as 105-151.21
	(b)	105-163.01 to 105-163.06 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
45	14(b)	105-163.08, 105-163.09 Repealed
	(c)	105-320
	15	105-164.3
	16	105-164.8
	17	105-164.13
	18	105-164.44A Repealed
	19	105-265 Repealed
	20	105-130.35 recodified as 105-269.5
	21	105-269.6
	22	105-163.16
	23	113A-39
	24	131C-5
	25	143-283.7 Repealed
	26	105-241.4
	27	105-236
	28	105-262
	29	105-264
	30	105-267.1 Repealed
46	1	105-187.11
50	1	161-50.5
51	1	128-21
	2	135-1
52	1	143B-181.1
53	1	20-39
	2	20-56
54	1	15A-1374
56	1, 2	143-407.1
57	1	160A-275 L.M.
58	1	160A-265 L.M., 160A-456 L.M.
59	1	131E-135 to 131E-142
	2	131E-135 note
60	1	161-5
	2	161-2
	3	161-2 note, 161-5 note
	4	161-5
61	1	160A-265 L.M.
62	1	143B-472.3
63	1	15A-1431
64	1	105-109 L.M.
	2	105-109 note
65	1	126-4
	2	126-5
	3	126-6 Repealed
	4	126-7.1
	5	126-11
	6	126-16
	7	126-35
	8	126-74
	9	126-83
66	1	131D-34
68	1	75-56
	2	58-70-130
69	1	153A-340
70	1	113-270.1A
71	1	113-291.8
72	1	120-74
	2	120-75
	3	120-78
73	1	143B-74
74	1	66-94
	2	131C-10
77	1	105-296
78	5	163-125 L.M.
79	1	105-164.3
	2	105-164.13
	3	105-164.3
	4	105-187.1
	5	105-187.5
80	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
81	1	106-581.1
82	1	62-125
83	1	115D-2.1
84	1, 2	126-5
	3	115D-27 to 115D-30
	4	115D-77
85	1	145-15
86	1	113-184
	2	113-185
	3	113-189
87	1, 2	143-460
88	1	143B-411
89	1	131D-3
90	1	75A-3 L.M., 75A-15 L.M.
94	1	146-22.2
95	1	147-86.11
96	1	130A-33.40
97	1	115C-37 L.M.
98	1	106-277.28
	2	106-671
99	1	106-555.1
100	1	106-673
101	1	58-36-75
102	1	106-568.2
	2	106-568.3
	3	106-568.4
	4	106-568.6
	5	106-568.7
	6	106-568.8
	7	106-568.9
	8	106-568.10
103	1, 2	150B-1 note
104	1	113-292
106	2	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
107	1	44A-25 L.M., 143-128 L.M.
109	1	15A-931
110	1	105-288
	2	105-289
	3	143B-222 to 143B-225 Repealed
	4	105-295
	5	105-322

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
110	6	105-349
111	1	143B-471.4
112	1	20-116
113	1	20-117.1
114	1	161-14.1
	2	45-37.2
	3	45-38
	4	45-37
	5	45-6
	6	45-16
	7	45-42.1
115	1	113A-87
116	1	159-7 L.M., 160A-29 L.M., 160A-69 L.M.
120	1	153A-158 L.M.
122	1	160A-381 L.M.
124	1	87-2
	2	87-11
125	1	90-85.5
	2	90-85.20
	3	90-85.36
126	1	108A-62
127	1	108A-67
128	1	143B-386
129	1-3	62-133.2 note
130	1	143B-426.25
131	1	140A-3
132	1	113A-220 to 113A-227
133	1	143-151.13
134	1	120-128
	2	143B-368
	3	143B-370
	4	143B-393, 143B-394
	5	143B-394.2
	6	143B-394.4
	7-9	143B-393 note
135	1, 2	120-70.60 note
137	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M,, 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
139	1	58-33-17
142	1	115C-113
143	1	131E-2
	2	131E-103
	3	131E-109
144	1	143B-434.2
147	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-25 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
148	1	105-360 L.M.
149	1	58-84-1 note
	2	58-84-35 L.M.
150	1	15A-401
151	1	7A-148
152	1	77-13
	2	77-14
153	1	59-204
	2	59-206
156	1	143-215.1
157	1	105-258
158	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
160	1	105-360 note
	2	105-307 note
	3	105-307 note, 105-360 note
161	1-4	160A-360 L.M.
162	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
163	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
164	1	25-9-403
	2	25-9-404
165	1	14-344
166	1	42-26.1
	2	108A-39.1
167	1	1-208.1
168	1	1A-1-5
170	1	115C-37 L.M., 163-293 L.M.
171	1, 2	18B-800 L.M.
172	1	58-65-173
173	1	32A-8
	2	32A-13
174	1	32-34
175	1	103-10
176	1	113-135
177	1	132-1 L.M.
178	1	95-111.2
	2	95-111.3
179	1	55B-6
180	1	89D-5
181	1	143-215.73A
182	1	105-449.10
	2	105-449.37
	3	105-449.39
	4	105-449.42
	5	105-449.45
	6	105-449.49
183	1	20-110
	2	20-52
184	1	115D-68
	2	115D-69
	3	115D-71
185	1	131E-111
186	1	1590-3
	2	159G-4
	3	159G-5
	4	159G-6
	5	159G-8
	6	159G-12
	7	159G-15
	8	159G-16
	9	159G-17
	10	159G-18
187	1	130A-25
	2	148-4.1
	3	148-13
188	1	130A-361
189	1	62-100 to 62-107
	2	62-300

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
190	1	66-27.1A
191	1	75A-27 to 75A-31 Repealed
192	1	32-27
193	1	105-187.4
	2	20-294
	3	105-187.5
	4	105-187.6
	5	105-436 Repealed
	6	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note
	7	20-57
	8	20-85
	9	136-176
194	1	153A-357 L.M.
195	1	58-67-50
	2	58-53-70
	3	58-53-75
	4	58-67-5
196	1, 2	58-64-5
	3	58-64-20
	4	58-64-25
	5	58-64-33
	6	58-64-35
197	1	160A-265 L.M.
198	1	160A-265 L.M.
199	1	143-49.1
200	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
201	1, 2	143-128 L.M.
202	1	20-118
203	1	14-159.2
204	1	153A-330 L.M.
	2	153A-335 L.M.
205	1	55B-2
	2	55B-4
	3	55B-6
	4	55B-14
	5	89E-7
206	1	20-175.5
207	1	7A-38
208	1	160A-443
209	1, 2	20-97 L.M.
210	1	84-23.1
	2	84-4.1
	3	84-34.1
	4	84-24
	5	84-28
212	1	58-21-65
	2	58-33-30
	3	58-35-15
	4	58-70-20
213	1	105-102.5
	2	105-51.1
214	1, 2	93-12
215	1	122C-117
	2	122C-146
217	1	15A-1372
	2	15A-1373
	3	15A-1371
	4	15A-1380.2
	5	15A-1371 to 15A-1373 note, 15A-1380.2 note
	6	148-4.1, 148-32.1
	7	148-4.1 note
219	1	96-14
220	1	116-6.1
	2, 3	116-6
	4	116-6 note
221	1	105-187.15 to 105-187.19
	2	130A-309.53
	3	130A-309.54
	4	105-309.55, 105-309.56 Repealed
	5	130A-309.58
222	1	143B-181.50
	2	143B-181.51
	3	143B-181.52
223	1	130A-261
224	1	125-11.13
	2	143-170.5
225	1	130A-144
	2	130A-160 to 130A-166 Repealed, 130A-171 to 130A-174 Repealed, 130A-177, 130A-178 Repealed
226	1	130A-248
227	1	130A-5
228	1	105-242
229	1	20-97 L.M.
230	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
231	1	14-404 L.M.
232	1	159-7 L.M.
234	1	47-20
235	1	66-209 note
236	1	14-399.2
237	1	153A-221
	2	153A-225
238	1	115C-271
239	1	90-270.15
241	1	143B-181.1
242	3	159-7 L.M.
243	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
245	1	14-4 L.M.
246	1	153A-331 L.M.
	2	153A-340 L.M.
	3	153A-342 L.M.
	4	160A-407 L.M.
	5	153A-121 L.M.
	8	115C-302 L.M.
249	4	115C-37 L.M., 163-293 L.M.
253	1	115C-37 L.M.
254	1	115C-37 L.M.
255	1	45-21.1

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
256	1	130A-334
	2	130A-336
257	1	122C-270
	2	122C-268
258	1	108A-14
	2	108A-101
	3	7A-517
259	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
260	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
261	1	47D-1 to 47D-10
262	1	15A-406
263	1	20-130.1
264	1	97-77
265	1	17E-2
	2	17E-4
	3	17E-7
	4	17E-11
267	1	18B-1114.1
	2	18B-902
268	1	1-52
	2	1-50
	3	47-30
269	1	115C-390
270	1, 2	95-25.3
	3	95-25.3A
271	1	54-109.106
272	1	136-28.6 note
273	1	110-86
	2	110-88
	3	110-90
	4	110-90.1
	5	110-91
	6	110-92
	7	110-93
	8	110-94
	9	110-103.1
	10	110-105
	11	7A-517
	12	143B-168.5
274	1	13-1
	2	13-2
275	1	113A-52
	2	113A-57
276	1	96-9
277	1	153A-93
	2	160A-163
278	1	1A-1-55
279	1, 2	115D-1 note
280	1	136-176
281	1, 2	130A-310.3
	3	130A-310.13
282	1	28A-14-1
283	1	115D-12
284	1	97-36
286	1	130A-294.1
287	1	143-213
288	1	15A-1380.2
	2	15A-1371
289	1	160A-58.4 L.M.
	2, 3	160A-360 L.M.
290	1	20-217
291	1	159B-48
	2	159B-49
292	1	1-567.30 to 1-567.68
293	1, 2	160A-101 L.M.
294	1	143-299.3 note
296	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
297	1	163-122
	2	163-296
298	1	95-25.22
299	1	130A-1.1
300	1	130A-131.5
301	1	15B-1 note, 120-123 note, 143B-475 note
304	1	7A-459
	2	7A-467
305	1	160A-58.2 L.M.
307	2	1150-238.1 note, 115D-2.1
308	1	115C-37 L.M.
309	1	143B-147
	2	90-100
310	1	131E-91
311	2	1150-302 L.M., 1150-316 L.M.
314	1	143-135.25
315	1	160A-443
316	1	116-250 to 116-253
	2	116-250 note
317	1	106-549.97, 106-549.98
	2, 3	113-129
	4, 5	106-549.15
	6	106-549.17
	7	106-549.18
	8	106-549.19
	9	106-549.22
	10	106-549.23
	11	106-549.25
	12	106-549.26
	13	106-549.27
	14	106-549.28
318	1	143-260.10D
319	2	160A-279 L.M.
320	1	143B-389, 143B-390 Repealed
	2	143B-390.10, 143B-390.11
	3	143B-390.2
	4	143B-390.3, 143B-390.4
	5	143B-390.10 note
321	1	90A-25
	2	90A-25.1
	3	90A-26
	4	90A-27
322	1(c)	132-1 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
324	1	153A-331 L.M.
	2	153A-340 L.M.
325	1	1150-512
	2	1150-501
	3	1150-513
	4	159-44
	5	159-48
	6	159-51
	7	105-213
	8	105-472
	9	105-213 note, 105-472 note, 115C-501 note, 115C-512 note,
	9	115C-513 note, 159-44 note, 159-48 note, 159-51 note
326	1	15A-146
327	1	66-220 to 66-226
328	1	115C-102
329	1	95-138
330	1	95-25.2
	2	95-25.4
	3	95-25.14
	4	95-25.24
	5	95-25.3
331	1	1150-238.2
332	1	143B-181.10
333	1	101-6
334	1	153A-299.6
335	1	48-37
	2	48-16
336	2	106-503
	4	130A-309.06
	5	106-503 note, 130A-309.06 note
337	1	163-227
338	1	163-32
	2	163-35
339	1	58-36-1
	2	58-40-15
340	1	18B-1006
341	1	163-294
342	1	74-53
	2, 3	104E-8
	4	115C-323
	5	120-70.33
	6	130A-11
	7	130A-290
	8	130A-310.5
	9	143-214.5
	10, 11	143-215.36
	12	143-215.45
	13	143-215.94EE
	14	143-215.94II
	15(a)	143-350, 143-354
	15(b)	143-358, 143-359
	16(a), (b)	143B-279.3
	16(c)	143B-279.3 note
342	17	143B-285.11
	18	153A-299.4
343	1	130A-93
	2	130A-93.1
344	1	44A-4
	2	44A-6.1
	3	44A-3
345	1	143-64.50 to 143-64.52
	2	143-64.50 note
346	1	116-1 note
347	1	163-278.41
	2	163-278.43
	3	105-159.1
348	1	90-8
349	1	106-639.1
	2	106-644
350	1	160A-311 L.M.
351	1	162A-67
352	1	7A-611
353	1	7A-649
354	1	126-1A
	2	126-4
	3	126-5
	4	126-34
	5	126-35
	6	126-36.2
	7	126-39
	8	126-1A note, 126-4 note, 126-5 note, 126-34 note, 126-35 note, 126-36.2 note, 126-39 note
355	1	87-21
356	1	105-164.14
357	1	96-29
358	1	143-49
	2	143-64.01 to 143-64.05
	3	143-64.1 to 143-64.4
359	1	122C-55
360	1	93B-8
	2	14-401.1
361	1	144-1
362	1, 2	93B-1 note
363	1	163-67
365	1	113A-134.10 Repealed
366	1	113-294
367	1	127A-45
	2	127A-44
	3	127A-44.1
	4	127A-45.2A
	5	127A-45.5A
368	1	20-142.1 to 20-142.5
	2	20-142 to 20-143.1 Repealed
369	1	115C-104
	2	115C-105 Repealed
370	1, 2	153A-355 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
371	1, 2	153A-219 L.M.
372	1, 2	18B-801 L.M.
375	1	130A-309.10
	2	130A-309.70 to 130A-309.73
	3	130A-309.70 note
376	1	161-5 L.M.
381	1	130A-155.1
382	1	160A-272 L.M.
384	1	160A-70 L.M.
386	1	58-33-76
387	1	58-70-15
388	1	108A-55
389	1	147-9.2 to 147-9.4
	2	143B-426.24
390	1	158-7.1 L.M.
392	2, 3	20-97 L.M.
393	1, 2	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
394	1	20-183.2
395	1	153A-27.1
397	1	163-278.41 to 3-278.43, 163-278.46 to 163-278.57
398	1	58-33-25
400	1	115C-37
401	1	58-69-1
402	1	20-309
403	1	143-213
	2	143-215
	3	143-215.107
	4	130A-295.02
	5	130A-295.02 note, 143-213 note, 143-215 note, 143-215.107 note
	6	130A-295.02 note, 143-213 note, 143-215 note, 143-215.107 note
404	3(h)	143-318.9 L.M.
	(e)	1150-271 L.M.
	(h)	143-318.9 L.M.
	5(e)	143-318.9 L.M.
405	1	148-19
	2	143B-270
406	1	143B-434.1
407	1	115C-366
408	1	97-10.2
409	1	96-12.1
410	1	130A-423
	2	130A-425
	3	130A-429
411	1	20-37.5
	2	20-37.6
	3	20-37.6A
	4	20-51
	5	20-37.2 to 20-37.4
411	5	Repealed
412	1	113A-65.1
	2	113A-64
413	1	90-91
414	1	20-58.2
415	1	14-4
416	1	126-16.1
	2-4	126-16.1 note
417	1	130A-85
418	1	150B-18 to 150B-21.25
	2	150B-1
	3	150B-2
	4	150B-4 recodified as 150B-17
	5	143B-30, 143B-30.3, 150B-9 to 150B-21, 150B-58 to 150B-64 Repealed
	6	12-3.1
	7	84-21
	8	95-131
	9	143B-14
	10	143B-18, 143B-20 Repealed
	11	143B-30.1
	12	143B-30.2
	13	120-30.48
	14	147-16.1
	15	148-11 note
	16	150B-22
	17	150B-18 note
419	1	110-139
	2	50-13.11
421	1	96-9
	2	96-11
422	1	96-10
423	1	96-13
424	1	58-62-10
425	1	58-69-10
426	1	1-360
	2	1-360.1
427	1(a)	135-40.1
	2	135-39.4A
	3	135-39.5
	4	135-39.5B
	5	135-39.6A
	6	135-39.7
	7	135-39.8
	8	135-39.10
	9	135-40.1
	10-12	135-40.3
	13	135-40.5
	14, 15	135-40.6
	16	135-40.7
	17	135-40.8
	18	135-40.1
	19	135-40.4
	20	135-40.5
	21-29	135-40.6

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
427	30	135-40.7
	31	135-40.6, 135-40.6A
	32	135-40.7B
	33, 34	135-40.8
	35	135-40.9
	36	135-40.1
	37, 38	135-40.6
	39	135-40.6A
	40	135-40.7
	41	135-40.6
	42	135-40.11
428	1	163-195
429	1	147-37
430	1	63-68
	2	63-73
431	1	113A-1 note
	2	113A-4
	3	113A-8
432	1	143-215.93A
433	1, 2	99D-1
	3	143B-391
434	1	7A-651
	2, 3	7A-652
435	4	14-159.6
436	1	116-6
	2	116-7
437	1-3	148-4.1
	4-11	148-4.1 note
438	1	160A-216 L.M.
439	1	105-249.2
	2	105-158
440	1	75E-1 to 75E-9
441	1	105-430
	2	105-433
	3	105-449.5
	4	105-449.2
	5	105-449.9
	6	105-449.10
	7	105-449.12
	8	105-449.13
	9	105-449.16
	10	105-449.17
	11	105-449.19
	12	105-449.20
	13	105-449.26
	14	105-449.33
	15	105-449.17 note
442	1	106-420
443	1	161-50.4
	2	161-50.5
444	3	105-360 L.M., 159-7 L.M.
445	1	115C-1 L.M., 163-1 L.M.
446	1	14-4
447	1	160A-70 L.M.
448	1	20-135.2A
449	1	20-116
	2	20-4.01
	2.1	20-116
450	1	130A-295.03
	2	130A-295.02
451	1	62-301 note, 62-302 note
452	5	131E-210 note, 131E-212
453	1	105-134.6
	2	105-151.12
	3	105-151.14
	4	105-151.12
454	1	105-3
455	1	25-3-512
456	1	78A-11, 78A-12
	2	78A-46
	3, 4	78A-47
	5	78A-56
	6	78A-57
	7	78C-28
	8	78C-38
	9	78C-39
457	1	90-202.5
	2	90-202.6
	3	90-202.7
	4	90-202.10
458	1	96-8
	2, 3	96-9
459	1	18B-301
	2	18B-702
	3	18B-805
	4	18B-904
	5, 6	18B-1001
	7	18B-1006
	8	18B-1109
	9	18B-1303
	10	18B-404
460	1	28A-13-6
	2	36A-69
	3	28A-13-3
	4	36A-73
461	1	70-13
	2	70-46 to 70-52
462	1	143B-153
463	1	130A-387
	2	130A-389
	3	130A-390
464	1	160A-216 L.M.
465	1	8B-10
467	1	143B-407
469	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.5
	3	20-279.15
	4	20-279.21
	5	20-280
	6	20-281
	7	58-37-35
	8	20-279.25
470	1	161-4.2
471	1	143-214.5 note
	2	143-214.5
472	1	79-1 to 79-4

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
472	1	Repealed
	2	68-18.1
	3	68-17
	4	68-20
473	1	117-3.1
	2	117-3.1 note
474	1	126-7.1
475	1	95-106
476	1	58-24-185
	2	58-33-130
	3	58-33-25 note, 58-33-30 note, 58-33-125 note
477	1	150B-1
	2.1	150B-17, 150B-20
	3	105-262 note, 136-10 note, 143B-30.2 note, 148-11 note
	3.1, 3.2	150B-2
	4	20-2
	5	136-10
	6	148-11
	7	105-262
	8	148-11 note
	9	150B-2
478	1	20-7
479	1	105-74
	2	105-85
480	1	131E-210 note, 131E-212
	2-4	131E-211
	5	131E-212
	6	131E-211 note, 131E-212 note
481	1	97-72
	2	97-73
483	1(a), (b)	113-291.4
	3	113-291.9
484	1	90-95
485	1	28A-21-1
486	1	15A-1352 note, 15A-1353 note
	2	15A-1340.2
487	1	105-449.22
	2	105-449.37
	3	105-449.39
	4	105-449.40
	5	105-449.42A
	6	105-449.47
	7	105-449.49
488	1	130A-309.23
489	1	45-20.1
	1.1	45-20.3
	2	47-51
	3	47-53
	4	47-53.1
	5	47-71.1
	6	47-108.5
	7	47-108.11
	8	28A-14-1.1
	9	10-12 note, 10A-16 note
	10	45-21.47
490	1	58-51-57
	2	58-65-92
	3	58-67-76
	4	143B-165
	5	58-50-155
	6	58-54-10
	7	58-50-155 note, 58-51-57 note, 58-54-10 note,
	7	58-65-92 note, 58-67-76 note, 143B-165 note
491	1	8-83
492	1	95-25.4
	2	95-25.5
493	1	14-401.14
	2	15A-1340.4
494	1, 2	160A-176.1 L.M.
495	1	20-288
496	1	158-7.1 L.M.
497	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-30 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
498	1	143-215.1
501	1	63-53
	2	63-53 note
502	1	160A-314 L.M.
504	1	153A-335 L.M.
505	1	126-14
	2	126-14.1
506	1	1C-1601
	2	24-1.1
	3	24-1.2
	4	24-1.2A
	5	24-10
	6	24-11
	7	25A-14
507	1	87-21
508	1	159-81
	2	159-83
	3	159-27.1
	4	159-90
	5	128-1.2
509	1	20-28.1
	2	20-28
510	1	20-301
	2-4	20-305
	5	20-308.1
511	1	159-96
	2	159-96 note
512	1	160A-80
	2	160A-388
	3	160A-421
	4	160A-385
513	1	159B-3

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
513	2	159B-14
	3	159B-15
	4, 5	159B-16
	6	159B-23
514	1	160A-400.14
515	1	143-138 note
516	1	162A-3
	2	162A-3.1
517	1	105-130.40
	2	105-151.17
	3	105-130.40 note, 105-151.17 note
518	1	130A-218 Repealed
519	1	160A-70 L.M.
520	1	7A-180
	2	7A-273
522	1	130A-309.14
523	1	14-107
	2	14-72
	3	14-73
	4	14-86.1
	5	108A-53
524	1	105-164.14 L.M.
525	1	14-33
	2	14-34.2
526	1	160A-445
	2	160A-445 note
527	1	20-286
528	1, 2	90-210.18
	3	90-210.23
	4, 5	90-210.25
529	1	115C-64.1 to 115C-64.5
	2	120-30.9G
	3	115C-12
	4	115C-64.1 note
	5	115C-451
	6	115C-12 note, 115C-64.1 note, 115C-451 note, 120-30.9G note
530	1	136-30
	2	136-30.1
	3	136-31 Repealed
	4	20-37.6
	5	20-169
	6	160A-296
531	1	66-67
	2	15-13
533	1	153A-158 L.M.
534	1	14-141
535	1	162-39
536	1	66-67.2
537	1	130A-294
	2	130A-309.09, 130A-309.09B
538	1	143-215.94A
	2, 3	143-215.94B
	3.1-5	143-215.940
	6	143-215.94D
538	7	143-215.94E
	8	143-215.94G
	9	143-215.94J
	10	143-215.94L
	11	143-215.94M
	12	143-215.94O
	13	143-215.94P
	14	143-215.84
	15	105-434
	16	105-445
	17	105-434
	18	105-445
	19	105-434
	20	105-445
	21	143-215.3 note, 143-215.94A to 143-215.94P note
	22	143-215.94E
	23	143-215.94G
	24	143-215.94E note, 143-215.94P note
539	1	105-102.6 note
	2	105-102.6
	3	105-109.1
540	1	1150-116
541	1, 2	110-136.8
	3	110-129
542	1	115C-275
	2	116-47 to 116-62.1 Repealed
	3	138-1
	4	138-4
	5	143-3.2
	6	143-11
	7	143-34.1
	8	143-47.7
	9	143-340
	10	143-341
	11	143B-368
	12	143B-370 Repealed
	13	143B-426.35
	14	143B-426.39
	15	147-86.11
	16	147-69.2
543	1	47-8 Repealed
	2	47-8.1
	3	10A-16
544	1	122C-55
545	1	113-152
	2	113-154
	3	113-156
	4	113-167
	5	113-151.1
546	1	53-255 to 53-272
	2	7A-29
547	1	87-15.5 to 87-15.9
548	1	143B-279.2 note
	2	130A-29
549	1	165-20
	2	165-22

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
550	1	90-171.61, 90-171.62, 90-171.65
	2	116-37
	3	90-171.70 to 90-171.72
	4-7	90-171.70 note
	8	90-171.70 note, 116-37 note
	9-12	90-171.70 note
	13	90-171.70 note, 126-1 note
	14	90-171.70 note
551	1	143B-299
	2, 3	143B-299 note
552	1	143-213
	2	143-215.3
	3	143-215.3A
	4	143-215.114A
	5	143-215.108
	6	143B-317
	7	143B-318
	8	143B-319
	9	143-215.107
	10	143-215.106A
	11	143-215.3
	12	143B-282 note
	12(j)	143-215.3 note
	14	143-215.106A note
553	1	159-7 L.M.
554	1	58-33-130
555	5	132-1 L.M.
	10	143-135 L.M.
557	1	18B-700 L.M., 20-97 L.M., 58-84-1 L.M., 132-6 L.M., 132-9 L.M., 150B-43 L.M., 150B-45 L.M., 160A-272 L.M., 160A-314 L.M., 160A-443 L.M.
	4	20-97 L.M.
558	1	153A-27.1
	2	162-5.1
559	1	160A-216 L.M.
561	1-4	20-305.1
562	1	58-33-25
	2	58-37-35
563	1	1-288
564	1	126-11
565	1	18B-1001
	2	18B-902
	3	18B-903
	4	18B-804
	5	18B-404
	6	18B-1007
	7	18B-404, 18B-804, 18B-902, 18B-903, 18B-1001, 18B-1007
566	1	7A-770 note
	2	143B-500 to 143B-507 recodified as 7A-700 to 7A-777
	3	7A-770
	4	7A-771
	5	7A-772
	6	7A-775
	7	7A-774, 7A-777
	8	7A-770 note
567	1	143-215.20A
568	1	50-10
	2	50-10 note
569	1	50-19
	2	50-11
570	1	115C-154.2
572	1, 2	131D-2
	3	131D-34
573	1	143B-426.31
	2, 3	143B-426.31 note
574	1	55-1-22
	2	55A-77
	3	59-1106
575	1	7A-588
	2	7A-588 note
576	1	130A-328
577	5	132-1 L.M.
578	1	90-85.3
579	1	143-214.5
	2	143-215.6A
580	1	153A-427
	2	153A-421
581	1	160A-443
584	1	105-321
	2	105-357
585	1	128-23
	2	128-30
	3	135-8
586	1	160A-29
	2	160A-39
	3	160A-51
587	1	31-5.4
	2	31-5.8
588	1	106-277.28
591	1	160A-314
	2	153A-277
	3	162A-2
	4	162A-9
592	1	93D-3
	2	93D-5
	3	93D-6
	4	93D-8
	5	93D-9
	6	93D-11
	7	93D-13
593	1	7A-544
	2	7A-548
	3	114-15.3
	4	7A-544 note, 7A-548 note, 114-15.3 note
594	9	132-1 L.M.
595	1	44-51.4

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
596	1	160A-384 L.M.
	3	160A-360 L.M.
598	1	62-2
	2	62-158
	3	105-130.5
	4	105-116
	5	105-164.4
	6	158-7.1
	7	62-133
	8	62-133.4
	10	105-130.5
601	1	163-201
602	1	25A-2
	2	25A-32.1
603	1	96-4
604	1, 2	20-119
605	1	106-790 to 106-796
	2	106-550
606	1	41-2
	2	41-2 note
607	1	1C-1603
	2	1C-1604
	3	1C-1603 note, 1C-1604 note
608	1	143B-403.2
609	1	14-399
	2	7A-148
610	1	50-22
	2	50-21
611	1	58-49-35 to 58-49-65
	2	58-49-1
	3	58-49-30
612	1	130A-40
613	1	105-441.1
	2	105-445
	3	105-449.24
	4	20-88.01
615	3	153A-15
616	1	115D-58.1 L.M.
618	1	105-164.13
619	1	153A-99
	2	160A-99
620	1	22C-2
621	1	130A-290
	2	130A-309.04
	3, 4	130A-309.06
	5	130A-309.07
	6	130A-309.08
	7	130A-309.09(a), (f), (g) and (r) recodified as 130A-309.9A
	8	130A-309.09(b), (c) and (i)-(m) recodified as 130A-309.9B
	9	130A-309.09(h), (n)-(q), (s) and (t) recodified as 130A-309.09C
	10	130A-309.09
	11	130A-309.09D
621	12	130A-309.29
	13	130A-309.07 note, 130A-309.04 note
	14	14-399.2
622	1	14-269.2
623	1	90A-35, 90A-37 to 90A-43, 90A-45, 130A-333 note, 143B-301
	2	90A-35
	3	90A-35
	4	90A-37
	5	90A-38
	6	90A-39
	7	90A-40
	8	90A-41
	9	90A-42
	10	90A-43
	11	90A-44
	12	90A-45
	13	90A-46
	14, 15	143B-300
	16	143B-301
	17	143B-301.1
	18, 19	90A-35 note, 143B-301 note
	20	90A-35 note, 143B-301 note
624	1	105-330 to 105-330.8
	2	105-329
	3	105-373
	4	20-50.2 Repealed
	5	20-50.3, 20-50.4
	6, 7	20-66
	8	105-312
	9	20-50.2 to 20-50.4 note, 20-66 note, 105-312 note, 105-329 note, 105-330 note, 105-373 note
	10	20-50.2 to 20-50.4 note, 20-66 note, 105-312 note, 105-329 note, 105-330 to 105-330.8 note, 105-373 note
626	1	80-1
	2	80-2
	3	80-3
	4	80-4
	5	80-5
	6	80-6
	7	80-7
	8	80-8
	9	80-9
627	1	58-56-2, 58-56-6, 58-56-11, 58-56-16, 58-56-21, 58-56-26, 58-56-31, 58-56-36,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
627	1	58-56-41, 58-56-46, 58-56-51, 58-56-56, 58-56-61, 58-56-66
	2	58-56-1, 58-56-15 to 58-56-60 Repealed
628	1	14-313
629	1	143-215.108
630	1	58-50-100 to 58-50-150
631	1	130A-2
632	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
633	1	90-143.2
634	1	156-93.1
635	1.1	50-20
636	1	20-183.7 note, 58-87-5 note, 58-88-5 note, 58-88-30 note
	2(1), (2)	122C-263, 122C-265
	3	1-55, 20-279.21, 22B-1, 58-3-80, 58-3-105, 58-50-65, 58-51-15, 58-51-95, 58-80-50, 58-83-1, 90-95.2, 95-4, 97-27, 97-106, 116-40.2, 147-33.4, 147-69.2, 153A-94, 159B-28, 159B-46, 160A-286, 160A-288, 160A-288.2, 160A-293, 160A-318, 160A-463
	4(a), (b)	25-8-313
	(c)	25-8-317
	5	88-23.1
	6	90-202.8
	7	106-65.31
	8	113-292
	9	1150-81
	10	1150-238.6
	11	115D-90
	12	119-18
	13	120-4.29
	14	125-11.9
	15	135-39.5B
	16	143-204.8
	17	143-299.3
	18	161-10
	19(a)	7A-647
	(b)	15A-1002, 20-179, 90-96.01, 131D-10.4, 131D-32, 143B-153
	(c)	20-179, 90-96.01, 108A-103, 131D-3, 131D-4
	20(a)	128-27
	(b)	163-278.42
	21	163-227, 163-228
636	22	81A-8
	23	81A-9
	24	81A-15
637	1	105-163.010
	2	105-163.011
	3	105-163.012
	4	105-163.013
	5	105-163.014
638	1	160A-29 L.M.
639	1	32A-15 to 32A-26
	2	32A-2
	3	90-321
	4	90-322
640	1	110-91
	2	110-101
641	1-4	163-140
642	1	81A-26
	2	81A-30.1
643	1	90-171.21
	2	90-171.30
	3	90-171.33
	4	90-171.37
	5	90-171.38
	6	90-171.42
	7	90-171.44
	8	90-171.47
644	1	58-8-35
	2	58-58-86
	3	58-58-90
	3.1	58-31-60
	4	58-41-50
	5	58-43-5
	6	58-28-5
	7	58-7-15
	8	58-58-110
	9	58-58-140
	10	58-60-35
	11	58-51-80
	12	58-51-30
	13	58-67-50
	14	58-3-102
	15	58-69-5
	16	58-33-25
	17	58-71-80
	18	58-71-105
	19	58-71-185
	20	58-71-165
	21	58-71-170
	22	58-71-167, 58-71-168
	23	58-70-65
	24	58-55-5
	25	97-143
	26	58-2-40
	27	58-51-20
	28	58-63-32
	29	58-63-70 Repealed
	30	58-62-92
	31	58-48-42
	32	58-7-75
	33	58-42-55

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
644	34	143-143.13
	35	143-143.11
	36	143-143.25
	37	58-50-40
	38	58-50-45
	39	58-36-10
	40	58-40-25
	41	58-21-65
	42	58-21-75
	43	58-1-20
645	1	55-1-28
	2	47-18.1, 55-4-05
	3	55-5-02
	4(a), (b)	55-6-40
	5	55-7-21.1
	6(a), (b)	55-8-08
	7(a), (b)	55-8-20
	8	55-10-03
	9	55-10-05
	10(a)	55-10-06
	(b)	55-11-05
	(c)	55-14-03
	11	55-10-07
	12	55-13-02
	13	55-15-21
	14	55-15-31
	15	55-1-20
	16(a)	55-7-25
	(b)	55-7-28
	17(a)	55-7-02
	(b)	55-7-03
	18	55-10-07
	19	55-7-28
	20	55B-15
	21	105-232
646	1, 2	20-279.21
	3	20-279.21 note
647	1	55-17-05
	2	47-18.3
	3	47-41 Repealed
	4	47-41.01
	5	47-41.02
	6	45-42
648	1	14-69.1
	2	14-69.2
649	1	106-21.1
650	1	87-96
651	1	54-109.7
	2	54-109.15
	3	54-109.21
	4	54-109.82
652	1	153A-292
	2	153A-293
	3	153A-299.2
	4	160A-314
	5	160A-314.1
	6	153A-293 note
653	1	65-54
	2	65-55
	3	65-53
	4	65-59
	5	65-63
	6	65-64
	7	65-66
	8	65-69
	9	65-71
654	1	20-39
	2	20-183.3
655	1	90-21.14
656	1, 2	130A-248
658	1	90-29
659	1, 2	158-7.1
661	1	130A-125
662	1	20-286
	2	20-287
	3	20-288
	4	20-289
	5	20-290
	6	20-291
	7	20-292
	8	20-286 to 20-292 note
663	1	72-7 Repealed
	2	72-7.1
664	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
	2(c)	132-1 L.M.
666	1	160A-613
	2	160A-622, 160A-623
	3	105-314
	4	160A-624
	5	160A-617
	6	159-51
667	1	48-11
	2	49-12.1
668	1	90-350 to 90-369
	2	120-123
669	1	18B-1001
	2	18B-902
670	1	90-380 to 90-396
671	1	113-270.3
672	1	20-80 to 20-81.11 Repealed
	2	20-79.4 to 20-79.6
	3	20-81.3 recodified as 20-79.7
	4	168-2
	5	20-37.6
	6	20-95
	7	20-66
673	1	136-44.36B
	2	136-44.360
674	1	143-300.9
	2	143-300.6
	3	58-32-15
675	1	120-2
676	1	120-1
677	1	53-20

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
677	2	53-47
	3	53-59 Repealed
	4	53-87
	5	53-91.1
	6	53-107.1, 53-107.2
	7	53-110
	8	53-84
678	1	90-29
679	1	53-232.1 to 53-232.17
	2	7A-29
680	1	54C-1 to 54C-210
	2	54B-4
	3	54B-26 Repealed
	4	53-127
681	1	58-2-25
	2	58-2-131 to 58-2-133
	3	58-2-130 to 58-2-140 Repealed 58-2-145
	5	58-20-30
	6	58-23-25
	7	58-2-165
	8	58-2-225
	9	58-3-155
	10	58-3-160
	11	58-4-5
	12	58-4-15
	13	58-4-25
	14	58-2-220
	15	58-5-5
	16	58-5-10
	17	58-5-15
	18	58-5-20
	19	58-5-40
	20	58-5-55
	21	58-5-45 Repealed, 58-5-85 Repealed, 58-5-125 Repealed
	22	58-7-21, 58-7-26
	23	58-7-20 Repealed, 58-7-25 Repealed
	24	58-16-5
	25	58-7-32
	26	58-7-33
	27	58-7-75
	28	58-3-165
	29	58-7-160 to 58-7-200
	30	58-7-85 Repealed, 58-7-90 Repealed, 58-7-100 Repealed
	30.1	58-13-5
	30.2	58-13-10
	30.3	58-13-25
	31, 32	58-19-15
	33, 34	58-19-25
	35, 36	58-19-30
	37	58-19-45
	38	58-19-17
	39	58-21-20
	40	58-30-12
681	41	58-30-15
	42	58-30-22
	43	58-30-60
	44	58-30-62
	45	58-30-127
	46	58-30-140
	47	58-30-160
	48	58-30-160 note
	49	58-34-1
	49	58-34-2 note
	50	58-34-1 Repealed
	51	58-34-2
	52	58-34-5
	53	58-34-10
	54	58-34-15
	55	58-62-1, 58-62-2 note
	56	58-62-2, 58-62-6, 58-62-11, 58-62-16, 58-62-21, 58-62-26, 58-62-31, 58-62-36, 58-62-41, 58-62-46, 58-62-51, 58-62-56, 58-62-61, 58-62-66, 58-62-76, 58-62-81, 58-62-86
	57	58-62-1 to 58-62-70 Repealed, 58-62-80 to 58-62-90 Repealed
	58	58-62-2 note
	59	58-62-1 note, 58-62-2 note, 58-62-5 note, 58-62-6 note, 58-62-10 note, 58-62-11 note, 58-62-15 note, 58-62-16 note, 58-62-20 note, 58-62-21 note, 58-62-25 note, 58-62-26 note, 58-62-30 note, 58-62-31 note, 58-62-35 note, 58-62-36 note, 58-62-40 note, 58-62-41 note, 58-62-45 note, 58-62-46 note, 58-62-50 note, 58-62-51 note, 58-62-55 note, 58-62-56 note, 58-62-60 note, 58-62-61 note, 58-62-65 note, 58-62-66 note, 58-62-70 note, 58-62-76 note, 58-62-80 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
681	59	58-62-81 note, 58-62-85 note, 58-62-86 note, 58-62-90 note
682	1	20-4.19
	2	20-14
	3	20-16
	4	20-24.1
	5	20-24.2
	6	20-28.1
683	1	10-1 to 10-17 Repealed
	2	10A-1 to 10A-16
	3	161-10
	4	10-1 note, 10A-16 note, 161-10 note
684	3	159-7 L.M.
685	7	160A-24 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
	8	40A-10 L.M.
	9	160A-360 L.M.
686	2	15A-623
	3	5A-12 note, 8-57 note, 15A-623 note, 15A-1051 note
687	1	95-230 to 95-234
688	1	143-3.3
689	2	116-11 note
	6	143-34.2 note
	8	143-23 note
	8.1	143-16.3 note
	12	143-6.1
	5(a)	163-213.2
	15(b)	163-213.3
	(c)	163-213.4
	(d)	163-213.11 Repealed
	18	126-1 note
	22	143-341
	24	105-213
	25(a)	105-449A
	26(b), (c)	143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	28(b)	105-113.82
	(c)	105-116
	(d)	105-120
	(e)	105-164.44C
	(f)	105-198
	(g)	105-213
	(h)	105-213.1
	(i), (j)	105-277A
	(k)	105-277.1A
	32	105-277.1A note
	32(a)	20-88.1
	(b)	115C-215
	(c)	115C-216
	37(b)	115C-68.1
	(c)	115C-68.2
	(d)	115C-68.1 note, 115C-68.2 note,
689	37(d)	115C-501 note, 115C-511 note
	39.2	115C-438
	39.3(a)	115C-302
	(b)	115c-316
	44, 48	115D-5
	50(a), (b)	116-22 note
	(c)	116-143.3 note
	51(a)	116-19 note, 116-21 note
	(b)	116-19 note
	(c)	116-19 note, 116-21 note
	62	136-176
	63	20-63 note
	65	136-16.6
	66.6	136-44.5 note
	66.8	136-44.2A note, 136-44.5 note
	82(b)	7A-486.3 note
	(c)	7A-486.3
	93(g)	90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	96(a)	108A-28 note
	105	143B-153
	107	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	108	115C-106 note, 1220-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	111	18B-804 note, 18B-805 note
	128	143B-139.5
	129	143B-139.4 note
	132	143-23 note
	135	122C-112
	136	122C-181
	137	122C-3 note
	140(a)	143B-472.35
	(b), (c)	143B-472.35 note
	141(b), (d)	96-5 note
	142	96-5
	143	62-302 note
	153	143B-431
	154	143B-438.6
	154.1(a)	143B-471.3A
	(e)	143B-471 note
	(f)	143B-471 to 143B-471.5 Repealed
	(g)	143-471 note
	157	130A-291.1 note
	159	143-215.3A note
	161	113A-176 note, 113A-180 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
689	161	113A-183 note, 113A-192 note, 113A-193 note
	163	113-35 note
	165	143-215.74 note
	166	139-7
	167(a)	143-250
	170	130A-4.1
	171	130A-4.2
	173	130A-444 note
	179	130A-248 note
	181(a)	147-54.3 note
	(b)	143-345.6 recodified as 147-54.3
	(b), (c)	147-54.3
	184.1	120-70.61
	186	126-7 note
	187(a)	126-7 note
	(b)-(e)	126-7
	189.1(a)	131E-212
	(c)	131E-210 note
	190(a)	143-6.1
	(b)	143-6
	(c)	143-6 note, 143-6.1 note
	190.1(a)	105-164.3
	(b)	105-164.14
	(c)	105-164.14 note
	191(a)	121-7
	192(a)	121-4
	196(a)	115C-81
	(b)	115C-12
	(c)	115C-238.6
	(e)	115C-238.6 note
	197	115C-84
	198	115C-81
	199(a)	115C-238.12 to 115C-238.19
	200(a)	115C-284
	(b)	115C-289
	(c)	115C-12.1
	(d)	115C-50
	(e)	116-11.2
	201	1150-238.6
	206.2(a)	116-30.1 to 116-30.5
	(b)	143-53.1
	(d)	116-37
	(e)	116-37 note
	(f)	116-30.1 to 116-30.5 note, 116-37 note
	208	136-12.1
	209	136-97
	210.1	136-44.2C
	211	20-187.3 note
	212	7A-102 note
	215(a)	134A-38
	221.3	114-2.1 note
	221.4(a)	111-43
	221.4(b)	111-43 note
	226(d)	143B-290 note
	228	143-215.3A note
	233(a)	143-571 to 143-579
	(b)	143-571 note
	233.1(a)	20-16.5
	(b)	20-139.1
	(c)	20-16.2
	(d)	20-16.5 note
	239(f)	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 note
	249	105-2.1
	250	105-114
	251	105-131
	252	105-134.1
	253, 254	105-134.6
	255	105-163.1
	256	105-212
	257	105-130.2
	258	105-130.3
	259	105-130.3A
	260	1150-546.1
	261	105-163.41 note
	262	105-113.5
	263	105-113.7
	264	105-113.2 note
	265(1)	105-113.2 note
	(2)	105-113.5 note
	(3)	105-113.35 note
	266	105-113.2
	267	105-113.4
	268	105-113.3
	269	105-113.35
	270	105-113.36
	271	105-113.37
	272	105-113.38
	273	105-113.39
	274	105-113.40
	275	105-113.44
	276	105-113.45
	277	105-113.46
	278	105-113.47
	279	105-113.50
	280	105-113.50A
	281	105-113.51
	282	105-113.52
	283	105-113.53
	284	105-113.57
	285	105-113.58
	286	105-113.43 Repealed, 105-113.48,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
689	286	105-113.49 Repealed, 105-113.54 to 105-113.56C Repealed, 105-113.59 to 105-113.62 Repealed, 105-113.66, 105-113.67 Repealed
	287	105-113.41 note
	288	105-113.41 note, 105-113.47 note
	289	58-6-25
	290	58-6-25 note
	291	105-228.8
	292	58-69-40
	293	58-70-45
	294	58-71-180
	295	143-151.21
	296	58-6-25 note
	297	105-228.5
	298	105-228.5A
	299	58-48-75 Repealed
	300	105-134.2
	301	105-131.7
	302	105-160.2
	303	105-163.15 note
	304, 305	18B-804
	306	18B-805
	307, 308	18B-902
	309	105-113.75
	310	18B-1004
	311	105-164.4
	312	105-164.6
	313	105-164.10
	314	105-164.13
	315	105-465
	316	105-467
	317	105-468
	318	105-470 Repealed, 105-485 Repealed, 105-488 to 105-494 Repealed, 105-500 Repealed
	320(a)	105-463 note
	(b)	105-480 note
	(c)	105-495 note
	321	105-164.4 note
	322	105-164.44D
	323	105-187.6
	324	20-85.1
	325	20-7
	326	20-11
	327	20-14
	328	20-37.7
	329	20-37.9
	330	20-26
	331	20-42
	332	20-73
	333	20-74
	334	20-119
	335	20-289
	336	20-291
	337	20-291 note
	338	105-228.30
	339	113-77.9
	340	120-36.7
	341	143-3.5
	342	143-10.1 Repealed
	343	143-10.2
	344	143-10.2 note
	346	143-15.1 to 143-15.4
	350	143-1 note
	352	7A-102 note, 7A-486.3 note, 18B-804 note, 18B-805 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-63 note, 20-291 note, 58-6-25 note, 62-302 note, 90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note, 96-5 note, 105-113.2 note, 105-113.5 note, 105-113.35 note, 105-113.41 note, 105-113.47 note, 105-163.15 note, 105-163.41 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-277.1A note, 105-463 note, 105-480 note, 105-495 note, 108A-28 note, 111-43 note, 113A-1 note, 113A-35 note, 113A-50 note, 113A-176 note, 113A-180 note, 113A-183 note, 113A-192 note, 3A-193 note, 114-2.1 note, 115C-68.1 note, 115C-68.2 note, 115C-106 note, 115-238.6 note, 115C-501 note, 115C-511 note, 116-11 note, 116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-22 note, 116-143.1 note, 116-143.3 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-147 note, 126-1 note, 126-7 note, 130A-5 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
689	352	130A-124 note, 130A-248 note, 130A-291.1 note, 130A-444 note, 131E-210 note, 133-1.1 note, 134A-1 note, 136-44.2A note, 136-44.5 note, 143-1 note, 143-6 note, 143-6.1 note, 143-10.2 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note, 143-34.2 note, 143-64.10 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-215.3A note, 143-215.28A note, 143-215.74 note, 143-408.1 note, 143-571 note, 143B-139.4 note, 143B-290 note, 143B-471 note, 143B-472.35 note, 147-54.3 note
	353	7A-486.3 note, 18B-804 note, 18B-805 note, 18B-902 note, 18B-1004 note, 20-7 note, 20-11 note, 20-14 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-26 note, 20-37.7 note, 20-37.9 note, 20-42 note, 20-73 note, 20-74 note, 20-85.1 note, 20-88.1 note, 20-119 note, 20-139.1 note, 20-289 note, 20-291 note, 58-6-25 note, 58-48-75 note, 58-69-40 note, 58-70-45 note, 58-71-180 note, 96-5 note, 105-21 note, 105-113.2 to 105-113.5 note, 105-113.7 note, 105-113.35 to 105-113.40 note, 105-113.43 to 105-113.62 note, 105-113.66 note, 105-113.67 note, 105-113.75 note, 105-113.82 note, 105-114 note, 105-116 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
689	353	105-120 note, 105-130.2 to 105-130.3A note, 105-131 note, 105-131.7 note, 105-134.1 note, 105-134.2 note, 105-134.6 note, 105-160.2 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note, 105-164.10 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-164.44C note, 105-164.44D note, 105-187.6 note, 105-198 note, 105-212 to 105-213.1 note, 105-228.5 note, 105-228.5A note, 105-228.8 note, 105-228.30 note, 105-277A note, 05-277.1A note, 105-449A note, 105-465 note, 105-467 note, 105-468 note, 105-470 note, 105-485 note, 105-488 to 105-494 note, 105-500 note, 111-43 note, 115C-12 note, 1150-12.1 note, 115C-50 note, 115C-68.1 note, 115C-68.2 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-84 note, 115C-215 note, 115C-216 note, 115C-238.6 note, 115C-238.12 to 115C-238.19 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-438 note, 115C-546.1 note 115D-5 note, 116-11.2 note, 116-44.6 to 116-44.10 note, 120-36.7 note, 120-70.61 note, 121-4 note, 121-7 note, 1220-112 note, 1220-181 note, 126-7 note, 130A-4.1 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
689	353	130A-4.2 note, 131E-212 note, 134A-38 note, 136-16.6 note, 136-44.2C note, 136-176 note, 139-7 note, 143-6 note, 143-6.1 note, 143-10.1 note, 143-15.1 to 143-15.4 note, 143-151.21 note, 143-250 note, 143-341 note, 143-345.6 note, 143-571 to 143-579 note, 143B-139.5 note, 143B-153 note, 143B-431 note, 143B-438.6 note, 143B-471 to 143B-471.5 note, 143B-472.35 note, 147-54.3 note, 163-213.2 to 163-213.4 note, 163-213.11 note
690	1	105-164.4
	2	105-164.5
	3	105-164.6
	4	105-164.16
	5	105-164.29
	6	105-164.38
	7	105-253
	8, 9	105-159.1
	10	130A-309.12
	11	130A-309.12 note
691	1	130A-22
692	1	131E-176
	2	131E-177
	3	131E-178
	4	131E-179
	5	131E-181
	6	131E-183
	7	131E-185
	8	131E-188
	9	131E-190
693	1	161-10
	2	161-11.2
	3	50B-9
694	1, 2	143-318.10
	3, 4	143-318.11
	5, 6	143-318.12
	7	143-318.14A
	8	143-318.16A
	9	143-318.18
695	1	115C-37 L.M.
697	1	143-345.6 recodified as 147-54.3
	2	161-22.3
698	1	160A-192 Repealed
	2	160A-317
	3	160A-216 L.M.
699	1	106-145.1 note
	2	106-145.1 to 106-145.12
	3, 4	106-140.1
700	1	120-102
	2	120-103
701	1	131E-176
	2	131E-183
	3	131E-188
702	1	15A-1340.4
	2	14-3
703	1	97-2
	2	97-10.2
	3	97-25
	4	97-29
	5	97-59
	6	97-90
	7	97-19
	8	97-24
	9	97-92
	10	97-53
	11	97-40.1
704	1	122C-206
705	1	114-19.2
706	1	1150-47
	2	1150-47 note
707	1	54B-10
	2	54B-40
	3	54B-62
	4	54B-101
	5	54B-131
	6	54B-132
	7	54B-47
708	1	105-113.20
709	1	58-37-35
710	1	90-278
711	1	143B-181.9A
	2	143B-181.9A note
712	1	143-215.22A, 143-215.22B
	2	143-215.3
	3	143-215.22A note, 143-215.22B note
	4	143-215.22A note, 143-215.22B note
	5, 6	143-215.20A
713	1	58-36-75
	2	58-36-75 note
715	1.1	53-192
	2	53-193
	3	53-195
	4	53-197
	5	53-199.1
	6	53-202
	7	53-203
	8	53-203.1
	9	53-204
	10	53-206.1

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
716	1	136-28.5
717	1	105-275
718	1	135-8
719	1	115C-365 Repealed
	2	1150-366
720	1	58-64-85
	2	58-64-1 note, 131E-215 note
	3	58-71-90
	4	58-2-10, 58-2-35, 58-2-115, 58-2-125, 58-2-150, 58-2-185, 58-2-200, 58-3-85, 58-3-90, 58-3-140, 58-5-30, 58-5-60, 58-5-65, 58-5-70, 58-5-75, 58-5-80, 58-5-90, 58-5-95, 58-5-110, 58-6-1, 58-6-5, 58-6-10, 58-6-15 note, 58-6-20, 58-7-1, 58-7-10, 58-7-35, 58-7-95, 58-7-105 to 58-7-120, 58-7-135, 58-8-5, 58-8-45, 58-9-5, 58-9-10, 58-10-1, 58-10-5, 58-11-1, 58-11-5, 58-11-15, 58-11-20, 58-11-25, 58-11-30, 58-12-5, 58-12-10, 58-12-20, 58-14-15, 58-16-15, 58-16-20, 58-16-25, 58-16-30, 58-16-35, 58-16-45, 58-18-5, 58-18-10, 58-18-15, 58-18-20, 58-24-45, 58-24-50, 58-24-60, 58-24-65, 58-24-70, 58-24-90, 58-24-120, 58-24-125, 58-24-130, 58-24-135, 58-24-140, 58-24-145, 58-24-150, 58-24-155, 58-24-170, 58-24-175, 58-24-185, 58-25-25, 58-25-30, 58-25-50, 58-26-5, 58-26-10, 58-27-1, 58-27-10, 58-27-15, 58-28-1, 58-28-10, 58-28-15, 58-28-40, 58-29-1, 58-29-20, 58-31-5, 58-31-15, 58-31-20, 58-31-25, 58-31-45, 58-32-1, 58-33-85, 58-35-30, 58-36-5, 58-37-35, 58-37-40, 58-45-5, 58-45-50, 58-45-60,
720	4	58-45-75, 58-46-20, 58-50-10, 58-50-55, 58-50-65, 58-50-70, 58-51-1, 58-51-35, 58-51-95, 58-52-20, 58-58-125, 58-59-5, 58-59-10, 58-59-15, 58-59-20, 58-59-25, 58-59-30
	5	58-2-1, 58-2-35, 58-2-115, 58-3-65, 58-3-150, 58-18-5, 58-29-20, 58-35-95
	6	58-37-1, 58-37-50 Repealed, 58-38-15, 58-38-35, 58-40-5, 58-45-5, 58-47-5, 58-48-20, 58-57-5, 58-63-5
	7	58-3-145
	8	58-64-35
	9	58-7-130
	10	58-8-20
	11	58-9-5
	12	58-9-10
	13	58-11-15
	14	58-12-1
	15	58-15-5
	16	58-16-15
	17	58-19-15
	18	58-19-30
	19	58-24-125, 58-58-50, 58-58-55
	20	58-24-140
	21	58-24-175
	22	58-33-130
	23	58-30-75 note, 58-30-175 note
	24	58-46-10
	25	58-45-35
	26	58-46-40
	27	58-48-60
	28	58-50-1
	29	58-50-5, 58-50-15, 58-50-30
	30	58-57-20
	31	58-58-55
	32	58-58-125
	33	58-63-50
	34	58-51-85
	35	58-51-15
	36	58-67-50
	37	58-50-25, 58-65-35
	38	58-65-60, 58-67-85
	39	58-64-1
	40	58-67-5
	41	58-67-10, 58-71-50
	42	58-38-35, 58-50-65, 58-50-70
	43	58-21-100

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
720	44	58-55-25
	45	58-24-185, 58-55-30
	46	58-68-10
	47	58-78-1
	48	58-86-55
	49	14-399
	51	58-3-150
	52	58-5-100
	53	58-7-35
	54	58-14-15
	55	58-24-185
	56	58-28-15
	57	58-29-20
	58	58-45-25
	59	58-45-30
	60	58-52-25
	61	58-58-65
	62	58-63-20
	63	58-63-50
	64	58-51-50, 58-65-75, 58-67-70
	65	20-310
	66	58-11-1
	67	58-3-25
	68	58-30-215
	69	58-67-10
	70	20-310
	71	58-3-95 Repealed
	72	58-52-5
	73	58-39-95
	74	58-39-50
	75	58-33-25
	76	55A-3
	77	153A-351
	78	130A-148
	79	58-65-95
	80	168-10
	81	58-51-55
	82	58-65-90
	83	58-67-75
	84	58-55-15
	85	58-55-30 note,
	58-55-35	note
	86	58-55-30
	87	58-11-20
	88	58-51-80 note, 58-51-110 note, 58-65-60 note, 58-67-85 note
	89	58-64-20, 58-64-33 note
	90	58-36-75
	91	58-57-40
	92	58-3-165
	93	58-62-21
	94	58-62-36
721	1	58-27-10
	2	58-69-10
	3	58-70-35
	4	58-71-55
	5	58-71-70
	6	58-71-75
	7	58-33-125
722	1	126-35
723	1, 2	96-15
	3	96-4
725	1	14-399
	2	114-15
	3	143-215.6A
	4	143-215.6B
	5	113A-64
	6	113A-126
	7	143-215.114A
	8	130A-22
726	1-4	20-4.01
	5	20-7
	6	20-9
	7	20-17
	8	20-17.4
	9	20-17.5
	10	20-24
	11	20-26
	12	20-28
	13	20-30
	14	20-35
	15	20-37.12
	16	20-37.13
	17	20-37.15
	18	20-37.16
	19	20-138.2
	20	20-179, 20-279.1
	21	20-179
	22	20-218
	22.1	20-28.1
	23	20-37.6, 20-66, 20-79.4 to 20-79.7, 20-80 to 20-81.11 Repealed, 20-95, 168-2
727	1	163-275
	2	163-2
	3	163-45
	4	163-171
	5.1	163-57
	5.2	163-22
	6.1	163-227
	6.2	163-230
	6.3	163-230.1
	7	163-22
	8	163-114
	9	163-2 note
728	1	145-14
	2	145-14 note
729	1	9-1
730	1	113-136
731	1	44A-1
	2	44A-3
	3	44A-4
	4	44A-6.1
732	1	90B-3

Ch.	Sec.	1991 General Statutes
732	2	90B-4
	3	90B-5
	4	90B-7
	5	90B-10
	6	90B-14
	7	90B-3 note to 90B-5 note, 90B-7 note, 90B-10 note
	8	90B-5 note, 90B-10 note
733	1	130A-247
	2	130A-248
	3	130A-250
734	1	106-744
735	3	104E-7
736	1	36A-116 note
	2	36A-130
737	1	66-143
	2	66-144
739	1	120-70.2
	2	120-70.3
	3	120-70.32
	4	120-70.33
	5	120-70.42
	6	120-70.43
	7	7A-506
	8	7A-740
	9	104D-2
	10	113B-3
	11	115C-81
	12	115C-121
	13	115C-210.1
	14	120-58
	15	120-99
	16	120-149.6
	17	120-158
	18	120-182
	19	120-183
	20	130A-33.41
	21	135-38
	22	143-4
	23	143-506.14
	24	143-510
	25	143-533
	26	143-539
	27	143B-164
	28	143B-374
	29	143B-380
	30	143B-382
	31	143B-415
	32	143B-478
	33	164-14
740	1.1	120-47.1 to 120-47.11
	1.2	120-48 to 120-55 Repealed
	2	163-278.13A
	3	120-47.1 note, 120-47.11 note, 120-48 note, 163-278.13A note
741	1	160A-20
742	2	15A-2000 note
	10	7A-37.1 note, 7A-494 note
	11, 12	7A-133
	13	7A-60
	14(a)	7A-471.1
	(b)	7A-171.1 note
	5(a)	7A-304
	15(b)	7A-305
	(c)	7A-304 note, 7A-305 note
	16	7A-142
743	1	143B-150.5 to 143B-150.9
744	1	31B-2
745	1	104E-29
	2	130A-304
	3	132-1.2
746	1	7A-41
747	1	36A-125
	2	36A-125
	3	36A-53
748	1	113-290, 113-290.1
749	1	63A-1 to 63A-25
	1.2	63A-1 note
	2-2.2	63A-1 note
	3	63-31
	4	126-5
	5	143-336
	6	120-123
	7	66-58
	8	147-69.2
	9, 10	150B-1
750	1	126-4
751	1	136-44.36D
752	1	105-131.4
	2	105-131.4 note
753	1	128-26
	2	120-4.22A note, 128-27 note, 135-5 note, 135-65 note
756	34	120-37
	35	140-5.13
757	1	143-170.2
	2	143B-90
	3	143B-91
	4	143B-91 note
	5	121-4
	6	121-7
758	1	20-81.12
761	1	1-567.58
	2	7A-38
	3	7A-451.1
	4	7A-455
	5	20-37.6
	6	20-117.1
	7	20-183.2
	8	47D-6 note, 47D-9 note, 470-10

1991

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
761	9	47D-8
	10	58-50-125
	11, 12	58-64-35
	12.1	70-48
	12.2	70-50
	12.3	20-279.21
	12.4	90-357
	13	87-21
	14-16	90-270.15
	17	95-138
	18	105-102.6
	19	105-445
	20	113A-226
	21	115D-71
	21.1	120-30.9I
	22	130-295.02 recodified as 130A-295.03
	23	131E-2
	24	131E-103
	25	131E-109
	26	131E-111
	27(a)-(c)	143-215.108
	28	143B-153
	29	159-27.1
	30	160A-35, 160A-35.1
	31	160A-47, 160A-47.1
	32, 32.1	163-140
	33(a), (b)	163-201
	34	131E-135 to 131E-142 note
	35	1150-113 note
	36	153A-330 L.M.
	37	20-79.7 note
	37.2	130A-248 note
	37.3	130A-14
	37.4	105-314 Repealed
	37.5	36A-53
	38, 39	113-129
	40	143-215.107
	42	50-13.11 note
	43	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
	45	24-11 note
	46	159-7 L.M.
	49	122C-263, 1220-265
	50.5	113-135 note
	50.6	14-250 note
	51	131E-210 note
	51.1(a)	105-113.82 note
	(b)	105-116 note
	(c)	105-113.82 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1989

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
772	6	105-113.105 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1991 (Reg. Sess., 1992)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
762	1, 2	128-21
763	1	153A-299.6
	2	153A-299.6 note
764	1	153A-149
765	1	53-172
	2	53-178
766	1	128-27
	2	135-5
767	1	115C-68.3 note
	2	115C-68.3
	3	115C-67
	4	115C-67 note, 115C-68.3 note
768	1	36A-59.10 to 36A-59.21
769	1	115C-81
	2	115C-378
	3	115C-382
770	1	115C-302 L.M.,
770	1	115C-316 L.M.
771	1	14-410 L.M.
	2	14-413 L.M.
773	1	153A-299.6
774	1	115C-37 L.M.
775	1	153A-299.6
776	1	18B-801 L.M.
777	1	45-21.21
778	1	153A-238
	2	153A-239.1
779	1	135-101
	2	135-104
	3	135-105
	4	135-106
781	1	163-1 L.M.
	6	163-112 L.M., 163-122 L.M.
	8	163-33 L.M.
	9	163-227.2 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
781	10	163-107.1 L.M.
782	1	163-1
	2	163-209
	3	163-140
783	1	53-229
784	1	58-45-35
	2	58-45-45
	3	58-46-55
	4	58-45-5
	5	58-45-30
	6	58-46-20
	7	58-45-85
	8	58-45-5 note, 58-45-30 note, 58-45-35 note, 58-45-45 note, 58-45-85 note, 58-46-20 note, 58-46-55 note
785	1	120-150
	2	120-151
	3	120-154
	4	143-318.14A
786	1	143-214.2 note, 143-215.1A note
	2	143-214.2
	3	143-215.1A
787	1	90-2
788	1	113-184
	2	113-202
789	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
790	1	153A-15
791	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-25 L.M., 58-84-30 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
792	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-30 L.M.
793	1	158-7.1
798	1, 2	58-84-1 L.M.
	10	58-84-1 L.M.
799	1	158-7.1
800	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-30 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
801	1	160A-176.2
802	1	58-48-10
	2	58-48-20
	3	58-48-25
	4	58-48-35
	5	58-48-55
	6	58-48-105
	7	58-48-110
	8	58-48-115
	9	58-48-120
	10	58-48-125
	11	58-48-130
	12	97-105 to 97-122 Repealed
803	1	117-3.1
804	1	14-277.3
807	2, 3	160A-29 L.M.
808	2	160A-360 L.M.
810	1	115C-1 L.M., 163-1 L.M.
811	1	7A-304
	2	7A-305
	3	7A-306
	4, 5	7A-307
	6	130A-328
	7	58-6-25 note
	8	62-302 note
812	6a	58-6-25 115C-21 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	(c)	143-16.3
	(e)	143-23
	(g)	58-6-25 115C-21
	7(b)	143-15.2 143-15.3
	(c)	143-15.2 note, 143-15.3 note
	9(a)	105-248.1
	12	164-35 note
813	1	20-359.1
	2	20-358
	3	20-361
814	1	105-164.14
815	1	58-54-1
	2	58-54-25
	3	58-54-10
	4	58-54-20
816	1	164-35 note
	2	164-37
	3	164-38
	4	164-43
	5	164-42
	6	164-37 note, 164-38 note, 164-42 note, 164-43 note
817	1	143-215.94B
	2	143-215.94E
	3	143-215.94O
	4	143-215.94O note
818	1	20-141
	2	136-30
819	1	85B-1
	2	85B-2
	3	85B-3
	4	85B-4
	5	85B-4.1
	6	85B-4.2
	7	85B-4.3
	8	85B-4.4
	9	85B-4.5
	10	85B-4.6
	11	85B-4.7
	12	85B-4.8

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
819	13	85B-4.9
	14	85B-4.10
	15	85B-4.11
	16	85B-4.12
	17	85B-5
	18	85B-6
	19	85B-7
	20	85B-7.1
	21	85B-8
	22	85B-9
	23	20-286
820	1	132-1 L.M.
821	1	132-1 L.M.
822	1	20-97 L.M.
824	1	153A-205 L.M.
825	1	160A-216 L.M.
826	1	130A-315
828	1, 2	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
829	1	54B-4
	2	54B-25
	3	54B-33
	4	54C-4
	5	54C-9
	6	54C-26
	7	54C-30
	8	54C-33
	9	54C-63
	10	54C-78
	11	54C-170
	12	54C-179
830	1	128-21 L.M.
832	1	153A-157
833	1	58-86-1 note, 143A-27.1 note
	2	58-86-5
	3	58-86-30
	4	58-86-40
	5	143-166.2
834	1	160A-63 L.M.
835	1	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
836	1	160A-312
	2	153A-275
837	1	58-35-40
	2	58-8-35
	3	58-33-125
	4	58-51-80 note, 58-51-110 note, 58-65-60 note, 58-67-85 note
	5	58-7-32
	6	58-58-135
	7	58-7-95
	8	58-67-35
	9	20-279.21
	10	20-279.5 note, 20-279.15 note
	11	58-36-75
838	1	20-97 L.M.
839	1	113A-103
	2	113A-124
	3	113A-126
	4	113A-103
	5	113A-126 note
840	1	87-1
	2	87-14
841	1	162-58 to 162-61
	2	14-255
842	1	7A-608
844	1	153A-274 L.M.
846	1	153A-343 L.M.
847	1	58-72-15 L.M.
848	1	153A-157
	2, 3	115C-518 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
849	1-2.2	153A-238, 153A-239.1
853	1	115C-518 L.M.
857	1	105-130.5
858	1	90-400 to 90-402
859	1	136-41.1 L.M. 160A-360 L.M.
860	1	136-30 note
863	1	18B-700 L.M.
864	1	153A-274 L.M.
865	1	153A-157
866	1	163-128 L.M.
867	1	105-187.18
868	1	106-706
869	1	115C-1 note, 115C-271 note, 115C-284 note
871	3	105-322 L.M.
873	1	7A-4.20
	2	135-57
875	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
877	1	47-54.1
879	1, 2	116-233
	3	116-233 note
	4	90-171.71
	5	126-5
	6	90-171.60
880	2	116-11
	3	115C-12
	4	115D-5
	5	115C-12 note, 116-11 note
	6	115C-12 note, 115D-5 note, 116-11 note
882	1	132-1 L.M.
884	1, 2	160A-360 L.M.
888	1	159B-2
	2	159B-11
	3	159B-12
	4	159B-17

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
888	5	159B-18
	6	159B-18 note
	7	159B-30.1
889	1, 2	143-213
	3	143-215.107
	4	119-26.1
	5	119-26.1 note, 143-215.107 note, 143-215.112 note
890	1	104G-6
	2	113-29
	3	113-60.22
	4	113-61
	5	113-138
	6	113-151.1
	7	113-228
	8	113A-126
	9	130A-12
	10	130A-294.1
	11	130A-310.23
	12	130B-8
	13	139-47
	14	143-214.5
	15	143-215
	16	143-215.3
	17	143-215.94D
	18	143-215.114A
	19	143-358
	20	143B-139.6
	21	143B-301.1
891	1	160A-36 L.M.
892	1	106-700, 106-701
893	1	143-135.26
	2	143-135.25
	3	143-135.7
894	1	95-143
	2	97-81
	3	97-92
	4	58-36-16
	5	58-2-230
	6	130A-385
895	1	143-138
	2	143-136
896	1	153A-149
	2	160A-209
897	1	58-84-1 L.M.
898	1	115C-518 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
899	1	113A-11
900	7	143-23 note
	8	143-16.1
	9(a, b)	143-23
	(b)	143-23 note
	11	143-15.3
	13(a)	146-1 note
	(b)	143B-452 note, 143B-469 note
	(c)	143B-452 note, 143B-469 note
	14(a)	143B-426.21

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
900	14(c)	136-28.1 note
	(d)	143B-426.21 note
	(e)	143B-426.21 note
	(f)	120-123
	(g)	143B-426.40
	(h)	120-123 note, 143B-426.21 note, 143B-426.40 note
	15	14-27.8 note
	16	120-30.11
	20(a)	105-113.113 note
	(b)	105-113.105 note
	(c)	105-113.113
	(d)	105-113.111
	24	143-64.05
	26	146-29.1 note
	27	131E-212
	28	143-16.3 note
	32(a), (b)	147-11
	35	120-3
	36, 37	120-37
	40	7A-101
	41	7A-171.1
	42	7A-102
	43	7A-171.1
	49(d)	7A-102 note, 20-187.3 note, 115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	51	120-3.1
	52(a)-(d)	135-5
	(e)-(g)	128-27
	53(a)	128-27
	(b)	135-5
	(c)	135-65
	(d)	120-4.22A
	54(a)	143-166.83
	(b)	143-166.84
	(c)	143-166.85
	58(b)	115C-238.13
	63(c)	115C-417
	69	115C-1 note
	75.1(a)	115C-238.1
	(b)	115C-238.3
	(c)	115C-238.4
	(d)	115C-238.6
	(e)	115C-12
	(f)	115C-47
	(g)	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note
	(h)	115C-81
	(i)	115C-238.13
	(j)	115C-363 to 115C-363.11 Repealed
	(k)	115C-363.28 Repealed
	76(a)	115C-238.7
	77(a)	115C-240

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
900	77(b)	115C-438
	78	115C-264
	79(a)	115C-524
	81(a)	115C-96
	81(b)	143-11
	(c)	115C-238.5
	82	115D-20 note
	84(a), (b)	115D-5 note
	87	96-5 note
	89	115D-2 note
	94	93B-1 note, 136-28.1 note, 143-52 note, 143-53 note, 143-58 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note
	98	143-16.3 note
	99	136-44.7
	103	136-44.5 note
	108(a)	63A-2
	(b)-(e)	63A-3
	(f), (g)	63A-6
	(h)	63A-18
	114	7A-37.1 note, 7A-494 note
	116(a)	7A-455
	(b)	7A-458
	118(a)	7A-148
	(b)	7A-146
	(c)	7A-180
	(d)	7A-273
	119	7A-102
	120(a), (b)	7A-60
	128	108A-68
	129	90-85.27 note, 90-85.28 note, 90-85.29 note, 90-85.30 note, 90-85.31 note
	134	143-23 note
	137(a), (b)	131E-185
	(c)	131E-186
	138	108A-55 note
	147(b)	143B-150.5 note
	148	131E-135 note
	149	150B-21.1
	150	143-548
	153	105-130.40 note, 105-151.17 note
	155	143B-472.35 note
	158	143B-471 note
	159(a)	130B-1 note
	162	143-215.3A note
	163	130A-248 note
	165(a)	130A-33.43 note
	166	130A-33.43, 130A-33.44
	169(a)	143-577
	(b)	143-573
	175	106-22.2
	176(b)	105-113.81A
	177	143-1 note
	178(a)	143-15 note
	179	143-15 note
901	1	90-210.30 to 90-210.37 Repealed
	2	90-210.60 to 90-210.72
	3	90-210.18
	4	90-210.22
	5(a), (b)	90-210.30 note, 90-210.60 note
902	1	148-70 note
	2	148-70
	3	66-58
	4	148-2
	5	148-18
	6	148-33.1
904	1, 2	110-86
	3, 4	110-86 note
905	1	20-118
907	1	143-260.10E
	2	136-44.2
	3	136-44.12
910	1	50-21
912	1	143B-379 to 143B-384 Repealed
913	1	105-430
	2	105-446.1
	3	105-442 Repealed
	4-6	105-445
	7	105-449.26
	8	105-449.37
	9	105-449.42A
	10	105-449.49
	11	105-449.52
	12	119-18
	13	105-449.2
	14	105-130.27
	15	105-151.6
914	1	105-164.28
	2	105-236
915	1	132-1 L.M.
916	1	20-37.13
917	1	105-164.14
919	1	126-19 note
	2-4	126-19
920	1	18B-101
	2	18B-404
	3	18B-804
	4	18B-805
	5	18B-902
	6	18B-903
	7	18B-1001
	8	18B-1007
	9	18B-1104
	10	18B-101
	11	18B-603
	12	18B-1006

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
920	13	18B-603
921	1	105-130.11
922	1	105-2.1
	2	105-33.1
	3	105-114
	4	105-130.2
	5	105-131
	6	105-134.1
	7	105-163.1
	8	105-163.38
	9	105-212
	10	105-249.2
923	1	7A-542
	2	7A-543
	3	7A-544
	4	7A-548
	5	114-15.3
924	1	95-136.1
925	1	160A-314 L.M.
926	1	105-278.4
927	1	163-132.1A, 163-132.2, 163-132.3, 163-132.5A Repealed, 163-132.5C to 163-132.5F, 163-132.6 Repealed
	2	163-192
	3	163-132.1A note
	4	163-195
	5	163-132.1A note, 163-132.3 note
928	1	131D-3
	2	131D-4
929	1	128-27
930	1	105-152
	2	105-154
	3	105-155
	4	105-157
	5	105-252
	6	105-254
	7	105-160.6
	8	105-160.7
	9	105-163.10
	10	105-197
	11	105-263
	12	105-152.1 Repealed
	13	105-228.90
	14	105-130.19
	15	105-134.2
	16	105-151.2
	17	105-151.7
	18	105-151.8
	19	105-151.9
	20	105-151.10
	21	105-151.12
	22	105-151.13
	23	105-266
931	1, 2	105-164.13
932	1, 2	130A-309.10
	3	153A-277
932	4	153A-421
933	1	163-302
935	1	105-164.13
	2	99B-10
936	1	153A-238
	2	153A-239.1
937	1	40A-5 L.M.
	2	40A-42 L.M.
938	1	158-7.1
940	1	105-164.13
941	1	7A-289.32
942	1	115C-325
943	1	20-183.7
	2	58-87-5
	3	58-88-30
	5	58-87-5 note
944	1, 2	130A-333
	3	130A-334
	4	130A-335
	5	130A-336
	6	130A-337
	7	130A-341
	8	130A-342
	9	130A-343
	10	130A-39
	11	130A-22
	12	143-215.1
	13	153A-274
	14	160A-311
945	1	113A-2
	2	113A-4
	3	113A-9
	4	113A-10
	5	113A-12, 113A-13
	6	113A-2 note, 113A-4 note, 113A-9 note, 113A-10 note, 113A-12 note, 113A-13 note, 150B-21.1 note
	7(a)	113A-12, 113A-13
	(b)	113A-11
946	1	136-129
947	1	20-88
948	1	153A-421
	2	153A-430
949	1	105-164.13
	2	105-164.38
	3	105-164.3
950	1.1	105-163.15
	1	159-30 L.M.
952	1	160A-301 L.M.
953	1	74D-2
	2	74D-3
	3	74D-4
	4	74D-5.1
	5	74D-6
	6	74D-7
	7	74D-8
	8	74D-9

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
953	9	74D-10
	10	74D-11
954	1	162A-68
955	1	105-65.1
	2	105-85
	3	105-113.4A
	4	105-113.12
	5	105-113.13
	6	105-113.14, 105-113.15 Repealed
	7	105-113.16
	8	105-113.17
	9	105-113.24
	10	105-113.35
	11	105-113.36
	12	105-113.37
	13	105-113.44
	14	105-113.45
	15	105-113.46
	16	105-113.51
	17	105-74
	18	105-85
958	1	58-84-1 L.M.
959	1	20-79.5
	2	20-79.7
	3	54-109.10
	4, 4.1	54-109.11
	5, 5.1	54B-4
	6	54B-53
	7	54B-237
	8	54B-238
	9	54B-239
	10	54B-240
	11	54B-241
	12	54B-242
	13	54B-245
	14	54B-246
	15	54B-247
	16	54B-248
	17	54B-249
	18	62-102
	19	65-49
	20	105-130.40
	21	105-151.17
	22	105-228.24A
	23	113-315.25 note
	24	113-315.26
	25	113-315.34
	26	113A-105
	27	113B-3
	28	113B-11
	29	114-4.2D
	30	121-4
	31	122E-4
	32	130A-309.14
	33	130B-6
	34	143-166.13
	35	143-169.2
	36	143A-11
	37	143B-2
959	38	143B-6
	39	143B-74
	40	143B-285.12
	41	143B-390.11
	42	143B-417
	43	143B-426.22
	44, 45	143B-427
	46	143B-428
	47	143B-429
	48	143B-430
	49	143B-431
	50	143B-431.1
	51	143B-432
	52	143B-433
	53	143B-433.1
	54	143B-434.1
	55	143B-435
	56	143B-436
	57	143B-437
	58	143B-437.1
	59	143B-437.2
	60	143B-437A
	61	143B-438.4
	62	143B-438.6
	63	143B-439
	64	143B-443
	65	143B-448
	66	143B-449
	67	143B-450
	68	143B-450.1
	69	143B-451
	70	143B-452
	71	143B-472.32
	72	143B-472.35
	73	143B-475
	74	147-45
	75	147-69.1
	76	150B-38
	77	159-30
	78	159C-4
	79	159C-7
	80	159C-8
	81	159D-4
	82	159D-7
	83	159D-8
	84	168-2
	85	106-760, 126-5, 131E-181, 143B-427 note, 143B-433.2, 143B-434, 143B-434.2, 143B-446
	86	143B-427 note
	87	143B-427 note
960	1	50-20
961	1	105-333
	2	105-329 Repealed
	3	105-330.1
	4	105-330.2
	5	105-330.4
	6	105-330.5

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
961	7	105-330.6
	8	105-330.7
	9	105-325.1
	10	105-373
	11	20-50.3
	12	20-50.2 note, 20-50.3 note, 20-50.4 note, 20-66 note, 105-312 note, 105-329 note, 105-330 note, 105-330.1 to 105-330.8 note, 105-373 note
962	1	95-250 to 95-256
964	2	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
965	1	105-67 Repealed
	2	78A-37
	3	105-83
970	1	95-47.3
	2	95-47.4
	3	95-47.3A
971	1-6	115C-1 note
972	1	153A-335 L.M.
	2	153A-331 L.M.
	3	153A-335 L.M.
973	1, 2	163-80
974	1	105-41
975	1	105-273
	2	105-275
	3	105-282.1
976	1	18B-600
977	1	105-130.41
	2	105-151.22
	3	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
979	1	136-19
980	1	40A-70
981	1	105-33
982	1	126-1 note
983	1	162-39
	2	162-39 note
984	1	111-43
	2	111-47
	3	111-48 to 111-52
985	1	143-132
	2	143-132 note
987	1	159-64 note
988	1	50B-9
989	1	113-270.4
990	1	143B-282
	3	143-214.6 note, 143-355 note
	4	120-70.43
	5	143B-279.5
	6	130A-294 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.108 note
	7	130A-309.12
	8	130A-295.02 note
991	1	95-25.5
992	1	143-129 L.M.
993	1	105-164.44C
	2	105-275.1
	3	105-277A
	4	105-277.1A
	5	105-213.1
	6	105-213
	7	105-275.1
	8	105-277A
	11	143-15.1
	12	143-15.2
	13	143-15.3
	14	143-15.4
994	1	143-580 to 143-584
	2	126-4
	3	143-589
995	1	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
996	1	153A-133 L.M.
	2	160A-443 L.M.
997	1	58-36-75
998	1	143B-399
999	1	115C-238.22 to 115C-238.25
1000	1	15A-1343
	2	15A-1374
1001	1	153A-157
	2	115C-518 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
1003	1	88A-11
	2	88A-4
1004	1	105-273
1005	1, 2	17E-3
1006	1	158-7.1 L.M.
1007	1	105-102.6
	2	105-116
	3	105-134.6
	4	105-164.11
	5	105-188
	6	105-203
	7	105-213
	8	105-228.5A
	9	105-228.24
	10	105-236
	11	105-237.1
	12, 13	105-242
	14	105-251.1 Repealed
	15	105-253
	16	105-256
	17	105-269.3
	18, 19	105-277A
	20	105-288
	21	105-295
	22	105-322
	23	105-349
	24	18B-1114.1
	26	153A-293 note
	27	20-7
	28	20-14
	29	20-30

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
1007	30	20-37.6
	31	20-37.6A
	32	20-63
	33	20-81.12
	34	20-127
	35	65-64
	36	75-81
	37	120-123
	38	130A-62
	39	143B-472.3
	40	159-30
	41	159-55
	42	159G-8
	43	159-123
	44	105-164.13
	45	153A-277
	46	160A-314
	47	162A-9
1008	1	95-126 note, 143-580 note
1009	1	66-118
	2	66-124
	3	66-124.1
	4	66-220 to 66-247
1010	1	44A-23
	2	44A-7 note, 44A-25 note
	3	44A-35
1011	1	93B-5
	2	90-133
	3	90-171.21
	4	90-184
	5	90A-56
	6	93-12
1013	1	153A-136
	2	160A-319
	3	160A-325
	4	153A-294
	5	153A-299.1 to 153A-299.6 Repealed
	6	130A-309.04
	7	130A-290
	8	130A-290 note, 130A-309.04 note, 153A-136 note, 153A-294 note, 153A-299.1 note, 160A-319 note, 160A-325 note
	9	153A-136 note, 160A-325 note
1014	1	58-1-25, 58-1-30, 58-1-35, 58-1-40, 58-1-41, 58-1-45, 58-1-50
	2	58-1-15
	4	58-6-1
1015	1	20-4.01
	2	20-87
	3	20-140.5
1016	1	105-290
1016	2	105-288
1017	1	128-26
	2	135-4
1018	1	81A-11
1019	1	105-228.30
1020	1	95-148
	2, 3	95-137
	4	95-137 note, 95-138 note, 95-148 note
1021	1	95-240 to 95-244
	2	95-130
	3	95-25.20
	4	97-6.1 Repealed
	5	74-24.15
	6	126-86
1022	1	131E-18 L.M.
1023	1	95-28.2
1024	1	110-86
1028	1	143-212
	2	143-213
	3	143-215.5
	4	130A-334
1029	1	135-4
1030	1	1-54.1
	2	7A-450.1
	3	7A-517
	4	7A-649
	5	14-234
	6	14-250
	7	14-277
	8	15A-406
	9	17E-10
	10	20-7
	11	20-84
	12	20-179.2
	13	25-8-317
	14	47-41.02
	15	49-12.1
	16	63A-9
	17	66-64
	18	66-68
	19	66-224
	20	88-12.1
	21	90-87
	22	90-171.37
	23	90-394
	24	93D-6
	25	105-164.14
	26	106-516.1
	27	115C-116
	28	115C-284
	29	115C-363.23A
	30	115C-546.2
	31	116-41.18
	32	116-143.1
	33	120-123
	34	121-9
	35	127A-81
	36	131E-51
	37	131E-184

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
1030	38	133-23
	39	136-32
	40	136-32.1
	41	136-33
	42	143-318.14A
	43	143B-30
	44	143B-163
	45	143B-358 Repealed
	46	150B-1
	47	153A-77.1
	48	160A-58.28
	49.15	161-10
	51.1	128-27
	51.3	97-105 Repealed
	51.5	85B-4
	51.6	128-21
	51.8	47-100
	51.9	120-47.6
	51.10	120-47.7
	51.11	54-109.82
	51.12	110-86
	51.14	120-123, 143B-426.21, 143B-426.40
	51.15	113A-12
	51.16	47-30 note, 89C-26 note
1031	1	110-44.4
1032	1	163-67
	2	163-69.1
	3	163-72.2
	4	163-74
	5	163-59
	6	163-213.2
	7	163-288
	8	163-283
	9	163-288.2
	10	163-130
	10A	163-278.9
	10B	163-278.42
	10C	163-278.43
1034	1	20-141
	2, 3	122C-268.1
	4	122C-276.1
	5	122C-271
1036	5-7	148-4.1
1037	1	120-9
1038	13	115C-121
	14	115C-325
	15	143B-10
	16	143B-13
	17	143B-148
	18	143B-265
	19	143B-357
	20	143B-392
	21	143B-415
	22	143B-434
1039	1	90A-42
	2	97-73
	3	113A-54.2
	4	113A-119.1

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
1039	5	130A-93.1
	6	130A-125
	7	130A-248
	8	130A-291.1
	9	130A-294.1
	10	130A-326
	11	130A-328
	12	143-215.3A
	13	143-213
	14	143-215.3
	15	143-215.28A
	16	74-54.1, 143B-290
	17	143-215.106A
	18	166A-6.1
	19	130A-291.1 note, 143-215.3A note, 143B-290 note
	20.1	143-215.3
	20.2	130A-270
	21	7A-101
	22	53-96
	23	113-54
	24	115C-249
	25	116-11
	26	122A-4
	27	143B-426.37
	28	90A-42 note, 130A-93.1 note, 130A-125 note, 130A-294.1 note, 143-215.3A note
1041	1	90-108
1042	1	20-79.4
	2	20-79.7
	3	20-81.12
	4	20-81.12 note
1043	1	74E-1 to 74E-13
	2	14-401.6
	3	15A-402
	4	20-37.6
	5	74C-12
	6	160A-288
	7	160A-288.2
	8	74A-1 to 74A-6 Repealed
1044	7(a)	120-32.1
	(b)	120-32.2
	9.1(a)	7A-171.1
	9.5(a), (b)	105-275.1
	10(a)	143B-390.15, 143B-390.16
	10(b)	120-123
	13	146-1 note
	14(a)	143-34.1
	(b)	115C-441.1
	(c)	115D-25.1
	(d)	116-17.1
	(e)	143-34.1
	(f)	115C-341.1
	(g)	115D-25.2

Ch.	Sec.	1991 (Reg. Sess. 1992) General Statutes
1044	14(h)	116-17.2
	18(a)	163-72.4
	19(a)	163-81
	(b)	163-80
	(e)	163-82
	21	115C-238.14
	22(a)	115C-21
	23(a)	115C-472.5
	25(a)	115D-39
	(b), (c)	115D-39 note
	33, 34	20-79.7
	35	136-44.2
	36	63A-1 note
	38	143-341 note
	39(a)	143-300.10
	41(b)	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-64.10 note,
1044	41(b)	143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 note
	43	143-16.3 note
	46	143-341 note
	48(a)	36A-59.21 Repealed
	57	143-215.74 note
	58	104G-19 note
	59(a)	130A-344
	(b)	130A-344 note
	66	113-77.9
	69	113-291.6 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1993

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	1	143-135 L.M.
5	1	106-24.1
7	1	131E-175
	2	131E-176
	3	131E-177
	4	131E-178
	5	131E-181
	6	131E-183
	7	131E-184
	8	131E-185
	9	131E-188
	10	131E-189
	11	131E-190
	12	131E-175 to 131E-178 note, 131E-181 note, 131E-183 to 131E-185 note, 131E-188 to 131E-190 note
8	1	143B-289.5
9	1	58-86-5
10	1	131E-13 L.M.
11	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
12	1	105-228.90
	2	105-2.1
	3	105-33.1
	4	105-114
	5	105-130.2
	6	105-131
	7	105-134.1
	8	105-134.6
	9	105-163.1
	10	105-163.38
12	11	105-212
13	1	166A-30 to 166A-32
15	2(a)	163-279 L.M.
16	1	159F-1 to 159F-9 Repealed
	2	159F-1 note
17	1	18B-801 L.M.
18	1	106-758
	2	106-761 to 106-764
	3	113-273
	4	113-274
22	1	88-4
	2	88-1
23	1	120-150
25	1	158-7.1 L.M.
29	1	130A-309.25
30	1	15A-532
	2	15A-601
	3	15A-941
31	1	158-7.1
33	1	113-291.9
35	1	163-302 L.M.
36	1	152-1 L.M.
38	1	115C-238.3
	2	115C-238.6
39	1	114-10.1
40	1	58-36-1 note, 58-36-15 note, 97-1 note, 97-100 note
41	1	58-3-175
42	1	158-7.1
44	1	113-202 L.M.
45	1	105-130.40
	2	105-151.17

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
45	3	105-130.40 note, 105-151.17 note
47	1	7A-516 note, 7A-517 note, 7A-648 note
48	1	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
51	1	136-30
52	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
53	1	160A-360 L.M.
54	1	88-1
56	1	20-97 L.M.
57	1	115C-432
58	1	120-58
59	1	148-1 note
61	1	115C-21.1 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-117 note
62	1	153A-238
	2	153A-239 Repealed
	3	153A-239.1
	4	153A-240 Repealed
	5	153A-239 note, 153A-240 note
63	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
64	1	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
65	1	113-133.1
67	1-4	75A-17 L.M.
	5	160A-176.2
69	1	115D-62
	2	115D-2.1
71	1	20-123
72	1	163-132.1A L.M.
	2	163-128 L.M., 163-132.3 L.M., 163-132.5C L.M.
74	1	163-72.4
	2	163-80, 163-81
75	1	152-1 L.M.
76	1	153A-241 L.M.
78	1	87-21
79	1	160A-384 L.M.
80	1	47-50
82	1	132-1 L.M.
83	1	15A-743
84	1	15A-1342
	2	15A-1351
85	1	96-9
86	1	130A-294, 130A-309.09B
87	1	143-299.3 note
90	1	115C-84 L.M.
91	1-9	148-4.1
92	1	160A-279 L.M.
95	1	153A-39
98	1	115C-302
	2	115C-316
101	1(a)	153A-343 L.M.
	(b)	153A-323 L.M.
101	2(a)	160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	160A-364 L.M.
105	1	58-7-173
	2	147-69.1
106	1	7A-109 L.M.
107	1	7A-210
109	1	143B-72
	2	143B-72 note
110	1	115C-37 L.M.
112	1, 2	87-10
114	1	115C-47
116	1, 2	20-305.1
	3	20-305.1 note
117	1	115C-105.1 to 115C-105.10
119	1, 2	47-30
	3	89C-26
120	1, 2	97-93
122	1	96-8
	2	96-12
	3	96-14
123	1	20-305
124	1	130A-440
	2	130A-441
125	2	160A-176.2
126	1	36A-66.2
127	1	18B-103
128	1	115C-521 L.M., 143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
129	1	58-26-1
130	1	159C-10
	2	159D-10
131	1	153A-330 L.M.
132	1	115C-238.30 to 115C-238.33
133	1	160A-265 L.M.
134	1	130A-153
	2	58-39-75
135	1	131E-159
137	1	160A-240.1 L.M.
	2	40A-3 L.M.
	3	160A-296 L.M.
138	1	143-135 L.M.
139	1	153A-343 L.M.
	2	153A-323 L.M.
140	1	105-449.34
141	1	14-401.13
142	1	115C-12 note
143	1	14-401
144	1	106-92.7
	2	106-92.6
	3	106-92.12
145	1	126-5
146	1	130A-26
	2	130A-92
	3	130A-93
147	1	106-22.3

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
148	1	87-8
149	1	160A-299
	2, 3	160A-299 note
150	1	32A-28 to 32A-34
151	1	14-401.6
152	1	147-64.12
153	1	143-129 L.M.
	2	143-129 L.M.
	3	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
154	1	160A-384 L.M.
155	1	58-78-1
156	1	153A-343 L.M.
	2	153A-343 L.M.
	3	153A-323 L.M.
157	1	25-4A-101 to 25-4A-108, 25-4A-201 to 25-4A-212, 25-4A-301 to 25-4A-305, 25-4A-401 to 25-4A-406, 25-4A-501 to 25-4A-507
	2	25-1-105
	3	25-4A-101 note
159	2	160A-58.1 L.M.
160	1	160A-63 L.M., 160A-70 L.M.
163	1	54B-75
	2	54B-76
	3	54C-62
	4	54C-63
	5	54B-34.1, 54B-34.2
	6	54C-47
164	1	90-210.23
	2	90-210.24
	3	90-210.68
165	1	153A-136
	2	160A-317
166	1	115C-296
	2	115C-296 note
167	1	163-279 L.M., 163-291 L.M.
168	1	160A-400.9 L.M.
169	1	115C-325
	2	115C-276
170	1	143B-438.3
	2	115D-5
171	1	143-128 L.M.
172	1	95-47.22
	2	95-47.24
173	1-3	130A-290
	4	130A-291.1
	5	130A-335
174	1	158-7.1 L.M.
175	1	53-210
	2	53-211
	3	53-212
	4	53-214
	5	53-215
	6, 7	53-209
	8	53-210
	9	53-211
	10	53-212 Repealed
	11	53-213
	12	53-215
	13	53-216
	14	53-217
	15	53-218
176	1	90-21.22
177	1	160A-388 L.M.
178	1, 2	161-22
	3	161-22.3
	4, 5	161-22
	6	161-22 note, 161-22.3 note
179	1	115C-425
180	1	115C-81
	2	115C-81.1
	3	115C-151 to 115C-156 Repealed 115C-157 to 115C-164
	4	115C-302
	5	131D-10.2
	6	134A-8
	7	137-35
	8	148-22.1
182	1	159B-11
183	1	136-28.6
184	1	113A-84
	2	113A-85
	3	113A-86
	4	113A-87
	5	113A-89
	6	113A-95
185	1	110-88
	2	110-90
	3	110-91
187	1	40A-3 L.M.
	2	40A-42 L.M.
188	1	1C-1800 to 1C-1808
189	1	62-50
190	1	90-9
191	1	53-219 to 53-224.8
	2	54B-265 to 54B-278
	3	54C-199 to 54C-212
193	1	18B-600
	2	18B-501
194	1	153A-335 L.M.
195	1	153A-335 L.M.
196	1	143-128 L.M.
197	1	130A-309.14
	2	136-18
	3	130A-309.14 note, 136-18 note
198	1	90-171.24
	2	90-171.25
	3	90-171.30
	4	90-171.31

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
198	5	90-171.33
	6	90-171.34
	7	90-171.35
	8	90-171.36
	9	90-171.43
	10	90-171.44
	11	90-171.47
199	1	116-74.21
	2, 3	116-74.21 note
	4	115C-296
	5-8	116-74.21 note
200	1	20-97 L.M.
201	1	157-66, 157-67, 157-69
202	1	95-47.4
203	1	95-25.13
204	1	95-48 to 95-53 Repealed
205	1	14-404 L.M.
208	4	113-291.4
209	1	50-21
210	1-3	115C-325
	4	115C-276
	5	Repealed
	6	115C-287.1
211	1	130A-24
	2	130A-23
212	1	145-16
	2	145
213	1	95-231
	2	95-232
	3	95-234
	4	95-235
214	1	95-25.7
	2	95-25.14
215	1	130A-282
216	1	106-666
	2	106-673
	3	106-657
	4	106-659
	5	106-664
	6	106-665
217	1	20-218
218	1	55-17-03
	2	55-16-22
219	1	14-309.15
	2	14-309.15 note
221	3	113-133.1
222	3	159-7 L.M.
223	1	106-185
	2	106-194.1
	3	106-190 note, 106-194.1 note
225	1	95-25.23
	2	95-25.23A
	3	95-25.23B
226	1	58-57-1
	2	58-57-5
	3	58-57-15
	4	58-57-20
226	5	58-57-25
	6	58-57-35
	7	58-57-40
	8	58-57-45
	9	58-3-147, 58-57-105, 58-57-110
	10	58-57-60
	11	58-57-90
	12	24-8
	13	24-14
	14	53-189
	15	25A-17
	16	58-33-25
	17	58-57-1
227	3(b)	150B-45 L.M.
	9	132-6 L.M.,
	9	132-9 L.M.
229	1, 2	143-129 L.M.
230	1	105-278.6
231	1	115C-12 note, 115C-295 note
232	1	153A-353
	2	153A-355
	3	160A-413
	4	160A-415
	4.1	143-151.8
233	1-3	90A-53
234	1	7A-759
235	1	62-220 note
236	1	163-147
	2	163-153
237	1	69-25.1 L.M.
239	1	95-25.5
	3	95-25.5 note
240	1	160A-217 L.M.
	2	160A-216 L.M.
241	1	90-14
	2	90-2
	3	90-2 note
242	1	90-210.63
243	1, 2	18B-1004
244	1	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-35 L.M.
245	1	130A-189
246	1(a), (b)	158-7.1
248	1	143-548
249	1	121-23
250	1, 2	130A-309.14
	3	130A-309.06
252	1	143-48
253	5.1	164-35 note
	6	7A-37.1 note, 7A-494 note
255	1	105-487
	2	105-502
	3	105-487
	4	105-502
	5	105-504
256	1	143-49

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
256	2	143-58.2, 143-58.3
	3	136-28.8
	4	143-170.1
257	1	43-51
	2	53-134
	3	58-88-15
	4	90-171.25
	5	90-270.18
	6	90C-7
	7	105-164.41
	8	111-18
	9	111-27.1
	10	112-5 to 112-37 Repealed
	11	115C-133
	12	127A-106
	13	135-8
	14	143-247.2
	15	143-250.1
	16	143B-289.8
	17	143B-289.9
	18	148-29
	19	7A-343.1
	20	159-34
258	1	147-54.3
259	1	14-269.7
	2	14-269.1
	3	14-315
260	1	115C-468
	2	115C-471
262	1	130A-247
	2	130A-248
	3	130A-249
	4	130A-250
	5	153A-226
	6	130A-237
263	1	115C-238.2
	2	115C-238.3
	3	115C-238.4
265	1	160A-265 L.M.
266	1	130A-55 L.M.
267	1(a)	153A-343 L.M.
	(b)	153A-323 L.M.
	2(a)	160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	160A-364 L.M.
268	1	110-101.1
269	1	58-51-58
	2	58-65-93
	3	58-67-77
	4	58-50-155
	5	58-50-155 note, 58-51-58 note, 58-65-93 note, 58-67-77 note
270	1	115C-116
271	1	153A-343 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
272	1	152-1 L.M.
273	1	130A-294
274	1	14-27.8
275	2	158-7.1
276	1	160A-265 L.M.
277	1	160A-279 L.M.
	2	160A-279 L.M.
	3	115C-518 L.M.
	3	160A-265 L.M.
278	1	113-315.28
281	4	143-128 L.M.
283	1	160A-411 L.M., 160A-441 L.M.
284	1	37-17
	2	37-21
	3	37-21.1
	4	37-30
	5	37-31
	6	37-33
	7	37-35
285	1	20-138.1
	2	20-12.1
	3, 4	20-16.2
	5, 6	20-16.5
	7	20-139.1
	8	20-13.2
	9	20-179
	10	20-141.4
	11	58-36-75
286	1	14-33
287	1	14-402
	2	14-409.1
288	1	8-20 Repealed
	2, 3	47-31
	4	47-17.2
289	1	147-54.19
	2	147-54.19 note
290	1	130A-309.10
293	1	58-51-37
	2	58-51-37 note
294	1	22B-1
	2	22B-2
295	1	66-10
	2	66-11
296	1(a)	153A-343 L.M.
	(b)	153A-323 L.M.
	2(a)	160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	160A-364 L.M.
	3	153A-323 L.M., 153A-343 L.M.
	4	160A-364 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
298	1	153A-99
	2	160A-169
299	1	28A-18-2
300	1	95-135
	2	95-137
	3	95-223
301	1	14-190.9
	2	14-190.13
303	1	90-450 to 90-459
	2	90-18
	3	90-455 note
304	1	133-9 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
305	1	45-21.1
	2	45-21.3 Repealed
	3	45-21.7
	4	45-21.8
	5	45-21.9A
	6	45-21.10
	7	45-21.15
	8	45-21.16
	9	45-21.16A
	10	45-21.17
	11	45-21.17A
	12	45-21.21
	13	45-21.22
	14	45-21.23
	15	45-21.24
	16	45-21.27
	17	45-21.28 Repealed
	18	45-21.29
	19	45-21.29A
	20	45-21.30
	21	45-21.33
	22	45-21.34
	23	45-21.35
	24	45-38
306	1	160A-70 L.M.
	2	163-293 L.M.
307	1	90-31.1
	2	90-34
	3	90-225.1
308	1, 2	31B-3
309	1	160A-33 L.M.
310	1	143-135 L.M.
311	1	106-549.15
	2	106-549.39
312	1, 2	160A-360 L.M.
	3	160A-58.1 L.M.
313	1	20-24.1
	2	7A-304
314	1	105-154
315	1	105-163.43
	2	105-163.16
	3	105-266
316	1	153A-233 L.M.
317	1, 2	95-136
319	1, 2	90-89
	3, 4	90-90
	5	90-91
	6	90-92
	7	90-93
	8	90-89 to 90-93 note
320	1	62-302 note
	2	58-6-25 note
	3	95-106
	4	95-105
	5	20-87, 58-36-65, 115D-72
321	9	143-16.3 note
	10	116-30.1 note, 143-27 note
	17.1(a)	143-15.2

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
321	17.1(b)	143-15.3A
	17.1(c)	143-15.3
	17.1(d)	143-11
	21(a), (b)	14-250 note
	(c)	20-84 note
	21.1	116-30.1 note
	21.2	143-15.3
	22	143-1 note
	24(a)	138-6
	(b)	
	(c)	120-3.1
	25(a)	143-23 note
	26(a)	105-213
	(b)	105-275.1
	(c)-(f)	105-277A
	(g)	105-113.82
	(h)	105-116
	(i)	105-120
	(j)	105-277A
	(k)	105-213.1
	28(a), (b)	143B-279.3
	(c)	143B-279.2
	(d)	143B-390.2 to 143B-390.4 recodified as 143B-289.20 to 143B-289.22
	(e)	143B-289.20
	(f)	143B-289.22
	(g)	143B-390.10, 143B-390.11 Repealed
	(h)	143B-390.15, 143B-390.16 recodified as 143B-344.16, 143B-344.17
	33	143B-125
	39.3(a)	115C-105.4
	(b)	115C-105.5
	(d)	115C-105.5 note
	41	58-78-5
	45	143-6.1
	48	147-11
	52	120-3
	53, 54	120-37
	57(a)	7A-101
	(b)	7A-101 note
	58, 59	7A-102
	60	7A-171.1
	66(d)	115C-12 note, 126-7 note
	71	120-4.12
	72(a)	115C-336
	(b), (c)	115C-336 note
	73(a)	115C-272
	(b)	115C-285
	(c)	115C-302
	(d), (e)	115C-316

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
321	73(f)	126-8
	74(a)	120-4.22A
	(b)	128-27
	(c)-(e)	135-5
	(f)	135-65
	(g)	135-65 note
	74.1(a)	120-4.26
	(b)	120-4.26A
	(c),	
	(d)	128-27
	(e),	
	(f)	135-5
	74.2(a),	135-5
	(b)	
	78(a)	143-613 note
	(a1)-(e)	143-613
	78.3(f)	143-613 note
	79(a),	116-22 note
	(b)	
	(c)	116-143.3 note
	80(a)-	116-19 note
	(c)	
	(d)	116-19
	(e)	116-21
	85(a)	116-74.41 to 116-74.43
	(b)	135-40.2
	(c)	116-74.42 note
	(d)	120-123
	86	115C-12 note, 116-11 note
	89(a)	116-11 note
	(b)	116-143 note
	101.5	116-1 note
	104(b)	115D-5 note
	110	115D-31.2
	111	115D-5
	117(a)-	115D-5 note
	(d)	
	(e)	115D-5
	119	115D-5 note
	125	115C-12
	128	115C-363.15 to 115C-363.21 Repealed
	130	143-23 note
	133(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-238.6
	135(a)	115C-102.5 to 115C-102.7
	(b)	120-123
	(c)	115C-102.5 note
	136(a)	115C-64.1 note
	(b)	115C-64.1, 115C-64.2 note
	(c)	115C-64.2 note
	138(a)-	115C-1 note, 115C-81
	(j)	note
	138.1(a)-	115C-1 note, 115C-81
	(d)	note

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
321	139(a)	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note
	(b)	115C-12
	(c)	115C-47
	(d)	115C-81
	141	115C-295 note
	143.1,	115C-302 L.M.
	144	115C-316 L.M.
	144.2(a)	115C-238.1
	(b)	115C-238.3
	(c)	115C-238.6A
	(d)	115C-238.7
	(e)	115C-21.1
	(f)	115C-238.7 note
	(g)	115C-238.1 note
	(h)	115C-238.3 note, 115C-238.6A note
	145(b)	126-5
	146	20-97
	147	136-44.27
	148	136-44.5 note
	153(a)	136-16.4
	162	93B-1 note, 136-28.1 note, 143-52, 143-53 note, 143-58 note, 143-128, 143-129 note
	164(a)	105-187.9
	(b)	105-187.9 note
	169.1	136-41.2 note
	169.2(a)	120-70.50
	(b)	120-70.51
	(c)	120-70.52
	(d)	136-12
	(e)	136-184
	(f)	143-318.14A
	(g)	93B-1 note, 136-28.1 note, 136-28.4 note, 136-44.5 note, 143-10.2 note, 143-52 note, 143-128 note
	169.3(a)	20-79.7
	(b)	20-79.7 note
	169.4	20-79
	175	148-18
	178(b)	131E-99.2 recodified as 131E-98
	180(a)	143-12 note
	181(a)	166A-6
	188(a),	7A-450 note
	(b)	
	192	7A-344
	195(a)	15A-2000 note
	199	7A-45.2
	200.1(a)	164-35 to 164-45
	(b)	164-38
	200.3	7A-52
	200.4(a)	7A-41
	(b),	
	(c)	7A-41 note

1993

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
321	200.4(e)	7A-133
	(f)	7A-133 note
	(g)	7A-41 note, 7A-133 note
	(h)	7A-171 note
	(i)	7A-289.5 note
	(j)	7A-198 note
	(l)	7A-60
	(m)	7A-60 note
	(n)	7A-60 note, 7A-133 note
	(p)	7A-41 note
	200.5(a)	7A-41
	(b)	7A-41 note
	(d)	7A-41
	(e)	7A-41 note
	(g)	7A-45.1
	(h)	7A-45.1 note
	200.6(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	(d)	7A-133
	(e)	7A-133 note
	200.7(a), (b)	7A-60
	(c), (d)	7A-60 note
	(e)	7A-69
	206(b)	53-96
	208(a)-(i)	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	(h)	143-18 note
	219(a)-(d)	114-2.2 note
	220(a)-(c)	122C-3
	(d)	122C-143 Repealed
	(e)	122C-143.1, 122C-143.2
	(f)	122C-144 Repealed
	(g)	122C-144.1
	(h), (i)	122C-147
	(j)	122C-147.1, 122C-147.2
	(k)	122C-148 to 122C-150 Repealed
	(l)	122C-151
	(m)	122C-145 recodified as 122C-151.2
	(n)	122C-151.1 Repealed
	(o)	122C-151.3, 122C-151.4
	(p)	122C-112
	221.1	143-341 note
	222(f)	90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	228	108A-27 note
	230	108A-28 note
	236(a)	143B-138 note
	238.1	58-50-151
	241	143-23 note
	242	131D-2
	245	131E-76
	250	143B-139.4 note
	254(a)	120-79.1 note, 143B-168.10 to 143B-168.12
	(b)	143B-168.10 note
	(c)	110-91
	254(c1)	110-91 note, 110-106 note
	(d)	110-91 note
	255	143B-168.10 note
	257	120-70.91 note, 143B-168.10 note
	259	120-70.90 to 120-70.92
	260	146-30 note
	260.1	146-30
	261	143-215.74B
	263	143B-289.5
	267	143B-279.3 note, 143B-285.10 note
	268	130A-295, 130A-295.01 note
	269	130A-366
	272(a), (b)	20-16.5 note
	274	130A-29
	275(a), (b)	130A-124
	276	130A-131.15
	281(a)	130A-152, 130A-433 note
	(b)	130A-433 note
	285(a)	143-571 to 143-573, 143-575 to 143-576.6, 143-578
	(b)	143-573 Repealed
	(c)	143-574 Repealed
	(d)	143-577 Repealed
	288	130A-33.50, 130A-33.51
	290(a), (b)	105-164.44B
	305(a)	122A-4 note, 143B-433.1 note
	(b)	122A-5
	(c)	143B-433.1 to 143B-433.3 Repealed
	(d)	122A-5.10 to 122A-5.12
	306(b), (d)	96-5 note
	309(a)	158-8.1
	(b)	158-8.1 note
	309.1(a)	158-8.2
	(b)	120-123

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
321	309.1(c)	158-8.2 note
	309.2(a)	158-8.3
	(b)	158-8.3 note
	313(a)	143B-434
	(b)	143B-433
	(c)	143B-434.3 renumbered as 143B-434.01
	(d)	143B-434 note
	(e)	143B-437C
	(f)	143B-434 note
	314.1	143B-434 note, 143B-452 note
	314.2	143b-434 note, 143B-469 note
	317	116-74.21 note
	319	143-1 note
	321	7A-41 note, 7A-45.1, 7A-45.2 note, 7A-52, 7A-60 note, 7A-69, 7A-133 note, 7A-101, 7A-102 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-344 note, 20-79 note, 20-79.7 note, 20-97 note, 53-96 note, 58-50-151 note, 58-78-5 note, 93B-1 note, 105-113.82 note, 105-116 note, 105-120 note, 105-164.44B note, 105-187.9 note, 105-213, 105-213.1 note, 105-275.1 note, 105-277A note, 110-91 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-21.1 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-102.5 to 115C-102.8 note, 115C-105.4, 115C-105.5 note, 115C-238.1 note, 115C-238.3 note, 115C-238.6 note, 115C-238.6A note, 115C-238.7 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-285 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-336 note,
321	321	115C-363.15 to 115C-363.21 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-31.2 note, 116-19 note, 116-21 note, 116-74.41 to 116-74.43 note, 120-1 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.12 note 120-4.22A note, 120-4.26, 120-4.26A note, 120-37 note, 120-70.50 to 120-70.52 note, 120-70.90 to 120-70.92 note, 120-123 note, 122A-5 note, 122A-5.10 to 122A-5.12 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-143 to 122C-145 note, 122C-147 to 122C-151 note, 122C-151.2 to 122C-151.4 note, 126-5 note, 126-8 note, 128-27 note, 130A-29 note, 130A-33.50, 130A-33.51 note, 130A-124 note, 130A-131.15 note, 130A-152 note, 130A-366 note, 130A-433 note, 131D-2 note, 131E-76 note, 131E-98 note, 135-5 note, 135-40.2 note, 135-65 note, 136-12 note, 136-16.4 note, 136-44.27 note, 136-184 note, 138-6 note, 143-1 note, 143-10.2 note, 143-12 note, 143-18 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-23 note, 143-52, 143-53 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
321	321	143-128, 143-129 note, 143-215.74B note, 143-318.14A note, 143-613 note, 143B-125 note, 143B-168.10 to 143B-168.12 note, 143B-279.2, 143B-279.3 note, 143B-289.5 note, 143B-289.20 to 143B-289.22 note, 143B-344.17 note, 143B-390.2 to 143B-390.4 note, 143B-390.10, 143B-390.11 note, 143B-390.15, 143B-390.16 note, 143B-433 to 143B-434 note, 143B-434.01 note, 146-30 note, 147-11 note, 148-18 note, 158-8.1 to 158-8.3 note, 164-35 to 164-45 note, 166A-6 note
	322	7A-41 note, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-171 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-289.5 note, 7A-450 note, 14-45.1 note, 14-250 note, 15A-2000 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-79.7 note, 20-84 note, 90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note, 93B-1 note, 96-5 note, 105-187.9 note, 108A-27, 108A-28 note, 110-91 note, 110-106 note, 114-2.2 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-64.1, 115C-64.2 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-102.5 note, 115C-105.5 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-295 note, 115C-238.1 note, 115C-238.3 note, 115C-238.6A,
321	322	115C-238.7 note, 115C-336 note, 115D-5 note, 116-1 note, 116-11 note, 116-19 note, 116-22 note, 116-30.1 note, 116-74.21 note, 116-74.42 note, 116-143 note, 116-143.3 note, 122A-4 note, 122C-147 note, 122C-151.1 note, 126-7 note, 130A-5 note, 130A-152 note, 130A-295, 130A-295.01 note, 130A-433 note, 134A-1 note, 135-5 note, 135-65 note, 136-28.1 note, 136-28.4 note, 136-41.2 note, 136-44.5 note, 143-1 note, 143-10.2 note, 143-12 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-52, 143-53 note, 143-58 note, 143-128, 143-129 note, 143-341 note, 143-613 note, 143B-139.4 note, 143B-150.5 note, 143B-168.10 note, 143B-279.3 note, 143B-285.10 note, 143B-433.1 note, 143B-434 note, 143B-452 note, 143B-469 note, 146-30 note, 158-8.1 to 158-8.3 note
322	1	113-202.1
	2	113-202.2
323	1	113-315.29
324	1	7A-517
325	1	20-97 L.M.
326	1	147-54.4
	2	147-54.4 note
327	1	115C-288
328	1	20-75.1
329	1	143-138
	2	143-139
	3	143-138
	4	160A-175
	5	153A-123
330	1	115C-363.23A
331	1	20-286

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
331	2	20-305
	3	20-306
	4	20-305 note, 20-306 note
332	1	14-401.14
333	1	130A-101
	2	8-50.1
	3	49-14
334	1, 2	143-64.10
	3	143-64.11
	4	143-64.12
	5	143-64.13 Repealed
	6	143-64.15
	7	143-64.14 recodified as 143-64.16
	7.1	133-3
335	1	50-13.4
336	1	131E-162
	2	131E-154.2
337	1	143B-267
338	1	1-75.2
339	1	24-10.1
	2	66-106
	3	66-108
340	1	25-2-106
	2	25-2-718
342	1	160A-29 L.M., 160A-31 L.M., 160A-48 L.M., 160A-49 L.M., 160A-58.7 L.M., 160A-58.2 L.M.
343	1	96-4
	2, 3	96-14
	4, 5	96-15
	6	96-12.1 note
	7	96-18
344	1	143-215.22H
	2	143-215.3
	3	143-215.22H note
345	1	20-97 L.M.
346	1	130A-248
347	1	58-50-25
	2	58-50-30
	3	58-65-1
	4	58-65-35
348	1	143-215.22G, 143-215.22I
	2	143-215.6A
	3	143B-282
	4	153A-285 Repealed
	5	153A-287 Repealed
	6	162A-7 Repealed
	7	143-215.6A note, 143-215.22I note
349	1	62-3
350	1	114-19.2
351	1	95-69.9
	2	95-69.10
	3	95-69.11
	4	95-69.16
	5	95-69.17
352	1	153A-19
	2	163-132.2
	3	163-132.3
	4	163-132.2 note
354	1	57C-1-01 to 57C-10-07
	2	55B-9
	3	59-32
	4	59-45
	5	59-84.1 to 59-84.3
	6	105-33.1
	7	105-113.4
	8	105-113.44
	9	105-113.68
	10	105-113.106
	11	105-114
	12	105-130.2
	13	105-134.1
	14	105-154
	15	105-163.1
	16	105-164.3
	17	105-164.29
	18	105-228.90
	19	105-230
	20	105-231
	21	105-232
	22	105-236
	23	105-273
	24	105-430
	25	105-433
	26	105-449.2
	27	105-449.4
	28	105-449.37
	29	55B-9 note, 57C-1-01 to 57C-10-07 note, 59-32 note, 59-45 note, 59-84.1 to 59-84.3 note, 105-33.1 note, 105-113.4 note, 105-113.44 note, 105-113.68 note, 105-113.106 note, 105-114 note, 105-130.2 note, 105-134.1 note, 105-154 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.29 note, 105-228.90 note, 105-230 to 105-232 note, 105-236 note, 105-273 note, 105-430 note, 105-433 note, 105-449.2 note, 105-449.4 note, 105-449.37 note
355	1	77-50
	2	77-51
	3	77-52
	4	77-53

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
355	5	77-54
	6	77-55
	7	77-56
	8	77-57
	9	77-58
356	1	119-61
	2	119-59
	3	143-139.3
357	1	143-574 note, 143-577 note
358	1	143-1 L.M., 143-148 L.M.
	7(a)	136-41.3 L.M.
	8(a)	160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	160A-364 L.M.
	9(a)	105-33 L.M., 105-53 L.M.
	10-12	158-7.1 note
	13	158-7.1
	14	132-6 L.M., 132-9 L.M.
	15(a), (b)	153A-343 L.M.
359	1	115C-81
	2	115C-109 note
	3, 4	115C-81 note, 115C-12 note
360	1	105-277.1
	2	105-309
361	1	75A-6.1
	2	75A-6
362	1	105-23
363	1	150B-23.1
	2	150B-23.1 note
364	1(a)	130A-309.54
	(b)	130A-309.54 note
	2	105-187.18
	3	105-187.16 note, 105-187.18 note, 105-266 note, 105-266.1 note, 130A-309.54 note
365	1	130A-294
366	1	14-306
	2	14-303
	3	14-309
367	1	143-595 to 143-601
	2	143-595 note
368	1	20-7
	2	20-9
	3	20-37.7 note
	4	20-37.16
	5	20-7 note, 20-9 note, 20-37.7 note, 20-37.16 note
369	1	7A-649
	2	7A-649 note
370	1	25-9-107
	2	25A-27
371	1	105-23
372	1	105-164.4
373	1	20-37.6
374	1	6-21.3
	2	14-107
	3	7A-180
	4	7A-273
375	1	90-270.1 to 90-270.7, 90-270.9 to 90-270.11, 90-270.13 to 90-270.16, 90-270.18, 90-270.20, 90-270.21
	2	8-53.3
	3	58-50-30
	4	58-65-1
	5	58-65-75
	6	122C-3
	7	90-270.6 note
376	1-4	131E-176
	5	131E-201
	6	131E-202
	7	131E-203
	8	131E-201 to 131E-203 note
377	1	36A-135 to 36A-140
	2	1-339.4
	3	1-339.10
378	1	153A-301
	2	153A-149
380	1	160A-233 L.M.
381	1	153A-357 L.M.
	2	160A-417 L.M.
382	1	160A-623
	2	160A-625
383	1	131E-177 note
	2, 3	131E-177
384	1	90-100
	2	90-101
385	1	20-183.7
386	1	108A-61.1
	2	143-127.1
387	1	143-138 L.M.
388	1	126-7
	2	126-4
	3-5	126-7 note
389	1	143B-492
	2	143B-491
	3	97-2
390	1	131D-2 note, 131D-34 note, 131E-109 note, 131E-129 note 131E-230 to 131E-246
	2	131E-129
	3	131D-35
	4	131D-34
391	1	139-3
	2	139-16 Repealed
	3	139-17 Repealed
	4	139-18 Repealed
	5	139-19 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
391	5.1	139-19.1 Repealed
	6	139-20 Repealed
	7	139-21 Repealed
	8	139-22 Repealed
	9	139-23 Repealed
	10	139-24 Repealed
	11	139-25 Repealed
	12	139-26 Repealed
	13	139-27 Repealed
	13.1	139-27.1 Repealed
	14	139-28 Repealed
	15	139-29 Repealed
	16	139-30 Repealed
	17	139-32 Repealed
	18	139-33 Repealed
	19	139-34 Repealed
	20	139-35 Repealed
	21	139-36 Repealed
	22	139-37 recodified as 139-48
	23	139-37.1 recodified as 139-49
	24	139-38 Repealed
	25	139-41
	26	139-42
	27	Repealed
	28, 29	139-44
	30	139-46
	31	139-47 Repealed
	32	139-48
	33(a), (b)	139-49
392	1	115C-290.1 to 115C-290.9
	2	115C-284
	3, 4	115C-290.5 note
	5	115C-290.4 note
393	1	116C-1 to 116C-3
	2	116C-1 note, 116C-2 note
394	1	143-215.24
	2	143-215.25
	3	143-215.25A
	4	143-215.26
	5	143-215.28A
	6	143-215.31
	7	143-215.32
	8	143-215.33
	9	143-215.36
	10	143-215.31 note
395	1	90-96.01
396	1, 2	122C-3
	3	122C-101
	4(a), (b)	122C-132
	5	122C-132.1
	6	143B-147
397	1	126-6.1 Repealed
398	1	Chapter 55A rewritten
398	2	55A-1-01 note
399	1	97-80
	2	143-296
	3	97-77
	4	97-80 note, 143-296 note
400	1(a), (b)	143-213
	(c)	143-213, 143-215.3
	(d)	143B-318
	2, 3	143-215.3
	4	143-215.4
	5	143-215.5
	6	143-215.69
	7	143-215.107
	8	143-215.108
	9	143-215.111
	10	143-215.112
	11	105-434, 105-445
	12	105-434 note, 105-445 note
	13	105-445
	14	143-215.3A
	15	143-215.3, 143-215.94B to 143-215.94E, 143-215.94G, 143-215.94J to 143-215.94N, 143-215.94P
	16	143-215.112 note
	17	143-215.108 note
401	1	15A-266 to 15A-266.12
402	1	143-215.94B
	2	143-215.94C
	3	143-215.94E
	4	143-215.94G
	5	143-215.94H
	6	143-215.94M
	7	143-215.94P
	8	119-18
	9	119-18 note
	10	143-215.87
	11	143-215.94C note, 143-215.94G note
403	1	114-19.3
404	1	143-128 L.M.
405	18.1	120-123
406	1	116-36.4
407	1	116-11 note
	2	116-11
	3	116-11 note
408	1, 2	58-50-110
	3, 3.1	58-51-80
	4	58-65-60
	5, 5.1	58-67-85
	6	58-50-130
	7	58-50-150
409	1	58-3-100
	1.1	58-33-25

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
409	2	58-33-30
	3	58-33-35
	4	58-33-130
	5	58-42-55
	6	143-143.21 Repealed
	7	143-143.21A
	8	58-33-25
	9	58-40-140
	10	58-36-15
	11	58-36-15 note
	12	58-36-20
	13	58-31-12, 58-31-13
	14	58-51-80
	15	58-63-65
	16	58-71-80
	17	58-71-81
	18	58-71-95
	19, 20	20-310
	21	58-41-10
	22	58-71-71
	23	58-2-52
	24	58-65-60
	25	58-36-30
	26	58-28-5
	27	58-36-1
410	1	132-1 L.M.
411	1	160A-384 L.M.
412	1	14-277.4
	2	14-277.2
413	5	132-1 L.M.
414	10(a), (b)	63-4 L.M.
415	1, 2	18B-101
	3	18B-200
	4	18B-201
	5	18B-503
	6	18B-504
	7-9	18B-603
	10	18B-900
	11	18B-902
	12	18B-904
	13	18B-906
	14, 15	18B-1000
	16	18B-1004
	17-19	18B-1006
	20	18B-1104
	21	18B-1106
	22	18B-1108
	23	18B-1113
	24	18B-1114
	25	18B-1116
	26	105-113.68
	27	18B-805
	28	18B-1303
	29	18B-604
416	1	115C-521
418	1	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
	1	93A-73
	2	93A-74
	3	93A-76
419	4, 5	93A-79
	6	93E-1-1 to 93E-1-14
	7	93A-70 to 93A-81 Repealed
	8(a)-(c)	93A-70 note, 93E-1-1 note
	9	93A-3
	10	93A-6
	11	93A-32
	12	93A-34
	13	93A-35
	13.1	120-123
	13.2	105-41
	14	93A-70 note, 93E-1-1 note
420	1	90-39
	2	90-48.2
421	1	85B-6
	2	85B-7.1
	3	85B-4
422	1	75A-3
	2-4	75A-5
423	1	95-241
	2	95-242
	3	95-245
424	1	96-9
425	1	161-10
	2	45-16
	3	45-37.2
426	1, 2	20-118
427	1	126-4 note, 126-7 note
428	1	132-1 L.M.
429	1	58-86-45
432	1	105-151.11
433	1	105-256
434	1	75A-3 L.M., 75A-15 L.M.
	2	75A-3 L.M., 75A-15 L.M., 75A-17 L.M.
435	1	1-110
	2	7A-228
	3	1-288
	4	1-109
	5	6-24
	6	7A-305
436	1	22B-1
	2	22B-3
437	1	14-414
438	1	7A-506
	2	7A-509
439	1	90-21.14
440	1	20-295
	2	20-79
	3	20-288
	4	20-79.2
	5	20-79.3 Repealed
	6	20-95

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
440	7	20-87
	8	20-110
	9	20-111
	10	20-293 Repealed
	11	20-294
	12	20-75
	13	20-79.01
441	1	133-28
442	1	105-113.4
	2	105-113.6
	3	105-113.9
	4	105-113.10
	5	105-113.12
	6	105-113.13
	7	105-113.18
	8	105-113.19, 105-113.20 Repealed, 105-113.22, 105-113.23 Repealed, 105-113.25 Repealed, 105-113.28 Repealed, 105-113.34 Repealed
	9	105-113.21
	9.1 (a), (b)	105-113.24
	10	105-113.26
	11	105-113.27
	12	105-113.31
	13	105-113.32
	14	105-113.18 note, 105-113.19 note, 105-113.21 note, 105-113.25 note
	15	105-113.4 note
443	1	105-163.010
	2	105-163.011
	3	105-163.012
	4	105-163.013
	5	105-163.014
	6	105-241.1
	7	105-163.010 to 105-163.014 Repealed
	8	105-134.6
	9	105-163.013
	10	105-163.013 note, 105-163.014 note
444	1	143B-437A
445	1	159B-18
446	1	147-54.11 note
447	1	125-11.12 Repealed
448	1, 2	130A-309.14
	3	130A-309.14A
	4	143-169
	5	143-169.1
449	1(e)	132-1 L.M.
450	1	105-228.90
	2	105-241
	3	105-130.19
	4	105-157
	5	105-160.7
	6	105-163.6
	7	105-164.16
	8	105-164.17 Repealed
	9	105-164.18 Repealed
	10	105-236
	11	105-239.1
	12	105-434
	13	105-449.19
	14	105-449.21
452	1	58-3-71
	2	58-3-75
	3	58-3-81
	4	58-7-31
	5	58-7-50
	6	58-7-115
	7	58-7-150
	8	58-7-162
	9	58-7-163
	10-13	58-7-170
	14	58-7-173
	14.1	58-7-183
	15, 16	58-7-192
	17	58-8-20
	18	58-9-1
	19	58-9-2
	20	58-9-6
	21	58-9-11
	22	58-9-16
	23	58-9-21
	24	58-9-26
	25	58-13-10
	26-29	58-19-15
	30-32	58-19-25
	33	58-19-30
	34	58-19-45
	35	58-22-10
	36	58-22-15
	37	58-22-20
	38	58-22-40
	39	58-23-26
	40	58-30-71
	41	58-30-95
	42	58-7-21
	43-48	58-34-2
	49	58-34-10
	50	58-34-15
	51	58-48-20
	52-56	58-58-50
	57-59	58-58-55
	60	58-62-16
	61	58-62-21
	61.1, 62	58-62-41
	63	58-64-20
	64	58-64-33
	65	58-2-175 Repealed, 58-3-70 Repealed, 58-3-80 Repealed, 58-7-32 Repealed, 58-7-135 Repealed, 58-7-190 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
452	65	58-9-1 to 58-9-30 Repealed, 58-12-1 to 58-12-30 Repealed, 58-34-20 Repealed
	66	58-2-175, 58-3-70, 58-3-71 note, 58-3-75 note, 58-3-80, 58-3-81 note, 58-7-21 note, 58-7-31, 58-7-32 note, 58-7-50 note, 58-7-115 note, 58-7-135 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-162, 58-7-163 note, 58-7-170 note, 58-7-173 note, 58-7-183 note, 58-7-190 note, 58-7-192 note, 58-8-20 note, 58-9-1 to 58-9-30 note, 58-12-1 to 58-12-20 note, 58-13-10 note, 58-19-15 to 58-19-30 note, 58-19-45 note, 58-22-10 to 58-22-20 note, 58-22-40 note, 58-23-25, 58-23-26 note, 58-30-71 note, 58-30-95 note, 58-34-2 note, 58-34-10 to 58-34-20 note, 58-58-50, 58-58-55 note, 58-62-16 note, 58-62-21 note, 58-62-41 note, 58-64-20 note, 58-64-33 note
453	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
454	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
455	1	90-85.21A
456	1	20-97
	1.1, 1.2	20-97 L.M.
457	1	143-260.10F
458	1	157-39.1
459	1	105-273
	2	105-275
	3	105-282.1
460	1, 2	163-166
461	1	132-1.4
	2	114-15
462	1	7A-649
463	1	25-2A-101 to 25-2A-109, 25-2A-201 to 25-2A-221, 25-2A-301 to 25-2A-310, 25-2A-401 to 25-2A-407, 25-2A-501 to 25-2A-532
	2	25-1-201
	3	25-9-113
	4	25-2A-101 note
463	5	22B-10
464	1	58-39-15
	2	58-50-30
	3(a)	135-40.7B
	3.1	58-65-1
	4	135-40.7B
	5	135-40.7A
	6	135-40.6
	7	135-40.7
465	1	115C-521
466	1	113-202
	2	113-202.1
	3	113-202.2
	4	113-154
	5	143-214.2B
	6	113-202 note, 120-70.60 note
	7	113-154 note, 113-202 note, 113-202.1 note, 113-202.2 note, 143-214.2B note
467	1	105-187.6
	2	20-66
	3	105-187.3
	4	20-88
	5	20-85
469	1	160A-384
	2	153A-343
	3(a)	153A-323 L.M., 153A-343 L.M., 160A-364 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	153A-323 note, 153A-343 note, 160A-364 note, 160A-384 note
	4(a)	153A-343 L.M., 160A-384 L.M.
	(b)	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note
	5(a), (b)	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note
	6(a)	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note
470	1	20-118
471	1, 2	130A-290
	3	105-187.20 to 105-187.24
	4	130A-309.80 to 130A-309.86
	5	130A-309.12
	6	130A-309.81
	7	130A-309.82, 130A-309.83 Repealed
	8	130A-309.12
	9	130A-309.85
	10	105-187.24
472	1(c)	132-1 L.M.
473	1, 2	130A-294
474	1	95-135
	2	95-138
475	1	115C-302

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
475	2	115C-316
476	1	40A-40 L.M.
480	1, 2	160A-29 L.M.
481	1	143-468
	1.1, 2	143-442
482	1	90-405 to 90-408
	2	90-405 to 90-408 note
483	1	143B-361 to 143B-363
	2	136-14.1
	3	136-17.2
	4	143B-350
	5	143B-350 note
484	1	105-164.3
	2	105-164.4
	3	105-164.13
485	1	105-213
	2	105-113.82
	3	105-23
	4	105-125
	5	105-114
	6	105-127
	7	105-130.40
	8	105-131.2
	9	105-134.6
	10	105-134.7
	11	105-151.17
	12	105-163.013
	13	105-187.19
	14	105-266.1
	15	105-269.3
	16	105-277A
	17	105-285
	18	105-330.1
	19	105-395
	20	105-441
	21	105-449.34
	22	105-466
	23	105-469
	24	105-472
	25	105-482
	26	105-483
	27	105-498
	28	160A-623
	29	105-449.16
	30	105-434
	31	105-259
	32	75-28
	33	153A-148.1
	34	160A-208.1
	35	105-289
	36	105-449.57
	37	120-19
	38	132-1.1
	39	132-3
486	1	130A-455 to 130A-460
487	1	143B-179.5
	2	122C-112
	3	122C-146
488	1	136-18
	2	136-44.20
489	1	15A-615
490	1	20-37.7
	2	20-37.7 note
491	1	160A-279
	1	160A-279 L.M.
492	1	93A-4A
	2	115D-5
493	1	136-142
	2	136-144
	3	136-147
	4	136-149
494	1	105-125
	2	105-130.11
	3	105-212
495	1	58-8-60
	2, 3	58-8-60 note
	4	105-228.4
496	1	159G-9
	2	159G-17
	3	159G-18
	4	143-215.3
497	1	920-5-14
	2	159-101 to 159-114
	3	159-48
	4	159-55
	5	159-79
	6	159-120
	7	159-122
	8	159-123
	9	159-125
	10	159-129
	11	159-132
	12	159-160
	13	159-163.1
	14	159-165
	15	159-176
	16	160A-505
	17	160A-512
	18	160A-515.1
	19	158-7.3
	20	105-284
	21	105-277.11
	23	158-7.1 L.M.
	24	158-7.1
	25, 26	105-277.11 note, 105-284 note, 158-7.1 note, 158-7.3 note, 159-101 to 159-114 note, 159-48 note, 159-55 note, 159-79 note, 159-120 note, 159-122, 159-123 note, 159-125 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
497	25, 26	159-129 note, 159-132 note, 159-160 note, 159-163.1 note, 159-165 note, 159-176 note, 160A-505 note, 160A-512 note, 160A-515.1 note, N.C. Const., Art. V, § 14 note
	27, 28	N.C. Const., Art. V, § 14 note
	29	158-7.1 note
498	1	15A-1228
499	1	131E-116
	2	131E-131
500	1	90-181
	2	90-181.1
	3, 4	90-182
	5	90-183
	6	90-184
	7	90-185
	8	90-186
	9	90-187
	10	90-187.1
	11	90-187.3
	12	90-187.4
	13	90-187.5
	14	90-187.6
	15	90-187.8
	16	90-187.10
	17	90-187.11
	18	90-187.14
	19	90-182 note
501	1	143B-285.10 to 143B-285.15 Repealed
	2	7A-29
	2.1	104E-5
	3	104E-6.2
	4	104E-9
	5	104E-27
	5.1	104F-2.1
	6	104G-2
	7	104G-19
	8	104G-21
	9	104G-22
	10	113-8.01
	11	120-70.33
	12	120-123
	13	130A-293
	14	130A-294
	15	130A-296 Repealed
	16	130B-2
	17	130B-4
	18	130B-5
	19	130B-6
	20	130B-7
	21, 22	130B-19
	23, 24	130B-20
	25	130B-21
	26	130B-22
501	27	143B-279.3
	28	143B-285.20 to 143B-285.25
	29	150B-1
	30	143B-285.23 note
502	1	143B-426.34A, 143B-426.34B
503	1	143B-181.55
	2	143B-181.1
504	1	58-2-165
	2	58-4-5
	3	58-5-55
	4	58-7-35
	5	58-7-45
	6	58-7-183
	7	58-13-5
	8	58-13-15
	9	58-13-20
	10	58-13-25
	11	58-19-10
	12	58-19-15
	13	58-19-25
	14	58-19-50
	15	58-26-1
	16	58-23-40
	17	58-26-10
	18	58-26-15
	19	58-26-20
	20	58-28-5
	21	58-31-55
	22-25	58-33-25
	26	58-33-30
	27-28	58-33-45
	29	58-33-50
	30	58-48-125
	31	97-99
	32	58-51-30
	33	58-71-85
	34	143-143.14
	35	143-150
	36	143-151.17
	37	58-33-30
	38	58-54-15
	39	58-55-30
	40	58-57-107 recodified as 58-3-147
	41	58-27-5
	42	58-48-42
	43	58-7-170
	44	58-7-173
	45	58-23-26
	46	58-57-105
	47, 48	58-1-25
	49	58-1-30
	50, 51	58-1-35
	52	58-1-25 to 58-1-50 note
505	1	162A-6.1
506	1	58-3-150
	2	58-3-170

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
506	3	58-58-145
	4	58-51-15
	4.1	58-51-59
	4.2	58-65-94
	4.3	58-67-78
	4.4	58-50-156
507	1	105-164.3
508	1	18B-301
	2	18B-303
	3	18B-304
	4	18B-401
	5	18B-1001
	6	18B-1006
	7	18B-1115
509	1	95-28.3
	2, 3	115C-238.8
	4	115C-391
510	1	153A-224
511	1	130A-295.02
512	1	147-86.20 to 147-86.27
	2	143B-426.39
	3	96-4
	4	105A-3
513	1	130A-309.12
	2(a)	130A-295.02 note
	(b)	130A-295.02
	3	74-54.1
	4	130A-309.14 note, 136-18 note
	5	106-769
	6	130A-33
	7(a)	143-355
	(b)	143-355 note
	8	74-24.4
	9	110-91
	10	147-54.12
	11	105-164.13
	12	130A-247
	13	130A-248
	14	130A-250
514	1	90-329 to 90-344
	2	8-53.8
	3	7A-551
	4	7A-551 note, 8-53.8 note
515	1	113-152
	2	113-153
	3	113-154.1
	4	113-156
	5	113-161
	6	113-129
	7	113-152 note, 113-153 note, 113-154.1 note, 113-156 note, 113-161 note
	8	113-154.1 note
516	1-3	7A-517
	4	7A-543
	5	7A-544
	6	7A-544.1
	7	7A-547
	8	7A-548
	9	7A-550
	10	7A-551
	11	7A-552
	12	122C-54
517	1	110-136.3
	2	110-136.5
	3	14-322
	4	15A-1344.1
	5	50-13.4
	6	50-13.9
518	1	93
	2	93-1
	3	93-2
	4	93-6
	5	93-7 Repealed
	6	93-9
	7	93-10
	8	93-12
519	1	146-22.2
520	1, 2	143-214.5 note
	3	158-7.1 L.M.
521	2	153A-22 note
522	1	115C-21
	2	115C-146.3
	3	115C-238.2
	4	115C-318
	5	115C-489.4
	6	115D-3
	7	120-65
	8	121-4
	9	122C-113
	10	126-4
	11	130A-236
	12	143A-11
	13	143A-39
	14	143A-39 to 143A-44 Repealed
	15	143A-48
	16	143B-181
	17	143B-417
	18	147-45
	20	115C-102.5
	21-23	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
523	1	32A-15
	2	32A-20
	3	32A-25
	4	32A-15 note, 32A-20 note, 32A-25 note
524	1	136-129.2
	2	136-130
	3	136-131
	4	136-18
525	1	58-33-76
	2	58-3-180

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
527	1	105-130.42
	2	105-151.23
528	1	143-143.3
529	1(a), (b)	58-68A-21 note
	1.1	58-68A-1 to 58-68A-10
	1.2	143-610 to 143-614
	1.3	143-613
	1.4	143-614 note
	1.5-1.7	143-612 note
	2.1	58-68A-1
	3.1	143-621 to 143-636
	3.2	58-50-130
	3.3	58-50-110
	3.4	58-50-113 Repealed
	3.5	58-50-115
	3.6	58-50-125
	3.7	58-50-130
	3.8	58-53-35
	3.9	120-123
	3.10	143-626 note
	3.11	143-625 note
	3.12	143-621 note
	3.13	143-627 note
	4.1	58-50-10 Repealed
	4.2	58-3-171, 58-3-172
	4.3	90-410, 90-411
	5.1	131E-192.1 note
	5.2	131E-192.1 to 131E-192.13
	5.3	131E-7
	5.4	131E-7 note, 131E-192.1 note
	6.1	131E-20
	7.1	58-50-50
	7.2	58-67-10
	7.3	108A-55
	7.4	143-48.1
	7.5	90-85.29
	7.6	131E-248 recodified as 131E-250
	7.7	131E-79.1
	8.1	58-3-171, 58-3-172 note, 58-50-10 note, 58-50-50 note, 58-50-110 note, 58-50-113 note, 58-50-115 note, 58-50-125 note, 58-50-130 note, 58-53-35 note, 58-67-10 note, 90-85.29 note, 90-410, 90-411 note, 108A-55 note, 120-123 note, 131E-7 note, 131E-20 note, 131E-79.1 note, 131E-192.1 to 131E-192.13 note, 131E-250 note, 143-48.1 note, 143-614 note, 143-621 to 143-636 note
530	1	131E-102
	2	131D-2
	3	88A-4
	4	88A-11
531	1	120-4.25
	2	120-4.31
	3	128-27
	4	128-38.2
	5	135-5
	6	135-18.7
	7	135-62
	8	135-74
	9	135-94
532	1	105-237
	2	105-241.1
	3	105-241.2
	4	105-241.5
	5	105-242
	6	105-256
	7	105-258.1
	8	105-260
	9	105-264
	10	105-266.1
	11	105-122
	12	105-130.4
	13	143B-218.1
	14	105-241.2 note
533	1	20-4.21 to 20-4.30
	2, 3	20-7
	4	20-9
	5	20-17.4
	6	20-23
	7	20-24
	8	20-34.1
	9	20-62 Repealed
	10	20-115.1
	11	20-118
	12	20-7
	13	136-55.1
	14	136-63
534	1	143B-272 to 143B-272.19 renumbered as 143B-273 to 143B-273.19
	2	143B-272.6 to 143B-272.8 note, 143B-272.14 note
535	1-3	164-35 note
	4	164-37
536	1	158-7.1
	2	158-7.1 L.M.
	3, 4	158-7.1 L.M.
	5	158-7.1 note

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
536	6	158-7.1 note
537	1	7A-586
	2	7A-659
	3	7A-661
	4	7A-660
538	1	15A-1340.10 to 15A-1340.23
	2	14-1.1 Repealed
	2.1	14-2 Repealed
	3	14-2.1 Repealed
	4	14-2.2 Repealed
	5	14-2.4
	6	14-2.5
	6.1	14-2.6
	7	14-3
	8	14-4
	9	14-7.6
	10	15A-1022
	11	15A-1301
	12	15A-1331
	13	15A-1332
	14	15A-1340.1 to 15A-1340.7 Repealed
	15	15A-1341
	16	15A-1343
	17	15A-1343.1
	17.1	15A-1343.2
	18	15A-1344
	19	15A-1351
	20	15A-1355
	20.1	15A-1368 to 15A-1368.6
	21	15A-1370.1
	22	15A-1371
	23	15A-1372
	24	15A-1380.1, 15A-1380.2 Repealed
	25	15A-1415
	26	15A-1442
	27	15A-1444
	28	15A-1445
	29	15A-2002
	30	90-95
	31	148-4.1
	32	148-13
	33	148-32.1
	34	148-49.10 to 148-49.16 Repealed
	35	7A-273
	36	162-60
	37	15A-1352
	38	15A-1373
	39	15A-1374
	40	15A-1376
	41	143B-264
	42	143B-266
	43	143B-267
	44	148-52.1
	45	148-53
	46	148-54
538	47	148-56
	48	148-57
	49	148-57.1
	50	148-59
	51	148-60.1
	52	148-62.1
	53	148-63
	54	148-64
	55	148-65.3
539	1	1-324.5
	2	1-531
	3	1-596
	4	7A-112
	5	7A-602
	6-8	10A-12
	9	14-4
	10	14-10
	11	14-12
	12	14-12.15
	13	14-15
	14	14-16
	15	14-32.1
	16	14-33
	17	14-34
	18	14-34.3
	19	14-35
	20	14-36
	21	14-40
	22	14-43.1
	23	14-43.2
	24	14-46
	25	14-47
	26	14-54
	27	14-56.1
	28	14-56.2
	29	14-56.3
	30	14-68
	31	14-69
	32	14-69.1
	33	14-69.2
	34	14-72
	35	14-72.1
	36	14-72.2
	37	14-76
	38	14-76.1
	39	14-77
	40	14-102
	41	14-103
	42	14-104
	43	14-105
	44	14-106
	45	14-107
	46	14-108
	47	14-109
	48	14-110
	49	14-111.1
	50	14-111.2
	51	14-111.3
	52	14-112
	53	14-113

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	54	14-113.6
	55	14-113.17
	56	14-114
	57	14-115
	58	14-116
	59	14-117
	60	14-117.2
	61	14-118
	62	14-118.1
	63	14-118.2
	64	14-118.3
	65	14-118.5
	66	14-122.1
	67	14-127
	68	14-128
	69	14-129
	70	14-130
	71	14-131
	72	14-132
	73	14-132.2
	74	14-133
	75	14-134.2
	76	14-134.3
	77	14-135
	78	14-136
	79	14-137
	80	14-140
	81	14-141
	82	14-142
	83	14-144
	84	14-145
	85	14-146
	86	14-147
	87	14-148
	88	14-151
	89	14-151.1
	90	14-152
	91	14-153
	92	14-154
	93	14-155
	94	14-156
	95	14-157
	96	14-158
	97	14-159
	98	14-159.2
	99	14-159.6
	100	14-159.8
	101	14-159.12
	102	14-159.13
	103	14-159.21
	104	14-159.22
	105	14-160
	106	14-160.1
	107	14-162
	108	14-163.1
	109	14-165
	110	14-166
	111	14-167
	112	14-168
	113	14-168.1
	114	14-168.4
	115	14-169
	116	14-175
	117	14-176
	118	14-179
	119	14-184
	120	14-186
	121	14-188
	122	14-190.4
	123	14-190.5
	124	14-190.9
	125	14-190.14
	126	14-190.15
	127	14-195
	128	14-196
	129	14-197
	130	14-199
	131	14-202
	132	14-202.12
	133	14-204.1
	134	14-208
	135	14-222
	136	14-223
	137	14-225
	138	14-225.1
	139	14-226.1
	140	14-227
	141	14-227.3
	142	14-230
	143	14-231
	144	14-232
	145	14-234
	146	14-234.1
	147	14-236
	148	14-237
	149	14-238
	150	14-239
	151	14-241
	152	14-242
	153	14-243
	154	14-244
	155	14-246
	156	14-251
	157	14-253
	158	14-255
	159	14-256
	160	14-258.1
	161	14-259
	162	14-268
	163	14-269
	164	14-269.2
	165	14-269.3
	166	14-269.4
	167	14-269.6
	168	14-275.1
	169	14-276.1
	170, 171	14-277
	172	14-277.1
	173	14-277.3
	174	14-277.2

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	175	14-279
	176	14-279.1
	177	14-281
	178	14-281.1
	179	14-283
	180	14-284
	181	14-284.1
	182	14-286
	183	14-286.1
	184	14-286.2
	185	14-287
	186	14-288
	187, 188	14-288.2
	189	14-288.4
	190	14-288.5
	191	14-288.6
	192	14-288.7
	193	14-288.9
	194	14-288.12
	195	14-288.13
	196	14-288.14
	197	14-288.15
	198	14-288.19
	199	14-289
	200	14-290
	201	14-291
	202	14-291.1
	203	14-291.2
	204	14-292
	205	14-293
	206	14-294
	207	14-295
	208	14-297
	209	14-300
	210	14-303
	211	14-309
	212	14-309.5
	213	14-309.11
	214	14-309.14
	215	14-309.15
	216	14-313
	217	14-315
	218	14-316
	219	14-316.1
	220	14-317
	221	14-318
	222	14-318.1
	223	14-318.2
	224	14-321
	225, 226	14-322
	227	14-326.1
	228, 229	14-329
	230	14-342
	231	14-343
	232	14-344
	233	14-346
	234	14-353
	235	14-355
	236	14-356
	237	14-358
	238	14-359
	239	14-360
	240	14-361
	241	14-361.1
	242	14-362
	243	14-362.1
	244	14-363
	245	14-363.1
	246	14-366
	247	14-368
	248	14-370
	249	14-371
	250	14-372
	251	14-380.1
	252	14-380.2
	253	14-381
	254	14-382
	255	14-383
	256	14-384
	257	14-385
	258	14-389
	259	14-391
	260	14-394
	261	14-395
	262	14-395.1
	263	14-396
	264	14-397
	265	14-398
	266, 267	14-399
	268	14-399.2
	269	14-400
	270	14-401
	271	14-401.1
	272	14-401.2
	273	14-401.3
	274	14-401.4
	275	14-401.5
	276	14-401.6
	277	14-401.7
	278	14-401.8
	279	14-401.9
	280	14-401.10
	281	14-401.12
	282	14-401.13
	283	14-401.14
	284	14-402
	285	14-408
	286	14-409.1
	287	14-409.8
	288	14-415
	289	14-422
	290	14-424
	291	14-437
	292	14-444
	293	14-454
	294	14-455
	295	14-456
	296	15-176
	297	15A-261
	298	15A-502

1993			1993		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
539	299	15A-541	539	366, 367	20-141
	300	15A-542		368-370	20-141.3
	301	15A-543		371	20-141.4
	302	15A-731		372	20-157
	303	15B-7		373-375	20-166
	304	16-4		376, 377	20-166.1
	305	16-5		378	20-167.1
	306	17-25		379	20-176
	307	17-27		380	20-183.11
	308	17-28		381	20-215.4
	309	17D-4		382	20-217
	310	18B-102		383	20-219.2
	311	18B-302		384	20-279.31
	312	18B-401		385	20-284
	313	18B-502		386	20-308
	314	19A-13		387	20-312
	315	19A-33		388	20-313
	316	19A-34		389	20-313.1
	317	19A-36		390	20-327
	318	19A-48		391	20-350
	319	20-11		392	20-371
	320-322	20-28		393	20-390
	323	20-29		394	20-395
	324	20-35		395	20-396
	325	20-37.7		396	20-397
	326	20-37.8		397	23-9
	327	20-37.21		398	23-12
	328	20-39		399	23-47
	329	20-45		400	24-17
	330	20-47		401	34-13
	331	20-52.1		402	42-11
	332	20-59		403	42-13
	333-336	20-63		404	42-22
	337	20-71.4		405	42-22.1
	338	20-72		406	44A-24
	339	20-73		407	44A-32
	340	20-74		408	47-32.2
	341	20-75		409	47-112
	342	20-77		410	48-3
	343	20-79 note		411	48-25
	344	20-94		412	48-37
	345	20-96		413	48-38
	346	20-102.1		414	49-2
	347	20-106.2		415	51-7
	348	20-107		416	51-13
	349	20-108		417	51-15
	350	20-109.1		418	53-63
	351-353	20-111		419	53-86
	354	20-115.1		420	53-125
	355	20-116		421	53-126
	356	20-118.1		422	53-127
	357	20-119		423	53-128
	358	20-120		424	53-134
	359	20-124		425	53-166
	360	20-127		426	53-208
	361	20-130.1		427	53-247
	362	20-137.2		428	54-109.5
	363	20-138.2		429	54-109.105
	364	20-138.3		430	54-157
	365	20-140		431, 432	54B-56

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	433	54B-66
	434	54B-78
	435, 436	54C-54
	437	54C-64
	438	54C-79
	439	55-1-29
	440	55-1-32
	441	55A-80 note
	442	58-1-25
	443	58-1-30
	444	58-1-35
	445	58-2-200
	446	58-3-60
	447	58-3-85
	448	58-3-130
	449	58-16-20
	450	58-21-105
	451	58-24-180
	452	58-25-70
	453	58-27-5
	454	58-28-45
	455	58-30-12
	456	58-31-60
	457	58-33-95
	458	58-33-100
	459	58-33-105
	460	58-33-110
	461	58-33-115
	462	58-33-120
	463	58-35-30
	464	58-35-90
	465	58-39-115
	466	58-43-35
	467	58-50-70
	468	58-57-80
	469	58-64-75
	470	58-67-165
	471	58-69-35
	472	58-70-1
	473	58-71-185
	474	58-81-5
	475	58-81-10
	476	58-82-1
	477	62-144
	478	62-150
	479	62-221
	480	62-224
	481	62-226
	482	62-229
	483	62-313
	484	62-318
	485	62-319
	486	62-320
	487	62-322
	488	62-323
	489	62-325
	490	62-326
	491	62-327
	492	62A-12
	493	63-18
	494	63-23
	495	63-26
	496	63-26.1
	497	63-27
	498	63-35
	499	63A-7
	500	65-57
	501	65-71
	502	65-72
	503	66-4
	504	66-10
	505	66-11
	506	66-11.1
	507	66-16
	508	66-22
	509	66-27
	510	66-27.3
	511	66-27.5
	512	66-34
	513	66-58
	514	66-64
	515	66-66
	516	66-67.2
	517	66-71
	518	66-75
	519	66-81
	520	66-86
	521	66-97
	522	66-108
	523	66-109
	524	66-145
	525	66-167
	526	66-169
	527	66-172
	528	66-173
	529	67-2
	530	67-3
	531	67-4
	532	67-4.2
	533	67-4.3
	534	67-12
	535	67-16
	536	68-16
	537	68-21
	538	68-22
	539	68-24
	540	68-25
	541	68-44
	542	70-4
	543	70-40
	544, 545	72-7.1
	546	72-30
	547	72-37
	548	72-38
	549	72-43
	550	72-44
	551	72-51
	552	73-4
	553	74-24.14
	554	74-30

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	555	74-64
	556	74-87
	557	74C-17
	558	74D-11
	559	75-6
	560	75-12
	561	75-28
	562	75-30
	563, 564	75A-5
	565	75A-5.1
	566	75A-18
	567	75A-47
	568	75A-48
	569	75D-6
	570	76-40
	571	76-41
	572	76-42
	573	76-43
	574	76-47
	575	76-57
	576	76-58
	577	76A-16
	578	76A-46
	579	77-7
	580	77-12
	581	77-13
	582	77-14
	583	77-37
	584	80-20
	585	80-22
	586	80-23
	587	80-40
	588	80-41
	589	80-42
	590	80-43
	591	80-44
	592	80-66
	593	81A-29
	594	81A-80
	595	83A-16
	596	84-2
	597	84-8
	598	84-10
	599	84-38
	600	85B-9
	601	86A-20
	602	87-13
	603	87-14
	604	87-25
	605	87-42
	606	87-48
	607	87-61
	608	88-28
	609	88A-4
	610	89A-8
	611	89B-15
	612	89C-23
	613	89E-22
	614	90-12
	615	90-18
	616	90-27
	617, 618	90-29.2
	619	90-40
	620	90-48
	621	90-85.40
	622	90-108
	623	90-113.13
	624	90-113.22
	625	90-113.23
	626	90-113.24
	627	90-117.4
	628	90-118.11
	629	90-124
	630	90-136
	631	90-147
	632	90-171.45
	633	90-178.7
	634, 635	90-187.6
	636	90-187.12
	637	90-202.3
	638	90-210.25
	639	90-210.43
	640	90-210.50
	641	90-220.12
	642	90-233.1
	643	90-251
	644	90-252
	645	90-255.1
	646	90-270.17
	647	90-270.35
	648	90-270.79
	649	90-288
	650	90-306
	651	90-341
	652	90-366
	653	90A-66
	654	90B-12
	655	91A-11
	656	93-13
	657	93A-8
	658	93A-56
	659	93A-81
	660	93D-15
	661	95-25.21
	662	95-28
	663	95-47.9
	664	95-50
	665	95-69.18
	666	95-75
	667	95-99
	668	95-104
	669	95-110.11
	670	95-124
	671	95-139
	672	95-194
	673	96-15.2
	674-676	96-18
	677	97-21
	678	97-60
	679	97-76

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	680	97-90
	681	97-94
	682	97-100
	683	102-4
	684	103-2
	685	104E-23
	686	104E-29
	687	104F-3
	688	105-33
	689	105-50
	690, 691	105-53
	692	105-77
	693, 694	105-86
	695	105-88
	696	105-90
	697	105-99
	698, 699	105-109
	700	105-113.33
	701	105-113.73
	702	105-113.112
	703	105-163.44
	704	105-164.9
	705	105-164.29
	706	105-228.34
	707	105-233
	708	105-234
	709, 710	105-236
	711	105-249
	712	105-259
	713	105-290
	714	105-291
	715, 716	105-296
	717	105-308
	718	105-310
	719	105-316.6
	720	105-322
	721	105-334
	722	105-352
	723	105-359
	724	105-368
	725	105-369
	726	105-373
	727	105-440
	728	105-441
	729	105-444
	730	105-447
	731	105-449
	732	105-449.34
	733	105-449.41
	734	105-449.51
	735	105-449A
	736	106-9.2
	737, 738	106-22
	739	106-50.41
	740	106-65.33
	741	106-65.48
	742	106-65.78
	743	106-92.14
	744	106-124
	745	106-168.15
	746	106-189.2
	747	106-196
	748	106-197
	749	106-202.19
	750	106-245.24
	751	106-245.38
	752	106-255
	753	106-266
	754	106-266.14
	755	106-267.4
	756	106-268.1
	757	106-275
	758	106-277.24
	759	106-284.20
	760, 761	106-284.44
	762	106-307
	763	106-307.6
	764	106-310
	765	106-311
	766	106-312
	767	106-314
	768	106-316.4
	769	106-321
	770	106-349
	771	106-360
	772	106-362
	773	106-397
	774	106-398
	775	106-404
	776	106-405
	777	106-405.9
	778	106-405.19
	779	106-411
	780	106-414
	781	106-417
	782	106-423.1
	783	106-439
	786	106-451.28
	787	106-454
	788	106-455
	789	106-464
	790	106-465
	791	106-469
	792	106-501
	793	106-514
	794	106-515
	795	106-516.1
	796	106-518
	797	106-520.7
	798	106-549
	799	106-549.27
	800	106-549.28
	801	106-549.34
	802	106-549.36
	803-805	106-549.68
	806	106-579.11
	807	106-579.12
	808	106-614
	809	106-644
	810	106-668

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	811	106-714
	812	106-776
	813	108A-39
	814	108A-53
	815	108A-57
	816	108A-60
	817	108A-64
	818	108A-65
	819, 820	108A-80
	821	110-20.1
	822	110-48
	823	110-55
	824	110-103
	825	111-23
	826	112-32
	827	112-36
	828	113-25
	829	113-34
	830, 831	113-35
	832	113-55
	833	113-58
	834	113-60.3
	835	113-60.29
	836	113-135
	837	113-137
	838	113-167
	839	113-187
	840	113-202
	841	113-207
	842	113-208
	843	113-222
	844	113-229
	845	113-230
	846	113-262
	847	113-264
	848	113-266
	849	113-268
	850, 851	113-269
	852, 853	113-270.1
	854	113-273
	855	113-275
	856, 857	113-276.2
	858	113-277
	859	113-286
	860, 861	113-290.1
	862	113-291.1
	863	113-294
	864	113-295
	865	113-300.3
	866	113-303
	867	113-307.1
	868	113-315.9
	869	113-315.34
	870	113-380
	871	113-409
	872	113A-42
	873	113A-64
	874	113A-126
	875	113A-170
	876	113A-195
	877	113A-226
	878	113B-24
	879	115B-6
	880	115C-13
	881	115C-45
	882	115C-276
	883	115C-288
	884	115C-307
	885	115C-317
	886	115C-323
	887	115C-379
	888	115C-380
	889, 890	115C-383
	891	115C-447
	892	115C-525
	893	115C-534
	894	115D-96
	895	116-213
	896, 897	116-235
	898	116B-28
	899	119-4
	900	119-13
	901	119-13.3
	902	119-16.2
	903	119-16.3
	904	119-25
	905	119-27
	906	119-32
	907	119-33
	908	119-35
	909	119-39
	910	119-41
	911	119-59
	912	120-32
	913	120-32.1
	914	120-47.9
	915	121-4
	916	121-5
	917	121-28
	918	122C-25
	919	122C-28
	920	122C-52
	921	122C-65
	922, 923	122C-66
	924, 925	122C-158
	926	122C-192
	927	122C-406
	928	124-3
	929	125-11
	930	126-13
	931	126-14
	932	126-14.1
	933	126-18
	934	126-27
	935	126-28
	936	127A-131
	937	127A-151
	938	127A-152
	939	127B-5
	940	127B-7

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	941	127B-15
	942	128-4
	943	128-12
	944	128-28
	945	128-32
	946	130A-25
	947	130A-26
	948	130A-55
	949	130A-65
	950	130A-196
	951	130A-304
	952	131C-22
	953	131D-2
	954	131D-6
	955	131D-10.7
	956	131D-13
	957	131E-80
	958	131E-81
	959	131E-90
	960	131E-109
	961	131E-141.1
	962	131E-151
	963	131E-154.8
	964	131E-161
	965	131E-207
	966	132-3
	967	132-4
	968	132-5
	969	133-4
	970	133-32
	971	134A-25
	972	135-6
	973	135-10
	974-977	136-18
	978	136-18.4
	979	136-20
	980	136-26
	981	136-32
	982	136-32.1
	983	136-32.2
	984	136-33
	985	136-72
	986	136-80
	987	136-89
	988	136-89.58
	989	136-90
	990	136-91
	991	136-92
	992	136-93
	993	136-94
	994	136-102
	995	136-102.4
	996	136-102.6
	997	136-125
	998	136-135
	999	136-145
	1000	139-18
	1001	139-27
	1002	143-32
	1003	143-34
	1004	143-58.1
	1005	143-115
	1006	143-116.6
	1007	143-129
	1008	143-129.1
	1009	143-138
	1010	143-143.24
	1011	143-151
	1012	143-151.18
	1013	143-151.36
	1014	143-152
	1015	143-153
	1016	143-214.2A
	1017	143-214.4
	1018	143-215.6B
	1019	
	1020	143-215.17
	1021	143-215.36
	1022	143-215.58
	1023	143-215.69
	1024	143-215.98
	1025	143-215.102
	1026	143-215.114B
	1027	
	1028	143-318.17
	1029	143-340
	1030	143-341
	1031	143-345.1
	1032	143-345.2
	1033	143-354
	1034	143-355
	1035	143-469
	1036	143-547
	1037	143B-74.3
	1038	143B-181.20
	1039	143B-181.25
	1040	143B-450.1
	1041	143B-461
	1042	143B-472.3
	1043	143B-472.6
	1044	143B-472.10
	1045	143B-472.11
	1046	143B-472.12
	1047	143B-472.13
	1048	143B-472.15
	1049	143B-472.19
	1050	143B-499.6
	1051	146-13
	1052	146-43
	1053	147-9
	1054	147-33.3
	1055	147-76
	1056	147-79
	1057	147-80
	1058	148-45
	1059	153A-98
	1060	
	1061	153A-224
	1062	153A-225
	1063	153A-334

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1064	153A-356
	1065	153A-357
	1066	153A-361
	1067	153A-363
	1068	153A-367
	1069	153A-371
	1070	156-19
	1071	156-24
	1072	156-25
	1073	156-32
	1074	156-33
	1075	156-92
	1076	156-111
	1077	156-112
	1078	156-114
	1079	156-132
	1080	157-29.1
	1081	159-34
	1082	159-181
	1083	160A-80
	1084	160A-168
	1085	
	1086	160A-308
	1087	160A-375
	1088	160A-388
	1089	160A-416
	1090	160A-417
	1091	160A-421
	1092	160A-423
	1093	160A-427
	1094	160A-431
	1095	160A-443
	1096	161-22
	1097	161-27
	1098	162-55
	1099	163-152
	1100	163-155
	1101	163-171
	1102	163-173
	1103	163-177
	1104	163-221
	1105	163-236
	1106	163-237
	1107	163-269
	1108	163-270
	1109	163-271
	1110	163-272.1
	1111	163-273
	1112	163-274
	1113	163-278.13
	1114	163-278.13A
	1115	163-278.19
	1116	
	1117	163-278.20
	1118	163-278.27
	1119	163-278.44
	1120	168-4.5
	1121	10A-12
	1122	14-8
	1123	14-13

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1124	14-14
	1125	14-16.6
	1126	14-16.7
	1127	14-17
	1128	14-18
	1129	14-20
	1130	14-27.3
	1131	14-27.5
	1132	14-27.7
	1133	14-28
	1134	14-29
	1135	14-30
	1136	14-30.1
	1137	14-31
	1138	14-32
	1139	14-32.1
	1140	14-32.2
	1141	14-34.1
	1142	14-34.2
	1143	14-39
	1144	14-41
	1145	14-43
	1146	14-43.2
	1147	14-43.3
	1148	14-46
	1149	14-49
	1150	14-49.1
	1151	14-52
	1152	14-55
	1153	14-56.1
	1154	14-56.3
	1155	14-57
	1156	14-58
	1157	14-59
	1158	14-60
	1159	14-61
	1160	14-62
	1161	14-62.1
	1162	14-69.1
	1163	14-70
	1164	14-71
	1165	14-71.1
	1166	14-72.2
	1167	14-75
	1168	14-78
	1169	14-79
	1170	14-80
	1171	14-81
	1172	14-85
	1173	14-87
	1174	14-87.1
	1175	14-88
	1176	14-89.1
	1177	14-92
	1178	14-93
	1179	14-97
	1180	14-99
	1181	14-101
	1182	14-107
	1183	14-113.17

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1184	14-118.4
	1185	14-120
	1186	14-121
	1187	14-122
	1188	14-136
	1189	14-159.1
	1190	14-159.2
	1191	14-177
	1192	14-178
	1192.1	14-67.1
	1193	14-183
	1194	14-190.1
	1195	14-190.8
	1196	14-190.16
	1197	14-190.17
	1198	14-190.17A
	1199	14-190.18
	1200	14-190.19
	1201	14-202.1
	1202	14-209
	1203	14-210
	1204	14-211
	1205	14-212
	1206	14-217
	1207	
	1208	14-218
	1209	14-220
	1210	14-221
	1211	14-225.2
	1212	14-226
	1213	14-228
	1214	14-233
	1215	14-253
	1216	14-254
	1217	14-256
	1218	14-258
	1219	14-258.2
	1220	14-258.3
	1221	14-278
	1222	14-280
	1223	14-282
	1224	14-284.2
	1225	14-288.2
	1226	
	1227	14-288.6
	1228	14-288.8
	1229	14-288.9
	1230	14-288.20
	1231	14-309.5
	1232	14-309.14
	1233	14-318.4
	1234	14-320.1
	1235	14-329
	1236	14-362.1
	1237	14-367
	1238	14-373
	1239	14-374
	1240	14-377
	1241	14-399
	1242	14-401.11
	1243	14-409
	1244	14-409.9
	1245	14-415.1
	1246	14-437
	1247	20-30
	1248	15A-543
	1249	20-31
	1250	20-34.1 note
	1251	20-71
	1252	20-106
	1253	20-106.1
	1254	20-106.2
	1255	20-109
	1256	20-112
	1257	20-136
	1258	20-138.5
	1259	20-141.4
	1260	20-166
	1261	20-279.31
	1262	20-350
	1263	23-43
	1264	48-37
	1265	53-124
	1266	53-129
	1267	53-130
	1268	53-131
	1269	53-132
	1270	58-7-50
	1271	58-19-50
	1272	
	1273	58-24-180
	1274	58-50-40
	1275	58-70-1
	1276	58-71-165
	1277	62-273
	1278	63-25
	1279	63-27
	1280	63-28
	1281	65-71
	1282	66-135
	1283	66-225
	1284	75-12
	1285	75A-18
	1286	75D-7
	1287	76-40
	1288	78C-78
	1289	93A-58
	1290	95-197
	1291	105-113.34
	1292	105-236
	1293	
	1294	106-145.6
	1295	106-350
	1296	106-363
	1297	106-443
	1298	106-549.26
	1299	108A-53
	1300	108A-60
	1301	113-209
	1302	120-86

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1303-1305	130A-26.1
	1306	130A-431
	1307	133-31
	1308	136-13
	1309	136-14
	1310	143-54
	1311	143-63
	1312	143-214.2A
	1313-1315	143-215.6B
	1316	143-215.88B
	1317	
	1318-1320	143-215.114B
	1321	148-45
	1322	
	1323	148-46.1
	1324	163-237
	1325	163-278.53
	1358.1	90-95
	1358.2	14-42 Repealed, 14-67 note
	1359	1-324.5 note, 1-531 note, 1-596 note, 7A-112 note, 7A-602 note, 10A-12 note, 14-4 note, 14-8 note, 14-10 note, 14-12 note, 14-12.15 note, 14-13 to 14-32.2 note, 14-33 to 14-34.3 note, 14-35, 14-36 note, 14-39 to 14-43.3 note, 14-46, 14-47 note, 14-49 note, 14-49.1 note, 14-52 note, 14-54 note, 14-55 note, 14-56.1 to 14-56.3 note, 14-57 to 14-62.1 note, 14-67 to 14-72.2 note, 14-75 to 14-81 note, 14-85 note, 14-87, 14-88 note, 14-89.1 note, 14-92, 14-93 note, 14-97 note, 14-99 note, 14-101 to 14-110 note, 14-111.1 to 14-113 note, 14-113.6 note, 14-113.17 to 14-117 note, 14-117.2 to 14-118.5 note, 14-120 to 14-122.1 note, 14-127, 14-128 note, 14-129 to 14-132 note, 14-132.2, 14-133 note, 14-134.2 to

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	14-137 note, 14-140 to 14-142 note, 14-144 to 14-148 note, 14-151 to 14-159.2 note, 14-159.6 note, 14-159.8 note, 14-159.12 note, 14-159.13 note, 14-159.21, 14-159.22 note, 14-160 note, 14-160.1 note, 14-162 note, 14-163.1 note, 14-165 to 14-168.1 note, 14-168.4 note, 14-169 note, 14-175 to 14-179 note, 14-183, 14-184 note, 14-186 note, 14-188 note, 14-190.1 note, 14-190.4, 14-190.5 note, 14-190.8, 14-190.9 note, 14-190.14 to 14-190.17 note, 14-195 to 14-197 note, 14-199 note, 14-202 note, 14-202.1 note, 14-202.12 note, 14-204.1 note, 14-208 to 14-212 note, 14-217, 14-218 note, 14-220 to 14-223 note, 14-225 to 14-225.2 note, 14-226, 14-226.1 note, 14-227 note, 14-227.3 note, 14-228 note, 14-230 to 14-234.1 note, 14-236 to 14-239 note, 14-241 to 14-244 note, 14-246 note, 14-251 note, 14-253 to 14-256 note, 14-258 to 14-258.3 note, 14-259 note, 14-268, 14-269 note, 14-269.2 to 14-269.4 note, 14-269.6 note, 14-275.1 note, 14-276.1 note, 14-277 to 14-277.3 note, 14-278 to 14-284.2 note, 14-286 to 14-288 note, 14-288.2 note, 14-288.4 to 14-288.9 note, 14-288.12 to 14-288.15 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	14-288.19 note, 14-288.20 note, 14-289 to 14-295 note, 14-297 note, 14-300 note, 14-303 note, 14-309 note, 14-309.5 note, 14-309.11 note, 14-309.14 note, 14-309.15 note, 14-313 note, 14-315 to 14-318.2 note, 14-318.4 note, 14-320.1 note, 14-321, 14-322 note, 14-326.1 note, 14-329 note, 14-342 to 14-344 note, 14-346 note, 14-353 note, 14-355, 14-356 note, 14-358 to 14-363.1 note, 14-366 to 14-368 note, 14-370 to 14-374 note, 14-377 note, 14-380.1, 14-380.2 note, 14-381 to 14-385 note, 14-389 note, 14-391 note, 14-394 to 14-399 note, 14-399.2 note, 14-400 to 14-401.14 note, 14-402 note, 14-408 to 14-409.1 note, 14-409.8, 14-409.9 note, 14-415, 14-415.1 note, 14-422 note, 14-424 note, 14-437 note, 14-444 note, 14-454 to 14-456 note, 15-76 note, 15A-261 note, 15A-343 note, 15A-502 note, 15A-541 to 15A-543 note, 15A-731 note, 15B-7 note, 16-4, 16-5 note, 17-25 note, 17-27, 17-28 note, 17D-4 note, 18B-102 note, 18B-302 note, 18B-401 note, 18B-502 note, 19A-13 note, 19A-33, 19A-34 note, 19A-36 note, 19A-48 note, 20-11 note, 20-28 to 20-31 note, 20-34.1 note, 20-35 note,
539	1359	20-37.7, 20-37.8 note, 20-37.21 note, 20-39 note, 20-45 note, 20-47 note, 20-52.1 note, 20-59 note, 20-63 note, 20-71 note, 20-71.4 note, 20-72 to 20-77 note, 20-79 note, 20-94 note, 20-96 note, 20-102.1 note, 20-106 to 20-106.2 note, 20-107 to 20-109.1 note, 20-111, 20-112 note, 20-115.1 note, 20-116 note, 20-118.1 note, 20-119, 20-120 note, 20-124 note, 20-127 note, 20-130.1 note, 20-136 note, 20-137.2 note, 20-138.2, 20-138.3 note, 20-138.5 note, 20-140, 20-141 note, 20-141.3, 20-141.4 note, 20-157 note, 20-166, 20-166.1 note, 20-167.1 note, 20-176 note, 20-183.11 note, 20-215.4 note, 20-217 note, 20-219.2 note, 20-279.31 note, 20-284 note, 20-308 note, 20-312 to 20-313.1 note, 20-327 note, 20-350 note, 20-371 note, 20-390 note, 20-395 to 20-397 note, 23-9 note, 23-12 note, 23-43 note, 23-47 note, 24-17 note, 34-13 note, 42-11 note, 42-13 note, 42-22, 42-22.1 note, 44A-24 note, 44A-32 note, 47-32.2 note, 47-112 note, 48-3 note, 48-25 note, 48-37, 48-38 note, 49-2 note, 51-7 note, 51-13 note, 51-15 note, 53-63 note, 53-86 note, 53-124 to 53-132 note, 53-134 note, 53-166 note, 53-208 note, 53-247 note, 54-109.5 note, 54-109.105 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	54-157 note, 54B-56 note, 54B-66 note, 54B-78 note, 54C-54 note, 54C-64 note, 54C-79 note, 55-1-29 note, 55-1-32 note, 55A-80 note, 58-1-25 note, 58-1-30 note, 58-1-35 note, 58-2-200 note, 58-3-60 note, 58-3-85 note, 58-3-130 note, 58-7-50 note, 58-16-20 note, 58-19-50 note, 58-21-105 note, 58-24-180 note, 58-25-70 note, 58-27-5 note, 58-27-45 note, 58-30-12 note, 58-31-60 note, 58-33-95 to 58-33-120 note, 58-35-30 note, 58-35-90 note, 58-39-115 note, 58-43-35 note, 58-50-40 note, 58-50-70 note, 58-57-80 note, 58-64-75 note, 58-67-165 note, 58-69-35 note, 58-70-1 note, 58-71-165 note, 58-71-185 note, 58-81-5 note, 58-81-10 note, 58-82-1 note, 62-144 note, 62-150 note, 62-221 note, 62-224 note, 62-226 note, 62-229 note, 62-273 note, 62-313 note, 62-318 to 62-320 note, 62-322, 62-323 note, 62-325 to 62-327 note, 62A-12 note, 63-18 note, 63-23 note, 63-25 to 63-28 note, 63-35 note, 63A-7 note, 65-57 note, 65-71, 65-72 note, 66-4 note, 66-10 to 66-11.1 note, 66-16 note, 66-22 note, 66-27 note, 66-27.3 note, 66-27.5 note, 66-34 note, 66-58 note, 66-64
539	1359	note, 66-66 note, 66-67.2 note, 66-71 note, 66-75 note, 66-81 note, 66-86 note, 66-97 note, 66-108, 66-109 note, 66-135 note, 66-145 note, 66-167 note, 66-169 note, 66-172, 66-173 note, 66-225 note, 67-2 to 67-4.3 note, 67-12 note, 67-16 note, 68-16 note, 68-21, 68-22 note, 68-24, 68-25 note, 68-44 note, 70-4 note, 70-40 note, 72-7.1 note, 72-30 note, 72-37, 72-38 note, 72-43, 72-44 note, 72-51 note, 73-4 note, 74-24.14 note, 74-30 note, 74-64 note, 74-87 note, 74C-17 note, 74D-11 note, 75-6 note, 75-12 note, 75-28 note, 75-30 note, 75A-5, 75A-5.1 note, 75A-18 note, 75A-47, 75A-48 note, 75D-6, 75D-7 note, 76-40 to 76-43 note, 76-47 note, 76-57, 76-58 note, 76A-16 note, 76A-46 note, 77-7 note, 77-12 to 77-14 note, 77-37 note, 78C-78 note, 80-20 note, 80-22, 80-23 note, 80-40 to 80-44 note, 80-66 note, 81A-29 note, 81A-80 note, 83A-16 note, 84-2 note, 84-8 note, 84-10 note, 84-38 note, 85B-9 note, 86A-20 note, 87-13, 87-14 note, 87-25 note, 87-42 note, 87-48 note, 87-61 note, 88-28 note, 88A-4 note, 89A-8 note, 89B-15 note, 89C-23 note, 89E-22 note, 90-12 note, 90-18 note, 90-27 note, 90-29.2 note, 90-40 note, 90-48 note, 90-85.40

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	note, 90-95 note, 90-108 note, 90-113.13 note, 90-113.22 to 90-113.24 note, 90-117.4 note, 90-118.11 note, 90-124 note, 90-136 note, 90-147 note, 90-171.45 note, 90-178.7 note, 90-187.6 note, 90-187.12 note, 90-202.3 note, 90-210.25 note, 90-210.43 note, 90-210.50 note, 90-220.12 note, 90-233.1 note, 90-251, 90-252 note, 90-255.1 note, 90-270.17 note, 90-270.35 note, 90-270.79 note, 90-288 note, 90-306 note, 90-341 note, 90-366 note, 90A-66 note, 90B-12 note, 91A-11 note, 93-13 note, 93A-8 note, 93A-56 note, 93A-58 note, 93A-81 note, 93D-15 note, 95-25.21 note, 95-28 note, 95-47.9 note, 95-50 note, 95-69.18 note, 95-75 note, 95-99 note, 95-104 note, 95-110.11 note, 95-124 note, 95-139 note, 95-194 note, 95-197 note, 96-15.2 note, 96-18 note, 97-21 note, 97-60 note, 97-76 note, 97-90 note, 97-94 note, 97-100 note, 102-4 note, 103-2 note, 104E-23 note, 104E-29 note, 104F-3 note, 105-33 note, 105-50 note, 105-53 note, 105-77 note, 105-86 note, 105-88 note, 105-90 note, 105-99 note, 105-109 note, 105-113.33, 105-113.34 note, 105-113.73 note,
539	1359	105-113.112 note, 105-163.44 note, 105-164.9 note, 105-164.29 note, 105-228.34 note, 105-233, 105-234 note, 105-236 note, 105-249 note, 105-259 note, 105-290, 105-291 note, 105-296 note, 105-308 note, 105-310 note, 105-316.6 note, 105-322 note, 105-334 note, 105-352 note, 105-359 note, 105-368, 105-369 note, 105-373 note, 105-440, 105-441 note, 105-444 note, 105-447 note, 105-449 note, 105-449.34 note, 105-449.41 note, 105-449.51 note, 105-449A note, 106-9.2 note, 106-22 note, 106-50.41 note, 106-65.33 note, 106-65.48 note, 106-65.78 note, 106-92.14 note, 106-124 note, 106-145.6 note, 106-168.15 note, 106-189.2 note, 106-196, 106-197 note, 106-202.19 note, 106-245.24 note, 106-245.38 note, 106-255 note, 106-266 note, 106-266.4 note, 106-267.4 note, 106-268.1 note, 106-275 note, 106-277.24 note, 106-284.20 note, 106-284.44 note, 106-307 note, 106-307.6 note, 106-310 to 106-312 note, 106-314 note, 106-316.4 note, 106-321 note, 106-349 note, 106-350 note, 106-360 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	106-362, 106-363 note, 106-397, 106-398 note, 106-404, 106-405 note, 106-405.9 note, 106-405.19 note, 106-411 note, 106-414 note, 106-417 note, 106-423.1 note, 106-439 note, 106-443 note, 106-451 note, 106-451.1 note, 106-451.28 note, 106-454, 106-455 note, 106-464, 106-465 note, 106-469 note, 106-501 note, 106-514, 106-515 note, 106-516.1 note, 106-518 note, 106-520.7 note, 106-549 note, 106-549.26 to 106-549.28 note, 106-549.34 note, 106-549.36 note, 106-549.68 note, 106-579.11, 106-579.12 note, 106-614 note, 106-644 note, 106-668 note, 106-714 note, 106-776 note, 108A-39 note, 108A-53 note, 108A-57 note, 108A-60 note, 108A-64, 108A-65 note, 108A-80 note, 110-20.1 note, 110-48 note, 110-55 note, 110-103 note, 111-23 note, 112-32 note, 112-36 note, 113-25 note, 113-34, 113-35 note, 113-55 note, 113-58 note, 113-60.3 note, 113-60.29 note, 113-135 note, 113-137 note, 113-167 note, 113-187 note, 113-202 note, 113-207 to 113-209 note, 113-222 note, 113-229, 113-230 note, 113-262 note, 113-264 note, 113-266 note,
539	1359	113-268, 113-269 note, 113-270.1 note, 113-273 note, 113-275 note, 113-276.2 note, 113-277 note, 113-286 note, 113-290.1 note, 113-291.1 note, 113-294, 113-295 note, 113-300.3 note, 113-303 note, 113-307.1 note, 113-315.9 note, 113-315.34 note, 113-380 note, 113-409 note, 113A-42 note, 113A-64 note, 113A-126 note, 113A-170 note, 113A-195 note, 113A-226 note, 113B-24 note, 115B-6 note, 115C-13 note, 115C-45 note, 115C-276 note, 115C-288 note, 115C-307 note, 115C-317 note, 115C-323 note, 115C-379 note, 115C-380 note, 115C-383 note, 115C-447 note, 115C-525 note, 115C-534 note, 115D-96 note, 116-213 note, 116-235 note, 116B-28 note, 119-4 note, 119-13 note, 119-13.3 note, 119-16.2, 119-16.3 note, 119-25 note, 119-27 note, 119-32, 119-33 note, 119-35 note, 119-39 note, 119-41 note, 119-59 note, 120-32, 120-32.1 note, 120-47.9 note, 120-86 note, 121-4, 121-5 note, 121-28 note, 122C-25 note, 122C-28 note, 122C-52 note, 122C-65, 122C-66 note, 122C-158 note, 122C-192 note, 122C-406 note, 124-3 note, 125-11 note, 126-13 to 126-14.1 note, 126-18 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	126-27, 126-28 note, 127A-131 note, 127A-151, 127A-152 note, 127B-5 note, 127B-7 note, 127B-15 note, 128-4 note, 128-12 note, 128-28 note, 128-32 note, 130A-25 to 130A-26.1 note, 130A-55 note, 130A-65 note, 130A-196 note, 130A-304 note, 130A-431 note, 131C-72 note, 131D-2 note, 131D-6 note, 131D-10.7 note, 131D-13 note, 131E-80, 131E-81 note, 131E-90 note, 131E-109 note, 131E-141.1 note, 131E-151 note, 131E-154.8 note, 131E-161 note, 131E-207 note, 132-3 to 132-5 note, 133-4 note, 133-31, 133-32 note, 134A-25 note, 135-6 note, 135-10 note, 136-13, 136-14 note, 136-18 note, 136-18.4 note, 136-20 note, 136-26 note, 136-32 to 136-32.2 note, 136-33 note, 136-72 note, 136-80 note, 136-89 note, 136-89.58 note, 136-90 to 136-94 note, 136-102 note, 136-102.4 note, 136-102.6 note, 136-125 note, 136-135 note, 136-145 note, 139-18 note, 139-27 note, 143-32 note, 143-34, note 143-54 note, 143-58.1 note, 143-63 note, 143-115 note, 143-116.6 note, 143-129, 143-129.1 note, 143-138 note, 143-143.24 note, 143-151 note, 143-151.18 note, 143-151.36 note, 143-152, 143-153
539	1359	note, 143-214.2A note, 143-214.4 note, 143-215.6B note, 143-215.17 note, 143-215.36 note, 143-215.58 note, 143-215.69 note, 143-215.88B note, 143-215.98 note, 143-215.102 note, 143-215.114B note, 143-318.17 note, 143-340, 143-341 note, 143-345.1, 143-345.2 note, 143-354, 143-355 note, 143-469 note, 143-547 note, 143B-74.3 note, 143B-181.20 note, 143B-181.25 note, 143B-450.1 note, 143B-461 note, 143B-472.3 note, 143B-472.6 note, 143B-472.10 to 143B-472.13 note, 143B-472.15 note, 143B-472.19 note, 143B-499.6 note, 146-13 note, 146-43 note, 147-9 note, 147-33.3 note, 147-76 note, 147-79, 147-80 note, 148-45 note, 148-46.1 note, 153A-98 note, 153A-224, 153A-225 note, 153A-334 note, 153A-356 note, 153A-357 note, 153A-361 note, 153A-363 note, 153A-367 note, 153A-371 note, 156-19 note, 156-24, 156-25 note, 156-32, 156-33 note, 156-92 note, 156-111, 156-112 note, 156-114 note, 156-132 note, 157-29.1 note, 159-34 note, 159-181 note, 160A-80 note, 160A-168 note, 160A-308 note, 160A-375 note, 160A-388 note, 160A-416, 160A-417 note, 160A-421 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
539	1359	160A-423 note, 160A-427 note, 160A-431 note, 160A-443 note, 161-22 note, 161-27 note, 162-55 note, 163-152 note, 163-155 note, 163-171 note, 163-173 note, 163-177 note, 163-221 note, 163-236, 163-237 note, 163-269 to 163-274 note, 163-278.13 note, 163-278.13A note, 163-278.19, 163-278.20 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.44 note, 163-278.53 note, 168-4.5 note
540	1	1-538.1
541	1	116B-11
	2	116B-12
	3	116B-13
	4	116B-22
	5	116B-28
	6	116B-29
	7	116B-31
	8	116B-34
	9	66-67.3
542	1	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note, 115D-1 note, 115D-31 note, 116-1 note, 159G-1 note
	2-4	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note, 115D-31 note, 116-1 note, 159G-1 note
	5(a)	116-1 note
	(b)	115D-31 note
	(c)	159G-1 note
	(d)	113-29 note
	6(a)	116-11 note
	(c)	159G-1 note
	(d)	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note
	7-9	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note, 115D-31 note, 116-1 note, 159G-1 note
	10	159G-1 note
	11(a)	115D-31 note
	(b)	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note
	12(a)	159G-4
	(b)	159G-6
	13	142-29.5
543	1	20-88
	2	20-79.4
	3	20-79.7
	4	105-330.1
	5	20-81.12
	6	105-269.5
	7	143-247.2
	8	20-79.4 note
544	1	158-30 to 158-42
	2	63A-1 note
545	1-5	132-1 L.M.
546	1	160A-218 L.M.
547	1	135-40.4
548	1	105-187.16
	2	105-187.19
	3	130A-309.12
	4	130A-309.58
	5	130A-309.61
	6	130A-309.63
	7	130A-309.63 note
	8	105-187.19
	9	105-187.16 note, 130A-309.63 note
549	2	115C-40 L.M., 115C-521 L.M.
550	1-5	134A-1 note
	6	113A-1 note, 113A-50 note
	7	134A-1 note
	9	134A-1 note
	11	134A-1 note
551	1	143B-216.32
552	1	55-1-23
	2	55-1-25
	3	55-1-32
	4	55-1-40
	5	55-1-41
	6	55-2-02
	7	55-4-04
	8	55-6-30
	9	55-7-20
	10	55-8-06
	11	55-8-30
	12	55-8-50
	13	55-8-03
	14	55-11-03
	15	55-14-20
	16	55-15-01
	17	55-15-08
	18	55-15-30
	19	55-16-02
	20	54-139
553	1	7A-37 Repealed
	2	36A-52
	3	120-47.8
	4	143-170.5
	5	143-299.3
	6	1-567.41
	7	7A-38
	8	14-108

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
553	9	14-129
	10	20-279.24
	11	20-347
	12	22B-1
	13	44A-23
	14	48-36
	15	54-67
	16	58-19-15
	17	58-51-15
	18	58-51-30
	19	58-54-1
	20	58-55-30
	21	58-60-15
	22	58-70-15
	23	63A-11
	24	65-43
	25	75E-1
	26	87-10
	27	90-210.60
	28	90-321
	29	90-322
	29.1	93A-32
	30	96-8
	31	108A-14
	32	110-91
	32.1	113-270.4
	32.2	115D-87
	33	116-40.2
	34	120-2
	35	120-112
	36	122C-146
	37, 38	122D-6
	39, 40	126-5
	40.1	130A-14
	41	130A-295.02
	42	131A-2
	43	131C-11
	44	131D-3
	45	131D-4
	46	143B-153
	47	143B-399
	48, 49	143B-472.3
	50, 51	143B-472.35
	52	146-15
	52.1	146-26.1
	52.2	146-30
	52.3	146-65
	53	147-45
	54	150B-21.1
	55	159-30
	56	159G-8
	57	159I-29
	58, 59	160A-443
	60	163-112
	61	163-138
	62, 63	163-140
	64	163-170
	65	163-192
	66	163-201
	67	163-230.1
	67.1	50-13.9
	68	163-275
	69	163-278.19
	70	163-278.42
	71	18B-1114.1 note
	73(a)	7A-210
	(b)	7A-219
	(c)	42-28
	(d)	42-30
	74	130A-309.14
	75	58-57-15
	77	20-37.7
	78	8-53.3
	79	113-154.1
	80	143-215.31
	80.1	105-163.013
	81	143-215.22H
	82	153A-330 L.M.
	83(a)	55A-11-02
	(b)	55A-15-32
554	1	58-50-30
558	1	14-269.2
	2	14-315.1, 14-315.2
561	10	143-613
	12	143B-434
	13	143B-168.10 note
	15	120-70.91
	16	143-15.3A
	17(a)	158-8.1
	(b)	158-8.2
	(c)	158-8.3
	18(a)	126-8
	20	143-16.3 note
	21	120-36.7
	22	143-15.3A note
	23(a), (b)	105-116 note
	(c)-(e)	105-113.82 note
	26(a)	143-23.2 note
	28	143-16.3 note
	29	143-135.26 note
	32(a)	146-27
	32(b)	146-74
	(c)	146-29.1
	(d), (e)	66-58 note
	38	100-8 note
	39	58-2-1 note
	41(a)	147-54.16
	(b), (c)	147-54.16 note
	42	115C-341.1, 115C-441.1, 115D-25.1, 115D-25.2, 116-17.1, 116-17.2, 143-34.1
	50(a)	115D-39
	52(a), (b)	115C-1 note
	53	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
	54	115C-238.4

Ch.	Sec.	1993 General Statutes
561	55	115C-81 note
	56(a)	115C-238.4
	58(a)-(c)	115C-1 note
	61	115C-21 note
	63(a)	143-3.3
	(b)	143-3.3 note
	64	136-27.1 note
	65	136-28.10, 136-28.4 note
	68	136-12 note
	70	143-341 note
	71	120-70.50 note
	72	143-31.4 note, 158-41 note, 158-42 note
	74	162-39 note
	76	148-70 note
	79(a)	7A-344
	(b)	7A-344 note
	83	53-96
	86(a)	122C-344
	87	7A-574 note
	88	131E-182 note
	89(a)	143B-157
	(b)	143B-158
	91(a), (b)	114-2.1 note
	95(a)	106-435
	(b), (c)	106-435 note
	97	122D-1 note
	102(a), (b)	143B-437A note
	104.1(a)	143B-437A note
	(b)	
	(c)-(d)	105-130.40 note, 105-151.7 note
	105	143-215.74 note
	106	104G-19 note
	109	130A-152 note
	111(a)-(c)	113-291.6 note
	115	146-74 note
	116(a)	143B-344.18 note
	(b)	143-370 to 143-373 recodified as 143B-344.18 to 143B-344.21
	(c)	143A-66 Repealed
	(d)	106-22
	116(e)	143B-279.2
	(f)	143B-344.18 to 143B-344.21
	(g)	14-419
	(h)	14-420
	(i)	106-202.17
	(j)	147-50
563	13	120-122

SESSION LAWS OF 1994, Ex. Sess.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	7A-60 note
	2	7A-133 note
	2.1	7A-41 note
	3	7A-41 note
	4(a)	7A-41 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-133, 163-107.1 note
	(b)	7A-41 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-133, 163-226 note, 163-245 note
	5	7A-41 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-133 note, 163-107 note
	6	7A-41 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-133 note, 163-107 note, 163-107.1 note, 163-226 note, 163-245 note
2	1	15A-932
3	1	15B-11
4	1	50B-2
	2	50B-3
	3	50B-4
	4	7A-292
5	1	20-135.2A
6	1, 2	7A-133 note
7	1	7A-675
	2	7A-676
	3	8C-1-404
	4	15A-1340.4
	5	15A-2000
	6	15A-1340.16
8	1	15A-615
9	1	15A-1343
10	1-3	96-9
11	1	90-95
	1.1	90-96
12	1, 2	148-59
13	1	14-415.3
14	1	7A-273
	2	14-3
	3	14-33
	3.1	14-72.3
	3.2	14-72.4
	3.3	14-82
	4(a)	14-269.2 note
	4(b)	14-269.2
	5	14-269.7

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
14	6	14-277.4
	7	14-288.14
	8(a)	14-303 note
	(b)	14-303
	9(a)	14-309 note
	(b)	14-309
	10	14-311
	11	14-315.1
	12	14-315.2
	13	14-318.2
	14(a)	14-401.14 note
	(b)	14-401.14
	15	15A-266.11
	16(a)	15A-543 note
	(b)	15A-543
	17	15A-1340.11
	18-19	15A-1340.13
	20, 21	15A-1340.17
	22	15A-1343.2
	23	15A-1354
	24, 25	15A-1368
	26	15A-1368.1
	27	15A-1368.3
	28	15A-1445
	29	18B-102
	30(a)	20-34.1 note
	(b)	20-34.1
	31	20-37.6
	32	20-138.5
	33	20-310
	34	23-9
	35	49-8
	36	55A-1-29
	37	55A-1-32
	38	57C-1-29
	39	57C-1-32
	40(a)	66-11 note
	(b), (c)	66-11
	41, 42	72-7.1
	43	75-28
	44	75A-6.1
	45	76A-46
	46, 47	90-95
	48	90-452
	49	93E-1-13
	50	105-163.013
	51(a)	105-259 note
	(b)	105-259
	52	105-449.34
	53(a)	106-451 note
	(b)	106-451
	54(a)	106-451.1 note
	(b)	106-451.1
	55	106-549.68
	56	106-764
	57	113-154.1
	58	113-156
	59	115C-290.3
	60	136-20
	61	143-34
	62	143-153
	63	143B-267
	64	148-4.1
	65	148-32.1
	66	153A-148.1
	67	160A-208.1
	68	160A-308
	69, 70	162A-6.1
	71(1)	14-9 Repealed
	(2)	14-18.1 Repealed
	(3)	14-27.6 Repealed
	(4)	14-50 Repealed
	(5)	14-89 Repealed
	(6)	14-95 Repealed
	(7)	14-212 Repealed
	72(1)	14-78.1 Repealed
	(2)	14-80 Repealed
	(3)	14-86 Repealed
	(4)	14-111 Repealed
	(5)	14-117.1 Repealed
	(6)	14-138 Repealed
	(7)	14-161 Repealed
	(8)	14-164 Repealed
	(9)	14-200 Repealed
	(10)	14-201 Repealed
	(11)	14-235 Repealed
	(12)	14-257 Repealed
	(13)	14-270 Repealed
	(14)	14-271 Repealed
	(15)	14-285 Repealed
	(16)	14-345 Repealed
	(17)	14-346.1 Repealed
	(18)	14-346.2 Repealed
	(19)	14-357 Repealed
	(20)	14-369 Repealed
	(21)	14-386 Repealed
15	1-4	148-4.1
16	1	15-11.1
	2	14-269.1
17	1	7A-572
18	1	8-50.2
	2	17C-6
19	1	5A-11
	2	15A-1344
	3	15A-1343.2
20	1	15A-1331A
	2	20-15.1
	3	20-179.3
	4	113-277
	5	15A-1331A
21	1	14-17
	2	15A-1370.1
	3	15A-1371
	4	15A-1372
	5	15A-2002
	6	143B-266
	7	15A-1380.5

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
22	1	7A-601 note, 7A-608 to 7A-610, note 14-2.5 note, 14-2.4 note, 14-2.6 note, 14-2.2 note, 14-5.2 note, 14-7.6 to 14-7.12 note, 14-17 note, 14-20 note, 14-27.2 note, 14-27.4 note, 14-269.1 note, 15A-1340.4 note, 15A-1340.10 note, 15A-1340.17 note, 15A-1340.13 note, 15A-1340.14 note, 15A-1340.16 note, 15A-1340.16A note, 15A-1368.1 note, 15A-1370.1 note
	2	14-27.2
	3	14-27.4
	4	14-17
	5	14-20
	6	14-5.2
	7	15A-1340.17
	8	15A-1368.1
	9	15A-1340.13
	10	15A-1340.14
	11	14-2.5
	12	14-2.4
	13	14-2.6
	15, 16	14-7.6
	18-19(b)	14-2.2
	(c)	14-2.2 note
	20	15A-1340.16A
	21	15A-1340.4
	22	15A-1340.16
	23	14-269.1
	25	7A-608
	26	7A-609
	27	7A-610
	28	7A-601
	31	14-7.7, 14-7.8, 14-7.9 to 14-7.12
	32	14-7.7
	33, 34	15A-1370.1
	35	15A-1340.10
	36	15A-1380.5 note
23	1-3	14-225
24	3	7A-289.13 note, 15A-1340.10 note, 115C-238.40 note, 120-70.93 note, 143-23 note, 143B-152.1 note, 143B-152.10 note, 148-37 note
	9	143-23 (a)-(c)
	14(a)	15A-1340.10
24	14(b)	7A-273, 14-1.1, 14-2 to 14-2.2, 14-2.4 to 14-2.6, 14-3, 14-4, 14-7.6, 15A-1022, 5A-1301, 15A-1331, 15A-1332, 15A-1340.1 to 15A-1340.7, 15A-1340.10 to 15A-1340.23, 15A-1341, 15A-1343, 15A-1343.1, 15A-1343.2, 15A-1344, 15A-1351, 15A-1352, 15A-1355, 15A-1368, 15A-1368.1 to 15A-1368.6, 15A-1370.1, 15A-1371, 15A-1372, 15A-1373, 15A-1374, 15A-1376, 15A-1380.1, 15A-1380.2, 15A-1415, 15A-1442, 15A-1444, 15A-1445, 15A-2002, 90-95, 143B-264, 143B-266, 143B-267, 148-52.1, 148-53, 148-54, 148-56 to 148-57.1, 148-59, 148-60.1, 148-62.1 to 148-64, 148-65.3, 162-60
	(c)	1-324.5, 1-531, 7A-112, 7A-602, 10A-12, 14-8, 14-12, 14-12.15, 14-13 to 14-16, 14-16.6, 14-16.7, 14-17, 14-18, 14-20, 14-27.3, 14-27.5, 14-27.7, 14-28 to 14-33, 14-34 to 14-34.3, 14-35, 14-36, 14-40 to 14-43.3, 14-46, 14-47, 14-49, 14-49.1, 14-52, 14-54, 14-55, 143-23 note 14-56.1 to 14-56.3, 14-62.1, 14-67.1 to 14-72.2, 14-75 to 14-81, 14-85, 14-87, 14-88, 14-89, 14-92, 14-93, 14-97, 14-99, 14-101 to 14-113, 14-113.6,

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
24	14(c)	14-113.17, 14-114 to 14-117, 14-117.2, 14-118 to 14-118.5, 14-120 to 14-122, 14-127 to 14-132, 14-132.2, 14-133, 14-134.2 to 14-137, 14-140 to 14-142, 14-144 to 14-148, 14-151 to 14-159.2, 14-159.6, 14-159.8, 14-159.12, 14-159.13, 14-159.21, 14-159.22, 14-160, 14-160.1, 14-162, 14-163.1, 14-165 to 14-168.1, 14-168.4, 14-169, 14-175 to 14-179, 14-183, 14-184, 14-186, 14-188, 14-190.1, 14-190.4, 14-190.5, 14-190.8, 14-190.9, 14-190.14 to 14-190.19, 14-195 to 14-197, 14-199, 14-202, 14-202.1, 14-202.12, 14-204.1, 14-208 to 14-212, 14-217, 14-218, 14-220 to 14-222, 14-223, 14-225 to 14-227, 14-227.3, 14-228, 14-230 to 14-234.1, 14-236 to 14-239, 14-241 to 14-244, 14-246, 14-251, 14-253 to 14-256, 14-258 to 14-259, 14-268, 14-269, 14-269.2 to 14-269.4, 14-269.6, 14-275.1, 14-276.1, 14-277 to 14-277.3, 14-278 to 14-284.2, 14-286 to 14-288, 14-288.2, 14-288.4 to 14-288.9, 14-288.12 to 14-288.15, 14-288.19, 14-288.20, 14-289, 14-290 to 14-295, 14-297, 14-300, 14-303, 14-309, 14-309.5, 14-309.11, 14-309.14, 14-309.15, 14-313, 14-315 to 14-318.2, 14-318.4, 14-320.1, 14-321,

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
24	14(c)	14-322, 14-326.1, 14-329, 14-342 to 14-344, 14-346, 14-253, 14-355, 14-356, 14-358 to 14-363.1, 14-366 to 14-368, 14-370 to 14-374, 14-377, 14-380.1 to 14-385, 14-389, 14-391, 14-394 to 14-399, 14-399.2, 14-400 to 14-401.14, 14-402, 14-408 to 14-409.1, 14-409.8, 14-409.9, 14-415, 14-415.1, 14-422, 14-424, 14-437, 14-444, 14-454 to 14-456 15-176, 15A-343, 15A-543, 15A-261, 15A-502, 15A-541, 15A-542, 15A-731, 15B-7, 16-4, 16-5, 17-25, 17-27, 17-28, 17D-4, 18B-102, 18B-302, 18B-401, 18B-502, 19A-13, 19A-33, 19A-34, 19A-36, 19A-48, 20-11, 20-28 to 20-31, 20-34.1, 20-35, 20-37.7, 20-37.8, 20-37.21, 20-39, 20-45, 20-47, 20-52.1, 20-59, 20-63, 20-71, 20-71.4, 20-72 to 20-75, 20-77, 20-79, 20-94, 20-96, 20-102.1, 20-106 to 20-109.1, 20-111, 20-112, 20-115.1, 20-116, 20-118.1 to 20-120, 20-124, 20-127, 20-130.1, 20-136, 20-137.2, 20-138.2, 20-138.3, 20-138.5, 20-140, 20-141, 20-141.3, 20-141.4, 20-157, 20-166, 20-166.1, 20-167.1, 20-176, 20-183.11, 20-215.4, 20-217, 20-219.2, 20-279.31, 20-284, 20-308, 20-312,

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
24	14(c)	20-313, 20-313.1, 20-327, 20-350, 20-371, 20-390, 20-395 to 20-397, 23-9, 23-12, 23-43, 23-47, 24-17, 34-13, 42-11, 42-13, 42-22, 42-22.1, 44A-24, 44A-32, 47-32.2, 47-112, 48-3, 48-25, 48-37, 48-38, 49-2, 51-7, 51-13, 51-15, 53-63, 53-86, 53-124 to 53-128, 53-130 to 53-132, 53-134, 53-166, 53-208, 53-247, 54-109.5, 54-109.105, 54-157, 54B-56, 54B-66, 54B-78, 54C-54, 54C-64, 54C-79, 55-1-29, 55-1-32, 55A-80, 58-1-25, 58-1-30, 58-1-35, 58-2-200, 58-3-60, 58-3-85, 58-3-130, 58-7-50, 58-16-20, 58-19-50, 58-21-105, 58-24-180, 58-25-70, 58-27-5, 58-28-45, 58-30-12, 58-31-60, 58-33-95, 58-33-100 to 58-33-120, 58-35-30, 58-35-90, 58-39-115, 58-43-35, 58-50-40, 58-50-70, 58-57-80, 58-64-75, 58-67-165, 58-69-35, 58-70-1, 58-71-165, 58-71-185, 58-81-5, 58-81-10, 58-82-1, 62-144, 62-150, 62-221, 62-224, 62-226, 62-229, 62-273, 62-313, 62-318 to 62-320, 62-322, 62-323, 62-325 to 62-327, 62A-12, 63-18, 63-23, 63-25, 63-26.1, 63-27, 63-28, 63-35, 63A-7, 65-57, 65-71, 65-72, 66-4, 66-10 to 66-11.1, 66-16, 66-22, 66-27, 66-27.3, 66-27.5,
24	14(c)	66-34, 66-58, 66-64, 66-66, 66-67.2, 66-71, 66-75, 66-81, 66-86, 66-97, 66-108, 66-109, 66-135, 66-145, 66-167, 66-169, 66-172, 66-173, 66-225, 67-2 to 67-4, 67-4.2, 67-4.3, 67-12, 67-16, 68-16, 68-21, 68-22, 68-24, 68-25, 68-44, 70-4, 70-40, 72-7.1, 72-30, 72-37, 72-38, 72-43, 72-44, 72-51, 73-4, 74-24.14, 74-30, 74-64, 74-87, 74C-17, 74D-11, 75-6, 75-12, 75-28, 75-30, 75A-5, 75A-5.1, 75A-18, 75A-47, 75A-48, 75D-6, 75D-7, 76-40 to 76-43, 76-47, 76-57, 76-58, 76A-16, 76A-46, 77-7, 77-12 to 77-14, 77-37, 78C-78, 80-20, 80-22, 80-23, 80-40 to 80-44, 80-66, 81A-29, 81A-80, 83A-16, 84-2, 84-8, 84-10, 84-38, 85B-9, 86A-20, 87-13, 87-14, 87-25, 87-42, 87-48, 87-61, 88-28, 88A-4, 89A-8, 89B-15, 89C-23, 89E-22, 90-12, 90-18, 90-27, 90-29.2, 90-40, 90-48, 90-85.40, 90-95, 90-108, 90-113.13, 90-113.22 to 90-113.24, 90-117.4, 90-118.11, 90-124, 90-136, 90-147, 90-171.45, 90-178.7, 90-187.6, 90-187.12,

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
24	14(c)	90-202.3, 90-210.25, 90-210.43, 90-210.50, 90-220.12, 90-233.1, 90-251, 90-252, 90-255.1, 90-270.17, 90-270.35, 90-270.79, 90-288, 90-306, 90-341, 90-366, 90A-66, 90B-12, 91A-11, 93-13, 93A-8, 93A-56, 93A-58, 93A-81, 93D-15, 95-25.21, 95-28, 95-47.9, 95-50, 95-69.18, 95-75, 95-99, 95-104, 95-110.11, 95-124, 95-139, 95-194, 95-197, 96-15.2, 96-18, 97-21, 97-60, 97-76, 97-90, 97-94, 97-100, 102-4, 103-2, 104E-23, 104E-29, 104F-3, 105-33, 105-50, 105-53, 105-77, 105-86, 105-88, 105-90, 105-99, 105-109, 105-113.33, 105-113.73, 105-113.112, 105-163.44, 105-164.9, 105-164.29, 105-228.34, 105-233, 105-234, 105-249, 105-259 to 105-291, 105-296, 105-308, 105-310, 105-316.6, 105-322, 105-334, 105-352, 105-359, 105-368, 105-369, 105-373, 105-440, 105-441, 105-444, 105-447, 105-449, 105-449.34, 105-449.41, 105-449.51, 105-449A, 106-9.2, 106-22, 106-50.41, 106-65.33, 106-65.48, 106-65.78, 106-92.14, 106-124, 106-145.6, 106-168.15, 106-189.2, 106-196, 106-197, 106-202.19,
24	14(c)	106-245.24, 106-245.38, 106-255, 106-266, 106-266.14, 106-267.4, 106-268.1, 106-275, 106-277.24, 106-284.20, 106-284.44, 106-307, 106-307.6, 106-310 to 106-312, 106-314, 106-316.4, 106-321, 106-349, 106-350, 106-360, 106-362, 106-363, 106-397, 106-398, 106-404, 106-405, 106-405.9, 106-405.19, 106-411, 106-414, 106-417, 106-423.1, 106-439, 106-443, 106-451, 106-451.1, 106-451.28, 106-454, 106-455, 106-464, 106-465, 106-469, 106-501, 106-514 to 106-516.1, 106-518, 106-520.7, 106-549, 106-549.26 to 106-549.28, 106-549.34, 106-549.36, 106-549.68, 106-579.11, 106-579.12, 106-614, 106-644, 106-668, 106-714, 106-776, 108A-39, 108A-53, 108A-57, 108A-60, 108A-64, 108A-65, 108A-80, 110-20.1, 110-48, 110-55, 110-103, 111-23, 112-32, 112-36, 113-25, 113-34, 113-35, 113-55, 113-58, 113-60.3, 113-60.29, 113-135, 113-137, 113-167, 113-187, 113-202, 113-207 to 113-209, 113-222, 113-229, 113-230, 113-262, 113-264, 113-266, 113-268, 113-269, 113-270.1, 113-273, 113-275, 113-276.2, 113-277, 113-286, 113-290.1, 113-291.1, 113-294, 113-295, 113-300.3, 113-303,

Ch.	Sec.	1994 (Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
24	14(c)	113-307.1, 113-315.9, 113-315.34, 113-380, 113-409, 113A-42, 113A-64, 113A-126, 113A-170, 113A-195, 113A-226, 113B-24, 115B-6, 115C-13, 115C-45, 115C-276, 115C-288, 115C-307, 115C-317, 115C-323, 115C-379, 115C-380, 115C-383, 115C-447, 115C-525, 115C-534, 115D-96, 116-213, 116-235, 116B-28, 119-4, 119-13, 119-13.3, 119-16.2, 119-16.3, 119-25, 119-27, 119-32, 119-33, 119-35, 119-39, 119-41, 119-59, 120-32, 120-32.1, 120-47.9, 120-86, 121-4, 121-5, 121-28, 122C-25, 122C-28, 122C-52, 122C-65, 122C-66, 122C-158, 122C-192, 122C-406, 124-3, 125-11, 126-13, 126-14, 126-14.1, 126-18, 126-27, 126-28, 127A-131, 127A-151, 127A-152, 127B-5, 127B-7, 127B-15, 128-4, 128-12, 128-28, 128-32, 130A-25, 130A-26, 130A-26.1, 130A-55, 130A-65, 130A-196, 130A-304, 130A-431, 131C-22, 131D-2, 131D-6, 131D-10.7, 131D-13, 131E-80, 131E-81, 131E-90, 131E-109, 131E-141.1, 131E-151, 131E-154.8, 131E-161, 131E-207, 132-3, 132-4, 132-5, 133-4, 133-31, 133-32, 134A-25, 135-6, 135-10, 136-13, 136-14, 136-18, 136-18.4, 63-26, 136-20, 136-26, 136-32, 136-32.1,
24	14(c)	136-32.2, 136-33, 136-72, 136-80, 136-89, 136-89.58, 136-90, 136-91, 136-92, 136-93, 136-94, 136-102, 136-102.4, 136-102.6, 136-125, 136-135, 136-145, 139-18, 139-27, 143-32, 143-34, 143-54, 143-58.1, 143-63, 143-115, 143-116.6, 143-129, 143-129.1, 143-138, 143-143.24, 143-151, 143-151.18, 143-151.36, 143-152, 143-153, 143-214.2A, 143-214.4, 143-215.6B, 143-215.17, 143-215.36, 143-215.58, 143-215.69, 143-215.88B, 143-215.98, 143-215.102, 143-215.114B, 143-318.17, 143-340, 143-341, 143-345.1, 143-345.2, 143-354, 143-355, 143-469, 143-547, 143B-74.3, 143B-181.20, 143B-181.25, 143B-450.1, 143B-461, 143B-472.3, 143B-472.6, 143B-472.10 to 143B-472.13, 143B-472.15, 143B-472.19, 143B-499.6, 146-13, 146.43, 147-9, 147-33.3, 147-79, 147-80, 148-45, 148-46.1, 153A-98, 153A-224, 153A-225, 153A-334, 153A-356, 153A-357, 153A-361, 153A-363, 153A-367, 153A-371, 156-19, 156-24, 156-25, 156-32, 156-33, 156-92, 156-111, 156-112,

1994 (Ex. Sess.)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
24	14(c)	156-114, 156-132, 157-29.1, 159-34, 159-181, 160A-80, 160A-168, 160A-308, 160A-375, 160A-388, 160A-416, 160A-417, 160A-421, 160A-423, 160A-427, 160A-431, 160A-443, 161-22, 161-27, 162-55, 163-152, 163-155, 163-171, 163-173, 163-177, 163-221, 163-236, 163-237, 163-269 to 163-271, 163-272.1 to 163-274, 163-278.13, 163-278.13A, 163-278.19, 163-278.20, 163-278.27, 163-278.44, 163-278.53, 168-4.5
	(d)	143-23 note, 143B-273 note, 143B-273.5 note, 143B-273.8 note, 143B-273.13 note, 143B-273.14 note, 143B-273.15 note
	(e)	148-4.1
	16(a), (b)	148-37
	19(a), (b)	15A-1343 note
	30(a)	143B-152.1 to 143B-152.7
	31(a)	143B-152.10 to 143B-152.15
	(e)	143-23 note
	35(a)	7A-289.13
	37	122C-421 note
	42(a)	115C-238.40 note
	(b)	115C-238.40 to 115C-238.47
	49(a)	120-70.93, 120-70.94, 120-70.95
24	55	143-1 note
	60	116-1 note
	67(b)	113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66, note, 133-1.1 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 to 143-408.7 note
	69	143-1 note
	71	7A-289.13 note, 15A-1340.10 note, 115C-238.40 note, 115C-238.41 note, 115C-238.42 note, 115C-238.43 note, 115C-238.44 note, 115C-238.45 note, 115C-238.46 note, 115C-238.47 note, 120-70.93 note, 120-70.94 note, 120-70.95 note, 143-23 note, 143B-152.1 note, 143B-152.10 note, 148-37 note
	72	143-16.3 note
25	1, 2	15A-1371
26	1	15A-505
27	1	7A-577
	2	7A-571
	3	7A-572
28	1	14-72.1

SESSION LAWS OF 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
557	1	113-296
	2	113-270.3
559	1	136-128 note
	2	136-129 L.M.
560	1	62-36A
562	1	17E-3 note
564	1	90-270.45 note
564	2	90-270.45 to 90-270.52, 90-270.53 Repealed, 90-270.54 to 90-270.62
	3	90-270.45 note, 90-270.49 note, 90-270.50 note

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
564	4	90-270.45 note, 90-270.49 to 90-270.51 note
565	1	50-12
	2	101-8
566	1	90-15.1
	2	90-15
568	1	74-49
	2	74-50
	3	74-51
	4	74-52
	5	74-54
	6	74-54.1
	7	74-56
	8	74-58
	9	74-61
	10	74-64
569	1	58-49-1
	2	58-49-5
	3	58-49-10
	4	58-49-15
	5	58-49-20
	6	58-50-110
	7, 8	58-50-130
	9	58-53-50
	10	58-53-55
	11	143-623
	12	143-625
	13	90-270.20
	14	90-270.2
	15	90-270.6 note
570	1	143-318.10
	2	143-318.11
	3	143-318.16B
	4	143-318.16C, 143-318.16D
	5	143B-282.1
	6	90-16
	7	90-270.15
	8	90-390
	9	120-131
		131E-97 to 131E-97.3
	11	159B-38
571	1	15A-406
572	1	126-37
	2	150B-23
573	1	143-128 L.M.
574	1	153A-335 L.M.
575	1	115D-59 L.M.
576	1	113-153.1
	2	113-154
	3(a)	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
	(b)	113-153.1 note
	(c)-(f)	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
576	4-6	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
577	1	105-472 L.M.
579	1	18B-1000
580	1	130A-294
	2	130A-301.1
	3	130A-294 note, 130A-301.1 note
581	1	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
582	1	105-159
	2	105-130.20
	3	105-160.8
	4	105-163.6A
	5	105-241.1
	6	105-197.1
584	1	105-130.23
	2	105-130.28
	3	105-130.32
	4	105-151.2
	5	105-151.8
586	1	143-135 L.M.
590	1	160A-360 L.M.
591	5(a)	143-15.2
	(b)	143-15.3
	(c)	143-15.3A
	6(a)	164-35 to 164-45
	(b)	164-38
	7	122C-151.1 note
	9	105-164.44B
	10(a)	116-30.1 to 116-30.5, 116-37, 143-53.1
	11(a)	115C-102.5
	12	90-332.1
	13(a)	143-341 note
	16(a), (b)	90-332.1
592	1	122C-147
	2	160A-20
594	1	1A-1-58
595	1, 2	20-7
596	1	14-401.5
597	1	14-269.7
	2	14-315
598	1	130A-310.9
	2	130A-310.12
	4	130A-26.2 note, 130A-310.9 note, 130A-310.12 note
599	1	53-209 to 53-211, 53-212 Repealed 53-213 53-215 note 53-216 to 53-218
	2	53-214
	3	53-211
600	1	58-7-16
	2	58-30-220
	3	78A-2

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
600	4	105-228.5
602	1	132-1 L.M.
605	1	160A-45 L.M.
	3	160A-58.1 L.M.
608	1	40A-42 L.M.
611	1	153A-157
	1.1	153A-157 L.M.,
	2	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
612	1	153A-157
	1.1	153A-157 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	2	115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	3	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
613	1	153A-158 L.M.
	2	115D-15 L.M.,
		160A-274 L.M.
614	1	153A-157
	2	153A-157 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	3	115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	4	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
616	1	159-24 L.M.
619	1	168-22
621	1	20-382
	2	20-382.1
	3	20-382.2
	4	20-385
	5	20-376
622	1	153A-157
	1.1	153A-157 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.,
	2	153A-158.1
	3	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
623	1	153A-157
	1.1	153A-157 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	2	115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	3	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
624	1	153A-15
625	1	160A-176.2
626	1	115C-37 L.M.
627	1	160A-266 L.M.
	2	160A-266 L.M.
628	1	153A-15
631	1	160A-311 L.M.
633	1	58-84-1 note
634	1, 2	7A-109 note, 14-402 note, 14-409.1 note
636	1	58-84-1 note
637	1	75A-17 L.M.
638	1	153A-330 L.M.
639	1	115C-518 L.M.,
		160A-265 L.M.
640	1	128-21 L.M.
641	2	159-7 L.M.
	3(a)	153A-157 L.M.
	(b)	115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.
	(c)	115C-518 L.M.,
		160A-274 L.M.
	(d)	153A-157 L.M.
	4(a)	153A-331 L.M.
	(b)	153A-330 L.M.
	(c)	153A-341 L.M.
	(d)	153A-340 L.M.
642	1	132-1 L.M.
	3(c)	153A-158.1
	(d)	
644	1	58-51-115, 58-51-120, 58-51-125
	2	58-51-30
	3	108A-69, 108A-70
	4	58-51-30 note, 58-51-115 to 58-51-125 note, 108A-69 note, 108A-70 note
645	1	105-322 L.M.
647	1-3	51-9 to 51-11 Repealed
	4	51-13 Repealed
	5	130A-261
648	1	132-1 L.M.
650	1	15-12 L.M.,
		160A-265 L.M.
653	1	58-86-55
654	1	115C-35 L.M.
655	1	153A-157
	1.1	153A-157 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	2	115C-40 L.M.,
		115C-521 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
	3	115C-518 L.M.,
		153A-158.1
		160A-274 L.M.
656	1	7A-112

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
658	1	160A-279 L.M.
	1.2	150B-45 L.M., 150B-51 L.M. 160A-457 L.M.
660	2	163-278.6 L.M., 163-278.40 L.M.
	3	14-410
	3.1	14-413
661	1	105-163.6
	2	105-251
662	1	105-228.90
	2, 3	105-266
663	1	113-29 note, 113-44.7 note
664	1	58-6-25 note
	2	62-302 note
666	1	159-24 L.M.
667	1	143-135 L.M.
668	1	143-64.31 L.M., 143-64.32 L.M., 143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
670	1	130A-283
	2	130A-39
	3	130A-29
671	1	89C-3
	2	89C-13
	3	89C-18
	4	89C-24
	5	89C-14
	6	89C-21
	7	89C-22
	8	89C-10
672	1	20-135.2B
	2, 3	20-135.2B note
673	1	14-51.1
674	1, 2	105-130.25
	3	105-269.15
	4	105-130.25
675	1, 2	113-153.1
	3, 4	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
676	1	131E-14.1
677	1	110-148
	2	115C-21.1
	3	115C-105.3
	4	115C-105.5
	5	115C-174.19 Repealed
	6	115C-238.17
	7	115C-238.7
	8	115C-15, 115C-238.1 note
	9	115C-238.24
	10	115C-325
	11	115C-290.5
	12(a)	116-74.43
	12.1	116C-3
	14	115C-12 note, 115D-5 note, 116-11
	15	115C-12 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-418
	16(a)	115C-287, 115C-287.1, 115C-325
	20	115C-85
678	1	58-12-2, 58-12-6, 58-12-11, 58-12-16, 58-12-21 to 58-12-55
	2	58-12-1
	3	58-2-105
	4	58-3-75
	5	58-3-90
	6	58-3-172
	7	58-5-71
	8	58-7-21
	9	58-7-31
	10	58-7-150
	11	58-7-163
	12	58-7-170
	13	58-13-10
	14	58-19-25
	15	58-21-20
	16	58-21-35
	17	58-30-275
	18	58-33-130
	19	58-34-2
	20	58-35-100
	21	58-40-140
	22	58-41-10
	23	58-48-95
	24, 25	58-50-130
	26	58-62-77
	27	58-62-92 Repealed
	28	58-62-95
	29	58-64-33
	30	58-69-40
	31	58-70-65
	32	58-71-71
	33	58-85-1
	34	143-143.14
	35	143-151.15
	36	143-151.17
679	1	58-36-1 note, 58-50-65 note, 90-411 note, 97-2 note, 97-18 note, 97-18.1 note, 97-19 note, 97-24 note, 97-25.1 note, 97-25.2 note, 97-25.3 note, 97-25.4 note, 97-25.5 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
		97-26 note, 97-26.1 note, 97-32.1 note, 97-40.1 note, 97-42 note, 97-47.1 note, 97-77.1 note, 97-79 note, 97-80 note, 97-81 note, 97-82 note, 97-83 note, 97-83.1 note, 97-86 note, 97-88.2 note, 97-88.3 note, 97-90 note, 97-92 note, 97-93 note, 97-94 note, 105-163.7 note, 105-259 note, 135-39.5 note
	2.1	97-25.2
	2.2	97-25.3
	2.3	97-26
	2.4	97-25.4, 97-25.5
	2.5	97-25.1
	2.6	97-2
	3.1	97-18
	3.2	97-82
	3.3	97-83
	3.4	97-24
	3.5	97-47.1
	3.6	97-18.1
	3.7	97-42
	4.1	97-32.1
	5.1	97-77.1
	5.2	97-79
	5.3	97-80
	5.4	97-80 note
	5.5	90-411
	5.6	97-26.1
	5.7	97-83.1
	6.1	97-40.1
	7.1	97-88.2
	7.2	97-88.3
	8.1	97-94
	8.2	97-93
	8.3	105-163.7
	8.4	105-259
	8.5	58-36-1
	9.1	97-90
	10.1	97-31.1 note
	10.2	97-81
	10.3	135-39.5
	10.4	58-50-65
	10.5	97-86
	10.6	97-19
	10.7	97-2
	10.8	97-92
	10.9	97-18.1
680	1-3	96-12
	4	96-8
	5	96-13
	6	96-21
	7-9	96-8
681	1	105-130.41
	2	105-151.22
	3	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
682	1	143B-80.5 to 143B-80.14
	2	121-9
	3, 4	143B-80.5 note
683	1	20-127
684	1	113-270.1B to 113-270.1D
	2	113-270.2
	3	113-270.3
	4	113-271
	5	113-272
	6	113-276
	6.1	113-272.3
	7	113-275
	8, 9	113-276
	10-12	143-250.1
	13	143-240
	14	143-241
	15	143-241 note
685	1	90-113.30 to 90-113.46
	2	90-332.1
	3	90-338
686	1	130A-22
	2	130A-444
	3	130A-447
	4	130A-448
	5	130A-451
	6	143-215.107
	7	130A-452
687	1	14-33
	2	14-34.2
688	1	90-294
	2	90-298.1
689	1	90-400
	2	90-401
	3	90-401.1
	4	90-402
	5	90-401 note, 90-401.1 note, 90-402 note
690	1	136-66.1
	1.1	136-41.3
691	1	146-22.2
692	1	90-85.22
	2	90-85.3
	3	90-85.24
	4	90-85.40
693	1	157-5 L.M.
694	1	143-215.3
	2	143-215.3C
695	1	132-1 L.M.
696	1	162A-86
	2	162A-87

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
696	3	162A-87.1A
	4	162A-87.2
	5	162A-88.1
	6	160A-36
	7	160A-48
	8	159G-10
	8.1	162A-6
697	1, 2	20-79
698	1	131D-34
700	1	40A-5 L.M., 40A-42 L.M.
705	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
706	1	158-8 L.M.
709	1	143-129 L.M.
712	1	143-129 L.M.
713	1	160A-29 L.M.
	2	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
714	1	162A-86
	2	162A-87
	3	162A-87.1A
	4	162A-87.2
	5	162A-88.1
	6	160A-36
	7	160A-48
	8	159G-10
715	1	130A-5
716	1	58-51-81
	2	115C-47
717	1-3	113-206
	4	105-151.12
719	1	20-130.1
	2	20-125
720	1	58-57-100
	2	58-57-90
721	1	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	2	153A-176 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	3	14-234 L.M.
722	1, 2	130A-294
723	1-4	15A-534.4 note
	5	15A-534.4
	6	15A-534.4 note
724	1	143-151.43 to 143-151.63
725	1	136-131.1, 136-131.1 note
726	1	105-430
	2	105-432.1
	3	105-433
	4	105-438.1
	5	105-441
	6	105-447
	7	105-449.27
	8	105-449.34
	9	105-449.2
726	10	105-449.24A
729	1	160A-360 L.M.
	3	159-7 L.M.
730	1	58-1-36
	2	58-1-35
	3	58-1-25, 58-1-25 note, 58-1-30, 58-1-30 note, 58-1-35, 58-1-35 note, 58-1-40 Repealed, 58-1-40 note, 58-1-41 note, 58-1-45 Repealed, 58-1-45 note, 58-1-50 Repealed, 58-1-50 note
	4	58-1-25, 58-1-30
	5	58-1-35
	6	58-1-30
731	1	105-53
732	1	130A-282
	2	130A-23
	3, 4	130A-23 note, 130A-282 note
733	1	8-50.1
	2	110-132.1
	3	1A-1-55
734	1	128-27 note, 135-5 note
735	1	105A-2
736	1	136-27.1
	1.1	130A-50
737	1	160A-384 L.M.
738	1	163-210
	2	163-1
739	1	105-164.13
740	1	115C-295.1
	2, 3	115C-295.1 note
741	1	153A-357
	2	160A-417
	3	143-138 L.M.
744	1	163-278.8
745	1	105-330.1
	2	105-113.18
	3	105-113.45
	4, 5	105-130.5
	6	105-130.37
	7	105-134.6
	8	105-163.012
	9, 10	105-163.013
	11	105-213
	12	105-228.4
	13	105-228.90
	14	105-241.1
	15, 16	105-241.2
	17	105-248
	18	105-258.1
	19	105-269.3

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
745	20	105-446
	21	105-449.16
	22	105-449.17
	23	105-449.18
	24	105-449.19
	25	105-449.20
	26	105-449.26
	27	105-449.32 Repealed
	28	18B-902
	29	119-16.2
	30, 31	158-37
	32	105-113.51
	33	105-113.52
	34	105-130.27
	35	105-151.6
	36, 37	130A-309.81
	38	130A-309.81
	38.1	90B-10
	38.2(a)	105-113.46
	(b)	105-113.47
	38.3(a)	25A-27
	(b)	25A-27 note
	39	105-275
748	1	20-137.1
749	1, 2	18B-901
750	1	20-7
	2	20-37.7
	3	20-37.15
	4	20-37.16
	5	20-52
	6	20-37.16
751	1	158-31
	2	158-33.1
	3	158-42
	4	20-97 L.M.
753	1	75A-13.2
	2	75A-2
	3	75A-15
754	1	20-183.2 to 20-183.8E
	2	20-183.1
	3	20-183.1 Repealed
	4	20-127
	5	20-128.2
	6	20-384
	7	20-54
	8	20-183.8A
	9-12	20-183.2 note
	13, 14	20-182.2 note
755	1	88A-10
	2	88A-10.1
	3	88A-12
	4	88A-15
	5	88A-19
	5.1	88A-7
756	1	25-2A-103
757	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
	2	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
759	1	131C-1 to 131C-22 Repealed
	2	131F-1 to 131F-3, 131F-5 to 131F-9, 131F-15 to 131F-18, 131F-20 to 131F-24, 131F-30 to 131F-33
761	1	20-17
	1.1	20-7
	2, 3	20-28
	4	20-35
	5	20-66
	6	20-79
	7	20-88.1
	8	20-95
	9	20-97 L.M.
	10-16	20-118
	17	20-174.1
	18	20-193 Repealed
	19	20-212 to 20-215 Repealed
	20	20-218
	21	20-218.1 Repealed
	22	20-4.01
	23	20-218.2
	24	20-219 Repealed
	25	20-231.1 Repealed
	26	20-279.7A
	27	20-279.34 Repealed
	28	20-309.1 Repealed
	29	20-310
	30	58-36-85
	31	20-310.2
	32	120-70.50
	33	158-42
	34	160A-623
	34.1	20-138.5
762	1	163-65 to 163-67 Repealed, 163-69 to 163-82 Repealed
	2	163-82.1 to 163-82.26
	3	163-41
	4	163-47
	5	163-1 note, 163-153
	6	163-36
	7	163-119
	8	18B-601
	9	115C-506
	10	139-40
	11	158-17
	12	163-22
	13	163-31
	14	163-32
	15	163-33
	16	163-35
	17	163-42
	18	163-43

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
762	19	163-45
	20	163-46
	21	163-48
	22	163-57
	23	163-59
	24	163-84
	25	163-85
	26	163-87
	27	163-88
	28	163-88.1
	29	163-89
	30	163-105
	31	163-106
	32	163-109
	33	163-128
	34	163-129
	35	163-141
	36	163-142
	37	163-143
	38	163-144
	39	163-146
	40	163-147
	41	163-148
	42	163-150
	43	163-152
	44	163-152.1
	45	163-153
	46	163-155
	47	163-168
	48	163-169
	49	163-171
	50	163-173
	51	163-174
	52	163-213.7
	53	163-227.2
	54	163-232
	55	163-234
	56, 57	163-251
	58(a)-(c)	163-274
	(d)-(g)	163-275
	59	163-280
	60	163-281
	61	163-41 note
	62	163-283
	63	163-285
	64	163-286
	65	163-287
	66	163-288
	67	163-288.2
	68	163-295
	69	163-132.1
	70	163-132.2
	71	163-132.3
	72	163-65 note, 163-82.6 note
763	1	44A-35
	2	22B-10
764	1	14-453, 14-454, 14-455, 14-456
765	1	136-82.2
766	1	143B-168.11 to 143B-168.16
767	1	15A-1340.20
	2	162-60
	3	153A-230.3
	4	15A-1368.2
	5	15A-1368.3
	6	15A-1342
	7	15A-1351
	8	15A-1343.2
	9	15A-1344
	10	15A-1351
	11-13	15A-1340.14
	13.1	15A-1340.21
	14	7A-771
	15	7A-773
	16	14-7.6
	17	15A-1340.10
	18	130A-25
	19	7A-456
	20	14-253
	21	14-277.4
	22	54C-64
	23	58-2-180
	24	58-8-1
	25	58-24-180
	26	74E-13
	27	77-57
	28	90-210.70
	29(1)	14-20 Repealed
	(2)	14-43 Repealed
	30(1)	14-116 Repealed
	(2)	14-133 Repealed
	(3)	14-140 Repealed
	(4)	14-170 Repealed
	(5)	14-171 Repealed
	(6)	14-172 Repealed
	(7)	14-173 Repealed
	(8)	14-174 Repealed
	(9)	14-175 Repealed
	(10)	14-176 Repealed
	(11)	14-195 Repealed
	(12)	14-222 Repealed
	(13)	14-310 Repealed
	(14)	14-311 Repealed
	(15)	14-312 Repealed
	(16)	14-356 Repealed
	(17)	14-389 Repealed
	(18)	14-396 Repealed
	(19)	14-397 Repealed
	31	14-32.1
	32	20-138.5
	33	17E-3 note
769	2	
	7.1	147-11
	7.4(b)	62-10
	7.5	120-3

1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
769	7.6, 7.7	120-37
	7.10(a)	7A-101
	(b)	7A-101 note
	7.11	7A-102
	7.12	
	7.13(a)	7A-171.2
	(b), (c)	7A-171.1
	(d)	7A-171.1 note, 7A-171.2 note
	(f)	7A-102 note
	(g)	126-7 note
	7.27(a)	143-15.3 note
	(b)	143-15.3
	7.27A	138-6
	7.28	120-3.1
	7.28A	143-34.1, 115C-341.1, 115C-441.1, 115D-25.1, 115D-25.2, 116-17.1, 116-17.2, 143-34.1
	7.29(a)	120-4.8
	(b)	120-4.8 note
	7.30(a)	128-24
	(b)-(d)	128-27
	(e), (f)	135-3
	(g)-(j)	135-5
	(k)	120-4.22A
	(l)	128-27
	(m)	135-5
	(n)	135-65
	(o)	120-4.16 note
	(p)	120-4.21
	(q)	135-114
	(r)	135-5
	(s)	135-101
	(t)	135-105
	(u)	135-106
	7.31(a), (b)	128-24
	(c)	135-1
	(d), (e)	135-3
	8.3(a), (b)	114-10.1 note
	9.2	55-16-22 note
	9.3	58-86-1 note
	10.1(a), (b)	143B-426.39A note
	(c)-(e)	143B-426.39A
	(f)-(i)	143B-426.39A note
	11.1(a)	143A-17
	(b)	143-3.5
	(c)	143-10.3, 143-10.4, 143-10.5, 143-10.6
	(d)	143-11
	11.3	143-15.1
	11.6	143B-367 note
	12.1(a)	143-408.3
	(b)	143-408.4
	(c)	143-408.5
	(d)	143-408.3 note, 143-408.4 note, 143-408.5 note
	12.2	121-20
	12.3	121-7
	12.5(a)	143B-131.1 to 143B-131.7
	(b)	143B-130 note, 143B-131 note
	(c)	143B-129 to 143B-131 Repealed
	(d)	143B-129 note, 143B-131.1 note
	13	143-23
	14.1	58-2-215
	15.1(a)	105-187.24
	(b)	105-187.24 note
	16	163-82.11 note, 163-82.12 note, 163-82.13 note
	16.1	163-82.1 note
	16.2	163-82.20 note
	17	116-19 note
	17.6(a)	116-30.6
	(b)	143-53.1
	(c)	116-30.2
	17.7(a), (b)	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
	17.10	116-143 note
	17.11(a)	90-171.61
	(b)	90-171.62
	17.14	116-11 note
	17.15	66-58
	17.16	116-209.30
	18	115D-5 note
	18.1	115D-54 note
	18.2	143-16.3 note
	18.4	115D-5
	19(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-12 note
	19.5(a)	115C-81
	(b), (c)	115C-81 note
	19.5A(b)	115C-81 note
	19.9	115C-12
	19.10	115C-151 note
	19.11	115C-295 note
	19.18-19.22	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
	19.26(a)	115C-102.6
	(b)	115C-102.6A to 115C-102.6D
	(c)	115C-102.7

1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
769	(d)-(f)	115C-102.6B note
	19.32(a)-(d)	115C-1 note, 115C-81 note
	19.33(a)	143-291
	20	20-39
	20.2	136-12 note
	20.4	136-44.2A note, 136-44.5 note
	20.10	136-12 note, 143B-261 note
	20.12	130A-47 note
	21	148-70 note
	21.2	148-4.1 note, 148-37 note
	21.5(a)	148-2
	(b)	15B-23
	(c)	15B-23 note
	21.7(a)	15A-1344
	(b)	15A-1344 note
	22.1	143B-474 note
	22.3	127A-193
	22.4(a)	166A-1
	(b)	166A-20 to 166A-28
	24	7A-133 note
	24.1(b)	7A-771 note, 7A-772 note
	24.2	143-48 note
	24.7	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note
	24.8A	7A-346.1
	24.9	7A-133
	24.12	7A-41 note, 7A-41.1 note
	25.8(a)	108A-39.1
	25.13	108-54 note
	25.17	115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note
	25.19	90-338
	25-23	143-23 note
	25.26	143B-138 note
	25.29	138-5 note
	25.33	143B-168.12 note
	25.37	108A-48 note
	25.46	48-9.1 note, 108A-54 note
	25.47(a)	108A-70.5
	(b)	108A-70.5 note
	25.48	58-67-10
	26(a)	106-435
	27.1(a)	105-164.44B
	27.3(a), (b)	113-291.6 note
	27.8(a)	143-577
	(b)	143-573 note, 143-574 note, 143-577 note
	(d)	143-573
	27.9(a)-(f)	130A-124 note
	27.10(c)	130A-131.15 note
	27.16(a)	113-154
	27.17(a)-(d)	113-184 note, 113-309 note
	27.18	143-16.3 note
	27.21	113-44.14 note
	28.1(b), (c)	143B-437A note
	28.7(a)-(i)	158-8 note, 158-8.1 note, 158-8.2 note, 158-8.3 note
	(j)	158-8.1
	(k), (l)	158-8.2
	(m)	158-8.3
	28.8(a), (b)	158-8.1
	(c), (d)	158-8.2
	(e), (f)	158-8.3
	28.9	158-8.1 note
	28.15(a)	97-77
	28.16	160A-360 L.M., 160A-457.1 L.M.
	28.20	97-88.2 note
	28.21	143B-429 note
	29(a)	95-47.4
	(b)	95-47.7
	35	143-15.3A note
	43	143-1 note
770	1	113-152 note
771	2.1	120-195 to 120-203
	3.1-3.7	163-1 note
	6.1	58-68A-1 note
772	1	113-44.15
	2	105-228.30
	3	113-77.6 to 113-77.9
773	15.1	143B-434
	15.2(a), (b)	90-113.32
774	19	90-182 note
775	1, 1.1	143-64.10
	2	143-64.16
	3	143-64.17 to 143-64.17E
	4	143-129.4
	5	115C-47
	6	115C-521
	7	115D-20
	8	133-4.1
	9	115C-47 note, 115C-521 note, 143-64.17B note

Ch.	Sec.	1993 (Reg. Sess. 1994) General Statutes
775	10	115C-47 note, 115C-521 note, 143-64.17B note
776	1	113A-52
	2	113A-52.01
	3	113A-54
	4	113A-54.1
	5	113A-54.2
	6	113A-55
	7	113A-60
	8, 9	113A-61
	10	113A-61.1
	11	113A-64
	12	113A-64.1
	13	113A-65
	14	130A-313
	15	130A-315
777	1(a)	143B-426.39
	(b)	62-3
	2	150B-21.18
	3(a)	115C-88
777	3(b)	115C-99
	(c)	115C-100
	4(b)	63A-1
	(c)	63A-2
	(d), (d1)	63A-3
	(e)	66-58
	(f)	120-123
	(g)	126-5
	(h)	143-336
	(i)	147-69.2
	(j), (k)	150B-1
	5(a)	143-291
	6(a), (b)	113-229
	7(a)	143-640 to 143-643
	(b)	143-640 note
778	1	113-272.2

SESSION LAWS OF 1995

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	105-360 note, 105-380 note, 105-381 note
	2	105-360 note, 105-380 note, 105-381 note
2	1	146-1 note, 146-11 note, 146-12 note
	3	146-11 note, 146-12 note
4	1-3	96-9
5	1	920-2-22
	2	920-3-5
	3	920-2-22 note, 920-3-5 note
	4	920-2-22 note, 920-3-5 note
	6	115-2 note
7	1	105-164.6
	2	105-164.6 note
8	1	115C-521
9	1	44-51.8
	2	14-111.2
	3	14-111.3
12	..	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
14	1	20-127
15	1	62-133.2
	2	62-133.2
16	..	105-164.14 L.M.
17	1	105-113.82
	2	105-130.25
17	3	105-130.2
	4	105-134.5
	5	105-134.6
	6	105-164.4
	7	105-164.6
	8	105-164.14
	9	105-228.90
	10	105-241.2
	11	105-259
	11.1	105-266
	11.2	105-266.1
	12	105-434
	13	105-449.20
	13.1	105-449.45
	14	153A-158
	15(a), (b)	153A-157, 153A-158.1
	16	153A-158.1 note
	17	105-130.41, 105-151.22
	18	105-241.1
19	..	75A-6 L.M.
20	1	120-33
	2	120-29.1
	3	120-20
	4	120-30.9B
	5	120-30.9C
	6	120-30.9E
	7	120-30.9F
	8	120-30.9G
	9	147-36

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
20	10	1A-1-9
	11	97-31.1
	12	120-34
	13	120-133
	14	120-149.3
	15	130A-51
	15.1	120-6.1
	16	103-5
	17	1A-1-9 note, 97-31.1 note, 103-5 note, 120-6.1 note, 120-20 note, 120-29.2 note, 120-30.9B note, 120-30.9C note, 120-30.9E to 120-30.9G note, 120-33 note, 120-34 note, 120-149.3 note, 130A-51 note, 147-36 note
21	1	105-164.14
	2	105-259
22	1	93A-4
24	1	105-330.5
25	1	130A-315
27	1	62-2
	2, 3	62-3
	4	62-110
	5	62-133.3 Repealed
	6	62-133.5
	6.1	62-2 note, 62-3 note, 62-110 note, 62-133.5 note
28	1	62-110.3
32	1	113-29i.4A
33	1	136-27.1
34	2.5	160A-74 L.M.
	2.6	169A-63 L.M.
	4	20-97 L.M., 58-84-1 L.M., 136-66.2 L.M.
	5.3	105-349 L.M.
36	1	113-275
	2	113-272.2
41	1(a)	105-213 Repealed 105-275.2
	(b)	105-201 to 212 Repealed, 105-214 to 105-217 Repealed
	2	105-275
	3	105-275.2
	4	105-501
	5	105-288
	6	105-276
	7	105-282.1
	8	105-305
	9	108A-93
	10	142-12.1
	11	105-198 note, 105-214 note, 105-275 note, 105-275.2 note, 105-276 note, 105-282.1 note, 105-288 note, 105-305 note, 105-501 note, 108A-93 note, 142-12.1 note
42	1-2(b)	105-134.6
	3	105-151.24
43	1	58-2-161
45	..	18B-700 L.M.
46	1	53A-1 to 53A-19 Repealed
	2	63A-9
	3	105-134.6
	4	25-9-101 note, 115C-513
	5	115E-21
	6	116-183
	7	116-196
	8	116-198.39
	9	116-209.13
	10	122A-19
	11	122D-14
	12	131A-21
	13	131E-28
	14	142-12
	15	142-29.6
	16	143B-456
	17	157-26
	18	159B-26
	19	159I-23
	20	160A-516
47	1	106-277.5
	2	106-277.6
	3	106-277.7
	4	106-277.15
	5	106-277.28
49	1	14-269.2
50	1	20-79.2
	2	20-85
	3	20-109.1
	4	20-51
	5	105-449.47
51	1	7A-41
	2(a), (b)	7A-41 note
53	1	160A-303.2 L.M.
54	1-3	143-128 L.M.
55		113-291.2 L.M.
56		160A-279 L.M.
57	1, 2	160A-265 L.M.
58		67-30 L.M.
60	1	115C-12
61		153A-236 L.M.
62	1	113-297
63	1	58-51-38
64	1	113-291.1
66		115C-37 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
69	1	163-1 L.M.
70		143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
72	1	115C-19
	2	115C-21
	3	143A-44.1 to 143A-44.3
73	4	20-162 L.M., 20-162.1 L.M., 105-349 L.M., 160A-58.2 L.M., 160A-59 L.M., 160A-63 L.M., 160A-237 L.M., 160A-272 L.M., 163-175 L.M.
77		115C-37 L.M.
78		153A-335 L.M.
79		159-32 L.M.
80	2	115D-15 L.M.
	3	115C-37 L.M.
81	1	148-4.1 note, 148-37 note
82		160A-58.1 L.M.
84		160A-184 L.M.
85	1	90-21.14
86	1	90-277
88	1	1-272
	2	1-273
	3	48-4
	4	48-12
	5	48-15
	6	48-26
	7	7A-246
	8	7A-251
89	1	105-24
90		115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
92		160A-303 L.M.
94	1	90-2
	2, 3	58-50-25
	4, 5	58-65-35
	6	88A-5
	7	90-4
	8	90-5
	9	90-6
	10	90-7
	11	90-9
	12	90-11
	13	90-13
	14	90-14.1
	15	90-15
	16	90-15.1
	17	90-16
	18, 19	90-18
	20	90-18.1
	21	90-18.2
	22	90-21
94	23	90-21.22
	24	90-85.3
	25	90-85.21
	26, 27	90-101
	28	90-171.23
	29	90-171.37
	30	90-178.2
	31	90-178.4
	32	110-91
	33	130A-403
	34	143-509
	35	143-514
	36	148-19
97	1	143-341
98	1	163-9
	2, 3	163-9 note
99	1	131E-97.1
100	1	22B-3
102	1	1-110
103	1	17E-1
	2	17E-2
	3	17E-3
	4, 5	17E-4
	6	17E-6
	7	17E-7
	8	17E-8
	9	17E-9
	10	17E-12
106		15-12 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
107		115C-37 L.M.
108	1	7A-39.15
	2	7A-39.1
109	1	20-88
	2	20-96
	3	20-118
	4	20-118.1
	5	20-183.11 Repealed
111	1	143-138
	2	42-42
	3	42-43
	4	143-138 note
112		28A-13-3 L.M.
114	1	87-39
	2	87-40
	3	87-43.4
	4	87-47
	5	87-39 note
	6	87-43.3
115	1	7A-29, 53-255, 53-256 to 53-272
116	1	115C-290.2
	2	115C-290.3
	2.1	115C-290.4
	3	115C-290.5
	4	115C-290.6
	5	115C-290.7
	6	115C-290.8
	7	115C-290.9
	8	115C-290.4 note

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
117	1	143B-372.1 to 143B-372.3
	2	143B-371, 143B-372 Repealed
	3	143B-372.1 note
120		115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
121	1	58-35-85
122	1	127A-19
123	1	143-347 Repealed
	2	130A-4
	3	130A-277
	4	113A-105
	5	130A-33.31
	6	130A-452
	7	130A-444
	8	130A-447
	9	143-215.107
	10	130A-440
	11	130A-228 Repealed
		130A-229 Repealed
	12	130A-247
	13(a)-(d)	130A-248
	14	130A-250
	15	130A-23
	16	90-210.25A
124		153A-357 L.M., 160A-417 L.M.
125		143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
127	1	93A-11
128		115C-37 L.M.
129	1	53-1
	2	53-18
	3	53-19
	4, 5	53-20
	6	53-26
	7	53-37
	8	53-42
	9	53-43
	10	53-46
	11	53-46.1
	12	53-54
	13	53-62
	14	53-63
	15	53-77.1A
	16	53-78
	17	53-91 Repealed
	18	53-91.2, 53-91.3
	19	53-92.1
	20	53-93.1
	21	53-99
	22	53-105
	23	53-106
	24	53-114
	25	53-125
	26	53-141
	27	53-145
129	28	53-153
	29	53-188
	30	53-206
	31	53-229 Repealed
	32	53-230
	33	53-231
	34	53-232.17
	35	53-234
	36	53-235
	37	53-240
	38	53-241
	39	53-248
	40	53-252
	41	53-253
	42	53-272
130	1	115C-84
131	1	143-260.10G
	2	143-260.10G note
133		160A-217 L.M.
135	1	146-22.2 note
136	1	143-57.1
	2	143-57.1 note
	3	143-57.1
	4	143-57.1 note
137	1	93-12
140	1	122C-268.1
	2	122C-269
141	1	126-1.1
	2	126-1A Repealed
	3	126-5
	4	126-4
	5	126-5
	6	126-7
	7	126-34.1
	8	126-34.2
	9	126-7.1
	10	126-7.2
142	1	53-17.2
144		18B-300 L.M.
145	1	150B-23.1
146	1	89C-25
147	1	11-7.1
148	1	18B-600
149	1	55-7-40 to 55-7-44, 55-7-46 to 55-7-49
151		132-10
153	1	36A-2
154	1	160A-265 L.M.
	2	115C-518 L.M.
	3	115D-15 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
155	1	53-176
156	1	20-305.1
157	1	135-40.7A
	2	135-40.7B
	3	90-338
	4	90-330
158	1	1-120.2
	2	58-84-1 L.M.,

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
158	2	160A-443 L.M.
160		
161	1	31-5.5
163	1	20-16.2
	2	20-79.7
	3	20-82 Repealed
	4	20-118
	5	20-297
	6	20-88
	7	20-135.2B
	8, 9	20-141.3
	10	20-183.2
	11	20-183.8C
	12	20-183.12 Repealed
	13	20-305
	14	136-66.1
	15	136-92
	16	47-108.11
165		58-84-1 L.M.
166	1	7A-343.1
	2	147-45
167	1	136-28.1
168	1	20-130.1
169	1	14-399 L.M.
	2	20-162 L.M., 20-162.1 L.M.
	3	143-135 L.M.
171		128-21 L.M.
174	6	163-111 L.M.
175		143-135 L.M.
176		14-247 L.M.
177	1	58-62-16
178	1(a)	58-6-25 note
	2(a)	62-302 note
179	1	143B-181.9A Repealed
180	1	120-99
	2	120-100
	3	120-101
	4	120-99 note, 120-100 note
181	1	113-291.2
182	1	131E-165
	2	131E-166
183	1, 2	113A-134.1
	3	113A-134.2
	4	113A-134.3
184	1	143-215.31
185	1	1-538.2
	2	14-72
	3	14-72.1
186	1-3	90-89
	4	90-90
188	1	90-154
	2	90-154.1
	3	90-154.3
190	1	41-1 to 41-22
	2, 3	41-18
191	1	20-4.01
	2	20-166.1
	3	20-179
	4	20-279.4 Repealed
	5	20-279.5
	6	20-279.11
	7	20-279.31
	8	20-42
192	1	115D-2.1
193	1	58-1-5
	2	58-1-15
	3	58-1-25
	4, 5	58-1-35
	6	58-2-50
	7	58-2-52
	8	58-2-225 Repealed, 58-5-60 Repealed, 58-5-65 Repealed
	9	58-3-50
	10	58-3-100
	11	58-5-63
	12	58-5-70
	13	58-7-21
	14	58-7-30
	15, 16	58-7-31
	17	58-7-75
	18	58-7-150
	19	58-7-177
	20	58-9-2
	21	58-12-11
	22	58-12-35
	23	58-12-45
	24	58-14-15
	25	58-16-5
	26	58-19-25
	27	58-19-35
	28	58-21-40
	29	58-24-100
	30	58-28-5
	31	58-30-75
	32	58-30-300
	33	58-31-60
	34	58-34-2
	37	58-41-50
	38	58-47-5
	39	58-47-10
	40	58-49-5
	41	58-50-30
	42	58-50-65
	43	58-51-115
	44	108A-69
	45	58-57-5
	46	58-58-110
	47, 48	58-62-41
	49	58-63-25
	50	58-63-35
	51	58-63-50
	52	58-64-33
	53	58-64-55
	54	58-64-70
	55	58-65-166
	56	58-65-172

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
193	57	58-66-30
	58	58-66-35
	59	58-67-50
	60	58-68A-1
	61-63	58-68A-10
	64	97-93
	65	58-6-7
	66	143-215.94I
	67	58-1-5 note, 58-1-15 note, 58-1-25 note, 58-1-35 note, 58-2-50 note, 58-2-52 note, 58-3-50 note, 58-3-100 note, 58-5-63 note, 58-5-70 note, 58-7-21 note, 58-7-30 note, 58-7-31 note, 58-7-75 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-177 note, 58-9-2 note, 58-12-11 note, 58-12-35 note, 58-12-45 note, 58-14-15 note, 58-16-5 note, 58-19-25 note, 58-19-35 note, 58-21-40 note, 58-24-100 note, 58-28-5 note, 58-30-75 note, 58-30-300 note, 58-31-60 note, 58-34-2 note, 58-41-50 note, 58-47-5 note, 58-47-10 note, 58-49-5 note, 58-50-30 note, 58-50-65 note, 58-51-115 note, 58-57-5 note, 58-58-110 note, 58-62-41 note, 58-63-25 note, 58-63-35 note, 58-63-50 note, 58-64-33 note, 58-64-55 note, 58-64-70 note, 58-65-166 note, 58-65-172 note, 58-66-30 note, 58-66-35 note, 58-67-50 note, 58-68A-1 note, 58-68A-10 note, 97-93 note, 105-228.4 note, 108A-69 note, 143-215.94I note
194	1, 2	106-549.15
	3	106-549.17
	4	106-549.18
	5	106-549.19
	6	106-549.22
	7	106-549.23
	8	106-549.25
	9	106-549.26
	10	106-549.27
	11	106-549.28
	12	106-549.39
195	1	20-43
196	1	20-1 L.M.
	4	160A-184 L.M.
197	1	163-227.2 L.M.
	2	163-155 L.M.
198		143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
199	1	115C-517
200		115C-521 L.M.
201		115C-518 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
202	1	143-215.67
203		160A-265 L.M.
204	1	7A-27
205	1	131E-192.2
	2	131E-192.11
206	1	15A-402
207	1	162A-5.1
	2	162A-4
	3	162A-5
208	1	58-57-5
209	1, 2	113-294
	3	113-135
210	1	14-138.1
	2	14-140.1
211	1	136-82
213	1	1C-1820 to 1C-1834
	2	1C-1820 to 1C-1834 note
214	1	95-25.5
	2	108A-14
216	1	62-36A
217	1	95-107
	2	95-110.5
218	1	143-129 L.M.
	2	143-131 L.M.
219	1	143-135 L.M.
	3	143-135 L.M.
221		131E-9 L.M.
222	1	53B-5
	2	53B-8
223	1	58-50-30
	2	58-65-1
224	1	18B-1006
225	1	36A-145 to 36A-148
	2	65-9
226	1	10A-4
	2	10A-6
	3	10A-13
	4	10A-12
227	1	105A-2
228	1	130A-144
229	1	135-38
	2	135-38 note
230		160A-36 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
232	1	25-3-101 to 25-3-120, 25-3-201 to 25-3-207, 25-3-301 to 25-3-312, 25-3-401 to 25-3-420, 25-3-501 to 25-3-506, 25-3-601 to 25-3-605
	2	25-4-101 to 25-4-108, 25-4-109 Repealed, 25-4-110, 25-4-111, 25-4-201 to 25-4-214, 25-4-301 to 25-4-303, 25-4-401 to 25-4-407, 25-4-501 to 25-4-504
	3	25-1-201
	4	25-1-207
	5	25-2-511
233	1	148-7 Repealed
	2	148-18
234	1	20-286
235	1-3	32-27
	4	36A-136
	5	28A-22-5
	6	35A-1251
	7	35A-1252
	8	35A-1251
	9	35A-1116
	10	37-22
	11	37-30, 37-31, 37-33, 37-35
236	1	164-35 to 164-45
	2	164-38
	3	164-36 note, 164-43 note
237	1	45-81
	2	45-82.1
238	1	58-50-130
	2	143-622
	3	143-626
	4	143-632
	5	58-50-130 note, 143-622 note, 143-626 note, 143-632 note
239	1	106-568.8
240	1	50-20
241	1	14-313
	2	14-313 note
242	1	143-138
	2	143-138 note
243	1	163-31, 163-32, 163-35, 163-46, 163-82.6, 163-82.17, 163-82.24, 163-106, 163-111, 163-122, 163-153, 163-173, 163-226.3, 163-227, 163-227.2, 163-230.1, 163-234, 163-278.22, 163-278.40H, 163-280, 163-294.2
244	1	50-21
245	1	50-21
	2	50-20
246	1	14-32.3
247	1	136-18
	2	66-58
248	1	90-202.2
	2	90-202.2 note
249	1	122C-3
	2	122C-112
	3	122C-194 to 122C-200
	4	150B-1
	5	122C-112 note
250	1	1C-1601
251	1, 2	153A-158.1
252	1	24-9.3
253	1	143B-181.1A
254	1	143B-181.15
	2	143B-181.16
	3	143B-181.18
	4	143B-181.20
	5	143B-181.22
	6	131D-32
	7	131E-128
255	1	7A-549
256	1	143-53
257	1	1-360
	2	1-360.1
258	1	14-163.1
259	1	161-50.4
	2	161-50.3
	3	160A-163
260	6	14-234 L.M.
261	1	153A-343
262	1	28A-25-1
	2	28A-25-1.1
	3	29-14
	4	30-15
	5	30-17
	6	30-26
	7	30-29
	8	28A-19-6
263	1	122A-5.11
	2	122A-5.11 note
264	1	130A-35
	2	130A-37
	3	130A-35 note, 130A-37 note
265	1	143-49
	2	143-48
	3	143-48.2
	4	143-129.5
266	1	162A-94
	1.1	136-27.1
267	1, 1.1	53-92.1
268	1	130A-131.16, 130A-131.17
269	1	115D-4 note, 148-22.1 note
270	1	96-13

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
271	1	62-36A
272	1	115C-238.1
	2	115C-238.2
	3	115C-238.3
	4	115C-238.6
	5	115C-238.1 to 115C-238.3 note, 115C-238.6 note
274	1	143-135
275	1	1A-1-4
	2	7A-305
276	1	168-4.2
277	1	8B-8
278	1	135-40.2
	2	135-40.11
280	1	131D-2
281	1	14-27.7A
283	1	20-149
	2	Repealed
284	1	96-13
285	1	130A-334 to 130A-339, 130A-342, 130A-343
	2	20-151 Repealed
287	2	115D-4.1 note, 116-11 note
288	1	115D-4.1
	2	115D-5
	3	116-11
289		115C-11 note
290	1	15A-531
	2	15A-540
	3	15A-544
	4	15A-547.1
291	1	1-50
	2	1-50 note
292	1, 2	45-37
	3	47-46.2
	4	47-46.3
	5	45-37
	6	45-37.2
293	1, 2	115C-391
294	1	28A-28-1 to 28A-28-7
295	1	143-64.17
	2	143-64.17B
	3	115C-47 note, 115C-521 note, 143-64.17B note
296	1	53-64
297	1	90-470
298	1	108A-47
299	1	15A-1002
	2	122C-62
304	1	7A-109 note
	2	14-402 note
305	1	122C-147
306		128-21 L.M.,
	1	143-166.50 L.M.
308	1	38A-1 to 38A-4
	2, 3	38A-1 note
309	1	8C-1-702
	2	1A-1-9
	3	1A-1-9 note
310	1	143B-431
	2	153A-376
	3	160A-456
311	1	130A-26 Repealed
	2	130A-26A
312	1	90-210.29A
313	1	35A-1370 to 35A-1382
314		113-271 L.M.
315	1	163-278.7
316	1	50-20 note
317	1	108A-64
318	1	58-10-1, 58-10-20 to 58-10-45, 58-10-55 to 58-10-65
	2	58-12-2
	3	58-12-4
	4	58-12-6
	5	58-12-11
	6	58-12-40
	7	58-12-60
	8	58-10-1 note
319	1	50-16.1 to 50-16.3 Repealed, 50-16.5 Repealed, 50-16.11 Repealed
	2	50-16.1A, 50-16.2A, 50-16.3A
	3	50-16.4
	4	50-16.6
	5	50-16.7
	6	50-16.8
	7	50-16.9
	8	50-11
	9	50-13.4
	10	50-19
	11	52B-7
	12	50-11 note, 50-13.4 note, 50-16.1A note, 50-16.2A note, 50-16.3A note, 50-16.4 note, 50-16.6 to 50-16.9 note, 50-19 note, 52B-7 note
321	1	130A-309.10
	2	130A-309.10 note
322	1	53-219 to 53-224.8 Repealed
	2	53-224.9 to 53-224.31, 105-102.3
324	1.1	7A-95 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-198 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
324	1.1	7A-312, 7A-346.1 note, 7A-450 note, 7A-586 note, 7A-649 note, 7A-771 note, 15A-1343 note, 20-9 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-79.7 note, 90-85.27 note, 113-154 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-105.1 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-238.7 note, 115C-238.12 note, 115C-290.4 note, 115C-295 note, 115C-336 note, 115C-337 note, 115D-5 note, 116C-1 note, 120-123 note, 120-131.1 note, 121-12 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 130A-347 note, 131D-10.6A note, 134A-1 note, 136-16.6 note, 136-44.5 note, 136-140.1 note, 138-5 note, 143-6.1 note, 143-10.7 note, 143-11 note, 143-15.2 note, 143-15.3 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note, 143-170.1 note, 143-408.1 note, 143-613 note, 143B-138 note, 143B-139.4 note, 143B-150.5 note, 143B-168.10 note, 143B-168.12 note, 143B-273.15 note, 143B-336.1 note, 148-32.1 note, 148-37 note, 148-41 note, 163-136 note
	5.2(a)	143-15.2
	(b)	143-15.3A
	5.3	143-15.3A note
	6.10	143-170.1
	8.1(a)	120-131.1
	10(a)	143-11
	(b)	143-11 note
	10.2	143-10.7
	11	143-6.1 note
	12	121-12
	12.2	143-408.1 to 143-408.7 Repealed
	14	163-136
	15.1	143-613 note
	15.12(a)	116C-1 note
	(b)	116C-1
	16	115D-31
	16.4	115D-5
	17(b)	115C-337
	17.1	115C-336 note
	17.2	115C-238.12 to 115C-238.20 Repealed
	17.4	115C-336
	17.5	143-23 note
	17.8(a)	115C-295 note
	(b)	115C-238.7 note
	17.9(a)	115C-295 note
	(i)	120-123, 120-123 note
	17.12(a)	115C-105.1 note
	(b)	115C-105.1
	17.13(a)	115C-290.4 note
	(b)	115C-290.4
	17.15(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-12 note
	18.1	136-140.1
	18.2	136-16.6
	18.7(a)	20-79.7
	(b)	20-79.7 note
	18.12	136-44.5 note
	18.14	93B-1 note, 136-28.1 note, 143-52 note, 143-53 note, 143-58 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note
	18.17	20-9 note
	18.28	136-12 note
	19	143B-273.15
	19.3	15A-1343 note
	19.9(a)-(e)	148.41
	(f)	148-32.1
	19.10(a), (b)	148-37
	(c)	148-37 note
	21.1(a)	7A-312
	(b)	7A-312 note
	21.5	7A-346.1 note
	21.8	7A-450 note
	21.9(a), (b)	7A-773 note
	(c)	7A-771
	(d)	7A-772
	(e)	7A-773
	21.10	7A-95, 7A-198 note
	21.11	7A-133 note
	21.12	7A-586 note
	21.13	7A-586
	23	143-15.3 note
	23.1	143B-139.4 note
	23.5	143B-138 note, 143B-150.5 note
	23.12,	

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
324	23.13, 23.14(h)	143B-168.10 note 90-85.27 to 90-85.31 note
	23.20	7A-649 note, 115C-106 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note, 143-18 note
	23.25	131D-10.6A
	23.32	138-5 note
	23.34	143B-138 note
	26.5(a)	
	(b)	20-16.5 note
	26.7A	130A-347
	26.8C	113-154 note
	26.8D	143-16.3 note
	26.11	143B-336.1
	27A	143B-168.10 note
	27A.1	143B-168.12
	28.1	143-1 note
	28.3	7A-133 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-346.1 note, 7A-450 note, 7A-649 note, 15A-1343 note, 20-9 note, 20-16.5 note, 90-85.27 note, 113-154 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-295 note, 116-30.01 note, 120-123 note, 122C-147 note, 130A-5 note, 131D-10.6A note, 134A-1 note, 136-44.5 note, 138-5 note, 143-1 note, 143-6.1 note, 143-15.3 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-18 note, 143-23 note, 143-613 note, 143B-138 note, 143B-139.4 note, 143B-150.5
	28.4	7A-95 note, 7A-312, 7A-586 note, 7A-771 note, 20-79.7 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-105.1 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-238.7 note, 115C-238.12 note, 115C-290.4 note, 115C-336 note, 115C-337 note, 115D-5 note,
324	28.4	116C-1 note, 120-131.1 note, 121-12 note, 130A-347 note, 131D-10.6A note, 136-16.6 note, 136-140.1 note, 143-10.7 note, 143-11 note, 143-15.2 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-170.1 note, 143-408.1 note, 143B-168.12 note, 143B-273.15 note, 143B-336.1 note, 148-32.1 note, 148-37 note, 148-41 note, 163-136 note
325		105-349 L.M.
326	1-3	20-79.4
327	1	130A-295.02
	2	130A-310.9
	3	130A-310.12
328	1	7A-564
	2	7A-650
	3	7A-523
329	1	105-321
	2	105-321 note, 105-330.5
	3	105-321 note
330	1	15A-1342
	2	143B-475.1
331	1	32A-1
	2-4	32A-2
	5	32A-14.1, 32A-14.10 to 32A-14.12
	6	32A-1 note, 32A-2 note, 32A-14.1 note, 32A-14.10 to 2A-14.12 note
	7	32A-14.1 note
332	1-3	20-118
333		7A-10 note
334	1	115C-16
336	1	122C-57
337		153A-335 L.M.
339	1(a)	153A-343 L.M., 132-6 L.M.
	2	132-9 L.M.
	3(a)	153A-123 L.M.
	4.1(a)	20-97 L.M.
340	1	105-113.105 to 105-113.109, 105-113.110 Repealed 105-113.110A to 105-113.113
	2	105-113.105 to 105-113.109

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
340	2	105-113.110A to 105-113 note
341		160A-237 L.M.
344	1	90B-6
346	1	165-45 to 165-55
	2	147-69.2
347	1	160A-443
349	1	105-187.3
350	1, 2	105-333
	3	105-130.4
351	1, 2	57C-1-03
	3	57C-2-30
	4	57C-2-41
	5, 6	57C-3-02
	7	57C-3-21
	8, 9	57C-3-32
	10	57C-5-07
	11	57C-6-02
	12	57C-6-01
	13	24-9
	14	24-9.2 Repealed
	15	55B-4
	16	55B-6
	17	55B-13
	18	55B-16
	19	93A-1
	20	93A-2
	21	57C-2-01
352	1	14-33
353	1-3	1A-1-30
354	1	153A-301
	2	153A-302
355	1	120-2.2
	2	163-201.2
356	1	6-21.3
357	1	160A-381
358	2(a)	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note
		7A-171.1 note, 7A-171.2 note
		62-10 note, 120-3 note, 120-3 note, 120-37 note, 147-11 note
	(b)	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 20-187.3 note, 126-7 note
	3(a)	7A-38
	(b)	7A-38 note
	4	143-128, 143-132
	5	136-28.6 note
	6	120-195 note
	7(b)	113-291.6 note
	8(a)	97-80 note, 143-296
	(b)	97-80 note
359	1	131E-180.1
	2	131E-180.1 note
360	1(a)	105-228.9
	(b)	105-228.3
	(c)	58-6-7
	(d)	105-228.5
	(e)	105-228.5A
	(f)	105-228.8
	(g)	105-266
	(h)	97-100
	(i)	58-6-25
	2(c)	58-2-131
	(d)	58-2-133
	(e)	58-2-195
	(f)	58-6-5
	(g)	58-7-21
	(h)	58-19-35
	(i)	58-24-135
	(j)	58-48-60
	(k)	58-62-56
	(l)	58-65-105
	(m)	58-67-100
	3(a)	58-6-25
	4(a)	105A-13
361	1	135-18.7
	2	135-74
	3	128-38.2
	4	120-4.31
	5	143-166.30
	6	143-166.50
362	1	15A-622
363		153A-158.1 L.M.
364	3.1	160A-360 L.M.
365		69-25.11 L.M.
366	1	18B-300 L.M.
	2	18B-300
367	1	143-128, 143-132
	2	143-128 note, 143-132 note
	3	44A-26
	4, 5	143-128
	6	143-129
	7	143-132
	8	143-135.8
	9	143-135.25
	10	143-135.26 note
368		108A-25, 108A-27 note
369	1	115C-287.1
	2	115C-325
370	1	105-501
	2	105-275.2
	3	105-134.6
	4	105-130.9
	5	105-130.40
	6	105-151.17
371	1	115C-81
	2	115C-81 note
372	1	18B-301
	2	18B-1006
373	1	115C-332
	2	114-19.2
	3	115C-332 note
374	1	153A-241
375	1	15A-1340.13

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
376	1	87-52
	2	87-58
	3	87-59
	4	87-61
	5	87-52 note, 87-59 note
377	1	143-215.94V
	2	143-215.94U
	3	143-215.94W to 143-215.94Y
	4	143-215.94A
	5	143-215.94B
	6	143-215.94C
	7	143-215.94D
	8	143-215.94E
	9	143-215.94G
	10	143-215.94K
	11	143-215.94N
	12	143-215.77
	13	143-215.84
	14	143-215.94U note
	15(d)	143-215.94U to 143-215.94Y note
	16	143-215.94V note
378	1	14-7.20
	2-6	105-53
379	1(a)	14-13
	(b)	14-14
	3	8-37.1
	4	157-53
	5	165-39
	6	20-165 Repealed
	9	8-77 Repealed
	10	11-11
	11	147-15.1 Repealed
	13	147-2
	14(a)	1-339.50
	(b)	46-10
	(c)	62-62
	(d)	162-13
	(e)	163-24
	15	22-3 Repealed
	17	116-199 Repealed, 116-200 Repealed
	18.1	20-132
	18.2	20-137 Repealed
	18.3	66-8 Repealed
	18.4	66-30 to 66-34 Repealed
	18.5	66-59 to 66-64 Repealed
382	1	55B-14
	2	55B-2
383	1	95-232
384	1	159I-8
385	1	153A-225
386	1	115C-391
	2	115C-276
	3	115C-276 note, 115C-391 note
387	1	24-2.3
	2	24-11
388	1	132-1
	2	132-6
	3	132-6.1, 132-6.2
	4	132-9
	5	132-10
	6	6-19.2 Repealed
	7	132-6 to 132-6.2 note
389	1	1-75.4
	2, 3	1A-1-4
	4	1A-1-28
	5	1A-1-44.1
390	1	105-430
	2	105-434 to 105-449.35 Repealed
	3	105-449.60, 105-449.61, 105-449.65 to 105-449.77, 105-449.80 to 105-449.88, 105-449.90 to 105-449.102, 105-449.105 to 105-449.110, 105-449.115 to 105-449.122, 105-449.125 to 105-449.127, 105-449.130, 105-449.131 to 105-449.139
	4	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note
	5	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note, 105-449.80 note
	6	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note
	7	105-449.80 note
	8	105-449.90 note
	9	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note, 105-449.60 note, 105-449.130 note
	10	105-430 note, 105-449.1 note
	11	20-88.01
	12	75-81
	13	75A-3
	14	105-164.13
	15	105-253
	16	105-449.38
	17	105-449.43
	18	105-449.47
	19	119-15
	20	119-16 Repealed
	21	119-16.1 Repealed
	22	119-16.2
	23	119-18
	24	119-19
	25	119-22 Repealed
	26	136-41.1
	27	136-176

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
390	28	143-215.3A
	29	150B-2
	30	105-187.3
	31	105-187.6
	32	105-187.7
	33	105-187.8
	34	20-85
	35	105-449.44
	36	105-236
391	1	7A-571
	2	7A-572
	3	122C-421
392	1	113-333
393	1	126-5
	2	126-5 note
394	1	20-50
395	1	90-21.24 note
	2	90-21.24 to 90-21.36
395	3	90-21.24 note
396	1	131E-129
397	1	86A-22
398	1	14-415.10 to 14-415.23
	2	14-269
399	1	115D-15 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
	2	153A-158 L.M.
	3	115D-14 L.M., 115D-15 L.M., 115D-20 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
400	1	55A-5-01
	2	55A-7-21
	3	55A-7-23
	4	55A-10-03
	5	55A-11-01
	6	55A-11-02
	7	55A-11-06
	8	55A-11-08
	9	55A-15-20
	10	55A-15-31
	11	55A-15-33
	12	55A-17-01
	13	55-11-09
401	1	28A-13-3
402	1	143-341
403	1(a)	143-545 Repealed
	(b)	143-545A
	2(a)	143-546 Repealed
	(b)	143-546A
404	1	18B-1105.1
	2	18B-902
	3	18B-1100
	4	105-113.74
405	1	90-2
	2	90-6
	3	90-12
	4	90-14
	5	90-14.3
	6	90-14.9
	7	90-14.11
	8	90-14.13
406	1	135-40.7A
	2	135-40.7B
	3	58-50-30
	4	58-65-1
	5	122C-3
407	1	15A-286 to 15A-298
	2	114-15
408	1	53-99.1
	2	54B-63.1
	3	54C-60.1
409	1	113A-121.1
410	1	105-187.5
411	1	7A-544
412	1	159B-2
	2	159B-3
	3	159B-4
	4	159B-8 Repealed
	5	159B-9
	6	159B-10
	7	159B-11
	8	159B-12
	9	159B-13
	10	159B-14
	11	159B-15
	12	159B-16
	13	159B-17
	14	159B-18
	15	159B-24
	16	159B-25
	17	159B-27
	18	159B-29
	19	159B-30.1
	20	159B-34
	21	159B-42
	22	159B-43
	23	159B-43.1
	24	159B-44
	25	159B-45
	26	159B-46
	27	159B-47
	28	159B-48
	29	159B-2 note
413	1	131E-155.1
414	1	89F-1 to 89F-25
	2	89F-10 note
	3	89F-4 note
415	1	150B-21
	2	150B-21.4
	3	150B-21.26 to 150B-21.28
	4	150B-21.11
	5	150B-21.12
	6	120-30.45
	7	120-30.49
	8	120-36.8
416	1	89C-19.1
	2	83A-13.1

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
417	1	53-47
418		58-68A-1 note
419	1	42-59 to 42-76
	1.1	42-25.6
	2	42-59 note
420	1	106-800 to 106-803
421	1	58-88-5
422	1-4	130A-55
	5	130A-56
423	1	163-128
	2	163-132.1 to 163-132.3, 163-132.5C
	3	163-132.3 note
	4	153A-19
424	1, 2	49-14
425	1	14-113.5
	2	14-113.6
427	1	84A-1 to 84A-8
428	1	130A-101
	1.1	130A-12
429	1	15A-1341
	2	NC Const., Art. XI, § 1
	3, 4	NC Const., Art. XI, § 1 note
430	1	96-5 note
431	1	84-1
	2	84-2
	3	84-2.1
	4	84-4
	5	84-4.1
	6	84-4.2
	7	7A-97
	8	84-16
	9	84-17
	10	84-18
	11	84-18.1
	12	84-19
	13	84-20
	14	84-21
	15	84-22
	16	84-23
	17	84-24
	18	84-28
	19	84-28.1
	20	84-28.2
	21	84-29
	22	84-31
	23	84-32
	24	84-33
	25	84-34
	26	84-37
432		132-1 L.M.
433	1	20-79.4
	2, 3	20-79.7
	4	20-81.12
	4.1	20-79.4
434	1	153A-301
	2	136-98
435	1	115C-471
436	1	80-11.1
	2	80-12
437	1	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-171.2 note, 20-187.3 note, 62-10 note, 120-3 note, 120-37 note, 126-7 note, 147-11 note
	2(a)	7A-38
	(b)	7A-38 note
	3	136-28.6 note
	4	120-195 note
	5	113-291.6 note
	6(a)	97-80 note, 143-296
	(b)	97-80 note
438	1	920-1-37
	2, 3	920-1-37 note
439	1	143-215.31
440	1	120-70.2
441		1A-1-4 L.M.
443	1	121-35
	2	121-35 note
	3	47B-3
	4	105-277.4
444	1	50-13.9
445	1	143-437
	2	143-442
	3	143-443
	4	143-448
	5	143-456
	6, 7	143-460
	8	143-465
	9	143-466
	10	143-469
446	1	15A-1343.1
447	1, 2	136-28.6
448	1	15A-544
449	1	131D-3 Repealed
	2	131D-4 Repealed
	3	131D-4.1 to 131D-4.3
	4	143B-153
	5	131D-4.1 note
450	3	115C-12 note
	4	115C-12
	5-7	115C-81
	8	115C-206
	9	115C-207
	10	115C-208
	11	115C-209
	12	115C-238.2
	13	115C-238.3
	14	115C-238.5 Repealed
	15	115C-238.6
	16	115C-238.42 to 115C-238.47 Repealed
	17	115C-272
	18	115C-285
	19, 20	115C-302
	21	115C-316

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
450	22	115C-318
	24	115C-303 note
	25(a)	115C-238.2 L.M.
451	1	105-164.13
453	1	114-19.3
454	1	105-277.2
	2	105-277.3
	3	105-277.4
	4	105-277.4 note
455	1	115C-47
456	1	143B-313.1, 143B-313.2
	2	113-44.15
	3	105-228.30
	4	143B-311 to 143B-313 Repealed
	5	143B-313.2 note
457	1	48-1 to 48-38 Repealed
	2	48-1-100 to 48-1-109, 48-2-100 to 48-2-102, 48-2-201 to 48-2-205, 48-2-301 to 48-2-306, 48-2-401 to 48-2-407, 48-2-501 to 48-2-504, 48-2-601 to 48-2-607, 48-3-100, 48-3-201 to 48-3-207, 48-3-301 to 48-3-308, 48-3-401, 48-3-402, 48-3-501, 48-3-502, 48-3-601 to 48-3-610, 48-3-701 to 48-3-707, 48-4-100 to 48-4-105, 48-5-100 to 48-5-103, 48-6-100 to 48-6-102, 48-7-100, 48-8-100, 48-9-101 to 48-9-109, 48-10-101 to 48-10-105
	3	7A-289.23
	4	7A-289.27
	5	7A-289.33
	6	7A-660
	7	130A-93
	8	130A-108
	9	163-82.16
	11	48-1-100 note, 48-2-100 note, 48-3-100 note, 48-4-100 note, 48-5-100 note, 48-6-100 note, 48-9-101 note, 48-10-101 note
	12	48-1-100 note, 48-2-100 note, 48-3-100 note, 48-4-100 note, 48-5-100 note, 48-6-100 note, 48-9-101 note, 48-10-101 note
458	1	160A-480.1 to 160A-480.15
458	2	120-123
	3	160A-460
	5	132-1 L.M.
	6	18B-1006 note, 105-164.14 note, 120-123 note, 160A-460 note, 160A-480.1 note
	7	105-164.14
	8	18B-1006
459	1	105-102.6
	2	105-109.1
460	1-3	42-25.9
	4	42-28
	5	42-29
	6	42-36.2
	7	42-36.1A
	8	42-25.7
	9	44A-2
461	1	160B-2.1, 160B-2.2
	2	160B-4
	3	160B-7
	4	160B-16 to 160B-21
	5	153A-405
	6	160A-20
	7	162A-86
	8	162A-89
	9	159-7
	10	159-44
	11	159G-3
	12	159I-3
	13	105-164.14
	14	105-228.90
	15	105-273
	16	105-466
	17	105-473
	18	136-41.1
	19	153A-305 note
	20	105-164.14 note, 105-228.90 note, 105-273 note, 105-466 note, 105-473 note, 136-41.1 note, 153A-405 note, 159-7 note, 159-44 note, 159G-3 note, 159I-3 note, 160A-20 note, 160B-2.1 note, 160B-4 note, 160B-7 note, 160B-16 note, 162A-86 note, 162A-89 note
462	1	90-21.1 note, 90-21.6 to 90-21.10
	2	7A-523
	3	7A-451
	4	7A-675
	5	108A-28.1, 90-21.6 note
463	1-3	96-9
	4-6	96-10
464	1	163-107

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
464	2	163-107 note
465	1	158-42
466	1	18B-101
	2	18B-500
	3, 4	18B-501
	5	18B-603
	6	18B-900
	7	18B-902
	8	18B-1000
	9	18B-1000 note
	10	18B-1001
	11, 12, 12.1	18B-1006
	13	18B-1007
	14	18B-1301
	15	18B-1303
	16	105-113.68
467	1	7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-171.2 note, 20-187.3 note, 62-10 note, 120-3 note, 120-37 note, 126-7 note, 147-11 note
	2(a)	7A-38
	(b)	7A-38 note
	3	120-195 note
	4	113-291.6 note
	5(a)	97-80 note, 143-296
	(b)	97-80 note
468	1	105-29
	2	105-241.1
469		153A-277L.M.
470	1	115D-12
	2	115D-19
	3, 4	115D-2.1
471	1	97-93
	2	58-2-145
	3	58-30-5
	4, 5	58-30-10
	6	58-6-25 note
472	1	105-164.14
473	1	20-127
	2	20-183.3
	3	20-183.7
474	1	105-113.45
	2	105-113.52
475	1	14-410
476	1	47E-1 to 47E-10
477	1	105-164.4
	2, 3	105-164.13
478	1	143-458
	2	106-65.28
479	1	53-12
	2	53-13
	3	53-17
	4	54B-37.1
	5	54C-35
	6	54C-36
	7	54C-40
480	1	44A-2
	2	44A-6
	3	20-305
	4, 5	20-305 note
481	1	143B-138 note
482	1	93E-1-2.1
	2	93E-1-3
	3	93E-1-3.1
	4	93E-1-4
	5	93E-1-5
	6	93E-1-6
	7	93E-1-7
	8	93E-1-11
	9	93E-1-12
	10	93E-1-13
	11	93E-1-14
	12	93E-1-2 Repealed
483	1	58-3-121
	2	58-3-121 note
484	1	143-215.108 note
	2	143-215.108
	3, 4	143-215.108 note
	5	143-215.3
485	1	136-89.159 to 136-89.167
	2	136-89.159 note
486	1	33B-1 to 33B-22
	2	32A-1
487	1	14-403
	2	14-404
	3	14-415.1
	4	14-409.1 to 14-409.9 Repealed
488	49(a), (b)	158-8.1
490	1	143B-128
	2	116-74.7
	3	143B-181
	4	122D-4
	5	120-150
	6	74D-4
	7	143B-132
	8	140-5.13
	8.1	143B-59
	9	53-92
	10	143B-168.4
	11	90-139
	11.1	90-140
	12(a)	143-151.9
	(b)	120-123
	13	88-13
	14	15B-3
	15	17C-3
	16	90-354
	17(a)	115E-4
	(b)	120-123
	18	143B-283
	19	143B-426.25
	20	58-78-1
	21(a)	58-47-20

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
490	(b)	120-123
	22	58-68-15
	23	143B-216.21
	24	122A-4
	25	122E-4
	26	143B-392
	27	143B-407
	28	143B-418
	29	120-56
	30(a)	159-3
	(b)	120-123
	31	104F-4
	32	104G-5
	33(a)	131E-211
	34	143B-148
	35	106-266.7
	36	20-305.4
	37(a)	113-77.8
	(b)	120-123
	38	143B-403.2
	39	74C-4
	40	143B-426.24
	41	58-32-1
	42	143B-426.9
	43	143B-30.1
	44	115C-489.4
	45	116-233
	46	143B-426.31
	47	113-315.25
	48	17E-3
	49	106-727
	50	143-492
	51	84-28.1
	52	143-135.25
	53	143B-91
	54	143B-452
	55	143B-270
	56	135-39
	57	135-6
	58	115C-363.23
	59	90C-5
	60	143B-350
	61	116-37.1
	62	143B-133
	63	116-243
	64	143-241
491	1	105-163.011
	2	105-163.011 note
494	1	14-202.2
495	1	105-130.41
	2	105-151.22
	3	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22
	4	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22
	5	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
496	1	20-17.6
	2-7	20-179
	8	20-179.2 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
496	9	20-179.4
	10	122C-142.1
	11, 12	20-17.6
	13	122C-142.1
	13.1(a)	18B-1006
497	1, 2	115C-47
498	1	122C-112
499	1	143-650 to 143-658
500	1	7A-38.1, 7A-38.2, 7A-38.3
	2	7A-38
	3	7A-38 Repealed
	5	7A-38 note, 7A-38.1 to 7A-38.3 note
501	1	115C-49 Repealed
	2	147-69.2
	3	153A-141 Repealed
	4	160A-197 Repealed
	5	147-69.2 note
502	1	130A-294
	2	130A-301.2
	2.1	47-29.1
	3	130A-294 note
503	1	15A-531
	2, 3	15A-544
504	1	143-215.22B
	2	7A-29
	3	74-56
	4	104E-5
	5	104F-4
	6	113-315.5
	7	113A-105
	8	130A-22
	9	130A-309.10
	10	143-215.4
	11	143-215.96
	12	150B-21.5
505	1	58-36-1
	2	58-36-15
	3-8	58-36-100
	9	58-36-15 note
506	1, 2	20-179.3
	3-5	20-13.2
	6	20-138.3
	7	20-17
	8	20-19
	9	20-138.7
	10	15A-401
	11-13	20-179
	14	75A-10
	15	15A-401 note, 20-13.2 note, 20-17 note, 20-19 note, 20-138.3 note, 20-138.7 note, 20-179 note, 20-179.3 note, 75A-10 note
507	1.1	7A-45.1 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-65 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-133 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
507	1.1	7A-149 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-200 note, 7A-790 note, 14-33 note, 14-33.2 note, 14-34 note, 14-34.2 note, 14-34.5 note, 14-34.6 note, 14-190.16 note, 14-190.18 note, 14-250 note, 14-415.1 note, 14-415.11 note, 14-415.13 note, 14-415.16 note, 14-415.19 note, 15A-1340.14 note, 15A-1340.17 note, 15A-1340.23 note, 15A-1343.1 note, 18B-200 note, 18B-500 note, 20-39 note, 20-79.7 note, 20-131.1 note, 58-2-215 note, 58-3-173 note, 58-6-7 note, 58-6-15 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-155 note, 58-18-25 note, 58-21-20 note, 58-22-70 note, 58-33-125 note, 58-36-70 note, 58-50-130 note, 58-51-15 note, 58-51-80 note, 58-65-55 note, 58-67-55 note, 58-67-160 note, 58-68A-5 note, 58-78-5 note, 58-86-1 note, 58-86-30 note, 58-86-35 note, 58-86-40 note, 58-86-45 note, 58-86-55 note, 58-87-1 note, 58-87-5 note, 58-87-10 note, 63-37.1 note, 63-68 note, 66-58 note, 93B-12 note, 96-4 note, 96-5 note, 96-30 note, 97-80 note, 97-88.2 note, 105-262 note, 105-449.126 note, 105-503 note, 108A-53 note, 110-902 note,
507	1.1	113-151.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-182 note, 113-291.6 note, 114-17.1 note, 114-19.4 note, 114-19.5 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-238.41 note, 115C-238.47 note, 115C-302 note, 115D-5 note, 116-74.21 note, 116-143 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-70.100 note, 120-131.1 note, 122C-22 note, 122C-53 note, 122C-119.1 note, 122C-124 note, 126-7.1 note, 126-16 note, 128-4 note, 128-24 note, 128-26 note, 128-27 note, 130A-30 note, 130A-39 note, 130A-247 note, 130A-248 note, 131D-10.2 note, 131D-10.3A note, 131E-175 note, 135-4 note, 135-5 note, 135-40.2 note, 135-40.5 note, 135-40.6 note, 135-40.9 note, 135-65 note, 136-18 note, 136-44.5 note, 143-3.2 note, 143-3.7 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note, 143-138 note, 143-214.7 note, 143-215 note, 143-215.107 note, 143-296 note, 143-610 to 143-613 note, 143B-131.1 note, 143B-131.2 note, 143B-131.8 note, 143B-419 note, 147-11 note, 147-16 note, 148-11 note, 148-29 note, 150B-1 note, 150B-21 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-21.9 note, 150B-21.11 note, 150B-21.12 note, 150B-21.15 to

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
507	1.1	150B-21.17 note, 150B-21.19 note, 150B-21.26 note, 150B-21.27 note, 153A-141 note, 158-8.1 note, 158-15.1 note, 160A-197 note, 163-82.11 to 163-82.13 note, 163-82.1 note, 163-82.20 note
	6.1	14-250 note
	6.2(a)	18B-500
	(b)	20-39
	(c)	114-17.1 Repealed
	6.3	143-23
	7.1(a)	147-11
	7.4A	7A-65
	7.6(a), (b)	7A-102
	7.7(a), (b)	7A-171.1
	7.8	120-3
	7.9, 7.10	120-37
	7.20(a)	126-7.1
	7.21(a)-(c)	135-40.2
	7.21A(a)	58-87-10
	(b)	58-87-10 note
	(c)	58-78-5
	(d)	58-86-35
	(e)	58-86-40
	(f)	58-86-45
	(g)	58-86-55
	(h)	58-86-30
	(i)	58-86-45 note, 58-86-55 note
	(j), (k)	58-87-1
	(l)	58-87-5
	(m)	58-86-1 note
	7.22(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	120-4.22A
	(d)	128-24
	(e), (f)	128-27
	7.23(a), (b)	135-5
	(c), (d)	128-27
	7.23A(a), (b)	135-5
	(c)	128-27
	7.23D(a)	128-26
	(b)	135-4
	7.24(a)	135-40.5
	(b), (c)	135-40.6
	7.25	135-40.9
	7.26, 7.27	135-40.6
	7.28(a)-(c)	135-40.2
	7.28B	135-40.6
	8.2	120-131.1
	8.5(g)	96-5 note
	9	143-16.3 note
	11A(a), (b)	58-2-215
	(c)	58-2-215 note, 58-6-7 note, 58-6-15 note, 58-7-150 note, 58-7-155 note, 58-18-25 note, 58-21-20 note, 58-22-70 note, 58-33-125 note, 58-35-5 note, 58-36-70 note, 58-65-55 note, 58-67-160 note, 143-3.7 note
	12(b)	121-9
	12.6(a)	143B-131.1
	(b)	143B-131.2
	(c)	143B-131.8 to 143B-131.10
	(d)	143B-131.1 note
	13.1(a)	66-58
	(b)	66-58 note
	13.2(d)	163-82.11 to 163-82.13 note
	15.1	116-235
	15.7	116-36.4
	15.4	116-36.6
	15.12	116-41.18
	15.15	116-143 note
	15.16	116-30.3
	15.17	116-1
	17.3	115C-1 note, 115C-81 note
	17.5	105-503
	17.6(b)	115C-12 note, 115D-5 note
	17.9(a), (b)	115C-238.41
	(c)	115C-238.43
	(d)	115C-238.47
	(e), (f)	115C-238.41 note
	17.13	115C-302
	17.14	115C-81 note
	18	63-68 note
	18.2	136-18
	18.5	136-44.5 note
	18.16	105-449.126
	18.17(a)	20-79.7
	(b)	20-79.7 note
	19	148-37
	19.3(a)	147-16
	19.4	148-29 note
	19.5(b)	14-33
	(c)	14-33.2
	(d)	14-34

1995			1995		
Ch.	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**	**Ch.**	**Sec.**	**General Statutes**
507	(e)	15A-1332	507	23A.6(a), (b)	120-195 to 120-203
	(f)	15A-1340.14		25(a)	97-88.2
	(g)	15A-1340.23		(b)	97-88.2 note
	(h)	15A-1343.1		25.5(a)	158-8.1
	(i)	14-34.2		(b)	158-8.1 note
	(j)	14-34.5		25.6(a)	96-30 to 96-35
	(k)	14-415.1		25.9(b), (d)	96-5 note
	(l)	15A-1340.17		25.10(c)	163-82.20
	(m)	63-37.1		(d)	163-82.1 note
	(n)	108A-53		25.13	97-80 note, 143-296
	(o)	14-190.16		26.5(a)	113-152 note
	(p)	14-190.18		(b)	113-154
	19.6(a)	14-34.6		(c)	113-182
	19.9	122C-22 note, 131E-175 note		(d)	113-152 note
				(e)	113-151.1 note
	19.12	126-7.1 note, 126-16 note		26.6(a), (c)	113-291.6 note
	21.1(a)	7A-200		26.8(b)	130A-248
	(b)	7A-149		(c)	130A-39
	(c)	7A-133		(d)	130A-30
	(d)	7A-133 note		(f)	130A-247
	(e)	7A-133 note, 7A-149		(g)	130A-248
				(h)	130A-248 note
	(f)	7A-45.1		26.12	158-15.1
	(g)	7A-133 note		27.2(a)	116-74.21
	(i)	7A-200 note		(b)	116-74.21 note
	21.6(a)	7A-790 to 7A-801		27.3	143B-429 note
	(b)	7A-790 note		27.4	143-3.2
	21.7	7A-60		27.8(a)	120-70.100 to 120-70.103
	22(b), (c)	14-415.19 note			
	22.1(a)	14-415.19		(b)	150B-21.4
	(b)	14-415.13		(c)	150B-21.1
	(c)	14-415.11		(d)	150B-21.2
	22.2(a)	14-415.13		(e)	150B-21.3
	(b)	14-415.16		(f)	150B-21.9
	23.2	122C-124 to 122C-126		(g)	150B-21.11
				(h)	150B-21.12
	23.3	122C-119.1		(i)	150B-21.15 Repealed
	23.4	122C-53		(j)	150B-21.16
	23.22	131E-176 note		(k)	150B-21.17
	23.25(a)	110-90.2		(l)	150B-21.19
	(b)	114-19.5		(m)	150B-1
	(c)	110-90.2 note		(n)	96-4
	23.26(a)	131D-10.2		(o)	97-80
	(b)	131D-10.3A		(p)	105-262
	(c)	114-19.4		(q)	143-214.7
	(d)	131D-10.2 note, 131D-10.3A note		(r)	143-138
				(s)	143-215, 143-215.107
	23A.1(a)	58-3-173		(t)	120.70.100 note
	(b)	58-50-130		(u)	148-11
	(c), (d)	58-51-80		(v)	150B-21
	(g)	58-51-15		(w)	150B-21.26
	23A.3(a)	143-611		(x)	150B-21.27
	(b)	143-611 note		(y)	150B-21.12
	(c)	58-68A-5, 143-610, 143-611		(z)	96-4 note, 97-80 note, 105-262 note, 120-70.100 note, 143-138 note,
	(d)	143-612 Repealed			
	(e)	143-612A			
	23A.4	93B-12			
	23A.5	143-613			

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
507	27.8(z)	143-214.7 note, 143-215 note, 143-215.107 note, 148-11 note, 150B-1 note, 150B-21 note, 150B-21.1 to 150B-21.4 note, 150B-21.9 note, 150B-21.11 note, 150B-21.12 note, 150B-21.15 note, 150B-21.16 note, 150B-21.17 note, 150B-21.19 note, 150B-21.26 note, 150B-21.27 note
	27.10	113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66 note, 133.1.1 note, 143-128 note, 143-129 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-134 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-408.1 to 143-408.7 note
	28.9	7A-133 note, 7A-200 note, 7A-790 note, 14-415.19 note, 20-79.7 note, 58-86-1 note, 58-86-45 note, 58-86-55 note, 58-87-10 note, 63-68 note, 96-5 note, 97-80 note, 97-88.2 note, 110-90.2 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-81 note, 115D-5 note, 116-74.21 note, 120-70.100 note, 122C-22 note, 130A-248 note, 131D-10.2 note, 131D-10.3A note, 131E-175 note, 131E-176 note, 136-44.5 note, 143-611 note, 143B-429 note, 148-29 note, 163-82.1 note
	28.12	7A-45.1, 7A-60, 7A-65, 7A-102,
507	28.12	7A-133, 7A-149, 7A-171.1, 7A-200, 7A-790 to 7A-801, 14-33, 14-33.2, 14-34, 14-34.2, 14-34.5, 14-34.6, 14-190.16, 14-190.18, 14-250, 14-415.1, 14-415.11, 14-415.13, 14-415.16, 14-415.19, 15A-1332, 15A-1340.14, 15A-1340.17, 15A-1340.23, 15A-1343.1, 18B-500, 20-79.7, 58-2-215, 58-3-173, 58-50-130, 58-51-15, 58-51-80, 58-68A-5, 58-78-5, 58-86-30, 58-86-35, 58-86-40, 58-86-45, 58-86-55, 58-87-1, 58-87-5, 58-87-10, 63-37.1, 66-58, 93B-12, 96-4, 96-30 to 96-35, 97-80, 97-88.2, 105-262, 105-449.126, 105-503, 108A-53, 110-90.2, 113-154, 113-182, 114-17.1, 114-19.4, 114-19.5, 115C-238.41, 115C-238.47, 115C-302, 116-36.4, 116-36.6, 116-41.18, 116-74.21, 120-3, 120-4.22A, 120-37, 120-70.100 to 120-70.103, 120-131.1, 120-195, 121-9, 122C-53, 122C-119.1, 122C-124 to 122C-126, 126-7.1, 128-24, 128-26, 128-27, 130A-30, 130A-39, 130A-247, 130A-248, 131D-10.2, 131D-10.3A, 135-4, 135-5, 135-40.2, 135-40.5, 135-40.6, 135-40.9, 135-65, 136-18, 143-3.2, 143-23, 143-138, 143-214.7, 143-215, 143-215.107, 143-296, 143-610, 143-611, 143-612, 143-612A, 143-613, 143B-131.1,

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
507	28.12	143B-131.2, 143B-131.8, 147-11, 147-16, 148-11, 148-37, 150B-1, 150B-21, 150B-21.1, 150B-21.2, 150B-21.3, 150B-21.4, 150B-21.9, 150B-21.11, 150B-21.12, 150B-21.15, 150B-21.16, 150B-21.17, 150B-21.19, 150B-21.26, 150B-21.27, 158-8.1, 158-15.1, 163-82.11, 163-82.20
508	1	130A-13
	2	108A-59
509	1	1C-1807
	2	7A-29
	3	7A-41
	4	7A-343.1
	5	7A-675
	6	7A-676
	7	8C-1-404
	8	14-39
	9	14-72.1
	10	14-401.14
	11	14-413
	12	14-455
	13	15A-1340.16
	14	15A-2000
	14.1	17C-6
	15	18B-1000
	16-18	18B-1001
	19	19A-1
	20	19A-2
	21	25-2A-103
	22	25-2A-305
	23	25-2A-526
	24	36A-136
	25	45-21.21
	26	45-21.33
	27	55A-7-27
	28	55A-8-05
	29	55A-8-23
	30	55A-10-30
	32	55A-15-30
	33	55A-16-05
	34	62-3
	35	78A-2
	36	88A-23
	36.1	89C-13
	37	90-15
	38	90-92
	39	90-109
	40	90-113.9
	41	90-171.25
509	42	90-187.6
	43	90-187.10
	44	90-270.4
	45	90-270.11
	46	90-405
	47	95-25.14
	48	97-80
	49	104E-9
	50	105-130.5
	51	105-275
	52	106-1 Repealed
	53	106-2
	54	106-3 Repealed, 106-6 to 106-8 Repealed, 106-91 Repealed
	55	113-133.1
	55.1(a)-(c)	113-229
	56	113-291.9
	57	113-315.5
	58	113A-103
	59	115C-12
	60	115C-48
	61, 62	115C-81
	64	115D-32
	65	116-233
	66	116-234
	67	126-7
	68	128-30
	69	130A-131.15
	70	130A-294
	71	131E-7
	72	131E-115
	73	131E-250
	73.1	135-3
	74, 75	135-5
	76	135-64
	77, 78	143-23
	79	143-128
	80	143-215.26
	81	143-247.2
	82	143-291.3
	83	143-299.2
	84	143-318.11
	85	143-355
	86	143-621
	87	143-622
	88-90	143-627
	91, 92	143-628
	93, 94	143-629
	95	143-632
	96	143A-11
	97	143B-168.15
	98	143B-289.19
	99	143B-426.39A
	100	147-45
	101	147-54
	103-105	158-8.1
	106-109	158-8.2

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
509	110, 111	158-8.3
	112	160A-443
	113	162A-6
	114	163-22
	115	163-82.9
	116	163-144
	117, 118	163-227.2
	119	164-14
	120	166A-1
	121	166A-2
	122	166A-3
	123	166A-4
	124	166A-5
	125	166A-6
	126, 127	166A-7
	128	166A-12
	129	166A-13
	130, 131	166A-14
	132	166A-16
	133	7A-551
	133.1	14-4
	135.1(b)	20-118 note
	(c)	163-155 L.M.
	(d)	163-155 L.M.
	(e), (f)	1A-1-4
	(g)	45-21.16
	(h)	47C-1-102
	(i)	65-47
	(j), (k)	65-66
	(l)	131E-23
	135.2(a)	28A-28-2
	(b)	50-16.3A
	(c)	162A-4
	(e)	87-43.2
	(f)	101-2
	(h)	120-2.2 note
	(i)	20-85
	(k)	143-129.4
	(l)	132-10 L.M.
	(n)	32A-14.1 note
	(o)	90-21.11
	(p)	143-318.10
	(q)	131E-97.1
	(r)	131E-97.2
	(s)	90-368
	(t)	55-7-44
	135.3(a)	65-60.1
	(b), (c)	65-64
	(d)	14-415.12
	(e)	14-415.11
	(f)	50-16.6
510	1	105-330.2
	2	105-330.4
	3	105-330.5
	4	105-330.6
511	1	162A-6
	2	162A-14
	2.1	162A-67
	3	153A-284
	4	160A-317
511	5	153A-284 note, 160A-317 note, 162A-6 note, 162A-14 note, 162A-67 note
	6, 8	153A-284 note, 160A-317 note, 162A-6 note, 162A-14 note, 162A-67 note
512	1	105-187.7
	2	105-330.9
513	1	136-68
	2	136-69
	3	136-70
	3a	136-69
514	1	1D-1 to 1D-50
	2	28A-18-2
	3	1A-1-9
	4	1A-1-9 note, 1D-1 note, 28A-18-2 note
516	1	119-13.1
	2	119-13.2
	3	119-13.3
	4	119-39.1
	5	106-549.35
	6	19A-40
	7	106-168.16
	8	106-405.20
	9	106-417.1
	10	106-418.7A
	11	106-418.16
	12	106-549.1
	13	106-549.72
	14	106-549.89
	15	106-715
517	1	58-2-131
	2	58-2-171
	3	58-3-90
	3.1	58-3-170
	4	58-7-30
	5	58-12-30
	6	58-16-5
	7	58-16-6
	8	58-16-30
	9, 10	58-19-5
	11, 12	58-19-15
	13	58-30-180
	14	58-30-220
	15	58-31-52
	16	58-33-25
	17	58-33-132
	18	58-36-1
	19	58-36-25
	20, 21	58-36-30
	22	58-36-85
	23	58-37-30
	24	58-37-40
	25	58-40-10
	26	58-42-55
	27	58-44-10 Repealed
	28	58-45-35

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
517	29	58-50-149
	30	58-53-60
	31(a)	58-58-22, 58-58-23
	(b)	58-58-42
	32	58-60-35
	33	58-81-1 Repealed
	33.1	20-109.1
	34	95-111.12
	35	97-2
	36	97-19
	38	131E-210 to 131E-213
	39(a)	131E-210 to 131E-213 Repealed
	(b)	131E-214 to 131E-214.4
	(c)	58-68A-10
	(d)	120-123
	(e)	131E-214 note
	(f), (g)	58-6-25
	(h)	131E-214 note
	(i)	58-6-25 note, 58-68A-10 note, 120-123 note, 131E-214 note
	41	20-109.1 note, 58-2-131 note, 58-2-171 note, 58-3-90 note, 58-3-170 note, 58-6-25 note, 58-7-30 note, 58-12-30 note, 58-16-5 note, 58-16-6 note, 58-16-30 note, 58-19-5 note, 58-19-15 note, 58-30-180 note, 58-30-220 note, 58-31-52 note, 58-33-25 note, 58-33-132 note, 58-36-1 note, 58-36-25 note, 58-36-30 note, 58-36-85 note, 58-37-30 note, 58-37-40 note, 58-40-10 note, 58-42-55 note, 58-44-10 note, 58-45-35 note, 58-50-149 note, 58-53-60 note, 58-58-22 note, 58-58-23 note, 58-58-42 note, 58-60-35 note, 58-68A-10 note, 95-111.12
517	41	note, 97-2 note, 97-19 note, 131E-210 to 131E-214 note
518	1	50-13.4
	2	110-129
519	1	139-4
	2, 3	139-8
	4	14-234
	5	139-3
520	1	157-29
	2	157-9
	3	157-29 note
521	1	106-550
	2	106-564.4
	3	145-17
522	1	99B-1 to 99B-6, 99B-10, 99B-11
	2	99B-1 to 99B-4 note, 99B-6 note, 99B-10 note, 99B-11 note
	3	99B-1 to 99B-4 note, 99B-6 note, 99B-10 note, 99B-11 note
523	1	62-3
	2	62-111
	3	62-112
	4	62-113
	5	62-114 Repealed
	6	62-138
	7	62-141
	8	62-144
	9	62-146
	10	62-147 Repealed
	10.1	62-152.2
	11	62-200
	12	62-203
	13	62-206
	14	62-209
	15	62-211 Repealed
	16	62-260
	17	62-261
	18	62-262
	19	62-264 Repealed
	20	62-265
	21	62-267
	22	62-268
	23	62-270
	24	62-271
	25	62-272
	26	62-273
	27	62-278
	28	62-279
	29	62-300
	30	62-320 Repealed
	31	62-119 to 62-125 Repealed
	32	62-300
	32.1	105-449.105
	32.2	

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
524	1	115C-174.1 to 115C-174.6 Repealed
	2	115C-174.10
	3	115C-174.11
	4	115C-174.12
	5	115C-174.11 note
	6	115C-174.11 note
525	1	41-1, 41-28 to 41-33
527	1	50B-3
	2	14-269.8
	3	15A-534.1
528	1	19-2.1
	2	19-6.1
529	1	146-1
	2	146-12
	3	146-14.1
	4	146-64
532		128-21 L.M., 143-166.50 L.M.
533	1	97-133
534	1-3	115C-81
535	1	14-32.2
	2	28A-25-6
	3	58-55-35
	4	108A-14
	5	108A-41
	6	108A-47
	6.1	113-271
	7	122C-22
	8	131D-2
	9	131D-4.1
	10	131D-4.2
	10.1	131D-4.3
	11, 12	131D-19
	13	131D-20
	14	131D-31
	15	131D-32
	16	131D-34
	17, 18	131D-35
	19	131E-16
	20	131E-76
	21	131E-101
	22	131E-104
	23	131E-105
	24	131E-106
	25	131E-115
	26	131E-231
	27	131E-242
	28	135-40.6
	29	135-40.7
	30	143-138
	31	143B-139.5
	32	143B-153
	33	143B-178
	34	143B-181.10
	35	143B-181.16
	36	168-21
535	37	14-32.2 note, 28A-25-6 note, 58-55-35 note, 108A-14 note, 108A-41 note, 108A-47 note, 113-271 note, 122C-22 note, 131D-2 note, 131D-4.1 to 131D-4.2 note, 131D-19 note, 131D-20 note, 131D-31 note, 131D-32 note, 131D-34 note, 131D-35 note, 131E-16 note, 131E-76 note, 131E-101 note, 131E-104 to 131E-106 note, 131E-115 note, 131E-231 note, 131E-242 note, 135-40.6 note, 135-40.7 note, 143-138 note, 143B-139.5 note, 143B-153 note, 143B-178 note, 143B-181.10 note, 143B-181.16 note, 168.21 note
536	1	1-288
538	1, 1.1	50-13.12
	1.2	50-13.9
	1.3	93B-12
	1.4	110-142 to 110-142.2
	2(a)	20-15.1
	(b)	20-17
	(c)	20-24
	(d)	20-24.1
	(e), (f)	20-28
	(g)	20-50.4
	(h)	20-179.3
	(i)	150B-3
	3	110-130.1
	4	110-139
	5	110-133
	6(a)	44-49.1
	(b)	44-50
	7(a)	52A-1 to 52A-32 Repealed
	(b)	52A-1 note
	(c)	52C-1-100 to 52C-1-103, 52C-2-201 to 52C-2-209, 52C-3-301 to 52C-3-318, 52C-4-401, 52C-5-501, 52C-5-502, 52C-6-601 to 52C-6-612, 52C-7-701, 52C-8-801, 52C-8-802, 52C-9-901, 52C-9-902
539	1	55-1-22.1

Ch.	Sec.	1995 General Statutes
539	2	55-1-25
	3	55-1-27
	4, 5	55-4-01
	6, 7	55-14-22
	8	55A-16-22 Repealed
	9	55A-1-21
	10	55A-1-22
	11	55A-1-22.1
	12	55A-1-25
	13	55A-1-27
	14	55A-1-28
	15	55A-1-40
	16	55A-1-41
	17	55A-2-02
	18, 19	55A-4-01
	20	55A-5-02
	21	55A-5-02.1
	22	55A-5-03
	23	55A-5-04
	24, 25	55A-14-20
	26	55A-15-09
	27	55A-15-10
	28	55A-15-30
	29	55A-16-01
	30	57C-1-22.1
	31	57C-1-25
	32	57C-1-27
539	33	57C-2-30
	34	59-103
	35	59-206
	36	59-206.1
	37	59-1106
541	1	88-21
	2	88-17
542	5.1	14-415.10 note
	6.1	120-70.60 note
	11.1	120-70.93 note
	12.1	143-610 note
	20.5	120-70.2
	24.1(a)	120-74
	25.2	110-90.2
543	1	105-151.25
	2	106-549.70
	3	106-549.51
544	1	143-215.74D, 143-215.74C, 143-215.74E
545	1	14-208.5 to 14-208.13
	2	114-10
	3	14-208.5 note
546	1	160A-384
	2	153A-343
	2.1	153A-343 note, 160A-384 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1996, 1st Ex. Sess.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1-4	96-9

SESSION LAWS OF 1995 (Reg. Sess., 1996)

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
547	..	113-202 note
548	1	97-26
550	1	75-2.1
	2	75-5 to 75-7 Repealed
	3	75-5 note
551	1	113-152 note
552	1	97-86
553	1	163-175
	2	163-291
	3	163-293
	4	163-294
554	1	163-42
555	1	97-19
556	1	53-77.2A Repealed
	2	53-77.1A
	3	54B-110
	4	54C-175
557	1	53-212.1
559		75A-17 L.M.
560	1	105-122
561	1	163-226
	2, 3	163-227
	4	163-227.2
	5	163-229
563		160A-265 L.M.
565	1	160A-376 L.M.
566	1	42-27
567		131E-18 L.M.
568		163-227.2 L.M.
569	1	15-12 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	2	15-12 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
571		143-138 L.M.
572		143B-282 note
573	1	20-116
575	1	143B-431
	2	153A-376
	3	160A-456
	4, 5	159C-3

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
575	6	159C-7
	7	159C-8
	8	159C-11
576		160A-265 L.M.
579	1	58-45-1 note
581		75A-3 L.M., 75A-15 L.M.
582	1	58-30-5
	2	58-30-10
	3	58-64-45
	4	58-64-60
583	1	120-186.1
	2	143B-181.5, 143B-181.6, 143B-181.7 to 143B-181.9 Repealed
584	1	90-39
	2	90-30.1
	3	90-31
	4	90-35
	5	90-26
585	1	130A-334
	2	130A-335
	3	130A-336
586	1	113-129, 113-152, 113-153, 113-154.1, 113-156, 113-161
587	1	95-229.5, 95-229.6, 95-229.7 to 95-229.13
588	1	51-1.2
589	1(a)	7A-41
	(b), (b1)	7A-41 note
	(c)	7A-41
	2(a)	7A-133
	2(b)-(d)	7A-133 note
	3(a)	7A-60
	(b)	7A-60 note
	4, 5(b)	7A-41 note
	(c), (d)	7A-60 note
590	1	136-176 note, 136-177.1 note, 136-180.1 note, 136-185 note
	6	136-176
	7	20-85 note, 20-85.1 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-187.1 note, 105-449.43 note, 120-70.50 note, 136-175 note
	13(d)	136-176 note, 136-177.1 note, 136-180.1 note, 136-185 note
	14	136-180.1
	15	136-177.1
	16	136-185
591	1	50B-1
	2	50B-3
	3	50B-4
	4	1-110
	5	50-13.2
592	1	58-45-25
	2	58-45-5
	3	58-45-1 note
593	1	163-278.7A
594	1-5	130A-290
	6, 7	130A-294
	8	130A-309.04
	9	130A-309.05
	10	130A-309.06
	11	130A-309.07
	12	130A-309.08
	13	130A-309.09A
	14	130A-309.09B
	15	130A-309.09C
	16	130A-309.09D
	17	130A-309.10
	18	130A-309.11
	19	130A-309.25
	20	130A-309.26
	21	130A-309.53
	22	130A-309.58
	23	130A-309.63
	24	130A-309.83
	25, 26	130A-309.85
	27	153A-292
	28	160A-314
	29	130A-309.10 note
	30(a), (b)	130A-309.09A note, 130A-309.09D note
597	1	131E-8 L.M.
598	1	115C-37 L.M.
599	1	163-227.2 L.M.
601	1	14-159.6 L.M.
	2	14-159.6 L.M.
	3	14-70 L.M.
602	1	131D-34
	2	131E-129
603	1	116-2
	2	116-4
	3	116-5
	4	116-12
	5	147-45
	8	116-2 note, 116-4 note, 116-5 note, 116-12 note, 147-45 note
604	1	45-37
	2	47-46.3
605	1	86A-3
	2	86A-4
	3	86A-6
	4	86A-11
	5	86A-13
	6	86A-14
	7	86A-15
	8	86A-16
	9	86A-17
	10, 11	86A-22

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
605	12	86A-23
	13	86A-24
	14	86A-25
	15	88-1
	16	88-23
606	1	114-19.3
	2	131D-40
	3	131E-255
	4	114-19.1
607	1	44A-7
	2	44A-8
	3	44A-18
608	1	163-82.20
	2, 3	96-5
		96-5
	4	96-5 note
609	1	7A-646
	2	7A-652
	3	7A-647
	4	7A-650
610		160A-265 L.M.
611	1	143-64.31 L.M.,
		143-64.32 L.M.,
		143-128 L.M.,
		143-129 L.M.,
		143-131 L.M.,
		143-133 L.M.
612	1	163-106 L.M.
613	1	136-96 L.M.
614	1	15-12 L.M.,
		160A-265 L.M.
615	1	157-6 L.M.
617	1	105-322 L.M.
618	1	15-12 L.M.,
		160A-265 L.M.
	2	15-12 L.M.,
		153A-176 L.M.
619	1	105-349 L.M.
620	1	160A-70 L.M.
625		116-111 note,
		115D-5 note
626	1	143-215.10A to 143-215.10G
	2	143-215.1
	3	143-215.2
	4	143-215
	5	143B-301
	6(a)	90A-35
	(b)	90A-47 to 90A-47.6
	7(a)	106-800 to 106-805
	(b)	106-800 note
	8	106-800 note
	9, 10	143-215.74
	11	106-800 note, 143-215.10A note, 90A-47 note
	12	90A-47 note, 106-800 note
	13	143-215.74C to 143-215.74E Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
626	14	143-215.10A note
	15	143-215.10B note
	16, 17	143-215.10C note
	18	143-215.10A note
	19(c)	143-215.10C note
	22	143B-301 note
	24	106-803 note
627	2	113-133.1 note
629	2	161-22.3 L.M.
630	1	113-291.2 L.M.
631	1	115C-489.1 to 115C-489.4 note, 115C-546.1 note
	11(e)	115C-489.1 to 115C-489.4 note, 115C-546.1 note
	12	115C-489.2
	13	115C-489.3 Repealed, 115C-489.4 Repealed
	15	115C-546.1
	17	115C-489.1 to 115C-489.4 note, 115C-546.1 note
632	1	14-202.3
633	1(a)	113-154
	(b)	113-202 L.M.
	2	113-190
	3(a)	143-215.22J, 143-215.22K
	(b)	143-215.22J note
	4	143B-279.7
	6	113-190 note
634	1(a)	90-15.1
	(b)	90-15.1 note
	2	90-12
635	1	20-77
	2-4	44A-4
637	1	15-13 L.M.
639		159-32 L.M.
644	1	63-56
	2	160A-20
	3	159-81
	4	159G-3
645	1	90-280
646	1	105-53
	2	105-113.45
	3	105-117 Repealed
		105-118 Repealed
	4, 5	105-164.13
	6	105-164.14
	7	105-191 Repealed
		105-196 Repealed
	8	105-197
	9	105-229 Repealed
	10	105-236
	11	105-241.1
	12	105-275
	13	105-275.1
	14	105-277A
	15	105-278.7

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
646	16	105-282.1
	17	105-277.2
	18	105-333
	19	58-6-25
	20	113-44.15
	21	132-1.1
	22(a), (b)	160B-3, 160B-4
	24	105-330.2
	25(a)	96-12
647	1, 2	105-449.60
	3	105-449.65
	4	105-449.66
	5	105-449.67
	6	105-449.69
	7, 8	105-449.70
	9	105-449.71
	10	105-449.72
	11	105-449.73
	12	105-449.77
	13	105-449.81
	14	105-449.82
	15	105-449.83A
	16	105-449.84
	17	105-449.84A
	18	105-449.85
	19	105-449.87
	20, 21	105-449.88
	22	105-449.89
	23	105-449.90
	24	105-449.90A
	25	105-449.91
	26	105-449.92
	27	105-449.93
	28	105-449.94
	29	105-449.95
	30	105-449.96
	31, 32	105-449.97
	33	105-449.98
	34	105-449.100
	35	105-449.101
	36	105-449.102
	37	105-449.104
	38	105-449.105
	39, 40	105-449.115
	41	105-449.118A
	42	105-449.120
	43	105-449.121
	44	105-449.130
	45	105-449.131
	46	105-449.134
	47	105-449.136
	48	105-449.138
	49	105-449.139
	50	105-449.57
	51	105-236
	52	105-253
	53	119-15
	54	119-16.2
	55	119-18
	56	119-40 Repealed
647	56	119-41 Repealed
		119-44 Repealed
648	1	143-215.94V note
	2	143-215.94C
	3, 4	143-215.94E
	5, 6	143-215.94V note
	8	143-215.94V note
649	1	105-164.13
	2	105-164.3
650	1	131F-3
651	1	153A-158.1
652	1	20-141
	2	20-16.1
653	1	143B-308
	2	143B-309
	3	143B-310
	4	413-44.3 to 113-44.6 Repealed
	5	143B-309 note
654	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
657	1	153A-233 L.M.
658	1	58-30-160
659	1	58-7-162
662	1	115C-84.1
664	1	105-228.90
665	1	90-210.67
666	2	115C-426.2
	3	115C-431
	4	105-503 recodified as 115C-440.1
	5	115C-440.1
667	2	122C-412, 122C-412.1, 122C-412.2
	3	122C-403
	4	122C-404 Repealed
	5	122C-405
	6	122C-411.1
668	1	58-36-30
	2	58-40-30
669	1	58-50-130
	2	58-3-173
670	1(a)	58-6-25 note
	2(a)	62-302 note
671	1	160A-265 L.M.
673	1	136-18 note, 62-235
	2	62-41
	3	62-235 Repealed
	4	136-18
	5	62-236 recodified as 136-20.1
	6, 7	136-18, 136-20.1
674	1	44-49.1 recodified as 58-3-185
	2	58-3-185
	3	44-50
675	1	20-7
	2	20-14
676	1	44-51.8

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
678	1	58-84-1 L.M.
	2	58-84-1 L.M.
681		153A-15
683	1	153A-27.1
684	1	160A-364
688	1	163-45
	2	163-82.10
690	1	143B-139.7
	2	143B-279.6
	3	153A-77
	4	7A-289.24
	5	108A-1
	6	108A-2
	7	108A-3
	8	108A-7
	9	108A-15.1
	10	122C-116
	11	122C-123
	12	122C-127
	13	130A-34
	14	130A-43
	15	126-5
	16	153A-77 note
691	1	105-330.4 note, 105-360 note
	2-4	105-307 note, 105-330.4 note, 105-360 note
692	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
693	1	128-21 L.M., 143-166.50 L.M.
	2	128-21 L.M., 143-166.50 L.M.
694	1	163-33
	2	163-22.1
695	1	20-37.16
696	1	105-236
699	1, 2	58-84-1 L.M., 58-84-30 L.M.
700	1-3	160A-265 L.M., 160A-272 L.M.
702	1	153A-158.1
703	1	153A-158.1
705	1	153A-158.1
706	1	115D-15 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
	2	153A-158 L.M.
707	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
708	1	160A-265 L.M.
709	1	160A-272 L.M.
710	1	153A-18 L.M.
712	1	14-277
713	1	131E-7.1
	2	131E-99
	3(a)	131E-111 recodified as 131E-255
	(b)	131E-255, 131E-256
	(c)	131E-256 note
714	1	45A-1 to 45A-7
714	2	53-234
715	1	20-134
716	1	115C-12
	2	115C-238.1 to 115C-238.8 recodified as 115C-105.20 to 115C-105.32
	3	115C-105.20 to 115C-105.27 115C-105.28 Repealed, 115C-105.29 Repealed, 115C-105.30 to 115C-105.39
	4	115C-64.1 to 115C-64.5 Repealed
	5	115C-39
	6	115C-274
	7	115C-296
	7.1	115C-288
	8	115C-325
	8.1-8.5(a)	115C-81.2
	8.6	115C-81
	8.7	115C-98
	9	115C-84
	10	115C-302
	11, 12	115C-47
	13	115C-522
	14	115C-528
	15	115C-529
	15.1	115C-522.1
	16	115C-326
	17	115C-47
	18	115C-85
	19	115C-98
	20	115C-112 Repealed
	21	115C-391
	22	115C-105.3
	23	115C-238.23
	24	115C-238.31
	25	115C-276
	26	115C-302
	27	115C-105.21A L.M.
	28	115C-17
	29(b)	115C-15
	30	143-57.1
	31	143-57.1 note
717	1	163-227.2 L.M.
718	1	160A-232 L.M.
719	1	15A-1415
	2	15A-1419
	3	15-217.1 recodified as 15A-1420
	4	15A-1420
	5	15-194
	6	15A-1441
	7	7A-451
	8	15A-1415 note
720	1	90-500 to 90-511
	2	90-501 note

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
723	1	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
	2	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
	3	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
724	1	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
	2	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
	3	115C-84 L.M., 115C-84.1 L.M.
725	1, 2	7A-272
	3	15A-644.1
	4	7A-191.1
	5	15A-1011
	6	15A-1029.1
	7	15A-941
	8	15A-942
	9	15A-952
	10	15A-1221
726	1	58-71-1
	2	58-71-40
	3	58-71-45
	4	58-71-50
	5	58-71-55
	6	Repealed
	7	58-71-65
	8	58-71-70
	9	58-71-71
	10	58-71-72
	11	58-71-75
	12	58-71-81
	13	58-71-82
	14	58-33-25
	15	58-71-82
	16	58-71-95
	17	58-71-105
	18	58-71-115
	19	58-71-140
	20	58-33-25
	21	58-33-25 note, 58-71-1 note
	22	58-33-25 note, 58-71-1 note, 58-71-40 note, 58-71-45 note, 58-71-50 note, 58-71-55 note, 58-71-60 note, 58-71-65 note, 58-71-70 note, 58-71-71 note, 58-71-72 note, 58-71-75 note, 58-71-81 note, 58-71-82 note, 58-71-95 note, 58-71-105 note, 58-71-115 note, 58-71-140 note
727	1	14-409.39, 14-409.40
728	1	143-215.108
729	1	58-2-145
730	1	58-40-10
	2	58-36-2
	3	58-36-75
731	1	115C-238.29A note, 135-40.1 note
	2	115C-238.29A to 115C-238.29J
	3	135-40.1
	4	115C-238.29A note, 135-40.1 note
732	1	153A-357 L.M., 160A-417 L.M.
733	1	160A-443 L.M.
734	1	163-41
	2	163-42
	3	163-43
	4	163-87
	4.1	163-45
	5	163-226
737	1	153A-158.1
738	1	14-236 L.M.
	2	14-234 L.M.
739	1	122C-132
	2	122C-201
	3	122C-210.1
	4	122C-251
	5, 6	122C-261
	7	122C-262
	8(a)-(c)	122C-263
	9	122C-264
	10(a), (b)	122C-266
	11(a), (b)	122C-268
	12(a)	122C-270
	13	122C-271
	14	122C-261 note
	15	122C-132 note, 122C-201 note, 122C-210.1 note, 122C-251 note, 122C-261 to 122C-264 note, 122C-268 note, 122C-270 to 122C-271 note
740	1	58-45-35
741	1, 2	20-50.4
742	1(a)	1-47, 1-50
	(b)	1-52
	2	1-349
	3	1-538.2
	4	1A-1-30
	5	6-21.3
	6	14-3
	7, 8	14-32.2
	9	14-32.3
	10	14-34.5
	11	14-107
	12	14-202.2
	13, 14	15A-1002
	15	15A-1340.14

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
742	16	15A-1340.22
	17	30-26
	18	47-41.01
	19	47-46.3
	20	53-141
	21	53-175
	22	53-224.21
	23	58-14-15
	24	58-30-10
	25	58-35-10
	26	58-40-90
	27	58-51-15
	28	58-66-35
	29-32	62-2
	33	62-200
	34	66-234
	35	89C-25
	36	90-411
	37	91A-8
	38	153A-405
	39	159I-30
	40	160B-20
	41	160B-21
	42	75A-13.2
	42.1	50B-3
	42.2	131D-40 note, 131E-255 note, 131E-265 note
	42.3	1-285
	42.4	1-286
	43	150B-21.3
743	1	20-183.7
	2	87-94
	3	106-802
	4	130A-291
	5	130B-5
	6	130B-7
	7	130B-16
	8	130B-22
	9	136-28.8
	10, 11	143-58.2
	12	143-214.2A
	13	143-215.3A
	14	143-215.6A
	15	143-215.17
	16	143-215.94O
	17	143-215.94W
	18	143-215.114
	19	143-439
	20	143B-279.3
	21	143B-282.1
	22	147-45
	23	159G-3
	24	159I-3
	25	143B-10 note
	26	159I-30
744	1	44A-2
745	1	14-41
746	1	160A-360
	2	160A-362
746	3	160A-50
	4	160A-38
	5	1-54.1
	6	153A-348
	7	160A-364.1
747	1	105-228.9
	2	105-228.5
	3	58-6-25
	4	58-84-1
	5	58-84-5
	6	58-84-10 Repealed, 58-84-15 Repealed, 58-84-20 Repealed
	7	58-84-25
	8	58-22-15
	9	58-22-20
	10	58-22-35
	11	58-6-20
	12	58-45-80
	13	58-46-45
	14	58-47-30
	16	58-6-20 note, 58-6-25 note, 58-22-15 note, 58-22-20 note, 58-22-35 note, 58-45-80 note, 58-46-45 note, 58-47-30 note, 58-84-1 note, 58-84-5 note, 58-84-10 note, 58-84-15 note, 58-84-20 note, 58-84-25 note, 105-228.5 note, 105-228.9 note
748	1.1	131F-9
	1.2	131F-17
	1.3	131F-6
	2.1	143-6.1
	2.2	143-6.1 note
	3.1	131F-9 note, 131F-17 note
749	1	122C-115
	2	122C-117
	3	122C-118
	4	122C-119
	5	122C-119.1
	6	122C-124
	7	122C-125
	8	122C-125.1
	9	122C-126
750	1	153A-158.1 L.M.
751	1	14-49
	2	14-62
	3	14-62.2
752	1	58-43-20 Repealed
	2	58-10-25
753	1	62-110
756	1	20-1
	2-4	20-4.01
	5	20-37.16
	6	20-64.1 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1995 (Reg. Sess. 1996) General Statutes
756	7	20-87
	8	20-88
	9	20-91
	10	20-92 Repealed
	11	20-99
	12	20-101
	13	20-113 Repealed
	14	20-116
	15	20-123
	16	20-130.1
	17	20-215.1
	18	20-279.32
	19	20-317
	20	20-376
	21	20-378 Repealed
	22	20-379
	23	20-380
	24	20-381
	25	20-382
	26	20-382.1
	27	20-384
	28	20-385
	29	20-118
	30	20-135.1 Repealed
	31	20-179.3

SESSION LAWS OF 1996, 2nd Ex. Sess.

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
3	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
9	1	7A-41.2
	2	163-1
	3-5	163-140
	6	163-192
	7	163-321 to 163-335
	8	163-106
	9	163-107
	10	163-111
	11	163-140
	12	163-107.1
	13	163-114
	14	163-122
	15	163-135
	16	163-137
	17	163-138
	18, 19	163-140
	19.1	163-156
	20	163-191
	21	163-9
	22	163-156
11	1	153A-158.1
13	1	105-2 to 105-4 note, 105-9 note, 105-23.1 note, 105-33 note, 105-113.45 note, 105-129.2 note, 105-129.6 note, 105-129.8 note, 105-129.10 note, 105-129.11 note, 105-129.15 note, 105-129.18 note, 105-130.3 note, 105-134.1 note, 105-134.6 note, 105-151.26 note, 105-164.3 to 105-164.11 note, 105-164.12B note, 105-129.15 to 105-129.19 note, 105-188 note, 105-241.1 note, 105-465 note, 105-467 note, 105-468 note, 108A-93 note, 115C-546.1 note, 143B-437D note, 143B-437A note, 153A-376 note, 160A-456 note
	1.1	105-164.4
	1.2	105-465
	1.3	105-467
	1.4	105-468
	1.5, 1.6	105-277A note, 105-482 note, 105-486 note, 105-497 note, 105-501 note, 108A-93 note, 115C-1 note
	1.7	105-465 note, 105-482 note, 105-498 note
	2.1	105-130.3
	2.2	115C-546.1
	3.1	105-129.2 to 105-129.11
	3.2	105-130.40 recodified as 105-129.8
	3.3	105-129.2 to 105-129.11
	3.4	105-151.17 recodified as 105-129.8
	3.5	143B-437A
	3.6	143B-437D
	3.7	105-241.1
	3.8	153A-376
	3.9	160A-456
	3.10	143B-437E
	3.11	105-129.10 note, 105-129.2 note, 105-228.90 note

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
13	3.12	105-129.15 to 105-129.19
	4.1	105-113.45
	4.2	105-33 note, 105-113.41 to 105-113.67
	5.1	105-164.12B
	6.1	105-4
	6.2	105-3
	6.3	105-188
	6.4	105-2
	6.5	105-9
	6.6	105-23.1
	7.1	105-151.26
	8.1	105-134.6
	8.2	105-134.1
	9.1, 9.2	105-164.4
	10.1	143B-437D note, 143-437E, 105-2 note, 105-3 note, 105-4 note, 105-9 note, 105-23.1 note, 105-113.45 note, 105-129.2 to 105-129.11 note, 105-129.6 note, 105-129.8 note, 105-129.10 note, 105-129.11 note, 105-129.15 to 105-129.19 note, 105-130.3 note, 105-134.1 note, 105-134.6 note, 105-151.26 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.12B note, 105-188 note, 105-241.1 note, 105-465 note, 105-467 note, 105-468 note, 108A-93 note, 115C-546.1 note, 143B-437A note, 153A-376 note, 160A-456 note
14	1	105-130.8 Repealed, 105-151.15 Repealed
	2	105-130.7 Repealed
	3	105-130.7
	4	105-130.5
	5	105-130.4
	6	105-163.012
	7	105-163.010 to 105-163.014
	8	53A-46 Repealed
	9	105-134.6
	10	105-130.5
	10.1	105-267
	11	105-164.6A
	12	105-469
	13, 14	105-164.3
	15, 16	105-164.13
	17	105-36.1 Repealed,
	17	105-37 Repealed,
14	17	105-42 Repealed, 105-45 Repealed, 105-46 Repealed, 105-50 Repealed, 105-51.1 Repealed, 105-53 Repealed, 105-54 Repealed, 105-55 Repealed, 105-58 Repealed, 105-60 Repealed, 105-61 Repealed, 105-62 Repealed, 105-65 Repealed, 105-65.1 Repealed, 105-66.1 Repealed, 105-70 Repealed, 105-72 Repealed, 105-74 Repealed, 105-75.1 Repealed, 105-77 Repealed, 105-80 Repealed, 105-85 Repealed, 105-86 Repealed, 105-89 Repealed, 105-89.1 Repealed, 105-90 Repealed, 105-91 Repealed, 105-97 Repealed, 105-98 Repealed, 105-99 Repealed, 105-102.1 Repealed, 105-102.5 Repealed,
	18, 19	105-33
	20	105-38
	21	105-109.1
	22	153A-152
	23	160A-211
	24	66-250 to 66-258
	25	105-163.15 note, 105-163.41 note
	26	53A-46 note, 66-250 note, 105-33 note, 105-36 note, 105-36.1 note, 105-37 note, 105-38 note, 105-42 note, 105-45 note, 105-46 note, 105-50 note, 105-51.1 note, 105-53 note, 105-54 note, 105-55 note, 105-58 note, 105-60 note, 105-61 note, 105-62 note, 105-65 note, 105-65.1 note, 105-66.1 note, 105-70 note, 105-72 note, 105-74 note, 105-75.1 note, 105-77 note, 105-80 note, 105-85 note, 105-86 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
14	26	105-89 note, 105-89.1 note, 105-90 note, 105-91 note, 105-97 note, 105-98 note, 105-99 note, 105-102.1 note, 105-102.5 note, 105-109.1 note, 105-130.4 note, 105-130.5 note, 105-130.7 note, 105-130.38 note, 105-134.6 note, 105-151.15 note, 105-151.19 note, 105-163.010 to 105-163.015 note, 105-163.41 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.6A note, 105-164.13 note, 105-267 note, 105-469 note, 153A-152 note, 160A-211 note
15	16	93E-1-5
	16.1	143B-313.2
16	1	115C-518 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
17	1	143-573 note, 143-614 note
	3.1	143-577
	3.2	143-573, 143-574, 143-577
	15.1(b)	55-14-22
	(d)	55A-14-22
	(e)	57C-6-03
	16.1	143-610 note
	16.2	143-610 Repealed, 143-611 Repealed, 143-612A Repealed, 143-614 Repealed
	16.3	58-68A-1 Repealed, 58-68A-5 Repealed, 58-68A-10 Repealed
	16.5	143-611 note
18	1.1	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-304 note, 7A-465 note, 7A-523 note, 7A-524 note, 7A-603 note, 7A-647 note, 7A-655 note, 7A-790 note, 14-32.4 note, 14-34.7 note, 14-315 note, 15A-502

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	1.1	note, 15A-1343 note, 15A-1368.2 note, 15A-1368.4 note, 15A-1368.6 note, 15A-1376 note, 20-4 note, 20-39 note, 20-79.5 note, 20-79.7 note, 62-10 note, 63A-23 note, 89C-3 note, 89C-14 note, 89E-3 note, 90-85.27 note, 90-95 note, 90A-47.3 note, 90B-10 note, 96-3 note, 96-5 note, 105-113.46 note, 105-113.47 note, 105-113.81A note, 105-113.82 note, 105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-277.1 note, 105-277.1A note, 105-309 note, 105A-2 note, 106-805 note, 108A-27 note, 108A-53 note, 108A-54 note, 108A-57 note, 113-145.1 note, 113-291.6 note, 113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-105.21A note, 115C-109 note, 115C-110 note, 115C-113 note, 115C-150.5 note, 115C-174.11 note, 115C-288 note, 115C-290.5 note, 115C-290.7 note, 115C-290.8 note, 115C-295.1 note, 115C-295.2 note, 115C-295.3 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-468 note, 115C-489.3 note, 115C-521 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-39 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	1.1	116-19 note, 116-30.1 note, 116-30.2 note, 116-30.3 note, 116-41.18 note, 116-44.6 note, 116-44.9 note, 116-143 note, 116-209.25 note, 116C-1 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-32.01 note, 120-32.1 note, 120-36.6 note, 120-37 note, 120-70.36 note, 120-70.46 note, 120-70.52 note, 120-70.65 note, 120-70.82 note, 120-70.90 note, 120-70.92 note, 120-70.95 note, 120-70.101 note, 120-70.102 note, 120-76 note, 120-204 note, 121-9 note, 122A-5.13 note, 122C-411.1 note, 126-7 note, 128-27 note, 130A-294.1 note, 130A-310.10 note, 130A-334 note, 130A-335 note, 130A-336 note, 133-1.1 note, 135-5 note, 135-40.1 note, 135-40.3 note, 135-40.6 note, 135-65 note, 136-12 note, 136-16.6 note, 136-18 note, 136-44.7A note, 136-89.56 note, 136-176 note, 143-1 note, 143-8 note, 143-11 note, 143-12 note, 143-15.2 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-15.3B note, 143-16.3 note, 143-18.1 note, 143-23 note, 143-25 note, 143-27 note, 143-28.1 note, 14-34.6 note, 143-49 note,
18	1.1	143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-166.13 note, 143-200 note, 143-211 note, 143-214.8 note, 143-214.9 note, 143-214.10 note, 143-214.11 note, 143-214.12 note, 143-214.13 note, 143-215.10A note, 143-215.10B note, 143-215.10G note, 143-215.74 note, 143-215.114A note, 143-341 note, 143-660 note, 143-665 note, 143-670 note, 143B-136 note, 143B-138 note, 143B-168.10 note, 143B-168.12 note, 143B-168.13 note, 143B-168.14 note, 143B-168.15 note, 143B-260 note, 143B-273.15 note, 143B-282 note, 143B-426.21 note, 143B-431.1 note, 146-26 note, 147-11 note, 147-54.5 note, 147-64.12 note, 148-29 note, 148-37 note, 150B-2 note, 150B-19 note, 150B-20 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-21.2 note, 150B-21.3 note, 158-15.1 note
	5.3	143-15.3A note
	5.4	143-16.3 note
	7.1(a)	143-15.2
	(b)	143-15.3A
	7.4(a)	120-76
	(b)	143-15.3A
	(c)	143-12
	(d)	143-15.3A
	(e)	143-18.1
	(f)	143-23
	(g)	143-25
	(h)(1), (2)	143-27
	(3)	143-27 note
	(i)	116-30.2
	(j)	143-16.3

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	(k)	116-30.1
	7.6	143-11 note
	7.7(a)	121-9
	(b)	146-26
	7.8	143-16.3 note
	7.10(a)	150B-19
	(b)	150B-20
	(c), (d)	150B-21.1
	(e)	150B-21.2
	(f)	150B-21.3
	(g)	150B-2
	(h)	120-70.101
	(i)	89C-3
	(j)	89E-3
	(k)	89C-14
	8(a)	20-79.5
	(b)	120-3.1
	(c)	120-32.1
	(d)	120-36.6
	(e)	120-70.36
	(f)	120-70.46
	(g)	120-70.52
	(h)	120-70.65
	(i)	120-70.82
	(j)	120-70.92
	(k)	120-70.95
	(l)	120-70.102
	(m)	143-8
	(n)	147-64.12
	8.1	120-32.1
	8.2	120-32.01
	10.1	143-135.26
	10.2	143-341
	10.3	165-48 note
	11.1(a)	143-200
	13	147-54.5
	13A	143-16.3 note
	15.1(a)	105-277.1
	(b)	105-309
	(c)	105-277.1A
	15.3(a)	105-130.41
	(b)	105-151.22
	15.4(a)	105-113.46
	(b)	105-113.47
	(c)	105-113.46 note, 105-113.47 note
	15.7(a)	105-164.14
	16	116-19 note
	16.2	116-30.3 note
	16.5(a)	116-44.6 to 116-44.8
	(b), (c)	116-44.6 note
	16.7	116-209.25
	16.12	116C-1 note
	17.1(a)	115D-39
	(b)	115D-39 note
	17.4	115D-5
	17.7(a)	
	18.4	115C-12
	18.8	115C-302 note, 115C-316 note
	18.10	115C-468
	18.12(a)	115C-295.1
	(b)	115C-295.2, 115C-295.3
	18.13A	115C-302
	18.14	115C-174.11
	18.17(a)	115C-81
	(b)	115C-489.3
	(c), (d)	115C-521
	(e)	115C-489.3 note, 115C-521 note
	18.18	115C-489.3 note
	18.21(a)	115C-290.5
	(b)	115C-290.7
	(c)	115C-290.8
	18.24(a)	115C-81
	(b)	115C-109
	(c), (d)	115C-110
	(e)	115C-113
	(f)	115C-150.5 to 115C-150.8
	(h)-(k)	115C-105.21A
	(l)	115C-150.7 note
	18.25(b)	115C-150.5 note
	18.26(a)	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
	(b)	115C-302 L.M.
	(c)	115C-316 L.M.
	(d)-(j)	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
	(k)	115C-302 L.M.
	(l)	115C-302 L.M., 115C-316 L.M.
	(m)	115C-302 L.M.
	18.27	115C-288
	18.28(a)-(d)	115C-12
	19.3	20-4
	19.4(a)	136-176
	(b)	143-28.1
	(c)	136-12(a1)
	19.6	136-12 note
	19.7	136-44.7A
	19.10(a)	136-18
	(b)	136-89.56
	19.11(e)	20-79.7
	19.12	136-16.6
	20.1	143B-260 note, 148-5 note
	20.2(a)	148-29
	(b), (c)	148-29 note
	20.4	143B-273.15 note
	20.7(a)	143-166.13
	20.13(a)	14-32.4
	(b)	14-315
	(c)	90-95

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	20.14(a)	15A-1368.2
	(b)	15A-1368.4
	(c)	15A-1343
	20.14B(a)	14-34.7, 143-34.6 note
	20.15(a)	15A-1376
	(b)	15A-1368.6
	20.18	148-37
	21.4	122C-411.1 Repealed
	22(a)	7A-60
	22.2	7A-790 note
	22.3	164-46
	22.4	7A-133
	22.6(a)	7A-45.1
	(b)	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note
	22.7(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note, 143B-437A
	22.8(a), (b)	7A-133 note
	22.11	7A-198
	22.13(a)	7A-304
	23(a)	20-39
	(b)	20-39 note
	23.2(a)	7A-603
	(b)	15A-502
	(c)	7A-523
	(d)	7A-524
	(e)	7A-655
	23.3(a)	143-660 to 143-664
	(b)	143B-426.21
	(c), (d)	143-660 note
	23.4(a)	113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-21 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66 note
	24	90-85.27 note, 108A-54
	24.2(a)	108A-57
	(b), (c)	108A-57 note
	24.4A	143-16.3 note, 143-23
	24.5	143B-138 note
	24.8(a)	120-204 to 120-207
	24.11	90B-5 note, 90B-10
	24.16A	108A-27 note
	24.17	143-49
	24.20	143B-136 note
	24.21A	7A-647 note
	24.22(a)	158-15.1
	(b), (c)	158-15.1 note
	24.26B(a)	122A-5.13
	(b)-(d)	122A-5.13 note
	24.29(a)	143B-168.10 note
	(b)	143B-168.12
	(c)	143B-168.13
	(d)(1)	143B-168.14
	(2)	143(B)-168.14 note
	(e)	143B-168.15
	(f)	143B-168.10 note
	(g)	120-70.70 to 120-70.92 Repealed
	(i)-(k)	143B-168.10 note
	24.30(a)-(c)	105A-2 note
	(d)	105A-2
	(e), (f)	105A-2 note
	25.2(a)	105-113.81A, 105-113.82
	(b)	105-113.81A
	26	63A-23
	26.5(b)	143B-437A(c1)
	26.6	96-5
	26.7	143B-431.1 note
	26.9	96-5 note
	27, 27.1	143-215.74 note
	27.4(a)	143-214.8 to 143-214.13
	(b)	143B-282
	(c), (e)	143-214.8 note
	27.6(a)	113-145.1 to 113-145.8
	(b)	143-15.3B
	(c)	113-145.6(g)
	(d)	143-15.3B note
	27.10	130A-294.1 note, 130A-310.10 note
	27.13	143-215.10G note
	27.15(a)-(c)	113-291.6 note
	27.22(a), (b)	143-215.74
	(c)	143-215.74 note
	27.24(a)	143-670 to 143-673
	(b)	143-670 note
	27.31(a), (b)	130A-334
	(c)	130A-335
	(d)-(f)	130A-336
	27.33	113.202 L.M.
	27.34(a)	143-215.10A
	(b)	143-215.10B
	(c)	90A-47.3
	(d)	106-805
	(e)	143-215.10A note
	(f)	143-215.114A
	27.36	150B-21.3 note
	28(a)	147-11
	28.2(b)	62-10
	(c)	96-3

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	28.4	7A-101
	28.5	7A-102
	28.6(a), (b)	7A-171.1
	28.7, 28.8	120-37
	28.18(a)	126-7 note
	28.20	note
	28.21(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	120-4.22A
	(d)	128-27
	28.23(a)	135-40.1
	(b)	135-40.3
	28.24	135-40.6
	28.25	7A-465
	29.2	7A-45, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-647 note, 7A-790 note, 20-39 note, 90-85.27 note, 96-5 note, 105-113.46, 105-113.47 note, 105A-2 note, 108A-27 note, 108A-54 note, 108A-57 note, 113-145.1 note, 113-291.6 note, 113A-1 to 113A-10 note, 113A-50 to 113A-66 note, 115C-1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-316 note, 115C-489.3 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-39 note, 116-19 note, 116-30.3 note, 116-41.18 note, 116-143 note, 116B-23 note, 120-70.90 note, 122A-5.13 note, 122C-411.1 note, 126-7 note, 130A-294.1 note, 130A-310.10 note, 133-1.1 note, 143-1 note, 143-11 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-15.3B note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note, 143-27 note, 143-131 note, 143-132 note, 143-135.6
18	29.2	note, 143-211 note, 143-214.8 note, 143-215.10G note, 143-215.74 note, 143-660 note, 143-670 note, 143B-136 note, 143B-138 note, 143B-168.10 note, 143B-260 note, 143B-273.15 note, 143B-431.1 note, 148.5 note, 150B-21.3 note, 158-15.1 note
	29.5	7A-45 note, 7A-45.1 note, 7A-60 note, 7A-101 note, 7A-102 note, 7A-133 note, 7A-171.1 note, 7A-198 note, 7A-304 note, 7A-465 note, 7A-523 note, 7A-524 note, 7A-603 note, 7A-655 note, 14-32.4 note, 14-34.7 note, 14-315 note, 15A-502 note, 15A-1343 note, 15A-1368.4 note, 15A-1368.6 note, 15A-1376 note, 20-4 note, 20-39 note, 20-79.5 note, 20-79.7 note, 62-10 note, 63A-23 note, 89C-3 note, 89C-14 note, 89E-3 note, 90-95 note, 90A-47.3 note, 90B-10 note, 96-3 note, 96-5 note, 105-113.46 note, 105-113.47 note, 105-113.81A note, 105-113.82 note, 105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-277.1 note, 105-277.1A note, 105-309 note, 105A-2 note, 106-805 note, 108A-53 note, 108A-57 note, 113-145.1 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-105.21A note, 115C-109 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1996 (2nd Ex. Sess.) General Statutes
18	29.5	115C-110 note, 115C-113 note, 115C-150.5 note, 115C-174.11 note, 115C-288 note, 115C-290.5 note, 115C-290.7 note, 115C-290.8 note, 115C-295.1 note, 115C-295.2 note, 115C-295.3 note, 115C-302 note, 115C-468 note, 115C-489.3 note, 115C-521 note, 115D-5 note, 115D-39 note, 116-30.1 note, 116-30.2 note, 116-44.6 note, 116-209.25 note, 116B-23 note, 120-3.1 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-32.01 note, 120-32.1 note, 120-36.6 note, 120-37 note, 120-70.36 note, 120-70.46 note, 120-70.52 note, 120-70.65 note, 120-70.82 note, 120-70.90 note, 120-70.92 note, 120-70.95 note, 120-70.101 note, 120-70.102 note, 120-76 note, 120-204 note, 121-9 note, 122A-5.13 note, 126-7 note, 128.27 note, 130A-334 note, 130A-335 note, 130A-336 note, 135-5 note, 135-40.1 note, 135-40.3 note, 135-40.6 note, 135-65 note, 136-12 note, 136-16.6 note, 136-18 note, 136-44.7A note,
18	29.5	136-89.56 note, 136-176 note, 143-8 note, 143-12 note, 143-15.2 note, 143-15.3A note, 143-15.3B note, 143-16.3 note, 143-18.1 note, 143-23 note, 143-25 note, 143-27 note, 143-28.1 note, 14-34.6 note, 143-49 note, 143-135.26 note, 143-166.13 note, 143-200 note, 143-214.8 note, 143-214.9 note, 143-214.10 note, 143-214.11 note, 143-214.12 note, 143-214.13 note, 143-215.10A note, 143-215.10G note, 143-215.74 note, 143-215.114A note, 143-215B note, 143-341 note, 143-660 note, 143-665 note, 143-670 note, 143B-168.10 note, 143B-168.12 note, 143B-168.13 note, 143B-168.14 note, 143B-168.15 note, 143B-282 note, 146-26 note, 147-11 note, 147-54.5 note, 147-64.12 note, 148-29 note, 148-37 note, 150B-2 note, 150B-19 note, 150B-20 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-21.2 note, 150B-21.3 note, 158-15.1 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1997

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	120-33
	2	120-6.1
	3	120-29.1
2	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
3		143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
6	1	14-407 Repealed
	2	105-23
	3	105-130.22
	4	105-151.1
	5	105-163.010
	6	105-163.1
	7	105-164.3
	8	105-236
	9	105-253
	10	105-330.2
	11	105-449.95
	12	105-449.105
	13	105-449.106
	14	105-449.107
	15	105-449.108
	16	117-19
	17	119-15
	18	119-16.2
	19	159-48
	20	159I-30
	21	105-23 note, 105-130.22 note, 105-151.1 note, 105-163.010 note, 105-163.1 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-236 note, 105-253 note, 105-330.2 note, 105-449.95 note, 105-449.105 note to 105-449.108 note, 117-19 note, 119-15 note, 119-16.2 note, 159-48 note, 159I-30 note
7	1	122C-112 note, 122C-115 note, 122C-116 note
8	1	62A-7
9	1	1-597
	2	14-34.6
10	1	14-309.15
11	1, 2	163-201
	3	163-201 note
12	1	115D-12 L.M.
13	1	122A-8
	2	122A-11
14	1	11-11
	2	58-76-5
	3	147-12
15	1, 2	14-208.6
16	1	20-11
16	2	20-135.2A
	3	20-88.1
	4	20-322
	5	20-7
	6	20-12 Repealed
	7	20-12.1
	8, 9	20-7
	10	20-7 note, 20-11 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-88.1 note, 20-135.2A note, 20-322 note
	11	20-7 note, 20-11 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-88.1 note, 20-135.2A note, 20-322 note
17	1	105-201 note
18	1	115C-15 Repealed
	2	115C-21.1, 115C-22 Repealed
	4	115C-83 Repealed
	5	115C-102.8 Repealed
	6	115C-117 to 115C-120 Repealed
	7	115C-144 Repealed
	8	115C-238.22 to 115C-238.25 Repealed
	9	115C-298 Repealed
	10	115C-327 to 115C-329 Repealed
	11	115C-472 Repealed
	12	115C-123 to 115C-126.1 Repealed, 143B-216.40 to 143B-216.44
	13(a)	115C-127, 115C-128, Recodified, 115C-130 to 115C-133, Recodified, 143B-164.10, 143B-164.11, 143B-164.13, 143B-164.14 to 143B-164.17
	(b)	143B-164.11, 143B-176.1, 143B-176.2 Repealed
	(c)	143B-164.12
	14	115C-134 to 115C-138 Repealed
	15(a)	115C-12
	(b)	120-70.83
	(c)-(e)	115C-12
	(f)	115C-81
	(g)	115C-81.2
	(h)	115C-15
	(i)	115C-238.29I
	(j)	115C-238.33
	(k)	115C-102.7
	(l)	115C-415 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
18	(m)	115C-472.5
19	1	10A-16
20	1	115C-290.8
23	1	105-275
	2	105-276
	3	105-275
	4	105-282.1
	5	105-294
	6, 7	105-333
	8	105-275.2
	9	105-275
24	1	153A-158.1
25	1	160A-147
26	1-3	143-138
	4	143-137
	5	143-138
	6	143-138.1
	7	143-141
27	1	130A-290
	2	130A-294
	3	130A-290 note, 130A-294 note
28	1	130A-310.10
	2	130A-310.4
	3	130A-310.10 note
29	1	20-183.4
	2	20-183.4C
	3	20-183.6
	4	20-183.7
	5	20-183.8
	6	20-183.8B
	7	20-183.8C
	8	20-183.8D
	9	20-183.8F
	10	20-183.8E Recodified, 20-183.8G
	11	20-99
	12	20-183.2
30	1	130A-313
31	1	120-70.42
	2	120-70.42 note
33	1	20-324
34	1	150B-4
	2	150B-20
	3	150B-21.3
	4	150B-21.5
	5	150B-21.6
	6	150B-21.20
	7	150B-21.21
	8	150B-21.22
	9	150B-21.23
	10	1A-1-40
	11	7A-751
	12	15A-952
35	1	95-227
	2	150B-1
36	1	20-63
38	2	143-16.3 note
39	1	15-12 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
40		62-1 note, 62-110.1 note
42		153A-158 L.M.
44	5(b)	163-294.2 L.M.
47		18B-700 L.M.
48	1	160A-176.2
49	2	152-1 L.M.
52		58-84-1 L.M.
53	1	130A-310.1
54	1	53-224.14
55	1	105-228.90
	2	105-228.90 note
56	1	7A-10
57	1	143B-262
	2	15A-1340.11
	3	15A-1343
	4	15A-1343.2
	5	7A-771
	6	15A-1368.4
58	1	8-48
59	1, 2	122C-412
	3	122C-412.1
	4	122C-412.2
	5	122C-403
	6	122C-405
60	1	105-449.62
	2	105-449.65
	3	105-449.66
	4	105-449.67
	5	105-449.72
	6	105-449.77
	7	105-449.82
	8	105-449.87
	9	105-449.88A
	10	105-449.89
	11	105-449.90
	12	105-449.91
	13	105-449.92
	14	105-449.96
	15	105-449.97
	16	105-449.98
	17	105-449.105
	18	105-449.116
	19	105-449.117
	20	105-449.120
	21	105-449.122
	22	105-449.123
	23	105-449.133
	24	105-449.137
	25	105-449.138
63		153A-357 L.M., 160A-417 L.M.
64		115C-518 L.M.
68	1	160A-480.3
	2	160A-480.8
69	1	130A-190
70	1	15-190
71	1	116-30.1
72	1	7A-375
	2	7A-377

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
73	1, 2	131D-4.2
74	1	106-5 Repealed
	2	106-9 Repealed
	3	106-12, 106-13 Repealed
	5	106-15 to 106-19 Repealed
	7	106-21 Repealed
	8	106-169 to 106-173 Repealed
	9	106-197 Repealed
	10	106-429.1 to 106-434 Repealed
	11	106-436 to 106-451.1 Repealed
75	1	90-114
	2	131E-85
	3	90-128.1
	4	8-53.9
	4.1	90-118
76	1	90-85.27
	2	90-85.28
77	1	105-164.16
78	1	14-362.2
	2	14-362.1
79	1	15A-1340.20
80	1	14-72.1
	2	15A-1021
	3	15A-1340.17
	4	15A-1444
	5	113-136
	6	15A-1340.11
	7	15A-1340.14
	8	15A-1340.21
	9	90-98
	10	15-48 Repealed
	11	7A-598
	12	7A-600
	13	15A-263
	14	15A-273
	15	15A-281
81	1	50A-15
	2	50A-16
	3	31-30
82	1	7A-506
	2	7A-507
83	1	1-339.3A
	2	1-339.8
	3	1-339.8
	4, 5	1-339.13
	6	1-339.13A
	7	1-339.15
	8	1-339.17
	9	1-339.18
	10-12	1-339.20
	13	1-339.21
	14	1-339.22
	15-17	1-339.24
	18, 19	1-339.25
	20	1-339.26
	21-25	1-339.27
	26-28	1-339.28
	29-33	1-339.30
84	1	113A-52.01
	2	68-15
	3	106-22.4, 68-15 note, 113A-52.01 note
85		14-234 L.M., 14-236 L.M.
86		143-128 L.M., 160A-265 L.M., 160A-458.3 note
88	1	153A-27.1
93		160A-445 L.M.
94		160A-311 L.M.
96		14-234 L.M.
97	1	113-291.9
98		18A-17 L.M., 18A-52 L.M.
99		163-122 L.M.
101		160A-443 L.M.
106		160A-360 L.M.
109	1	105-163.1
	2	105-163.1 to 105-163.10, 105-163.15 to 105-163.17, 105-163.18 Repealed, 105-163.22 to 105-163.24
	3	105-236
	4	105-163.1
	5	96-8
	6	96-8 note
110	1	131D-10.6
111	1	159C-6
112	1	143-341.1
	2	120-32.1A
113	1	7A-517
114	1	7A-308
115	1	115C-116
116	1	58-78-1
117	1	130A-50
118	1	105-116.1
	2	105-116
	3	105-120
	4	105-114
	5	105-116.1 note
	6	105-259
119	1	1-339.25
	2	1-339.64
	3	1-339.25 note, 1-339.64 note
120	1	96-8
121	1	105-242
122	1	20-4.6 Repealed
	2, 3	20-7
	4	20-7.1
	5	20-37.12
	6	20-37.9
	7	20-67
123	1, 2	131E-99

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
124	1	131F-16
125	1	131D-40
	2	131E-265
126		160A-445 L.M.
129	2	75A-13.2
	3	75A-18
	4	75A-17 note
130		160A-265 L.M.
131		160A-265 L.M.
132	1-3	113-291.2 L.M.
	7	113-291.1 L.M.
133	1	8-46
	2	8-47
	3	46-25
134	1	18B-1100
	2	18B-1114.2
	3	18B-902
	4	18B-1107
135	1	108A-3
136	1	161-11.1
137	1, 2	130A-221
138	1	15A-146
139	1	105-130.42
	2	105-151.23
140	1	131D-10.2
	2	131D-10.3A
	3	114-19.4
	4	131E-265
141	1	1-567.31
	2	1-567.48
142	1	106-549.97, 106-549.98
	2, 3	113-129
	4, 5	106-549.15
	6	106-549.17
	7	106-549.18
	8	106-549.19
	9	106-549.22
	10	106-549.23
	11	106-549.25
	12	106-549.26
	13	106-549.27
	14	106-549.28
	15	113-291.3
143	1	160A-288
144	1	128-21
	2	143-166.50
145	1	97-26
146	1	95-25.3
	2	95-25.14
147	1	71A-7
	2	143B-407
148	2	143B-426.21 Repealed, 143B-472.41
	3	143B-426.39, 143B-472.42
	4	143B-426.39A Repealed, 143B-472.43
148	5	143B-426.40 Repealed, 143B-472.44
	6	143B-472.41 to 143B-472.44
	7	115C-102.5
	8	20-123
149	1	14-107.1
150	1	14-401.17
151	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
	2	160A-58.1 L.M.
152	1	166A-40 to 166A-53
153	1	127A-202.1
	2	127A-105
	3	127A-107
	4	127A-111
	5	127A-41.1
	6	127A-106
	7	95-241
154	1	49-14
155	1	158-8.3
156	1	20-79.4
157	1	93-12
	2	93-12.2
158	1	20-79.4
159	1	115C-105.27
160		160A-445 L.M.
161		159-7 L.M.
162	1	153A-158.1
164	1	153A-15
165		153A-345 L.M.
167	1	18B-1009
169		153A-185 L.M.
171	1	165-44.1 to 165-44.6
172	1	130A-124
	2	130A-131.19, 130A-131.25
	3	130A-131.19 note
173	1	143B-294
174	1-4	143-129
	5	143-131
	6	160A-266
	7	143-129.7
	8	143-129 note
175	1	7A-466
176	1	131E-128
	2	131D-31
177	1	90-85.6
178	1	20-117
179	1	58-16-20
180	1	15-12
	2	15-12 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	3	15-12 note
181	1	25-8-101 to 25-8-116, 25-8-201 to 25-8-210, 25-8-301 to 25-8-307, 25-8-401 to 25-8-407, 25-8-501 to 25-8-511
	2	25-9-103

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
181	3	25-9-105
	4	25-9-106
	5	25-9-115
	6	25-9-116
	7	25-9-203
	8	25-9-301
	9	25-9-302
	10	25-9-304
	11	25-9-305
	12, 13	25-9-306
	14	25-9-309
	15, 16	25-9-312
	17	25-1-105
	18	25-1-206
	19	25-4-104
	20	25-5-114
	21	25-10-104
	22	28A-13-3
	23	32-14 to 32-24 Repealed
	24	36A-70
	25	53-47
	26	53-159.1
	27	78A-63
182	3	18B-1006
183	1	163-128 L.M., 163-132.3 L.M., 163-132.5C L.M.
184	1, 2	143-129 L.M.
186		105-322 L.M.
188		160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
189	1	160A-198
	2	153A-142
190	1	153A-158.1
192	1	130A-403
	2	130A-412.1
	3	130A-412.2
193	1	132-10
194	1	116-40.5
195	1	90-515, 90-516
196	1	136-28.1
197	1	58-50-25, 58-50-30, 58-65-1, 58-65-35
	2	58-50-30, 58-65-1
198	1	106-761
	2	106-763.1
199	1	7A-109
	2	7A-109 note
200	1, 2(b)	55-14-22
201	1	160A-445
202	1	55-13-02
	2	55-13-25
	3	55-13-28
	4	55-13-30
203	1	84-5
204	1	115C-364
	2	115C-81
205	1	105-290
	2	105-290 note
206	1	159G-5
207	1	62-110
208	1	22A-1
209	1	105-187.16, 105-187.19, 130A-309.12, 130A-309.58, 130A-309.61, 130A-309.63
	2	130A-309.63
	3	105-187.19
210	1	108A-41
211	1	163-30
212	1	50-20.1
	2-5	50-20
213	1	105-266.2
214	1	90-171.61
215	1	48-2-305
	2	48-2-401
	3	48-2-403
	4	48-2-502
	5(a)-(c)	48-2-503
	(d)	48-2-503 note
	6(a)	48-2-604
	7(a)	48-3-702
	(b)	48-3-702 note
	8(a)	48-3-608
	(b)	48-3-608 note
	9(b)	48-9-102, 48-9-102
	(c)	48-9-102
	(d)	48-2-303
	10(a)	48-2-601
	11(a)	48-3-603
	(b)	48-3-201
	(c)	48-4-102
	(d)	48-3-602
	(e)	48-1-101
	12(a)	48-2-501
	(b)	48-4-104 Repealed
	13	130A-108
	14	48-2-206
	15	48-3-302
	16	48-3-601
	17	48-3-603
	18	48-9-107
	19(a)	48-3-301
	19.1(a)	48-3-704
	(b)	48-3-705
	(c)	48-3-707
217		163-128 L.M., 163-132.3 L.M., 163-132.5C L.M.
219	1	160A-58 L.M.
	2, 3	160A-58.1 L.M.
	4	160A-58.4 L.M.
221	3(e)	115C-105.40
	3(a)	115C-105.38A
	(b)-(d)	115C-105.38A note
	(e)	115C-105.38A note, 115C-105.40
	(f)	115C-105.38A note
	4(a)	115C-296

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
221	(b)-(e)	115C-296 note
	5	115C-296
	6(a), (b)	115C-296 note
	7(a)	115C-296
	(b)	115C-296 note
	8, 9	115C-296
	10(a)	115C-326
	(b)-(d)	115C-326 note
	11(a)	115C-325
	(b)	115C-325 note
	12(a)	115C-12
	(b)	116-11
	(c)	115C-12 note, 116-11 note
	(d)	116-11 note
	13(a)	115C-325
	14	115C-296
	17(a)	115C-296
	(c)	115C-296
	20(b)	115C-105.37
	26	115C-546.1
	27	115C-546.2
222	1	115C-431
	2	143-318.11
	3	115C-521
223	1	110-130.1 note
	2	110-130.1
224		18B-501 L.M.
225	1	58-51-61
	2	58-65-91
	3	58-67-74
	4	58-51-61 note, 58-65-91 note, 58-67-74 note
	5	58-51-61 note, 58-65-91 note, 58-67-74 note
226	1	105-130.34
	2	105-151.12
	3	105-134.6
	4	105-287
	5	105-317
	6	113A-230 to 113A-235
227	1, 2	15B-2
	3	15B-11
	4	15B-2 note, 15B-11 note
228	1	15A-931
229	1	7A-38.4
	2	7A-38.4 note
230	1	90-143
231	1	90-85.24
232	1	166A-15.1
233	1	131E-6
	2	131E-13
	3	131E-16
234	1	20-179.4
	2	143B-475.1
	3	20-17
235	1	143B-452
	2	143B-452 note
236	1	115C-521
	2	115C-530
	3	153A-158.1
	4	115C-528
237	1	15A-1368.6
	2	15A-1368
	3	15-196.1
	4	15-196.3
	5	15-196.4
	6	15A-1368.4
	7	15A-1368.2
238	1	14-269
	2	14-269.2
	3	14-269.4
	4	14-277.2
	5	14-415.22
	6	14-415.11
239	1	115C-12
	2	115C-12 note
240		115C-563 note
241	1	54C-8
	2.1	53-212.1
	2	54C-64
242	1	130A-93
	2	130A-93.1
244	1	55B-15
246	1	153A-335 L.M.
	2	160A-376 L.M.
247		143-135 L.M.
248	1(a)	161-5 L.M.
	2(a)	162-5.1 L.M.
	3(a)	153A-27.1 L.M.
249		160A-58.1 L.M.
251	2	160A-58.1 L.M.
256	6	164-35 note, 164-35, 164-36 to 164-45
	7	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note
	8	20-39
	10	113-291.6 note
	11	143-27
	12	113-202 L.M.
257	1	77-70 to 77-78
258	1	66-58
	2	113-35
	3	66-58 note, 113-35 note
259	1(a)	58-68-1 to 58-68-20 Repealed
	(b)	58-68-1
	(c)	58-68-25 to 58-68-75
	2	58-50-110
	3, 4	58-50-125
	5, 6	58-50-130
	7	58-51-15
	7.1	58-51-15
	8	58-51-80
	9	58-51-80

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
259	10	58-53-1
	11	58-53-5
	12	58-53-35
	13	58-53-50
	14	58-53-55
	15	58-55-31
	16	58-65-25
	17	58-65-60
	18	58-67-85
	19	58-3-169
	20	58-3-170
	21	58-51-55
	22	58-65-90
	23	58-67-75
	24	58-3-173 Repealed
260	1	114-19.6
	2	114-19.6 note
261	1	19A-22
	2	19A-23
	3	62-102
	4-6	66-58
	7	81A-9
	8	81A-29
	9	81A-51
	10	81A-71
	11	90-187.10
	12	105-130.37
	13	105-151.14
	14	105-259
	15	106-1
	16	106-2
	21	106-21.1
	22	106-21.2
	23	106-22.1
	24	106-22.2
	25	106-24
	26	106-24.1
	27	106-65.23
	28, 29	106-65.24
	30	106-65.44
	31	106-65.69
	32	106-121
	33	106-134
	34	106-141.1
	35	106-145.2
	36	106-185
	37, 38	106-202.14
	39	106-202.15
	40, 41	106-202.19
	42	106-245.14
	43	106-245.31
	44	106-251
	45	106-266.6
	46	106-268
	47	106-277.9
	48	106-277.28
	49	106-307.1
	50	106-313
	51	106-322.3
	52	106-418.10
	53	106-426
	54	106-451.7
	55	106-451.9
	56	106-542
	57	106-549.01
	58	106-549.15
	59	106-549.29
	60	106-549.38
	61	106-549.51
	62	106-549.52
	63	106-549.94
	66	106-627
	67	106-635
	68, 69	106-662
	70	106-708
	71	106-758
	72	106-760
	73-76	106-761
	77	106-762
	78	106-783
	79	106-792
	80	113-129
	81	113-273
	82	113A-164.4
	83	119-26.1
	84	119-27.1
	85	122D-3
	86	130A-250
	87	130A-278
	88	136-18.2
	89	143-64.5
	90	143-436
	91	143-438
	92	143-468
	93	143A-11
	94-95	143A-56
	96	143A-58
	97	143A-59
	98	143A-60
	99	143A-61
	100	143A-62
	101	143A-63
	102	143A-64
	103	143A-65
	104	143B-417
	105	143B-434
	106	148-66
	107	148-67
	108	166A-26
	109	20-118.1, 44-69.2, 54-49, 54-59, 54-62, 54-128, 58-31-5, 80-59, 80-62, 81A-2, 81A-7, 81A-10, 89D-4, 105-77 Repealed, 105-113.81A, 105-113.82, 105-277.7,

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
261	109	106-6.1, 106-9.2, 106-9.4, 106-12, 106-17, 106-18, 106-19, 106-21, 106-65.38, 106-65.46, 106-65.57, 106-65.85, 106-65.90, 106-92.8, 106-92.11, 106-125, 106-138, 106-140.1, 106-141, 106-168.3, 106-168.5, 106-194.1, 106-202.16, 106-202.17, 106-202.20, 106-245.17, 106-267, 106-269, 106-270, 106-277.29, 106-284.42, 106-284.43, 106-308, 106-309, 106-314, 106-316, 106-340, 106-343, 106-360, 106-388, 106-392, 106-405.7, 106-405.16, 106-405.17, 106-407.1, 106-408.1, 106-411, 106-414, 106-418.11, 106-427, 106-428, 106-435, 106-446, 106-451.24, 106-451.25, 106-465, 106-503.1, 106-539, 106-543, 106-546, 106-547, 106-549.20 to 106-549.22, 106-549.31, 106-549.58, 106-549.59, 106-549.65, 106-549.69, 106-549.70, 106-549.97, 106-564.1, 106-568.3, 106-568.8, 106-568.9, 106-579.4, 106-579.8, 106-579.10, 106-583, 106-601, 106-608, 106-621, 106-624, 106-665, 106-671, 106-677, 106-720, 106-727, 106-750, 106-751, 106-759, 113-19, 113-60.5, 113-132, 113A-224, 119-13.2, 119-61, 122D-4, 130A-21, 143-439, 143-469, 146-30, 147-72
263	1	153A-15
265	1(a), (b)	120-30.9E L.M.
	2(a)	120-30.9E L.M.
	(b)	120-30.9G L.M.
268	1	15A-511
	2	15A-304
269	1	115C-364
270	1	40A-6
	2	136-121.1
	3	105-277.4
	4	40A-4
271	1	115C-366
272	1	105-277.3
273	1, 2	115C-81
274	1	14-415.12A
	2	14-415.10
	3	14-415.14
277	1	105-129.2 to 105-129.6, 105-129.9, 105-129.12
	2	105-129.4
	3	105-129.15, 105-129.16
	4	105-129.2 note
278	1	150B-1
	2	135-38
	3	135-39.8
279	1	116B-23
	2	116B-23
281	1, 2	160A-360 L.M.
284	1	93-12
285	1	53-122
	2	53-184
	3	53-184
286	1	143B-344.16, 143B-344.17
	2	143B-289.19
	3	143B-289.41
	4	143B-289.43
	5	143B-289.44
	6	143B-279.3
	7	120-123
287	1	132-1.5
288	1, 2	143B-262.2
289	1	15-194
290	1	143-318.10
	2	143-318.11
291	1	39-15 to 39-23 Repealed
	2	39-23.1 to 39-23.12
292	1	105-113.105, 105-113.105 note, 105-113.106 to 105-113.109, 105-113.111, 105-113.113
293	1	71A-5
	2	143B-407
295		153A-15 L.M.
296		
297	1	1-50
	2	1-52

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
297	3	1-50 note, 1-52 note
298	1	87-21
299	1	153A-18
300	1	105-263
	2	105-129
	3	105-130.17
	4	105-129 note, 105-130.17 note, 105-263 note
301	1	97-38
302	1	50-20
	2	50-21
	3	50-20 note
303		162-58 L.M.
304	1, 2	90-95
	3	8-53.9
	4	7A-42
305	3	160A-168 L.M.
306	1	14-277.3
307	1	159I-30
308	1	97-25
309	1	39-32.3
	2	47-30
	3	47-30.2
	4	136-102.6
	5	153A-321
	6	153A-332
	7	160A-361
	8	160A-373
	9	161-10
	10	89C-26 Repealed
	11	130A-99
	12	132-3
	13	121-5
	15	121-5 note, 130A-99 note, 132-3 note
310	1	30-16
	2	30-17
	3	30-19 to 30-21, 30-23, 30-24
	4	7A-307
311	1	53-43.7
312	1	58-51-62
	2	58-65-96
	3	58-67-79
	4	58-50-155
	5	135-40.6
	6	58-50-155 note, 58-51-62 note, 58-65-96 note, 58-67-79 note, 135-40.6 note
313	1	90-210.18 note, 143B-472 note, 143B-472.2 note
	2	143B-472 Repealed, 143B-472.1 Repealed
	3	143B-472.2
	4	143B-472.3
	5	143B-472 note, 143B-472.2 to 143B-472.8, 143B-472.10, 143B-472.12, 143B-472.14, 143B-472.16 to 143B-472.19, 143B-472.22, 143B-472.24 to 143B-472.28
	6	143B-472.3, 143B-472.4, 143B-472.12, 143B-472.27
	8	143B-472 note, 143B-472.2 note
314	1	143-64.34
315	1	66-58
317	2	160A-63 L.M.
318	1, 2	105-267 note
319	1	20-297.1
	2	20-301
	3	20-305
	4	20-305.1
	5	20-305 note
320	1	122C-430, 122C-430
	2	122C-421
325	1	115C-296
326	1	113-270.1D
	2, 3	113-270.1C
	4	143-250.1
	5	113-298
	6	113-270.1C note
327	1, 2	20-79.1
	2.1	20-75
328	1	105-134.6
329	1	131F-3
330	1	47-29.1
	2	130A-301
	3	130A-290
331	1	143B-465
	2	113-315.36
	3	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
332	1	58-36-75
	2	58-36-75 note
333	1	39-6.4
	2	39-6.4 note
334	1	25-3-506
335	1	20-79
	2	20-79.2
	3	20-79.2 note
336	1	25-9-312
337	1	113A-120.2
	2	113A-120
338	1	108A-70.10 to 108A-70.16
339	1	20-79.4
340	1	105-164.14
	2	105-259
341	1	20-141
	1.1	20-141.1

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
343		160A-31 L.M., 160A-49 L.M., 160A-58.1 L.M., 160A-58.2 L.M., 160A-58.7 L.M.
346	1	160A-331
	2	160A-332
	3	117-10.2
	4	117-20
	5	117-24
	6	117-10.2 note, 117-20 note, 117-24 note, 160A-331 note, 160A-332 note
347	2	164-35, 164-35 note, 164-36 to 164-45
	3	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note
	4	20-39
	6	113-291.6 note
	7	143-27
	8	113-202 L.M.
348	1	18B-102.1
349	1	126-1
	2	126-3
	3	126-4
350	1	58-3-215
	2	95-28.1A
	3	95-241
	4	58-3-215 note, 95-28.1A note, 95-241 note
351	1	143-162.1
352	1	113A-178
	2	113A-180.1
	3	113A-183
353	1	97-88.2, 97-88.2
	2	97-94
354	1	20-118
355	1	105-277.12
356	1	14-269.1
357	2	130A-310.30 to 130A-310.40
	3	130A-26.1
	4	130A-308
	5	130A-310.7
	6	143-215.3
	7	143-215.84
	8	130A-26.1 note, 130A-308 note, 130A-310.7 note, 130A-310.30 note, 143-215.3 note, 143-215.84 note
358	1	143B-301.10 to 143B-301.12
	2	87-98.1 to 87-98.13
	3	87-94
	4	87-85
	5, 6	143-355
	7	87-91
	8	143B-301.11 note, 143B-301.12 note
	9	87-98.1 note
	10	143B-301.10 to 143B-301.12
362	1	58-47-1
	2	58-47-1 to 58-47-50 Repealed
	3	58-47-60 to 58-47-140, 58-47-150 to 58-47-205
	4	97-165 to 97-200
	5	97-93
	6	97-143
	7	58-2-145 Repealed, 97-96 Repealed
	8	97-130
	9	97-131
365	1	113-270.1A
	2	113-270.1A note
366	1	113-77.7
	2	113-77.9
367	1	130A-248
368	1, 2	1-567.30
	3	1-567.33A, 1-567.68 Repealed
	4	1-567.34
	5	1-567.30
	6	1-567.31
	7	1-567.68 to 1-567.87
	8	1-567.30 note, 1-567.31 note, 1-567.34 note, 1-567.78 note
369	1	90-151.1
	2	105-164.13
	3	90-151.1 note
370	1	105-164.3
	2	105-164.13
371	1	106-557
	2	106-783
	3	106-785
	4	106-785 note
372	1	15A-299
	2	15A-300 note
373	1	20-118
	2, 3	20-119 note
375	1	90-171.38
	2	90-171.44
	3	58-50-25
	4	143B-480.2
376	1	99E-1 to 99E-3
	2	99E-10 to 99E-14
	3	99E-1 note, 99E-10 note
377	1	20-7
379	1.1	20-28.2
	1.2	20-28.3
	1.3	20-28.4

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
379	1.4	20-28.5
	1.5	20-28.6
	1.6	20-28.7
	1.7	20-219.10
	1.8	1-339.4
	2.1-2.8	20-179
	3.1-3.3	20-16.2
	3.4-3.8	20-16.5
	4	20-138.3
	5.1	20-4.01
	5.2	20-138.3
	5.3-5.5	20-139.1
	5.6	20-179.3
	6	20-138.5
	7	1-339.4 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-16.2 note, 20-16.5 note, 20-28.2 to 20-28.7 note, 20-138.3 note, 20-138.5 note, 20-139.1 note, 20-179 note, 20-179.3 note, 20-219.10 note
380	2	160C-1, 160C-2
	3	160A-20
	4	159-148
381	1	143B-283
	2	143B-283 note
382	1	87-21
	2	87-22
	3	87-23
	4	87-21
383	1	115C-296
	2	115C-296 note
384	1	90-171.27
385	1	90-90
386	1	47-20.5
	2	47-20.5 note
387	1	90-522 to 90-540
388	1	148-82
	2	148-83
	3	148-84
	4	105-134.6
	5	105-134.6 note, 148-82 note, 148-83 note, 148-84 note
390	1	7A-289.32
	2	7A-289.32
	3	7A-517
	3.1	7A-544
	3.2	7A-517
	4	7A-576
	5, 6	7A-577
	7	7A-585
	8	7A-651
	9	7A-657
	10	108A-74
	11	120-215 to 120-220
	11.1	131D-10.6A
391	1	53-275 to 53-289
	2	53-281 note
392	1	143-215.104A to 143-215.104U
	2(a), (b)	143B-282
	3	58-2-40
	4	105-187.30 to 105-187.34
	4.1	105-259
	4.2-4.4	130A-310.31
	4.5	130A-310.37
	5	105-259 note
	6	143-215.104D note, 143-215.104U note
	7	143-215.104F note, 143-215.104N note
	8	143-215.104D note, 143-215.104H note, 143-215.104I note, 143-215.104K note, 143-215.104P to 143B-215.10R
393	1	160A-630 to 160A-651
	2	105-164.14
	3	159-81
	3.1	160A-630 note
394	1	130A-310.3
	2	130A-310.8
	3	130A-310.9
	4	143-215.84
	5	143-215.85A
	6	143-215.88B
395	1	18B-1006
396	1	58-3-152
	2, 3	20-279.21
397	1	105-164.13
398	1-3	96-10
	4	96-9
	5	96-13
	6	96-10 note
399	1	90-210.20
	2, 3	90-210.23
	4	90-210.24
	5-13	90-210.25
	14	90-210.27A
	15	90-210.28
	16	90-210.41
	17	90-210.43
	18	90-210.44
	19	90-210.45
	20	90-210.46
	21	90-210.47
	22	90-210.48
	23	90-210.60
	24	90-210.63
	25	90-210.64
	26	90-210.66
	27	90-210.67
	28	90-210.68
	29, 30	90-210.69
	31, 32	90-210.70

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
399	33	90-210.73
	34	130A-419, 130A-420
400	1.1	143B-289.20 note
	2.1	143B-289.50 to 143B-289.61
	2.2	143B-289.52
	3.1	143B-279.8
	3.2	143B-282
	3.3	113A-106.1
	3.4	113-182.1
	3.5	113-129
	4.1	113-187
	4.2	113-191
	4.3	113-221
	4.5	113-191
	5.1	113-168.1 to 113-173
	5.2	113-168.2 note
	5.3	113-173 note
	5.4	113-151.1 to 113-153.1 Repealed, 113-155.1 Repealed, 113-156, 113-156.1 Repealed, 113-158 Repealed, 113-160 to 113-167 Repealed
	5.5	113-182.1 note, 143B-289.52 note
	5.7	113-203
	6.1	113-152 note
	6.2	113-152 note
	6.3(a)	143B-289.1 to 143B-289.12 Repealed, 143B-289.19 to 143B-289.23 Repealed, 143B-289.20 Repealed, 143B-289.40
	(b)	143B-289.40 to 143B-289.44
	(c)	143B-289.41
	(d)	143B-289.43
	6.4	143B-289.51 note
	6.5	143B-289.54 note
	6.6	113-182.1
	6.7	113-190 Repealed, 113-200
	6.9	113-182.1 note, 143B-279.8 note
	6.10	113-168 note
	6.13	143B-289.20 note
	6.14	113-202 L.M.
401	2	164-35, 164-35 note, 164-36 to 164-45
	4	20-39
	6	113-291.6 note
	7	143-27
402	1	130A-201
	2	113-291.2
403	1-3	150B-21.1
404	1, 2	96-8
	3	96-8 note
405	1	20-153
406	1	89A-1
	2	89A-2
	3	89A-3
	4	89A-3A, 89A-3.1
	5	89A-4
	6	89A-5
	7	89A-6
	8	89A-7
	9	89A-8
	10	114-4.2G
407	1	160A-413 L.M.
	2	115C-517 L.M.
409	1	153A-158.1
411	1-3	143B-62
	4	121-7
412	1	116-31.10, 116-31.11
	2	143-52
	3	143-53
	4	143-53.1
	5, 5.1	143-64.34
	6	143-341
	7	143-135.3
	8	150B-1
	9	143-3.3
	10	143-135.1
	11	133-1.1
	12	116-31.11 note
	13	116-31.10 note, 143-53 note, 143-53.1 note
414		160A-443 L.M.
415		160A-29 L.M.
417	2	20-97
	3	105-550 to 105-555
	4	105-560 to 105-564
	5	160A-623
418	2	164-35 to 164-45
	3	20-39
	5	113-291.6
	6	143-27
419	1-4	78A-2
	2	78A-2
	3, 4	78A-2
	5	78A-17
	6, 7	78A-24
	8	78A-30
	9	78A-31
	10	78A-38
	11	78A-49
	12, 13	78A-63
	14	78C-2
	15, 16	78C-16
	17	78C-17
	18	78C-18
	19	78C-46

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
419	20	78A-2 note, 78A-17 note, 78A-24 note, 78A-30 note, 78A-31 note, 78A-38 note, 78A-49 note, 78A-63 note, 78C-2 note, 78C-16 note, 78C-17 note, 78C-18 note, 78C-46 note
421	1	55B-14
	2	55B-2
422	1	115C-81
	2, 3	115C-81 note
423	1	105-164.14
	2	105-449.109
	3	105-164.13
	4	105-449.107
	5	105-164.14 note
	6	105-164.13 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-449.107 note, 105-449.109 note
424	1	90-237
	2	90-241
	3	90-244
	4	90-246
	5	90-249
	6	90-249.1
	7	90-238
426	1	62-140
	2	160A-660 to 160A-676
	3	105-116
	3.1	105-116.1
	4	105-164.3
	5	105-164.14
	6	159-81
	7, 7.1	160A-20
	8	62-3
	9	62-50
	10	62-140 note
427	1	20-79.4
	2	20-81.12
428	1	136-18
429	1	20-288
430	1	115C-238.29B
	2	115C-238.29K
	3	115C-238.29D
	4	115C-238.29E
	5	115C-238.29F
	6	115C-238.29G
	7	115C-238.29H
	8	115C-238.29I
	9	115C-238.29I
	10	115C-238.29J
	11	135-8
431	1	131D-34
	2	131E-129
432	1(a), (b)	160A-58.1 L.M.
	1.1	160A-58.1 L.M.
433	1	110-129.2
	2	110-129.1
	2.1(a)	50-13.4
	(b)	50-13.4 note
	2.2	50-13.4
	2.3	110-131.1
	3	110-136.3
	3.1	50-13.11
	3.2	108A-69
	3.3	105A-2
	4	20-7
	4.1	49-7
	4.2	49-14
	4.3	50-8
	4.4	50-13.4
	4.5	51-8
	4.6	93B-14
	4.7	110-132
	4.8	110-133
	4.9	49-12.1
	4.10	49-14
	4.11	110-132.2
	4.12	130A-101
	5	110-142
	5.1	110-142.1
	5.2	110-142.2
	5.3	50-13.12
	5.4	93B-13
	6	110-136.8
	6.1	110-136.3
	6.2	110-136.4
	7	44-86, 44-87
	7.1	50-13.4
	8.1	110-139
	8.2	110-139.1
	9	110-139.2
	9.1	110-139
	10	52C-1-101
	10.1	52C-2-203
	10.2	52C-2-205
	10.3(a), (b)	52C-2-207
	10.4	52C-3-304
	10.5	52C-3-305
	10.6	52C-3-306
	10.7	52C-3-307
	10.8	52C-5-501 to 52C-5-507
	10.9	52C-6-601
	10.10	52C-6-605
	10.11	52C-6-606
	10.12	52C-6-611
	10.13	52C-6-613, 52C-6-614
434	1-16	14-313
435	1	15A-286
	2	15A-291
	2.1	15A-293
	3	15A-294
	4	15A-298
436	1	162A-6

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
437	1	62-3
	2	62-110.5
	3	62-300
438	1	58-43-40
439	1	105-130.5
	2	105-130.7
	3	105-116.1
440	1	58-3-168
441	1	74E-6
	2, 3	14-415.10
	4	14-415.12
442	1	122C-51
	2	122C-71 to 122C-77
	3	122C-57
443	1	note
	1.1	note
	7(c)	143-34.2
	7.2(b)	148-82 note
	7.8(a)	143-16.3
	(b)	143-16.3 L.M.
	(c)	143-23
	(d)	143-27
	(e)	120-76
	7.9(a)	143-15.3B
	(b)	143-15.2
	(c)	143-15.3
	(d)	143-15.3A
	7.10	113-145.6A
	7.11	105-267 note
	8.7	115C-451, 115C-271
	8.8	115C-47 note, 115C-521 note, 143-64.17B note
	8.9	115C-302 note, 115C-316 note
	8.13	115C-301 note
	8.14	115C-105.36
	8.19	115C-238.29F
	8.20	115C-457.1 to 115C-457.3
	8.21	115C-417
	8.22(c)	116-143.5
	8.26(a)	115C-102.5
	(b)	115C-102.6B
	(c)	120-123
	8.27(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-12 note
	(c)	115C-105.1 to 115C-105.10
	(e)	115C-12
	8.29(a)(1)	115C-105.28 note
	(2)	115C-105.28
	(b)	115C-397.1
	(d)	115C-366
	(e)	7A-675.2
	(f)	115C-404
	(g)	15A-505
	(k)	115C-307
	8.29(m)	143B-152.5
	8.29(n)	143B-152.7
	(o)	115C-12
	(q)(1)	115C-391
	(r)(1)	115C-105.45 to 115C-105.47
	(2)	115C-105.27
	(s)	115C-402
	(t)	115C-288
	(u)	115C-12
	8.38(a)	115C-84 Repealed
	(b)	115C-84.1 Repealed
	(c)	115C-84.2
	(d)	115C-302 Repealed
	(e)	115C-302.1
	(f)	115C-272
	(g)	115C-285
	(h), (i)	115C-316
	(j)-(l)	115C-47
	8.45	115C-105.37
	9.5	115D-5
	9.6(a)	115D-5
	10.1	116-19 note
	10.2	116-143.3
	10.6	116-41.18
	10.8	116-30.2
	10.14	116-44.7
	10.19	116-30.3
	10.21	116-143 note
	11A.122	115C-414, 136-67, 143B-139
	11.3	90-411
	11.31	90B-10,
	11.35	7A-649 note, 115C-106 note, 122C-3 note, 122C-112 note, 122C-147 note, 122C-194 note, 130A-5 note, 134A-1 note, 143-18 note, 150B-1 note
	11.36	143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	11.37	114-2.1 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	11.46(a)	120-205
	11.52	115C-113 note
	11.55(a)	143B-168.12 note
	11.55(b)	143B-168.13 note
	11.55(l)	143B-168.12
	11.55(m)	143B-168.13
	11.55(n)	143B-168.15
	11.73	108A-41 note
	11A.1	143B-48, 143B-136
	11A.2	130A-55.1 Repealed, 143B-136 Repealed, 143B-137 Repealed, 143B-138 Repealed, 143B-279.6 Repealed
	11A.3	143B-136.1, 143B-137.1, 143B-138.1

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	11A.4	143B-275
	11A.5	143B-279.2
	11A.6	143B-279.3
	11A.7	7A-343.1
	11A.8	20-4.01
	11A.9	20-16.5
	11A.10	20-139.1
	11A.11	35A-1101
	11A.12	35A-1105
	11A.13	35A-1202
	11A.15	35A-1216
	11A.16	35A-1221
	11A.17	35A-1239
	11A.18	50-30
	11A.19	50-33
	11A.20	58-87-5
	11A.20A	58-39-75
	11A.21	66-58
	11A.22	90-85.34A
	11A.23	90-233
	11A.24	90A-21
	11A.25	90A-22
	11A.26	90A-23
	11A.27	90A-24
	11A.28	90A-25
	11A.29	90A-25.1
	11A.30	90A-28
	11A.31	90A-30
	11A.32	90A-55
	11A.33	95-126
	11A.34	95-131
	11A.35	95-149
	11A.36	95-225
	11A.37	97-61.1
	11A.38	97-72
	11A.39	97-73
	11A.40	106-65.23
	11A.41	106-143
	11A.42	106-168.5
	11A.43	106-266.6
	11A.44	110-91
	11A.45	110-92
	11A.46	111-1
	11A.47	115C-106
	11A.49A	115C-122
	11A.50	115C-323
	11A.51	115C-522
	11A.52	120-205
	11A.53	122C-112
	11A.54	130A-1.1
	11A.55	130A-2
	11A.56	130A-4
	11A.57	130A-4.1
	11A.58	130A-4.2
	11A.60	130A-17
	11A.61	130A-18
	11A.62	130A-19
	11A.63	130A-20
	11A.63A	130A-21
	11A.64	130A-22
	11A.65	130A-23
	11A.66	130A-24
	11A.67	130A-26.1
	11A.68	130A-27
	11A.69	130A-33.30
	11A.70	130A-33.31
	11A.71	130A-33.40
	11A.72	130A-33.41
	11A.73	130A-33.43
	11A.74	130A-33.44
	11A.75	130A-33.50
	11A.76	130A-131.2
	11A.77	130A-131.15
	11A.77A	130A-227
	11A.78	130A-231
	11A.79	130A-235
	11A.80	130A-280
	11A.81	130A-290
	11A.81A	130A-313
	11A.82	130A-334
	11A.83	130A-336
	11A.83A	130A-346
	11A.84	130A-342
	11A.85	130A-423
	11A.86	130A-427
	11A.87	130A-430
	11A.88	130A-434
	11A.89	131D-10.3A
	11A.90	131E-136
	11A.91	134A-1
	11A.92	143-117
	11A.93	143-138
	11A.94	143-138
	11A.95	143-280
	11A.96	143-300.8
	11A.97	143-436
	11A.98	143-573
	11A.99	143-575
	11A.100	143-576.2
	11A.101	143B-139.1
	11A.102	143B-139.2
	11A.103	143B-150.7
	11A.104	143B-150.9
	11A.105	143B-168.12
	11A.106	143B-179.5
	11A.107	143B-179.6
	11A.108	143B-181
	11A.108A	143B-279.7
	11A.109	143B-426.22
	11A.110	150B-1
	11A.111	148-10
	11A.112	153A-225
	11A.113	153A-226
	11A.114	159I-28
	11A.116	162A-30
	11A.117	163-82.14
	11A.118	7A-29, 7A-289.2, (a)

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	11A.118(a)	7A-289.13 to 7A-289.16, 7A-289.32, 7A-450.4, 7A-517, 7A-548, 7A-552, 7A-571, 7A-576, 7A-652, 7A-653, 7A-676, 8B-1, 8B-6, 8B-8, 8B-10, 14-45.1, 14-309.7, 14-309.11, 14-313, 14-316.1, 15-155.1, 15-155.2, 15-206, 15A-533, 15A-534.2, 17C-3, 18B-805, 19-8.2, 20-17.6, 20-79.5, 20-79.7, 20-84, 35A-1116, 48-1-101, 50-13.4, 50-13.9, 52C-3-309, 58-3-185, 58-50-50, 58-51-120, 58-64-85, 58-67-10, 58-68-15, 62-157, 66-87, 66-88, 70-29, 72-34, 88-28.1, 90-14, 90-21.25, 90-88, 90-96, 90-96.01, 90-99, 90-101, 90-102, 90-107, 90-109, 90-109.1, 90-111, 90-113.3, 90-113.14, 90-113.32, 90-271, 90-294, 90-405, 90-408, 90-501, 93B-12, 93B-13, 96-8, 96-17, 105-60 Repealed, 105-164.13, 105-187.6, 105-449.106, 105A-2, 106-141, 106-266.17, 106-583, 108A-1, 108A-2, 108A-3, 108A-9, 108A-10, 108A-14, 108A-15.1, 108A-18, 108A-24, 108A-25, 108A-26, 108A-39.1, 108A-51, 108A-59, 108A-62, 108A-65, 108A-68, 108A-69, 108A-70, 108A-70.5, 108A-79, 108A-80, 108A-103, 108B-23, 110-50, 110-51, 110-52, 110-55, 110-56, 110-57.1, 110-57.3, 110-86,
443	11A.118(a)	110-90, 110-90.2, 110-93, 110-100, 110-102, 110-129, 110-130.1, 110-136, 110-136.2, 110-136.3, 110-136.9, 110-139, 110-139.1, 110-141 to 110-142.2, 111-4 to 111-8.1, 111-12.1, 111-12.2, 111-12.3, 111-12.5, 111-12.6, 111-13, 111-14, 111-16, 111-17, 111-18, 111-20, 111-24, 111-25, 111-27, 111-27.1, 111-27.2, 111-28, 111-28.1, 111-29, 111-30, 111-31, 111-41, 111-44, 111-46, 111-47, 111-48, 111-50, 113-271, 114-19.2, 114-19.4, 114-19.5, 115C-110, 115C-111, 115C-113, 115C-113.1, 115C-115, 115C-117, 115C-121, 115C-122, 115C-123, 115C-124, 115C-126.1, 115C-127, 115C-128, 115C-130, 115C-131, 115C-144, 115C-132, 115C-139, 115C-250, 115C-325, 115D-1, 115D-5, 116-37.1, 116-209.30, 120-65, 120-70.72, 120-182, 122A-5.13, 122C-3, 122C-113, 122C-117, 122C-124, 122C-125, 122C-197, 122C-199, 122C-403, 122C-412.1, 122C-412.2, 122C-421, 126-5, 130A-248, 131A-19, 131D-1, 131D-2, 131D-4.2, 131D-4.3, 131D-6, 131D-10.2, 131D-10.3A, 131D-10.6A, 131D-11 to 131D-13, 131D-21, 131D-24 to 131D-29, 131D-31, 131D-32, 131D-34, 131E-1, 131E-13, 131E-76, 131E-117, 131E-125, 131E-128,

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	11A.118(a)	131E-138, 131E-154.2 131E-159, 131E-175, 131E-176, 131E-177, 131E-188, 131E-190, 131E-192.2, 131E-201, 131E-214.1, 131E-214.4, 131F-2, 134A-1, 134A-2, 134A-6, 134A-8, 135-16.1, 135-40.2, 135-40.6, 136-18, 136-41.1, 136-89.56, 137-31.3, 143-23.2, 143-31.1, 143-31.3, 143-48.1, 143-49, 143-116.6, 143-116.7, 143-117, 143-117.1, 143-118, 143-126.1, 143-127.1, 143-127.2, 143-138, 143-166.2, 143-166.13, 143-507, 143-508, 143-509, 143-510, 143-511, 143-512, 143-513, 143-514, 143-516, 143-545A, 143-546A, 143-548, 143-576.6, 143B-2, 143B-6, 143B-168.4, 143B-139.3 to 143B-139.7, 143B-147, 143B-148, 143B-150.5, 143B-150.6, 143B-152.1, 143B-152.5 to 143B-152.7, 143B-152.10, 143B-152.11, 143B-152.13 to 143B-152.15, 143B-153, 143B-154, 143B-157, 143B-158, 143B-161 to 143B-166, 143B-168.3, 143B-168.5, 143B-168.11, 143B-164.11, 143B-164.12, 143B-177, 143B-179, 143B-180, 143B-181.1, 143B-181.1A, 143B-181.1B, 143B-181.2, 143B-181.4,
443	11A.118(a)	143B-181.6, 143B-181.10, 143B-181.15, 143B-181.17, 143B-181.18, 143B-181.55, 143B-216.30, 143B-216.31, 143B-216.32, 143B-216.33, 143B-269, 143B-407, 143B-411.1, 143B-415, 143B-417, 143B-426.25, 143B-478, 147-45, 148-19, 150B-3, 153A-217, 153A-221, 153A-221.1, 153A-222, 153A-226, 153A-230.4, 153A-230.5, 153A-250, 153A-256, 162-56, 162A-21, 163-152.1, 168-2, 168-4.2, 168-4.3, 168-14
	(b)	48-2-604, 58-3-215, 90-411, 90-85.27, 108A-75, 114-19.6, 120-216, 122C-412
	11A.119(a)	7A-29, 14-131, 14-137, 15A-1343, 20-79.5, 20-128, 20-183.7, 47-30 62-102, 68-43, 69-25.5, 74-38, 74-49, 74-53, 74-76, 75A-17, 75A-5.1, 76-40, 77-13, 77-14, 87-85, 87-91, 87-94, 87-95, 90A-37, 90A-38, 90A-39, 90A-43, 90A-47.3, 100-2, 102-8, 102-9, 100-11, 100-12, 100-13, 100-14, 102-1.1, 102-10, 102-15, 102-17, 104E-10.1, 104E-5, 104E-7, 104E-9, 104E-15, 104E-17, 104E-24, 104F-4, 104G-11, 104G-13, 104G-22, 105-122,

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	11A.119(a)	105-130.10, 105-130.34, 105-151.12, 105-275, 105-277.7, 105A-2, 106-202.14, 106-202.17, 106-760, 106-762, 106-802, 106-805, 110-142.2, 113-1, 113-28.1, 113-28.2, 113-28.4, 113-29, 113-35, 113-44.9, 113-51, 113-60.4, 113-60.14, 113-60.15, 113-60.22, 113-60.32, 113-60.33, 113-61, 113-64, 113-77.6, 113-81.1, 113-128, 113-145.5, 113-145.8, 113-378, 113-389, 113A-33, 113A-52, 113A-74, 113A-75, 113A-85, 113A-103, 113A-104, 113A-107, 113A-112, 113A-113, 113A-118, 113A-124, 113A-129.2, 113A-153, 113A-164.3, 113A-166, 113A-167 to 13A-170, 113A-177, 113A-178, 113A-183, 113A-193, 113A-194, 113A-208, 113A-212, 113A-221, 113B-3, 120-70.33, 120-70.43, 120-70.62, 120-150, 120-161, 121-4, 126-5, 130A-310.8, 130A-336, 130A-342, 130B-2, 130B-22, 130b-22, 136-21, 136-28.8, 136-44.12, 136-44.36D, 136-102.3, 139-4, 139-5, 139-7, 139-8, 139-13, 139-46, 143-58.2, 143-116.8, 143-138, 143-166.2, 143-166.7, 143-166.13, 143-169, 143-177.3, 143-211, 143-212, 143-214.8, 143-214.11, 143-214.13, 143-215.3B, 143-215.18,
443	11A.119(a)	143-215.22I, 143-215.22J, 143-215.40, 143-215.70, 143-215.73A, 143-215.74F, 143-215.77, 143-215.86, 143-215.94HH, 143-240, 143-243, 143-252, 143-253, 143-286.1, 143-289, 143-320, 143-323, 143-350, 143-439, 143-670, 143-671, 143B-2, 143B-6, 143B-86, 143B-115, 143B-131.2, 143B-279.1, 143B-279.4, 143B-281.1, 143B-282, 143B-282.1, 143B-283, 143B-285.22, 143B-285.23, 143B-289.2 to 143B-289.5, 143B-289.11, 143B-289.12, 143B-289.20, 143B-289.43, 143B-290, 143B-294, 143B-295, 143B-298 to 143B-301, 143B-308, 143B-309, 143B-313.1, 143B-313.2 143B-317, 143B-318, 143B-333, 143B-334, 143B-335, 143B-336, 143B-336.1, 143B-344.17, 143B-344.18, 143B-407, 143B-411.1, 143B-417, 143B-426.22, 143B-426.25, 143B-437, 146-30, 146-8, 147-45, 150B-1, 158-8.2, 159I-7, 161-22.2
	(b)	87-98.2, 113-168, 113-182.1, 113A-230, 113A-231, 113A-232, 113A-234, 113A-235,

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	11A.119(b)	130A-310.8, 130A-301, 130A-310.35, 143-215.85A, 143-215.104M, 143B-279.8, 143B-289.51, 143B-289.53, 143B-289.40, 143B-289.44
	11A.122	115C-414, 136-67, 143B-139
	11A.123	58-78-1, 143-670, 143-671, 143B-279.5, 148-26, 153A-136, 153A-421, 156-59, 156-74, 156-76, 156-83, 159C-7, 159D-7, 159G-3 to 159G-6, 159G-8, 159G-12, 159G-15 to 159G-17, 159I-3, 162A-23, 162A-24, 162A-25, 162A-29, 162A-33, 162A-35, 166A-6.1, 166A-26
	11A.129	143B-10 note
	11A.129A	14-34.6
	11A.129B	14-276.1
	11A.129C	131E-155
	11A.129D	131E-158
	11A.129E	131E-159
	11A.129F	131E-161
	12.1	108A-27
	12.2	108A-24
	12.3	108A-25
	12.4	108A-25.1, 108A-25.2
	12.5	108A-27
	12.6	108A-27.1 to 108A-27.16
	12.7(a)	108A-29
	(d)	126-7.1
	12.8	108A-29.1
	12.8A	108A-31
	12.9	108A-38
	12.10	108A-49
	12.11	108A-58
	12.12	108A-80
	12.12A	143-15.3C
	12.13	153A-255
	12.14	108A-28, 108A-28.1 Repealed, 108A-30 Repealed, 108A-32 to 108A-35 Repealed, 108A-39.1 Repealed, 108A-92 Repealed
443	12.15	120-70.70 to 120.70.75 Repealed
	12.18	120-225
	12.21(a)	114-40 to 114-42
	(c)	143B-216.50, 143B-216.51,
	(d)	143B-216.50 note
	12.22	1-110
	12.23	15-155.1
	12.24	15-155.2
	12.25	95-25.3
	12.26	105A-2
	12.27	110-129
	12.28	110-130.1
	12.29	111-21
	12.30	143-318.14A
	12.31	143B-150.8
	12.35	108A-25.1 note
	14.4	105-113.81A
	14.5	122D-16
	15.3(a)	143-215.10A note
	(b)	143-215.10C note
	(c)	143-215.10A note
	15.4	143-215.10A note
	15.17(a)	130A-233, 130A-233, 130A-233.1
	15.18	130A-333 note
	15.28	130A-131.15 note
	15.30(b)	130A-131.7 to 130A-131.9G
	(c)	130A-131.7 note
	15.36(a)	143B-324.1 note
	(b)	143B-324.1 to 143B-324.3, 143B-446 to 143B-447.1 Repealed
	(c)	143B-324.1
	(d)	143B-324.2
	15.44(a), (b)	113-291.6 note
	15.48(a)	158-15.1
	(b)	143-215.22G
	(c)	143-215.22I
	15.49(a)	130A-309.25
	(b)	130A-309.63 note
	16.9(b)	143B-437A note
	16.27(a)	18B-1006
	(b)	18B-101
	16.28	18B-1001
	17(a)	95-255.1
	17(b)	95-136.1
	18.6(a)	164-35 to 164-45
	18.6(b)	164-38
	(c)	164-36
	18.7(c)	7A-347
	(d)	7A-348
	(e)	15A-826

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	18.7(f)	7A-348 note
	18.11(a)	7A-60
	(b)	7A-60 note
	18.12(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	18.13	7A-133
	18.15(a)	7A-675.3
	(b)	7A-675.3 note
	18.16	7A-69
	18.17(a)	143B-472.41
	(b)	143B-472.41 note
	18.22(a)	7A-308 L.M.
	(b)	14-107 L.M.,
	19(a)	148-29
	(b)	148-29 note
	19.8(a)	143B-273.15 note
	(b)	143B-273.4
	(c)	143B-273.12
	19.11(a)	15A-1343
	(b)	15A-1343 note
	19.14	95-28 Repealed
	19.17	148-37 note
	19.25(b)	90-95
	(c)	14-74
	(d)	14-90
	(e)	14-91
	(f)	14-92
	(g)	14-93
	(h)	14-94
	(i)	14-97
	(j)	14-98
	(k)	14-99
	(l)	14-100
	(m)	53-129
	(n)	58-2-162
	(o)	90-210.70
	(p)	14-7
	(q)	14-18
	(r)	14-255
	(s)	14-256
	(t)	148-45
	(u)	90-95
	(v)	148-46.1
	(w)	15A-1340.16
	(x)	14-291.2
	(y), (z)	14-159.6
	(aa)	14-79.1
	(bb)	14-70 L.M., 14-159.6 L.M.
	(cc)	14-69.1
	(dd)	14-69.2
	(ee)	15A-1340.16
	(ff)	14-72.1
	(gg)	14-34.5
	(hh)	14-34.7
	(ii)	90-95

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	19.26(a)	20-141.5
	(b)	20-141, 20-17
	(c)	20-179
	(d)	58-36-75
	(e)	143-116.8
	19.27(a)	120-86
	20.10(b)	20-39
	20.11(b)	17E-2
	(c)	17E-7
	(d)	17E-7 note
	20.12(a)	90-600 note
	(b)	90-600 to 90-604
	20.14(a)	114-2.4
	21(b)	120-71 note
	21.4(a)	120-70.93, 120-70.95
	(b)	147-16
	(c)-(e)	148-37
	(f)	120-70.93 to 10-70.95 note, 147-16 note, 148-37 note
	22.1(b)	120-70.106 to 120-70.108, 120-70.110 to 120-70.112
	22.2(a)	126-90
	(b)	126-5
	23(a)	58-85A-1
	(b)	143-3.7 Repealed
	(c)-(e)	58-85A-1 note
	24(a)	143B-472.41
	(b)	143B-472.41 note
	25	147-64.5
	26.1	58-6-25
	27.2(a)	143-635
	27.4	143-342.1
	29.1(a)	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
	(b)	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
	(c)	105-130.41
	(d)	105-151.22
	(e)	105-130.41 note, 105-151.22 note
	30.1	143B-131.2
	30.5	143-675 to 143-679
	31	163-82.11 to 163-82.13 note
	31.1	163-166 Repealed
	32.1	143B-350
	32.3	136-16.10
	32.5	136-44.2
	32.7(a)	20-63
	(b)	20-63 note
	32.11	136-28.1 note, 143-52 note, 143-53, 143-58 note, 143-128, 143-129 note
	32.12	136-44.16
	32.19	136-44.3

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
443	32.20	20-11 note, 20-12.1 note, 20-88.1 note, 20-135.2A note, 20-322 note
	32.25(a)	20-43.1
	(b)	20-26
	(c)	20-27
	(d)	20-43
	32.26	20-71.3
	32.27(b)	160A-630 note
	32.30(a)-(c)	147-69.1 note
	(f)	136-16.6
	(g)	136-16.6 note
	(j)	147-12
	(k)	124-6
	(l)	124-6 note
	33(a)	147-11
	33.3	96-3
	33.4	97-78
	33.5	62-10
	33.8	7A-751
	33.9	7A-101
	33.10(a)	7A-102 note
	(b)	7A-102
	33.11	7A-171.1 note
	33.12	7A-102
	33.13, 33.15	120-37 120-32 note
	33.18	126-7 note
	33.20(a)	115C-341.1, 115C-441.1, 115D-25.1, 115D-25.2, 116-17.1, 116-17.2, 143-34.1
	33.22(a)-(c)	135-5
	(e)	135-65
	(f)	120-4.22A
	(g)-(j)	128-27
	33.25(a)	58-86-55
	(b)	58-86-55 note
	34.5	143-15.3A note
	34.9	143-34.8 to 143-34.8E, 143-34.40 to 143-34.45
	34.11	143-6.1
	35	143-1 note
	2	160A-265 L.M.
445	2.1	153A-342 L.M.
448	2.2	160A-29 L.M.
449	1	160A-443 L.M.
450	4	1A-1-4 L.M.
	5	90-95.3 L.M.
454	1	89C-25
455	1	157-6
	2	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
	3	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
456	1	7A-650
	2	14-277
	3	15A-401
	4	25-9-105
	5	25-9-312
	6	25-9-303
	7	28A-18-2
	8	41-19
	9	68-42
	10	68-43
	11	81A-26
	12	90-89
	14	106-727
	15	106-802
	16	115C-81.2
	17	115C-302
	18, 19	115D-2.1
	20	131D-2
	21	131D-20
	22	143B-153
	23	148-32.1
	24	153A-301
	25	153A-343
	26	113-133.1
	27	8-35.2, 90-21.27, 90C-4, 90C-9, 136-102.50, 66-27.01, 66-27A Recodified,
	28	1-339.25
	29	20-4.01
	30	20-28.2
	31	20-28.3
	32, 33	20-7
	34(a)	20-28.6
	(b)	20-139.1
	35	20-183.8C
	36	20-376
	37, 38	20-381
	39	53-212.1
	40(a)	58-51-62
	(b)	58-50-155
	42	58-68-45
	43(a)	105-305
	43.1(a)	110-91
	44	113-291.3
	45	120-34
	46(a)	120-70.80
	(b)	120-70.82
	47	122C-261
	48	130A-412.1
	49(a)	131E-146
	(b)	131E-146 note
	50	143-215.84
	52	163-201
	53	113-291.9
	54	130A-124
	55	115C-296 note

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
456	55.2A	66-58
	55.2B	113A-120, 113A-120.2
	55.3	25-9-403, 25-9-405, 25-9-406, 25-9-407 55-1-22, 55A-1-22, 57C-1-22
	55.4	115C-238.29F
	55.5	105-116.1
	55.6(a), (b)	143-215.85A
	55.7	113-173
	55.8	31-5.5
	55.9	135-40.7
	55.10	108A-27.9
	56.2(a)	48-3-706
	(b)	48-3-706 note
	56.7	7A-133 note
	56.8	14-159.3
457	1	83A-13
458	1	143-215.1 note, 143-215.10A note, 153A-240 note
	1.2(a)	143-215.1 note, 143-215.10A note, 153A-240 note
	(b)	143-215.1 note
	2.1	153A-340
	2.2	153A-340 note
	3.1	143-215.107
	4.1	106-802 to 106-805
	4.2	106-803 note
	5.1	159G-10
	5.2	159G-3
	6.1	143-215.1
	6.3	143-215.1 note
	6.4	143-215.1 note
	6.2	143-215.6A
	7.1	143-214.7
	7.2	143-214.7 note
	7.3	143-214.7 note
	8.2	143-215.8B
	8.4, 8.5	143B-282
	8.6	143B-282 note
	8.7	143-215.8B note
	9.1	143-215.1
	9.2	143-215.10C
	10.1	143-215.6E
	10.2	143-215.6E note
	11.1	143-215.6B
	11.2	143-215.1
	13.1	143-215
	13.3	153A-340 note
	13.4(a)	143-215.8B note
459	1	7A-675.1
	2	7A-675
460	1.2	58-84-1 L.M.
461	1	20-63
	2-4	20-79.4
462	1, 2	78A-39
	3	78A-46
	4	78A-47
	5	78A-50
	6	78C-2
	7	78C-19
	8	78C-27
	9	78C-28
	10	78C-31
463	1	159C-6
	2	159C-7
	3	159C-10
	4	159C-19
464	1	20-9.1
	2	90-21.20A
465	1	14-409.45 to 14-409.47
466	1	20-88
	2	20-118
	3	20-382.2
467	1	18B-307
	2	18B-902
	3	18B-1001
468	1	135-38
	2	135-39.5
	3	135-39.6
	4	135-39.6A
	5	135-39.8
	6	135-40.7
	7	135-41 to 135-41.3
469	1	1A-1-4
	2	10A-16
470	1	14-415.19
471	1	50B-1
	2	50B-2
	3	50B-4A
472	1	47E-4
	2	47E-5
	3	47E-6
	4	47E-8
	5	47E-1
	6	47E-4 note
473	1	157-29
	2	1-112
474	1	58-3-176
	2	58-3-190
	3	58-67-50
	4	58-67-66
475	1.1	105-164.4
	2.1	58-6-25 note
	2.2	58-6-25
	2.3, 2.4	97-133
	3.1	62-302 note
	4.1	7A-304
	5.5	25-9-405
	5.6	25-9-406
	5.7	25-9-407
	5.8	55-1-22 note
	5.1	55-1-22
	5.2	55A-1-22
	5.3	57C-1-22
	5.4	25-9-403

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
475	6.1	55-16-22
	6.2	55-1-21
	6.3	55-1-28
	6.4	55-14-20
	6.5	55-15-30
	6.6	55-16-01
	6.7	57C-2-23
	6.8	57C-3-25
	6.9	105-228.90
	6.10	105-256.1
	6.11	105-259
	6.12	105-256.1 note
476	1	80-1
	2	80-1.1
	3	80-2
	4	80-3
	5	80-3.1
	6	80-4
	7	80-5
	8	80-6
	9	80-7
	10	80-8
	11	80-9
	12	80-10
	13,	
	14	80-1 to 80-10 note
477	1	20-79.4
	2, 3	20-79.7
	4	20-81.12
	5	143B-297.1
478	1	1-539.12
479	1	130A-248
480	1	58-3-191
481	1	90-14
	2	90-14.13
	3	90-15.1
	4	90-16
	5, 6	90-29
	7	90-29.4
482	1	66-260 to 66-266
	2	14-401.15
483	1	120-217 note
	3.1	120-217
	8.1	130A-310.31 note
	9.1	20-128.2 note
	10.1	62-302 note
	13.1	97-77.1
	14.1	120-70.105 to 120.70.107
	14.2	120-70.105 note
484	1-3	20-79.4
	4, 5	20-79.7
	6	20-81.12
	7	115C-102.6D
485	1	55-14-22
	2	55A-14-22
	3	57C-6-03
	4	55-13-22
	5, 5.1	55-13-30
	6	55-1-22.2
	7	55A-1-22.2
	8	57C-1-22.2
	9	59-206.2
	10	55-1-22
	11	55A-1-22
	12	57C-1-22
	13	59-1106
	14	55-1-24
	15	55A-1-24
	16	57C-1-24
	17	59-206
	18	57C-2-22.1
	19	57C-6-06.1
	20	57C-1-22
	21	57C-2-30
	22	59-204
	23	55B-16
	24	59-201
	25	59-203
	26	59-206
	27	59-903
	28	57C-2-20
	29	55-11-04
486	1	15A-1340.14
	2-6	20-16.5
487	1	14-159.3
	2	14-134.2
488	1	20-141
489	1	143-134.2, 143-134.3
490	1	105A-1 to 105A-16
	2	105-266
491	1	90-171.23
492	1	90-113.30
	2	90-113.31
	3	90-113.32
	4	90-113.33
	5	90-113.34
	6	90-113.37
	7	90-113.38
	8	90-113.39
	9	90-113.40
	10	90-113.41
	11	90-113.41A
	12	90-113.42
	13	90-113.43
	14	90-113.44
	15	90-113.46
	16	90-113.47
	17, 18	90-113.40 note
493	1	143-214.14
	2, 3	143-214.14 note
	4	143-215.84 note, 143-215.94E note, 143-215.94V note
	5	143-215.94V note
494	1	106-810, 106-811
495	85.1	143-135.25
	86	158-8.4
	87(a)	158-8.2
	(b)	158-8.2 note

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
495	88(a)	143B-350
	(b)	143B-350 note
	89(a)	143B-434.1
	(b)	143B-434.1 note
	90(a)	143B-30.1
	(b)	143B-30.1
	(c)	143B-30.1 note
	91(a)	120-70.80
	(b)	120-70.82 note
	(c)	120-70.80 note
	92	120-74
496	1	90A-46.1
	2	113A-120
	3	143-215.1
	4	143-215.3
	5	143-215.4
	6	143-215.112
	7	143-215.114A
	8	143B-291
	9	143B-291 note
	10	143B-313.2
	11	143B-313.2 note
	12	106-802
	13	143-214.12
	14	143-215.10G
	15	143-215.74
	16	143B-282
	17	143-215.10C note
	18	113-133.1
497	1	108A-25.3
	2	108A-53.1
	3	108A-25.1 note
498	1	58-45-5
	2	58-45-25
	3	58-45-30
	4	58-33-100
	5, 6	58-45-35
	7, 8	58-45-45
	9	58-45-1
	10	58-46-1
	11	58-45-1, 58-46-1 note
	12	58-45-1, 58-46-1 note
	13	58-45-1, 58-46-1 note
	14	58-45-5 note
499	1, 2	105-151.20
500	1	55B-14
501	1	90-92
	2	14-401.15
502	1	130A-45 to 130A-45.11
	2(a), (b)	130A-2
	3	105-164.14
	4	128-37
	5	153A-77.1
	6	153A-149
	7	106-266.17
	8	88-28.1
	9	143-215.7
	10	130A-140
	11	120-196
502	12	131E-15 note
503	1	105-236.1
	2	17C-2
	3	143-166.13
504	1	143-651
	2	143-652
	3	143-653
	4	143-654
	5	143-656
	6	143-657 Repealed
	7	143-657.1
	8	143-658
505	1	115B
	2	115B-1
	3	115B-2
	4	115B-5
	5	115B-5A
506	1, 2	110-85
	3	110-86
	4(a)	110-88
	(b)	110-88 note
	5	110-90
	6	110-90.1 Repealed
	7	110-90.2
	8(a)	110-91
	9	110-92
	10	110-93
	11	110-94
	12	110-98
	13	110-98.1
	14	110-99
	15	110-100 Repealed
	16	110-101 Repealed
	17	110-101.1
	18	110-102
	19	110-102.1
	20	110-103
	21	110-103.1
	22	110-104
	23	110-105
	24	110-105.1 Repealed
	25	110-105.2
	26	110-106
	27	110-106.1 Repealed
	28	110-88 note, 110-91 note
	28.1	110-91 note
	28.2	110-85 note, 110-88 note
	28.3	110-88 note, 110-90 note
	29	7A-474.3
	30	7A-517
	31	7A-542
	32	7A-543
	33	7A-548
	34	95-28.3
	36	105-164.13
	37	114-15.3
	38	114-19.3

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
506	39	114-19.5
	40	115C-468
	41	120-70.71
	42	120-123
	43	122C-22
	44	122E-8
	45	130A-131.5
	46	130A-136
	47	130A-155
	48, 49	143-64.50
	50	143-64.51
	51	143-64.52
	52	143-576.2
	53	143-599
	54	143B-138
	55	143B-153
	56	143B-168.3
	57	143B-168.4
	58	143B-168.5
	59	143B-168.14
	60	143B-168.15
	61	143B-178
	62	153A-234
507	1	20-11
	2	20-13.2
	3	115C-12
	4	115D-5
	5	115C-566
	6	20-11 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-566 note
	8	20-11 note, 20-13.2 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-566 note, 115D-5 note
	9	20-11 note
508	1	97-72
509	1	143-548
510	1	163-33
	2	163-227.2
511	1	90-2
	2	90-11
	3	90-12.1
	4	90-18
	5	90-18.1
512	1, 2	135-40.1
	3	135-40.6
	4	135-40.7
	5	135-40.6
	6	135-40.6A
	7, 8	135-40.6
	9	135-40.1
	10, 11	135-40.6
	12	135-40.1
	13	135-40.7
	14	135-40.7B
	15	135-40.7A Repealed
	16	135-40.1
	17	135-40.2
	18	135-40.1
	19-27	135-40.2
512	28-31	135-40.3
	32-35	135-40.11
	36, 37	135-40.6
	38(a)	135-40.6
	(b)	135-40.6A
	39	135-40.6A
	40	135-40.3
513	1	7A-759
	2	143-345.20 to 143-345.25
	3	143-340
	4	7A-759 note, 143-340 note, 143-345.20 note
514	1	90-18
	2	90-21.12A
515	1(a)	163-278.9
	(b)	163-278.9 note
515	2(a), (b)	163-278.11
	3(a)	163-278.11
	4(a)-(c)	163-278.6
	(e)	163-278.10A
	(d)	163-278.40
	(d1)	163-278.9
	5(a)	163-278.9
	6	163-19 note
	7(a)	163-278.34
	(b)-(d)	163-278.6
	(e)	163-278.22
	8(a)	163-278.13
	9(a)	163-278.13A Repealed
	(b)	163-278.13B
	10(a)	105-159.1
	11(a)	163-278.12A
	12(a)	163-278.9
	(b)	163-278.9A
	13(a)	163-278.16A
	13.1(a)	163-278.16
	14, 15	163-278.9 note
516	1	14-208.5 to 14-208.15, 14-208.5 to 14.208.11, 14-208.12 Repealed, 14-208.12A to 14-208.15, 14-208.20 to 14-208.32
	1A	7A-647
	1B	14-208.5 note
	2	14-208.5 note
517	1	131E-257 note
	2	131E-257 to 131E-257.2
	3	131E-97.1
	4	130A-131.10
518	1	14-399
519	1.1	58-3-190, 58-3-191
	1.2	58-67-11
	1.3	58-67-50
	1.4	58-67-100

Ch.	Sec.	1997 General Statutes
519	1.5	58-67-140
	2.1	58-3-200
	3.1	58-50-56
	3.2	58-63-70
	3.3	58-51-57
	3.4	58-51-58
	3.5	58-51-59
	3.6	58-65-92
	3.7	58-65-93
	3.8	58-65-94
	3.9	58-51-62
	3.10	58-65-96
	3.11	58-51-61
	3.12	58-65-91
	3.14	90-14.13
	3.15	135-39.5
	3.16	58-65-140 Repealed 58-50-50 Repealed,
	3.17	58-50-55 Repealed
	3.18	58-67-35
	3.19	58-50-50 note 58-50-55, 58-50-56 note
	4.1	58-50-61
	4.2	58-50-62
	4.3	90-21.22A
	4.4	58-50-60 Repealed
	5	58-3-200 note, 58-50-61 note, 58-50-62 note, 90-21.22A note
520	1	126-14.2, 126-14.3
	2	126-14.4
	3	126-5
	4	126-34.1
	5	126-84
	6	126-85
	7	120-86.1
	8	126-1 note, 126-6.2
521	1	105-164.13
522	1	131D-2
523	1	130A-453.01 to 130A-453.10, 130A-453.11
	2	130A-22
	3	130A-453.11 note
524	1	143-215.22I
	2, 3	143-215.22I note
525	1	105-134.6
526	1	147-64.7A
527	1	66-58
528	1	130A-310.8

SESSION LAWS OF 1998

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	108A-70.18 to 108A-70.28
	2(a)	120-70.110
	(b)	120-70.110 note
	(c)	120-70.111
	3(a)	143-682 to 143-684
	(b)	143-682 note
	4(a)	135-42, 135-42.1
	(b)	135-38
	(c)	135-39.5
	(d)	135-39.6
	(e)	135-39.6A
	(f)	135-39.8
	(g)	135, 135-1
	(h)	135-32, 135-37
	5(a)	105-151.27
	(b)	105-160.3
	(c)	105-151.27 note
	(d)	105-160.3 note, 105-151.27 note
	(e)	105-151.27 note, 105-160.3 note
	6	143-626
	7-10	108A-70.18 note
2	1	163-201
	1.1	163-201 note
3	1	58-65-130
	2	58-65-131 to 58-65-133
	3	58-65-160 Repealed
5	1	115C-105.38A
	2	115C-325
	3	115C-326 Repealed
	4	115C-333 to 115C-335
	5	115C-296
	6	115C-276
	7	115C-288
	8	115C-335 note
6	1	14-401.17
7		115C-521 L.M.
8		62-36A L.M.
10	1	14-247 note, 143-341 note
13	1	143-136 L.M.
16	1	115C-290.5
	2	115C-290.7

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
17	1	20-7, 44-86, 44-87, 49-7, 49-12.1, 49-14, 50-8, 50-13.4, 50-13.11, 50-13.12, 51-8, 52C-1-101, 52C-2-203, 52C-2-205, 52C-2-207, 52C-3-304 to 52C-3-307, 52C-5-501 to 52C-5-507, 52C-6-601, 52C-6-605, 52C-6-606, 52C-6-611, 52C-6-613, 52C-6-614, 93B-13, 93B-14, 105A-2, 108A-69 note, 110-129.1, 110-129.2, 110-131.1, 110-132, 110-132.2, 110-133, 110-136.3, 110-136.4, 110-136.8, 110-139, 110-139.1, 110-139.2, 110-142, 110-142.1, 110-142.2, 130A-101
18	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M., 143-135 L.M.
21	1	153A-350.1
22	1	105-187.40 to 105-187.46
	2	105-116
	3	105-116.1
	4	105-164.3
	5	105-164.4
	6	105-164.13
	7	105-164.20
	8, 9	105-122
	10, 11	105-259
	12	160A-211
	13	105-116 note, 105-164.1 note, 105-164.6 note
	14(a)	105-187.44 note
	15	62-133.4 note
23	7	136-131.1
	8(a)	115D-31 note
	9	7A-790 to 7A-801
	11(a)	14-107 L.M.
	15	113-202 L.M.
	16(a)	113-291.6 note
	17.1	20-43.1 note
	18	143-651 to 143-654, 143-656, 143-657 note, 143-657.1, 143-658
24	1	105-187.21
	2	105-187.24
	3	130A-309.12
	4	130A-309.82
	5	130A-309.85
	6	130A-309.87
	7	105-187.20 to 105-187.24, 130A-309.12, 130A-309.81, 130A-309.83, 130A-309.85
26		160A-443 L.M.
29		160A-265 L.M.
30		160A-272 L.M.
33	1	153A-158.1
36	2	159-30 L.M.
37		153A-335 L.M.
40	1	160A-265 L.M.
	2	158-7.1 L.M.
	3	160A-265 L.M.
42		160A-58.1 L.M.
43	2	159-7 L.M.
44	3	159-30 L.M.
45	1	143-341
	2	143-6
46	1	160A-181.1
	2	14-190.1
	3	14-190.9
	4	14-202.10
	5	14-202.11
	6	18B-904
	7	19-1
47	1(a)	122C-211
48	1	153A-158.1
50		160A-314 L.M.
55	1	105-129.2 to 105-129.6, 105-129.8 to 105-129.12
	2	105-129.15
	3	143B-437.04
	5	note
	6	143B-437.01
	7	105-164.3
	8	105-164.4
	9	105-164.13
	10	105-275
	11(a)	143-128 L.M.
	(b)	143-48 L.M.
	12	105-129.25 to 105-129.28
	13	105-164.3
	14	105-164.4
	15	105-164.13
	16, 17	105-164.14
	18	105-275
	19	105-129.28 note
56		113-202 L.M.
57	1	143-136
	2	143-138
	3	143-136 note
58	1	15A-544
59	1	115C-105.37
	2	115C-105.39
	3	115C-325
60		153A-277 L.M.
61		128-21 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
63		58-84-1 note
66		160A-314 L.M.
67	1	105-360 note, 105-380 note, 105-381 note
	2	105-360 note, 105-380 note, 105-381 note
68	1	115D-58.5
	2	115D-58.14
69	1	105-2.1
	2	105-11 Repealed
	3	105-11.1 Repealed
	4	105-12 Repealed
	5	105-13.1
	6	105-20
	7	105-24
	8	105-30 Repealed
	9	105-31
	10	25-4-405
	11	41-2.1
	12	41-2.2
	13	53-146.1
	14	53-146.2
	15	54-109.58
	16	54B-129
	17	54B-130
	18	54C-165
	19	54C-166
70	1	160A-20
	2	160A-610
	3	160A-639
71	2	128-26
	3, 4	135-4
72	1	115D-15
	2	115D-15 note
75	1	163-33 L.M.
	5	163-33 L.M.
76	1	143B-279.1 note
	3	143B-10 note
77		160A-58.1 L.M.
78		143-128 L.M.
80		160A-303.2 L.M.
81	2	160A-70 L.M.
82		160A-265 L.M.
86		160A-301 L.M.
87		160A-443 L.M.
89		136-71.12 L.M.
90	3	152-1 L.M.
95	1, 2	105-33
	3	105-33.1
	4	105-37.1
	5	105-38
	5.1	105-38.1
	6	105-40
	7	105-41
	8	93B-15
	9	105-83
	10	105-102.3
	11	105-102.6
95	12	105-107 Repealed
	13	105-109
	14	105-113.68
	15	105-113.69
	16	105-113.70
	17	105-113.72 Repealed
	18	105-113.74 Repealed
	19	105-113.75 Repealed
	20	105-113.76 Repealed
	21	105-113.79
	22	105-113.80
	23	105-113.83
	24	105-113.84
	25	105-113.86
	26	105-113.89
	27	105-249 Repealed
	28	105-249.1 Repealed
	29	18B-902
	30	18B-903
96	1	105-37.2
	2	105-40
97	1	143B-181.10
	2	143B-181.10 note
98	1(a)	105-119 note, 105-228.22 to 105-228.24
	(b)	105-130.11
	(c)	105-130.5
	(d)	105-228.24A, 105-130.43
	(e)	105-130.43
	(f)	105-83
	(g)	105-88
	(h)	105-102.3
	(i)	105-116 note, 105-122 note
	2	105-17 Repealed
	3	105-25 Repealed
	4	105-130.5
	5	105-131.1
	6	105-131.6
	7	105-131.7
	8	105-131.8
	9	105-134.1
	10	105-160.3
	11	105-163.3
	12	105-163.3
	13	105-163.3
	13.1(a)	105-164.3
	(b)	105-259
	(c)	105-267
	13.2	105-164.4
	14, 14.1	105-164.13
	15	105-164.14
	15.1	105-187.6
	16	105-197
	17	105-228.5
	18	105-228.10
	19	105-249.3 Repealed
	20	105-259

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
98	21	105-264
	22	105-277.3
	23	105-277.4
	24	105-277.2
	25	105-333
	26	105-378
	27	105-395
	28	105-449.88
	29	105-449.105
	30	105-449.110
	30.1	105-467
	31	105-487
	32	105-504 Repealed
	33	105-550
	34	105-551
	35	105-552
	36	105-130.42, 105-151.23
	37	66-17 to 66-22 Repealed
	38(a)	105A-2
	39	120-70.105
	40	136-102.50 Repealed
	41	105-103
	42	105-130
	43	105-131
	44	105-133
	45	105-160
	46	105-163.010
	47	105-164.1
	48(a), (b)	105-164.4
	49	105-164.13
	50	105-164.15
	51	105-164.22
	52	105-164.30
	54	105-164.43
	55	105-2 note, 105-2
	56	105-113.2, 105-113.2 note
	57	105-113.41, 105-113.41 note
	58	105-113.68, 105-113.68 note
	59	105-113.105,
	60	105-114,
	61	105-130,
	62	105-164
	63	105-188,
	64	105-228.1,
	65	105-228.3
	66	105-228.22
	67	105-228.90
	68	105-130, 105-131, 105-131.1, 105-133, 105-160
	69	105-130.1, 105-130.2, 105-130.4, 105-130.5, 105-130.6, 105-130.8, 105-130.11, 105-130.12, 105-130.15, 105-130.16, 105-130.18, 105-130.22, 105-130.23, 105-130.25, 105-130.34, 105-130.41, 105-130.42, 105-131, 105-134, 105-134.1, 105-134.3, 105-134.6, 105-151.1, 105-151.2, 105-151.11, 105-151.12, 105-151.18, 105-151.20, 105-151.22, 105-151.23, 105-151.24, 105-151.26, 105-152, 105-154, 105-156, 105-158, 105-160.1, 105-160.2, 105-160.4, 105-160.5, 105-160.8, 105-163.010, 105-163.013, 105-163.014
	70	105-131, 105-164.44C, 105-275.1, 105-277.001, 105-277.1A
	71	105-160.1, 105-160.4, 105-163.011, 105-163.012, 105-163.15, 105-269.6, 105-275.2
	72	105-116, 105-120, 105-120.2, 105-122
	73	105-7
	74	105-8
	75	105-9
	76	105-114
	77	105-122
	78	105-127
	79	105-130.26
	80	105-130.27
	81	105-130.27A
	82	105-130.28
	83	105-130.29
	84	105-130.30
	85	105-130.31
	86	105-130.32
	87	105-130.33
	88	105-130.36
	89	105-130.37
	90	105-130.39
	91	105-134.7
	92	105-151
	93	105-151.5
	94	105-151.6
	95	105-151.7
	96	105-151.8
	97	105-151.9

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
98	98	105-151.10
	99	105-151.11
	100	105-151.13
	101	105-151.14
	102	105-151.18
	103	105-151.21
	104	105-152
	105	105-160.3
	106	105-164.3
	107	105-164.13
	108	105-164.26
	109	105-228.1
	110	105-266
	111	105-309
	112, 113	105-366
99	1	113A-57
	2	113A-65.1
100	1	105-151.1
	2	105-151.11
104		143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
106		108A-27 note
110	1	153A-15
111	1	115D-20
	2	115D-58.15
	3	115D-5
113	1	160A-29 L.M., 160A-58.1 L.M., 160A-209 L.M.
116	1	53-270
	2	53-270.1
	3	53-257
	4	53-264
117	1	160A-20
118	1	89C-2
	2	89C-3
	3	89C-4
	4	89C-5
	5	89C-6
	6	89C-8
	7	89C-9
	8	89C-10
	9	89C-11
	10	89C-12
	11	89C-13
	12	89C-14
	13	89C-15
	14	89C-16
	15	89C-17
	16	89C-18
	17	89C-19
	18	89C-20
	19	89C-21
	20	89C-22
	21	89C-23
	22	89C-24
	23	89C-25
	24	89C-25.1
	25	89C-28
119	1	24-1.1
	2	24-1.1C Repealed, 24-1.2 Repealed
	2.1	24-1.2A
	3	53B-8
120	1	7A-228
	2	51-1
121	1	105-164.16
	2	105-164.5 Repealed
	3	105-164.4
	4	105-164.6
	5	105-164.4
	6	66-252
	7	66-255
	8	66-257
122	1	160A-415
123	1	130A-73.1
124	1	115E
	2	115E-1
	3	115E-2
	4	115E-3
	5	115E-5
	6	115E-6
	7	115E-7
	8	115E-8
	9	115E-9
	10	115E-13
125	1	42-34
	2	42-34.1
	3	42-34 note
126	1	130A-335
	2	130A-335.1
	3	130A-335 note, 130A-335.1 note
127	1	66-58.1 to 66-58.11
	2	150B-21.1
	3	66-58.1 note, 150B-21.1 note
128	1-3	62-3
	4	62-133
	5	62-150
	6	62-151
	7	62-152.1
	8	62-190
	9	62-200
	10	62-300
	11	160A-195 Repealed
	12	14-460, 14-461
	13	62-152 Repealed, 62-192 Repealed, 62-207 Repealed, 62-221, 62-222 Repealed, 62-227 to 62-234 Repealed, 62-238 to 62-239 Repealed, 62-241 to 62-247 Repealed
	14	62-220 Repealed, 62-223 to 62-226 Repealed,

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
128	14	62-237 Repealed, 62-240 Repealed, 136-190 to 136-196
	15	136-195
	16	136-197, 136-198
129	1	87-98.4, 87-98.12, 143-355
	2	150B-21.1 note
131	1	143B-146.1 note
	2	143B-146.1 note
	5	143B-146.1 to 143B-146.16
	6	115C-325
	7	115C-102.5
	8	115C-296
	9	115C-105.31
	13	130A-125 note
132	14	143B-344.30 to 143B-344.33
	15	159G-6
	16	62-159 note
	17	62-159
	18	62-2
134	1	105-130.44
	2, 3	105-151.25
135	1	126-4
	2	126-34
	3	126-34.1
	4	126-36
	5	126-37
136	1	130A-235
	2	130A-235 note
	3	130A-235 note
	4	130A-235 note
137	1	143-128
138	1	143-214.1 note
139	1	105-259
	2	153A-148.1
	3	105-330.6
141	1	143-128 L.M.
142	1	160A-168 L.M.
143	2	69-25.15 L.M.
	4	160A-33 L.M., 160A-45 L.M.
144	1	143-128 L.M., 160A-458.3 L.M.
145	2	152-1 L.M.
146	1	105-449.39
	2	105-449.52
	3	105-449.60
	4	105-449.72
	5	105-449.87
	6	105-449.88
	7	105-449.94
	8	105-449.105A
	9	105-164.13
	10	105-449.108
	11	105-449.132
	12	105-449.60 note
147	1	161-50.4
	2	161-50.5
148	1	31B-1
	2	31B-2
	3	31B-3
	4, 5	31B-4
149	1	20-4.01
	2	20-7
	2.1-2.5	20-11
	3	20-17.4
	4	20-37.12
	5	20-37.16
	6	20-115.1
	7	20-116
	8-9.1	20-118
	9.2	20-183
	10	20-217
	11	20-376
	11.1	163-82.19
	12	20-381
150	1	105-277.4
	2	120-166
	3	120-169.1
	4	160A-35
	5	160A-35.1
	6	160A-36
	7	160A-37
	8	160A-37.2
	9	160A-37.3
	10	160A-38
	11	160A-42
	12	160A-47
	13	160A-47.1
	14	160A-48
	15	160A-49
	16	160A-49.2
	17	160A-49.3
	18	160A-50
	19	160A-54
151	9.6	163-33 L.M., 163-288.2 L.M., 163-302 L.M.
152	1	163-33 L.M.
	2(a)	163-33 L.M.
153	3(a)	147-11
	7	7A-101
	8(b)	7A-102
	10	120-37
	11	120-37
	16(b)	115C-12
	21(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	120-4.22A
	(d)-(h)	128-27
154	1	106-820 to 106-825
	2	106-550
155	1	20-79.4
	2	157-68
156	1	120-32.1
157	1	89B-1 to 89B-15

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
158	1	62A-1, 62A-21 to 62A-32
	2	62A-10
	3	146-29.2
	4	105-120
	5	105-130.5
159	1	116-36.5
	2	116-198.33
	3	116-198.34
	4	146-30
	5	146-27
160	1, 2	20-79.4
	3	20-63
161	2	143-215.94B
	3	143-215.94D
	4	143-215.94E
	5	143-215.94E note
	6	143-215.94U
	7	143-3.3
	8(a), (b)	143-215.94E
	9	143-215.94L
	10	143-215.94T
	11(a)	143-215.94D
	(b)	143-215.94E
	(c)	143-215.94V
	12	143-3.3 note, 143-215.94B note, 143-215.94D note, 143-215.94E note, 143-215.94L note, 143-215.94T note, 143-215.94U note, 143-215.94V note
162	1, 2	105-163.1
	3	105-163.3
	4	87-10.1
	5	87-22.2
	6	87-44.2
	7	89C-18.1
	8	150B-3
	9	93B-14
	10	87-10.1
	11	87-22.2
	12	87-44.2
	13	89C-18.1
163	1	20-79.7
	2	20-79.7 note
	3	20-79.4
	4, 5	20-79.4
164	1	163-201 note
	2	114-2.1 note, 114-2.2 note
165	1	20-381
	2	20-381 note, 143B-294 note, 150B-21.1 note
166	6	108A-70.18
	8	108A-70.18 note
	11	108A-70.18 note
167	1	115C-296
168	1	143-211
	2	143-215.8B
	3	143-215.22H
	4	143-215.22I
	5	143-355
	6	113A-8.1
	7	143-355 note
169	1, 2	143B-350
	3	136-11.1
	4	136-14
	5	136-14.1 note
	6	136-11 note
	7	136-11 note
	8	136-11 note
	9	143B-350 note
	60	136-11 note
170	1	164-37
	2	143B-273.6
	3	143B-478
171	1	105-228.90
	2, 3	105-134.6
	4	105-188
	5	105-228.90 note
	6	105-130.8
	7	105-130.5
	8	105-130.8
	9	105-467
	10(a), (b)	105-164.13
172	1	143-138
	2	143-138 note
173	1	143-128 L.M.
174		105-322 L.M.
176	1	50-13.4
	2, 3	50-16.7
	4	110-136.3
	5	110-136.4
	6	110-136.6
	7	110-136.8
	8	50-16.1A
	9, 10	110-129
	11	50-16.3A
177	1	20-118
178	1, 2	105-236
179	1	113-206
	2	105-151.12
180	1, 2	62-110
181	1(a), (b)	126-2
	2	126-4.1
	3	120-123
	4	126-2 note
	5	143-345.21
	6	143-345.22
	7	143-345.23
182	1	20-4.01
	1.1	20-4.01
	2	20-28.2
	3	20-28.3
	4	20-28.4
	5	20-28.5
	6	20-28.6 Repealed

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
182	7	20-28.7
	8	20-28.8, 20-28.9
	9	20-54
	10	20-54.1
	11	20-55
	12	20-114
	12.1	20-166.1
	13	1-339.4
	14	44A-2
	15	44A-4
	16	58-71-1
	17	58-71-35
	18	20-17
	19	20-17.4
	20	20-17.6
	21	20-19
	22	20-36
	23	20-138.2A
	24	20-138.2
	25	20-179
	26	20-4.01
	27	20-138.2B
	28	20-16.2
	29, 30	20-16.5
	31-35	20-179
	37	20-28.2 note
	38	115C-276
	39	20-28.3 note
183	1	105-151.26
184	1	136-44.50 to 136-44.54
	2	105-277.9
	3	136-102.6
	4	160A-458.4
	5	161-14
185	1	143-129
186	1	105-487
	2	105-502
187	1	58-31-60
	2	58-31-60 note
188	1	143-215.10H
	2	143-215.1 note, 143-215.10A note, 153A-340 note
	3	143-215.1 note, 143-215.10A note, 153A-340 note
189	1	143-135.9
	2	143-135.9 note
	3	143-135.9 note
	4	143-135.9 note
190	1	135-4
191	1	143-16.4 note
	2	143-16.4
	3	143-16.4 note
192	1	153A-320 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
193	1	143-128
	2	95-229.6
	3	95-229.7
	4	95-229.8
194	1	115C-522.1
	2	115C-522
	3	115C-47
195	1	160A-279
196	1	78D-30
197	1	105-164.4
198	1	32A-15, 32A-16, 32A-19, 32A-20, 32A-22, 32A-25
	2	122C-71 to 122C-75, 122C-77
	3	122C-3
	4	122C-55
	5	122C-57
	6	122C-211
199	1	47F-1-101 to 47F-3-120
	3	147E-3-102 note, 147E-3-107 note, 147E-3-115 note, 147E-3-116 note
200	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
	2(a)	160A-485 L.M.
201	1	153A-158.1
202	1(a)	7A-289.1 to 7A-289.6 Repealed, 7A-289.13 to 7A-289.16 Repea, 110-23 Repealed, 134A-1 to 134A-39 Repealed
	(b)	147-33.30 to 147-33.32, 147-33.35 to 147-33.39, 147-33.41 to 147-33.47, 147-33.50, 147-33.51, 147-33.55, 147-33.60, 147-33.61 to 147-33.67, 147-33.70, 147-33.71
	(c)	147-33.30 note
	(d)	147-33.30 note
	(e)	147-33.30 note
	(f)	147-33.30 note
	2(a)	147-33.35
	(b)	147-33.36
	(c)	147-33.44
	(d), (e)	147-33.51
	3	147-33.30 note
	4(a)	7A-343.1
	(b)	14-316.1
	(c)	17C-3
	(d), (e)	66-58
	(f)	114-19.6
	(g)	115C-110
	(h)	115C-111
	(i)	115C-113
	(j)	115C-113.1
	(k)	115C-115
	(l)	115C-121
	(m)	115C-139

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
202	4(n)	115C-250
	(o)	115C-325
	(p)	115D-1
	(q)	115D-5
	(r)	122C-3
	(s)	122C-113
	(t)	122C-117
	(u)	143-138
	(v)	143B-138.1
	(w)	143B-150.7
	(x)	143B-152.6
	(y)	143B-152.14
	(z)	143B-153
	(aa)	143B-478
	(bb)	147-45
	(cc)	153A-217
	(dd)	153A-218
	5	7A-289.22 , 7A-289.23 Repealed, 7A-289.27 Repealed, 7A-289.28 to 7A-289.34 Repealed, 7A-489 to 7A-493 Repealed, 7A-524 Repealed, 7A-530 to 7A-536 Repealed, 7A-558 to 7A-565 Repealed, 7A-572 to 7A-603 Repealed, 7A-618 to 7A-621 Repealed, 7A-627 to 7A-641 Repealed, 7A-648, 7A-649 Repealed, 7A-654 Repealed, 7A-656 Repealed, 7A-658 to 7A-661 Repealed, 7A-664 to 7A-669 Repealed, 7A-668 to 7A-669 Repealed, 7A-677, 7A-678 Repealed, 7A-684 to 7A-711 Repealed, 7A-717 to 7A-726 Repealed, 7A-732 Repealed, 7A-740 to 7A-744 Repealed, 110-44.1 to 110-44.4 Repealed, 110-50 to 110-57.7 Repealed, 110-147
202	5	to 150 Repealed, 143-571, 143-572 Repealed, 143-576 Repealed, 143-576.1 Repealed, 143-576.3 to 143-576.5 Repealed, 143-578 to 143-579 Repealed
	6	7B-100 to 7B-3806
	7	95-241
	8	115C-404
	9	143-661
	10(a)	164-36
	(b)	164-40
	(c)	164-42.1
	(d)	164-43
	(e)	164-44
	(f)	164-37
	11	7B-2508.1 Repealed, 7B-2509
	12	115C-47
	13(a)	7A-451
	(b)	8-53.1
	(c)	8-53.3
	(d)	8-57.1
	(e)	14-208.6B
	(f)	15A-502
	(g)	35A-1371
	(h)	48-1-109
	(i)	48-2-102
	(j)	48-3-201
	(k)	48-2-304
	(l)	48-2-603
	(m)	48-2-305
	(n)	48-3-207
	(o)	48-3-603
	(p)	50-13.1
	(q)	50A-25
	(r)	50B-6
	(s)	51-2
	(t)	90-21.6
	(u)	90-21.8
	(v)	108A-14
	(w)	110-102
	(x)	110-105.2
	(y)	110-147
	(z)	114-15.3
	(aa)	115C-378
	(bb)	115C-400
	(cc)	115C-404
	(dd)	122C-54
	(ee)	122C-66
	(ff)	122C-223
	(gg)	122C-421
	(hh)	131D-10.2
	(ii)	131D-10.4
	(jj)	132-1.4
	(kk)	143-576 note

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
202	13(ll)	143B-168.14
	(mm)	143B-496
	(nn)	153A-221.1
	(oo)	143B-150.20
	14	14-208.31
	15	7A-302
	16	114-10 note, 143B-480 note
	17(a)	7B-2100 note, 114-21
	18(a)	7B-100 note
	19	7B-100 note
	20(a)	115C-12 note
	21(a)	7B-100 note, 143-660 note
	22(a)	7B-100 note, 7B-2506 note
	23(a)	7B-100 note, 7B-2508 note
	24(a)	7B-100 note, 7B-2508 note
	25(a)	7A-244 note, 7B-100 note, 7B-200 note
	(c)	note
	26(a)	7B-100 note, 147-33.36 note
	(b)	7B-1500 note
	27(a)	7B-100 note, 7B-1500 note
	28	7B-100 note, 7B-1500 note
	29	7B-100 note
	30	7B-100 note, 7B-2500 note
	31	147-33.36 note
	32	7B-100 note, 7B-2500 note, 115C-391 note
	33	7B-100 note, 147-33.36 note
	34	7A-517 note
	35(a)	7A-517 note, 143-128 note
203	3(a)	160A-58.1 L.M.
204		116-15 L.M.
208	1	15A-533
	2	7A-109.2
209	1	130A-131.5
	2	130A-131.7
	3	130A-131.9C
	4	130A-131.9D
	5	130A-131.9H
210	1	106-277.2
	2	106-277.29 Repealed
	3	106-277.30 to 106-277.34
	4	106-277.30 note
211	1(a)	58-3-5
	(b)	58-3-6
	(c)	58-3-6 note
	2	58-50-56
	3	58-21-10
	4	58-30-220
	5	58-67-145
	6	58-45-10
	7	58-68-30
	8(a)-(c)	47C-3-113
	9	58-50-110
	9.1	58-50-130
	10	58-50-130
	11	58-50-135
	12	58-54-25
	13	58-54-45, 58-54-50
	14	58-60-5
	15	58-2-70
	16	58-2-69
	17	58-33-25
	18	58-33-30
	19	58-33-70
	20, 21	58-33-130
	22	58-2-165
	23	58-71-50
	24	58-71-80
	25, 26	58-71-71
	27	58-71-165
	28	58-71-71
	29	58-71-85
	30	58-71-20
	31	58-71-95
	32	58-58-42
	33	143-151.45
	34	143-151.52
	35	143-151.53
	36	143-151.56
	37.1(a)	58-8-10
	37.3(a)	58-3-150
	37	143-143.21B
212	7.2	143-16.1
	9.9	66-58
	9.10	40A-42
	9.14A(a)	115C-238.29F
	(b)	135-5.3
	(c)	135-4
	(d)	135-40.1
	(e)	135-40.3A
	9.15(b)	115C-174.11
	9.16(a)	115C-12
	(b)	115C-12 note
	9.17(a)	115C-257
	(b)	143-300.1
	9.18(b)	115C-84.2
	9.19(a)	115C-363.23A
	(b)	115C-363.23A note
	9.20(b)	115C-105.25
	(f)	115C-238.29H
	9.21(c)	20-11
	(d)	115C-566
	(e)	115C-566 note
	9.23	115C-12
	9.24(a)	135-18.8
	9.25	143-299.3 note
	10.2(a)	115D-31

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
212	10.3	143-23 note
	11(a)	116-30.3
	(b)	126-5
	(c)	143-56
	(d)	146-22
	(e)	133-1.1
	11(b)	116-30.3
	11.8(a)	116-37
	(f)	116-40.6
	(g)	96-8
	11.10	116-20
	11.12(a)	116-11
	(b)	116-11 note
	(c)	116-11 note
	11.13(a)	116-74.21
	(b)	116-74.21 note
	12.1A	131D-4.2
	12.3A(a)	105A-3, 105A-3
	(b)	105A-3
	(c)	105A-3 note
	12.3B(a)	90-85.25
	(b)	90-85.21A
	(c)	90-85.32
	12.4(a)	143-15.3 note
	(b)	143-15.3C note
	12.6	108A-57.1
	12.8	143-23.2 note
	12.12(c)	143-682
	12.12B(c)	108A-55
	12.14(a)	131F-1 note
	(b)	131F-2
	(c)	147-36
	12.16B(a)	131D-4.3
	12.16E	131E-256
	12.22(e)	143B-150.20
	12.26A(a)	108A-25.1
	(b)-(d)	108A-25.1 note
	12.27A(a1)	108A-27
	(b1)	108A-27.9
	(e)	114-41
	(f)	108A-27.1
	(g)	108A-27.2
	(g1)	108A-27.2 note
	(h)	108A-27.3
	(i)	108A-27.11
	(j)	108A-27.12
	(k)	108A-27.16
	(l)	108A-29
	(m)	108A-29
	(n)	108A-29 note
	(o)	105-259
	(p)	96-14
	(q)	108A-27.2 note
	12.30	114-2.1 note, 143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	12.35B(a)	15A-1321
	12.35C(a)	122C-112
	(b)	150B-21.1 note, 122C-112 note
	(c)	122C-112
	(d)	122C-191
	(e)	122C-112 note
	(f)	112C-112 note, 112C-191 note
	12.37B(a)	143B-168.10, 143B-168.11, 143B-168.12, 143B-168.13, 143B-168.14
	(b)	143B-168.12 143B-168.13, 143B-168.15
	(c)	55A-8-01 note, 143B-168.12 note
	(e)	120-123
	(f)	143B-168.12 note
	12.43	130A-124 note
	12.44(a)	143-573, 143-574, 143-577
	(b)	143-573
	(c)	143-574
	(d)	143-577
	12.48(a)	130A-33.50
	12.48(b)	130A-33.50 note
	12.51	143B-139.3 note
	12.52	143B-139.3 note, 150B-21.1 note
	13.2	106-6.2
	13.3	66-58
	13.10(a)	106-540
	(b)	106-541
	(c)	106-542
	(d)	106-547
	14.1(a)	143B-344.23
	14.2	113-152 note, 113-153.1 note, 113-154 note, 113-154.1 note
	14.3	113-182.1
	14.6(a)	113-44.15
	(b)	113-77.9
	(c)	113-44.15 note
	14.7	113-44.15
	14.9B(a)	87-88
	14.9D	113A-121.1 L.M.
	14.9H(a)	143-215.1 note, 143-215.1B note
	(b)	143-215.1
	(c)	143-215.1B
	(d)	143-215.1
	(e)	143-215.1 note, 143B-282 note
	(f)	143B-282
	14.17A	143-16.3 note
	14.17B	143-16.3 note
	14.18(a)	113-291.6 note
	(b)	113-291.10
	(d)	113-291.10 note

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
212	14.19(b)	159G-6
	15.2C(a)	143-701, 143-702, 143-703, 143-704, 143-705, 143-706, 143-707, 143-708, 143-709
	(b)	143-701 note
	15.4(a)	20-63
	(b)	20-63 note
	15.5(a)	113-315.28
	(b)	113-315.32
	15.6A	96-5 note
	15.8B	62-110
	15.8C	143-16.3 note
	16(a)	143B-472.41
	16(b)-(d)	143B-472.41 note
	16.2	7A-675.3
	16.3(a)	7A-308 L.M.
	(c)	
	16.3(a)	14-107 L.M.
	(c)	
	16.5	7A-340 note
	16.11	7A-133
	16.14(a)	28A-15-13
	(b)	28A-15-13 note
	16.15(a)	7A-790, 7A-792, 7A-797, 7A-799
	(b)	7A-791
	(c)	7A-793
	(d)	7A-794
	(e)	7A-795
	(f)	7A-796
	(g)	7A-798
	(h)	7A-800
	(i)	7A-801
	16.16(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	16.16A(a)	7A-41
	(b)	7A-41 note
	16.18(a)	164-47
	(b)	164-46 Repealed
	16.19(a)	7A-38.4
	16.19(b)	7A-38.2
	(c)	
	16.19(d)	7A-38.2 note
	16.20(a)	7A-60
	16.21	7A-69
	16.22(a), (b)	7A-45.1
	16.23	120-12.1
	16.25(a)	7A-314
	(b)	15A-813
	16.27(a)	7A-52
	(b)	7A-52 note
	17.1	15A-1343 note
	17.2	148-29 note
	17.5	143B-273.15 note
	17.11	148-2 note
	17.12(d)	143B-262.3
	17.16(a)	15A-1340.16B
	(b)	14-18.2
	(c)	14-360
	(d)	14-309.20, 14-309.20
	(e)	90-95
	(f)	90-95.4
	(g)	90-95.5
	(h)	90-95.6, 90-95.7
	(i)	42-42
	(j)	42-43
	(k)	42-44
	17.16A(a)	39-50
	(b)	42-14.2
	17.19(a)	14-134.3
	17.21(a)	15A-1343
	(b)	15A-1343.1, 15A-1351
	(c)	15A-1344
	17.22(a)	15-187
	(b)	15-188
	17.23(a)-	14-256.1
	(c)	148-37 note
	17.25	143B-262.3 note
	18.2(a)	143-660 note
	(b)	143-661
	18.5	114-12 note, 143B-473 note
	18.7(a)	143-16.5
	(b)	114-2.5
	19.4(a)	15A-824
	(b)	
	(c)	15A-830 to 15A-841
	(d)	15A-1340.34 to 15A-1340.38
	(e)	15A-1021
	(f)	15A-1343
	(g)	148-33.2
	(h)	148-57.1
	(i)	1-234
	(j)	1C-1601
	(k)	7A-304
	(l)	15B-2
	(m)	15B-11
	(n)	143B-480.2
	(p)	1C-1601 note, 15A-824 note, 15A-830 note
	(q)	15A-1380.5 Repealed
	19.5(a)	143B-476
	19.6(a)	20-196.1 Repealed
	(b)	20-196.2
	19.11(a)	143-652 note
	(b)	143-652
	(c)	143-654
	(d)	143-655
	(e)	143-658
	(f)	18B-502

1998

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
212	19.11(g)	143-651 to 143-654, 143-656, 143-657, 143-657.1, 143-658
	20.3	143-49 note
	21(a)	106-22.2 Repealed, 143B-344.22
	(b)	121-7.1
	21.1(a), (b)	143B-131.2
	22	7A-759
	24.2(a)	160A-104 L.M.
	(a)	58-87-1
	25(b)	58-87-5
	26B(a)	58-7-50
	(b)	58-2-131
	(c)	58-2-131
	(d)	58-2-134
	(e)	58-7-16
	(f)	58-2-131
	(g)	58-2-205
	(h)	150B-21.1
	(i)	58-7-170
	26.1	147-86.22
	27	136-28.1
	27.2	136-176, 136-183
	27.5(a)	136-131.1 note
	27.6(a)	20-63
	(b)	20-183.8A
	27.8(a)	20-71.3
	(b)	20-71.4
	(c)	20-71.3 note, 20-71.4 note
	27.13	136-27.1 note
	27.15	143-28.1 note
	27.18(b)	20-43.1 note
	28.7(a)	120-37
	28.16B(a)	126-7
	28.18(a)	97-78
	28.19(a)	143-246
	28.20(a)	138-6
	(b)	138-6 note
	28.21(a)	58-86-55
	28.24(a)	135-3
	(b)	115C-316
	(c)	115C-325
	28.25(a)	143-166.13
	28.26(a)	120-4.26
	(b)	128-27
	(c)	135-5
	(d)	120-4.26 note, 128-27 note, 135-5 note
	28.27(a)	135-5, 135-40.1, 135-27.2
	(b)	135-40.1, 135.64
	(c)	135-40.7, 135-64
	(d)	120-4.27, 135-40.6A

1998

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
212	28.27(e), (f)	128-27
	28.28(a)	143-27.2
	28.29(a)	135-40.1
	28.29(b)	
	(c)	135-40.7
	(d)	135-40.6A
	(e)	135-40.1 note
	29.1	143-15.3A note
	29A.1(a)	105-164.4
	(b)	105-164.13B
	29A.2(a)	105-2 to 105-32 Repealed
	(b)	105-32.1 to 105-32.8
	29A.3	105-2 note, 105-32.1 note
	29A.4(a)	105-164.14
	29A.5(a)	105-130.7
	29A.6(a)	105-151.28
	(b)	105-160.3
	(c)	105-151.28 note
	29A.7(a)	58-6-25 note
	(b)	58-6-25
	29A.8	62-302 note
	29A.9(a)	10A-7
	(b)	78A-28
	(c)	78A-30
	(d)	78A-31
	(e)	147-37
	29A.10(a)	130A-389
	29A.11(a)	143-215.3D
	(b)	143-215.3
	(c)	143-215.3A
	(d)	143-215.10G
	(e)	90A-42
	(f)	90A-47.4
	(g)	143-215.10G note
	(h)	143-215.3D note, 143-215.3 note, 143-215.3A note, 143-215.10G note
	29A.12(a)	7A-304
	(b)	7A-305
	(c)	7A-306
	(d)	7A-307
	(e)	7A-311
	29A.13(a)	105-134.6
	(b)	105-151.12
	(c)	105-130.34
	(d)	105-151.12
	29A.14(a)	105-109
	(b)	105-110 Repealed
	(c)	105-112 Repealed
	(d)	105-113.3
	(e)	105-113.87
	(f)	105-130.6
	(g)	105-163.8
	(h)	105-163.15
	(i)	105-164.14

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
212	29A.14(j)	105-228.2
	(k), (l)	105-230, 105-231 Repealed
	(m)	105-236
	(n)	105-241.2
	(o)	105-244 Repealed
	(p)	105-253
	(q)	105-449.45
	(r)	105-449.108
	(s)	105-449.109 Repealed
	29A.15(a)	105-163.010, 105-163.011, 105-163.012, 105-163.013, 105-163.014
	(b)	105-163.010 note, 105-163.011 note, 105-163.012 note, 105-163.013 note, 105-163.014 note
	29A.16(a), (b)	105-163.014
	(c), (d)	105-163.010
	(e)	105-163.013
	29A.18(a)	105-278.6A, 105-275
	(b)	105-164.14
	(c)	105-273
	(e)	105-278.6A note, 105-282.1 note
	30.2	note
213	1	90-21.41 to 90-21.48
214	1	128-26
	2	135-4
215	1	41A-7
	2	70-16
	3	19A-40
	4(a)	81A-30.1
	(b)	81A-2
	5(a)	106-65.41
	(b)	106-65.38
	6	106-92.11
	7	106-145.6
	8	106-168.16
	9	106-202.19
	10	106-202.20
	11	106-284.42
	12	106-405.20
	13	106-417.1
	14	106-418.7A
	15	106-418.16
	16	106-549.01
	17	106-549.35
	18	106-549.72
	19	106-549.89
	20	106-644
	21	106-665
	22	106-715
	23(a)	119-26.1
	(b)	119-23
	24	119-39.1
	25	119-59
215	26(a)	143-469
	(b)	143-468
	27	18B-104
	28	18B-1207
	29	53-107.1
	30	53-107.2
	31	53-133
	32	53-228
	33	53-232.16
	34	53-239
	35	53-251
	36	54B-64
	37	54B-65
	38(a)	54C-77
	(b)	54C-55
	39	54C-78
	40	66-5
	41	66-6
	42	74-64
	43	74-87
	44	87-94
	45	90A-30
	46	90A-47.5
	47(a)	104E-24
	(b)	104E-16
	48	113-151.1
	49	113-162
	50	113-410
	51	113-412
	52	113A-64
	53(a)	113A-126
	(b)	130A-306
	54(a)	130A-22
	(b)	130A-306
	55	130A-309.62
	56	130A-309.70
	57	130A-309.71
	58	130A-309.72
	59	130A-309.84
	60	143-214.2A
	61	143-214.4
	62	143-214.5
	63	143-215.6A
	64	143-215.17
	65	143-215.36
	66	143-215.69
	67(a)	143-215.88A
	(b)	143-215.87
	68	143-215.94E
	69	143-215.94W
	70	143-215.94GG
	71	143-215.102
	72	143-215.110
	73	143-215.114A
	74	90-407
	75	110-103.1
	76	110-136.8
	77	131D-6

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
215	78(a)	131D-34
	(b)	131E-129
	(c)	131E-109
	(d)	131E-242
	79	131E-130
	80	131E-190
	81	131F-23
	82	131F-24
	83(a)	58-2-70
	(b)	58-6-1
	84	58-19-50
	85	58-21-65
	86	58-30-60
	87	58-57-80
	88	58-63-50
	89(a)	58-70-130
	(b)	58-39-95
	90	58-71-80 note
	91	58-72-5
	92	143-143.13
	93	143-151
	94	1-239
	95	1-527
	96	14-291.2
	97	66-216
	98	74C-17
	99	75-15.2
	100	75-19
	101	75-56
	102	75-83
	103	75-84
	104	75-85
	105	75E-5
	106	19-6
	107	95-25.23
	108	95-25.23A
	109	95-47.9
	110	95-111.4
	111	95-138
	112	95-195
	113	95-234
	114	97-18
	115	97-94
	116	105B-4
	117	55-15-02
	118	55A-15-02
	119	57C-7-03
	120	78A-47
	121	78C-28
	122(a)	78C-79
	(b)	78C-74
	123	78D-22
	124	78D-23
	125	143-658
	126	62-302
	127	74D-11
	128	83A-15
	129	83A-16
	130	93-12
	131	163-212
	132	87-47
	133	90-506
	134	89C-21
	135	89F-5
	136	90-187.8
	137(a)	76A-5
	(b)	76A-35
	138	93A-54
216	1-2.1	87-58
	3	87-60
	4	87-62
	5	87-64
	6	93-12
217	1	14-34.6
	2	14-399
	3(a)	14-408
	(b)	14-408 note
	4(a)	14-74
	(b)	25-7-502
	(c)	25-7-507
	(d)	44A-21
	5	25-8-103
	6	39-23.3
	7(a), (b)	50-11
	(c)	50-20
	8	62-268
	9	78C-16
	10	90-113.40
	11	110-91
	12	115C-404
	13	130A-233
	14(a)	139-3.1 Repealed
	(b)	139-3.1 note
	15	143-53
	16	143-129
	17	143B-283
	18(a)	143B-289.52
	19	143B-433
	20	157-35
	24	75E-3
	25(a)	90-113.38
	(b), (c)	90-113.40 note
	26	95-97 Repealed
	27	95-128
	28	95-174
	29	95-174
	30	95-174
	31	95-198
	31.1(a)	97-101.1
	(b)	143-296
	32(a)	105-116
	(b)	105-187.44
	33	130A-24
	34	143B-475.1
	35(a), (b)	146-12
	(c)	146-12 note
	36(a)	163-323
	37	153A-335 L.M.
	41	89C-13
	42	105-130.17

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
217	43	105-122
	44	105-155
	45	120-123
	46(a)	130A-335
	47	153A-15
	48	158-35
	49	75A-14.1
	51	93-12
	53(a)(1)	122C-211
	(2)	122C-211
	(4)	122C-57
	(5)	122C-77
	55(a), (b)	143-128 L.M.
	56	58-65-133
	57(1)	7B-2515
	(2)	147-33.36
	58(a)	58-47-210, 58-47-215, 58-47-220
	59	105-164.5 Repealed
	60	58-71-80 note
	61	1A-1-9
	62(a)	20-28.3
	(b)	20-28.3
	(c)	20-28.3
	62(d)	20-28.5
	(e)	20-4.01
	67	135-3
	67.1(a)	115C-325
	67.3(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note
	(c)	7A-41
218	1	105-113.107
	2	105-113.110A
219	1	143B-394.10
	2	7A-305
	3	7A-305
220	1	115C-102.5
	2	115C-105.36
	3	115C-244
	4	115C-245
	5	115C-290.8
	6	115C-174.21, 115C-174.11 note
	7-9	115C-391
	10	115C-276
	11	115C-174.21, 115C-174.11 note
	12	115C-403
	13	115C-288
	14, 15	115C-333
	16	115C-287.1
221	1.1	143-114.1 note
	1.2	150B-21.1 note
	1.3	143-114.1 note
	1.5(b)	143-214.21
	1.7	143-114.1 note
	1.8	143-114.1 note
221	1.9	143B-282 note
	1.11(a)	113A-54.1
	(b)	113A-61
	1.12	150B-21.1 note
	1.13	143-214.22
	1.16	143B-282 note
	2.1	150B-21.1 note
	3.1	143-215.74
	4.1	143-215.9A
	4.2	143-215.10M
222	1	159-148, 159-148
	2	159-153
223	1	143-64.02
	2	143-64.05
	3-8	106-735 note, 120-30.10 note
224	19(a)	106-65.23
	(b)	106-65.23 note
	(c)	120-123
225	1.1	113-128
	1.2	120-123
	1.3-1.5	143B-289.52
	1.6, 1.7	143B-289.54
	1.8	143B-289.56
	2.1	113-182.1
	3.1, 3.2	113-136
	3.3	113-184
	3.4	113-185
	3.5, 3.6	113-191
	3.7	113-208
	3.8	113-221
	3.9	113-268
	3.10	113-277
	4.1	75A-5
	4.2	75A-5.1
	4.3	105-164.13
	4.4	113-151
	4.5-4.7	113-154.1
	4.8	113-156
	4.9	113-168
	4.10	113-168.1
	4.11	113-168.2
	4.12	113-168.3
	4.13	113-168.4
	4.14	113-168.5
	4.15	113-168.6
	4.16	113-169
	4.17	113-169.2
	4.18	113-169.3
	4.19	113-169.4
	4.20	113-170.1
	4.21	113-173
	4.22	113-223
	4.23	113-259, 113-259, 113-260
	4.24	113-168.2 note
	5.1	77-20
	5.2	120-70.62 note

Ch.	Sec.	1998 General Statutes
225	5.3	75A-5.1 note, 113-136 note, 113-154.1 note, 113-156 note, 113-168 note, 113-168.1 note to 113-168.6 note, 113-169 note, 113-169.2 note to 113-169.4 note, 113-170.1 note, 113-173 note, 113-182.1 note, 113-185 note, 113-191 note, 113-208 note, 113-221 note, 113-223 note, 113-259 note, 113-260 note, 113-268 note, 113-277 note, 143B-279.1 note, 143B-289.51 note, 143B-289.52 note, 143B-289.56 note
226	1	115C-296.1
227	1	131E-275 to 131E-313
	2	58-67-10
	3	90-21.22A
	4, 5	131E-314
	6	131E-275 note
228	1	10A-2
	2	10A-3
	3	10A-4
	4	10A-7
	5	10A-9
	6	10A-10
	7	10A-11
	8	10A-14
	9	10A-15 Repealed
	10	10A-16
	11, 12	47-30
	13	47-30.2
	14	66-270 to 66-275
	15	55-16-22.1
	16	57C-6-03.1
229	1	7A-517
	2	7A-544
	3	7A-576
	4	7A-577
	4.1	7A-577.1
	5	7A-629
	6	7A-647
	7	7A-651
	8	7A-657
	8.1	7A-657.1
	9	7A-659
	9.1	7A-289.23A
	10	7A-289.27
	11	7A-289.32
	12	48-1-101
	13	48-3-203
	14	48-3-303
	15	48-3-309
	16	114-19.7
	18	7B-101
	19	7B-302
	20	7B-505
	21	7B-506
	21.1	7B-506.1
	22	7B-801
	23	7B-903
	24	7B-905
	25	7B-906
	25.1	7B-906.1
	26	7B-907
	26.1	7B-1101.1
	27	7B-1105
	28	7B-1110
230	1	88-1 to 88-30 Repealed
	2	88B, 88B-1 to 88B-29
	2.1	88B-10
	2.2	86A-14
	3	88B-9 note, 88B-14 note
	4	88B-10 note, 88B-14 note
	5	88B-20 note, 88B-21 note
	6	88-1 note, 88B-21 note
	7	88B-3 note
	9	14-400
	10	90-620 to 90-636
	12, 13	90-625 note
	14	90-629 note

SESSION LAWS OF 1999

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
1	1	14-247 L.M.
2	1	55A-3-07 note, 106-452 note, 106-456 note, 106-466 note, 106-568.18 note
	2(a)	55A-3-07 note
	(b)	106-452 note
	(c)	106-456 note, 106-466 note, 106-568.18 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
2	3	55A-3-07 note, 106-452 note, 106-456 note, 106-466 note, 106-568.18 note
	4-6	55A-3-07 note, 106-452 note, 106-456 note, 106-466 note, 106-568.18 note
	7	55A-3-07
3	1	130A-252
4	1	108A-70.18 note
5	1	160A-265 L.M.
6	1	153A-15
8	1	160A-265 L.M.
10	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
12	2	115C-37 L.M.
13	1	130A-250
14	1	160A-443.1
15	1, 2	131E-18 L.M.
17	1	160A-300.1
19	1	160A-31 L.M.
20	1	143-48, 143-48.2, 143-49, 143-129.5
21	1	10A-17
	2	10A-16
22	1	130A-440 note
23	1	50B-3
	2, 2.1	50B-4
	2.1	50B-4
	3	1C-1702
	4	50B-4.1
	5	50B-4.2
	6	50B-5
	7	15A-401
24	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
25	1	136-28.10
	2, 3	136-28.1
26	1	114-10
	2	114-10 note
27	1	115C-238.29I
28	1	105-228.28 to 105-228.30, 105-228.31 Repealed, 105-228.32, 105-228.33, 105-228.34 Repealed, 105-228.35, 105-228.36 Repealed
	2	105-228.28 to 105-228.36 note
29	1	136-18.1 Repealed
30	1	115C-284
	2	115C-289
	3	115C-287.1
31	1(a), (b)	163-278.6
	(c)	163-278.34A
	(d)	163-278.16
31	2(a)-(c)	163-278.6
	(d)	163-278.12
	3	163-278.6
	4(a)	163-278.6
	(b)	163-278.16
	(c)	163-278.36
	(d)	163-278.19
	5(a)	163-278.19
	(b)	163-269, 163-270 Repealed
	(c)	163-278.13
	(d)	163-278.13B
	(e)	163-278.15
	6(a)	163-278.5
	(b)	163-278.19
	7(a), (b)	163-278.9
32	1	143-200
33	1	130A-209
	2	130A-210 Repealed
	3	130A-209 note
34	1	143-135 L.M.
35	1	160A-360 L.M.
	2	160A-360 L.M.
40	1	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
43	1	160A-360 L.M.
44	1	81A-41 Repealed
	2	81A-44 Repealed
	3	106-424 to 106-429 Repealed
	4	106-456 to 106-460 Repealed
	5	106-466 to 106-470 Repealed
	6	106-719 to 106-725 Repealed
	7	106-726 to 106-734 Repealed
48	1	159-30 L.M.
49	1	143B-289.41
	2	143B-289.44
	3	143B-289.44 note
50	1	153A-277 L.M.
51	1	14-401.17
52	1	143-129 L.M.
53	1	143-128 L.M.
56	1	58-84-1 L.M.
59	1	43-5
	2	43-13
	3	43-31
	4	43-32
	5	43-33
	6	43-45
	7	43-46
	8	43-47 Repealed
	9	43-48
60	2	115D-12 L.M., 115D-59 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
61	1	115D-2.1
	2	115D-2.1
63	1	58-84-1 L.M.
64	1	14-111.2
	2	14-111.3
65	1	153A-158.1
68	1	115D-21.1
	2	15A-402
	3	74E-6
	4	160A-288
69	1	160A-360 L.M.
70	2	153A-340 L.M., 153A-341 L.M., 153A-342 L.M.
71	1	135-4
72	1	53-80
	2	53-91.2
	3	53-224.14
73	1	25-5-101 to 25-5-117
	2	25-1-105
	3	25-2-512
	4(a), (b)	25-9-103
	5(a), (b)	25-9-104
	6	25-9-105
	7	25-9-106
	8(a), (b)	25-9-304
	9	25-9-305
	10	25-5-101 note, 25-5-106 note, 25-5-115 note
74	1	159-31
75	1	24-1.1
76	1	120-186.1
77	1(a)-(c)	130A-248 note
78	1	153A-350.1
	2	143-151.8
	3	143-151.12
	4	143-151.15
	5	143-151.17
79	1	8C-1-609
	2	8C-1-609 note
80	1	7A-273
	2	7A-148
81	1	90-85.41
82	1	74-49
83	1	130A-310
84	1	115D-2
	2	115D-4.1
	3	115D-5
	4	115D-8 Repealed
	5	115D-32
	6	115D-77
	7	115D-2.1
	8	115D-3
	9	115D-5
	10	115D-7
	11	115D-31
	12	115D-40
84	13	115D-58.3
	14	115D-58.5
	15	115D-72
	16	115D-78
	17	58-33-135
	18	58-33-135
	19	116-11
	20	120-70.81
	21	126-5
	22	143-151.9
	23	143B-6
	24	143B-168.12
	25	143B-417
	26	143B-426.9
85	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
86	1	113-291.1 L.M., 113-291.2 L.M.
88	1	160A-265 L.M.
89	1	160A-219 L.M.
	2	153A-187 L.M.
90	2	160A-360 L.M.
91	1	160A-216 L.M., 160A-218 L.M.
93	1	143-132 L.M.
96	1	115C-325
	2	115C-325
	3	115C-325
	4	115C-325
	5	115C-325
	6	115C-295.3 Repealed
	7	115C-47
	8	115C-296
99	1	143-128 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
100	1	128-21 L.M.
101	3	159-30 L.M.
102	1	143-128 L.M.
103	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
105	1	14-33
	2	14-33 note
106	1	1-109
107	1	14-79
108	1	115C-296.1
109	2	148-11
	3	148-11 note
110	1	130A-41
	2	130A-153
	3	130A-154
	4	130A-155
	5	130A-155.1
	6	130A-156
111	1	117-10.2, 117-20, 160A-331, 160A-332
112	1	62-110
113	1	131D-2
	2	131D-2
	3	131E-124
	4	131E-141
	5	131D-2 note
114	1	58-42-1 to 58-42-55

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
114	2	58-42-1
	2.1	58-42-20
	3	58-42-45
	4	58-42-55
	5	58-45-60
	6	58-46-35
	7	58-45-15
	7.1	58-45-45
	8	58-42-1 note, 58-45-15 note, 58-45-45 note, 58-45-60 note, 58-46-35 note
115	1	153A-158.2
	2	115D-15.1
	3(1), (2)	115D-15 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
	(3)	115D-15 L.M., 115D-20 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.,
	(4)	115D-15 L.M., 153A-158 L.M., 160A-274 L.M.
	(5)	153A-158 L.M.
	4	115D-14 note, 115D-15 note, 115D-20 note, 153A-158 note, 160A-274 note
116	1	58-50-61
117	1	115C-110 note,
	2	115C-109 note, 115C-110 note, 115C-239 note, 115C-242 note
118	1	36A-25
	2	36A-33
119	1	102-15
	2	102-17
	3	161-22.2
120	1	113-291.1
	2	113-276.3
121	1	113-60.40 to 113-60.45
122	1	62-1 note, 62-110.1 note
123	1	87-10
125	1	153A-335 L.M.
128	1	58-84-25 to 58-84-35 L.M.
130	1	110-88
	2	110-91
	3	110-93
	4	110-99
	5	110-88 note
	6	110-88.1
131	1	8-45.1
	2	8-45.3
	3	8-34
	4	153A-436
	5	160A-490
132	1.1	58-3-125 Repealed, 58-6-10 Repealed, 58-71-90 Repealed
	1.2	58-87-10
	1.3	58-3-115
	1.4	58-33-45
	2.1	58-30-10
	2.2, 2.3	58-64-1
	2.4	58-64-40
	2.5	58-64-80
	3.1, 3.2	58-36-1
	3.3	58-36-10
	3.4, 3.5	58-36-15
	3.6	58-36-15
	3.7, 3.8	58-36-30
	3.9-3.12	58-36-100
	4.1	58-50-130
	4.2	58-51-55
	4.3	58-65-90
	4.4	58-67-75
	4.6	58-68-40
	4.7	58-68-60
	4.8	58-50-50 note, 58-50-55 note, 58-50-56 note, 58-65-140 note
	5	58-71-82
	6.1	58-32-1
	6.2	58-37-35
	6.3	58-33-135
	7.1	58-3-15
	7.2	58-30-5
	7.3	58-30-10
	8.1	58-36-75
	8.2	58-37-1
	8.3, 8.4	58-37-35
	8.5, 8.6	58-37-40
	8.7, 8.8	58-37-35
	8.9	58-37-75 Repealed
	9.1	58-4-15, 58-7-55, 58-7-70, 58-15-5, 58-16-35, 58-24-45, 58-24-145, 58-28-15, 58-28-45, 58-30-10, 58-30-55, 58-30-260, 58-33-132, 58-41-55, 58-48-35, 58-48-45
	9.2	58-43-35
	9.3	58-57-80
	11.1	58-3-155
	11.2	58-20-30
	11.3	58-21-40
	11.4	58-23-26

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
132	11.5	58-26-10
	11.6	58-34-2
	11.7	58-47-100
	11.8	58-47-195
	11.9	58-64-55
	11.10	58-67-100
	11.11	143-215.94I
	12.1	58-69-1 Repealed, 58-77-1, 58-77-5 Repealed
	12.2	58-69-2
	12.3	58-69-50
	12.4	58-69-55
	13.1	58-47-65
	13.2	58-47-85
	13.3	58-47-120
	13.5	97-165
	13.6, 13.7	97-170
	13.8, 13.9	97-180
133	1	28A-4-2
134	1	58-3-122
	2	58-3-122 note
136	1	55B-14
137	1	45-21.16
	2	45-21.16
138	1	55-7-22
139	1	55A-7-24
140	1	122C-401 note, 122C-413 note
	2	122C-412 to 122C-412.2 Repealed
	3	122C-413, 122C-413.1
	4	122C-403
	5	122C-405
	7	122C-412, 122C-412.1, 122C-412.2
141	1	55-13-02
142	1	85B-3
	2	85B-3.1
	3	85B-3.2
	4	85B-4
	5	85B-4.1
	6	85B-6
	7	85B-8
	8	85B-9
	9	114-19.8
143	1	113-207
144	1	32-27
	2	36A-136
145	1	31-42
146	1	157-5
	2	157-36
147	1	113A-35.1
148	1	160A-50
	2	160A-38
149	1	143-151.55
	2	143-151.57
	3	143-151.58
	4	143-151.64
150	1	97-25
151	1	55-15-02
	2	55A-15-02
152	1, 2	159-61 note
153	2	18B-700 L.M.
155	1	132-1 L.M.
	2	153A-155
156	1	143-1 L.M.
157	1	58-35-30
	2	58-35-50
	3	58-35-55
	4	58-35-65
	5	58-35-80
	6	58-35-85
	7	58-35-40
158	1	128-26
	2	135-4
159	1	131E-256
160	1	168A-1 to 168A-12
161	1	143-545.1
	2	143-548
162	1	113-200
	2	113-200 note
163	1	115C-301.1
164	1-4	90-113.31
	5	90-113.33
	6	90-113.33A
	7	90-113.34
	8	90-113.37
	9	90-113.39
	10	90-113.40
	11	90-113.41
165	1	90-89
	2	90-90
	3	90-92
	4	90-95
166	1	28A-19-8
167	1, 2	128-21
	3	128-21 note
168	1	58-3-223
	2	58-3-223 note
169	1	15A-839
	2	15A-840
170	1	126-8.3
	2	115C-12.2
171	1	130A-252
172	1	106-568.2
	2	106-568.8
	3	106-568.2 note
175	1	159-7 L.M.
176	1	66-58 L.M., 143-299.3 note
178	1	58-3-221
	2	58-3-221 note
179	1	54B-152
	2	54C-18 Repealed
	3	54C-143
180	1	117-18

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
180	2	117-18.1
	3	117-30
	4	62-53
	5	62-302
	6	62-300
	7	62-53 note, 117-18 note, 117-18.1 note, 117-30 note
	8	62-300 note, 62-302 note, 117-6 note, 117-13 note
181	1, 2	160A-300.1
182	1, 2	160A-300.1
183	1-3	20-135.2A
	4	20-135.2B
	6, 7	20-137.1
	8	20-137.1 note
184	1	58-2-235
	2, 3	58-2-235 note
185	1	50-41 to 50-62
	2	1-567.57
186	1	58-50-30, 58-65-1, 122C-3, 135-40.7B
	1.1	90-396 Repealed
187	1	1A-1-55
188	1	147-64.7
	2	147-64.6
189	1	57C-1-03
	2.1, 2.2	57C-1-20
	2.3	57C-2-21
	2.4	57C-2-22
	2.5	57C-2-22.1
	3	57C-2-34
	4.1	57C-3-01
	4.2	57C-3-05
	4.3	57C-3-20
	4.4	57C-3-32
	4.5	57C-5-06
	4.6	57C-5-07
	5.1	57C-6-01
	5.2	57C-6-02
	5.3	57C-6-02.1
	5.4	57C-6-02.2
	5.5	57C-6-02.3
	6	66-68
	7	57C-1-03 note, 57C-1-20 to 57C-2-22.1 note, 57C-2-34 note, 57C-3-01 note, 57C-3-05 note, 57C-3-20 note, 57C-3-32 note, 57C-5-06 note, 57C-5-07 note, 57C-6-01 note, 57C-6-02 to 57C-6-02.3 note, 66-68 note, note
190	1	7B-101
	2	7B-302
	3	108A-49
	4	143B-150.20
	5	7B-3900 to 7B-3906
191	1	105-278.6A
	2	105-275.2
	3	105-1 note
	4	105-275.2 note
192	1	58-2-165
193	1	131D-2
	2	131D-2 note
194	1	97-10.2
	2	97-10.2 note
195	1	20-279.21
196	1, 2	96-8
	3	96-9
	4	96-14
	5	96-8 note, 96-9 note, 96-14 note
197	1	58-3-174
	2	58-50-155
	3	58-3-174 note
198	1	143B-279.9, 143B-279.10
199	1	58-50-30
	2	58-65-1
	3.1	90-113.47 Repealed
	3	135-40.7B
200	1	93A-4
201	1	122C-251
202	1	122C-115
203	1, 2	90-187.3
	3	90-187.3 note
204	1	55A-11-02
	2	55A-12-02
205	2	153A-155
206	3(b)	150B-45 L.M.
	9	132-6 L.M., 132-9 L.M.
207	1(a)	143-128 L.M.
	2	143-129 L.M.
	3, 4	143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-132 L.M.
208	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
209	1	113-202 L.M.
	2	113-202 note
	3	113-172
	4(a)-(l)	113-168.2 note
	5	113-154.1 note, 113-168 note, 113-168.1 note
	6	113-168.1
	7	113-168.1 note
	8	14-360
	9	113-173
	10	113-168.2 note
210	1	58-50-26
	2	58-50-30
	3	58-50-56
	4	58-65-36
	5, 6	58-65-1
	7	135-40.6

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
210	8	135-40.7B
211	1	14-269.2
212	1	1-75.4
	2	14-453
	3	14-458
	4	1-539.2A
213	1	159G-2
	2	159G-3
	3	159G-4
	4	159G-6
	5	159G-9
	6	159G-10
	7	159G-13
	8	159G-14
	9	159G-15
	10	159G-18
	11	159-153
214	1	114-19.9
215	1	36A-161 to 36A-173
	2	36A-2
216	1	1-301.1 to 1-301.3
	2	1-174 Repealed, 1-272 to 1-276 Repealed, 1-399 Repealed, 36A-28 Repealed
	3	1-242
	4	1-408
	5	1-408.1
	6	1-474
	7	32A-14.11
	8	36A-27
	9	36A-33
	10	44A-4
	11	46-19
	11.1	48-2-607
	12	65-75
	13	101-2
	14	105-374
	15	105-374
	16	105-374
	17	156-29
	18	156-30
	19	156-55
	20	156-75
	21	156-93.2
	22	156-93.3
217	1	90-280
219	1.1	58-2-50
	1.2	58-45-50
	1.3	58-46-30
	2	58-64-46
	3.1	168-10
	3.2	168-22
	4.1	58-50-65
	4.2	97-2
	5.1	58-7-15
	5.2	58-41-10
	5.3	58-21-10
	5.4	58-28-5
	5.5	58-1-5
	6.1	58-21-35
	6.2	58-21-2
	7.1	105-259
	7.2	97-133
	8	58-2-120
	9	58-41-35 Repealed
	9.1	58-41-40
	10	58-58-50
	11	58-36-1
220	1	20-83
	2	20-85
	3	20-84
	3.1	20-79.4
	4	20-84.1 Repealed
221	1	47-41.01
	2	39-6.5
	3	1-47
	4	47-18.3
	5	1-47 note, 39-6.5 note
222	1	122C-191
	2	131E-95
223	1(a)	50A-1
	(b)	50A-1 to 50A-25 Repealed
	2	50A
	3	50A-101 to 50A-112, 50A-201 to 50A-210, 50A-301 to 50A-317
	4	1C-1702
	5	7B-1100
	6	7B-1101
	7	7B-1104
	8	48-2-100
	9	48-2-304
	10	50-11.2
	11	50-13.5
	12	50-13.5
	13	50-13.7
224	1	160A-536
	2	160A-536 note
225	1	114-10
226	1	90-18.3
227	1	163-132.1, 163-132.1A, 163-132.2 Repealed, 163-132.3, 163-132.5E Repealed
	2	163-132.3
	3	160A-23.1 note, 163-291 note, 163-294.2 note
	4	160A-23.1
	5	163-291
	6	163-294.2
228	1	20-279.1
	2	20-279.5
	3	20-279.15
	4	20-279.21
	5	20-279.25
	6	20-280

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
228	7	20-281
	8	58-37-35
229	1	93A-1
	2, 3	93A-2
	4	93A-3
	5	93A-4A
	6	93A-6
	7	93A-6.1
	8	93A-17
	9	93A-19
	10	93A-20
	11	93A-21
	12	93A-36
	13, 14	93A-41
	15	93A-52
	16	93A-1 to 93A-3 note, 93A-4A note, 93A-6 note, 93A-6.1 note, 93A-17 note, 93A-19 to 93A-21 note, 93A-36 note, 93A-41 note, 93A-52 note
231	1	58-3-178
	2.1	58-50-155
	3	58-3-178 note, 58-50-155 note
	4	58-3-178 note, 58-50-155 note
232	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
234	1	116-36.5
	2, 3	116-198.31
	4	116-198.33
	5	116-198.34
	6	116-198.35
	7	116-198.37
	8	146-30
	9	66-58
235	1, 2	143-64.17
	3	143-64.17B
	4	115C-47 note, 115C-521 note, 143-64.17B note, 143-129.4 note
237	1.1	113-36 note, 113-145.6 note, 113-291.10 note, 114-2.5 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-87 note, 115C-88 note, 115C-105.25 note, 115C-105.26 note, 115C-105.45 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-285 note, 115C-302.1 note, 115C-316 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-230 note, 122C-22 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
237	1.1	122C-123.1
	5(r)	143-16.1
	6(d)	143-15.2 note, 143-15.3 note
	(g)	143-15.3C
	(h)	108A-27.16 Repealed
	7.7(a), (b)	14-250 note
	7.10(b)	108A-27.2
	(c)	108A-27.2 note
	8.3	115C-12 note
	8.5(a)-(j)	115C-1 note
	8.6(a)-(f)	115C-1 note
	8.12	115C-363.23A
	8.16(b)	135-1 note
	8.25(a)	115C-47
	(b)	115C-105.26
	(c)	115C-105.25
	(d)	115C-12
	(e)	115C-12 note, 115C-105.26 note, 115C-47 note, 115C-105.25 note
	8.27	7A-649 note, 115C-106 note
	8.30(a)	115C-87
	(b)	115C-88
	8.36	115C-81 note
	9.2(a)	115D-31.3
	(b), (c)	115D-31.3 note
	9.3(a)	115D-31
	9.4(c)	115D-40 Repealed
	9.7	143-16.3 note, 143-23 note
	9.12	115D-31 note
	9.15	115D-5 note
	10.12(a)	143B-372.1 to 143B-372.3
	(b)	143B-372.1 to 143B-372.3 note
	10.14(a)	116-30.3
	(b)	116-14
	11	150B-20 note
	11.3	143B-139.4
	11.4(a)	143B-146.22
	(b)	143B-216.33
	11.9	108A-70.21
	11.10(a)	143-23.2 note
	(b)	143-23.2
	11.12(h)	90-85.27 note
	(t)	150B-21.1 note
	11.17	122A-5.13
	11.18	143B-138.1 note, 143B-475 note
	11.27(a)	7B-300 note
	11.28(b)	131D-10.6A note
	11.30	150B-21.3 note
	11.40(d)	130A-5 note
	11.41	122C-123.1
	11.42(b)	143B-216.40 note

1999

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
237	11.48(a)	143B-168.12
	(c)	143B-168.10 note
	(o)	143B-168.15
	11.49	138-5
	11.52	143B-139.3 note
	11.54(a), (b)	143-15.3C note
	11.62(a), (b)	20-16.5 note
	11.65	90-233
	13.4(a)-(f)	106-810 note
	13.6(a), (b)	106-405.17 note
	13.7	105-113.81A
	14.1	95-25.5
	15	113-36
	15.1(b), (c)	113-291.10
	15.8	130A-309.63 note
	15.11	113-145.6
	15.14(a)-(h)	90A-1 note, 90A-35 note, 113-1, 113A-1 note, 139-1 note
	15.15	130A-309.83 note
	15.16	130A-309.83 note
	15.17(a), (b)	111-47.1
	(c)	111-47.1 note, note
	15.19(a)	143-16.3 note
	16.5(a)	158-8.1
	(b)	158-8.2
	(c)	158-8.3
	16.6(a)	158-8.2
	(b)	158-8.2 note
	16.7(c)-(m)	120-86.1 note
	16.8(b)	63A-1 note
	16.12(a)	96-5 note
	16.14(a), (b)	96-5 note
	16.15(a)	143B-438.1 to 143B-438.6
	(b)	143B-438.10 to 143B-438.13
	(c)	143B-438.10 note
	16.21	96-5 note
	17.1(a)	7A-450 note
	17.1A	7A-474.4 note
	17.2(a)-(d)	7A-452 note
	17.3(a)	7A-346.1 note
	17.4	7A-133
	17.5	7A-467 note
	17.6(a)	7A-133
	(b)	7A-133 note, 7A-142 note,
	(c)	7A-133 note
	17.7(a), (b)	7A-308 L.M., 14-107 L.M.

1999

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
237	17.8(a)	7A-60
	17.9	7A-69
	17.10	7A-142
	17.12(a)	7A-45.1
	(b)	7A-41
	(c)	7A-41 note
	17.15(a)	7A-343
	(b)	7A-343.2
	(c)	7A-109
	17.16(a)-(d)	7A-244 note
	17.17(a)	7A-64
	(b)	153A-212.1
	(c)	160A-289.1
	17.19(a)-(d)	7A-41
	17.20(a)-(c)	7A-41
	18(a)	143B-273.15 note
	18.2	143B-267
	18.8(a)-(c)	122C-22 note
	18.10(a)	148-29 note
	(b)	148-29
	(c)	7A-109.3
	18.11	163A-221 note
	18.14	17C-5 note
	18.15	148-2 note
	18.17	143B-262.3 note
	18.19(a)	148-37 note
	18.20(a)	148-37
	(b)	148-37 note
	18.21	148-26
	19(a)	143-16.5 Repealed
	(b)	114-2.5
	19.4	74D-4 note
	19.7	66-58
	20(a),(b)	143B-479 note
	20.1(a)	143B-480.1 note
	20.2	15B-21
	20.3(a)	143-652
	(b)	143-654
	20.5(a)-(c)	115C-105.45 note
	21.6(b)	7A-244 note
	21.7(a)	143B-273.6 note
	21.13(a)-(k)	147-33.36 note
	21.14	126-1.1 note, 147-33.31 note, 147-33.32 note
	22(a)	120-230 to 120-235
	(b)	120-230 note
	22.2	120-230 note
	23	135-18.8
	24 (a), (b)	143-49 note
	24.2(b)	143B-394.15, 143B-394.15, 143B-394.16
	(c)	143B-394.16 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
237	26.1(a)	121-7.2
	(b)	121-7.2 note
	27.2(a)-(l)	136-175 note
	27.1	136-176, 136-183
	27.2(a)	136-175 note
	27.3	136-17.2 note, 143B-350 note
	27.4	136-28.8
	27.9(b)	20-43.1
	27.11(a)-(c)	136-16.6 note
	(d)	136-16.6 note, 147.69.1 note
	27.16	147-69.2
	27.18	136-44.5 note, 136-44.7 note
	27.19	136-17.2A
	27.20(a)	136-17.2A
	(b)	136-17.2A note
	27.22	145-1 note, 145-3 note
	27.23A	66-58
	27.25(a)-(l)	136-16.6 note, 143B-362 note
	28(a)	147-11
	28.4	7A-101
	28.5	7A-102
	28.6(a), (b)	7A-171.1
	28.7	120-37
	28.8	120-37
	28.13(d)	135-1 note
	28.14(a)	126-7 note
	28.17	105-164.44B note
	28.19(a)	7A-65
	(b)	7A-467
	28.20	138-6
	28.21(a), (b)	62-10
	28.21A	62-15
	28.22(d)	135.50 note
	28.23(a)	135-5
	(b)	135-65
	(c)	120-4.22A
	(d)	128-27
	28.24(a)	128-34
	(b)	135-28.1
	(c)	135-56
	(d), (e)	135-58
	(f)	135-53
	(g)	135-60
	(h)	135-70.1
	28.25	135-72 Repealed
	28.26(a), (b)	115C-302.1
	(c)	115C-272
	(d)	115C-285
	28.26(e), (f)	115C-316
	28.27(a)	115C-341.1, 115C-441.1, 115D-25.1, 115D-25.2, 116-17.1, 116-17.2, 143-34.1
	28.28(a)	135-40.6
	(b)	135-40.5
	28.29(a)	135-40
	(b)-(c)	135-40.1
	(f)	135-40.2
	(g)	135-40.3
	(h)	135-39.6A
	29.2(d)	143-23 note
	29.6(c)	146-30 note
	29.9	143-15.3A note
	30	143-1 note
	30.2	120-230 note
	30.4	113-36 note, 113-145.6 note, 113-291.10 note, 114-2.5 note, 115C-81 note, 115C-87 note, 115C-88 note, 115C-105.25 note, 115C-105.26 note, 115C-105.45 note, 115C-106 note, 115C-272 note, 115C-285 note, 115C-302.1 note, 115C-316 note, 120-4.22A note, 120-230 note, 122C-22 note, 122C-123.1 note
239	1	105-349 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
	11(a)	160A-58.24 L.M., 160A-58.27 L.M.
241	1	159-7 L.M., 160A-103 L.M., 160A-360 L.M.
243	1	20-11
	2	20-11
	3	20-13.2
	4	20-9
	5	115C-12
	6	115C-566
	7	115C-288
	8	115C-238.29F
	9	115D-5
	10	20-9 note, 20-11 note, 20-13.2 note, 115C-12 note, 115C-238.29F note, 115C-288 note, 115C-566 note, 115D-5 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
243	11	20-9 note, 20-11 note, 20-13.2 note, 115C-12 note,115C-238.29F note, 115C-288 note, 115C-566 note, 115D-5 note
244	1	58-65-2
	2	58-67-171
	3	58-65-125
	4	58-13-10
	5	58-65-105
	6	58-65-95
	7	58-65-115
	8	58-67-90
	9	58-28-35
	10	58-50-1
	11	58-65-100
	12	58-67-55
	13	58-63-5
	14	58-67-65
245	1	90-171.80 to 90-171.93
	2, 3	90-171.80 note
246	1	90-85.3
	2	90-85.21
247	1	130A-115
	2	90-412
	3, 4	130A-247
	5	130A-250
248	1, 2	75A-5
	3	75A-11
	4	75A-14 Repealed
249	1	20-130.1
250	1	143-340
	2(a), (b)	143-340 note
	3	143-340 note
251	1	147-69.1
	2	147-69.2
252	1	146-25.1
	2	146-29.1
	3	146-32
	4(a)	116-37
	(b)	116-40.6
253	1	126-5
254	1	90-171.55
255	3	113A-60 L.M.
	4	163-278.10A L.M.
	6	163-47 L.M.
	7	113A-60 L.M.
257	1	14-69.1
	2	14-69.2
	3, 3.1	14-269.2
	4	20-13.2
	4.1	20-17
	5	1-538.3
	6-8	115C-391
	9	14-69.1 note, 14-69.2 note, 14-269.2 note, 115C-391 note
	10, 11	115C-12 note
258	3	160A-215
259	1	160A-360 L.M.
260	1	66-280
	2	147-54.1
	3	147-54.6
	4	147-12
	5	147-54.6 note
261	1	159-13
262	1	14-196
	2	14-277.1
263	1	15A-1340.16C
264	1	1A-1-28
265	1	20-37.6
266	1	36A-125 Repealed
	2	36A-125.1 to 36A-125.12
267	1	8-53.10
268	2	143-260.10
	3	Const., Art. 14, § 5
	4, 5	Const., Art. 14, § 5, note
	6	143-260.8, 143-260.8
269	1	15B-3
	2	15B-10
	3	15B-11
	4	15B-10 note, 15B-11 note
270	1	35A-1335
	2	35A-1336
	3	35A-1336.1
	4	35A-1340
	5	35A-1341
	6	35A-1341.1
	7	35A-1342
	8	35A-1343
	9	35A-1251
271	1	115C-105.27
272	1	58-67-180
	2	131E-310
273	1	58-53-30
274	1, 2	20-142.3
275	1	115C-245 note
276	1	20-11
277	1	20-79.4
	2, 3	20-79.7
	4	20-81.12
	5	7B-1302
278	1, 2	42-25.9
	3, 4	42-36.2
	5	44A-2
279	1	110-107
	2	110-108
280	1	130A-33.50 note
281	1	20-129
	2	20-51
283	1	160A-58.1 L.M.
	2	160A-36 L.M.
284	2	159-7 L.M.
	5.1(b)	163-294.2 L.M.
285	1	14-404 L.M.

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
286	2	153A-155
288	2	160A-462 L.M.
290	1	90-6
	2	90-18
	3	90-18.4
	4, 5	90-85.3
	6	90-85.26A
291	1	90-171.23
292	1, 2	90-270.2
293	1	110-132
	2	110-142.2
	3, 4	50-13.4
	5	52C-5-501
	6	110-136.2
	7	110-139.3
	8	108A-69
	9	58-51-115
	10	15A-1344.1
	11-14	50-13.9
	15	50-13.10
	16	110-26 note, 110-36.3, 110-136.3 note
	17	110-136
	18	110-136.5
	19, 20	110-136.8
	21	110-136.9
	22	110-139
	23	15A-1344.1
	24	110-142.2 note
294	1	58-41-10
	2	58-40-140
	3	58-2-161
	4	14-399
	5	58-3-167
	6	58-28-20
	7	58-16-5
	8	58-5-63
	9	58-3-100
	10	58-47-210 to 58-47-220
	11(a), (b)	58-30-10
	12(a), (b)	58-36-75
	13	58-1-1 note, 150B-1 note
	14(a), (b)	58-3-221
295	1	66-285 to 66-288
	2	66-288
	3	66-285 to 66-288
296	1	31A-4
297	1	105-303 note, 105-312 note
	2	105-312
	3	105-303
298	1	15A-1341
	2	15A-1343
299	1	20-30
	2	20-37.8
300	1	14-202.4
	2	14-27.7
301	4	15A-1340.23 L.M.
301	6.1(d)	15A-1340.23 L.M.
302	1	160A-215 note
	2	160A-215
304	1(a), (b)	160A-58.1 L.M.
305	1	105-129.9
	2	105-129.9A
	3	105-129.4
	4	105-129.5
306	1	7A-770 to 7A-777
	2	15A-1340.11
	3	15A-1340.14
	4	7A-773 note, 7A-774 note
307	1	131E-112
	2	131D-7
308	1	1-539.25, 1-539.26
	2	1-539.26
309	1	7B-1113
	2	7B-2603
	3	7B-3508
310	1	20-169
311	1	66-305, 66-306
	2	105-113.4B
312	1	53-295 to 53-300
313	1	90B-1 to 90B-6.2, 90B-7 to 90B-9, 90B-11
314	1	20-79.4
315	1	89A-6
316	1	147-36
318	1	7B-101
	2	7B-302
	3	7B-304
	4	7B-503
	5	7B-506
	6	7B-903
	7	7B-904
	8	7B-1003
319	1	58-87-1
	2	58-87-5
320	1	90-640
	2	90-171.43
	3	90-171.43 note, 90-640 note
321	1	96-9
	2	96-6.1
	3-6	96-9
322	1	18B-309
	2	18B-904
328	1.1	143-215.107B
	2.1	119-26.2
	2.2	119-26.2 note
	2.3	119-26.1
	3.1-3.3	143-215.107A
	3.4-3.10	143-215.107A note
	3.11	20-183.2
	3.12	143-215.107
	3.13	20-183.8F
	3.14	20-183.8G
	4.1, 4.2	143-215.107C

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
328	4.3	143-215.107C note
	4.4	143-215.107C note, 143-215.107A note
	4.5	143-215.107C, 143-215.107C note
	4.6-4.8	143-215.107C
	4.9	143-215.109 note, 143B-282 note
	4.10	136-200 to 136-203
	4.11	136-203 note
	4.12	143-215.94T
	4.13	143B-282
	5.1	20-183.2 note, 20-183.8F note, 20-183.8G note, 119-26.1 note, 119-26.2 note, 136-200 note, 143-215.7C note, 143-215.94T note, 143-215.107 note, 143-215.107A note, 143-215.107B note, 143B-282 note
	5.3	20-183.2 note, 20-183.8F note, 20-183.8G note, 119-26.1 note, 119-26.2 note, 136-200 note, 143-215.7C note, 143-215.94T note, 143-215.107 note, 143-215.107A note, 143-215.107B note, 143B-282 note
329	1.1	143-214.12 note, 143-214.13 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.1C note, 143-215.6A note
	2.1, 2.2	143-215.10A note
	3.1, 3.2	143-215.10A note
	3.3	143-215.10A note
	4.1, 4.2	143-215.10A note
	5.1	143-215.6A
	5.2	143-215.6A note
	5.3	143-215.6A
	5.4	143-215.6A note
	5.5	143-215.6A
	5.6	143-215.6A note
	5.7	143-215.6A
	5.8	143-215.6A note
	6.1	143-214.12
	6.2	143-214.13
	6.3	113A-235
	7.1	143-214.1 note, 143-214.7 note, 143-215.3 note, 143B-282 note
	8.1	143-215.1C
	8.2	143-215.10C
	10.1	143-215.1
329	11.1, 11.2	143B-282 note
	12.1	159G-3
	12.2	159G-6
	13.4	143B-282 note
	13.7, 13.8	113A-235 note
	13.7, 13.8	143-214.12 note, 143-214.12 note, 143-214.13 note, 143-215.1 note, 143-215.1C note, 143-215.6A note, 143-215.10C note, 159G-3 note, 159G-6 note
	13.9	143-215.1 note, 143-215.1C note
330	1	20-17.7
	2	20-138.2C
	3	20-141
	4	20-309
	4.1	20-279.32
	5	20-140.3
	6	136-89.58
	7	20-16
	8	20-16.01
	9	20-4.01
332	1	24-1.1A
	2	24-1.1E
	3	24-2.5
	4	24-8
	5	24-10.2
	6, 7	24-1.1E note
333	1	150B-21.1, 163-82.4, 163-82.14, 163-278.13B, 163-278.14, 163-278.14A, 163-278.16, 163-278.21, 163-278.23, 163-278.27, 163-278.34A, 163-278.39
	1(a)-(c)	143-300.30
	2	105-130.5
	3	105-134.6
	4	105-130.45
	5	14-401.18
	6	105-113.4C
	7	105-113.16 Repealed
	8	105-164.29
	9	14-401.18 note, 105-113.4C note, 105-130.5 note, 105-130.45 note, 105-134.6 note, 105-164.29 note
334	1.1	131D-4.4 to 131D-4.7
	1.2-1.5	131D-2
	1.6	131D-21
	1.7	131D-2
	1.8	131D-26

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
334	1.9	131E-124
	1.10	108A-103
	1.11	131E-233
	1.12	131E-234
	1.13	131E-242
	1.14, 1.15	131D-2
	2.1	131D-8
	2.2	131D-6
	3.1	131D-4.2
	3.2	131D-4.2
	3.3, 3.4	131D-2
	3.5	143B-153
	3.6, 3.7	143B-165
	3.8	131D-41, 131E-266
	3.10	131D-4.5 note
	3.11	143B-181.50 to 143B-181.54
	3.12, 3.13	131D-2 note
	3.13	131D-2 note
	3.13A	131D-2 note
	3.14	131E-255 note
	3.15	14-32.2
335	1	20-301
	2	20-305
	3-5	20-305.1
336	1	20-305
337	1	105-130.5
	2	1C-1601
	3(a)	10A-4
	b)	10A-7
	4	28A-21-2
	5	29-13
	6	29-20
	7	36A-100
	8	36A-125
	9	41-2.1
	10	41-2.2
	11	41-2.5
	12	93B-15
	13	105-32.8
	14(a)	105-37.1
	(b)	105-38 Repealed
	15(a)	105-38.1
	(b)	105-40
	16	105-109.1 Repealed
	17	105-113 Repealed
	18	105-113.27
	19	105-113.106
	20	105-114
	21	105-122
	22	105-130.16
	24	105-131.7
	25	105-152
	26	105-154
	27	105-163.011
	28(a), (b)	105-164.3
	28(c)-(e)	20-4.01
	29	105-164.4
337	30	105-164.4
	31	105-164.13
	32(a)	105-187.43
	(b)	105-187.44
	33	105-194
	34	105-253
	35(a)	105-275
	(b)	140-15 Repealed
	36	105-449.37
	37	105-449.39
	38	105-449.42
	39	105-449.44
	40	105-449.45
	41	105-449.47
	42	105-449.57
	43	105-449.52
	44	105-449.119
	45	160A-31 L.M.
	46	1C-1601 note, 10A-4 note, 10A-7 note, 20-4.01 note, 20-4.01 note, 28A-21-2 note, 29-13 note, 29-20 note, 36A-100 note, 41-2.1 note, 41-2.2 note, 41-2.5 note, 93B-15 note, 105-32.8 note, 105-37.1 note, 105-38.1 note, 105-40 note,105-113.106 note, 105-114 note, 105-122 note, 105-130.16 note, 105-130.33 note, 105-131.7 note, 105-152 note, 105-163.011 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-187.43 note, 105-187.44 note, 105-194 note, 105-275 note, 105-449.37 note, 105-449.39 note, 105-449.42 note, 105-449.44 note, 105-449.45 note, 105-449.47 note, 105-449.52 note, 105-449.57 note, 105-449.119 note, 140-15 note, 160A-31 note
338	1	120-47.6
	2	120-47.7
339	1-3	113-129
	4	113-270.1D
	5	113-270.2
	6	113-270.3
	7	113-291.2
340	1-3	96-9

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
340	4, 5	96-12.01
	6, 7	96-15
	8	105-259
	9	108A-29
	10	96-4
	11	96-12
341	1	105-164.16
	2	105-269.14
	3-6	105-269.14 note
	7	143-59.1
	8	105-259
342	1	105-130.23 Repealed, 105-130.26 Repealed, 105-130.27A Repealed, 105-130.29 to 105-130.33 Repealed, 105-151.2 Repealed, 105-151.5 Repealed, 105-151.7 to 105-151.10 Repealed
	2	105-129.15, 105-129.16A, 105-129.17 to 105-129.19
	3	105-129.15 to 105-129.16A note, 105-129.17 to 105-129.19 note
343	1	58-3-177
	2	58-3-177 note
344	1	119-58
345	1	90-270.33
346	1	105-102.6
347	1	143B-472.44 note
	2	143B-472.44
	3	143B-472.41
	4	143B-472.42
	5	143B-472.41
348	1	88B-4
	2	88B-20
349	1	87-9.1
350	1	20-146.2
351	1	58-51-15
	2	58-51-130
	3.1	58-51-62
	3.2	58-65-96
	3.3	58-67-79
	4	58-58-42
	5.2	58-57-1
	5.1	58-57-115
	5.3	58-57-5
	6	58-23-45
	7	135-40.7B
	8	58-65-125
352	1	115C-335.5, 115C-340
353	1	105-330.2
	2	105-322 L.M.
354	1	7A-38.5
	2	84-2.1
	3	90-330
	4	8-110, 8-110
	5	7A-38.1
	6	7A-38.4
355	1	89E-17
	2	89E-19
356	1	106-22.5
357	1	104F-1 note
	2	104F-1 to 104F-5 Repealed
	3	104G-1 note
	4	104G-1 to 104G-23
	5	104G-1 note
358	1	148-10.2
	2	15-194
359	1(a), (b)	108A-27.9 note
	1.2(a)	108A-27.2
	(b)	108A-27.9
	2(a), (b)	108A-27.2
	(c)	108A-27.9
	3	108A-27.11
	4(a)	108A-27.12
	(b)	108A-27.12 note
	(c)	108A-27.12
	(d)	108A-27.12 note
	5(a)	108A-27.3
	(b), (c)	108A-27.4
	(d)	108A-27.7
	(e)	108A-27.6
	6	108A-27.2
	7	108A-27.9 note
360	1	105-129.2 to 105-129.13, 105-129.15 to 105-129.19
	2	105-129.2 to 105-129.7, 105-129.9, 105-129.10, 105-129.13
	2.1	105-259
	3(a)	105-164.4, 105-164.4A
	(b)	105-164.4
	(c)	105-164.4A
	4-5(b)	105-164.14
	6(a)-(c)	105-164.3
	7(a)-(c)	105-164.13
	8	105-164.4A
	9	105-164.14
	10	105-129.15,
	11	105-129.16B
	13	105-129.17
	14	105-129.18
	15	105-129.19
	16	105-241.1
	17	143B-437.01
	17.2	130A-310.38
	17.3	130A-310.39
	18.1	105-129.2 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
360	21	105-129.2 to 105-129.13 note, 105-129.15 note, 105-129.16 note, 105-129.16B note, 105-129.17 to 105-129.19 note, 105-164.3 to 105-164.4A note, 105-164.13 note, 105-164.14 note, 105-241.1 note, 105-259 note, 130A-310.38 note, 130A-310.39 note, 143B-437.01 note
	25	105-129.3A note
361	1	5A-21
	2	5A-23
	3	5A-12
	4, 5	5A-23
362	1	1-79
	2	55B-9
	3	57C-2-01
	4	59-32
	5	59-45
	6	59-84.2, 59-84.3
	7	59-84.2
	8	59-84.3
	9	59-84.4
	10	59-90 to 59-94
	11	59-102
	12	59-106
	13	59-107
	14	59-205
	15	59-206
	16	59-301
	17	59-302
	18	59-303
	19	59-304
	20	59-305
	21, 22	59-402
	23	59-502
	24	59-503
	25	59-504
	26	59-602
	27	59-603
	28	59-604
	29	59-606
	30	59-608
	31	59-702
	32	59-704
	33	59-801
	34	59-901
	35	59-903
	36	59-907
	37	59-1002
363	1	14-208.6
	2	14-208.26
364	1, 2	95-136
365	1	58-3-145
365	2	58-57-105
366	1	153A-149 note, 153A-378 note, 159-48 note
	2	153A-378
	3	153A-149
	4	159-48
367	1	1-543.10 to 1-543.15
	2	1-394.1
368	1	113-315.36
	2	113-315.36, 143-128 L.M., 143-129 L.M., 143-131 L.M., 143-132 L.M., 143B-465
369	1.1	55-1-20
	1.2, 1.3	55-1-40
	1.4	55-4-05
	1.5	55-9-01
	1.6	55-9-04
	1.7	55-11-06
	1.8	55-11-10
	1.9	55-15-21
	2.1	55A-1-20
	2.2	55A-1-40
	2.3	55A-4-05
	2.4	55A-11-02
	2.5	55A-11-05
	2.6	55A-11-07
	2.7	55A-11-09
	2.8	55A-15-21
	3.1	57C-1-20
	3.2, 3.3	57C-1-03
	3.4	57C-2-20
	3.5(a), (b)	57C-2-34
	3.6	57C-7-12
	3.7	57C-9-01 to 57C-9-06 Repealed, 57C-9A-01 to 57C-9A-04, 57C-9A-20 to 57C-9A-23
	4.1	59-73.1 to 59-73.7
	4.2	59-102
	4.3	59-201
	4.4	59-204
	4.5, 4.6	59-206
	4.7	59-909
	4.8	59-1050 to 59-1057
	5.1	47-18.1
	5.2	105-129.4
	5.3	105-129.27
	5.4	105-130.4
	5.5	105-130.17
	5.6	105-163.010
	5.7	105-163.013
	5.8	105-163.014
	5.9	105-187.6
	5.10(a)-(c)	105-228.29
	6	58-10-10
	7	55A-13-02
370	1	90-95

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
370	2	90-95.3
	3	90-91
371	1	19-1
	2	19-1.1
	3	19-1.2
	4	19-1.3
	5	19-2.1
	6	19-2.3
	7	19-2.5
	8	19-3
	9	19-6
	10	19-6.1
372	1	153A-353
	2	153A-355
	3	160A-413
	4	160A-415
	5	143-151.8
373	1	115C-84.2
	2	115C-288
	3	115C-47
	4	115C-84.2 note
374	1	8-53.11
375	1	51-8
377	1, 2	131-1 note
	3	131-1 note, 131E-7 note, 131E-7.1 note, 131E-11 note, 131E-23 note, 131E-26 note, 131E-27 note
	4	131-1 note, 159-39 note, 160A-20 note
378	1	159-48
379	1	113A-54.1
	2	113A-57
	3	113A-61
	4	113A-64
	5	113A-54.2
	6	113A-61.1
	7	87-10
380	2	136-175 note
381	1	106-65.23
	2	106-65.24
	3	106-65.25
	4	106-65.26
	5	106-65.27
	6	106-65.28
	7	106-65.29
	8	106-65.30
	9	106-65.31
	10	106-65.33
	11	106-65.41
382	1	90-48.3
	2	90-223
	3	90-232
	4	90-48.2
383	1	58-26-25
384	1	24-5
	2	24-5 note
385	1, 2	32A-2
386	1, 2	160A-20
	3	159-170
	4	131E-8 note, 131E-13 note, 131E-14 note, 143B-165 note, 153A-176 note, 160A-265 note
387	1-3	115C-391
	4	20-11
388	1	160A-536
389	1	105-129.35
	2	105-129.35, 105-130.42 Recodified
	3	105-129.36
	4	105-129.37
	5	105-129.35 to 105-129.37
	6	105-129.35 to 105-129.37, 105-151.23 Recodified
	7	105-163.40
	8	105-241
390	1	7A-409, 7A-409.1, 7A-409.2
	2	7A-409 note
391	1-4	58-50-61
392	1	75A-4
	2-4	75A-5
	5	75A-3
393	1	143-143.8 to 143-143.19, 143-143.21A, 143-143.22, 143-143.25
	2	143-144 to 143-151.5
	3	143-151.26 to 143-151.41
	4	58-2-55
	5	58-2-55 note, 143-143.8 note, 143-144 note, 143-151.26 note
394	1	115C-284
395	1	120-58
	3.1-3.13	105-1 note
	4.1-4.9	163-1 note
	5.1-5-4	120-204 note
	6.1	62-302 note
	11.1(a)-(e)	1A-1-1 note
	11.2	1A-1-1 note
	14.1(a)-(g)	96-5 note
	(a)-(g)	143B-438.10 note
	15.3-15.11	115C-1 note
	18.1	143-701 to 143-709 Repealed
	19.1	120-74
	(b)-(e)	120-71 note, 120-74 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
395	20.1	90-22 note
	21.1(a)-(h)	115D-1 note
	(a)-(h)	116-1 note
	21B.1	120-59 to 120-70 Repealed
	21B.2-21B.7	120-58 note
396	1	7A-41
	2(a)-(c)	7A-41 note
	3	7A-41 note
397	1	115C-105.27
	2	115C-105.45 to 115C-105.48
	3	115C-12
	4	115C-47
	5(a)	115C-105.27 note
	(b)	115C-105.45 note
398	1	14-16.6 to 14-16.8, 14-16.10
	2	114-15
399	1	15A-401
400	1, 2	143-53
	3	143-57
	3.1	143-53 note, 143-57 note
401	1	14-34.8
402	1	62-157
403	1	20-79.4
	2, 3	20-79.7
	4	20-81.12
	5	20-79.6
404	1	136-133
	2	136-134
	3	136-134.2
	4	136-135
	5	136-18.7
	6	136-127
	7	136-128
	8	136-129
	9	136-129.1
	10	136-136
405	1	120-74
	2	93A-3
	3	90-139
	7.1	143-53 note, 143-57 note
406	1	20-16.2
	2	20-19
	3	20-17.8
	4, 6	20-179.3
	7	18B-302
	8	15A-145
	9	15A-146
	10	20-16.2
	11, 12	20-28.2
	13	20-16.5
	14	20-4.01
	15	20-138.2A
	16	20-138.2B note
	17	20-28.2
	18	20-16.2 note, 20-19 note, 20-138.2B note
407	1	143-48
	2	143-48 note
408	1	14-107
	2	14-229
	3	15A-1340.14
	4	19A-35
	5	106-418.14
	6	106-549.35
	7	106-549.59
	8	106-549.71
	9	106-549.88
	10	113-337
409	1	93A-2
	2	157-26.1
410	1	40A-40
411	1	7A-210
412	1	106-451.40 to 106-451.44
413	1, 2	62-302 note
	3	58-6-25 note
	4	58-6-25
	5	106-6.1
	6	143-215.3D
414	1, 2	105-163.1
	3	105-163.2A
415	1	105-228.90
	2, 3	105-236
	5	105-267
416	1	66-295 to 66-297
417	1	143-345.8
	2	143-345.8 note
418	1	97-2
419	1	58-70-15
420	1	42A-1 to 42A-4, 42A-10, 42A-11, 42A-15 to 42A-19, 42A-23 to 42A-27, 42A-31, 42A-32 to 42A-36
	2	42-40
	3	42-39
	4	7A-292
421	1	96-9
422	1	136-19.4
	2	136-17.2A
423	1	7B-2513
	2	7B-2603
	3	7B-3800
	4	95-241
	5	120-216
	6	131D-10.4
	7	143B-261
	8	143B-262
	9	143B-150.6
	10	143B-150.8
	11	143B-478
	12	153A-221.1

1999

Ch.	Sec.	General Statutes
423	13	7B-2413
	14	7B-1905
	15	147-33.62
	16	147-33.64
424	1	163-22.1
	2	163-181
	3(a)	163-37
	(b)	163-131
	4(a)	163-327
	(b)	163-328
	5(a)	163-96
	(b)	163-122
	5(c)	163-123
	6(a), (b)	163-278.6
	(c)	163-278.23
	7(a)	163-22
	(b)	163-33
	(c)-(d)	163-82.4
	(e)	163-111
	(f), (g)	163-150
	(h)	163-274
	(i)	163-275
	(j)	163-213.2
	(k)	163-253
	(l)	163-254
	(m)	163-278.8
425	1	143B-472.2
	2	143B-472.3
	3	143B-472.29
	4	90-210.25A
426	1(a), (b)	163-82.6
	2(a)	163-274
	3(a)	163-130.1
	4(a)	163-130.2
	(b)	163-130.2 note
	5(a)	163-129
	6(a)	163-304
	(b)	163-304 note
	7(a)	163-35
	8(a)	163-36
	9(a)	163-278.19B
	10(a)	163-278.32
427	1	87-10
	2	87-11
428	1	7A-49.4
	2	7A-49.3 Repealed
	3	7A-61
429	1, 2	143-162.1
	3	143-162.1 note
430	1	90-154
	2	90-157.3
431	3.1	143-200
	3.2(a)	143-640
	(b)	143-640 note
	3.3(a)	124-6
	(b)	124-6 note
	3.4(a)	93A-3
	(b)	93A-3 note
	3.5(a)	120-74
	(b)	120-74 note
	3.6(a)	120-31
	(b)	120-31 note
	3.7(a)	120-70.80
	3.8(b)	120-70.80 note
	3.9	90-139
	4	90-139 note, 93A-3 note, 120-31 note, 120-70.80 note, 120-74 note, 124-6 note, 143-200 note, 143-640 note
432	1	7B-601
433	1	18B-302.1
434	1	147-86.20
	2	147-86.10
	3	147-86.22
	4	147-86.11
	5	159-32.1
	5.1	159-39
	6	105-357
	7	132-1.2
	8	143B-472.43 Repealed
	9	143B-472.40, 143B-472.40A
	10	143B-472.50 to 143B-472.67
	11	143B-472.41
	12	143-52
	13	143-52.1
	14	143-56
	15	143-135.9
	16	150B-21.1
	17	150B-38
	18	143B-472.41
	19	105-357 note, 132-1.2 note, 143-52 note, 143-52.1 note, 143-56 note, 143-135.9 note, 143B-472.40 note to 143B-472.41 note, 143B-472.43 note, 143B-472.50 note, 143B-472.51 note to 143B-472.67 note, 147-86.10 note, 147-86.11 note, 147-86.20 note, 147-86.22 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-38 note, 159-32.1 note, 159-39 note
	20	105-357 note, 132-1.2 note, 143-52 note,

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
434	20	143-52.1 note, 143-56 note, 143-135.9 note, 143B-472.40 note to 143B-472.41 note, 143B-472.43 note, 143B-472.50 note to 143B-472.67 note, 147-86.10 note, 147-86.11 note, 147-86.20 note, 147-86.22 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-38 note, 159-32.1 note, 159-39 note
	21	105-357 note, 132-1.2 note, 143-52 note, 143-52.1 note, 143-56 note, 143-135.9 note, 143B-472.40 note to 143B-472.41 note, 143B-472.43 note, 143B-472.50 note to 143B-472.67 note, 147-86.10 note, 147-86.11 note, 147-86.20 note, 147-86.22 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-38 note, 159-32.1 note, 159-39 note
	22	105-357 note, 132-1.2 note, 143-52 note, 143-52.1 note, 143-56 note, 143-135.9 note, 143B-472.40 note to 143B-472.41 note, 143B-472.43 note, 143B-472.50 note to 143B-472.67 note, 147-86.10 note, 147-86.11 note, 147-86.20 note, 147-86.22 note, 150B-21.1 note, 150B-38 note, 159-32.1 note, 159-39 note
	23	105-357 note, 132-1.2 note, 143-52 note, 143-52.1 note, 143-56 note, 143-135.9 note, 143B-472.40 note to 143B-472.41 note, 143B-472.43 note, 143B-472.50 note to 143B-472.67 note
	24	143B-472.41A
	25	126-5
	26	143B-472.44 note
	27	143B-472.44
	28	143B-472.41
	29	143B-472.42
	30	143B-472.52 note
	31	143B-472.41A note
435	1	58-6-5
	2	58-6-7
	3	58-22-70
	4	58-27-10
	5	58-65-55
	6	58-67-160
	7	58-2-134
436	1	136-128 note, 136-129 note
437	1	20-354 to 20-354.9
	2	66-300
438	1	105-164.4
	1.1	105-164.6
	2	105-88
	3	105-159.1
	4	105-164.3
	5-12	105-164.13
	13	105-164.13A
	14	105-164.14
	15, 16	105-236
	17	105-237
	18	105-259
	19	105-266
	20, 21	105-449.65
	22	105-449.87
	23	105-449.97
	24	105-449.106
	25	105-449.116 Repealed
	26	20-50
	27	20-87
	28	20-116
	29	20-140.5
	30	110-129.2
	31	20-50 note, 20-87 note, 20-116 note, 20-140.5 note, 105-88 note, 105-159.1 note, 105-164.3 note, 105-164.4 note, 105-164.6 note, 105-164.13 note, 105-164.13A note, 105-164.14 note, 105-236 note, 105-237 note, 105-259 note, 105-266 note, 105-449.65 note, 105-449.87 note, 105-449.97 note, 105-449.106 note, 105-449.116 note, 110-129.2 note
439	1	105-369
	2, 3	105-375
440	1	55B-6
	2	55B-16
	3	93-12
441	1	20-157.1

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
441	1.1	113A-235 note, 143-215.10C note, 159G-3 note, 159G-6 note
442	1	127A-16
443	1	90-288.10 to 90-288.20
	2	131D-2
	3	90-288.14 note
444	1	7B-2506
445	1	160A-634
	2	160A-635
	3	105-551
	4	105-561
446	1	74C-8
	2	74D-2
	3	74D-8.1
447	1	75A-13.3
	2	75A-18
	3	75A-13.2 Repealed
448	1	143-214.20, 143-215.21 note, 143-215.23
	2	143-214.21
	3	143-214.22
449	1	14-113.20 to 14-113.23
450	1	20-79.4
	2, 3	20-79.7
	4	20-81.12
451	1	14-318.4
452	1-5	20-4.01
	6	20-4.18
	7	20-4.19
	8	20-9
	9	20-11
	10	20-16
	11, 12	20-19
	13, 14	20-63
	15	20-78
	16	20-79.4
	17	20-87
	18	20-96
	19	20-166.1
	20	20-309
	21	20-376
	22	20-381
	23	20-118
	25	20-183.8
	26	105-550
	27	105-551
	28	105-552
	28.1	105-259
453	1	150B-21.1 note, 163-82.14 note, 163-278.13B to 163-278.14A note, 163-278.16 note, 163-278.21 note, 163-278.23 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.34A note, 163-278.39 note
	2(a)	163-278.39 to 163-278.39C
	(b)	163-278.16
	(c)	163-278.27
	3(a)	163-278.14A
	3.1(a)	163-278.34A
	4(a)	163-278.14
	5(a)	150B-21.1
	(b)	163-278.23
	(c)	163-278.21
	6(a)	163-278.13B
	7(a), (b)	163-82.14
	8(a)	163-82.4
	9	163-278.13B note, 163-278.14A note, 163-278.16 note, 163-278.21 note, 163-278.23 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.39 note
	10	150B-21.1 note, 163-82.4 note, 163-82.14 note, 163-278.13B note, 163-278.14 note, 163-278.14A note, 163-278.16 note, 163-278.21 note, 163-278.23 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.34A note, 163-278.39 note
	11	150B-21.1 note, 163-82.4 note, 163-82.14 note, 163-278.13B to 163-278.14A note, 163-278.16 note, 163-278.21 note, 163-278.23 note, 163-278.27 note, 163-278.34A note, 163-278.39 note
454	1	14-399
	2	14-399 note, 20-7 note
455	1	163-226
	2	163-226.1
	3	163-226.3
	4	163-227 Repealed
	5	163-227.1
	6	163-227.2
	7	163-228
	8	163-229
	9	163-230 Repealed
	10	163-230.1
	11	163-231

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
455	12	163-232
	13	163-233
	14	163-234
	15	163-236
	16	163-82.7
	17	163-137
	18	163-155
	19	163-169
	20	163-257
	21	163-274
	22	163-237
	23	163-27.1
456	1	29-12
	2	32A-14.1
	3	55-1-40
	4	122C-57
	5	122C-211
	6	131E-23
	7	143-56
	8	1-539.2A
	9(a), (b)	7A-292
	10	18B-603
	11	20-28.5
	12	47-108.11
	13	50-13.4
	14	50-16.7
	15(a)	58-3-178
	(b)	58-50-155
	(c)	58-50-155 note
	(d)	58-50-155
	16	58-3-167
	17	62-159
	18	62A-25
	19	74C-5
	20	74C-6
	21	74D-5
	22	74D-5.1
	23	85B-3.1
	24	90-113.31
	25	90-171.94
	26	105-37.1
	27	113-270.1A
	28	113-271
	29, 30	113-276
	31	113-276.2
	32	113-291.4A
	33(a)	14-34.3
	(b)	14-409
	(c)	97-2
	(d)	97-29
	(e)	115C-254
	(f)	147-33.2
	34	115C-325
	35	115C-47
	36	122C-251
	37	128-21
	38	146-32
	39	143-135.9

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
456	40	143-138
	42	143B-426.24
	43	162A-5
	44	168A-3
	46	143-128 L.M., 160A-265 L.M.
	47(a)	8-45.1
	(b)	8-45.3
	(c)	8-34
	(d)	153A-436
	(e)	160A-490
	49	160A-58.1 L.M.
	50	57C-2-20
	51	57C-3-03
	52(a)	57C-1-03
	(b)	57C-9A-08
	59	1-239.1, 1-440.23, 1-440.24, 1-474.1, 1A-1-4, 1A-1-84, 1C-1603, 7A-232, 7A-308 note, 14-403, 14-407.1, 20-16.1, 31-11.6, 32A-34, 40A-27, 40A-48, 41-2.1, 42-34, 43-15, 43-36, 44A-12, 44A-23, 45-21.17A, 45-72, 47-2, 47-30, 47-41.02, 47-43.2 to 47-43.4, 47-46.3, 47-111, 47-118, 47-119, 51-16, 58-71-155, 63-80, 80-16, 105-242, 105-321, 105-323, 127A-37, 130A-354, 131E-43, 136-109, 156-108, 159-58, 162A-33, 162A-66, 163-106, 163-227, 163-232, 163-248, 163-251, 163-294.2
	60	7B-100 note, 7B-200, 7B-300, 7B-400, 7B-500, 7B-600, 7B-700, 7B-800, 7B-900, 7B-1000, 7B-1100
	61(b)	14-32.2
	(a)	131D-8
	62	143B-472.41
	63	163-278.23
	64	105-129.3
	66	58-79-30 Repealed
	67	1-543.12
	67.1	20-79.6
	68	143-215.1C, 143-215.10C
	69	20-183.8G
	70	113-168.1 note

Ch.	Sec.	1999 General Statutes
457	1(a), (d)	143-157.1 note
458	1	120-163
	2	120-167
	3	120-168
	4	120-169.1
	5	136-41.2
	6	105-472
	7	105-486
	9	105-501
	10	105-113.82
	11	105-116.1
	12	105-113.82 note, 105-116.1 note, 105-472 note, 105-486 note, 105-501 note, 120-163 note, 120-167 note, 120-168 note, 120-169.1 note, 136-41.2 note
	13	105-113.82 L.M., 105-116.1 L.M., 105-472 L.M., 105-486 L.M., 105-501 L.M., 120-163 L.M., 120-167 L.M., 120-168 L.M., 120-169.1 L.M., 136-41.2 L.M.
459	3, 4	113-44.14 note
460	1	116B-4
	2	116B-10 to 116B-26 Repealed
	3(a)	116B-28 to 116B-35 Repealed, 116B-38 to 116B-46 Repealed, 116B-48 Repealed, 116B-49 Repealed
	(b)	116B-5 to 116B-8, 116B-27 Repealed, 116B-36 Repealed, 116B-37 Repealed, 116B-47 Repealed
	4(a), (b)	116B-6
	5	116B-8
	6	116B-51 to 116B-80
	7	44A-4
	8	29-12
	9, 10	53-43.7
	11	53B-4
	12	116-209.3
	13	29-12 note, 44A-4 note, 53-43.7 note, 53B-4 note, 116-209.3 note, 116B-4 note to 116B-8 note, 116B-51 note
461	1	18B-101
	2	18B-603
462	1	18B-101
	2	18B-1006
	3	18B-603
	4	18B-404
	5	18B-305
	6, 7	18B-603
	8	18B-805
	9	18B-603
	10	18B-1006
	11	18B-101 note, 18B-603 note
	12	18B-1006
	13	18B-101
	14	18B-1006

General Statutes of North Carolina

Sections Added, Amended or Repealed 1999 Session

This table lists the sections of the General Statutes of North Carolina which were added, amended or repealed during the 1999 legislative session of the General Assembly.

In instances where the effective date of an act has been postponed beyond January 1, 2000, the effective date of such act is indicated in the right-hand column.

G.S.		*Session Laws*		*Postponed Effective*
§	*Effect*	*Chapter*	*Section*	*Date*
1-47	Amended	221	3	
1-75.4	Amended	212	1	
1-79	Amended	362	1	
1-109	Amended	106	1	
1-174	Repealed	216	2	
1-239.1	Amended	456	59	
1-242	Amended	216	3	
1-272	Repealed	216	2	
1-273	Repealed	216	2	
1-274	Repealed	216	2	
1-275	Repealed	216	2	
1-276	Repealed	216	2	
1-301.1	Added	216	1	
1-301.2	Added	216	1	
1-301.3	Added	216	1	
1-394.1	Added	367	2	
1-399	Repealed	216	2	
1-408	Amended	216	4	
1-408.1	Amended	216	5	
1-440.23	Amended	456	59	
1-440.24	Amended	456	59	
1-474	Amended	216	6	
1-474.1	Amended	456	59	
1-538.3	Added	257	5	
1-539.2A	Added	212	4	
1-539.2A	Amended	456	8	
1-539.25	Added	308	1	
1-539.26	Added	308	1	
1-539.26	Amended	308	2	
1-543.10	Added	367	1	
1-543.11	Added	367	1	
1-543.12	Added	367	1	
1-543.12	Amended	456	67	
1-543.13	Added	367	1	
1-543.14	Added	367	1	
1-543.15	Added	367	1	
1-567.57	Amended	185	2	
1A-1-4	Amended	456	59	
1A-1-28	Amended	264	1	
1A-1-55	Amended	187	1	
1A-1-84	Amended	456	59	
1C-1601	Amended	337	2	
1C-1603	Amended	456	59	
1C-1702	Amended	23	3	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
1C-1702	Amended	223	4	
5A-12	Amended	361	3	
5A-21	Amended	361	1	
5A-23	Amended	361	2	
5A-23	Amended	361	4	
5A-23	Amended	361	5	
7A-38.1	Amended	354	5	
7A-38.4	Amended	354	6	
7A-38.5	Added	354	1	
7A-41	Amended	237	17.12(b)	
7A-41	Amended	237	17.19(a)	01/1/01
7A-41	Amended	237	17.19(b)	01/1/01
7A-41	Amended	237	17.19(c)	01/1/01
7A-41	Amended	237	17.19(d)	01/1/01
7A-41	Amended	237	17.20(a)	01/1/03
7A-41	Amended	237	17.20(b)	01/1/03
7A-41	Amended	237	17.20(c)	01/1/03
7A-41	Amended	396		
7A-45.1	Amended	237	17.12(a)	
7A-49.3	Repealed	428	2	
7A-49.4	Added	428	1	
7A-60	Amended	237	17.8(a)	
7A-61	Amended	428	3	
7A-64	Amended	237	17.17(a)	
7A-65	Amended	237	28.19(a)	
7A-69	Amended	237	17.9	
7A-101	Amended	237	28.4	
7A-102	Amended	237	28.5	
7A-109	Amended	237	17.15(c)	
7A-109.3	Added	237	18.10(c)	
7A-133	Amended	237	17.4	
7A-133	Amended	237	17.6(a)	
7A-142	Amended	237	17.10	
7A-148	Amended	80	2	
7A-171.1	Amended	237	28.6(a)	
7A-171.1	Amended	237	28.6(b)	
7A-210	Amended	411	1	
7A-232	Amended	456	59	
7A-273	Amended	80	1	
7A-292	Amended	420	4	
7A-292	Amended	456	9(a)	
7A-292	Amended	456	9(b)	
7A-343	Amended	237	17.15(a)	
7A-343.2	Added	237	17.15(b)	
7A-410.1	Added	390	1	
7A-410.2	Added	390	1	
7A-410.3	Added	390	1	
7A-467	Amended	237	28.19(b)	
7A-770	Amended	306	1	
7A-771	Amended	306	1	
7A-772	Amended	306	1	
7A-773	Amended	306	1	
7A-773.1	Added	306	1	
7A-774	Amended	306	1	
7A-775	Amended	306	1	
7A-776	Amended	306	1	
7A-777	Amended	306	1	
7B-101	Amended	190	1	
7B-101	Amended	318	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
7B-200	Amended	456	60	
7B-300	Amended	456	60	
7B-302	Amended	190	2	
7B-302	Amended	318	2	
7B-304	Amended	318	3	
7B-400	Amended	456	60	
7B-500	Amended	456	60	
7B-503	Amended	318	4	
7B-506	Amended	318	5	
7B-600	Amended	456	60	
7B-601	Amended	432	1	
7B-700	Amended	456	60	
7B-800	Amended	456	60	
7B-900	Amended	456	60	
7B-903	Amended	318	6	
7B-904	Amended	318	7	
7B-1000	Amended	456	60	
7B-1003	Amended	318	8	
7B-1100	Amended	223	5	
7B-1100	Amended	456	60	
7B-1101	Amended	223	6	
7B-1104	Amended	223	7	
7B-1113	Amended	309	1	
7B-1302	Amended	277	5	
7B-1905	Amended	423	14	
7B-2413	Amended	423	13	
7B-2506	Amended	444	1	
7B-2513	Amended	423	1	
7B-2603	Amended	309	2	
7B-2603	Amended	423	2	
7B-3508	Amended	309	3	
7B-3800	Amended	423	3	
7B-3900	Added	190	5	
7B-3901	Added	190	5	
7B-3902	Added	190	5	
7B-3903	Added	190	5	
7B-3904	Added	190	5	
7B-3905	Added	190	5	
7B-3906	Added	190	5	
8-34	Amended	131	3	
8-34	Amended	456	47(c)	
8-45.1	Amended	131	1	
8-45.1	Amended	456	47(a)	
8-45.3	Amended	131	2	
8-45.3	Amended	456	47(b)	
8-53.10	Added	267	1	
8-53.11	Added	374	1	
8-110	Added	354	4	
8C-1-609	Amended	79	1	
10A-4	Amended	337	3(a)	
10A-7	Amended	337	3(b)	
10A-16	Amended	21	2	
10A-17	Added	21	1	
14-16.6	Amended	398	1	
14-16.7	Amended	398	1	
14-16.8	Amended	398	1	
14-16.10	Added	398	1	
14-27.7	Amended	300	2	
14-32.2	Amended	334	3.15	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
14-32.2	Amended	456	61(b)	
14-33	Amended	105	1	
14-34.3	Amended	456	33(a)	
14-34.8	Added	401	1	
14-69.1	Amended	257	1	
14-69.2	Amended	257	2	
14-79	Amended	107	1	
14-107	Amended	408	1	
14-111.2	Amended	64	1	
14-111.3	Amended	64	2	
14-113.20	Added	449	1	
14-113.21	Added	449	1	
14-113.22	Added	449	1	
14-113.23	Added	449	1	
14-196	Amended	262	1	
14-202.4	Added	300	1	
14-208.6	Amended	363	1	
14-208.26	Amended	363	2	
14-229	Amended	408	2	
14-269.2	Amended	211	1	
14-269.2	Amended	257	3	
14-269.2	Amended	257	3.1	
14-277.1	Amended	262	2	
14-318.4	Amended	451	1	
14-360	Amended	209	8	
14-399	Amended	294	4	
14-399	Amended	454	1	
14-401.17	Amended	51	1	
14-401.18	Added	333	5	
14-403	Amended	456	59	
14-407.1	Amended	456	59	
14-409	Amended	456	33(b)	
14-453	Amended	212	2	
14-458	Added	212	3	
15-194	Amended	358	2	
15A-145	Amended	406	8	
15A-146	Amended	406	9	
15A-401	Amended	23	7	
15A-401	Amended	399	1	
15A-402	Amended	68	2	
15A-839	Amended	169	1	
15A-840	Amended	169	2	
15A-1340.11	Amended	306	2	
15A-1340.14	Amended	306	3	
15A-1340.14	Amended	408	3	
15A-1340.16C	Added	263	1	
15A-1341	Amended	298	1	
15A-1343	Amended	298	2	
15A-1344.1	Amended	293	10	
15A-1344.1	Amended	293	23	
15B-3	Amended	269	1	
15B-10	Amended	269	2	
15B-11	Amended	269	3	
15B-21	Amended	237	20.2	
18B-101	Amended	461	1	
18B-101	Amended	462	1	
18B-101	Amended	462	13	
18B-302	Amended	406	7	
18B-302.1	Added	433	1	

G.S. §	Session Laws			Postponed Effective Date
	Effect	*Chapter*	*Section*	
18B-305	Amended	462	5	
18B-309	Added	322	1	
18B-404	Amended	462	4	
18B-603	Amended	456	10	
18B-603	Amended	461	2	
18B-603	Amended	462	3	
18B-603	Amended	462	6	
18B-603	Amended	462	7	
18B-603	Amended	462	9	
18B-805	Amended	462	8	
18B-904	Amended	322	2	
18B-1006	Amended	462	2	
18B-1006	Amended	462	10	
18B-1006	Amended	462	12	
18B-1006	Amended	462	14	
19-1	Amended	371	1	
19-1.1	Amended	371	2	
19-1.2	Amended	371	3	
19-1.3	Amended	371	4	
19-2.1	Amended	371	5	
19-2.3	Amended	371	6	
19-2.5	Amended	371	7	
19-3	Amended	371	8	
19-6	Amended	371	9	
19-6.1	Amended	371	10	
19A-35	Amended	408	4	
20-4.01	Amended	330	9	
20-4.01	Amended	337	28(c)	
20-4.01	Amended	337	28(d)	
20-4.01	Amended	337	28(e)	
20-4.01	Amended	406	14	
20-4.01	Amended	452	1	
20-4.01	Amended	452	2	
20-4.01	Amended	452	3	
20-4.01	Amended	452	4	
20-4.01	Amended	452	5	
20-4.18	Amended	452	6	
20-4.19	Amended	452	7	
20-9	Amended	243	4	7/1/00
20-9	Amended	452	8	
20-11	Amended	243	1	7/1/00
20-11	Amended	243	2	
20-11	Amended	276	1	
20-11	Amended	387	4	7/1/00
20-11	Amended	452	9	
20-13.2	Amended	243	3	7/1/00
20-13.2	Amended	257	4	
20-16	Amended	330	7	
20-16	Amended	452	10	
20-16.01	Added	330	8	
20-16.1	Amended	456	59	
20-16.2	Amended	406	1	7/1/00
20-16.2	Amended	406	10	
20-16.5	Amended	406	13	
20-17	Amended	257	4.1	
20-17.7	Added	330	1	
20-17.8	Added	406	3	7/1/00
20-19	Amended	406	2	7/1/00
20-19	Amended	452	11	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
20-19	Amended	452	12	
20-28.2	Amended	406	11	
20-28.2	Amended	406	12	
20-28.2	Amended	406	17	
20-28.5	Amended	456	11	
20-30	Amended	299	1	
20-37.6	Amended	265	1	
20-37.8	Amended	299	2	
20-43.1	Amended	237	27.9(b)	
20-50	Amended	438	26	
20-51	Amended	281	2	
20-63	Amended	452	13	
20-63	Amended	452	14	
20-78	Amended	452	15	
20-79.4	Amended	220	3.1	
20-79.4	Amended	277	1	
20-79.4	Amended	314	1	
20-79.4	Amended	403	1	
20-79.4	Amended	450	1	
20-79.4	Amended	452	16	
20-79.6	Amended	403	5	
20-79.6	Amended	456	671	
20-79.7	Amended	277	2	
20-79.7	Amended	277	3	
20-79.7	Amended	403	2	
20-79.7	Amended	403	3	
20-79.7	Amended	450	2	
20-79.7	Amended	450	3	
20-81.12	Amended	277	4	
20-81.12	Amended	403	4	
20-81.12	Amended	450	4	
20-84	Amended	220	3	
20-84.1	Repealed	220	4	
20-85	Amended	220	2	
20-87	Amended	438	27	
20-87	Amended	452	17	
20-96	Amended	452	18	
20-116	Amended	438	28	
20-118	Amended	452	23	
20-129	Amended	281	1	
20-130.1	Amended	249	1	
20-135.2A	Amended	183	1	
20-135.2A	Amended	183	2	
20-135.2A	Amended	183	3	
20-135.2B	Amended	183	4	
20-137.1	Amended	183	6	
20-137.1	Amended	183	7	
20-138.2A	Amended	406	15	
20-138.2B	Amended	406	16	
20-138.2C	Added	330	2	
20-140.3	Amended	330	5	
20-140.5	Amended	438	29	
20-141	Amended	330	3	
20-142.3	Amended	274	1	
20-142.3	Amended	274	2	
20-146.2	Amended	350	1	
20-157.1	Added	441	1	
20-166.1	Amended	452	19	
20-169	Amended	310	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
20-179.3	Amended	406	4	7/1/00
20-179.3	Amended	406	5	7/1/00
20-179.3	Amended	406	6	
20-183.2	Amended	328	3.11	
20-183.8	Amended	452	25	
20-183.8F	Amended	328	3.13	
20-183.8G	Amended	328	3.14	
20-183.8G	Amended	456	69	
20-279.1	Amended	228	1	7/1/00
20-279.5	Amended	228	2	7/1/00
20-279.15	Amended	228	3	7/1/00
20-279.21	Amended	195	1	
20-279.21	Amended	228	4	7/1/00
20-279.25	Amended	228	5	7/1/00
20-279.32	Amended	330	4.1	
20-280	Amended	228	6	7/1/00
20-281	Amended	228	7	7/1/00
20-301	Amended	335	1	
20-305	Amended	335	2	
20-305	Amended	336	1	
20-305.1	Amended	335	3	
20-305.1	Amended	335	3.1	
20-305.1	Amended	335	4	
20-305.2	Amended	335	5	
20-309	Amended	330	4	
20-309	Amended	452	20	10/1/00
20-354	Added	437	1	
20-354.1	Added	437	1	
20-354.2	Added	437	1	
20-354.3	Added	437	1	
20-354.4	Added	437	1	
20-354.5	Added	437	1	
20-354.6	Added	437	1	
20-354.7	Added	437	1	
20-354.8	Added	437	1	
20-354.9	Added	437	1	
20-376	Amended	452	21	
20-381	Amended	452	22	
24-1.1	Amended	75	1	
24-1.1A	Amended	332	1	
24-1.1E	Added	332	2	7/1/00
24-2.5	Added	332	3	
24-5	Amended	384	1	
24-8	Amended	332	4	
24-10.2	Added	332	5	7/1/00
25-1-105	Amended	73	2	
25-2-512	Amended	73	3	
25-5-101	Amended	73	1	
25-5-102	Amended	73	1	
25-5-103	Amended	73	1	
25-5-104	Amended	73	1	
25-5-105	Amended	73	1	
25-5-106	Amended	73	1	
25-5-107	Amended	73	1	
25-5-108	Amended	73	1	
25-5-109	Amended	73	1	
25-5-110	Amended	73	1	
25-5-111	Amended	73	1	
25-5-112	Amended	73	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
25-5-113	Amended	73	1	
25-5-114	Amended	73	1	
25-5-115	Amended	73	1	
25-5-116	Amended	73	1	
25-5-117	Amended	73	1	
25-9-103	Amended	73	4(a)	
25-9-103	Amended	73	4(b)	
25-9-104	Amended	73	5(a)	
25-9-104	Amended	73	5(b)	
25-9-105	Amended	73	6	
25-9-106	Amended	73	7	
25-9-304	Amended	73	8(a)	
25-9-304	Amended	73	8(b)	
25-9-305	Amended	73	9	
28A-4-2	Amended	133	1	
28A-19-8	Amended	166	1	
28A-21-2	Amended	337	4	
29-12	Amended	456	1	
29-12	Amended	460	8	
29-13	Amended	337	5	
29-20	Amended	337	6	
31-11.6	Amended	456	59	
31-42	Amended	145	1	
31A-4	Amended	296	1	
32-27	Amended	144	1	
32A-2	Amended	385	1	
32A-2	Amended	385	2	
32A-14.1	Amended	456	2	
32A-14.11	Amended	216	7	
32A-34	Amended	456	59	
35A-1251	Amended	270	9	
35A-1335	Amended	270	1	
35A-1336	Amended	270	2	
35A-1336.1	Added	270	3	
35A-1340	Amended	270	4	
35A-1341	Amended	270	5	
35A-1341.1	Added	270	6	
35A-1342	Amended	270	7	
35A-1343	Amended	270	8	
36A-2	Amended	215	2	
36A-25	Amended	118	1	
36A-27	Amended	216	8	
36A-28	Repealed	216	2	
36A-33	Amended	118	2	
36A-33	Amended	216	9	
36A-100	Amended	337	7	
36A-125	Repealed	266	1	
36A-125	Amended	337	8	
36A-125.1	Added	266	2	
36A-125.2	Added	266	2	
36A-125.3	Added	266	2	
36A-125.4	Added	266	2	
36A-125.5	Added	266	2	
36A-125.6	Added	266	2	
36A-125.7	Added	266	2	
36A-125.8	Added	266	2	
36A-125.9	Added	266	2	
36A-125.10	Added	266	2	
36A-125.11	Added	266	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
36A-125.12	Added	266	2	
36A-136	Amended	144	2	
36A-161	Added	215	1	
36A-162	Added	215	1	
36A-163	Added	215	1	
36A-164	Added	215	1	
36A-165	Added	215	1	
36A-166	Added	215	1	
36A-167	Added	215	1	
36A-168	Added	215	1	
36A-169	Added	215	1	
36A-170	Added	215	1	
36A-171	Added	215	1	
36A-172	Added	215	1	
36A-173	Added	215	1	
39-6.5	Added	221	2	
40A-27	Amended	456	59	
40A-40	Amended	410	1	
40A-48	Amended	456	59	
41-2.1	Amended	337	9	
41-2.1	Amended	456	59	
41-2.2	Amended	337	10	
41-2.5	Amended	337	11	
42-25.9	Amended	278	1	
42-25.9	Amended	278	2	
42-34	Amended	456	59	
42-36.2	Amended	278	3	
42-36.2	Amended	278	4	
42-39	Amended	420	3	
42-40	Amended	420	2	
42A-1	Added	420	1	
42A-2	Added	420	1	
42A-3	Added	420	1	
42A-4	Added	420	1	
42A-10	Added	420	1	
42A-11	Added	420	1	
42A-15	Added	420	1	
42A-16	Added	420	1	
42A-17	Added	420	1	
42A-18	Added	420	1	
42A-19	Added	420	1	
42A-23	Added	420	1	
42A-24	Added	420	1	
42A-25	Added	420	1	
42A-26	Added	420	1	
42A-27	Added	420	1	
42A-31	Added	420	1	
42A-32	Added	420	1	
42A-36	Added	420	1	
43-5	Amended	59	1	
43-13	Amended	59	2	
43-15	Amended	456	59	
43-31	Amended	59	3	
43-32	Amended	59	4	
43-33	Amended	59	5	
43-36	Amended	456	59	
43-45	Amended	59	6	
43-46	Amended	59	7	
43-47	Repealed	59	8	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
43-48	Amended	59	9	
44A-2	Amended	278	5	
44A-4	Amended	216	10	
44A-4	Amended	460	7	
44A-12	Amended	456	59	
44A-23	Amended	456	59	
45-21.16	Amended	137	1	
45-21.16	Amended	137	2	
45-21.17A	Amended	456	59	
45-72	Amended	456	59	
46-19	Amended	216	11	
47-2	Amended	456	59	
47-18.1	Amended	369	5.1	
47-18.3	Amended	221	4	
47-30	Amended	456	59	
47-41.01	Amended	221	1	
47-41.02	Amended	456	59	
47-43.2	Amended	456	59	
47-43.3	Amended	456	59	
47-43.4	Amended	456	59	
47-46.3	Amended	456	59	
47-108.11	Amended	456	12	
47-111	Amended	456	59	
47-118	Amended	456	59	
47-119	Amended	456	59	
48-2-100	Amended	223	8	
48-2-304	Amended	223	9	
48-2-607	Amended	216	11.1	
50-11.2	Amended	223	10	
50-13.4	Amended	293	3	
50-13.4	Amended	293	4	
50-13.4	Amended	456	13	
50-13.5	Amended	223	11	
50-13.5	Amended	223	12	
50-13.7	Amended	223	13	
50-13.9	Amended	293	11	
50-13.9	Amended	293	12	
50-13.9	Amended	293	13	
50-13.9	Amended	293	14	
50-13.10	Amended	293	15	
50-16.7	Amended	456	14	
50-41	Added	185	1	
50-42	Added	185	1	
50-43	Added	185	1	
50-44	Added	185	1	
50-45	Added	185	1	
50-46	Added	185	1	
50-47	Added	185	1	
50-48	Added	185	1	
50-49	Added	185	1	
50-50	Added	185	1	
50-51	Added	185	1	
50-52	Added	185	1	
50-53	Added	185	1	
50-54	Added	185	1	
50-55	Added	185	1	
50-56	Added	185	1	
50-57	Added	185	1	
50-58	Added	185	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
50-59	Added	185	1	
50-60	Added	185	1	
50-61	Added	185	1	
50-62	Added	185	1	
50A-1	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-2	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-3	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-4	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-5	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-6	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-7	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-8	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-9	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-10	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-11	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-12	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-13	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-14	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-15	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-16	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-17	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-18	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-19	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-20	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-21	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-22	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-23	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-24	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-25	Repealed	223	1(b)	
50A-101	Added	223	3	
50A-102	Added	223	3	
50A-103	Added	223	3	
50A-104	Added	223	3	
50A-105	Added	223	3	
50A-106	Added	223	3	
50A-107	Added	223	3	
50A-108	Added	223	3	
50A-109	Added	223	3	
50A-110	Added	223	3	
50A-111	Added	223	3	
50A-112	Added	223	3	
50A-201	Added	223	3	
50A-202	Added	223	3	
50A-203	Added	223	3	
50A-204	Added	223	3	
50A-205	Added	223	3	
50A-206	Added	223	3	
50A-207	Added	223	3	
50A-208	Added	223	3	
50A-209	Added	223	3	
50A-210	Added	223	3	
50A-301	Added	223	3	
50A-302	Added	223	3	
50A-303	Added	223	3	
50A-304	Added	223	3	
50A-305	Added	223	3	
50A-306	Added	223	3	
50A-307	Added	223	3	
50A-308	Added	223	3	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
50A-309	Added	223	3	
50A-310	Added	223	3	
50A-311	Added	223	3	
50A-312	Added	223	3	
50A-313	Added	223	3	
50A-314	Added	223	3	
50A-315	Added	223	3	
50A-316	Added	223	3	
50A-317	Added	223	3	
50B-3	Amended	23	1	2/1/00
50B-4	Amended	23	2	2/1/00
50B-4	Amended	23	2.1	2/1/00
50B-4.1	Amended	23	4	
50B-4.2	Added	23	5	
50B-5	Amended	23	6	
51-8	Amended	375	1	
51-16	Amended	456	59	
52C-5-501	Amended	293	5	
53-43.7	Amended	460	9	
53-43.7	Amended	460	10	
53-80	Amended	72	1	
53-91.2	Amended	72	2	
53-224.14	Amended	72	3	
53-295	Added	312	1	
53-296	Added	312	1	
53-297	Added	312	1	
53-298	Added	312	1	
53-299	Added	312	1	
53-300	Added	312	1	
53B-4	Amended	460	11	
54B-152	Amended	179	1	
54C-18	Repealed	179	2	
54C-143	Amended	179	3	
55-1-20	Amended	369	1.1	
55-1-40	Amended	369	1.2	
55-1-40	Amended	369	1.3	
55-1-40	Amended	456	3	
55-4-05	Amended	369	1.4	
55-7-22	Amended	138	1	
55-9-01	Amended	369	1.5	
55-9-04	Amended	369	1.6	
55-11-06	Amended	369	1.7	
55-11-10	Added	369	1.8	
55-13-02	Amended	141	1	
55-15-02	Amended	151	1	
55-15-21	Amended	369	1.9	
55A-1-20	Amended	369	2.1	
55A-1-40	Amended	369	2.2	
55A-3-07	Added	2	7	
55A-4-05	Amended	369	2.3	
55A-7-24	Amended	139	1	
55A-11-02	Amended	204	1	
55A-11-02	Amended	369	2.4	
55A-11-05	Amended	369	2.5	
55A-11-07	Amended	369	2.6	
55A-11-09	Added	369	2.7	
55A-12-02	Amended	204	2	
55A-13-02	Amended	369	7	
55A-15-02	Amended	151	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
55A-15-21	Amended	369	2.8	
55B-6	Amended	440	1	
55B-9	Amended	362	2	
55B-14	Amended	136	1	
55B-16	Amended	440	2	
57C-1-03	Amended	189	1	
57C-1-03	Amended	369	3.2	
57C-1-03	Amended	369	3.3	
57C-1-03	Amended	456	52(a)	
57C-1-20	Amended	189	21	
57C-1-20	Amended	369	3.1	
57C-2-01	Amended	362	3	
57C-2-20	Amended	189	2.2	
57C-2-20	Amended	369	3.4	
57C-2-20	Amended	456	50	
57C-2-21	Amended	189	23	
57C-2-22	Amended	189	24	
57C-2-22.1	Amended	189	25	
57C-2-34	Amended	189	3	
57C-2-34	Amended	369	3.5(a)	
57C-2-34	Amended	369	3.5(b)	
57C-3-01	Amended	189	41	
57C-3-03	Amended	456	51	
57C-3-05	Amended	189	42	
57C-3-20	Amended	189	43	
57C-3-32	Amended	189	44	
57C-5-06	Amended	189	45	
57C-5-07	Amended	189	46	
57C-6-01	Amended	189	51	
57C-6-02	Amended	189	52	
57C-6-02.1	Added	189	53	
57C-6-02.2	Added	189	54	
57C-6-02.3	Added	189	55	
57C-7-12	Amended	369	3.6	
57C-9-01	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9-02	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9-03	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9-04	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9-05	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9-06	Repealed	369	3.7	
57C-9A-01	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-02	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-03	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-04	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-08	Amended	456	52(b)	
57C-9A-20	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-21	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-22	Added	369	3.7	
57C-9A-23	Added	369	3.7	
58-1-5	Amended	219	5.5	
58-2-50	Amended	219	1.1	
58-2-55	Amended	393	4	
58-2-120	Amended	219	8	
58-2-134	Amended	435	7	
58-2-161	Amended	294	3	
58-2-165	Amended	192	1	
58-2-235	Added	184	1	
58-3-15	Amended	132	7.1	
58-3-100	Amended	294	9	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
58-3-115	Amended	132	1.3	
58-3-122	Added	134	1	
58-3-125	Repealed	132	1.1	
58-3-145	Amended	365	1	
58-3-155	Amended	132	11.1	
58-3-167	Added	294	5	
58-3-167	Amended	456	16	
58-3-174	Added	197	1	
58-3-177	Added	343	1	
58-3-178	Added	231	1	
58-3-178	Amended	456	15(a)	
58-3-221	Added	178	1	
58-3-221	Amended	294	14(a)	
58-3-221	Amended	294	14(b)	
58-3-223	Added	168	1	
58-4-15	Amended	132	9.1	
58-5-63	Amended	294	8	
58-6-5	Amended	435	1	
58-6-7	Amended	435	2	
58-6-10	Repealed	132	1.1	
58-6-25	Amended	413	4	
58-7-15	Amended	219	5.1	
58-7-55	Amended	132	9.1	
58-7-70	Amended	132	9.1	
58-10-10	Added	369	6	
58-13-10	Amended	244	4	
58-15-5	Amended	132	9.1	
58-16-5	Amended	294	7	
58-16-35	Amended	132	9.1	
58-20-30	Amended	132	11.2	
58-21-2	Added	219	6.2	
58-21-10	Amended	219	5.3	
58-21-35	Amended	219	6.1	
58-21-40	Amended	132	11.3	
58-22-70	Amended	435	3	
58-23-26	Amended	132	11.4	
58-23-45	Added	351	6	
58-24-45	Amended	132	9.1	
58-24-145	Amended	132	9.1	
58-26-10	Amended	132	11.5	
58-26-25	Amended	383	1	
58-27-10	Amended	435	4	
58-28-5	Amended	219	5.4	
58-28-15	Amended	132	9.1	
58-28-20	Amended	294	6	
58-28-35	Amended	244	9	
58-28-45	Amended	132	9.1	
58-30-5	Amended	132	7.2	
58-30-10	Amended	132	2.1	
58-30-10	Amended	132	7.3	
58-30-10	Amended	132	9.1	
58-30-10	Amended	294	11(a)	
58-30-10	Amended	294	11(b)	
58-30-55	Amended	132	9.1	
58-30-260	Amended	132	9.1	
58-32-1	Amended	132	6.1	
58-33-45	Amended	132	1.4	
58-33-132	Amended	132	9.1	
58-33-135	Amended	84	17	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
58-33-135	Amended	84	18	
58-33-135	Amended	132	6.3	
58-34-2	Amended	132	11.6	
58-35-30	Amended	157	1	
58-35-40	Amended	157	7	
58-35-50	Amended	157	2	
58-35-55	Amended	157	3	
58-35-65	Amended	157	4	
58-35-80	Amended	157	5	
58-35-85	Amended	157	6	
58-36-1	Amended	132	3.1	
58-36-1	Amended	132	3.2	
58-36-1	Amended	219	11	
58-36-10	Amended	132	3.3	
58-36-15	Amended	132	3.4	
58-36-15	Amended	132	3.5	
58-36-15	Amended	132	3.6	
58-36-30	Amended	132	3.7	
58-36-30	Amended	132	3.8	
58-36-75	Amended	132	8.1	
58-36-75	Amended	294	12(a)	
58-36-75	Amended	294	12(b)	
58-36-100	Amended	132	3.9	
58-36-100	Amended	132	3.10	
58-36-100	Amended	132	3.11	
58-36-100	Amended	132	3.12	
58-37-1	Amended	132	8.2	
58-37-35	Amended	132	6.2	
58-37-35	Amended	132	8.3	
58-37-35	Amended	132	8.4	
58-37-35	Amended	132	8.7	
58-37-35	Amended	132	8.8	
58-37-35	Amended	228	8	7/1/00
58-37-40	Amended	132	8.5	
58-37-40	Amended	132	8.6	
58-37-75	Repealed	132	8.9	
58-40-140	Amended	294	2	
58-41-10	Amended	219	5.2	
58-41-10	Amended	294	1	
58-41-35	Repealed	219	9	
58-41-40	Amended	219	9.1	
58-41-55	Amended	132	9.1	
58-42-1	Amended	114	1	
58-42-1	Amended	114	2	
58-42-5	Amended	114	1	
58-42-10	Amended	114	1	
58-42-15	Amended	114	1	
58-42-20	Amended	114	1	
58-42-20	Amended	114	2.1	
58-42-25	Amended	114	1	
58-42-30	Amended	114	1	
58-42-35	Amended	114	1	
58-42-40	Amended	114	1	
58-42-45	Amended	114	1	
58-42-45	Amended	114	3	
58-42-50	Amended	114	1	
58-42-55	Amended	114	1	
58-42-55	Amended	114	4	
58-43-35	Amended	132	9.2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
58-45-15	Amended	114	7	
58-45-45	Amended	114	7.1	
58-45-50	Amended	219	1.2	
58-45-60	Amended	114	5	
58-46-30	Amended	219	1.3	
58-46-35	Amended	114	6	
58-47-65	Amended	132	13.1	
58-47-85	Amended	132	13.2	
58-47-100	Amended	132	11.7	
58-47-120	Amended	132	13.3	
58-47-195	Amended	132	11.8	
58-47-210	Amended	294	10	
58-47-215	Amended	294	10	
58-47-220	Amended	294	10	
58-48-35	Amended	132	9.1	
58-48-45	Amended	132	9.1	
58-50-1	Amended	244	10	
58-50-26	Added	210	1	
58-50-30	Amended	186	1	
58-50-30	Amended	199	1	
58-50-30	Amended	210	2	
58-50-56	Amended	210	3	
58-50-61	Amended	116	1	
58-50-61	Amended	391	1	
58-50-61	Amended	391	2	
58-50-61	Amended	391	3	
58-50-61	Amended	391	4	
58-50-65	Amended	219	4.1	
58-50-130	Amended	132	4.1	
58-50-155	Amended	197	2	
58-50-155	Amended	231	2.1	
58-50-155	Amended	456	15(b)	
58-50-155	Amended	456	15(d)	
58-51-15	Amended	351	1	
58-51-55	Amended	132	4.2	
58-51-62	Amended	351	3.1	
58-51-115	Amended	293	9	
58-51-130	Added	351	2	
58-53-30	Amended	273	1	
58-57-1	Amended	351	5.2	
58-57-5	Amended	351	5.3	
58-57-80	Amended	132	9.3	
58-57-105	Amended	365	2	
58-57-115	Added	351	5.1	
58-58-42	Amended	351	4	
58-58-50	Amended	219	10	
58-63-5	Amended	244	13	
58-64-1	Amended	132	2.3	
58-64-40	Amended	132	2.4	
58-64-46	Added	219	2	
58-64-55	Amended	132	11.9	
58-64-80	Amended	132	2.5	
58-65-1	Amended	186	1	
58-65-1	Amended	199	2	
58-65-1	Amended	210	5	
58-65-1	Amended	210	6	
58-65-2	Added	244	1	
58-65-36	Added	210	4	
58-65-55	Amended	435	5	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
58-65-90	Amended	132	4.3	
58-65-95	Amended	244	6	
58-65-96	Amended	351	3.2	
58-65-100	Amended	244	11	
58-65-105	Amended	244	5	
58-65-115	Amended	244	7	
58-65-125	Amended	244	3	
58-65-125	Amended	351	8	
58-67-55	Amended	244	12	
58-67-65	Amended	244	14	
58-67-75	Amended	132	4.4	
58-67-79	Amended	351	3.3	
58-67-90	Amended	244	8	
58-67-100	Amended	132	11.10	
58-67-160	Amended	435	6	
58-67-171	Added	244	2	
58-67-180	Amended	272	1	
58-68-40	Amended	132	4.6	
58-68-60	Amended	132	4.7	
58-69-1	Repealed	132	12.1	
58-69-2	Added	132	12.2	
58-69-50	Added	132	12.3	
58-69-55	Added	132	12.4	
58-70-15	Amended	419	1	
58-71-82	Amended	132	5	
58-71-90	Repealed	132	1.1	
58-71-155	Amended	456	59	
58-77-1	Repealed	132	12.1	
58-77-5	Repealed	132	12.1	
58-79-30	Repealed	456	66	
58-87-1	Amended	319	1	
58-87-5	Amended	319	2	
58-87-10	Amended	132	1.2	
59-32	Amended	362	4	
59-45	Amended	362	5	
59-73.1	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.2	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.3	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.4	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.5	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.6	Added	369	4.1	
59-73.7	Added	369	4.1	
59-84.2	Amended	362	6	
59-84.2	Amended	362	7	
59-84.3	Amended	362	6	
59-84.3	Amended	362	8	
59-84.4	Added	362	9	
59-90	Added	362	10	
59-91	Added	362	10	
59-92	Added	362	10	
59-93	Added	362	10	
59-94	Added	362	10	
59-102	Amended	362	11	
59-102	Amended	369	4.2	
59-106	Amended	362	12	
59-107	Amended	362	13	
59-201	Amended	369	4.3	
59-204	Amended	369	4.4	
59-205	Amended	362	14	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
59-206	Amended	362	15	
59-206	Amended	369	4.5	
59-206	Amended	369	4.6	
59-301	Amended	362	16	
59-302	Amended	362	17	
59-303	Amended	362	18	
59-304	Amended	362	19	
59-305	Amended	362	20	
59-402	Amended	362	21	
59-402	Amended	362	22	
59-502	Amended	362	23	
59-503	Amended	362	24	
59-504	Amended	362	25	
59-602	Amended	362	26	
59-603	Amended	362	27	
59-604	Amended	362	28	
59-606	Amended	362	29	
59-608	Amended	362	30	
59-702	Amended	362	31	
59-704	Amended	362	32	
59-801	Amended	362	33	
59-901	Amended	362	34	
59-903	Amended	362	35	
59-907	Amended	362	36	
59-909	Added	369	4.7	
59-1002	Amended	362	37	
59-1050	Added	369	4.8	
59-1051	Added	369	4.8	
59-1052	Added	369	4.8	
59-1053	Added	369	4.8	
59-1054	Added	369	4.8	
59-1055	Added	369	4.8	
59-1056	Added	369	4.8	
59-1057	Added	369	4.8	
62-10	Amended	237	28.21(a)	
62-10	Amended	237	28.21(b)	
62-15	Amended	237	28.21A	
62-53	Added	180	4	
62-110	Amended	112	1	
62-157	Amended	402	1	
62-159	Amended	456	17	
62-300	Amended	180	6	
62-302	Amended	180	5	
62A-25	Amended	456	18	
63-80	Amended	456	59	
65-75	Amended	216	12	
66-58	Amended	234	9	
66-58	Amended	237	19.7	
66-58	Amended	237	27.23A	
66-68	Amended	189	6	
66-280	Added	260	1	
66-285	Added	295	1	
66-285	Amended	295	3	
66-286	Added	295	1	
66-286	Amended	295	3	
66-287	Added	295	1	
66-287	Amended	295	3	
66-288	Added	295	1	
66-288	Amended	295	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
66-288	Amended	295	3	
66-295	Added	416	1	
66-296	Added	416	1	
66-297	Added	416	1	
66-300	Added	437	2	
66-305	Added	311	1	
66-306	Added	311	1	
74-49	Amended	82	1	
74C-5	Amended	456	19	
74C-6	Amended	456	20	
74C-8	Amended	446	1	
74D-2	Amended	446	2	
74D-5	Amended	456	21	
74D-5.1	Amended	456	22	
74D-8.1	Added	446	3	
74E-6	Amended	68	3	
75A-3	Amended	392	5	
75A-4	Amended	392	1	
75A-5	Amended	248	1	
75A-5	Amended	248	2	
75A-5	Amended	392	2	
75A-5	Amended	392	3	
75A-5	Amended	392	4	
75A-11	Amended	248	3	
75A-13.2	Repealed	447	3	
75A-13.3	Amended	447	1	
75A-14	Repealed	248	4	
75A-18	Amended	447	2	
80-16	Amended	456	59	
81A-41	Repealed	44	1	
81A-44	Repealed	44	2	
84-2.1	Amended	354	2	
85B-3	Amended	142	1	
85B-3.1	Added	142	2	
85B-3.1	Amended	456	23	
85B-3.2	Added	142	3	
85B-4	Amended	142	4	
85B-4.1	Amended	142	5	
85B-6	Amended	142	6	
85B-8	Amended	142	7	
85B-9	Amended	142	8	
87-9.1	Added	349	1	
87-10	Amended	123	1	
87-10	Amended	379	7	
87-10	Amended	427	1	
87-11	Amended	427	2	
88B-4	Amended	348	1	
88B-20	Amended	348	2	
89A-6	Amended	315	1	
89E-17	Amended	355	1	
89E-19	Amended	355	2	
90-6	Amended	290	1	
90-18	Amended	290	2	7/1/00
90-18.3	Added	226	1	
90-18.4	Added	290	3	7/1/00
90-48.2	Amended	382	4	
90-48.3	Added	382	1	
90-85.3	Amended	246	1	
90-85.3	Amended	290	4	7/1/00

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
90-85.3	Amended	290	5	7/1/00
90-85.21	Amended	246	2	
90-85.26A	Added	290	6	
90-85.41	Added	81	1	
90-89	Amended	165	1	
90-90	Amended	165	2	
90-91	Amended	370	3	
90-92	Amended	165	3	
90-95	Amended	165	4	
90-95	Amended	370	1	
90-95.3	Amended	370	2	
90-113.31	Amended	164	1	
90-113.31	Amended	456	24	
90-113.32	Amended	164	2	
90-113.32	Amended	164	3	
90-113.32	Amended	164	4	
90-113.33	Amended	164	5	
90-113.33A	Added	164	6	
90-113.34	Amended	164	7	
90-113.37	Amended	164	8	
90-113.39	Amended	164	9	
90-113.40	Amended	164	10	
90-113.41	Amended	164	11	
90-113.47	Repealed	199	3.1	
90-139	Amended	405	3	
90-139	Amended	431	3.9	
90-154	Amended	430	1	
90-157.3	Added	430	2	
90-171.23	Amended	291	1	
90-171.43	Amended	320	2	
90-171.55	Amended	254	1	
90-171.80	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.81	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.82	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.83	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.84	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.85	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.86	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.87	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.88	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.89	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.90	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.91	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.92	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.93	Added	245	1	7/1/00
90-171.94	Added	456	25	7/1/00
90-187.3	Amended	203	1	
90-187.3	Amended	203	2	
90-210.25A	Amended	425	4	
90-223	Amended	382	2	
90-232	Amended	382	3	
90-233	Amended	237	11.65	
90-270.2	Amended	292	1	
90-270.2	Amended	292	2	
90-270.33	Amended	345	1	
90-280	Amended	217	1	
90-288.10	Added	443	1	
90-288.11	Added	443	1	
90-288.12	Added	443	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
90-288.13	Added	443	1	
90-288.14	Added	443	1	
90-288.15	Added	443	1	
90-288.16	Added	443	1	
90-288.17	Added	443	1	
90-288.18	Added	443	1	
90-288.19	Added	443	1	
90-288.20	Added	443	1	
90-330	Amended	354	3	
90-396	Repealed	186	1.1	
90-412	Added	247	2	
90-640	Added	320	1	
90B-1	Amended	313	1	
90B-2	Amended	313	1	
90B-3	Amended	313	1	
90B-4	Amended	313	1	
90B-5	Amended	313	1	
90B-6	Amended	313	1	
90B-6.2	Added	313	1	
90B-7	Amended	313	1	
90B-8	Amended	313	1	
90B-9	Amended	313	1	
90B-11	Amended	313	1	
93-12	Amended	440	3	
93A-1	Amended	229	1	
93A-2	Amended	229	2	
93A-2	Amended	229	3	
93A-2	Amended	409	1	
93A-3	Amended	229	4	
93A-3	Amended	405	2	
93A-3	Amended	431	3.4(a)	
93A-4	Amended	200	1	
93A-4A	Amended	229	5	
93A-6	Amended	229	6	
93A-6.1	Added	229	7	
93A-17	Amended	229	8	
93A-19	Amended	229	9	
93A-20	Amended	229	10	
93A-21	Amended	229	11	
93A-36	Amended	229	12	
93A-41	Amended	229	13	
93A-41	Amended	229	14	
93A-52	Amended	229	15	
93B-15	Amended	337	12	
95-25.5	Amended	237	14.1	
95-136	Amended	364	1	
95-136	Amended	364	2	
95-241	Amended	423	4	
96-4	Amended	340	10	
96-6.1	Added	321	2	
96-8	Amended	196	1	
96-8	Amended	196	2	
96-9	Amended	196	3	
96-9	Amended	321	1	
96-9	Amended	321	3	
96-9	Amended	321	4	
96-9	Amended	321	5	
96-9	Amended	321	6	
96-9	Amended	340	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
96-9	Amended	340	2	
96-9	Amended	340	3	
96-9	Amended	421	1	
96-12	Amended	340	11	
96-12.01	Amended	340	4	
96-12.01	Amended	340	5	
96-14	Amended	196	4	
96-15	Amended	340	6	
96-15	Amended	340	7	
97-2	Amended	219	4.2	
97-2	Amended	418	1	
97-2	Amended	456	33(c)	
97-10.2	Amended	194	1	
97-25	Amended	150	1	
97-29	Amended	456	33(d)	
97-133	Amended	219	7.2	
97-165	Amended	132	13.5	
97-170	Amended	132	13.6	
97-170	Amended	132	13.7	
97-180	Amended	132	13.8	
97-180	Amended	132	13.9	
101-2	Amended	216	13	
102-15	Amended	119	1	
102-17	Amended	119	2	
104F-1	Repealed	357	2	
104F-2	Repealed	357	2	
104F-2.1	Repealed	357	2	
104F-3	Repealed	357	2	
104F-4	Repealed	357	2	
104F-5	Repealed	357	2	
104G-1	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-2	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-3	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-4	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-5	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-6	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-7	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-8	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-9	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-9.1	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-10	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-11	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-12	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-13	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-14	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-15	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-16	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-17	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-18	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-19	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-20	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-21	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-22	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
104G-23	Amended	357	4	7/1/00
105-32.8	Amended	337	13	
105-37.1	Amended	337	14(a)	
105-37.1	Amended	456	26	
105-38	Repealed	337	14(b)	
105-38.1	Amended	337	15(a)	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
105-40	Amended	337	15(b)	
105-88	Amended	438	2	
105-102.6	Amended	346	1	
105-109.1	Repealed	337	16	
105-113	Repealed	337	17	
105-113.4B	Added	311	2	
105-113.4C	Added	333	6	
105-113.16	Repealed	333	7	
105-113.27	Amended	337	18	
105-113.81A	Amended	237	13.7	
105-113.82	Amended	458	10	
105-113.106	Amended	337	19	
105-114	Amended	337	20	
105-116.1	Amended	458	11	
105-122	Amended	337	21	
105-129.2	Amended	360	1	
105-129.2	Amended	360	2	
105-129.3	Amended	360	1	
105-129.3	Amended	360	2	
105-129.3	Amended	456	64	
105-129.3A	Amended	360	1	
105-129.3A	Amended	360	2	
105-129.4	Amended	305	3	
105-129.4	Amended	360	1	
105-129.4	Amended	360	2	
105-129.4	Amended	369	5.2	
105-129.5	Amended	305	4	
105-129.5	Amended	360	1	
105-129.5	Amended	360	2	
105-129.6	Amended	360	1	
105-129.6	Amended	360	2	
105-129.7	Amended	360	1	
105-129.7	Amended	360	2	
105-129.8	Amended	360	1	
105-129.9	Amended	305	1	
105-129.9	Amended	360	1	
105-129.9	Amended	360	2	
105-129.9A	Added	305	2	
105-129.10	Amended	360	1	
105-129.10	Amended	360	2	
105-129.11	Amended	360	1	
105-129.12	Amended	360	1	
105-129.13	Amended	360	1	
105-129.13	Added	360	2	
105-129.15	Amended	342	2	
105-129.15	Amended	360	1	
105-129.15	Amended	360	10	
105-129.16	Amended	360	1	
105-129.16A	Added	342	2	
105-129.16B	Added	360	11	
105-129.17	Amended	342	2	
105-129.17	Amended	360	1	
105-129.17	Amended	360	13	
105-129.18	Amended	342	2	
105-129.18	Amended	360	1	
105-129.18	Amended	360	14	
105-129.19	Amended	342	2	
105-129.19	Amended	360	1	
105-129.19	Amended	360	15	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
105-129.27	Amended	369	5.3	
105-129.35	Amended	389	2	
105-129.35	Amended	389	5	
105-129.35	Amended	389	6	
105-129.36	Amended	389	3	
105-129.36	Amended	389	5	
105-129.36	Amended	389	6	
105-129.37	Amended	389	4	
105-129.37	Amended	389	5	
105-129.37	Amended	389	6	
105-130.4	Amended	369	5.4	
105-130.5	Amended	333	2	
105-130.5	Amended	337	1	
105-130.16	Amended	337	22	
105-130.17	Amended	369	5.5	
105-130.23	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.26	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.27A	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.29	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.30	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.31	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.32	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.33	Amended	337	23	
105-130.33	Repealed	342	1	
105-130.45	Added	333	4	
105-131.7	Amended	337	24	
105-134.6	Amended	333	3	
105-151.2	Repealed	342	1	
105-151.5	Repealed	342	1	
105-151.7	Repealed	342	1	
105-151.8	Repealed	342	1	
105-151.9	Repealed	342	1	
105-151.10	Repealed	342	1	
105-152	Amended	337	25	
105-154	Amended	337	26	
105-159.1	Amended	438	3	
105-163.1	Amended	414	1	1/1/01
105-163.1	Amended	414	2	1/1/01
105-163.2A	Added	414	3	1/1/01
105-163.010	Amended	369	5.6	
105-163.011	Amended	337	27	
105-163.013	Amended	369	5.7	
105-163.014	Amended	369	5.8	
105-163.40	Amended	389	7	
105-164.3	Amended	337	28(a)	
105-164.3	Amended	337	28(b)	
105-164.3	Amended	360	6(a)	
105-164.3	Amended	360	6(b)	
105-164.3	Amended	360	6(c)	
105-164.3	Amended	438	4	
105-164.4	Amended	337	29	
105-164.4	Amended	337	30	
105-164.4	Amended	360	3(a)	
105-164.4	Amended	360	3(b)	
105-164.4	Amended	438	1	
105-164.4A	Added	360	3(a)	
105-164.4A	Amended	360	3(c)	
105-164.4A	Amended	360	8	
105-164.6	Amended	438	1.1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
105-164.13	Amended	337	31	
105-164.13	Amended	360	7(a)	
105-164.13	Amended	360	7(b)	
105-164.13	Amended	360	7(c)	1/1/01
105-164.13	Amended	438	5	
105-164.13	Amended	438	6	
105-164.13	Amended	438	7	
105-164.13	Amended	438	8	
105-164.13	Amended	438	9	
105-164.13	Amended	438	10	
105-164.13	Amended	438	11	
105-164.13	Amended	438	12	
105-164.13A	Amended	438	13	
105-164.14	Amended	360	4	
105-164.14	Amended	360	5(a)	
105-164.14	Amended	360	5(b)	1/1/04
105-164.14	Amended	360	9	
105-164.14	Amended	438	14	
105-164.16	Amended	341	1	
105-164.29	Amended	333	8	
105-187.6	Amended	369	5.9	
105-187.43	Amended	337	32(a)	
105-187.44	Amended	337	32(b)	
105-194	Amended	337	33	
105-228.28	Amended	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.29	Amended	28	1	
105-228.29	Amended	369	5.10(a)	
105-228.29	Amended	369	5.10(b)	
105-228.29	Amended	369	5.10(c)	7/1/00
105-228.30	Amended	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.31	Repealed	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.32	Amended	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.33	Amended	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.34	Repealed	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.35	Amended	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.36	Repealed	28	1	7/1/00
105-228.90	Amended	415	1	7/1/00
105-236	Amended	415	2	
105-236	Amended	415	3	
105-236	Amended	438	15	
105-236	Amended	438	16	
105-237	Amended	438	17	
105-241	Amended	389	8	
105-241.1	Amended	360	16	
105-242	Amended	456	59	
105-253	Amended	337	34	
105-259	Amended	219	7.1	
105-259	Amended	340	8	
105-259	Amended	341	8	
105-259	Amended	360	2.1	
105-259	Amended	438	18	
105-259	Amended	452	28.1	
105-266	Amended	438	19	
105-267	Amended	415	5	
105-269.14	Added	341	2	
105-275	Amended	337	35(a)	
105-275.2	Amended	191	2	
105-278.6A	Amended	191	1	
105-303	Amended	297	3	7/1/04

G.S.		Session Laws		Postponed Effective
§	*Effect*	*Chapter*	*Section*	*Date*
105-312	Amended	297	2	
105-321	Amended	456	59	
105-323	Amended	456	59	
105-330.2	Amended	353	1	7/1/00
105-357	Amended	434	6	
105-369	Amended	439	1	1/1/01
105-374	Amended	216	14	
105-374	Amended	216	15	
105-374	Amended	216	16	
105-375	Amended	439	2	1/1/01
105-375	Amended	439	3	1/1/01
105-449.37	Amended	337	36	
105-449.39	Amended	337	37	
105-449.42	Amended	337	38	
105-449.44	Amended	337	39	
105-449.45	Amended	337	40	
105-449.47	Amended	337	41	
105-449.52	Amended	337	43	
105-449.57	Amended	337	42	
105-449.65	Amended	438	20	
105-449.65	Amended	438	21	
105-449.87	Amended	438	22	
105-449.97	Amended	438	23	
105-449.106	Amended	438	24	
105-449.116	Repealed	438	25	
105-449.119	Amended	337	44	
105-472	Amended	458	6	
105-486	Amended	458	7	
105-501	Amended	458	9	
105-550	Amended	452	26	
105-551	Amended	445	3	
105-551	Amended	452	27	
105-552	Amended	452	28	
105-561	Amended	445	4	
106-6.1	Amended	413	5	
106-22.5	Added	356	1	
106-65.23	Amended	381	1	
106-65.24	Amended	381	2	
106-65.25	Amended	381	3	
106-65.26	Amended	381	4	
106-65.27	Amended	381	5	
106-65.28	Amended	381	6	
106-65.29	Amended	381	7	
106-65.30	Amended	381	8	
106-65.31	Amended	381	9	
106-65.33	Amended	381	10	
106-65.41	Amended	381	11	
106-418.14	Amended	408	5	
106-424	Repealed	44	3	
106-425	Repealed	44	3	
106-426	Repealed	44	3	
106-427	Repealed	44	3	
106-428	Repealed	44	3	
106-429	Repealed	44	3	
106-451.40	Added	412	1	
106-451.41	Added	412	1	
106-451.42	Added	412	1	
106-451.43	Added	412	1	
106-451.44	Added	412	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
106-456	Repealed	44	4	
106-457	Repealed	44	4	
106-458	Repealed	44	4	
106-459	Repealed	44	4	
106-460	Repealed	44	4	
106-466	Repealed	44	5	
106-467	Repealed	44	5	
106-468	Repealed	44	5	
106-469	Repealed	44	5	
106-470	Repealed	44	5	
106-549.35	Amended	408	6	
106-549.59	Amended	408	7	
106-549.71	Amended	408	8	
106-549.88	Amended	408	9	
106-568.2	Amended	172	1	1/1/01
106-568.8	Amended	172	2	
106-719	Repealed	44	6	
106-720	Repealed	44	6	
106-721	Repealed	44	6	
106-722	Repealed	44	6	
106-723	Repealed	44	6	
106-724	Repealed	44	6	
106-725	Repealed	44	6	
106-726	Repealed	44	7	
106-727	Repealed	44	7	
106-728	Repealed	44	7	
106-729	Repealed	44	7	
106-730	Repealed	44	7	
106-731	Repealed	44	7	
106-732	Repealed	44	7	
106-733	Repealed	44	7	
106-734	Repealed	44	7	
108A-27.2	Amended	237	7.10(b)	
108A-27.2	Amended	359	1.2(a)	
108A-27.2	Amended	359	2(a)	
108A-27.2	Amended	359	2(b)	
108A-27.2	Amended	359	6	
108A-27.3	Amended	359	5(a)	
108A-27.4	Amended	359	5(b)	
108A-27.4	Amended	359	5(c)	
108A-27.6	Amended	359	5(e)	
108A-27.7	Amended	359	5(d)	
108A-27.9	Amended	359	1.2(b)	
108A-27.9	Amended	359	2(c)	
108A-27.11	Amended	359	3	
108A-27.12	Amended	359	4(a)	
108A-27.12	Amended	359	4(c)	
108A-27.16	Repealed	237	6(h)	
108A-29	Amended	340	9	
108A-49	Amended	190	3	
108A-69	Amended	293	8	
108A-70.21	Amended	237	11.9	
108A-103	Amended	334	1.10	
110-36.3	Amended	293	16	
110-88	Amended	130	1	
110-88.1	Added	130	6	
110-91	Amended	130	2	
110-93	Amended	130	3	
110-99	Amended	130	4	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
110-107	Added	279	1	
110-108	Added	279	2	
110-129.2	Amended	438	30	
110-132	Amended	293	1	
110-136	Amended	293	17	
110-136.2	Amended	293	6	
110-136.5	Amended	293	18	
110-136.8	Amended	293	19	
110-136.8	Amended	293	20	
110-136.9	Amended	293	21	
110-139	Amended	293	22	
110-139.3	Added	293	7	
110-142.2	Amended	293	2	
111-47.1	Added	237	15.17(a),(b)	
113-36	Amended	237	15	
113-60.40	Added	121	1	
113-60.41	Added	121	1	
113-60.42	Added	121	1	
113-60.43	Added	121	1	
113-60.44	Added	121	1	
113-60.45	Added	121	1	
113-129	Amended	339	1	
113-129	Amended	339	2	
113-129	Amended	339	3	
113-145.6	Amended	237	15.11	
113-168.1	Amended	209	6	
113-172	Amended	209	3	
113-173	Amended	209	9	
113-200	Amended	162	1	
113-207	Amended	143	1	
113-270.1A	Amended	456	27	
113-270.1D	Amended	339	4	
113-270.2	Amended	339	5	
113-270.3	Amended	339	6	
113-271	Amended	456	28	
113-276	Amended	456	29	
113-276	Amended	456	30	
113-276.2	Amended	456	31	
113-276.3	Amended	120	2	
113-291.1	Amended	120	1	
113-291.2	Amended	339	7	
113-291.4A	Amended	456	32	
113-291.10	Amended	237	15.1(b)	
113-291.10	Amended	237	15.1(c)	
113-315.36	Amended	368	1	
113-315.36	Amended	368	2	
113-337	Amended	408	10	
113A-35.1	Amended	147	1	
113A-54.1	Amended	379	1	
113A-54.2	Amended	379	5	
113A-57	Amended	379	2	
113A-61	Amended	379	3	
113A-61.1	Amended	379	6	
113A-64	Amended	379	4	
113A-235	Amended	329	6.3	
114-2.5	Amended	237	19(b)	
114-10	Amended	26	1	
114-10	Amended	225	1	
114-15	Amended	398	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
114-19.8	Added	142	9	
114-19.9	Added	214	1	
115C-12	Amended	237	8.25(d)	
115C-12	Amended	243	5	
115C-12	Amended	397	3	
115C-12.2	Added	170	2	
115C-47	Amended	96	7	
115C-47	Amended	237	8.25(a)	7/1/00
115C-47	Amended	373	3	
115C-47	Amended	397	4	
115C-47	Amended	456	35	7/1/00
115C-84.2	Amended	373	1	
115C-87	Amended	237	8.30(a)	
115C-88	Amended	237	8.30(b)	
115C-105.25	Amended	237	8.25(c)	
115C-105.26	Amended	237	8.25(b)	
115C-105.27	Amended	271	1	
115C-105.27	Amended	397	1	
115C-105.46	Amended	397	2	
115C-105.47	Amended	397	2	
115C-105.48	Added	397	2	
115C-238.29F	Amended	243	8	7/1/00
115C-238.29I	Amended	27	1	
115C-254	Amended	456	33(e)	
115C-272	Amended	237	28.26(c)	
115C-284	Amended	30	1	
115C-284	Amended	394	1	
115C-285	Amended	237	28.26(d)	
115C-287.1	Amended	30	3	
115C-288	Amended	243	7	7/1/00
115C-288	Amended	373	2	
115C-289	Amended	30	2	
115C-295.3	Repealed	96	6	
115C-296	Amended	96	8	
115C-296.1	Amended	108	1	
115C-301.1	Amended	163	1	
115C-302.1	Amended	237	28.26(a)	
115C-302.1	Amended	237	28.26(b)	
115C-316	Amended	237	28.26(e)	
115C-316	Amended	237	28.26(f)	
115C-325	Amended	96	1	
115C-325	Amended	96	2	
115C-325	Amended	96	3	
115C-325	Amended	96	4	
115C-325	Amended	96	5	
115C-325	Amended	456	34	
115C-340	Added	352	1	
115C-341.1	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
115C-363.23A	Amended	237	8.12	
115C-391	Amended	257	6	
115C-391	Amended	257	7	
115C-391	Amended	257	8	
115C-391	Amended	387	1	
115C-391	Amended	387	2	
115C-391	Amended	387	3	
115C-441.1	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
115C-566	Amended	243	6	
115D-2	Amended	84	1	
115D-2.1	Amended	61	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
115D-2.1	Amended	61	2	
115D-2.1	Amended	84	7	
115D-3	Amended	84	8	
115D-4.1	Amended	84	2	
115D-5	Amended	84	3	
115D-5	Amended	84	9	
115D-5	Amended	243	9	
115D-7	Amended	84	10	
115D-8	Repealed	84	4	
115D-15.1	Added	115	2	
115D-21.1	Added	68	1	
115D-25.1	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
115D-25.2	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
115D-31	Amended	84	11	
115D-31	Amended	237	9.3(a)	
115D-31.3	Added	237	9.2(a)	
115D-32	Amended	84	5	
115D-40	Amended	84	12	
115D-40	Repealed	237	9.4(c)	
115D-58.3	Amended	84	13	
115D-58.5	Amended	84	14	
115D-72	Amended	84	15	
115D-77	Amended	84	6	
115D-78	Amended	84	16	
116-11	Amended	84	19	
116-14	Amended	237	10.14(b)	
116-17.1	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
116-17.2	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
116-30.3	Amended	237	10.14(a)	
116-36.5	Amended	234	1	
116-37	Amended	252	4(a)	
116-40.6	Amended	252	4(b)	
116-198.31	Amended	234	3	
116-198.33	Amended	234	4	
116-198.34	Amended	234	5	
116-198.35	Amended	234	6	
116-198.37	Amended	234	7	
116-209.3	Amended	460	12	
116B-4	Amended	460	1	
116B-5	Amended	460	3(b)	
116B-6	Amended	460	3(b)	
116B-6	Amended	460	4(a)	
116B-6	Amended	460	4(b)	
116B-7	Amended	460	3(b)	
116B-8	Amended	460	3(b)	
116B-8	Amended	460	5	
116B-10	Repealed	460	2	
116B-11	Repealed	460	2	
116B-12	Repealed	460	2	
116B-13	Repealed	460	2	
116B-14	Repealed	460	2	
116B-15	Repealed	460	2	
116B-16	Repealed	460	2	
116B-17	Repealed	460	2	
116B-18	Repealed	460	2	
116B-19	Repealed	460	2	
116B-20	Repealed	460	2	
116B-21	Repealed	460	2	
116B-22	Repealed	460	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
116B-23	Repealed	460	2	
116B-24	Repealed	460	2	
116B-25	Repealed	460	2	
116B-26	Repealed	460	2	
116B-27	Repealed	460	3(b)	
116B-28	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-29	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-30	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31.1	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31.2	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31.3	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31.4	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-31.5	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-32	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-33	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-34	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-35	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-36	Repealed	460	3(b)	
116B-37	Repealed	460	3(b)	
116B-38	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-39	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-40	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-41	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-42	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-43	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-44	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-45	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-46	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-47	Repealed	460	3(b)	
116B-48	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-49	Repealed	460	3(a)	
116B-51	Added	460	6	
116B-52	Added	460	6	
116B-53	Added	460	6	
116B-54	Added	460	6	
116B-55	Added	460	6	
116B-56	Added	460	6	
116B-57	Added	460	6	
116B-58	Added	460	6	
116B-59	Added	460	6	
116B-60	Added	460	6	
116B-61	Added	460	6	
116B-62	Added	460	6	
116B-63	Added	460	6	
116B-64	Added	460	6	
116B-65	Added	460	6	
116B-66	Added	460	6	
116B-67	Added	460	6	
116B-68	Added	460	6	
116B-69	Added	460	6	
116B-70	Added	460	6	
116B-71	Added	460	6	
116B-72	Added	460	6	
116B-73	Added	460	6	
116B-74	Added	460	6	
116B-75	Added	460	6	
116B-76	Added	460	6	
116B-77	Added	460	6	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
116B-78	Added	460	6	
116B-79	Added	460	6	
116B-80	Added	460	6	
117-10.2	Amended	111	1	
117-18	Amended	180	1	
117-18.1	Added	180	2	
117-20	Amended	111	1	
117-30	Amended	180	3	
119-26.1	Amended	328	2.3	
119-26.2	Added	328	2.1	
119-58	Amended	344	1	
120-4.22A	Amended	237	28.23(c)	
120-31	Amended	431	3.6(a)	
120-37	Amended	237	28.7	
120-37	Amended	237	28.8	
120-47.6	Amended	338	1	
120-47.7	Amended	338	2	
120-58	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-59	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-60	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-61	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-62	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-63	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-64	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-65	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-66	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-67	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-68	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-69	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-70	Repealed	395	21B.1	
120-70.80	Amended	431	3.7(a)	
120-70.81	Amended	84	20	
120-74	Amended	405	1	
120-74	Amended	431	3.5(a)	
120-163	Amended	458	1	
120-167	Amended	458	2	
120-168	Amended	458	3	
120-169.1	Amended	458	4	
120-186.1	Amended	76	1	
120-216	Amended	423	5	
120-230	Added	237	22(a)	
120-231	Added	237	22(a)	
120-232	Added	237	22(a)	
120-233	Added	237	22(a)	
120-234	Added	237	22(a)	
120-235	Added	237	22(a)	
121-7.2	Added	237	26.1(a)	
122A-5.13	Amended	237	11.17	
122C-3	Amended	186	1	
122C-57	Amended	456	4	
122C-115	Amended	202	1	
122C-123.1	Added	237	11.41	
122C-191	Amended	222	1	
122C-211	Amended	456	5	
122C-251	Amended	201	1	
122C-251	Amended	456	36	
122C-403	Amended	140	4	
122C-405	Amended	140	5	
122C-412	Repealed	140	2	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
122C-412.1	Repealed	140	2	
122C-412.2	Repealed	140	2	
122C-413	Added	140	3	
122C-413.1	Added	140	3	
124-6	Amended	431	3.3(a)	
126-5	Amended	84	21	
126-5	Amended	253	1	
126-5	Amended	434	25	
126-8.3	Added	170	1	
127A-16	Amended	442	1	
127A-37	Amended	456	59	
128-21	Amended	167	1	
128-21	Amended	167	2	
128-21	Amended	456	37	
128-26	Amended	158	1	
128-27	Amended	237	28.23(d)	
128-34	Amended	237	28.24(a)	
130A-41	Amended	110	1	
130A-115	Amended	247	1	
130A-153	Amended	110	2	
130A-154	Amended	110	3	
130A-155	Amended	110	4	
130A-155.1	Amended	110	5	
130A-156	Amended	110	6	
130A-209	Amended	33	1	
130A-210	Repealed	33	2	
130A-247	Amended	247	3	
130A-247	Amended	247	4	
130A-250	Amended	13	1	
130A-250	Amended	247	5	
130A-252	Amended	3	1	
130A-252	Amended	171	1	
130A-310	Amended	83	1	
130A-310.38	Amended	360	17.2	
130A-310.39	Amended	360	17.3	
130A-354	Amended	456	59	
131D-2	Amended	113	1	
131D-2	Amended	113	2	
131D-2	Amended	193	1	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.2	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.3	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.4	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.5	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.7	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.14	
131D-2	Amended	334	1.15	
131D-2	Amended	334	3.3	
131D-2	Amended	334	3.4	
131D-2	Amended	443	2	
131D-4.2	Amended	334	3.1	
131D-4.2	Amended	334	3.2	
131D-4.4	Added	334	1.1	
131D-4.5	Added	334	1.1	
131D-4.6	Added	334	1.1	
131D-4.7	Added	334	1.1	
131D-6	Amended	334	2.2	
131D-7	Added	307	2	
131D-8	Added	334	2.1	
131D-8	Amended	456	61(a)	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
131D-10.4	Amended	423	6	
131D-21	Amended	334	1.6	
131D-26	Amended	334	1.8	
131D-41	Added	334	3.8	
131E-23	Amended	456	6	
131E-42	Amended	456	59	
113E-43	Amended	456	59	
131E-95	Amended	222	2	
131E-112	Added	307	1	
131E-124	Amended	113	3	
131E-124	Amended	334	1.9	
131E-141	Amended	113	4	
131E-233	Amended	334	1.11	
131E-234	Amended	334	1.12	
131E-242	Amended	334	1.13	
131E-256	Amended	159	1	
131E-266	Added	334	3.8	
131E-310	Amended	272	2	
132-1.2	Amended	434	7	
135-4	Amended	71	1	
135-4	Amended	158	2	
135-5	Amended	237	28.23(a)	
135-18.8	Amended	237	23	
135-28.1	Amended	237	28.24(b)	
135-39.6A	Amended	237	28.29(h)	7/1/00
135-40	Amended	237	28.29(a)	
135-40.1	Amended	237	28.29(b)	7/1/00
135-40.1	Amended	237	28.29(c)	7/1/00
135-40.1	Amended	237	28.29(d)	7/1/00
135-40.1	Amended	237	28.29(e)	7/1/00
135-40.2	Amended	237	28.29(f)	7/1/00
135-40.3	Amended	237	28.29(g)	7/1/00
135-40.5	Amended	237	28.28(b)	
135-40.6	Amended	210	7	
135-40.6	Amended	237	28.28(a)	
135-40.7B	Amended	186	1	
135-40.7B	Amended	199	3	
135-40.7B	Amended	210	8	
135-40.7B	Amended	351	7	
135-53	Amended	237	28.24(f)	
135-56	Amended	237	28.24(c)	
135-58	Amended	237	28.24(d)	
135-58	Amended	237	28.24(e)	
135-60	Amended	237	28.24(g)	
135-65	Amended	237	28.23(b)	
135-70.1	Added	237	28.24(h)	
135-72	Repealed	237	28.25	
136-17.2A	Amended	237	27.19	
136-17.2A	Amended	237	27.20(a)	
136-17.2A	Amended	422	2	
136-18.1	Repealed	29	1	
136-18.7	Added	404	5	
136-19.4	Amended	422	1	
136-28.1	Amended	25	2	
136-28.1	Amended	25	3	
136-28.8	Amended	237	27.4	
136-28.10	Amended	25	1	
136-41.2	Amended	458	5	
136-89.58	Amended	330	6	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
136-109	Amended	456	59	
136-127	Amended	404	6	
136-128	Amended	404	7	
136-129	Amended	404	8	
136-129.1	Amended	404	9	
136-133	Amended	404	1	
136-134	Amended	404	2	
136-134.2	Added	404	3	
136-135	Amended	404	4	
136-136	Amended	404	10	
136-176	Amended	237	27.1	
136-183	Amended	237	27.1	
136-200	Added	328	4.10	
136-201	Added	328	4.10	
136-202	Added	328	4.10	
136-203	Added	328	4.10	
138-5	Amended	237	11.49	
138-6	Amended	237	28.20	
140-15	Repealed	337	35(b)	
143-15.3C	Amended	237	6(g)	
143-16.1	Amended	237	5(r)	
143-16.5	Repealed	237	19(a)	
143-23.2	Amended	237	11.10(b)	
143-34.1	Amended	237	28.27(a)	
143-48	Amended	20	1	
143-48	Amended	407	1	
143-48.2	Amended	20	1	
143-49	Amended	20	1	
143-52	Amended	434	12	
143-52.1	Added	434	13	
143-53	Amended	400	1	
143-53	Amended	400	2	
143-56	Amended	434	14	
143-56	Amended	456	7	
143-57	Amended	400	3	
143-59.1	Added	341	7	
143-64.17	Amended	235	1	
143-64.17	Amended	235	2	
143-64.17B	Amended	235	3	
143-129.5	Amended	20	1	
143-135.9	Amended	434	15	
143-135.9	Amended	456	39	
143-138	Amended	456	40	
143-143.8	Amended	393	1	
143-143.9	Amended	393	1	
143-143.10	Amended	393	1	
143-143.11	Amended	393	1	
143-143.11A	Added	393	1	
143-143.11B	Added	393	1	
143-143.12	Amended	393	1	
143-143.13	Amended	393	1	
143-143.14	Amended	393	1	
143-143.15	Amended	393	1	
143-143.16	Amended	393	1	
143-143.17	Amended	393	1	
143-143.18	Amended	393	1	
143-143.19	Amended	393	1	
143-143.21A	Amended	393	1	
143-143.22	Amended	393	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
143-143.23	Amended	393	1	
143-143.24	Amended	393	1	
143-143.25	Amended	393	1	
143-144	Amended	393	2	
143-145	Amended	393	2	
143-146	Amended	393	2	
143-147	Amended	393	2	
143-148	Amended	393	2	
143-149	Amended	393	2	
143-150	Amended	393	2	
143-151	Amended	393	2	
143-151.1	Amended	393	2	
143-151.2	Amended	393	2	
143-151.3	Amended	393	2	
143-151.4	Amended	393	2	
143-151.5	Amended	393	2	
143-151.8	Amended	78	2	
143-151.8	Amended	372	5	
143-151.9	Amended	84	22	
143-151.12	Amended	78	3	
143-151.15	Amended	78	4	
143-151.17	Amended	78	5	
143-151.26	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.27	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.28	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.29	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.30	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.31	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.32	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.33	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.34	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.35	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.36	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.37	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.38	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.39	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.40	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.41	Repealed	393	3	
143-151.55	Amended	149	1	
143-151.57	Amended	149	2	
143-151.58	Amended	149	3	
143-151.64	Added	149	4	
143-157.1	Added	457	1(b)	
143-157.1	Added	457	1(c)	
143-162.1	Amended	429	1	
143-162.1	Amended	429	2	
143-200	Amended	32	1	
143-200	Amended	431	3.1	
143-214.12	Amended	329	6.1	
143-214.13	Amended	329	6.2	
143-214.20	Added	448	1	
143-214.21	Amended	448	2	
143-214.22	Amended	448	3	
143-215.1	Amended	329	10.1	
143-215.1C	Added	329	8.1	
143-215.1C	Amended	456	68	
143-215.3D	Amended	413	6	
143-215.6A	Amended	329	5.1	10/1/00
143-215.6A	Amended	329	5.3	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
143-215.6A	Amended	329	5.5	10/1/01
143-215.6A	Amended	329	5.7	10/1/02
143-215.10C	Amended	329	8.2	
143-215.10C	Amended	456	68	
143-215.23	Added	448	1	
143-215.94I	Amended	132	11.11	
143-215.94T	Amended	328	4.12	
143-215.107	Amended	328	3.12	
143-215.107A	Added	328	3.1	
143-215.107A	Amended	328	3.2	
143-215.107A	Amended	328	3.3	
143-215.107B	Added	328	1.1	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.1	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.2	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.5	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.6	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.7	
143-215.107C	Added	328	4.8	
143-260.8	Amended	268	6	
143-260.8	Amended	268	6	
143-260.10	Amended	268	2	
143-300.30	Added	333	1(a)	
143-300.30	Added	333	1(b)	
143-300.30	Added	333	1(c)	
143-340	Amended	250	1	
143-345.8	Amended	417	1	
143-545.1	Amended	161	1	
143-548	Amended	161	2	
143-640	Amended	431	3.2(a)	
143-652	Amended	237	20.3(a)	
143-654	Amended	237	20.3(b)	
143-701	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-702	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-703	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-704	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-705	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-706	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-707	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-708	Repealed	395	18.1	
143-709	Repealed	395	18.1	
143B-6	Amended	84	23	
143B-139.4	Amended	237	11.3	
143B-146.22	Added	237	11.4(a)	
143B-150.6	Amended	423	9	
143B-150.8	Amended	423	10	
143B-150.20	Amended	190	4	
143B-153	Amended	334	3.5	
143B-165	Amended	334	3.6	
143B-165	Amended	334	3.7	
143B-168.12	Amended	84	24	
143B-168.12	Amended	237	11.48(a)	
143B-168.15	Amended	237	11.48(o)	
143B-181.50	Repealed	334	3.11	
143B-181.51	Repealed	334	3.11	
143B-181.52	Repealed	334	3.11	
143B-181.53	Repealed	334	3.11	
143B-181.54	Repealed	334	3.11	
143B-216.33	Amended	237	11.4(b)	
143B-261	Amended	423	7	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
143B-262	Amended	423	8	
143B-267	Amended	237	18.2	
143B-279.9	Added	198	1	
143B-279.10	Added	198	1	
143B-282	Amended	328	4.13	
143B-289.41	Amended	49	1	
143B-289.44	Amended	49	2	
143B-372.1	Amended	237	10.12(a)	
143B-372.2	Amended	237	10.12(a)	
143B-372.3	Amended	237	10.12(a)	
143B-394.15	Added	237	24.2(b)	
143B-394.16	Added	237	24.2(b)	
143B-417	Amended	84	25	
143B-426.9	Amended	84	26	
143B-426.24	Amended	456	42	
143B-437.01	Amended	360	17	
143B-438.1	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.2	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.3	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.4	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.5	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.6	Repealed	237	16.15(a)	
143B-438.10	Added	237	16.15(b)	
143B-438.11	Added	237	16.15(b)	
143B-438.12	Added	237	16.15(b)	
143B-438.13	Added	237	16.15(b)	
143B-465	Amended	368	2	
143B-472.2	Amended	425	1	
143B-472.3	Amended	425	2	
143B-472.29	Added	425	3	
143B-472.40	Added	434	9	
143B-472.40A	Added	434	9	
143B-472.41	Amended	347	3	
143B-472.41	Amended	347	5	
143B-472.41	Amended	434	11	
143B-472.41	Amended	434	18	
143B-472.41	Amended	434	28	
143B-472.41	Amended	456	62	
143B-472.41A	Added	434	24	
143B-472.42	Amended	347	4	
143B-472.42	Amended	434	29	
143B-472.43	Repealed	434	8	
143B-472.44	Amended	347	2	
143B-472.44	Amended	434	27	
143B-472.50	Added	434	10	
143B-472.51	Added	434	10	
143B-472.52	Added	434	10	
143B-472.53	Added	434	10	
143B-472.54	Added	434	10	
143B-472.55	Added	434	10	
143B-472.56	Added	434	10	
143B-472.57	Added	434	10	
143B-472.58	Added	434	10	
143B-472.59	Added	434	10	
143B-472.60	Added	434	10	
143B-472.61	Added	434	10	
143B-472.62	Added	434	10	
143B-472.63	Added	434	10	
143B-472.64	Added	434	10	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
143B-472.65	Added	434	10	
143B-472.66	Added	434	10	
143B-472.67	Added	434	10	
143B-478	Amended	423	11	
146-25.1	Amended	252	1	
146-29.1	Amended	252	2	
146-30	Amended	234	8	
146-32	Amended	252	3	
146-32	Amended	456	38	
147-11	Amended	237	28(a)	
147-12	Amended	260	4	
147-33.2	Amended	456	33(f)	
147-33.62	Amended	423	15	
147-33.64	Amended	423	16	
147-36	Amended	316	1	
147-54.1	Amended	260	2	
147-54.6	Added	260	3	
147-64.6	Amended	188	2	
147-64.7	Amended	188	1	
147-69.1	Amended	251	1	
147-69.2	Amended	237	27.16	
147-69.2	Amended	251	2	
147-86.10	Amended	434	2	
147-86.11	Amended	434	4	
147-86.20	Amended	434	1	
147-86.22	Amended	434	3	
148-10.2	Added	358	1	
148-11	Amended	109	2	
148-26	Amended	237	18.21	
148-29	Amended	237	18.10(b)	
148-37	Amended	237	18.20(a)	
150B-21.1	Amended	434	16	
150B-21.1	Amended	453	5(a)	
150B-38	Amended	434	17	
153A-15	Amended	6	1	
153A-149	Amended	366	3	
153A-155	Added	286	2	
153A-158.1	Amended	65	1	
153A-158.2	Added	115	1	
153A-212.1	Added	237	17.17(b)	
153A-221.1	Amended	423	12	
153A-350.1	Added	78	1	
153A-353	Amended	372	1	
153A-355	Amended	372	2	
153A-378	Added	366	2	
153A-436	Amended	131	4	
153A-436	Amended	456	47(d)	
156-29	Amended	216	17	
156-30	Amended	216	18	
156-55	Amended	216	19	
156-75	Amended	216	20	
156-93.2	Amended	216	21	
156-93.3	Amended	216	22	
156-108	Amended	456	59	
157-5	Amended	146	1	
157-26.1	Added	409	2	
157-36	Amended	146	2	
158-8.1	Amended	237	16.5(a)	
158-8.2	Amended	237	16.5(b)	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
158-8.2	Amended	237	16.6(a)	
158-8.3	Amended	237	16.5(c)	
159-13	Amended	261	1	
159-31	Amended	74	1	
159-32.1	Added	434	5	
159-39	Amended	434	5.1	
159-48	Amended	366	4	
159-48	Amended	378	1	
159-58	Amended	456	59	
159-153	Amended	213	11	
159-170	Amended	386	3	
159G-2	Amended	213	1	
159G-3	Amended	213	2	
159G-3	Amended	329	12.1	
159G-4	Amended	213	3	
159G-6	Amended	213	4	
159G-6	Amended	329	12.2	
159G-9	Amended	213	5	
159G-10	Amended	213	6	
159G-13	Amended	213	7	
159G-14	Amended	213	8	
159G-15	Amended	213	9	
159G-18	Amended	213	10	
160A-20	Amended	386	1	
160A-20	Amended	386	2	
160A-23.1	Amended	227	4	
160A-38	Amended	148	2	
160A-50	Amended	148	1	
160A-288	Amended	68	4	
160A-289.1	Added	237	17.17(c)	
160A-300.1	Amended	17	1	
160A-300.1	Added	181	1	
160A-300.1	Amended	181	2	
160A-300.1	Added	182	1	
160A-300.1	Amended	182	2	
160A-331	Amended	111	1	
160A-332	Amended	111	1	
160A-413	Amended	372	3	
160A-415	Amended	372	4	
160A-443.1	Added	14	1	
160A-490	Amended	131	5	
160A-490	Amended	456	47(e)	
160A-536	Amended	224	1	
160A-536	Amended	388	1	
160A-634	Amended	445	1	
160A-635	Amended	445	2	
161-22.2	Amended	119	3	
162A-5	Amended	456	43	
162A-33	Amended	456	59	
162A-66	Amended	456	59	
163-22	Amended	424	7(a)	
163-22.1	Amended	424	1	
163-27.1	Added	455	23	
163-33	Amended	424	7(b)	
163-35	Amended	426	7(a)	7/1/00
163-36	Amended	426	8(a)	7/1/00
163-37	Added	424	3(a)	
163-82.4	Amended	424	7(c)	
163-82.4	Amended	424	7(d)	

G.S.		Session Laws		Postponed Effective
§	*Effect*	*Chapter*	*Section*	*Date*
163-82.4	Amended	453	8(a)	1/1/02
163-82.6	Amended	426	1(a)	
163-82.6	Amended	426	1(b)	
163-82.7	Amended	455	16	
163-82.14	Amended	453	7(a)	
163-82.14	Amended	453	7(b)	
163-96	Amended	424	5(a)	
163-106	Amended	456	59	
163-111	Amended	424	7(e)	
163-122	Amended	424	5(b)	
163-123	Amended	424	5(c)	
163-129	Amended	426	5(a)	
163-130.1	Added	426	3(a)	1/1/02
163-130.2	Added	426	4(a)	1/1/02
163-131	Added	424	3(b)	
163-132.1	Amended	227	1	
163-132.1A	Repealed	227	1	
163-132.2	Repealed	227	1	
163-132.3	Amended	227	1	
163-132.3	Amended	227	2	
163-132.5E	Repealed	227	1	
163-137	Amended	455	17	
163-150	Amended	424	7(f)	
163-150	Amended	424	7(g)	
163-155	Amended	455	18	
163-169	Amended	455	19	
163-181	Amended	424	2	
163-213.2	Amended	424	7(j)	
163-226	Amended	455	1	
163-226.1	Amended	455	2	
163-226.3	Amended	455	3	
163-227	Amended	456	59	
163-227	Repealed	455	4	
163-227.1	Amended	455	5	
163-227.2	Amended	455	6	
163-228	Amended	455	7	
163-229	Amended	455	8	
163-230	Repealed	455	9	
163-230.1	Amended	455	10	
163-231	Amended	455	11	
163-232	Amended	455	12	
163-232	Amended	456	59	
163-233	Amended	455	13	
163-234	Amended	455	14	
163-236	Amended	455	15	
163-237	Amended	455	22	
163-248	Amended	456	59	
163-251	Amended	456	59	
163-253	Amended	424	7(k)	
163-254	Amended	424	7(l)	
163-257	Added	455	20	
163-269	Repealed	31	5(b)	
163-270	Repealed	31	5(b)	
163-274	Amended	424	7(h)	
163-274	Amended	426	2(a)	
163-274	Amended	455	21	
163-275	Amended	424	7(i)	
163-278.5	Added	31	6(a)	
163-278.6	Amended	31	1(a)	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Session Laws Section	Postponed Effective Date
163-278.6	Amended	31	1(b)	
163-278.6	Amended	31	2(a)	
163-278.6	Amended	31	2(b)	
163-278.6	Amended	31	2(c)	
163-278.6	Amended	31	3	
163-278.6	Amended	31	4(a)	
163-278.6	Amended	424	6(a)	
163-278.6	Amended	424	6(b)	
163-278.8	Amended	424	7(m)	
163-278.9	Amended	31	7(a)	
163-278.9	Amended	31	7(b)	
163-278.12	Amended	31	2(d)	
163-278.13	Amended	31	5(c)	
163-278.13B	Amended	31	5(d)	
163-278.13B	Amended	453	6(a)	
163-278.14	Amended	453	4(a)	
163-278.14A	Added	453	3(a)	
163-278.15	Amended	31	5(e)	
163-278.16	Amended	31	1(d)	
163-278.16	Amended	31	4(b)	
163-278.16	Amended	453	2(b)	
163-278.19	Amended	31	4(d)	
163-278.19	Amended	31	5(a)	
163-278.19	Amended	31	6(b)	
163-278.19B	Added	426	9(a)	
163-278.21	Amended	453	5(c)	
163-278.23	Amended	424	6(c)	
163-278.23	Amended	453	5(b)	
163-278.23	Amended	456	63	
163-278.27	Amended	453	2(c)	
163-278.32	Amended	426	10(a)	
163-278.34A	Added	31	1(c)	
163-278.34A	Amended	453	3.1(a)	
163-278.36	Amended	31	4(c)	
163-278.39	Added	453	2(a)	
163-278.39A	Added	453	2(a)	
163-278.39B	Added	453	2(a)	
163-278.39C	Added	453	2(a)	
163-291	Amended	227	5	
163-294.2	Amended	227	6	
163-294.2	Amended	456	59	
163-304	Amended	426	6(a)	
163-327	Amended	424	4(a)	
163-328	Amended	424	4(b)	
168-10	Amended	219	3.1	
168-22	Amended	219	3.2	
168A-1	Amended	160	1	
168A-2	Amended	160	1	
168A-3	Amended	160	1	
168A-3	Amended	456	44	
168A-4	Amended	160	1	
168A-5	Amended	160	1	
168A-6	Amended	160	1	
168A-7	Amended	160	1	
168A-8	Amended	160	1	
168A-9	Amended	160	1	
168A-11	Amended	160	1	

G.S. §	Effect	Session Laws Chapter	Section	Postponed Effective Date
168A-12	Amended	160	1	
	Added	237	15.17(a)	
	Added	237	15.17(b)	
Const., Art. 14, § 5	Amended	268	3	

READY REFERENCE INDEX

Volume 19

December 1999

C

CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Conventions, constitutional amendments and revisions, Const. N. C., art. XIII.
Corporations, Const. N. C., art. VIII.
Declaration of rights, Const. N. C., art. I.
Education, Const. N. C., art. IX.
Executive branch, Const. N. C., art. III.
Finance, Const. N. C., art. V.
Homestead and exemptions, Const. N. C., art. X.
Judicial branch, Const. N. C., art. IV.
Legislative branch, Const. N. C., art. II.
Local government, Const. N. C., art. VII.
Military forces, Const. N. C., art. XII.
Miscellaneous provisions, Const. N. C., art. XIV.
Punishments, corrections and charities, Const. N. C., art. XI.
Suffrage and eligibility to office, Const. N. C., art. VI.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, Const. U. S, arts. I to VII; amds. I to XXVII.

T

TABLES.
Table of comparable sections: consolidated statutes to general statutes.
Table of comparable sections: revisal of 1905 and Pell's revisal to consolidated statutes.
Table of comparable sections: 1868 constitution to 1970 constitution.
Table of deleted sections.
Table of laws codified subsequent to 1919.

9239